

2.6.2 Design Fundamentals and Facility Specifications

Table 2.6.2.1 Pump Station

(1) Design Fundamentals

No.	Sewer No.	Design Flow		Invert Level		Water Level		Actual Head		G.L.	
		P/D (M3/S)	M/P (M3/S)	Inlet (M)	Outlet (M)	Inlet (M)	Outlet (M)	(M)	(M)	Present (M)	Plan (M)
1	1-3A	1.484	1.774	-3.095	-0.650	-2.74	0.31	3.05	2.00	2.50	
2	1-7A	1.525	2.070	-2.801	0.230	-1.73	1.31	3.04	2.88	3.00	
3	4-4A	0.040	0.066	-2.794	1.380	-2.54	1.64	4.18	2.85	2.90	
5	6-8A	0.187	0.766	-0.094	0.255	-1.81	0.55	2.36	2.38	2.50	
6	6-12A	0.280	0.867	-3.999	0.530	-3.20	1.33	4.53	2.63	2.70	
7	6-13A	0.280	1.129	-1.731	0.500	-0.90	1.34	2.24	2.00	2.80	
11	102A	0.236	0.236	-2.782	0.900	-2.30	1.37	3.67	2.63	2.70	
12	305A	0.377	0.377	-2.975	0.500	-2.43	1.05	3.48	2.48	2.50	

(2) Design Flow

No.	Sewer No.	Preliminary Design				M/P			
		Q1 (M3/m)	Q2 (M3/m)	Q3 (M3/m)	Q4 (M3/m)	Q1 (M3/m)	Q2 (M3/m)	Q3 (M3/m)	Q4 (M3/m)
1	1-3A	18.02	20.89	29.66	89.04	21.74	25.35	35.48	106.44
2	1-7A	18.55	21.52	30.50	91.50	25.54	29.91	41.40	124.20
3	4-4A	0.52	0.62	0.60	2.40	0.85	1.02	1.32	3.96
5	6-8A	2.40	2.88	3.74	11.22	9.83	11.80	15.32	45.96
6	6-12A	3.60	4.31	5.60	16.80	11.13	13.35	17.34	52.02
7	6-13A	3.60	4.31	5.60	16.80	14.01	16.46	22.58	67.74
11	102A	3.03	3.63	4.72	14.16	3.03	3.63	4.72	14.16
12	305A	4.84	5.81	7.54	22.62	4.84	5.81	7.54	22.62

Note: Q1 Daily Ave.

Q2 Daily Max.

Q3 Hourly Max.

Q4 3xHourly Max.

(3) Pump Specification

No.	Sewer No.	Pump Type	No. of Units by Diameter								
			150(mm)	200(mm)	250(mm)	300(mm)	350(mm)	400(mm)	450(mm)	600(mm)	
1	1-3A	C						2			2
2	1-7A	C									2
3	4-4A	M	2								
5	6-8A	C				2				2	
6	6-12A	C				2				2	
7	6-13A	C						2			2
11	102A	C			2						
12	305A	C			2						

Note: C Common Type
M Manhole type

(4) Pump Head and HP

No.	Sewer No.	Pump Head			Total (M)	HP by Diameter								
		Actual Head (M)	Loss (M)	Loss (M)		200(mm) (kw/unit)	250(mm) (kw/unit)	300(mm) (kw/unit)	350(mm) (kw/unit)	400(mm) (kw/unit)	450(mm) (kw/unit)	600(m) (kw/unit)		
1	1-3A	3.05	1.50	4.55										45.00
2	1-7A	3.04	1.50	4.54										45.00
3	4-4A	4.18	1.50	5.68										
5	6-8A	2.36	1.50	3.86				7.50					15.00	
6	6-12A	4.53	1.50	6.03				15.00					30.00	
7	6-13A	2.24	1.50	3.74						11.00				22
11	102A	3.67	1.50	4.17			3.70	7.50						
12	305A	3.48	1.50	4.98			5.50	11.00						

5) Pump Head and H.P. required by Design Flow

No.	Pump Dia. (mm)	Preliminary Design (P/O)								M/P		
		Q1 (unit)	Q2 (unit)	Q3 (unit)	Q4 (unit)	Q1 (unit)	Q2 (unit)	Q3 (unit)	Q4 (unit)	Q1 (unit)	Q2 (unit)	Q3 (unit)
1	(m ³ /m)	18.02	20.89	29.66	89.04	21.74	25.35	35.48	106.44			
	400		1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00			
	600		1.00	1.00	2.00				2.00			
2	(m ³ /m)	18.55	21.83	30.50	91.50	28.54	29.91	41.40	124.20			
	450		1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00			
	600		1.00	1.00	2.00				2.00			
3	(m ³ /m)	0.51	0.62	0.80	2.40	0.85	1.20	1.32	3.96			
	100											
	150		1	1	2	1	1	1	2			
5	(m ³ /m)	2.401	2.88	3.74	11.22	9.834	11.796	15.32	45.96			
	300		1	1	2	2	2	2	2			
	400											
6	(m ³ /m)	3.595	4.312	5.06	16.8	11.131	13.351	17.34	52.02			
	300		1	1	2	2	2	2	2			
	400											
7	(m ³ /m)	3.595	4.312	5.6	16.8	14.008	16.459	22.58	67.74			
	350		1	1	2	2	2	2	2			
	450											
11	(m ³ /m)	3.03	3634	4.72	14.16	3.03	3.634	4.72	14.16			
	200		2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
	250											
12	(m ³ /m)	4.84	5.905	7.45	22.62	4.84	5.805	7.54	22.62			
	200		2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
	300											

Table 2.6.2.2 Inverted Siphon

No.	Sewer No.	Design Flow				Inlet			Siphon			Outlet	
		P/D (M ³ /S)	M/P (M ³ /S)	Dia (MM)	Invert L. (M)	Dia. (MM)	Velocity (M/S)	Length (M)	Loss (M)	Invert L. (M)	W/L (M)		
1	1-5	1.48	1.88	1500	-1.33	1000x2line	1.39	71	0.44	-2.04	-1.07		
2	6-13	0.28	1.15	1200	0.5	800x2line	1.19	57	0.33	0.1	0.96		
3	6-16	0.28	1.19	1200	-0.24	800x2line	1.19	43	0.31	-0.6	0.28		
4	7-3	0.14	0.14	500	-0.41	300x2line	0.77	54	0.39	-1.65	-1.27		

2.6.2.3 Overflow Chamber

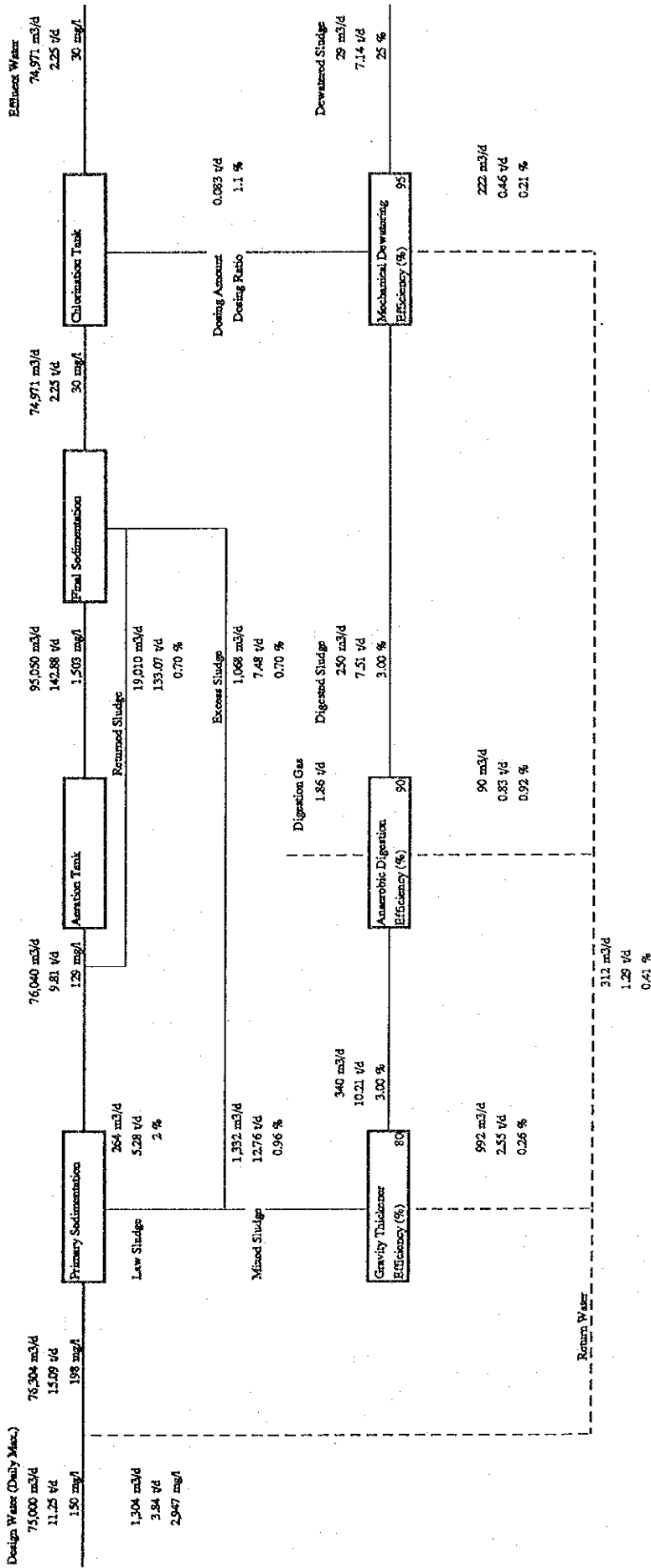
Overflow Chamber shall be installed under the public road. The conditions for selection of the location are as follows:

- (1) Junction of public roads
- (2) Junction of private and public roads (public road side) for connection of pipe from the housing estate.
- (3) Just downstream point in case that the drain from private land is connected to the pipe under public road.
- (4) Except for the above conditions, it shall be installed with a maximum spacing of 500m.
- (5) Additional installation shall be done in case of the construction of new housing areas.

Table 2.6.3.(1) Number of overflow Chambers

No.	Sewer No.	Quantity (M ³ /S)	Dia. (MM)	Slope (1/1000)	Full Flow		Type
					(M/S)	(M ³ /S)	
1	101	0.171	φ400	7.0	1.387	0.1742	B
2	102	0.065	φ300	5.0	0.967	0.0694	B
3	104	2.283	φ500	6.0	1.490	0.2925	B
4	1-1	0.436	φ600	5.5	1.611	0.4554	C
5	2-2	0.057	φ300	4.0	0.865	0.0612	B
6	301	0.107	φ400	3.0	0.908	0.1141	C
7	302	0.196	φ400	9.0	1.572	0.1976	B
8	304	0.051	φ300	3.0	0.749	0.0530	B
9	305	0.023	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
10	3-1	0.036	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
11	3-2	0.041	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
12	4-2	0.019	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
13	5-1	0.015	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
14	5-2	0.011	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
15	6-7	0.050	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
16	701	0.042	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
17	7-1	0.025	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
18	702	0.052	φ300	3.0	0.749	0.0530	C
19	703	0.017	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
20	7-4	0.002	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
21	6-8	0.093	φ400	2.0	0.741	0.0931	C
22	6-9	0.007	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
	Total	1.799					

2.7.3.1 Mass Balance of SS in Rangket Sewage Treatment Plant



2.7.3.2 Design of Facilities

Wastewater Treatment

(1) Inflow Pump Station

The inflow pump station of treatment plant consists of initial bar screen followed with the pump facilities.

1) Design Condition

	Dry Weather Flow	Wet Weather Flow
Design Flow (hourly max.)	33,300 m ³ /d = 23.1 m ³ /min.	100,000 m ³ /d = 69.4 m ³ /min.
Surface loading of grit chamber	1,800 m ³ /m ² /day	3,600 m ³ /m ² /day
Average velocity of grit chamber	0.3 m/sec	0.6 m/sec
Retention time	60 sec	30 sec

2) Proposed Inflow Pump Station

Grit Chamber

Dry Weather Flow 1.6 m (w) x 0.7 m (h) x 11 m (l) x 1 unit

Wet Weather Flow 1.6 m (w) x 0.7 m (h) x 11 m (l) x 1 unit

Inflow Pump

Dry Weather Flow ϕ 350 x 2 pumps
(11.55 m³/min. x 2)

Wet Weather Flow ϕ 350 x 2 pumps, 800 x 1 pump
(11.55 m³/min. x 2 + 23.15 m³/min. x 1)

(2) Primary Sedimentation Basin for Wastewater

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (Daily Max.)	25,700 m ³ /day
Surface Loading	35 m ³ /m ² day
Sedimentation Time	3.0 hr
Effective Depth	4.0 m
Overflow Loading of Weir	less than 250 m ³ /m/day
Reduction Efficiency	BOD : 30% SS : 35%
Influent Water Quality	BOD : 150 mg/l SS : 150 mg/l
Effluent Water Quality	BOD : 105 mg/l SS : 97.5 mg/l

2) Proposed Sedimentation Basin

Sedimentation Basin ϕ 16.0 m x 4 units

Surface Area 804 m²

(3) Storm Water Sedimentation Basin

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (Wet hourly max. – dry daily max.)	74,300 m ³ /day (100,000 – 25,700)
Surface Loading	70 m ³ /m ² day
Sedimentation Time	0.5 hr
Effective Depth	3.0 m
Overflow Loading of Weir	less than 250 m ³ /m/day

2) Proposed Storm water Sedimentation Basin

Sedimentation Basin	∅18.5 m x 4 units
Surface Area	1,075 m ²

(4) Aeration Tank

Based on the discussion with PWD of an emergency condition, generator will not be installed at the treatment plant from the economical view point. Hence, the diffused air aeration system is not proposed because of the easiness of diffuser clogging by the floccule while power failure. The mechanical aerator is proposed for this project.

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (daily max.)	25,700 m ³ /day
Aeration Time	6 hr
BOD-SS Loading	0.35 kg-BOD/kg-SS/day
Return sludge Ratio	25%
Return Sludge Solid Concentration	7,000 mg/l
BOD Volumetric Loading	0.3 – 0.8 kg/m ³ /day
Sludge Age	2 – 4 days

2) Proposed Aeration Tank

Aeration Tank	15 m (w) x 75 m (l) x 3 m (d) x 2 units
Aerator	22 kw x 2 units, 11 kw x 3 units

(5) Secondary Sedimentation Basin

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (daily max.)	25,700 m ³ /day
Surface Loading	25 m ³ /m ² day
Sedimentation Time	2.5 hr
Overflow Loading of Weir	less than 150 m ³ /m/day

2) Proposed Secondary Sedimentation Basin

Sedimentation Basin	∅18.5 m x 2.5 m (d) x 4 units
Surface Area	1,075 m ²

(6) Disinfection Tank

Calcium hypochlorite is proposed to use the disinfection of treated water.

1) Design Condition

	Dry Weather Flow	Wet Weather Flow
Disin Flow	25,700 m ³ /day	100,000 m ³ /day
Contact Time	10 min.	10 min.

2) Proposed Disinfection Tank

Tank Size	2 m (w) x 180 m (l) x 2 m (d) x 1 unit
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Sludge Treatment

(1) Gravity Thickener

1) Design Condition

From the Mass Balance calculation in Fig. 7.###, design condition is shown below.

Primary Law Sludge Density	2%
Excess Sludge Density	0.7%
Thickened Sludge Density	3%
Solid Mass Loading	60 – 90 kg/m2/day
Effective Depth	4 m
Efficiency of Thickener	80 %

2) Proposed Gravity Thickener

Gravity Thickener ϕ 6 m x 4 m (d) x 2 unit
Thickening Time 11.9 hr

(2) Anaerobic Digestion Tank

1) Design Condition

Thickened Sludge Organic Material Ratio	60%
Digestion Ratio	50%
Efficiency of Digestion Tank	90%
Effective Depth	more than 4 m
Digestion Time	1st Tank 20 days 2nd Tank 10 days

2) Proposed Anaerobic Digestion Tank

1st digestion Tank ϕ 17.5 m x 5 m (d) x 2 units
2,336 m³ 20.6 days
 ϕ 12.0 m x 5 m (d) x 3 units
1,168 m³ 9.7 days

(3) Centrifugal Dewatering

1) Dewatering Condition

Operation Hour	6 days a week, 6 hours a day
Digested Sludge Volume	86 m ³ /day, 2.57 t/day
Digested Sludge Density	3%
Efficiency of Centrifugal Dewatering	95%
Dewatered Sludge Moisture Content	79%
Chemical Dosing Ratio	1.1%

2) Proposed Centrifugal Dewatering

Capacity : 8 m³/hr x 1 unit, 15 m³/hr x 1 unit
Dewatered Sludge 10 m³/day, 2.45 t/day (Moisture content = 79%)

Design Calculation of Rangsit Wastewater Treatment Plant
for MASTER PLAN

(1) Design Discharge

		m3/day	m3/min.	m3/sec.
Daily Average	(Qda)	62,500	43.4	0.723
Daily Maximum in Dry Weather	(Qdmd)	75,000	52.1	0.868
Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather	(Qhmd)	97,500	67.7	1.128
Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather	(Qhmw)	292,500	203.1	3.385

	Influent	Effluent
BOD (mg/l)	175	20
SS (mg/l)	150	30

(2) Design Calculation

1) Grit Chamber

(Dry Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather

$$Q_{hmd} = 97,500 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$$

$$= 1.128 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec.}$$

Design Condition

Surface Loading

$$L_s = 1,800 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$$

Average Velocity

$$V_a = 0.3 \text{ m/sec.}$$

Retention Time

$$R_s = 60 \text{ sec.}$$

Size

Required Surface Area

$$A = Q_{hmd}/L_s = 54.17 \text{ m}^2$$

Effective Depth

$$H_e = 0.7 \text{ m}$$

Required Width

$$B_e = 4.8 \text{ m}$$

Size of Structure

Width

$$B = 1.6 = 1.6 \text{ m}$$

Length

$$L = A/B_e = 11.28 = 11.0 \text{ m}$$

Depth

$$H = 0.7 = 0.7 \text{ m}$$

Numbers

$$n = 3 = 3 \text{ units}$$

Verification

Surface Loading

$$L_s = Q_{hmd}/B/L/n = 1,847 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$$

Average Velocity

$$V_a = Q_{hmd}/B/H_e = 0.336 \text{ m/sec.}$$

Retention Time

$$R_t = L/V_a = 32.8 \text{ sec.}$$

Volume of Grit

$$Q_{hmd} * 0.00001 * 1.8 \text{ t/m}^3 = 1.76 \text{ t/day}$$

Screenings

$$Q_{hmd} * 0.00001 = 0.98 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$$

(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate

- Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather Q_{hw}-Q_{hd}= 195,000 m³/day
- Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather = 2.257 m³/sec.

Design Condition

Surface Loading L_s= 3,600 m³/m²/day
Average Velocity V_a= 0.6 m/sec.
Retention Time R_s= 30 sec.

Size

Required Surface Area A=Q_{hw}/L_s= 54.17 m²
Effective Depth H_e= 0.7 m
Required Width B_e= 4.8 m

Size of Structure

Width B= 1.6 = 1.6 m
Length L=A/B_e= 11.28 = 11.0 m
Depth H= 0.7 = 0.7 m
Numbers n= 3 = 3 units

Verification

Surface Loading L_s=Q_{hw}/B/L/n= 3,693 m³/m²/day
Average Velocity V_a=Q_{hw}/B/H_e= 0.672 m/sec.
Retention Time R_t=L/V_a= 16.4 sec.
Volume of Grit

Screenings Q_{hw}*0.00001*1.8 t/m³= 3.51 t/day
Q_{hw}*0.00001= 1.95 m³/day

2) Inflow Pump

(Inflow Pump for Wastewater)

Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather Q_{hd}= 67.7 m³/min.

11.55 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps =	23.1 m ³ /min.
(Dia.= 350 mm,			V= 2.01 m/s)
23.15 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps =	46.3 m ³ /min.
(Dia.= 500 mm,			V= 1.97 m/s)
Total			69.4 m ³ /min.

(Inflow Pump for Storm Water)

Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather Q_{hw}= 203.1 m³/min.

11.55 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps =	23.1 m ³ /min.
(Dia.= 350 mm,			V= 2.01 m/s)
23.15 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps =	46.3 m ³ /min.
(Dia.= 500 mm,			V= 1.97 m/s)
66.85 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps =	133.7 m ³ /min.
(Dia.= 800 mm,			V= 2.23 m/s)
Total			203.1 m ³ /min.

