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IN

THE FEDERATIVE REPUBLIC OF BRAZIL

AGREED UPON BETWEEN BETWEEN BRAZILIAN COOPERATION AGENCY 

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Brasilia, June 30 , 1993. 

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Mr.JOSÉ MANOEL DE AGUIAR MARTINS Director of International Cooperation National Service of Industrial Apprenticeship - SENAI Federative Republic of Brazil

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Mr.CARLOS ROBERTO CRISTALLI Executive Director Brazilian Cooperation Agency-ABC Federative Republic of Brazil

Mr. ALBERTINO ALEXANDRE MACIEL FILHO General Coordinator for Special Affairs on Health Ministry of Health Federative Republic of Brazil

Mr.YASUO MUKAI Mining and Industrial Development Specialist Institute for International Cooperation Japan International Cooperation Agency

The Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "JICA") had a series of discussions with the Brazilian Cooperation Agency (hereinafter referred to as "ABC") and Brazilian governmental organizations concerned on the scope of work of a joint evaluation study on the Japanese technical cooperation projects carried out in Brazil (hereinafter referred to as "the Study"). As a result of the discussions, both ABC and JICA agreed to conduct the Study and finalized the scope of work.

1. Objectives of the Study of Dischartheological Bridges

The objectives of the Study are:

- (1) To identify the achievements and problems of two projects, referred to as "the Projects", mentioned in Section 4,
- (2) To share common findings and understandings on the evaluation results of the Projects, and
- (3) To utilize the findings to improve the planning of future projects in Brazil.

The Study covers all stages of the Projects, such as the planning, implementation and post project situation.

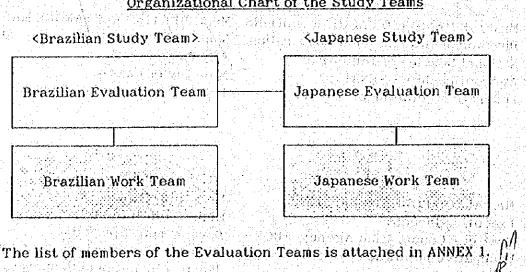
2. Organization

The Study Team consists of an Evaluation Team and a Work Team.

(1) ABC and JICA each organize their own Evaluation Team.

Both Evaluation Teams will consult with each other on the arrangement and implementation of the Study and take joint responsibility for the Study.

(2) Each Evaluation Team will nominate and supervise a group of consultants as a Work Team in order to execute the Study.



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#### Organizational Chart of the Study Teams

## 3. Methods of the Study

- (1) The Japanese Study Team will define and prepare the following:
  - a. Logical Framework
  - b. Indicator Table
    - (data table regarding the verifiable indicators specified in the Logical Framework)
  - c. Question sheets for interview survey
  - d. Questionnaires (for questionnaire survey)
  - The Brazilian Study Team will be responsible for the following:
- a. Preparation of Name List (names and addresses of the persons who are to be interviewed or given the questionnaire survey)
- b. Completion of the Indicator Table prepared by the Japanese Study Team

- c. Questionnaire survey
- (2) The interview survey will be carried out jointly by both Study Teams, using the question sheets.
- (3) The results of the guestionnaire and interview survey together with the reports and materials collected through the Study will be jointly analyzed and shared in order to identify the achievements and problems of the Projects.
- the fail of the second second second second alpha la chui (4) Drafts of two evaluation reports (hereinafter referred to as "the First Drafts"), based upon the data and information analyzed and compiled, will be prepared separately by the Brazilian Study Team and the Japanese Study Team.
- (5) Using the First Drafts and the presentation materials prepared, both Study 经投资和公司 自己的 经济过度保险 Teams will present in the joint seminar each side's findings and understandings on the evaluation results of the Projects, including the recommendations for future projects.
- (6) Based on the First Drafts and the results of discussions from the joint seminar, the Final Report will be drafted by the Japanese Study Team, and (1,1)confirmed by the Brazilian Study Team.
  - 4. Projects to be Evaluated in a start and the boot fight and the start and the start and
- The two projects to be evaluated are as follows: (1)SENAI Electrical and Electronic Vocational Training Center Project/SENAI/MG (2)Biologicals Production Project/FIOCRU2

They are chosen from projects undertaken with the technical assistance of JICA.

