

Stage NO.		Z	Depth of packer & hole bottom		Test length	Reporter			
Time		Elapsed min	Gauge pressure P (kg/cm ²)	Effective pressure P (kg/cm ²)	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value (Lu)	Remarks
hr	min				Integrated (ℓ)	Sectional flow (ℓ/min)	Const. rate of flow Q (ℓ/min)		
15	30	8	3	3.04	41				
	31	9	"	"	46				
	32	10	"	"	51		4.5		
15	33	0	5	5.04					
	34	1	"	"	61				
	35	2	"	"	71				
	36	3	"	"	82				
	37	4	"	"	92				
	38	5	"	"	102				
	39	6	"	"	114				
	40	7	"	"	126				
	41	8	"	"	137				
	42	9	"	"	148				
	43	10	"	"	160		10.9		
15	46	0	3	3.04					
	47	1	"	"	167				
	48	2	"	"	176				
	49	3	"	"	181				
	50	4	"	"	189				
	51	5	"	"	195				
	52	6	"	"	202				
	53	7	"	"	209				
	54	8	"	"	216				
	55	9	"	"	223				
	56	10	"	"	230		7.0		
15	57	0	1	1.04					
	58	1	"	"	235				
	59	2	"	"	239				
16	00	3	"	"	242				
	1	4	"	"	246				
	2	5	"	"	249				

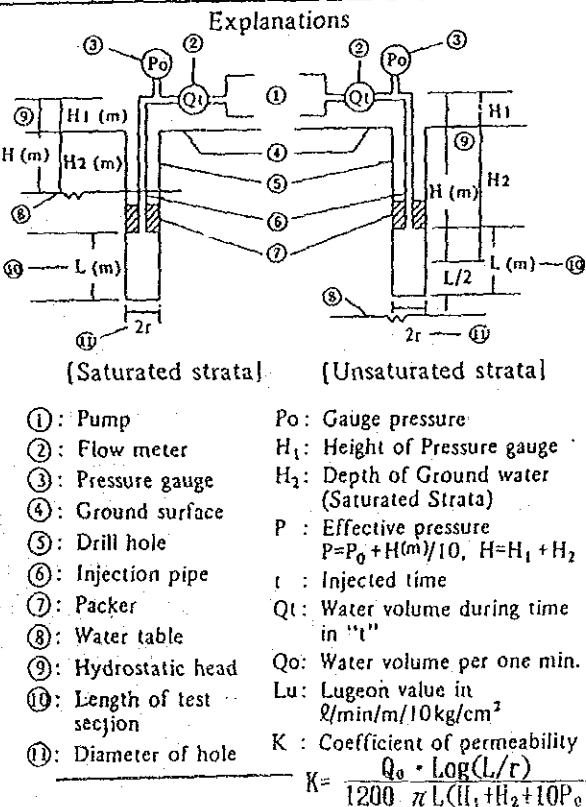
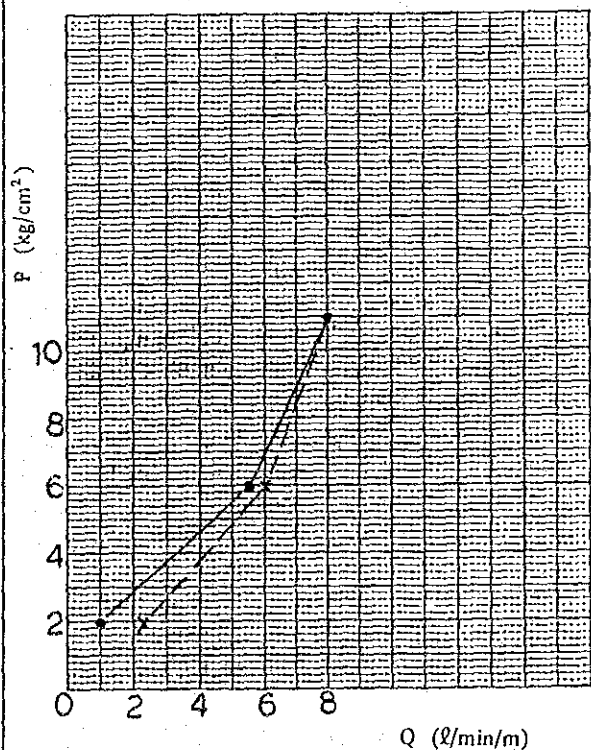
PERMEABILITY TEST IN DRILL HOLE (SHEET / OF /)

XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. KI-1

LOCATION	<u>INTAKE DAM</u>	DEPTH OF HOLE	<u>15.0 m</u>	TEST DATE	<u>Mar. 13, '91</u>
ELEVATION	<u>468.0 m</u>	DIAMETER OF HOLE	<u>6.6 cm</u>	TESTED BY	<u>H. WATANABE</u>
COORDINATE		DRILLED DEPTH	<u>15.0 m</u>	DRILLED BY	<u>THONGSAY</u>
ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL	<u>90°</u>	LEVEL OF WATER TABLE		CHECKED BY	<u>I. SHIMIZU</u>
BEARING OF ANGLE HOLE		BEFORE T.	<u>8.0 m</u>	AFTER T.	

TEST SECTION FROM 10.0 m TO 15.0 m

L (m)	H ₁ (m)	H ₂ (m)	P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	P (kg/cm ²)	t (min)	Q _t (L)	Q ₀ (L/min)	Q (L/min/m)	Lu (Lugeon)	K (cm/sec)
5	1.1	8.5	1.0	1.96	10	50	5.0	1.0	5.10	2.95 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	5.0	5.96	10	277	27.7	5.54	9.30	5.38 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	10.0	10.96	10	401	40.1	8.02	7.54	4.20 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	5.0	5.96	10	205	20.5	6.10	10.23	5.92 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	1.0	1.96	10	117	11.7	2.34	11.94	6.91 × 10 ⁻⁵



Feature project **Xe Katam**
 Location **Intake Dam** Coordinates
 Date of test **3-13-1991**

Country **Lao P.D.R.**
 Reporter **THONGSAY**
 Firm name (**HEC**)

Bore hole	Elevation of top	460.0 m	Diameter(φ) mm; Size		Unsaturated strata
	Dip	90°	Bearing		
Test section	Stage NO.	3	Geology		
	Depth of packer & hole bottom	10.5 m - 10.0 m	Basalt lava		
	Elev. of packer & hole bottom	m - m			
	Length (L)	m			
Height of gauge (h1)	1.1 m				Saturated strata
Water table (h2)	2.5 m	Temperature of infected water °C			
Pump	Mfr. model	MG-5A	Pressure flow meter gauge graduation	Type	
	Max. discharge	70 l/min		Min. graduation	1 l
	Max. pressure	60 kg/cm2		Min.	0.1 kg/cm2
	Type of packer	kg/cm2		Max.	15 kg/cm2

* Effective pressure(kg/cm²) : $P = P_0 + 1/(10(h_3 - h_4))$ h₄= head loss
 ** Lugeon value (Lu) to be calculated by following equation
 Lugeon value (l/min/m/10kg/cm²) : $Lu = 10 Q/(P \cdot L)$

Time		Gauge pressure Po(kg/cm ²)	Effective pressure P(kg/cm ²)	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value (Lu)	Remarks
hr	min			Integrated (ℓ)	Sectional Flow (ℓ/min)	Const. rate of Flow Q (ℓ/min)		
11	50	1	1.96	0				
	51			5				
	52			10				
	53			15				
	54			20				
	55			25				
	56			30				
	57			35				
	58			40				
	59			45				
12	00	10		50	5.0			
12	10	5	5.96					
	11			78				
	12			105				
	13			133				
	14			161				
	15			188				
	16			216				
	17			244				

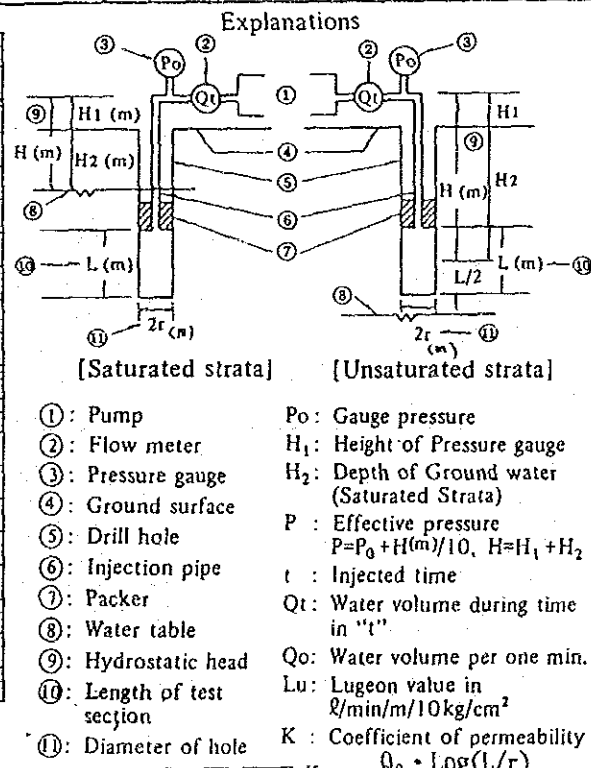
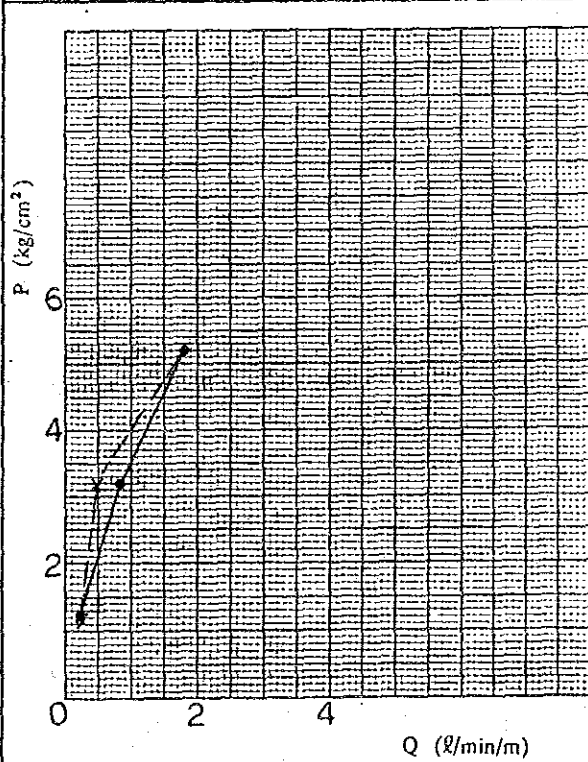
Stage NO.		3		Depth of packer & hole bottom		10.0 m - 15.0 m		Test length		5.0 m		Reporter	
Time			Gauge pressure Po (kg/cm ²)	Effective pressure P (kg/cm ²)	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value (Lu)	Remarks				
hr	min	Elapsed min			Integrated (L)	Sectional flow (L/min)	Const. rate of flow (L/min)						
12	11	8	5	5.96	272								
	12	9	"	"	300								
	13	10	"	"	327			27.7					
12	21	0	10	10.96									
	22	1	"	"	368								
	23	2	"	"	408								
	24	3	"	"	448								
	25	4	"	"	488								
	26	5	"	"	528								
	27	6	"	"	568								
	28	7	"	"	608								
	29	8	"	"	648								
	30	9	"	"	688								
	31	10	"	"	728			40.1					
12	32	0	5	5.96									
	33	1	"	"	758								
	34	2	"	"	790								
	35	3	"	"	821								
	36	4	"	"	853								
	37	5	"	"	883								
	38	6	"	"	913								
	39	7	"	"	943								
	40	8	"	"	973								
	41	9	"	"	1003								
	42	10	"	"	1033			30.5					
12	43	0	1	1.96									
	44	1	"	"	1.045								
	45	2	"	"	1.057								
	46	3	"	"	1.069								
	47	4	"	"	1.081								
	48	5	"	"	1.092								

PERMEABILITY TEST IN DRILL HOLE (SHEET / OF /)

XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. KI-2

LOCATION	INTAKE DAM	DEPTH OF HOLE	15.0 m	TEST DATE	Mar. 15, '91
ELEVATION	463.9 m	DIAMETER OF HOLE	6.6 cm	TESTED BY	H. WATANABE
COORDINATE		DRILLED DEPTH	6.0 m	DRILLED BY	THONGSAY
ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL	90°	LEVEL OF WATER TABLE		CHECKED BY	I. SHIMIZU
BEARING OF ANGLE HOLE		BEFORE.T.	1.0 m	AFTER.T.	
TEST SECTION	FROM 1.0 m TO 6.0 m				

L (m)	H ₁ (m)	H ₂ (m)	P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	P (kg/cm ²)	t (min)	Q _t (ℓ)	Q ₀ (ℓ/min)	Q (ℓ/min/m)	Lu (Lugeon)	K (cm/sec)
5	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.21	10	11	1.1	0.22	1.82	1.01 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	1	1	2.0	2.21	10	42	4.2	0.84	2.68	1.55 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	1	1	5.0	5.21	10	91	9.1	1.82	3.47	2.02 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	1	1	2.0	2.21	10	25	2.5	0.50	1.56	0.90 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	1	1	1.0	1.21	10	12	1.2	0.24	1.98	1.15 × 10 ⁻⁵



Feature Small-Scale Hydroelectric Project Xe Katam

Country Lao PDR.

Location Intake Dam Coordinates

Reporter THONGSAI

Date of test 5-15-1971

Firm name (HEC)

Bore hole	Elevation of top	143.7 m	Diameter (φ) 66 mm; Size	Unsaturated strata	
	Dip	90°	Bearing		
Test section	Stage NO.	1	Geology Basalt lava		
	Depth of packer & hole bottom	1.0 m - 6.0 m			
	Elev. of packer & hole bottom	m - m			
	Length (L)	5 m			
Height of gauge (h ₁)	1.1 m				
Water table (h ₂)	1.0 m		Temperature of injected water °C		
Pump	Mfr. model	116-5A	Type		
	Max. discharge	70 l/min	Min. graduation		
	Max. pressure	60 kg/cm ²	Min.		0.1 kg/cm ²
	Type of packer	kg/cm ²	Max.		15 kg/cm ²

* Effective pressure (kg/cm²) : $P = P_0 + 1/(10(h_3 - h_4))$, h₄ = head loss

** Lugeon value (Lu) to be calculated by following equation
Lugeon value (l/min/m/10kg/cm²) : $Lu = 10 Q/P \cdot L$

Time		Gauge pressure P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	Effective pressure P (kg/cm ²)	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value (Lu)	Remarks
hr	min			Integrated (l)	Sectional flow (l/min)	Const. rate of flow (l/min)		
9	34	0	1.21	0				
	35	1	"	1				
	36	2	"	3				
	37	3	"	4				
	38	4	"	5				
	39	5	"	6				
	40	6	"	7				
	41	7	"	8				
	42	8	"	9				
	43	9	"	10				
	44	10	"	11		1.1		
10	6	0	3.21					
	7	1	"	16				
	8	2	"	19				
	9	3	"	25				
	10	4	"	30				
	11	5	"	34				
	12	6	"	38				
	13	7	"	42				

It should be better not to extend time interval.

