

Tropical Crops Germplasm Center (TCGC)

Faculty of Agriculture
Universiti Pertanian Malaysia

Universiti Pertanian Malaysia (UPM), as a center for biological research and education, recognizes the importance of plant germplasm/gene conservation. In 1991, UPM established the Germplasm Unit with field facilities for keeping live plant germplasm specimens. Later in 1992, the Tropical Crops Germplasm Center, under the Faculty of Agriculture of the university was established. The center aims at collecting, maintaining, characterizing and evaluating tropical crop germplasm for future use in research, teaching and breeding. The Center is equipped or to be equipped with laboratories for research and practice of seed storage, pollen and tissue cryo-preservation, DNA studies and storage, and tissue culture. The Germplasm Unit provides the field facilities for maintenance of living specimens and field evaluation.

Objectives of the Center

The TCGC was established with the following objectives:

1. Collection, conservation and utilization of the diverse genetic resources of tropical crop and plant.
2. To coordinate and to provide facilities for scientists working on tropical crop germplasm from various departments or institutions within the country and the region.
3. To provide facilities for training and post-graduate studies in germplasm conservation.
4. To share or exchange information on various aspects of tropical crop germplasm for future agricultural development in the region.

The establishment of the TCGC and plant germplasm conservation in Malaysia

Malaysia is a country rich in genetic variation of tropical fruits and plants. Systematic germplasm collection in Malaysia has been carried out on major crops such as oil palm, rubber, cacao and rice. Germplasm preservation on other crops has been done only on selected genotypes for specific breeding programs. Such collections have been attempted by Malaysian Agricultural Research Development Institute (MARDI) and by scientists from other institutions and universities. MARDI has been collecting germplasm for durian, mangosteen, and rare fruit species. Universiti Malaya has a good collection of *Citrus* spp. Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia has collected many species of taro and yam. Universiti Pertanian Malaysia (UPM), has been actively collecting germplasm of various crops including sweetpotatoes, starfruits and its relatives, pulasan, langsung, ornamental trees and plants and medicinal plants.

Preservation of genetic resources will ensure continuous availability of genes to support the present and future demands of the agriculture industry in the country

and the world. In January 1992 the IRPA (Intensification of Researches in Priority Areas) Seminar Assessment Committee recommended collection and conservation of germplasm especially for crops of Malaysian origin. The National Agriculture Policy has stressed that germplasm collection and screening should be a major agriculture research activity in the country. Plant genetic conservation will benefit the country and the world, directly and indirectly, toward:

Industrialization

Agriculture is now considered more as part of an industrial system. It provides raw materials for down stream processing. The government of Malaysia recognizes the significant contribution of agriculture toward her GNP, food supply and supporting her industrial system. As part of the industrial system, agriculture should be able to meet the demand for bulk production of specific varieties (for any crops) suitable as raw materials for specific processing technique for specific products, either food or non-food. In the long run, a good collection of genetic materials will benefit the country and the world to meet the demands for new varieties. Without genetic conservation many useful genes will not be available for future use.

Environment

Development, directly or indirectly, will eradicate potential plant genotypes and genes from the earth. Planting of few established varieties or clones is fast replacing the genetically useful landraces and other unselected genotypes. The world community very much concern about the reduction in bio-diversity as shown at the 1992 Rio Environmental Convention where a treaty on bio-diversity to preserve biological species was signed. Undoubtedly, there is a need to conserve plant and animal diversity for conserving the environment. Availability of plant genetic resources will make future programs to conserve environments possible. For example, to green the hot and highly polluted urban areas will need plants with the genes that enable them to grow under such conditions.

The establishment of the TCGC was timely. Hopefully, the center will enable coordination of plant germplasm conservation activities within the University and other institutions within the country. This surely will make conservation works in the country more effective and more beneficial.

Teaching in genetic resources related subjects

A total of four universities in the country is currently offering courses on genetic resources or courses that include topics related to genetic resources (Table 1). Eight institutions are conducting researches, directly or indirectly, on genetic resources. The research conducted includes genetic variation studies, evolution, biosystematic and breeding.

UPM is the only agriculture university in the country and it has good facilities and expertise in agricultural studies. The university has more than 500 hectares of farm area. Thus, the establishment of the TCGC at UPM was rather proper. With its complete laboratory and field facilities the center is a very suitable place for training in germplasm conservation.

Table 1. Institutions involve in teaching and research on genetic resources in Malaysia

Institution	Teaching on subjects related to genetic resources	Research on area related to genetic resources
Universiti Pertanian Malaysia	yes	yes
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	yes	yes
Universiti Malaya	yes	yes
Universiti Sains Malaysia	yes	yes
Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	?	?
Malaysian Agriculture Research and Development Institute	no	yes
Forest Research Institute of Malaysia	no	yes
Palm Oil Research Institute of Malaysia	no	yes
Rubber Research Institute of Malaysia	no	yes

Structure Organization of the Center

The Tropical Crop Germplasm Center is under the Faculty of Agriculture, Universiti Pertanian Malaysia. The Germplasm Unit under the Farm Division will provide field facility for the center. The establishment of the center was supported by the Dean of the Faculty of Agriculture, Vice Cancellor of UPM and Government of Malaysia.

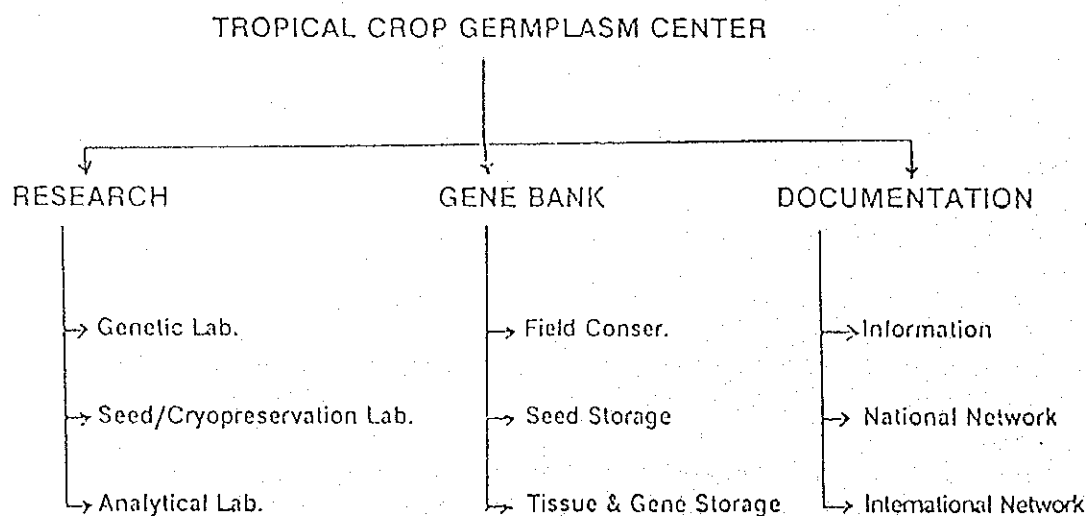


Figure 1. Structure Organization of the Tropical Crop Germplasm Center.