#### 5. Evaluation Items

The Study will focus on the following aspects of the Projects again and (1) (1) Efficiency 金融·建设全部的设备工具。

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Manja Anadari d (2) Effectiveness

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(4) Sustainability

(5) Relevance

6. Expenses of the Study

的目的是一些问题的问题,我们就是是自己的问题。 JICA will bear the expenses necessary to hire consultants for the Work Teams. Items of major expense are included in ANNEX 2. Additional ABC and JICA will consult with each other regarding other expenses necessary for the Study. Colden Andrew Colden

7. Terms of Reference of the Consultants

to solve to taking the family ABC will finalize the draft of the Terms of Reference (TOR) prepared by JICA for the Brazilian Consultants in the Joint Evaluation Study. 

8. Implementation Schedule

The Study will be conducted according to the work schedule attached in ·第三日的时候,我们们和你的人们没有可能。""你们,你们就是你的。" ANNEX 3. 

9. Report Preparation and Submission

The following reports will be prepared in English: Rechter Rechten die bescher der Beiten der Be

(1) First Drafts (by the mid December, 1993):

separately prepared by each Study Team, one draft by the Brazilian Study Team and the other by the Japanese Study Team of Japanese Study

(2) Final Report (by the end of February, 1994). drafted by the Japanese Study Team and confirmed by the Brazilian Study 同時 经有利率 电磁管管 化非常量 化非量合 in the s Team.

The Final Report will be submitted to the Brazilian Study Team Andreas and the Brazilian Study Team Andreas Andre

ANNEX 4 and ANNEX 5 provide Terms of Reference on the Joint Evaluation Study and Contents of the Final Report (tentative), respectively.

ANNEX 1

List of Members of the Evaluation Teams

#### BRAZIL:

1 NELSON DE OLIVEIRA	Brazilian Cooperation Agency – ABC Ministry of Foreign Relations				
2 JOAO BAPTISTA RISI JUNIO	R Ministry of Health				
3 JOSÉ LAZARO DE BRITO LADISLAU	National Health Foundation				
4 OTÁVIO PINHEIRO OLIVA	Oswaldo Cruz Foundation (FIOCRUZ)				
5 GERALDO EUSTÁQUIO DE OLIVEIRA	SENAI/NATIONAL				
6 ERICH ROBERT GANS	SENAI/MG				

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#### JAPAN:

1 Mr. Yasuo Mukai Inst

2 Mr. Yoshitaka Fujita

Mining and Industrial Development Specialist Institute for International Cooperation Japan International Cooperation Agency

Evaluation and Post Project Monitoring Div., Planning Department Japan International Cooperation Agency

### Items of Major Expenses for Hiring Consultants

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- 1. PERSONNEL EXPENSES STATES STATES
  - 1.1. Consulting Fee

ANNEX 2

- 1.2. Administration of Questionnaire Survey

1.3. Secretarial Staff Services

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2. TRAVELING ALLOWANCE

2.1. Vehicle Rental

2.2. Travel Allowance for Questionnaire Survey

3. MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

3.1. Communication (e.g. mail, telephone, courier)

3.2. Printing, Sending Reports, etc.

ANNEX 3

Work Schedule

LEGEND -: Joint Work in Brazil

= : Separate Work

Brazilian Study Team	Aug. 93	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.94	Feb.
<ol> <li>Survey preparation         <ol> <li>LF &amp; IT<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Questionnaires<sup>23</sup></li> <li>Name list                 <ol> <li>A Quest. survey<sup>3</sup></li> <li>S Data collection                              <li>G Quest. collection</li></li></ol></li></ol></li></ol>				Oot. 26) Oot. 26) Cot. 15-7Beo	(Ján. 26	<b>6.9</b> )	
Evaluation Team Work Team		**	****	**	****	**	10 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Japanese Sludy Team	Aug.93	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.94	Feb.
<ol> <li>Survey preparation</li> <li>1.1 LF &amp; IT<sup>(3)</sup></li> <li>1.2 Questionnaires<sup>27</sup></li> <li>1.3 Name list</li> <li>1.4 Quest. survey<sup>37</sup></li> <li>1.5 Data collection</li> <li>1.6 Quest. collection<sup>43</sup></li> <li>Survey</li> <li>2.1 Interview survey</li> <li>2.2 Data analysis</li> <li>2.3 First Drafts</li> <li>3 Seminar</li> <li>3.1 Preparation</li> <li>3.2 Present. at Seminar<sup>53</sup></li> <li>4 Final Report</li> </ol>		(4 U S . 25	・ ビー・ディー そう		(Nov. 10 		28)
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1) Logical Framework and Indicator Table

