deep borehole projects (excluding the boreholes for seismic investigations) for the purpose of thermal energy output from he earth entrails; radioactive waste disposal; water supply.

projects for the extraction of inert, rock or effective materials;

projects for open-pit or deep mining of coal;

projects for oil and natural gas production;

ore-mining and ore-processing projects;

extraction of non-metalliferous and mineral raw materials; extraction of bituminous schists; ගි 🖆

projects for on-ground equipment for oil, gas and ore output;

projects for coke plants and coal dry distillation plants;

projects for production of cement and other building materials and elements.

Power economy: ന്

projects for industrial equipment for electricity generation and steam and hot water production, not included in Annex No. 1 A; જ

projects for industrial equipment for gas, steam and hot water transfer, as well as surface electric power lines; â

overground gas storage projects; Q

projects for storage of explosion-hazardous and fire-risk gases in underground depots; ত

projects for coal briquette compaction;

projects for surface storage of fossil fuels; (a) (c) (b)

projects for equipment for nuclear fuel production and dressing;

projects for equipment for processing of irradiated nuclear fuel materials and for disposal and processing of radioactive waste, not included in Annex No 1 A; Æ

projects for hydroelectric power generation;

storage of solid wastes from thermal power stations - dust and ash.

4. Metal processing, machine building and electronics:

including foundries, smitheries and rolling workshops, are not included in Annex No 1 A; metallurgical and steel production projects for ์ซ

projects for production, melting, purification, drawing a rolling of non-ferrous metals, excluding the precious metals; <u>a</u>

projects for the production of compacted, drawn or stamped ত

projects for surface inoculation and mechanical processing of metals;

ত

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reservo of sheet metal boilers, production tanks and other vessels; e e

plant projects for the production of motor vehicles and ti

projects for shipyard construction;

projects for production and maintenance of aviation vehick ති ව

projects for railway equipment production;

projects for excavations works by means of explosives;

projects for ore roasting and sintering equipment;

battery production projects;

m) projects for production of electrical insulation materials.

Projects related to glass, faience and porcelain ware. ഗ

Chemical industry: ω,

a) projects for chemical intermediate product treatmen production of chemicals not included in Annex No 1 A;

pharmaceutical and cosmetic products, pai production of plant protection preparation dye materials, elastomers and peroxides; projects for insecticides, ô

biotechnolog င္ပ productions based ģ processes; projects ত

projects for storage of oil and petrochemical and chem projects for production and processing of elastomers products; ਰ

Food industry:

polymers.

T

a) projects for plant and animal fat production;

tin industry projects for meat, fruit and vegetables; ô

meat processing facility projects; ত ভ

projects for milk product production;

projects for breweries and malt producing enterprises; ô

products, for production of sugar projects for pralcoholic drinks;

slaughterhouse construction projects; බව

industrial starch production projects;

projects for factories for fish meal and oil production;

sugar factories projects;

projects for production of spirit and yeast;

projects for processing of plant raw materials, fodder, 1 and tobacco articles production.

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8. Textile, leather, wood processing and paper industry:

projects for equipment for washing, degreasing bleaching of wool; Ö

projects for production of wood plates from sawdust and wood fibres, as well as of plywood; â

projects for wood mass, paper and cardboard production; ପ ଟିଡିକ

projects for fibre dyeing factories;

cellulose production and processing projects;

leather shop projects.

Infrastructure: oi

harbours, including river ones, and airfields, including such for the agricultural aviation that are not treated in Annex No. 1 A. projects for construction of roads, intercity railway sections, a) town planning;b) projects for co

projects for cableways and other mountain communications; ত

projects for drainage and correction of river beds; ত

projects for dams and other constructions for collecting and continuous holding of water; Φ

overground trains, suspension lines, special trains and similar rapid city underground for tramways, passenger trains; projects ¢

oil and gas pipeline construction projects;

projects for water transportation at long distances; ගිටි ෙ

yacht harbour projects.

Other projects:

a) Town planning and construction designs for recreation zones and tourist resorts; runway projects for competitions and testing of cars and motorcycles; ត្ន

equipment for processing, converting to harmless products and storage of waste not included in Annex No 1 A; ઇ

projects for purification plants; ত projects for slurry storage places;

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iron shot storage projects;

뒁 projects for testing grounds of engines, turbines ි **_**

projects for artificial mineral fibre production; E

projects for production, packing, loading or filling (in cartridge-cases or appropriate capsules) of gunpowder and explosives;

incinerators;

sources other and transmitters

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11. Projects for alterations of projects according to this Annex, that are used exclusively or mainly for the development and testing of new methods or elements with duration not more than one year. electromagnetic fields.

Regulrements for	Annex 2 Regulrements for the Prenaration of the Preliminary FIA Report	Compónents	Characteristics	Assessment
preliminary EIA reformants. 1. An annotation - 1.1.the location - 1.2.the characteri 1.3.the environme 2. A description 3. A forecast for	preliminary EIA report shall contain: 1. An annotation of the project, facility or activity covering: 1.1.the location - map (chart) of the area; 1.2.the characteristics of the technology - technological chart; 1.3.the environmental and economic characteristics. 2. A description of the environment subject to the impact. 3. A forecast for the impact on the environment.	Landscape	biological diversity: reduction or disruption of nutritive links ecosystems: extinction or damage of habitat protected areas: extinction of threatened and rare species	
mponents	Characteristics Assessment	:	cnange (pantage) of the landscape	
		Human Heath and Safety		
	deterioration of quality	•	organization on the territory:	
	prevaiing winds precipitation/humidity		recreation	
	temperature/inversions		noise	
iters			non-ionizing radiation	
	surface waters -		radioactivity wastes - collection and	
	condition of the intake		treatment	
	characteristics		affected population	
	of waste waters	in the second se		
. :	degree of impact	Socio-Economic		
	on the water body	Conditions	•	
	toxicity for water ecosystems		employment E-i	
	underground water regime		impact on the Well-Deling	
	hydrological balance		and quality of the	
	water users		Checimie of the descriptions	
	water consumption		quality of the residence	
	drainage systems		opporurines	
	Tioods	Cultural Heritage		
S	siting regime		impact on historic,	
!			alciae Godica C	
	deterioration of category, structure or productivity		inordantelus impact on the current use of	
	soli type chemical damade		traditional purposes	

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mponents

Impacts which are not included in the characteristics of the components shall be described in a free form.

plant and animal species: extinction or decrease of populations

Rers

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chemical damage physical damage degree of erosion

ints and Animals stected Areas

imponents shall be studied and assessed in terms of the specific teria as follows:

- territorial scope depending on the radius of the impact: { km small; 10 km average; 50 km substantial; 100 km large; over 100 km exceptionally large;
 - degree of the impact in percentage of the admissible limits: up to 50 % of the MAQ insignificant; above 50 per cent of the MAQ substantial; above the MAQ dangerous; â
 - duration short or long;
 - frequency low, high, regularly, continuously; ত ত
- recover opportunities yes/no;

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f) cumulative effect.

le impact of the project, facility or activity shall be assessed generally in rms of all the components as follows:

- insignificant e
- substantial; ক্র
- dangerous. ઇ

least one component is assessed as "substantial" or , the project, facility or activity shall be subject to a final vironmental impact assessment report. angerous", ਲ Sere

here optional solutions exist, the choice of the option may be based general rates as indicated in the formula:

iere: VI is the annual volume of the i-pollutant contained in waste substances;

Ae is the MAQ for the pollutant accepted as standard (the poliutant with the lowest degree of harmfulness);

Ai is the MAQ for the i-pollutant contained in waste substances.

4. A conclusion with recommendations on preparing a final report or making a final decision on the EIA. ie one with the lowest level shall be given preference.

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Annex No. 3

Requirements to the Preparation of the Final EIA Report

The final EIA report shall contain:

- or activity containing facility 1. An annotation of the project, information on:
- 1.1.the location map (chart) of the area;
- 1.2 the characteristics of the technology technological chart;
 - 1.3. the environmental and economic characteristics:
- fixed assets total, including the ones for environmental જ
- production purposes (good for drinking, conditionally pure, repeatedly used); forest resources; recycled resources; landused resources: fuels and electricity; ores and non-ore mineral resources; raw materials; water resources: for according to the category; â
- area for depositing wastes; ত
- output in physical terms and value; ত
- profit rate.
- (e)
- Description of the environment which is subject to the impact: તાં
 - 2.1. Condition of the atmospheric air:
- and meteorological factors characteristics of the climatic ar influencing the condition of the air, (g)
- sources of pollution and quantities of pollutants in terms of type and composition; â

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pollution of the atmospheric layer above the ground surface and territorial scope of the areas with polluted air, taking into The criteria for the condition of the atmospheric air are the upper limits for the harmful substances determined with the existing statutory regulations. Where harmful substances may interact in the atmosphere, their combined impact is taken into account; account the existing background.

2.2. Condition of surface and underground waters:

- quantitative and qualitative description of water resources on the territory and expected categorization of water bodies; ক
- hydrogeological and hydrological conditions and factors influencing the state and regime of surface and underground â
- major sources of pollution, quantity and location of the disposal of waste waters, composition and ways for their purification; ত
 - Xater major water users and water consumption by ত
- water supply focation; T

and others as well as their impact on the regime of underground waters and the overall condition of water equipment to water consumption, river bed corrections, hydrotechnical streams due water the regime of changes in ecosystems.

The criteria for the quantitative and qualitative condition of water resources are the hydroeconomic balance and the existing standards and

2.3. Condition of soils and changes of the geological base and relief:

- a) identification of the changes of the geological base and relief
- salinated, acidified, destroyed by economic activities and polluted with harmful substances and wastes); identification of damaged lands (eroded, excessively humid, as a result of economie activities; â
- deterioration of the land category depending on the degree of pollution or damage of soils; change of soil fertility. ΰ

The criteria for the condition of soils are the maximum admissible and their evaluation-based concentration of harmful substances categorization;

2.4. Condition of plants and animals:

- a) characteristics and assessment of the condition of vegetation, dominant and threatened plant species and their habitat;
- characteristics and assessment of the condition of animals, dominant and threatened animal species and their habitat; â
- characteristics and assessment of the condition of protected areas. ᡠ

The criteria for the condition and assessment are: the existing types of species; the numbers and viability of populations; the degree of threat for extinction of the species; characteristics of forests, presence of negative factors; degree of degradation and stability of ecosystems; specific regime on the protected area;

with noise, vibrations, non-ionizing radiation and radioactive pollution of the territory: 2.5. Sanitary and hygienic conditions in the habitat and its burdening

- a) characteristics of the territory;
- areas of acoustic discomfort and sources of noise;
- areas influenced by sources of electromagnetic fields, heat emission and radioactivity; Ú
- characteristics of wastes, ways of their disposal, old waste 6
- c varacteristics of the social infrastructure; e)
- overall hygienic assessment of the territory.

The criteria for the condition of the habitat are the established maximum

numan the .ç areas territories and various settlements, waste rates. radiation pollution of

3. A forecast on the expected impact.

The forecast is worked out by describing in detail the impact which the project, facility or activity will exert on the living and non-living nature and comparing it to the existing condition of the erwironment.

The forecast assessment shall cover:

- the changes in the condition of the various components of nature (air, waters, soils, flora and fauna) and their impact on the environmental balance;
- the changes of the anthropogenic load of the environment (settlements, population density, use of the territory, etc.); â
- the changes of the sanitary and hygienic conditions and the environmental threat for the settlements or parts thereof and forecasting the health risks for the population with respect to the pollution with harmful substances, noise and other emissions, collection and disposal of wastes. ত

The forecast assessment shall contain quantitative and qualitative characteristics of the expected impact and refer to the methods used to identify them.

The results of the forecast shall be processed in accordance with the chart attached hereto and accompanied by an explanatory note.

- 4, Alternative solutions and measures to reduce the harmful impact described in the chart attached hereto).
- considered preference shall be given to the most acceptable one with respect to the impact on the environment). The source for recovery of the damages shall be indicated. Value assessment of damages. (When afternative solutions are ഗ
 - Action plan for emergencies and outburst emissions of pollutants worked out by the investor or the person initiating the activity with the following contents: တ်
- 6.1. assessment of the risk of emergencies and outburst emissions of pollutants;
- eliminate and D restrict prevent, emergency emissions of pollutants. and means to 6,2, measures
- provisions for monitoring of the environment parameters, if necessary, at specific monitoring points with a view of restricting and preventing the harmful impact on the human health and Monitoring plan indicating the means of monitoring and control of the harmful substances emitted from the project or facility; ۲.
- Conclusion with recommendations on the acceptance or rejection for its of the project, facility or activity and requirements fulfillment. ထ

Chart for the Results of the Forecast on the Environmental Impact

Impact on Component	of the l	orecast o Project or ect pact	n the Impa the Enviro India Impa	onment rect	Alter- native	Measu- res for
Characteristics			Construc- tion	Opera- tion	Solu- tions	Reduc- tion
Air: quelty of the air prevailing winds precipitation/humidity temperature/inversions			·			
Waters; surface waters intake - waste waters water ecosystems underground waters - regime hydrological balance water users drainage systems thoods silting regime						
Soils: deterioration of category structure/productivity soil type chemical damage physical damage			,			
Plants and Animals: plant species animal species biological diversity ecosystems protected territories						
Landscape: change (degradation)						
Human Health and Safety: organization of the territory noise non-ionizing radiation radioactivity wastes affected population						
Socio-Economic Conditions: employment well-being, quality of life recreation						
Cultural heritage: historic, erchaeological and architectural monuments use of land and resources for traditional purposes						

The criteria set forth in Annex No. 2 are used to assess the expected impact. Impacts beyond the characteristics included in the chart are described in a tree.

PRIORITIES

of the Energy Strategy till the Year 2010

- 1. Energy saving as a trend of development with biggest possible reserves in the future, but also greatest uncertainty in terms of quantitative evaluation and implementation in time saved energy in consumption equivalent to saved power generation. Despite the uncertainty and because of a number of reasons the trends is of highest priority.
- 2. Stabilization of the existing capacities by means of rehabilitation and modernization as well as by creating sufficient guarantees for the import of energy resources.
- 3. Ecologically sound development of the energy sector, observing the international conventions for reduction of the emissions of sulphur, nitrogen and carbon oxides and ash, in accordance with the social and economic state of the country.
- A. Domestic primary energy resources, mainly coal, that will allow maximum energy independence and security, respectively. The increase of domestic coal production shall be in compliance with the possibility for the ecological requirements to be met technically and economically. This will be achieved either through mixing with high quality imported coal /as an alternative of new thermal power plants burning imported coal/ or through the implementation of new technologies like fluidized bed combustion, preliminaty gasification, etc.
- 5. Prospects for development of mbolear power in the country, which imports 75% of the primary energy resources and has only low quality domestic coal deposits. Nuclear development should not, however, take a rambling, reckless course regardless of public concern and opinion, but rreality-oriented, shunning flamboyancy and cheap political dividends.

There has been proposed a plan, in compliance with the opinion of the international banks and other international institutions, for shutting down of the old units and building of a replacing capacity of a new generation after 1998, that is *2 be available between 2005 and 2010.

6. Three trends of development of gas.

- direct gas supplies to households as an alternative of centralization district heating and use of electricity for heating;
- combined steam and gas generation capacities for production of electricity and heat /co-generation/, which have the highest efficiency of power generation;
- peak power plants for covering the inherent irregularities of the load diagram of the power system.
- 7. Long-term programme for using the existing hydro potential and solution of the connected regional social problems of unemployment.

The above priorities, realistic approach towards the demand prosper and pragmatical attitude to the possibilities for rehabilitation of the existing capacities and construction of new ones are the backbone of the relatively more exhaustive Energy Charter'93, reflecting the medium and long term strategy of the Committee of Energy.

STATE GAZETTE No 81/1991

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT

Standards for admissible emissions (concentrations in waste gases) of harmful substances emitted in the atmosphere

Article 1

(1) The standards for admissible emissions are related to the existing industrial processes and activities as well to the design and building of new industrial and other sites, which are sources of emissions.

(2) After reconstruction and modernization of production process of other sites the standards of new sites are enforced.

Article 2

- (1) When investigating and developing projects, besides obeying of these standards the investor and the designer are obliged to clear out the air pollution in the region for each of the industrial sites and they are obliged to foresee what to be the degree of purifying and the height of the stack. So that after project's fulfillment the content of harmful substances in the air should not to exceed the limit of the admissible emissions.
- (2) The industrial stack scheight must be at least 5 m. higher than the highest building in 50 m s radius area.
- (3) The stack's height must be at least 12 m higher than the level of the terrain when the industrial site is situated in a net build up terrain.
- (4) The investor and the resigner are obliged to take into consideration the nevest technics and technicionies and lo provide the possible low level of emission than stated in this document stanbards.

Article 3 The quantity of the industrial and ventilation gases and its content or harmful supetances are reduced to normal conditions (70% mm ho and (°) and dr/ das.

Article 4

- (1) The standards concern industrial and ventilation dases measured after the clarifying equipment, after the production unit or before the stack without farctving the concentration by fresh air.
- measur ed in m³⁵/h and (2) The quantity of gases concentrations of narmful substances in processes and activities not mentioned in Article 20 to 38 are determined
- according to the following:
 1. The measured concentrations for processes, where compustible installation are used, are reduced to oxygen content in volume percentage:

az production of asphalt mixtures - 17%;

b/ production of class - 8% in crucible and tub which has continuous process and 13% in turnaces periodically working furnaces;

c/ direct drying of products and materials with hot gases, obtained in a combustible fire-box - 17%;

d/ melting of mineral materials as basalt, slags

and others - 8%:

metals for stretch and e/ heating of treatments - 5%;

f/ production of swollen perlite, schists or clays - 14%;

g/ burning of wooden and vegetable wastes, paper, straw - 11%;

h/ burning of lye from the cellulose production -5%

- technological The emissions from 2. processes gases are determined accordingly to their are determined according to their content and quantity right after the last technological apparatuses from where the gases are lead to the clarifying installation or are discharged in the atmosphere. When through technological purposes or through security reasons a rarefaction with fresh air is imposed or penetrating of air along the track the clarification installation is possible the measured concentrations after the clarification are reduced to the quantity after the technological track. For this purpose the oxygen content after the technological track and after the clarification is measured and according to the results the emission is recalculated and the volume of the
- additional air is eliminated. (3) When the measured oxygen content is different from the determined content for the corresponding process or is increased because of gas rarefaction, the measured emission is corrected by a multiplication by K, determined as follows:

where: K = (21 - 01) : (21 - 0p)

Ot - is the oxygen gontent in volume percentage for the corresponding process of the oxygen content at the exit of the technological track;

content i:n measured oxygen the Op - is percentage after the clarifying installations or before the gas discharge in the atmosphere.

