

- Present utilization amount of groundwater in Haraz basin, and the procedure and basic data applied for its estimation.
- Groundwater runoff amount to the adjacent basin and Caspian Sea and estimation procedure, and applied basic data.
- The hydrogeological situation of estimated year, which was used as an average year of water balance calculation in report, among the longer hydrogeological period.

The hydrogeological balance in HWDP-1 Report is verified by the Groundwater Quantity Model. In the process of modeling for Haraz Basin, some items which should be deliberated more, still remain in their model structure and constitution, their items consist of;

- the treatment for aquifer constituent and their thickness in groundwater modeling, and their validity to the observation result,
- hydrogeological boundary in model, and actual input data applied to these boundary, and its correctness to the natural condition.
- the transmissibility and storage coefficient, and difference between its observation value and applied value in model,
- the modeling of recharge system of groundwater, and treatment of infiltration amount from the surface,
- actual progress and procedure of the matching of the observation groundwater hydrograph to the simulation value.

Table A.3.1 Comparison between Groundwater Balance

Comparative Balance Sheet between Existig Studies

Report	HWDP-1				M/P
	1985-'86	1985-'86	1985-'86	1985-'86	1982
Balancing Study Area	III*1	IV*1	III+IV*2	(III)+IV*3	
Balancing Study Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	645	323	968	956	956
Subsurface inflow	59.4	25.1	84.5	83.4	-
Recharge from/through					
Precipitation	33.2	15.4	48.6	48.0	-
Surface Runoff	10.2	4.5	14.7	14.6	-
Overland Flow	67.5	19.1	86.6	85.5	-
Riverbed	30.3	18.2	48.6	48.0	-
Total	200.6	82.4	283.0	279.4	261.6
Return Flow of					
Agricultural Wells	41.1	9.1	50.1	49.5	-
Industrial Wells	12.4	2.5	15.0	14.8	-
Springs	8.7	7.0	15.7	15.5	-
Total	62.2	18.5	80.8	79.7	-
Total Recharge	262.9	100.9	363.8	359.2	261.6
Subsurface Outflow	0.7	3.8	4.5	4.5	62.8
Discharge from/through					
Agricultural wells	164.3	36.2	200.5	198.0	-
Industrial wells	19.1	3.9	23.0	22.7	-
Total	183.4	40.1	223.5	220.7	126.2
Spring	34.7	27.9	62.6	61.8	65.7
Evapotraspiration	22.8	9.7	32.5	32.1	-
Drainage from Aquifer	23.0	9.0	32.0	31.6	-
Total Discahsrge	264.7	90.5	355.1	350.7	254.7
Variation in Storage or Blance	-1.8	10.4	8.6	8.5	6.9

- \*1 : the value based on the GWDP-1 Report Zone III or Zone IV estimation
- \*2 : the value is the sum of Zone III and Zone IV
- \*3 : the value revised from the ratio of balancing areas between M/P (956km<sup>2</sup>) and GWDP-1 (968km<sup>2</sup>) report

Solving these unfavorable situation, it has been planned that hydrogeological data based upon the above three studies have been collected and a comparative study on the hydrogeological balance in Haraz Basin with reference to above materials among them also have been executed in this stage.

The collected data and the review of collected materials are summarized as below.

- 1) Electric Conductivity Map (1 : 20,000)
  - contour map ranging Amol to Sari, drawn in Iranian calendar of 1364. 8.
- 2) Electric Conductivity Map (1 : 20,000)
  - contour map ranging Amol to Sari, drawn in Iranian calendar of 1365. 6.
- 3) Equi-Depth Map of Groundwater Level (1 : 20,000)
  - contour map ranging Amol to Sari, drawn in Iranian calendar of 1369. 9. 20, the map shows the distance and its contour from ground surface to groundwater level, the wells listed in figure comprise the depth of 12 m to 57 m.
- 4) Groundwater Contour Map (1 : 20,000)
  - contour map ranging Amol to Sari, drawn in Iranian calendar of 1369. 1, the map shows the locations of 220 observation wells and the map drawn by their data.
- 5) Polygonal Division Map (1 : 100,000)
  - division map to sub-basin ranging Amol to Sari, drawn in Iranian calendar of 1364, 65, 66.
- 6) Division Map of Groundwater Type (1 : 20,000)
  - it refers to the classification of groundwater type, such as C1, SO<sub>4</sub> and HCO<sub>3</sub> types, along the coast strip ranging Amol to Sari, it was drawn 15 to 17 years ago.

- 7) Groundwater Cross Section along Dasht-Gorgan
  - it shows the typical groundwater section crossing the downstream line from the mountainous area.
- 8) Groundwater Quality and Hydrogeological Map (1 : 1,000,000)
  - it covers whole area of Mazandaran Province.
- 9) Groundwater Hydrograph and Observation Data
  - monthly data observed during 1355 to 1369 covering the Project Area.
- 10) Location Map of Observation Wells for the Project Area
  - the location map ranges Alesh Rud to Babol Rud with the coordinate grid.
- 11) Well Inventory for Sari to Mahmudabad Area
  - it consists of 2 volumes and contains the items of well No., well location, well type, pumping rate, use period for pumping, it covers the whole wells in eastern part of Project Area which had been investigated in 1361 to 1363 and published in 1364.
- 12) Well Inventory for Mahmudabad to Alesh Rud Area
  - it consists of 1 volume, it covers the whole wells in western part of Project Area, investigation date ranges 1364 to 1365 and published in 1366.
- 13) Geological Map (1 : 50,000)
  - it ranges Sari to Alesh Rud dated in 1368. 10.
- 14) Report of Geophysical Survey
  - geoelectric prospecting survey, it covers the eastern part of Project Area to Sari, it is made up of resistivity sounding curve, and its cross section and equi-resistivity map.
- 15) Talar-Babol-Haraz Project Report, quantitative and qualitative mathematical investigations about undergroundwater in the plains of Talar-Babol-Haraz river basin (prepared by Mahab Ghodss Consulting Engineers)

- It consists of main report and with the explanatory drawings prepared in 1990

All data and reports mentioned above are useful for a reviewing the existing studies, and so, their evaluation for the groundwater resources, which remains the feasible amount between projects. Hereby, the above data and reports had been required to MRWB.

Otherwise, the investigation data which has been collected concerning to the hydrogeology can be summarized as shown in Table A. 3. 2, and 3.

Taking advantage of the collected material and their analysis, the consideration for the safe groundwater yield in Haraz Basin had been considered. The practical procedure as well as result of it are described as following chapter.

Table A.3.2. Time Series Data List in Hydrogeology

observation items	Year										
	'82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	
<b>&lt;Rain fall&gt;</b>											
Mahmudabad	1964										
Sorkhrood	1965										
Babolsar	1950										
Babol	1966										
Arabkyl	1965										
Kiyacola	1965										
Larim	1965										
Gaemshar	1951										
<b>&lt;Overland flow&gt;</b>											
<b>-Haraz River-</b>											
Caresang	1950-1982										
Sorkhrad						monthly average					
<b>-Babol River-</b>											
Garantalar	1950-1982										
Babol						monthly average					
Miandasht						monthly average					
<b>-Others-</b>											
Garmrood etc*1						monthly average					
<b>&lt;Evaporation&gt;</b>											
<b>&lt;G.W.L.&gt;</b>											
44 localities	1976										
<b>&lt;Aquifer Test&gt;</b>											
51 wells T											
S											
<b>Geology</b>											
GE prospecting	1974,										
Mapping											
<b>Water quality</b>											
EC											
Other items	1974-76										
<b>GW utilization</b>											
Well inventory											
Estimation by MB											

Table A.3.3(1) Time series Data List of Observation Wells

WELL NO.	OBSERVATION WELL	WELL ELEVATION (m)	1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356
1	22E 1SW	-13.839						
2	(22G 1SW)	3.82						
3	24H 1SW	15.821		14.25				
4	15G 1SW	5.34						
5	21C 1SW	-22.072		-22.181				
6	21F 2SW	-2.205						
7	22F 2SW	-7.095						
8	20E 1SW	-11.221		-10.816				
9	20G 1SW	7.110		6.158				
10	22C 1SW	-22.230		-21.375				
11	21H 2SW	7.136						
12	21G 1SW	0.488						
13	16E 1SW	-18.10		-19.075				
14	16E 2SW	-14.41		-14.729				
15	16G 1SW	19.030		19.713				
16	20I 3SW	65.817						
17	18G 1SW	28.791						
18	19E 1SW	-13.846		-13.381				
19	18E 2SW	-6.222						
20	18D 1SW	-20.984		-11.916				
21	21E 1SW	-15.121		-16.238				
22	19A 1SW	-20.734		-21.021				
23	20I 2SW	33.463		32.476				
24	20D 1SW	-21.079						
25	17H 1SW	64.07		61.112				
26	21J 1SW	54.137		57.386				
27	21H 2SW	19.225		20.218				
28	23J 1SW	78.99		77.052				
29	16F 1SW	-2.52		-2.346				
30	19F 1SW	2.234		1.191				
31	17F 2SW	-6.148		-6.141				
32	20F 1SW	27.13						
33	18F 1SW	0.749						
34	18F 2SW	12.862						
35	19F 2SW	6.866						
36	23G 1SW	-1.234						
37	18G 2SW	42.945						
38	19H 2SW	43.113						
39	18H 2SW	62.262						
40	26F 2SW	92.64						
41	23F 1SW	25.857						
42	17G 2SW	36.62						
43	17G 1SW	-1.118						
44	22G 3SW							

Table A.3.3(2) Time series Data List of Observation Wells

WELL OBSERVATION NO.	WELL ELEVATION (m)	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362
1	22E'1SW -13.839 - -14.008						
2	(22G'1SW) 3.82						
3	24H'1SW 16.821 - 14.25 14.518						
4	15G'1SW 5.34						
5	21C'1SW -22.072 - -22.181 - -22.16						
6	21F'2SW -2.205						
7	22F'2SW -7.095 - -6.835						
8	20E'1SW -11.221 - -10.816						
9	20G'1SW 7.110 - 6.158						
10	22C'1SW -22.230 - -21.375						
11	21H'2SW 7.136						
12	21G'1SW 0.488						
13	16E'1SW -18.10 - -19.075						
14	16E'2SW -14.41 - -14.729						
15	16G'1SW 19.030 - 19.713						
16	20I'3SW 65.817						
17	18G'1SW 28.791 -						
18	19E'1SW -13.846 - -13.381						
19	18E'2SW -6.222						
20	18D'1SW -20.984 - -11.916						
21	21E'1SW -15.121 - -16.238						
22	19A'1SW -20.734 - -2.021						
23	20I'2SW 33.463 - 32.476						
24	20D'1SW -21.079						
25	17H'1SW 64.07 - 61.112						
26	21J'1SW 54.137 - 57.386						
27	21H'2SW 19.225 - 20.218						
28	23J'1SW 78.99 - 77.052						
29	16F'1SW -2.52 - -2.346						
30	19F'1SW 2.234 - 1.191						
31	17F'2SW - 7.987						
32	20F'1SW -6.148 - -6.141						
33	19G'1SW 27.13 -						
34	18F'1SW 0.749 -						
35	22E1SW 12.862 -						
36	19F'2SW 6.866 -						
37	23G'1SW -1.234 -						
38	18G'2SW 42.945						
39	19H'2SW 43.113						
40	19H'2SW 62.262						
41	26F2SW 92.644						
42	23F1SW 25.857						
43	17G'2SW 36.62						
44	22G'3SW -1.118						



Table A.3.3(3) Time series Data List of Observation Wells

WELL NO.	OBSERVATION WELL	WELL ELEVATION (m)	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368
			foktmsmaadbe	foktmsmaadbe	foktmsmaadbe	foktmsmaadbe	foktmsmaadbe	foktmsmaadbe
1	22E.1SW	-13.839	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	(22G.1SW)	3.82	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	24H.1SW	13.821	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	15G.1SW	5.34	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	21C.1SW	-22.072	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	21F.2SW	-2.203	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	22F.2SW	-7.093	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	20E.1SW	-11.221	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	20G.1SW	7.110	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	22C.1SW	-22.230	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	21H.2SW	7.136	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	21G.1SW	0.488	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	16E.1SW	-18.10	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	16E.2SW	-14.41	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	16G.1SW	19.030	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	20I.3SW	65.817	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	18G.1SW	28.791	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	19E.1SW	-13.846	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	18E.2SW	-6.222	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	18D.1SW	-20.984	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	21E.1SW	-15.121	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	19A.1SW	-20.734	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	20I.2SW	33.463	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	20D.1SW	-21.079	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	17H.1SW	64.07	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	21J.1SW	54.137	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	21H.2SW	19.223	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	23J.1SW	78.99	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	16F.1SW	-2.52	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	19F.1SW	2.234	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	17F.2SW	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	20F.1SW	-6.148	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	19G.1SW	27.13	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	18F.1SW	0.749	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	22E.1SW	12.862	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	19F.2SW	6.866	-	-	-	-	-	-
37	23G.1SW	-1.234	-	-	-	-	-	-
38	18G.2SW	42.945	-	-	-	-	-	-
39	19H.2SW	43.113	-	-	-	-	-	-
40	19H.2SW	62.262	-	-	-	-	-	-
41	26F.2SW	92.644	-	-	-	-	-	-
42	23H.1SW	25.857	-	-	-	-	-	-
43	17G.2SW	36.62	-	-	-	-	-	-
44	22G.3SW	-1.118	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table A.3.3(4) Time series Data List of Observation Wells

WELL NO.	OBSERVATION WELL	WELL ELEVATION (m)	1359	1370
1	22E'1SW	-13.839	-14.008	
2	(22G'1SW)	3.82		
3	24H'1SW	15.821	14.25	14.518
4	15G'1SW	5.84		
5	21C'1SW	-22.072	-22.181	-22.16
6	21F'2SW	-2.205		
7	22F'2SW	-7.095	-6.835	
8	20E'1SW	-11.221	-10.816	
9	20G'1SW	7.110	6.158	
10	22C'1SW	-22.230	-21.375	
11	21H'2SW	7.136		
12	21G'1SW	0.488		
13	16E'1SW	-18.10	-19.075	
14	16E'2SW	-14.41	-14.729	
15	16G'1SW	19.030	19.713	
16	20I'3SW	65.817		
17	18G'1SW	28.791		
18	19E'1SW	-13.846	-13.381	
19	18E'2SW	-6.222		
20	18D'1SW	-20.984	-11.916	
21	21E'1SW	-15.121	-16.238	
22	19A'1SW	-20.734	-21.021	
23	20I'2SW	33.463	32.476	
24	20D'1SW	-21.079		
25	17H'1SW	64.07	61.112	
26	21J'1SW	54.137	57.386	
27	21H'2SW	19.225	20.218	
28	23J'1SW	78.99	77.052	
29	16F'1SW	-2.52	-2.346	
30	19F'1SW	2.234	1.191	
31	17F'2SW		7.987	
32	20F'1SW	-6.148	-6.141	
33	19G'1SW	27.13		
34	18F'1SW	0.749		
35	22E'1SW	12.862		
36	19F'2SW	6.866		
37	23G'1SW	-1.234		
38	18G'2SW	42.945		
39	19H'2SW	43.113		
40	19H'2SW	62.262		
41	26F'2SW	92.644		
42	23F'1SW	25.857		
43	17G'2SW	36.62		
44	23G'3SW	-1.118		

Table A.3.3(4) Time series Data List of Observation Wells

WELL NO.	OBSERVATION WELL	WELL ELEVATION (m)	1359	1370
1	22E'1SW	-13.839		
2	(22G'1SW)	3.82		
3	24H'1SW	15.821		
4	15G'1SW	5.34		
5	21C'1SW	-22.072		
6	21F'2SW	-2.205		
7	22F'2SW	-7.095		
8	20E'1SW	-11.221		
9	20G'1SW	7.110		
10	22C'1SW	-22.230		
11	21H'2SW	7.136		
12	21G'1SW	0.488		
13	18E'1SW	-18.10		
14	18F'2SW	-14.41		
15	16G'1SW	19.030		
16	20I'3SW	65.817		
17	18C'1SW	28.791		
18	19E'1SW	-13.846		
19	18E'2SW	-6.222		
20	18D'1SW	-20.984		
21	21E'1SW	-15.121		
22	19A'1SW	-20.734		
23	20I'2SW	33.463		
24	20D'1SW	-21.079		
25	17H'1SW	64.07		
26	21J'1SW	54.137		
27	21H'2SW	19.235		
28	23J'1SW	78.99		
29	16F'1SW	-2.52		
30	19F'1SW	2.234		
31	17F'2SW			
32	20F'1SW	-6.148		
33	19G'1SW	27.13		
34	18E'1SW	0.749		
35	22E'1SW	12.862		
36	19F'3SW	6.866		
37	23G'1SW	-1.234		
38	18G'2SW	42.945		
39	19H'2SW	43.113		
40	19H'3SW	62.262		
41	26F'2SW	92.644		
42	23F'1SW	25.857		
43	17G'2SW	36.62		
44	22G'3SW	-1.118		

## (2) Aquifer and Groundwater Occurrence

The classification of aquifer in this basin have not been still clear. Although the exploratory drilling or electric prospecting had been carried out for detecting the hydrogeological structure, the data is further a few for revealing whole structure and it is in definitive place in comparison with extent of objective area. However, the previous study, Alexander Gibbs or HWDP1 Report, had resulted in three discernible hydrogeological units in this area as below.

### 1) Shallow Aquifer

Shallow water table aquifer which have been utilized by numerous shallow agricultural and drinking wells. And the aquifer is composed of the alluvial sequence of cemented homogeneous materials, where is located as the alluvial fan of alternated permeable and impermeable layer. And the schematic sequence in whole area can be roughly described as its thickness decreases to the sea coast and is accompanied with the sea deposit.

### 2) Deep Aquifer

Artesian aquifer, which have the heavy discharge in place. The first semi-artesian aquifer is located beneath the shallow aquifer, and it is separated from by impervious clay, silt and sand deposits. The thickness of this aquifer is about 20 to 30 m. And this aquifer is separated from the lower aquifer by means of aquiclude. The thickness of artesian aquifer is around 50 m thick and the deeper aquifer is about 15 - 25 m which are separated from each other by means of several meters aquiclude.

### 3) A Rather Permeable Layer

It is located between water table and artesian aquifer. The existence of this part can be distinguished from the deep wells observed in this area.

The detail localities and respective potential of them have not been recognizable yet, to this end, the individual consideration for respective aquifer can not be made in this stage. The utilization, however, of them is mostly from shallow aquifer, it reaches to more than 80% of all, accordingly, the target for

analysis in this study is applied to the shallow aquifer or unconfined shallow zone.

### (3) Level and Direction of Flow in Groundwater

The fluctuation of groundwater level and its flow direction can be traced out by observation data obtaining from the well network building up in this area. As shown in Figure A. 3. 5, the arrangement of well data had been conducted for 44 wells for the long period over 20 years. On the basis of these result, the hydrogeologic condition in Haraz basin can be comprehended to a certain extent.

#### 1) Groundwater Level and Direction in Project Area

The groundwater level in Project Area have been reappeared to the grid points by the interpolated method through the last 10 years from the 1360 in Iranian calendar. The result of calculation is shown as the contour map of groundwater table drawn in Figure A. 3. 6.

The groundwater table through long term can be pronounced in same manner that its higher area is correlative with along Haraz River while the lower is in the adjacent to the Babol River respectively. Especially in the highland portion along Babol River, the groundwater level is incessantly lower than the surroundings.

Furthermore, the direction of groundwater flow is tend to head for the Babol River from Haraz Alluvial Fan area whereas the lowland is in the ordinary align down to the Caspian Sea in the shortest distance.

#### 2) Time Series Changes of Groundwater Level

The groundwater fluctuation in last 10 years seems to be recognized as two types which are of the up and down in conflicting tendency at different portion. This is to say, the former type is discernible only in the highland excepting for along Babol River while the later is in the lowland especially along the seacoast.

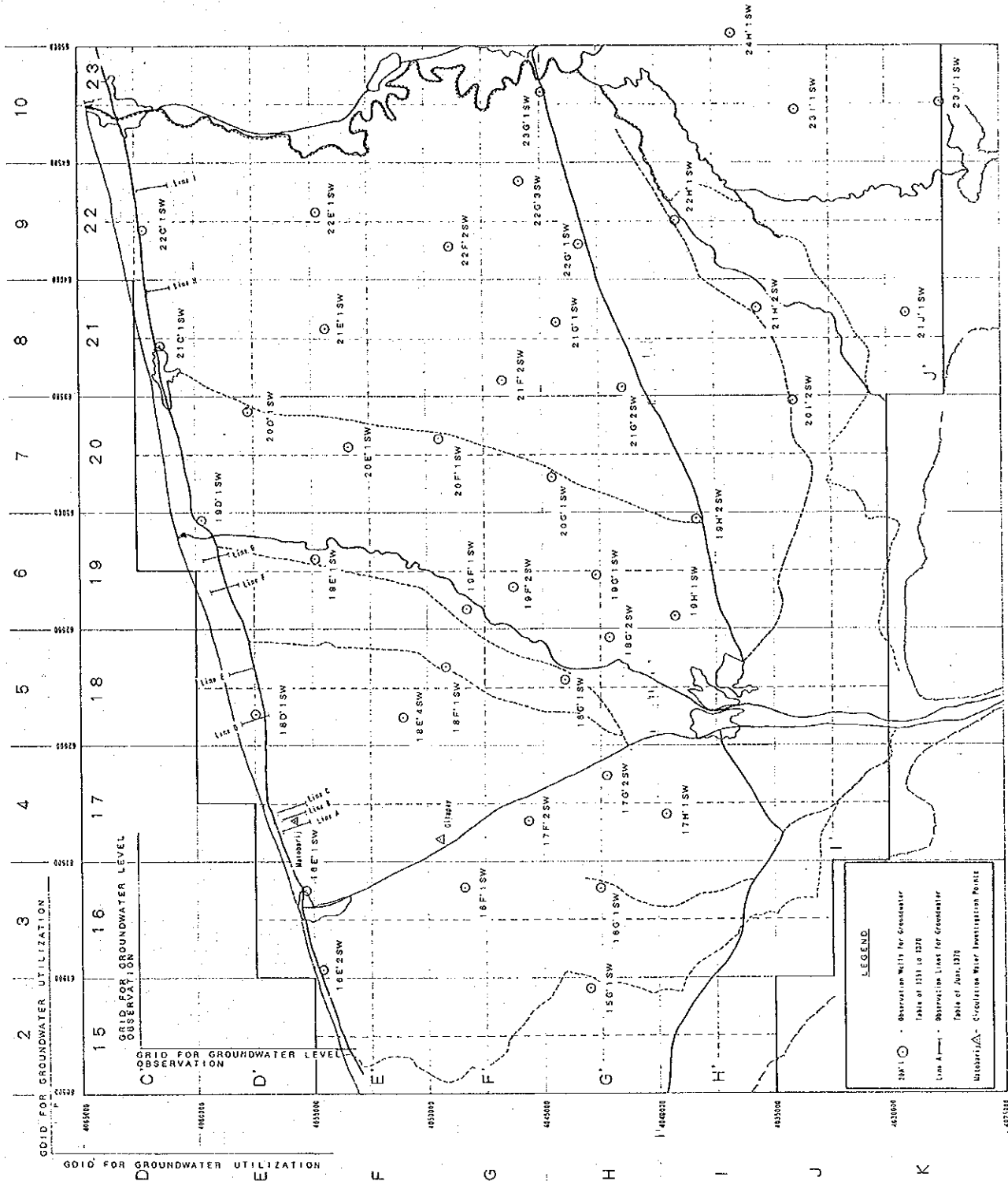
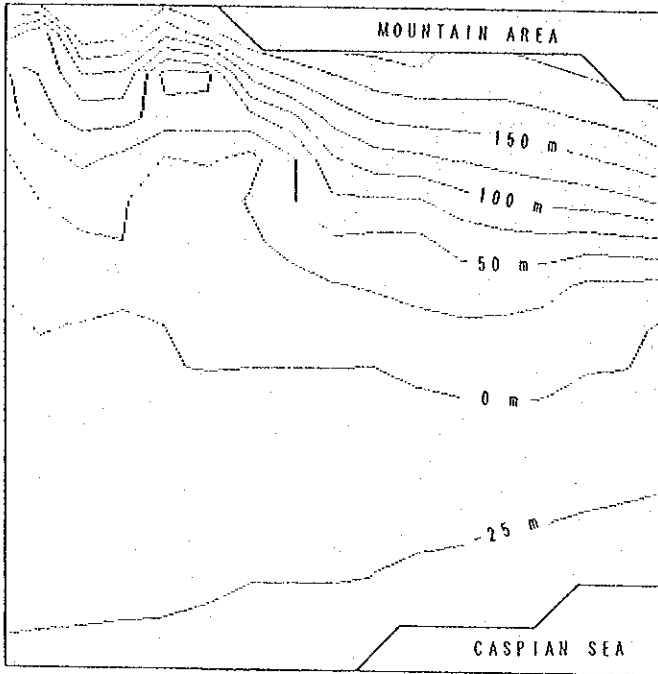
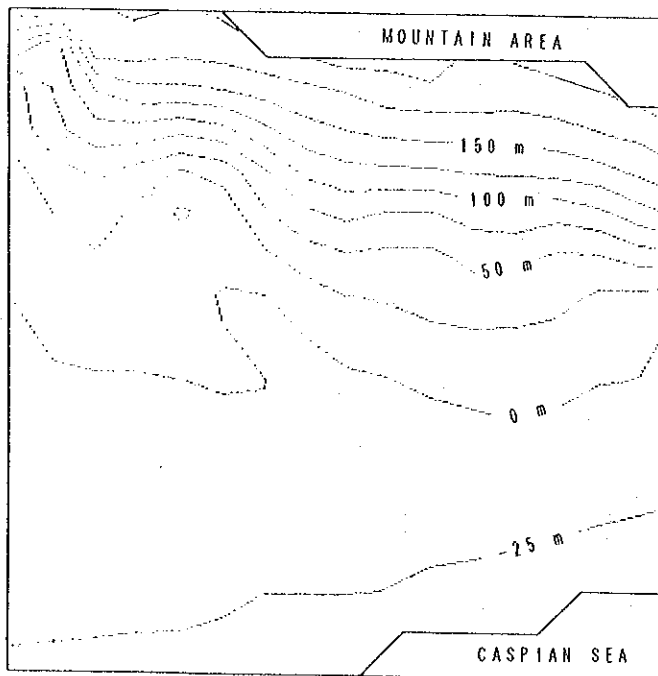


Figure A.3.5 Location Map of Hydrogeological Investigation

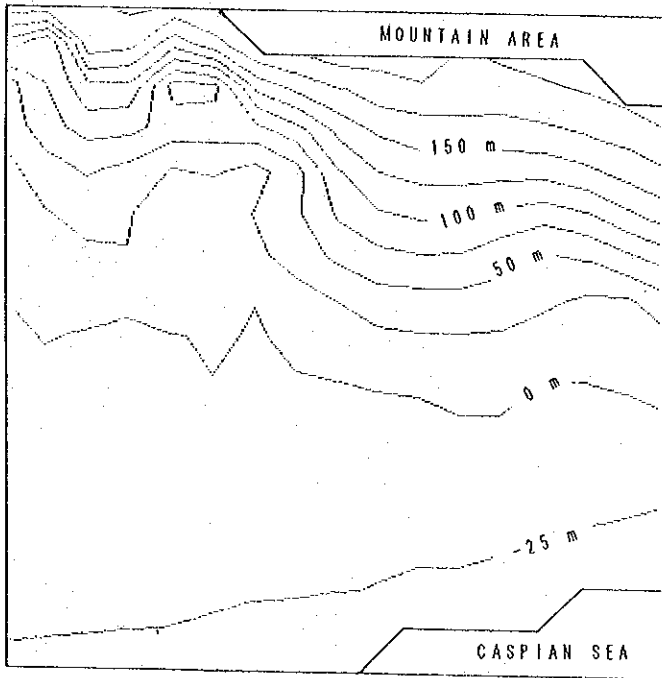


CALCULATED CONTOUR MAP OF  
GROUNDWATER TABLE 1360.6  
(CONTOUR INTERVAL IN 25 m)

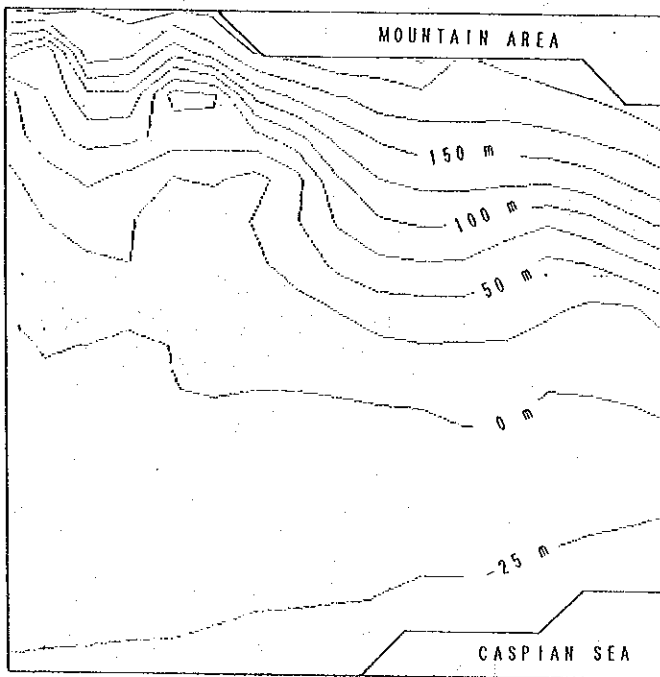


CALCULATED CONTOUR MAP OF  
GROUNDWATER TABLE 1360.7  
(CONTOUR INTERVAL IN 25 m)

Figure A.3.6(1) Calculated Contour Map of Groundwater Table



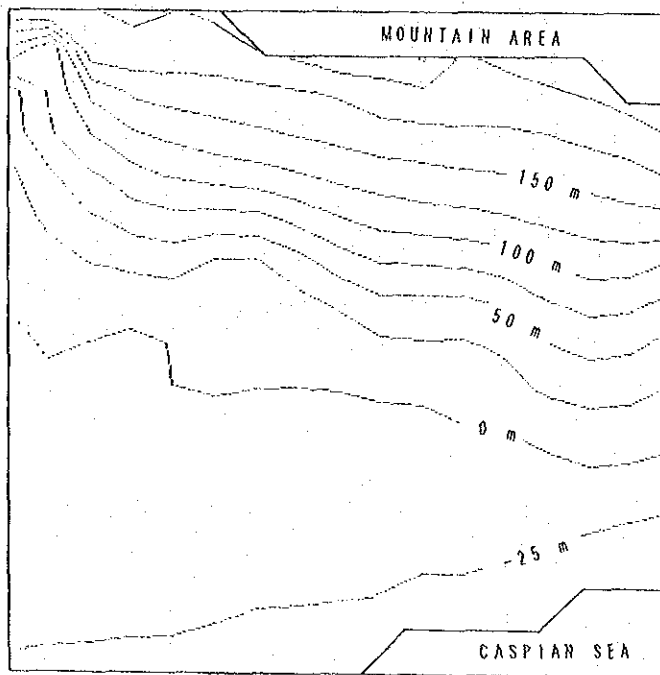
CALCULATED CONTOUR MAP OF  
GROUNDWATER TABLE 1364.6  
(CONTOUR INTERVAL IN 25 m)



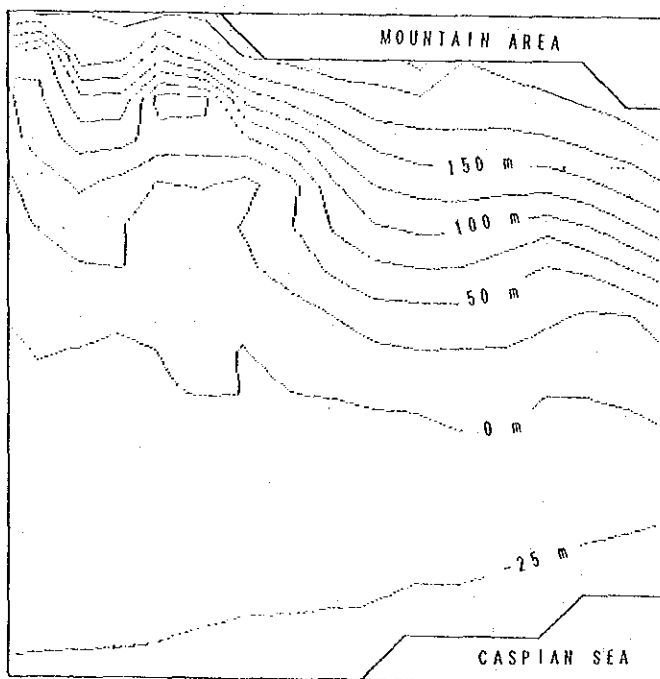
CALCULATED CONTOUR MAP OF  
GROUNDWATER TABLE 1364.12  
(CONTOUR INTERVAL IN 25 m)

Figure A.3.6(2) Calculated Contour Map of Groundwater Table



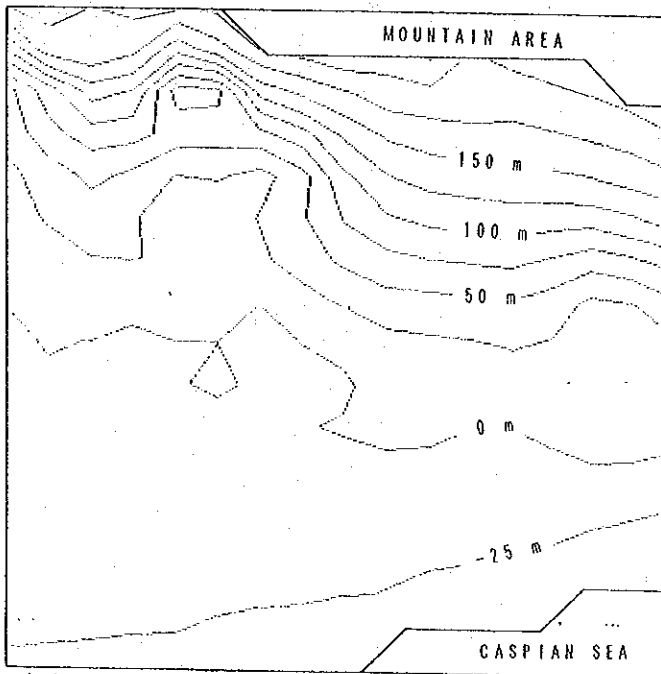


CALCULATED CONTOUR MAP OF  
GROUNDWATER TABLE 1365.12  
(CONTOUR INTERVAL IN 25 m)



ALCULATED CONTOUR MAP OF  
GROUNDWATER TABLE 1366.5  
(CONTOUR INTERVAL IN 25 m)

Figure A.3.6(3) Calculated Contour Map of Groundwater Table



ALCULATED CONTOUR MAP OF  
GROUNDWATER TABLE 1369.3  
(CONTOUR INTERVAL IN 25 m)

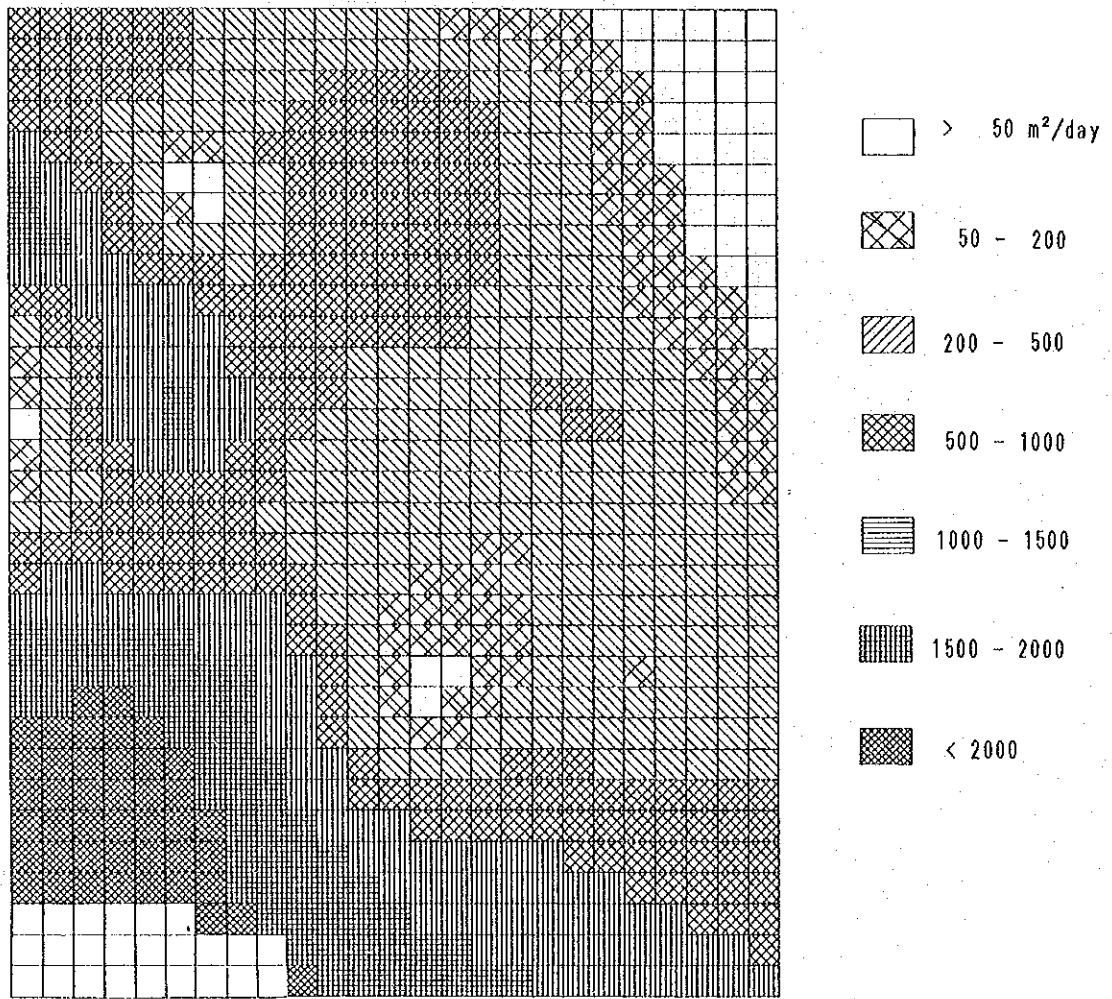
Figure A.3.6(4) Calculated Contour Map of Groundwater Table

#### (4) Aquifer Coefficient

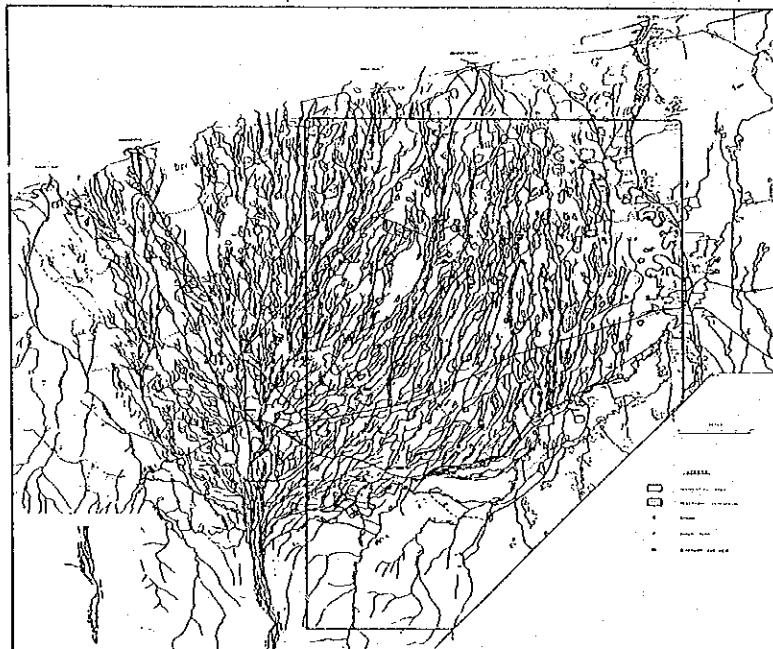
The result of aquifer test can be summarized as Table A. 3. 4 which is noted by a transmissibility of 50 m<sup>2</sup>/day to 2,000 m<sup>2</sup>/day. And the pattern map for transmissibility based on this observation is also drawn in Figure A. 3. 7. The highest zone, it is over 1,500 m<sup>2</sup>/day, fringes the apex of alluvial fan, and to the down stream, the value decreases gradually till about 100 m<sup>2</sup>/day. Further down to the coastal strip, the transmissibility is observable as a constant value of 500 to 1,000 m<sup>2</sup>/day.

