

- Syphon ($Q = 16.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$)

L1 = 62 m , hp = 13 m (B = H = 2.9m, Concrete box culvert)

L2 = 225 m , hp = 38 m (D = 3,200 mm concrete pipe)

L3 = 325 m , hp = 47 m (- do -)

L4 = 55 m , hp = 7 m (B = H = 2.9 m, Concrete box culvert)

L5 = 50 m , hp = 10 m (- do -)

L6 = 189 m , hp = 20 m (- do -)

- Tunnel ($Q = 16.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$)

L = 10.7 km (I = 1/1,500)

D = 3.5 m (Standard horse-shoe (2R) section, free flow type)

(3) Poza Honda-Mancha Grande river water transbasin scheme

- Tunnel ($Q = 4.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$)

L = 3.9 km

D = 2.5 m (Standard horse-shoe (2R) section, free flow type)

Based on the results of field investigation and geological tests, location of Severino pumping station and head tank, and routes of open channel, syphons and three (3) tunnels were revised.

3.1.2 Economic slopes of tunnel and open channel

Economic slopes of tunnel and open channel for the water transbasin scheme "Esperanza (Severino) – Poza Honda dam" were studied. Through the cost comparative study, tunnel slope of 1/1,500 and open channel slope of 1/3,000 were judged most economical (See Fig. I.24). Therefore, tunnel slope of 1/1,500 was adopted for other water transbasin schemes; "Daule Peripa – Esperanza" and "Poza Honda – Mancha Grande river" as a economical slope.

3.2 Hydraulic Design

3.2.1 Basic factors for hydraulic design

(1) Design discharge and slope

In the former part of the Phase II Study, more detailed water balance study was made and the design discharges of the both water transbasin schemes below were determined.

a)	Esperanza dam (Severino) - Poza Honda	
	Water transbasin scheme	16.0 m ³ /s
b)	Poza Honda - Mancha Grande River	
	Water transbasin scheme	4.0 m ³ /s
c)	Daule Peripa - Esperanza	
	Water transbasin scheme	18 m ³ /s

Design slopes of the open channel and tunnel were determined in the economic view point mentioned previously.

- Open channel $I = 1/3,000$
- Tunnel $I = 1/1,500$

(2) Flow formula

The Manning formula was used for hydraulic calculation of the flow for the water transbasin schemes.

$$Q = A V = A \frac{1}{n} R^{2/3} I^{1/2}$$

- Where,
- Q = design discharge (m^3/s)
 - A = flow area (m^2)
 - V = mean flow velocity (m/s)
 - n = roughness coefficient
 - concrete : 0.015, steel : 0.012
 - R = hydraulic radius (m)
 - I = hydraulic gradient

(3) Allowable flow velocities

Minimum allowable velocity

Minimum allowable velocity is generally determined not to produce sand deposit and water weeds.

- Open channel 0.5 - 0.9 m/s
- Syphon more than 1.5 times of the velocity in open channel
- Tunnel more than 1.3 times of the velocity in open channel

Maximum allowable velocity

Maximum allowable velocity is experimentally determined depending upon the applicable different types of materials used for the water transbasin scheme.

- Thin concrete (approx. 10 cm)..... 1.5 m/s
- Thick concrete (approx. 18 cm) 3.0 m/s
- Precast concrete pipe 2.5 m/s
- Steel pipe 5.0 m/s

3.2.2 Hydraulic cross section

(1) Tunnel

Standard horse-shoe type ($2r$) is normally adopted for free flow type. Radius of tunnel can be calculated by the following formula, which is transformed from the Manning formula.

$$r = \left(\frac{Q_n}{I^{1/2} ab^{2/3}} \right)^{3/8}$$

Where, r = radius of tunnel (m)
 a = coefficient for calculation of cross sectional flow area
 b = coefficient for calculation of hydraulic radius

Design water depth in tunnel is generally determined as follows:

$$h = 0.8 D$$

Where, h = design water depth (m)
 D = diameter of tunnel (m)

Minimum diameter of tunnel is to be 2.5 m in view of construction and maintenance.

(2) Open channel

Trapezoidal type of open channel with a side slope of 1 to 1.5 was adopted. B/h ratio was determined at 1.0 taking into account the suitable hydraulic characteristic and topographic condition in hilly area. Free board is to be 0.3 m for the design discharge of 16.0 m³/s.

(3) Transitions

Transitions classified into the following two (2) types are required to minimize head losses due to change in flow section among the head tank, open channel, syphon and tunnel.

Open transition (O.T.)

Required length of open transition between open channel and syphon, and between open channel and tunnel can be calculated by the following equation:

$$L = \frac{B - b}{2} \cot \theta$$

Where, L : required length of open transition (m)
 B : water surface width in open channel (m)
 b : water surface width in closed transition (m)
 θ : angle of contraction (generally less than 10°)

20 m in length of open transition was designed based on the equation above in the basic design stage.

Closed transition (C.T.)

In case of horseshoe section, the length of closed transition is determined as it approximately equals to the diameter of tunnel. 5 m in length of closed transition was considered in the basic design stage.

3.2.3 Hydraulic calculation

Following head losses shall be considered in principle. Other head losses due to transhrack, pier and etc. were considered negligible in this study.

- (1) Head loss due to friction
- (2) Head loss due to inflow or outflow
- (3) Head loss due to change of canal section

The head loss due to channel curve is generally neglected. The change of the water level is expressed using the Bernoullis' formula as follows:

$$dh = Z_1 - Z_2 = \sum h_i + \left(\frac{V_2^2}{2g} - \frac{V_1^2}{2g} \right)$$

Where, $\sum h_i$: Total head loss (m)
 V_1 : Velocity in the upstream section (m/s)
 V_2 : Velocity in the downstream section (m/s)
 Z_1 : Water level in the upstream section (m)
 Z_2 : Water level the downstream section (m)
 dh : Difference in water level between the upstream and downstream sections (m)

If the channel sections are nearly uniform or change gradually and continuously in a certain distance, the head loss can be considered to be only friction one. In this case the fall in the water surface due to friction will be equal to the channel bed slope.

- (1) Head loss due to friction

The calculation of head loss due to friction is made using the Manning formula as shown below:

$$h_f = \frac{Q^2 L}{2} \left(\frac{n_1^2}{R_1^{4/3} A_1^2} + \frac{n_2^2}{R_2^{4/3} A_2^2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{n_1^2 V_1^2}{R_1^{4/3}} + \frac{n_2^2 V_2^2}{R_2^{4/3}} \right) L$$

- Where,
- Q : Discharge (m^3/s)
 - h_f : Head loss due to friction (m)
 - R : Hydraulic radius (m)
 - V : Mean velocity (m/s)
 - A : Cross section area of flow (m^2)
 - L : Distance calculated (m)
 - n : Coefficient roughness

Numbers attached to R , A , n , V denote the Section 1 and 2 respectively.

(2) Head loss due to inflow or outflow and change of water level

(a) Inflow

The head loss and change of water level due to inflow are generally calculated by the following formula in case of hydrostatic surface in which the velocity of inflow cannot be neglected.

$$h_{en} = f_e \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$d_{hen} = h_{en} + \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

- Where,
- h_{en} : Head loss due to inflow (m)
 - d_{hen} : Change of water level (m)
 - V : Mean velocity after inflow (m/s)
 - g : Acceleration of gravity (m/s^2)
 - f_e : Coefficient of head loss due to inflow

Head loss and change of water levels due to outflow are generally calculated as follows:

$$h_{ou} = f_o \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$dh_{ou} = h_{ou} + \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

Where,

h_{ou}	:	Head loss due to outflow (m)
dh_{ou}	:	Change of water level (m)
V	:	Mean velocity before outflow (m/s)
g	:	Acceleration of gravity (m/s^2)
f_o	:	Coefficient of head loss due to outflow which is generally taken to be 1.0 considering that all velocity energies in the channel are lost

Head loss and change of water levels due to inflow and outflow between open channel and siphon was considered at 10% of friction loss in the basic design stage. Head loss and change of water levels for others were judged negligible.

(3) Head loss and change of water level due to change of channel section

Head loss and change of water level due to change of the channel section are generally calculated as follows:

(a) Gradual contraction

$$h_{gc} = h_c + h_f = f_{gc} \left(\frac{V_2^2}{2g} - \frac{V_1^2}{2g} \right) + I_m L$$

$$dh_{gc} = h_{gc} + \left(\frac{V_2^2}{2g} - \frac{V_1^2}{2g} \right)$$

Where,

h_{gc}	:	Head loss due to gradual contraction (m)
h_c	:	Head loss due to gradual contraction of transition (m)
h_f	:	Head loss due to friction in transition (m)
dh_{gc}	:	Change of water level (m)
V_1	:	Mean velocity before gradual contraction (m/s)
V_2	:	Mean velocity after gradual contraction (m/s)
g	:	Acceleration of gravity (m/s^2)
I_m	:	Mean hydraulic gradient in length of transition L

$$I_m = \frac{I_1 + I_2}{2}$$

- I_1 : Hydraulic gradient before transition
 I_2 : Hydraulic gradient after transition
 L : Length of transition
 f_{gc} : Coefficient of head loss due to gradual contraction

$$L = \frac{B - b}{2} \cot \theta$$

- Where,
- | | |
|----------|--|
| L | : Length of an open transition (m) |
| B | : Water surface of an open channel (m) |
| b | : Water surface of a closed transition, culvert or flume (m) |
| θ | : Angle of contraction (°) (generally less than 10°) |

The head loss due to gradual contraction normally increases sharply as the angle of transition increases more than 12°30'. In this basic design, around 10° of the angle transition was employed, therefore, the head loss due to gradual contraction was judged negligible. The results of hydraulic calculation is presented in Table I.9.

3.3 Basic Design

3.3.1 Esperanza dam (Severino) – Poza Honda dam water transbasin scheme

(1) Severino pumping station

Geological condition closed to the pumping station is good. Relatively hard sandstone, class CL - CM outcrops in the backside of the proposed pumping station site can be observed. Although some boulder layer overlies near the riverside, foundation of the structure is easily placed on the fresh rock layer. Uncompressive strength and permeability are 130 kg/cm² and 1 x 10⁻⁵ cm/sec, respectively.

General feature of Severino pumping station is presented below.

Item	Unit	Feature
Total Discharge	m ³ /s	16.0
Nos. of Pump Planned	Nos.	5
Nos. of Standby Pump	Nos.	1
Discharge of 1 Pump	m ³ /min	192
	m ³ /sec	3.2
Length of Pipeline	m	250
Lane	-	2
Diameter of Pipeline	mm	2,100
Total head	m	76
Type of Pump	-	Double Section Volute Type
D _s	mm	1,100
D _d	mm	750
Motor	kW	3,400
	Pole	14
Voltage		6,400
	Hz	60

Basic design of the water transbasin scheme "Esperanza Dam (Severino) – Poza Honda Dam" is presented in Fig. I.25. Basic design of Severino pumping station, intake scheme and single line diagram for the pumping station are shown in Fig. I.26, I.27 and I.28. Outdoor equipment was planned to locate in the hilly area closed to the pumping station as shown in Fig. I.29 (See Fig. I.25). Electric power for the pumping station will be supplied from the Daule Peripa Dam, which will have a capacity of 130 MW in near future. Route map of the 138 kV transmission line is illustrated in Fig. I.30. Access road with an effective width of 6 m is shown in Fig. I.31.

(2) Open channel and syphon (See Fig. I.32, I.33 and I.34)

Geological type in the open channel formation consist of colluvial decomposed soil (heavily weathered mudstone) and weathered rock layer. As a result of test pitting and geo-surface inspection, this soil layer have approximately 4 m to 5 m in thickness and gradually transferred into weathered rock layer.

General features of engineering properties of the soil obtained from the soil mechanical tests are shown as follows:

- (a) The soil is classified into CH and MH (Clay-silt) based on the unified soil classification.
- (b) There is a possibility of expansive soil from the view point of shrinkage and swelling factor in some places. From the results of PVC (Potential Volume Change) factor and swelling test, some countermeasures such as replacing of swelling soil with non swelling soil will be needed.
- (c) Weathered rock layer underlying below the clay-silt layer is firm enough for the foundation of the open channel.
- (d) The silt and clay are not suitable for embankment material because severe shrinkage are expected. However, weathered rock and tunnel excavation rock are useful for embankment.
- (e) Silt and clay show the permeability coefficient of some 1×10^{-6} cm/sec to 1×10^{-7} cm/sec, therefore, no seepage can be expected from the open channel.
- (f) As for syphon site, the results of standard penetration test and laboratory test of borehole (B2) were referred. The N-value goes from 7 to 25 in the alluvial layer of 9 m. The permeability is quite high ($k = 3.7 \times 10^{-3}$ cm/sec).

From the results of these above, concrete lining with a fabric mesh for the open channel was designed.

Lining thickness	10 cm
Side slope	1 : 1.5
Bottom width (B).....	2.2 m (B = h; water depth)
Height (H).....	2.5 m (0.3 m for free board)

Then, inspection road with an effective width of 3.5 m and side drain were also planned. Besides, the following three (3) types of foundation treatment were considered.

Type I Replacement with a selected filter mateiral (15 cm), if weathered rock line is above the open channel formation

- Type II..... Replacement with a selected filter material (15 cm) and excavated tunnel fragments (35 cm), if weathered rock line is slightly below the open channel formation, and set of geotextile mat in the base
- Type III..... Replacement with a selected filter mateiral (30 cm) and excavated tunnel fragments (90 cm), if weathered rock line is below the open channel formation, and set of geotextile mat in the base

As for the design of syphons, box culvert in case that water drop height is lower than 20 m, and concrete pipe type in case that the height above is higher than 20 m were adopted in the basic design.