WATER PRESSURE TEST IN DRILL HOLE

HOLE NO. K1-2

Sheet NO. Z of 3

Stage NO.		1		Depth of packer to hole bottom	1.0 m	Test length	6.0 m	5.6 m	Reporter
Time		Elapsed min	Gauge pressure P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	Effective pressure P (kg/cm ²)	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value (Lu)	Remarks
hr	min				Integrated (ℓ)	Sectional flow (ℓ/min)	Const. rate of flow (ℓ/min)		
10	14	8	3	3.21	46				
	15	9	"	"	50				
	16	10	"	"	54		4.3		
10	23	0	5	5.21					
	24	1	"	"	61				
	25	2	"	"	70				
	26	3	"	"	79				
	27	4	"	"	88				
	28	5	"	"	96				
	29	6	"	"	105				
	30	7	"	"	115				
	31	8	"	"	125				
	32	9	"	"	135				
	33	10	"	"	145		9.1		
									Dist. extend to interval
10	40	0	3	3.21					
	41	1	"	"	148				
	42	2	"	"	151				
	43	3	"	"	154				
	44	4	"	"	156				
	45	5	"	"	158				
	46	6	"	"	160				
	47	7	"	"	162				
	48	8	"	"	165				
	49	9	"	"	168				
	50	10	"	"	170		2.5		
10	52	0	1	1.21					
	53	1	"	"	171				
	54	2	"	"	173				
	55	3	"	"	175				
	56	4	"	"	177				
	57	5	"	"	179				

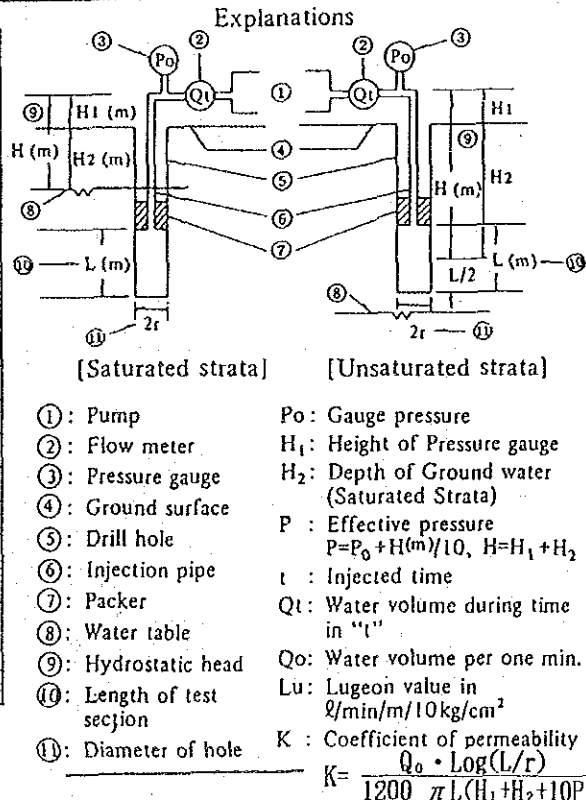
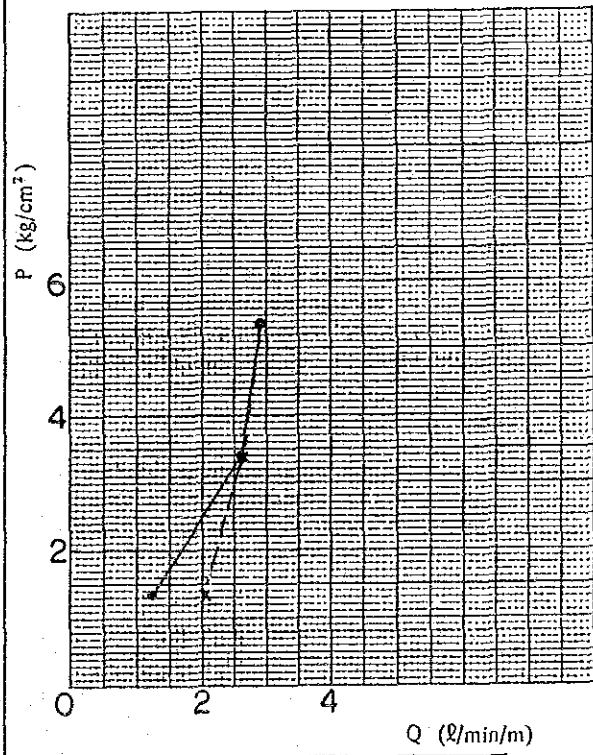
Form B

PERMEABILITY TEST IN DRILL HOLE (SHEET / OF /)

XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. K I - 2

LOCATION INTAKE DAM DEPTH OF HOLE 15.0 m TEST DATE Mar. 16, '91
 ELEVATION 463.9 m DIAMETER OF HOLE 6.6 cm TESTED BY H. WATANABE
 COORDINATE _____ DRILLED DEPTH 10.0 m DRILLED BY THONGSAY
 ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL 90° LEVEL OF WATER TABLE CHECKED BY I. SHIMIZU
 BEARING OF ANGLE HOLE _____ BEFORE T. 2.8 m AFTER T. _____ m
 TEST SECTION FROM 5.0 m TO 10.0 m

L (m)	H ₁ (m)	H ₂ (m)	P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	P (kg/cm ²)	t (min)	Q _t (ℓ)	Q ₀ (ℓ/min)	Q (ℓ/min/m)	Lu (Lugeon)	K (cm/sec)
5	0.1	2.4	1.0	1.35	10	60	6.0	1.26	9.33	5.40 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	4	4	2.0	2.35	10	122	12.2	2.64	7.88	4.56 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	1	1	5.0	5.35	10	148	14.8	2.96	5.53	3.20 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	2	2	2.0	2.35	10	123	12.3	2.66	7.96	4.57 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	4	4	1.0	1.35	10	102	10.2	2.04	15.11	8.74 × 10 ⁻⁵



Feature project Xe Katam
 Location Intake Dam Coordinates
 Date of test 3-16-1991

Country Lao PDR.
 Reporter THONGSAY
 Firm name (HEC)

Bore hole	Elevation of top	462.9 m	Diameter(φ) 66 mm; Size	Unsaturated strata	
	Dip	90°	Bearing		
Test section	Stage NO.	2	Geology Basalt lava		
	Depth of packer & hole bottom	5.0 m - 10.0 m			
	Elev. of packer & hole bottom	m - m			
	Length (L)	5 m			
Height of gauge (h ₁)	0.1 m			Saturated strata	
Water table (h ₂)	3.4 m	Temperature of injected water °C			
Pump	Mfr. model	MG-5A	Type		
	Max. discharge	70 l/min	Min. graduation		1 l
	Max. pressure	60 kg/cm ²	Min.		0.1 kg/cm ²
	Type of packer	kg/cm ²	Max.		15 kg/cm ²

* Effective pressure(kg/cm²) : $P = P_0 + 1/10(h_3 - h_4)$, h_4 = head loss
 ** Lugeon value (Lu) to be calculated by following equation
 Lugeon value (l/min/m/10kg/cm²) : $Lu = 10 Q/P \cdot L$

Time		Gauge pressure P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	Effective pressure P (kg/cm ²)	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value (Lu)	Remarks
hr	min			Integrated (l)	Sectional flow (l/min)	Const. rate of flow Q (l/min)		
15	50	0	1.35	0				
	51	1	"	7				
	52	2	"	13				
	53	3	"	19				
	54	4	"	26				
	55	5	"	32				
	56	6	"	39				
	57	7	"	45				
	58	8	"	51				
	59	9	"	57				
16	00	10	"	63		6.3		
16	2	0	3.35					
	3	1	"	76				
	4	2	"	89				
	5	3	"	102				
	6	4	"	116				
	7	5	"	130				
	8	6	"	140				
	9	7	"	156				

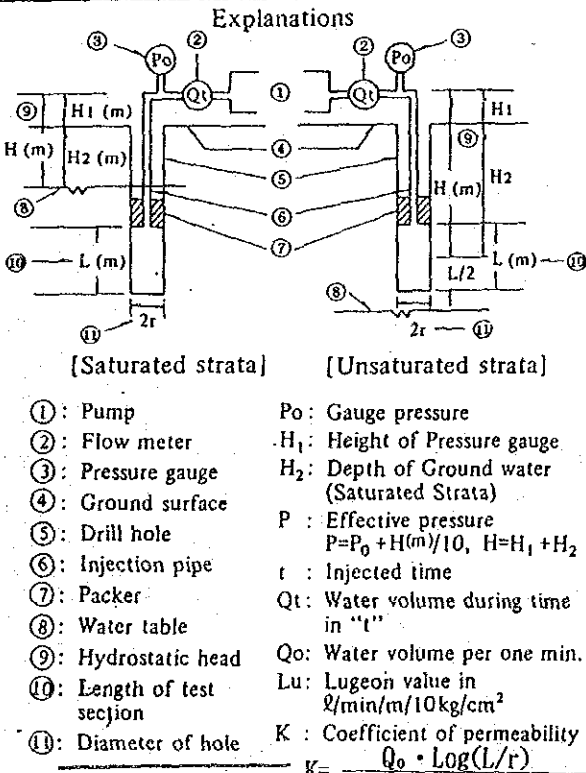
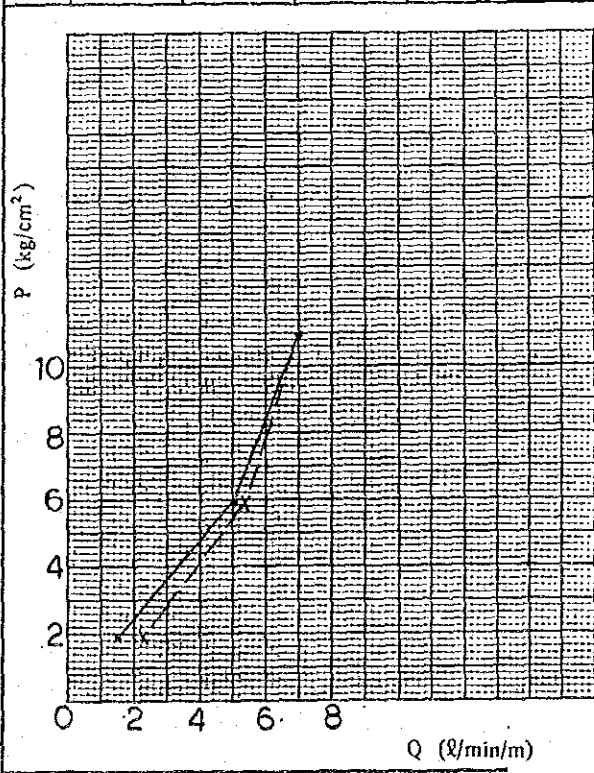
Stage NO.		2		Depth of packer & hole bottom	5.0 m-10.0 m	Test length	5.0 m	Reporter	
Time			Gauge pressure	Effective pressure	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value	Remarks
hr	min	Elapsed min	Po (kg/cm ²)	P (kg/cm ²)	Integrated (l)	Sectional flow (l/min)	Const. rate of flow Q (l/min)	(Lu)	
16	10	8	3	2.35	169				
	11	9	"	"	182				
	12	10	"	"	195		13.2		
16	15	0	5	5.35					
	16	1	"	"	209				
	17	2	"	"	223				
	18	3	"	"	239				
	19	4	"	"	253				
	20	5	"	"	268				
	21	6	"	"	283				
	22	7	"	"	298				
	23	8	"	"	313				
	24	9	"	"	328				
	25	10	"	"	343		14.8		
16	27	0	3	3.35					
	28	1	"	"	356				
	29	2	"	"	369				
	30	3	"	"	383				
	31	4	"	"	396				
	32	5	"	"	409				
	33	6	"	"	422				
	34	7	"	"	435				
	35	8	"	"	448				
	36	9	"	"	462				
	37	10	"	"	476		13.3		
16	39	0	1	1.35					
	40	1	"	"	484				
	41	2	"	"	494				
	42	3	"	"	504				
	43	4	"	"	514				
	44	5	"	"	525				

PERMEABILITY TEST IN DRILL HOLE (SHEET / OF /)

XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. K I - 2

LOCATION	INTAKE DAM	DEPTH OF HOLE	15.0 m	TEST DATE	Mar. 17, '91
ELEVATION	463.9m	DIAMETER OF HOLE	6.6 cm	TESTED BY	H. WATANABE
COORDINATE		DRILLED DEPTH	15.0 m	DRILLED BY	THONGSAY
ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL	90°	LEVEL OF WATER TABLE		CHECKED BY	I. SHIMIZU
BEARING OF ANGLE HOLE		BEFORE T.	2.4 m	AFTER T.	
TEST SECTION	FROM 10.0 m TO 15.0 m				

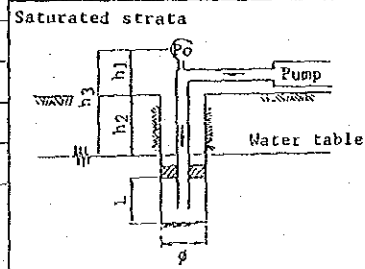
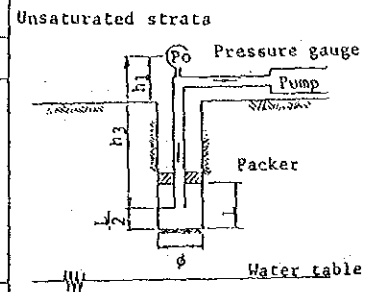
L (m)	H ₁ (m)	H ₂ (m)	P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	P (kg/cm ²)	t (min)	Q _t (L)	Q ₀ (L/min)	Q (L/min/m)	Lu (Lugeon)	K (cm/sec)
5	1.1	8.4	1.0	1.95	10	79	7.9	1.58	8.10	4.67 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	5.0	5.95	10	254	25.4	5.08	8.54	4.94 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	10.0	10.95	10	252	25.2	7.04	6.67	3.72 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	5.0	5.95	10	270	27.0	5.40	9.08	5.25 × 10 ⁻⁵
5	"	"	1.0	1.95	10	116	11.6	2.32	11.90	6.88 × 10 ⁻⁵



Feature project Xe Katam
 Location Intake Dam Coordinates
 Date of test 3 - 17 - 1991

Country Lao PDR
 Reporter THONGSAT
 Firm name (HEC)

Bore hole	Elevation of top	463.9 m	Diameter(φ) 66 mm; Size	
	Dip	90°	Bearing -	
Test section	Stage NO.	3	Geology	
	Depth of packer & hole bottom	10.0 m - 15.0 m	Basalt lava	
	Elev. of packer & hole bottom	m - m		
	Length (L)	5 m		
Height of gauge (h ₁)	1.1 m			
Water table (h ₂)	8.4 m	Temperature of infected water °C		
Pump	Mod. model	MG-3A	Type	
	Max. Discharge	70 l/min	Min. graduation	1 l
	Max. Pressure	60 kg/cm ²	Min.	0.1 kg/cm ²
	Type of packer	kg/cm ²	Max.	15 kg/cm ²



* Effective pressure(kg/cm²) : $P = P_0 + 1/10(h_3 - h_4)$, h₄= head loss
 ** Lugeon value (Lu) to be calculated by following equation
 Lugeon value (l/min/m/10kg/cm²) : $Lu = 10 Q/P \cdot L$