Table A.3.4 Transmissibility Coefficient Resulting in Well Test

No.	Well No.	Location	Coordinate		Aquifer Type	Well Depth	Transmissibility (m <sup>2</sup> /day)		
			y	x			Thiem	Jacob	Kozeny Acceptable T
1	4050-625-93D	Alavikalamir	4051.4	626.8	Deep	12	348	204	808
2	4045-625-18D	Keresmarz	4049.6	626.0	Deep	80	386	319	1595
3	4045-625-25S	Golmahaleh	4045.0	625.0	Shallow	30	125	144	2542
4	4040-625-15S	Yusofabad-Amol	4045.7	629.0	Shallow	30	70	105	1487
5	4030-625-7D	Pashakola	4043.0	630.0	Deep	12	1621	2951	1621
6	4050-630-25S		4050.0	630.0	Shallow	30	127	126	2008
7	4045-630-248AR	Ghaemieh-Divkola	4045.5	634.0	Artesian	114	276	210	604
8	4040-630-2D	Emadieh	4040.0	630.0	Deep	50	619	760	1637
9	4035-630-1AR	Amol Rice Station	4035.0	631.2	Artesian	70	1625		4875
10	4055-635-75S	Mahloban	4057.0	636.0	Shallow		135	214	1143
11	4050-635-155S	Jazin	4052.0	636.5	Shallow	48	843	768	5539
12	4040-635-20S	Balakordkola	4040.0	635.0	Shallow	12	247	301	1714
13	4035-635-21S	Andikola	4035.0	637.7	Shallow	65	39	50	50
14	4040-640-19S	Toghan	4040.0	640.0	Shallow	36	238	230	208
15	4040-640-22S	Hadjikola	4042.5	643.8	Shallow	12	504	395	504
16	4035-640-41D	Sargrudbey	4025.0	640.0	Deep	80	1570	1211	3558
17	4045-645-156D	Darviskbell	4047.9	647.0	Deep	30	61	67	63
18	4035-645-253D	Abolhasankola	4025.0	645.0	Deep	30	121	158	1239
19	4045-650-16S	Darzikola	4041.5	648.9	Shallow	12	121	292	121
20	4035-645		4035.0	645.0			200		200
21	4035-645		4035.0	645.0			548	238	238
22	4040-650		4040.0	650.0			407	239	401



Map of Transmissibility Distribution(unit:m<sup>2</sup>/day)



Location Map

Figure A.3.7 Transmissibility Distribution on the Project Area

## 2. Return Flow

### (1) Circulation Water in Groundwater

In parallel with a investigation for the groundwater utilization, the groundwater circulation, which has been caused by highly groundwater draft, was measured in this period. The procedure was thought of with use of water balance of paddy field. It means that, if the closed system, which is scare amount of water to access in and out, is there, the pumping rate, evapotranspiration rate and the standing water amount of objective field are measured simultaneously, so that the circulation rate can be estimated.

$$Q_{in} = Q_1 + ET + Q_c$$

When,

$Q_{in}$  : Groundwater draft and irrigation water quantity taking into the objective field

$Q_1$  : Difference of standing water quantity

$ET$  : Evapotranspiration

$Q_c$  : Circulation/Percolation water quantity

The investigated areas for above measurement were selected two of Motobarij and Gilapay. The Motobarij site is 1.4 km far from the seacoast, and is covered 1.9 ha paddy field dividing into 9 plots. The area also is under high groundwater utilized condition and the groundwater level was downing till 7 m from its static condition. Moreover, the groundwater level kept a tendency to decreasing more abruptly at the time of investigation.

The Gilapay site is 8 km far from the seacoast, in the Middle land as the terminology in Project, and where is correlative with the marginal zone of Alluvial Fan. Under the position of above, the investigated field occupies about 1.2 ha separating into 9 plots. The site is also in high groundwater utilized area, accordingly, the groundwater level had down till 6 to 7 m during investigation.

In practically, the measurement of Motobarij and Gilapay were conducted during 24 hours of 17th to 18th and 24th to 25th/June/1991

respectively. And the pumping rate were measured several times during investigation to the irrigation wells which penetrate within shallow aquifer. The standing water levels were measured at two times of the start and termination of investigation for all plots. Furthermore, the evapotranspiration was estimated from the pan evaporation rate measured simultaneously at adjacent location.

The detail arrangement of investigated field are shown in Figure A. 3, 8, and 9, and the result of investigation refer to Table A. 3, 5, and 6. Depending on the results, the circulation or percolation rate was reach to about 13 to 25 mm/day and is equivalent to 75 to 85% of total groundwater amount.

The permeability in vertical direction of this area also can be simply calculated as following the Darcy's law, if it applies to the Motobarij, the value is generally.

$$Q = -k * A * (dh/dl)$$

and k is introduced as,

$$k = Q/A/(dh/dl)$$

when,

k : permeability (m/day)

Q : circulation/percolation water quantity (566.3 m<sup>3</sup>/day)

A : total area of field (19,038 m<sup>2</sup>)

dh : hydraulic head (7.0 m)

d1 : thickness of impervious layer (1 m)

then, the k is,

$$k = 566.3 / 19,038 / 7 = 0.00425 \text{ m/day} = 4.9 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm/sec}$$

If this value is adopted to the static groundwater condition which is supposed to be commonly less than 0.7 m below the surface of field, the percolation rate in this condition calculated below.

$$P_s = k (0.0042) \times dh (0.7) / d1(1) = 2.9 \text{ mm/day}$$

where,

Ps : percolation rate in static condition

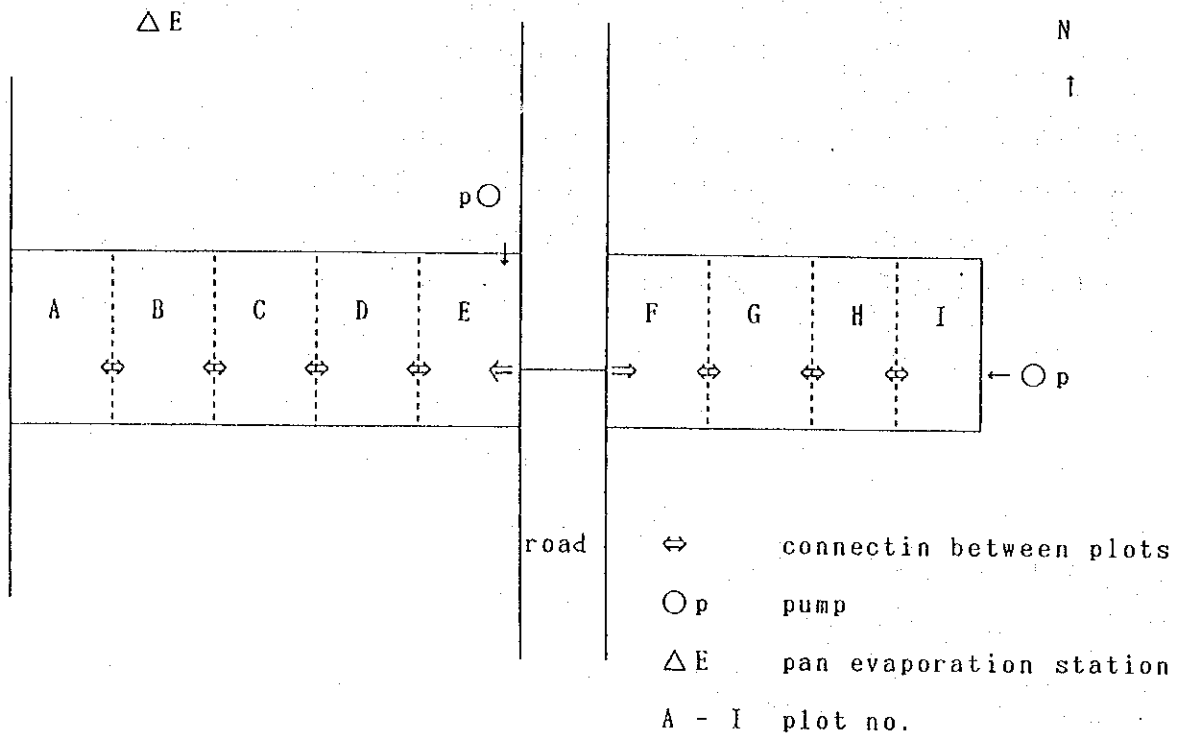
k : permeability of impervious layer

dh : head in impervious layer

d1 : length of impervious layer

From the above simple estimation, the value in static condition can be correlative with a rate measured in M/P in the similar order, therefore, the higher percolation of this area in this season may be caused by the highly groundwater drafting nearby area.





Estimation of Area and Pumping Quantity  
 Motobarij (16/June/1991 - 17/June/1991)

	Area Calculation	Pumping Quantity
area A	2147 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area B	2751 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area C	2325 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area D	2355 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area E	2385 (m <sup>2</sup> )	293.6 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area F	1790 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area G	1810 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area H	1521 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area I	1954 (m <sup>2</sup> )	79.3 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
TOTAL	19038 (m <sup>2</sup> )	372.9 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)

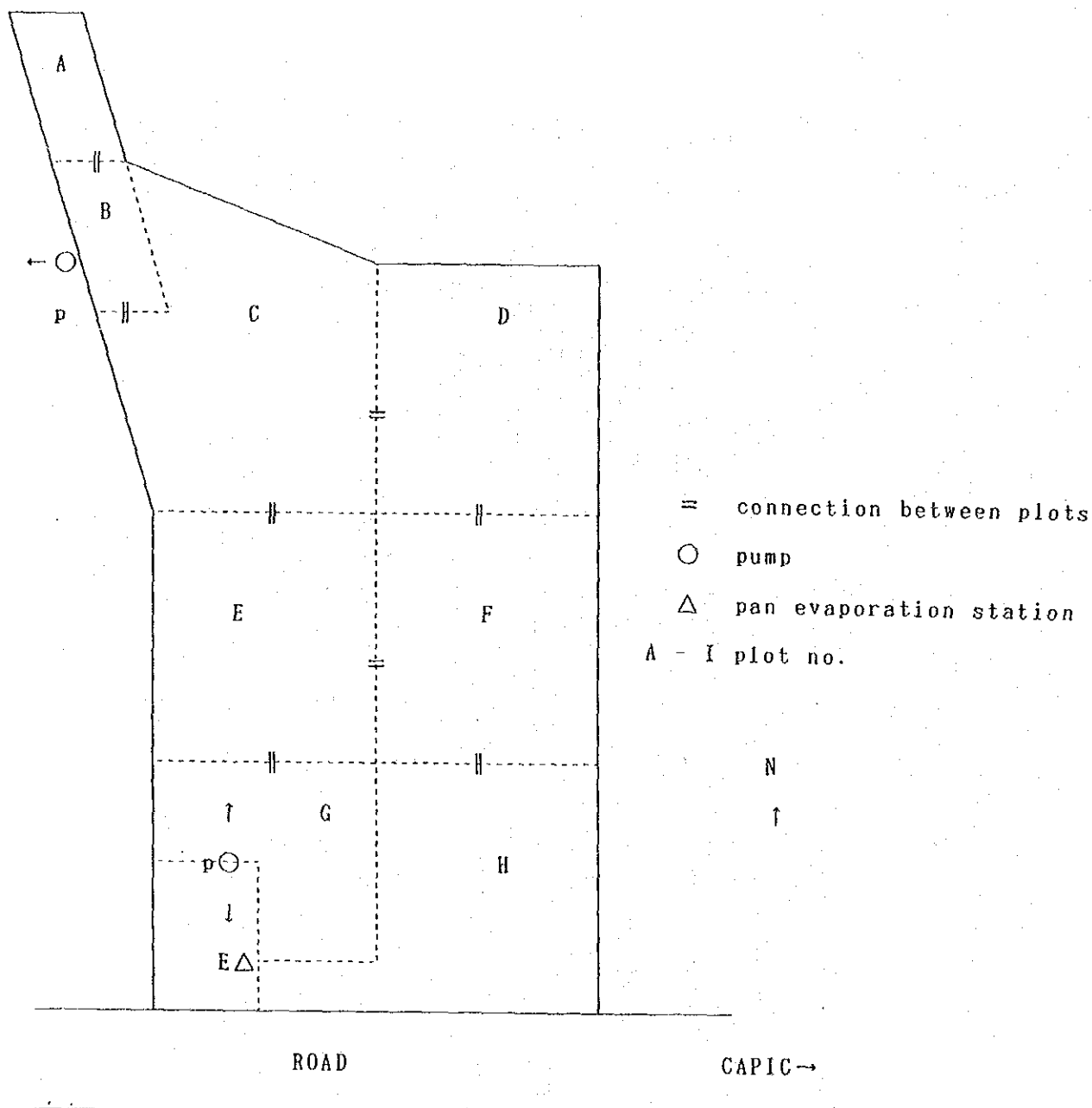
Figure A.3.8 Result of Circulation Water Investigation of Matobarij

Table A.3.5 Estimation of Circulation Water and Percolation Rate in Matobarij

Estimation of Circulation Water and Percolation Rate  
 Motobarij (16/June/1991 - 17/June/1991)

Area Division	Area for Pumping (m <sup>2</sup> )	Change WL in Plot (mm)	Change of Groundwater Storage Qs (m <sup>3</sup> )	Evapo-transpiration (mm)	Net Quantity of Irrigation Qs+Qd (m <sup>3</sup> )	Estimated Percolation (mm)	Ratio of Circulation Q3/(Q1+Q2)
area A	2147	-5.68	-12.02	0.0	4.4	9.4	-
area B	2751	4.80	11.80	0.0	4.4	12.1	-
area C	2325	-26.58	-61.61	0.0	4.4	10.2	-
area D	2355	3.80	7.97	0.0	4.4	10.4	-
area E	2385	1.90	4.53	293.6	4.4	10.5	-
area F	1790	-48.00	-85.91	0.0	4.4	7.9	-
area G	1810	-27.75	-50.23	0.0	4.4	8.0	-
area H	1521	-7.50	-11.41	0.0	4.4	6.7	-
area I	1954	2.55	5.18	79.3	4.4	8.6	-
TOTAL	19038	-124	-193.40	372.9	4.4	83.8	565.3
							482.6
							25.35
							0.85

- \*1: an area is correlated to a plot respectively which is drawn in the attached map.
- \*2: the area is measured by the field survey.
- \*3: water level change shows the difference of water levels between 2:00 of 17th and 2:00 of 18th/6-'91 in each plot.
- \*4: storage change is (Area for Pumping) x (Change WL in Plot).
- \*5: total amount of pumping water which is taken in the objective area.
- \*6: 4.4 mm/day of Evapotranspiration ratio is estimated by the observed Pan Evaporation rate simultaneously using 0.8 coefficient of ET/PE, it can be calculated as (5.5 mm/day of Pan Evaporation ratio) x (0.8 coefficient of ET/PE) = 4.4 mm/day
- \*7: amount of Evapotranspiration is (4.4 mm/day of Evapotranspiration ratio) x (Area for Pumping)
- \*8: Net Quantity of Irrigation is as (Groundwater Draft) - (Change of Storage)
- \*9: Estimated Circulation Amount is estimated as (Groundwater Draft) - (Change of Storage) - (Evapotranspiration)
- \*10: Estimated Circulation rate is as (Estimated Percolation Amount) / (Area for Pumping)
- \*11: Ratio of Circulation of Returning water ratio for the whole irrigation water which is taken by the pumping. it can calculate as (Estimated Percolation Amount) / (Net Quantity for Irrigation) = 0.85



Estimation of Area and Pumping Quantity  
 Gilapay (24/June/1991 - 25/June/1991)

	Area Calculation	Pumping Quantity
area A	305 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area B	248 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area C	2806 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area D	1474 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area E	2269 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area F	1404 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area G	1841 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area H	1812 (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
area I	364 (m <sup>2</sup> )	139.6 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)
TOTAL	12521 (m <sup>2</sup> )	139.6 (m <sup>3</sup> /day)

Figure A.3.9 Result of Circulation Water Investigation of Gilapay

Table A.3.6 Estimation of Circulation Water and Percolation Rate in Gillapay

Estimation of Circulation Water and Percolation Rate  
Gillapay(24/June/1991 - 25/June/1991)

Area Division	Area for Pumping (m <sup>2</sup> )	Change WL in Plot (mm)	Change of Storage (m <sup>3</sup> )	Groundwater Draft (m <sup>3</sup> )	Evapo-transpiration ET (mm)	Net Quantity of Irrigation (m <sup>3</sup> )	Estimated Percolation		Ratio of Circulation (03/01+02)
							(m <sup>3</sup> )	(mm)	
*1/	-2/	-3/	-4/	-5/	-6/	-8/	-9/	-10/	-11/
area A	305	-7.00	-2.14	0.0	4.5	1.4	-	-	-
area B	248	-6.10	-1.51	0.0	4.5	1.1	-	-	-
area C	2006	-9.00	-25.25	0.0	4.5	12.6	-	-	-
area D	1474	-5.50	-8.11	0.0	4.5	6.6	-	-	-
area E	2259	-6.70	-15.20	0.0	4.5	10.2	-	-	-
area F	1404	-1.80	-2.53	0.0	4.5	6.3	-	-	-
area G	1841	4.37	8.04	0.0	4.5	8.2	-	-	-
area H	1812	-11.00	-19.93	0.0	4.5	8.1	-	-	-
area I	384	-3.10	-1.13	152.9	4.5	1.6	-	-	-
TOTAL	12521	-46	-67.74	152.9	4.5	56.1	220.7	164.6	13.15

- \*1: an area is correlated to a plot respectively which is drawn in the attached map.
- \*2: the area is measured by the field survey.
- \*3: water level change shows the difference of water levels between 3:00 of 24th and 3:00 of 25th/6/'91 in each plot.
- \*4: storage change is (Area for Pumping) x (Change WL in Plot).
- \*5: total amount of pumping water which is taken in the objective area.
- \*6: 4.5 mm/day of Evapotranspiration ratio is estimated by the observed Pan Evaporation rate simultaneously, using 0.8 coefficient of ET/PE, it can be calculated as (5.6 mm/day of Pan Evaporation ratio) x (0.8 coefficient of ET/PE) = 4.5 mm/day
- \*7: amount of Evapotranspiration is (4.5 mm/day of Evapotranspiration ratio) x (Area for Pumping)
- \*8: Net Quantity of Irrigation is as (Groundwater Draft) - (Change of Storage)
- \*9: Estimated Circulation Amount is estimated as (Groundwater Draft) - (Change of Storage) - (Evapotranspiration)
- \*10: Estimated Circulation rate is as (Estimated Percolation Amount) / (Area for Pumping)
- \*11: Ratio of Circulation or Returning Water ratio for the whole irrigation water which is taken by the pumping, it can calculate as (Estimated Percolation Amount) / (Net Quantity for Irrigation) = 0.75

### **A. 3. 3 Groundwater Use at Present**

#### **1. Groundwater Utilization Investigation**

The present utilization from groundwater resources in this area had been estimated by both way of the field investigation and the cumulative study of the well inventory.

The field investigation mainly consists of an interview for the well management with farmer, however, due to the difficulty to meet the well keeper, these investigation have to be restricted to the low land area where the well observation had done ahead. the result shows the Table A. 3. 7 and Figure A. 3. 10.

#### **2. Groundwater Use at Present**

The arrangement of well inventory, aiming to the estimation of the total present utilization in Project Area, is based on the following materials.

- Well inventory covering Sari to Mahmudabad published 1985, vol. 1-2, investigation dated 1982 to 1984.
- Well inventory covering Mahmudabad to Alesh Rud published 1987, vol. 1, the investigation data dated 1985 to 1986.

The estimation of the final amount of groundwater draft obtaining as a provisional accumulation indicates more than 200 MCM annually containing the 6,000 wells in the whole Project Area as shown in Table A. 3. 8. And the regional difference of groundwater drafting arranging from the above result is drawn in Figure A. 3. 11.

Table A.3.7 Result of Groundwater Utilization Investigation

WELL NO.	OBSERVED DATE (1)	PUMP DIAMETRE (inch)	PUMP CAPACITY (l/min)	ENGINE TYPE & CAPACITY (HP-RPM)	IRRIGATED AREA (ha)	PUMPING RATE (l/sec)	PUMPING HOUR (hr/DAY)	PUMPING PERIOD (month)	TOTAL QUANT OF PUMPING (m <sup>3</sup> )	RATE OF PUMPING (l/ha/s)
HD1	1/6/91	3	900	4.5-750	1.5	2.00	24.0	3.5	18.446	1.33
HD2	1/6/91			4.5-750		4.00	24.0	3.5	36.893	
HD3	1/6/91	3	900			2.00	24.0	3.5	18.446	
HD4	1/6/91			4.5-750		4.00	24.0	3.5	36.893	
HD5	12/6/91				0.1	2.34	12.0	3.5	10.800	11.71
HD6	2/6/91	3		4.5-2400	1.5	2.63	24.0	3.5	24.272	1.75
HD8	2/6/91	2		4.5-750	1.5	2.73	24.0	3.5	25.154	1.82
HD9	2/6/91	3		9.0-2400	3.0	12.00	24.0	3.5	110.678	4.00
	1/6/91	4		50-						
MR4*	17/6/91				3.5	3.69	20	3.5	29.397	0.88
MR5	2/6/91	3		4.5-750	1.5	6.70	24.0	3.5	61.795	4.47
MR6	2/6/91	2		4.5-750	1.5	3.33	24.0	3.5	30.744	2.22
MR8	12/6/91	3		4.5-750	1.2	4.87	20.0	3.5	31.286	2.93
MR8*	12/6/91	2			0.7	1.82	12.1	3.5	8.429	1.31
MR9	2/6/91	2			0.8	5.45	12.0	3.5	25.154	3.41
	3/6/91	4		60-1500		11.11	20.0	12.0	292.800	
BK1	10/6/91				0.7	2.26	20.0	3.5	17.389	2.69
BK2	3/6/91	2			0.5	6.67	7.0	3.5	17.934	3.89
BK4	3/6/91	3	700	4-400		2.68	20.0	3.5	20.588	
BK5	3/6/91	3				3.53	20.0	3.5	27.127	
BK6	3/6/91				8.0	4.92	20.0	3.5	37.000	0.51
E22	10/6/91	2	550	8.5-2400		3.82	11.0	3.5	15.298	
E23	10/6/91	3		2.6-3600	0.7	4.86	20.0	3.5	37.371	5.79
				4.5-750						
E25	10/6/91	3		4.5-750	2.0	4.82	24.0	3.5	27.091	2.01
E28	10/6/91	2	550	2.6-3600	2.0	4.39	13.0	3.5	21.411	1.16
DA2	10/6/91	3		4.5-750	2.0	6.00	13.0	3.5	26.975	1.63
HK1	10/6/91				0.5	1.83	20.0	3.5	14.043	2.06
HK2	10/6/91	2	550	2.6-3600	0.5	2.19	13.0	3.5	10.948	2.37
CH5	11/6/91									
CH6	11/6/91	3			1.5	10.87	4.5	3.5	18.797	1.36
FK1	9/6/91	2		4.5-750	0.2	2.00	7.5	3.5	5.761	3.12
FK2	9/6/91	2	550	2.6-3600	0.1	2.78	13.0	3.5	13.865	12.53
FK3	9/6/91				1.5	5.93	13.0	3.5	29.797	2.15
FK3*	9/6/91	2		4.5-750	0.2	3.15	6.5	3.5	7.888	2.95
FK4	9/6/91	2		4.5-750	0.6	2.93	20.0	3.5	22.518	4.07
US1	9/6/91				1.0	6.23	9.0	3.5	11.960	1.30
US2	9/6/91	3		4.5-750	0.8	4.55	9.0	3.5	13.975	1.68
US3	9/6/91				2.0	5.31	6.0	3.5	12.238	2.66
US4	9/6/91	2			0.3	1.30	6.0	3.5	3.008	1.09

Note :The location of well refers to Figure A.3.5.

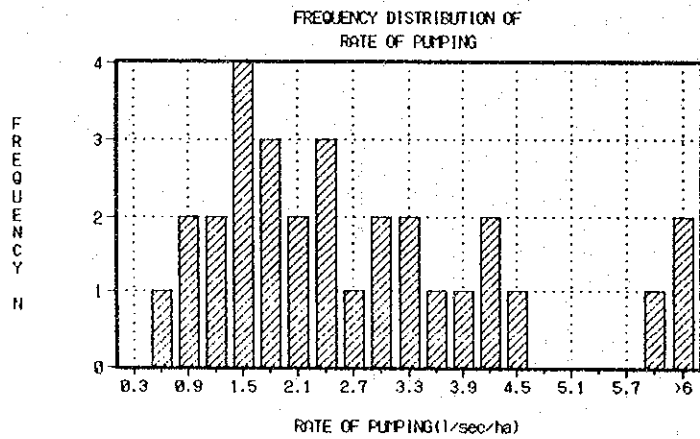
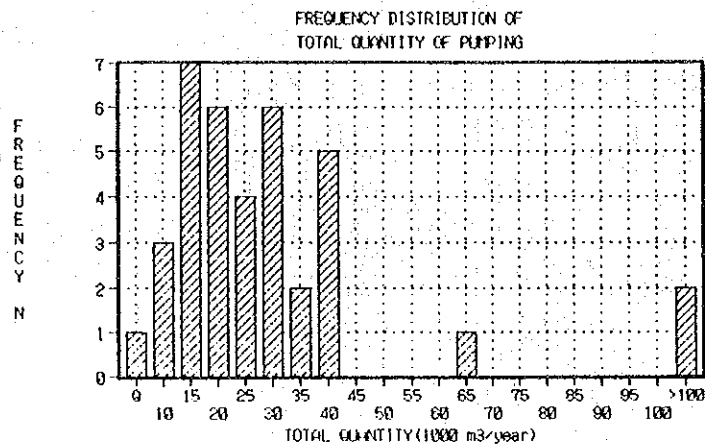


Figure A.3.10(1) Frequency Distribution for the Respective Item of Groundwater Utilization

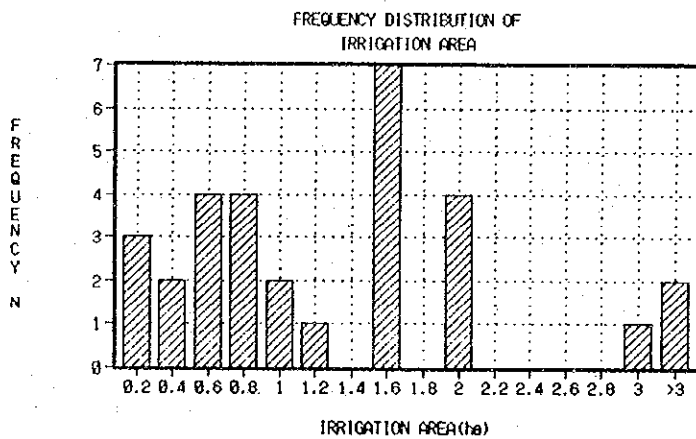
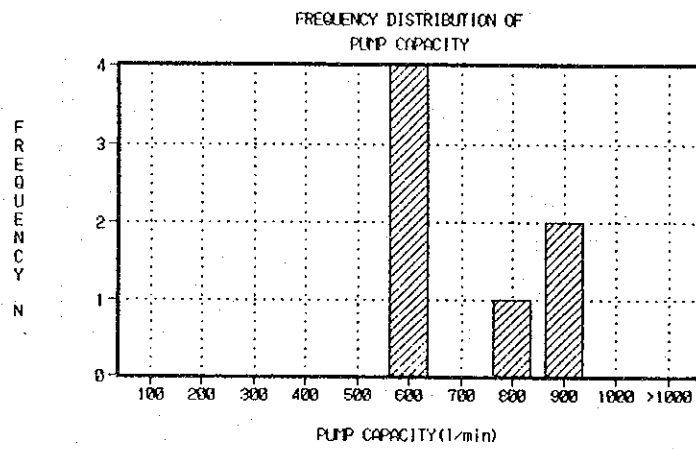
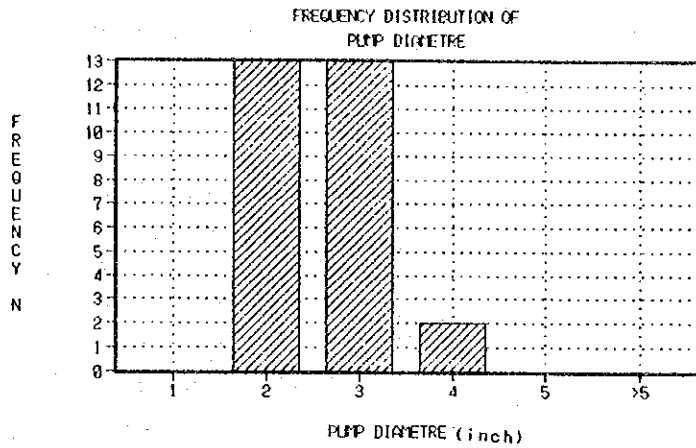


Figure A.3.10(2) Frequency Distribution for the Respective Item of Groundwater Utilization



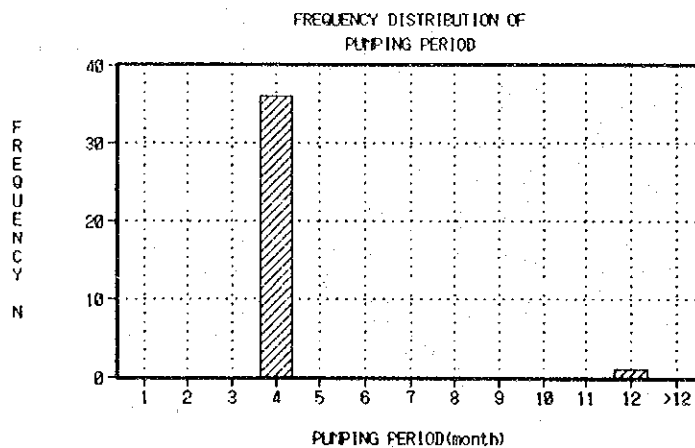
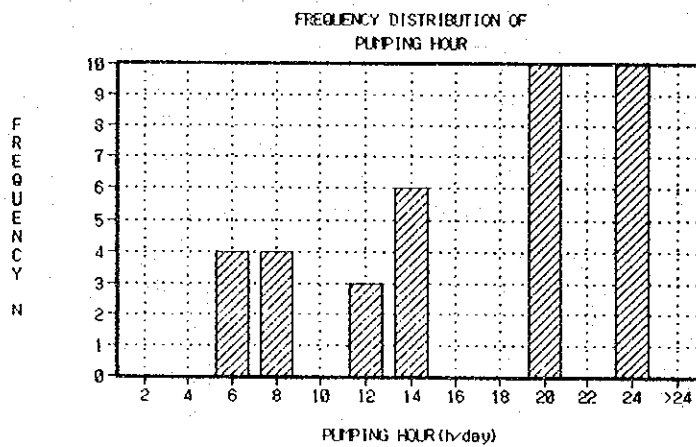
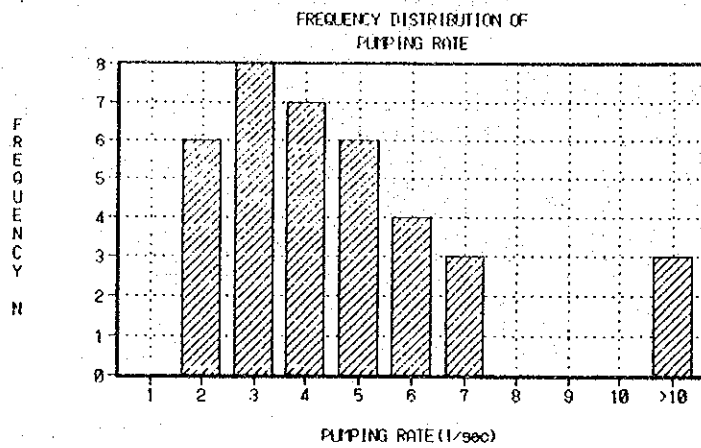