(3) Tunnel

The tunnel with a 3.5 m diameter and 10.7 km length was planned. Tunnel route is located in the mountainous area from 200 m to 400 m in elevation. Rock type is composed of mainly mudstone in the tunnel formation, however, colluvial and weathered mudstone (soil layer) of 10 to 20 m in thickness cover the ground surface in the portal portion. Rock classification and main engineering properties are shown as follows:

Engineering Properties		Portal portion	Inner part of tunnel
Rock type		Colluvial	Sandy mudstone
Rock class		D (soil)	CL (soft rock)
P wave velocity	Vp (km/sec)	1.5	2.1 - 2.3
Unit weight	γ (g/cm ³)	1.7	2.1
Unconfined compressive strength		10 - 20	60 - 100
	qu (kgf/cm ²)		
Static elastic modulus	E _s (kgf/cm ²)	2,000	10,000 - 12,000
Permeability coefficient	k (cm/sec)	$1 \times 10^{-3} - 1 \times 10^{-4}$	1×10^{-5}

The sandy mudstone shows soft solidity to some extent, but massive and rarely cracked. As a result of rock test, unconfined compressive strength (qu) is relatively small contrary to the appearance of solidity (30 kg/cm²) in minimum, (60 kg/cm²) on average. Since this core sample was obtained in the portal portion (overburden 30 m in thickness), the value of qu can be expected to increase in the inner part of the tunnel (assumed to be 150 kg/cm²). Water flow by tunnel excavation seems to be a little based on the permeability coefficient ($k = 1 \times 10^{-5}$ cm/sec).

From the results above, New Austrian Tunnelling Method (NATM) was considered most suitable for this site. Load header was planned for tunnel excavation. After the excavation, shotcrete with a wiremesh will be worked out. Then, several rockbolts are to be driven. Lastly, concrete lining with a 30 cm thickness for whole stretches and H-steel support for colluvial and weathered rock zone was designed. Besides, three (3) drain holes were planned for water pressure in this stage.

Following four (4) types of the tunnel sections were planned in consideration of the rock conditions in the tunnel (See Fig. I.25).

	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV
Section	Inner Part	Inner Part	Inner Part	Portal & Fractured Zone
Rock Condition	Fresh	Soft	A little bit weathered	Colluvial and weathered
Distance (m)	4,500	4,500	1,300	350
Shotcrete (cm)	10	10	15	15
Wire Mesh	$\phi 3.2 \times 100 \times 100$			
Rock bolt	$\phi 22 \times 4\text{Nos} \times 2\text{m}$ (1.2 m pitch)	$\phi 22 \times 8\text{Nos} \times 2\text{m}$ (1.2 m pitch)	$\phi 22 \times 8\text{Nos} \times 2\text{m}$ (1.2 m pitch)	$\phi 22 \times 8\text{Nos} \times 2\text{m}$ (1.2 m pitch)
Concrete lining (cm)	30 (w/o R. bar)	30 (w/o R. bar)	30 (w/ single R. bar)	30 (w/ double R. bar)
H-steel Support	-	-	H125 @ 1.2m	H125 @ 1.2m
Drain Hole	$\phi 50 \times 3\text{Nos} \times 1.5\text{m}$			

As for tunnel work adit which is planned mainly due to save a construction time, two(2) tunnels having shapes of circular with a diameter of 4.0 m in upper portion and rectangular with a length of 4.0 m in lower portion were planned. One is located in the outlet portion, which has a length of 500 m and the other is located at about 7.3 km point from the outlet, which has a length of 630 m and is connected from Rio Pata de Pajaro. Type II and type III were adopted for this tunnel work adit.

(4) Tunnel inlet and outlet

There is no special structure in the tunnel inlet portion. Type of structure is gradually changed from the open channel to tunnel in the transit section having a 20 m length.

In the outlet portion, controlled gate due to fluctuation of water level in the Poza Honda reservoir was designed. From the results of reservoir operation study (See Annex - F), the gate was planned to close when the reservoir water level is higher than EL. 102.50 m (See Fig. I.35).

3.3.2 Poza Honda – Mancha Grande river water transbasin scheme

(1) Tunnel

The tunnel with a 2.5 m in diameter and 3.9 km in length was planned. Tunnel route is located in the steep mountainous area from 200 m to 400 m in elevation, however, topographic condition around the portal portion (both inlet and outlet) shows gentle slope where the colluvial deposit (landslide-like talus) and heavily weathered rock layer cover the ground surface.

From the results of seismic refraction survey and boring, geological composition in the tunnel formation is divided into two (2) kinds, (1) colluvium or weathered mudstone in the portal portion and (2) mudstone in the inner part of the tunnel as follows:

Engineering Properties	Portal position	Inner part of tunnel
	450 m in length	
Rock type	Colluvial weathered rock	Mudstone
Rock class	D	CL
P wave velocity	Vp (km/sec)	1.5
Unit weight	γ (g/cm ³)	1.7
Unconfined compressive strength	10 - 20 qu (kgf/cm ²)	60 - 100
Static elastic modulus	Es (kgf/cm ²)	2,000
Permeability coefficient	K (cm/sec)	1×10^{-4}
		1×10^{-5}

The mudstone in the inner part of the tunnel shows crackless feature and large scale of fractured zone is not found, although minor shearing zone is seen locally. Since permeability is small, water flow by tunnel excavation will be a little.

From the results above, same method (NATM) was applied in this tunnel route. Following four (4) types of the tunnel sections were designed in consideration of the rock conditions in the tunnel (See Fig. I.36).

	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV
Section	Inner Part	Inner Part	Inner Part	Portal & Fractured Zone
Rock Condition	Fresh	Soft	A little bit weathered	Colluvial and weathered
Distance (m)	1,300	1,300	850	450
Shotcrete (cm)	10	10	15	15
Wire Mesh	$\phi 3.2 \times 100 \times 100$			
Rock bolt	$\phi 22 \times 4^{\text{Nos}} \times 1.5^{\text{m}}$ (1.2 m pitch)	$\phi 22 \times 6^{\text{Nos}} \times 1.5^{\text{m}}$ (1.2 m pitch)	$\phi 22 \times 6^{\text{Nos}} \times 1.5^{\text{m}}$ (1.2 m pitch)	$\phi 22 \times 6^{\text{Nos}} \times 1.5^{\text{m}}$ (1.2 m pitch)
Concrete lining (cm)	30 (w/o R. bar)	30 (w/o R. bar)	30 (w/ single R. bar)	30 (w/ double R. bar)
H-steel Support	-	-	H125 @ 1.2 ^m	H125 @ 1.2 ^m
Drain Hole	$\phi 50 \times 3^{\text{Nos}} \times 1.5^{\text{m}}$			

As for the tunnel work adit, one(1) tunnel having a same size of Severino route with a length of 350 m was planned in the inlet portion. Access road with an effective width of 6 m is shown in Fig. I.31.

(2) Tunnel inlet and outlet

In the inlet portion, control structure of energy dissipator by sleeve valve was designed to make a free flow in the tunnel section, because intake water level of Poza Honda reservoir is fluctuated from EL. 108.50 m (normal water level) to EL. 93.5 m (emergency water level) through the year (See Fig. I.37).

In the outlet portion, there is no special structure. Tunnel section is gradually changed to open channel section, and connected with Mancha Grande river.

3.3.3 Daule Peripa – Esperanza dam water transbasin scheme

(1) Tunnel

This tunnel was planned from the Conguillo river in the Daule-Peripa reservoir to Membrillo river in the La Esperanza reservoir. Tunnel length is about 8.3 km and its diameter was planned at 3.7 m.

Rock type in the tunnel formation consists of fine sandstone and/or mudstone. In 1986 Brasilian team investigated the geology of tunnel route by borings. From the results of investigation, main engineering properties were obtained as follows:

Unit weight	$\gamma = 2.1 \text{ g/cm}^3$
Unconfined compressive strength	$q_u = 60 - 100 \text{ kg/cm}^2$
Static elastic modulus	$E_s = 10,000 - 12,000 \text{ kg/cm}^2$
Permeability coefficient	$K = 1 \times 10^{-4} - 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm/sec}$

These results indicate the rock type is soft rock with massive and crackless conditions, and serious fractured zone is not found. Almost all section of the tunnel passes the soft rock layer above mentioned, however, in the portal portion of the tunnel, rock is weathered and loosened (D class in classification).

From the results of the geological investigation and boring tests above, the following five(5) typical tunnel sections having a 4.4 m diameter of semi-standard horse-shoe type were designed by the Brasillian team as follows (See Fig. I.38, average roughness coefficient of shotcrete = 0.019) :

Type I Shotcrete w/ Wiremesh + Drain

(20 cm) (1.5 m @ 1.2 m, 7 Nos.)

Type II Shotcrete w/ Wiremesh + Rockbolt + Drain

(20 cm) (1.5 m @ 1.2 m, 4 Nos.)

Type III Shotcrete w/ Wiremesh & R. bar + Steel support + Drain

(30 cm) (@ 1.5 m)

Type IV Shotcrete w/ Wiremesh & R. bar + Rockbolt + Steel support + Drain

(30 cm)

Type V Shotcrete w/ Wiremesh + Concrete lining w/ double R. bar + Drain

(5 cm) (25 cm)

Of these, about 77 % of the total tunnel section covers by type I, 19 % by typeII and remaining 4 % by others. From the result that the unconfined compressive strength is around 100 kg/cm^2 in the tunnel, only shotcrete with a thickness of 20 cm for 77 % of the total tunnel section seems inadequate. Rockbolt for the whole stretches will be needed at least. Besides, concrete lining having a roughness coefficient of 0.015 was judged necessary from the view point of hydraulic advantage and maintenance. Therefore, the following four (4) types of the tunnel sections were recommended in consideration of the rock conditions in the tunnel (See Fig. I.39).

	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV
Section	Inner Part	Inner Part	Inner Part	Portal & Fractured Zone
Rock Condition	Fresh	Soft	A little bit weathered	Colluvial and weathered
Distance (m)	3,000	3,000	2,000	300
Shotcrete (cm)	10	10	15	15
Wire Mesh	ϕ 3.2 x 100 x 100			
Rock bolt	ϕ 22 x 4Nos x 2m (1.2 m pitch)	ϕ 22 x 8Nos x 2m (1.2 m pitch)	ϕ 22 x 8Nos x 2m (1.2 m pitch)	ϕ 22 x 8Nos x 2m (1.2 m pitch)
Concrete lining (cm)	30 (w/o R. bar)	30 (w/o R. bar)	30 (w/ single R. bar)	30 (w/ double R. bar)
H-steel Support	-	-	H125 @ 1.2m	H125 @ 1.2m
Drain Hole	ϕ 50 x 3Nos x 1.5m			

As for the tunnel work adit, three(3) tunnels having the same size of Severino route were planned. They are located in the inlet portion with a length of 400 m, the outlet portion with a length of 500 m, and about 4 km point from the inlet with a length of 350 m connected from Rio Conguillo.

(2) Tunnel inlet and outlet

In the inlet portion, control structure of energy dissipater by sleeve valve was designed to make a free flow in the tunnel section, because reservoir water level of Daule - Peripa dam is fluctuated from EL. 85.0 m (normal water level) to EL. 60.0 m (low water level).

In the outlet portion, stop log was designed for maintenance of the tunnel. It will be closed for the maintenance when the reservoir water level of Esperanza dam is higher than the outlet elevation. However, no operation by the stop log is generally needed through the year (See Fig. I.40). Access road with an effective width of 6 m is shown in Fig. I.31.

T A B L E S

Table I.1 List of Data Collected

	Title	Source
(1)	Estudios Adicionales para el Redisenio de la Presa "La Esperanza" del Aprovechamiento Multiple Carrizal-Chone (Additional Studies on the Redesign of the Esperanza Dam for the Multipurpose Use of Carrizal-Chone)	CRM INTECSA GEOSISA June, 1984
	Volumen VI Redisenio de las Obras de Desvio y de las Obras de Entrada (Redesign of Diversion and Inlet Works)	
	Volumen VII Redisenio de la Presa y de sus Fundaciones (Redesign of Dam and Foundation)	
	Volumen VIII Redisenio del Vertedero (Redesign of Spillway)	
	Volumen IX Redisenio de las Obras de Salida (Redesign of Outlet Works)	
(2)	Estudios Para El Desarrollo de la Cuenca del Rio Guayas INTEGRAL (Daule-Peripa Dam Guayas Multiple Project)	TAMS-AHT- March, 1979
	(Report on Preliminary Design and Cost, and Final Report on Technical Feasibility)	
(3)	Trasvase de Rio Daule a los Embalses de Poza Honda y La Esperanza (Transbasin from Daule Peripa to La Esperanza and Poza Honda Dam)	Consorcio Ecuatoriano - Brasileño 1987
	Diseno Definitivo (Definitive Design) Documentos (Reports)	
(4)	Proyecto Multiple Carrizal-Chone (Carrizal-Chone Multipurpose Project)	CCAI Sep., 1989
	Documento No.15 Estudio de las Conducciones Principales (Study on Principal Conditions)	
	Documento No.16a Estudio de las Redes de Riego, Drenaje y Vial, Guerrango-Los Amarillos (Guerrango-Los Amarillos Irrigation and Drainage Study)	
	Documento No.17 Estudio del Trasvase al valle de Portoviejo (Study on Transbasin to Portoviejo)	

Table I.2 General Features of Dam (1/3)

(Poza Honda Dam, constructed in 1971)

(1) Hydrology		
Catchment area		175 km ²
Annual mean basin rainfall		1,300 mm
Annual mean inflow		95 MCM
Runoff coefficient		42%
Probable max. flood		1,120 m ³ /s
(2) Reservoir		
Gross storage capacity		98 MCM
Dead storage		13 MCM
Emergency storage		10 MCM
Effective storage		75 MCM
Flood water level		EL. 112.3 m
Normal high water level		EL. 108.5 m
Emergency water level		EL. 93.5 m
Low water level		EL. 90.3 m
Riverbed level		EL. 75.0 m
Reservoir area at HWL		4.9 km ²
(3) Dam		
Type		Homogeneous earthfill with asphalt facing
Height	40 m	
Crest elevation		EL. 114.3 m
Crest length		531 m
(4) Spillway		
Type, Control structure		Non-gated overflow weir
Water conveyance		Open chute
Energy dissipator		Stilling basin
Length of overflow weir		70 m
Overflow weir level		EL. 108.5 m
Outflow peak discharge		875 m ³ /s
(5) Intake and Outlet		
Intake level		EL. 89 m
Outlet capacity		30 m ³ /s