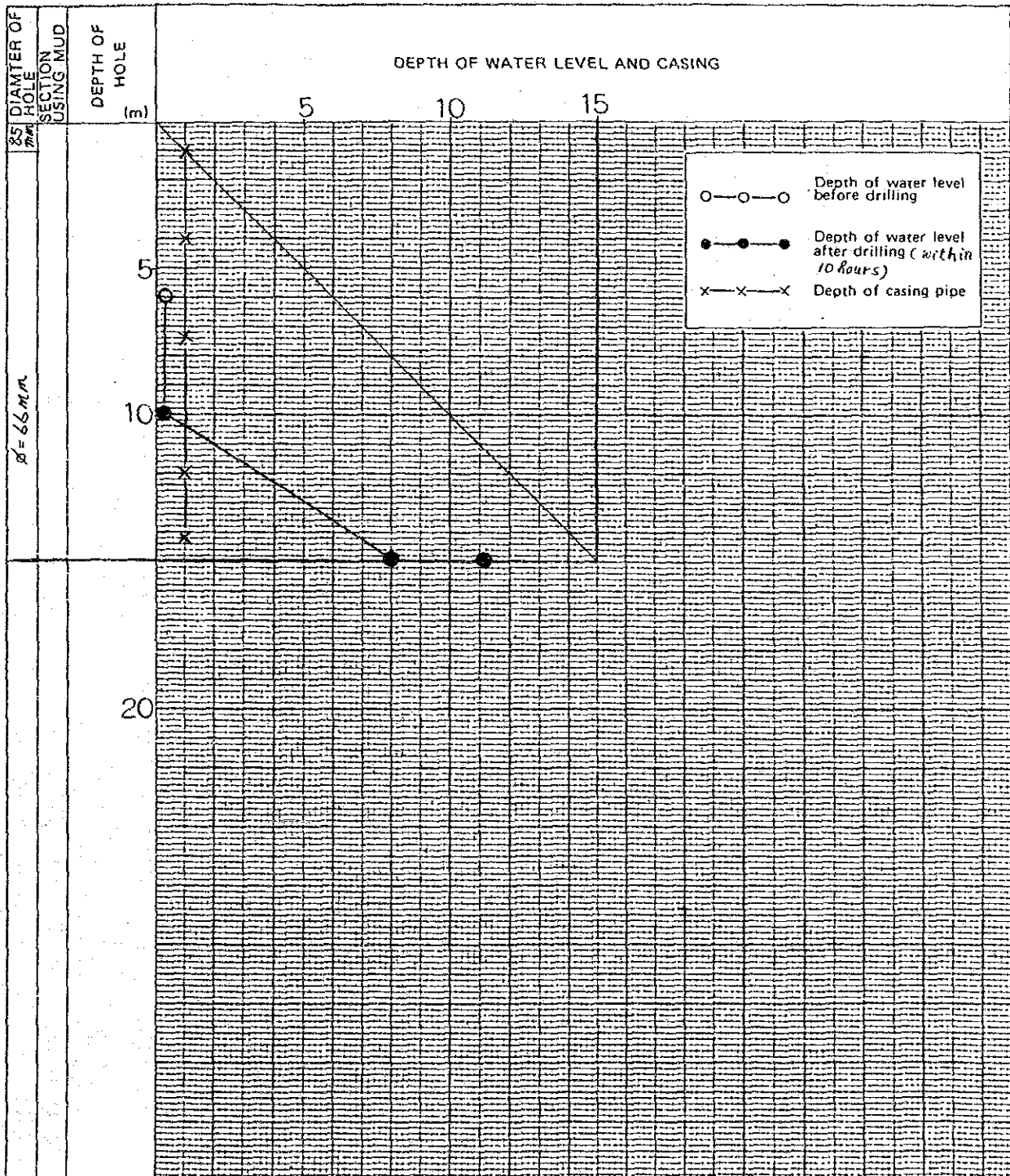
Time	Elapsed	Gauge pressure	Effective pressure	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value	Remarks
				Integrated	Sectional	Const. rate		
hr	min	Po(kg/cm ²)	P(kg/cm ²)	(l)	Flow (l/min)	of flow (l/min)	(Lu)	
9	14	0	1	1.95				
	15	1	"	"	9			
	16	2	"	"	16			
	17	3	"	"	25			
	18	4	"	"	32			
	19	5	"	"	39			
	20	6	"	"	47			
	21	7	"	"	55			
	22	8	"	"	63			
	23	9	"	"	71			
	24	10	"	"	79		7.9	
9	30	0	5	5.95				
	31	1	"	"	104			
	32	2	"	"	129			
	33	3	"	"	153			
	34	4	"	"	178			
	35	5	"	"	203			
	36	6	"	"	230			
	37	7	"	"	255			

Stage NO.		3		Depth of packer & hole bottom		10 m - 15 m		Test length		5 m		Reporter	
Time			Gauge pressure P ₀ (kg/cm ²)	Effective pressure P(kg/cm ²)	Water pumped-in			Lugeon value (Lu)	Remarks				
hr	min	Elapsed min			Integrated (l)	Sectional flow (l/min)	Const. rate of flow Q (l/min)						
9	38	8	5	5.95	281								
	39	9	"	"	307								
	40	10	"	"	333			25.4					
9	43	0	10	10.95									
	44	1	"	"	369								
	45	2	"	"	405								
	46	3	"	"	440								
	47	4	"	"	475								
	48	5	"	"	510								
	49	6	"	"	545								
	50	7	"	"	580								
	51	8	"	"	615								
	52	9	"	"	650								
	53	10	"	"	685			35.2					
9	54	0	5	5.95									
	55	1	"	"	710								
	56	2	"	"	738								
	57	3	"	"	766								
	58	4	"	"	793								
	59	5	"	"	820								
10	00	6	"	"	847								
	1	7	"	"	874								
	2	8	"	"	901								
	3	9	"	"	928								
	4	10	"	"	955			27.0					
10	5	0	1	1.95									
	6	1	"	"	963								
	7	2	"	"	973								
	8	3	"	"	985								
	9	4	"	"	997								
	10	5	"	"	1.009								

Record of Water Level in Borehole During Drilling

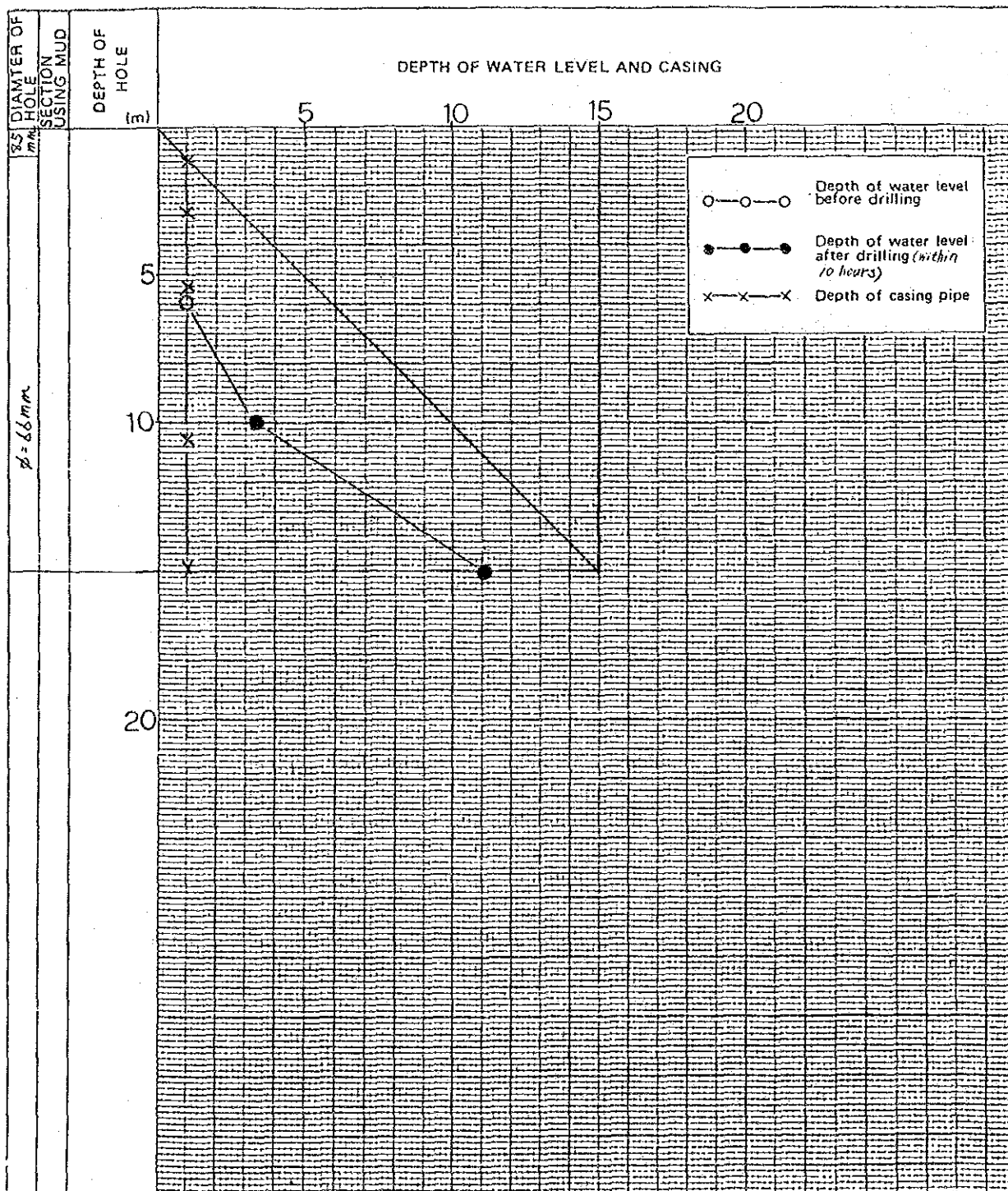
RECORD OF WATER LEVEL IN BOREHOLE DURING DRILLING
(DIAGRAM)

PROJECT: XE KATAM HOLE No. KI-1 (SHEET 1 OF 7)
 LOCATION: INTAKE DAM DEPTH OF HOLE: 15 m COMMENCED: Mar. 10 '91
 ELEVATION: 468.0m DIAMETER OF HOLE: 66 mm COMPLETED: Apr. 9 '91
 COORDINATE: _____ MEASURED BY: THOUK SAY
 ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL: 90°



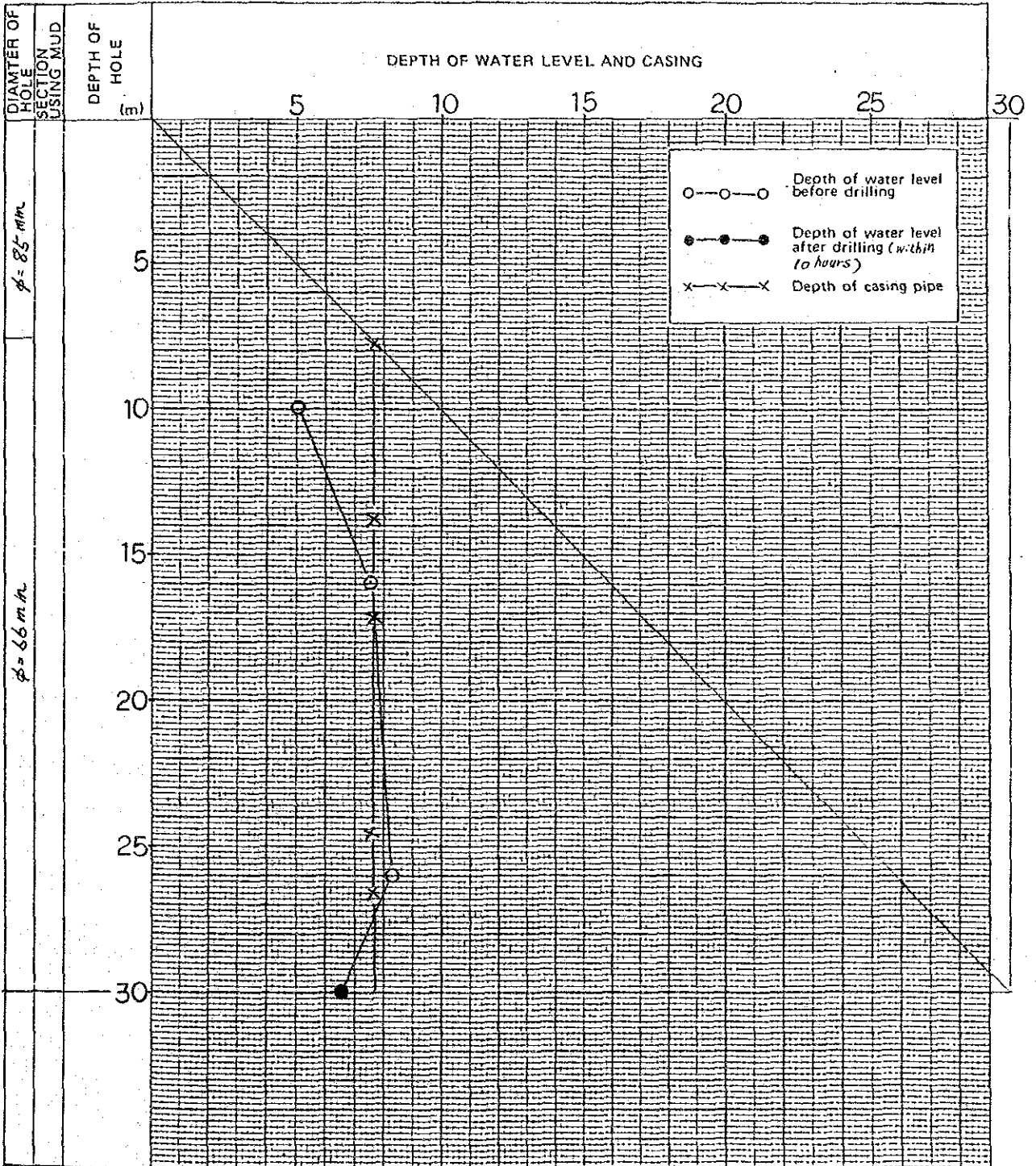
RECORD OF WATER LEVEL IN BOREHOLE DURING DRILLING (DIAGRAM)

PROJECT XE KAJAM HOLE No. K1-2 (SHEET 2 OF 7)
 LOCATION INTAKE DAM DEPTH OF HOLE 15 m COMMENCED Mar. 15 '91
 ELEVATION 463.9m DIAMETER OF HOLE 66 mm COMPLETED Apr. 10 '91
 COORDINATE _____ MEASURED BY THONG SAY
 ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL 90°



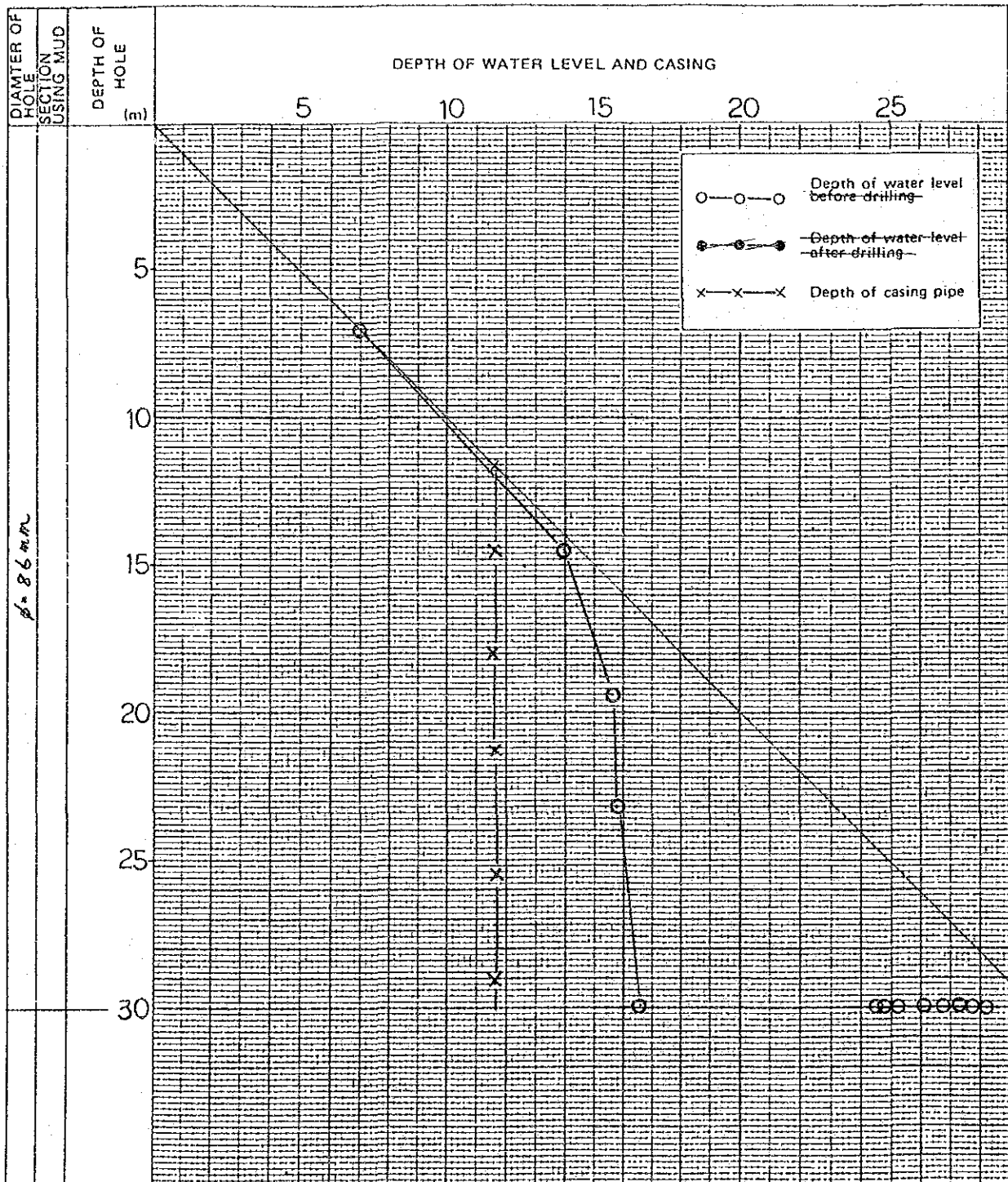
RECORD OF WATER LEVEL IN BOREHOLE DURING DRILLING
(DIAGRAM)

XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. KT-1 (SHEET 3 OF 7)
 LOCATION TUNNEL DEPTH OF HOLE 30 m COMMENCED '91
 ELEVATION 473.3 m DIAMETER OF HOLE 66 mm COMPLETED '91
 COORDINATE _____
 ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL 90° MEASURED BY THONG SAY



RECORD OF WATER LEVEL IN BOREHOLE DURING DRILLING
(DIAGRAM)

XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. KT-2 ISHEET 4 OF 7
 LOCATION TUNNEL DEPTH OF HOLE 30 m COMMENCED '91
 ELEVATION 479.8 m DIAMETER OF HOLE 86 mm COMPLETED '91
 COORDINATE _____
 ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL 90° MEASURED BY THONG SAY



RECORD OF WATER LEVEL IN BOREHOLE DURING DRILLING
(DIAGRAM)

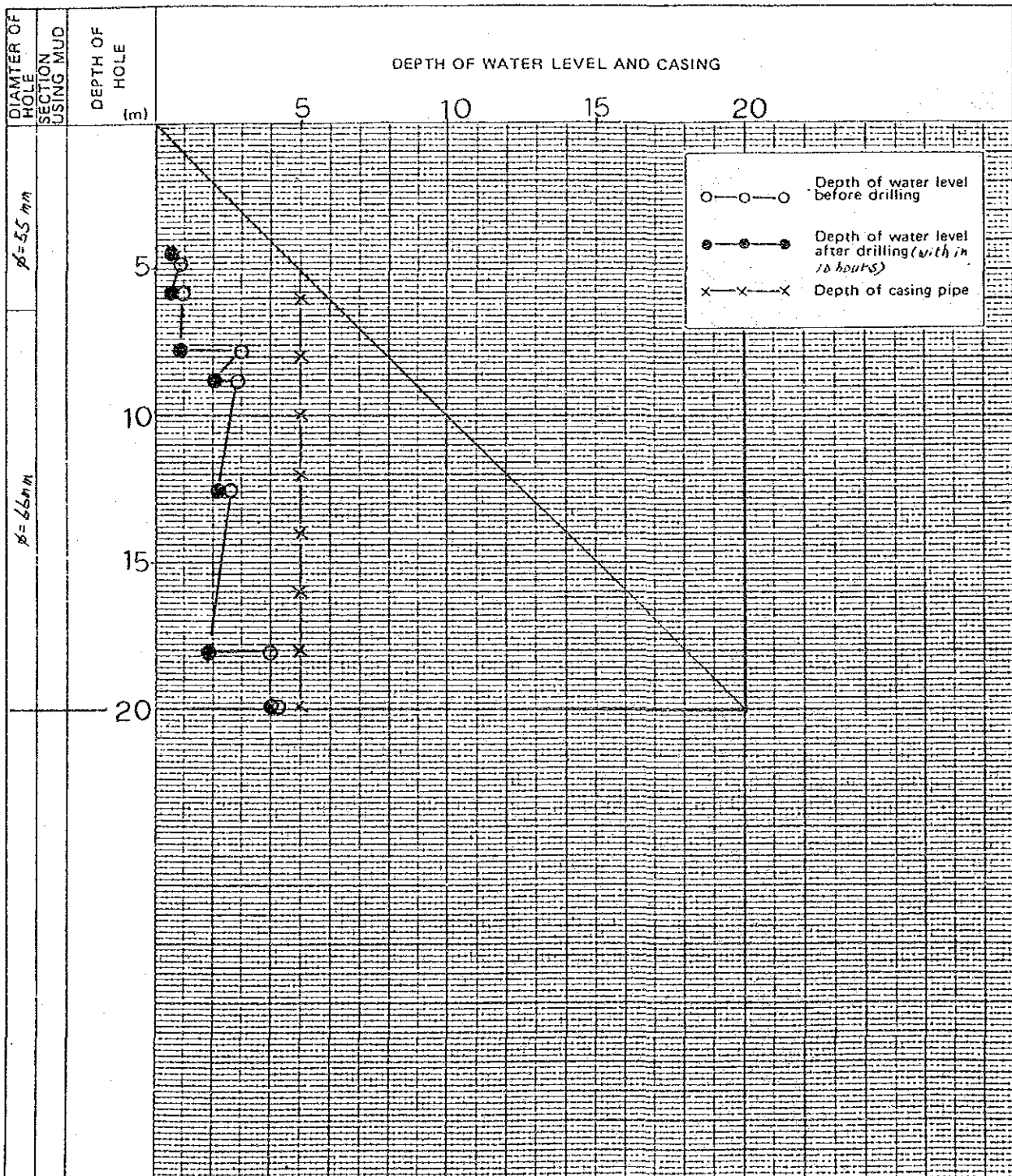
XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. KP-2 (SHEET 6 OF 7)

LOCATION POWERHOUSE DEPTH OF HOLE 20 m COMMENCED .91

ELEVATION 307.3 m DIAMETER OF HOLE 66 mm COMPLETED .91

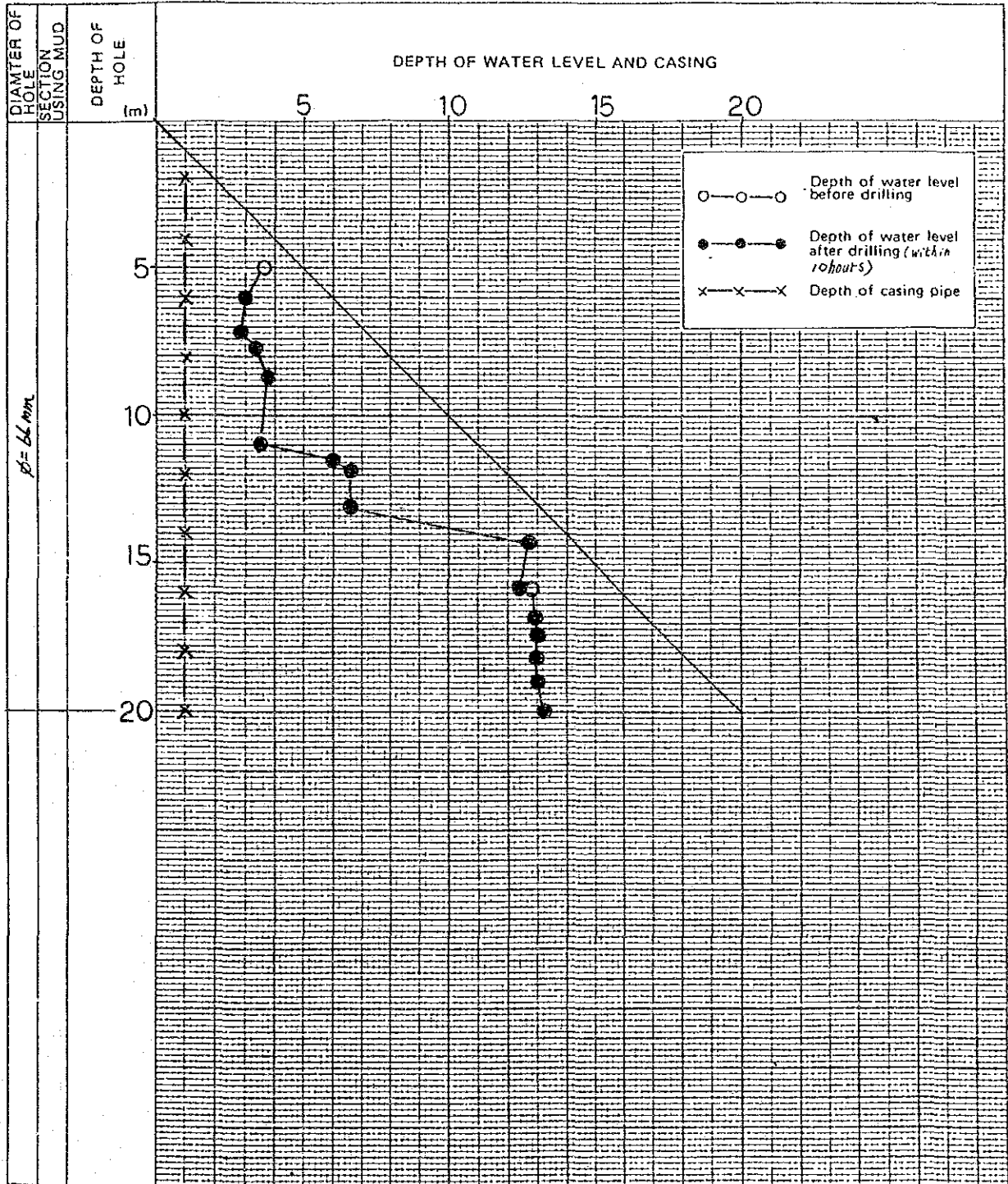
COORDINATE _____

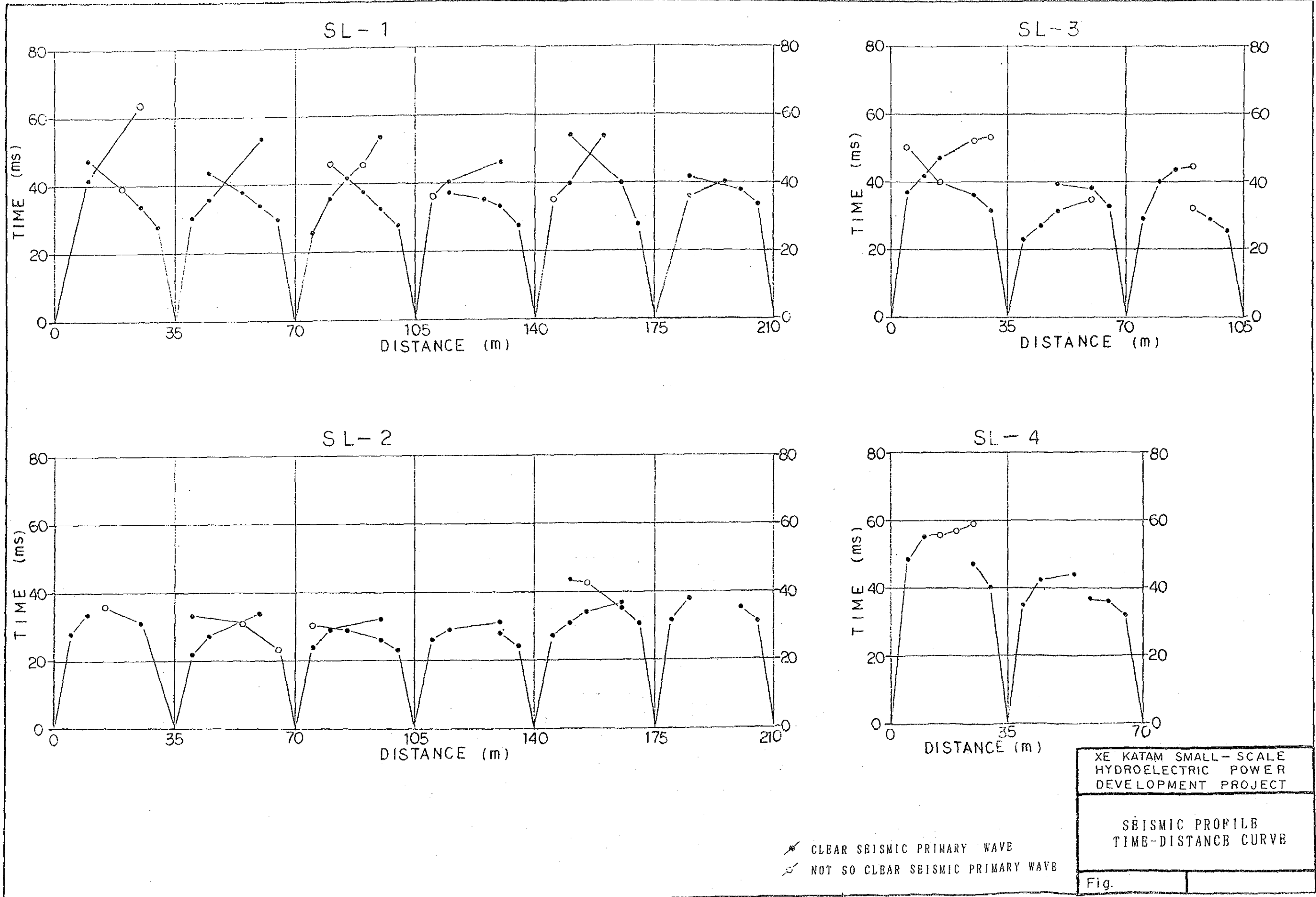
ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL 90° MEASURED BY THONGSAY