Figure A.3.10(3) Frequency Distribution for the Respective Item of Groundwater Utilization

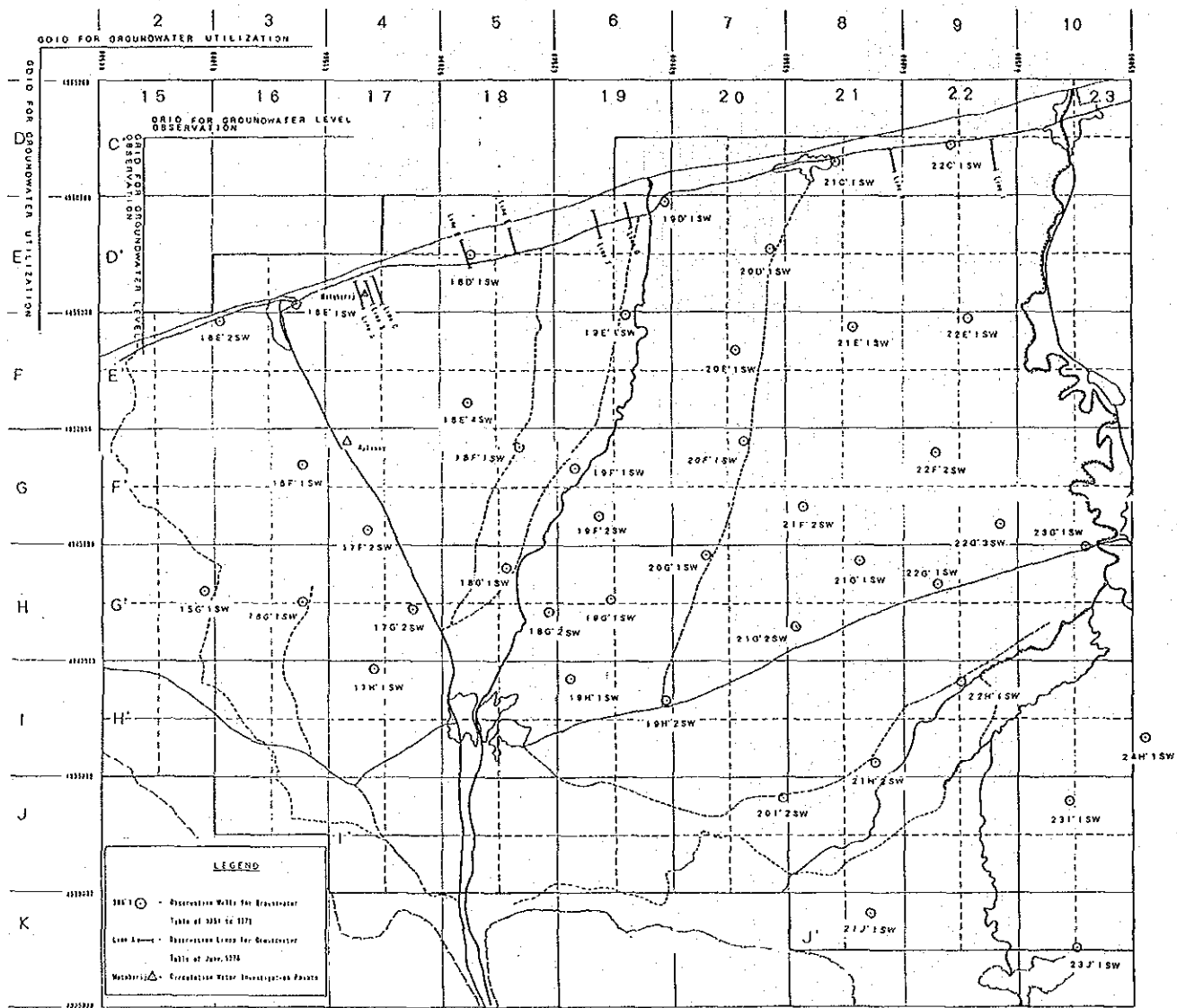
Table A.3.8 Groundwater Utilization Quantity for Project Area

NO. OF WELL	WELL ID	WELL DEPTH (M)																				TOTAL
		40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78	
416	SMALLON DEEP AYESIAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	UNCONFINED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	CONFINED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	SPRING PUMPAGE(YEAR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	GROUND TOTAL(M <sup>3</sup> /YEAR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.001	AVERAGE	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001

NO. OF WELL	WELL ID	WELL DEPTH (M)																				TOTAL
		40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78	
416	SMALLON DEEP AYESIAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	UNCONFINED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	CONFINED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	SPRING PUMPAGE(YEAR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	GROUND TOTAL(M <sup>3</sup> /YEAR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.001	AVERAGE	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001

Note : Cumulation excludes a well which is located out of the range of Project area at the border area.  
 : Unit is shown in m<sup>3</sup>/year

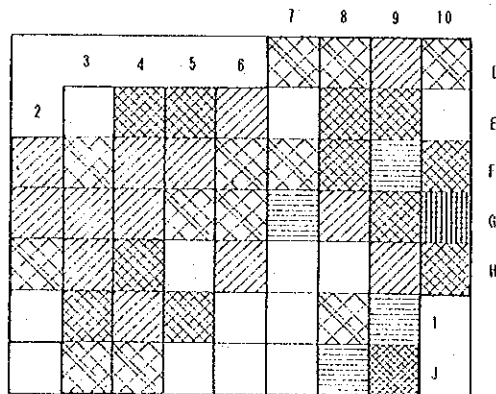
WELL		WELL DEPTH (M)																				TOTAL
		40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78	
416	SMALLON DEEP AYESIAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	UNCONFINED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	CONFINED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	INDUSTRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DRAINING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	SPRING PUMPAGE(YEAR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
431	GROUND TOTAL(M <sup>3</sup> /YEAR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.001	AVERAGE	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001



Note : Grid number is correlation with Intensity Map

Figure A.3.11(1) Intensity Map of Groundwater Utilization  
-Explanation Map-

GROUNDWATER UTILIZATION QUANTITY IN HARAZ BASIN  
 - TOTAL QUANTITY OF GROUNDWATER DRAFT -



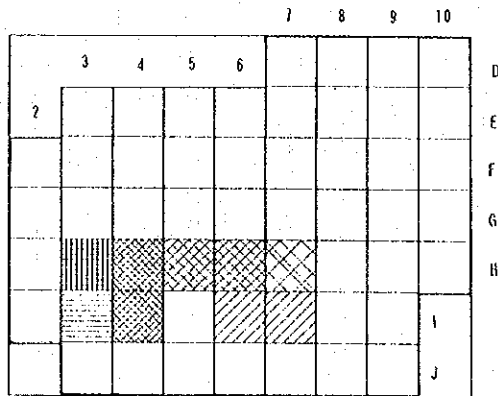
						7	8	9	10		
		3	4	5	6	1987	2031	2057	2144	D	
2		0	5292	8863	4269	41	6694	5149	931	E	
	3	3900	2130	4473	3070	2337	1236	7793	12242	5946	F
	4	3133	3670	3431	1456	2688	14090	3306	8631	19851	G
	5	2968	4700	9760	826	3298	300	772	4370	7941	H
	6	469	5540	3784	5523	372	172	1226	12601		I
	7	1146	1320	239	445	536	11678	21613			J

Note : Cumulation includes all wells within the drawing grid even which is located out of the range of Project area at the border area.  
 : Unit is shown in 1000 m<sup>3</sup>/year



Figure A.3.11(2) Intensity Map of Groundwater Utilization  
 -Total Quantity of Groundwater Draft-

GROUNDWATER UTILIZATION QUANTITY IN HARAZ BASIN  
 - SPRING POUROUT QUANTITY -



	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	E
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	F
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G
	0	2018	9445	671	523	13	0	0	H
	0	1155	3154	0	79	63	0	0	I
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	J

Note : Cumulation includes all wells within the drawing grid even which is located out of the range of Project area at the border area.  
 : Unit is shown in 1000 m<sup>3</sup>/year

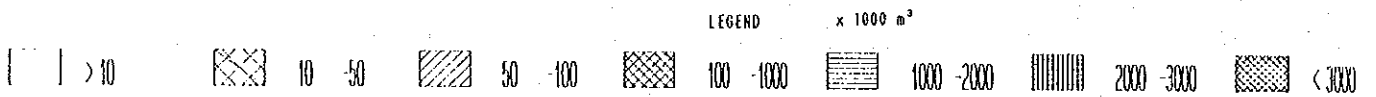
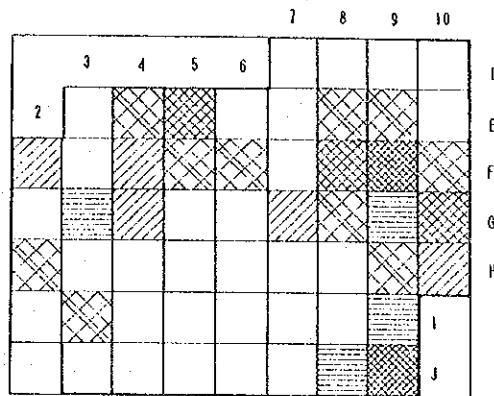


Figure A.3.11(3) Intensity Map of Groundwater Utilization  
 -Spring Pour out Quantity-

GROUNDWATER UTILIZATION QUANTITY IN HARAZ BASIN  
 - TOTAL WELL NUMBER FOR GROUNDWATER DRAFT -



						7	8	9	10	
		3	4	5	6					D
	2					14	20	30	6	E
		0	111	332	76	3	101	200	46	F
	219	52	234	157	123	48	349	635	135	G
	36	427	224	52	88	295	133	483	310	H
	118	97	2	8	77	9	15	111	232	I
	2	114	4	6	30	1	40	447		J
		27	9	2	8	99	401	960		

Note : Cumulation includes all wells within the drawing grid even which is located out of the range of Project area at the border area.  
 : Unit is shown in 1000 m<sup>3</sup>/year

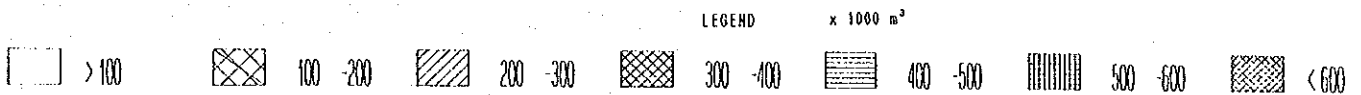
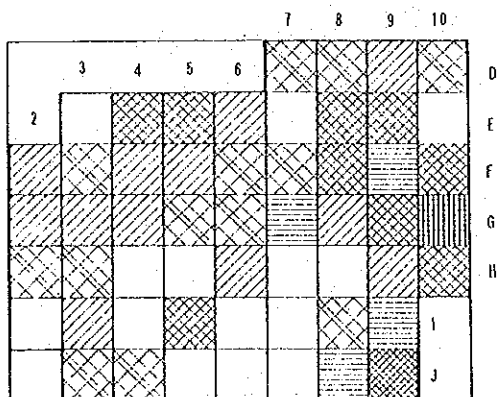


Figure A.3.11(4) Intensity Map of Groundwater Utilization  
 -Total Well Number for Groundwater Draft-

GROUNDWATER UTILIZATION QUANTITY IN HARAZ BASIN

- WELL DRAFT QUANTITY -



		3		4		5		6		7	8	9	10	
										1987	2034	4257	2144	D
2		0	5292	8863	4769	41	6694	5149	931					E
		3404	2130	4473	3070	2337	1236	7793	12242	5946				F
		3133	3674	3431	1456	2684	14090	3386	8631	19651				G
		2964	2602	315	154	3275	287	772	4370	7941				H
		469	4393	631	5523	298	114	1226	12601					I
			1146	1320	259	445	536	11674	24843					J

Note : Cumulation includes all wells within the drawing grid even which is located out of the range of Project area at the border area.  
 : Unit is shown in 1000 m<sup>3</sup>/year

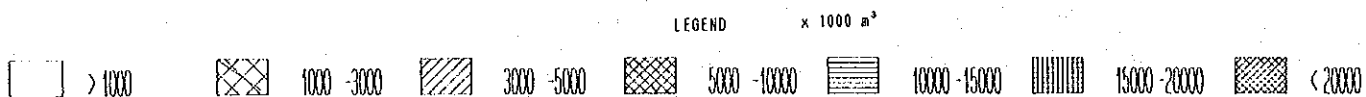


Figure A.3.11(5) Intensity Map of Groundwater Utilization  
 -Well Draft Quantity of Groundwater Draft-

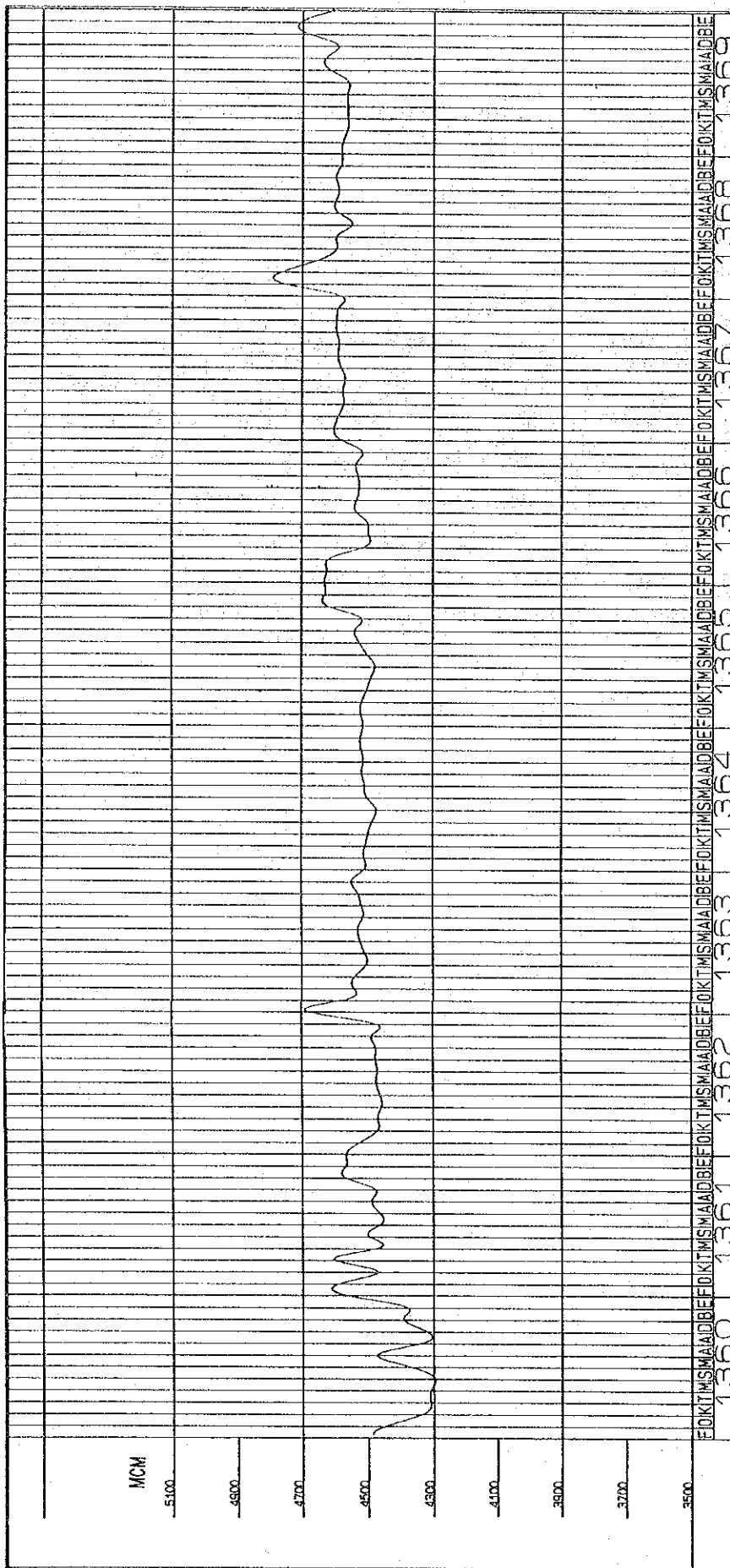
### **A. 3. 4 An Estimation of Groundwater Storage Change**

#### **1. Groundwater Storage Change**

##### **(1) Time Series Change of Groundwater Storage**

On the basis of the Groundwater Level fluctuation, remaking as a grid data from the well observation result by interpolation, the groundwater storage has been calculated for the last 10 years as shown in Figure A. 3. 12. The estimation has been executed with the use of a fixed standard of Caspian Sea Level of (-)27 m PGD, seeing that the storage quantity is indicated as an apparent volume excluding the sea level changes during calculation period. The general tendency in this curve appears that the storage volume is in a condition which is gradually rising up till the present.





Note : Unit is shown in MCM

Figure A.3.12 Groundwater Storage Change 1360 to 1369

## 2. Groundwater Runoff

### (1) Well Observation for Groundwater Runoff

For obtaining the basic data for the groundwater runoff, the well observation has been conducted with the following items.

- Observation period ranging 1st of June to 24th of June (Table A.3.9).
- Observation line including 9 lines with 62 points (see Figure A. 3. 13).
- Observation items comprising casing elevation, depth of wells, s.w.l./d.w.l., EC and Temperature (see Table A.3.9).

### (2) Dynamic Levels in the Coastal Strip

As shown in comprehensible cross section of Figure A.3.14, the dynamic water level near the seacoast has been positioned beneath the present sea level at the most of observation points. The hydrogeologic condition indicating this level may prove that the groundwater had hardly gone out to the sea in this stage of 1370.

Table A.3.9(1) Result of Well Observation - for Groundwater Runoff and Utilization-

NO.	WELL NO. OF		LOCATION CODE	village	LINE	CASING ELEVATION (EL.m)	DEPTH OF WELL (m)	PUMP DIAMETRE (inch)	PUMP CAPACITY (l/min)	ENGINE TYPE & CAPACITY (HP-RPM)	IRRIGATED AREA (ha)	OBSERVED DATE (1)	PUMPING RATE (l/sec)	PUMPING HOUR (h/DAY)	PUMPING PERIOD (month)	TOTAL QUAN OF PUMPING (m <sup>3</sup> )	RATE OF PUMPING (l/ha/s)	S.W.L. -GL TO WL-		D.W.L. -GL TO WL-		EC (uS)	T (*C)	WELL NO. OF LEVELING	OBSERVED DATE (2)	S.W.L. -GL TO WL-	
	WELL MAP	LEVELING																(GL m)	(EL. m)	(GL m)	(EL. m)					(GL m)	(EL. m)
1	68	HD1	4E	Harab Deh	A	-21.71		3	900		1.5	1/6/91	2.00	24.0	3.5	18,446	1.33	0.70	-22.41	3.66	-25.37	730	16.9	HD1	17/6/91		
2	82	HD2	4E	Harab Deh	A	-21.49				4.5-750		1/6/91	4.00	24.0	3.5	36,893		0.70	-22.19	3.59	-25.08			HD2	17/6/91		
3	(88)	HD3	4E	Harab Deh	A	-21.68		3	900			1/6/91	2.00	24.0	3.5	18,446				5.15	-26.83			HD3	17/6/91	2.28	
4	94	HD4	4E	Harab Deh	A	-20.71				4.5-750		1/6/91	4.00	24.0	3.5	36,893		0.70	-21.41	7.20	-27.91	595	16.3	HD4	17/6/91		
5	-	HD5	4E	Harab Deh	A	-20.33					0.1	12/6/91	2.34	12.0	3.5	10,800	11.71			6.00	-26.33			HD5	17/6/91	2.82	
6	102	HD6	4E	Harab Deh	B	-20.53		3		4.5-2400	1.5	2/6/91	2.63	24.0	3.5	24,272	1.75			6.57	-27.10			HD6	17/6/91		
7	-	HD7	4E	Harab Deh	B	-20.89						2/6/91						0.86	-21.75					HD7	17/6/91	2.84	
8	20	HD8	4F	Harab Deh	B	-20.03		2		4.5-750	1.5	2/6/91	2.73	24.0	3.5	25,154	1.82			3.05	-23.08			HD8	17/6/91		
9	24	HD9	4F	Harab Deh	B	-19.11		3		9.0-2400	3.0	2/6/91	12.00	24.0	3.5	110,678	4.00			6.22	-25.33			HD9	17/6/91		
10	deep well	-	4E	Motoberij	C	-	55	4		50-		1/6/91						3.00	-	23.00	-			-	17/6/91		
11	35	MR1	4E	Motoberij	C	-21.62						12/6/91						0.98	-22.60					MR1	17/6/91	1.11	
12	50	MR2	4E	Motoberij	C	-21.30						1/6/91						0.91	-22.21					MR2	19/6/91		
13	45	MR3	4E	Motoberij	C	-						1/6/91						0.85	-			620	16.8	MR3	18/6/91	1.22	
14	67	MR4	4E	Motoberij	C	-20.63						12/6/91						1.19	-21.82					MR4	17/6/91		
15	-	MR4'	4E	Motoberij	C	-					3.5	17/6/91	3.69	20	3.5	28,397	0.88							MR4'	17/6/91		
16	69	MR5	4E	Motoberij	C	-20.92		3		4.5-750	1.5	2/6/91	6.70	24.0	3.5	61,795	4.47	2.87	-23.79					MR5	17/6/91		
17	110	MR6	4E	Motoberij	C	-21.55		2		4.5-750	1.5	2/6/91	3.33	24.0	3.5	30,744	2.22			7.39	-28.94			MR6	17/6/91		
18	-	MR7	4E	Motoberij	C	-20.63						12/6/91						4.78	-25.41					MR7	17/6/91		
19	-	MR8	4E	Motoberij	C	-20.59		3		4.5-750	1.2	12/6/91	4.07	20.0	3.5	31,286	2.83			6.78	-27.37			MR8	17/6/91		
20	-	MR8'	4E	Motoberij	C	-		2			0.7	12/6/91	1.82	12.1	3.5	8,429	1.31							MR8'	17/6/91		
21	25	MR9	4F	Motoberij	C	-18.68		2			0.8	2/6/91	5.45	12.0	3.5	25,154	3.41			3.00	-21.68			MR9	17/6/91		
22	33	-	5E	Bisheh kola	D	-	40	4		60-1500		3/6/91	11.11	20.0	12.0	292,800						700	17.5	-	-		
23	-	BK1	5E	Bisheh kola	D	-22.68	13				0.7	10/6/91	2.26	20.0	3.5	17,389	2.69			6.32	-29.06	980	18.1	BK1	18/6/91	4.39	
24	125	BK2	5E	Bisheh kola	D	-21.62		2			0.5	3/6/91	6.67	7.0	3.5	17,934	3.89	5.00	-26.62	7.17	-28.79			BK2	18/6/91		
25	140	BK3	5E	Bisheh kola	D	-21.25						3/6/91						3.31	-24.56					BK3	18/6/91	3.82	
26	155	BK4	5E	Bisheh kola	D	-19.97		3	709	4-400		3/6/91	2.68	20.0	3.5	20,588				4.00	-23.97			BK4	18/6/91		
27	-	BK5	5E	Bisheh kola	D	-20.65		3				3/6/91	3.53	20.0	3.5	27,127				6.56	-27.21			BK5	18/6/91		
28	-	BK6	5E	Bisheh kola	D	-20.54				8.5-2400	8.0	3/6/91	4.92	20.0	3.5	37,800	0.51			7.35	-27.89			BK6	18/6/91		
29	-	EZ1	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-22.13						10/6/91						3.28	-25.41					EZ1	18/6/91		
30	-	EZ2	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-22.34						10/6/91	3.62	11.0	3.5	15,298				4.18	-26.52			EZ2	18/6/91		
31	-	EZ3	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-23.13		2	550	2.6-3600	0.7	10/6/91	4.86	20.0	3.5	37,371	5.79			3.16	-26.29			EZ3	18/6/91	3.09	
32	-	EZ3'	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-		3		4.5-750														EZ3'	18/6/91		
33	-	EZ4	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-22.78						10/6/91						2.18	-24.96					EZ4	18/6/91		
34	-	EZ5	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-21.70		3		4.5-750	2.0	10/6/91	4.02	24.0	3.5	37,091	2.01			4.09	-25.79			EZ5	18/6/91		
35	-	EZ6	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-22.24						10/6/91						2.62	-24.86					EZ6	18/6/91		
36	-	EZ6'	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-												2.62	-					EZ6'	18/6/91		
37	78	EZ7	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-21.86						10/6/91						2.84	-24.70					EZ7	18/6/91		
38	79	EZ8	5E	Ezzatabad	E	-21.93		2	550	2.6-3600	2.0	10/6/91	4.29	13.0	3.5	21,411	1.16			4.18	-26.11			EZ8	18/6/91		
39	-	DA1	6E	Darvisabad	F	-22.40						10/6/91						1.83	-24.23					DA1	24/6/91	1.93	
40	-	DA2	6E	Darvisabad	F	-22.00		3		4.5-750	2.0	10/6/91	6.00	13.0	3.5	29,975	1.63			3.82	-25.82			DA2	24/6/91		
41	-	HK1	6E	Haji kola	F	-21.38					0.5	10/6/91	1.83	20.0	3.5	14,043	3.05			5.60	-26.98			HK1	24/6/91		
42	-	HK2	6E	Haji kola	F	-21.05			550	2.6-3600	0.5	10/6/91	2.19	13.0	3.5	10,948	2.37							HK2	24/6/91	3.51	
43	-	HK2'	6E	Haji kola	F	-																		HK2'	24/6/91	3.21	
44	-	HK3	6E	Haji kola	F	-20.11						10/6/91						4.46	-24.57					HK3	24/6/91	4.13	
45	-	HK4	6E	Haji kola	F	-20.78						10/6/91								3.54	-24.32			HK4	24/6/91	3.58	
46	-	CH1	6E	Chaksar	G	-21.99						11/6/91						0.77	-22.76			950-14	17.9	CH1	24/6/91	0.77	
47	-	CH2	6E	Chaksar	G	-22.18						11/6/91						1.55	-23.73			750	17.1	CH2	24/6/91	1.74	
48	-	CH3	6E	Chaksar	G	-22.14						11/6/91						1.15	-23.29					CH3	24/6/91	1.48	
49	-	CH4	6E	Chaksar	G	-22.07						11/6/91						1.20	-23.27			570	16.0	CH4	24/6/91	1.74	
50	-	CH5	6E	Chaksar	G	-20.74		2				11/6/91						2.42	-23.16			760	17.6	CH5	24/6/91	1.76	
51	-	CH6	6E	Chaksar	G	-20.81		3			1.5	11/6/91	10.87	4.5	3.5	18,797	1.36	2.42	-23.23					CH6	24/6/91	1.93	
52	-	FK1	8D	Fereydun Kenar	H	-22.78		2		4.5-750	0.2	9/6/91	2.00	7.5	3.5	5,761	3.12			3.34	-26.12			FK1	24/6/91		
53	-	FK2	8D	Fereydun Kenar	H	-22.81		2	550	2.6-3600	0.1	9/6/91	2.78	13.0	3.5	13,865	12.53	2.50	-25.31	3.75	-26.56			FK2	24/6/91		
54	-	FK3	8D	Fereydun Kenar	H	-22.70					1.5	9/6/91	5.96	13.0	3.5	29,797	2.15	2.20	-24.90	3.25	-25.95			FK3	24/6/91		
55	-	FK3''	8D	Fereydun Kenar	H	-		2		4.5-750	0.3	9/6/91	3.16	6.5	3.5	7,888	2.85							FK3''	24/6/91		
56	-	FK3'	8D	Fereydun Kenar	H	-						9/6/91						1.70	-					FK3'	24/6/91		
57	-	FK4	8D	Fereydun Kenar	H	-21.41		2		4.5-750	0.6	9/6/91	2.93	20.0	3.5	22,518	4.07			5.29	-26.70	1470	18.0	FK4	24/6/91	3.34	
58	-	US1	9D	Ujaksar	I	-23.59					1.0	9/6/91	6.22	5.0	3.5	11,960	1.30	0.70	-24.29	1.28	-24.87			US1	24/6/91		
59	-	US2	9D	Ujaksar	I	-22.35		3		4.5-750	0.9	9/6/91	4.55	8.0	3.5	13,975	1.68	2.00	-24.35	2.50	-24.85			US2	24/6/91		
60	-	US3	9D	Ujaksar	I	-21.43					2.0	9/6/91	5.31	6.0	3.5	12,238	0.66	1.50	-22.93	3.75	-25.18			US3	24/6/91		
61	-	US4	9D	Ujaksar	I	-22.04		2			0.3	9/6/91	1.30	6.0	3.5	3,008	1.09	1.70	-23.74	3.75	-25.79			US4	24/6/91		
62	-	US5	9D	Ujaksar	I	-21.21	25-35					9/6/91				</											

Table A.3.9(1) Result of Well Observation - for Groundwater Runoff and Utilization-

OBSERVED DATE (1)	PUMPING RATE (l/sec)	PUMPING HOUR (h/DAY)	PUMPING PERIOD (month)	TOTAL QUAN OF PUMPING (m3)	RATE OF PUMPING (l/ha/s)	S.W.L -GL TO WL- (GL m)	S.W.L -GL TO WL- (EL. m)	D.W.L. -GL TO WL- (GL m)	D.W.L. -GL TO WL- (EL. m)	EC (uS)	T (°C)	WELL NO. OF LEVELING	OBSERVED DATE (2)	S.W.L -GL TO WL- (GL m)	S.W.L -GL TO WL- (EL. m)	D.W.L. -GL TO WL- (GL m)	D.W.L. -GL TO WL- (EL. m)	REMARKS
1/6/91	2.00	24.0	3.5	18,446	1.33	0.70	-22.41	3.66	-25.37	730	16.9	HD1	17/6/91			4.66	-26.37	Pumping quantity is not enough for 1.5 ha irrigation field.
1/6/91	4.00	24.0	3.5	36,893		0.70	-22.19	3.59	-25.08			HD2	17/6/91			4.00	-26.49	
1/6/91	2.00	24.0	3.5	18,446				5.15	-26.83			HD3	17/6/91	2.28	-23.96			
1/6/91	4.00	24.0	3.5	36,893		0.70	-21.41	7.20	-27.91	595	16.3	HD4	17/6/91			7.66	-28.37	
12/6/91	2.34	12.0	3.5	10,800	11.71			6.00	-26.33			HD5	17/6/91	2.82	-23.15			The well is located at the northern part of Haradeh Buzorg.
2/6/91	2.63	24.0	3.5	24,272	1.75			6.57	-27.10			HD6	17/6/91			7.16	-27.69	S.W.L. has been measured around here.
2/6/91						0.86	-21.75					HD7	17/6/91	2.84	-23.73			Pump has not been installed yet
2/6/91	2.73	24.0	3.5	25,154	1.82			3.05	-23.08			HD8	17/6/91			5.84	-25.87	
2/6/91	12.00	24.0	3.5	110,678	4.00			6.22	-25.33			HD9	17/6/91			6.35	-25.46	The well shows the highest productivity in the surrounding area.
1/6/91						3.00	-	23.00	-				17/6/91					The well has been installed 4 inch borehole pump.
12/6/91						0.98	-22.60					MR1	17/6/91	1.11	-22.73			The pump has not been installed since the deep well is available close.
1/6/91						0.91	-22.21					MR2	19/6/91			5.10	-26.40	
1/6/91						0.85	-			620	16.8	MR3	18/6/91	1.22	-1.22			
12/6/91						1.19	-21.82					MR4	17/6/91			2.91	-23.54	The pump has not been installed but the new well has been made beside it.
17/6/91	3.69	20	3.5	28,397	0.88							MR4'	17/6/91			6.95	-	The new well had been constructed at 17/6/91
2/6/91	6.70	24.0	3.5	61,795	4.47	2.87	-23.79					MR5	17/6/91			7.66	-28.58	Irrigation area is of totally 3 ha for both MR6 and MR5 wells.
2/6/91	3.33	24.0	3.5	30,744	2.22			7.39	-28.94			MR6	17/6/91			7.62	-29.17	Irrigation area is of totally 3 ha for both MR6 and MR5 wells.
12/6/91						4.78	-25.41					MR7	17/6/91			7.43	-28.06	The well had been re-drilled at 12/6/91 for well restoration.
12/6/91	4.07	20.0	3.5	31,286	2.83			6.78	-27.37			MR8	17/6/91			7.79	-28.38	Percolation test site, and pumping for 2 ha together with MR8'.
12/6/91	1.82	12.1	3.5	8,429	1.31							MR8'	17/6/91			6.57	-	Percolation test site, and pumping for 2 ha together with MR8.
2/6/91	5.45	12.0	3.5	25,154	3.41			3.00	-21.68			MR9	17/6/91			4.14	-22.82	
3/6/91	11.11	20.0	12.0	292,800						700	17.5							Deep well and it is located about 500 m close to the sea.
10/6/91	2.26	20.0	3.5	17,389	2.69			6.32	-29.00	980	18.1	BK1	18/6/91	4.39	-27.07			The well is close to the Marine Camp and the sea
3/6/91	6.67	7.0	3.5	17,934	3.89	6.00	-26.62	7.17	-28.79			BK2	18/6/91			6.86	-28.48	The well shows the pumping must be stopped after 7 h continuously.
3/6/91						3.31	-24.56					BK3	18/6/91	3.82	-25.07			The pump has not installed, the water is inflowing from shallow horizon.
3/6/91	2.68	20.0	3.5	20,588				4.00	-23.97			BK4	18/6/91			4.62	-24.59	The pumping has done for 8 ha together with BK5,6.
3/6/91	3.53	20.0	3.5	27,127				6.56	-27.21			BK5	18/6/91			6.33	-26.98	The pumping has done for 8 ha together with BK4,6.
3/6/91	4.92	20.0	3.5	37,800	0.51			7.35	-27.89			BK6	18/6/91			6.56	-27.10	The pumping has done for 8 ha together with BK4,5.
10/6/91						3.28	-25.41					EZ1	18/6/91			3.93	-26.06	The pump has not been installed.
10/6/91	3.62	11.0	3.5	15,298				4.18	-26.52			EZ2	18/6/91			4.94	-27.28	Well location is close to EZ1
10/6/91	4.86	20.0	3.5	37,371	5.79			3.16	-26.29			EZ3	18/6/91	3.09	-26.22			Well location is close to EZ4
												EZ3'	18/6/91			4.40	-	
10/6/91						2.18	-24.96					EZ4	18/6/91			3.82	-26.60	The pump has not installed yet.
10/6/91	4.02	24.0	3.5	37,091	2.01			4.09	-25.79			EZ5	18/6/91			4.97	-26.67	The location is about 74 metres apart from EZ6.
10/6/91						2.62	-24.86					EZ6	18/6/91			3.39	-25.63	The pump installation is temporary, it is located 25 m from EB6.
						2.62	-					EZ6'	18/6/91				-	The pump installation is temporary, it is located 9 m from EB5.
10/6/91						2.84	-24.70					EZ7	18/6/91			4.32	-26.18	The pump has not installed yet, it is close to EZ7.
10/6/91	4.29	13.0	3.5	21,411	1.16			4.18	-26.11			EZ8	18/6/91			5.00	-26.93	
10/6/91						1.83	-24.23					DA1	24/6/91	1.93	-24.33			The well is not for agricultural use.
10/6/91	6.00	13.0	3.5	29,975	1.63			3.82	-25.82			DA2	24/6/91			3.76	-25.76	
10/6/91	1.83	20.0	3.5	14,043	3.05			5.60	-26.98			HK1	24/6/91			6.30	-27.68	The well is situated in the Hajikola village
10/6/91	2.19	13.0	3.5	10,948	2.37							HK2	24/6/91	3.51	-24.56			The pumping must be stopping after 3h running, percolation site is close.
												HK2'	24/6/91	3.21	-			The pumping must be stopping after 3h running, percolation site is close.
10/6/91						4.46	-24.57					HK3	24/6/91	4.13	-24.24			The well is for industrial use in village
10/6/91								3.54	-24.32			HK4	24/6/91	3.58	-24.36			Electric motor has been installed.
11/6/91						0.77	-22.76			950-14	17.9	CH1	24/6/91	0.77	-22.76			The pump has not installed for the surface water inflowing.
11/6/91						1.55	-23.73			750	17.1	CH2	24/6/91	1.74	-23.92			The pump has not installed for the surface water inflowing.
11/6/91						1.15	-23.29					CH3	24/6/91	1.48	-23.62			The pump has not installed for the surface water inflowing.
11/6/91						1.20	-23.27			570	16.0	CH4	24/6/91	1.74	-23.81			The pump has not installed for the surface water inflowing.
11/6/91						2.42	-23.16			760	17.6	CH5	24/6/91	1.76	-22.50			Well locality is close to CH6
11/6/91	10.87	4.5	3.5	18,797	1.36	2.42	-23.23					CH6	24/6/91	1.93	-22.74			Well locality is close to CH5, it shows the high productivity.
9/6/91	2.00	7.5	3.5	5,761	3.12			3.34	-26.12			FK1	24/6/91			3.62	-26.40	FK2 is close.
9/6/91	2.78	13.0	3.5	13,865	12.53	2.50	-25.31	3.75	-26.56			FK2	24/6/91			3.43	-26.24	FK1 is close.
9/6/91	5.96	13.0	3.5	29,797	2.15	2.20	-24.90	3.25	-25.95			FK3	24/6/91			3.65	-26.35	FK3" is located close, the BM(KL-9-1BM-5) is situated beside this well.
9/6/91	3.16	6.5	3.5	7,888	2.85							FK3"	24/6/91					FK3 is located close.
9/6/91						1.70	-					FK3'	24/6/91			3.83	-	FK3 is located close.
9/6/91	2.93	20.0	3.5	22,518	4.07			5.29	-26.70	1470	18.0	FK4	24/6/91	3.34	-24.75			Well diameter shows the larger than 2 metres.
9/6/91	6.22	5.0	3.5	11,960	1.30	0.70	-24.29	1.28	-24.87			US1	24/6/91			1.62	-25.21	The well diameter is about 5 x 60 m.
9/6/91	4.55	8.0	3.5	13,975	1.68	2.00	-24.35	2.50	-24.85			US2	24/6/91			3.30	-25.65	The well diameter is about 5 x 20 m.
9/6/91	5.31	6.0	3.5	12,238	0.66	1.50	-22.93	3.75	-25.18			US3	24/6/91			2.70	-24.13	The well diameter is about 5 x 10 m.
9/6/91	1.30	6.0	3.5	3,008	1.09	1.70	-23.74	3.75	-25.79			US4	24/6/91			3.93	-25.97	The pumping must be stopping after 6 h running.
9/6/91						2.64	-23.85			2800	17.8	US5	24/6/91	2.69	-23.90			The pump has not been installed for saline water pollution at 25-35m.