Article 5

Emission measurement is done during the work of the production technological track and 70 to 100% loading.

Article 6 For substances which can be found in cases in a different physical condition (particles, vapor and gas) the standards refer to their deneral content.

Article 7

the powdered substances general emission of The according to article 13, paragraph L, includes nontoxic dust and powdered substances in it according to article 14 and 18, and their content must not exceed the values determined for the corresponding class values:

Article 8

Everywhere in these standards the sulphur oxides emission is the sum of sulphur dioxide and sulphur trioxide determined as sulphur dioxide, and the nitrogen oxides emission is the sum of nitrogen dioxide and nitrogen oxide, determined as nitrogen dioxide.

Article 9

By production track unit capacity and by combustible installation capacity and others is understood the nominal productivity per hour of a definite unit or group of units jointed in one stack. The combustible installation power is determined by the calorific ability of the fuel quantity, fed for nominal load.

Article 10

Standards for sites stating of work till the end of 1992 hold till 31 December 1995. During this period the economic leaders should undertake measures for emission reducing to the values, determined for new sites.

Article 11

"Mass flow" per hour is the quantity of a given substances in kilograms or in grams which is discharged with the gases in the atmosphere per hour.

Article 12

Emission measurement by the controlling authorities is done according to methodologies, regulated by Bulgarian State Standard and when there is no Bulgarian State Standard - according to the Minister of Environment.

Article 13

- (1) The general powdered substances emission should not exceed:
- 1. for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with rate or gas delivery:

a/ to 20 xm 2 /h = 300 mg/m 2 b/ from 21 to 100 xm 2 /h = 200 mg/m 2 c/ over 100 xm 2 /h = 150 mg/m 2

2. for new sites that are starting to work after 1992 with rate of gas delivery:

of gas delivery.

a/ to 20 xm²/h - 150 mg/m²

b/ from 21 to 60 xm²/h - 130 mg/m²

c/ over 60 xm²/h - 50 mg/m²

(2) Soot emission independently from the gas quantity should not exceed 50 mg/m²0.

Article 14

- (1) Emissions of powdered non-organic substances, listed in Appendix I should not exceed the following values:
 - 1. First class substances

a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 0.1 kg/h and more - 2 mg/m 3 ;

b/ for new sites with mass flow of 1 g/h and more $\sim 0.2~\text{mg/m}^2$;

2. Second class substances

a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 1 kg/h and more - 5 mg/m $^{\rm a}$;

b/ for new sites with mass flow of 5 g/h and more $-1 \text{ mg/m}^{\text{s}}$;

3. Third class substances

a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 3 kg/h and more - 15 mg/m 3 ;

b/ for new sites with mass flow of 25 g/h and more

- 5 mg/m $^{\rm 3}$; (2) If there are more substances from one and the same class the total emission should not exceed the determined standard for the corresponding class.

(3) If there are substances from different classes the emission of each of them should not exceed the standard for the corresponding class; the total emission of substances from I and II class should not exceed the standard for II class substances and when there are substances from I and II, II and III or I, II and II class - the total standard should not exceeds the standard for III class substances.

Article 15

(1) Limiting of emissions when powdered materials are treated, produced and transported:

1. Units and equipment for treatment (breaking, classifying, mixing, pelletizing, pressing into briquettes and others for example) or production of powdered materials should be put in capsules and the gases with dust content should be taken in and should be lead to the cleaning equipment;

2. The transport of powdered materials should be obligatory done by closed units: conveyors, shnecks, reddlers pneumatic transport and others. When putting in capsules is partly impossible the dust contenting gases are taken in and lead to a clarifying equipment;

3. When loading and unloading dust forming materials sucking and cleaning equipment are put:

a/ on the permanent places where loading and unloading is done by elevator, blade outfit and others;

b/ at the outlet pipe of the loading equipment;

c/ at scarifying equipment at the beginning of pneumotransport and of mechanical unloading equipment.

4. When sucking (catching) of the dusty air is not possible during such operations (as loading on wagons and on lorries) outlets with changeable heights are used (telescopic outlets) and also regulating valves at the exit of outlets are put in order to slow down the speed of the going out material;

5. When closed volumes are filled in (such as siles, tank-cars and others) the air coming out of them is caught and led to the cleaning equipment;

6. The loading platforms and the roads should be asphalt-paved or covered with other equivalent pavement and they should be kept clean.

(2) In order to decrease the emissions when storing and depositing of dust forming materials, the following measures should be taken:

1. storage in silos;

- 2. covering and closing of the storehouse including the subsidiary equipments;
- 3. covering of the stored material surface with a canvas:
 - 4. closing of the deposited material;
- 5. the warehouse should be surrounded by banks, by plantations and fences against the wind.;
- 6. maintenance of a constantly moist surface of the warehouse.

Article 16

Non-organic gaseous and vaporous substances' emissions listed in Appendix 2 should not exceed the following values:

- 1. First class substances
- a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 100 g/h and more -3 mg/m^3 ;
- b/ for new sites with mass flow of 1 g/h and more 1 mg/m³;
 - 2. Second class substances
- a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 150 g/h and more 15 mg/m 3 ;
- b/ for new sites with mass flow of 50 g/h and more 5 mg/m * ;
 - 3. Third class substances
- a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 1000 q/h and more 100 mg/m $^{\rm s}$;
- b/ for new sites with mass flow of 300 q/h and more 30 mq/m³;
 - 4. Forth class substances
- a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 10 kg/h and more 1000 mg/m 22 ;
- b/ for new sites with mass flow of 5 kg/h and more $\sim 500~\text{mg/m}^{2}$:

Article 17

- (1) Organic substances' emissions listed in Appendix 3 should not exceed the following values:
 - 1. First class substances
- a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of $0.1~{\rm kg/h}$ and more $20~{\rm mg/m^s}$;
- b/ for new sites with mass flow of $0.1~{\rm kg/h}$ and more $20~{\rm mg/m^{3}}$;
 - 2. Second class substances
- a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 3 kg/h and more 150 mg/m 2 ;
- b/ for new sites with mass flow of 2 kg/h and more $-100~\mathrm{mg/m^{3}};$
 - 3. Third class substances
- a/ for sites that are started to work till the end of 1992 with mass flow of 6 kg/h and more 300 mg/m $^{\rm s}$;
- b/ for new sites with mass flow of 3 kg/h and more $\sim 200~\text{mg/m}^3$;
- (2) If there are more organic substances' gases from different classes with mass flow of 3 kg/h and more the total emission determined as hidrogen carbides, should not

exceed 200 mg/m 3 for plants that are started to work till the end of 1992.

(3) With installations which can discharge intensive stinking substances (organic and non-organic) measures for limiting the emissions are obligatory taken such as: enclosing in capsules, work under pressure and other and the gases are caught in and led to be cleared (to become odorless). When the odour level is over 100 000, the clarification (odourlessness) should be over 99%.

- Article 18.
 (1) Emissions of substances with late gene-toxic influence should not exceed the following values:
 - 1. First class
 - a/ asbestos as fine dust;
 - b/ benz (a) pirene;
- c/ berrillium and its compounds; determined as beryllium;
 - d/ (a, h) authracene;
 - e/ 2-naphtillamine;
- with mass flow of 0.5 g/h and more the emission should not exceed 0.1 mg/m³;
 - 2. Second class
- a/ arsenious trioxide and arsenious petooxide, arsenious acid and its salts, determined as arsenic;
- b/ chromium (6 valent) and its compounds (for example calcium chromate), chromium (3 valent), strontium chromate and zinc chromate, determined as chromium;
- c/ cobalt aerosols and hardly soluble cobalt sats, determined as cobalt;
 - d/ 3,3 dichlorine benzidine;
 - e/ dimethylsulphate;
 - f/ ethylenimine;
- g/ nickel, nickel sulfite, nickel oxide, nickel carbonate and nickel tetracarbonate, determined as nickel;
- with mass flow from 5 g/h and more emission should not exceed 1 mg/m 28 ;
 - 3. Third class
 - a/ achrylmitryl;
 - b/ benzene;
 - c/.1.3 butadyene;
 - d/ epychlorine hydrine;
 - e/ 1,2 dibromettan;
 - f/ 1,2 epoxypropant
 - q/ ethylovene oxide;
 - h/ hydrazine:
 - i/ vinilchloride;
- with mass flow from 25 g/h and more the emission should not exceed 5 mg/m $^{\circ}$;
- (2) If there are substances from I and II class the total emission should not exceed L mg/m $^{\circ}$ and if the substances are from I and III class, II and III class, or I, II and III class 5 mg/m $^{\circ}$ and for every separate substance the corresponding class standard should be observed.

Article 19.

The accessible surface loading with harmful substances (precipitated) on the land in the open areas (the average values per annum) are:

1. dust - 350 mg/m³ per twenty four hours;

2. lead and its non-organic compounds in precipitated dust, determined as lead - 0,25 mg/ms per twenty four hours;

3. cadmium and its non-organic compounds in the precipitated dust, determined as cadmium - 0,005 mg/ms per twenty four hours:

4. thallium and its non-organic compounds in the precipitated dust, determined as thallium - 0,01 mg/ms per twenty four hours;

fluoride and its gaseous non-organic 5. hydrogen compounds in the precipitated dust, determined as fluorine -Ø,ØØ1 mg/m³ per twenty four hours;

6. zinc in the precipitated dust - 0,4 mg/m^s per twenty

four hours. Article 20.

- (1) Gaseous emissions from steam boilers with heat power over 50 MW should not exceed the values listed in Appendix 4.
- (2) Emissions from combustible processes with heat power from 5 to 50 MW inclusive should not exceed the values listed in Appendix 5.
- (3) Emissions from combustible processes with heat power from 500 KW to 5 MW should nor exceed the values, listed in Appendix 6.

oxygen content in (4) The standards reter to according to paragraph 1 and 2:

through grate burning - 7% volume;

- 2. through dust burning and dry taking out of ashes -6% volume:
- 3. through dust burning and liquid slag discharging -5% volume;
 - for liquid fuel 3% volume;
 - 5. for gaseous fuel 3% volume.

Article 21.

Cement production:

- 1. Dust emissions according to Article 13, paragraph 1;
- . 2. Nitrogen oxide's emission from furnaces for clinker should not exceed 1500 mg/m³;

3. Sulphur oxide's emission from furnaces for clinker should not exceed 750 mg/m³:

4. Gaseous emissions from furnaces for clinker are with 9 % volume oxygen content.

Article 22.

Production of ceramic and clay articles:

- Emissions are determined by 18% volume oxygen content in the gas;
- Powdered emissions according to Article 13, paragraph 1;

3. With sulphur content of \emptyset ,12% and more in the incoming raw material the emission of sulphur oxides with mass flow from 10 kg/m³ and more should not exceed 1500 mq/m³.

Article 23.

Baking of dolomite, gypsum, limestone, kieselguhr, magnesite, quartzite and others:

- 1. Dust emissions according to Article 13, paragraph 1 and when raw materials are with chromium content, the emission of chromium and its compounds, determined as chromium, should not exceed 10 mg/ms;
 - 2. Nitrogen oxides' emission should not exceed: a/ 1800 mg/m³ with revolving furnaces;

b/ 1500 mg/m³ with other kinds of furnaces;

3. Emissions are taken with 9 % volume oxygen content in gases. Article 24

Installations for non-ferrous metals:

- 1. Dust emissions of the working plants are limited to $80~\text{mg/m}^{2}$ till 1993 and for new installations and units working after 1993 and on - $20~\text{mg/m}^{2}$. Lead production is exceptional which emission is limited to 10 mg/m³.
- 2. Sulphur oxide's emission from the working plants is limited to 3000 mg/m^3 till 1995 and for the new plants working after 1995 and on with mass flow of 5 kg/ms and more - 800 ma/m³.

Article 25.

Production of cast iron, steel, ferrous alloys and founding activities:

- 1. Dust dust concentration in gases, discharged from heating units, should not exceed 30 mg/m^s and with nonferrous metals - 20 mg/m³;
- activities founding 2. Organic compounds in concentration of organic compounds in gases should not exceed the standards, determined in Article 17, and aminies' concentration should not exceed 5 mg/m³;
- 3. Powdered emissions during drying of sand and other processes for preparation or treatment of founding mixtures and cleaning of casts - according to Article 13, paragraph

Article 26.

Melting of aluminium:

- 1. Dust emissions with mass flow from 0,5 kg/h and more should not exceed 20 mg/m²;
- 2. Chlorine emission from gases when aluminium is refined should not exceed 3 mg/m³;
- 3. Emission of organic compounds, determined hydrogen carbides should not exceed 50 mg/m^s. Article 27.

Production of lead accumulators:

- 1. Powdered emissions with mass flow of 5 g/h and more should not exceed 0,5 mg/m²;
- 2. Concentration of sulfuric acid in gases should not exceed i mg/m^{as}.

Article 28.

Production and packing of preparations for plant ' protection - powdered emissions with mass flow of 25 g/h and more should not exceed 5 mg/m³.

Article 29.

Production of sulphur dioxide, sulphur trioxide, sulfuric acid and oleum:

1. Emission of sulphur dioxide should not exceed 2.6 kg. per ton produced 100% sulfuric acid.

2. Emission of sulphur trioxide should not exceed:

a/ 0,6 kg. per ton sulfuric acid for working installations;

b/ 120 mg/m³ - for new units.

Article 30.

Production of sulphurous products by "Clause process":

1. Emissions of sulphurous campounds, determined as sulphur, in weight percents from the processed quantity of Sulphur per day, should not exceed:

a/ 3% if to 20 t. per day inclusive:

b/ 2% if from 21 to 50 t. per day inclusive;

c/ 5% if over 50 t. per day;
2. After burning of the discharged gas or after other treatment emission of hydrogen sulfide should not exceed 10 mg/m³.

Article 31.

Production of 1,2 dichlorethan and vinilchloride emission of 1,2 dichlorethan as well as the emission of vinilchloride should not exceed 5 ma/m³. Article 32.

Production of polyvinilchloride (PVC)

Emission of vinilchloride should be maximum limited and averagely per month should not exceed 200 mg/m² per kilogram produced polývinilchloride.

Article 33.

burned, emission are process dates When achrylnitral should not exceed 0,2 mq/m²;

2. When process gases are treated by washing, emission of achrylnitril should not exceed 5 mg/m².

Article 34. Processing of crude oil and petroleum and production of petroleum products:

1. Combustible units:

a/ the emission of sulphur oxides is determined according to the formula:

E=El(Tg:Tt)+Ell(Tl:Tt), where

- is a border value during burning of gas - 35 mg/m²; Ell - is a border value for liquid fuel with heat power to $300~\mathrm{MW}-1700~\mathrm{mg/m^3}$; and with heat power over 300~-400mq/m™:

Tg - is the calorific ability of quantity gas fuel per

- is the calorific ability of quantity liquid fuel per hour; hour;

Tt - is the sum of Tg and Tl;

b/ the emission of nitrogen oxides should not exceed 300 mg/m $^{\rm b}$ for new units, and for units that are started to work till the end of 1992 - 700 mg/ms;

c/ emissions refer to 3% volume oxygen content in gases;

2. Depots of crude oil and petroleum products:

a/ preserving of crude oil and petroleum products, which at 20° C have steam pressure over 13 mbar, must be in reservoirs with floating ceilings, in reservoirs with immovable ceilings, connected with the plant's gas camera.

gases from breathing of reservoirs with ь/ immovable ceiling obligatory are led in the plant's gas system when preserved products may discharge I class substances, according to Article 17, and from no matter which class is according to Article 18, or when the expected emissions exceed mass flows listed for the rest classes, according to Article 17;

3. Other emission sources:

a/ the discharged organic gases and vapors should be caught up and led in the plant's gas system from where they are fed to burn, by a torch or by another treatment. These requirements refer to safety (safety value) and draining equipment; to regenerating of catalysts; to repair and cleaning of units; to turn on and off of technological lines; to filling of crude oil; to intermediate and end petroleum products which at 20° C have steam pressure over 13 mbar:

b/ emission of hydrogen sulfide - the dases from sulphur reducing installations and other sources are treated when: volume content of hydrogen sulfide exceeds 0.4%; mass flow of hydrogen sulfide is more than 2 tons per twenty four hours. The emission of treated and non-treated dases should not exceed 10 mg/m³:

c/ treating of process and ballast water - the process and ballast water before discharged in the open system is treated and its cases are reduced. These reduced gases are led to be cleaned or burned.

Article 35.

Production of wooden flatness:

1. Dust emission should not exceed:

a/ 10 mq/m³ after finishers; ...

b/ 50 mg/m² after drying; 2. Emissions of vaporous and gaseous I class organic substances are according to Article 17; in gases after presses should not exceed 0.12 kg/m³ per cubic produced flatnesses.

Article 36.

Painting and polishing of machines, metal and other articles:

1. Gases from painting cameras should not content particles (lacquer particles) more than 3 mg/m². The requirements of Article 17 for I and III class substances are not valid for these gases.

2. Emissions of organic substances in gases from drying cameras, determined as hydrogen carbides, should not exceed 50 mg/m $^{\rm sc}$.

Article 37.

Installations for laying on of cover and printing of textiles and other articles with organic paintings, lacquers and artificial materials:

- 1. Dust emissions should not exceed 5 mg/m $^{\rm s}$ when laying on by squirting, and 15 mg/m $^{\rm s}$ when spraying of powdered substances.
- 2. Emissions of organic substances, determined as hydrogen carbide should not exceed 150 mg/m $^{\circ}$ when more than 10 kg/h solvents are used.
- 3. When water and ethanol of 25% are used as a solvent, the emission of ethanol should not exceed $500 \, \text{mg/m}^3$;
- 4. Emission of organic substances of gases from drying installations, determined as hydrogen carbides, should not exceed $50~\text{mg/m}^3$.

Article 38.

Installations for treating of waste by burning

The concentrations of harmful substances in gases, discharged from installations where solid and other kinds of waste are used as a fuel, should not exceed the values indicated in Application No 7.

Article 39.