Table I.2 General Features of Dam (2/3)

(Daule-Peripa Dam, constructed in 1987)

(1) Hydrology	
Catchment area	4,200 km ²
Annual mean basin rainfall	2,700 mm
Annual mean inflow	5,000 MCM
Runoff coefficient	44%
Probable max. flood	14,350 m ³ /s
(2) Reservoir	
Gross storage capacity	5,300 MCM
Dead storage	1,300 MCM
Effective storage	4,000 MCM
Flood water level	EL. 88.0 m
Normal high water level	EL. 85.0 m
Low water level	EL. 60.0 m
Riverbed level	EL. 12.0 m
Reservoir area at FWL	290 km ²
Reservoir area at HWL	270 km ²
(3) Allocation of Reservoir Capacity	
Flood space	700 MCM
Power generation	3,500 MCM
Irrigation	1,800 MCM
Water supply	500 MCM
Use in Manabi province	500 MCM
(4) Main Dam	
Type	Zoned earthfill
Height from foundation	90 m
Crest elevation	EL. 90.0 m
Crest length	250 m
Dam volume	3,000,000 m ³
(5) Sub-dam	
Type	Homogeneous earthfill
Length	18 km
Average height	10 m (max. 27 m)
Embankment volume	5,900,000 m ³
(6) Spillway	
Type, Control structure	Gated overflow weir
Water conveyance	Open chute
Energy dissipator	Stilling basin
Width of overflow weir	59 m
Overflow weir level	EL. 77.0 m
Design peak discharge	3,480 m ³ /s
Spillway gates	
Nº of gates	3 n°s
Type	Tainter gate
Dimensions	H = 8.0 m, W = 17.0 m
(7) Power facilities (Not yet installed as of end 1991)	
Installed capacity	65 MW x2 units=130MW
Annual energy output	510 GWh (firm)
Design head	58.2 m
Design discharge	132.3 m ³ /s per unit
(8) Outlet facilities	
Tunnel diameter and length	9.0 m, 530 m
Outlet capacity	400 m ³ /s

Table I.2 General Features of Dam (3/3)

(Esperanza Dam, construction suspended)

(1) Hydrology	
Catchment area	445 km ²
Annual mean basin rainfall	1,520 mm
Annual mean inflow	376 MCM
Runoff coefficient	56%
Probable max. flood	3,040 m ³ /s
(2) Reservoir	
Gross storage capacity	455 MCM
Dead storage	64 MCM
Effective storage	391 MCM
Flood water level	EL. 67.7 m
Normal high water level	EL. 66.0 m
Low water level	EL. 37.0 m
Riverbed level	EL. 22.0 m
Reservoir area at FWL	24.0 km ²
Reservoir area at HWL	22.7 km ²
(3) Dam	
Type	Zoned earthfill
Height from foundation	57.0 m
Crest elevation	69.0 m
Crest length	696.0 m
Dam volume	3,700,000 m ³
(4) Spillway	
Type, Control structure	Gated overflow weir
Water conveyance	Open chute
Energy dissipator	Stilling basin
Width of overflow weir	39.0 m
Overflow weir level	62.0 m
Design peak discharge	900.0 m ³ /s
Spillway gates	
Nº of gates	4 n°s
Type	Tainter gate
Dimensions	H = 4.0 m, W = 7.5 m
(5) Outlet facilities	
Irrigation outlet	Capacity 25 - 38 m ³ /s
Low level outlet	Capacity 110 m ³ /s
Outlet for river maintenance	Capacity 5 m ³ /s

Table I.3 **Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
"Esperanza Dam (Severino) - Poza Honda Dam ($Q=10 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$)**

Sta. No.	Discharge (m3/s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope	Energy Line Loss (m)	Flow Area A (m2)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	Vn2/g (m)	Water Level (EL. m)	Water Depth (m)	EL. of Structure (EL. m)	Dimension of Structure (EL. m)
0+ 0	10.0 5	250	Pipeline	0.428	113.676	2.834	1.764	0.159	0.000	0.000	D=1,900	
0+ 250			Head Tank	0.100	113.248		0.000	0.000				
0+ 250		600	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.200	113.148	8.344	1.198	0.073	113.075	1.800	111.275
0+ 850			Tank	0.000		112.948			0.073	112.875	1.800	111.075
0+ 850		210	Syphon	0.202		112.948	5.723	1.747	0.156	112.793		D=2,700
0+ 1060			Tank	0.000		112.591			0.073	112.591		
0+ 1060		2700	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.900	111.691	8.344	1.198	0.073	112.517	1.800	110.717
0+ 3760			Tank	0.000		111.691			0.073	111.617	1.800	109.817
0+ 3760		260	Syphon	0.250		111.691	5.723	1.747	0.156	111.535		D=2,700
0+ 4020			Tank	0.000		111.235			0.073	111.211	1.800	109.411
0+ 4020		3050	Open Channel	1/3,000	1.017	110.268			0.073	110.195	1.800	108.395
0+ 7070			Tank	0.000		110.268			0.073	110.112		
0+ 7070		170	Syphon	0.164		109.949			0.073	109.875	1.800	108.075
0+ 7240			Tank	0.000		109.549	8.344	1.198	0.073	109.692		B=h=1.8 m
0+ 7240		550	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.183	109.765			0.073	109.633	2.320	107.313
0+ 7790			Transition	0.000		109.765	6.219	1.608	0.132	109.633		
0+ 7790		10700	Tunnel	1/1,500	7.133	102.632	6.219	1.608	0.132	102.500	2.320	100.180
0+ 18490			Outlet	0.000		102.632	6.219	1.608	0.132	102.500	2.320	100.180

Table I. 4 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
 "Esperanza Dam (Altamira) - Rio Portoviejo (Q=12 m³/s)" (1/3)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope Loss (m)	Energy Line EL (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V ⁿ /2g (m)	Water Level (EL, m)	Water Depth (m)	EL. of Structure (EL, m)	Dimension of Structure	
0+ 0	12.0 6.0	220	Pipeline	0.411	95.229	3.140	1.911	0.186				D=2,000	
0+ 220			Head Tank	0.100	94.818		0.000	0.000					
0+ 220		500	Open Channel	1/3,000	94.718	9.525	1.260	0.081	94.637	1.940	92.697	B=h=1.9 m	
0+ 720			Tank	0.000	94.551		0.081	0.081	94.470	1.940	92.530		
0+ 720		70	Syphon	0.067	94.551	6.602	1.818	0.169	94.332			D=2,900	
0+ 790			Tank	0.000	94.316		1.260	0.081	94.235	1.940	92.295		
0+ 790		220	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.073	94.242		0.081	94.161	1.940	92.221	B=h=1.9 m	
0+ 1010			Transition	0.005	94.237	6.770	1.772	0.160	94.077	2.480	91.597		
0+ 1010		690	Tunnel	1/1,500	0.460	93.777	6.770	1.772	0.160	93.617	2.480	91.137	D=3,100
0+ 1700			Transition	0.005	93.772	9.525	1.260	0.081	93.691	1.940	91.751	B=h=1.9 m	
0+ 1700		1020	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.340	93.432		0.081	93.351	1.940	91.411		
0+ 2720			Tank	0.000	93.432	6.602	1.818	0.169	93.264			D=2,900	
0+ 2720		750	Syphon	0.714	92.550								
0+ 3470			Tank	0.000	92.550	9.525	1.260	0.081	92.469	1.940	90.529		
0+ 3470		380	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.127	92.423		0.081	92.342	1.940	90.402	B=h=1.9 m	
0+ 3850			Tank	0.000	92.423	6.602	1.818	0.169	92.255			D=2,900	
0+ 3850		360	Syphon	0.343	91.912								
0+ 4210			Tank	0.000	91.912	9.525	1.260	0.081	91.831	1.940	89.891		
0+ 4210		1500	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.500	91.412		0.081	91.331	1.940	89.391	B=h=1.9 m	
0+ 5710			Transition	0.005	91.407	6.770	1.772	0.160	91.247	2.480	88.767		
0+ 5710		2500	Tunnel	1/1,500	1.667	89.740	6.770	1.772	0.160	89.580	2.480	87.100	D=3,100

Table I.4 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
"Esperanza Dam (Altamira) - Rio Portoviejo (Q=12 m³/s)" (2/3)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Energy Line Loss (m)	El. (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V ² /2g (m)	Water Level (El. m)	Water Depth (m)	El. of Structure (El. m)	Dimension of Structure
0+ 8210			Transition	0.005	89.735	9.525	1.260	0.081	89.654	1.940	87.714	
0+ 8210	1040	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.347	89.389			0.081	89.308	1.940	87.368	B=h=1.9 m
0+ 8250		Tank		0.000	89.389	6.602	1.818	0.169	89.220			D=2,900
0+ 8250	180	Syphon		0.171	89.049							
0+ 9430		Tank		0.000	89.049	9.525	1.260	0.081	88.968	1.940	87.028	B=h=1.9 m
0+ 9430	1860	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.620	88.429			0.081	88.348	1.940	86.408	
0+ 11290		Transition		0.005	88.424	6.770	1.772	0.160	88.263	2.480	85.783	
0+ 11290	9830	Tunnel	1/1,500	6.553	81.870	6.770	1.772	0.160	81.710	2.480	79.230	D=3,100
0+ 21120		Transition		0.005	81.865	5.653	1.061	0.057	81.808	1.500	80.308	B=h=1.5 m
0+ 21120	6.0	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.067	81.799			0.057	81.741	1.500	80.241	
0+ 21320	*350	Tank		0.000	81.799	3.462	1.733	0.153	81.645			D=2,100
0+ 21320	500	Syphon		0.635	81.010							
0+ 21820		Tank		0.000	81.010	5.653	1.061	0.057	80.953	1.500	79.453	B=h=1.5 m
0+ 21820	400	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.133	80.877			0.057	80.819	1.500	79.319	
0+ 22220		Transition		0.005	80.872	4.026	1.490	0.113	80.758	1.920	78.838	D=2,500
0+ 22220	2930	Tunnel	1/1,500	1.953	78.918	4.026	1.490	0.113	78.805	1.920	76.885	
0+ 25150		Transition		0.005	78.913	5.653	1.061	0.057	78.856	1.500	77.356	B=h=1.5 m
0+ 25150	220	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.073	78.840			0.057	78.783	1.500	77.283	
0+ 25370		Tank		0.000	78.840	3.462	1.733	0.153	78.687			D=2,100
0+ 25370	120	Syphon		0.152	78.534							
0+ 25490		Tank		0.000	78.534	5.653	1.061	0.057	78.477	1.500	76.977	

Table I. 4 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
 " Esperanza Dam (Altamira) - Rio Portoviejo (Q=12 m³/s)" (3/3)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m³/s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope Loss (m)	Energy Line EL (m)	Flow Area A (m²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V/I/g	Water Level (EL, m)	Water Depth (m)	EL. of Structure (EL, m)	Dimension of Structure
0+ 25490		720	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.240	78.294			0.057	78.237	1.500	B=h=1.5 m
0+ 26210			Tank		0.000	78.294	3.462		1.733	0.153	78.141	D=2,100
0+ 26210	50		Syphon		0.064							
0+ 26260			Tank		0.000	78.078						
0+ 26260	410		Open Channel	1/3,000	0.137	77.941	5.653	1.061	0.057	78.020	1.500	B=h=1.5 m
0+ 26670			Transition		0.005	77.936	4.026	1.490	0.113	77.823	1.920	D=2,500
0+ 26670	5070		Tunnel	1/1,500	3.380	74.556	4.026	1.490	0.113	74.443	1.920	B=h=1.5 m
0+ 31740			Transition		0.005	74.551	5.653	1.061	0.057	74.551	1.500	
0+ 31740	70		Open Channel	1/3,000	0.023	74.528	9.000	0.667	0.023	74.505	1.500	B=h=1.5 m
0+ 31810			Outlet		0.005	74.523	9.000	0.667	0.023	74.500	1.500	73.000

Table I.5 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
"Esperanza Dam Outlet - Guarango (Q=23 m³/s - 5m³/s)" (1/3)

Table I.5 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
"Esperanza Dam Outlet - Guarango (Q=23 m³/s - 5m³/s)" (2/3)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope	Energy Line Loss (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V'2/29 (EL, m)	Water Level (EL, m)	Water Depth (m)	EL. of Structure (EL, m)	Dimension of Structure	
0+ 29300	5.50	250	Open Channel	1/5.000	0.190	23.650	8.000	0.688	0.024	23.826	2.000	21.826	
0+ 0			Grid Chamber Pumping St.		0.000	23.660			23.660	2.000	21.66	EL. 21.66 Start	
0+ 0	5.00	300	Pipe		0.543	69.429	1.539	1.625	0.135	69.295		D=1.400	
0+ 300			Head Tank		0.000	68.887							
0+ 300	860	Open Channel	1/3.000	0.293	68.887	8.000	0.688	0.024	68.883	2.000	66.883		
0+ 1180			Tank		0.000	68.593	3.140	1.672	0.143	68.451		D=2.000	
0+ 1180	5.25	550	Syphon		0.692	68.593							
0+ 1730			Tank		0.000	67.759	8.000	0.656	0.022	67.737	2.000	65.737	
0+ 1730	5.25	4220	Open Channel	1/3.000	1.437	66.352							
0+ 5950			Transition		0.000	66.362	4.723	1.112	0.063	66.289	2.080	64.209	
0+ 5950	5.25	6600	Tunnel	1/3.000	2.200	64.132	4.723	1.112	0.063	64.089	2.080	D=2.600	
0+ 12550			Transition		0.130	64.022							
0+ 12550	1800	Open Channel	1/3.000	0.600	64.022	8.000	0.656	0.022	64.000	2.000	62.000	EL. 62.0	
0+ 14350			Dam Guarango		0.000	63.422	8.000	0.656	0.022	63.400	2.000	61.400	EL. X Start
0+ 14650	6.75	1550	Open Channel	1/3.000	0.517	58.924	8.925	0.756	0.029	58.895	2.100	56.795	EL. 56.80 (=61.4-4.6)
0+ 16200			Tank		0.050	58.408							
0+ 16200	6.50	500	Syphon		0.934	58.358	3.140	2.070	0.219	58.139		D=2.000	
0+ 16700	6.25	1000	Open Channel	1/3.000	0.333	57.205	8.925	0.700	0.025	57.180	2.100	55.080	
0+ 17700			Tank		0.050	56.822	3.140	1.911	0.186	56.847	2.100	54.747	
0+ 17700	6.00	540	Syphon		0.870	55.765						D=2.000	