2) Question sheets for the interview survey and questionnaires

3) Questionnaire Survey; Questionnaires shall be distributed.

d) Questionnaire collection; Those questionnaires distributed shall be collected.

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5) Presentation at Seminar; Both Study Teams shall present their own findings and understandings from the joint evaluation study.

#### Terms of Reference on the Joint Evaluation Study

1 Projects to be Evaluated

ł.

Both the Brazilian and Japanese Study Teams agree to conduct a joint evaluation study of the following Projects:

- (1) SENAI Electrical and Electronic Vocational Training Center Project/ SENAI/MG
- (2) Biologicals Production Project / FIOCRUZ
- 2 Evaluation Items

ANNEX 4

- The Study focuses on the following aspects of the Projects:
  - (1) Efficiency: to judge the appropriateness of the means, methods, time period and cost required to achieve the results. Efficiency is concerned with the transformation of input into output, in terms of time, cost and the use of other resources.
- (2) Effectiveness: to examine the degree to which the project purpose is being achieved, by comparing the original planned targets with the results actually achieved, and to analyze the factors and conditions which have led to the differences, if any.
- (3) Impact: to analyze development effects including possible negative effects brought about by the project. These effects shall be evaluated mainly from the viewpoint of 1)operational and managemental, 2)technical, 3)economic, and 4)social aspects. Impact refers to the positive and negative effects, anticipated or not, on the concerned sector or on overall development within the recipient country.
- (4) Sustainability: to assess the likelihood of the objectives of the project continuing after the project assistance is over. Sustainability shall be evaluated mainly from the viewpoint of 1)operational and managemental, 2)technical, and 3)financial aspects.
- (5) Relevance: to examine the relevance of the project designs set up at the time of project preparation and those revised during project implementation, in accordance with changes in project circumstances. This is called project rationale. Based on an examination of the above points (1) to (4), the relevance of the project can be discussed. Relevance is also related with whether or not the socio-economic needs are still existent to justify the continuation of the project.

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3 Work Program

The Brazilian Evaluation Team and the Japanese Evaluation Team should have their respective Study Teams organized by August 18, 1993; one week prior to the joint evaluation work.

A detailed description of the joint evaluation is as follows:

(1) Survey Preparation (August 25, 1993 - October 26, 1993)

A. The First Term of Survey Preparation \_\_\_\_\_ (August 25, 1993 - September 14, 1993)

a. Logical Framework and Indicator Table

A set of Logical Frameworks, data tables of the verifiable indicators specified in the Logical Framework (Indicator Table) will be prepared by the Japanese Study Team and then sent to the Brazilian Study Team.

b. Question Sheets for Interview Survey and Questionnaires

A set of the question sheets for the interview survey and questionnaires written in English will be prepared by the Japanese Study Team. Regarding the questionnaires for the Beneficiaries, they are to be translated from English into Portuguese by the Brazilian Work Team.

Those targeted for the interview survey and for the questionnaire survey are as follows:

1) Beneficiaries from the Projects, such as local farmers, local companies and multi-national corporations operating in Brazil.

2) Counterparts (including staff) who worked or who are presently working on the Projects in Brazil.

3) Managers belonging to project implementing agencies who have been in supervising positions within the Projects.

4) Officials belonging to ABC, Ministry of Health (MOH) and SENAI/National who have been in supervising positions within the Projects.

5) Professionals from universities, think-tanks and economic organizations, who are specialized in the fields of the Projects in Brazil.