Table A.3.9(2) Result of Well Observation  
- for Groundwater Runoff-

WELL NO.	LINE	DISTANCE FROM SEA (km)	CASING ELEVATION (EL. m)	GROUNDWATER LEVEL 1/8/91 - 12/8/91				GROUNDWATER LEVEL 12/6/91 - 24/6/91			
				S.W.L. GL TO WL (GL. m)	S.W.L. GL TO WL (EL. m)	D.W.L. GL TO WL (GL. m)	D.W.L. GL TO WL (EL. m)	S.W.L. GL TO WL (GL. m)	S.W.L. GL TO WL (EL. m)	D.W.L. GL TO WL (GL. m)	D.W.L. GL TO WL (EL. m)
HD1	A	0.538	-21.71	0.70	-22.41	3.66	-25.37			4.86	-26.37
HD2	A	0.873	-21.49	0.70	-22.19	3.59	-25.08			4.08	-25.49
HD3	A	1.183	-21.68			5.15	-26.83	2.28	-23.96		
HD4	A	1.320	-20.71	0.70	-21.41	7.28	-27.91			7.66	-28.37
HD5	A	1.918	-20.33			6.88	-26.33	2.82	-23.15		
HD6	B	1.563	-20.59			6.57	-27.18			7.16	-27.69
HD7	B	1.609	-20.89	0.86	-21.75			2.84	-23.73		
HD8	B	1.742	-20.93			3.85	-23.08			5.84	-25.87
HD9	C	1.882	-19.11			6.22	-25.33			6.35	-25.46
HR1	C	0.552	-21.62	0.98	-22.60			1.11	-22.73		
HR2	C	0.787	-21.38	0.91	-22.21					5.10	-26.40
HR4	C	1.114	-20.63	1.19	-21.82					2.91	-23.54
HR5	C	1.074	-20.92	2.97	-23.79					7.66	-28.58
HR6	C	1.117	-21.55			7.39	-28.94			7.62	-29.17
HR7	C	1.378	-20.63	4.78	-25.41					7.43	-28.06
HR8	C	1.409	-20.59			6.78	-27.37			7.79	-28.38
HR9	C	1.969	-18.68			3.90	-21.68			4.14	-22.82
BK1	D	0.381	-22.68			6.32	-29.08	4.39	-27.87		
BK2	D	0.868	-21.82	5.00	-26.62	7.17	-28.79			6.86	-29.48
BK3	D	1.063	-21.25	3.31	-24.56			3.82	-25.07		
BK4	D	1.316	-19.97			4.08	-23.97			4.62	-24.59
BK5	D	1.337	-20.65			6.56	-27.21			6.33	-26.98
BK6	D	1.389	-20.54			7.35	-27.89			6.56	-27.10
E21	E	0.644	-22.13	3.20	-25.41					3.93	-26.08
E22	E	0.645	-22.34			4.18	-26.52			4.84	-27.28
E23	E	0.655	-23.13			3.16	-26.29	3.09	-26.22		
E24	E	0.680	-22.78	2.18	-24.96					3.82	-26.69
E25	E	0.930	-21.70			4.09	-25.79			4.97	-26.87
E26	E	0.992	-22.24	2.62	-24.86					3.39	-25.63
E27	E	1.148	-21.86	2.84	-24.70					4.32	-26.18
E28	E	1.194	-21.93			4.18	-26.11			5.00	-26.93
DR1	F	0.590	-22.40	1.83	-24.23			1.93	-24.33		
DR2	F	1.033	-22.00			3.02	-25.82			3.76	-25.76
HK1	F	1.439	-21.38			5.60	-26.98			6.30	-27.59
HK2	F	1.653	-21.05					3.51	-24.58		
HK3	F	1.818	-20.11	4.46	-24.57			4.13	-24.24		
HK4	F	1.815	-20.78			3.54	-24.32	3.58	-24.36		
CH1	G	0.840	-21.99	0.77	-22.76			0.77	-22.76		
CH2	G	0.907	-22.18	1.55	-23.73			1.74	-23.92		
CH3	G	1.167	-22.14	1.15	-23.29			1.48	-23.82		
CH4	G	1.690	-22.07	1.20	-23.27			1.74	-23.81		
CH5	G	1.951	-20.74	2.42	-23.16			1.76	-22.88		
CH6	G	1.918	-20.81	2.42	-23.23			1.93	-22.74		
FK1	H	0.716	-22.79			3.34	-25.12			3.62	-25.40
FK2	H	0.810	-22.91	2.50	-25.31	3.75	-26.56			3.43	-26.24
FK3	H	1.296	-22.70	2.20	-24.90	3.25	-25.95			3.65	-26.35
FK4	H	1.628	-21.41			5.29	-26.70	3.34	-24.75		
US1	I	1.694	-23.59	0.70	-24.29	1.28	-24.97			1.62	-25.21
US2	I	1.998	-22.35	2.90	-24.35	2.59	-24.85			3.38	-25.65
US3	I	2.672	-21.43	1.90	-22.93	3.75	-25.18			2.78	-24.13
US4	I	2.683	-22.84	1.70	-23.74	3.75	-25.79			3.93	-25.97
V55	I	2.538	-21.21	2.64	-23.85			2.69	-23.98		

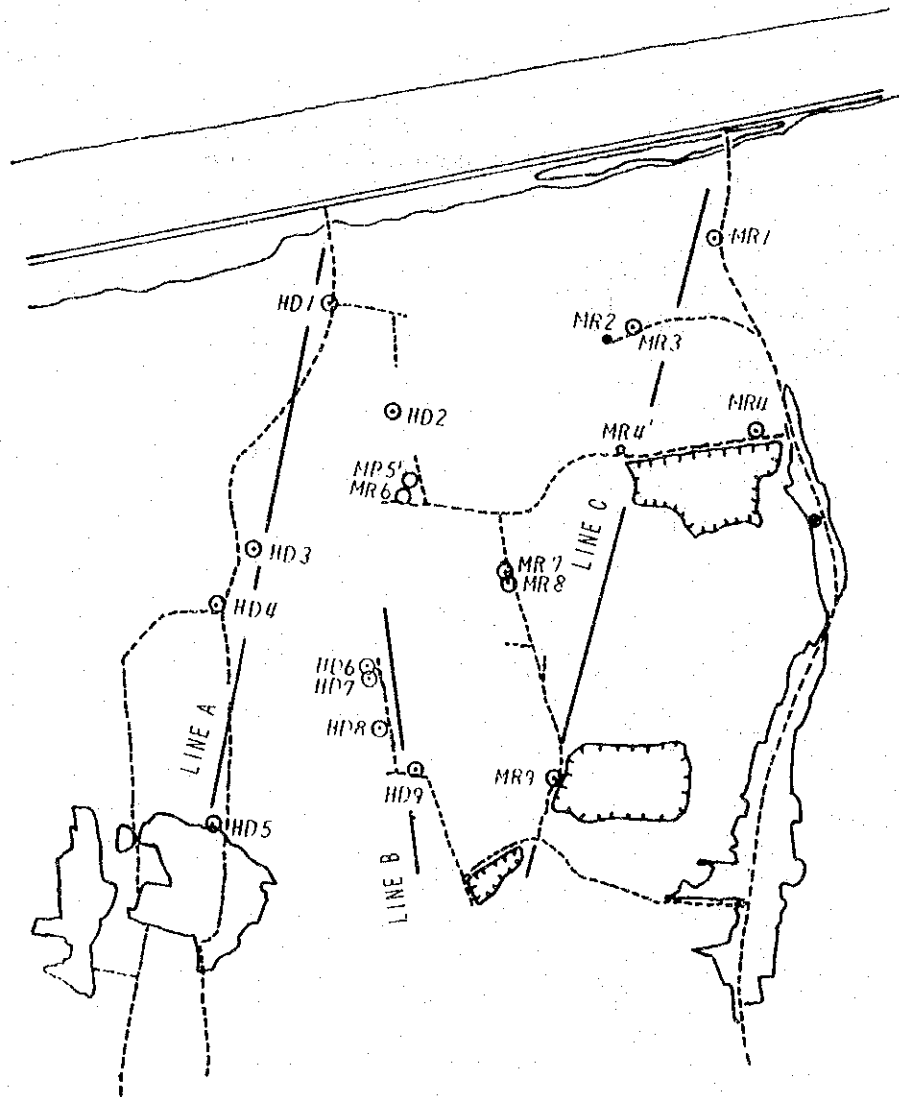


Figure A.3.13(1) Location Map of Observation Well  
 -Hadadeh/Motobarij Site, Line A,B,C  
 , Scale=1:20,300-

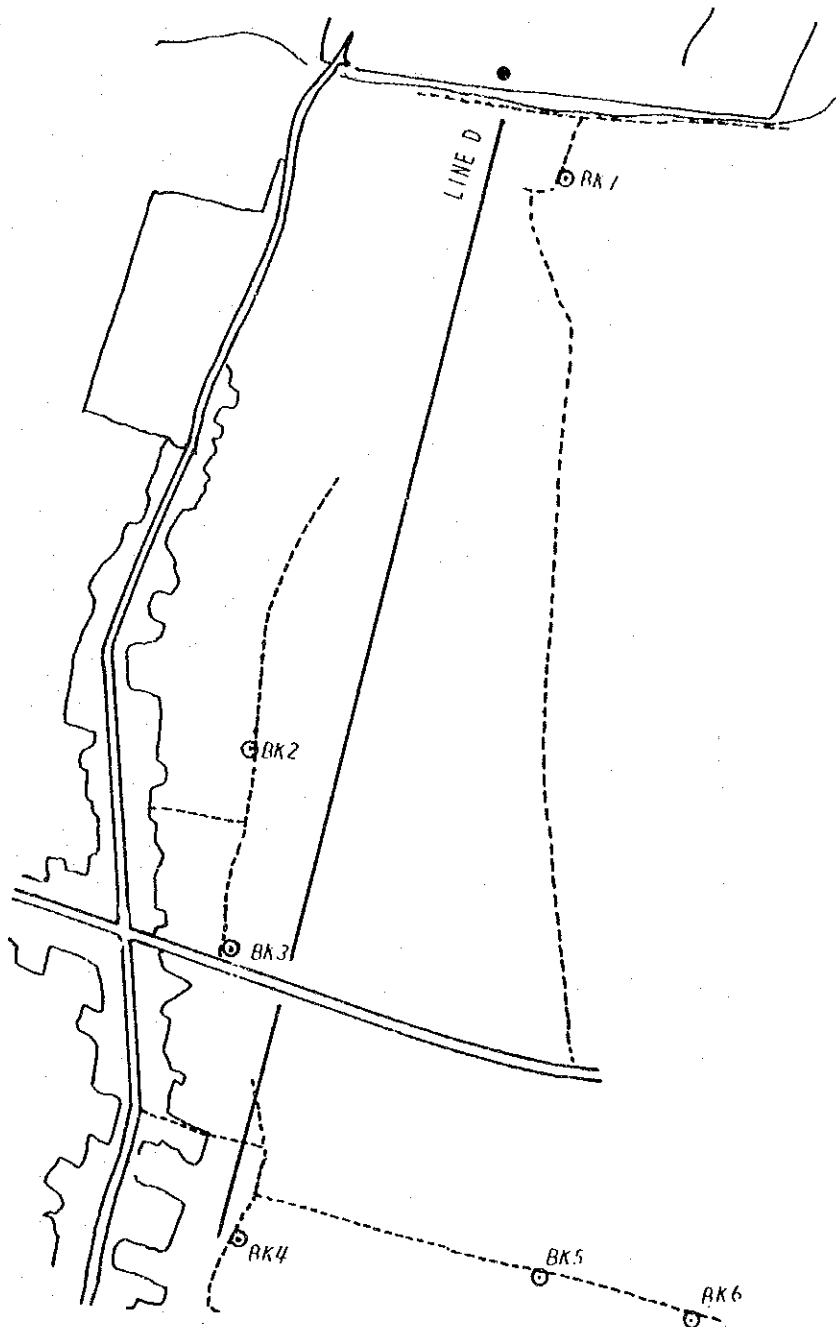


Figure A.3.13(2) Location Map of Observation Well  
-Bisheh Kola Site, Line D, Scale=1:6,300-



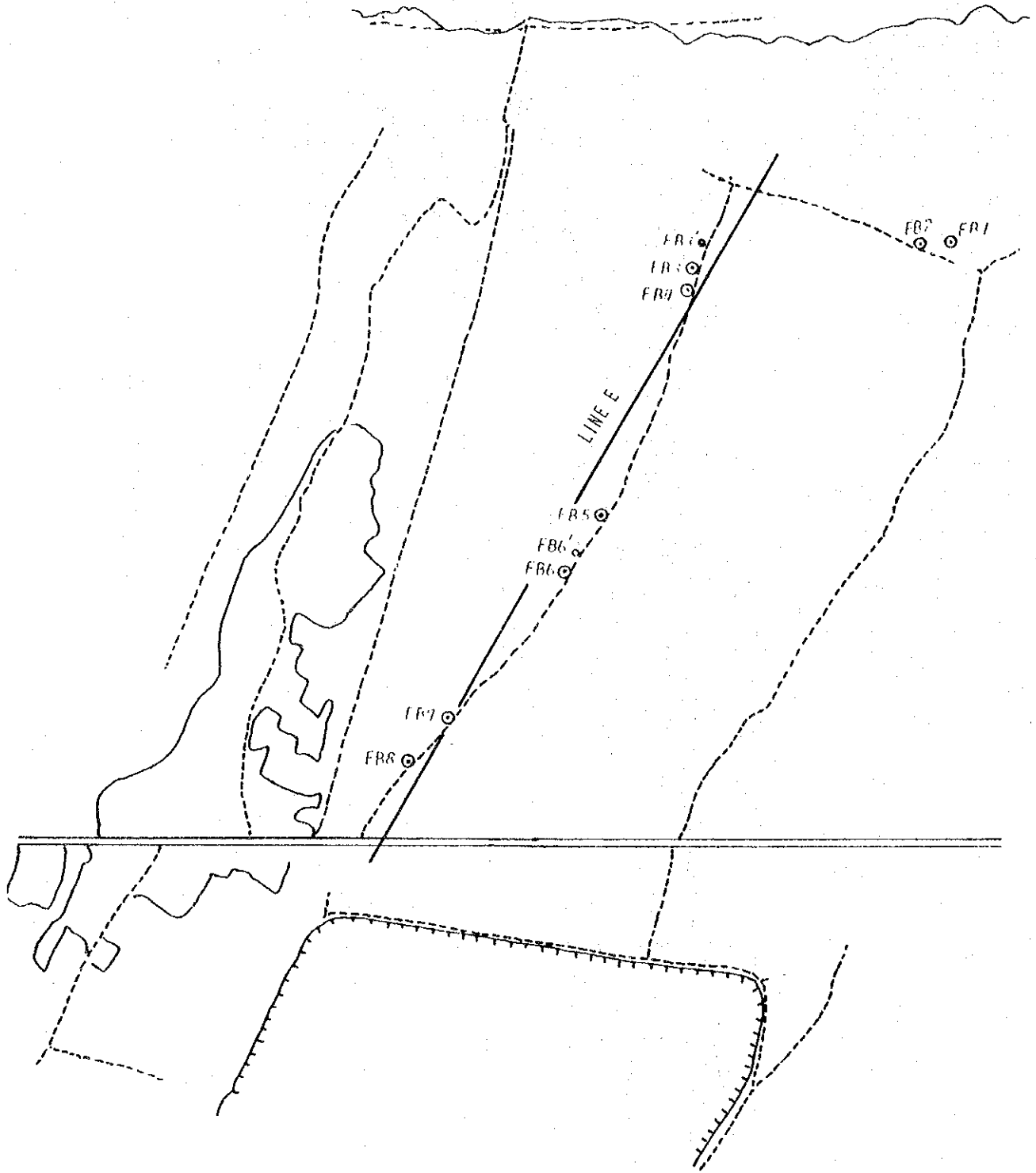


Figure A.3.13(3) Location Map of Observation Well  
-Ezzatabad Site, Line E, Scale=1:6,500-

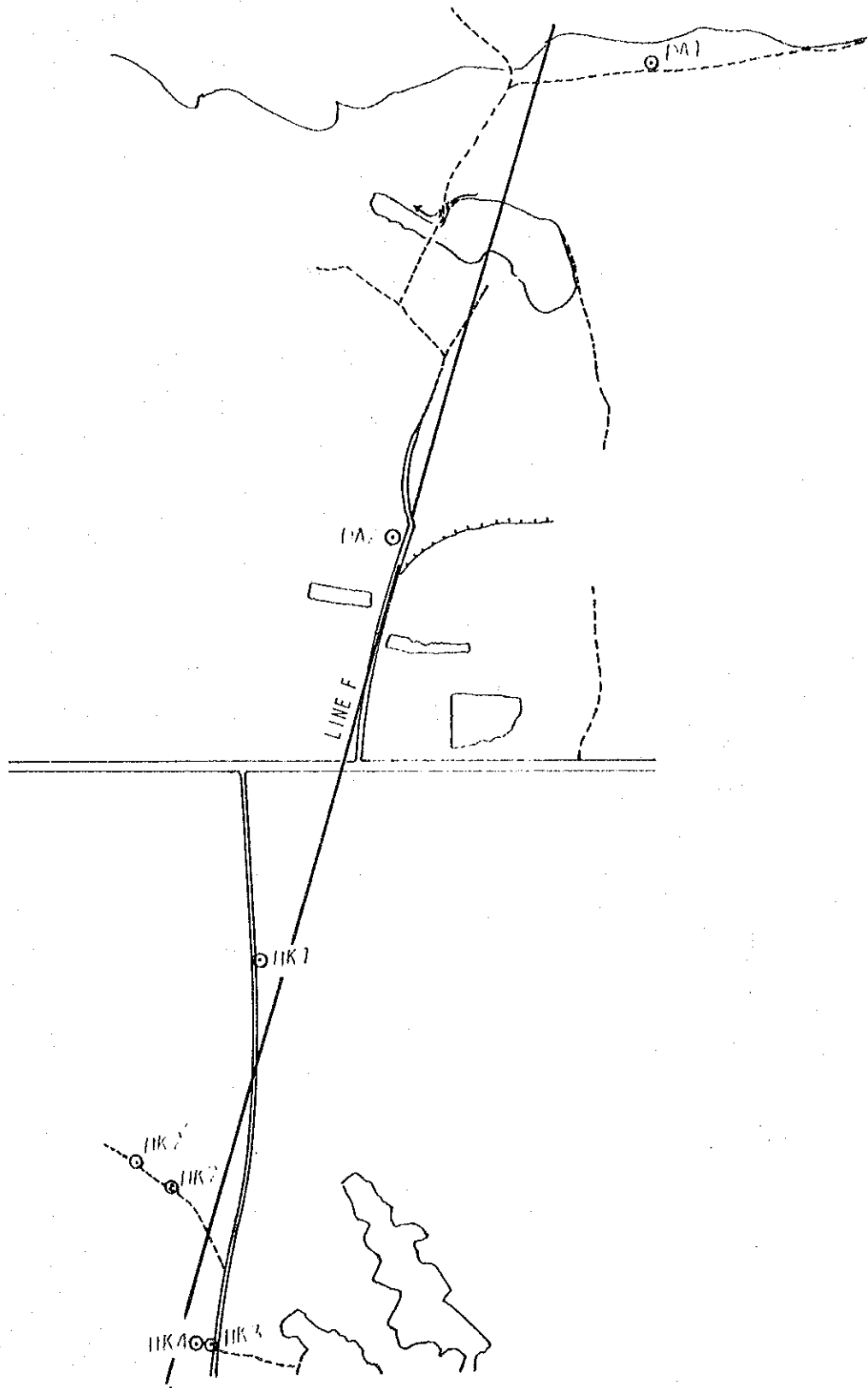


Figure A.3.13(4) Location Map of Observation Well  
 -Darubisabad/Haji Kola Site, Line F, Scale=1:6,200-

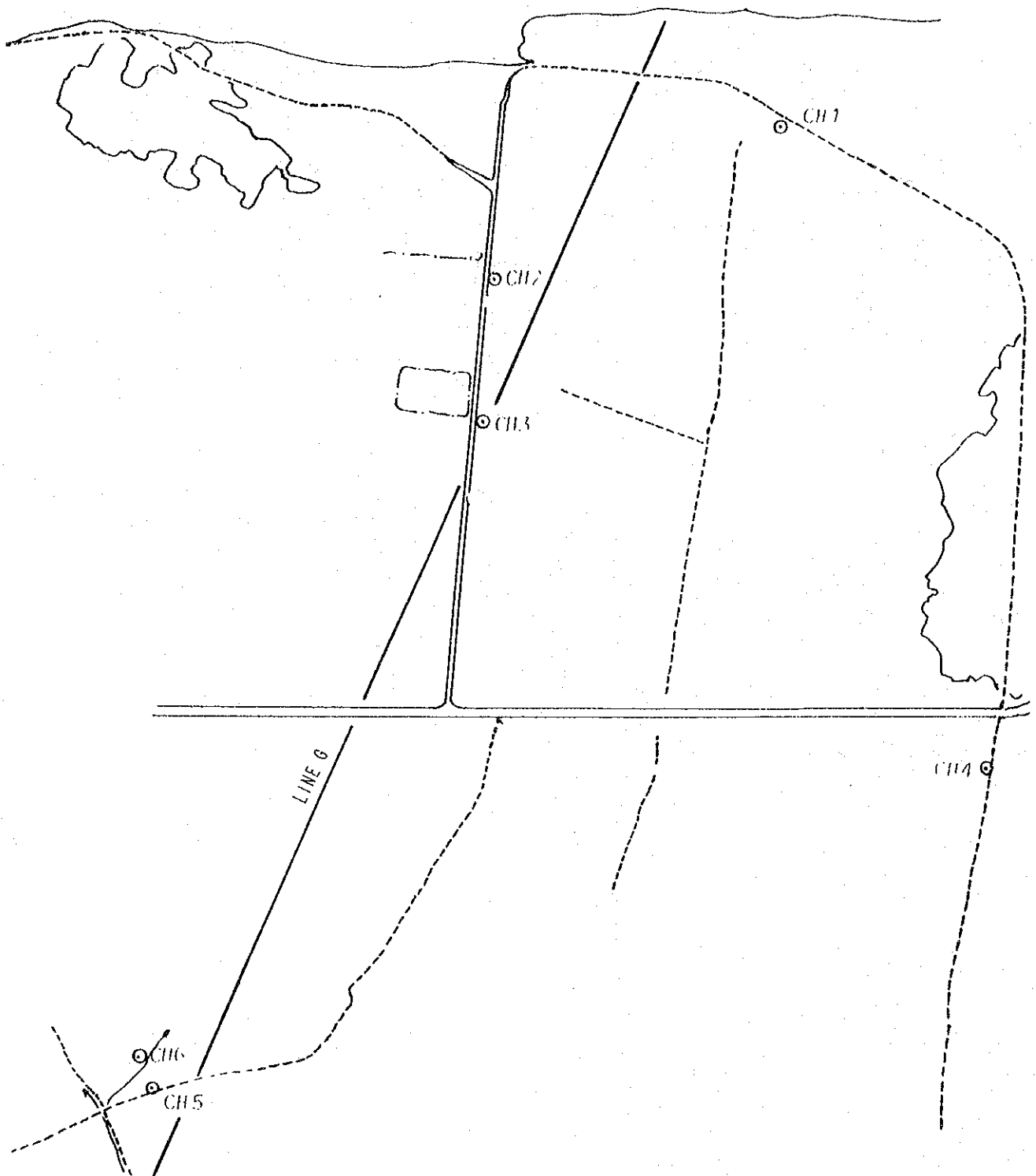


Figure A.3.13(5) Location Map of Observation Well  
-Chaksar Site, Line G, Scale=1:7,300-

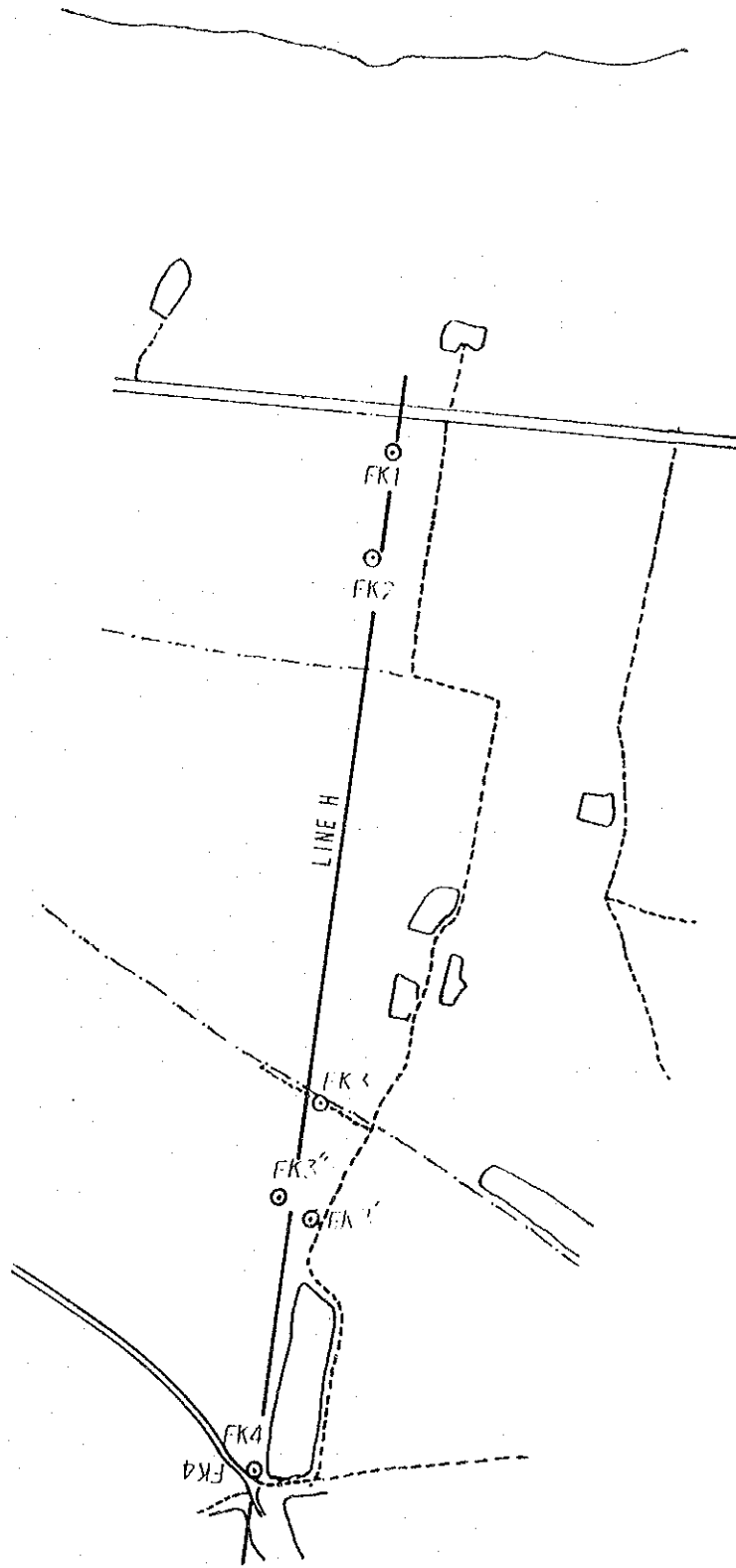


Figure A.3.13(6) Location Map of Observation Well  
-Fereydon Kanar Site, Line H, Scale=1:6,400-

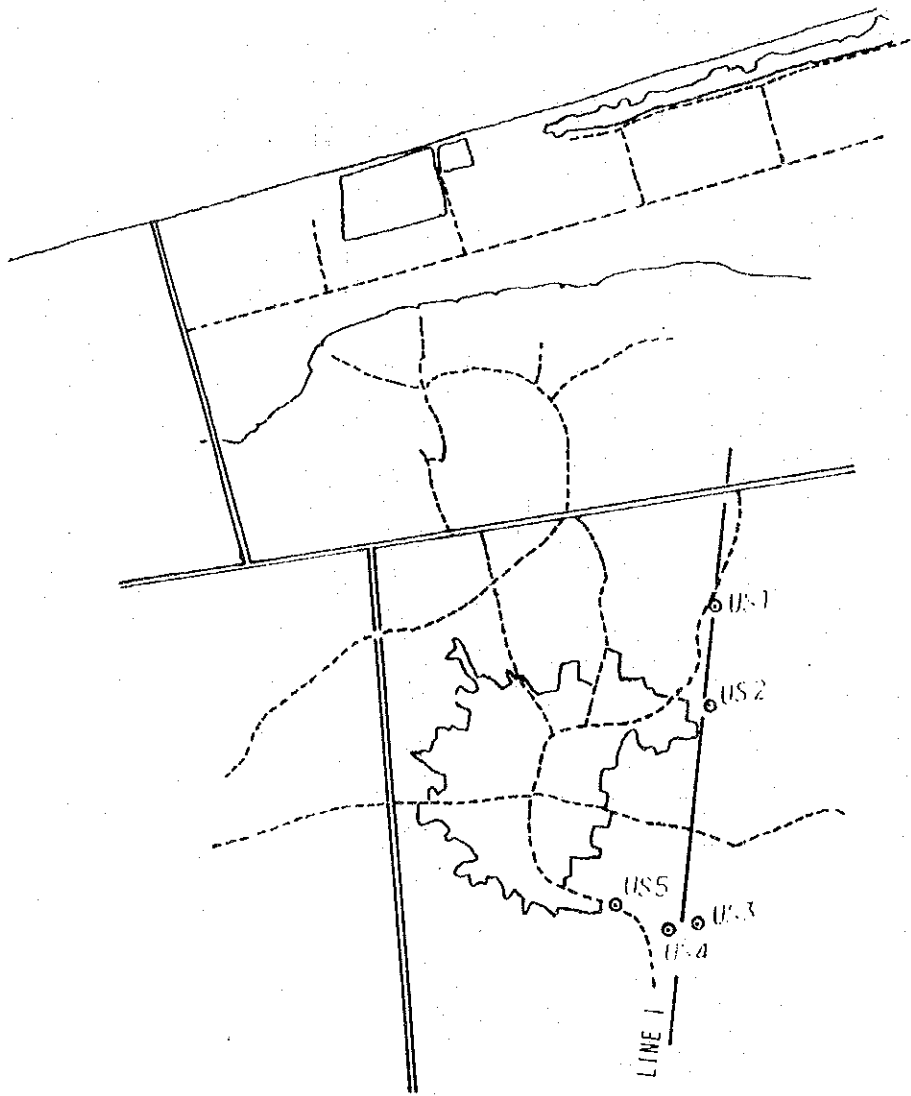


Figure A.3.13(7) Location Map of Observation Well  
-Ujaksar Site, Line I, Scale=1:23,500-