Table 1.5 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
"Esperanza Dam Outlet - Guarango (Q=23 m³/s - 5m³/s)" (3/3)

Sta. No	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope	Energy Line Loss (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	$V^2/2g$	Water Depth (m)	EL. of Structure (EL, m)	Dimension of Structure	
											EL (m)	EL (m)
0+ 18240			Tank		0.000	55.765	8.354	0.688	0.024	55.741	2.050	53.691
0+ 18240	5.75	960	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.320	55.445	8.354	0.688	0.024	55.421	2.050	53.371
0+ 19200			Transition		0.050	55.395	8.000	0.688	0.024	55.371	2.000	53.371
0+ 19200	5.50	500	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.167	55.229						
0+ 19700			Tank		0.000	55.229	3.140	1.672	0.143	55.086		D=2,000
0+ 19700	430	Syphon		0.541	54.545							
0+ 20130			Tank		0.000	54.545	8.000	0.625	0.020	54.525	2.000	52.525
0+ 20130	5.25	1010	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.337	54.208			0.219	53.990	2.000	51.990
0+ 21140			Transition		0.050	54.158	7.654	0.653	0.022	54.137	1.950	52.187
0+ 21140	5.00	1010	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.337	53.822	7.654	0.653	0.022	53.800	1.950	51.850
0+ 22150			Outlet			53.822	7.654	0.653	0.022	53.800	1.950	51.850

Table I.6 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
"Esperanza Dam Outlet - Guarango - Portoviejo (Q=33 m³/s - 15m3/s)" (1/4)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ s) 32.75	Length (m) 32.00	Type of Structure Outlet Open Channel	Slope 1/3,000	Energy Line Loss (m) 2.130	Flow Area A (m ²) 36.651	Flow Velocity V (m/s) 1.685	V/2g (m) 0.145	Water Depth (EL, m) 36.506	EL of Structure (EL, m) 4.406	Dimension of Structure EL. 32.0	
0+ 0	0-	6390	Open Channel	1/3,000	2.130	34.521	13.232	0.145	34.376	4.406	29.968	
0- 6390	3100	Open Channel	1/3,000	1.033	34.521	19.097	1.676	0.143	34.378	4.370	30.008	
0- 6390	0+	9490	Transition		0.000	33.488	19.097	1.676	0.143	33.344	4.370	28.974
0+ 9490	250	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.083	33.404	19.097	1.676	0.143	33.344	4.370	28.974	
0+ 9740	310	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.103	33.304	19.097	1.676	0.143	33.261	4.370	28.891	
0+ 9740	0+	10050	Tank		0.000	33.201			0.143	33.161	4.370	28.791
0+ 10050	350	Syphon			0.308	33.201	1.742	0.155	33.046		D=2,900 * 2 Lanes	
0+ 10400	5380	Tank			0.000	32.738	17.789	1.293	0.085	32.653	2.668	29.985
0+ 10400	0+	15780	Open Channel	1/5,000	1.076	31.662	17.789	1.293	0.085	31.577	2.668	28.909
0+ 15780	0+	15780	Transition		0.100	31.562	17.498	1.286	0.084	31.478	2.646	28.892
0+ 16820	1040	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.208	31.354							
0+ 16820	900	Tank			0.000	31.354	6.602	1.704	0.148	31.206		D=2,900 * 2 Lanes
0+ 17720	0+	17720	Syphon		0.760	30.445						
0+ 17720	4430	Tank			0.100	30.346	16.616	1.264	0.081	30.264	2.578	27.686
0+ 17720	0+	22150	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.886	29.460	16.616	1.264	0.081	29.378	2.578	26.800
0+ 22150	650	Di-2			0.000	25.661	15.718	1.241	0.079	25.582	2.507	23.075
0+ 22800	950	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.190	25.471				0.079	25.392	2.507	22.885
0+ 23750	0+	23750	Transition		0.100	25.371	15.262	1.229	0.077	25.284	2.471	22.823
0+ 23750	4600	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.920	24.451	15.262	1.229	0.077	24.374	2.471	21.903	
0+ 28350	0+	28350	Transition		0.300							

Table I.6 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
"Esperanza Dam Outlet - Guarango - Portoviejo (Q=33 m³/s - 15m³/s)" (2/4)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope	Energy Line Loss (m)	EL (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V/2/g (m)	Water Level Water Depth (EL, m)	EL. of Structure (EL, m)	Dimension of Structure
0+ 29300	15.50	950	Open Channel Grid Chamber Pumping St.	1/5,000	0.190	24.151	13.232	1.171	0.070	24.081	2.301	21.780
0+ 0	0	0	Pipe	0.000	0.000	23.961			0.000	23.961	2.301	21.660
0+ 300	15.00	300	Head Tank	0.000	0.576	22.153	3.462	2.166	0.239	71.913		19.650
0+ 300	15.50	880	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.283	71.577	10.925	1.419	0.103	71.474	2.090	69.384
0+ 1180	0	0	Tank	0.000	0.000	71.284						D=2,100
0+ 1180	15.25	550	Syphon	0.435	0.435	70.686	8.549	1.784	0.162	71.121		
0+ 1730	0	0	Tank	0.000	0.000	70.636	10.793	1.413	0.102	70.584	2.078	D=3,300
0+ 1730	15.25	4220	Open Channel	1/3,000	1.407	69.280						68.507
0+ 5950	0	0	Transition	0.000	0.000	69.280	8.104	1.882	0.181	69.099	2.720	66.379
0+ 5950	15.25	6600	Tunnel	1/1,500	4.400	64.380	8.104	1.882	0.181	64.699	2.720	61.979
0+ 12550	0	0	Transition	0.000	0.000	64.780	10.793	1.413	0.102	64.678	2.078	D=3,400 EL. 62.0
0+ 12550	15.25	1800	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.600	64.180	10.793	1.413	0.102	64.078	2.078	62.600
0+ 14350	300	0	Dam Guarango	0.000	0.000	59.005	11.579	1.447	0.107	58.898	2.152	EL. X Start
0+ 14350	16.75	1550	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.517	58.488						56.746
0+ 16200	0	0	Tank	0.050	0.050	58.438	9.075	1.818	0.169	58.270		
0+ 16200	16.50	500	Syphon	0.396	0.396	57.974	11.319	1.436	0.105	57.769	2.128	D=3,400 D=3,400
0+ 16700	16.25	1000	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.333	57.541						55.641
0+ 17700	0	0	Tank	0.050	0.050	57.491	9.075	1.763	0.159	57.332		55.308
0+ 17700	16.00	540	Syphon	0.404	0.404	56.928						D=3,400

Table 1.6 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
 "Esperanza Dam Outlet - Guarango - Portoviejo (Q=33 m³/s - 15m3/s)" (3/4)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope	Energy Line Loss (m)	EL (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V ² /2g (m)	Water Level (EL, m)	Water Depth (m)	El. of Structure (EL, m)	Dimension of Structure
0+ 18240			Tank		0.000	56.928	11.057	1.424	0.104	56.825	2.103	54.722	
0+ 18240	15.75	960	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.320	56.608	11.057	1.424	0.104	56.505	2.103	54.402	
0+ 19200			Transition		0.050	56.558	10.925	1.419	0.103	56.455	2.090	54.365	
0+ 19200	15.50	500	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.167	56.392							
0+ 19700			Tank		0.000	56.392	8.549	1.784	0.162	56.229			D=3,300
0+ 19700		430	Syphon		0.340	55.889							
0+ 20130			Tank		0.000	55.889	10.660	1.407	0.101	55.788	2.065	53.723	
0+ 20130	15.25	1010	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.337	55.553							
0+ 21140			Transition		0.050	55.503	10.660	1.407	0.101	55.402	2.065	53.319	
0+ 21140	15.00	1010	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.337	55.166	10.660	1.407	0.101	55.065	2.065	53.337	
0+ 22150						55.166	10.660	1.407	0.101	55.065	2.065	53.000	
										53.000	EL X Start		

Table I.6 "Esperanza Dam Outlet - Guarango - Portoviejo ($Q=33 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} - 15\text{m}3(\text{s})$ " (4/4)

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Slope	Energy Loss (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V _{2/3}	Water Depth (EL. m)	EL. of Structure (EL. m)	Dimension of Structure (EL. m)
0- 0.	9.90	2800	Syphon		1.867	53.195					
0- 2800		Tank		0.050	53.146	9.453	1.047	0.056	53.090	1.945	51.145
0- 4070	1270	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.254		52.892					
0+ 4070		Tank		0.000	52.892	6.602	1.500	0.115	55.063	2.065	52.998 D=2.900
0+ 4410	340	Syphon		0.227		52.550					
0- 4410		Tank		0.000	52.550	9.453	1.047	0.056	52.495	1.945	50.550
0- 5200	790	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.158		52.392					
0+ 5200		Diversion Tank		0.050	52.342	6.186	0.908	0.042	52.300	1.570	50.730
0+ 5380	5.60	3180	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.636	51.706	6.166	0.908	0.042	51.664	1.570
0+ 5380		Tank		0.000	51.706	3.140	1.783	0.162	51.544		50.094
0+ 5860	600	Syphon		0.851		50.693	3.140	1.783	0.162	50.601	
0+ 5860		Tank		0.050	50.643	6.166	0.908	0.042	50.601	1.570	49.031
0+ 11530	2550	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.510		50.135					
0+ 11530		Tank		0.000	50.135	3.140	1.656	0.140	49.994		48.563
0+ 13610	5.20	2080	Syphon		2.571	47.422					
0+ 13610		Tank		0.000	47.422	5.833	0.892	0.041	47.382	1.527	45.854
0+ 21200	7590	Open Channel	1/5,000	1.518		45.904					
0+ 21200		Tank		0.000	45.904	4.299	0.784	0.031	45.873	2.052	43.821
0+ 21330	3.30	130	Culvert		1/5,000	0.026	45.878	4.209	0.784	0.031	45.847
0+ 21330		Tank		0.050	45.828	4.147	0.795	0.032	45.796	1.288	43.795
0+ 23730	2400	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.480		45.348					
0+ 23730		Tank		0.000	45.348	4.209	0.784	0.031	45.317	2.052	43.265
0+ 23930	200	Culvert	1/5,000	0.040		45.308					
0+ 23930		Tank		0.000	45.308	4.147	0.796	0.032	45.276	1.288	43.988
0+ 27960	4030	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.806		44.502					
0+ 27960		Tank		0.050	44.452	4.147	0.796	0.032	44.420	1.288	43.132
0+ 28560	600	Open Channel	1/5,000	0.120		44.392					
0+ 28560		Tank			44.392	0.796	0.032	44.300	2.000	42.300	

Table I.7 Hydraulic Calculation for Water Transbasin Scheme
 "Guarango - Rocafuerte (Q=3 m³/s)"

Sta. No.	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Energy Line Loss (m)	EL (m)	Flow Area A (m ²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	$V^2/2g$ (m)	Water Level (EL. m)	Water Depth (m)	EL. of Structure (EL. m)	(Alt-4)	
												Dimension of Structure	
0+ 0	3.00	300	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.100	51.872	1.275	2.353	0.282	51.529	1.129	50.400	EL. 50.4
0+ 300					0.100	51.772	1.275	2.353	0.282	51.429	1.129	50.300	
0+ 300		300	Groundsill	1/13	23.077	28.269			0.282	27.987	1.129	26.858	
0+ 600			Tank		0.000	28.269	1.766	1.699	0.147	28.122			D=1,500
0+ 600		3650	Syphon		6.614	21.508							
0+ 4250			Tank		0.000	21.508	3.188	0.941	0.045	21.463	1.129	20.333	
0+ 4250		1000	Open Channel	1/3,000	0.333	21.174	3.188	0.941	0.045	21.129	1.129	20.000	
0+ 5250			W.T.P		0.000	21.174	3.188	0.941	0.045	21.129	1.129	20.000	