When in certain processes and activities are expected emissions of harmful substances, which are not indicated in these standards, the concerned people do the research and offer the Ministry of Environment for approval emission standards for the particular case.

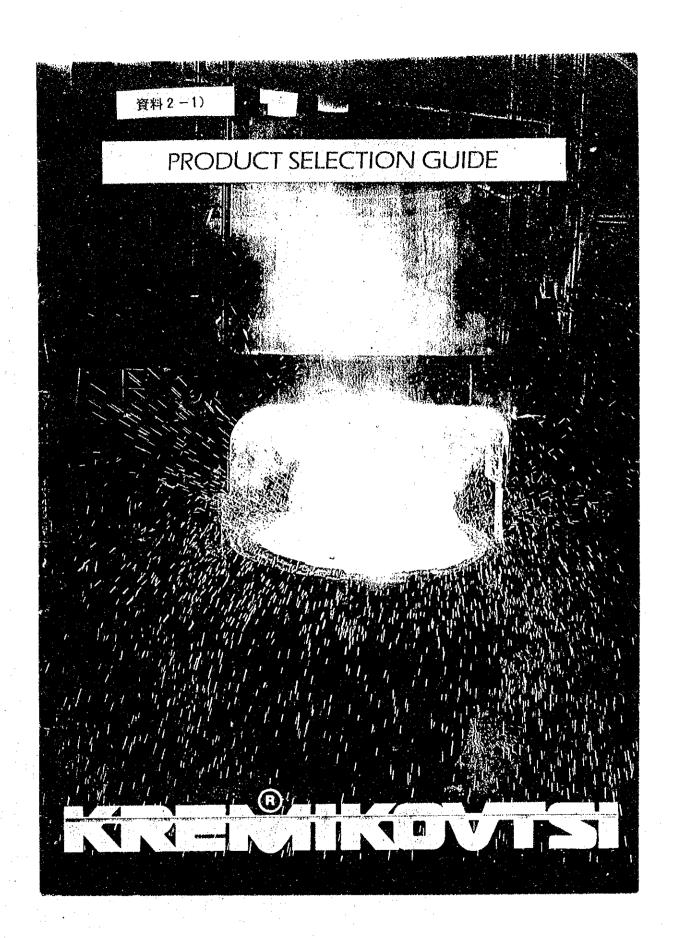
CONCLUDING PROVISIONS

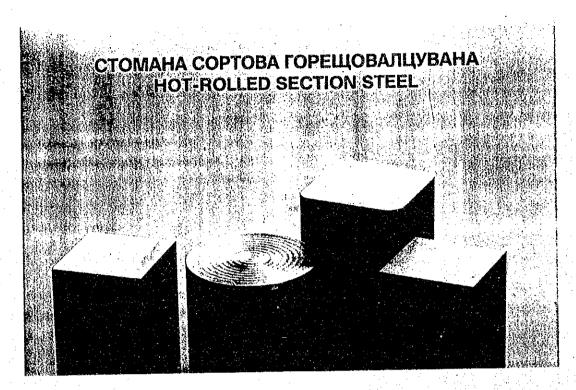
1. The standards are issued on the grounds of Article 4, paragraph 3 from the Regulations for enforcing the Law of air, water and soil protection from pollution. (promulgated in The State Newspaper, 80 issue, 1964, changed and complemented in 1978, 9 issue) and these standards abrogates the Regulation No 1 for the accessible content of harmful substances in gases, discharged in the atmosphere. (State Newspaper, 1986, 7 issue)

2. The standards are co-ordinated with the Ministry of Health by a letter No 04-09-9 from 13 May 1991.

Minister:

D. Vodenicharov





Горещовалцуван полуфабрикат с приложение за производство на изковки, валидрат и непосредствено в машиностроенето, строителството и други.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Пръти с квадратно и кръгло сечение в пачки.

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

а) Стомана конструкционна обикновено качество

БЛС 2592-71	DIN 17100-80
ACT.0	St.33
Ст.1 кп,пс,сп	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Ст.2 кп,пс,сп	St 37-2
БСт.3 кп	USt.37-2
БСт.3 сп	RSt.37-2
БСт.4кп,пс,сп	•
БСт.5пс, сп	- , -:

б) Стомана качествена конструкционна:

БДС 5785-83	DIN 17200-87
10 кп	-
10	C10
20	C22
25	C25
35	C35
45	C45
60	C60

Стомана за топки - *ОН 03353867-86* (за топкови мелници)

A hot-rolled semi-finished product designed for the manufacture of forgings, wire rod and immediate wide-range application in the engineering industry, the building and construction industry and other industries.

DELIVERED IN

Square and round rods in bundles.

STEEL GRADES

a) Structural, ordinary-quality steel

БЛС 2592-71	DIN 17100-80	3
ACT.0	St.33	
Ст.1 кп,пс,сп		
Ст.2 кп,пс,сп	St.37-2	
БСт.3 кп	USt.37-2	
БСт.3 сп	RSt.37-2	
БСт.4кп,пс,сп	•	
ECT.5nc, cn	in the state of th	

b) Structural, high grade steel

BDS 5785-83	DIN 17200-87
10 кп	-
10	C10
20	C22
25	C25
35	C35
.45	C45
60	C60

Steel for balls - OH 03353867-86

в) Стомана "нисколегирана конструкционна:

EJIC 4880-89

DIN 17102-83

1012CAO

OH 3353315-82 09F2 5M

TStE 355

r) Стомана легирана конструкцион-

БДС 6354-85

20X 35X 40X

DIN 17200, 1654-89 34Cr4 DIN 17200, 1654-89 41C/4

30F

18XIT

30XIT -

40XH

40NiCr6 DIN 17200-87

ТЕХНИЧЕСКИ ИЗИСКВАНИЯ

В зависимост от предназначението проката се подразделя на две групи:

- Прокат сортов от въглеродна стомана

обикновено качество БДС 6895-82

1 група - за употреба без обработка на повърхността.

II група - за студена механична обработка.

III група - за гореща обработка под налягане.

Стомана въглеродна качествена конструк-БДС 5785-83

а) За гореща обработка под налягане.

б) Студена механична обработка по цялата повърхност.

в) За студено изтегляне (подкат за калиброване)

РАЗМЕРИ

Стомана кръгла БДС 2638-85

DIN 1013/1-78

Диаметър - 100 - 150 mm

Дължина - 2 - 12 m

Стомана квадратна: БДС 6281-78 DIN 1014/2-78

Страна на квадрата: 80 - 120 mm;

Дължина: 2 - 12 m

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Връзки с тегло до 10 t

c) Structural low-alloy steel

BDS 4880-89

DIN 17102-83 TSIE 355

10Г2САФ

OH 3335515-82

09Г2 БМ

d) Structural alloyed steel

BDS 6354-85

20X

35X 40X 34Cr4 DIN 17200, 1654-89 41Cr4 DIN 17200, 1654-89

30

18XFT

30XIT

40XH

40NiCr6 DIN 17200-87

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

Depending on the application, the rolled products are divided in two groups:

- Rolled sections made of carbon

ordinary-quality steel BDS 6895-82

1st group - for application without surface working

2st group - for cold working

3rd group - for cold working under pressure

- Carbon, high-grade structural steel BDS 5785-83

a) for hot working under pressure

b) for cold working along the entire surface

c) for cold drawing (semi-finished rolled stock for calibrating)

DIMENSIONS

Round steel BDS 2638085

DIN 1013/1-78

Diameter - 100 - 150 mm

Length - 2 - 12 mm Square steel: BDS 6281-78

DIN 1014/2-78

Square side: 80 - 120 mm;

Length: 2 - 12 m

DELIVERED IN

Bundles of up to 10 tweight.

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.

СТОМАНА ЛЕГИРАНА ГОРЕЩОВАЛЦУВАНА ЛИСТОВА HOT ROLLED ALLOYED STEEL SHEET



Горещовалцуваната листова стомана с доброто си качество на повърхността и точност на размерите намира широко приложение във всички промишлени отрасли, както като полуфабрикат за производство на спирални и правошевни тръби така и за непосредствено използване.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Рулони Листове Щрипси

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

БДС 4880-89

<i>БДС 4880-89</i>		Mahan no our
09[2; 09[25; 09	Г2C; 09Г2 <i>Б</i> Ф	
10Г2САФ	TS	1E 355 DIN 17102-83
б) Стомани ле	гирани констр	укционни
БДС 6354-85	Марки по	No на материала
БДС 6742-82	DIN	no DIN
150	15 Mn 3	1.0467
30F	30 Mn 4	1.1146
45F; 50F; 70F	. · · · ·	
60F	60 Mn 3	1.0642
65F	65 Mn 4	1.1240
30XFCA	-	•

а)Стомани нисколегирани конструкционни

в) Стомани нисколегирани конструкционни с повишена устойчивост на атмосферна корозия

БДС 15888-84 Марка по DIN St37-2

Kopar 24 Корат 30

DIN 17100-80

Марки по DIN

Корат 36

г) Стомани листови корозионно устойчиви

Марка по DIN **БДС 6738-72**

БДС 11793-74

X 18 H 9

X 18 H 9 T

X6CrNiTi 18 10

DIN 17440

Due to its good surface quality and precise dimensions, the hot rolled steel finds wide application in all branches of industry both as a semi-finished product for spiral and straight welded pipe production and for immediate application.

FORM OF DELIVERY

Coils Sheets Strips

STEEL GRADES

 a) Low-alloyed construction steels Grades to DIN BDS 4880-89 09F2; 09F2E; 09F2C; 09F2BΦ DIN 17102-83 **TStE 355** 10Г2САФ

b) Alloyed construction steels No of the Grades to DIN BDS 6354-85 BDS 6742-82 material to DIN 15Mn 3 1.0467 150 30Mn 4 1.1146 301 45Γ; 50Γ; 70Γ 1.0642 60Mn 3 60ľ 1.1240 65F 65Mn 4 30ХГСА

c) Low-alloyed construction steels of improved atmospheric corrosion resistance

BDS 15888-84 Grades to DIN

DIN 17100-80 Korat 24 Korat 30 Korat 36

d) Corrosion resistant steel sheets BDS 6738-72 Grade to DIN BDS 11793-74

X 18 H 9 X 18 H 9 T

X6CrNiTi 18 10 DIN 17440 д) Стомани листови за котлостроенето

Марки по DIN БДС 5930-76

18K 16K 1411) НΙΙ

DIN 17155

е)Стомани конструкционни за машиностроенего OH 33-53515-82 09F2E-M

ж) Стомани електротехнически нисковъглеродни

магнитномеки Армко

БДС 10112-72 E 12

DIN 17405

E 10

RFe120 RFe100

РАЗМЕРИ в mm

Листове

Тънколистова Дебелолистова

Рифел 3.0-8.0

2.0-2.8 Дебелина Ширина 600-1500 2000-6000 Дължина

3.0-12.0 600-1500 2000-6000 /8000/

600-1500 2000-6000 /8000/

Височина на рифа

0.2-0.3mm or дебелината на основата на листа, но не помалко от 0.5тт

Допустими

отклонения

DIN 1016-87 DIN 1543-81 DIN 59220-83

БДС 3992-84 БДС 3992-84 БДС 9328-80

Рулони

Дебелина -Ширина - 2.0 - 12.0 600 - 1500 1100 - 1900

Външен диаметър -Вътрешен диаметър -

850 Допустими отклонения БДС 3992-84 DIN 1016-87

Щрипси

Дебелина -

3.0 - 6.0

Ширина

200 - 600

Външен диаметър на рулона -Вътрешен диаметър на рулона - 740

1100 - 1900

Допустими отклонения БДС 3992-84 DIN 1016-87 БДС 5928-85

ДОСТАВНО ТЕГЛО

Пачки

om 5 go 15 t

Рулони

go 15 t

КАЧЕСТВО НА ПОВЪРХНОСТТА

За листове, рулони и щрипси - байцвана, промаслена, непромаслена и необработена.

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

e) Boiler sheet steels

RDS 5930-76

Grade to DIN НШ

18K 16K

HII

DIN 17155

f) Construction steels for machinebuilding

OH 33-53515-82 09Г2Б-М

g) Electric low-carbon magnetically soft steels

BDS 10112-72

DIN 17405

E 12

RFe120

E 10

RFe100

SIZES in mm **Sheets**

Armco

Thin sheets Plates

Corrugated

Thickness Width

Length

height

2.0-2.8 600-1500 2000-6000 3 0-12.0 600-1500 2000-6000

/8000/

3.0-8.0 600-1500 2000-6000 /8000/

Corrugation

0.2-0.3mm of the sheet base thickness but not tess than 0.5mm

Tolerances BDS 3992-84 BDS 3992-84 BDS 9328-80 DIN 1016-87

DIN 1543-81 DIN 59220-83

DIN 1016-87

Coils

Thickness Width

2.0 - 12.0 600 - 1500

OD

1100 - 1900 850

BDS 3992-84 Tolerances to

Strips

Thickness 3.0 - 6.0 200 - 600

Width OD

1100 - 1900

Tolerances to

740 BDS 3992-84

BDS 5928-85

DIN 1016-87

DELIVERED WEIGHT

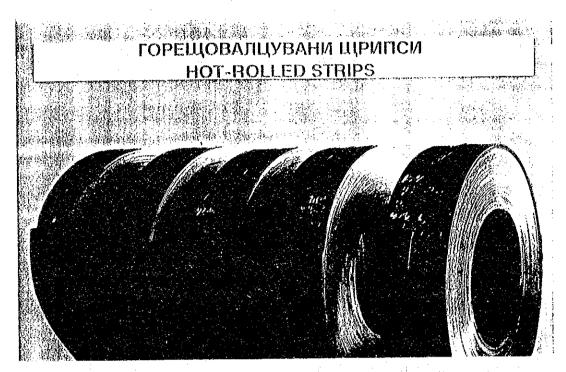
In bundles In coils

Single weight of 5 to 15 t Single weight up to 15 t

SURFACE QUALITY

For sheets, coils and strips - pickled, oiled, not-oiled and untreated.

NOTE: Final delivery conditions agreed upon order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Произвеждат се от стомана горещовалцувана дебелолистова надлъжно нарязана по размер в зависимост от предназначението. Намира приложение в много промишлени отрасли като за пр-во на ел. заварени тръби, въздуховоди, тръби спиралнозаварени и др.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Рулони

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

а) Стомани въглеродни конструкционни - обикн. RAVECTRO

БДС 2592-71 Ст.3кп,сп

DIN 17100-80 USt 37-2, RSt 37-2

б) Стомани въглеродни качествени

конструкционни

БДС 5785-83

Ст.08кп Ct.10

St22 DIN 1614-86/1

C10 DIN 17210-86

РАЗМЕРИ

Дебелина

30-60 mm

Ширина

200 - 600 mm

Вътрешен диам, на рулона 740 mm Външен диам. на рулона 1100 - 1900 mm

Допустими отклонения по:

БДС 3992-84 БДС 5928-85 DIN 1016-87

ДОСТАВНИ ТЕГЛА

Единично тегло на 1 руло - 1.5 - 6.0 t Опаковка - от 3 до 5 рула - до 15 t

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

They are manufactured from hot-rolled thick-sheet steel, cut lengthwise as per a specified size depending on the purpose. Find application in many industries for production of electrical welded pipes, air-piping pipes, spiral welded pipes etc.

FORM OF DELIVERY

Coils

STEEL GRADES

a) Carbon structural, ordinary-quality steels

BDS 2592-71

DIN 17100-80 TS 9-010 Vines 2 USt 37-2, RSt 37-2 50 3B

Ст.3кп,сп

b) Carbon structural, high-grade steels

BDS 5785-83

Ст.08кп

St22 DIN 1614-86/1

C10 DIN 17210-86 CT.10

DIMENSIONS

3.0 - 6.0 mm Thickness

Width

200 - 600 mm

ID

740 mm 1100 - 1900 mm

OD Tolerances to:

BDS 3992-84

DIN 1016-87

BDS 5928-85 **DELIVERED WEIGHT**

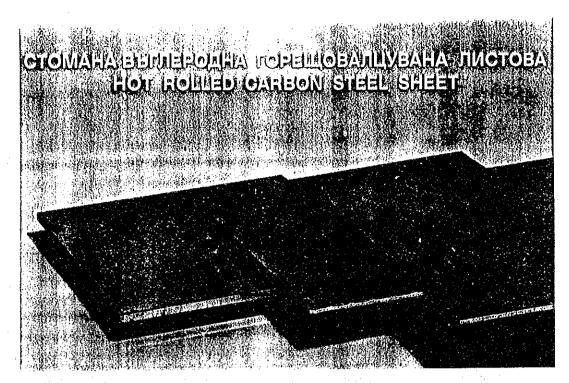
Single coil weight

1.5 - 6.0 t

Bundle - from 3 to 5 coils

up to 15 t

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Горещовалцуваната листова стомана с доброто си качество на повърхността и точност на размерите намира широко приложение във всички промишлени отрасли, както като полуфабрикат за производство на спирални и правошевни тръби, така и за непосредствено използване.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Рулони Листове Щрипси

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

 а) Стомани въглеродни конструкционни обикновено качество

Марка по <i>БДС 2592-71</i>	Марка по <i>DIN 17100-</i>
Ст.0; Ст.1	St.33
Ст.2; Ст.3	St.37.2
Ст.3кп	USt,37-2
Ст.3пс, сп	RSt.37-2
Ст.4; Ст.5пс, сп; Ст.6сп	

б) Стомани въглеродни качествени конструкционни

Марка по <i>БДС 5785-83</i>	Марка по DIN	DIN
1	2	3
08; 08кп; 08пс	St.22, USt.23	1614-86/1
10	C10	17210
15	C15	17210
10кп, пс; 15кп, пс	-	-
20	C55	17200
20кп, 20 пс	•	-
25	C25	17200

Due to its good surface quality and precise dimensions, the hot rolled steel sheet finds wide application in all branches of industry as a semi-finished product for the production of spiral and straight welded pipes and for immediate use.