3) Primary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather

Qdmd= 75,000 m3/day
 = 3,125 m3/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading
 Settling Time
 Effective Depth

Ls= 35 m3/m2/day
 Ts= 3.0 hr
 He= 4.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area
 Required Tank Volume

An=Qdmd/Ls= 2,143 m2
 V=Qdmd*Ts= 9,375 m3

Size of Structure

Diameter
 Depth
 Numbers

D= 15.8 = 16.0 m
 H= 4.0 = 4.0 m
 n= 12 = 12 units

Volume of Tank
 Surface Area

V= 9,646 m3
 As= 2,412 m2

Verification

Surface Loading
 Settling Time
 Wier Loading

Ls= 31.1 m3/m2/day
 Ts= 3.1 hr
 Lw= 124.4 m3/m/day

4) Stormwater Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

= Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather
 -Daily Maximum in Dry Weather

Qhmw-Qdmd= 217,500 m3/day
 = 9,063 m3/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading
 Settling Time
 Effective Depth

Ls= 70 m3/m2/day
 Ts= 0.5 hr
 He= 3.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area
 Required Tank Volume

An=Qdmw/Ls= 3,107 m2
 Lw=Qdmw*Ts= 4,531 m3

Size of Structure

Diameter
 Depth
 Numbers

D= 18.2 = 18.5 m
 H= 3.0 = 3.0 m
 n= 12 = 12 units

Volume of Tank
 Surface Area

V= 9,672 m3
 As= 3,224 m2

Verification

Surface Loading
 Settling Time
 Wier Loading

Ls= 67.5 m3/m2/day
 Ts= 1.1 hr
 Lw= 312.0 m3/m/day

5) Aeration Tank

Design Wastewater Quality

C_i (BOD) : 122.5 mg/l
 C_i (SS) : 98 mg/l

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather $Q_{dmd} = 75,000$ m³/day

Design Condition

Aeration Time $T_a = 6.0$ hr
 BOD - SS Loading $L_s = 0.35$ kg/kg/day
 Return Sludge Ratio $R_s = 25.0$ %
 Return Sludge Solid Concentration $C_r = 7,000$ mg/l

Size

MLSS $(C_i(SS) + C_r * R_s / 100) / (1 + R_s / 100) = 1,478$ mg/l
 Required Tank Volume $V = Q_{dmd} * C_i(BOD) / (BOD-SS \text{ Loading}) * MLSS = 17,760$ m³

Size of Structure

Width $B = 15.0 = 15.0$ m
 Length $L = Vn/H/n = 65.8 = 75.0$ m
 Depth $H = 3.0 = 3.0$ m
 Numbers $n = 6 = 6$ units

Verification

Cross Section $A = B * H - 0.3^2 = 44.91$ m²
 Volume $V = A * L * n = 20,210$ m³
 BOD - SS Loading $L_s = Q_{dmd} * C_i / V / MLSS = 0.31$ kg/kg/day
 Aeration Time $T_a = V / Q_{dmd} * 24 = 6.47$ hr
 BOD Volumetric Load $L_v = Q_{dmd} * C_i(BOD) / V / 1,000 = 0.45$ kg/m³/day
 Sludge Age $S_a = MLSS * V / Q_{dmd} / C_i(SS) = 4.08$ days

6) Secondary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather $Q_{dmd} = 75,000$ m³/day
 $= 3,125$ m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading $L_s = 25$ m³/m²/day
 Settling Time $T_s = 2.5$ hr
 Effective Depth $H_e = 2.5$ m

Size

Required Surface Area $A = Q_{dmd} / L_s = 3,000$ m²
 Required Tank Volume $L_v = Q_{dmd} * T_s = 7,813$ m³

Size of Structure

Diameter $D = 18.2 = 18.5$ m
 Depth $H = 2.5 = 2.5$ m
 Numbers $n = 12 = 12$ units

Volume of Tank	V=	8,060 m ³
Surface Area	A _s =	3,224 m ²

Verification

Surface Loading	L _s =	23.3 m ³ /m ² /day
Settling Time	T _s =	2.6 hr
Wier Loading	L _w =	107.6 m ³ /m/day

7) Disinfection Tank
(Dry Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather	Q _{dmd} =	75,000 m ³ /day
	=	3,125 m ³ /hr
	=	52.1 m ³ /min.

Design Condition

Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	T _c =	10 min.
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Required Volume= 521 m³

Size of Structure

Width	B=	2.0	=	2.0 m
Length	L=	43.4	=	180.0 m
Depth	H=	2.0	=	2.0 m
Numbers	n=	3	=	3 units

Verification

Volume of Tank	V=	2,160 m ³
Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	T _c =	41.5 min.

(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather	Q _{hww} =	292,500 m ³ /day
	=	12,188 m ³ /hr
	=	203.1 m ³ /min.

Design Condition

Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	T _c =	10 min.
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Required Volume= 2,031 m³

Size of Structure

Width	B=	2.0	=	2.0 m
Length	L=	169.3	=	180.0 m
Depth	H=	2.0	=	2.0 m
Numbers	n=	3	=	3 units

Verification

Volume of Tank	V=	2,160 m ³
Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	T _c =	10.6 min.

8) Gravity Thickener

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 75,000 m³/day

Row Sludge (264 m³/day
5.28 t-DS/day)

Excess Sludge (1068 m³/day
7.48 t-DS/day)

Total of Sludge Volume : Dv1= 1,332 m³/day
(Ds1= 12.76 t-DS/day)

Design Condition

Type : Gravity Thickener

Solids Loading LDs1= 60 to 90 kg/m² day

Required Surface Area A=Ds1/LDs1= 141.8 to 212.7 m²

Thickening Time Tt= 12 hr

Required Volume V=Dv1*Tt= 666.0 m³

Effective Depth He= 4.0 m

(Required Surface Area = V/He = 166.5 m²)

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 5.9 = 6.0 m

Depth H= 4.0 = 4.0 m

Numbers n= 6 = 6 units

Effective Volume V= 679.2 m³

Effective Surface Area A= 169.8 m²

Verification

Solids Loading LDs1'= 75.1 kg/m² day

Thickening Time Tt'= 12.2 hr

Volume of Effluent

Efficiency of Thickener Et= 80 %

Solids Content Ds1'=Ds1*Et= 10.21 t-DS/day

Moisture Content Dw= 97 %

Effluent Volume Dv1'=Ds1'*100/(100-Dw)= 340 m³/day

Thickened Sludge

Solids Content Dst=Ds1-Ds1'= 2.55 t-DS/day

Moisture Content Dw= 0.26 %

Volume of Thickened Sludge Dvt=Dv1-Dv1'= 992 m³/day

9) Digester

Design Sludge Volume Dv2=Dv1'= 340 m³/day

Moisture Content Dw= 97 %

Solids Content Ds2=Ds1'= 10.21 t-DS/day

Primary Digester V1= Dv2 * 20 days = 6,805 m³

Size of Primary Digester

Diameter	D=	17.0	=	17.0 m
Depth	He=	5.0	=	5.0 m
Numbers	n=	6	=	6 units

Verification

Digestion Time	Td=	20.0 days
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Secondary Digester

$$V2 = Dv2 * 10 \text{ days} = 3,403 \text{ m}^3$$

Size of Secondary Digester

Diameter	D=	12.0	=	12.0 m
Depth	He=	5.0	=	5.0 m
Numbers	n=	6	=	6 units

Verification

Digestion Time	Td=	10.0 days
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Volume of Effluent

Organic Matter Content	Co=	60 %
Digestion Ratio	Rd=	50 %
Efficiency of Digestion Tank	De=	90 %
Digestion Gas	Vg=	1.86 t-DS/day
Solids Content	$Ds2' = (Ds2 - Vg) * De =$	7.51 t-DS/day

Moisture Content	Dw=	97 %
Effluent Volume	$Dv2' = Ds2' * 100 / (100 - Dw) =$	250 m ³ /day

Digested Sludge

Solids Content	$Dsd = Ds2 - Ds2' - Vg =$	0.83 t-DS/day
Moisture Content	Dw=	0.92 %
Volume of Digested Sludge	Dvd=	90 m ³ /day

10) Dewatering

Type : Centrifuge

Design Sludge Volume	$Dv3 = Dv2' =$	250 m ³ /day
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Operation Day in A Week	Td=	6 days
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Operation Hour in A Day	Tt=	6 hours
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Dewatered Sludge Volume	$Dvd = Dv3 * 7 \text{ days} / 6 \text{ days} =$	292 m ³ /day
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Capacity of Dewatering Machine

Capacity	Number	Total
8 m ³ /hr.x	2	= 16 m ³ /hr.
15 m ³ /hr.x	2	= 30 m ³ /hr.
		Vr = 46 m ³ /hr.

Operation Time	$Tt = Dvd / Vr =$	6.3 hr.
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(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate

= Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather $Q_{hmw} - Q_{hmd} = 66,700 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$
 -Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather = $0.772 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec.}$

Design Condition

Surface Loading $L_s = 3,600 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$
 Average Velocity $V_a = 0.6 \text{ m}/\text{sec.}$
 Retention Time $R_s = 30 \text{ sec.}$

Size

Required Surface Area $A = Q_{hmw}/L_s = 18.53 \text{ m}^2$
 Effective Depth $H_e = 0.7 \text{ m}$
 Required Width $B_e = 1.6 \text{ m}$

Size of Structure

Width $B = 1.6 = 1.6 \text{ m}$
 Length $L = A/B_e = 11.58 = 11.0 \text{ m}$
 Depth $H = 0.7 = 0.7 \text{ m}$
 Numbers $n = 1 = 1 \text{ units}$

Verification

Surface Loading $L_s = Q_{hmw}/B/L/n = 3,790 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$
 Average Velocity $V_a = Q_{hmw}/B/H_e = 0.689 \text{ m}/\text{sec.}$
 Retention Time $R_t = L/V_a = 16.0 \text{ sec.}$
 Volume of Grit $Q_{hmw} * 0.00001 * 1.8 \text{ t}/\text{m}^3 = 1.20 \text{ t}/\text{day}$

Screenings $Q_{hmw} * 0.00001 = 0.67 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

2) Inflow Pump

(Inflow Pump for Wastewater)

Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather $Q_{hmd} = 23.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$

$11.55 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.} \times 2 \text{ pumps} = 23.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$
 (Dia. = 350 mm, $V = 2.01 \text{ m}/\text{s}$)

(Inflow Pump for Storm Water)

Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather $Q_{hmw} = 69.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$

$11.55 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.} \times 2 \text{ pumps} = 23.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$
(Dia. = 350 mm, $V = 2.01 \text{ m}/\text{s}$)
$23.15 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.} \times 1 \text{ pumps} = 23.15 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$
(Dia. = 800 mm, $V = 0.77 \text{ m}/\text{s}$)
Total 46.25 m³/min.

3) Primary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 25,700 m³/day
 = 1,071 m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading Ls= 35 m³/m²/day
 Settling Time Ts= 3.0 hr
 Effective Depth He= 4.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area An=Qdmd/Ls= 734 m²
 Required Tank Volume V=Qdmd*Ts= 3,213 m³

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 16.0 = 16.0 m
 Depth H= 4.0 = 4.0 m
 Numbers n= 4 = 4 units

Volume of Tank V= 3,215 m³
 Surface Area As= 804 m²

Verification

Surface Loading Ls= 32.0 m³/m²/day
 Settling Time Ts= 3.0 hr
 Wier Loading Lw= 127.9 m³/m/day

4) Stormwater Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

= Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather Qhmw-Qdmd= 74,300 m³/day
 -Daily Maximum in Dry Weather = 3,096 m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading Ls= 70 m³/m²/day
 Settling Time Ts= 0.5 hr
 Effective Depth He= 3.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area An=Qdmd/Ls= 1,061 m²
 Required Tank Volume Lw=Qdmd*Ts= 1,548 m³

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 18.4 = 18.5 m
 Depth H= 3.0 = 3.0 m
 Numbers n= 4 = 4 units

Volume of Tank V= 3,224 m³
 Surface Area As= 1,075 m²

Verification

Surface Loading Ls= 69.1 m³/m²/day
 Settling Time Ts= 1.0 hr
 Wier Loading Lw= 319.8 m³/m/day

5) Aeration Tank

Design Wastewater Quality

Ci (BOD) : 122.5 mg/l
 Ci (SS) : 98 mg/l

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 25,700 m3/day

Design Condition

Aeration Time Ta= 6.0 hr
 BOD - SS Loading Ls= 0.35 kg/kg/day
 Return Sludge Ratio Rs= 25.0 %
 Return Sludge Solid Concentration Cr= 7,000 mg/l

Size

MLSS $(Ci(SS) + Cr * Rs / 100) / (1 + Rs / 100) =$ 1,478 mg/l
 Required Tank Volume $V = Qdmd * Ci(BOD) / (BOD-SS Loading) * MLSS =$ 6,086 m3

Size of Structure

Width B= 15.0 = 15.0 m
 Length $L = Vn / H / n =$ 67.6 = 75.0 m
 Depth H= 3.0 = 3.0 m
 Numbers n= 2 = 2 units

Verification

Cross Section $A = B * H - 0.3^2 =$ 44.91 m2
 Volume $V = A * L * n =$ 6,737 m3
 BOD - SS Loading $Ls = Qdmd * Ci / V / MLSS =$ 0.32 kg/kg/day
 Aeration Time $Ta = V / Qdmd * 24 =$ 6.29 hr
 BOD Volumetric Load $Lv = Qdmd * Ci(BOD) / V / 1,000 =$ 0.47 kg/m3/day
 Sludge Age $Sa = MLSS * V / Qdmd / Ci(SS) =$ 3.97 days

6) Secondary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 25,700 m3/day
 = 1,071 m3/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading Ls= 25 m3/m2/day
 Settling Time Ts= 2.5 hr
 Effective Depth He= 2.5 m

Size

Required Surface Area $A = Qdmd / Ls =$ 1,028 m2
 Required Tank Volume $Lw = Qdmd * Ts =$ 2,677 m3

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 18.5 = 18.5 m
 Depth H= 2.5 = 2.5 m
 Numbers n= 4 = 4 units

Volume of Tank V= 2,687 m³
 Surface Area As= 1,075 m²

Verification

Surface Loading Is= 23.9 m³/m²/day
 Settling Time Ts= 2.5 hr
 Wier Loading Lw= 110.6 m³/m/day

7) Disinfection Tank
 (Dry Weather)

Design Flow Rate
 Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 25,700 m³/day
 = 1,071 m³/hr
 = 17.8 m³/min.

Design Condition

Contact Time of Disinfection Tank Tc= 10 min.

Required Volume= 178 m³

Size of Structure

Width B= 2.0 = 2.0 m
 Length L= 44.6 = 180.0 m
 Depth H= 2.0 = 2.0 m
 Numbers n= 1 = 1 units

Verification

Volume of Tank V= 720 m³
 Contact Time of Disinfection Tank Tc= 40.3 min.

(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate
 Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather Qhmw= 100,000 m³/day
 = 4,167 m³/hr
 = 69.4 m³/min.

Design Condition

Contact Time of Disinfection Tank Tc= 10 min.

Required Volume= 694 m³

Size of Structure

Width B= 2.0 = 2.0 m
 Length L= 173.6 = 180.0 m
 Depth H= 2.0 = 2.0 m
 Numbers n= 1 = 1 units

Verification

Volume of Tank V= 720 m³
 Contact Time of Disinfection Tank Tc= 10.4 min.

8) Gravity Thickener

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather $Q_{dmd} = 25,700 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

Raw Sludge

91 m³/day

(1.81 t-DS/day)

Excess Sludge

367 m³/day

(2.57 t-DS/day)

Total of Sludge Volume : $Dv1 = 457 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

($Ds1 = 4.38 \text{ t-DS/day}$)

Design Condition

Type : Gravity Thickener

Solids Loading $LDs1 = 60$ to $90 \text{ kg/m}^2 \text{ day}$

Required Surface Area

$A = Ds1/LDs1 = 48.7$ to 73.0 m^2

Thickening Time

$Tt = 12 \text{ hr}$

Required Volume

$V = Dv1 * Tt = 228.5 \text{ m}^3$

Effective Depth

$He = 4.0 \text{ m}$

(Required Surface Area = $V/He = 57.1 \text{ m}^2$)

Size of Structure

Diameter

$D = 6.0 = 6.0 \text{ m}$

Depth

$H = 4.0 = 4.0 \text{ m}$

Numbers

$n = 2 = 2 \text{ units}$

Effective Volume

$V = 226.4 \text{ m}^3$

Effective Surface Area

$A = 56.6 \text{ m}^2$

Verification

Solids Loading

$LDs1' = 77.4 \text{ kg/m}^2 \text{ day}$

Thickening Time

$Tt' = 11.9 \text{ hr}$

Volume of Effluent

Efficiency of Thickener

$Et = 80 \%$

Solids Content

$Ds1' = Ds1 * Et = 3.50 \text{ t-DS/day}$

Moisture Content

$Dw = 97 \%$

Effluent Volume

$Dv1' = Ds1' * 100 / (100 - Dw) = 117 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

Thickened Sludge

Solids Content

$Dst = Ds1 - Ds1' = 0.88 \text{ t-DS/day}$

Moisture Content

$Dw = 0.26 \%$

Volume of Thickened Sludge

$Dvt = Dv1 - Dv1' = 340 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

9) Digester

Design Sludge Volume

$Dv2 = Dv1' = 117 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

Moisture Content

$Dw = 97 \%$

Solids Content

$Ds2 = Ds1' = 3.50 \text{ t-DS/day}$

Primary Digester

$V1 = Dv2 * 20 \text{ days} = 2,336 \text{ m}^3$

Size of Primary Digester

Diameter	D=	17.3	=	17.5 m
Depth	He=	5.0	=	5.0 m
Numbers	n=	2	=	2 units

Verification

Digestion Time	Td=	20.6 days
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Secondary Digester $V2 = Dv2 * 10 \text{ days} = 1,168 \text{ m}^3$

Size of Secondary Digester

Diameter	D=	12.2	=	12.0 m
Depth	He=	5.0	=	5.0 m
Numbers	n=	2	=	2 units

Verification

Digestion Time	Td=	9.7 days
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Volume of Effluent

Organic Matter Content	Co=	60 %
Digestion Ratio	Rd=	50 %
Efficiency of Digestion Tank	De=	90 %
Digestion Gas	Vg=	0.64 t-DS/day
Solids Content	$Ds2' = (Ds2 - Vg) * De =$	2.57 t-DS/day

Moisture Content	Dw=	97 %
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Effluent Volume	$Dv2' = Ds2' * 100 / (100 - Dw) =$	86 m ³ /day
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Digested Sludge

Solids Content	$Dsd = Ds2 - Ds2' - Vg =$	0.29 t-DS/day
Moisture Content	Dw=	0.94 %
Volume of Digested Sludge	Dvd=	31 m ³ /day

10) Dewatering

Type : Centrifuge

Design Sludge Volume $Dv3 = Dv2' = 86 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

Operation Day in A Week $Td = 6 \text{ days}$

Operation Hour in A Day $Tt = 6 \text{ hours}$

Dewatered Sludge Volume $Dvd = Dv3 * 7 \text{ days} / 6 \text{ days} = 100 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

Capacity of Dewatering Machine

Capacity	Number	Total
8 m ³ /hr. x	1	8 m ³ /hr.
15 m ³ /hr. x	1	15 m ³ /hr.
	$Vr =$	23 m ³ /hr.

Operation Time $Tt = Dvd / Vr = 4.3 \text{ hr.}$

Calculation of Mechanical Surface Aerator of Rangsit Wastewater Treatment Plant
for Master Plan

1. Design Condition

a. Design Flow

Daily Average : Qa 62,500 m³/day

Daily Maximum : Qm 75,000 m³/day

b. Influent Quality (BOD) : Qb 122.5 mg/l

c. BOD Removal Efficiency : ε 83.7 %

d. Temperature : T 25 °C

2. Influent BOD : Bw kg/day

$$Bw = \gamma \cdot Qb \cdot Qa \cdot 10^{(-3)}$$

$$\gamma = \text{Load Factor} = \text{Daily Maximum}(Qm) / \text{Daily Average}(Qa)$$

$$Bw = \underline{9,188 \text{ kg/day}}$$

3. Excluded BOD : Br kg/day

$$Br = Bw \cdot \epsilon \cdot 10^{(-2)}$$

$$Br = \underline{7,690 \text{ kg/day}}$$

4. Supplied Oxygen in Operation : Na kgO₂ / hr

$$Na = Br \cdot \eta / 24$$

$$\eta = \text{Required Oxygen for Exclusion of Unit BOD kg} = 0.8$$

$$Na = \underline{256.3 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{hr}}$$

5. Oxygen Transfer in Standard Condition : N kgO₂ / hr

$$N = Na / \alpha \{ (C_{sw} - C_l) / C_s \} (1.024)^{(T-20)}$$

$$\alpha : \text{Oxygen Transfer into Wastewater / Oxygen Transfer into Pure Water} = 0.8$$

$$C_{sw} = \beta \cdot C_{ss} = 7.542 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$\beta : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Wastewater / Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water} = 0.9$$

$$C_{ss} : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in } T \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} = 8.38 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$C_l : \text{Dissolved Oxygen} = 2.0 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$C_s : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in Standard Condition} = 9.17 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$T : 25^\circ\text{C}$$

$$(1.024)^{(T-20)} : 1.126$$

$$N = \underline{596.9 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{hr}}$$

6. Supplied Oxygen per Motor Power of Aerator : Ns kgO₂ / kw / hr

5 ~ 20 HP : 1.9 kgO₂ / kw / hr

25 ~ 50 HP : 1.8 kgO₂ / kw / hr

60 ~ 150 HP : 1.7 kgO₂ / kw / hr

7. Required Power of Aerator : HP

$$HP = N / (Ns \cdot Ef \cdot N0 \cdot 0.7457)$$

$$Ef = \text{Gear Reduction Factor} : 5 \sim 20 \text{ HP} : Ef = 97.5 \%$$

$$: 25 \sim 150 \text{ HP} : Ef = 96.7 \%$$

$$N0 = \text{Number of Aerator}$$

$$HP = 432.1 \quad kw = \underline{72.0 \text{ kw/basin}}$$

11	kw	x	3	units	=	33	kw
22	kw	x	2	units	=	44	kw
			5	units/basin		77	kw/basin

Calculation of Mechanical Surface Aerator of Rangsit Wastewater Treatment Plant
for Preliminary Engineering Design

1. Design Condition

a. Design Flow

Daily Average	: Qa	21,350 m ³ /day
Daily Maximum	: Qm	25,700 m ³ /day
b. Influent Quality (BOD)	: Qb	122.5 mg/l
c. BOD Removal Efficiency	: ε	83.7 %
d. Temperature	: T	25 °C

2. Influent BOD : Bw kg/day

$$Bw = \gamma \cdot Qb \cdot Qa \cdot 10^{(-3)}$$

$$\gamma = \text{Load Factor} = \text{Daily Maximum}(Qm) / \text{Daily Average}(Qa)$$

$$Bw = \underline{3,138 \text{ kg/day}}$$

3. Excluded BOD : Br kg/day

$$Br = Bw \cdot \epsilon \cdot 10^{(-2)}$$

$$Br = \underline{2,627 \text{ kg/day}}$$

4. Supplied Oxygen in Operation : Na kgO₂ / hr

$$Na = Br \cdot \eta / 24$$

$$\eta = \text{Required Oxygen for Exclusion of Unit BOD kg} = 0.8$$

$$Na = \underline{87.6 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{hr}}$$

5. Oxygen Transfer in Standard Condition : N kgO₂ / hr

$$N = Na / \alpha \cdot ((C_{sw} - C_l) / C_s) \cdot (1.024)^{(T-20)}$$

$$\alpha : \text{Oxygen Transfer into Wastewater / Oxygen Transfer into Pure Water} = 0.8$$

$$C_{sw} = \beta \cdot C_{ss} = 7.542 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$\beta : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Wastewater / Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water} = 0.9$$

$$C_{ss} : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in } T \text{ °C} = 8.38 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$C_l : \text{Dissolved Oxygen} = 2.0 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$C_s : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in Standard Condition} = 9.17 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$T : 25 \text{ °C}$$

$$(1.024)^{(T-20)} : 1.126$$

$$N = \underline{204 \text{ kgO}_2 / \text{hr}}$$

6. Supplied Oxygen per Motor Power of Aerator : Ns kgO₂ / kw / hr

$$5 \sim 20 \text{ HP} : 1.9 \text{ kgO}_2 / \text{kw} / \text{hr}$$

$$25 \sim 50 \text{ HP} : 1.8 \text{ kgO}_2 / \text{kw} / \text{hr}$$

$$60 \sim 150 \text{ HP} : 1.7 \text{ kgO}_2 / \text{kw} / \text{hr}$$

7. Required Power of Aerator : HP

$$HP = N / (Ns \cdot E_f \cdot N_0 \cdot 0.7457)$$

$$E_f = \text{Gear Reduction Factor} : 5 \sim 20 \text{ HP} : E_f = 97.5 \%$$

$$: 25 \sim 150 \text{ HP} : E_f = 96.7 \%$$

$$N_0 = \text{Number of Aerator}$$

$$HP = 147.7 \text{ kw} = \underline{73.85 \text{ kw/basin}}$$

11	kw	x	3	units	=	33	kw
22	kw	x	2	units	=	44	kw
			5	units/basin		77	kw/basin

Hydraulic Calculation of Rangsit Treatment Plant

1. Design Condition

1) Design Wastewater Quantity

Preliminary Design	(m ³ /day)	(m ³ /min)	(m ³ /sec)
Daily Average (Qdap)	21,350	14.82	0.247
Daily Max. (Qdmp)	25,700	17.85	0.298
Hourly Max. (dry) (Qhmdp)	33,300	23.13	0.386
Hourly Max. (wet) (Qhmwp)	100,000	69.44	1.157
Master Plan	(m ³ /day)	(m ³ /min)	(m ³ /sec)
Daily Average (Qdam)	62,500	43.40	0.723
Daily Max. (Qdmm)	75,000	52.08	0.868
Hourly Max. (dry) (Qhmdm)	97,500	67.71	1.129
Hourly Max. (wet) (Qhmwm)	292,500	203.13	3.386

2) Unit and Capacity of Treatment Facility

Unit of each treatment facility is as follows.