In principle, the target groups for the questionnaire survey are the following: <u>Beneficiaries</u>, <u>Counterparts</u> and <u>Japanese</u> <u>Experts</u>. Interview surveys, will be conducted with the following people: <u>Managers</u>, <u>Officials</u> and <u>Professionals</u>.

<u>Before the second term of survey preparation, the Logical Framework,</u> <u>Indicator Table and question sheets for the interview survey and questionnaires</u> <u>prepared by the Japanese Study Team in the previous term are to be examined</u> <u>by the Brazilian Study Team. The Japanese Study Team will, if necessary, correct</u> <u>them as a result of comments from the Brazilian Study Team.</u>

## B. The Second Term of Survey Preparation

<u>(October 6, 1993 - October 26, 1993)</u> a. Name List

Name List The Brazilian Study Team will specify the names and addresses of the persons who should be interviewed. The Brazilian Study Team will also specify the names and addresses of the persons to whom questionnaires should be distributed. The Name List will be promptly sent to the Japanese Study Team by fax for agreement.

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As for the former Japanese experts who had been engaged in the Projets, the Japanese Study Team will examine their names and addresses.

#### b. Questionnaire Survey

The Brazilian Work Team will distribute the questionnaires prepared by the Japanese Study Team to the persons listed on the Name List, following a phone call requesting their cooperation with the questionnaire survey. As for the Japanese Experts, the Japanese Study Team will conduct the questionnaire survey in Japan.

#### c. Data Collection

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The Brazilian Work Team will fill in the Indicator Table prepared by the Japanese Study Team, collecting data from statistics of the project implementing agencies and secondary data published by the Brazilian government, academic institucions, etc. Soon after completion, the filled-in tables should be sent to the Japanese Study Team by fax.

In the case that some indicators are considered inappropriate, these can be changed by the Brazilian Study Team with explicit reasons given.

#### d. Questionnaire Collection

One to two weeks after the delivery of the questionnaires, the Brazilian Work Team will collect the questionnaires, after making a confirmation call. The Brazilian Work Team will translate the questionnaires written in Portuguese into English and send them to the Japanese Study Team.

(2) <u>Survey (November 10, 1993 - December 9, 1993</u>)

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国家自己的第三人称单数 化合物 化合物 化合物 化合物 The Brazilian Evaluation Team will provide the workroom which both Study Teams can jointly use for the survey in Brazil.

a Interview Survey (for about 2 weeks)

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The question sheets for the interview survey will be filled in through the interview of the persons listed on the Name List, jointly or separately, if necessary, by the Brazilian Work Team and the Japanese Work Team. The Brazilian Work Team will make a record of each interview meeting and send it to the Japanese Evaluation Team. One of the Brazilian Work Team members will join the interview survey as a English-Portuguese translator, make a record of each interview meeting and send it to the Japanese Evaluation Team.

If needed, during this stage, the Brazilian Work Team will re-collect data on the indicators added to the Indicator Table as a result of discussion between both Study Teams at the initial stage of the field survey.

#### b. Data Analysis (for about 1 week)

The question sheets from the interview survey and questionnaires, together with reports and materials collected through the Study, will be analyzed and compiled jointly by both Work Teams and shared with each other, in order to identify the achievements and problems of the Projects.

#### c. First Drafts (for about 1 week)

The Brazilian Study Team and the Japanese Study Team will separately prepare draft evaluation reports in English (the First Drafts), based upon the data and information analyzed and compiled by both Work Teams at the previous stage.

The prepared reports are to be exchanged and comments given by the other team. The reports are to be revised as a result of the comments received.

# (3) <u>Seminar (December 15, 1993 - February 1, 1994)</u>

## a. Preparation (December 15, 1993 - December 24, 1993)

The Brazilian Study Team will identify guests and extend an invitation to them to attend the joint seminar. The confirmed guests list should be sent to the Japanese Study Team.

The First Drafts should be circulated beforehand to all the possible guests by the Brazilian Work Team, preferably more than one week prior to the seminar.

b. Presentation at Seminar (January 26, 1994 - January 28, 1994; January 31, 1994 - February 1, 1994)

The Brazilian and Japanese Study Teams will hold the joint seminar in Brazil, whereby, using the First Drafts and, if necessary, handouts prepared for the seminar, both Study Teams will present their own findings and understandings from this evaluation study, including recommendations for future projects.