FORM OF DELIVERY

Coils Sheets Strips

STEEL GRADES

Steel grade to BDS 2592-71 St.grade to DIN 17100-80

Ст.0; Ст.1	St.33
Ст.2; Ст.3	St.37.2
Ст.3кп	USt.37-2
Ст.3пс, сп	RSt.37-2
Ст.4; Ст.5пс, сп; Ст.6сп	

b) Carbon high-grade structural steels

St.grade to BDS 5785-83	St.grade to DIN	DIN
1	2	3
08; 08кп; 08пс	St.22; USt.23	1614-86/1
10	C10	17210
15	C15	17210
10кп, пс; 15кп, пс	-	-
20	C22	17200
20кп, 20 пс	-	-
25	C25	17200

†	2	3	
30	C30	17200	
35	C35	17200	
40	C40	17200	
45	C45	17200	
50	C50	17200	
55	C55	17200	
60	C60	17200	

в) Стомана пистова горещовалцувана за дълбоко изтегляне

Марка по ОН 33-60281-87 Марка по DIN 1614-1/86 RRSt23 RRSt24 ОВЮ

РАЗМЕРИ в mm

- 10				_
	и	CT	nп	P

	Тънко- листова	Дебело- листова	Рифел
Дебелина Ширина Дължина	2.0-2.8 600-1500 2000-6000	3.0-12.0 600-1500 2000-6000	3.0-1.0 700-1500 2000-6000
erioria. Egiptoria		/8000/	/8000/
Височина	· , -	· -	0.2-0.3 mm or
на рифа			дебелината на основата на листа, но не по- малко от 0.5mm

Допустими

отклонения по *БДС 3992-84 БДС 3992-84 БДС 9328-80* DIN 1016-87 DIN 1543-81 БДС 3992-84

DIN 59220-83

Рулони

Дебелина	2.0 - 12.0
Ширина	600 - 1500
Външен диаметър	1100 - 1900
Вътрешен диаметър	<i>850</i>
Лопустими отклонения по	БДС 3992-84 DIN 1016-87

Щрипси

Apanton	
Дебелина	3.0 - 6.0
Ширина	200 - 600
Външен диаметър на рулона	1100 - 1900
Вътрешен диаметър на рулона	740
Допустими отклонения по БДС 3	992-84, DIN 1016-87
	928-85

доставно тегло

Пачки	om 5 go 15 i
Рулони	go 15 t

КАЧЕСТВО НА ПОВЪРХНОСТТА

За листове, рулони и щрипси - байцвана, промаслена, непромаслена и необработена.

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

1	2	3	
30	C30	17200	
35	G35	17200	
40	C40	17200	
45	C45	17200	
50	C50	17200	
55	C55	17200	
60	C60	17200	

c) Hot rolled steel sheets for deep drawing

Grade to DIN 1614-1/86 Grade to OH 33-60281-87 RRSt23 RRSt24

SIZES in mm

Sheets

	Thin sheets	Plates	Corrugated
Thickness	2.0- 2.8	3.0 12.0	3.0-1 0
Width	600-1500	600-1500	700-1500
Length	2000-6000	2000-6000	2000-6000
Longar	2000 0000	/8000/	/8000/
Corrugatio	n -		0.2-0.3 mm of
			the height base
			sheet thick-
* .			ness, but not
			less than 0.5mm
Tolerances			
according to	BDS 3992-84		_
	DIN 1016-87	DIN 1543-81	BDS 3992-84
			DIN 59220-83
Colls	1,000	1 '	
Thickness	2.0	0 - 12.0	
Width	60	0 - 1500	
OD	- 11	00 - 1900	
. ID	85	0	
Tolerances	s to Bl	DS 3992-84	DIN 1016-87
Strips			
Thickness	3 .0	0 - 6.0	
Width	20	00 - 600	
OĎ	- 11	00 - 1900	4 4 7 7
- OI	74	10	

DELIVERED WEIGHT

Tolerances to

Frishirm are	.i Califi
In bundles	from 5 up to 15 t
in coils	up to 15 t

SURFACE QUALITY

For sheets, coils and strips - pickled, oiled, not oiled and untreated.

BDS 3992-84

BDS 5928-85

DIN 1016-87

NOTE: Final delivery conditions as agreed upon order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Полуфабрикат получен от горещовалцуване на квадратна заготовка /кнюпел/ предназначен за последващо изтегляне на телове. Телове за гвоздем и въжета, както и за непосредствено ползване в строителството, машиностроенего и пр.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Кангала и пръти в пачки

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

а) Валипрат об к-во БДС 4633-82

DIN 17100-80, DIN 17140-83 БЛС 2592-71 St 37.2 БСт.0, БСт.1, БСт.2 USt 37.2 БСт.3 от всички степени на откисляване RSt 37.2

б) Валцдрат качествени констр.стомани

OH 33-76234-88 DIN 17200-87 OH 3370784-88 DIN 17140-83 DIN 17111-80 и по БДС 5785-83 споразумение

в) Валидрат за студено изтегляне на тел стоманен заваръчен

DIN 17145-80 OH 3354611-87 38-08A, 38-08FA USD7 Зв-08Г2С, Зв08ГС

10MnSi 5 и по споразумение

Зв-08Г1СТЮ, Зв08Г1С

A semi-finished product produced by hot rolling of a square billet designed for subsequent drawing of wires. wires for nails and ropes as well as for direct usage in the construction and building industry, the engineering industry, etc.

DELIVERED IN

Coils and rods is bundles

STEEL GRADES

a) Wire rod, ordinary - quality BDS 4633-82

DIN 17100-80, DIN 17140-83 BDS 2592-71 St 37.2 БСт.0, БСт.1, USt 37.2 БСт.2, БСт.3 RSt 37.2 from all degrees of deoxidation

b) Wire rod, high-grade structural steel

DIN 17200-87 OH 33-76234-88 OH 3370784-88 DIN 17140-83 DIN 17111-80 and BDS 5785-83 upon agreement

c) Wire rod designed for cold drawing of welding steel

DIN 17145-80 OH 3354611-87 38-08A, 38-08l A USD7

38-08F2C, 3808FC 10MnSi 5 and upon agreement 3B-08F1CTIO, 3B08F1C

г) Стомана за армиране на бетонни конструкции

DIN 17100-80 БДС 2592-71, БДС4758-84 ACT.3, BCT.3 St 37.2 от всички степени на USt 37.2 **RSt 37.2** откисление

д) Стомана ниско въглеродна, студенсизтеглена оребрена за армиране на стоманобетонни конструкции тип Вч-1, ОН 33 81102-87

ACT.3, BCT.3

DIN 488/1,4 **BSt 420S** BSt 500S

БДС 2592-71, ОН 33 81102-87

от всички степени на откисление

РАЗМЕРИ

БДС 4633-82

DIN 1013

DIN 59110 БДС 2638-85

OH 3376234-88 OH 3381102-87

OH 3370784-88

Гладък профил - кангали

Диаметри - Ø6.5; Ø8; Ø10; Ø12 mm

Периодичен студеноуякчен профил - кангали и

Диаметри - номинален - Ø6.5; Ø8; Ø10; Ø12 mm Дължини пръти - 3 m до 12 m по споразумение

ТЕГЛО

Кангали

Пръти (сноп)

go 550 kg по договаряне

ДОПУСТИМИ ОТКЛОНЕНИЯ ПО ДИА-МЕТЪР И ОВАЛНОСТ

Отклонения

от диаметъра ± 0.5 mm от овалността *до 0.5 mm* d) Steel for reinforcement of concrete structures

BDS 2592-71, BDS 4758-84 ACT.3 BCT.3

from all degrees of deoxidation

DIN 17100-80 St 37.2 USt 37.2 RSt 37.2

e) Low-carbon, cold-drawn, ribbed steel, for reinforcement of reinforced concrete structures, type Bu-I, OH 33 81102-87

BDS 2592-71, OH 33 81102-87

ACT.3, BCT.3 from all degrees of deoxidation

DIN 488/1.4 BSt 420S **BSt 500S**

DIMENSIONS

BDS 4622-82

DIN 1013 DIN 59110

BDS 2638-85

OH 3376234-88

OH 3381102-87

OH 3370784-88

Smooth profile - coils

Diameters - Ø6.5: Ø8: Ø10: Ø12 mm

Non-continuous cold-strengthened profile - coils and rods

Dlameters - nominal - Ø6.5; Ø8; Ø10; Ø12 mm Rod lengths - 3 m up to 12 m, upon agreement

WEIGHT

Coils

up to 550 kg upon agreement

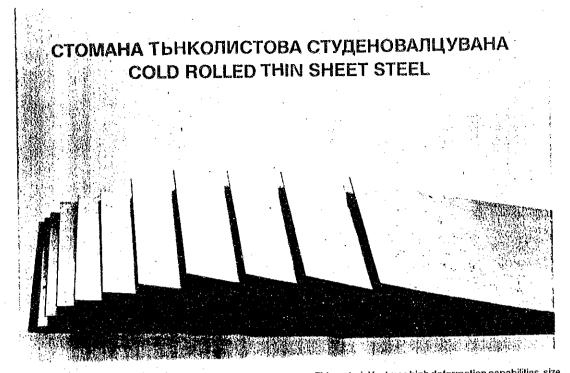
Rods (bundle)

ADMISSIBLE DEVIATIONS IN DIAMETER AND OVALITY

from diameter ± 0.5 mm from ovality up to 0.5 mm

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателнитеусловия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да сеизпълняват поръчки и за други мархи по чуждестранни стандарти.

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Притежава високи качества за деформация, точност на размерите и равномерна повърхнина. Има универсално приложение и се явява като крайно изделие за металургичната промишленост.

This material features high deformation capabilities, size precision and uniform surface. It finds universal application and is a final metallurgical product.

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

а) Студеновалцувани листове и рулони от нелегирани качествени и обикновено качество марки стомана с общо предназначение (използват се като конструкционен материал, включително за нормапно и дълбоко изтегляне) по БДС 4558-86

- качествени

БДС 5785-83 08 08km 08nc DIN 1623-83/1; DIN 1623-86/2,3

St.12; EK-2; ED-3

20 20km 20nc

St 37-2G USt 37-2G

-обикновено качество

по БДС 2592-71

DIN 1623-87/2

(с изключение

St.37-3G St.44-3G

на Ст.5 и Ст.6)

St.37-2 USt.37-2G

б) Листова студеновалцувана от нисковъглеродна качествена стомана за студена щамповка

БДС 11488-83

DIN 1623-83/1,2

О8юА

RRSt.13

08хпА

USt.13

в) Ламарина черна, студено валцувана (черно тенеке)

БДС 5176-75

DIN 1616-84

08кп, 08пс

T50

10km

T52

по БДС 5176-75

STEEL GRADES

a) cold rolled sheets and coils of nonalloyed highquality and ordinary steel grades of general purpose (used as construction material, normal and deep drawing applications included) to BDS 4558-86

- quality

DIN 1623-83/1; DIN 1623-86/2,3

BDS 5785-83 08 08kn 08nc

St.12; EK-2; ED-3

20 20кп 20пс

St.37-2

-ordinary quality

to BDS 2592-71

DIN 1623-87/2

(with the exception

St.37-3G St.44-3G

of Cr.5 and Cr.6)

St.37-2 USt.37-2G

b) Cold rolled sheets of low-carbon high-grade steel for cold stamping

BDS 11488-83

DIN 1623-83/1,2

Аок 80 08кпА RRSt.13 USt.13

c) Black plate, cold rolled

BDS 5176-75

DIN 1616-84

08кп,08пс Чл-1 ⋅ 10km

T50 T52

to BDS 5176-75

4n-2 08kn, 08nc

10km

T57 T61, T65

от Т50 до Т70

по БДС 5785

по БДС 5785

и Ст.1кп по *БДС 2592*

08kn, 08nc 411-2 10kn

4л-3

SIZES

Sheets

Thickness

Thickness

Format

Coils

Width

Coil ID

Bundle weight

Bundle weight

BDS 6903-83

Thickness

Coil weight

Tolerances to:

SURFACE CONDITION

GL - Bright BDS 5176-75

BDS 6903-83

BDS 5176

M Dull

DIN 1623-83

Width

Length

T57 T61, T65

0.5 - 2.5 mm

up to 5.0 t

up to 1.5 t

720 - 1250 mm

0.22 - 0.5 mm

0.5 - 2.5 mm

DIN 1541-75

DIN 1616-78

720 - 1250 mm

Ø300 and Ø600 mm

up to 10 t and as agreed upon

2000, 2500, 3018 mm

512/712 and as agreed upon

to BDS 5785

to BDS 5785 and CT.1KI to BDS 2592

BDS 6903-83; DIN 1541-75

BDS 5176-75; DIN 1616-78

from T50 to T70

РАЗМЕРИ

Чл-3

Листове

БЛС 6903-83: DIN 1541-75

Дебелина

0.5 - 2.5 mm 720 - 1250 mm

Широчина Льлжина

2000, 2500, 3018 mm

. Тегло на пакета

go 5.0 t

БДС 5176-75; DIN 1616-78

Дебелина

0.22 - 0.5 mm

Формат

512/712 и по споразумение

Тегло на пакета

ao 1.5 t

Рулони

БДС 6903-83

Дебелина

0.5 - 2.5 mm

Широчина

720 - 1250 mm

Вътрешен диаметър

Ø300 u Ø600 mm go 10 t и по споразумение

на рулона Тегло на рулона

Допуски съгласно:

DIN 1541-75

БДС 6903-83 БДС 5176

DIN 1616-78

СЪСТОЯНИЕ НА ПОВЪРХНОСТТА

ГЛ - гланцова - *БДС 5176-75*

М - матова

Г - грапава - *БДС 4558-86, БДС 11488-83*

DIN 1623-83

КАЧЕСТВО НА ПОВЪРХНОСТТА

DIN 1623-83/1

II група -

високо к-во

БДС 4558-86

GR.03

III група -

повищено к-во

БДС 11488-83

GR.03 I K-BO DIN 1616-78

Чл-1; Чл-2 Чл-3

БДС 5176-75 БДС 5176-75

II K-BO DIN 1616-78

High quality

SURFACE QUALITY

BDS 4558-86

G - Rough BDS 4558-86, BDS 11488-83

Gr.03

DIN 1623-83/1

II Group -

III Group -

Improved quality BDS 11488-83 Gr.03

Чл-1, Чл-2

BDS 5176-75 | I qual, DIN 1616-78

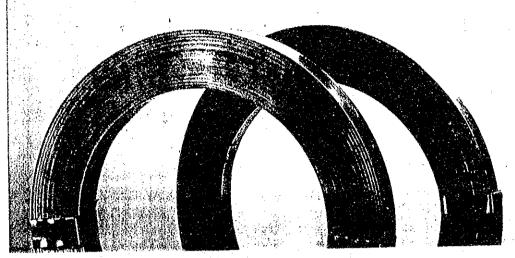
Чл-3

BDS 5176-75 II qual. DIN 1616-78

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателнитеусловия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да сеизпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

NOTE: Final delivery conditions as agreed upon order.Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.

TIENTA CTOMALENA CTUBERCBAJILIVBAMA COLD-ROLLED STEEL STRIP



Произвежда се от стомана студеновалцувана тънколистна, надлъжно нарязана по размер в зависимост от предназначението на лентата. Намира приложение почти във всички промишлени отрасли за опаковка, брониране на кабели, атрактивни и строителни материали и др., включително за дълбоко и нормално изтегляне.

ФОРМИ НА ДОСТАВКА

Рулони (Рула)

КЛАСИФИКАЦИЯ

а) По качество на повърхността

БДС 15018-80 DIN 1623/1 1 група - високо качество 0.5 11 група - повишено качество 0.3 11 група - обикновено качество

б) По изтегляемост

БДС 15018-80

За нормално изтегляне (Н) Сложно изтегляне (С) Дълбоко изтегляне (Д) Особено дълбоко изтегляне (ОД)

в) По точност на изработване

БДС 15018-80

DIN 1623-83/1

Повишена точност (П) Обикновена точност (О)

г) По състояние на материала

БДС 15018-80 Особено мека (ОМ); Мека (М); Полутвърда (ПТ); Твърда (П); Особено твърда (ОТ). It is manufactured from cold-rolled thin-sheet steel, cut lengthwise as per a specified size depending on the purpose of the strip. It is used in almost all industries for packing, cables armouring, attractive and building materials, etc., including for deep and normal drawing.

DELIVERED IN

Coils (Rolls)

CLASSIFICATION

a) As per surface quality

BDS 15018-80 DIN 1623/1
1st group - high quality 0.5
2nd group - increased quality 0.3
3rd group - ordinary quality

b) As per drawability

For normal drawing (H)
Complex drawing (C)
Deep drawing (Д)
Particularly deep drawing (ОД)

c) As per precision of manufacture

BDS 15018-80

BDS 15018-80

Increased precision (II) Ordinary precision (O)

d) As per condition of materials

BDS 15018-80 DIN 1623-83/1
Particularly soft (OM); Soft (M);
Semi-hard (TT); Hard (T);
Particularly hard (OT).

Състояние			свойства properties		
на материала Condition of	Марка стомана Steel grade	Якост на опън, Tensile strength,	ны, не по-малко от nsile Specific elongation,%		
material		N/mm²	до 1.5 max 1.5	1.5 - 2.0 1.5 - 2.0	над 2.0 over 2.0
OM .	08кп; 08пс; 10кп	250-400	23	26	30
M	08кп; 10кп; 08пс	300-450	17	18	20
пт	10nc; 08; 10	350-500	7	9	10
Ť		420-600		не се определя not determined	4
ОТ	08кп; 10кп; 08пс 10пс; 08; 10	500-800		не се определя not determined	
	Ст.1кп, Ст.2кп, Ст.3кп.				

РАЗМЕРИ

БДС 15018-80

DIN 1541-75

Дебелина - 0.22 - 2.5 mm

Ширина - 10 - 500 mm

Вътрешен диамегър на рулона - 300 - 600 mm

доставни тегла

Пакет от рупа - до 5 г

DIMENSIONS

BDS 15018-80

DIN 1541-75

Tickness - 0.22 - 2.5 mm

Width - 10 - 500 mm

Internal diameter of coil - 300 - 600 mm

DELIVERED IN WEIGHTS OF

Bundle of coils - up to 5 t

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателнитеусловия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Полуфабрикат от студеновалцувана тънколистна стоманена лента със защитно двустранно калаено електролитно покритие предназначена за производство на метални опаковки и други цели.