The TCGC is divided into three sections namely Research, Gene Bank and Documentation (Figure 1). The Research section has three laboratories; Genetic Laboratory, Seed and Cryo-preservation Laboratory and Analytical Laboratory. The Gene Bank section responsible for seed storage, gene and tissue storage and living specimens' maintenance in the field. The Documentation section will manage information on germplasm and networking with local and international institutions. The TCGC is housed in the Seed Technology Building with a floor space allocated of about 300 square meters.

Facilities of the Center

The center is currently partially equipped. The following equipments are necessary for the center to efficiently carry her activities.

<i>Equipment</i>	<i>Estimate (RM)</i>
Modular walk-in cold room (-18°C) for base collection	100,000.00
Modular walk-in cold room (0°C) for active collection	100,000.00
Stand-by generator (for the above cold rooms)	40,000.00
Alluminium pack sealing machines	10,000.00
Large capacity cryovats for cryo-preservation in liquid Nitrogen. Come with cryocanes and containers (2 units)	200,000.00
Differential scanning calorimeter	150,000.00
UV Spectrophotometer	100,000.00
SFC&SFE	150,000.00
Nuclear Magnetic Resonance	500,000.00
GCMS	1,500,000.00
Florescence microscopes	100,000.00
Ultra centrifuge	200,000.00
HPLC	200,000.00
Workstation and Personal computers	200,000.00
Scanner	50,000.00
Printers (Laser)	50,000.00
Laser Disk Units	50,000.00
Graphic data processor	50,000.00
4WD Vehicle (for germplasm collection)	100,000.00
Travelling (germplasm collection, 5 years)	150,000.00
Total	4,000,000.00

Activities of the Center

Germplasm collection.

Collection of germplasm for crops mentioned earlier will be done in Malaysia, Southeast Asian and from other tropical regions. Priority, however, will be given to collecting and preserving germplasm from within Malaysia. Collection in other countries will only be done when necessary and financially feasible. The crop germplasms to be collected and preserved include:

Tropical Fruits. It includes popular fruits, domesticated but rare fruits, and fruits that are still in the wild. The list of the fruits is shown in Appendix 1. Many of the fruit species are in fact endangered and need immediate action for conservation.

Medicinal and Aromatic Plants. Plants with medicinal value or aromatic. The list of medicinal and aromatic plants of tropical origin is shown in Appendix 2.

Tropical Vegetables and Ulam (traditional vegetable). Vegetable are those plants or plant parts consumed after cooking whereas ulam are those taken raw. Many tropical vegetables and ulam have medicinal value but some do not. The list of tropical vegetable and ulam are in Appendix 3.

Tropical Food Crops. Tropical food crops are many and priority is given to tuberous crops. The list of tuberous crops is in Appendix 4.

Characterization and evaluation.

All germplasms collected are characterized and evaluated. This is done to detect duplication and to identify characters of economic value. Characterization will be based on morphological, physiological, biochemical and molecular characteristics.

Basic Research.

Basic researches on genetics, diversity, evolution, biosystematic, hybridization, seed science and technology, and preservation technology are conducted to obtain information on the possible uses and to facilitate utilization of the germplasm. Utilization of the germplasm will be more effective if important problems such incompatibility of crosses could be solved and important genes put into ready-to-use form.

Documentation and Database Management.

All germplasm information are stored in database retrievable and accessible to users. Data to be stored include background, characteristics, photo images and crossing information.

National and International Networking.

The center will develop linkages with other national and international institutions for exchange of materials, information and expertise. Nationally, the center coordinates germplasm conservation activities of other institutions (UKM, UM, USM, UNIMAS, MARDI, PORIM, RRI, CORAM and FRI) on certain crop species. The center will keep all information on germplasm handled by different institutions. The center will also develop linkage with international organizations involve in tropical crop germplasm such as IBPGR, CIP, SAPPAD and IITA.

Training.

The center provides facilities for students (undergraduate & graduate) and researchers to do their scientific investigations. Such facilities include supervision,

laboratory, field plot and research documents.

Staff of the Center

The Center will be headed by a Director (Chairman) with several researchers and assistants from various departments in the Faculty of Agriculture and from other faculties who are actively working on tropical crop/plant germplasm. The center will provide space and facilities for researchers to do their works. Those actively working on tropical crop germplasm in the Faculty of Agriculture and directly involved in the establishment of the center are:

Prof Yap Thoo Chai (Chairman). Grain crop and vegetable breeding. *Program leader* (IRPA), improvement of food crops. *President*, Malaysian Scientific Association.

Mohd Said Saad (Secretary). Tropical fruit and food crop breeding, tropical crops germplasm conservation and utilization. *Member*, Germplasm Unit Committee; *Project Leader*, Malaysia-SAPPRAD sweetpotato improvement program; *Member*, National committee on mutation breeding in crop plants.

Prof Shinya Iyama (Member). Tropical fruit germplasm collection, germplasm database development and documentation. *Member*, Genetic Resources Committee, Science Council of Japan (1984-1991).

Prof Chin H. F. (Member). Seed technology - cryo-preservation of tropical seeds (embryo). *Member*, IBPGR, ISTA, National Committee of Plant Genetic Resources.

Asso. Prof Hor Y. L. (Member). Cryo-preservation of tropical fruits and crops, and seed technology. *Head*, IBPGR Research Team on Preservation Techniques of Recalcitrant Seeds.

Dr. Abd Ghani Yunus (Member). Tropical Crop Germplasm preservation and characterization. *Officer In-charge*, Germplasm Unit, UPM.

Dr. Saleh Kadzimin (Member). Collection and preservation of orchid's germplasm. *Member*, National committee on mutation breeding in crop plants.

Ahmad Abdul Rahman. He is attached to the Department of Biology, Faculty of Science and Environmental Science, UPM. Mr. Ahmad is actively working on medicinal plants of tropical origin.