	Unit	
	Preliminary Design	Master Plan
Primary Sedimentation Tank	4	12
Aeration Tank	2	6
Final Sedimentation Tank	4	12
Disinfection Tank	1	1
Gravity Thickener	2	4
Digestion Tank (1st)	2	6
Digestion Tank (2nd)	2	6
Dewatering	1	1

3) Inlet Conduit

Conduit Size	1,600 mm x 1,600 mm
Gradient	0.1 %
Invert Elevation of Inlet Conduit	MSL - 5.00 m

4) Design Grand Elevation MSL + 2.5 m

5) Discharge

Discharge Point	Khlong Son
HWL	MSL + 1.40
Discharge Conduit Size	1,600 mm x 1,600 mm
Length	500 m

6) Formula for Hydraulic Calculation

Manning's Formula $n = 0.013$

2. Hydraulic Calculation

1). Water Level of Disinfection Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 1)

Design Water	$Q_{hmwm} = 292,500 \text{ m}^3/\text{day} = 3.386 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
Velocity	$V = 1.53 \text{ m/sec}$
Hydraulic Gradient	$i = 0.09 \%$
Friction Loss	$l = 0.09 \% \times 500 \text{ m} = 0.45 \text{ m}$

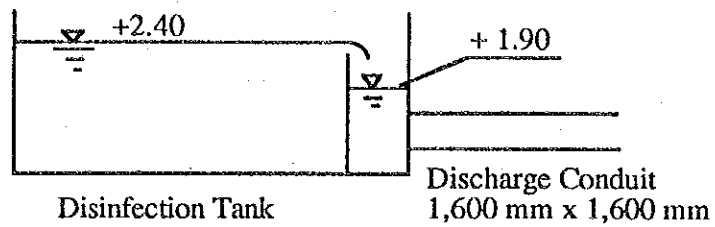
$$WL 1 = + 1.40 + 0.45 = 1.85 \text{ say } \underline{+ 1.90 \text{ m}}$$

2) Water Level of Disinfection Tank (WL 2)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

Width of Weir = 6.0 m

$$h = (Q_{hmwm} / (1.84 \times 6.0))^{2/3} = 0.45 \text{ m}$$



$$\text{WL 2} = 1.90 + 0.45 = 2.35 \text{ say } \underline{+2.40 \text{ m}}$$

3) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of D.T and F.S.T

Diameter ϕ 500 mm x 6
 Length 350 m
 Design Water $Q_{\text{dmm}} = 0.145 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec}$
 Velocity $v = 0.745 \text{ m} / \text{sec}$
 Hydraulic Gradient $i = 0.15 \%$
 Hydraulic Loss = $350 \text{ m} \times 0.15 \% = 0.525 \text{ m}$

4) Water Level of Final Sedimentation Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 3)

$$\text{WL 3} = + 2.40 + 0.53 = + 2.93 \text{ m say } \underline{+ 3.00 \text{ m}}$$

5) Water Level of Final Sedimentation Tank (WL 4)

Water Depth of Effluent Triangle Weir

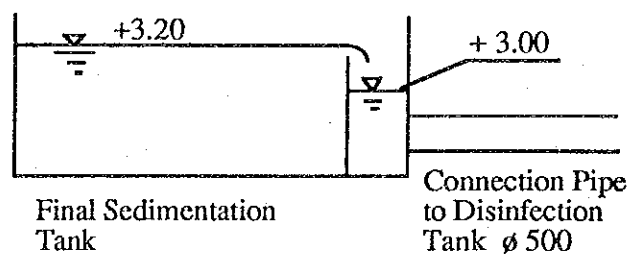
Length of Weir = 55 m

Design Water per unit weir long

$$q = (Q_{\text{dmm}} / 12) / 55 = 0.0013 \text{ m}^3 / \text{m} / \text{sec}$$

$$h = (q / 1.42)^{(2/5)} = 0.06 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{WL 4} = + 3.00 + 0.06 = + 3.06 \text{ say } \underline{+ 3.20}$$



6) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of F.S.T and Aeration Tank

Diameter ϕ 500 mm
 Length 40 m
 Design Water $Q_{dmm} / 6 = 0.868 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec} / 6 = 0.145 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec}$
 Velocity $v = 0.745 \text{ m / sec}$
 Hydraulic Gradient $i = 0.15 \%$
 Hydraulic Loss = $40 \text{ m} \times 0.15 \% = 0.06 \text{ m}$

7) Water Level of Aeration Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 5)

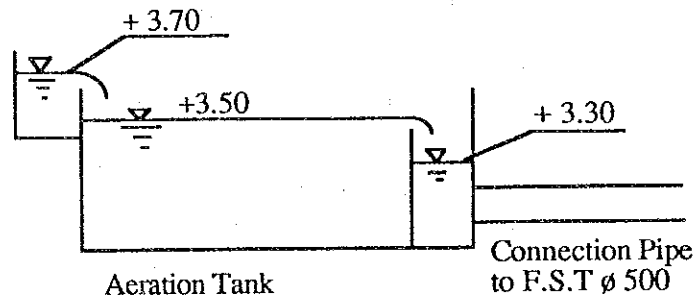
$$\text{WL 5} = + 3.20 + 0.06 = + 3.26 \text{ say } \underline{+ 3.30 \text{ m}}$$

8) Water Level of Aeration Tank (WL 6)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

Width of Weir = 3 m

$$h = (Q_{dmm}/6 / (1.84 \times 3.0))^{2/3} = 0.088 \text{ m}$$



$$\text{WL 6} = + 3.30 + 0.09 = + 3.39 \text{ say } \underline{+ 3.50 \text{ m}}$$

9) Water Level of Aeration Tank Influent Chamber (WL 7)

Water Depth of Influent Weir

Width of Weir = 3.0 m

$$h = (Q_{dmm} / 6 / (1.84 \times 3))^{2/3} = 0.088 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{WL 7} = + 3.50 + 0.09 = + 3.59 \text{ say } \underline{+ 3.70 \text{ m}}$$

10) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of A.T to P.S T

Diameter ϕ 500 mm

Length 40 m
 Design Water $Q_{dmm} / 6 = 0.868 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec} / 6 = 0.145 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec}$
 Velocity $v = 0.745 \text{ m} / \text{sec}$
 Hydraulic Gradient $i = 0.15 \%$
 Hydraulic Loss = $40 \text{ m} \times 0.15 \% = 0.06 \text{ m}$

11) Water Level of Primary Sedimentation Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 8)

$$\text{WL 8} = +3.70 + 0.06 = +3.76 \text{ say } \underline{+3.80 \text{ m}}$$

12) Water Level of Primary Sedimentation Tank (WL 9)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

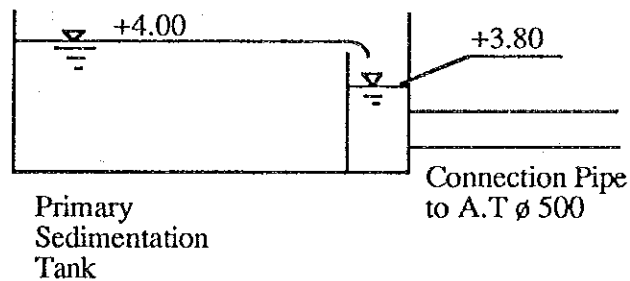
Triangle Weir Width = 50 m

Design Water per unit weir long

$$q = (Q_{dmm} / 12) / 50 = 0.00145 \text{ m}^3 / \text{m} / \text{sec}$$

$$h = (q / 1.42)^{(2/5)} = 0.06 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{WL 9} = +3.80 + 0.06 = +3.86 \text{ say } \underline{+4.00 \text{ m}}$$



13) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of P.S T to Distribution Tank

Diameter $\phi 400 \text{ mm}$
 Length 30 m
 Design Water $Q_{dmm} / 12 = 0.868 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec} / 12 = 0.072 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec}$
 Velocity $v = 0.574 \text{ m} / \text{sec}$
 Hydraulic Gradient $i = 0.12 \%$
 Hydraulic Loss = $30 \text{ m} \times 0.12 \% = 0.036 \text{ m}$

14) Water Level of Distribution Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 10)

$$\text{WL 10} = +4.00 + 0.04 = +4.04 \text{ say } \underline{+4.10 \text{ m}}$$

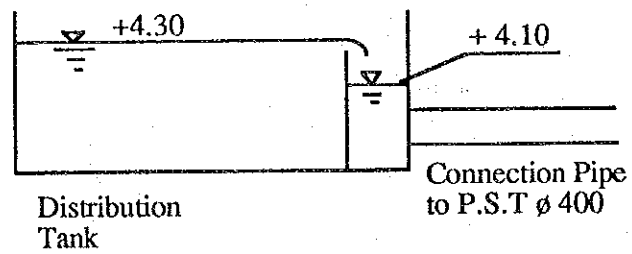
15) Water Level of Distribution Tank (WL 11)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

Weir Width = 1.0 m

$$h = (Q_{\text{dmm}} / 12 / (1.84 \times 1.0))^{2/3} = 0.115 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{WL 11} = +4.10 + 0.115 = +4.215 \text{ say } \underline{+4.30 \text{ m}}$$



2.9.1.1 Unit Construction Cost of Wastewater Collection Facilities

Table 2.9.1.1 (1)-1 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

	Diameter (mm)	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500
(1) Quantity									
Earth Covering Depth (m)		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Outer of Diameter (m)		0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)		1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)		2.00	2.15	2.30	2.44	2.74	3.03	3.31	3.75
Sheetpile Length (m)		-	3.23	3.45	3.66	4.11	4.54	4.97	5.63
Volume of Pavement (m3)		0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)		2.00	2.41	2.85	3.29	4.35	5.51	6.79	9.00
Backfill (granular m3)		0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)		0.91	1.07	1.25	1.42	1.85	2.34	2.89	3.86
Backfill (selected soil m3)		0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)		1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)		1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)		-	16.15	17.25	18.30	20.55	22.70	24.85	28.15
Sheetpile (kg)		-	775.20	828.00	878.40	986.40	1,089.60	1,192.80	1,351.20
Bracing (kg)		-	446	461	477	501	530	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)									
	Unit Cost								
Excavation (Backhoe)	60.0	120.0	144.6	171.0	197.4	261.0	330.6	407.4	540.0
Backfill (granular)	300.0	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	60.0	54.6	64.2	75.0	85.2	111.0	140.4	173.4	231.6
Backfill (selected soil)	300.0	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	30.0	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2
Pavement	400.0	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	3.2	-	2,480.6	2,649.6	2,810.9	3,156.5	3,486.7	3,817.0	4,323.8
Bracing (kg)	5.1	-	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	1 ls	253.0	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	1 ls	7.6	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4
Total		1,329.9	6,335.7	6,830.2	7,302.2	8,408.3	9,765.0	11,036.6	13,608.6

Table 2.9.1.1.1 (1)-2 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)		300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500
(1) Quantity									
Earth Covering Depth (m)		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Outer of Diameter (m)		0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)		1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)		2.50	2.65	2.80	2.94	3.24	3.53	3.81	4.25
Sheetpile Length (m)		3.75	3.98	4.20	4.41	4.86	5.29	5.72	6.38
Volume of Pavement (m3)		0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)		2.50	2.97	3.47	3.97	5.15	6.42	7.82	10.20
Backfill (granular m3)		0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)		1.41	1.63	1.87	2.10	2.65	3.25	3.92	5.06
Backfill (selected soil m3)		0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)		1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)		1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)		18.75	19.90	21.00	22.05	24.30	26.45	28.60	31.90
Sheetpile (kg)		900.00	955.20	1,008.00	1,058.40	1,166.40	1,269.60	1,372.80	1,531.20
Bracing (kg)		422	446	461	477	501	530	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)									
	Unit Cost								
Excavation (Backhoe)	60.0	150.0	178.2	208.2	238.2	309.0	385.2	469.2	612.0
Backfill (granular)	300.0	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	60.0	84.6	97.8	112.2	126.0	159.0	195.0	235.2	303.6
Backfill (selected soil)	300.0	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	30.0	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2
Pavement	400.0	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	3.2	2,880.0	3,056.6	3,225.6	3,386.9	3,732.5	4,062.7	4,393.0	4,899.8
Bracing (kg)	5.1	2,152.2	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	1 ls	253.0	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	1 ls	7.6	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4
Total		6,422.1	6,978.9	7,480.6	7,959.8	9,080.3	10,450.2	11,736.2	14,328.6

Table 2.9.1.1 (1)-3 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors									
	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500		
(1) Quantity										
Earth Covering Depth (m)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Outer of Diameter (m)	0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)	1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)	3.50	3.65	3.80	3.94	4.24	4.53	4.81	5.25	4.81	5.25
Sheetpile Length (m)	5.25	5.48	5.70	5.91	6.36	6.79	7.22	7.88	7.22	7.88
Volume of Pavement (m3)	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)	3.50	4.09	4.71	5.32	6.74	8.24	9.87	12.60	9.87	12.60
Backfill (granular m3)	0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)	2.41	2.75	3.11	3.45	4.24	5.07	5.97	7.46	5.97	7.46
Backfill (selected soil m3)	0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)	1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)	1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)	26.25	27.40	28.50	29.55	31.80	33.95	36.10	39.40	36.10	39.40
Sheetpile (kg)	1,260.00	1,315.20	1,368.00	1,418.40	1,526.40	1,629.60	1,732.80	1,891.20	1,732.80	1,891.20
Bracing (kg)	422	446	461	477	501	530	558	616	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)										
	Unit Cost									
Excavation (Backhoe)	210.0	245.4	282.6	319.2	404.4	494.4	592.2	756.0	592.2	756.0
Backfill (granular)	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	144.6	165.0	186.6	207.0	254.4	304.2	358.2	447.6	358.2	447.6
Backfill (selected soil)	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2	117.0	154.2
Pavement	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	3.2	4,032.0	4,377.6	4,538.9	4,884.5	5,214.7	5,545.0	6,051.8	5,545.0	6,051.8
Bracing (kg)	5.1	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	1 ls	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	1 ls	7.6	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	19.0	25.4	19.0	25.4
Total	7,694.1	8,265.3	8,781.4	9,273.8	10,423.1	11,820.6	13,134.2	15,768.6	13,134.2	15,768.6

Table 2.9.1.1 (1)-4 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500
(1) Quantity								
Earth Covering Depth. (m)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Outer of Diameter (m)	0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)	1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)	4.50	4.65	4.80	4.94	5.24	5.53	5.81	6.25
Sheetpile Length (m)	6.75	6.98	7.20	7.41	7.86	8.29	8.72	9.38
Volume of Pavement (m3)	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)	4.50	5.21	5.95	6.67	8.33	10.06	11.92	15.00
Backfill (granular m3)	0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)	3.41	3.87	4.35	4.80	5.83	6.89	8.02	9.86
Backfill (selected soil m3)	0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)	1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)	1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)	33.75	34.90	36.00	37.05	39.30	41.45	43.60	46.90
Sheetpile (kg)	1,620.00	1,675.20	1,728.00	1,778.40	1,886.40	1,989.60	2,092.80	2,251.20
Bracing (kg)	422	446	461	477	501	530	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)								
	Unit Cost							
Excavation (Backhoe)	270.0	312.6	357.0	400.2	499.8	603.6	715.2	900.0
Backfill (granular)	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	204.6	232.2	261.0	288.0	349.8	413.4	481.2	591.6
Backfill (selected soil)	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2
Pavement	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	5,184.0	5,360.6	5,529.6	5,690.9	6,036.5	6,366.7	6,697.0	7,203.8
Bracing (kg)	2,152.2	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	253.0	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	7.6	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4
Total	8,966.1	9,551.7	10,082.2	10,587.8	11,765.9	13,191.0	14,532.2	17,208.6

Table 2.9.1.1 (1)-5 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter. (mm)	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500
(1) Quantity								
Earth Covering Depth (m)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Outer of Diameter (m)	0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)	1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)	5.50	5.65	5.80	5.94	6.24	6.53	6.81	7.25
Sheetpile Length (m)	8.25	8.48	8.70	8.91	9.36	9.79	10.22	10.88
Volume of Pavement (m3)	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)	5.50	6.33	7.19	8.02	9.92	11.88	13.97	17.40
Backfill (granular m3)	0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)	4.41	4.99	5.59	6.15	7.42	8.71	10.07	12.26
Backfill (selected soil m3)	0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)	1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)	1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)	41.25	42.40	43.50	44.55	46.80	48.95	51.10	54.40
Sheetpile (kg)	1,980.00	2,035.20	2,088.00	2,138.40	2,246.40	2,349.60	2,452.80	2,611.20
Bracing (kg)	422	446	461	477	501	530	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)								
	Unit Cost							
Excavation (Backhoe)	330.0	379.8	431.4	481.2	595.2	712.8	838.2	1,044.0
Backfill (granular)	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	264.6	299.4	335.4	369.0	445.2	522.6	604.2	735.6
Backfill (selected soil)	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2
Pavement	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	3.2	6,512.6	6,681.6	6,842.9	7,188.5	7,518.7	7,849.0	8,355.8
Bracing (kg)	5.1	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	1 ls	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	1 ls	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4
Total	10,238.1	10,838.1	11,383.0	11,901.8	13,108.7	14,561.4	15,930.2	18,648.6

Table 2.9.1.1 (2) Unit Construction Cost of Manhole

Type	Manhole Hight	Construction Cost (Baht/Unit)
NO.1	2 m	11,480
	3 m	12,690
	4 m	13,890
	5 m	15,110
NO.2	2 m	14,680
	3 m	15,880
	4 m	17,080
	5 m	18,290
NO.3	2 m	18,070
	3 m	19,270
	4 m	20,470
	5 m	21,700
NO.4	2 m	24,420
	3 m	25,620
	4 m	26,820
	5 m	28,020
NO.5	4 m	35,660

Table 2.9.1.1 (3) Unit Costruction Cost of Overflow Chamber

Type of Overflow Chamber	Construction Cost (Baht/Unit)
B	24,150
C	18,700

2.9.1.2 Direct Construction Cost by Major Facilities

Table 2.9.1.2 (1) Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	Average Earth Covering Depth (m)	Length of Sewer (m)	Unit Construction Cost (Baht/m)	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)
ø300	1.5	755	1,329.9	1,005
	2	320	6,422.1	2,056
	Sub-total	1,075		3,061
ø400	1.5	1,200	6,335.7	7,603
	2	350	6,978.9	2,443
	5	65	10,838.1	705
	Sub-total	1,615		10,751
ø500	2	1,210	7,480.6	9,052
	4	240	10,082.2	2,420
	Sub-total	1,450		11,472
ø600	1.5	550	7,302.2	4,017
	3	1,110	9,273.8	10,294
	Sub-total	1,660		14,311
ø800	1.5	770	8,408.3	6,475
	3	750	10,423.1	7,818
	4	840	11,765.9	9,884
	5	460	13,108.7	6,031
	Sub-total	2,820		30,208
ø1000	1.5	2,090	9,765.0	20,409
	3	1,620	11,820.6	19,150
	5	530	14,561.4	7,718
	Sub-total	4,240		47,277
ø1200	1.5	50	11,036.6	552
	2	1,440	11,736.2	16,901
	3	700	13,134.2	9,194
	4	423	14,532.2	6,148
	Sub-total	2,613		32,795
ø1500	1.5	920	13,608.6	12,520
	2	290	14,328.6	4,156
	5	580	18,648.6	10,817
	Sub-total	1,790		27,493
□1600	4	1,690	19,804.1	33,469
	5	680	21,268.1	14,463
	Sub-total	2,370		47,932
Total		19,633		225,300