The Brazilian Work Team will draw up a record of the questions and answers, comments and discussions made in the seminar.

## (4) Final Report (February 14, 1994 - February 28, 1994)

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After the joint seminar, the Brazilian Work Team will promptly send the seminar record to the Japanese Study Team.

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Based on the First Drafts and the record of the seminar, the Japanese Study Team will prepare a draft Final Report in English. It will be corrected and confirmed by the Brazilian Study Team.

한 회사 문제 한 관계 위험 문제되었다. Contents of the Final Report are tentatively shown in ANNEX 5.

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# Contents of the Final Report (tentative)

#### 1 BACKGROUND

annex 5

- 1.1 Objectives of the Joint Evaluation Study
- 1.2 Evaluation Methods
- 1.3 Team Composition
- 1.4 Work Procedure
- 1.5 Project Summary
  - 1.5.1 SENAI Electrical and Electronic Vocational Training Center Project/ SENAI/MG
  - 1.5.2 Biologicals Production Project/FIOCRUZ

#### 2 EVALUATION FINDINGS

- SENAI Electrical and Electronic Vocational Training Center Project/ 2.1 SENAI/MG
  - 2.1.1 Implementation Efficiency
  - 2.1.2 Attainment of the Project's Objectives
  - 2.1.3 Impact of the Project
  - 2.1.4 Sustainability of the Project
  - 2.1.5 Relevance of Initial Planning
  - 2.1.6 Results and Recommendations gained
- 2.2 Biologicals Production Project/FIOCRUZ
  - 2.2.1 Implementation Efficiency
  - 2.2.2 Attainment of the Project's Objectives
  - 2.2.3 Impact of the Project
  - 2.2.4 Sustainability of the Project
  - 2.2.5 Relevance of Initial Planning
  - 2.2.6 Results and Recommendations gained

# 3 GENERAL RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

# **4** GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

#### ANNEX

- 1 Interview and Questionnaire Survey Results
- 2 List of Interviewees

# Record of the Seminar for the Joint Evaluation Study

On February 9th, 1994, JICA - Japan Agency for International Cooperation and FIOCRUZ - Oswaldo Cruz Foundation, held the "Seminar on the Joint Evaluation Study on the Biologicals Production Project", at Bio-Manguinhos/FIOCRUZ, in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

Participants presently and/or formerly involved in the Project (officials, managers, professionals, beneficiaries and counterparts), as shown in the "List of Participants" (page 3) attended.

The Seminar was carried out according to the "Agenda" (page 2). Presentations were followed by discussion with participants and the "rapporteur".

The information, comments and suggestions presented at the Seminar were very useful for the common understanding of the evaluation methodology and results, and should be taken into consideration for planning future Brazil/Japan cooperation projects.

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(Main Speakers)

Chairman	Carlos Médicis Morel President of FIOCRUZ
Co-Chairman	Yasuo Mukai Leader of the JICA Study Team
Brazilian ride	Nelson de Oliveira Brazilian Cooperation Agency - Ministry of External Relations
	João Quental Director, Bio-Manguinhos/FIOCRUZ
	Valerie R. Chaves Consultant
Japanese side	Yoshitaka Fujita JICA
	Kanji Oshino Consultant
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# Agenda of the Seminar on the Joint Evaluation Study Rio de Janeiro, February 9th, 1994.

09:45	Arrival of participants and guests
10:00 - 10:30	Opening Addresses by Carlos Médicis Morel, President of the Oswaldo Cruz Founda- tion/FIOCRUZ and
	Nelson de Oliveira, Representative of ABC - Brazilian Cooperation Agency - Ministry of External Relations
10:30 - 10:40	Address by Masaharu Torii, Director of JICA / Rio de Janeiro
11:00 - 11:20	"Objectives of the Study" presented by Yasuo Mukai
11:20 - 11:50	"Methodology, Study Team and Work Procedure", presented by Yoshitaka Fujita/JICA
12:00 - 13:45	(Lrunch)
14:00 - 15:45	Biologicals Production Project:
	'Project Summary "presented by João Quental - Bio-Manguinhos/FIOCRUZ
	"Evaluation Results" presented by Valerie Rumjanek Chaves - Consultant (Brazilian side) Kanji Hoshino - Consultant (Japanese side)
	"Recommendations "presented by João Quental
15:45 - 16:00	Questions and Answers
16: • 16:15	Coffee Break
16:15 - 16:45	Discussion
16:45 - 17:00	Closing addresses by - Nelson de Oliveira - Yasuo Mukai