APPENDIX 1

LIST OF TROPICAL FRUITS IN PENINSULAR MALAYSIA

Scientific Name	Local Name
Popular fruit	
<i>Achras zapota</i>	Ciku
<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	Gajus
<i>Ananas comosus</i>	Nenas
<i>Anona muricata</i>	Durian Belanda
<i>Artocarpus communis</i>	Sukun
<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>	Nangka
<i>Artocarpus integer</i>	Cempedak
<i>Averrhoa carambola</i>	Belimbing Manis
<i>Bertholletia excelsa</i>	Buah Brazil
<i>Bouea gandaria</i>	Kundang
<i>Carica papaya</i>	Betik
<i>Citrullus vulgaris</i>	Tembikai
<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i>	Limau nipis
<i>Citrus grandis</i>	Limau besar
<i>Citrus microcarpa</i>	Limau Kasturi
<i>Citrus paradisi</i>	Limau Gedang
<i>Citrus reticulata</i>	Limau Cembul, limau langkat
<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	Limau Cula, limau manis
<i>Citrus spp.</i>	Limau (others)
<i>Dimocarpus longan</i>	Longan
<i>Durio zibethinus</i>	Durian
<i>Garcinia mangostana</i>	Manggis
<i>Lansium domesticum</i>	Duku/Langsat
<i>Mangifera caesia</i>	Binjai
<i>Mangifera foetida</i>	Bacang
<i>Mangifera indica</i>	Mangga
<i>Mangifera odorata</i>	Kuinin
<i>Mangifera petandra</i>	Mangga Pauh
<i>Musa sapientum</i>	Pisang
<i>Myristica fragrans</i>	Buah Pala
<i>Nephelium lappaceum</i>	Rambutan
<i>Nephelium malaiense</i>	Mata Kucing
<i>Nephelium mutabile</i>	Pulasan
<i>Psidium guajava</i>	Jambu Batu
<i>Tamarindus indica</i>	Asam Jawa
Minor Fruits	
<i>Anona reticulata</i>	Nona Kapri
<i>Anona squamosa</i>	Nona Sri Kaya
<i>Artocarpus odoratissima</i>	Marang
<i>Artocarpus rigidus</i>	Tempunik
<i>Averrhoa bilimbi</i>	Belimbing masam
<i>Baccaurea molleyana</i>	Rambai
<i>Baccaurea sapida</i>	Tampoi
<i>Cryphomandra belacea</i>	Tree Tomato
<i>Diospyros discolor</i>	Buah mentega
<i>Diospyros kaki</i>	Pisang Kaki
<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i>	Loquat
<i>Eugenia aquea</i>	Jambu Air

<i>Eugenia jambos</i>	Jambu Mawar
<i>Eugenia malaccensis</i>	Jambu Bol
<i>Eugenia</i> spp.	Jambu susu
<i>Ficus carica</i>	Ara
<i>Flacourtia inermis</i>	Rokam Masam
<i>Garcinia atroviridis</i>	Asam Gelugor
<i>Gnetum gnemon</i>	Melinjau
<i>Gulielma speciosa</i>	Peach Palm
<i>Lecythis zabucajo</i>	Sapucaia
<i>Phyllanthus distichus</i>	Cermai
<i>Punica granatum</i>	Delima
<i>Salacca edulis</i>	Salak
<i>Sandoricum koetjape</i>	Sentul
<i>Spondias cytherea</i>	Kedondong
<i>Sterculia monosperma</i>	Kelumpang
<i>Ziziphus mauritiana</i>	Bedara

Rare Fruits

<i>Aegle marmelos</i>	Bilak
<i>Alphonsea elliptica</i>	Pisang-Pisang
<i>Anona glabra</i>	Nona (pond-Apple)
<i>Antidesma bunius</i>	Buni
<i>Artocarpus lowii</i>	Miku
<i>Artocarpus gomeliana</i>	Tampang
<i>Artocarpus</i> spp.	Bangkong
<i>Baccaurea grillithii</i>	Larah
<i>Baccaurea langcolata</i>	Rambai Hutan
<i>Borassus flabellifera</i>	Lontar
<i>Bouea oppositifolia</i>	Remenia
<i>Canarium commune</i>	Kenari
<i>Carissa congesta</i>	Kerandang
<i>Castanopsis inermis</i>	Barangan
<i>Clausena lansium</i>	Wampi
<i>Cynometra cauliflora</i>	Nam Nam
<i>Dialium indicum</i>	KerANJI
<i>Erioglossum rubiginosum</i>	Mertajam
<i>Eugenia cumini</i>	Jambutan
<i>Eugenia michelii</i>	Cermai Belanda
<i>Eugenia polyantha</i>	Salam
<i>Eugenia pseudosubtilis</i>	Kerian
<i>Feronica limonia</i>	Gelinggai
<i>Flacourita indica</i>	Kerkup Kecil
<i>Flacourtia jangomas</i>	Kerkup
<i>Flacourtia rukam</i>	Rokam Manis
<i>Garcinia cowa</i>	Kandis
<i>Garcinia dulcis</i>	Mundu
<i>Garcinia prainiana</i>	Cerapu
<i>Garcinia xanthochymus</i>	Asam Kandis
<i>Mangifera lagenifer</i>	Lanjut
<>> <i>Mangifera longipetiolata</i>	Sepam
<i>Mangifera microphylla</i>	Rawa
<i>Mangifera quadriloba</i>	Asam Kumbang
<i>Manilkara kauki</i>	Sauh
<i>Muntingia calabura</i>	Buah ceri
<i>Nephelium eriopetalum</i>	Lotong
<i>Nephelium glabrum</i>	Redan
<i>Nephelium litchi</i>	Kelengking

Passiflora edulis
Passiflora laurifolia
Passiflora quadrangular
Phyllanthus emblica
Sandoricum nervosum
Spondias pinnata