A semi-finished product made of a cold-rolled thin sheet steel strip with a protective two-side tin electrolytic coating, designed for manufacture of metallic packings and other purposes.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Пачки

МАТЕРИАЛ ЗА ОСНОВА

- а) Студеновалцувана нисковъглеродна стомана DIN 1623-83 по БДС 5785-83 6) Калаено покритие по *БДС 6858-82 DIN 1616-84*

EN 145

МАСА НА ПОКРИТИЕТО - g/m²

Клас	Номинална	Стр.А/Стр.Б	Минимална
1	5.6	2.8/2.8	4.9
i	11.2	5.6/5.6	10.5
m	16.8	8.4/8.4	15.7
. iv	22.4	11.2/11.2	20.2
iΧ	8.4	5.6/2.8	4.75/2.25
x	11.2	8.4/2.8	7.85/2.25
ΧI	14.0	8,4/5.6	7.85/4.75
XII	14.0	11.2/2.8	10.1/2.25
XIII	16.8	11.2/5.6	10.1/4.75

DELIVERED IN

Bundles

MATERIAL USED AS BASIS

a) Cold-rolled low-carbon steel as per DIN 1623-83 BDS 5785-83 DIN 1616-84 b) Tin coating as per BDS 6858-82 EN 145

WEIGHT OF COATING - g/m²

Nominal	Side A/side B	Minimum
5.6	2.8/2.8	4.9
	5.6/5.6	10.5
	8.4/8.4	15.7
	11.2/11.2	20.2
	5.6/2.8	4,75/2.25
*	8.4/2.8	7.85/2.25
	8.4/5.6	7,85/4,75
14.0	11.2/2.8	10.1/2.25
16.8	11,2/5.6	10.1/4.75
	5.6 11.2 16.8 22.4 8.4 11.2 14.0	5.6 2.8/2.8 11.2 5.6/5.6 16.8 8.4/8.4 22.4 11.2/11.2 8.4 5.6/2.8 11.2 8.4/2.8 14.0 8.4/5.6 14.0 11.2/2.8

РАЗМЕРИ - БДС 6858-82

а) Дебелина - 0.22; 0.24; 0.25; 0.26; 0.28; 0.30; 0.32; 0.36 mm

6) Формат - 537/694; 512/712; 620/ 724; 720/ 752; 535/765: 650/765; 650/778; 550/790; 720/730

Допускат се и други размери по споразумение.

Рулони - доставка по споразумение

ДОПУСТИМИ ОТКЛОНЕНИЯ

Дебелина на листа, тт	Отклонения, <i>mm</i>
0.22; 0.24; 0.26; 0.28	+0.01
	- 0.02
0.30; 0.32; 0.36	± 0.02

Дължини и ширини - по споразумение.

ТВЪРДОСТ

Степен	По Роквел скала HRT 30
	с диамантена подложка
Α	48 - 56
В	54 - 61
C	57 - 65
Д	66 - 73

Изтегляемост по Ериксен БДС 6858-82.

ДОСТАВНИ ТЕГЛА

Пачки с тегло от $800 - 1150 \ kg$ в зависимост от формата.

Възможност за маса на пакета до 1500 kg при дължина на листите над 800 mm.

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да сеизпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

DIMENSIONS - BDS 6858-82

a) Thickness - 0.22; 0.24; 0.25; 0.26; 0.28; 0.30; 0.32; 0.36 mm

b) Format - 537/694; 512/712; 620/ 724; 720/ 752; 535/765; 650/765; 650/778; 550/790; 720/730.

Other dimensions are also provided upon agreement.

Coils - delivery upon agreement.

PERMISSIBLE DEVIATIONS

Deviations, mm
+0.01
- 0.02
±0.02

Lengths and widths - upon agreement.

HARDNESS

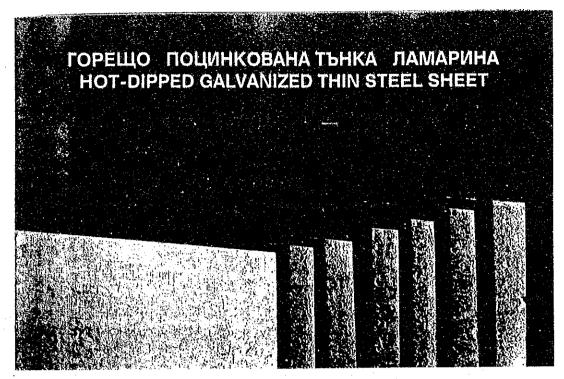
Degree	Under Rockwell scale HRT 30 with diamond pad
	with diamond pad
· A	48 - 56
В	54 - 61
С	57 - 65
D	66 - 73

Erichsen cupping - BDS 6858-82.

DELIVERED IN WEIGHTS OF

Bundles - $800 - 1150 \, kg$ depending on the form. Possibility for weight of the bundle up to $1500 \, kg$ at sheet length exceeding $800 \, mm$.

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Горещо поцинкованата тънка ламарина предлага добра антикорозийна защита и по този начин осигурява висока продължителност на живот на крайното изделие.

Тази ламарина се обработва лесно и може в съответствие със специфичните си качества да се пресова, щанцова, изтегля, профилира, да се заварява точково и релефно, да се запоява и преъва.

The hot-dipped galvanized thin sheet offers good corrosion protection and thus ensures a long service life of the final product.

This sheet is easy for treatment and depending on its specific properties it can be pressed, stamped, drawn, profiled, spot and relief welded, soldered and bent.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Рулони Листове

FORM OF DELIVERY

Coils Sheets

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

STEEL GRADES

To BDS 2592-71 DIN 17162 part 1
(C contents up to 0.22) St.02Z St.01Z
Grades as per BDS 4558-86 St.03Z St.04Z
Grades as per BDS 11488-83

Клас на цинковото покритие - g/m²

БДС 4626-87 100; 200; 275; 350; 450; 600 DIN 17162-77

Zinc coating class - g/m²

BDS 4626-87 100; 200; 275; 350; 450; 600 DIN 17162-77

Вид на покритието

БДС 4626-87 Z; ZM; ZE

DIN 17162-77 N; M; S BDS 4626-87 Z; ZM; ZE

Surface quality

Type of coating

DIN 17162-77 N; M; S

Качество на повърхността

БДС 4626-87 Група А; Група Б. DIN 17162-77 A; B BDS 4626-87 Group A; Group B

Surface treatment

passivated, oiled.)

DIN 17162-77 A;B

Обработка на повърхността

БДС 4626-87 (По искане на потребителя пасивирана, смазана.)

DIN 17162-77

BDS 4626-87 (According to customer requirement -

DIN 17162-77

РАЗМЕРИ И ТОЛЕРАНСИ БДС 4626-87

DIN 17162-77 DIN 59232-78 SIZES AND TOLERANCES

BDS 4626-87

DIN 17162-77 DIN 59232-78

Листове

Дебелина -Ширина Дължина

0.5 - 1.5 mm 700 - 1250 mm 2000 mm

Sheets

Width

Length

0.5 - 1.5 mm Thickness -700 - 1250 mm 2000 mm

Рулони

0.5 - 1.5 mm Дебелина -700 - 1250 mm Ширина -Вътрешен диаметър - 600 mm

Coils

Thickness -0.5 - 1.5 mm Width 700 - 1250 mm 600 mm ID

ВИД НА ДОСТАВКА

Пачки - *тегло до 5 t* Рулони - тегло до 10 t Други тегла по споразумение.

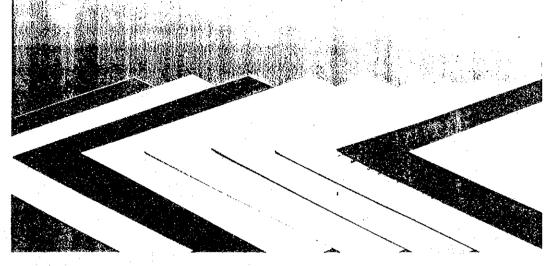
TYPE OF DELIVERY

In bundles - single weight of up to 5 t In coils - single weight of up to 10 t Other weights upon agreement.

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

NOTE: Final delivery conditions as agreed upon order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer.

ЛАМАРИНА СТОМАНЕНА С ОРГАНИЧНИ ПОКРИТИЯ (МЕТАЛОПЛАСТ) STEEL SHEET WITH ORGANIC COATING



Студеновалцувана черна и горещопоцинкована ламарина (рулони и лист) покрита с различно оцветени покрития, нанесени по непрекъснат валцов метал "коил кооминг" или чрез лиминиране на готово пластмасово фолио. Мегалопластът е предназначен за изработване на профили, панели, конструкции, табла, корпуси на уреди, за търговско обзавеждане и

Cold-rolled black and hot galvanized sheet (in coils and cut-to-length), coated with coatings of different colours continuously or by lamination of prefabricated plastic foil. This material is designed for manufacture of profiles, panels, structures, boards, instrument frames, commercial furnishing, etc.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Лист Рулони

FORM OF DELIVERY

Sheets Coils

КЛАСИФИКАЦИЯ

По метална основа

- стоманена *БДС 2592-71*

DIN 17100

БДС 4558-78

DIN 1623-83 yacm 1

- стоманена поцинкована

БДС 4626-87 DIN 17162

CLASSIFICATION

According to the Metal Base

- Steel

BDS 2592-71 DIN 17100

BD\$ 4558-78 DIN 1623-83, part 1

- Steel galvanized

BDS 4626-87 DIN 17162

По вида на покритието

OH 3373296-88

Евронорма 169/85

Лаково(Л); Органозолно(О); Пластизолно(П); Фолио(Ф)

According to the type of coating

Industrial standart OH3373296-88

Euronorm 169/85

Lacquered (L); Organosolic (O);

Plasticsolic (P); Folio (F).

По броя на защитените с окончателно покритие страни

ОН 3373296-88 Едностранно (Л,О,П и Ф) Двустранно (Л,О и П)

По качество на повърхността

ОН 3373296-88 І група - високо качество (Л,О,П и Ф) ІІ група - обикновено качество (Л,О,П и Ф)

По вида на повърхността

ОН 3373296-88 Гладка (Г) Релефна (Р)

По начин на преработка

ОН 3373296-88 За щамповка - нормално (Н), дълбоко (Д) За профилиране За рязане

По цвят - каталог RAL

OH 3373296-88

По стелен на сцепление

OH 3373296-88 m. 4.10

РАЗМЕРИ

БДС 6903-83 DIN 59232-78 БДС 4626-87 DIN 17162-77

Лист

Дебелина - 0.4 - 1.5 mm Ширина - 750 - 1250 mm Дължина - go 5000 mm

Рупон

Дебелина - 0.4 - 1.5 mm Ширина - 750 - 1250 mm Вътрешен диаметър - 600 mm

ДОСТАВНИ ТЕГЛА

Листове (пачки) go 5 t Рулони go 5 t

According to the sides protected by final coating

OH 3373296-88 Single-sided (L,O,P and F) Double-sided (L,O and P)

According to surface quality

OH 3373296-88
Group I - High quality (L,O,P and F)
Group II - Ordinary quality (L,O,P and F)

According to the surface

OH 3373296-88 Smooth (S) Relief (R)

According to treatment

OH 3373296-88
For stamping - normal (N), deep (D)
For profiling
For cutting

According to colour - Catalogue RAL

OH 3373296-88

According to degree of adhesion

OH 3373296-88 i.4.10

SIZES

BDS 6903-83 DIN 59232-78 BDS 4626-87 DIN 17162-77

Sheets

Thickness 0.4 - 1.5 mm

Width 750 - 1250 mm

Length up to 5000 mm

Colls

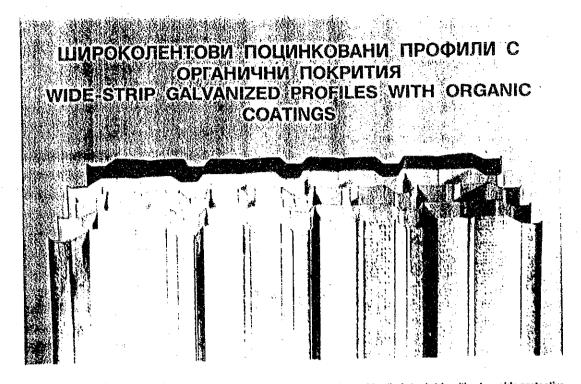
Thickness 0.4 -1.5 mm Width 750 - 1250 mm ID 600 mm

DELIVERED WEIGHTS

In bundles up to 5 t single weight up to 5 t single weight

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката.

NOTE: Final delivery conditions as agreed upon order.



Това е студеновалцувана стоманена лента с двустранно защитно цинково покритие с или без органично покритие (металопласт).

This is a cold-rolled steel strip with a two-side protective zinc coating with or without organic coating (metal-base laminate). The profiling depends on the purpose of the profile.

МАТЕРИАЛ ЗА ОСНОВА

а) Студеновалцу-БДС 4558-86 DIN 1623-1 вана ламарина

б) Горещопоцинко-

DIN 17162-77 вана ламарина БДС 4626-87

MATERIAL USED AS BASIS

a) Cold-rolled

steel sheet

DIN 1623-1 BDS 4558-86

b) Hot-rolled steel sheet

BDS 4626-87 DIN 17162-77

КЛАСИФИКАЦИЯ - *ОН 3365752-74*

а) По вида на покритието

DIN 17162-77 БДС 4626-87 Гр.А - цинково

ГР.Б - органично OH 3373296-88 EN 169-85

CLASSIFICATION - OH 3365752-74

a) By the type of coating

Gr.A - zinc

BDS 4626-87

DIN 17162-77

Gr.B - organic

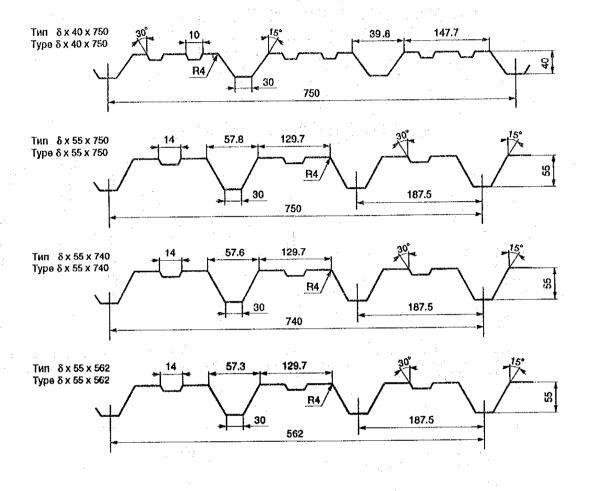
OH 3373296-88 EN 169-85

ТИПОВЕ И РАЗМЕРИ

Тип профил Дебелина Ширина Дължина δ x 32 x 830 0.55-1.5 mm 830-930 mm 500-2000 mm 1500-15000 mm 750 mm δ x 40 x 750 0.6-1.5 mm 1500-15000 mm 750 mm 8 x 55 x 750 0.6-1.5 mm 1500-15000 mm δ x 55 x 740 0.6-1.5 mm 740 mm 1500-15000 mm δ x 55 x 562 0.6-1.5 mm 562 mm

TYPES AND DIMENSIONS

Type of profi	le Thicknes	s Width	Length
δ x 32 x 830	0.55-1.5 mm	830-930 mm	500-2000 mm
δ x 40 x 750	0.6-1.5 mm	750 mm	1500-15000 mm
δ <i>x 55 x 750</i>		750 mm	1500-15000 mm
δ <i>x 55 x 740</i>	0.6-1.5 mm	740 mm	1500-15000 mm
δ x 55 x 562	0.6-1.5 mm	562 mm	1500-15000 mm



Цветове на покритието

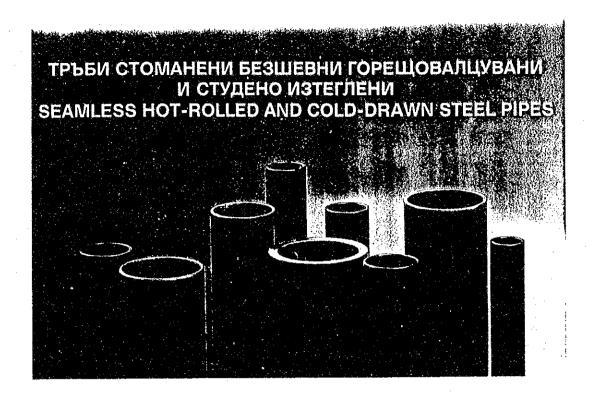
Каталог RAL ОН 3373296-88

Coating colours

RAL catalogue OH 3373296-88

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката.

NOTE: The final terms of delivery as agreed upon order.



Горещовалцувани безшевни стоманени тръби както и последствено изтеглени такива от въглеродни и легирани марки стомани намиращи приложение в тръбопроводни, газопроводни инсталации, метални конструкции и други

The seamless hot-rolled steel pipes as well as such ones being subsequently cold-drawn from carbon and alloyed steel grades are used in piping, gas-piping installations, metal structures, etc.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Връзка (пакети)

МАРКИ СТОМАНА

а) Стомана качествена конструкционна

БДС 5785-83 (Безшевни горещо валцувани)

	Mapкa по DIN	
Ст.10	RSt37.0	DIN1629-84
Ст.20	RSt44.0	DIN1629-84
M35	C - 35	DIN17200-87

б) Стомана легирана конструкцион-

на

БДС 6354-85 (Безшевни горещовалцувани)

DELIVERED IN

Bundles (packs)

STEEL GRADES

a) High-grade structural steel

BDS 5785-83 (seamless, hot-rolled)

	Grade as per DI	N
Ст.10	RSt37,0	DIN1629-84
Ст.20	RSt44,0	DIN1629-84
M35	C - 35	DIN17200-87

b) Alloyed structural steel

BDS 6354-85 (seamless, hot-rolled)

Марка по DIN

20X 40X

41Cr4 DIN17200, DIN1654

30XCA

РАЗМЕРИ

БДС 6007-80

4.0 - 12.0 m

Дължини: номинална

Grade as per DIN

20X 40X 30XCA

DIN17200, DIN1654 41Cr4

DIMENSIONS

BDS 6007-80

DIN 2448-81

Lengths: nominal

4.0 - 12.0 m

6.0 - 12.0 m

а) Безшевни горещовалцувани тръби

БДС 6007-80 БДС 6111-80 DIN 2448-81

DIN 2448-81

6.0 - 12.0 m

DIN 1629-84

Външен пиаметър - от 50 до 156 тт Дебелина на стената - om 4 go 25 mm Допустими отклонения от диаметъра и дебелината на стената по БДС 6007-80 DIN 1629-84 DIN 2448-81

б) Студено изтеглени тръби

БДС 6057-81

DIN 2448-81

БДС 6175-82

- om 38 go 76 mm Външен диаметър Дебелина на стената - om 2.0 go 6.0 mm Допустими отклонения от диаметъра и дебели-. БДС 6057-81 DIN 1629-84 ната на стената

DIN 2448-81

a) Seamless hot-rolled pipes

alloyedetal

BDS 6007-80 BDS 6111-80

DIN 2448-81 DIN 1629-84

Outer diameter - from 50 up to 156 mm Wall thickness - from 4 up to 25 mm

Permissible deviations from diameter and wall thickness - as per BDS 6007-80 DIN 1629-84

DIN 2448-81

b) Cold-drawn pipes

BDS 6057-81

DIN 2448-81

BDS 6175-82

Outer diameter - from 38 up to 76 mm Wall thickness - from 2.0 up to 6.0 mm Permissible deviations from diameter and wall BDS 6057-81 DIN 1629-84 thickness - as per

DIN 2448-81

ДОСТАВНИ ТЕГЛА

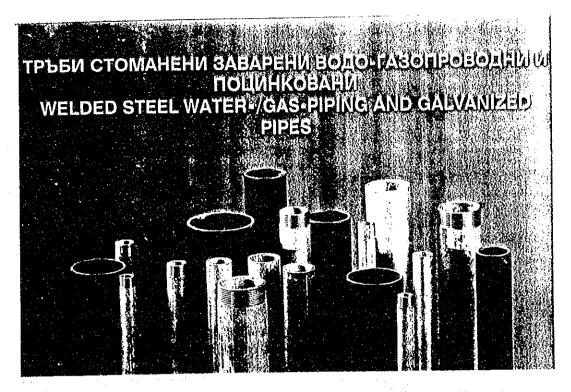
На връзки - 5 t

DELIVERED IN

Bundles of 5 t

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Стоманени електрозаварни тръби черни и поцинковани, обикновени и усилени са предназначени за водопроводни, газопроводни и отоплителни инсталации.