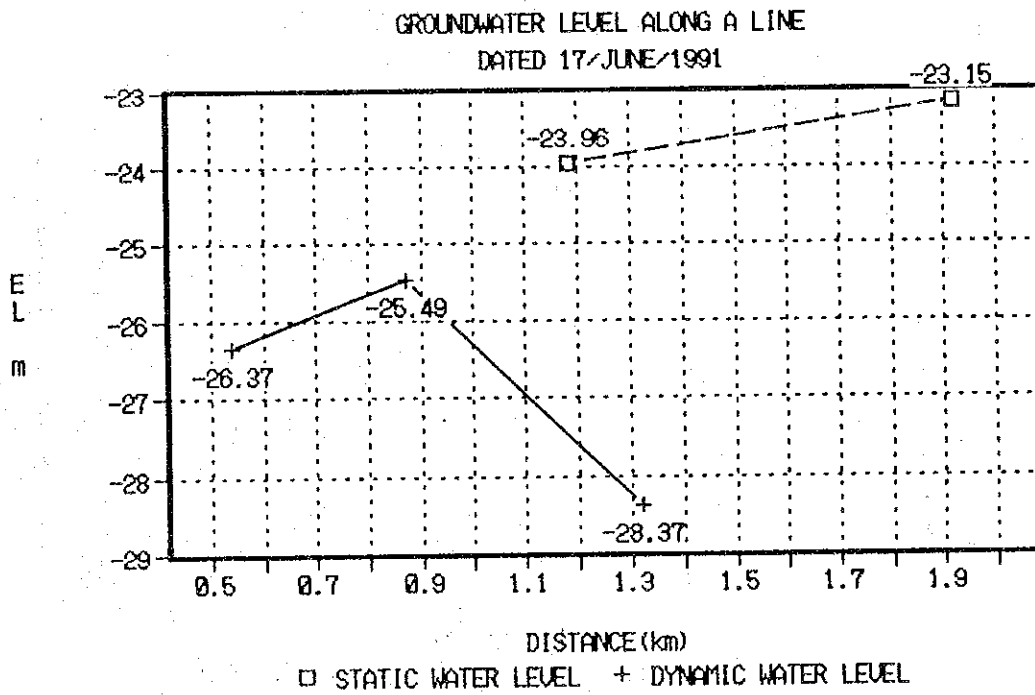
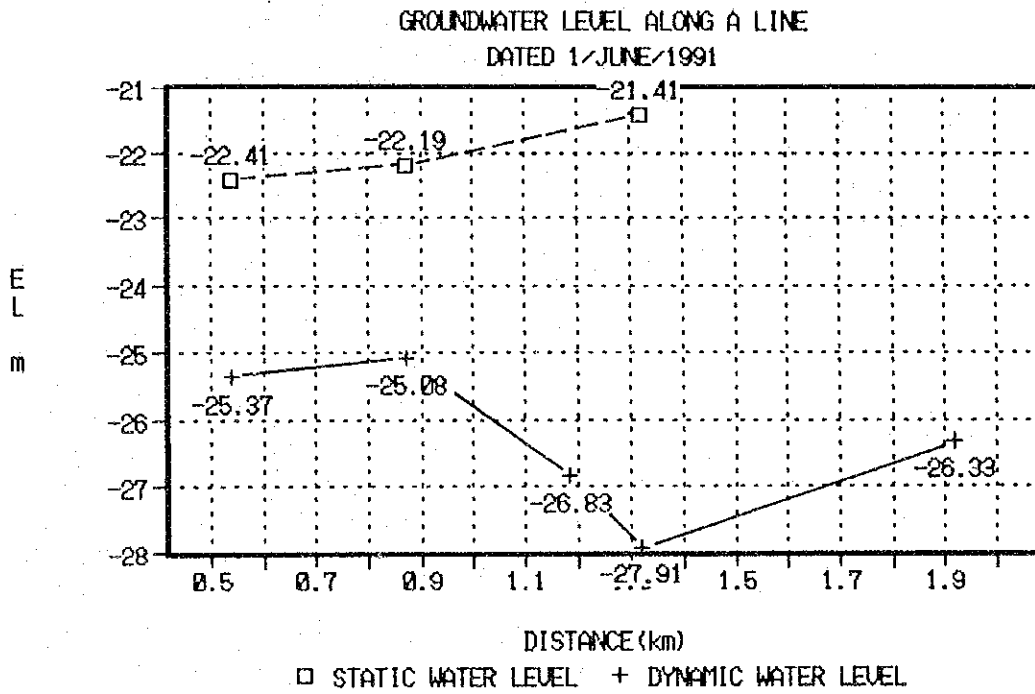


Figure A.3.14(1) Groundwater Level along Observation Line -Line A-

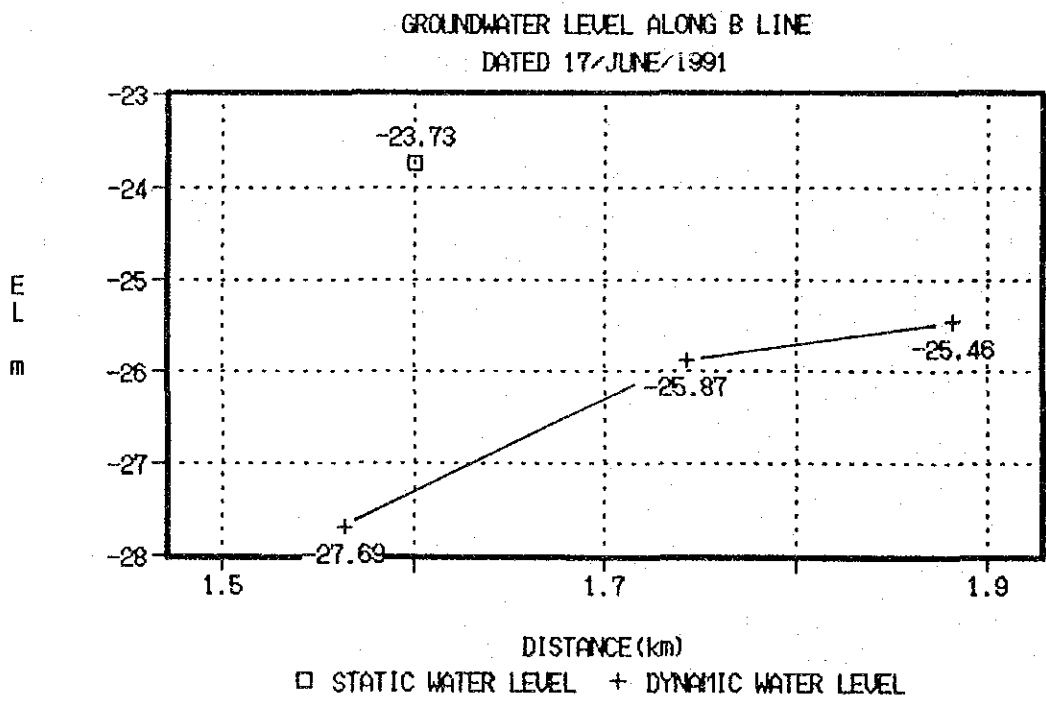
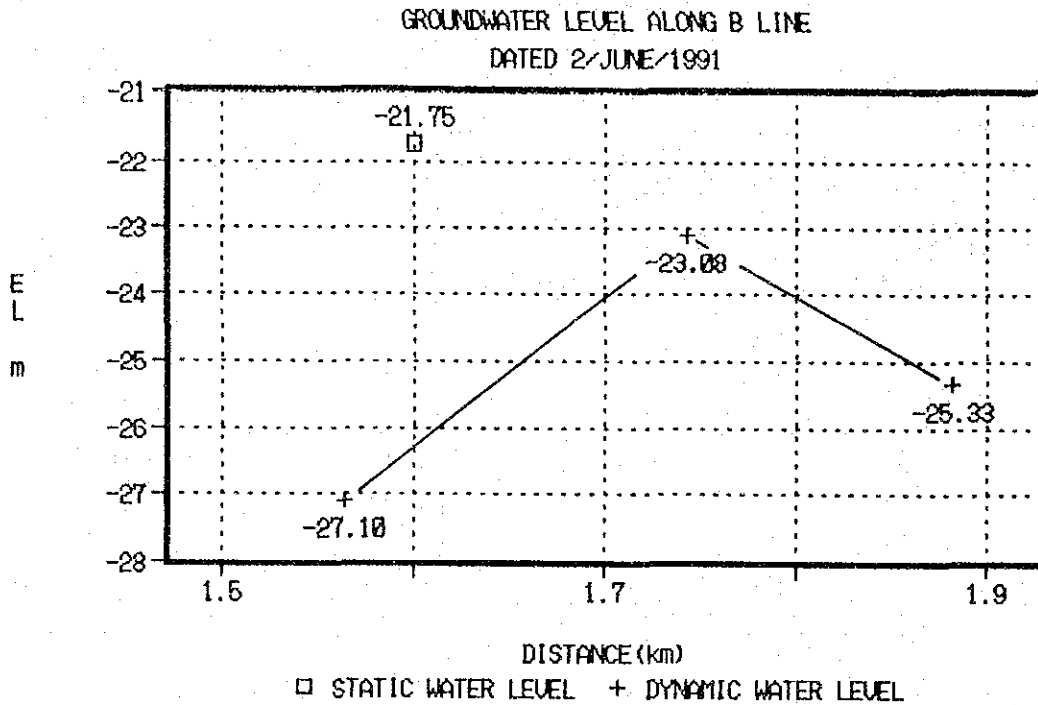


Figure A.3.14(2) Groundwater Level along Observation Line -Line B-

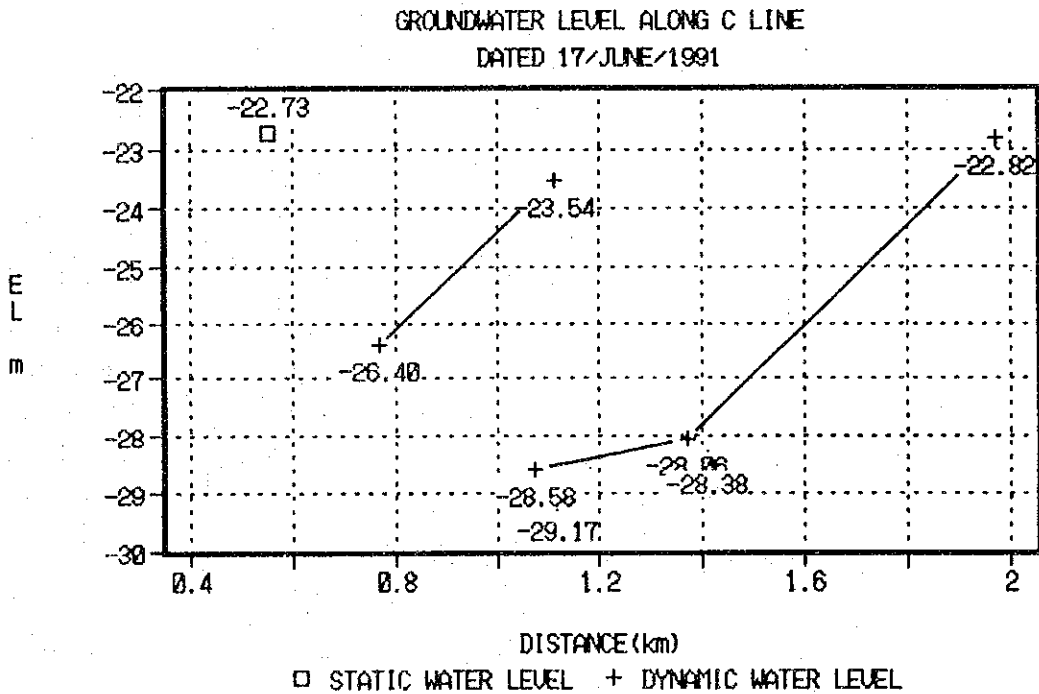
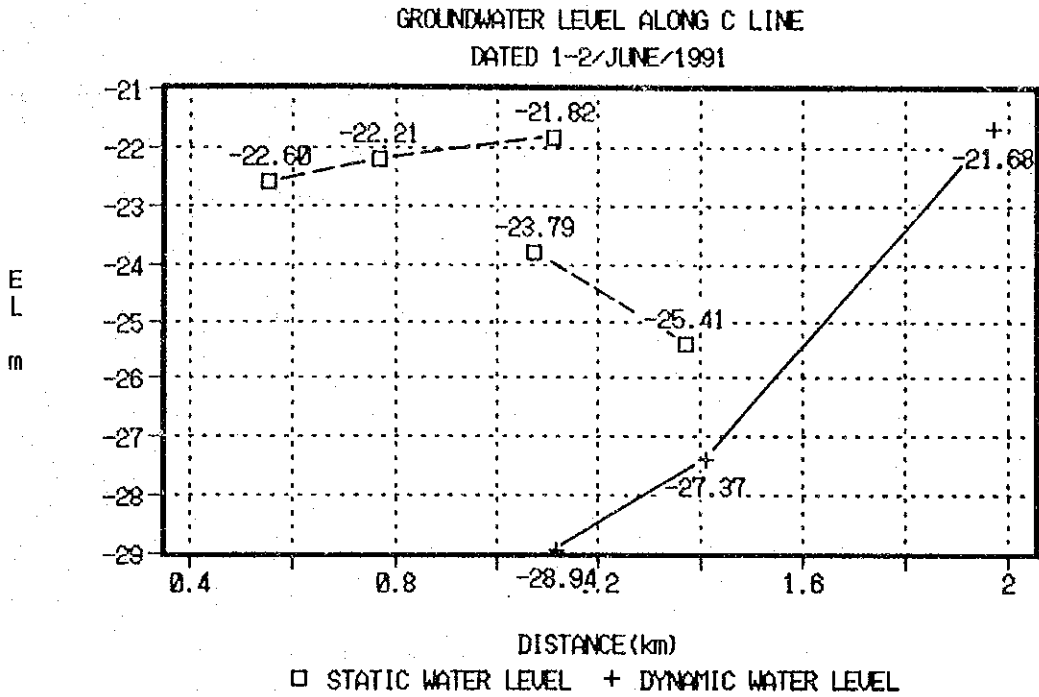


Figure A.3.14(3) Groundwater Level along Observation Line -Line C-



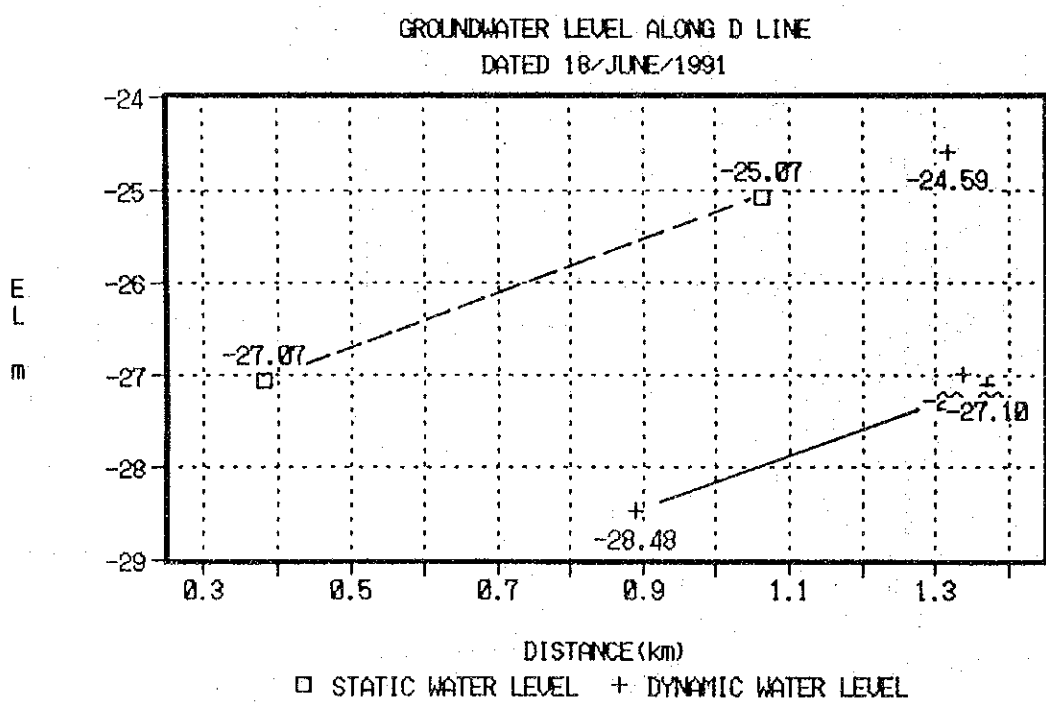
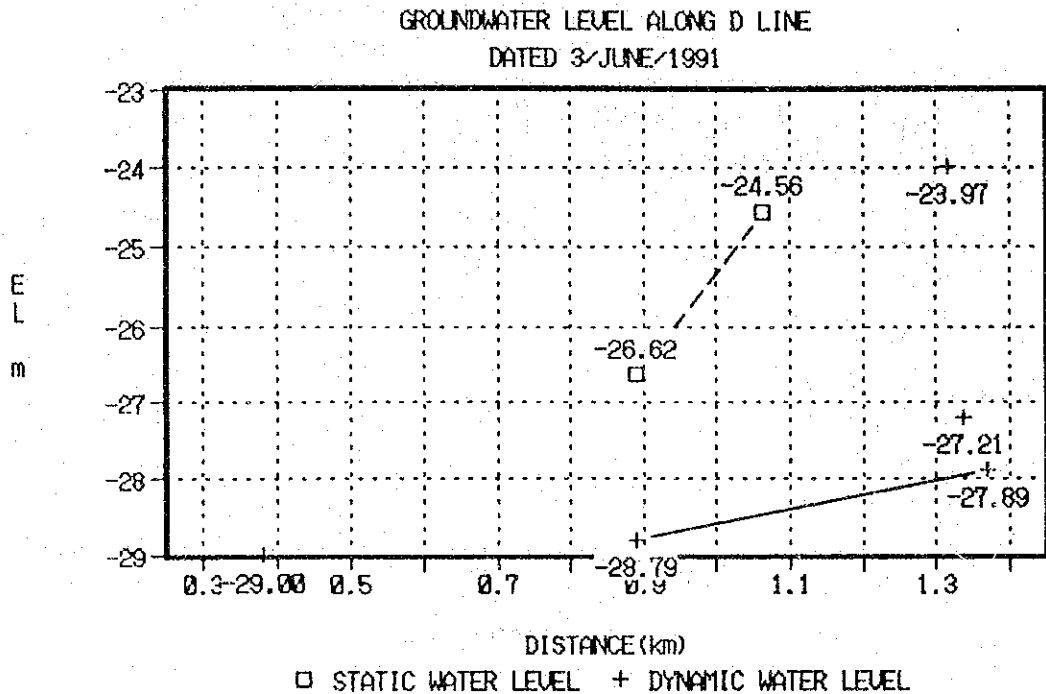


Figure A.3.14(4) Groundwater Level along Observation Line -Line D-

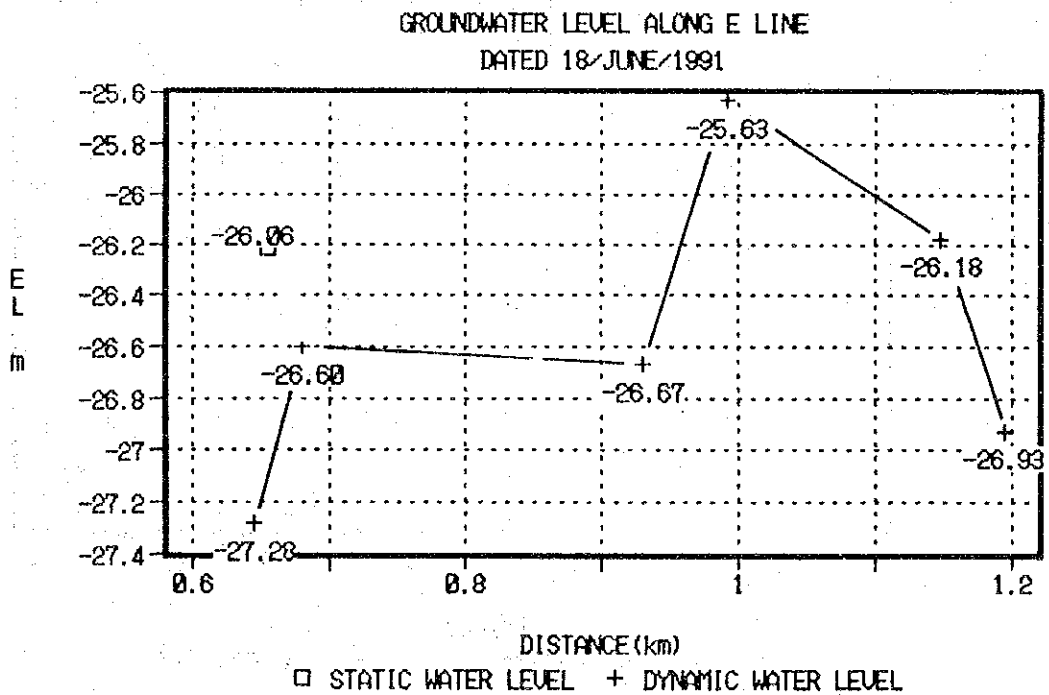
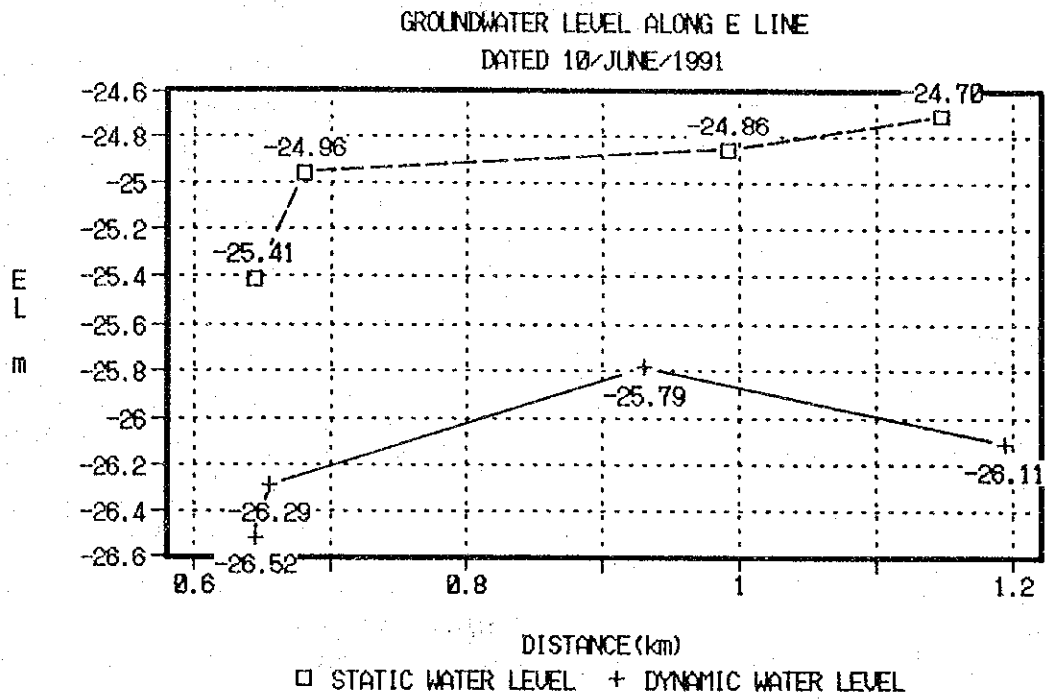


Figure A.3.14(5) Groundwater Level along Observation Line -Line E-  
A3-65

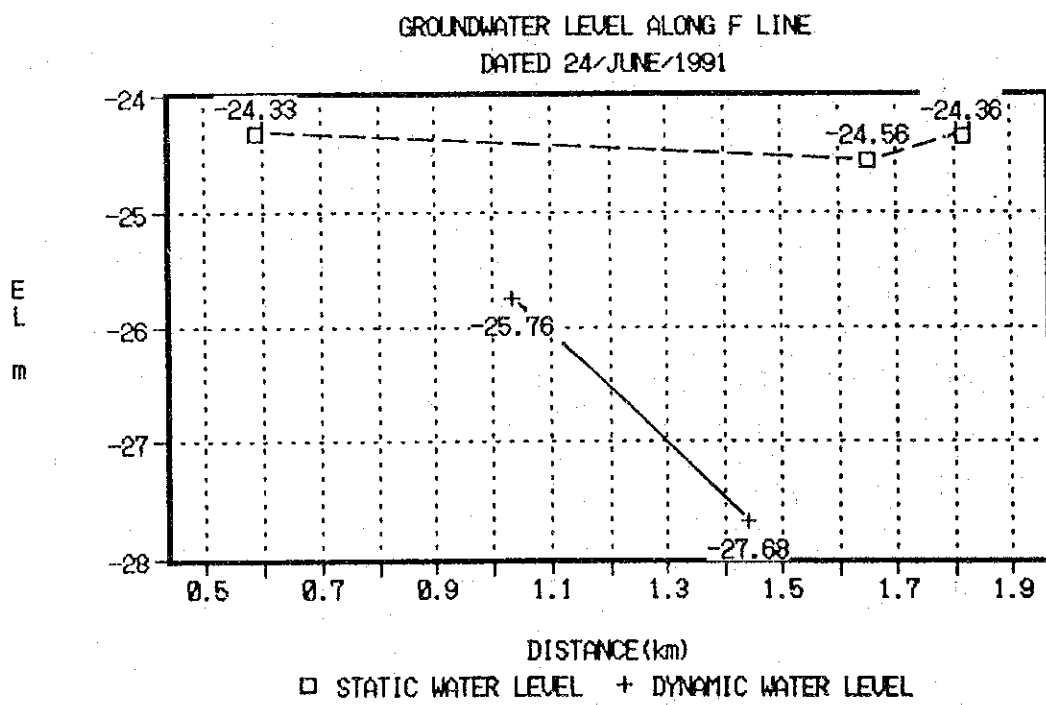
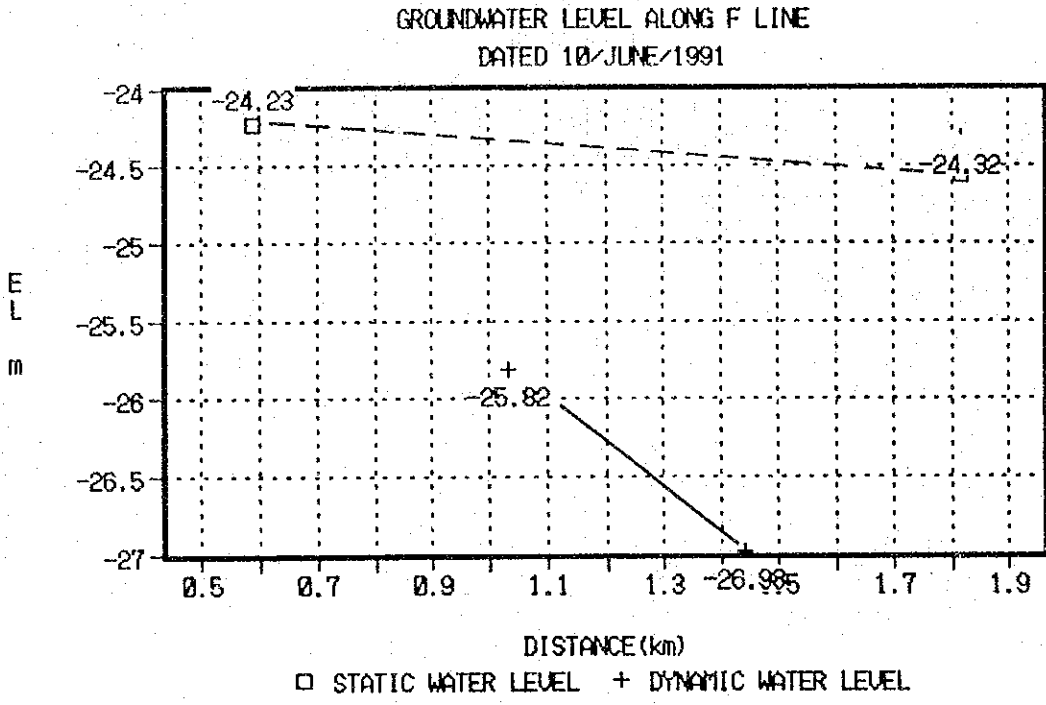


Figure A.3.14(6) Groundwater Level along Observation Line -Line F-  
A3-66

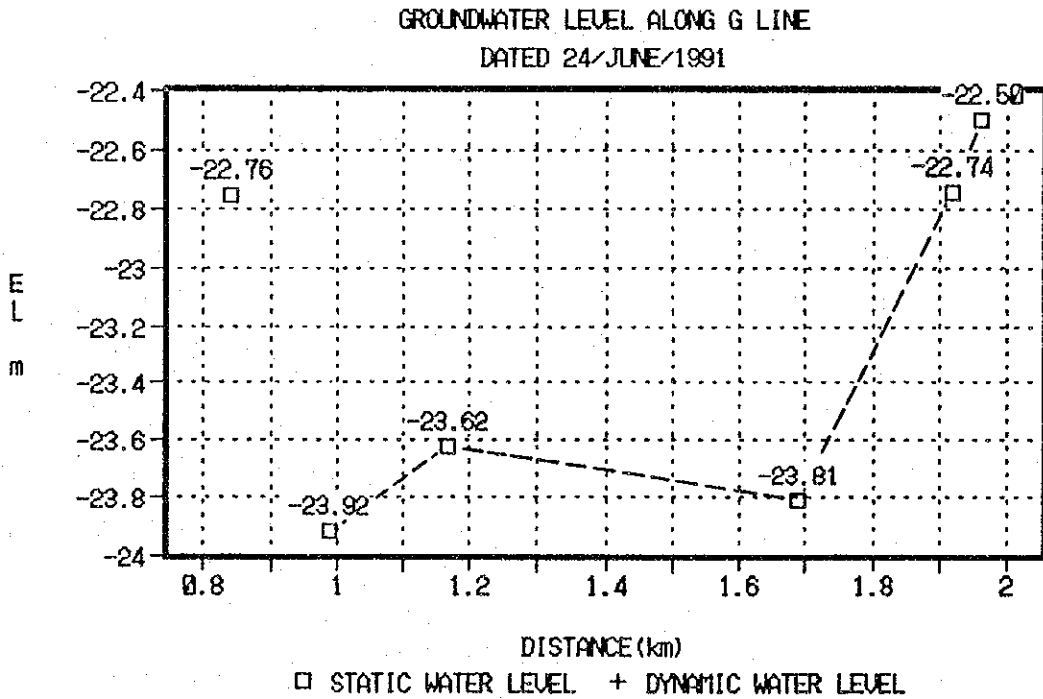
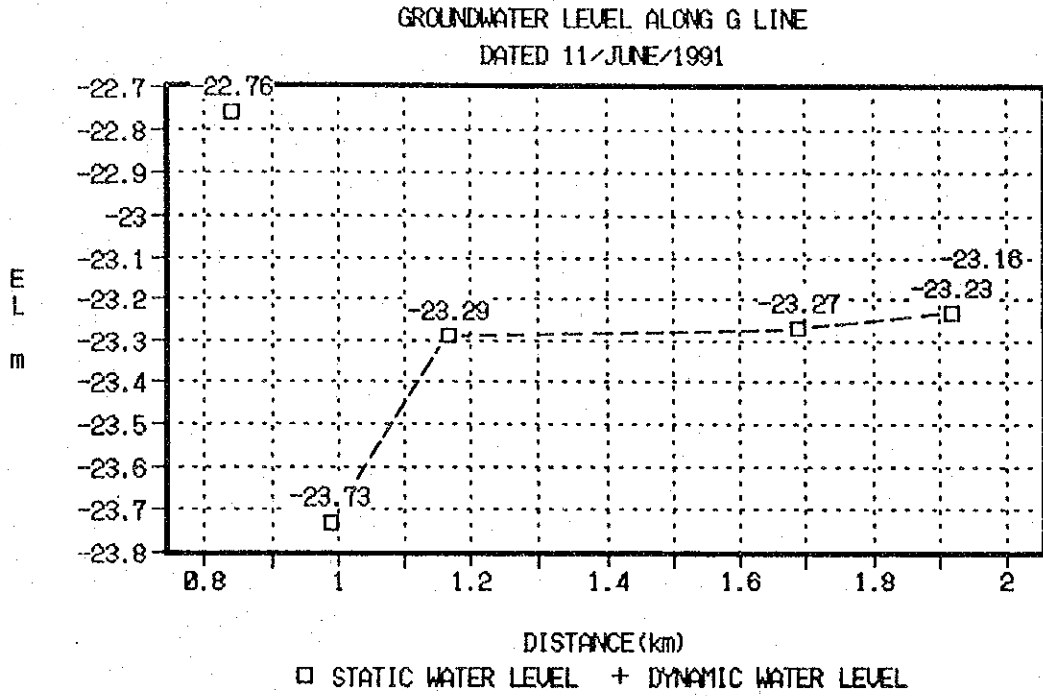


Figure A.3.14(7) Groundwater Level along Observation Line  
-Line G-  
A3-67

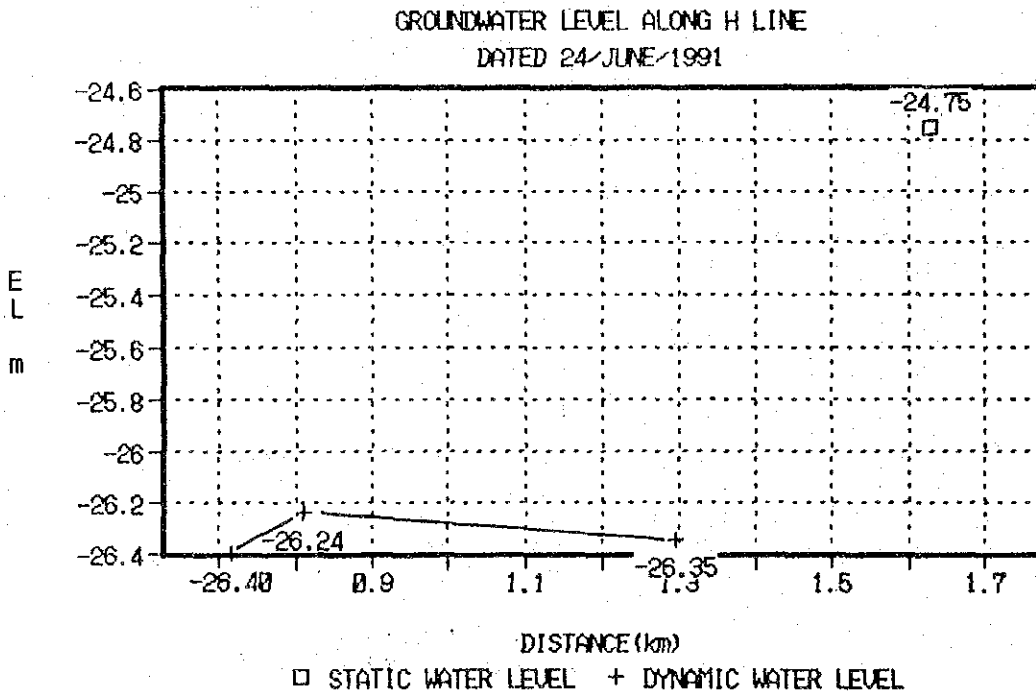
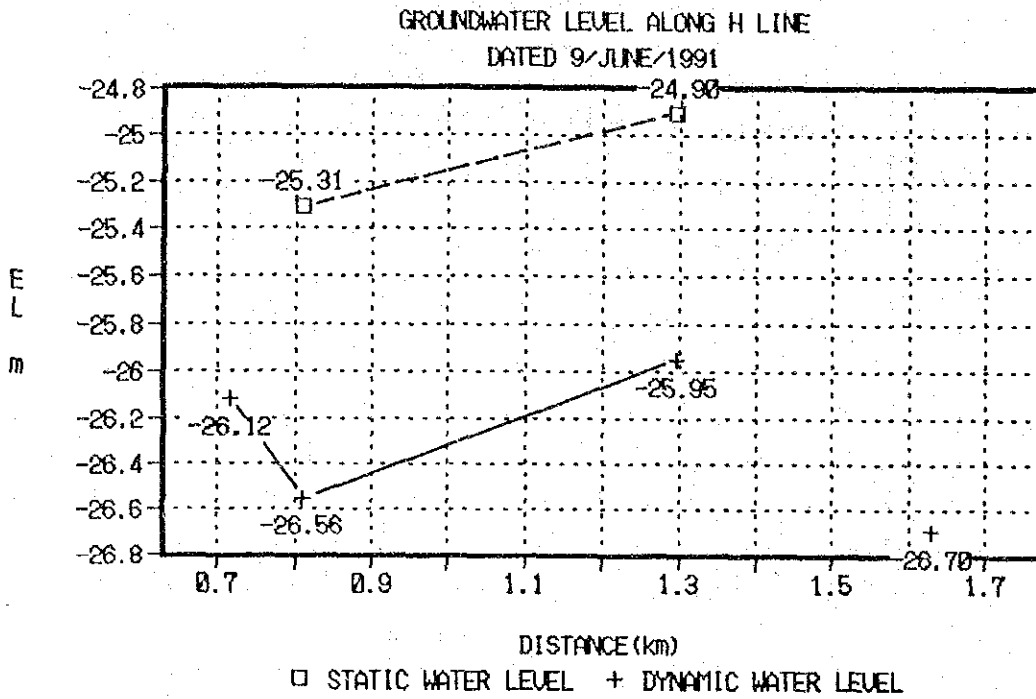