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#### LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

Caries Médicis Morel While Bocak YASUN MUKAN Edurdo Martins Jose Quental Nelson de Oliveira Kasji Hisbino Kesseryoshi Sudo Velerie Runjansk Chaves Yosminka Pujita Masaharu Torii Hermann Schatzmeyr Marco Antonio Moreira Laura Bertollo Arruda Wilson Alves de Paula Teresinha Elisa S. do Brito Amauni Pereina Chara Sources Viga Helena Vieira de Andrade Evanoles Parreira Panio Carvalho Darry Hokama George Mann Carlos Albero Negueira Benedito Couto do Silva Massel Corpieira Renato Marchevsky Pásima Velleso da Salva Mana da Laz F. Leal Vers Lucia A. Beug Refeel Guimaraes ATER R. Coulo Lant Antonio da Cunha Ebeae Cahral Raposo Maria das Graças Danelli Minko Fusita Inshella Mohuf Maria Eunice Antunes Donise Milagros Maria Bestriz de Oliveira Corbie Mauricio Andrea Good Lime Holega Becho Mouna Boundo Maranhão Losla Bosorra Wilene Montinho Persando Gomes Pedro Jorga Correa Claudia Data

President FIOCRUZ President, Butantan Foundation JICA Vice President, FIOCRUZ Director, Bio-Manguinhos ABC/MRE - Brazilian Cooperation Agency JICA . Consultant JICA (Brasilia) ABC/JICA JICA JICA (Rio de Janeiro) IOC/FIOCRU2 - Director, Virology Department PASNI - Immunization Program - MOH PASNI - Immunisation Program - MOH Messles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Labor story, Bio-Manguinhos Mesales Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Meosles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laborstory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Messles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Mensles Laborstory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Messles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laborstory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Messles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Messles Laboratory, Bio-Manguinhos Measles Laboratory, Bio-Marguinhos IOC/FIOCRUZ Bio-Manguinhos Bio-Menguinhos Bio-Manguinhos Bio-Manguinhos Bio-Manguinhos Bio-Manguinhos Bio-Manguinhos Epidemiologist - National School of Public Health Bio-Manguinhos Bio-Manguinhos Professional Bio-Manguinhos

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#### 1. Opening address - Carlos Médicis Morel, President of FIOCRUZ

Dr. Morel opened the joint Seminar and delivered welcoming remarks. In his address, he mentioned the success of the Biologicals Production Project and he expressed his wish that this Seminar, rather than a closure, would be the beginning of new technical cooperation projects. He added that this cooperation might be extended to other areas and he gave the example of the soon to be inaugurated regional FIOCRUZ unit in Manaus, which presents interesting challenges and possibilities for international cooperation in the Amazon region.

#### 2. Nelson de Oliveira, representative of ABC • Brazilian Cooperation Agency • Ministry of External Relations

After his opening remarks, Mr. Oliveira explained ABC's role in the technical cooperation system. He emphasized the reasons for the successful results of this project mainly, the seriousness and the commitment of JICA/ABC/FIOCRUZ.

#### 3. Mr. Masaharu Torii - Director of JICA/Rio de Janeiro

Mr. Torii explained the role of JICA and remarked on the fact that Brazil is the first country in the world in terms of technical cooperation received from Japan. This cooperation, he went on to say, includes training. consultants, donation of equipment and other modes of support.

He also stressed the importance of evaluating this kind of cooperation, and that this survey should always be carried out bilaterally.

#### 4. Mr. Yasuo Mukai, Leader of the Japanese study team

Mr.. Mukai introduced himself, and remarked on the fact that he had formerly worked in the field of technical cooperation in Brazil, and was thus greatly interested in the results of the Biologicals Production Project evaluation.