ФОРМА НА ДОСТАВКА

Връзки

МАТЕРИАЛ ЗА ОСНОВА

ГВ стоманена лента

а) Стомана конструкционна обикновено качество

БДС 2592-71 АСт.1, БСт.1кп	<i>DIN 17100-8</i> US(37-0
АСт.3	•
ECT.2KN*	
БСт.3кп*	
ВСт.2кп	USt.37-2
ВСт 3кп	

б) Стомана качествена конструкционна

БДС 5785-83	DIN 1626-84
10кп	•
15	RSt37-0
15кп	USt37-0
20*	RSt44-0
20кп. 20пс	1.4

^{*} Най-използваната марка стомана за пр-во на тръби във фирмата.

The electrically welded steel pipes, black and galvanized, ordinary and steingthened, are designed for water-piping, gas-piping and heating installations.

DELIVERED IN

Bundles

MATERIAL USED AS BASIS

Hot-rolled steel strip

a) Structural, ordinary-quality steel

BDS 2592-71 АСт.1, БСт.1кп	DIN 1626-84 USt37-0
АСт.3	
БСт.2кп*	
БСт.3кп*	
ВСт.2кп*	USt 37-2
ВСт.3кп	

b) Structural, high-grade steel

BDS 5785-83	DIN 1626-8
10кп	•
15	RSI37-0
15кп	USt37-0
20*	RSt44-0
20ка 20пс	

^{*} The most often used steel grade for production of pipes by the Company.

ТЕХНИЧЕСКИ ИЗИСКВАНИЯ ЗА ТРЪБИ

БДС 738-85 БДС 6120-84 DIN 2444 DIN 2440 DIN 1626

цинково покритие

Пльтно по цялата вътрешна и външна повърхност с дебелина, не по-малка от 30 µm.

РАЗМЕРИ

Дължина

- неопрецелена - *om 4.0 go 12.0 m* (обикновено *7.8 m* ± 100 mm)

Диаметри и дебелина на стената

 а) За тръби стоманени правошевни с общо предназначение

- произвеждани профилоразмери: *Ø57 x 3 mm, Ø57 x 3.5 mm, Ø57 x 4 mm; Ø63.5 x 2.5 mm; Ø85 x 3 mm; Ø 89 x 3 mm Ø 89 x 3.5 mm, Ø 89 x 4 mm*

- допустими отклонения по БДС 6360-80

б) За тръби стоманени заварени за тръбно скеле

- произвеждани профилоразмери Ø48 x 3.5 mm

- допустими отклонения по *БДС 8585-71*

в) За тръби електрозаварени водо-газопроводни горещоредуцирани - 1/2" go 2 1/2" /15-70 mm/

- условен отвор

нередуцирани - 3" и 4" /80 - 100 mm/

- външен диаметър - от 21.3 mm go 114.3 mm

- дебелина на стената

обикновени - 2.6 - 4.5 mm

усилени - 3.2 - 5.4 mm

леки - 2.3 - 4 mm

Допустими отклонения по *БДС738-85 DIN 1626-84* Технически условия за доставка по

БДС 6120-84 DIN 1626-84 БДС 738-85 DIN 2440-78 БДС 8585-71

ДОСТАВНИ ТЕГЛА

Връзки с маса до *5 t*Изисквания към цинковото покритие *БДС 738-85*

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS TO PIPES

BDS 738-85 BDS 6120-84 DIN 2444 DIN 2440 DIN 1626

ZINC COATING

Dense, upon the entire inside and outside surface, with a thickness not less than 30 μm .

DIMENSIONS

Length:

- undetermined - from 4.0 up to 12.0 m (usually 7.8 m ± 100 mm)

Diameters and wall thickness

a) for steel, straight-seam, general-purpose pipes

- profile dimensions produced: Ø57 x 3 mm; Ø57 x 3.5 mm; Ø57 x 4 mm, Ø63.5 x 2.5 mm, Ø85 x 3 mm, Ø89 x 3 mm Ø89 x 3.5 mm, Ø89 x 4 mm

- permissible deviations as per BDS 6360-80

b) for steel welded pipes for tubular scaffold

- profile dimensions produced Ø48 x 3.5 mm

- permissible deviations as per BDS 8585-71

c) for electrically welded water-/gas-piping pipes: hot-reduced - 1/2" to 2 1/2" (15 - 70 mm)

- conditional opening

unreduced - 3" and 4" (80 - 100 mm)

- outer diameter - from 21.3 up to 114.3 mm

wall thickness

ordinary pipes - 2.6 - 4.5 mm strengthened pipes - 3.2 - 5.4 mm ligth: - 2.3 - 4 mm

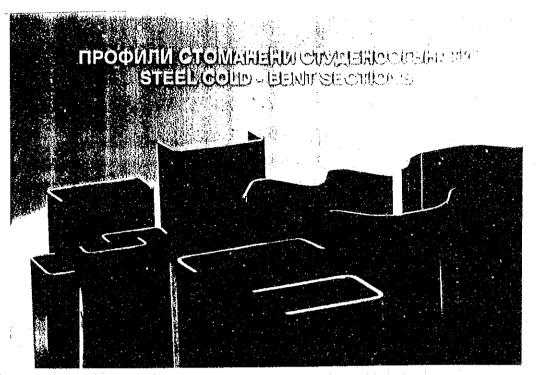
Permissible deviations as per BDS738-85 DIN 1626-84 Technical conditions for delivery as per:

> BDS 6120-84 DIN 1626-84 BDS 738-85 DIN 2440-78 BDS 8585-71

DELIVERED IN WEIGHTS OF:

Bundles of up to 5 tweight Requirements to the zinc coating BDS 738-85

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.



Това е студеноогъната стоманена лента (щрипс) на ролков стан. Точността на размерите и качеството на производство ги прави приложими в много промишлени отрасли главно, като метални конструкции.

1. МАРКИ СТОМАНА

а) Стомана конструкционна обикновено качество

БДС 2592-71	DIN 17100-8
Ст.1кп	St 33
Ст.2кп	St 37-2
Ст Зкп	USt 37-2
Ст.3сп	RSt 37-2

б) Стомана конструкционна качествена

БДС 5785-83	DIN 17200, 17210-86
Ct.08	· •
Ст.10	C10
Ст.20	C22

This is a steel strip cold-bent on a roll mill. The precision of dimensions and the manufacturing quality make them applicable in many industries and mainly, as metal structures.

1.STEEL GRADES

a) Structural, ordinary-quality steel

DIN 17100-80 St 33		
St 37-2		
USt 37-2 BSt 37-2		

b) Structural, high-grade steel BDS 5785-83 DIN 17200, 17210-86

000 0700.00	Direction
Ст.08	•
Ст.10	C10
C1.20	C22

2.РАЗМЕРИ

БДС 8111-89 DIN 59413-76

2.DIMENSIONS

BDS 8111-89 DIN 59413-76

All Admin II	بالمرد	. 0.,, 00 2	,				
	Размери, mm Dimensions, mm			Размери, mm Dimensions, mm		Забележка	
	h	b	s	h	b	\$	Remark
h	100	40 50 60 80	3.0-5.0 3.0-5.0 3.0-4.0 3.0-5.0	180	80 100	4,0-6.0 5.0-6.0	Допуска се про- изводство и с други размери, съгласува- ни между производи-
	120	50 60 80	4.0-6.0 4.0-6.0 4.0-5.0	200	80 100	4.0-6.0	теля и потребителя. It is allowed to output
<u>b</u>	140	60 60	4.0-5.0 4.0-5.0 4.0-5.0	250	60	4.0-6.0	products with other di- mensions agreed upon between the producer and the customer.
	160	60	4.0-5.0				and the customer.

3. КОРИТООБРАЗНИ ПРОФИЛИ - ОЛУЦИ ЗА ОРАНЖЕРИИ

БДС 10696-73

4. ПРОФИЛИ ЗА КРАЙПЪТНИ ОГРАДИ

OH 3372746-81

5. ДОПУСТИМИ ОТКЛОНЕНИЯ ПО ШИ-РИНА И ВИСОЧИНА НА ПРОФИЛА (h и b)

go 50 mm - ± 1 mm 50-100 mm - ± 1.5 mm над 100 mm - ± 2.5 mm

6. ДОПУСТИМИ ОТКЛОНЕНИ ОТ ПРА-ВИЯ ЪГЪЛ ПРИ ШИРИНА (b)

b = 50 mm $\pm 2^{\circ}$ за номинална точност b = 50 - 100 mm $\pm 1^{\circ} 30^{\circ}$ за повишена точност b > 100 mm $\pm 1^{\circ}$

7. ПРОФИЛИТЕ СЕ ПРОИЗВЕЖДАТ

 с неопределени дължини от 3 go 11 метра, определени, кратни на определените и приблизителни дължини в границите на неопределените дължини.

8. ДОПУСТИМИ ОТКЛОНЕНИЯ ПО ДЪЛ-ЖИНА НА ПРОФИЛИТЕ

а) за определени и кратни на определените дължини + 80 mm

б) за приблизителните дължини ± 200 mm

9. ТЕХНИЧЕСКИ УСЛОВИЯ

БПС 6438-76 DIN 59413-76

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката. Освен посочените марки стомана по БДС, могат да се изпълняват поръчки и за други марки по чуждестранни стандарти.

3. TROUGH-LIKE SECTIONS FOR HOTHOUSE GUTTERS

- as per BDS 10696-73

4. ROADSIDE FENCE SECTIONS

- as per OH 3372746-81

5. PERMISSIBLE DEVIATIONS IN WIDTH AND HEIGHT OF THE SECTION (h AND b)

up to 50 mm - ±1 mm 50 -100 mm - ±1.5 mm over 100 mm - ± 2.5 mm

6. PERMISSIBLE DEVIATIONS AT THE BIGHT ANGLE AT WIDTH IN

b = 50 mm $\pm 2^{\circ}$ for nominal precision b = 50 - 100 mm $\pm 1^{\circ}$ 30' for high precision b > 100 mm $\pm 1^{\circ}$

7. THE SECTIONS ARE PRODUCED IN

undefined lengths from 3 up to 11 metres, in defined lengths, in lengths multiple to the defined ones and in approximate lengths within the limits of the undefined lengths.

8. PERMISSIBLE DEVIATIONS IN THE SECTIONS LENGTH

a) for defined lengths and lengths multiple to the defined lengths + 80 mm
 b) for approximate lengths ± 200 mm

9. TECHNICAL CONDITIONS

BDS 6438-76 DIN 59413-76

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order. Besides the above mentioned steel grades according to BDS, other steel grades according to standards specified by the customer can be produced.

MORCOMMUNICATION CANDINATIONS AND ENVIROND SHARING COMPANION CANDINATION CANDI

КОКС МЕТАЛУРГИЧЕН БДС 422-83 Технически показатели

Ki	і ачество	качество
1. Съдържание на обща влага, % тах	4.0	5.0
2. Съдържание на пелел, % тах	13.0	14.0
3. Съдържание на обща сяра, % тах	1.8	2.0
4. Съдържание на летливи вещества		
(V ^{dal}), % max	1.1	1.6
5. Показател за якост М25,		
не по-малко от, %	82.0	79.5
6. Показател за якост М10,		
не повече от, %	9.5	11.5
7. Клас по едрина на късовете,		
не по-малко от, <i>mm</i>	25	25
8. Съдържание на класа по едрина на	4.0	5.0
късове под 25 mm, не повече от, %	4.0	5.0

Форма на доставка - насипно тегло във вагони

КАТРАН КАМЕНОВЪГЛЕН ОН 04 67148-76

1. Относително тегло при 20°C g/cm	3	1.18 - 1.25
2. Съдържание на вода, % тах	- 1	5.0
3. Съдържание на пелел, % тах		0.6
4. Съдържание на вещества		
неразтворими в толуол, % тах	-	14.0
5. Количество на кокс, % тах	-	29.0
6. Съдържание на сяра, % тах	-	8.0
7. Вискозитет на Енглер при 80°C	•	2.5 - 6.5
8. Съдържание на нафталин, % тах	•	14
9. Температура на запалване в откр	TNC	
сьд, <i>°С</i>		над 90
10.Съдържание на феноли, % тах	-	4

Форма на доставка - в цистерни

METALLURGICAL COKE BDS 422-83 Technical specifications

	1st quality	2nd quality
1. Contents if general humidity, % max	4.0	5.0
2. Ash contents, % max	13.0	14.0
3. Contents of general sulphur, % max	1.8	2.0
4. Contents of volatile substances		
/V ^{dal} /, % max	1.1	1.6
5. Strength index M25, not less than, %	82.0	79.5
6 Strength index M10, not more than, %	9,5	11.5
7. Lump size class, not less than, mm	25	25
8. Contents of lump size class below 25 mm, not more than, %	4.0	5.0

Delivered in bulk in wagons.

COAL TAR OH 04 67148-76

1. Specific weigth at 20°C, gr/cm³	1.18 - 1.25
2. Water contents, % max	5.0
3. Ash contents, % max	0.6
4. Contents of substances	
insoluble in toluene. % max	14.0
5. Coke quantity, % max	29.0
6. Sulphur contents, % max	0.8
7. Engler viscosity at 80°C	2.5 6.5
8. Naphtalene contents, % max	14
9. Temperature of ignition	
in an open vessel, °C	above 90
to Contents of phenols, % max	4

Delivered in cisterns.

НАФТАЛИН ТЕХНИЧЕСКИ БДС 1521-76

Технически показатели

	COF	COPTOBE		
	Α	Б.	В	
1. Външен вид	Hec	в норми	pa	
2. Цвят	нес	норми	pa ·	
3. Точка на кристализация ,° С min	79.0	78.8	78.2	
4. Съдържание на пелел, % тах	0.02	0.02	0.02	
5, Съдържание на влага, %	HO C	енорми	pa	
6. Съдържание на сяра, % тах	0.5	0.5	0.5	
7. Съдържание на нелетлив				
остатьк, не повече от, %	0.04	0.04	0.04	

Форма на доставка - торби от натронова хартия c нетна маса $30\pm0.25~kg$

НАФТАЛИН СУБЛИМИРАН БДС 1521-76

Технически показатели

1. LLBAT	несенорикра
2. Външен вид	несекормира
3. Точка на кристализация, °С	79 ± 0.4
4. Съдържание на пелел, % тах	0.01
5. Не летлив остатък, не повече, %	0.02
6. Съдържание на вода, не повече,	% 0.2
7. Съдържание на сяра, не повече,	% 0.4
8. Маслено петно	но се допуска

Форма на доставка торби от натронова хартия с нетна маса $30\pm0.25\ kg$

АМОНИЕВ СУЛФАТ БДС 1675-82

Технически показатели

	I качество II	качество ІІ качество		
1. Съдържание на азот, % min	21.0	20.5		
2. Съдържание на влага, % тах	0.5	1.0		
3. Свободна сярна киселина,% тах	0.05	0.15		
4. Цвят	бял до слабо оцветен	не се нормира		
5. Неразтворими във вода				
примеси, % <i>тах</i>	0.1	не се нормира		
6. Роданиди, %	не с е попускат	не се попускат		

Форма на доставка

Насипна

ЗАБЕЛЕЖКА: Окончателните условия на доставка се договарят в поръчката.

NAFHTALENE, TECHNICAL GRADE BDS 1521-76

Technical specifications

1 (1) 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		Grades		
* .		Α	В	C
1. Appearance		not sp	ecified by	nerm
2. Colour		not sp	ecified by	morm
3. Crystallization point,	°C min	79.0	78.8	78.2
	% max	0.02	0.02	0.02
5. Humidity contents,	% max	not sp	ecified by I	norm
6. Sulphur contents,	% max	0.5	0.5	0.5
7. Contents on non-vol	ltatile			
residue, not more th	an. %	0.04	0.04	0.04

Delivered in - natron-paper bags of $30 \pm 0.25 \, kg$ net weight

NAPHTALENE, SUBLIMED BDS 1521-75

Technical specifications

1. Colour	ot specified by norm
2. Appearance	ot specified by norm
3. Crystallization point, °C	79.0 ± 0.4
4. Ash contents. % max	0.01
5. Non-voltatile residue, not more than, %	6 0.2
6. Water contents, not more than, %	0.2
7. Sulphur contents, not more than, %	6 0.4
8. Oil stain	not allowed

Delivered in natron-paper bags of $30 \pm 0.25 \ kg$ net weight.