Table 2.9.1.2 (2) Construction Cost of Manhole

Type of Mahole	Manhole Hight (m)	Nos. of Manhole	Unit Construction Cost (Baht/unit)	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)
No.1	2	75	11,480	861
	3	39	12,690	495
	4	38	13,890	528
	5	24	15,110	363
	Sub-total	176		2,247
No.2	3	1	15,880	16
	4	21	17,080	359
	5	17	18,290	311
	Sub-total	39		686
No.3	3	21	19,270	405
	4	78	20,470	1,597
	5	21	21,700	456
	Sub-total	120		2,458
No.4	3	12	25,620	308
	5	11	28,020	309
	Sub-total	23		617
	Total	358		6,008

Table 2.9.1.2 (3) Construction Cost of Overflow Chamber
(Rangsit)

Type of Overflow Chamber	No. of Overflow Chamber	Unit Construction Cost (Baht/unit)	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)
B	6	24,150	145
C	16	18,700	299
Total	22		444

Table 2.9.1.2 (4)-1 Construction Cost of Inverted Siphon

1 - 5 (No.1)

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x 1,000Baht)			
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total	
Excavation	(m3)	2,244	60	135	135	
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	13.36	300	4	4	
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,621	60	97	97	
Sheet Pile	(kg)	83,798	3.2	268	268	
Rubble Stone	(m3)	19.94	400	8	8	
Piling	(piece)	157	1,900	298	298	
Concrete	(m3)	361.59	4,658	1,684	1,684	
Lean Concrete	(m3)	4.98	1,950	10	10	
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	32,540	12	390	390	
Form Work	(m2)	629.96	300	189	189	
Cover	(unit)	8	7,000	56	56	
Screen (1.9m x 2.85m)	(unit)	1		282	282	
Total				3,139	282	3,421

6 - 13 (No.2)

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x 1,000Baht)			
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total	
Excavation	(m3)	2,129	60	128	128	
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	33.96	300	10	10	
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,920	60	115	115	
Sheet Pile	(kg)	86,880	3.2	278	278	
Rubble Stone	(m3)	34.69	400	14	14	
Piling	(piece)	128	1,900	243	243	
Concrete	(m3)	264.18	4,658	1,231	1,231	
Lean Concrete	(m3)	8.67	1,950	17	17	
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	23,780	12	285	285	
Form Work	(m2)	680.37	300	204	204	
Cover	(unit)	8	7,000	56	56	
Screen (1.6m x 2.45m)	(unit)	1		238	238	
Total				2,581	238	2,819

Table 2.9.1.2 (4)-2 Construction Cost of Inverted Siphon

6 - 16 (No.3)

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x 1,000Baht)			
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total	
Excavation	(m3)	1,572	60	94	94	
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	16.32	300	5	5	
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,205	60	72	72	
Sheet Pile	(kg)	57,216	3.2	183	183	
Rubble Stone	(m3)	26.99	400	11	11	
Piling	(piece)	100	1,900	190	190	
Concrete	(m3)	204.54	4,658	953	953	
Lean Concrete	(m3)	6.75	1,950	13	13	
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	18,140	12	218	218	
Form Work	(m2)	539.18	300	162	162	
Cover	(unit)	8	7,000	56	56	
Screen (1.6m x 2.45m)	(unit)	1		238	238	
Total				1,957	238	2,195

7 - 3 (No.4)

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x 1,000Baht)			
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total	
Excavation	(m3)	1,424	60	85	85	
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	9.327	300	3	3	
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,202	60	72	72	
Sheet Pile	(kg)	66,528	3.2	213	213	
Rubble Stone	(m3)	20.32	400	8	8	
Piling	(piece)	78	1,900	148	148	
Concrete	(m3)	141.60	4,658	660	660	
Lean Concrete	(m3)	5.08	1,950	10	10	
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	12,750	12	153	153	
Form Work	(m2)	398.13	300	119	119	
Cover	(unit)	8	7,000	56	56	
Screen (0.9m x 1.65m)	(unit)	1		133	133	
Total				1,527	133	1,660

Table 2.9.1.2 (5)-1 Construction Cost of Pump Station

No.1

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	2,345	60	141	141
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	21.08	300	6	6
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,272	60	76	76
Sheet Pile	(kg)	88,512	3.2	283	283
Bracing	(kg)	1,134.77	5.2	6	6
Rubble Stone	(m3)	34.14	400	14	14
Piling	(m)	133	3,800	505	505
Concrete	(m3)	1,134.77	4,658	5,286	5,286
Lean Concrete	(m3)	8.54	1,950	17	17
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	54,200	12	650	650
Form Work	(m2)	1,249.7	300	375	375
Architecture	(LS)			175	175
Sub-total of 1)				7,534	7,534
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (1.2m x 2.3m)	(unit)	2	178	356	356
Gate (1.2m x 1.2m)	(unit)	2	251	502	502
Pump (ø400mm x 22kw)	(unit)	1	1,905	1,905	1,905
Pump (ø600mm x 45kw)	(unit)	2	2,619	5,238	5,238
Piping and Valves	(LS)			1,429	1,429
Instrumentation	(LS)			2,143	2,143
Installation	(LS)			1,429	1,429
Sub-total of 2)				13,001	13,001
Total				7,534	13,001
					20,535

No.2

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	2,345	60	141	141
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	21.08	300	6	6
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,272	60	76	76
Sheet Pile	(kg)	88,512	3.2	283	283
Bracing	(kg)	1,135	5.2	6	6
Rubble Stone	(m3)	34.14	400	14	14
Piling	(m)	133	3,800	505	505
Concrete	(m3)	1,134.77	4,658	5,286	5,286
Lean Concrete	(m3)	8.54	1,950	17	17
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	54,200	12	650	650
Form Work	(m2)	1,249.7	300	375	375
Architecture	(LS)			175	175
Sub-total of 1)				7,534	7,534
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (1.2m x 2.3m)	(unit)	2	178	356	356
Gate (1.2m x 1.2m)	(unit)	2	251	502	502
Pump (ø500mm x 30kw)	(unit)	1	2,413	2,413	2,413
Pump (ø600mm x 45kw)	(unit)	2	2,619	5,238	5,238
Piping and Valves	(LS)			1,530	1,530
Instrumentation	(LS)			2,295	2,295
Installation	(LS)			1,530	1,530
Sub-total of 2)			5,461	13,865	13,865
Total				7,534	13,865
					21,399

Table 2.9.1.2 (5)-2 Construction Cost of Pump Station

No.3

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		Total
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	78.89	60	5	5
Backfill (Sand)	(m3)	60.35	300	18	18
Sheet Pile	(kg)	19,008	3.2	61	61
Bracing	(kg)	2,085	5.2	11	11
Rubble Stone	(m3)	0.67	400	0.3	0.3
Concrete	(m3)	6.28	4,658	29	29
Lean Concrete	(m3)	0.17	1,950	0.3	0.3
Form Work	(m2)	74.5	300	22	22
Sub-total of 1)				147	147
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Pump (ø150mm x 5.5kw)	(unit)	2	62	124	124
Piping and Valves	(LS)			25	25
Instrumentation	(LS)			37	37
Installation	(LS)			25	25
Sub-total of 2)				211	211
Total				147	211
					357

No.5

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		Total
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	1,847	60	111	111
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	43.20	300	13	13
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	931	60	56	56
Sheet Pile	(kg)	92,160	3.2	295	295
Bracing	(kg)	820.58	5.2	4	4
Rubble Stone	(m3)	25.37	400	10	10
Piling	(m)	95	3,800	361	361
Concrete	(m3)	799.94	4,658	3,726	3,726
Lean Concrete	(m3)	6.34	1,950	12	12
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	38,350	12	460	460
Form Work	(m2)	1,006.9	300	302	302
Architecture				122	122
Sub-total of 1)				5,472	5,472
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (1.0m x 2.4m)	(unit)	2	142	284	284
Gate (1.0m x 1.0m)	(unit)	2	200	400	400
Pump (ø300mm x 11kw)	(unit)	2	1,262	2,524	2,524
Piping and Valves	(LS)			585	585
Instrumentation	(LS)			877	877
Installation	(LS)			585	585
Sub-total of 2)				5,255	5,255
Total				5,472	5,255
					10,727

Table 2.9.1.2 (5)-3 Construction Cost of Pump Station

No.6

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	2,105	60	126	126
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	51.84	300	16	16
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,012	60	61	61
Sheet Pile	(kg)	102,240	3.2	327	327
Bracing	(kg)	905.44	5.2	5	5
Rubble Stone	(m3)	26.54	400	11	11
Piling	(m)	102	3,800	388	388
Concrete	(m3)	905.44	4,658	4,218	4,218
Lean Concrete	(m3)	6.64	1,950	13	13
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	44,220	12	531	531
Form Work	(m2)	1,123.5	300	337	337
Architecture	(LS)			122	122
Sub-total of 1)				6,155	6,155
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (1.0m x 2.4m)	(unit)	2	142	284	284
Gate (1.0m x 1.0m)	(unit)	2	200	400	400
Pump (ø300mm x 15kw)	(unit)	2	1,357	2,714	2,714
Piping and Valves	(LS)			623	623
Instrumentation	(LS)			934	934
Installation	(LS)			623	623
Sub-total of 2)				5,578	5,578
Total				6,155	5,578
					11,733

No.7

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	2,345	60	141	141
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	21.08	300	6	6
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	1,272	60	76	76
Sheet Pile	(kg)	88,512	3.2	283	283
Bracing	(kg)	1,134.77	5.2	6	6
Rubble Stone	(m3)	34.14	400	14	14
Piling	(m)	133	3,800	505	505
Concrete	(m3)	1,134.77	4,658	5,286	5,286
Lean Concrete	(m3)	8.54	1,950	17	17
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	54,200	12	650	650
Form Work	(m2)	1,249.7	300	375	375
Architecture	(LS)			175	175
Sub-total of 1)				7,534	7,534
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (1.2m x 2.3m)	(unit)	2	178	356	356
Gate (1.2m x 1.2m)	(unit)	2	251	502	502
Pump (ø350mm x 15kw)	(unit)	2	1,667	3,334	3,334
Piping and Valves	(LS)			767	767
Instrumentation	(LS)			1,151	1,151
Installation	(LS)			767	767
Sub-total of 2)				6,877	6,877
Total				7,534	6,877
					14,411

Table 2.9.1.2 (5)-4 Construction Cost of Pump Station

No.11

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		Total
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	1,455	60	87	87
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	22.71	300	7	7
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	676	60	41	41
Sheet Pile	(kg)	82,944	3.2	265	265
Bracing	(kg)	542.48	5.2	3	3
Rubble Stone	(m3)	19.83	400	8	8
Piling	(m)	72	3,800	274	274
Concrete	(m3)	542.48	4,658	2,527	2,527
Lean Concrete	(m3)	4.96	1,950	10	10
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	31,430	12	377	377
Form Work	(m2)	811.5	300	243	243
Architecture				90	90
Sub-total of 1)				3,932	3,932
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (0.8m x 1.8m)	(unit)	2	119	238	238
Gate (0.8m x 0.8m)	(unit)	2	167	334	334
Pump (ø200mm x 5.5kw)	(unit)	2	809	1,618	1,618
Pump (ø350mm x 7.5kw)	(unit)	2	1,500	3,000	3,000
Piping and Valves	(LS)			924	924
Instrumentation	(LS)			1,385	1,385
Installation	(LS)			924	924
Sub-total of 2)				8,423	8,423
Total				3,932	8,423
					12,355

No.12

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		Total
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	1,455	60	87	87
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	22.71	300	7	7
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	676	60	41	41
Sheet Pile	(kg)	82,944	3.2	265	265
Bracing	(kg)	542.48	5.2	3	3
Rubble Stone	(m3)	19.83	400	8	8
Piling	(m)	72	3,800	274	274
Concrete	(m3)	542.48	4,658	2,527	2,527
Lean Concrete	(m3)	4.96	1,950	10	10
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	31,430	12	377	377
Form Work	(m2)	811.5	300	243	243
Architecture				90	90
Sub-total of 1)				3,932	3,932
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (0.8m x 1.8m)	(unit)	2	119	238	238
Gate (0.8m x 0.8m)	(unit)	2	167	334	334
Pump (ø200mm x 5.5kw)	(unit)	2	809	1,618	1,618
Pump (ø250mm x 7.5kw)	(unit)	2	1,071	2,142	2,142
Piping and Valves	(LS)			752	752
Instrumentation	(LS)			1,128	1,128
Installation	(LS)			752	752
Sub-total of 2)				6,964	6,964
Total				3,932	6,964
					10,896

Table 2.9.1.2 (6) Construction Cost of Treatment Plant

	Item	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)		
		Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1. Civil and Architecture Facilities				
1-1	Grit Chamber	11.0 (L)m x 1.6 (W)m x 0.7 (H)m x 3units 11.0 (L)m x 1.6 (W)m x 0.7 (H)m x 3units	5,965	5,965
1-2	Primary Sedimentation Tank	16.0 (D)m x 4.0 (H)m x 4units	5,810	5,810
1-3	Stormwater Sedimentation Tank	18.5 (D)m x 3.0 (H)m x 4units	6,403	6,403
1-4	Aeration Tank	75.0 (L)m x 15.0 (W)m x 3.0 (H)m x 2units	17,611	17,611
1-5	Secondary Sedimentation Tank	18.5 (D)m x 2.5 (H)m x 4units	6,046	6,046
1-6	Disinfection Tank	180.0 (L)m x 2.0 (W)m x 2.0 (H)m x 1unit	3,450	3,450
1-7	Thickener	6.0 (D)m x 4.0 (H)m x 2units	1,075	1,075
1-8	Digestion Tank	1st : 17.5 (D)m x 5.0 (H)m x 2units 2nd : 12.0 (D)m x 5.0 (H)m x 2units	5,310 3,367	5,310 3,367
1-9	Dewatering Unit		800	800
1-10	Miscellaneous		5,700	5,700
	Sub-total of 1.		61,537	61,537
2. Mechanical & Electrical Facilities				
2-1	Grit Chamber		5,833	5,833
2-2	Inflow Pump		12,619	12,619
2-3	Primary Sedimentation Tank		11,548	11,548
2-4	Stormwater Sedimentation Tank		1,071	1,071
2-5	Aeration Tank		10,536	10,536
2-6	Secondary Sedimentation Tank		13,571	13,571
2-7	Disinfection Tank		2,024	2,024
2-8	Thickener		357	357
2-9	Digestion Tank		39,167	39,167
2-10	Dewatering Unit		16,429	16,429
2-11	Piping Materials, Valves and Gates		16,548	16,548
2-12	Control Panel and Instrumentation		19,762	19,762
2-13	Transportation and Instalation		24,286	24,286
2-14	Pump Station Monitoring Facilities		2,260	2,260
2-15	Laboratory Equipment		595	595
2-16	Miscellaneous		10,952	10,952
	Sub-total of 2.		187,558	187,558
Total			61,537	187,558
				249,095

Assumption for Estimate of Interceptor Cleaning Cost

- 1) The Length of cleaning for one time is the distance of an average manhole interval (approximately 50m).
- 2) The nozzle moves forward and is pulled backward with jets three (3) times for one time cleaning.
- 3) It takes about ten (10) min. for the nozzle to move forward and backward.
- 4) The water (3 m³) of High Pressure Cleaner' tank is used for one time cleaning.
- 5) A cleaning team consists of "High Pressure Sewer Cleaner", "Vacuum Sludge Loader", "Water Wagon" and "Truck".
- 6) The Volume of a water wagon tank is 4 m³.
- 7) Required time for water feeding to a water wagon and discharging sludge is 1.5 hours (including traveling time).

From the above assumption,

The possible length of cleaning interceptor in a year,

In case that working hour is 8 hours, times of cleaning is the following.

$$8 \text{ hr.} \quad \times \quad 2 \text{ hr./time} \quad = \quad 4 \text{ times}$$

As the length of cleaning interceptor for one time is 50 m,

$$50 \text{ m/time} \quad \times \quad 4 \text{ times} \quad = \quad 200 \text{ m/day}$$

When actual Working hour in a year is 20 day/month x 12 months x 0.8 = 192 day/year,

the possible length of cleaning interceptor in a year is the following.

$$200 \text{ m/day} \quad \times \quad 192 \text{ days} \quad = \quad 38,400 \text{ m/year}$$

Annual expenses for interceptor cleaning are,

(1) Labor Cost

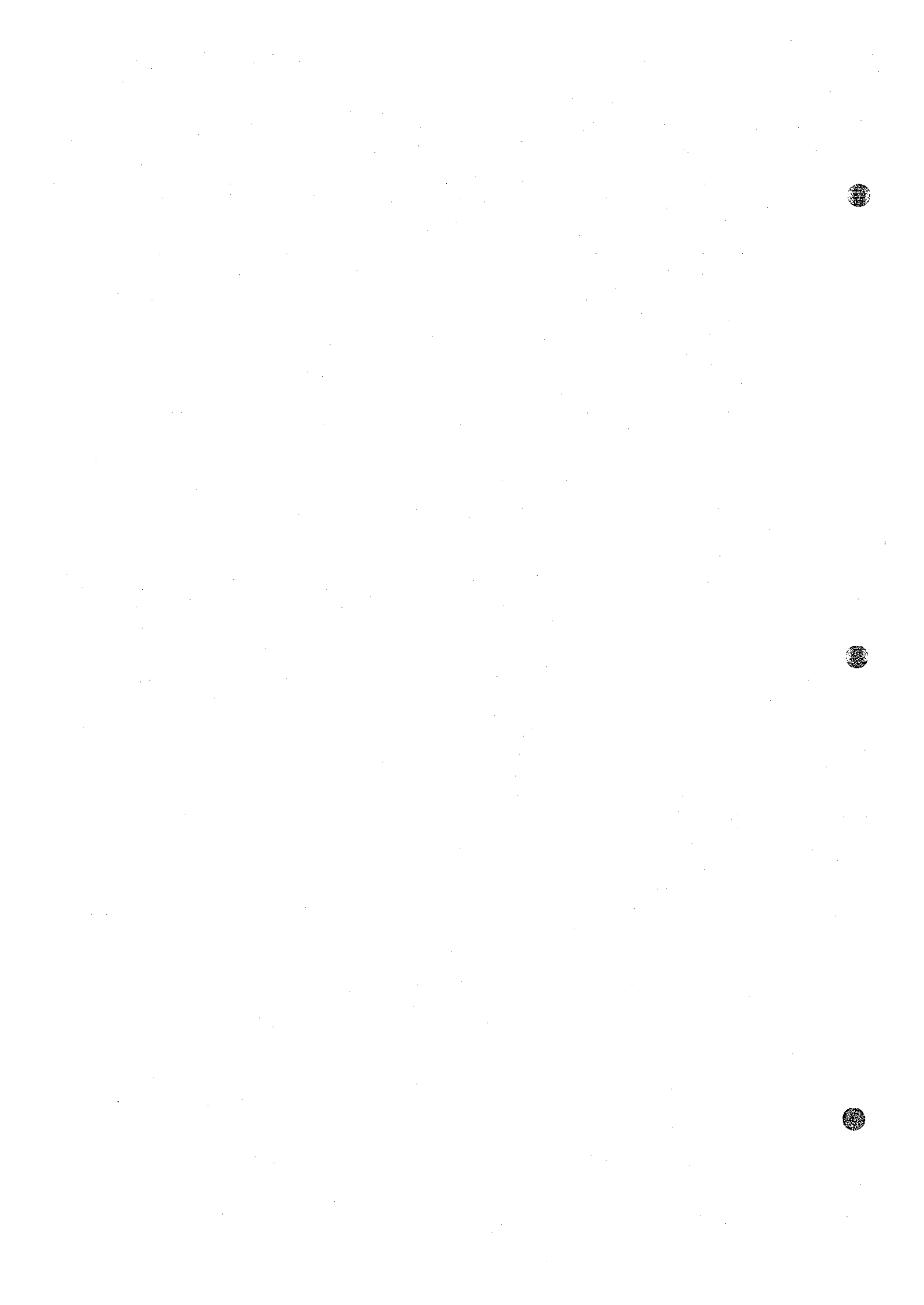
Type of Vehicle	Classification	Required No.	Working Day	Wage	Cost
1-1. High Pressure Sewer Cleaner	Driver	1 person			
	Operator	2 persons			
1-2. Vacuum Sludge Loader	Driver	1 person			
	Operator	2 persons			
1-3. Water Wagon	Driver	1 person			
1-4. Truck	Driver	1 person			
	Labor	4 persons			
Total	Driver	4 persons	192 days x	420 B/day =	322,560
	Operator	4 persons	192 days x	360 B/day =	276,480
	Labor	4 persons	192 days x	140 B/day =	107,520
Annual Labor Cost (Baht/Year)					706,560

(2) Fuel Cost

3-1. High Pressure Sewer Cleaner / Vacuum Sludge Loader	20 l / hr.	x	8 hr.	x	192 days =	30,720
					x (Vehicles)	3
						92,160
3-2. Water Wagon / Truck	10 l / hr.	x	3 hr.	x	192 days =	5,760
					x (Vehicles)	1
						5,760
Annual Fuel Cost (Baht/Year)						97,920