Figure A.3.14(8) Groundwater Level along Observation Line  
-Line H-

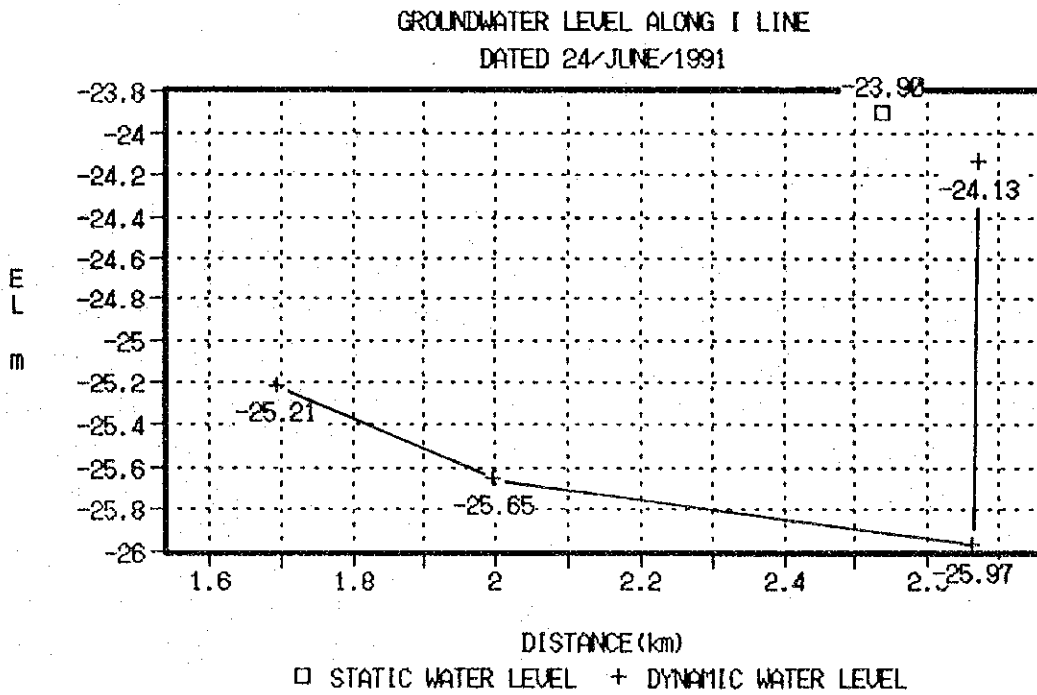
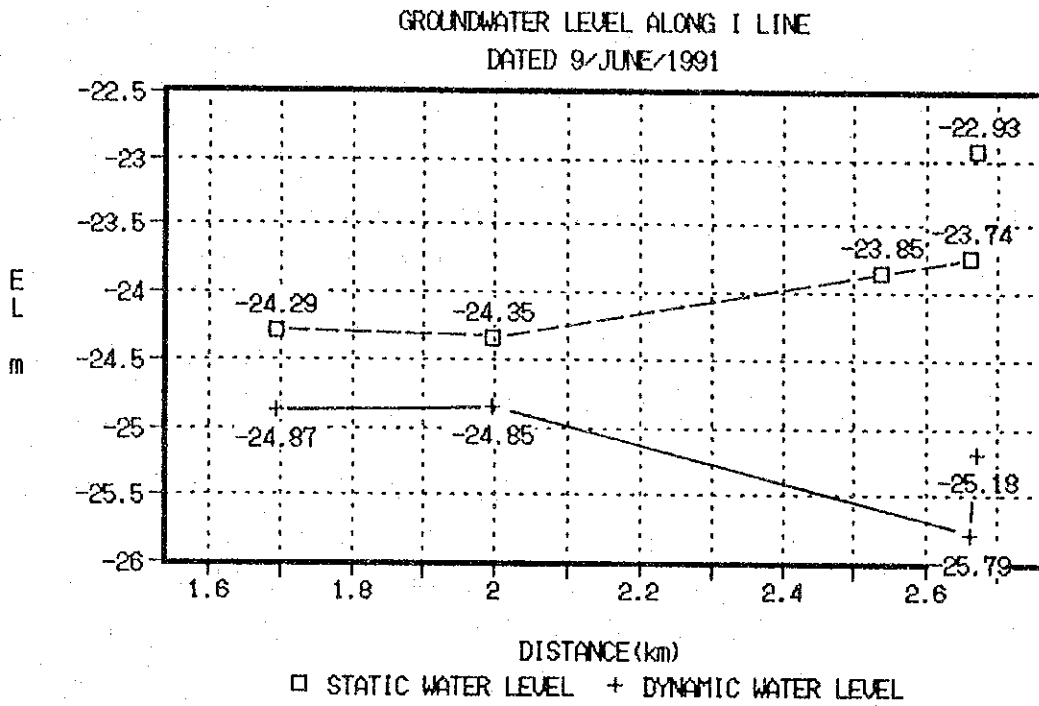


Figure A.3.14(9) Groundwater Level along Observation Line -Line I-

### 3. Caspian Sea Level Change

#### (1) Caspian Sea Level

The Caspian Sea fluctuation have been collected and arranged as shown in Figure A. 3. 15. And so, the data has been treated by the Fast Fourier Transformation Analysis (FFT), hereafter, it had been rebuild to the fluctuation curve again for taking the meaningful average of its fluctuation eliminating the trivial changes. The process of this analysis is shown in Figure A.3.16, and 17.

#### (2) Influence to Groundwater Level

It can be imagined that the Caspian Sea Level affects not only the groundwater level but the apparent storage of groundwater near the coastal strip. Depending on the information of observation data which the Caspian sea level has risen up during last 10 years from 1360, the difference between the observation groundwater level and specific level when the sea level is stable can be presumed to some extend. In Figure A. 3. 18 and Table A. 3. 10, the degree of influence by sea transgression and apparent increment storage volume corresponding to the practical movement are expressed.

### 4. Revised Groundwater Storage

#### (1) Groundwater Storage Fluctuation

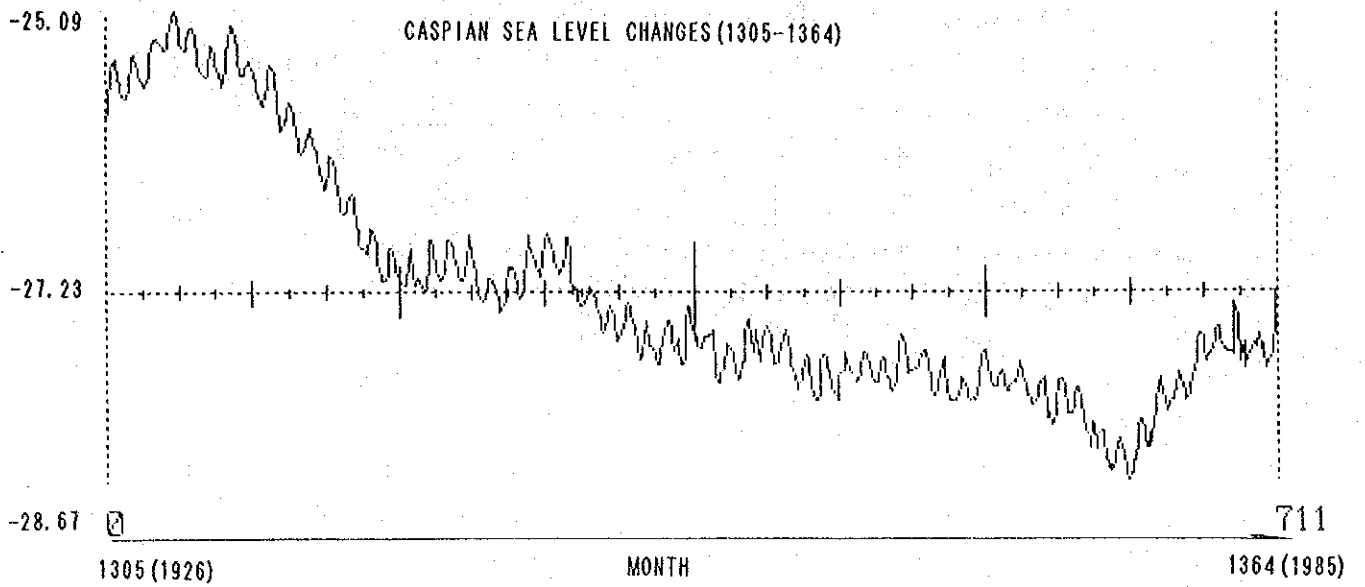
The estimated Caspian Sea fluctuation during 1360 to 1370, which is correlative with the analytical period for groundwater storage capacity, is made by interpolation as shown in Figure A. 3. 19. And the increment storage volume relating to this curve have been also calculated by a method as described above chapter. Hereafter, the devised groundwater storage, it means that the influence of Caspian transgression is reduced from the original, have been led as shown in Figure A. 3. 19, and 20.

## (2) Relation between Groundwater Storage and Precipitation

The outline of precipitation and surface runoff in this area is summarized as Figure A. 3. 21 and a relationship among them is also indicative of in Figure A. 3. 21. Otherwise, the correlation between calculated groundwater storage fluctuation and other hydrological items have been considered as shown in Table A. 3. 11 and Figure A. 3. 22, and 23. The strongest correlation coefficient among their sets, it is about 0.73, can be taken from a relation between non-irrigation precipitation to groundwater storage.



wave data (original) (FFT)



wave data (original) (FFT)

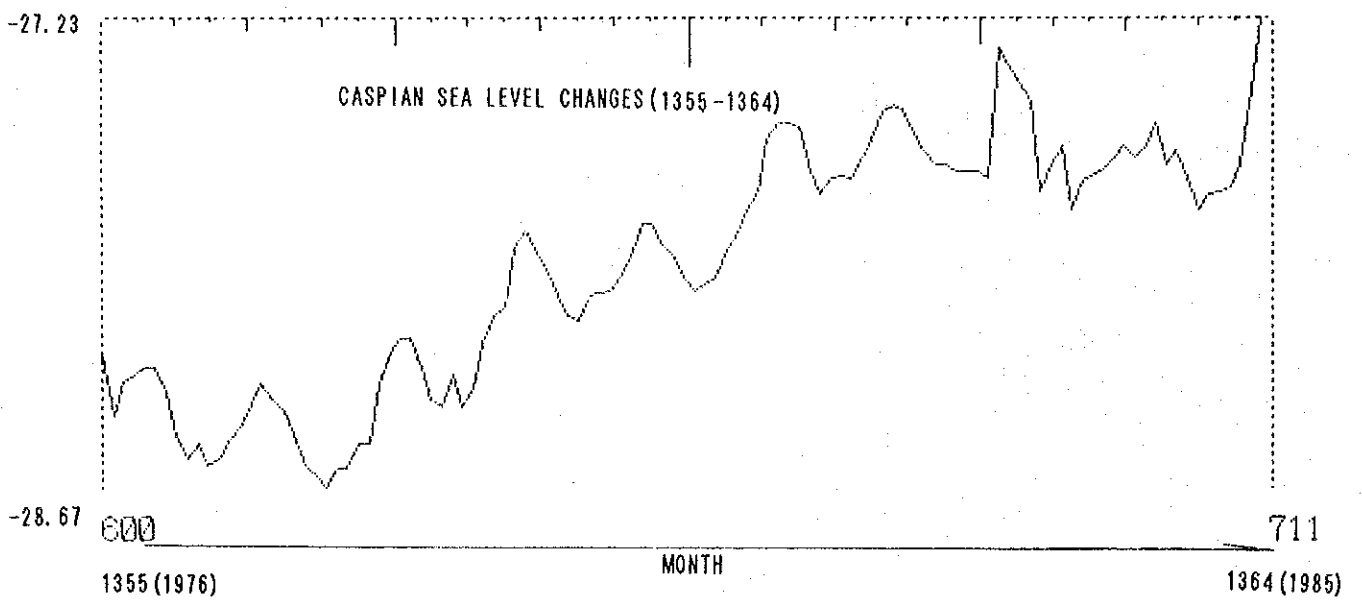
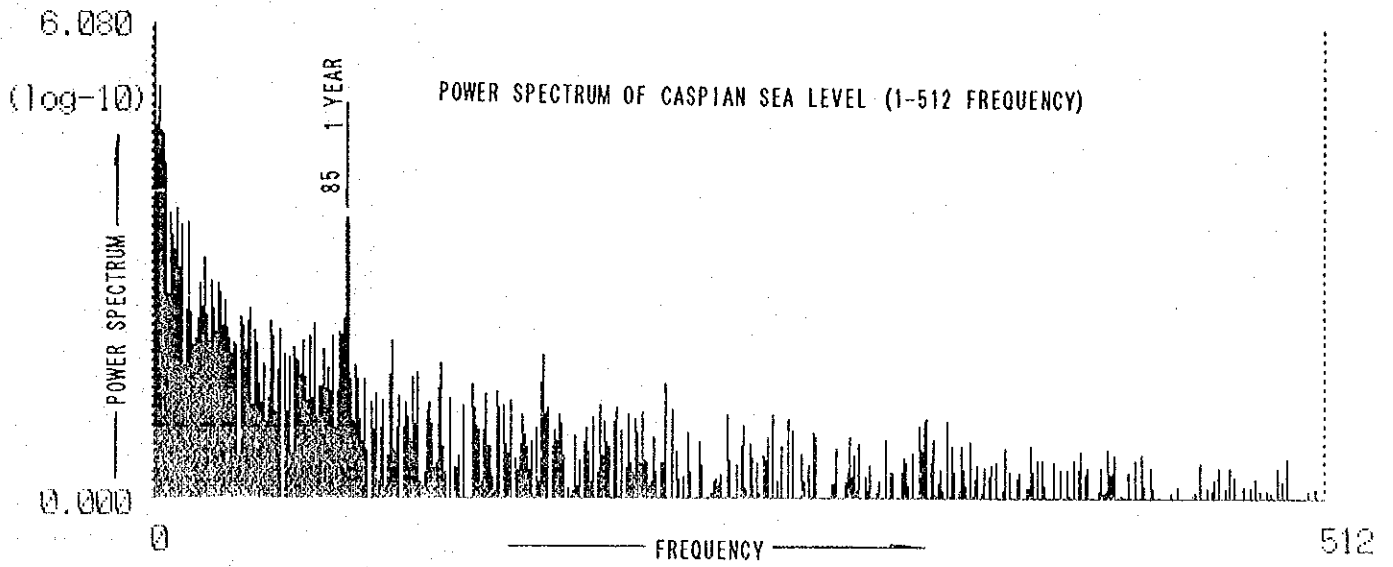


Figure A.3.15 Caspian Sea Fluctuation 1305-1364

spectrum data (original) (FFT)



spectrum data (original) (FFT)

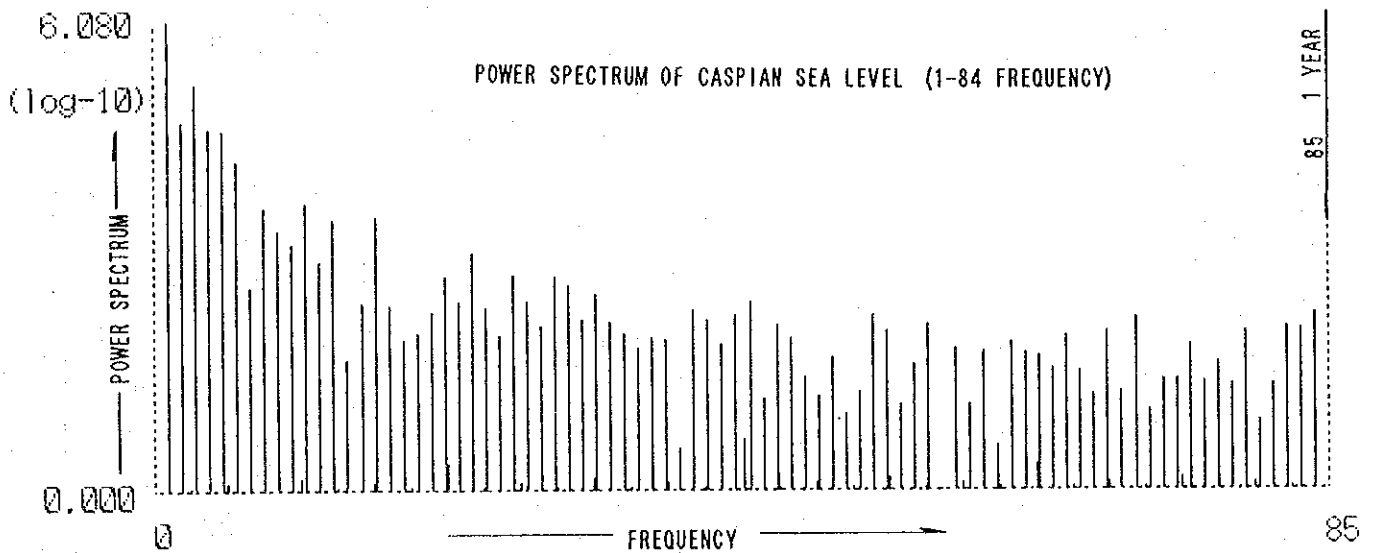
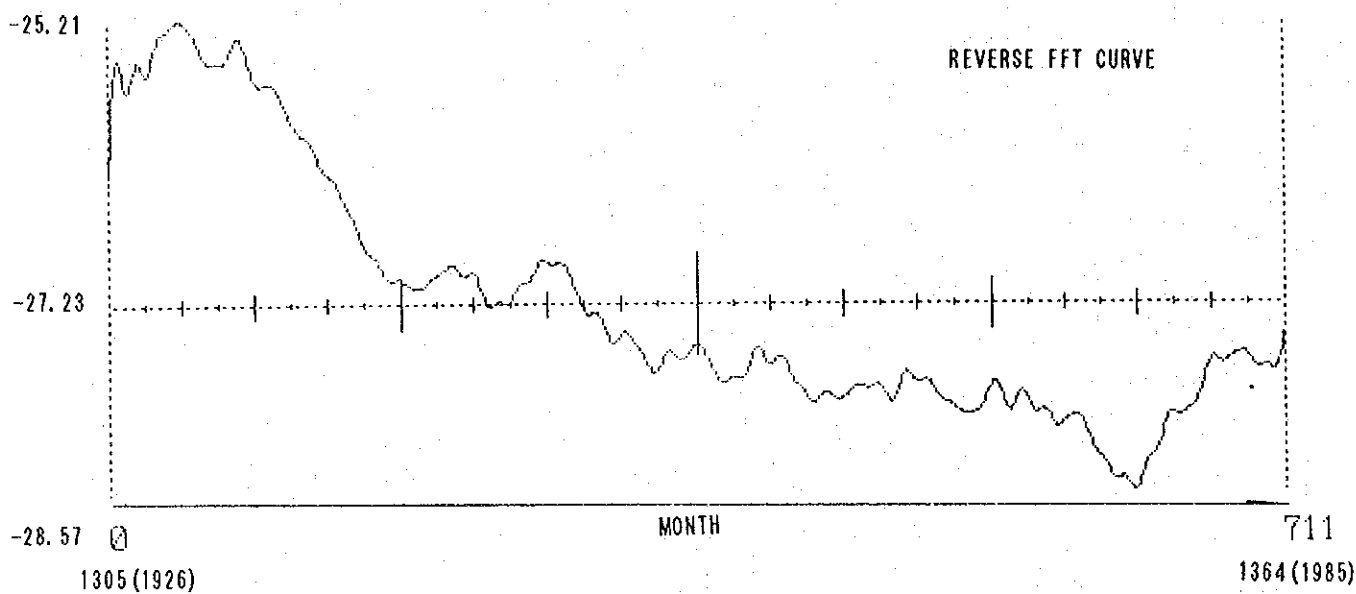


Figure A.3.16 Power Spectrum of Caspian Sea Level

wave data (processed) (FFT) pass band: 1 - 83



wave data (processed) (FFT) pass band: 1 - 83

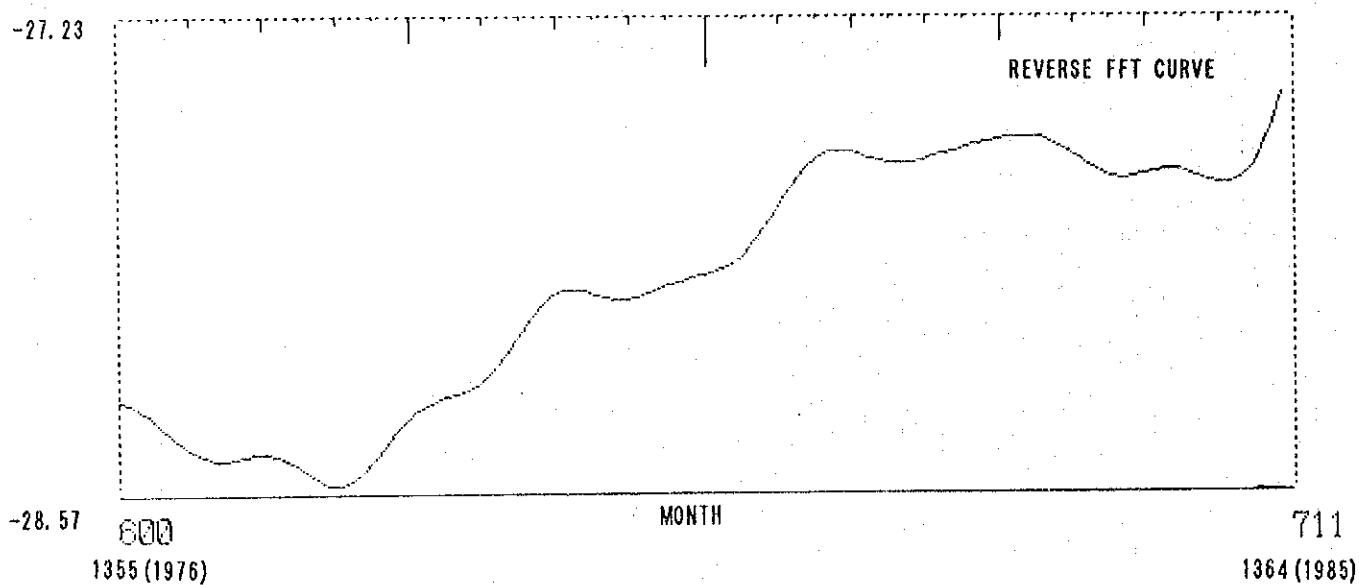
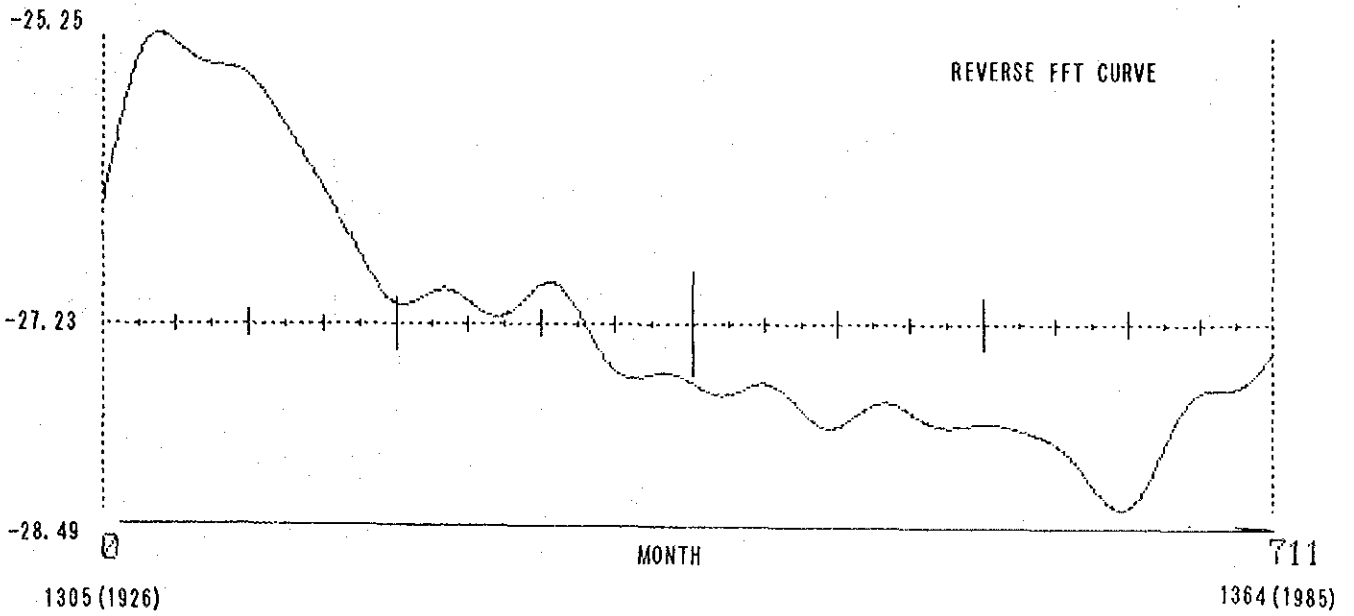


Figure A.3.17(1) Rebuilding Curve by Filtering  
-Pass Band 1 to 83-

wave data (processed) (FFT) pass band: 1 - 16



wave data (processed) (FFT) pass band: 1 - 16

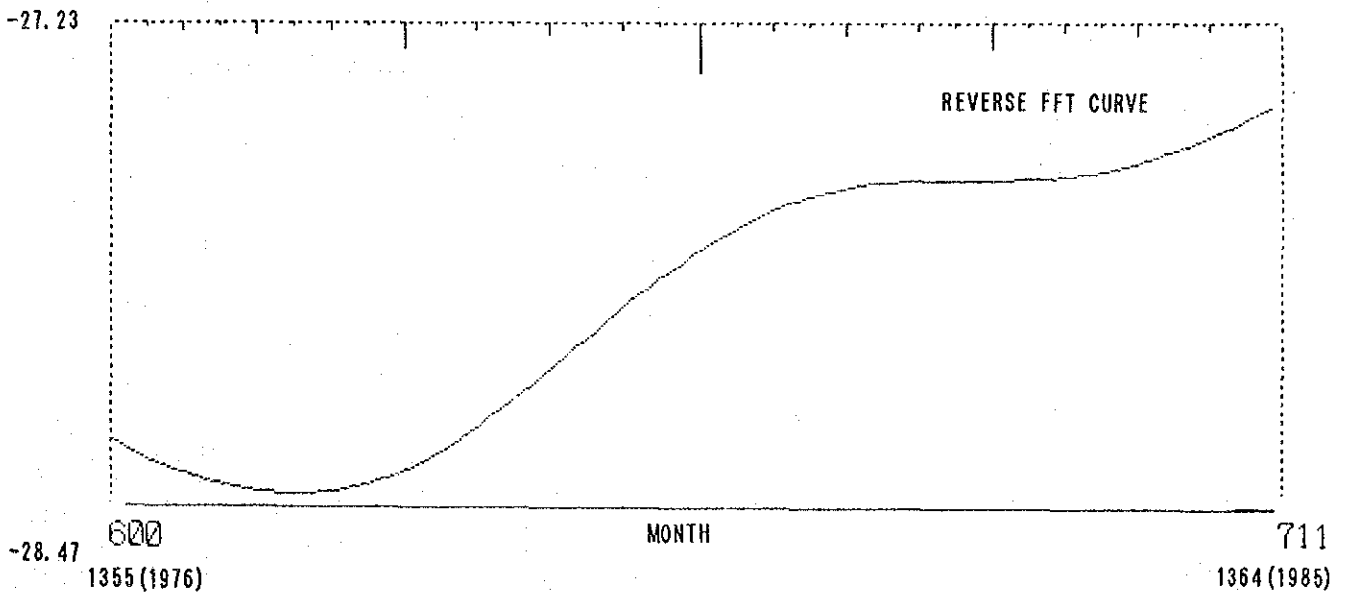
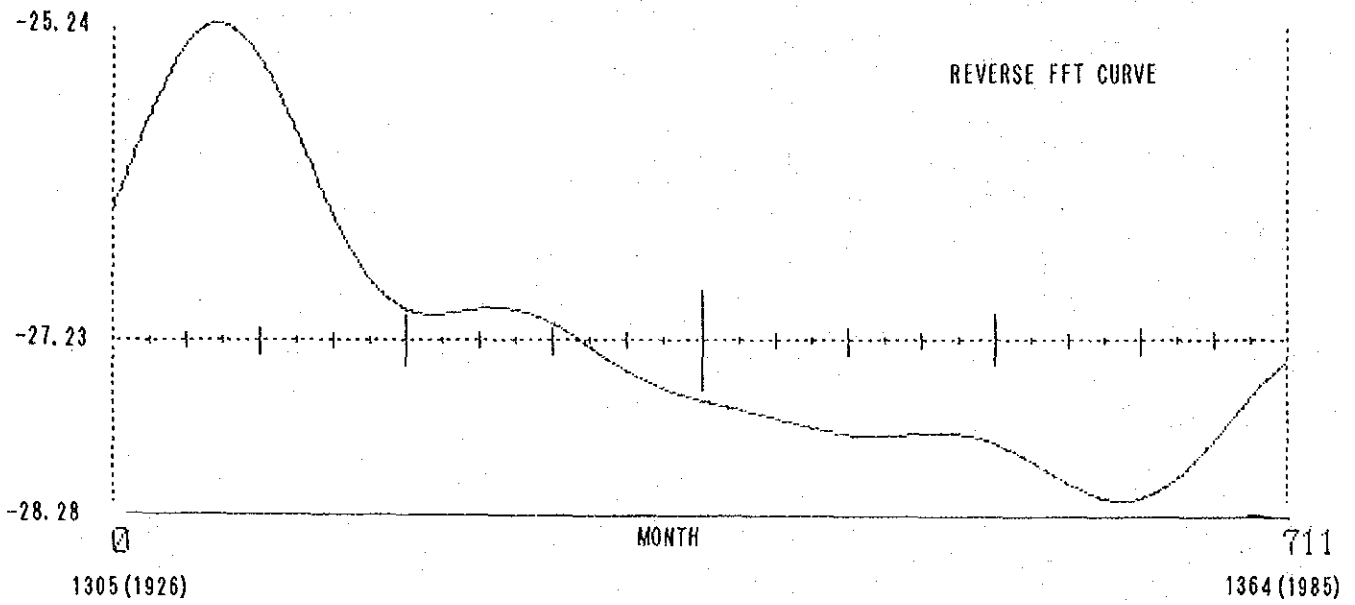


Figure A.3.17(2) Rebuilding Curve by Filtering  
-Pass Band 1 to 16-

wave data (processed) (FFT) pass band: 1 - 7



wave data (processed) (FFT) pass band: 1 - 7

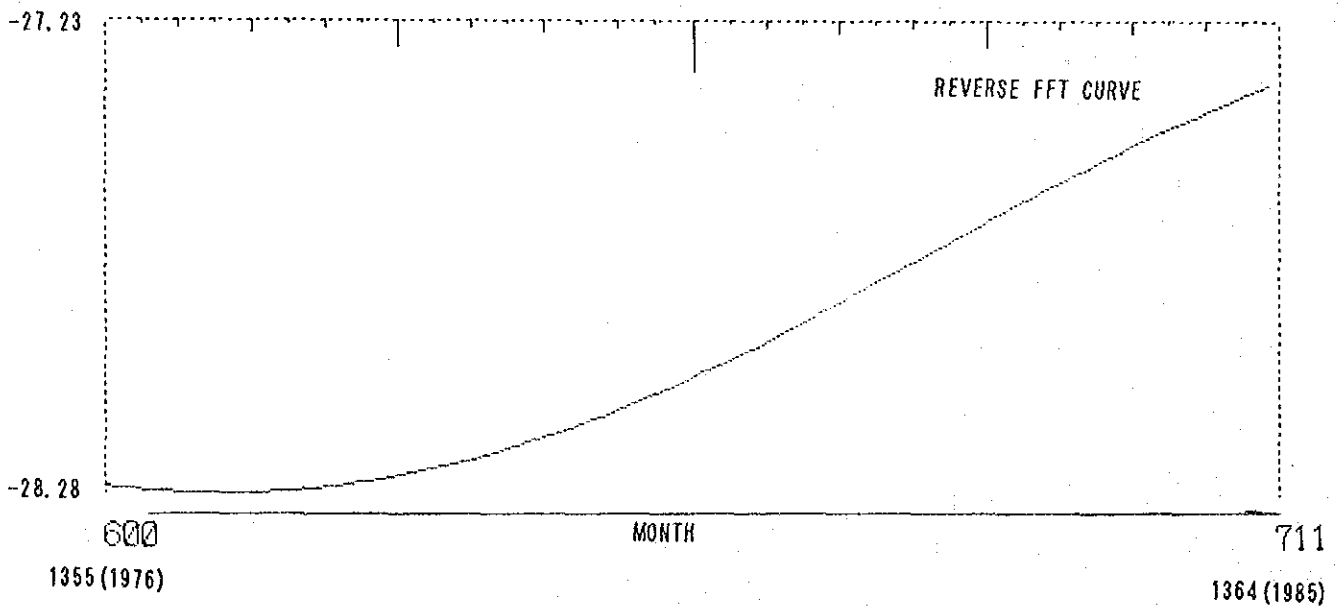
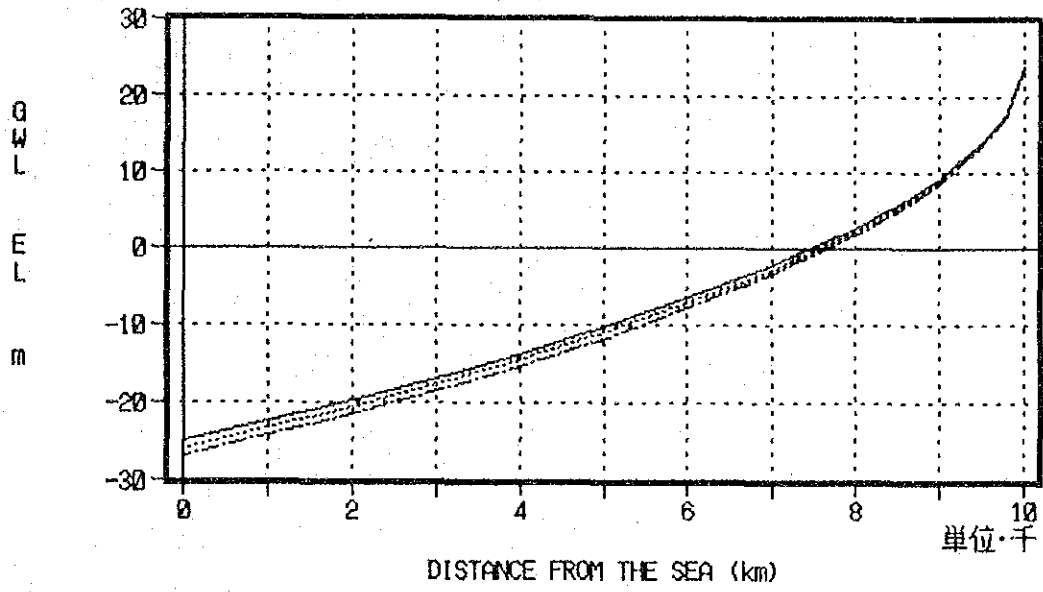