AMMONIUM SULPHATE BDS 1675-82

Technical specifications

	rot quanty	miles damin
1. Nitrogen contents, % min	21.0	20.5
2. Humidity contents, % max	0.5	1.0
3. Free H,SO, % max	0.05	0.15
	thite to weakly coloured	not specified by norm
5. Water-insoluble		
admixtures, % max	0,1	not specified by norm
6, Rhodanates, %	not allowed	not allowed

villena 121

2nd quality

Delivered in

Bulk

NOTE: The final terms of delivery will be agreed upon in the order.

METAЛУРГИЧНА ВАР METALLURGICAL LIME

ВАР МЕТАЛУРГИЧНА *ОН 0466298-75* ТЕХНИЧЕСКИ ИЗИСКВАНИЯ

Металургичната вар се получава при равномерно изпичане на варовик, креда и доломит във въртящи се пещи и е предназначена за флюсуваща добавка в стоманодобивното, феросплавното, агломерационното производства.

В зависимост от гранулометричния състав и предназначението металургичната вар се про-извежда в три марки:

- А фракция над 10 mm, предназначена за стоманодобивното производство
- Б фракция до 10 mm
- В валова вар-количество, което излиза от въртящите пещи без да се пресява

Техническа характеристика

Показатели	Α		Б	В
Linggarean	Ікач.	ІІкач.		
1.Калциев и магнезиев окис, не по-малко от, %	75	67	75	75
2.Силициев двускис не повече от, %	2	3	3	3
3.Двуалуминиев и двужелезен триокис, не повече от, %	несе	HO CO	3	3
1101102010 01, 10	нормира	нормир	а	
4.Сяра, не повече от, %	0.5	на се норм.	насв норм.	но сө норм.

Контролни анализи

Съдържанието на активен калциев окис, двуалуминиев и двужелезен триокис и на сяра се определя по *БДС 2858-74*.

Съхранение и експедиция

Съхранява се в сухи и закрити складови помещения и се транспортира в закрити превозни средства.

METALLURGICAL LIME OH 0466298-75 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

The metallurgical lime is produced by uniform firing of limestone, chalk and dolomite in rotating lime-kilns. It finds application as flux addition in steel making, ferroalloy making and agglomeration.

According to the granular structure and application, metallurgical lime is delivered in three grades:

A - fraction above 10 mm, for steel-making

Б - fraction up to 10 mm

B - shaft lime, amount obtained from rotating limekilns without screening.

Technical specifications

Danasana	A		Б	В
Parameters	l quality	Il quality		
1.Calcium and magnesium oxide, % not less than	75	67	75	75
2.Silicon dioxide, % not more than	2	3	3	3
3.Alumina and ferrous oxide, % not more than	not spec	not . spec.	3	3
4.Sulphur, % not more than	•	not spec.	not spec	not spec.

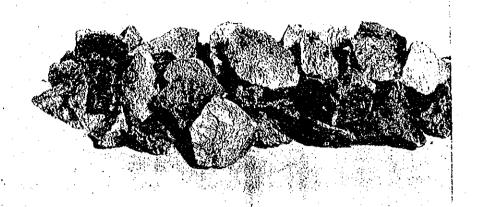
Control analyses

Contents of active calcium oxide, alumina, ferrous oxide and sulphur specified by BDS 2858-74.

Storage and dispatching

It is kept in dry and covered stores and is transported in covered vehicle.

ФЕРОСИЛИЦИЙ , БАРИТ И ЖЕЛЕЗЕН СУЛФАТ FERROSILICIUM , BARYTA AND FERROUS SULPHATE



ФЕРОСИЛИЦИЙ

Произвежда се в електропещи и се използува като разкислител и легираща добавка при производството на стомана и чугунени отливки.

Марки феросилиций

БДС 4147-80 DIN 17560-65 FISI75 FISI75A FISI65 FISI45 FISI75 FISI45

Форма на доставка

- партидно от една марка
- съдържанието на силиции в отделните плавки на партидата е ±2.5 %
 - насипно в закрити транспортни средства
- опакован с двойнокаширани пластмасови чували или метални варели.

По договореност марките феросилиции могат да седоставят със съдържание на алуминии от 0.7-6.0%.

Гранулометричен състав

Късове до 25 kg.

Ситнеж под 20 mm до 10 % от масата на партидата Марките FeSi75 и FeSi75A се доставят с едрина на късовете съответствуваща на класовете - 2; 3; 4; 6; 7 по БДС 4147-80.

FERROSILICIUM

Manufactured in electric furnace and used as alloy addition in steelmaking and cast-iron making.

Grades

BDS 4147-80 DIN 17560-65 FISI75 FISI75A FISI65 FISI45 FISI75 FISI45

Delivered in

- -consignments from a grade
- -contents of silicon in separate melts of the grade is +2.5%
 - -bulk in covered vehicle
- -packed in double masked plastic sacks or metal barrels.

Grades terrosilicium with contents of aluminium 0.7 - 6.0 % can be delivered upon agreement.

Granular structure

Pieces up to 25 kg.

Fines under 20 mm up to 10 % of consignment mass Grades FeSi 75 and FeSi 75A are delivered with massiveness of pieces in grades - 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 as per BDS 4147-80.

БАРИТ /БАРИТЕН КОНЦЕНТРАТ/ ОН 3975468-83

Баритният концентрат се получава при комплексното обработване на желязната руда от находище "Кремиковци" и е предназначен за цветната металургия и сондажните проучвания.

T MAYASSYANI	a e			
Технически показател	**	Качо	ство	
	Екстра	1 '	- 11	HI ~
1.Съдържание на ВаSO, в %,не по-малко от	93.0	92.0	90.0	87.0
2.Съдържание на SiO ₂ в % ,не повече от	2.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
3.Съдържание на СаО в %, не повече от	1.5	1.5	2.5	3,5
4. Съдържание на Fe ₂ O ₂ в %, не повече от	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0
5. Съдържание на влага в %, не повече от	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
6.Финност на смилане -остатък на сито No 0088 в %, не повече от	3.0	3.0	10.0	15.0
7.Плътност % не по-малко с В.Съдържание на	or 4.2	4.2	4.0	3.8
водоразтворими вещества %, не повече от	B 0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Условия на доставка

Доставя се в насипно състояние с жп транспорт. Техническите изисквания са съгласно договора.

ЖЕЛЕЗЕН СУЛФАТ БДС 2026-55

Железният сулфат е извлечен от отработените разтвори при байцването на горещовалцувана стоманена ламарина със сярна киселина.

Техническа характеристика

На външен вид представлява зеленикаво-синкави кристали.

Анализ

1.Съдържание на железен сулфат	над 97 %
2.Съдържание на свободна сярна	100
киселина	go 1.54 %
3.Неразтворим остатък	go 0.70 %

Приложение

Използва се за технически цели

Експедиция

Доставя се в насипно състояние с авто и жп транспорт.

Технически изисквания

Техническите изисквания се определят чрез договор.

BARYTA (BARYTES CONCENTRATE) OH 3975468-83

Barytes concentrate is produced by complex treatment of iron-ore from "Kremikovtzi" ore deposit and finds application in non-ferrous metallurgy and land drilling.

Technical specifications

Toomings, aposition	Quality			
gillione and the second	Extra	I,	ŤB	111
1.BaSO, contents,		00.0	00.0	87.0
% not less than	93.0	92.0	90.0	07.0
2.SiO, contents,				
% not more than	2.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
3.CaO contents,				
% not more than	1.5	1.5	2.5	3.5
4.Fe_O_contents,	100	* *		
4.Fe ₂ O ₃ contents, % not more than	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0
5.Humidity contents,				
% not more than	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
6.Fines-screen No 0088				
remains, % not less than	3.0	3.0	10.0	15.0
7.Density, not less than	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.8
8.Contents of water-soluble				
substances, % not more than	0.9	0,9	0.9	0.9
*				

Delivery conditions

Delivered in bulk with rail transport.

Technical requirements - as agreed upon in the order.

FERROUS SULPHATE BDS 2026-55

Ferrous sulphate is extracted from wasted solutions after stain of hot-rolled steel sheet with sulphuric acid.

Technical specifications

in appearance it is greenish-blue crystals.

Analyses

1.Contents of ferrous sulphate	more than 97 %
2.Contents of free sulphuric acid	up to 1.54 %
3.Insoluble remains	up to 0.70 %

Application

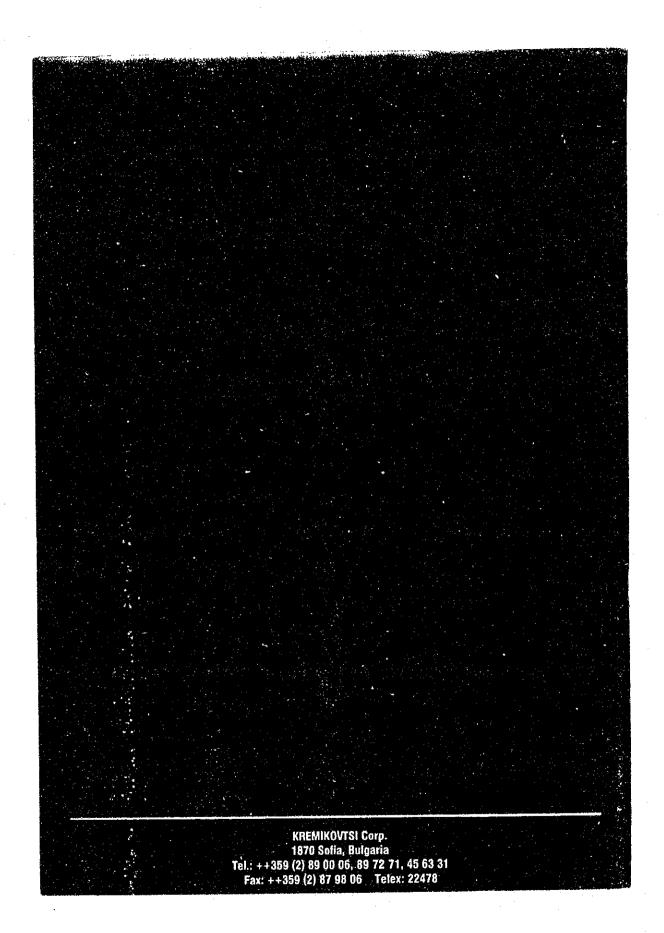
It is used for technical purposes.

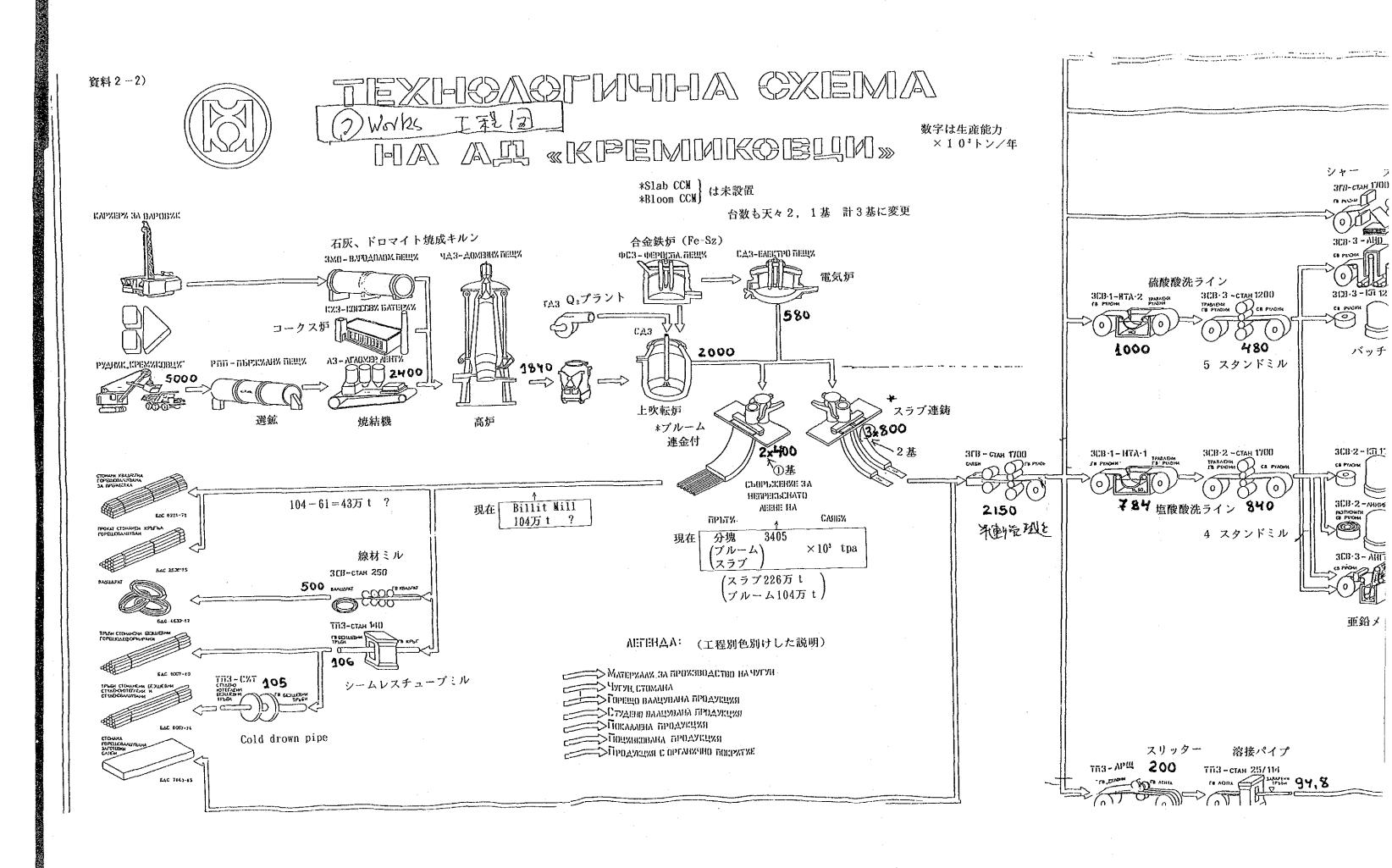
Dispatching

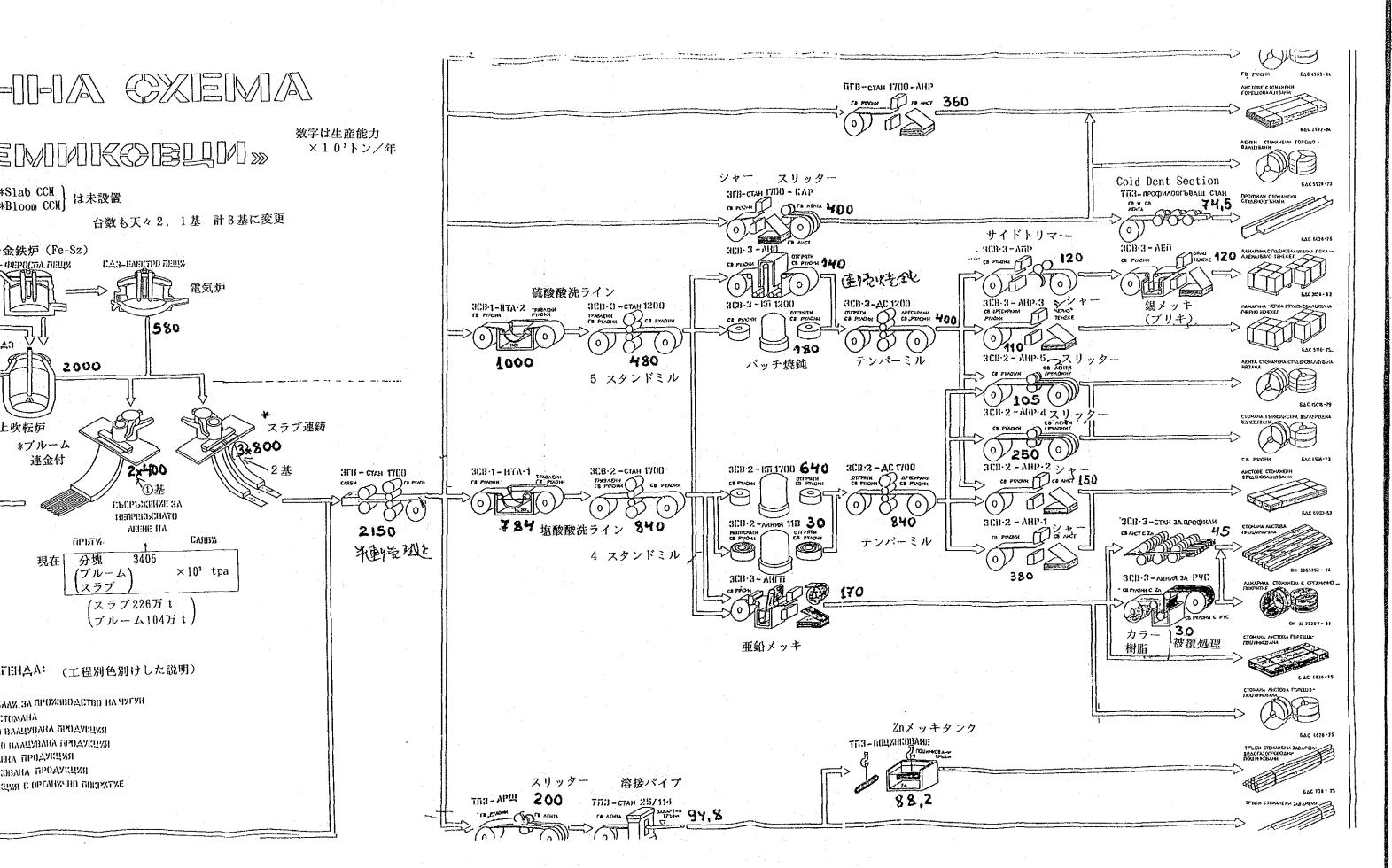
Delivered in bulk with auto and rail transport.