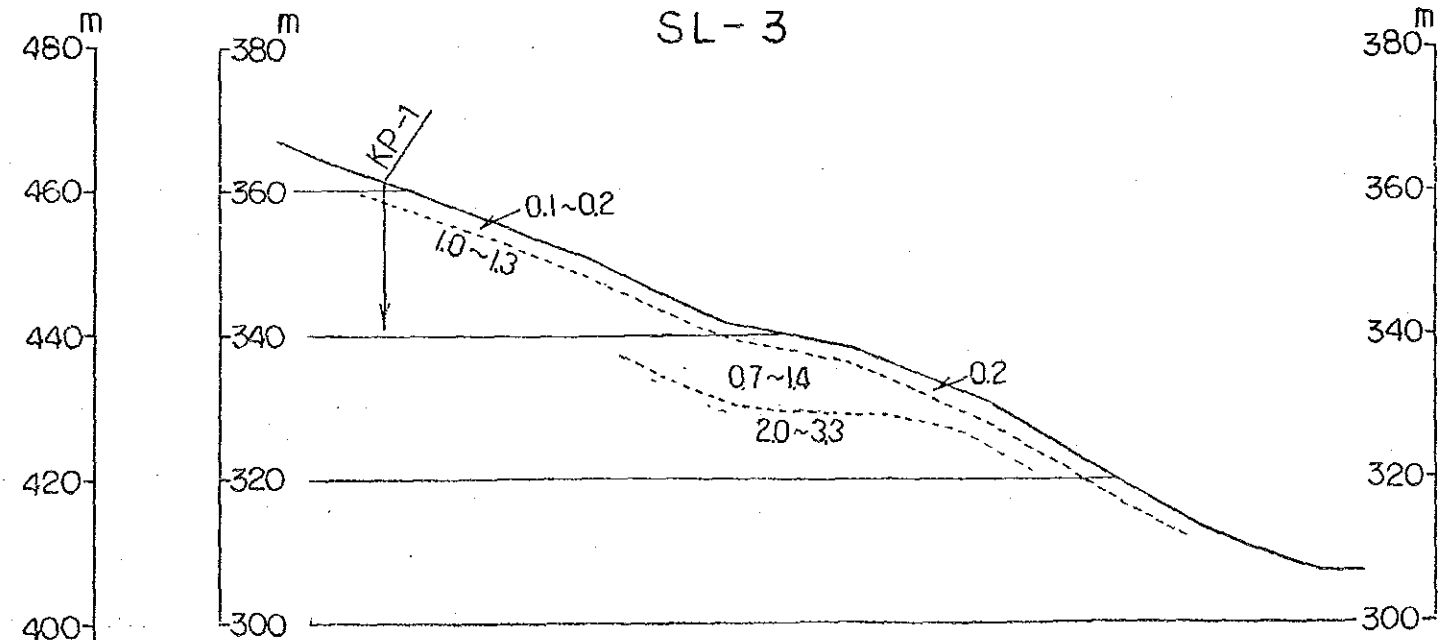
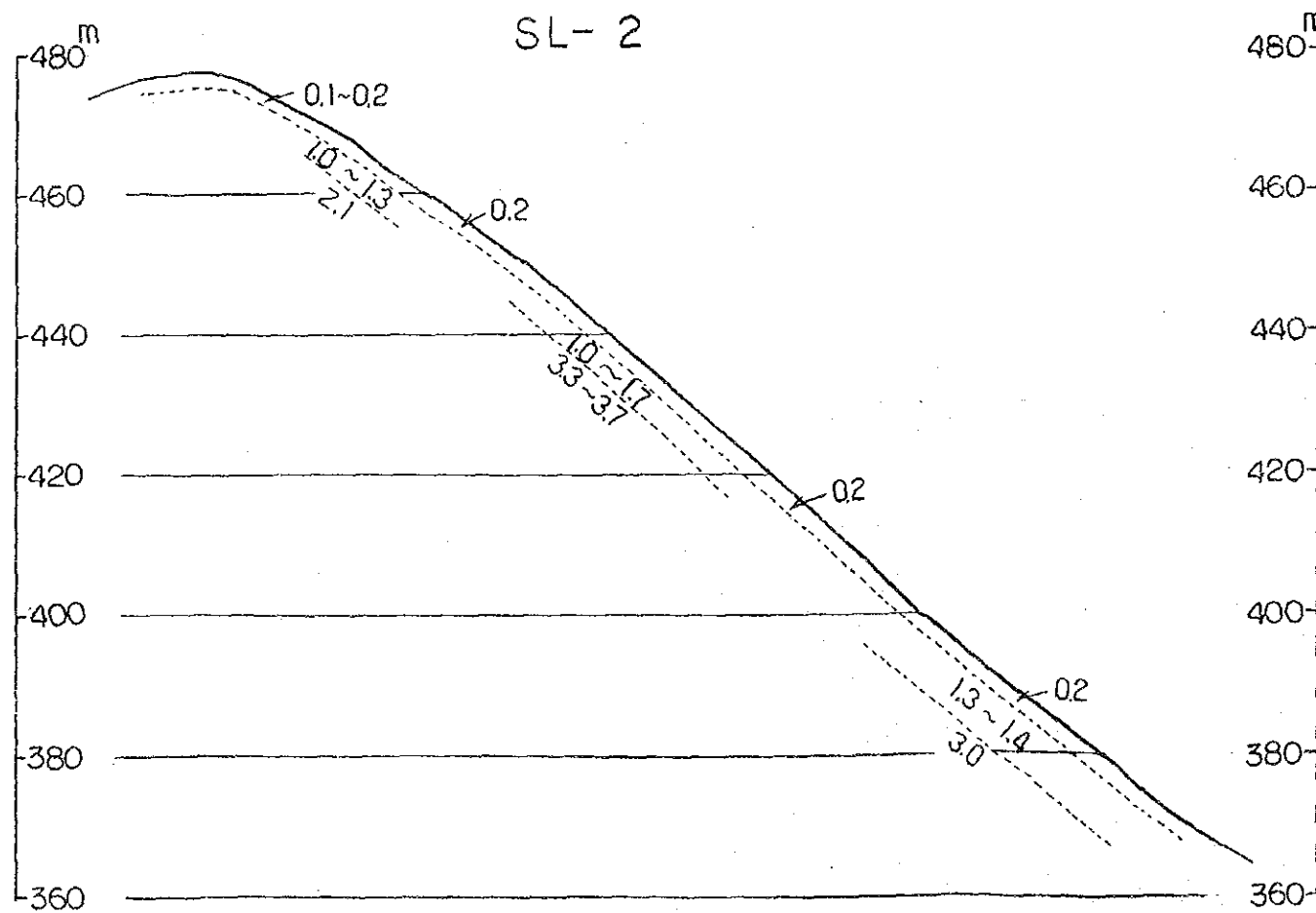
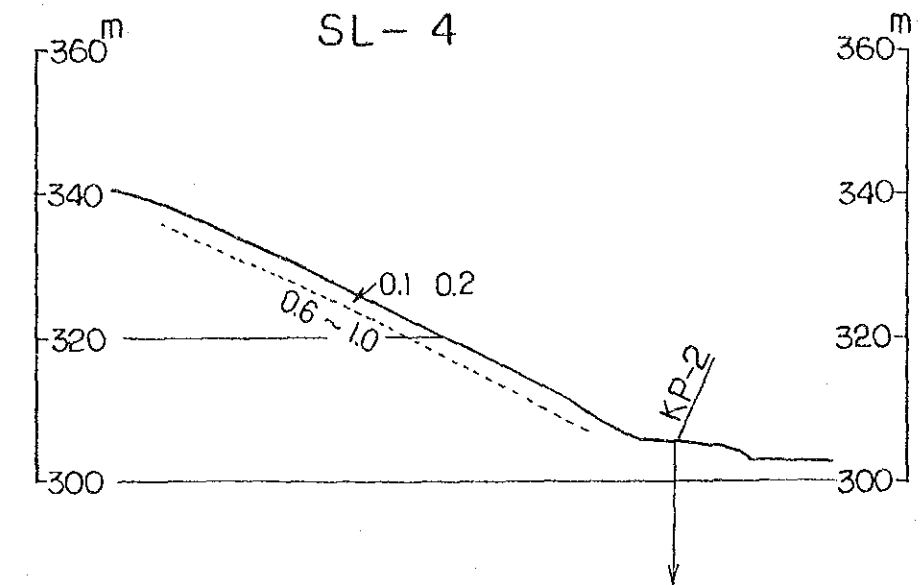
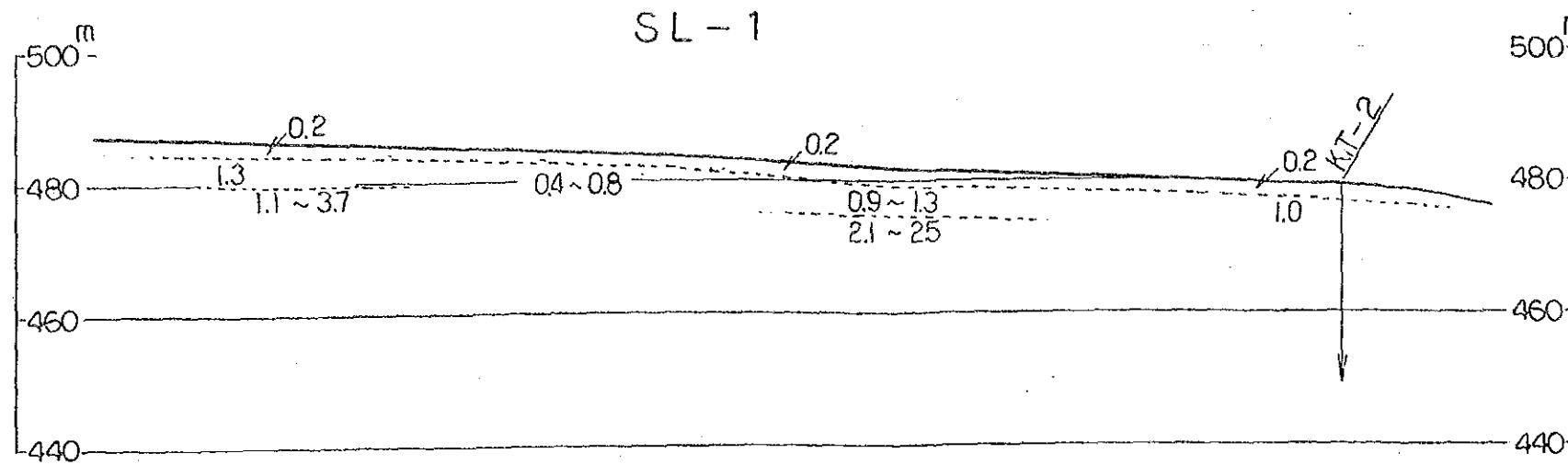


RECORD OF WATER LEVEL IN BOREHOLE DURING DRILLING (DIAGRAM)

XE KATAM PROJECT HOLE No. KP-3 (SHEET 7 OF 7)
 LOCATION POWERHOUSE DEPTH OF HOLE 20 m COMMENCED '91
 ELEVATION 308.5m DIAMETER OF HOLE 66 mm COMPLETED '91
 COORDINATE _____
 ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL 90° MEASURED BY THONGSAY







0 50m

XE KATAM SMALL-SCALE
HYDROELECTRIC POWER
DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

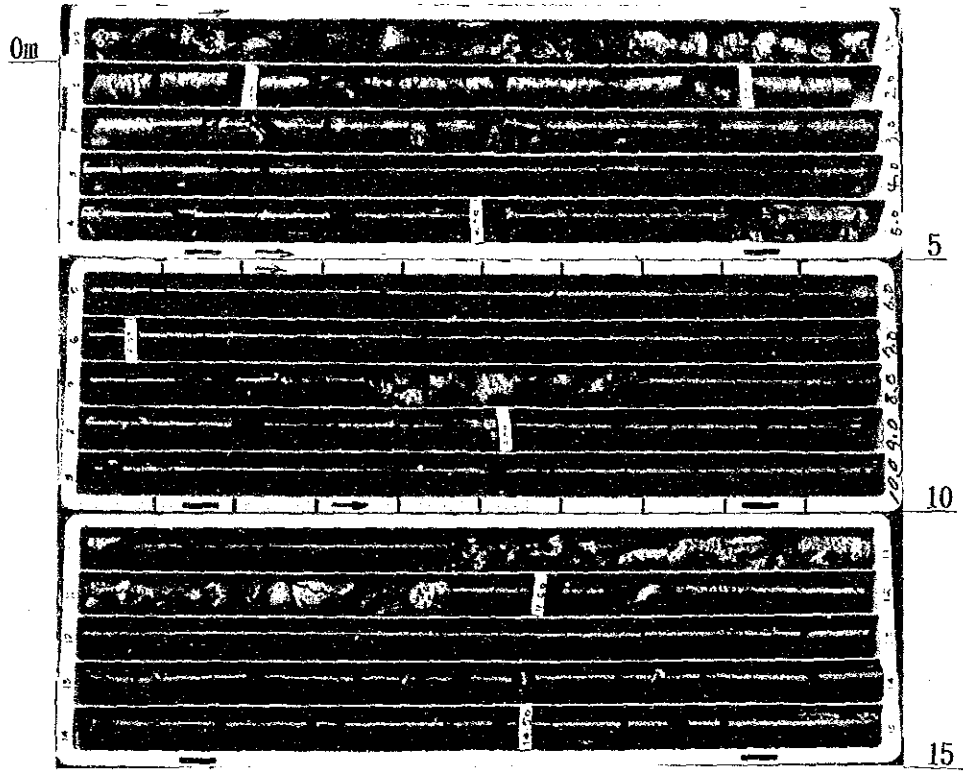
SEISMIC PROFILE

Fig.

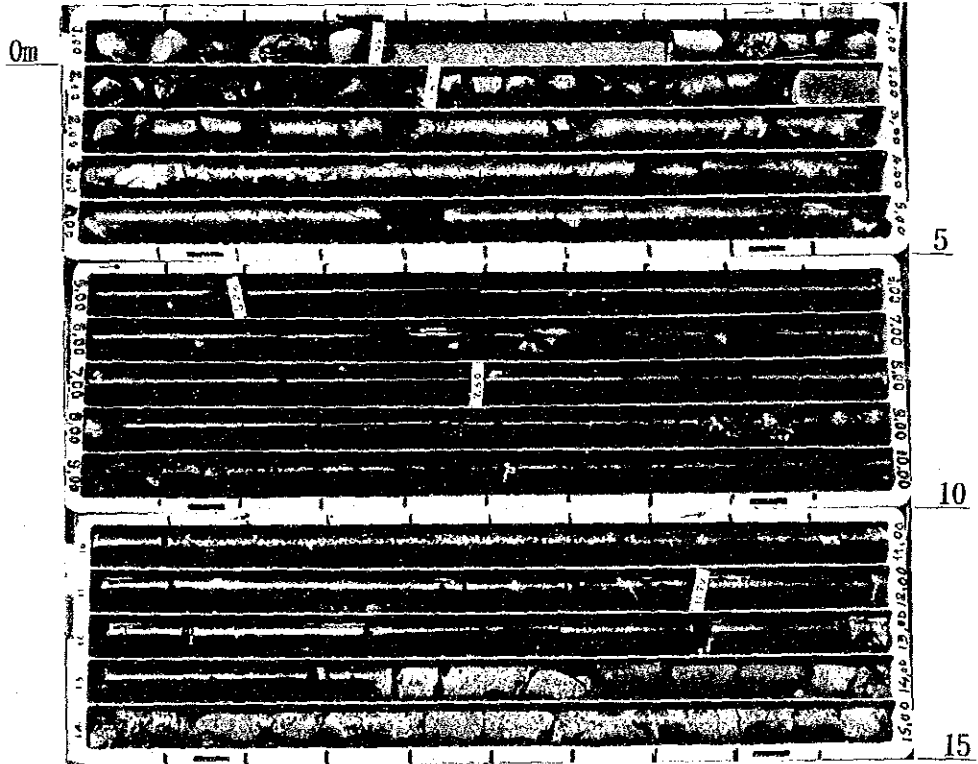
0.2 BOUNDARY AND VELOCITY OF
1.4 SEISMIC PRIMARY WAVES (in km/s)