Figure A.3.17(3) Rebuilding Curve by Filtering  
-Pass Band 1 to 7-

EFFECT BY CASPIAN SEA TRANSGRESSION  
ON THE GROUNDWATER LEVELS



RELATION BETWEEN SEA TRAS-  
GERSION AND APPEARENT STORAGE

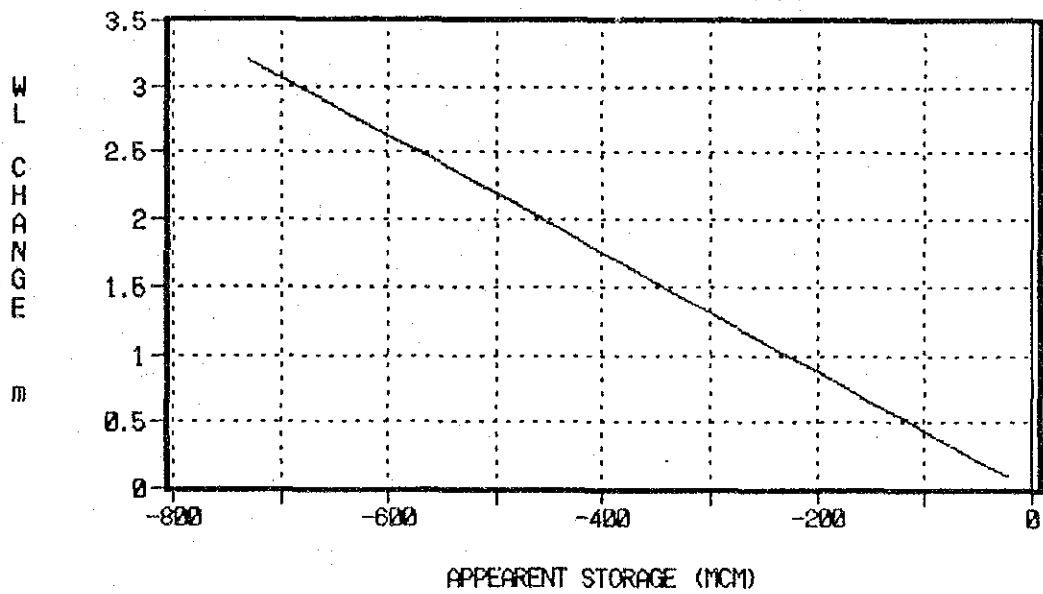


Figure A.3.18 Influence by Caspian Sea Transgression

Table A.3.10 Estimation of Apparent Increment Storage Volume

SEA LEVEL TRANSGRESSION EL -27 m (m)	APPEARENT INCREMENT RATE (m <sup>3</sup> /m)	LENGTH OF SEACOAST IN AREA (m)	APPEARENT INCREMENT VOLUME (MCM)	STORAGE COEFFICIENT	APPEARENT INCREMENT VOLUME (MCM)
0.1	-701	465000	-326	0.07	-22.8
0.2	-1402		-652		-45.6
0.3	-2103		-978		-68.5
0.4	-2804		-1304		-91.3
0.5	-3505		-1630		-114.1
0.6	-4206		-1956		-136.9
0.7	-4907		-2282		-159.7
0.8	-5608		-2608		-182.6
0.9	-6309		-2934		-205.4
1.0	-7010		-3260		-228.2
1.1	-7711		-3586		-251.0
1.2	-8412		-3912		-273.8
1.3	-9114		-4238		-296.6
1.4	-9815		-4564		-319.5
1.5	-10516		-4890		-342.3
1.6	-11217		-5216		-365.1
1.7	-11918		-5542		-387.9
1.8	-12619		-5868		-410.7
1.9	-13320		-6194		-433.6
2.0	-14021		-6520		-456.4
2.1	-14722		-6846		-479.2
2.2	-15423		-7172		-502.0
2.3	-16124		-7498		-524.8
2.4	-16825		-7824		-547.7
2.5	-17526		-8150		-570.5
2.6	-18227		-8476		-593.3
2.7	-18928		-8802		-616.1
2.8	-19629		-9128		-638.9
2.9	-20330		-9454		-661.8
3.0	-21031		-9780		-684.6
3.1	-21732		-10106		-707.4
3.2	-22434		-10432		-730.2

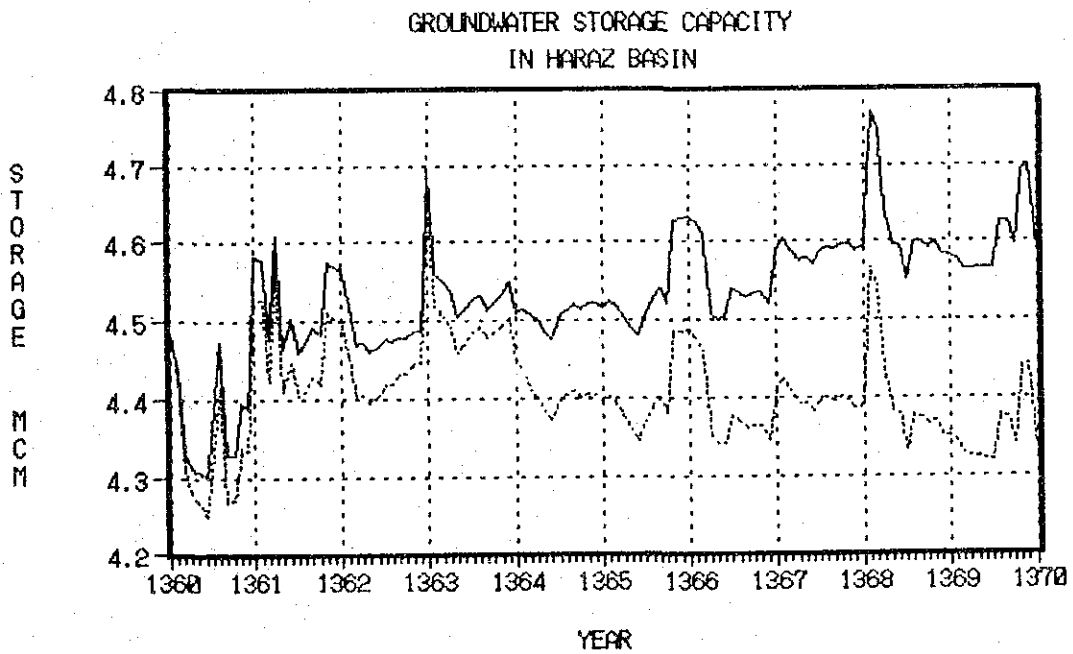
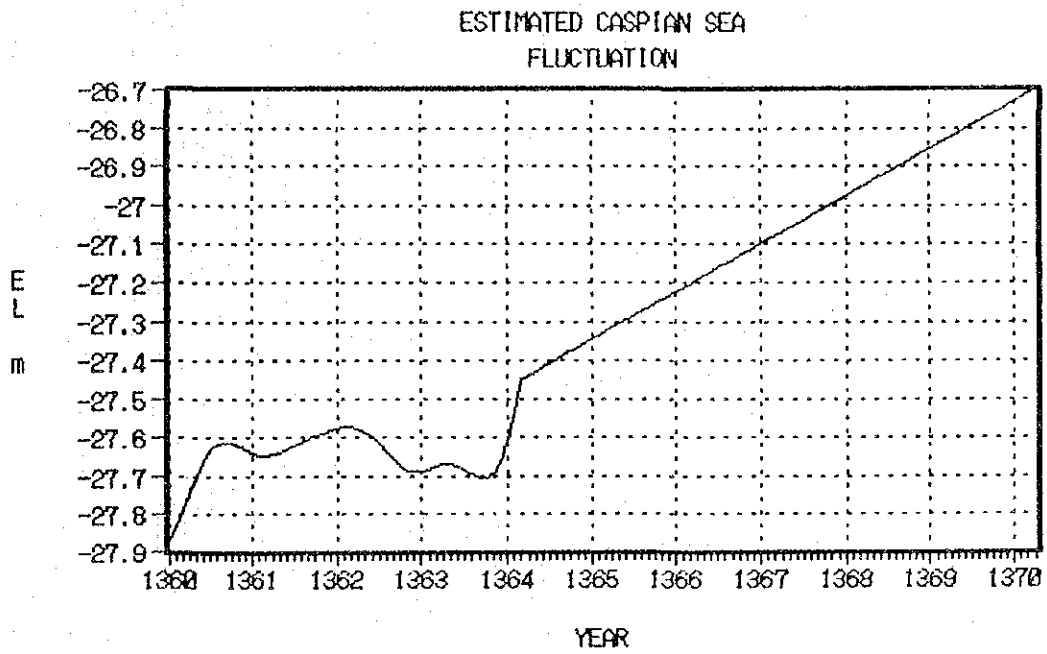
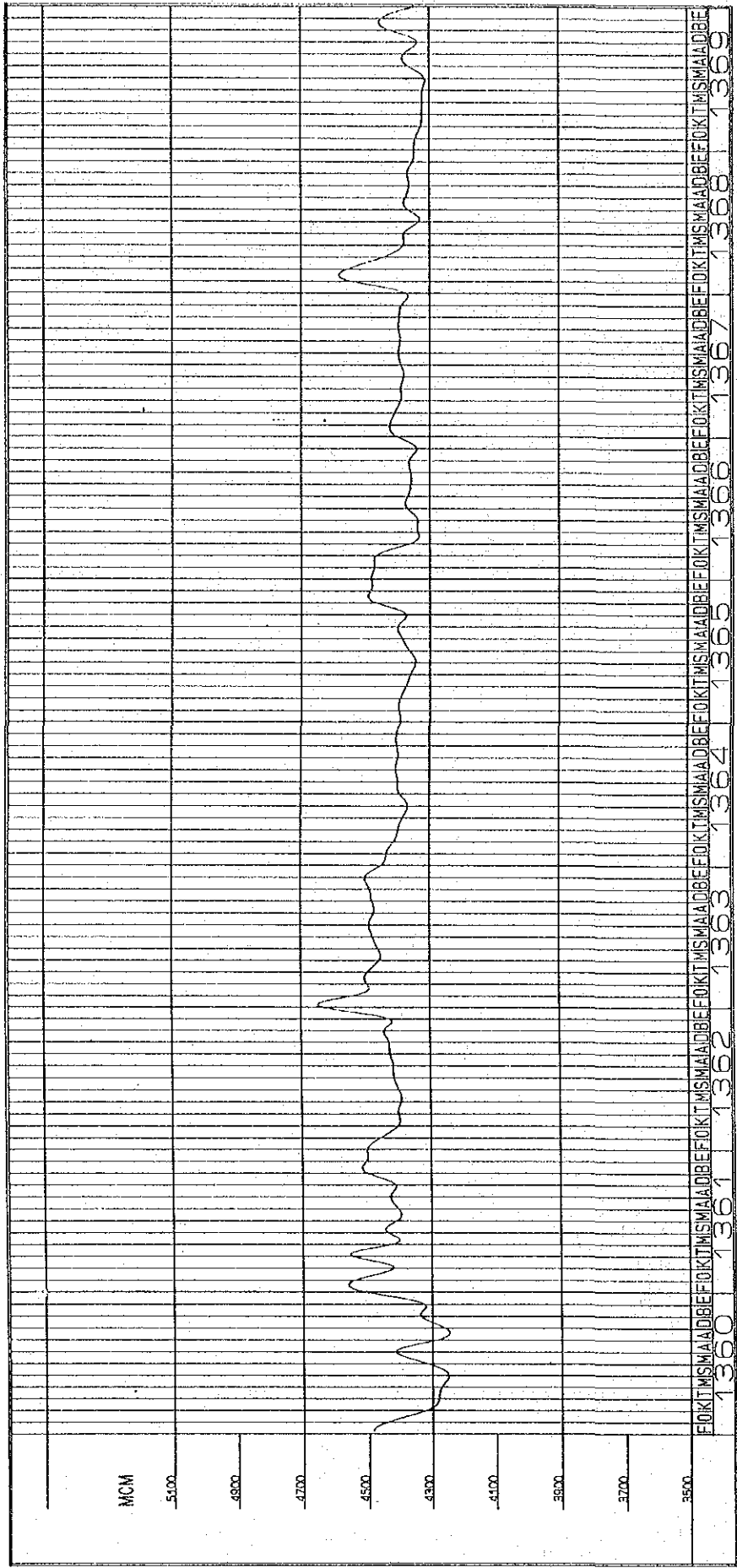


Figure A.3.19 Estimated Caspian Sea Level Fluctuation and Groundwater Storage Capacity





Note : Unit is shown in MCM

Figure A.3.20 Devised Curve of Groundwater Storage Change  
1360 - 1369

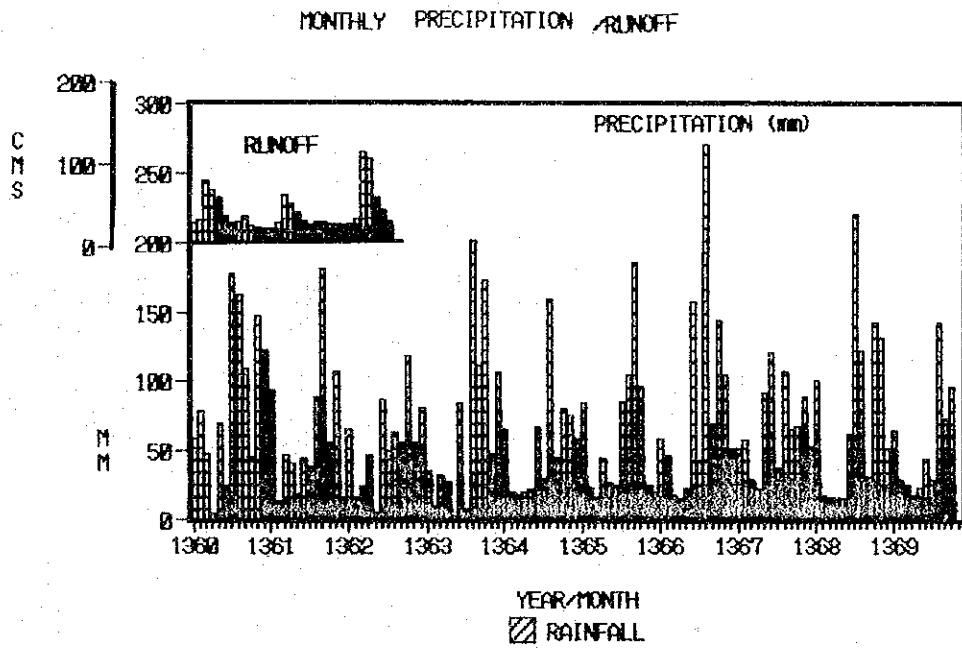
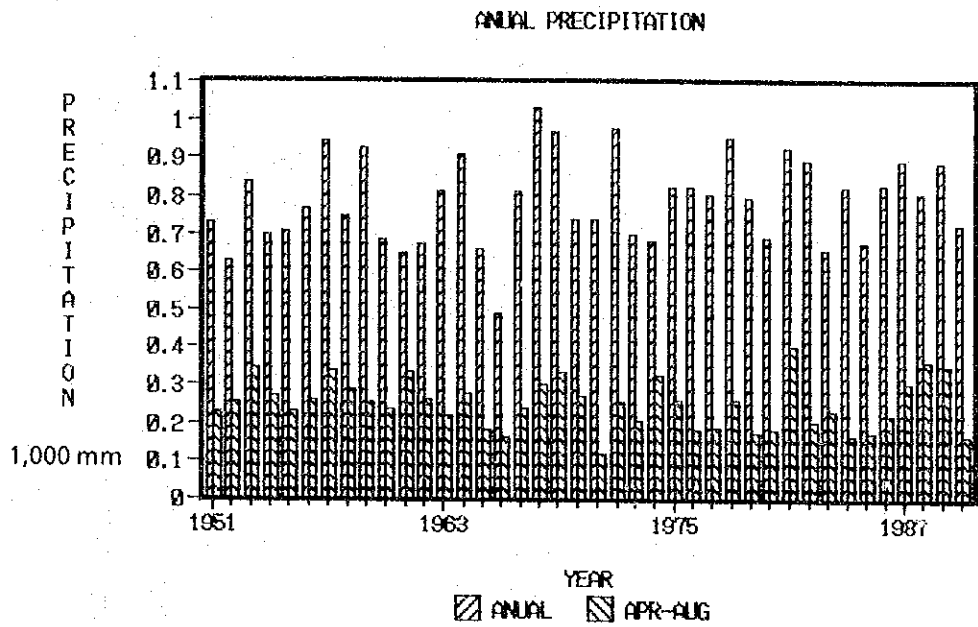


Figure A.3.21(1) Annual and Monthly Precipitation and Runoff

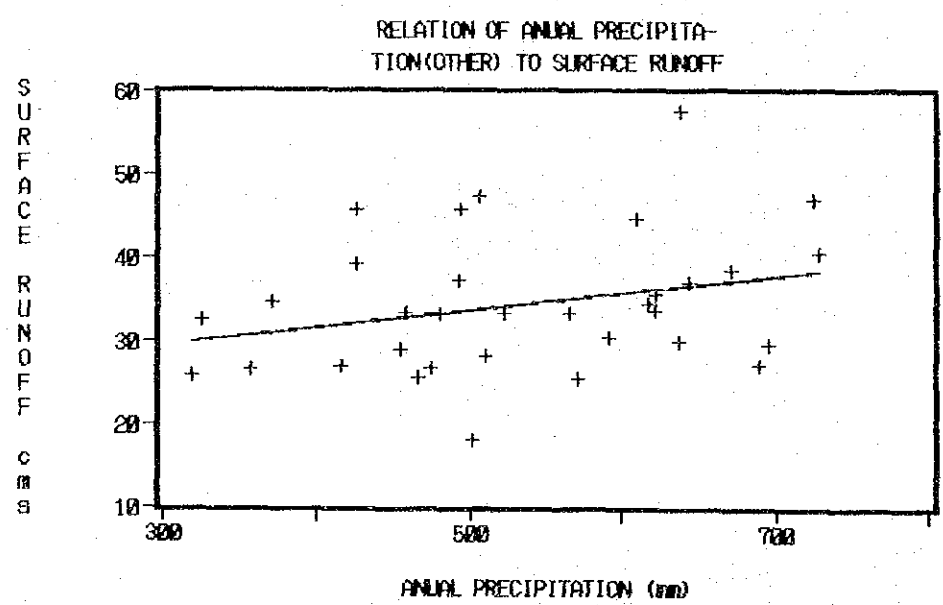
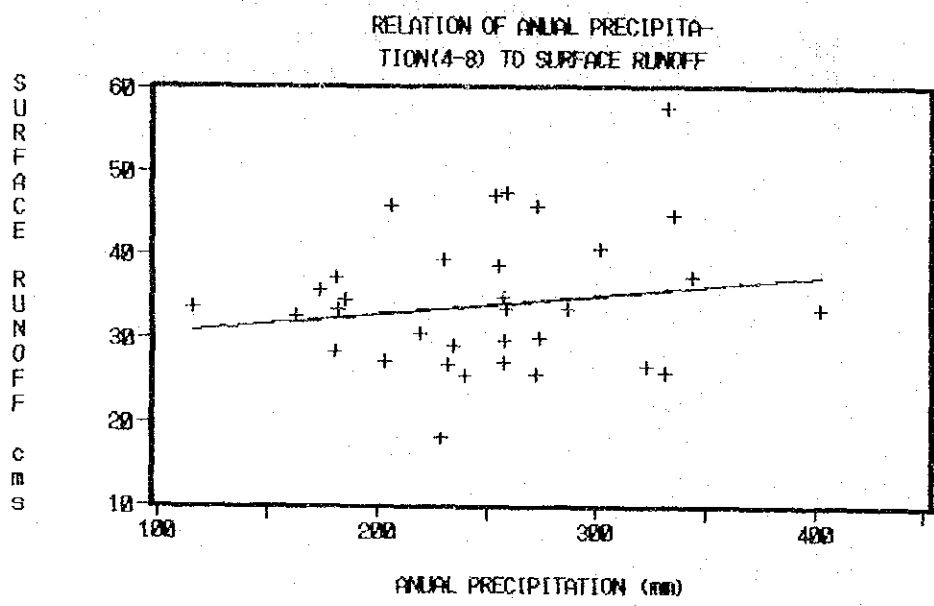
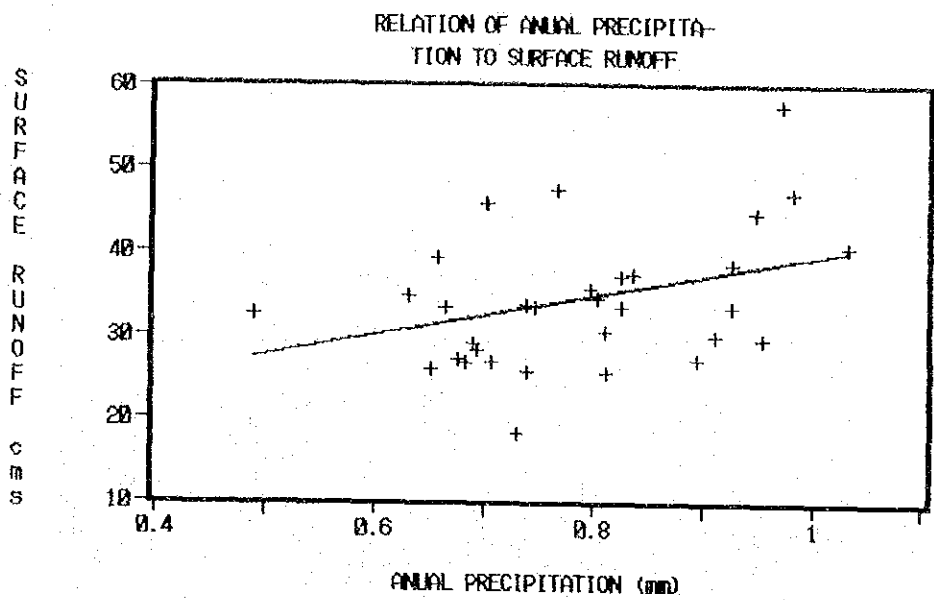


Figure A.3.21(2) Annual and Monthly Precipitation and Runoff  
A3-82

Table A.3.11 Annual/Periodical Transition of Precipitation, Surface Runoff and Groundwater Storage

YEAR	PRECIPITATION			SURFACE RUNOFF		STORAGE
	YEAR (mm)	APR-AUG (mm)	OTHER (mm)	AVG. (cms)	AMOUNT (MCM)	CHANGE (MCM)
1951	729.6	228.2	501.4	18.15	572	
1952	629.4	257.7	371.7	34.66	1,093	
1953	835.7	343.7	492.0	37.30	1,176	
1954	698.8	273.3	425.5	45.83	1,445	
1955	705.3	232.0	473.3	26.80	845	
1956	765.7	259.7	506.0	47.43	1,496	
1957	945.5	335.6	609.9	44.63	1,407	
1958	745.2	287.5	457.7	33.44	1,055	
1959	925.3	255.4	669.9	38.53	1,215	
1960	687.9	234.1	453.8	29.03	915	
1961	650.5	332.0	318.5	25.85	815	
1962	674.2	258.2	416.0	26.90	848	
1963	810.4	219.2	591.2	30.41	959	
1964	910.4	274.1	636.3	29.91	943	
1965	662.4	182.4	480.0	33.18	1,046	
1966	489.1	163.0	326.1	32.51	1,025	
1967	810.6	239.5	571.1	25.59	807	
1968	1,030.0	302.1	727.9	40.60	1,280	
1969	969.5	332.5	637.0	57.61	1,817	
1970	738.8	273.0	465.8	25.63	808	
1971	736.9	115.9	621.0	33.67	1,062	
1972	978.9	254.0	724.9	47.04	1,483	
1973	699.6	206.5	493.1	45.82	1,445	
1974	681.0	323.5	357.5	26.65	840	
1975	824.9	259.0	565.9	33.47	1,056	
1976	825.3	181.6	643.7	37.03	1,168	
1977	802.1	186.0	616.1	34.58	1,091	
1978	952.4	258.0	694.4	29.61	934	
1979	795.9	174.4	621.5	35.70	1,126	
1980	691.6	181.3	510.3	28.24	891	
1981	925.6	402.3	523.3	33.41	1,054	-209.2
1982	892.6	203.3	689.3	27.08	854	148.0
1983	656.2	230.2	426.0	39.30	1,239	14.1
1984	822.4	164.7	657.7			50.5
1985	676.9	174.7	502.2			-82.9
1986	827.8	221.2	606.6			-19.1
1987	891.5	303.0	588.5			-18.0
1988	806.4	359.7	446.7			37.0
1989	887.8	349.7	538.1			-34.1
1990	726.0	167.8	558.2			-23.9
AVERAGE	787.9	250.0	537.9	34.41	1,085	-16

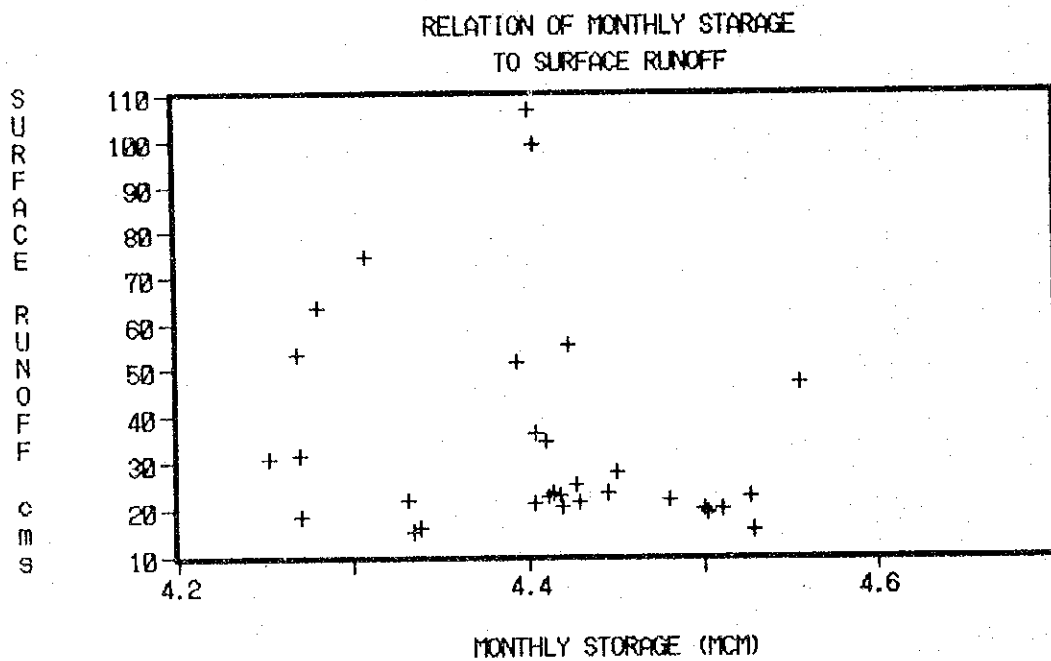
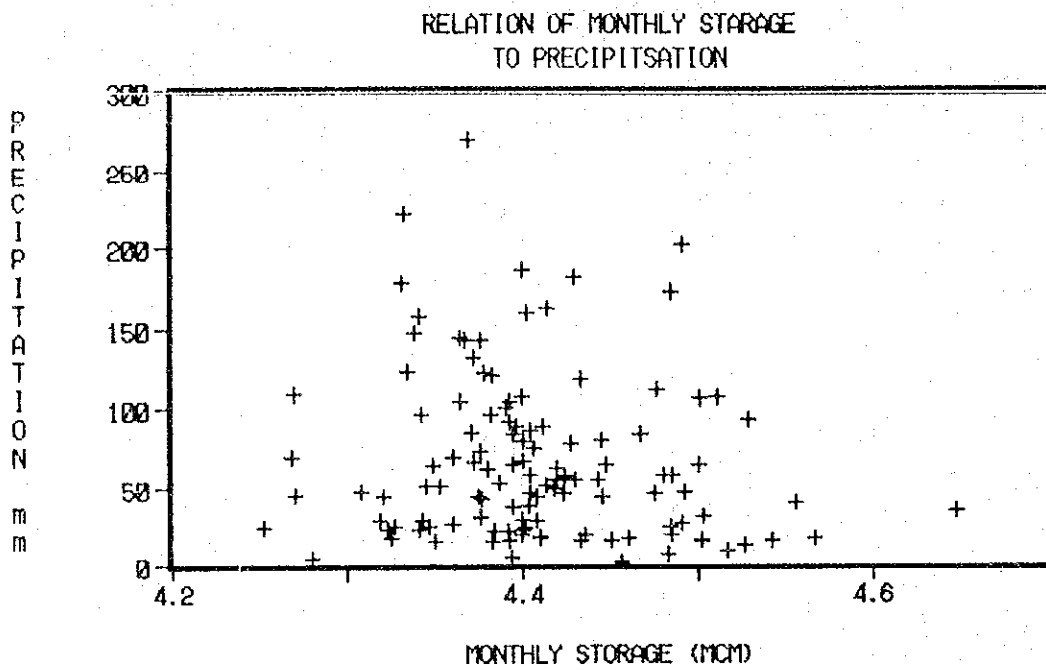


Figure A.3.22 Relation among Monthly Groundwater Storage, Precipitation and Surface Runoff

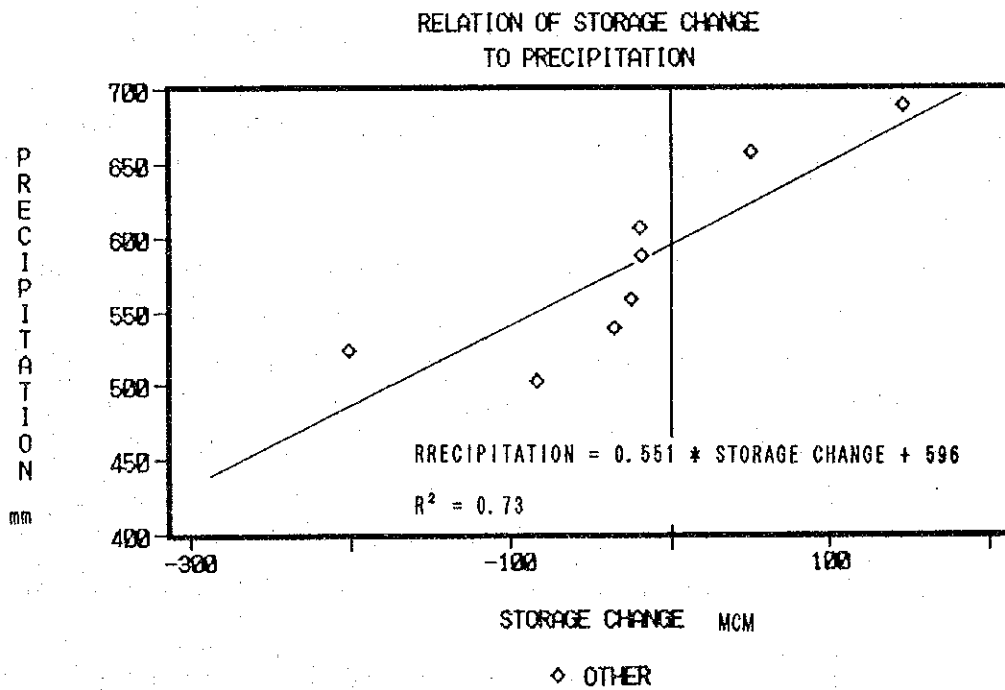
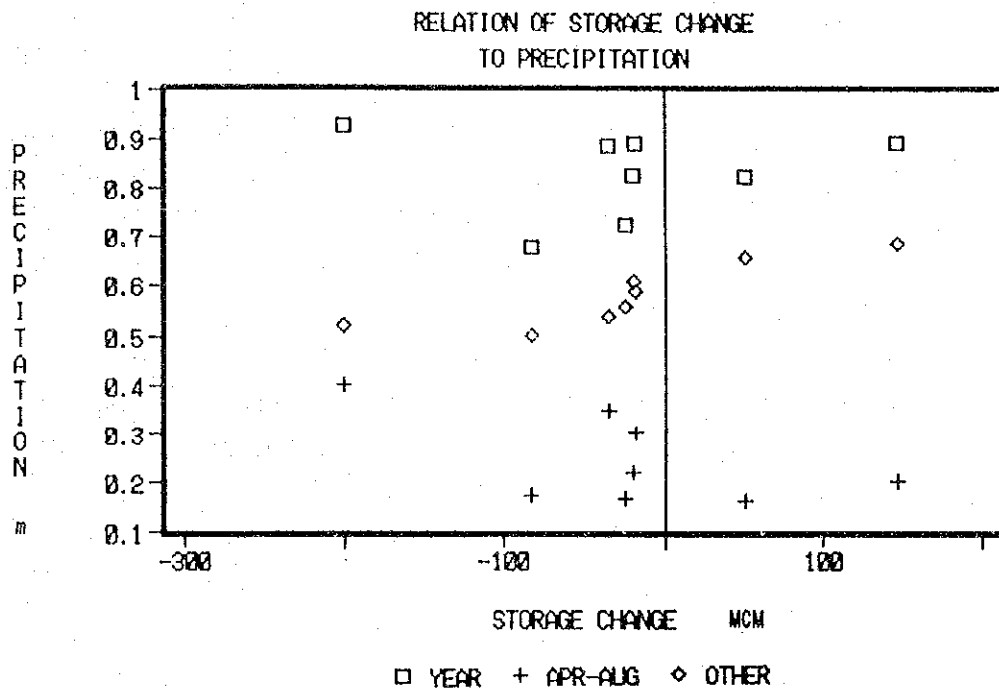


Figure A.3.23 Relation between Groundwater Storage and Annual/Periodical Precipitation

### A. 3. 5 Groundwater Development Criterion

#### (1) Safe Yield for Groundwater Resources

As shown in Figure A. 3. 24, and 25, the estimated groundwater storage, which is presumable as a storage amount upon the Caspian Sea level, is on a significant tendency that the total storage volume is gradually decreasing in last five years whereas the short term changes, such as monthly or annual movements, show a temporary increasing.

Otherwise in this period, the precipitation appears to be higher of 800 mm/year than an average precipitation of the 787.9 mm/year for 40 years average. Although these desirable condition for groundwater recharge in this period, this phenomenon of lowering the storage volume must be considered to depend upon a highly groundwater utilization for recent years.

While the groundwater utilization investigation had done during 1361 to 1365 at time when the groundwater storage had became to decrease. For all that, the total groundwater draft is estimated as about 200 MCM/year for this period. Taking this timing of groundwater draft investigation and the groundwater storage changes into consideration, the groundwater utilization for last five years is conjectured to be exceeded over 200 MCM especially in the drought year such as this stage of 1991.

Even in the groundwater utilization investigation of this period, many wells had been newly planned at many places where were located beside registered well. And further, these highly pumping had caused the depletion of aquifer which had undergone an unfavorable condition for saline water pollution. That is to say, not only a dynamic groundwater level but also static ground level had been positioned beneath the present Caspian Sea level. And so, it had brought about a serious event which was anxious much about extraction of the sea water when these pumping continued for a long term.

Safe yield defines generally that the quantities of water perennially available from a groundwater basin and they are limited solely by the adverse side-effects which may arise as a result of pumping and basin operation. In view of the whole hydrogeological condition mentioned above, the safe yield for this area is considered as a similar amount of 200 MCM which dose not cause a

lowering of groundwater storage as well as any hazard for the future welfare of associated community.

## (2) Priority of Groundwater Resources

It is preferred that the usage of water in this area is followed a management by a conjunctive manner. This is a procedure which involves coordinating the operation of both surface water and groundwater resources. It based upon the assumption that surface stream and reservoirs, such as canal, paddy field storage.

In practical usage for irrigation in this area, the purpose of surface water and groundwater are seem to be rather different. The former is intended to the supply water for various uses mainly on an annual basis whereas the latter is stored with the aim of catering for cyclic storage requirements, in a word, providing a reserve for years in which there is a lower-than-usual precipitation.

When excess precipitation occurs, the surface resources may be utilized to maximum extent possible and some may also be introduced below the ground through canal, paddy field and abbandan which ultimately may add substantially to the groundwater reserve. On the other hand, when drought prevails, the below-normal surface resources can be supplemented by pumping out more groundwater.