Markisa
Buah Susu
Timun Belanda
Buah Melaka
Kecapi
Amra

APPENDIX 2

LIST OF MEDICINAL PLANTS

Scientific Name	Local Name
<i>Abrus precatorius</i> Linn.	saga kecil, saga akar
<i>Abutilon indicum</i> Dm.	kembang johor
<i>Acalypha siamensis</i> Oliv.	te
<i>Acasia larnesiana</i> Will.	bunga siam
<i>Achras zapota</i> Linn.	chiku
<i>Achyranthes aspera</i> Linn.	nyarang songsang
<i>Acrotrema costatum</i> Jack.	punai tanah
<i>Adenanthera pavonina</i> Linn.	saga
<i>Adenia populifolia</i> Engl.	lelayang
<i>Adenostemma viscosum</i> Forst.	rumput tahi babi
<i>Aeschynanthus</i> sp.	sawai
<i>Alzelia retusa</i> Kartz.	malapari
<i>Aganosma marginata</i> G.Don.	sekati lima
<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i> Linn.	misai kucing, rumput jalang
<i>Aglala salicifolia</i> Ridl.	
<i>Alastonia augustiloba</i> Miq.	pulai
<i>Alastonia scholaris</i> R.Br.	pulai
<i>Alastonia spathulata</i> Blume.	pulai puteh
<i>Albizzia myriophylla</i> Benth.	tebu gajah
<i>Aleurites moluccana</i> Will.	buah keras
<i>Allomorpha alata</i> Scort.	puding hutan
<i>Allomorpha exigus</i> Blume.	keduduk hutan
<i>Allomorpha malaccensis</i> Ridl.	lidah buaya
<i>Allophylus ternatus</i> Lour.	cincang
<i>Alpinia chinensis</i> Koenig.	langkuas sina
<i>Alpinia conchigera</i> Griff.	langkuas ranting
<i>Alpinia galanga</i> Swartz.	langkuas benar
<i>Alpinia javanica</i> Blume.	tepus puteh
<i>Alpinia malaccensis</i> Rosc.	langkuas melaka
<i>Alpinia melanocarpa</i> Ridl.	langkuas ranting
<i>Alpinia mutica</i> Roxb.	cengkenam
<i>Alpinia rafflesiana</i> Wall.	tepus kijai
<i>Alpinia scabra</i> Benth.	lengkuas raya
<i>Alpinia speciosa</i> Rosc.	langkuas melaka
<i>Alternanthera sessilis</i> B.Br.	serapat, kereman
<i>Amomum cardamomum</i> Linn.	pelaga
<i>Amomum lappaceum</i> Ridl.	tepus rambutan
<i>Amomum ochreum</i> Ridl.	tepus batu
<i>Amomum squarrosum</i> Ridl.	ladah embun
<i>Amomum testaceum</i> Ridl.	katepus
<i>Amomum uliginosum</i> Ridl.	tepus merah
<i>Anaxagorea scortechinii</i> King.	sekobang kecil
<i>Anona incertae</i>	akar bukit, meroyan ungu
<i>Anona muricata</i> Linn.	durian bengala, durian mekah
<i>Anona reticulata</i> Linn.	nona kapri
<i>Anplectrum diraricatum</i> Triana.	lidah kucing, kopok
<i>Anplectrum glaucum</i> Triana.	kayu metah
<i>Anthocephalus indicus</i> Rich.	kelapayan, kelampi
<i>Antidesma ghaesembilla</i> Gaerth.	kuncur puteh, gucek
<i>Antidesma montanum</i> Blume.	guncak gajah
<i>Apama corymbosa</i> Solar.	maja pahit
<i>Apama tomentosa</i> Solar.	serengkong

<i>Aplostelis flabelliformis</i> Ridl.	sehelai setahun
<i>Aralidium pinnatifidum</i> Miq.	sebalai
<i>Archytaca vahlii</i> Choisy.	tualang padang
<i>Ardisia colorata</i> Roxb.	kayu lupa dahan,
<i>Ardisia crenata</i> Roxb.	mata ayam, sireh puyoh
<i>Ardisia littoralis</i> Andr.	daun bisa hati
<i>Ardisia oxyphylla</i> Wall.	daun mata itek
<i>Aristolochia lagala</i> Cham.	akar ketola, petola hutan
<i>Aromadendron elegans</i> Blume.	cempaka hutan
<i>Artemisia capillaris</i> Thumb.	rumpun roman
<i>Artemisia vulgaris</i> Linn.	baru cina, bunga ayam
<i>Artocarpus integrifolia</i> Linn.	nangka
<i>Artocarpus kunstleri</i> Hook.f.	terap
<i>Asclepias curassavica</i> Linn.	bunga tunjong, bunga emas
<i>Atalantia roxburghiana</i> Hook.f.	limau pagar
<i>Averrhoa bilimbi</i> Linn.	belimbing buluh, masam
<i>Averrhoa carambola</i> Linn.	belimbing manis, belimbing besi
<i>Azima tetracantha</i> Lam.	pekan, sung ilai
<i>Baccaurea brevipes</i> Hook.	setambun lilin, rambai ayam
<i>Baccaurea molleyana</i> Muell.	rambai
<i>Baeckea frutescens</i> Linn.	cucor atap
<i>Baliospermum axillare</i> Blume.	maharaja lela
<i>Baliospermum montanum</i> Muell.	akar kerak nasi
<i>Barleria lupulina</i> Lindl.	setawar, sakelian, bisa
<i>Barleria prioniis</i> Linn.	bunga landak, sekunyit.
<i>Barringtonia macrostachys</i> Kurz.	putat darat
<i>Barringtonia racemosa</i> Roxb.	putat kampongputat padi
<i>Barringtonia spicata</i> Blume.	gajah beranak, putat nasi
<i>Barringtonia sumatrana</i> Miq.	putat darat
<i>Basella alba</i> Linn.	ramayong
<i>Bauhinia acuminata</i> Linn.	bunga perak
<i>Bauhinia bidentata</i> Jack.	dedaup, katup-katup
<i>Bauhinia calycina</i> Ridl.	keretu hutan, tapak kuda
<i>Bauhinia flammifera</i> Ridl.	kekatup
<i>Bauhinia griffithiana</i> Prain.	akar kempaga
<i>Begonia isoptera</i> Dryand.	riang batu
<i>Beilschmiedia pahangensis</i> Gamble.	medang salch, pinang pergam
<i>Beilschmiedia tonkinensis</i> Ridl.	perapoh
<i>Benincasa cerifera</i> Sari.	kundur
<i>Bidens pilosa</i> Linn.	kancing baju
<i>Biophytum adiantoides</i> Wight.	daun payong
<i>Biophytum reinwardtii</i> Walp.	
<i>Bixa orellana</i> Linn.	kesum, kesumba keling
<i>Blastus cogniauxii</i>	daun puding
<i>Kaempferia galanga</i> Linn.	cekor
<i>Kaempferia rotunda</i> Linn.	temu puteri
<i>Kalanchoe laciniata</i> DC.	setawar
<i>Koompassis malaccensis</i> Benth.	kumpas
<i>Kopsia larutensis</i> King.	cabai hutan
<i>Labisia pothoina</i> Lindl.	kacit fatimah, rumput palis
<i>Lagerstroemia flos-reginae</i> Retz.	bongor
<i>Lansium domesticum</i> Jack.	langsar
<i>Lantana aculeata</i> Linn.	bunga tahi ayam
<i>Lapisanthes kunstleri</i> King.	terentang
<i>Laportea stimulans</i> Miq.	jelatang gajah
<i>Lasianthus filiformis</i> King.	sekentut
<i>Lasianthus oblongus</i> King.	temberak hutan
<i>Lasianthus stipularis</i> Blume.	