Core-Photograph

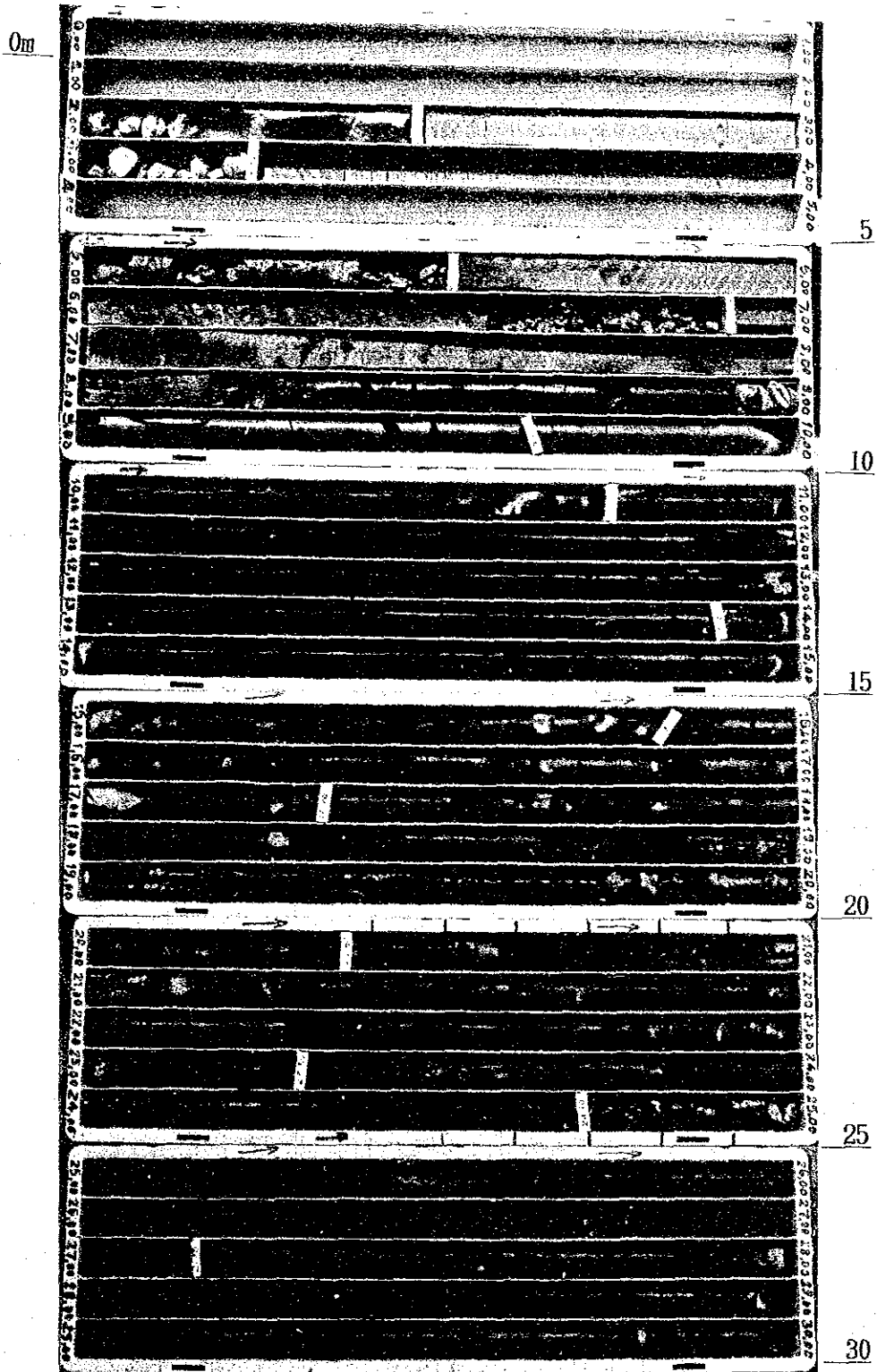
K I - 1 : Length=15m



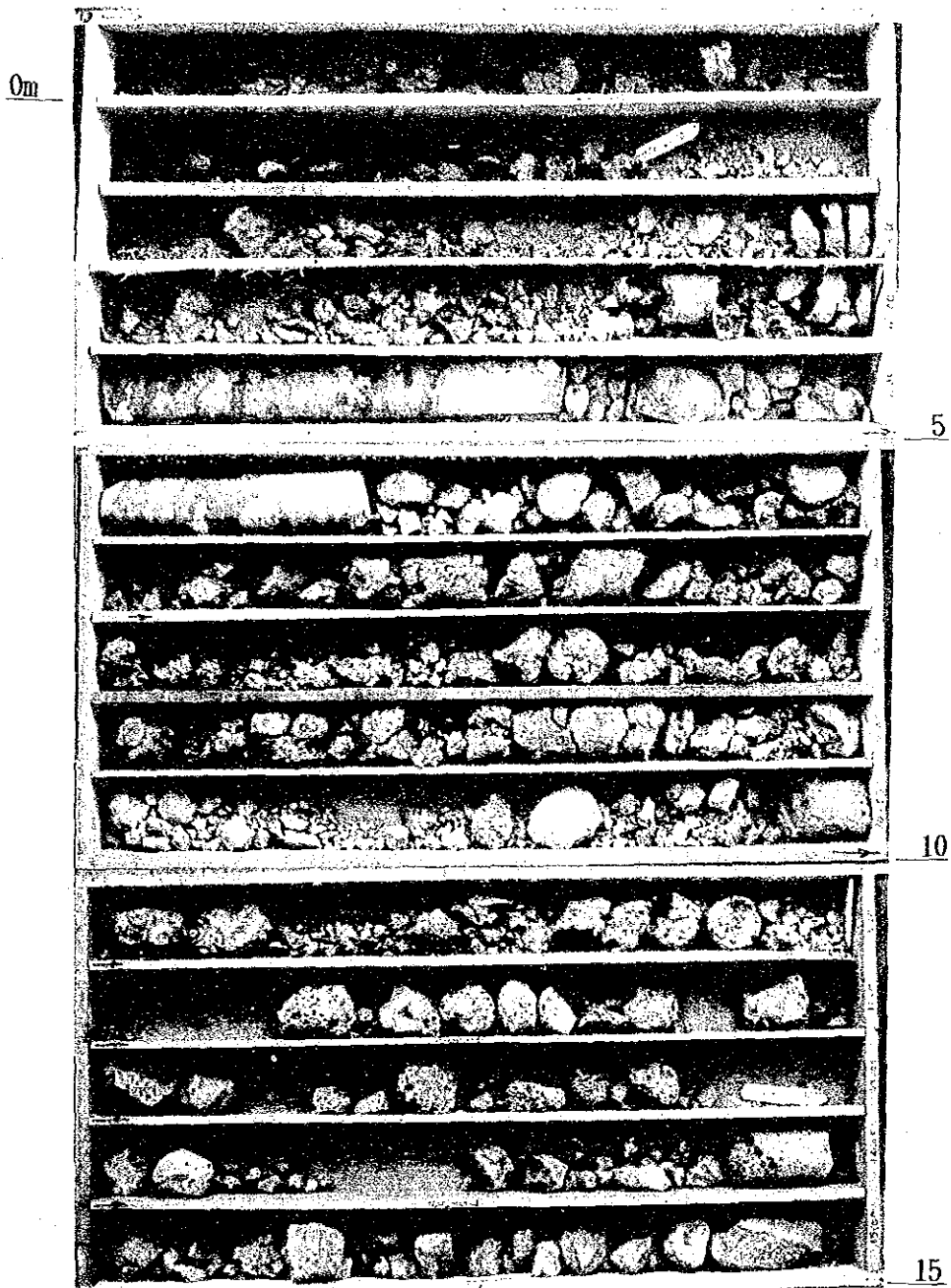
K I - 2 : Length=15m



KT-1: Length=30m



KT-2: Length=30m



KT-2:Length=30m

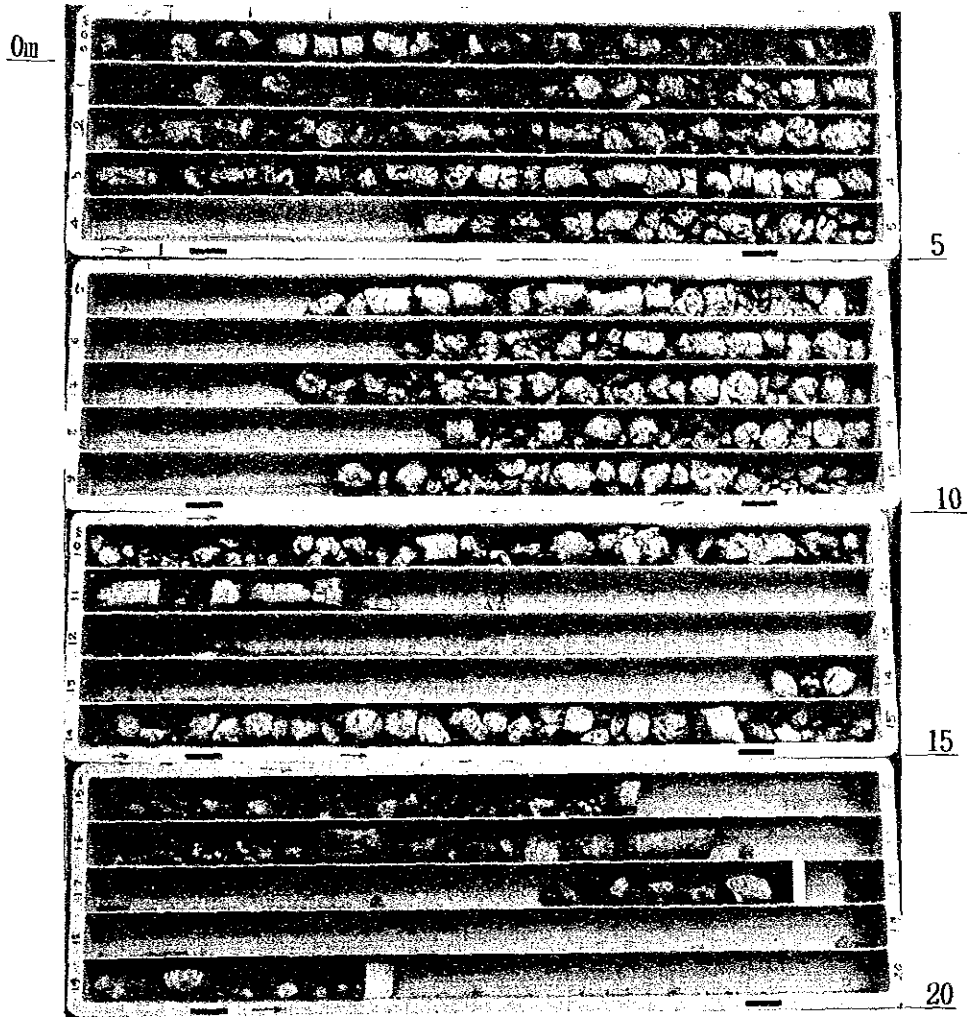


20

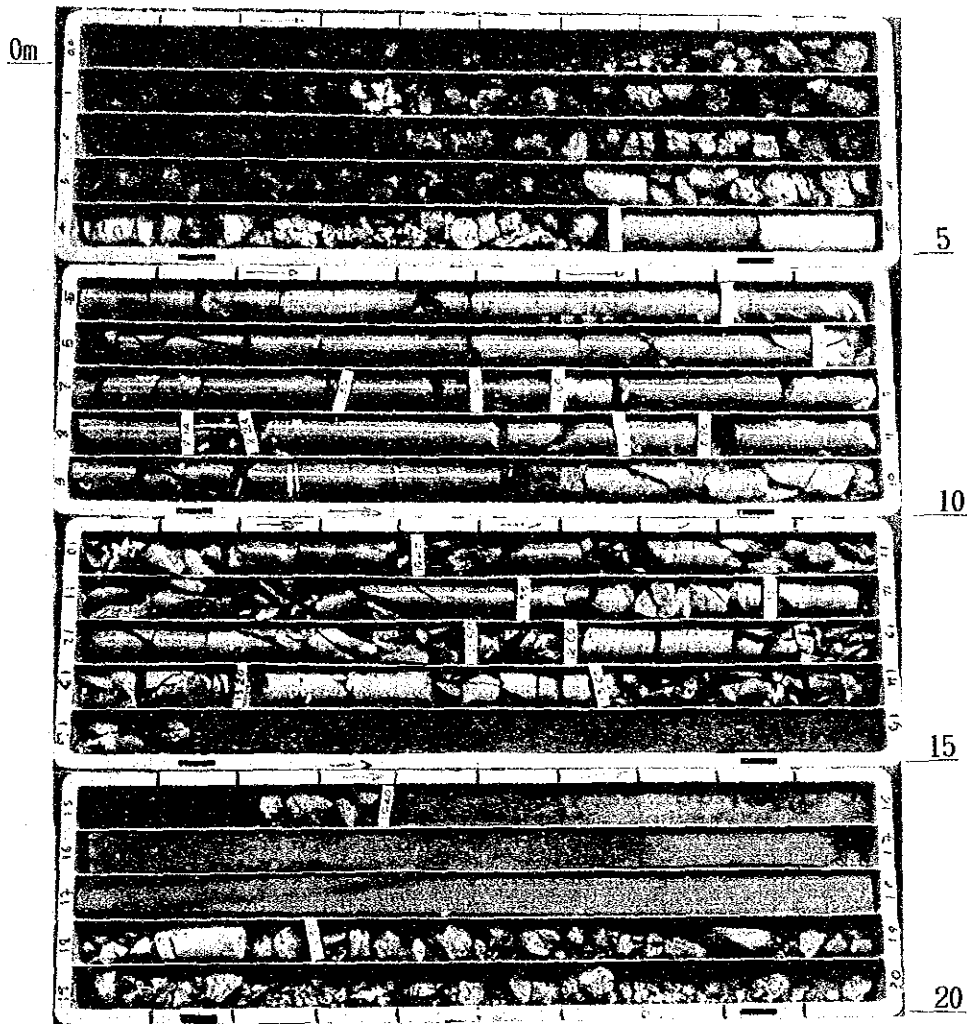
25

30

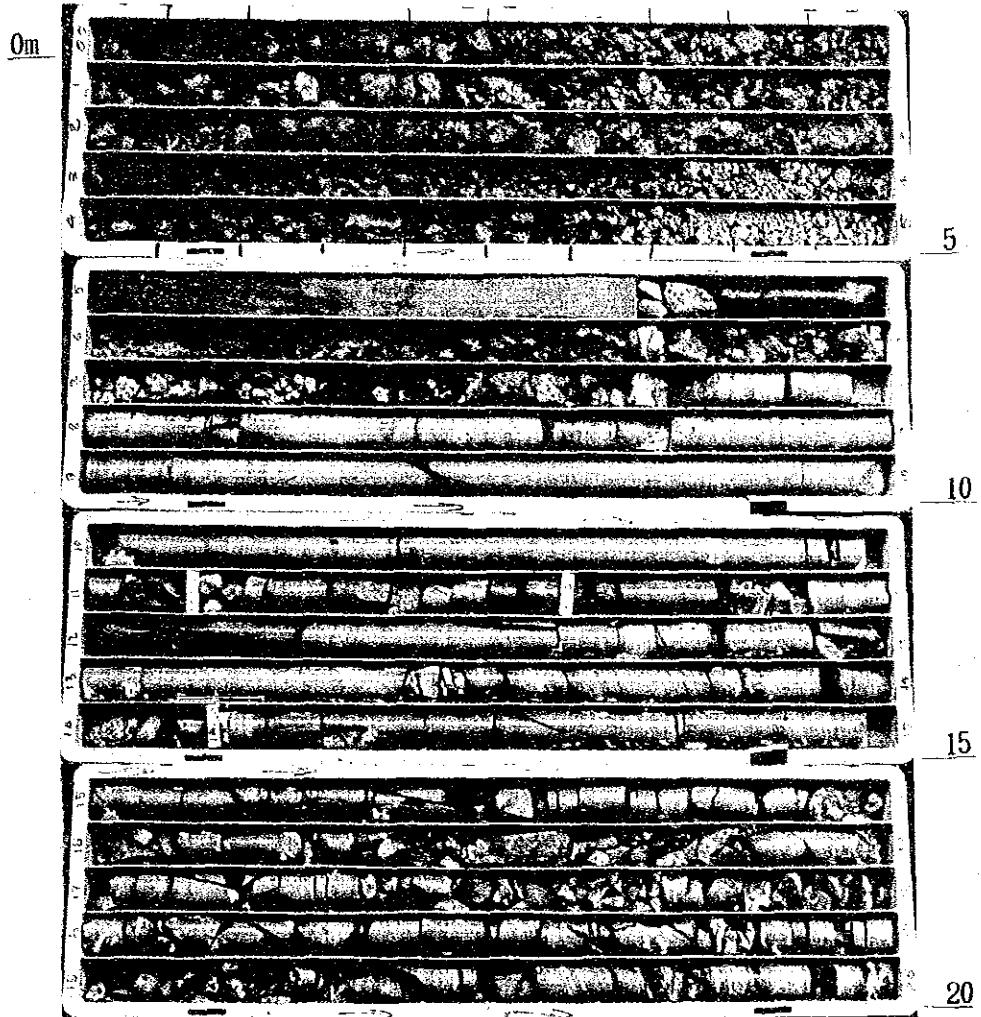
KP - 1 : Length=20m



KP - 2 : Length=20m



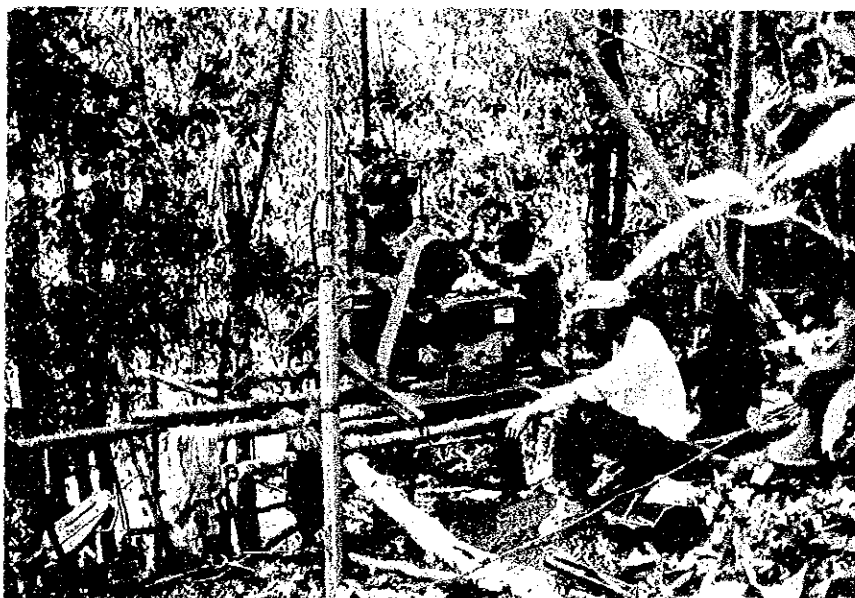
KP - 3 : Length=20m



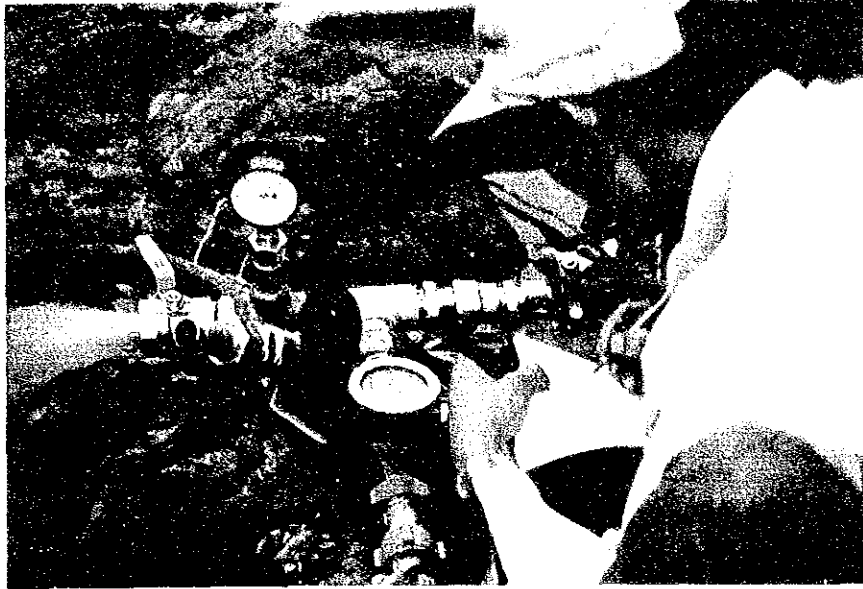
Drilling Work Photograph



Drilling KI-2



Drilling KT-1



Performing permeability test at KI-2



Removing the core drilling equipments along penstock route

Micrograph and Petrographic Description of Rock

Sample No: R-1

Locality : Intake Dam

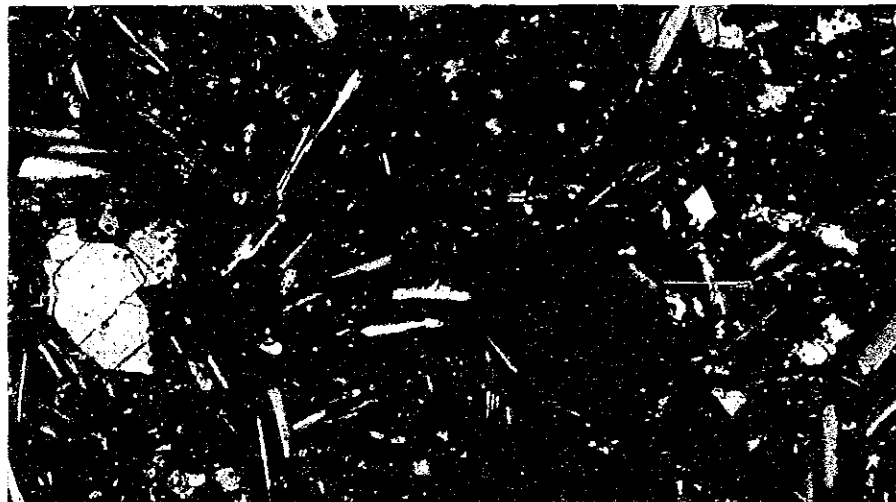
Rock Name: Olivine Basalt

Petrographic Description

Crystals are olivine, plagioclase. Olivines are idiomorphic crystals (0.1 ~ 1.0mm), plagioclases are idiomorphic laths (0.1 ~ 0.8mm). The constituents of the groundmass are plagioclase, pyroxene, olivine, and minor amounts of glass. Rock is very flesh.



0 0.2mm
 (Open nicols)



0 0.2mm
 (Crossed nicols)

Ol:olivine, Pl:Plagioclase, V:vacant

APPENDIX-3 Meteorology and Hydrology

APPENDIX-3 METEOROLOGY AND HYDROLOGY

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APPENDIX 3

A3.1 Rainfall and Runoff Survey Performed by JICA Study Team

A3.1.1 Installation of Rainfall Gauges

During the first field reconnaissance in this Study, installation sites of rainfall gauge were selected at two sites in the Xe Katam River Basin and three sites in the Xe Namnoy River Basin. After installation work, observations were started from February 1991. The locations of installation site are as follows:

<u>No.</u>	<u>Basin</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Altitude*</u>	<u>Longitude*</u>	<u>Latitude*</u>
1	Xe Katam	Ban Xekata	1,060 m	106°26'15"	15°14'00"
2	Xe Katam	Ban Tongvay	950 m	106°31'15"	15°12'30"
3	Xe Namnoy	Ban Houaikong	890 m	106°31'30"	15°07'45"
4	Xe Namnoy	Ban Latsasin	750 m	106°36'15"	15°03'15"
5	Xe Namnoy	Ban Namkong	700 m	106°34'30"	14°59'00"

* Altitudes, Longitudes and Latitudes are approximate values according to 1/100,000 topographical map.

The installation sites were selected with the principle of even arrangement of area division in the river basins. However, because of limited number of gauge units which could be installed, the locations were decided with following reasons.

- Because of the necessity to request maintenance of instruments and recording works to local residents, it was decided that installation should be inside of villages or at adjacent locations. Further, for convenience in installation of observation instruments and gathering of observed records, places where are accessible by vehicles were selected.
- In general, there is more rainfall in mountainous areas than in flat areas, and the run-off of a river will be strongly affected by rainfall in such intensive rainy areas. The basin of the Xe Katam River has mountains of

elevation approximately 1,500 m at its north side so that installation in this area was examined. However, accessibility in this area is very bad to install and maintain instrument. Accordingly, The Ban Xe Katam and Ban Tongvay sites were selected as being locations as close as possible to these mountains.

- Meanwhile, consideration was given to grasping the rainfall in flat areas as well, in order to observe contrasts with rainfall in mountainous areas. In this regard, installation at the Ban Nonghin site in the Xe Katam Basin was considered, but this site is located comparatively close to the Ban Tongvay site. Therefore, although out of the Xe Katam River Basin, the Ban Houaykong site which is connected topographically with Ban Nonghin was selected for installation.
- In the basin of Xe Namnoy mainstream, installation sites of water level gauge were selected at Ban Latsasin and Ban Namkong which are located in the left bank area of the Xe Namnoy midstream. It was given up to install gauges in the right bank area and upstream area of Xea Namnoy basin because of difficulty of access by vehicle.

A3.1.2 Installation of Water Level Gauges

During the first field reconnaissance of this Study, installation sites of water level gauge were selected at one site each on the Xe Katam River and the Xe Namnoy River mainstream, and after installation work, observations were started from February 1991. The locations of installation site are as follows:

<u>No.</u>	<u>River</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>EL.</u>	<u>Catchment Area</u>
1	Xe Katam	Ban Nonghin	840 m	171 km ²
2	Xe Namnoy	Ban Latsasin	720 m	537 km ²

Installation sites were selected with following reasons:

- Predicated on commissioning local residents to handle care of water gauges, periodical observations of staff gauges, and runoff observations for

preparation of rating curves, locations were selected at sites adjacent to villages.

- Regarding the Xe Katam River, since there was no suitable village in the neighborhood of the Xe Katam project site located at the most downstream part of the river (catchment area 290 km²), it was decided to install a gauge at the Ban Nonghin site on the middle stretch of the Xe Katam River (catchment area 171 km²).
- Regarding the Xe Namnoy River, the Ban Latsasin site, which is located along the middle stretch of mainstream and is accessible by vehicle, was selected for installation.

A3.1.3 Discharge Measurements by JICA Team

Runoff measurements by current meters were performed by the study team during site survey at a number of sites in order to obtain runoff data on the various project sites on the Xe Katam and Xe Namnoy rivers to be examined in the Study. The results of measurements are given in Table A3-1.