Mr.. Mukai stressed the importance of the efficiency and effectiveness of technical cooperation and that the pursuit for quality should be permanent. He added that social commitment is fundamental, since ultimately the financial resources allocated are a result of taxes collected in both countries.

He also mentioned that evaluation should be carried out continuously, as feedback for future projects. He added that the objective of this evaluation is, therefore, the identification of points which should be improved for future cooperation.

Finally, he commented on the succesful work carried out with SENAI.

# 5. Bio-Manguinhos - Counterpart. Mr. Yoshitaka Fujita/JICA

Mr. Fujita briefed participants on the methodology carried out for the evaluation study, and analyzed its five focal points: efficiency: effectiveness. impact, sustainability and relevance. 法建筑中心的复数形式支援

When the state of the state of the He also dwelt on the composition of the work teams, both on the Brazilian and Japanese side.

Mr., Fujita explained in detail the 'logical framework" procedure utilized for the evaluation study and its working schedule. He concluded his presentation with comments on the stages of the evaluation study: preparatory stage; field research; seminar and final report.

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6. Dr. João Quental, Director of Bio-Manguinhos/FIOCRUZ

Dr. Quental resumed the afternoon session of the Seminar with a summary of the Biologicals Production Project, which began in 1980, when a new strategy against vaccine-preventable diseases was launched by the Brazilian Government.

He stressed the importance of the project regarding improvement of vaccine production and distribution. He added that the project was timely and thus received incentives from several Government sources: MOH, FIOCRUZ and FINEP, a project-financing agency. 

# 7. Mrs. Valerie R. Chaves, Consultant

Mrs. Chaves said that, as the issues addressed in and the numbers obtained from the evaluation study were on record in the reports distributed by participants and would be dealt with by Mr. Oshimo, she would comment on some overall aspects that had arisen from the interviews and questionnaires.

第14日的第三日的第三日,在1996年后,1996年 [1997] 自己的法律法的问题。在这些法律性理论的法 Mrs. Chaves explained that this was the first time that a comprehensive evaluation was carried out in Brazil within the technical cooperation framework, be it multilateral or bilateral. She stressed the importance and the innovative aspect of interviews carried out with professionals involved with the project at all levels.

Mrs. Chaves went on to remark on an interesting fact which arose from the evaluation study: that views exposed by former officials, professionals, managers and counterparts were compatible with those by people presently working within the project in these categories irrespective of their different academic, technical, scientific, political backgrounds, and despite the 10 years elapsed since completion of the project.

She also mentioned that the results of the evaluation reflected not only the success of the project, but that some flaws, however minor, were also detected and presented in the report, without detracting from the success of the endeavor.

# 8. Dr. João Quental

Dr. Quental raised a point regarding equipment maintenance. Brazilian technicians emphasized the need for more intensive training in maintenance, specially because there are no technical representatives from the Japanese manufactures of this specific equipment in the Brazil; ian market. He added that there was a problem concerning the lack of spare parts and he addressed the issue of the need for translating manual on the equipment into English.

He suggested that the TCTP should be further strengthened, as a means of transferring knowledge and technology, through the dispatch of experts and donation of instruments and materials.

He proposed that a monitoring system should be implemented, since new technological improvements developed in Japan should be transferred to Brazilian counterparts.

Dr. Quental remarked that ABC had urged that the flow of information be improved mainly concerning projects submitted to JICA and not approved, as well as the reasons for denial.

Finally, Dr. Quental addressed the issue of future cooperation, which is desirable for production of biologicals such as the acellular pertussis vaccine, the triple viral vaccine and the recombinant DNA Hepatitis B vaccine.

#### 9. Mr. Yasuo Mukai

Mr.. Mukai presented the recommendations contained in the report from the Japanese side and recalled what he had mentioned earlier in the morning session about the objectives of the evaluation study; in that the recommendations are of capital importance for establishing the guidelines for future cooperation.

Mr.. Mukai emphasized the importance of the TCTP and recommended that it be included in the final report.

10. Closing addresses were delivered by Nelson Oliveira and Yasuo Mukai.