(3) Spare Parts Cost

Type of Vehicle	Price	Working Life	Cost
1-1. High Pressure Sewer Cleaner	1,000,000 Baht	5 Years	= 200,000
1-2. Vacuum Sludge Loader	1,000,000 Baht	5 Years	= 200,000
1-3. Water Wagon	1,000,000 Baht	5 Years	= 200,000
1-4. Truck	700,000 Baht	10 Years	= 70,000
Annual Vehicle Cost (Baht/Year)			670,000
670,000 (Vehicle Cost) x 3 %			= 20,100
Spare Parts Cost (Baht/Year)			20,100
Annual Cleaning Cost (Baht/Year)			824,580
Cleaning Cost of Interceptor per Meter (Baht/m)			21.5



3.6.1 Distribution of Population and Wastewater Quantity

Table 3.6.1.1 Population Distribution

NO. of Sewers	Commercial-Area			Residential-Area			Residential-Area			PublicLand			IndustrialArea			VacantArea			ServiceArea			Adopted		
	Area (ha)	P.Dens. (p./ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	P.Dens. (p./ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	P.Dens. (p./ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	P.Dens. (p./ha)	Design P. (person)	Area (ha)	P.Dens. (p./ha)	Design P. (person)	
1/1 1/3 (101-105)	17.2	200	3,440	45.8	100	4,580	15.0	30	450	5.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	83.4	101.56	8,470	83.4	100.90	8,415			
1/4 1/5 (106)	48.3	200	9,660	4.7	100	470	3.1	30	93	4.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	60.7	168.42	10,223	60.7	168.40	10,222			
1/7 1/10 (107-108)	22.0	200	4,400	25.6	100	2,560	16.4	30	492	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	64.0	116.44	7,452	64.0	116.60	7,462			
1/11 1/12	0.0	200	0	14.4	100	1,440	11.9	30	357	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	26.3	68.33	1,797	26.3	68.30	1,796			
2/1 2/2	7.9	200	1,580	0.0	100	0	0.2	30	6	4.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.7	124.88	1,586	12.7	65.70	834			
2/3 2/5 (201-202)	0.0	200	0	73.2	100	7,320	19.8	30	594	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	93.0	85.10	7,914	93.0	85.10	7,914			
2/6	0.0	200	0	0.0	100	0	2.1	30	63	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.1	30.00	63	2.1	30.00	63			
3/1 3/5	0.0	200	0	0.0	100	0	0.0	30	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0			
3/6 3/7	0.0	200	0	95.8	100	9,580	0.0	30	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	95.8	100.00	9,580	95.8	100.00	9,580			
Adopted	95.4		19,680	259.5		25,950	68.5		2,055	14.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	438.0		47,085	438.0		46,287			

Table 3.6.1.2 (1) Hydraulic Calculation for Design of Sewers (Bang Bua Thong-North (1))

No. of Sewers	Downstream Sewers No.	Drainage Area		Length		Concentrated Time	Run-off Storm			Wastewater Flow			Other W.W		Designing of Sewers						Remarks			
		Area	Total	Length	Total		Rainfall	Run-off Coeff.	Area	Arranged Area	Rainfall	Pop. Density	Person	Design Flow	Sewer	Total	Grand Total	Diameter	Slope	Velocity		Flow	Elevation	Invert Level
		ha	ha	m	m	min	m ² /sec.ha	ha	ha	m ² /sec	Perha	Person	m ³ /sec	m ³ /sec	m ³ /sec	mm	%	m/sec	m ³ /sec	M	M	M	M	m
1-1	1-2A	790	790	530	530					100.9	798	798	0015	0039	0039	400	180	070	0088	135	0215	130		
101	1-2A	000	000	0	0					100.9	0	0	0000	0053	0053	400	180	070	0088	254	0025	213		
102		1970	1970	750	750					100.9	1988	1988	0037			300	220	084	0045	213	0200	130		
103		550	2520	600	1350					100.9	555	2543	0048			400	180	070	0088	294	0130	354		
104		2030	4550	15	1365					100.9	2048	4591	0086	0021	0021	500	160	077	0151	274	0247	465		
1-2A		000	5340	0	1365					0.00	0	5389	0101			600	160	087	0246	254	0248	488		
1-2	1-3	1350	6700	510	1875					100.9	1372	6761	0127			600	160	087	0246	254	0248	488		
105		1670	1670	15	15					100.9	1686	1686	0032			300	220	084	0045	139	0500	135		
1-3		000	8370	38	1913					0.00	-1	8446	0158			400	400	105	0132	139	0469	502		
1-3A	1-4	000	8370	0	1913					0.00	0	8446	0158			600	160	087	0246	139	0469	502		
106		530	530	15	15					168.4	842	842	0016			300	220	084	0045	139	0510	130		
1-4		1430	10300	400	2313					168.4	4208	11696	0219			800	160	105	0529	139	0550	172		

Table 3.6.1.2 (2) Hydraulic Calculation for Design of Sewers (Bang Bua Thong-North.(1))

No. of Sewers	Downstream No. of Sewers	Drainage Area		Length		Concentrated Time	Run-off Storm			Wastewater Flow			Designing of Sewers						Remarks						
		Area	Total	ha	m		m	Rainfall	Run-off Coeff.	Arranged Area	Rainfall	Pop. Density	Population	Design Flow	Sewer	Total	Grand Total	Diameter		Slope	Velocity	Flow	Elevation	Invert Level	Earth Cover
1-5		090	10330	15	2328				0.00	0	11896	0219	0113	0332	800	150	105	0529	219	1350	257	219	-1374	270	
1-5	1-7	4130	14440	710	3038				168.46972	18668	0349	0113	0462	800	150	105	0529	219	1384	271	219	-2513	324		
2-1		1240	1240	380	380				85.70	815	0015	0027	0042	300	230	054	0945	174	0410	130	192	-0517	241		
2-2	2-3	090	1240	15	395				0.00	0	815	0015	0027	300	230	054	0945	192	0527	242	192	-0560	245		
201A		5240	5240	0	0				35.104460	4460	0083	0083	0083	500	150	077	0151	196	0140	156	196	-0141	156		
201		090	5240	440	440				0.00	0	4460	0083	0083	400	130	070	0988	196	0151	188	192	-1053	254		
2-3	2-4	1170	7650	710	1150				35.10	995	6270	0117	0027	0144	500	150	077	0151	192	1388	253	230	-2458	422	
202		2690	2690	310	310				35.102290	2290	0043	0043	0043	300	220	054	0945	196	0539	190	230	-0119	209		
2-4		290	10540	170	1320				35.10	169	8729	0163	0027	0190	600	130	037	0346	230	2558	421	276	-2868	498	
2-5		090	10540	17	1337				0.00	0	8729	0163	0027	0190	600	130	037	0346	276	2878	439	276	-2505	502	
2-6		210	10750	160	1497				30.00	63	8792	0165	0027	0192	600	130	037	0346	276	2913	503	209	-3201	454	
1-7	1-8A	090	25190	60	3098				0.00	0	27460	0514	0140	0654	1000	140	114	0397	209	3501	481	178	-3663	428	

Table 3.6.1.2 (3) Hydraulic Calculation for Design of Sewers (Bang Bua Thong-North (1))

No. of Sewers	Downstream Sewers No.	Drainage Area		Length		Concentrated Time	Run-off Storm			Wastewater Flow			Other W.W		Designing of Sewers						Remarks			
		Area	Total	Length	Total		Rainfall	Run-off Coeff.	Area	Arranged Area	Rainfall	Pop. Density	Population	Design Flow	Sewer	Total	Grand Total	Diameter	Slope	Velocity		Flow	Elevation	Invert Level
		ha	ha	m	m	min	m ³ /sec-ha	ha	ha	m ³ /sec	Per/ha	Person	m ³ /sec	m ³ /sec	m ³ /sec	m ³ /sec	mm	%	m/sec	m ³ /sec	M	M	M	m
107		2850	2850	560	560					116.6224	3324	0.062			0.062	400	1.30	0.70	0.088	258	1341	1310		
108		510	3360	420	980					116.6	594	0.073			0.073	400	1.30	0.70	0.088	231	1341	134		
1-8A		090	2850	0	3098					0.00	-1	31377	0.587		0.587	1000	1.40	1.14	0.997	178	1341	438	P. U	
1-8		2170	30720	650	3748					116.62531	33908	0.635			0.635	1000	1.40	1.14	0.997	178	1341	133		
1-9		870	31590	250	3998					116.61014	34922	0.654			0.654	1000	1.40	1.14	0.997	154	1341	227		
1-10		090	31590	30	4028					0.00	0	34922	0.654		0.654	1000	1.40	1.14	0.997	154	1341	322		
1-11	1-12	2830	34320	250	4278					68.301796	36718	0.687			0.687	1000	1.40	1.14	0.997	154	1341	324		
3-6		090	090	0	0					0.00	0	0.000	0.092		0.092	500	1.60	0.77	0.151	242	0040	134		
3-7		9580	9580	470	470					100.09580	9580	0.179			0.179	800	1.60	1.35	0.529	242	0260	131		
1-12	1-PL ANT	090	43300	50	4328					0.00	0	45298	0.656		0.656	1200	1.20	1.19	1.351	234	3388	443		

3.6.2 Design Fundamentals and Facility Specifications

Table 3.6.2.1 Pump Station

(1) Design Fundamentals

No.	Sewer No.	Design Flow		Invert Level		Water Level		G.L.		
		P/D (M ³ /S)	M/P (M ³ /S)	Inlet (M)	Outlet (M)	Inlet (M)	Outlet (M)	Actual Head (M)	Present (M)	Plan (M)
1	1-2A	0.101	0.214	-2.481	-0.800	-1.98	1.30	3.28	2.54	2.80
2	1-8A	0.588	0.727	-3.685	-0.320	-2.99	0.38	3.37	1.78	2.00

(2) Design Flow

No.	Sewer No.	P/D				M/P			
		Q1 (M ³ /m)	Q2 (M ³ /m)	Q3 (M ³ /m)	Q4 (M ³ /m)	Q1 (M ³ /m)	Q2 (M ³ /m)	Q3 (M ³ /m)	Q4 (M ³ /m)
1	1-2A	1.30	1.56	2.02	6.06	2.74	3.30	4.28	12.84
2	1-8A	7.55	9.05	11.76	35.28	9.33	11.19	14.54	43.62

Note: Q1; Daily Ave.

Q2; Daily Max.

Q3; Hourly Max.

Q4; 3xHourly Max.

(3) Pump Specification

No.	Sewer No.	Pump Type	No. of units by Dia.			R.M
			150(mm)	200(mm)	300(mm)	
1	1-2A	C	2	2		
2	1-8A	C			2	2

Note: Common Type

Manhole Type

(4) Pump Head and H.P

No.	Sewer No.	Actual Head (M)	Pump Head		H.P by Dia.				R.M
			Loss (M)	Total (M)	150(mm) (KW/unit)	200(mm) (KW/unit)	300(mm) (KW/unit)	400(mm) (KW/unit)	
1	1-2A	3.28	1.50	4.78	3.70	5.50			
2	1-8A	3.87	1.50	4.87			11.00	18.50	

(5) Manner of Pump Operation

No.	Pump Dia. (mm)	P/D				M/P			
		Q1 (unit)	Q2 (unit)	Q3 (unit)	Q4 (unit)	Q1 (unit)	Q2 (unit)	Q3 (unit)	Q4 (unit)
1	(m3/m)	1.3	1.56	2.02	6.06	2.75	3.3	4.28	12.84
	150	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
	200				1				2
2	(m3/m)	7.55	9.05	11.76	35.28	9.33	11.19	14.54	43.62
	300	1			1	2	2	2	2
	400			1	2				2

Table 3.6.2.2 Inverted Siphon

No.	Sewer No.	Design Flow		Inlet		Siphon			Outlet		
		P/D (M3/S)	M/P (M3/S)	Dia. (MM)	Invert L. (M)	Dia. (MM)	Velocity (M/S)	Length (M)	Loss (M)	Inver L. (M)	W.L. (M)
1	1-3	0.16	0.27	600	-0.16	400x2 line	1.05	38	0.28	-0.45	-0.15

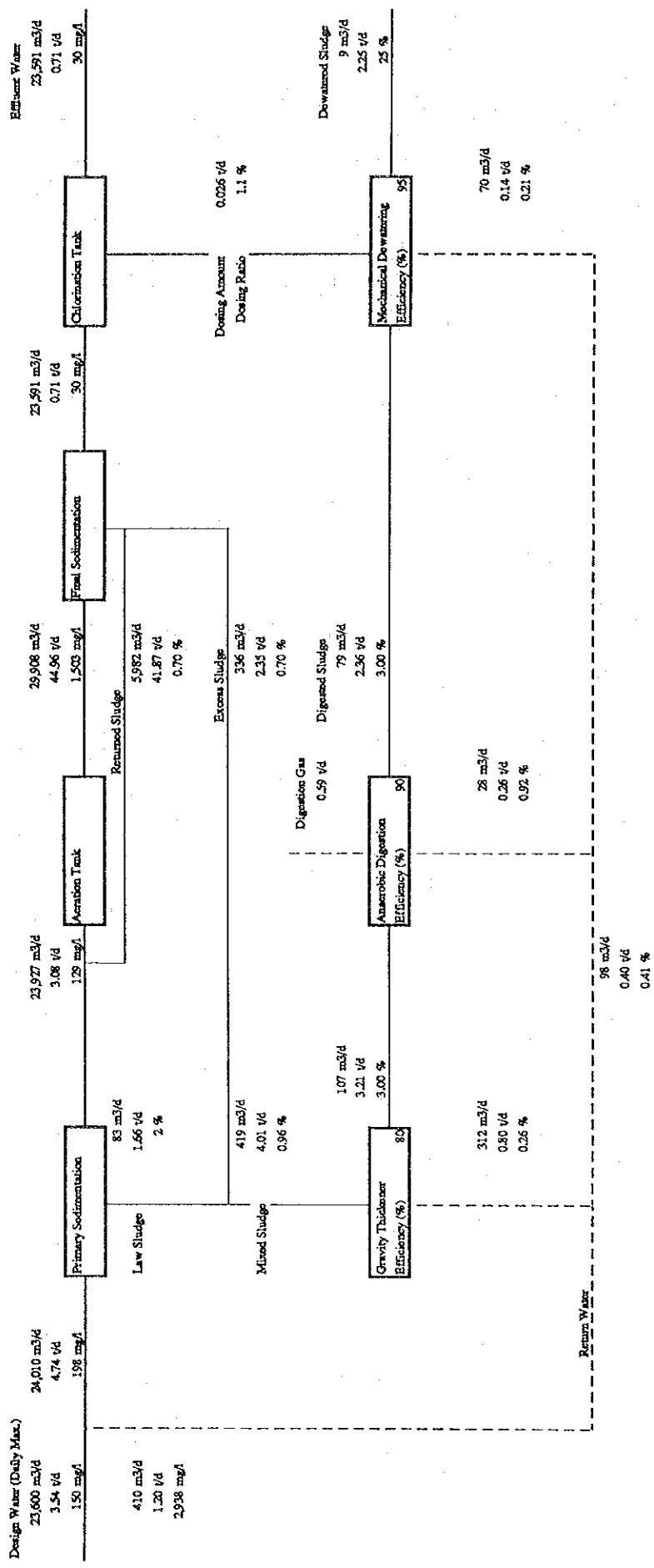
3.6.2.3 Overflow Chamber

Number of overflow chambers is shown in table 3.6.2 (5) according to same conditions in Rang Sit project.

Table 3.6.2.(1) Number of overflow Chambers

No.	Sewer No.	Quantity (M3/S)	Dia. (MM)	Slope (1/1000)	Full How (M/S) (M3/S)		Type
1	1-1	0.054	φ300	4.0	0.865	0.0612	C
2	102	0.037	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	B
3	103	0.011	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
4	104	0.059	φ300	4.0	0.865	0.0612	C
5	1-2	0.026	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	B
6	105	0.032	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
7	106	0.016	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
8	1-4	0.045	φ300	2.5	0.684	0.0484	C
9	1-6	0.130	φ400	4.0	1.048	0.1317	C
10	2-1	0.042	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
11	201	0.083	φ300	8.0	1.224	0.0865	C
12	2-3	0.019	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
13	202	0.043	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
14	2-4	0.003	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
15	2-6	0.002	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
16	107	0.062	φ300	5.0	0.967	0.0684	C
17	108	0.011	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
18	1-8	0.047	φ300	2.5	0.684	0.0484	C
19	1-9	0.019	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
20	1-11	0.034	φ300	2.0	0.612	0.0432	C
21	3-7	0.179	φ400	8.0	1.482	0.1863	B
Total		0.954					

3.7.3.1 Mass Balance of SS in Bang Bus Thong Sewage Treatment Plant



3.7.3.2 Design of Facilities

Wastewater Treatment

(1) Inflow Pump Station

The inflow pump station of treatment plant consists of initial bar screen followed with the pump facilities.

1) Design Condition

	Dry Weather Flow	Wet Weather Flow
Design Flow (hourly max.)	14,200 m ³ /d = 9.86 m ³ /min.	42,600 m ³ /d = 29.58 m ³ /min.
Surface loading of grit chamber	1,800 m ³ /m ² /day	3,600 m ³ /m ² /day
Average velocity of grit chamber	0.3 m/sec	0.6 m/sec
Retention time	60 sec	30 sec

2) Proposed Inflow Pump Station

Grit Chamber

Dry Weather Flow 1.0 m (w) x 0.4 m (h) x 9 m (l) x 1 unit

Wet Weather Flow 1.4 m (w) x 0.4 (h) x 9 (l) x 1 unit

Inflow Pump

Dry Weather Flow ϕ 250 x 2 pumps
(4.93 m³/min. x 2)

Wet Weather Flow ϕ 250 x 2 pumps, 450 x 1 pump
(4.93 m³/min. x 2 + 21.35 m³/min. x 1)

(2) Primary Sedimentation Basin for Wastewater

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (Daily Max.)	10,900 m ³ /day
Surface Loading	35 m ³ /m ² /day
Sedimentation Time	3,0 hr
Effective Depth	4.0 m
Overflow Loadign of Weir	less than 250 m ³ /m/day
Reduction Efficiency	BOD : 30% SS : 35%
Influent Water Quality	BOD : 150 mg/l SS : 150 mg/l
Effluent Water Quality	BOD : 105 mg/l SS : 97.5 mg/l

2) Proposed Sedimentation Basin

Sedimentation Basin ϕ 15.0 m x 2 units

Surface Area 353 m²

(3) Storm Water Sedimentation Basin

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (Wet hourly max. – dry daily max.)	31,700 m ³ /day (42,600 – 10,900)
Surface Loading	70 m ³ /m ² day
Sedimentation Time	0.5 hr
Effective Depth	3.0 m
Overflow Loading of Weir	less than 250 m ³ /m/day

- 2) Proposed Storm water Sedimentation Basin
 Sedimentation Basin ϕ 14.0 m x 3 units
 Surface Area 462 m²

(4) Aeration Tank

Based on the discussion with PWD of the emergency condition, generator will not be installed at the treatment plant from the economical view point. Hence, the diffused air aeration system is not proposed because of the easiness of diffuser clogging by the floccule while power failure. The mechanical aerator is proposed for this project.

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (daily max.)	10,900 m ³ /day
Aeration Time	6 hr
BOD-SS Loading	0.35 kg-BOD/kg-SS/day
Return sludge Ratio	25%
Return Sludge Solid Concentration	7,000 mg/l
BOD Volumetric Loading	0.3 -- 0.8 kg/m ³ /day
Sludge Age	2 - 4 days

- 2) Proposed Aeration Tank
 Aeration Tank 12 m (w) x 36 m (l) x 3 m (d) x 2 units
 Aerator 11 kw x 3 units

(5) Secondary Sedimentation Basin

1) Design Condition

Design Flow (daily max.)	10,900 m ³ /day
Surface Loading	25 m ³ /m ² day
Sedimentation Time	2.5 hr
Overflow Loading of Weir	less than 150 m ³ /m/day

- 2) Proposed Secondary Sedimentation Basin
 Sedimentation Basin ϕ 17.0 m x 2.5 m (d) x 2 units
 Surface Area 454 m²

(6) Disinfection Tank

Calcium hypochlorite is proposed to use the disinfection of treated water.

1) Design Condition

	Dry Weather Flow	Wet Weather Flow
Disin Flow	10,900 m ³ /day	42,600 m ³ /dya
Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	8 min.	8 min.

- 2) Proposed Disinfection Tank
 Tank Size 2 m (w) x 60 m (l) x 1.5 m (d) x 3 units

Sludge Treatment

(1) Gravity Thickener

1) Design Condition

From the Mass Balance calculation in Fig. 7.###, design condition is shown below.