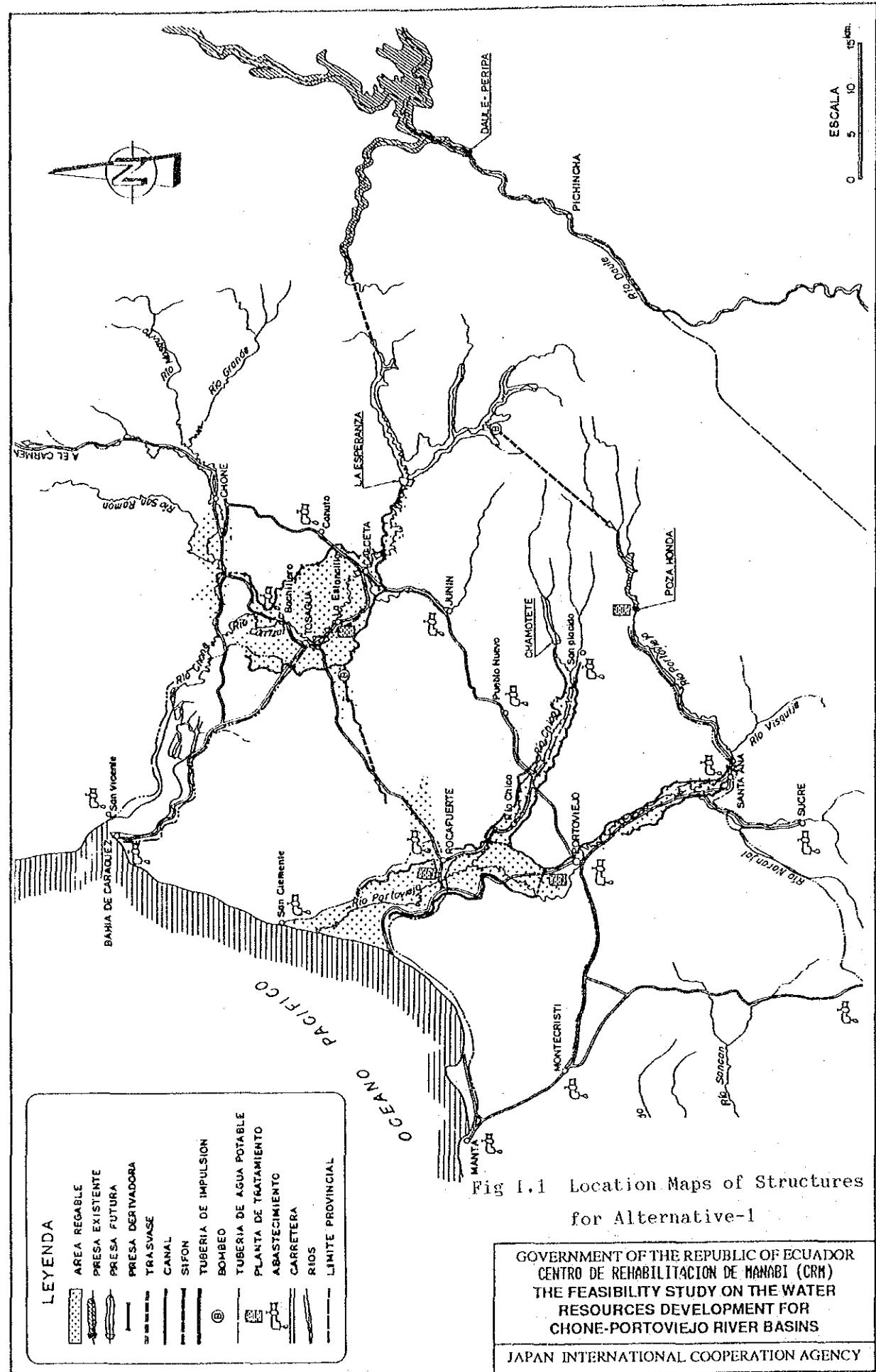
Table I.8 General Features of Pump

Item	Unit	Severino	Severino	Altamira	Amarillos	Amarillos
Total Discharge	m ³ /s	9.0	10.0	12.0	5.0	15.0
Nos. of Pump Planned	Nos.	5	5	5	2	4
Nos. of Standby Pump	Nos.	1	1	1	1	1
Discharge of 1 Pump	m ³ /min	108	120	144	300	225
	m ³ /s	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.5	3.8
Length of Pipeline	m	250	250	220	300	300
Lane		2	2	2	2	2
Diameter of Pipeline	mm	1,800	1,900	2,000	1,400	2,100
Flow Velocity of Pipeline	m/s	2.13	2.12	2.29	1.62	2.17
Total Head	m	75	75	57	49	52
Type of Pump		Double Suction				
D _s	mm	900	900	1,000	1,000	1,200
D _d	mm	600	600	700	700	800
Motor	Kw	2,650	2,750	2,750	2,850	2,550
	Pole	12	12	12	12	14
	Hz	60	60	60	60	60

Table 1.9 Results of Hydraulic Calculation

Sta. No.	Discharge (m³/s)	Length (m)	Type of Structure	Scope	Energy Line Loss (m)	EL (m)	Flow Area A (m²)	Flow Velocity V (m/s)	V/2g (Water Level Water Depth EL.) (m)	Dimension of Structure (EL, m)	(Esperanza - Pozo Honda)		
											V/2g	Water Depth EL. (m)	
0 + 000	16.0	250 (250)	Pipeline		0.627	113.482	3.462	2.311	0.272	114.090		D=2.100	
0 + 250	8	20	Head Tank		0.100	113.362	11.786	0.000	0.000				
0 + 270		210	Open Channel	13,000	0.070	113.292	1.358	0.094	113.268	2.170	111.098		
0 + 480			Tank		0.000	113.292	8.230	1.944	0.193	113.100		B=H=2.9 m	
0 + 480	55	55 (62)	Syphon		0.043	113.056							
0 + 535		535	Tank		0.000	113.056	11.786	1.358	0.094	112.962	2.170	110.792	B=h=2.2 m
0 + 535	190	190	Open Channel	13,000	0.063	112.993		0.094	112.899	2.170	110.729		
0 + 725			Tank		0.000	112.993	8.230	1.944	0.193	112.800		B=H=2.9 m	
0 + 725	210 (225)	210	Syphon		0.157	112.645							
0 + 935			Tank		0.000	112.643	11.786	1.358	0.094	112.549	2.170	110.379	B=h=2.2 m
0 + 935	2030	2030	Open Channel	13,000	0.677	111.985		0.094	111.872	2.170	109.702		
2 + 965		965	Tank		0.000	111.986	8.230	1.944	0.193	111.773		B=H=2.9 m	
2 + 965	310 (325)	310	Syphon		0.227	111.546							
3 + 275		275	Tank		0.000	111.546	11.786	1.358	0.094	111.452	2.170	109.282	B=h=2.2 m
3 + 275	1645	1645	Open Channel	13,000	0.548	110.998		0.094	110.904	2.170	108.734		
4 + 920		920	Tank		0.000	110.998	8.230	1.944	0.193	110.805		B=H=2.9 m	
4 + 920	50 (55)	50	Syphon		0.038	110.766							
4 + 970		970	Tank		0.000	110.766	11.786	1.358	0.094	110.672	2.170	108.502	B=h=2.2 m
4 + 970	240	240	Open Channel	13,000	0.050	110.686		0.094	110.592	2.170	108.422		
5 + 210		210	Tank		0.000	110.686	8.230	1.944	0.193	110.494		B=H=2.9 m	
5 + 210	45 (50)	45	Syphon		0.035	110.459							
5 + 255		255	Tank		0.000	110.459	11.786	1.358	0.094	110.365	2.170	108.195	B=h=2.2 m
5 + 255	550	550	Open Channel	13,000	0.197	110.262		0.094	110.168	2.170	107.998		
5 + 845		845	Tank		0.000	110.262	8.230	1.944	0.193	110.069		B=H=2.9 m	
5 + 845	185 (189)	185	Syphon		0.132	109.937							
6 + 030		030	Tank		0.000	109.937	11.786	1.358	0.094	109.843	2.170	107.673	B=h=2.2 m
6 + 030	510	510	Open Channel	13,000	0.170	109.767		0.094	109.673	2.170	107.503		
6 + 540		540	Transition		0.000	109.767	8.847	1.809	0.167	109.600	2.800	106.800	D=3.500
6 + 540	10650	10650	Tunnel	1/1,500	7.100	102.667	8.847	1.809	0.167	102.500	2.800	99.700	
17 + 190		190	Outlet		0.000	102.667	8.847	1.809	0.167	102.500	2.800	99.700	