Table A3-1 Discharge Measurement by JICA Team

<u>River</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Catchment Area</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Discharge</u>
Xe Katam	Ban Nonghin	171 km ²	Dec.28,1990	1.8 m ³ /s
			Mar.28,1991	0.64 m ³ /s
			Mar.30,1991	0.58 m ³ /s
	Upstream of Planned Damsite	288 km ²	Dec.28,1990	3.3 m ³ /s
			Mar.28,1991	0.80 m ³ /s
			Mar.28,1991	0.78 m ³ /s
			Jul. 5,1991	13.3 m ³ /s
	Planned Damsite	290 km ²	Mar.28,1991	0.78 m ³ /s
	Downstream of Planned Damsite	295 km ²	Mar.30,1991	0.75 m ³ /s
	Xe Katam	Ban Xekatom	49 km ²	Mar.27,1991
Xe Namnoy	Ban Latsasin	537 km ²	Dec.29,1990	5.2 m ³ /s
			Mar.26,1991	0.55 m ³ /s
			Mar.31,1991	0.48 m ³ /s
	Powerhouse site of Xe Katam Project	784 km ²	Mar.30,1991	2.2 m ³ /s
H. Makchan	H.Makchan Nikhon34	39 km ²	Mar.27,1991	0.28 m ³ /s
			Jun.23,1991	1.9 m ³ /s
			Jul. 8,1991	2.3 m ³ /s
H. Champi	H. Champi Ban Itou	53 km ²	Apr. 1,1991	0.46 m ³ /s

A3.2 Hydrological Records observed in the Xe Namnoy River Basin

A3.2.1 River Flow Survey on Xe Katam River in 1991

Discharge Measurement Records at Ban Nonghin

XEKATAM SMALL HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER PROJECT

LIST OF DISCHARGE MEASUREMENT

RIVER : XEKATAM

HYDROLOGIC YEAR 1991

STATION : BAN NONGHIN

SHEET ... 4

Made by : Mr.Sengchanh

Approved by : Mr.Somsack PHRASONTHI

No.	DATE	GAUGE HEIGHT m	AREA sq. m	MEAN VELOCITY m/s	DISCHARGE cu. m/s	G.H CHANGE	REMARKS
1	3-5-91	0,34	7,030	0,185	1,304		
2	8-5-91	0,34	6,830	0,222	1,450		
3	13-5-91	0,33	6,575	0,183	1,208		
4	16-5-91	0,45	9,315	0,255	2,383		
5	18-5-91	0,49	10,460	0,271	2,837		
6	22-5-91	0,49	9,985	0,265	2,654		
7	27-5-91	0,43	7,450	0,240	1,792		
8	30-5-91	0,42	8,100	0,222	1,805		
9	5-6-91	0,41	7,588	0,197	1,497		
10	13-6-91	0,55	11,490	0,333	3,826		
11	18-6-91	0,48	11,135	0,222	2,469		
12	26-6-91	0,68	11,950	0,440	6,134		
13	4-7-91	0,77	16,225	0,622	10,087		
14	7-7-91	0,69	14,023	0,630	6,30		
15	17-7-91	0,81	16,822	0,584	9,832		
16	24-7-91	1,14	28,05	1,178	33,029		
17	31-7-91	0,96	22,35	0,865	19,322		
18	7-8-91	0,94	21,575	0,843	18,186		
19	16-8-91	1,05	21,755	0,985	23,677		
20	17-8-91	1,24	31,45	1,275	40,080		
21	20-8-91	1,28	32,70	1,465	47,894		
22	27-8-91	1,15	27,875	1,189	33,158		
23	29-8-91	1,16	27,85	1,270	35,361		
24	3-9-91	0,96	20,15	0,934	18,817		
25	15-9-91	0,93	19,85	0,869	17,259		
26	18-9-91	0,84	17,666	0,796	14,069		
27	25-9-91	0,91	21,194	0,923	19,555		
28	4-10-91	1,13	27,413	1,294	35,487		

XEKATAM SMALL HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER PROJECT

LIST OF DISCHARGE MEASUREMENT

RIVER : XEKATAM

HYDROLOGIC YEAR 1991

STATION : BAN NONGHIN

SHEET ... 2 ...

Made by : Mr. Sengchanh

Approved by : Mr. Somsack PHRASANTHI

No.	DATE	GAUGE HEIGHT m	AREA sq. m	MEAN VELOCITY m/s	DISCHARGE cu. m/s	G. H CHANGE	REMARKS
29	9-10-91	1.02	22,655	1.032	23,371		
30	16-10-91	0.90	18,280	0.893	16,338		
31	23-10-91	0.76	15,635	0.629	9,849		
32	30-10-91	0.67	14,027	0.455	6,389		
33	6-11-91	0.60	12,102	0.421	5,096		
34	27-11-91	0.50	9,899	0.304	3,007		
35	4-12-91	0.46	9,366	0.270	2,537		
36	11-12-91	0.44	9,946	0.270	2,694		
37	18-12-91	0.43	8,302	0.220	1,829		
38	25-12-91	0.40	8,172	0.226	1,849		
39	2-1-92	0.38	8,603	0.206	1,780		
40	8-1-92	0.38	8,848	0.227	2,011		
41	15-1-92	0.36	8,495	0.192	1,632		
42							
43							
44							
45							
46							
47							
48							
49							
50							
51							
52							
53							
54							
55							
56							

Current-Metering and Calculation of Flow

(Measurement No.1 to No.41)

Station XEKATAM. 3/5/1991 (No.1)

$V = 0.698N + 0.016$

CURRENT - METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD) Page 2

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow					Notes (time, gauging etc.)			
	Depth of point (x-m)	Number of rotations	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rotations per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "P" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10)-(8)-(9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)				
					in the point	mean in the vertical "V"	average between verticals						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11			
0,5	20-												
	60-	4	60"	0,066	0,066	0,062	0,031	0,25	0,008				
	80-												
0,53	20-	11	50"	0,12	0,169	0,145	0,105	0,545	0,057				
	60-												
	80-	8	52"	0,153	0,122								
0,57	20-	21	48"	0,432	0,321	0,306	0,225	0,55	0,123				
	60-												
	80-	19	48"	0,395	0,291								
0,57	20-	15	47"	0,319	0,238	0,228	0,267	0,57	0,152				
	60-												
	80-	14	48"	0,291	0,219								
0,63	20-	14	46"	0,304	0,228	0,183	0,205	0,60	0,123				
	60-												
	80-	19	51"	0,126	0,138								
0,58	20-	13	46"	0,282	0,212	0,156	0,169	0,605	0,102				
	60-												
	80-	7	57"	0,122	0,101								
0,70	20-	14	48"	0,291	0,219	0,199	0,172	0,64	0,173				
	60-												
	80-	11	47"	0,234	0,177								
0,56	20-	31	46"	0,673	0,485	0,101	0,3	0,63	0,189				
	60-												
	80-	20	46"	0,1234	0,118								
0,71	20-	18	47"	0,382	0,282	0,212	0,306	0,635	0,174				
	60-												
	80-	10	55"	0,181	0,142								
0,56	20-	9	49"	0,183	0,143	0,105	0,158	0,635	0,100				
	60-												
	80-	11	52"	0,075	0,068								
0,51	20-	12	45"	0,266	0,201	0,123	0,114	0,535	0,060				
	60-												
	80-	3	67"	0,043	0,046								
0,46	20-	11	45"	0,244	0,186	0,132	0,127	0,485	0,061				
	60-												
	80-	5	55"	0,090	0,078								
0,30	20-						0,066	0,38	0,025				
	60-												
	80-				0								
	20-												
	60-												
	80-												
	20-												
	60-												
	80-												
							0,185	7,03	1,304				

Handwritten notes in the right margin of the table, including "10-100", "20-200", "50-500", and "70-700".