Primary Raw Sludge Density	2%
Excess Sludge Density	0.7%
Design Sludge Density	1.04%
Design Sludge Volume	193 m ³ /d. 1.85 t/d
Thickened Sludge Density	3%
Solid Mass Loading	60 – 90 kg/m ² /day
Effective Depth	4 m
Efficiency of Thickener	80 %

2) Proposed Gravity Thickener

Gravity Thickener ϕ 6 m x 4 m (d) x 1 unit (for 2001)
Thickening Time 14.1 hr

(2) Anaerobic Digestion Tank

1) Design Condition

Thickened Sludge Organic Material Ratio	60%
Digestion Ratio	50%
Efficiency of Digestion Tank	90%
Effective Depth	more than 4 m
Digestion Time	1st Tank 20 days 2nd Tank 10 days

2) Proposed Anaerobic Digestion Tank

1st Digestion Tank ϕ 12 m x 5 m(d) x 2 units
 987 m³ 22.9 days
2nd Digestion Tank ϕ 8.5 m x 5 m(d) x 2 units
 493 m³ 11.5 days

(3) Centrifugal Dewatering

1) Dewatering Condition

Operation Hour	6 days a week, 6 hours a day
Digested Sludge Volume	36 m ³ /day, 1.09 t/day
Digested Sludge Density	3%
Efficiency of Centrifugal Dewatering	95%
Dewatered Sludge Moisture Content	79%
Chemical Dosing Ratio	1.1%

2) Proposed Centrifugal Dewatering

Capacity : 7 m³/hr x 1 unit
Dewatered Sludge 4 m³/day, 1.04 t/day (Moisture content = 79%)

Design Calculation of Bang Bua Thong Wastewater Treatment Plant
for MASTER PLAN

(1) Design Discharge

		m3/day	m3/min.	m3/sec.
Daily Average	(Qda)	19,700	13.7	0.228
Daily Maximum in Dry Weather	(Qdmd)	23,600	16.4	0.273
Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather	(Qhmd)	30,700	21.3	0.355
Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather	(Qhmw)	92,100	64.0	1.066

	Influent	Effluent
BOD (mg/l)	150	20
SS (mg/l)	150	30

(2) Design Calculation

1) Grit Chamber

(Dry Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{hmd} &= 30,700 \text{ m}^3/\text{day} \\ &= 0.355 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec.} \end{aligned}$$

Design Condition

Surface Loading

Average Velocity

Retention Time

$$\begin{aligned} L_s &= 1,800 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day} \\ V_a &= 0.3 \text{ m}/\text{sec.} \\ R_s &= 60 \text{ sec.} \end{aligned}$$

Size

Required Surface Area

Effective Depth

Required Width

$$\begin{aligned} A &= Q_{hmd} / L_s = 17.06 \text{ m}^2 \\ H_e &= 0.4 \text{ m} \\ B_e &= 2.0 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Size of Structure

Width

Length

Depth

Numbers

$$\begin{aligned} B &= 1.0 \text{ m} \\ L &= A / B_e = 8.53 \text{ m} \\ H &= 0.4 \text{ m} \\ n &= 2 \text{ units} \end{aligned}$$

Verification

Surface Loading

Average Velocity

Retention Time

Volume of Grit

$$\begin{aligned} L_s &= Q_{hmd} / B / L / n = 1,706 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day} \\ V_a &= Q_{hmd} / B / H_e = 0.444 \text{ m}/\text{sec.} \\ R_t &= L / V_a = 20.3 \text{ sec.} \end{aligned}$$

Screenings

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{hmd} * 0.00001 * 1.8 \text{ t}/\text{m}^3 &= 0.55 \text{ t}/\text{day} \\ Q_{hmd} * 0.00001 &= 0.31 \text{ m}^3/\text{day} \end{aligned}$$

(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate

= Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather $Q_{hmw} - Q_{dmd} = 61,400 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$
 -Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather = $0.711 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec.}$

Design Condition

Surface Loading $L_s = 3,600 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$
 Average Velocity $V_a = 0.6 \text{ m}/\text{sec.}$
 Retention Time $R_s = 30 \text{ sec.}$

Size

Required Surface Area $A = Q_{hmw}/L_s = 17.06 \text{ m}^2$
 Effective Depth $H_e = 0.4 \text{ m}$
 Required Width $B_e = 2.8 \text{ m}$

Size of Structure

Width $B = 1.4 = 1.4 \text{ m}$
 Length $L = A/B_e = 6.09 = 9.0 \text{ m}$
 Depth $H = 0.4 = 0.4 \text{ m}$
 Numbers $n = 2 = 2 \text{ units}$

Verification

Surface Loading $L_s = Q_{hmw}/B/L/n = 2,437 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$
 Average Velocity $V_a = Q_{hmw}/B/H_e = 0.635 \text{ m}/\text{sec.}$
 Retention Time $R_t = L/V_a = 14.2 \text{ sec.}$
 Volume of Grit

$Q_{hmw} * 0.00001 * 1.8 \text{ t}/\text{m}^3 = 1.11 \text{ t}/\text{day}$
 $Q_{hmw} * 0.00001 = 0.61 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

Screenings

2) Inflow Pump

(Inflow Pump for Wastewater)

Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather $Q_{hmd} = 21.30 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$

4.93 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps	=	9.86 m ³ /min.
(Dia. = 250 mm,				V = 1.68 m/s)
11.44 m ³ /min.	x	1 pumps	=	11.44 m ³ /min.
(Dia. = 350 mm,				V = 1.99 m/s)
Total				21.30 m ³ /min.

(Inflow Pump for Storm Water)

Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather $Q_{hmw} = 64.00 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$

4.93 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps	=	9.86 m ³ /min.
(Dia. = 250 mm,				V = 1.68 m/s)
11.44 m ³ /min.	x	1 pumps	=	11.44 m ³ /min.
(Dia. = 350 mm,				V = 1.99 m/s)
21.35 m ³ /min.	x	2 pumps	=	42.70 m ³ /min.
(Dia. = 450 mm,				V = 2.25 m/s)
Total				64.00 m ³ /min.

3) Primary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather

Qdmd= 30,700 m³/day
 = 1,279 m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading

Ls= 35 m³/m²/day

Settling Time

Ts= 3.0 hr

Effective Depth

He= 4.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area

An=Qdmd/Ls= 877 m²

Required Tank Volume

V=Qdmd*Ts= 3,838 m³

Size of Structure

Diameter

D= 16.7 = 15.0 m

Depth

H= 4.0 = 4.0 m

Numbers

n= 4 = 4 units

Volume of Tank

V= 2,826 m³

Surface Area

As= 707 m²

Verification

Surface Loading

Ls= 43.5 m³/m²/day

Settling Time

Ts= 2.2 hr

Wier Loading

Lw= 163 m³/m/day

4) Stormwater Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

= Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather

Qh_{mw}-Qdmd= 68,500 m³/day

-Daily Maximum in Dry Weather

= 2,854 m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading

Ls= 70 m³/m²/day

Settling Time

Ts= 0.5 hr

Effective Depth

He= 3.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area

An=Qd_{mw}/Ls= 979 m²

Required Tank Volume

Lw=Qd_{mw}*Ts= 1,427 m³

Size of Structure

Diameter

D= 14.4 = 14.0 m

Depth

H= 3.0 = 3.0 m

Numbers

n= 6 = 6 units

Volume of Tank

V= 2,769 m³

Surface Area

As= 923 m²

Verification

Surface Loading

Ls= 74.2 m³/m²/day

Settling Time

Ts= 1.0 hr

Wier Loading

Lw= 260 m³/m/day

5) Aeration Tank

Design Wastewater Quality

Ci (BOD) : 105 mg/l
 Ci (SS) : 98 mg/l

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 23,600 m3/day

Design Condition

Aeration Time Ta= 6.0 hr
 BOD - SS Loading Ls= 0.35 kg/kg/day
 Return Sludge Ratio Rs= 25.0 %
 Return Sludge Solid Concentration Cr= 7,000 mg/l

Size

MLSS $(Ci(SS) + Cr * Rs / 100) / (1 + Rs / 100) =$ 1,478 mg/l
 Required Tank Volume $V = Qdmd * Ci(BOD) / (BOD-SS Loading) * MLSS =$ 4,790 m3

Size of Structure

Width B= 12.0 = 12.0 m
 Length $L' = Vn / H / n =$ 33.3 = 36.0 m
 Depth H= 3.0 = 3.0 m
 Numbers n= 4 = 4 units

Verification

Cross Section $A = B * H - 0.3^2 =$ 35.91 m2
 Volume $V = A * L' * n =$ 5,171 m3
 BOD - SS Loading $Ls = Qdmd * Ci / V / MLSS =$ 0.32 kg/kg/day
 Aeration Time $Ta = V / Qdmd * 24 =$ 5.26 hr
 BOD Volumetric Load $Lv = Qdmd * Ci(BOD) / V / 1,000 =$ 0.48 kg/m3/day
 Sludge Age $Sa = MLSS * V / Qdmd / Ci(SS) =$ 3.32 days

6) Secondary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 23,600 m3/day
 = 983 m3/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading Ls= 25 m3/m2/day
 Settling Time Ts= 2.5 hr
 Effective Depth He= 2.5 m

Size

Required Surface Area $A = Qdmd / Ls =$ 944 m2
 Required Tank Volume $Lw = Qdmd * Ts =$ 2,458 m3

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 17.7 = 17.0 m
 Depth H= 2.5 = 2.5 m
 Numbers n= 4 = 4 units

Volume of Tank	V=	2,269 m ³
Surface Area	As=	907 m ²

Verification

Surface Loading	Ls=	26.0 m ³ /m ² /day
Settling Time	Ts=	2.3 hr
Wier Loading	Lw=	111 m ³ /m/day

7) Disinfection Tank
(Dry Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather	Qdmd=	23,600 m ³ /day
	=	983 m ³ /hr
	=	16.4 m ³ /min.

Design Condition

Contact Time of Disinfection Tank (Contact time of Discharge Pipe is 7 min.)	Tc=	8 min.
Required Volume=		131 m ³

Size of Structure

Width	B=	2.0	-	2.0 m
Length	L=	14.6	=	60.0 m
Depth	H=	1.5	=	1.5 m
Numbers	n=	3	=	3 units

Verification

Volume of Tank	V=	540 m ³
Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	Tc=	32.9 min.

(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather	Qhwm=	92,100 m ³ /day
	=	3,838 m ³ /hr
	=	64.0 m ³ /min.

Design Condition

Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	Tc=	8 min.
Required Volume=		512 m ³

Size of Structure

Width	B=	2.0	-	2.0 m
Length	L=	56.9	=	60.0 m
Depth	H=	1.5	=	1.5 m
Numbers	n=	3	=	3 units

Verification

Volume of Tank	V=	540 m ³
Contact Time	Tc=	8.4 min.

8) Gravity Thickener

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 23,600 m3/day

Row Sludge

83 m3/day
(1.66 t-DS/day)

Excess Sludge

336 m3/day
(2.35 t-DS/day)

Total of Sludge Volume : Dv1= 419 m3/day
(Ds1= 4.01 t-DS/day)

Design Condition

Type : Gravity Thickener

Solids Loading LDs1= 60 to 90 kg/m2 day

Required Surface Area

A=Ds1/LDs1= 44.6 to 66.8 m2

Thickening Time

Tt= 12 hr

Required Volume

V=Dv1*Tt= 209.5 m3

Effective Depth

He= 4.0 m

(Required Surface Area = V/He = 52.4 m2)

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 5.8 = 6.0 m
Depth H= 4.0 = 4.0 m
Numbers n= 2 = 2 units

Effective Volume

V= 226.4 m3

Effective Surface Area

A= 56.6 m2

Verification

Solids Loading LDs1'= 70.8 kg/m2 day

Thickening Time Tt'= 13.0 hr

Volume of Effluent

Efficiency of Thickener Et= 80 %

Solids Content Ds1'=Ds1*Et= 3.21 t-DS/day

Moisture Content Dw= 97 %

Effluent Volume

Dv1'=Ds1'*100/(100-Dw)= 107 m3/day

Thickened Sludge

Solids Content Dst=Ds1-Ds1'= 0.80 t-DS/day

Moisture Content Dw= 0.26 %

Volume of Thickened Sludge Dvt=Dv1-Dv1'= 312 m3/day

9) Digester

Design Sludge Volume Dv2=Dv1'= 107 m3/day

Moisture Content Dw= 97 %

Solids Content Ds2=Ds1'= 3.21 t-DS/day

Primary Digester

V1= Dv2 * 20 days = 2,139 m3

Size of Primary Digester

Diameter D= 11.7 = 12.0 m

Depth He= 5.0 = 5.0 m

Numbers $n=$ 4 = 4 units

Verification
 Digestion Time $Td=$ 21.2 days

Secondary Digester $V2= Dv2 * 10 \text{ days} =$ 1,069 m³

Size of Secondary Digester
 Diameter $D=$ 8.3 = 8.5 m
 Depth $He=$ 5.0 = 5.0 m
 Numbers $n=$ 4 = 4 units

Verification
 Digestion Time $Td=$ 10.6 days

Volume of Effluent
 Organic Matter Content $Co=$ 60 %
 Digestion Ratio $Rd=$ 50 %
 Efficiency of Digestion Tank $De=$ 90 %
 Digestion Gas $Vg=$ 0.59 t-DS/day
 Solids Content $Ds2' = (Ds2 - Vg) * De =$ 2.36 t-DS/day

Moisture Content $Dw=$ 97 %
 Effluent Volume $Dv2' = Ds2' * 100 / (100 - Dw) =$ 79 m³/day

Digested Sludge
 Solids Content $Dsd = Ds2 - Ds2' - Vg =$ 0.26 t-DS/day
 Moisture Content $Dw=$ 0.92 %
 Volume of Digested Sludge $Dvd =$ 28 m³/day

10) Dewatering

Type : Centrifuge
 Design Sludge Volume $Dv3 = Dv2' =$ 79 m³/day
 Operation Day in A Week $Td=$ 6 days
 Operation Hour in A Day $Tt=$ 6 hours
 Dewatered Sludge Volume $Dvd = Dv3 * 7 \text{ days} / 6 \text{ days} =$ 92 m³/day

Required Capacity of Dewatering Machine

Capacity	Number	Total
4 m ³ /hr.x	2	= 8 m ³ /hr.
7 m ³ /hr.x	1	= 7 m ³ /hr.
		$Vr =$ 15 m ³ /hr.

Operation Time $Tt = Dvd / Vr =$ 6.1 hr.

Design Calculation fo Bang Bua Thong Wastewater Treatment Plant
for PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING DESIGN

(1) Design Discharge

		m3/day	m3/min.	m3/sec.
Daily Average	(Qda)	9,100	6.32	0.105
Daily Maximum in Dry Weather	(Qdmd)	11,000	7.64	0.127
Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather	(Qhmd)	14,300	9.93	0.166
Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather	(Qhmw)	42,900	29.79	0.497

	Influent	Effluent
BOD (mg/l)	150	20
SS (mg/l)	150	30

(2) Design Calculation

1) Grit Chamber

(Dry Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather Qhmd= 14,300 m3/day
= 0.166 m3/sec.

Design Condition

Surface Loading Ls= 1,800 m3/m2/day
Average Velocity Va= 0.3 m/sec.
Retention Time Rs= 60 sec.

Size

Required Surface Area A=Qhmd/Ls= 7.94 m2
Effective Depth He= 0.4 m
Required Width Be= 1.0 m

Size of Structure

Width B= 1.0 = 1.0 m
Length L=A/Be= 7.94 = 9.0 m
Depth H= 0.4 = 0.4 m
Numbers n= 1 = 1 units

Verification

Surface Loading Ls=Qhmd/B/L/n= 1,589 m3/m2/day
Average Velocity Va=Qhmd/B/He= 0.414 m/sec.
Retention Time Rt=L/Va= 21.8 sec.

Volume of Grit

Screenings Qhmd*0.00001*1.8 t/m3= 0.26 t/day
Qhmd*0.00001= 0.14 m3/day

(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate

= Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather $Q_{hmw} - Q_{dmd} = 28,400 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$
 -Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather = $0.329 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec.}$

Design Condition

Surface Loading $L_s = 3,600 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$
 Average Velocity $V_a = 0.6 \text{ m}/\text{sec.}$
 Retention Time $R_s = 30 \text{ sec.}$

Size

Required Surface Area $A = Q_{hmw}/L_s = 7.89 \text{ m}^2$
 Effective Depth $H_e = 0.4 \text{ m}$
 Required Width $B_e = 1.4 \text{ m}$

Size of Structure

Width $B = 1.4 = 1.4 \text{ m}$
 Length $L = A/B_e = 5.63 = 9.0 \text{ m}$
 Depth $H = 0.4 = 0.4 \text{ m}$
 Numbers $n = 1 = 1 \text{ units}$

Verification

Surface Loading $L_s = Q_{hmw}/B/L/n = 2,254 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$
 Average Velocity $V_a = Q_{hmw}/B/H_e = 0.587 \text{ m}/\text{sec.}$
 Retention Time $R_t = L/V_a = 15.3 \text{ sec.}$

Volume of Grit

$Q_{hmw} * 0.00001 * 1.8 \text{ t}/\text{m}^3 = 0.51 \text{ t}/\text{day}$

Screenings

$Q_{hmw} * 0.00001 = 0.28 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$

2) Inflow Pump

(Inflow Pump for Wastewater)

Hourly Maximum in Dry Weather $Q_{hmd} = 9.86 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$

$4.93 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.} \times 2 \text{ pumps} = 9.86 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$
 (Dia. = 250 mm, $V = 1.68 \text{ m}/\text{s}$)

(Inflow Pump for Storm Water)

Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather $Q_{hmw} = 29.58 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$

$4.93 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.} \times$	$2 \text{ pumps} =$	$9.86 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$
(Dia. = 250 mm,	$V =$	$1.68 \text{ m}/\text{s}$)
$19.72 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.} \times$	$1 \text{ pumps} =$	$19.72 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$
(Dia. = 450 mm,	$V =$	$2.08 \text{ m}/\text{s}$)
Total		$29.58 \text{ m}^3/\text{min.}$

3) Primary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather

Qhmd= 10,900 m³/day
= 454 m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading
Settling Time
Effective Depth

Ls= 35 m³/m²/day
Ts= 3.0 hr
He= 4.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area
Required Tank Volume

An=Qdmd/Ls= 311 m²
V=Qdmd*Ts= 1,363 m³

Size of Structure

Diameter
Depth
Numbers

D= 14.1 = 15.0 m
H= 4.0 = 4.0 m
n= 2 = 2 units

Volume of Tank
Surface Area

V= 1,413 m³
As= 353 m²

Verification

Surface Loading
Settling Time
Wier Loading

Ls= 30.9 m³/m²/day
Ts= 3.1 hr
Lw= 116 m³/m/day

4) Stormwater Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

= Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather
- Daily Maximum in Dry Weather

Qh_{mw}-Qdmd= 31,700 m³/day
= 1,321 m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading
Settling Time
Effective Depth

Ls= 70 m³/m²/day
Ts= 0.5 hr
He= 3.0 m

Size

Required Surface Area
Required Tank Volume

An=Qdmw/Ls= 453 m²
Lw=Qdmw*Ts= 660 m³

Size of Structure

Diameter
Depth
Numbers

D= 13.9 = 14.0 m
H= 3.0 = 3.0 m
n= 3 = 3 units

Volume of Tank
Surface Area

V= 1,385 m³
As= 462 m²

Verification

Surface Loading
Settling Time
Wier Loading

Ls= 68.7 m³/m²/day
Ts= 1.0 hr
Lw= 240 m³/m/day

5) Aeration Tank

Design Wastewater Quality

C_i (BOD) : 105 mg/l
 C_i (SS) : 98 mg/l

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Q_{dmd}= 10,900 m³/day

Design Condition

Aeration Time T_a= 6.0 hr
 BOD - SS Loading L_s= 0.35 kg/kg/day
 Return Sludge Ratio R_s= 25.0 %
 Return Sludge Solid Concentration C_r= 7,000 mg/l

Size

MLSS
 $(C_i(SS) + C_r * R_s / 100) / (1 + R_s / 100) = 1,478 \text{ mg/l}$
 Required Tank Volume
 $V = Q_{dmd} * C_i(BOD) / (BOD-SS \text{ Loading}) * MLSS = 2,212 \text{ m}^3$

Size of Structure

Width B= 12.0 = 12.0 m
 Length L' = Vn/H/n = 30.7 = 36.0 m
 Depth H= 3.0 = 3.0 m
 Numbers n= 2 = 2 units

Verification

Cross Section A = B * H - 0.3^2 = 35.91 m²
 Volume V = A * L' * n = 2,586 m³
 BOD - SS Loading L_s = Q_{dmd} * C_i / V / MLSS = 0.30 kg/kg/day
 Aeration Time T_a = V / Q_{dmd} * 24 = 5.69 hr
 BOD Volumetric Load L_v = Q_{dmd} * C_i (BOD) / V / 1,000 = 0.44 kg/m³/day
 Sludge Age S_a = MLSS * V / Q_{dmd} / C_i (SS) = 3.60 days

6) Secondary Sedimentation Tank

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Q_{dmd}= 10,900 m³/day
 = 454 m³/hr

Design Condition

Surface Loading L_s= 25 m³/m²/day
 Settling Time T_s= 2.5 hr
 Effective Depth H_e= 2.5 m

Size

Required Surface Area A = Q_{dmd} / L_s = 436 m²
 Required Tank Volume L_w = Q_{dmd} * T_s = 1,135 m³

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 17.0 = 17.0 m
 Depth H= 2.5 = 2.5 m
 Numbers n= 2 = 2 units

Volume of Tank	V=	1,134 m ³
Surface Area	As=	454 m ²

Verification

Surface Loading	Is=	24.0 m ³ /m ² /day
Settling Time	Ts=	2.5 hr
Wier Loading	Lw=	102 m ³ /m/day

7) Disinfection Tank
(Dry Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather	Qdmd=	10,900 m ³ /day
	=	454 m ³ /hr
	=	7.6 m ³ /min.

Design Condition

Contact Time	Tc=	8 min.
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(Contact time of Discharge Pipe is 7 min.)

Required Volume=	61 m ³
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Size of Structure

Width	B=	2.0	=	2.0 m
Length	L=	6.7	=	60.0 m
Depth	H=	1.5	=	1.5 m
Numbers	n=	3	=	3 units

Verification

Volume of Tank	V=	540 m ³
Contact Time of Disinfection Tank	Tc=	71.3 min.

(Wet Weather)

Design Flow Rate

Hourly Maximum in Wet Weather	Qhww=	42,600 m ³ /day
	=	1,775 m ³ /hr
	=	29.6 m ³ /min.

Design Condition

Contact Time	Tc=	8 min.
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Required Volume=	237 m ³
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Size of Structure

Width	B=	2.0	=	2.0 m
Length	L=	26.3	=	60.0 m
Depth	H=	1.5	=	1.5 m
Numbers	n=	3	=	3 units

Verification

Volume of Tank	V=	540 m ³
Contact Time	Tc=	18.3 min.