<i>Lasianthus villosus</i> Ridl.	medang
<i>Lawsonia inermis</i> Linn.	inai
<i>Leea curtisii</i> King.	menali
<i>Leea gigantea</i> Griff.	memali
<i>Lepionurus sylovestris</i> Blume.	ciprah
<i>Leptonychia glabra</i> Torez.	selusoh semang
<i>Leucas zeylanica</i> R.Br.	ketumbit
<i>Leuconotis eugenifolius</i> DC.	aguh
<i>Leucopogon malayanus</i> Jack.	jiring atap,cucur atap
<i>Limnophila erecta</i> Benth.	-
<i>Limnophila villosa</i> Blume.	-
<i>Litsea amara</i> Blume.	medang
<i>Loranthus ferrugineus</i> Roxb.	dedalu api merah
<i>Loranthus grandifrans</i> King.	dedalu api gajah
<i>Loranthus pentandrus</i> Linn.	dedalu api puteh
<i>Luvunga scandens</i> Ham.	susok ayam hutan
<i>Macaranga denticulata</i> Muell.	mesepat
<i>Macaranga griffithiana</i> Muell.	mahang
<i>Macaranga incisa</i> Gage.	mahang
<i>Macaranga megalophylla</i> Muell.	selaru,menkubang
<i>Macaranga tanaria</i> Muell.	tampu puteh
<i>Macaranga triloba</i> Muell.	mahang
<i>Maesa ramentacea</i> Wall.	gambir badak,jelai
<i>Mallotus anisophyllus</i> Hook.f.	kayu kering
<i>Mallotus barbatus</i> .	balik angin
<i>Mallotus cochinchinensis</i> Lour.	mesepat hitam
<i>Mallotus floribundus</i> Muell.	mahang,mempasuh,tampin
<i>Mallotus macrostachyus</i> Muell.	mesepat,balik angin
<i>Mallotus philippinensis</i> Muell.	rambai kucing
<i>Marumia nemorosa</i> Blume.	senuduk
<i>Melastoma decemfidum</i> Roxb.	senduduk
<i>Melastoma malabathricum</i> Linn.	senduduk
<i>Melochia corchorifolia</i> Linn	lemak ketam,bayam rusa
<i>Melodorum cylindricum</i> Hook.f.	tepak
<i>Melodorum lanuginosum</i> Hook.f.	selusoh semang,larak api
<i>Memecylon dichotomum</i> Clarke.	bebuas
<i>Memecylon minutiflorum</i> Miq.	sedawai hitam
<i>Memosia pudica</i> Linn.	rumpun malu,semalu
<i>Merremia convolvulacea</i> Hallier,f.	ulan pelandok
<i>Merremia umbellata</i> Hallier,f.	ulan tapak pelandok
<i>Merremia vitifolia</i> Hallier,f.	ulan raya
<i>Mezoneuron sumatranum</i> Walk.	gorek,mentiong,
<i>Michelia champaca</i> Linn.	cempaka
<i>Micromelum hirsutum</i> Oliv.	cerek-cerek
<i>Mikania scandens</i> Willd.	selepat tungau
<i>Millottia sericea</i> Benth.	jemerah,sekebah,
<i>Mimusops elengi</i> Linn.	bunga tanjung
<i>Mischocarpus lessertianus</i> Ridl.	kelat puteh
<i>Mitragyne speciosa</i> Korth.	biak-biak
<i>Momordica charantia</i> Linn.	peria
<i>Morinda citrifolia</i> Linn.	mengkudu besar
<i>Morinda elliptica</i> Ridl.	mengkudu kecil
<i>Mucuna biplicata</i> Teysm.	kacang paleh
<i>Muraya exotica</i> Linn.	kemuning
<i>Mussaenda glabra</i> Vahl.	balek adap
<i>Mussaenda villosa</i> Wall.	balek adap
<i>Myristica fragrans</i> Linn.	buah pala
<i>Myxopyrum nervosum</i> Blume.	chiput-chiput