Technical requirements

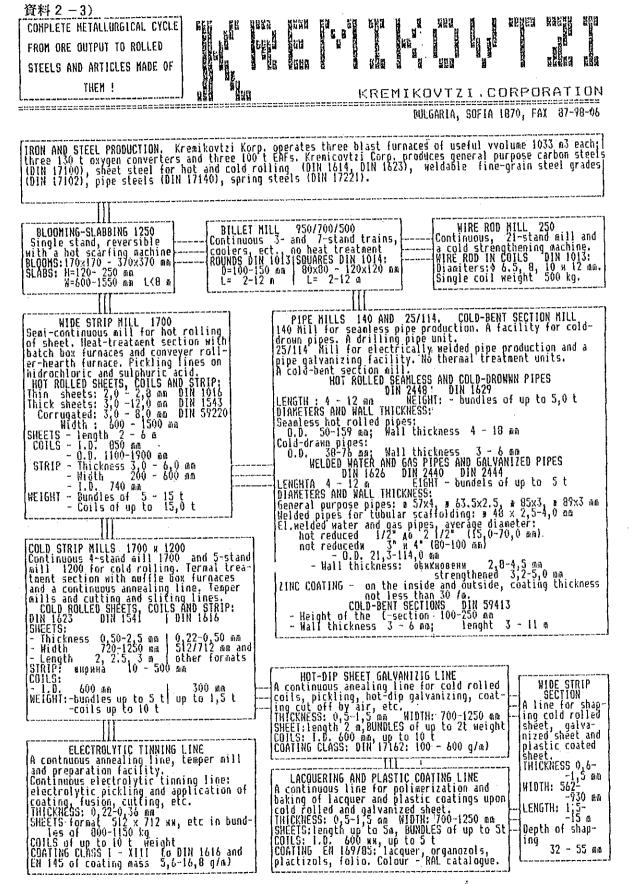
As agreed upon in the order.







•	



Other products by KRENIKOVIZI CORP.: FERRO-SILICON, BARRYTE, IRON SULPHATE, COKE, NAPTHALENE, ANNONIUN SULPHATE, CONHODITIES, incl. ENAMELLED ONES, etc.

KREMIKOVTZI - AD

DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT

INFORMATION

about the condition of the "Slab Continuous Caster - Kremikovtzi" by November 30th, 1992

The construction of the "Slab Continuous Caster" was prepared and brought to a contract under the conditions of a state-controlled economy. The delivery of the equipment was agreed in the terms of an international contract with the Austrian company "Föst-Alpine"; the contract was signed in December 1988 and ratified in March 1989. The ground-breaking was declared on August 7th 1990. Till the end of 1991 the realization of the construction and installation plan was comparatively regular. Due to funding difficulties, the rate of construction work has sharply decreased since the beginning of 1992. Up to now "Kremikovski Stroitel" - the major constructing company working on the project, has been utilizing about 10% of its working capacity.

The following information refers to the investment activities in planning, delivery of equipment, construction of facilities and installment of equipment:

I. Planning

The basic planning work has been fully completed.

II. Delivery of equipment

1. The obligations assumed by "Föst-Alpine"

The terms of Contract No.19/11/04269 oblige the Austrian company "Föst-Alpine" to deliver 5609 ton of equipment, including 442 ton of spare parts to be used during the first 2 years of work following the warranty period.

"Föst-Alpine" has been keeping to the terms and the schedule, stated in the contract.

2. The obligations, assumed by "Kremikovtzi-AD"

361 positions have been ordered so far but only 8 of them, equalling 13.2 million leva, have been bought. The manufacturers of the rest of the items have been chosen, the purchase of some of the items has been agreed, but due to funding difficulties, however, no purchase contracts have been signed for the time being.

III. Construction work

By November 30th 1992 only 35% of the planned construction work has been realized. The work done equals 88 million leva, including 20 million leva that have not been paid yet.

IV. Installment of equipment

Up to now only 0.4% of the installment work has been done, which is worth 1 million leva.

At present, the construction work and the installment of equipment are almost at a standstill. The terms stated in the contracts have been broken and the state of the project can be defined as critical.

The following investment plans have been developed, each of them regarding to a different way to proceed with the project:

- 1. Utilizing minimum funding and the organization, already created by the construction companies that work on the project, the construction work must be completed by March 31 st 1993 (Appendix 1)
- 2. Providing the needed funding, the construction work must continue at a maximum rate (App.2)
- 3. In order to ease the funding difficulties, the terms of the construction work are to be delayed, while the rate of installment of equipment must keep to the schedule, defined in the contracts (App.3).
- 4. Standstill program (App.4)
- 5. Liquidation program (App5)

NOTE: The plans described in App. 1,223 assume a starting date of April 1st
1993. By this date, the further funding of the project will be
confirmed or declined.

Nov. 30th 1992

Head of project:

APPENDIX 1:

BREAKDOWN OF THE INVESTMENTS IN "SLAB CONTINUOUS CASTER" FOR THE PERIOD 01/01/93 - 30/09/95

Total for the project: 1066 million leve, including :

To be paid	20 million leva
Niscellaneous	216 million leva
Equipment	435 million leva
Construction of facilities	160 million leva
Installment	235 million leva

million levæ

Planned I Installment in I Hot testing I Start of SLAB # 1 and I Hot testing I Start of operation of SLAB CONTINUOUS CASTER

APPENDIX 1:

PROGRAM OF MINIMA

for the period 01/11/92 - 31/03/93,

utilizing the organization already created in "Slab Continuous Caster"
(x1000 leva) 30/11/92

		(x)	1.000 Te	va)			30/11/92
No.	. Site	12.92	01. 93	02.93	03.93		Note
1	Water block	200	200	200	217	817	Concrete work, removing water, removing \$420
2	Main stepdown station - 6 140 kV		395	260	260	915	Mounting panels, one layer of hydro- insulation
, quality	Main stepdown station - 6 ZRU 35/6/0.4kV		400	400	500	1700	Mounting elements, brickwork, leveling concrete
•	Cable trestle	250	740	740	740	2470	Mounting panels and metal elements
	Water and electric tunnel	600	600	600.	600	2400	Concrete work, mounting panels for hydroinsulation
	Base for the crystallizer workshop	100	100	100	100	400	Concrete work
7	Base for the facade mason; west-south bl. 11	, 50	50	100	100	300	Concrete casting
8	Base of the out-of-furnace processing facilities	100	100	150	200	550	Concrete work, hydroinsulation
, ,	, ,	1 700	2585	2550	2717	9552	

APPENDIX 5:

LIQUIDATION PROGRAM

Anticipated costs in case of complete liquidation of "Slab Continuous Caster" (x1000 leva)

30/11/1992

I:	evestments in:	Expenses	Refundable	Losts
	Total: including	3 105 131	1 174 000	1 931 191
1.	Equipment which has been bought + storage expenses	1 950 000	1 170 000	780 000
	Forfeits, interests, and other financial losses due to breaking the terms of the contracts	886 191	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	886 191
3,	Completed construction work and installment of equipment	89000	92	89 000
4.	Liquidation of the construction and restoring the landscape	180 000	4 000	176 000

MOTE: The column "Refundable expenses" refers to the funds that will be gained by liquidation sale of "Slab Continuous Caster".

The refundable total is 60%.

APPENDIX 4:

STANDSTILL PROGRAM

Anticipated expenses in case of a forced cessation of the construction activities and freezing of the project

			30/11/92
Туре	of expenses	x1000 leva	Type of work
	ne-time expenses	93032	
1.1	Forfeits and other fees due to breaking the terms of the contracts	2000	
1.2	Delivered materials, construction elements, vibroelements, steel rods, etc.	43532	Metal constructions
1.3	Conservation of the constructed facilities and installed equipment	47 5000	Reverse embarkments. Concrete bases for stores. Anti-corrosion finish
9:	early wiscellaneous xpenses for the freezed acilities, including:	1 7000	
2.1	Protection	300	Fence, unarmed guards
2.2	Maintainance of the temporarily installed equipment, storage areas, preconservation work	700	
2.3	Storage and preconservation of the delivered equipment in the base stores	700	过 氧 (2)

Total: 94 732

NOTE: The above does not include the service charge and the payment of the credit, also the forfeits defined in the international contract.

	INFORMATION	ABOUT THE	PAYMENTS) AN	D
	FOR	THE CREDIT GRA	NTED TO "	STOPAN	SKA
			CONTRACT	<i>5</i> 8	WITH
以	EBS-NECP CASA-This (CRB and ABS your districted gate alone of the later of the late	YEARLY PAYM	ents	and the second	
	1992	1993	. 1	1994	:54 24551
Payments according to Chapter 9.1	46.000	92.000		92 . 00 0	
Payments according to Ch. 9.1	26.300	52.600	5	52 .600	
x1000 Austrian Shillings	72.300	144.600	1.	14.600	
x1000 Leva	158.561	317.122	31	17.122	
Yearly interest					
x1000 Austr. Shillings	68 . o 92	57.967	47	7.845	
x 1000 Leva	149.332	127.127	104	4.929	
TOTAL: x1000 Austr. Shillings	140.389	202.567	193	2,323	
TOTAL:	307.893	444.249	422	2.051	

NOTE: The rate of the Austrian Shilling - Bulgarian Lev exchange corresponds to the BNB rate on 03/08/92.

INTERESTS

BÁNK

MSLAB (CONTINUOUS	CASTER*
---------	------------	---------

1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	12000	Total till 31/08/2000
92.000	92.000	92.000	92.000	92.000	79 2.000	782,000
52.600	52,600	26 ₀ 300				
144.600	144.600	¥13.300	92.000	92,000	92.000	1045.000
317.122	317.122	259.444	2011.765	201.765	201.765	2241.789
37.723	27.601	19.320	12.920	6.520	0.120	331.197
82.730	60.532	42.371	28.335	14.299	2,632	612.287
182.323	172.201	137.620	104.92	98.520	92.120	1480.647
399.852	377.654	301.815	230, 10	0 216.064	204.397	2904.075

KPEMMKOBI .- BAM



ТЕХНИКО - ИКОНОМИЧЕСКО ЗАЛАНИЕ

Обект: "Кремиковци" — АД
Подобект: "Стоманодобивен завод" — Варианти за
"Машина за мепрекъснато разливане на заготовка".
Фаза: Предпроектна проучвания.

1.Обосновка и цел на разработката.

1.1. Кратък преглед на съществуващото положение

През периода 1987 — 1989г. от фирмите "Фьост-Алиине" — Австрия и "Металургироскт" бяха разработени проучвателни проектни разработии за изграждане на Цеха за пепрекъснато разливане на стомана. В тези разработии се предвиждаще изграждане на цех с годишна производителиост 3,2млн. тона стсмана в състав: три едноручейни машини за разливане на заготовки

В процео на изграждане е първият стап, с годишка производителност 1.6 млн. тона сляби с две машини за разливане.

При оъздалата се икономическа обстановка е очевидно, че в "Кремиковци"-ЕАП няна да има възможност да се произведат 3.2 мл тона стомана годишно и строителството на цеха, както е предвидено в проектните разработки е нецелесъобразно.

1.2.Цел на разработката

Целта на разработката е да се разработят варианти за зедоволяване потребностите в "Кремановци"-дад от сортова заготовка в размер на около 400 кмл. тона, със съответната технико-икономическа обосновка. В проучването да се в этисине влодиле ворманти:

1. Запазване оъществув: сто положение на ЗГВ – 1 за предверенто на 400 + 600 млн. тона заготовка, с оптимизиране броя на напревателните кладенци и режима на работа.

2. Ликвидиране на становете 1.50 и 900/700/500 и осигурява ваготовка ст вън за стан 250 и ТПЗ.

З. Гонтаж на една сортова машина в новоизграждащия се цех за непрекъснато разливане на случана.

4. Монтаж на една сортова машина в 2000 на СДЗ.

При разработване на Варцанти 3 и 4 да включи рексиструкмыя на стан 250 на следните етаки:

- Първи етап Създаване възможност за приемане заготовки о размери 130 и 115 мм.
- Втори етап Реконструкция на сстаналата част на стан 250.

2. Производствена програма

	Течна стомана	
	Групи марки стомана	Количество/хил.т./
2.3.4.5.6.7.	Обикновени въглеродни стомани Качествени въглеродни стомани Нисколегирани стомани Неръждаеми стомани Инструментални стомани Дегирани стомани Сварочни стомани	35 290 20 5 20 20 60
dangankanan	Префило размери	gen van syn met syn met van het som syn de met met gen appelen de de met syn de met de
13	Размер /мм/	/.т.лих/ онтоорилой
1. 2. 3. 4.	Квадрат 130 х 130 Квадрат 115 х 115 Кръг 140 Кръг 120 Кръг 150	317 41 30 103 12
	The state of the s	408

3.06хват на проучването

- В проучването да се разработят следните части:
- жетомогологични решения с използуване компютъризация и вытоматизация.
 - изисквания към производствените сгради
 - ексистични решения
 - спесирикация на машините и съсръженията
 - потребности от суровини, материали, горива, енергия и
- източници за тяхното осигуряване
 - ссигуреност с трудови ресурси и изисквания към работна

Ta CIJIA

- строително-конструктивни и инстанационни решения
- безопасност и кигиена на труда и пожарна безопасност
- технико-икономическа обосновка на актуалните варианти и др. специрични изисквания.

Да се разработи директивен график за изграждане по варианта за разположение на сортовата машина в ЕСДЦ.

4. Срок за изработване - три месеца олец представяне на технико-икономическото задание.

юли 1993год.

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		Осаквано 1993 г.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	aer,	1 nony 5	3,200	2 62 62 62 13 4 65 51	
	eerre	1992	268,424 186,737 8,854 3,200 921,693 545,653	1, 8% 0,01 0,01 0,01	· .
	sud as	1881	575,619 416,169 274,728 44,182 32,683 11,009 1454,632,1093,946 376,529	04900	
•	To	1990	416,169 32,697 1093,946	99,6	· :
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Атмосферно замъроянане на пункт РПЗ -1992г. > Русоно расс.
Немер Прах **№02** Фенол 3 2080€

no pen	Месец	иг (и _з	N0. мг/м ³	Фенол мг∕ н ³
плис		0.50	0.085	0.010
1	Япуари	0.91	0.048	0.000
2	Фепруари	1.43	0.067	0.000
3	Март	1.40	0.021	0.000
4	Април	1.64	0.046	0.000
5	Май	1.42	0.030	0.000
6	Юни	2.63	0.026	0.000
7	unul	1.07	0.027	0.080
8	Август	1.23	0.030	0.028
9	Септемпри	1.81	0.020	0.010
10	Октомири	1.66	0.027	0.001
11	Поемпри	1.27	0.099	0.073
12	Дексмпри	2.30	0.095	0.016

Атмосферно замърсяване на пушкт 403 - 1992г.

Помер по ред	Месец	Прах иг∕и ³	NO2 Mr/H ³	Фенол мг ∕м ³
пдіє		0.50	0.085	0.010
1	Япуари	0,53	0.076	0.000
2	Фепруари	1.32	0.082	0.000
3	Март	2.24	0.014	0.000
4	Април	1.35	0.027	0.000
5	Май	1.97	0.019	0.000
6	Юни	2.47	0.023	0.000
7	Сли	1.91	0.028	0.048
8 :	Апгуст	1.60	0.031	0.010
9	Септемпри	1.78	0.013	0.000
10	Октомври	1.76	0.037	0.000
11	Поемпри	1.72	0.042	0.084
12	Декемпри	2.16	0 045	0.017

yny vo počubo; Zskop Атмосферно заивреяване на пункт КХЗ - 1992г. ИО И СО ХИДИ

Помер по ред	Месец	Прах иг/и ³	NO2 ht∕n3	Фонол мг/н ³
пдк		0.50	0.085	0.010
. %	Януари	0.40	0.099	0.000
2	Фепруари	0.92	0.027	0.000
3	Март	1.44	0.032	0.000
4	Април	0.00	0,000	0.000
5	Maii	1.39	0.017	0.000
6	10mm	2.35	0.022	0.000
7	10ли	1.34	0.027	0.037
8	Август	2.42	0.039	0.010
9	Септември	2.18	0.023	0.010
10	Октомври	2,05	0.030	0.010
11	Поемпри	2.17	0.011	0.073
12	Декемпри	1.82	0.034	0.022

Атмосферно замърсяване на пункт РМЗ - 1992г. МЕХОЦИТЕ О

	Прах мг/н ³	№0 д иг/м ³	Фенол мг/м ³	zoho
1	0.50	0.085	0.010	

Номер по ред	Месец	Прах иг/и ³	NО2 иг∕м ³	Фенол мг/н ³
ПТК		0.50	0.085	0.010
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Януари Фепруари Март Април Май Юни Апгуст Септемпри Октомпри Декемпри	1.24 1.49 1.96 1.34 2.20 1.59 1.95 2.00 2.87 1.84 2.49 0.00	0.082 0.055 0.048 0.033 0.022 0.024 0.026 0.054 0.052 0.020 0.058 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.013 0.038 0.000 0.009 0.102 0,000

Атмосферно замърояване на пункт 3МО - 1992г.

Номер по ред	Месец	Прах ѝг/н ³	₩02 НЕ/Н ³	Фепол мг/н ³
пдк		0.50	0.085	0.010
1 ;	Япуари	0.60	0.057	0.000
2	Февруари	1.34	0.022	0,000
3	Март	1.08	0.031	0.000
4	Април	1.56	0.030	0.000
5	Mail	1.51	0.014	0.000
6	10ни .	3.39	0.021	0.000
7	10.111	1.63	0.017	0.007
8 ¦	Apryor	1.36	0.028	0.013
9	Септември	1.96	0.013	0.010
10	Октомври	3.16	0.018	0.010
11	Ноември	2.32	0.083	0.073
12	Декември	2.88	0.091	0.056

• !			A Service of	1 2005
8	Anryer	1.36	0.028	0.013
9	Септември	1.96	0.013	0.010
10	Октомври	3.16	0.018	0.010
11	Ноември	2.32	0.083	0.073
12	Декември	2.88	0.091	0.056
Атносфе	окочамве онц	иль на п	у шс т — 3	BCB 283 -
Номер		lipax	NO2	Фенол
по ред	Месец	иг/и ³	мг/м ³	нг/н ³
пдас		0.50	0.085	0.010
1	Януари	0.20	0.065	0.000
2	Февруари	0.46	0.090	0.000
3	Март	1.17	0.025	0.000
4	Април	1.11	0.016	0.000
5	Mail	1.19	0.022	0.000
6	105155	1.23	0.054	0.003
7	Юли	1,26	0.017	0.012
8	Anrycz	1.444	0.025	0.010
л9	Септемпри	0.90	0.018	0.010
10	Октомври	1.33	0.039	0.010
11	Ноември	1.136	0.136	0.078
12	Декември	2.47	0.067	0.019
	1	l	<u> </u>	J .