8) Gravity Thickener

Design Flow Rate

Daily Maximum in Dry Weather Qdmd= 10,900 m3/day

Row Sludge 38 m3/day
 (0.77 t-DS/day)
 Excess Sludge 155 m3/day
 (1.08 t-DS/day)
 Total of Sludge Volume : Dv1= 193 m3/day
 (Ds1= 1.85 t-DS/day)

Design Condition

Type : Gravity Thickener

Solids Loading LDs1= 60 to 90 kg/m2 day

Required Surface Area A=Ds1/LDs1= 20.6 to 30.8 m2

Thickening Time Tt= 12 hr

Required Volume V=Dv1*Tt= 96.5 m3

Effective Depth He= 4.0 m

(Required Surface Area = V/He = 24.1 m2)

Size of Structure

Diameter D= 5.5 = 6.0 m
 Depth H= 4.0 = 4.0 m
 Numbers n= 1 = 1 units

Effective Volume V= 113.2 m3

Effective Surface Area A= 28.3 m2

Verification

Solids Loading LDs1'= 65.4 kg/m2 day

Thickening Time Tt'= 14.1 hr

Volume of Effluent

Efficiency of Thickener Et= 80 %

Solids Content Ds1'=Ds1*Et= 1.48 t-DS/day

Moisture Content Dw= 97 %

Effluent Volume Dv1'=Ds1'*100/(100-Dw)= 49 m3/day

Thickened Sludge

Solids Content Dst=Ds1-Ds1'= 0.37 t-DS/day

Moisture Content Dw= 0.26 %

Volume of Thickened Sludge Dvt=Dv1-Dv1'= 144 m3/day

9) Digester

Design Sludge Volume Dv2=Dv1'= 49 m3/day

Moisture Content Dw= 97 %

Solids Content Ds2=Ds1'= 1.48 t-DS/day

Primary Digester

V1= Dv2 * 20 days = 987 m3

Size of Primary Digester

Diameter D= 11.2 = 12.0 m

Depth He= 5.0 = 5.0 m

Numbers	n=	2	=	2 units
Verification				
Digestion Time	Td=	22.9 days		
Secondary Digester	$V2 = Dv2 * 10 \text{ days} =$	493 m ³		
Size of Secondary Digester				
Diameter	D=	7.9	=	8.5 m
Depth	He=	5.0	=	5.0 m
Numbers	n=	2	=	2 units
Verification				
Digestion Time	Td=	11.5 days		
Volume of Effluent				
Organic Matter Content	Co=	60 %		
Digestion Ratio	Rd=	50 %		
Efficiency of Digestion Tank	De=	90 %		
Digestion Gas	Vg=	0.27 t-DS/day		
Solids Content	$Ds2' = (Ds2 - Vg) * De =$	1.09 t-DS/day		
Moisture Content	Dw=	97 %		
Effluent Volume	$Dv2' = Ds2' * 100 / (100 - Dw) =$	36 m ³ /day		
Digested Sludge				
Solids Content	$Dsd = Ds2 - Ds2' - Vg =$	0.12 t-DS/day		
Moisture Content	Dw=	0.93 %		
Volume of Digested Sludge	Dvd=	13 m ³ /day		

10) Dewatering

Type	: Centrifuge			
Design Sludge Volume	$Dv3 = Dv2' =$	36 m ³ /day		
Operation Day in A Week	Td=	6 days		
Operation Hour in A Day	Tt=	6 hours		
Dewatered Sludge Volume	$Dvd = Dv3 * 7 \text{ days} / 6 \text{ days} =$	42 m ³ /day		
Required Capacity of Dewatering Machine				
	Capacity	Number	Total	
	4 m ³ /hr.x	2	=	8 m ³ /hr.
			Vr =	8 m ³ /hr.
Operation Time	Tt=Dvd/Vr=	5.3 hr.		

Calculation for Mechanical Surface Aerator of Bang Bua Thong Wastewater Treatment Plant
for Mater Plan

1. Design Condition

a. Design Flow

Daily Average : Qa 19,700 m³/day
 Daily Maximum : Qm 23,600 m³/day

b. Influent Quality (BOD) : Qb 105 mg/l

c. BOD Removal Efficiency : ε 81 %

d. Temperature : T 25 °C

2. Influent BOD : Bw kg/day

$$Bw = \gamma \cdot Qb \cdot Qa \cdot 10^{-3}$$

γ = Load Factor = Daily Maximum(Qm) / Daily Average(Qa)

$$Bw = 2,482 \text{ kg/day}$$

3. Excluded BOD : Br kg/day

$$Br = Bw \cdot \epsilon \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$Br = 2,010 \text{ kg/day}$$

4. Supplied Oxygen in Operation : Na kgO₂ / hr

$$Na = Br \cdot \eta / 24$$

η = Required Oxygen for Exclusion of Unit BOD kg = 0.8

$$Na = 67 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{hr}$$

5. Oxygen Transfer in Standard Condition : N kgO₂ / hr

$$N = Na / \alpha \{ (C_{sw} - C_l) / C_s \} (1.024)^{(T-20)}$$

α : Oxygen Transfer into Wastewater / Oxygen Transfer into Pure Water = 0.8

$$C_{sw} = \beta \cdot C_{ss} = 7.542 \text{ mg/l}$$

β : Oxygen Saturation in Wastewater / Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water = 0.9

C_{ss} : Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in T °C = 8.38 mg/l

C_l : Dissolved Oxygen = 2.0 mg/l

C_s : Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in Standard Condition = 9.17 mg/l

T : 25 °C

$$(1.024)^{(T-20)} : 1.126$$

$$N = 156 \text{ kgO}_2 / \text{hr}$$

6. Supplied Oxygen per Motor Power of Aerator : Ns kgO₂ / kw / hr

5 ~ 20 HP : 1.9 kgO₂ / kw / hr

25 ~ 50 HP : 1.8 kgO₂ / kw / hr

60 ~ 150 HP : 1.7 kgO₂ / kw / hr

7. Required Power of Aerator : HP

$$HP = N / (Ns \cdot E_f \cdot N_0 \cdot 0.7457)$$

E_f = Gear Reuction Factor : 5 ~ 20 HP : $E_f = 97.5 \%$

: 25 ~ 150 HP : $E_f = 96.7 \%$

N_0 = Number of Aerator

$$HP = 112.9 \text{ kw} = 28.2 \text{ kw/basin}$$

11	kw	x	3	units	=	33	kw
			3	units/basin		33	kw/basin

Calculation for Mechanical Surface Aerator of Bang Bua Thong Wastewater Treatment Plant
for Preliminary Engineering Design

1. Design Condition

a. Design Flow

Daily Average	: Qa	9,030 m ³ /day
Daily Maximum	: Qm	10,900 m ³ /day
b. Influent Quality (BOD)	: Qb	105 mg/l
c. BOD Removal Efficiency	: ε	81 %
d. Temperature	: T	25 °C

2. Influent BOD : Bw kg/day

$$Bw = \gamma \cdot Qb \cdot Qa \cdot 10^{-(3)}$$

$$\gamma = \text{Load Factor} = \text{Daily Maximum}(Qm) / \text{Daily Average}(Qa)$$

$$Bw = 1,138 \text{ kg/day}$$

3. Excluded BOD : Br kg/day

$$Br = Bw \cdot \epsilon \cdot 10^{-(2)}$$

$$Br = 922 \text{ kg/day}$$

4. Supplied Oxygen in Operation : Na kgO₂/hr

$$Na = Br \cdot \eta / 24$$

$$\eta = \text{Required Oxygen for Exclusion of Unit BOD kg} = 0.8$$

$$Na = 30.7 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{hr}$$

5. Oxygen Transfer in Standard Condition : N kgO₂/hr

$$N = Na / \alpha \{ (C_{sw} - C_l) / C_s \} (1.024)^{(T-20)}$$

$$\alpha : \text{Oxygen Transfer into Wastewater / Oxygen Transfer into Pure Water} = 0.8$$

$$C_{sw} = \beta \cdot C_{ss} = 7.542 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$\beta : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Wastewater / Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water} = 0.9$$

$$C_{ss} : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in } T \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} = 8.38 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$C_l : \text{Dissolved Oxygen} = 2.0 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$C_s : \text{Oxygen Saturation in Pure Water in Standard Condition} = 9.17 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$T : 25^\circ\text{C}$$

$$(1.024)^{(T-20)} : 1.126$$

$$N = 71.5 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{hr}$$

6. Supplied Oxygen per Motor Power of Aerator : Ns kgO₂/kw/hr

$$5 \sim 20 \text{ HP} : 1.9 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{kw/hr}$$

$$25 \sim 50 \text{ HP} : 1.8 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{kw/hr}$$

$$60 \sim 150 \text{ HP} : 1.7 \text{ kgO}_2/\text{kw/hr}$$

7. Required Power of Aerator : HP

$$HP = N / (Ns \cdot E_f \cdot N_0 \cdot 0.7457)$$

$$E_f = \text{Gear Reaction Factor} : 5 \sim 20 \text{ HP} : E_f = 97.5 \%$$

$$: 25 \sim 150 \text{ HP} : E_f = 96.7 \%$$

$$N_0 = \text{Number of Aerator}$$

$$HP = 51.8 \text{ kw} = 25.9 \text{ kw/basin}$$

11	kw	x	3	units	=	33	kw
			3	units/basin		33	kw/basin

Hydraulic Calculation of Bang Bua Thong Treatment Plant

1. Design Condition

1) Design Wastewater Quantity

Preliminary Design	(m ³ /day)	(m ³ /min)	(m ³ /sec)
Daily Average (Qdap)	9,030	6.27	0.105
Daily Max. (Qdmp)	10,900	7.57	0.126
Hourly Max. (dry) (Qhmdp)	14,200	9.86	0.164
Hourly Max. (wet) (Qhmwp)	42,600	29.58	0.493
Master Plan	(m ³ /day)	(m ³ /min)	(m ³ /sec)
Daily Average (Qdam)	19,700	13.68	0.228
Daily Max. (Qdmm)	23,600	16.39	0.273
Hourly Max. (dry) (Qhmdm)	30,700	21.32	0.355
Hourly Max. (wet) (Qhmwm)	92,100	63.96	1.066

2) Unit and Capacity of Treatment Facility

Unit of each treatment facility is as follows.

	Unit	
	Preliminary Design	Master Plan
Primary Sedimentation Tank	2	4
Aeration Tank	2	4
Final Sedimentation Tank	2	4
Disinfection Tank	1	1
Gravity Thickener	1	2
Digestion Tank (1st)	2	4
Digestion Tank (2nd)	2	4
Dewatering	1	1

3) Inlet Pipe

Pipe Diameter	1,200 mm
Gradient	0.1 %
Invert Elevation of Inlet Pipe	MSL - 3.5 m

4) Design Grand Elevation MSL + 2.3 m

5) Discharge

Discharge Point	Khlong Ban Kluai
HWL	MSL + 0.71
Discharge Pipe Diameter	1,200 mm
Length	260 m

6) Formula for Hydraulic Calculation

Manning's Formula $n = 0.013$

2. Hydraulic Calculation

1). Water Level of Disinfection Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 1)

Design Water	$Q_{hmwm} = 92,100 \text{ m}^3/\text{day} = 1.066 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
Velocity	$V = 1.066 / (1.2^2 \times \pi / 4) = 0.942 \text{ m}/\text{sec}$
Hydraulic Gradient	$i = 0.08 \%$
Friction Loss	$l = 0.08 \% \times 260 \text{ m} = 0.208 \text{ m}$

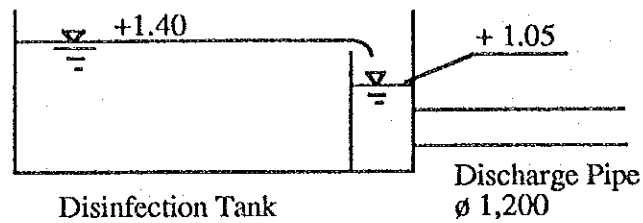
$$WL 1 = + 0.71 + 0.208 = 0.918 \text{ say } \underline{+ 1.05 \text{ m}}$$

2) Water Level of Disinfection Tank (WL 2)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

Width of Weir = 4.0 m

$$h = (Q_{hmwm} / (1.84 \times 4.0))^{2/3} = 0.28 \text{ m}$$



$$WL\ 2 = 1.05 + 0.28 = 1.33 \text{ say } \underline{+1.40\ m}$$

3) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of D.T and F.S.T

Diameter	ø 600 mm
Length	170 m
Design Water	$Q_{dmm} = 0.273\ m^3 / \text{sec}$
Velocity	$v = 0.971\ m / \text{sec}$
Hydraulic Gradient	$i = 0.2\ \%$
Hydraulic Loss	$= 170\ m \times 0.2\ \% = 0.34\ m$

4) Water Level of Final Sedimentation Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 3)

$$WL\ 3 = +1.40 + 0.34 = +1.74\ m \text{ say } \underline{+1.80\ m}$$

5) Water Level of Final Sedimentation Tank (WL 4)

Water Depth of Effluent Triangle Weir

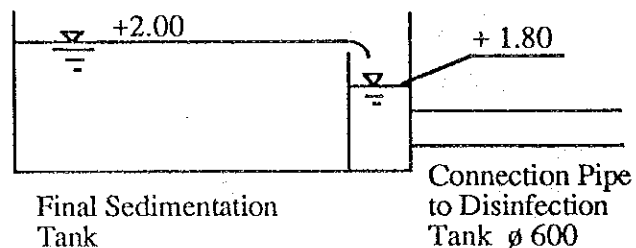
$$\text{Length of Weir} = \phi\ 18.5 \times \pi = 57\ m$$

Design Water per unit weir long

$$q = (Q_{dmm} / 4) / 57 = 0.0012\ m^3 / m / \text{sec}$$

$$h = (q / 1.42)^{(2/5)} = 0.06\ m$$

$$WL\ 4 = +1.80 + 0.06 = +1.86 \text{ say } \underline{+2.00}$$



6) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of F.S.T and aeration Tank

Diameter ϕ 350 mm
 Length 20 m
 Design Water $Q_{dmm} / 4 = 0.273 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec} / 4 = 0.068 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec}$
 Velocity $v = 0.711 \text{ m} / \text{sec}$
 Hydraulic Gradient $i = 0.22 \%$
 Hydraulic Loss = $20 \text{ m} \times 0.22 \% = 0.044 \text{ m}$

7) Water Level of Aeration Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 5)

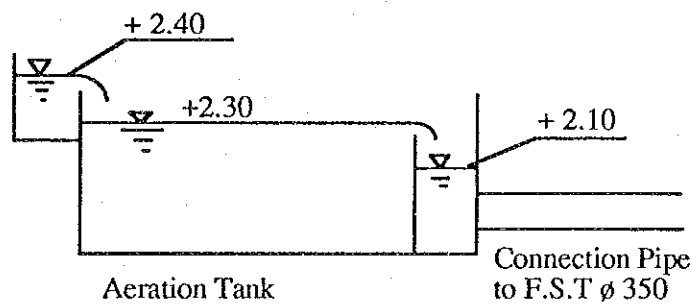
$$\text{WL 5} = + 2.00 + 0.044 = + 2.044 \text{ say } \underline{+ 2.10 \text{ m}}$$

8) Water Level of Aeration Tank (WL 6)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

Width of Weir = 3 m

$$h = (Q_{dmm}/4 / (1.84 \times 3.0))^{(2/3)} = 0.05 \text{ m}$$



$$\text{WL 6} = + 2.10 + 0.05 = + 2.15 \text{ say } \underline{+ 2.30 \text{ m}}$$

9) Water Level of Aeration Tank Influent Chamber (WL 7)

Water Depth of Influent Weir

Width of Weir = 3.0 m

$$h = (Q_{dmm} / 4 / (1.84 \times 3))^{(2/3)} = 0.05 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{WL 7} = + 2.30 + 0.05 = + 2.35 \text{ say } \underline{+ 2.40 \text{ m}}$$

10) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of A.T to P.S T

Diameter ϕ 350 mm

Length 20 m
 Design Water $Q_{dmm} / 4 = 0.273 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec} / 4 = 0.068 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec}$
 Velocity $v = 0.711 \text{ m} / \text{sec}$
 Hydraulic Gradient $i = 0.22 \%$
 Hydraulic Loss = $20 \text{ m} \times 0.22 \% = 0.044 \text{ m}$

11) Water Level of Primary Sedimentation Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 8)

$$\text{WL 8} = +2.40 + 0.044 = +2.44 \text{ say } \underline{+2.50 \text{ m}}$$

12) Water Level of Primary Sedimentation Tank (WL 9)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

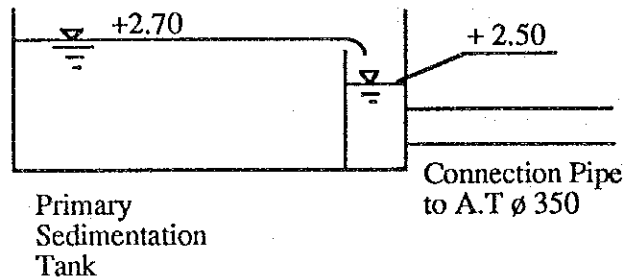
Triangle Weir Width = 47 m

Design Water per unit weir long

$$q = (Q_{dmm} / 4) / 47 = 0.0015 \text{ m}^3 / \text{m} / \text{sec}$$

$$h = (q / 1.42)^{(2/5)} = 0.06 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{WL 9} = +2.50 + 0.06 = +2.56 \text{ say } \underline{+2.70 \text{ m}}$$



13) Hydraulic Loss of Connection Pipe of P.S T to Distribution Tank

Diameter $\phi 350 \text{ mm}$
 Length 20 m
 Design Water $Q_{dmm} / 4 = 0.273 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec} / 4 = 0.068 \text{ m}^3 / \text{sec}$
 Velocity $v = 0.711 \text{ m} / \text{sec}$
 Hydraulic Gradient $i = 0.22 \%$
 Hydraulic Loss = $50 \text{ m} \times 0.22 \% = 0.11 \text{ m}$

14) Water Level of Distribution Tank Effluent Chamber (WL 10)

$$\text{WL 10} = +2.70 + 0.11 = +2.81 \text{ say } \underline{+2.90 \text{ m}}$$

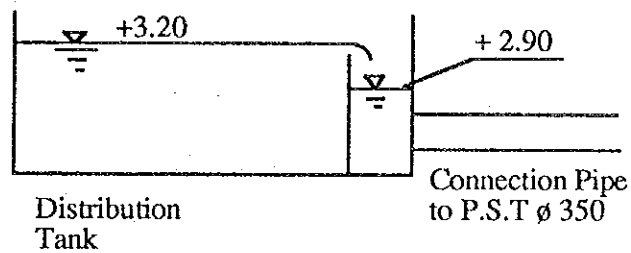
15) Water Level of Distribution Tank (WL 11)

Water Depth of Effluent Weir

Weir Width = 1.0 m

$$h = (Q_{\text{dmm}} / 4 / (1.84 \times 1.0)^{2/3}) = 0.111 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{WL 11} = +2.90 + 0.111 = +3.011 \text{ say } \underline{+3.20 \text{ m}}$$



3.9.1.1 Unit Construction Cost of Wastewater Collection Facilities

Table 3.9.1.1 (1)-1 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	Diameter (mm)									
	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500		
(1) Quantity										
Earth Covering Depth (m)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Outer of Diameter (m)	0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)	1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)	2.00	2.15	2.30	2.44	2.74	3.03	3.31	3.75	3.31	3.75
Sheetpile Length (m)	-	3.23	3.45	3.66	4.11	4.54	4.97	5.63	4.97	5.63
Volume of Pavement (m3)	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)	2.00	2.41	2.85	3.29	4.35	5.51	6.79	9.00	6.79	9.00
Backfill (granular m3)	0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)	0.91	1.07	1.25	1.42	1.85	2.34	2.89	3.86	2.89	3.86
Backfill (selected soil m3)	0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)	1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)	1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)	-	16.15	17.25	18.30	20.55	22.70	24.85	28.15	24.85	28.15
Sheetpile (kg)	-	775.20	828.00	878.40	986.40	1,089.60	1,192.80	1,351.20	1,192.80	1,351.20
Bracing (kg)	-	446	461	477	501	530	558	616	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)										
	Unit Cost									
Excavation (Backhoe)	120.0	144.6	171.0	197.4	261.0	330.6	407.4	540.0	407.4	540.0
Backfill (granular)	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	54.6	64.2	75.0	85.2	111.0	140.4	173.4	231.6	173.4	231.6
Backfill (selected soil)	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2	117.0	154.2
Pavement	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	-	2,480.6	2,649.6	2,810.9	3,156.5	3,486.7	3,817.0	4,323.8	3,817.0	4,323.8
Bracing (kg)	-	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	253.0	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	7.6	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4	19.0	25.4
Total	1,329.9	6,335.7	6,830.2	7,302.2	8,408.3	9,765.0	11,036.6	13,608.6	11,036.6	13,608.6

Table 3.9.1.1 (1)-2 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500
(1) Quantity								
Earth Covering Depth (m)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Outer of Diameter (m)	0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)	1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)	2.50	2.65	2.80	2.94	3.24	3.53	3.81	4.25
Sheetpile Length (m)	3.75	3.98	4.20	4.41	4.86	5.29	5.72	6.38
Volume of Pavement (m3)	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)	2.50	2.97	3.47	3.97	5.15	6.42	7.82	10.20
Backfill (granular m3)	0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)	1.41	1.63	1.87	2.10	2.65	3.25	3.92	5.06
Backfill (selected soil m3)	0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)	1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)	1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)	18.75	19.90	21.00	22.05	24.30	26.45	28.60	31.90
Sheetpile (kg)	900.00	955.20	1,008.00	1,058.40	1,166.40	1,269.60	1,372.80	1,531.20
Bracing (kg)	422	446	461	477	501	530	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)								
	Unit Cost							
Excavation (Backhoe)	150.0	178.2	208.2	238.2	309.0	385.2	469.2	612.0
Backfill (granular)	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	84.6	97.8	112.2	126.0	159.0	195.0	235.2	303.6
Backfill (selected soil)	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2
Pavement	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	3.2	3,056.6	3,225.6	3,386.9	3,732.5	4,062.7	4,393.0	4,899.8
Bracing (kg)	5.1	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	1 ls	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	1 ls	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4
Total	6,422.1	6,978.9	7,480.6	7,959.8	9,080.3	10,450.2	11,736.2	14,328.6