<i>Neolitsea zeylanica</i> Merrill.	teja betina
<i>Nepheleium lappaceum</i> Linn.	rambutan
<i>Nepheleium mutabile</i> Blume.	pulasan
<i>Neptunia oleracea</i> Lour.	kangkong putri
<i>Nicolaia speciosa</i> Horan.	kantan
<i>Notonia grandiflora</i> DC.	
<i>Ochanostachys amentacea</i> Mest.	petaling
<i>Ocimum basilicum</i> Linn.	kemangi, ruku padang
<i>Ocimum canum</i> Sims.	kemangi
<i>Oldenlandia corymbosa</i> Linn.	penang
<i>Oldenlandia diffusa</i> Roxb.	penang
<i>Oldenlandia heynei</i> Don.	penang
<i>Ophiorrhiza communis</i> Ridl.	peparu
<i>Ophiorrhiza singaporensis</i> Ridl.	rumput lumor
<i>Oroxylum indicum</i> Vent.	bikir angkup, bekak, daun jauk
<i>Otophora resecta</i> Ridl.	setengok
<i>Oxonitra latifolia</i> Hook.f.	larak kucing
<i>Paederia foetida</i> Linn.	sekentut
<i>Pajanelia multijuga</i> DC.	bekak gunong
<i>Pangium edula</i> Reinw.	kepayang
<i>Parkia speciosa</i>	Petai
<i>Pauzolia indica</i> Gaudich.	ubi itek, gubai
<i>Pavetta indica</i> Linn.	jejerum
<i>Payena lucida</i> DC.	bedara liong
<i>Pedilanthus lithymaloides</i> Poit.	lalipan, tentulang jantan
<i>Pegosteman heyneanus</i> Benth.	nilam
<i>Pellionia duvauana</i> Brown.	sisek keli, pipi keli
<i>Peltophorum dasyrachis</i> Kurtz.	kerayong
<i>Pentaphragma begoniifolium</i> Wall.	salang suwang
<i>Pericampylus incanus</i> Miers.	minyak pinyang
<i>Peristrophe acuminata</i> Nees.	setawar ular, tangkai jering
<i>Peristrophe tinctoria</i> Nees.	mala pudak
<i>Peronema canescens</i> Jack.	sungkai
<i>Phaseolus calcaratus</i> Roxb.	kacang sepi
<i>Phyllagathis rotundifolia</i>	kacit Fatimah, tapak gajah
<i>Phyllanthus frondosus</i> Wall.	meroyan putri
<i>Phyllanthus niruri</i> Linn.	dukong anak, rami buah
<i>Phyllanthus urinaria</i> Linn.	naga buwana, naga jimat
<i>Phyllocllamys spinosa</i> Bureau.	pokok temiyang
<i>Physalis minima</i> Linn.	letup-letup
<i>Piper argyrites</i> Ridl.	sireh harimau puteh
<i>Piper bitle</i> Linn.	kerakap, sireh melayu
<i>Piper caninum</i> Blume.	sireh puteh
<i>Piper cubeba</i>	cabai tali
<i>Piper porphyrophyllum</i> Brown.	sireh harimau
<i>Piper ribesioides</i> Wall.	sireh murai
<i>Piper sarmentosum</i> Roxb.	sireh dudok
<i>Piper stylosum</i> Miq.	kadok hutan
<i>Pithecolobium clypearia</i> Benth.	petai belalang
<i>Pithecolobium lobatum</i> Benth.	jereng
<i>Pittosporum ferrugineum</i> Ait.	belalang puak
<i>Plantago major</i> Linn.	sejumbok
<i>Polyalthia beccaril</i> King.	mengala hutan
<i>Polyalthia hypolenca</i> Hook.f.	
<i>Polygonum barbatum</i> Linn.	larak hutan
<i>Polygonum chinense</i> Linn.	tebok seludang,
<i>Polygonum minus</i> Huds.	semuloh
<i>Polygonum pedunculare</i> Will.	kesum

<i>Polygonum tomentosum</i> Willd.	johong beraleh
<i>Polytrema vulgare</i> Clarke.	sekeras akar
<i>Pometia pinnata</i> Forst.	kasai
<i>Portulaca oleraceae</i> Linn.	gelang
<i>Portulaca pilosa</i> Linn.	penawar
<i>Premna pyramidata</i> Wall.	bebuas,piat
<i>Pseuderanthemum</i> sp.	cheraka-cheraka
<i>Psidium guava</i> Ridl.	jambu biji
<i>Psophocarpus tetragonolobus</i> DC.	kacang belimbing
<i>Psychotria montana</i> Blume.	selada
<i>Psychotria rostrata</i> Blume.	telor ayam
<i>Psychotria sarmentosa</i> Blume.	gilik
<i>Psychotria stipulacea</i> Wall.	salang
<i>Pterocarpus indicus</i> Will.	sena
<i>Pterospermum blumeianum</i> Korth.	bayor
<i>Pueraria phaseoloides</i> Benth.	lampang urat,ulan susu
<i>Punica granatum</i> Linn.	delima
<i>Quisqualis densiflora</i> Wall.	redani, tambun tahi
<i>Randia curtisii</i> King.	akar bumi
<i>Rennellia paniculata</i> King.	
<i>Rhinacanthus communis</i> Nees.	mempoyan
<i>Rhodamnia cinerea</i> Jack.	kemunting
<i>Rhodamnia tomentosa</i> Wight.	jarak
<i>Ricinus communis</i> Linn.	
<i>Rinorea echinocarpa</i> Korth.	gemotan pacat
<i>Rinorea kunstleriana</i> King.	akar balah
<i>Rourea humilis</i> Blume.	ribu hutan jantan
<i>Rourea similis</i> Blume.	asam susok,tampu rengat
<i>Rubus alceifolius</i> Poir.	seranam
<i>Ruellia repens</i> Linn.	sireh iput
<i>Salacia flavescens</i> Kurz.	serapat akar
<i>Salacia grandiflora</i> Kurz.	rajab beraleh
<i>Salacia</i> sp.	dedalu
<i>Salix tetrasperma</i> Roxb.	sentol
<i>Sandoricum indicum</i> Cav.	ketapi
<i>Sandoricum nervosum</i> Blume.	sekontut
<i>Saprosma glomerulatum</i> Klng.	kesimbuk
<i>Saprosma ternatum</i> Hook,f.	cekor manis
<i>Sauropus albicans</i> Blume.	merajah santah
<i>Sauropus parvifolius</i> Ridl.	bajang beranak,bengkak rengat
<i>Schefflera affinis</i> Ridl.	serenggang
<i>Schefflera heterophylla</i> Harms.	pokok kelambu
<i>Scoparia dulcis</i> Linn.	medang melukut
<i>Sida carpinifolia</i> Linn.	jerun,senanguri
<i>Sida rhombifolia</i> Linn.	nasi-nasi,pelangas
<i>Sideroxylon ferrugineum</i> Hook.	sampar hantu
<i>Sindora</i> sp.	terong asam
<i>Solanum ferox</i> Linn.	kelampong puyoh
<i>Solanum nigrum</i> Linn.	terong puyoh
<i>Solanum sarmentosum</i> Nees.	terong pipit
<i>Solanum torvum</i> Sw.	daun telinga kerbau,
<i>Solanum verbascifolium</i> Linn.	kacit Fatimah,
<i>Sonerila nidularia</i> Stapt.	berembang
<i>Sonneratia acida</i> Linn.	berembang
<i>Sonneratia griffithii</i> Kurz.	wah
<i>Spathoglottis plicata</i> Blume.	rumpit tahi babi
<i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i> Vahl.	daun nasi betina
<i>Stephania rotunda</i> Lour.	