However, a management study for this conjunctive usage entails acquiring data on both surface and groundwater resources together with a sufficient information of geology in this area, also the purposes for which water supply is necessary and how wastewater is to be handled. Inevitably, this approach incorporates investigating system dynamics, making a mathematical model and verifying this so that a viable simulation of coordinated operations can be made available.

Such a study provides a means of determining probable responses of the real basin to variations in some of the parameters example for about recharge and pumping. As a result, it becomes feasible to devise optimal operation procedures in this area.



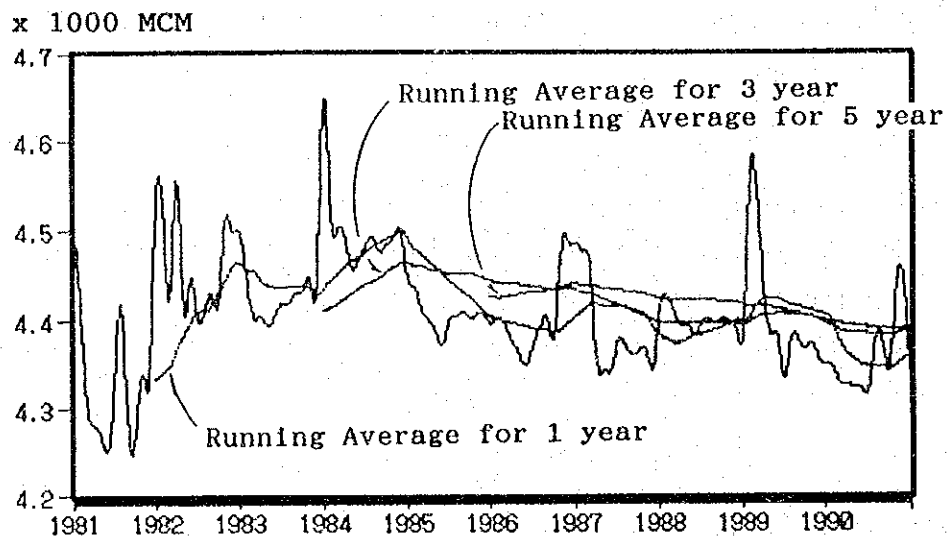


Figure A.3.24 Groundwater Storage Fluctuation and its Tendency

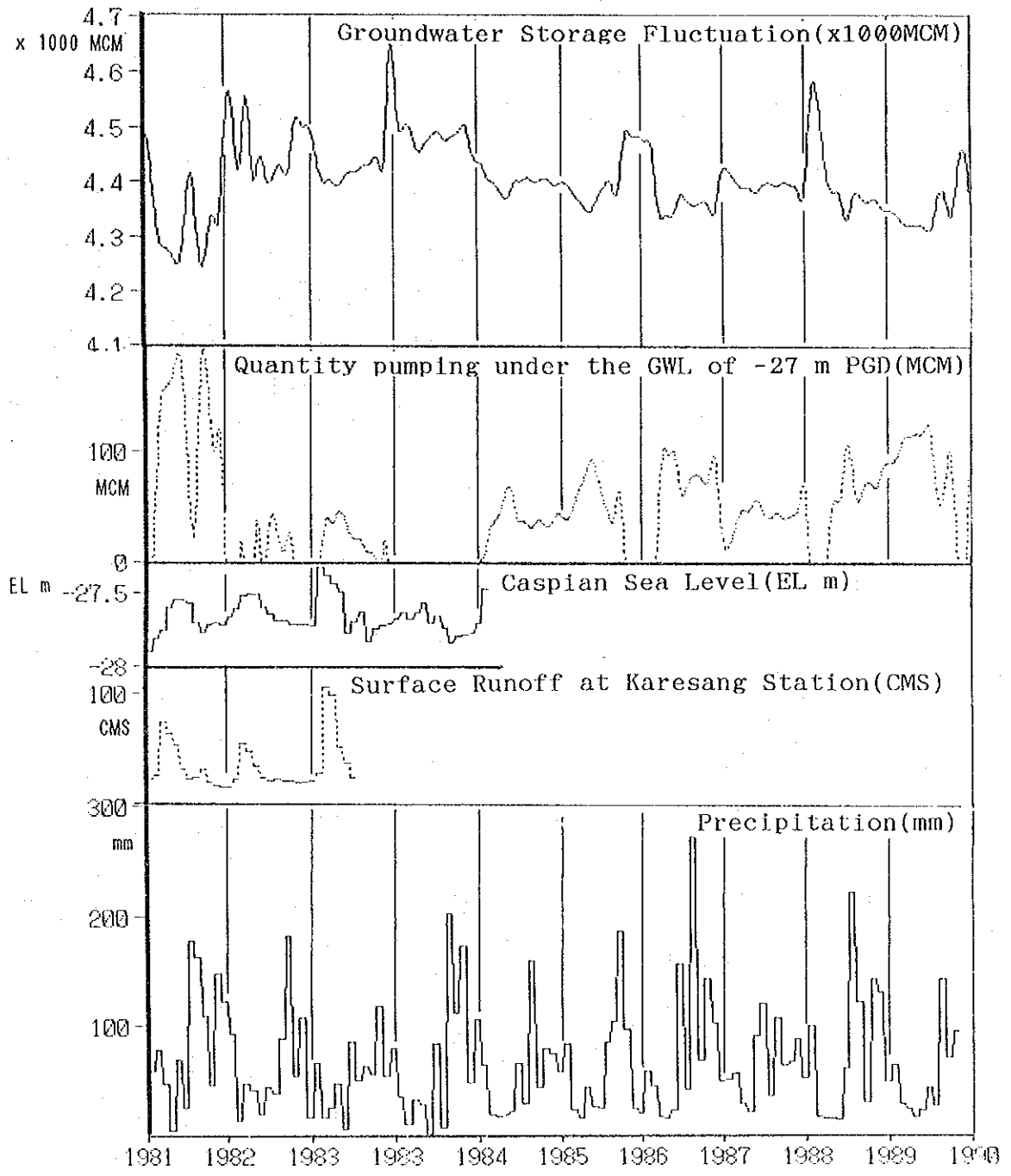


Figure A.3.25 Time Series Chart of Hydrogeologic Events



## APPENDIX A. 4 SOIL

### CONTENTS

#### LIST OF TABLES

	<u>Page</u>
Table A. 4 - 1 Characteristics of Soil Series in Project Area .....	A4-1
Table A. 4 - 2 Soil Structure and Chemical Properties .....	A4-2
Table A. 4 - 3 Soil Bearing Test in Harvesting Period .....	A4-3
Table A. 4 - 4 Soil Structure of Soil Series Distributed in the Project Area .....	A4-4
Table A. 4 - 5 Land Classification Specification .....	A4-5
Table A. 4 - 6 Soil Classification and Correlation .....	A4-6

#### LIST OF FIGURES

Figure A.4-1 Location Map of Soil Sampling Sites .....	A4-7
Figure A.4-2 Location Map of Soil Bearing Test .....	A4-8



TABLE A. 4 - 1 CHARACTERISTICS OF SOIL SERIES IN PROJECT AREA

Soil Series	Texture	EC ms/cm	pH	P. Content	Drainage Condition	Fertility
Nursar (Nu)	CL	1.5 ~ 4.5	7.5 ~ 7.7	Normal	Poor	Good
Darzi Kola (Da)	L ~ SiL	< 2.0	7.8 ~ 8.2	Poor	Poor	Somewhat Good
Babol (Ba)	Si ~ CL	< 2.0	7.5 ~ 8.0	Normal	Poor	Good
Form (Fo)	CL ~ SiL	< 2.0	7.5 ~ 8.0	-	Poor	Good
Kelayhan (Ke)	L	3.5	5.8	Poor	Somewhat Good	Somewhat Good
Borj (Bo)	L ~ SiL	< 1.5	8.2	-	Good	Good
Khaza (Kz)	S ~ Ls	< 1.0	7.6 ~ 8.0	-	Poor	Poor
Ganjafrun (Ga)	CL ~ SiL	< 2.0	7.8 ~ 8.2	Normal	Poor	Good
Sufimahaleh (Su)	L ~ LS	1.0	7.0 ~ 7.9	High	Poor	Somewhat Good
Afratakht (Af)	SiL ~ Ls	2.7	7.9	Normal	Poor	Good
Miantalar (Mt)	SiL	< 1.0	6.7 ~ 7.9	High	Poor	Good
Gavlangar (Gi)	CL	< 2.0	7.4 ~ 7.9	Normal	Poor	Good
Bannikola (Bn)	Si ~ CL	< 2.0	6.7 ~ 7.9	Poor	Poor	Good

TABLE A. 4-2 SOIL STRUCTURE AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Soil Series	Soil Color	Depth cm	Horizon	Size of Particles			Texture
				Sand %	Silt %	Clay %	
<b>(Aquents)</b>							
Da	2.5Y3.5/0	0-20	Aps	49	34	17	SL
	2.5Y5/2	20-35	C1g	44	38	18	SL
	2.5Y4.5/2	35-55	C2g	28	50	22	SiL
	2.5Y5/2	55-95	C3g	29	49	22	L
<b>Ba</b>							
	2.5Y3.5/2	0-15	Ap <sub>g</sub>	11	42	47	SiC
	2.5Y4.5/2	15-30	B21 <sub>g</sub>	9	41	50	SiC
	2.5Y4/2	45-80	B22 <sub>g</sub>	11	40	40	SiC
	10YR4/2	80-130	B23 <sub>g</sub>	16	38	46	C
<b>(Afluolls)</b>							
<b>Su</b>							
	10YR3/2	0-15	A11	42	48	12	L
	10Y3.5/2	15-30	A12	33	43	24	L
	10YR44/1	30-50	C1 <sub>g</sub>	7	54	39	SiCL
	10YR44/1	50-140	C2 <sub>g</sub>	4	55	41	SiC
<b>Af</b>							
	10YR3/3	0-25	A	29	50	21	SiL
	2.5Y4/2	25-60	C1 <sub>g</sub>	84	10	6	LS
	2.5Y5/1	60-105	C2 <sub>g</sub>	48	38	14	L
	2.5Y4/1	105-130	C3 <sub>g</sub>	19	60	21	SiL

Soil Series	ECe	pH	T.N	P	K
	X103				
(Aquents)	ms/cm		%	PPM	PPM
Da	1.09	7.9	20	5.0	80
	0.72	8.1	20	2.5	98
	0.64	8.0	16	-	-
	0.57	8.0	16.5	-	-
<b>Ba</b>					
	1.38	7.5	2.0	-	190
	0.60	7.7	1.5	-	190
	0.44	7.9	2.0	-	-
	0.43	8.0	4.5	-	-
<b>Su</b>					
	0.43	7.7	-	14	70
	1.60	7.0	-	15	60
	1.30	7.9	-	4	50
	0.51	7.9	-	-	-
<b>Af</b>					
	2.4	8.0	17.5	-	90
	1.8	7.8	21.0	-	50
	5.0	8.0	24.0	-	-
	5.6	8.0	15.0	-	-

NOTE: Data of Master Plan(1985)

1) Aquents (Mollic Fluvaquents)

These Soil Series belonging to Grops have characteristics of Darzikola (Da) and Babol (Ba), typical series this category. These soils have loamy to clayey textures, distributed on the plains with exceedingly gentle slope, with poor drainage ability giving glei-strong glei nature.

Paddy growth on these soils has moderate to slightly poor performance. Particularly, poor drainage of these soils often affects root system, inhibiting respiratory metabolism, to lead to leaf scalding as a damage from recurrent flooding over soil surface. In order to avoid such damage, soil drying or soil oxidation through middle-summer drainage practice is badly required.

2) Afluolls (Fluventic Haplaquolls)

These soils are found in flat plains with gentle slope. Their texture ranges from loam to clay, with poorly drained character in spite of somewhat coarser particle distribution than the association described above. They are derived from basic parent materials under forest covering, resulted in high humus content and high base saturation throughout the whole soil, giving richer inherent fertility to them as compared with those mentioned above. These soils are most suitable to develop vegetable production by improving their drainage condition. The following gives characteristics of Sufimafaleh (Su) and Afratakht (Af), typical series this category.

**TABLE A.4-3 SOIL BEARING TEST IN HARVESTING PERIOD**

Test Period	Survey Item	Depth	No. 6		No. 17		No. 33		NO. 36		
			A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	
J. H	Bearing Force (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0~ 5	5.36	4.49	5.63	5.69	3.01	1.96	3.01	3.66	
		5~10	8.24	4.97	6.22	5.23	2.94	2.57	4.19	3.66	
		10~15	10.80	9.81	5.89	6.28	5.56	4.25	5.94	5.50	
		15~20	15.70	14.39	5.76	6.86	6.08	7.85	10.86	12.43	
	Soil Moisture (%)	0~ 5	31.3	30.6	37.0	35.2	43.0	43.0	32.2	30.0	
		5~10	29.1	31.4	37.8	39.0	39.0	41.0	33.4	28.4	
		10~15	24.2	23.5	39.7	39.0	33.7	33.3	24.6	19.8	
		15~20	23.1	22.6	33.4	27.0	29.1	30.4	28.9	22.3	
	Soil Grain Size (%)	0~ 5	Sand	14	18	18	18	20	16	34	34
			Silt	62	58	60	58	64	70	50	52
			Clay	24	24	22	24	16	14	16	14
		5~10	Sand	16	16	16	22	22	16	32	36
			Silt	60	60	58	52	60	70	52	52
			Clay	24	24	26	26	18	14	16	12
		10~15	Sand	16	14	22	16	18	12	32	48
			Silt	60	62	54	54	62	70	54	44
Clay			24	24	24	30	20	18	14	8	
15~20		Sand	10	22	18	18	14	10	18	28	
		Silt	64	62	54	52	64	70	64	54	
		Clay	26	26	28	30	22	20	18	18	
AFT 24hr	Bearing Force (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0~ 5	-	-	-	-	1.18	1.96	2.42	2.81	
		5~10					1.14	2.15	2.94	3.86	
		10~15					3.40	4.25	5.63	4.84	
		15~20					8.18	7.85	15.70	13.04	
Soil Moisture (%)	0~ 5	-	-	-	-	48.9	45.2	33.0	32.3		
	5~10					49.9	47.4	31.8	28.5		
	10~15					31.7	41.8	24.8	27.8		
	15~20					32.6	31.0	18.9	29.1		
Soil Grain Size (%)	0~ 5	Sand	-	-	-	-	18	22	28	32	
		Silt					64	62	58	54	
		Clay					18	16	14	14	
	5~10	Sand					16	22	30	34	
		Silt					66	62	54	50	
		Clay					18	16	16	16	
	10~15	Sand					16	26	36	36	
		Silt					62	56	50	48	
		Clay					22	18	14	16	
	15~20	Sand					14	22	50	16	
		Silt					66	64	38	62	
		Clay					20	14	12	22	

**Notes:**

(1) Soil bearing test had been achieved at 58 sites in the Project Area during the Master Plan Study, it grasped only bearing force under present condition during autumn and winter.

However, for the Project formulation, further detail factors are to be grasped for mechanization of harvesting by additional soil bearing test. in Aug, 1991 years.

(2) Testing Period\* J.H=Just after Harvest. AFT. 24hr=After 24 hours of J.H.



TABLE A. 4 - 4 SOIL STRUCTURE OF SOIL SERIES DISTRIBUTED IN THE PROJECT AREA

NO	Soil Series	Sampling Site	Soil Texture	Particle Size Distribution			Depth of Plow-sole m	Moisture Ratio (%)	Puer Apparente Specific Gravity (gr/cm <sup>3</sup> )	Apparent Specific Gravity (gr/cm <sup>3</sup> )	Three Phase Distribution			Porosity (%)	Coefficient of Permeability (cm/sec)
				Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)					Solid (%)	Liquid (%)	Gaseous (%)		
1-1 1-2	Mt	Marzun kola Shahueh Kola	L LiC	60 22	27 35	13 43	30-35 20-25	20.3 39.4	2.667 2.620	2.02 1.81	68.1 54.0	20.3 39.4	11.6 6.6	31.9 46.0	8.80x10 <sup>-4</sup> 2.40x10 <sup>-3</sup>
2-1 2-2	Da-Nu-Su	Ansari Mahaleh Posha Kola	SiC CL	23 37	48 40	29 23	15-20 20-25	32.8 28.8	2.644 2.706	1.90 1.93	19.5 60.7	32.7 28.8	7.8 10.5	40.5 39.3	2.40x10 <sup>-3</sup> 7.10x10 <sup>-3</sup>
3-1 3-2	Br-Gi	Laluk Pain Baziar	CL SiCL	48 31	35 47	17 22	20-25 15-20	24.9 35.9	2.708 2.704	1.94 1.82	62.4 54.0	24.9 35.9	12.7 10.1	37.6 46.0	7.10x10 <sup>-3</sup> 7.10x10 <sup>-4</sup>
4-1 4-2	Da	Talikran Golmabaleh	SiL SiC	28 28	56 45	16 27	20-25 30-35	36.7 41.6	2.604 2.519	1.36 1.76	52.2 51.4	36.7 41.6	11.1 7.0	47.8 48.6	3.12x10 <sup>-4</sup> 9.40x10 <sup>-3</sup>
5-1 5-2	Ba	Shah Kola KhordmKolabala	C CL-L	2 57	30 28	68 15	20-25 20-25	49.6 22.9	2.633 2.678	1.17 2.01	44.4 66.5	49.6 22.9	6.0 10.6	55.6 33.5	1.24x10 <sup>-4</sup> 2.30x10 <sup>-4</sup>
6-1 6-2	Ke-Su	Sherefti Shurestagh	SiL CL	44 14	48 48	8 38	20-25 30-35	34.8 40.6	2.714 2.703	0.80 1.30	29.4 48.1	34.7 40.6	35.9 11.3	70.6 51.9	3.15x10 <sup>-4</sup> 1.46x10 <sup>-4</sup>
7-1 7-2	Da-Su	Abumahallen Tajenale	SiL SiL	18 28	68 60	14 12	20-25 25-30	43.8 35.9	2.616 2.680	1.30 1.37	49.7 51.1	43.8 35.9	6.5 13.0	50.3 48.9	1.42x10 <sup>-5</sup> 3.34x10 <sup>-5</sup>
8-1 8-2	Af-Da	Gel Mahallen Mehann adabad	SiL SiL	36 28	54 54	10 18	20-25 20-25	30.2 39.8	2.642 2.602	1.48 1.25	55.9 48.0	30.2 39.8	13.9 12.2	44.0 52.0	1.02x10 <sup>-4</sup> 8.83x10 <sup>-5</sup>
9-1 9-2	Ba-Ga-Af	Sadat Mahalleh Lari Mahalleh	-	-	-	-	20-25 20-25	59.8 39.3	2.587 2.610	1.58 1.83	38.0 55.1	59.6 39.2	2.4 5.7	62.0 44.9	4.02x10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.60x10 <sup>-6</sup>
10-1 10-2	Bo	Kalieh best Barik Kola	-	-	-	-	20-25 20-25	46.0 35.2	2.623 2.652	1.93 1.74	56.0 52.3	42.0 35.2	2.0 12.5	44.0 47.7	8.40x10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.10x10 <sup>-6</sup>
11-1 11-2	Ga	Knoshk rud Kasar	-	-	-	-	20-25 20-25	42.0 61.3	2.603 2.591	1.78 1.60	51.9 38.1	42.0 61.3	6.1 0.6	48.1 61.9	2.70x10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.50x10 <sup>-5</sup>

Note: 1) Soil samples for Particle size Distribution have been obtained from the plowed soil and other soil samples have been obtained from the plowsole.

2) - is not analyzed.

**TABLE A. 4-5 LAND CLASSIFICATION SPECIFICATION**

Land Characteristics	For Paddy Rice Production					For Upland Crop Production		
	Class R1	Class R2	Class R3	Class U1	Class U2	Class U3		
Soil texture (Surface, 0-30 cm)	Clay loam to very slowly permeable clay	Fine sandy loam to very slowly permeable clay	Loamy fine sand to very slowly permeable clay	Fine sandy loam to friable clay loam	Loamy fine sand to permeable clay	Loamy coarse sand to slowly permeable clay		
(Subsurface)	Silty clay loam to slowly permeable clay	Loamy fine sand to very slowly permeable clay	Loame fine sand to very slowly permeable clay	Coarse sandy loam to clay loam	Loamy fine sand to permeable clay	Loamy coarse sand to slowly permeable clay		
Soil depth	>90cm	>80cm	> 30cm	>120cm	>90cm	>60cm		
Soil stoniness % vol, topsoil	<15%	<35%	< 75%	<15%	<35%	<75%		
Soil PH	5.0-7.5	4.5-8.0	4.0-8.5	5.5-7.5	5.0-8.0	4.5-8.5		
Natural Soil Fertility	Medium	Medium	Less	Medium	Medium	Less		
Soil salinity, EC.X10 <sup>3</sup>	<4ms/cm	<8ms/cm	<16ms/cm	<4ms/cm	<8ms/cm	<16ms/cm		
Cation exchange capacity	>10meq/100g	>3meq/100g	>3meq/100g	>10meq/100g	>5meq/100g	>5meq/100g		
Soil permeability	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	2-6cm/hr	0.1-25cm/hr	>25cm/hr<0.1m/hr		
Infiltration rate	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	>2m/hr	1-2m/hr	0.2-1m/hr		
Topography								
Overall slope	<1%	<2%	<5%	0.25-2%	<5%	<8%		
Micro-relief	smooth	smooth	uneven	smooth	unevent	rough		
Present erosion status	no apparent	slight	moderate	no apparent	slight	moderate		
Drainage								
Surface	good	fair	poor	good	good-fair	fair-good		
Internal	fair-somewhat poor	good-poor	good-very poor	good	good-fair	fair-good		
Groundwater table	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	>2m	>1.2m	>0.75m		
Flooding & ponding	occasional damaging	periodic damaging	annual damaging	none	occasional damaging	periodic damaging		

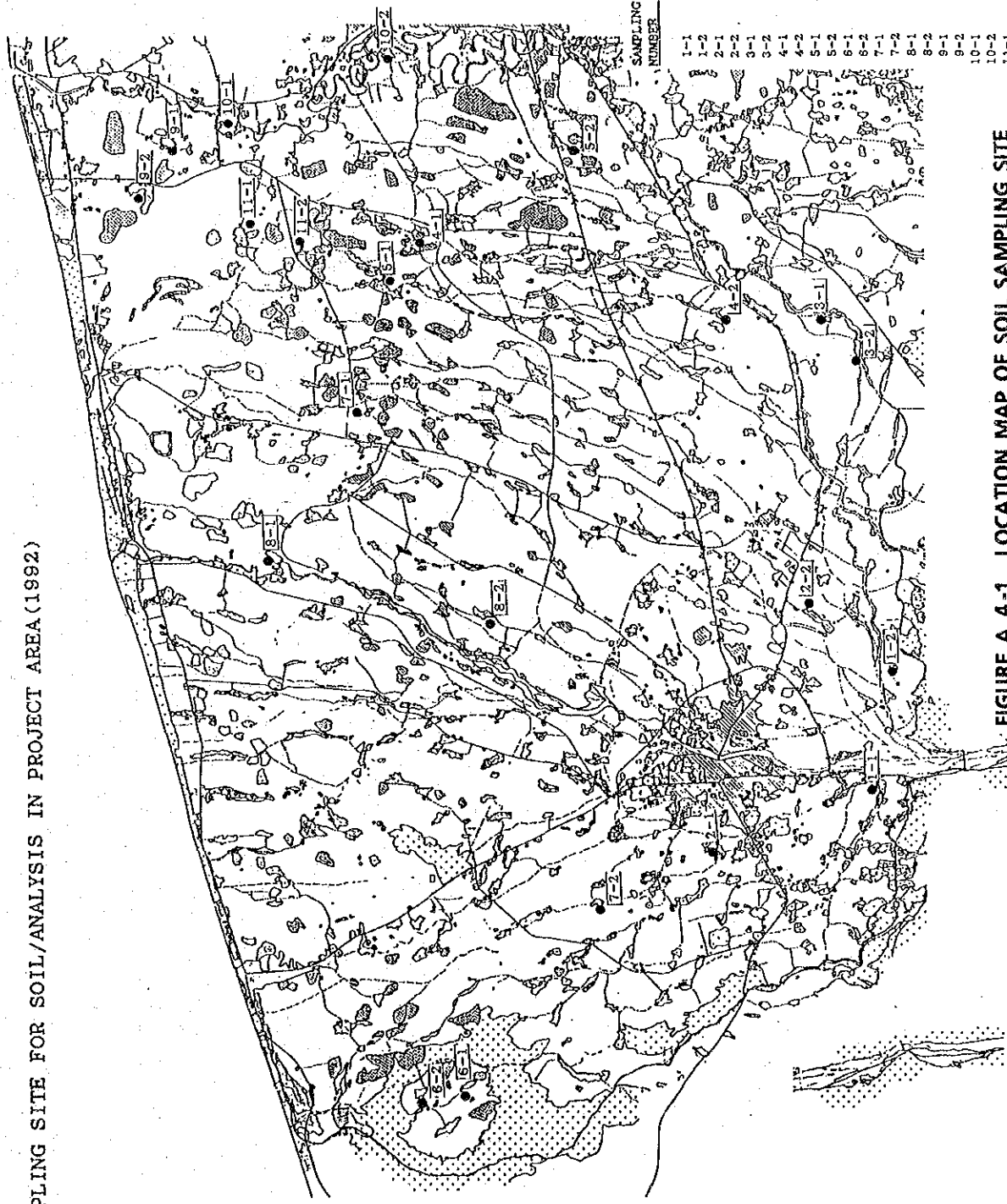
Note: Class 6 Non-arable includes lands which do not meet the minimum requirement for other land class.

**TABLE A.4-6 LAND CLASSIFICATION AND CORRELATION**

Soil Series & Mapping Symbol	USDA soil Taxonomy				FAO 1974	Iranian
	Family	Sub Group	Order	Oder		
Nur(Nu)	Fine Mixed Thermic	Mollic Ochraqualfs	Alfisols		Humic Gleysols	Humic Gley Soils
Darzikola(Da)	Fine Loamy Mixed Calcareous Thermic	Mollic Fluvaquents	Entisols		Mollic Gleysols	Humic Gley Soils
Babol(Ba)	Fine Mixed Non-acid Thermic	Mollic Fluvaquents	Entisols		Mollic Gleysols	Humic Gley Soils
Form(Fo)	Fine Mixed Calcareous Thermic	Typic Fluvaquents	Entisols		Calcaric Gleysols	Low Humic Gley Soils
Kelayban(Xe)	Fine Loamy Mixed Non-acid Thermic	Mollic Udifluvents	Entisols		Calcaric Fluvisols	Alluvial Soils
borj(Bo)	Fine Loamy Mixed Calcareous Thermic	Typic Xerofluvents	Entisols		Calcaric Fluvisols	Alluvial Soils
Khazar(Kz)	Mixed Calcareous Thermic	Typic Xeropsammaents	Entisols		Calcaric Regosols	Regosols
Ganjafruz(Ga)	Fine Mixed Thermic	Typic Calcicquolls	Mollisols		Mollic Gleysols	Humic Gley Soils
Sufimahaleh(Su)	Fine Mixed Non-acid Thermic	Fluventic Haplaquolls	Mollisols		Mollic Gleysols	Humic Gley Soils
Afratakht(Af)	Coarse Loamy Mixed Calcareous Thermic	Fluventic Haplaquolls	Mollisols		Mollic Gleysols	Humic Gley Soils
Miantalar(Mt)	Fine Mixed Thermic	Typic Argiudolls	Mollisols		Luvic Phasezems	Prairie Soils
Gaviangar(GI)	Fine Mixed Thermic	Calcic Argixerolls	Mollisols		Calcic Kastanezems	Chestnut Soils
Banikola(Bn)	Fine Mixed Thermic	Typic Argixerolls	Mollisols		Calcic Kastanezems	Chestnut Soils

Note: According to Semi-Detailed and Reconnaissance Studies of West Mazandaran (1984) by M/p report

SAMPLING SITE FOR SOIL/ANALYSIS IN PROJECT AREA (1992)



SAMPLING NUMBER	SOIL SERIES	SAMPLING SITE
1-1	Wt	Marzunkola
1-2	Wt	Shahukola
2-1	Da. Nu. Su	AnsariMahaleh
2-2	Da. Nu. Su	Pashakola
3-1	Bn. Gi	Laluk
3-2	Bn. Gi	PainBaziar
4-1	Da	Talikran
4-2	Da	Golmahaleh
5-1	Ba	Shahkola
5-2	Ba	KhordakolaSaia
6-1	Ke. Su	Sherefti
6-2	Ke. Su	Shurestagh
7-1	Da. Su	Abumahallen
7-2	Da. Su	Tajenale
8-1	Af. Da	CelMahallen
8-2	Af. Da	Mehammad
9-1	Ba. Ga. Af	Ujaksar
9-2	Ba. Ga. Af	GarganMahalleh
10-1	Bo	Kallehbest
10-2	Bo	EarikKola
11-1	Ga	Khskkrud
11-2	Ga	Kasar

FIGURE A. 4-1 LOCATION MAP OF SOIL SAMPLING SITE

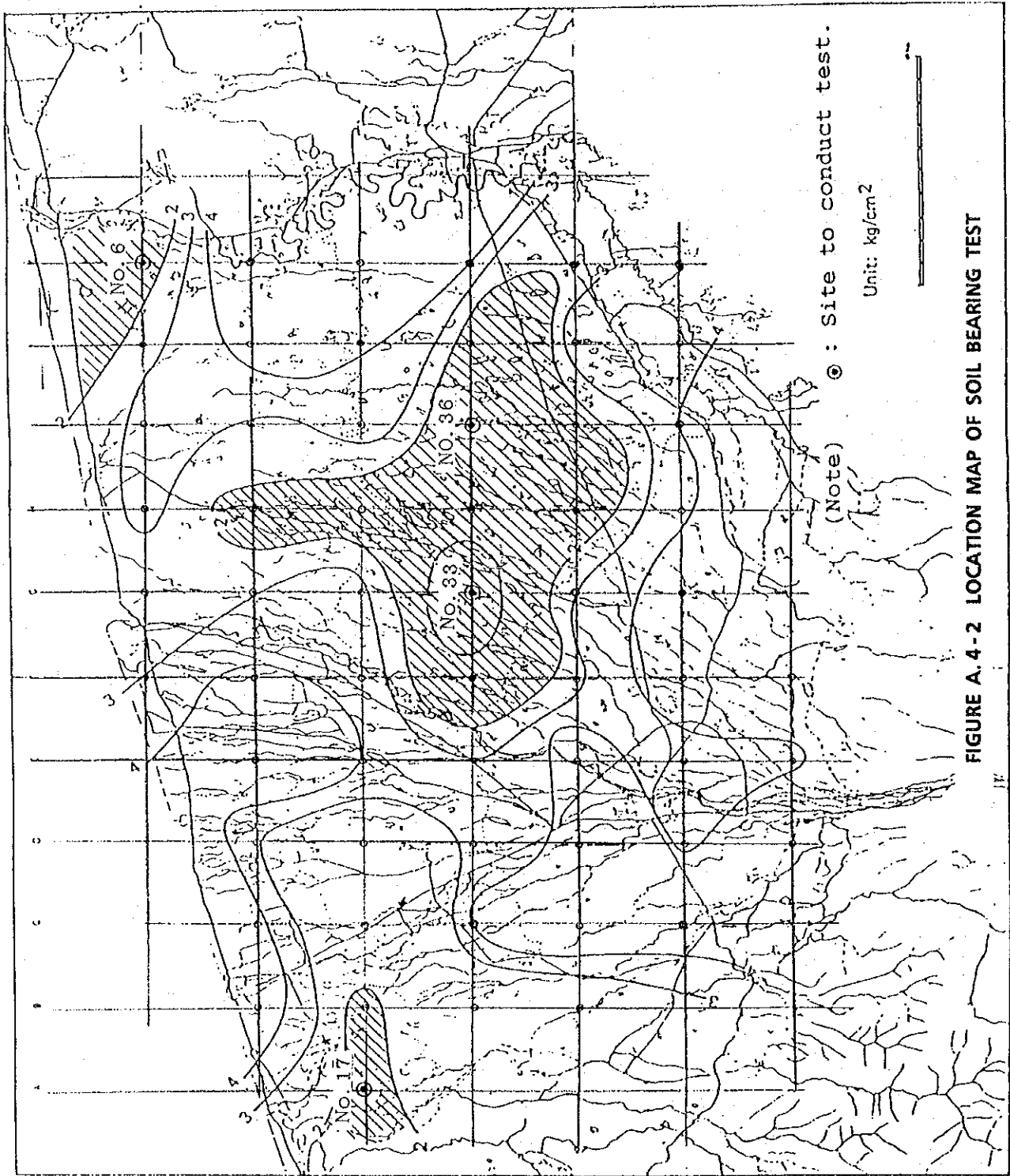


FIGURE A. 4-2 LOCATION MAP OF SOIL BEARING TEST

## **APPENDIX B. IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE**



## APPENDIX B. IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

### CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
B. 1 Water Resources .....	B1-i
B. 1. 1 Availability of Water Resources .....	B1-1
B. 1. 2 Preliminary Study of New Water Resources Development .....	B1-21
B. 1. 3 Outline of Geology in Mangol Damsite .....	B1-41
B. 1. 4 Preliminary Water Balance Study in Case of Lar Dam Only .....	B1-47
B. 2 Irrigation .....	B2-i
B. 2. 1 TIB Survey on Irrigation .....	B2-1
B. 2. 2 Water Right .....	B2-29
B. 2. 3 Irrigable area by Zone-wise .....	B2-58
B. 2. 4 Plan of Irrigation Canal System .....	B2-63
B. 2. 5 Irrigation Water Requirement .....	B2-73
B. 2. 6 Operation and Maintenance .....	B2-93
B. 2. 7 Relation Between Yield of Rice and Water Shortage .....	B2-95
B. 3 Drainage .....	B3-i
B. 3. 1 Existing Drainage Network and Condition .....	B3-1
B. 3. 2 Drainage Monitoring .....	B3-17
B. 3. 3 TIB Survey on Drainage .....	B3-23
B. 3. 4 Evaluation of Drainage Design Year .....	B3-30
B. 3. 5 Concepts on Drainage Canal Profile and Depth .....	B3-35
B. 3. 6 Proposed Surface Drainage .....	B3-41
B. 3. 7 Proposed Subsurface Drainage .....	B3-55
B. 4 On-Farm Facilities .....	B4-i
B. 4. 1 Soil Bearing Test .....	B4-1
B. 4. 2 Present Conditions of Sample Area .....	B4-1
B. 4. 3 Sample Designs .....	B4-2
B. 4. 4 Earth Work Volumes of Sample Designs .....	B4-4
B. 4. 5 Application Method of Sample Designs to the Entire Project Area ..	B4-13





## APPENDIX B.1 WATER RESOURCES

### CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
B. 1. 1 Availability of Water Resources .....	B1-1
1. Effective Rainfall .....	B1-1
2. Surface Water .....	B1-1
3. Groundwater .....	B1-2
4. Farm Pond (Abbandan) .....	B1-3
5. Return Flow .....	B1-5
6. Irrigation Area by Water Resources at Present Stage .....	B1-7
B. 1. 2 Preliminary Study of New Water Resources Development .....	B1-21
1. Introduction .....	B1-21
2. Basic Input Data of the Simulation .....	B1-23
3. Water Balance Simulation .....	B1-26
B. 1. 3 Outline of Geology in Mangol Damsite .....	B1-41
B. 1. 4 Preliminary Water Balance Study in Case of Lar Dam Only .....	B1-47
1. Introduction .....	B1-47
2. Operation Case and Rule of Water Resources Facility .....	B1-49
3. Runoff Discharge of the Haraz River .....	B1-52
4. Storage Capacity of Abbandan and Available Release of Lar Dam .....	B1-52
5. Calculation of Water Balance .....	B1-52
6. Conclusions .....	B1-54