Table 3.9.1.1 (1)-3 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)		300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500
(1) Quantity									
Earth Covering Depth (m)		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Outer of Diameter (m)		0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)		1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)		3.50	3.65	3.80	3.94	4.24	4.53	4.81	5.25
Sheetpile Length (m)		5.25	5.48	5.70	5.91	6.36	6.79	7.22	7.88
Volume of Pavement (m3)		0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)		3.50	4.09	4.71	5.32	6.74	8.24	9.87	12.60
Backfill (granular m3)		0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)		2.41	2.75	3.11	3.45	4.24	5.07	5.97	7.46
Backfill (selected soil m3)		0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)		1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)		1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)		26.25	27.40	28.50	29.55	31.80	33.95	36.10	39.40
Sheetpile (kg)		1,260.00	1,315.20	1,368.00	1,418.40	1,526.40	1,629.60	1,732.80	1,891.20
Bracing (kg)		422	446	461	477	501	530	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)									
	Unit Cost								
Excavation (Backhoe)	60.0	210.0	245.4	282.6	319.2	404.4	494.4	592.2	756.0
Backfill (granular)	300.0	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	60.0	144.6	165.0	186.6	207.0	254.4	304.2	358.2	447.6
Backfill (selected soil)	300.0	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	30.0	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2
Pavement	400.0	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	3.2	4,032.0	4,208.6	4,377.6	4,538.9	4,884.5	5,214.7	5,545.0	6,051.8
Bracing (kg)	5.1	2,152.2	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	1 ls	253.0	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	1 ls	7.6	8.5	9.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4
Total		7,694.1	8,265.3	8,781.4	9,273.8	10,423.1	11,820.6	13,134.2	15,768.6

Table 3.9.1.1 (1)-4 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1500
(1) Quantity								
Earth Covering Depth (m)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Outer of Diameter (m)	0.40	0.52	0.64	0.75	0.99	1.22	1.45	1.80
Width of Excavation (m)	1.00	1.12	1.24	1.35	1.59	1.82	2.05	2.40
Excavation Depth (m)	4.50	4.65	4.80	4.94	5.24	5.53	5.81	6.25
Sheetpile Length (m)	6.75	6.98	7.20	7.41	7.86	8.29	8.72	9.38
Volume of Pavement (m3)	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.56	0.64	0.72	0.84
Excavation (Backhoe m3)	4.50	5.21	5.95	6.67	8.33	10.06	11.92	15.00
Backfill (granular m3)	0.57	0.71	0.84	0.98	1.28	1.60	1.94	2.50
Backfill (original m3)	3.41	3.87	4.35	4.80	5.83	6.89	8.02	9.86
Backfill (selected soil m3)	0.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	0.66	0.93	1.24	1.80
Residual Soil (m3)	1.09	1.34	1.60	1.87	2.50	3.17	3.90	5.14
Pavement (m2)	1.60	1.72	1.84	1.95	2.19	2.42	2.65	3.00
Sheetpile Length (m)	33.75	34.90	36.00	37.05	39.30	41.45	43.60	46.90
Sheetpile (kg)	1,620.00	1,675.20	1,728.00	1,778.40	1,886.40	1,989.60	2,092.80	2,251.20
Bracing (kg)	422	446	461	477	501	530	558	616
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)								
	Unit Cost							
Excavation (Backhoe)	270.0	312.6	357.0	400.2	499.8	603.6	715.2	900.0
Backfill (granular)	171.0	213.0	252.0	294.0	384.0	480.0	582.0	750.0
Backfill (original)	204.6	232.2	261.0	288.0	349.8	413.4	481.2	591.6
Backfill (selected soil)	51.0	72.0	99.0	126.0	198.0	279.0	372.0	540.0
Residual Soil	32.7	40.2	48.0	56.1	75.0	95.1	117.0	154.2
Pavement	640.0	688.0	736.0	780.0	876.0	968.0	1,060.0	1,200.0
Sheetpile (kg)	5,184.0	5,360.6	5,529.6	5,690.9	6,036.5	6,366.7	6,697.0	7,203.8
Bracing (kg)	5.1	2,274.6	2,351.1	2,432.7	2,555.1	2,703.0	2,845.8	3,141.6
Pipe/Laying	1 ls	350.0	439.0	509.0	779.0	1,267.0	1,643.0	2,702.0
Dewatering/Others	1 ls	7.6	8.5	10.9	12.7	15.2	19.0	25.4
Total	8,966.1	9,551.7	10,082.2	10,587.8	11,765.9	13,191.0	14,532.2	17,208.6

Table 3.9.1.1 (1)-5 Unit Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	300											400											500											600											800											1000											1200											1500										
	Quantity											Quantity											Quantity											Quantity											Quantity											Quantity											Quantity											Quantity										
(1) Earth Covering Depth (m)	5.0											5.0											5.0											5.0											5.0											5.0											5.0											5.0										
Outer of Diameter (m)	0.40											0.52											0.64											0.75											0.99											1.22											1.45											1.80										
Width of Excavation (m)	1.00											1.12											1.24											1.35											1.59											1.82											2.05											2.40										
Excavation Depth (m)	5.50											5.65											5.80											5.94											6.24											6.53											6.81											7.25										
Sheetpile Length (m)	8.25											8.48											8.70											8.91											9.36											9.79											10.22											10.88										
Volume of Pavement (m3)	0.35											0.39											0.43											0.47											0.56											0.64											0.72											0.84										
Excavation (Backhoe m3)	5.50											6.33											7.19											8.02											9.92											11.88											13.97											17.40										
Backfill (granular m3)	0.57											0.71											0.84											0.98											1.28											1.60											1.94											2.50										
Backfill (original m3)	4.41											4.99											5.59											6.15											7.42											8.71											10.07											12.26										
Backfill (selected soil m3)	0.17											0.24											0.33											0.42											0.66											0.93											1.24											1.80										
Residual Soil (m3)	1.09											1.34											1.60											1.87											2.50											3.17											3.90											5.14										
Pavement (m2)	1.60											1.72											1.84											1.95											2.19											2.42											2.65											3.00										
Sheetpile Length (m)	41.25											42.40											43.50											44.55											46.80											48.95											51.10											54.40										
Sheetpile (kg)	1,980.00											2,035.20											2,088.00											2,138.40											2,246.40											2,349.60											2,452.80											2,611.20										
Bracing (kg)	422											446											461											477											501											530											558											616										
(2) Construction Cost (Baht/m)	Unit Cost											Unit Cost											Unit Cost											Unit Cost											Unit Cost											Unit Cost											Unit Cost											Unit Cost										
Excavation (Backhoe)	60.0											379.8											431.4											481.2											595.2											712.8											838.2											1,044.0										
Backfill (granular)	300.0											213.0											252.0											294.0											384.0											480.0											582.0											750.0										
Backfill (original)	60.0											299.4											335.4											369.0											445.2											522.6											604.2											735.6										
Backfill (selected soil)	300.0											72.0											99.0											126.0											198.0											279.0											372.0											540.0										
Residual Soil	30.0											40.2											48.0											56.1											75.0											95.1											117.0											154.2										
Pavement	400.0											688.0											736.0											780.0											876.0											968.0											1,060.0											1,200.0										
Sheetpile (kg)	3.2											6,512.6											6,681.6											6,842.9											7,188.5											7,518.7											7,849.0											8,355.8										
Bracing (kg)	5.1											2,274.6											2,351.1											2,432.7											2,555.1											2,703.0											2,845.8											3,141.6										
Pipe/Laying	1 ls											350.0											439.0											509.0											779.0											1,267.0											1,643.0											2,702.0										
Dewatering/Others	1 ls											8.5											9.5											10.9											12.7											15.2											19.0											25.4										
Total	10,238.1											10,838.1											11,383.0											11,901.8											13,108.7											14,561.4											15,930.2											18,648.6										

Table 3.9.1.1 (2) Unit Construction Cost of Manhole

Type	Manhole Hight	Construction Cost (Baht/Unit)
NO.1	2 m	11,480
	3 m	12,690
	4 m	13,890
	5 m	15,110
NO.2	2 m	14,680
	3 m	15,880
	4 m	17,080
	5 m	18,290
NO.3	2 m	18,070
	3 m	19,270
	4 m	20,470
	5 m	21,700
NO.4	2 m	24,420
	3 m	25,620
	4 m	26,820
	5 m	28,020
NO.5	4 m	35,660

Table 3.9.1.1 (3) Unit Construction Cost of Overflow Chamber

Type of Overflow Chamber	Construction Cost (Baht/Unit)
B	24,150
C	18,700

3.9.1.2 Direct Construciton Cost by Major Facilities

Table 3.9.1.2 (1) Construction Cost of Interceptors

Diameter (mm)	Average Earth Covering Depth (m)	Length of Interceptor (m)	Unit Construction Cost (Baht/m)	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)
ø300	1.5	720	1,329.9	958
	2	765	6,422.1	4,913
	Sub-total	1,485		5,871
ø400	1.5	560	6,335.7	3,548
	2	1,390	6,978.9	9,701
	4	600	9,551.7	5,732
	Sub-total	2,550		18,981
ø500	3	15	8,781.4	132
	5	710	11,383.0	8,082
	Sub-total	725		8,214
ø600	1.5	510	7,302.2	3,725
	5	347	11,901.8	4,130
	Sub-total	857		7,855
ø800	2	870	9,080.3	7,900
	3	725	10,423.1	7,557
	Sub-total	1,595		15,457
ø1000	1.5	650	9,765.0	6,348
	2	250	10,450.2	2,613
	3	30	11,820.6	355
	4	250	13,191.0	3,298
	5	60	14,561.4	874
	Sub-total	1,240		13,488
ø1200	4	50	14,532.2	727
	Sub-total	50		727
Total		8,502		70,593

Table 3.9.1.2 (2) Construction Cost of Manhole

Type of Mahole	Manhole Hight (m)	Nos. of Manhole	Unit Construction Cost (Baht/unit)	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)
No.1	2	71	11,480	816
	3	56	12,690	711
	4	28	13,890	389
	Sub-total	155		1,916
No.2	3	13	15,880	207
	4	13	17,080	223
	Sub-total	26		430
No.3	3	13	19,270	251
	4	9	20,470	185
	Sub-total	22		436
No.5	4	1	35,660	36
	Sub-total	1		36
	Total	204		2,818

Table 3.9.1.2 (3) Construction Cost of Overflow Chamber
(Bang Bua Thong)

Type of Overflow Chamber	No. of Overflow Chamber	Unit Construction Cost (Baht/unit)	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)
B	3	24,150	72
C	18	18,700	337
Total	21		409

Table 3.9.1.2 (4) Construction Cost of Inverted Siphon

1 - 3 (No.1)

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x 1,000Baht)			
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total	
Excavation	(m3)	978	60	59	59	
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	10.58	300	3	3	
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	793	60	48	48	
Sheet Pile	(kg)	52,800	3.2	169	169	
Rubble Stone	(m3)	40.13	400	16	16	
Piling	(piece)	64	1,900	122	122	
Concrete	(m3)	92.03	4,658	429	429	
Lean Concrete	(m3)	10.03	1,950	20	20	
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	8,280	12	99	99	
Form Work	(m2)	386.16	300	116	116	
Cover	(unit)	8	7,000	56	56	
Screen (1.1m x 1.65m)	(unit)	1		164	164	
Total				1,137	164	1,301

Table 3.9.1.2 (5) Construction Cost of Pump Station

No.1

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	1,455	60	87	87
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	22.71	300	7	7
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	676	60	41	41
Sheet Pile	(kg)	82,944	3.2	265	265
Bracing	(kg)	542.48	5.2	3	3
Rubble Stone	(m3)	19.83	400	8	8
Piling	(m)	72	3,800	274	274
Concrete	(m3)	542.48	4,658	2,527	2,527
Lean Concrete	(m3)	4.96	1,950	10	10
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	31,430	12	377	377
Form Work	(m2)	811.5	300	243	243
Architecture				90	90
Sub-total of 1)				3,932	3,932
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (0.8m x 1.8m)	(unit)	2	119	238	238
Gate (0.8m x 0.8m)	(unit)	2	167	334	334
Pump (ø150mm x 5.5kw)	(unit)	1	97	97	97
Pump (ø200mm x 5.5kw)	(unit)	1	809	809	809
Piping and Valves	(LS)			181	181
Instrumentation	(LS)			272	272
Installation	(LS)			181	181
Sub-total of 2)				2,112	2,112
Total				3,932	6,044

No.2

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost (Baht)	Construction Cost (x1,000 Baht)		
			Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1) Civil and Architecture Work					
Excavation	(m3)	1,847	60	111	111
Backfill (Granular)	(m3)	43.20	300	13	13
Backfill (Soil)	(m3)	931	60	56	56
Sheet Pile	(kg)	92,160	3.2	295	295
Bracing	(kg)	821	5.2	4	4
Rubble Stone	(m3)	25.37	400	10	10
Piling	(m)	95	3,800	361	361
Concrete	(m3)	799.94	4,658	3,726	3,726
Lean Concrete	(m3)	6.34	1,950	12	12
Reinforced Steel Bar	(kg)	38,350	12	460	460
Form Work	(m2)	1,006.9	300	302	302
Architecture				122	122
Sub-total of 1)				5,472	5,472
2) Mechanical and Electrical Works					
Screen (1.0m x 2.4m)	(unit)	2	142	284	284
Gate (1.0m x 1.0m)	(unit)	2	200	400	400
Pump (ø300mm x 11kw)	(unit)	1	1,262	1,262	1,262
Pump (ø400mm x 18.5kw)	(unit)	2	1,905	3,810	3,810
Piping and Valves	(LS)			1,014	1,014
Instrumentation	(LS)			1,522	1,522
Installation	(LS)			1,014	1,014
Sub-total of 2)				9,306	9,306
Total				5,472	14,778

Table 3.9.1.2 (6) Construction Cost of Treatment Plant

Item	Construction Cost (x 1,000 Baht)		
	Domestic Portion	Foreign Portion	Total
1. Civil and Architecture Facilities			
1-1 Grit Chamber	9.0 (L)m x 1.0 (W)m x 0.4 (H)m x 2units 9.0 (L)m x 1.4 (W)m x 0.4 (H)m x 2units	3,192	3,192
1-2 Primary Sedimentation Tank	15.0(D)m x 4.0(H)m x 2units	2,738	2,738
1-3 Stormwater Sedimentation Tank	14.0(D)m x 3.0(H)m x 3units	3,263	3,263
1-4 Aeration Tank	36.0(L)m x 12.0(W)m x 3.0(H)m x 2units	7,917	7,917
1-5 Secondary Sedimentation Tank	17.0(D)m x 2.5(H)m x 2units	2,754	2,754
1-6 Disinfection Tank	60.0(L)m x 2.0(W)m x 1.5(H)m x 3units	1,477	1,477
1-7 Thickener	6.0(D)m x 4.0(H)m x 1units	1,787	1,787
1-8 Digestion Tank	1st : 12.0(D)m x 5.0(H)m x 2units	2,877	2,877
	2nd : 8.5(D)m x 5.0(H)m x 2units	1,843	1,843
1-9 Dewatering Unit		210	210
1-10 Miscellaneous		2,850	2,850
Sub-total of 1.		30,908	30,908
2. Mechanical & Electrical Facilities			
2-1 Grit Chamber		1,667	1,667
2-2 Inflow Pump		5,119	5,119
2-3 Primary Sedimentation Tank		5,000	5,000
2-4 Stormwater Sedimentation Tank		595	595
2-5 Aeration Tank		4,524	4,524
2-6 Secondary Sedimentation Tank		5,952	5,952
2-7 Disinfection Tank		1,548	1,548
2-8 Thickener		357	357
2-9 Digestion Tank		20,000	20,000
2-10 Dewatering Unit		7,143	7,143
2-11 Piping Materials, Valves and Gates		7,500	7,500
2-12 Control Panel and Instrumentation		8,929	8,929
2-13 Transportation and Instalation		10,833	10,833
2-14 Pump Station Monitoring Facilities		1,315	1,315
2-15 Laboratory Equipment		595	595
2-15 Miscellaneous		8,571	8,571
Sub-total of 2.		89,648	89,648
Total		30,908	89,648
			120,556

Assumption for Estimate of Interceptor Cleaning Cost

- 1) The length of cleaning for one time is the distance of an average manhole interval (approximately 50m).
- 2) The nozzle moves forward and is pulled backward with jets three (3) times for one time cleaning.
- 3) It takes about ten (10) min. for the nozzle to move forward and backward.
- 4) The water (3 m³) of High Pressure Cleaner' tank is used for one time cleaning.
- 5) A cleaning team consists of "High Pressure Sewer Cleaner", "Vacuum Sludge Loader", "Water Wagon" and "Truck".
- 6) The Volume of a water wagon tank is 4 m³.
- 7) Required time for water feeding to a water wagon and discharging sludge is 1.5 hours (including traveling time).

From the above assumption,

The possible length of cleaning interceptor in a year,

In case that working hour is 8 hours, times of cleaning is the following.

$$8 \text{ hr.} \quad \times \quad 2 \text{ hr./time} \quad = \quad 4 \text{ times}$$

As the length of cleaning interceptor for one time is 50 m,

$$50 \text{ m/time} \quad \times \quad 4 \text{ times} \quad = \quad 200 \text{ m/day}$$

When actual Working hour in a year is 20 day/month x 12 months x 0.8 = 192 day/year,

the possible length of cleaning interceptor in a year is the following.

$$200 \text{ m/day} \quad \times \quad 192 \text{ days} \quad = \quad 38,400 \text{ m/year}$$

Annual expenses for interceptor cleaning are,

(1) Labor Cost

Type of Vehicle	Classification	Required No.	Working Day	Wage	Cost
1-1. High Pressure Sewer Cleaner	Driver	1 person			
	Operator	2 persons			
1-2. Vacuum Sludge Loader	Driver	1 person			
	Operator	2 persons			
1-3. Water Wagon	Driver	1 person			
1-4. Truck	Driver	1 person			
	Labor	4 persons			
Total	Driver	4 persons	192 days x	420 B/day =	322,560
	Operator	4 persons	192 days x	360 B/day =	276,480
	Labor	4 persons	192 days x	140 B/day =	107,520
Annual Labor Cost (Baht/Year)					706,560

(2) Fuel Cost

3-1. High Pressure Sewer Cleaner / Vacuum Sludge Loader					
20 l / hr.	x	8 hr.	x	192 days =	30,720
				x (Vehicles)	3
					92,160
3-2. Water Wagon / Truck					
10 l / hr.	x	3 hr.	x	192 days =	5,760
				x (Vehicles)	1
					5,760
Annual Fuel Cost (Baht/Year)					97,920

(3) Spare Parts Cost

Type of Vehicle	Price	Working Life		Cost
1-1. High Pressure Sewer Cleaner	1,000,000 Baht	5 Years	=	200,000
1-2. Vacuum Sludge Loader	1,000,000 Baht	5 Years	=	200,000
1-3. Water Wagon	1,000,000 Baht	5 Years	=	200,000
1-4. Truck	700,000 Baht	10 Years	=	70,000
Annual Vehicle Cost (Baht/Year)				670,000
670,000 (Vehicle Cost) x 3 %				= 20,100
Spare Parts Cost (Baht/Year)				20,100
Annual Cleaning Cost (Baht/Year)				824,580
Cleaning Cost of Interceptor per Meter (Baht/m)				21.5

3.14.1 Private Health and Sanitation Benefits

Data used in this study were gathered from the Central Region Survey on Income and Employment, National Institute of Health, Public Health Office.

Data on medical cost, illness cost were obtained from public health office. Labor force participation, average monthly household income, average size of household, average wage rate were collected from Central Region Survey Data. Morbidity rate for the wastewater-borne diseases were obtained from National Institute of Health.

Health Cost = $(MC_A + MC_B) \cdot (0.14) \cdot (PS) = 11.34$ million Baht in 1991

- where, $MC_A =$ medical cost = $(EAP) \cdot (MR) \cdot (MC_1 + MC_2) = 232.6$ Baht in 1991
 $MC_B =$ illness cost = $(EAP) \cdot (MR) \cdot (W) \cdot (D) = 99.43$ Baht in 1991
- 0.14 = 14% of the water-borne diseases attributable to the sewerage project on the basis of diarrhea by cause in isolation (NIH Study 1978)
- PS = In 1991, total population in the study area was 244,691, compared with 369,991 in the sewerage area in 2011.
- EAP = economically active population of 13 years old and over in the labor force in the Central Region was 76.6%.
- POP = population in the study area of eight municipalities, 248,710 in 1991 and 397,200 in 2011 respectively.
- MR = morbidity rate for the water-borne disease, 2,984 per 100,000 population (National Institute of Health Study of 1987)
- $MC_1 =$ medical cost of treatment and care per person per hospital day was 560 Baht on the average, 7,840 Baht for an average of two weeks.
- $MC_2 =$ medical cost of treatment and care per person per consultation was 280 Baht on the average, 2,352 Baht for 2.1 consultation per person for an average of 4 days.
- W = Average monthly household income with the average size of household, 3.1 persons was 6,060 in Central Region, 1990. The average working days per month is 25 days, the average daily household income is 242 Baht per day.
- D = days lost due to illness (hospitalization and out-patient consultation days), 18 days.

The annual health cost is estimated at 8.67 million Baht in 1991, and 12.9 million Baht in 2026 in the study area of eight sewerage projects.

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