$VP = \sum Q_i \cdot F_i \quad \sum F_i \quad \sum Q$

station XEKSIAM. 13/5/91 (No. 3)

CURRENT-METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow				Notes (time, gauge reading etc.)	
	Depth of point (x-m)	Number of rotations	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rotations per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "F" between verticals (m ²)		Flow "Q" (10) ³ =(8)×(9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)
					in the point	mean in the vertical "V"	average between verticals			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11
0,42	20-	2	113"	0,016	0,049	0,039	0,019	0,21	0,024	T. Head: 10 ³ 05' T. and: 10 ⁴ 50' H - 0,33 m H - 0,33 m Shamshat B.
	60-			0,						
	80-	1	118"	0,020	0,029					
0,55	20-	7	116"	0,152	0,122	0,092	0,065	0,185	0,031	
	60-									
	80-	3	115"	0,106	0,062					
0,116	20-	10	115"	0,222	0,170	0,133	0,112	0,505	0,056	
	60-									
	80-	5	113"	0,116	0,096					
0,56	20-	11	112"	0,333	0,248	0,225	0,179	0,51	0,091	
	60-									
	80-	12	115"	0,266	0,201					
0,118	20-	18	113"	0,118	0,308	0,261	0,211	0,52	0,126	
	60-									
	80-	13	111"	0,295	0,221					
0,54	20-	16	111"	0,363	0,269	0,202	0,233	0,51	0,118	
	60-									
	80-	8	117"	0,170	0,134					
0,58	20-	22	113"	0,511	0,372	0,285	0,213	0,56	0,136	
	60-									
	80-	12	116"	0,260	0,197					
0,113	20-	20	113"	0,165	0,310	0,324	0,304	0,505	0,153	
	60-									
	80-	18	113"	0,118	0,207					
0,50	20-	17	113"	0,395	0,291	0,238	0,226	0,165	0,151	
	60-									
	80-	11	113"	0,291	0,186					
0,55	20-	6	115"	0,133	0,108	0,078	0,203	0,525	0,106	
	60-									
	80-	2	113"	0,016	0,018					
0,119	20-	12	115"	0,377	0,279	0,220	0,119	0,52	0,077	
	60-									
	80-	9	113"	0,202	0,161					
0,54	20-	12	114"	0,272	0,205	0,158	0,189	0,515	0,091	
	60-									
	80-	6	111"	0,136	0,110					
0,35	20-	2	113"	0,016	0,018	0,018	0,103	0,145	0,015	
	60-									
	80-									
0,25	20-	5	113"	0,116	0,069	0,069	0,058	0,3	0,014	
	60-									
	80-									
	20-									
	60-									
	80-									
								0,183	6,575	1,208

VP=ΣQ:ΣF ΣF I ΣQ

Station XEKATAM. (No. 4)

16/5/1991 $V = 0.698N + 0.016$

CURRENT - METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow					Notes (time, gauge reading etc.)
	Depth of point (x-m)	Number of rotations	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rotations per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "P" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10) ³ =(8) ³ (9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)	
					in the point	mean in the vertical "VV"	average between verticals			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11
0.110	20-	7	115'	0.155	0.124	0.125	0.062	0.20	0.042	T-spread: 11.5, 0.5 H = 0.45 m H = 0.46 m
	60-		H							
	80-	7	114'	0.159	0.126					
0.164	20-	7	114'	0.159	0.126	0.117	0.121	0.52	0.062	
	60-									
	80-	6	115'	0.122	0.108					
0.162	20-	10	113'	0.1232	0.127	0.169	0.113	0.63	0.090	
	60-									
	80-	9	113'	0.129	0.161					
0.22	20-	24	112'	0.1571	0.144	0.152	0.260	0.87	0.174	
	60-									
	80-	17	113'	0.1395	0.291					
0.22	20-	21	113'	0.1220	0.1518	0.120	0.102	0.72	0.289	
	60-									
	80-	19	113'	0.1441	0.323					
0.285	20-	21	113'	0.1288	0.356	0.312	0.366	0.785	0.287	
	60-									
	80-	16	111'	0.363	0.269					
0.281	20-	27	113'	0.1277	0.1553	0.383	0.317	0.83	0.288	
	60-									
	80-	18	112'	0.1428	0.311					
0.271	20-	22	113'	0.1511	0.372	0.323	0.353	0.76	0.268	
	60-									
	80-	16	113'	0.272	0.275					
0.167	20-	19	113'	0.1441	0.323	0.331	0.327	0.69	0.225	
	60-									
	80-	20	113'	0.1465	0.340					
0.271	20-	17	113'	0.1395	0.291	0.258	0.294	0.69	0.202	
	60-									
	80-	13	113'	0.302	0.226					
0.162	20-	22	113'	0.154	0.372	0.351	0.304	0.665	0.202	
	60-									
	80-	19	112'	0.1452	0.331					
0.237	20-	11	112'	0.261	0.198	0.236	0.293	0.1195	0.115	
	60-									
	80-	16	113'	0.272	0.275					
0.115	20-	1	113'	0.023	0.039	0.032	0.134	0.11	0.054	
	60-									
	80-	1	113'	0.023	0.032					
0.33	20-	1	114'	0.022	0.031	0.031	0.031	0.39	0.012	
	60-									
	80-	1	111'	0.022	0.031					
0.27	20-					0.193	0.112	0.3	0.033	
	60-	11	113'	0.255	0.193					
	80-									

$VP = \sum Q_i \cdot \sum P_i$

(No. 4-2)

CURRENT - METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow					Notes (time, gauge reading etc.)
	Depth of point (m)	Num- ber of rota- tions	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rota- tions per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s-1)			Flow area "F" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10)÷(8)÷(9) (m ³ .s-1)	
					in the point	mean in the vertical "v"	average between verticals			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11
0,26	20-									
	60-	1	113"	0,023	0,032	0,032	0,112	0,265	0,029	
	80-									
0,33	20-									
	60-	2	113"	0,046	0,048	0,048	0,04	0,295	0,011	
	80-									
	20-						0,255	9,315	2,383	
	60-									
	80-									
	20-									
	60-									
	80-									
	20-									
	60-									
	80-									
	20-									
	60-									
	80-									
	20-									
	60-									
	80-									
	20-									
	60-									
	80-									

VP = ΣQ.FP ΣF ΣQ

Station XEKATAN. 18/5/1991 (No. 5) $X=0.698N+0.06$
 CURRENT-METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow						Notes (time, gauge reading etc.)			
	Depth of point (8-m)	Number of rotations	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rotations per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "F" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10) ³ =(8)×(9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)					
					to the point	mean in the vertical "V"	average between verticals							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11				
0,21	20-										I. Stas = 11430' I. end = 12400 H. Stas = 0149' H. end = 0149m			
	60-		0											
	80-													
0,44	20-	1	112'	0,023	0,032	0,048	0,024	0,325	0,007					
	60-													
	80-	3	112'	0,071	0,065									
0,44	20-	1	112'	0,023	0,032	0,043	0,060	0,44	0,026					
	60-													
	80-	6	112'	0,112	0,115									
0,67	20-	0				0,137	0,105	0,555	0,058					
	60-													
	80-	0												
0,76	20-	21	112'	0,5	0,265	0,339	0,238	0,715	0,140					
	60-													
	80-	18	112'	0,428	0,314									
0,76	20-	12	112'	1	0,711	0,555	0,147	0,76	0,339					
	60-													
	80-	23	112'	0,517	0,397									
0,88	20-	29	112'	0,690	0,497	0,355	0,455	0,82	0,373					
	60-													
	80-	12	112'	0,288	0,214									
0,85	20-	29	112'	0,699	0,497	0,341	0,348	0,865	0,301					
	60-													
	80-	10	112'	0,213	0,185									
0,73	20-	23	112'	0,547	0,397	0,282	0,311	0,79	0,245					
	60-													
	80-	9	112'	0,247	0,168									
0,64	20-	27	112'	0,642	0,461	0,1111	0,363	0,685	0,248					
	60-													
	80-	24	111'	0,585	0,421									
0,84	20-	18	112'	0,428	0,314	0,281	0,262	0,69	0,249					
	60-													
	80-	11	112'	0,333	0,248									
0,67	20-	12	112'	0,285	0,214	0,216	0,248	0,705	0,171					
	60-													
	80-	12	111'	0,292	0,219									
0,92	20-	26	111'	0,624	0,458	0,406	0,311	0,795	0,247					
	60-													
	80-	20	111'	0,487	0,355									
0,63	20-	3	112'	0,071	0,065	0,065	0,235	0,775	0,182					
	60-													
	80-	3	112'	0,071	0,065									
0,44	20-	15	112'	0,357	0,266	0,196	0,130	0,535	0,069					
	60-													
	80-	7	111'	0,159	0,126									

VP=ΣQ:ΣF ΣF | ΣQ

(No. 5-2)

CURRENT - METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow					Notes (time, gauge reading etc.)	
	Depth of point (m)	Num- ber of rota- tions	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rota- tions per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "F" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10) ³ =(8) ³ (9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)		
					in the point	mean in the vertical "V"	average between verticals				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11	
0,27	20-										
	60-	6	42'	0,142	0,115	0,115	0,155	0,275	0,058		
	80-										
0,30	20-										
	60-	8	42'	0,190	0,148	0,148	0,131	0,305	0,029		
	80-										
0,25	20-										
	60-	9	41'	0,219	0,168	0,168	0,158	0,325	0,057		
	80-										
0,28	20-										
	60-		0	0			0,271 m/s	10,46 m ²	2,826 m ³		
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										

VP=ΣQΣF ΣF ΣQ

Station XEKATAN. 22/5/91. (No. 6.) $V = 0.698N + 0.016$

CURRENT-METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

(m)	Results of current-metering					Calculation of velocities and of flow					Notes (time, gauging reading etc.)
	Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Depth of point (m)	Number of rotations	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rotations per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "P" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10) ³ =(8)×(9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)	
						in the point	mean in the vertical "V"	average between verticals			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11	
1	0.58	20-	12	18'	0.25	0.191	0.168	0.084	0.1435	0.036	T-staff = 76.45' L-end = 16.45' H-end = 0.149m
		60-									
		80-	9	19'	0.181	0.144					
1	0.76	20-	9	19'	0.181	0.144	0.111	0.112	0.67	0.095	
		60-									
		80-	5	50'	0.1	0.085					
1	0.117	20-	18	16'	0.391	0.288	0.318	0.216	0.615	0.138	
		60-									
		80-	20	12'	0.176	0.348					
1	0.70	20-	32	12'	0.727	0.523	0.378	0.348	0.585	0.203	
		60-									
		80-	14	15'	0.311	0.233					
1	0.73	20-	33	15'	0.733	0.527	0.182	0.23	0.715	0.207	
		60-									
		80-	26	13'	0.604	0.127					
1	0.75	20-	28	14'	0.636	0.159	0.305	0.393	0.71	0.290	
		60-									
		80-	9	16'	0.195	0.152					
1	0.72	20-	32	13'	0.711	0.535	0.112	0.373	0.735	0.274	
		60-									
		80-	22	11'	0.5	0.349					
1	0.17	20-					0.125	0.158	0.115	0.203	
		60-	29	14'	0.659	0.175					
		80-									
1	0.70	20-	25	17'	0.531	0.386	0.272	0.373	0.135	0.162	
		60-									
		80-	10	19'	0.204	0.158					
1	0.911	20-	24	18'	0.5	0.365	0.365	0.318	0.82	0.262	
		60-									
		80-	22	14'	0.5	0.265					
1	0.74	20-	25	17'	0.581	0.121	0.289	0.327	0.81	0.174	
		60-									
		80-	10	19'	0.204	0.158					
1	0.66	20-	15	15'	0.333	0.218	0.180	0.234	0.7	0.163	
		60-									
		80-	6	13'	0.139	0.113					
1	0.57	20-	3	50'	0.06	0.057	0.056	0.118	0.615	0.072	
		60-									
		80-	3	52'	0.057	0.055					
2	0.18	20-					0.217	0.136	0.75	0.102	
		60-	13	15'	0.288	0.217					
		80-									
1	0.26	20-					0.091	0.155	0.22	0.034	
		60-	5	11'	0.113	0.091					
		80-									

VP=ΣQ:ZF ZP (ZQ

(No. 6-2)

CURRENT - METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow					Notes (time, gauge reading etc.)	
	Depth of point ($\% - m$)	Num- ber of rota- tions	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rota- tions per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "P" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10) \times (8) \times (9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)		
					in the point	mean in the vertical "V"	average between verticals				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9=6(P.1)	10	11	
1 0.23	20-										
	60-	6	21.4	0.127	0.104	0.104	0.099	0.2115	0.024		
	80-										
2 0.19	20-										
	60-	0	0				0.052	0.12	0.021		
	80-						0.265 ^{m/s}	9.985 ^{m²}	2.6511 ^{m³}		
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										
	20-										
	60-										
	80-										

VP = $\Sigma Q \cdot \Sigma F$ ΣF ΣQ

Station XEKATIH. 27/5/1991 (No. 7) $V = 0,698N + 0,016$

CURRENT-METERING AND CALCULATION OF FLOW (1-2-3 POINTS METHOD)

Vertical (Max. depth in m)	Results of current-metering				Calculation of velocities and of flow					Notes (times, gauge reading etc.)	
	Depth of point (%·m)	Number of rota- tions	Time: partial and total (seconds)	Rota- tions per second (rps)	Velocity (m.s ⁻¹)			Flow area "F" between verticals (m ²)	Flow "Q" (10) = (8) · (9) (m ³ .s ⁻¹)		
					in the point	mean in the vertical "V"	average between verticals				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 = 6(P.1)	10	11	
1,5	20-		0	-							3h 00- 13h 30 H ₁ = 0,115 H ₂ = 0,113
	60-										
	80-										
1	20-	5	111'	0,113	0,0911	0,096	0,0418	0,645	0,029		
	60-										
	80-	5	112'	0,119	0,099						
1	20-	6	113'	0,139	0,113	0,095	0,095	0,58	0,055		
	60-										
	80-	4	115'	0,088	0,077						
1	20-	12	112'	0,285	0,211	0,179	0,137	0,545	0,0711		
	60-										
	80-	8	113'	0,186	0,145						
1	20-	20	113'	0,165	0,310	0,277	0,228	0,6	0,136		
	60-										
	80-	12	112'	0,285	0,211						
1	20-	31	112'	0,659	0,475	0,367	0,322	0,69	0,222		
	60-										
	80-	15	113'	0,318	0,258						
1	20-	22	111'	0,5	0,365	0,26	0,313	0,725	0,226	Khan Plot A	
	60-										
	80-	9	115'	0,2	0,155						
1	20-	25	116'	0,513	0,395	0,33	0,295	0,625	0,181		
	60-										
	80-	15	112'	0,257	0,265						
1	20-	24	113'	0,558	0,405	0,307	0,318	0,545	0,173		
	60-										
	80-	12	113'	0,279	0,210						
1	20-	22	111'	0,5	0,365	0,310	0,323	0,565	0,182		
	60-										
	80-	19	111'	0,1131	0,316						
1	20-	16	113'	0,372	0,275	0,266	0,303	0,63	0,199		
	60-										
	80-	15	113'	0,318	0,258						
1	20-	21	50'	0,478	0,351	0,302	0,2811	0,595	0,168		
	60-										
	80-	15	111'	0,340	0,253						
1	20-	11	111'	0,318	0,237	0,201	0,254	0,165	0,116		
	60-										
	80-	9	112'	0,211	0,165						
1	20-					0,077	0,139	0,27	0,037		
	60-										
	80-	11	115'	0,088	0,077						
1	20-										
	60-										
	80-										

VP = ΣQ · ΣF ΣF ΣQ