<i>Stereospermum limbriatum</i> DC.	chichah
<i>Strobilanthes flaccidifolius</i> Nees.	tarum siam.
<i>Symplocos rubiginosa</i> Wall.	kelap
<i>Synedrella nodiflora</i> Gaertn.,f.	getang
<i>Tamarindus indicus</i> Linn.	asam jawa
<i>Tetracera assa</i> DC.	mempelas licin
<i>Tetracera fragrans</i> Ridl.	mempelas
<i>Thumbergia grandiflora</i> Roxb.	pokok buah
<i>Thumbergia laurifolia</i> Lindl.	ketuwah
<i>Tinospora crispa</i> Miers.	petawali,seruntun
<i>Torenia polygonoides</i> Benth.	rumpun kerak nasi
<i>Totter dependens</i> Klotz.	telinga beruang
<i>Trema amboinensis</i> Blume.	mengkirai
<i>Trevesia choirantha</i> Ridl.	tapak itek,tapak harimau
<i>Trichosanthes wallichiana</i> Wight.	jari buaya
<i>Tropidia curculigoides</i> Lindl.	serugat,rancang hantu
<i>Uncaria farrer</i> DC.	kait-kait
<i>Urania crinita</i> Desv.	keretok babi
<i>Urania lagopoides</i> DC.	korat tanah
<i>Urena lobata</i> Linn.	pulut-pulut
<i>Urophyllum glabrum</i> Wall.	bebulu
<i>Urophyllum hirsutum</i> Hook.,f.	serikan
<i>Uvaria microntha</i> Linn.	daun ekor bukit
<i>Uvaria purpurea</i> Blume.	medang salak
<i>Vanda hookeriana</i> Reich.	tulang
<i>Vandellia crustacea</i> Benth.	rumpun jari cicak
<i>Vernonia javanica</i> DC.	kayu kepialu,berambong
<i>Veronica cinerea</i> Less.	cenderong hari,jendung hari
<i>Vigna catiung</i> Walp.	kacang perut ayam
<i>Vites repens</i> Wight.	riang batu
<i>Vitex pubescens</i> Vahl.	halban
<i>Vitex trifolia</i> Linn.	legundi
<i>Vitis cinnamomea</i> Wall.	gundak api
<i>Vitis hastata</i> Miq.	asam riang
<i>Vitis lawsoni</i> King.	akar roh papan
<i>Vitis novemfolia</i> Wall.	akar kum papan
<i>Vitis trifolia</i> Linn.	lakum
<i>Wedelia biflora</i> DC.	serunai laut
<i>Wikstroemia ridleyi</i> Gamble.	depu
<i>Willughbeia</i> sp.	jitan,aguh
<i>Xanthophyllum</i> sp.	minyak beruk
<i>Xylopiia ferruginea</i> Hook.,f.	jangkak
<i>Xylopiia malayana</i> Hook.,f.	meroyan angin
<i>Zanthoxylum hirtellum</i> Ridl.	kayu sekatok
<i>Zingiber aromaticum</i> Val.	lempoyang
<i>Zingiber cassumunar</i> Roxb.	bonglai
<i>Zingiber gracile</i> Jack.	langkuas antan
<i>Zingiber griffithii</i> Bak.	temu huma
<i>Zingiber officinale</i> Rosc.	halia benar,halia bara
<i>Zingiber ottensii</i> Val.	lempoyang hitam
<i>Zingiber puberula</i> Ridl.	lempoyang anjing
<i>Zingiber spectabile</i> Griff.	tepus tanah
<i>Zingiber zerumbet</i> Blume.	lempoyang pahit

AROMATIC PLANTS

Scientific Name	Local Name
<i>Aglaia odorata</i>	Telur Belangkas
<i>Angelouia</i> sp.	-
<i>Brunfelsia paniculata</i>	Yesterday, today, tomorrow
<i>Cananga odorata</i>	Kenanga
<i>Cestrum nocturnum</i>	Santalia
<i>Chonemorpha fragrans</i>	Getah Gerip merah
<i>Fragraea fragrans</i>	Tembusu
<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i> var. <i>fortuniana</i>	Bunga Cina
<i>Gardenia carinata</i>	Cempaka Hitam
<i>Hoya</i> sp.	-
<i>Jasminum sambac</i>	Melor
<i>Michelia champaca</i>	Cempaka Kuning
<i>Michelia alba</i>	Cempaka Putih
<i>Mimusops elengi</i>	Pokok Tanjung
<i>Murraya paniculata</i>	Kemuning
<i>Nyctalthes arborstrilis</i>	Seri Gading
<i>Pelargonium graveolans</i>	Jermin
<i>Plumeria</i> sp.	Kemboja
<i>Pogonstemum hortensis</i>	Nilam Patchouli
<i>Polianthus tuberosa</i>	Sundal Malam
<i>Porana paniculata</i>	Bridal Creeper
<i>Quisqualis indica</i>	Drunken sailor, Rangoon creeper
<i>Stephanotis floribunda</i>	-
<i>Telosma cordata</i>	Tonkin
<i>Vallisneria spiralis</i>	Kesidang
<i>Vetiveria zizanioides</i>	Vetiver grass
<i>Wrightia religiosa</i>	Melati/Jelita

APPENDIX 3

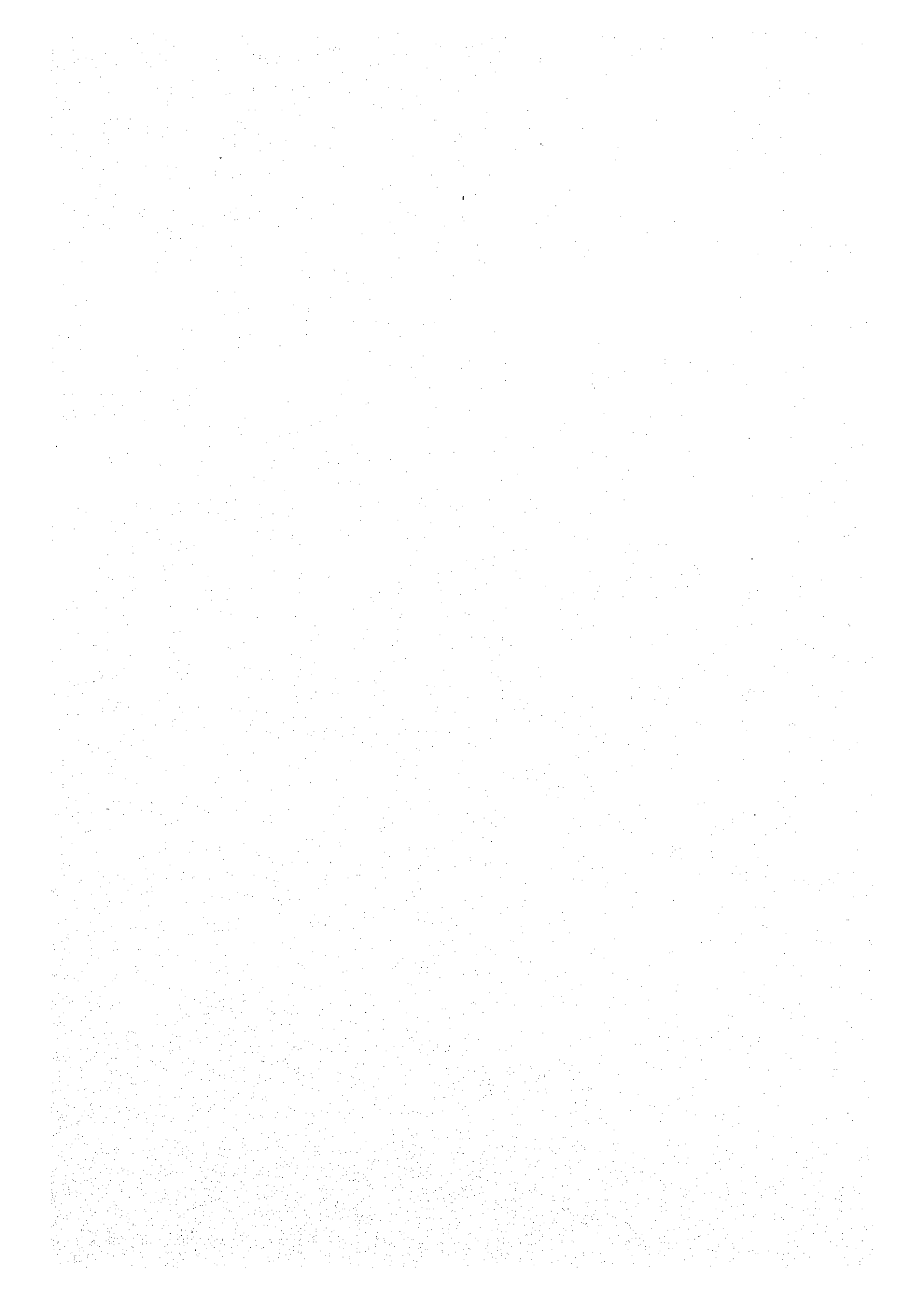
LIST OF TROPICAL ULAMS (TRADITIONAL SALAD) AND VEGETABLES

Scientific Name	Local Name
<i>Achras sapota</i>	Ciku (pucuk)
<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	Pucuk janggus
<i>Carica papaya</i>	Daun Betik (papaya leaves)
<i>Cassia glauca</i>	Gelenggang (pucuk)
<i>Claoxylon longifolium</i>	Pucuk salang
<i>Commelina nudiflora</i>	Rumput tapak itek/rumput aur
<i>Cosmos caudatus</i>	Ulam raja
<i>Cucurma domestica</i>	Kunyit
<i>Curcuma mangga</i>	Temu pauh
<i>Curcuma viridiflora</i>	Temu kuning (rizom muda dan bunga)
<i>Curcuma zeodoria</i>	Temu hitam (rizom muda dan bunga)
<i>Diplazium esculentum</i>	Pucuk paku (Fern shoot)
<i>Garcinia atroviridis</i>	Pucuk Asam Gelugor
<i>Gnetum gnemon</i>	Daun meninjau (Gnetum leaves)
<i>Hydrocotyle asiatica</i>	Pegaga (Indian pennyworth)
<i>Ipomea batatas</i>	Daun ubi keledek (sweet potato shoot)
<i>Ipomea aquatica, I. reptans</i>	Kangkung (swamp cabbage/water convulvolus)
<i>Kaempferia galanga</i>	Cekur
<i>Lagenaria vulgaris, L. leucantha</i>	Labu jantung (Bottle gourd)
<i>Leucaue leucocephala</i>	Petai belalang (pucuk dan buah)
<i>Limncharis llara</i>	Paku rawan
<i>Lycopersicum esculantus</i>	Terong Belanda
<i>Manihot utilisima</i>	Pucuk ubi kayu (Tapioca leaves)
<i>Manuardica charantia</i>	Peria katak
<i>Melia excelsa</i>	Sentang
<i>Memordica charantia</i>	Peria (Bitter gourd/balsam pear)
<i>Mentha avensis</i>	Daun Pudina (Mint)
<i>Morinda citrifolia</i>	Pucuk mengkudu
<i>Moringa oleifera, M. Pterygosperma</i>	Merungai (Drumstick, french pods)
<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	Pisang (jantung)
<i>Nicolaia speciosa</i>	Kantan
<i>Nothopanax scutellarium</i>	Semangkok
<i>Ocimum basilicus</i>	Kemangi
<i>Oevanthe javanica</i>	Selom
<i>Parkia speciosa</i>	Petai
<i>Pentaphragma begoniaefolium</i>	Salang Suang
<i>Piper sarmentosum</i>	Pucuk kaduk
<i>Pithecellobium jiringa</i>	Jering (buah)
<i>Pithecellobium bubalinum</i>	Kerdas (biji)
<i>Polygonum minus</i>	Kesum
<i>Sasbania grandiflora</i>	Daun geti (sasbenia)
<i>Sauropus androgynus</i>	Cekur manis
<i>Solanum melongena</i>	Terung (Egg plant/brinjal)
<i>Vitex zerumbet</i>	Lamundi
<i>Vitis repens</i>	Riang-riang
<i>Zingiber officinale</i>	Halia (rizom muda)

APPENDIX 4

LIST OF TROPICAL TUBEROUS CROPS

Scientific Name	Local Name
<i>Amorphophallus campanulatus</i> (Roxb.) Bl. ex Decna	Ubi kekek
<i>Amorphophallus variabilis</i> Bl.	Kembang bangkai
<i>Coleus parviflorus</i> Benth.	Ubi keling
<i>Colocasia esculenta</i> (L.) Schott	Keladi
<i>Colocasia gigantea</i> (Bl.) Hook . f.	Keladi gajah
<i>Dioscorea alata</i> L.	Ubi
<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i> L.	Ubi atas
<i>Dioscorea esculenta</i> (Lour). Burk	Ubi kemili
<i>Dioscorea hispida</i> Dennst.	Gadung
<i>Dioscorea pentaphylla</i> L.	Ubi sakai
<i>Ipomoea batatas</i> (L.) Lam.	Ubi keledak
<i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz	Ubi kayu
<i>Merremia mammosa</i> Hall. f.	Bidara upas
<i>Pachyrrhizus erosus</i>	Kacang bengkuang



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