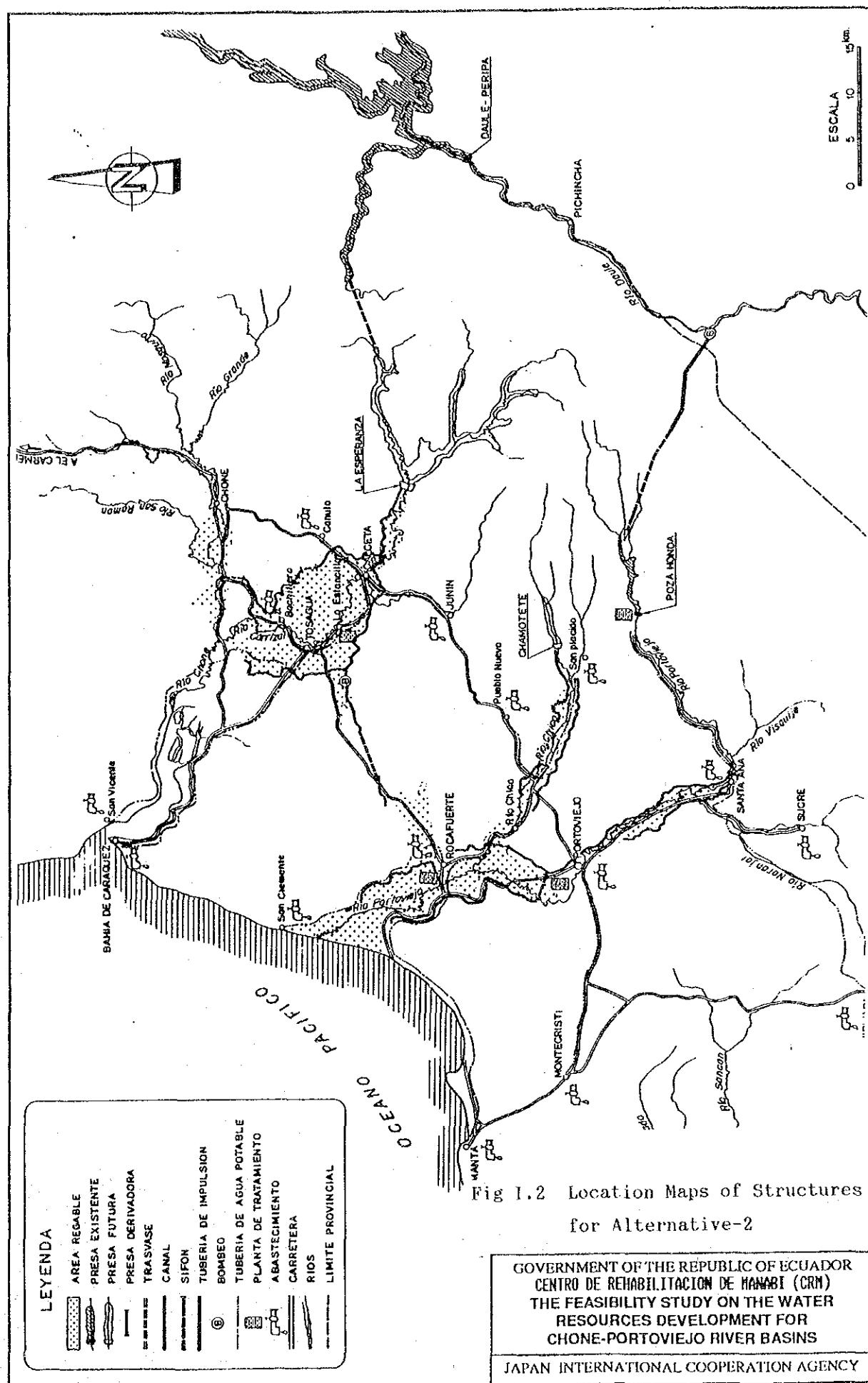
FIGURES



**Fig 1.1 Location Maps of Structures
for Alternative-1**

**GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS**

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY



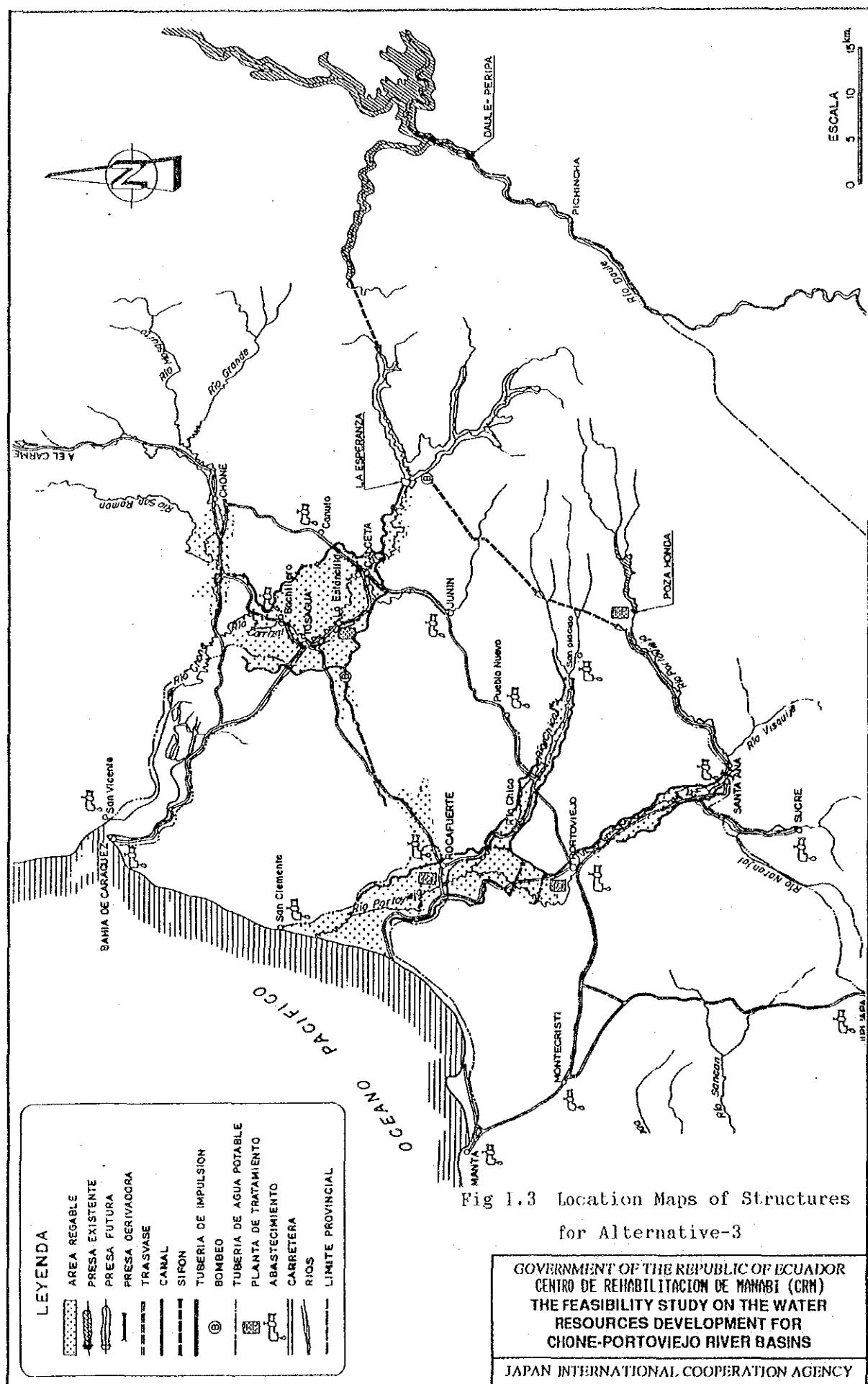
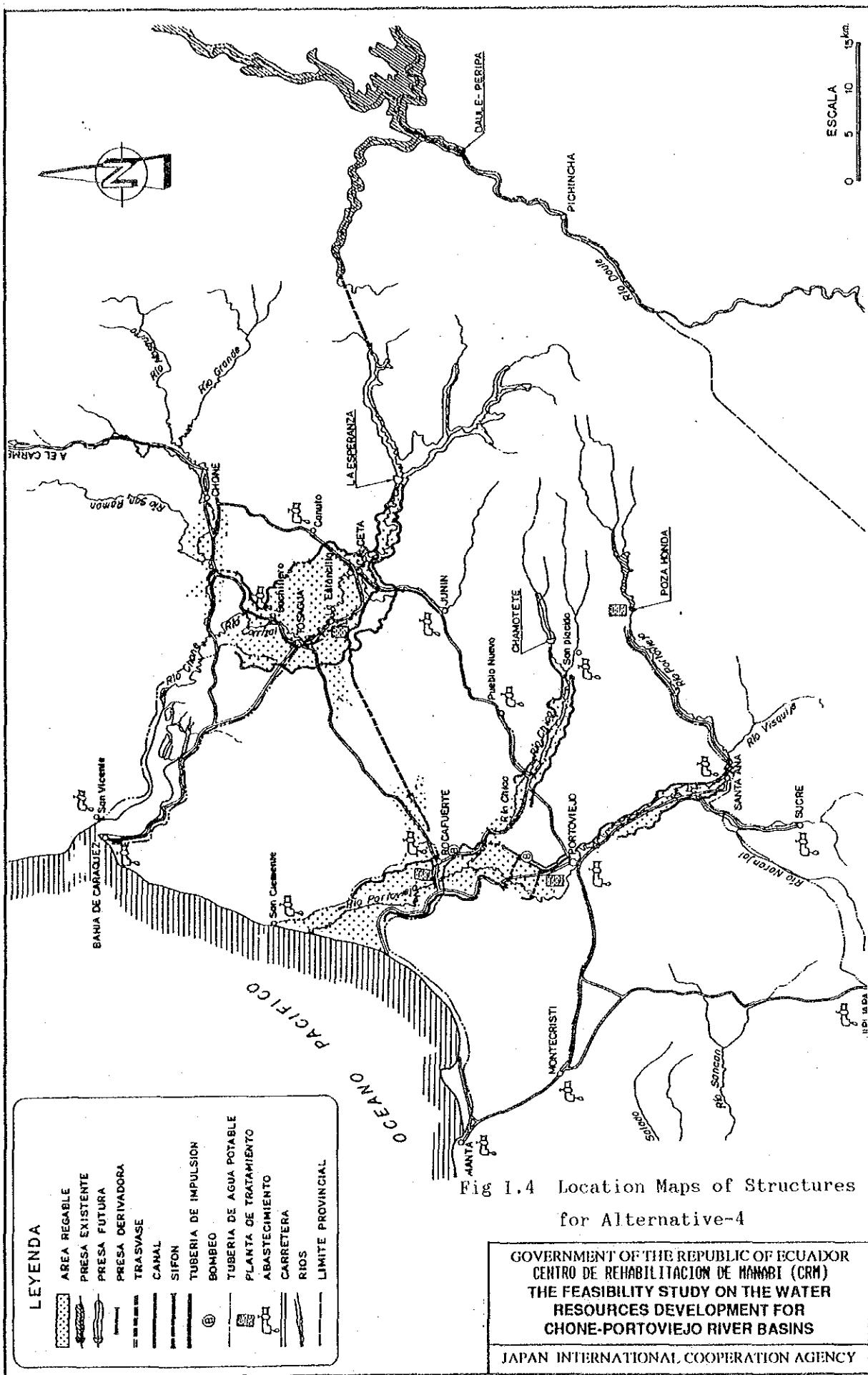
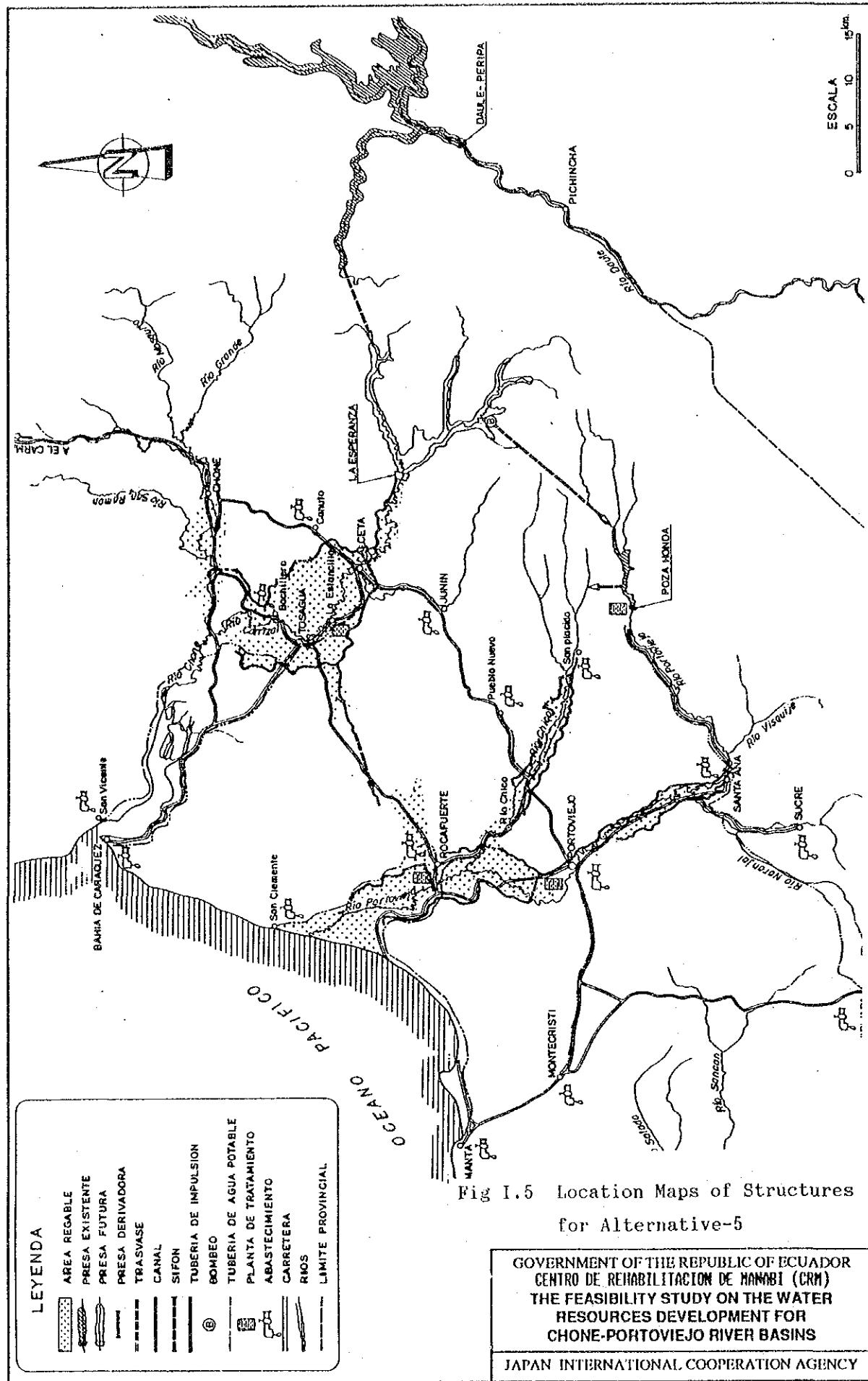


Fig 1.3 Location Maps of Structures
for Alternative-3

GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MAMBI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS
JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY





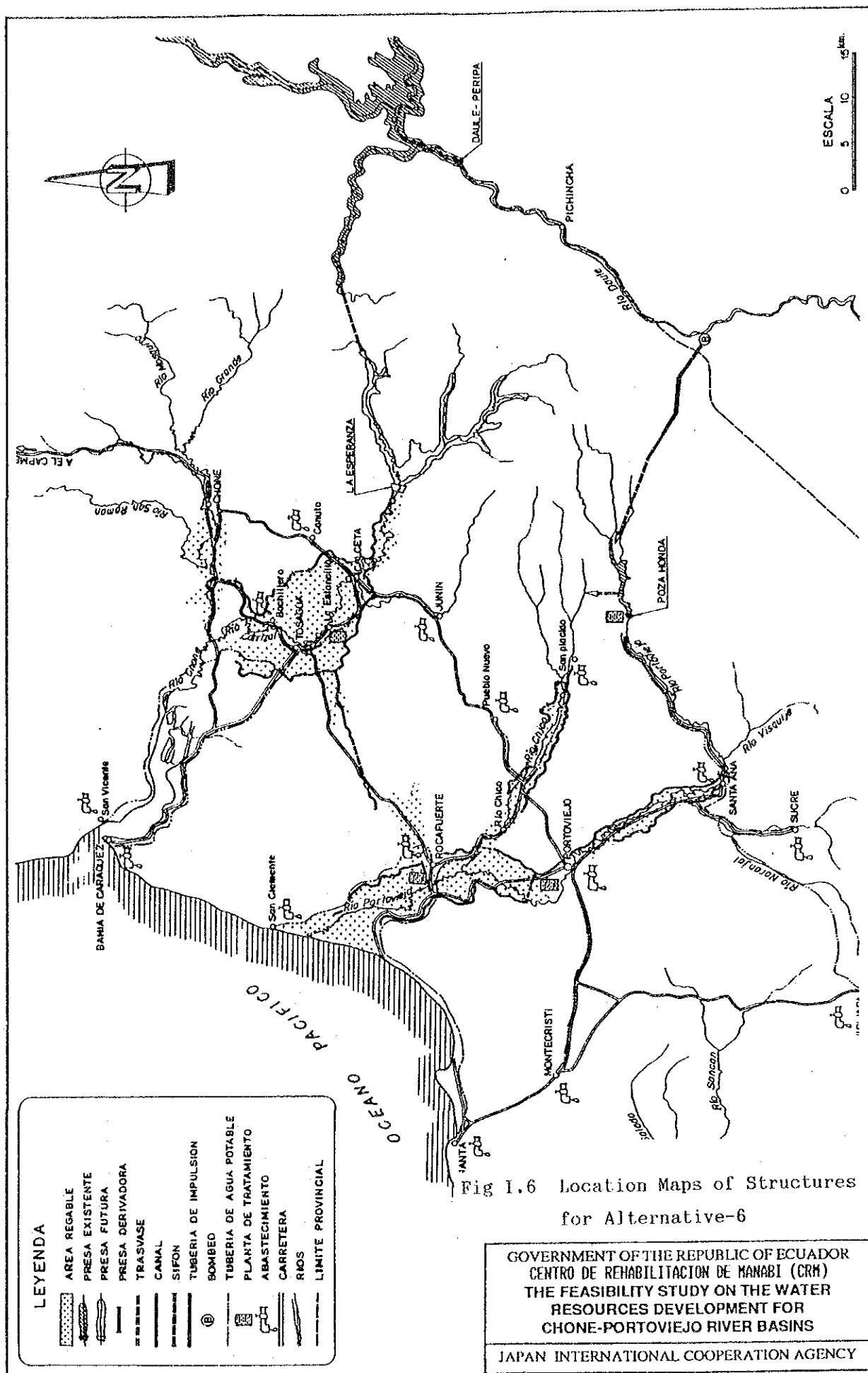


Fig 1.6 Location Maps of Structures
for Alternative-6

**GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS**

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

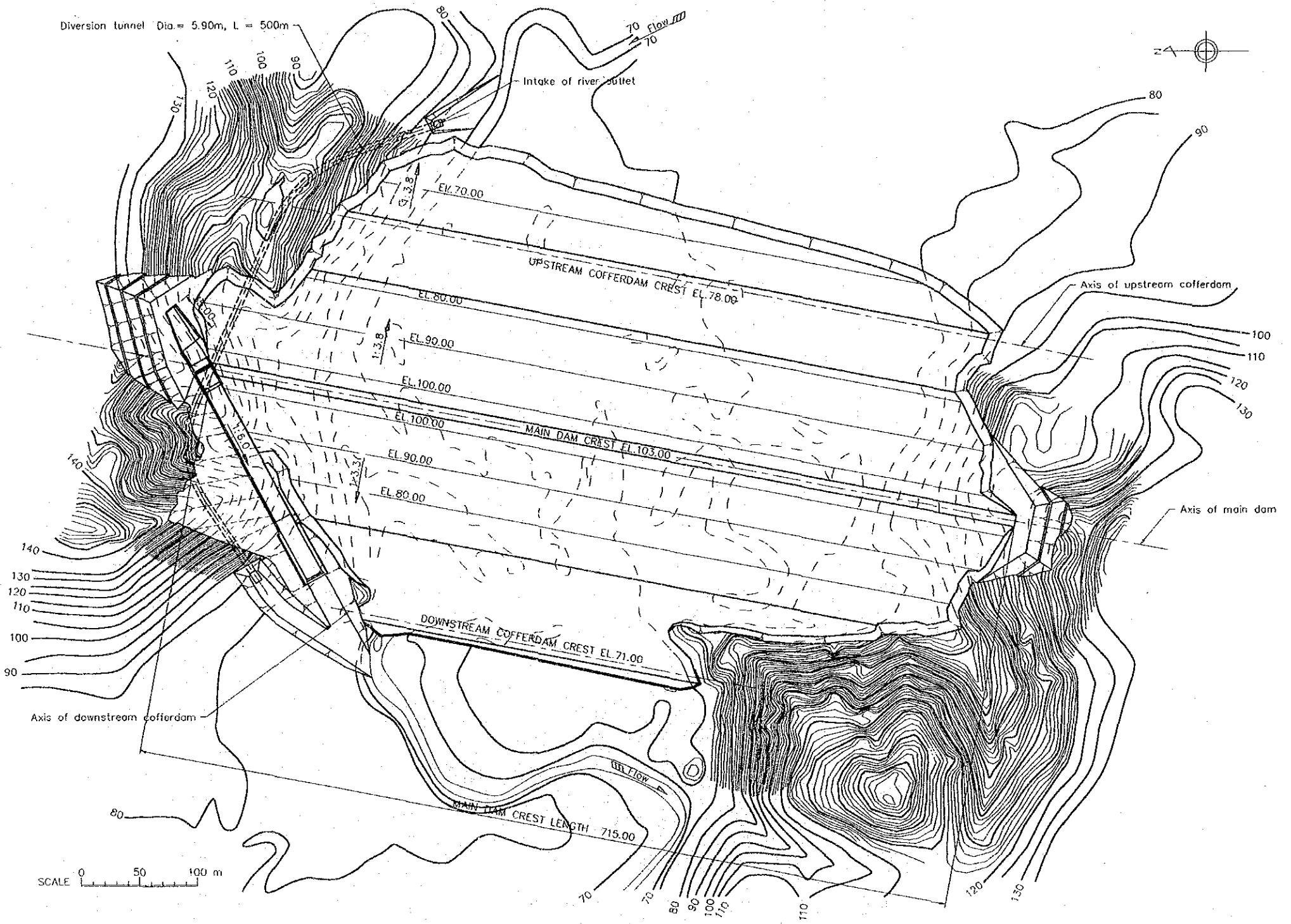


Fig. I.7 Preliminary Design of Chirijos Dam (1/2)

GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM) THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY
--

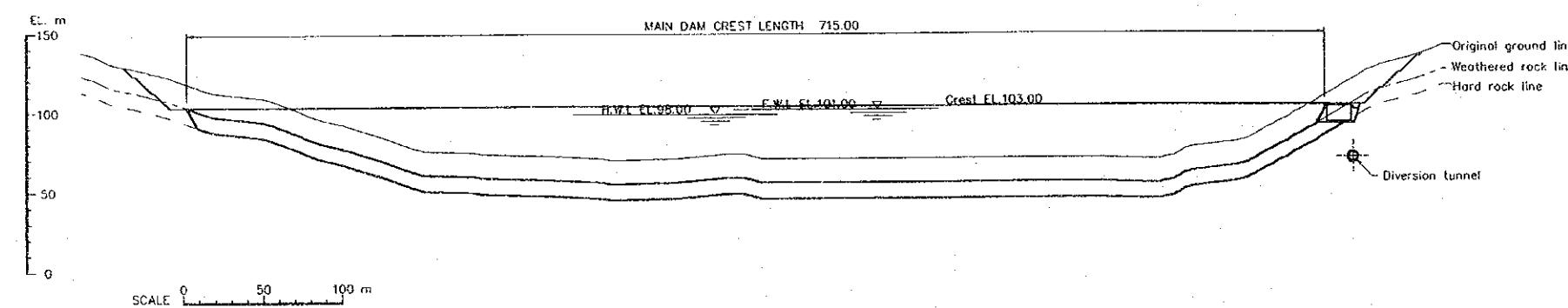
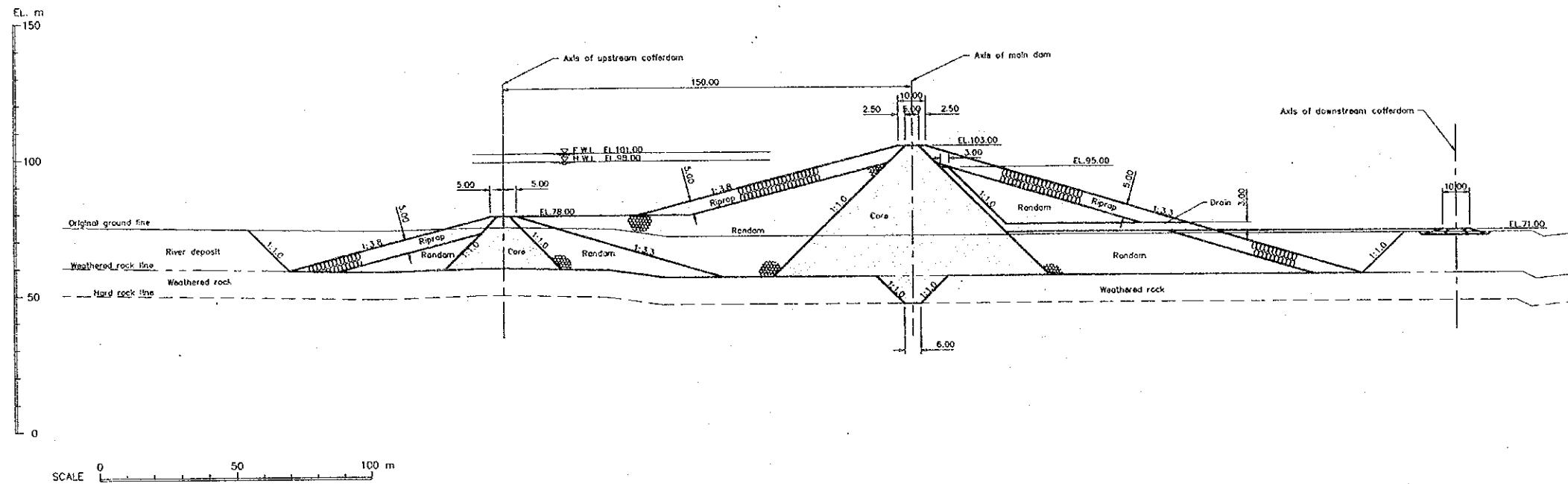
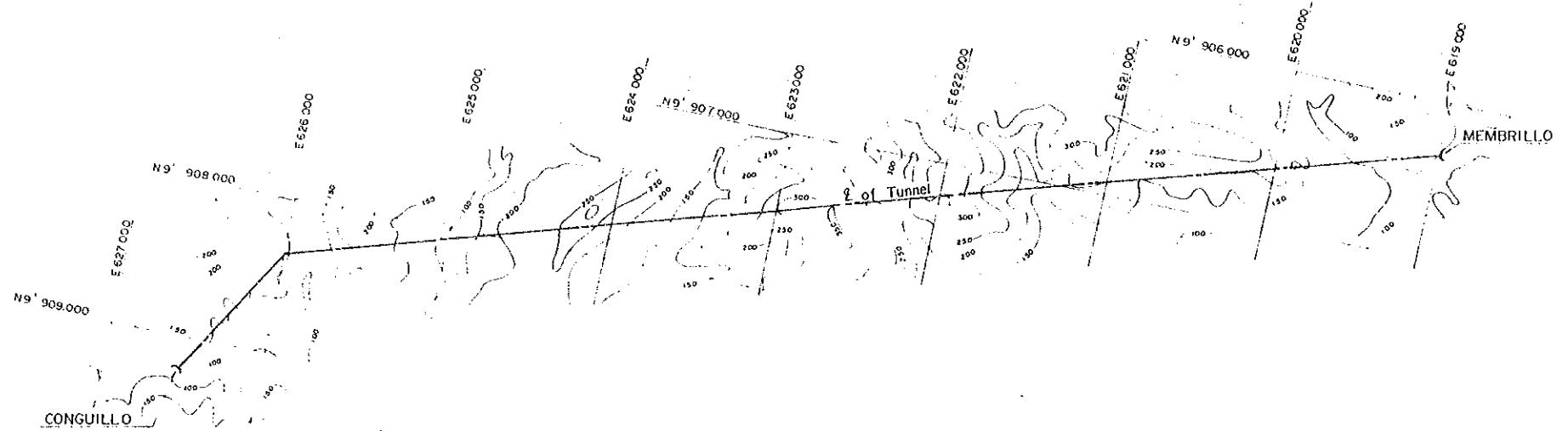
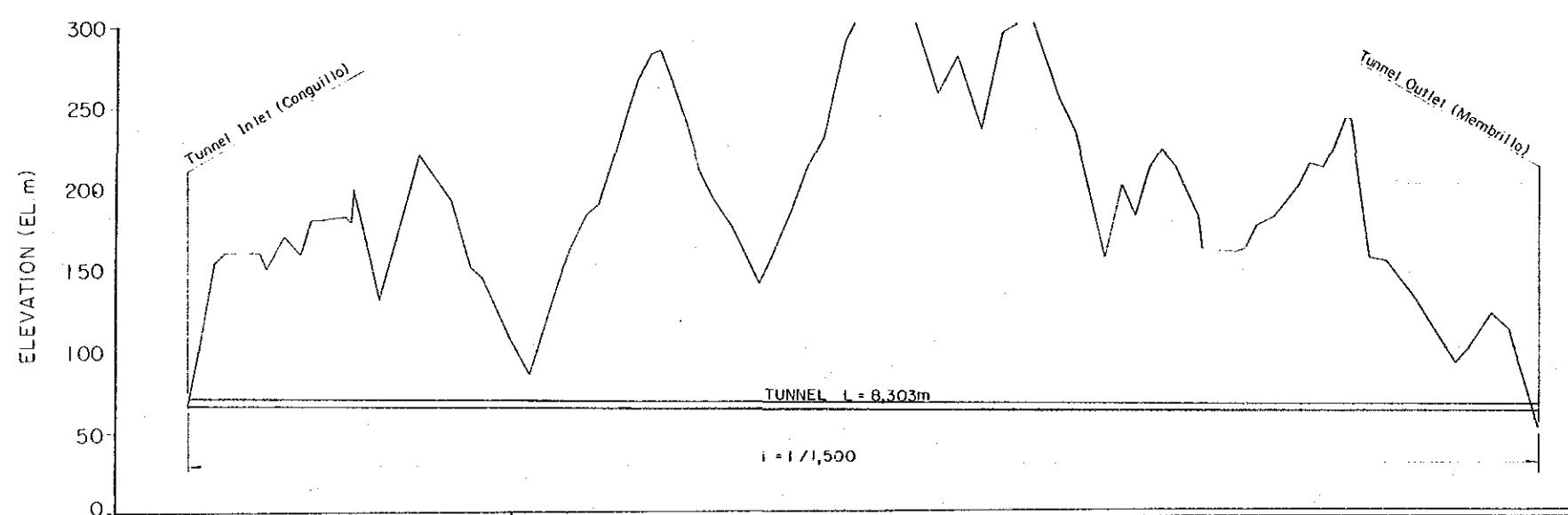


Fig. I.7 Preliminary Design of Chirijos Dam (2/2)

**GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS**



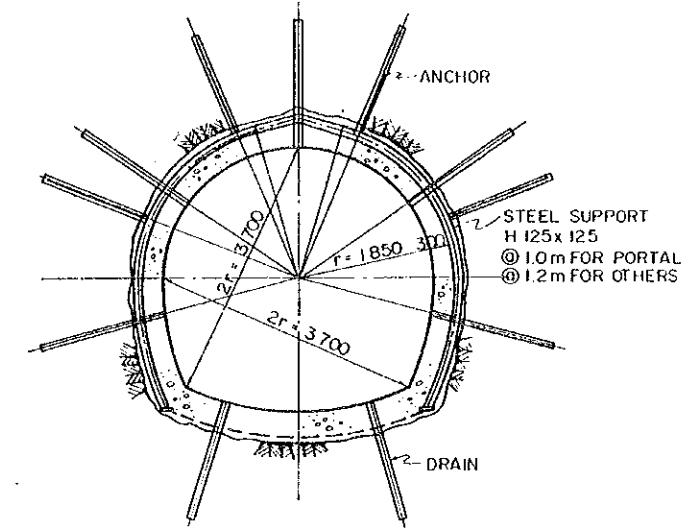
PLAN SCALE A



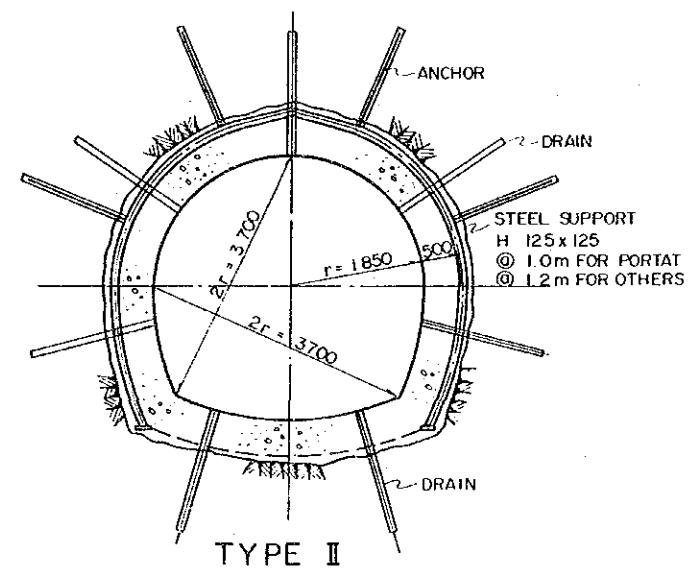
$i = 1 / 1,500$

TYPE OF STRUCTURE	TUNNEL									
ELEVATION OF FORMATION (EL.m)	64.00	65.35	64.70	64.05	63.40	62.75	62.0	61.45	58.50	
ELEVATION OF GROUND (EL.m)	66.00	18.00	105.00	26.40	25.80	29.00	22.00	21.20	60.60	
ACCUMULATED DISTANCE (m)	0	1.000	2.000	3.000	4.000	5.000	6.000	7.000	8.303	
DISTANCE (m)	0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.303	
STATION	0+000	1+000	2+000	3+000	4+000	5+000	6+000	7+000	8+503	

PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B



TYPE I



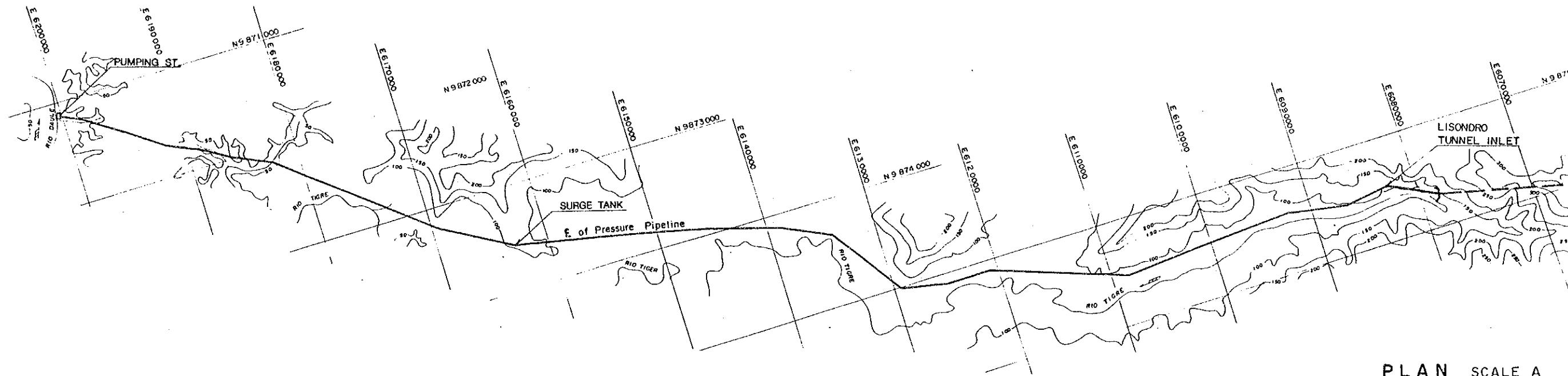
TYPICAL SECTION SCALE C

SCALE A 0 500 1,000 2,000m
SCALE B 0 50 100 200m
SCALE C 0 1 2 3 4 5m

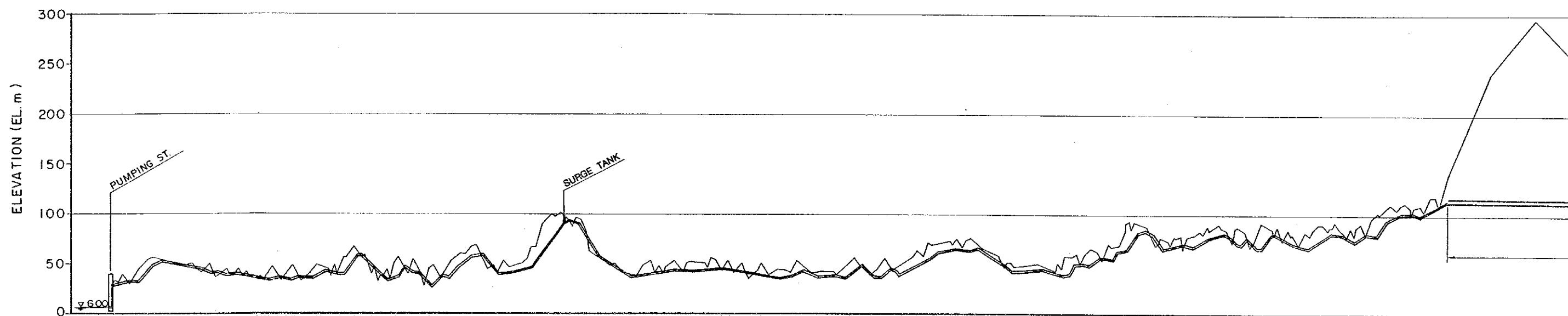
Fig. I.8 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Daule Peripa - Esperanza Dam"

GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

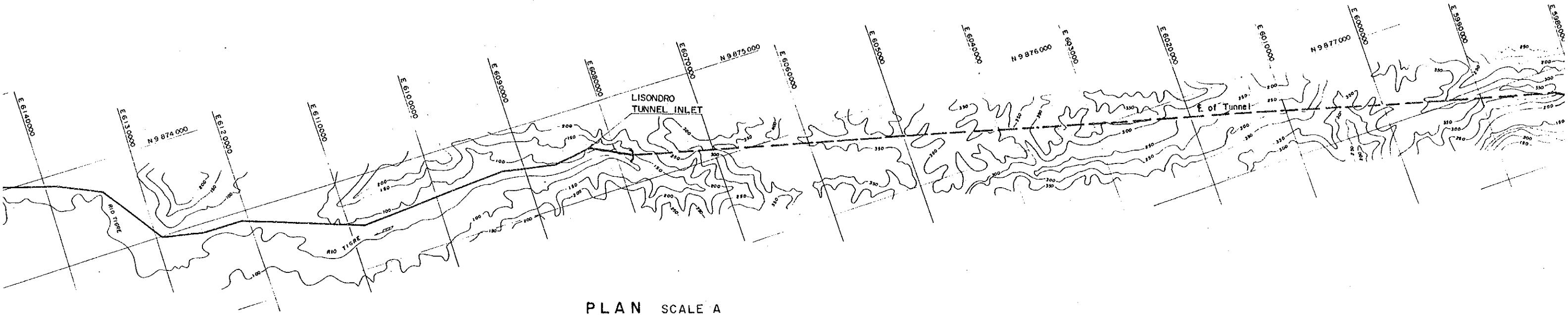


PLAN SCALE A

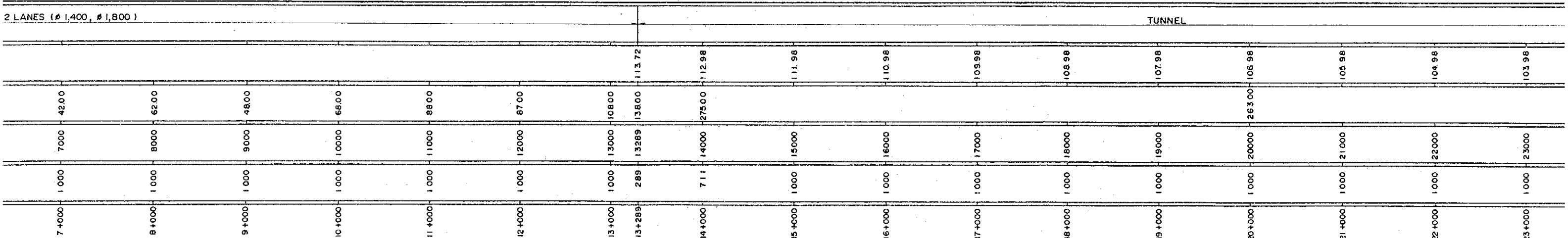
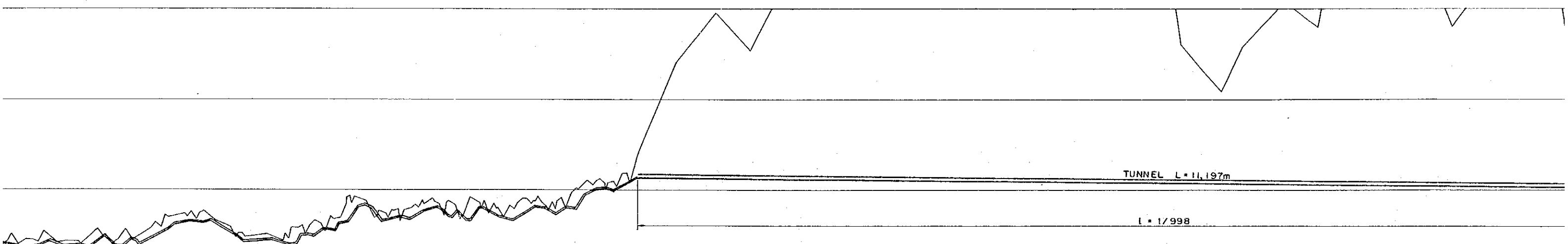


TYPE OF STRUCTURE	PRESSURE PIPE LINE L=13.3 km, 2 LANES (ϕ 1,400, δ 1,800)															
ELEVATION OF FORMATION (EL.m)	30.00															
ELEVATION OF GROUND (EL.m)	30.00															
ACCUMULATED DISTANCE (m)	0															
DISTANCE (m)	1000															
STATION	0+000	1+000	2+000	3+000	4+000	5+000	6+000	7+000	8+000	9+000	10+000	11+000	12+000	13+000	13+289	14+000
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000	11000	12000	13000	289	711	
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000	11000	12000	13000	3269	14000	
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000	11000	12000	13000	3800	14000	
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000	11000	12000	13000	372	14000	

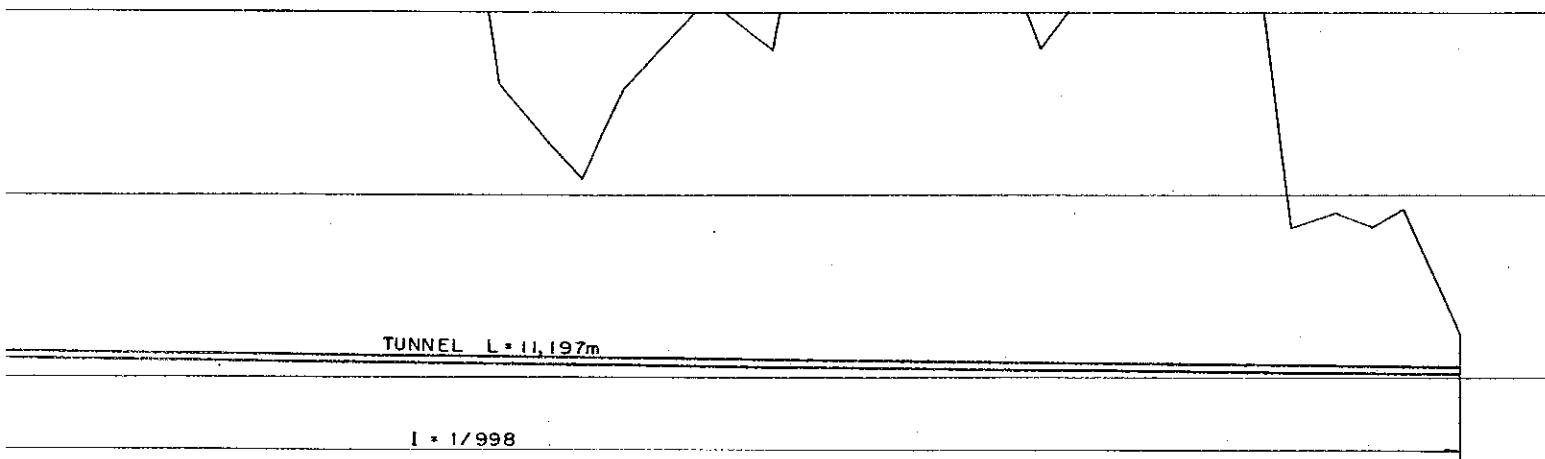
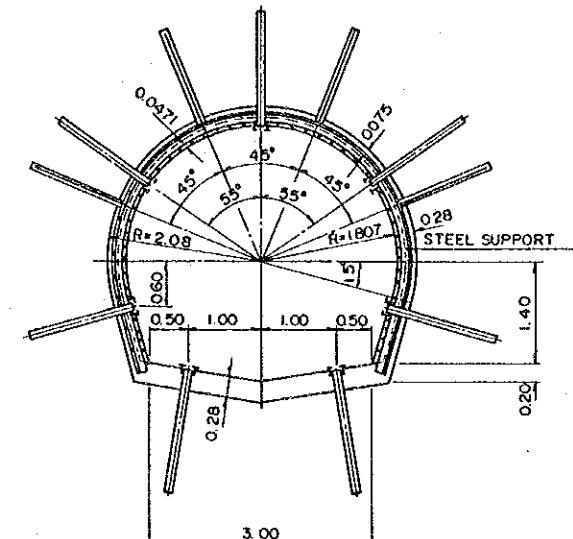
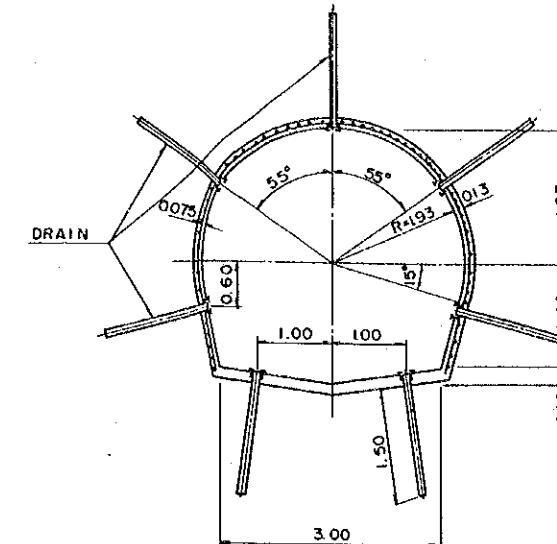
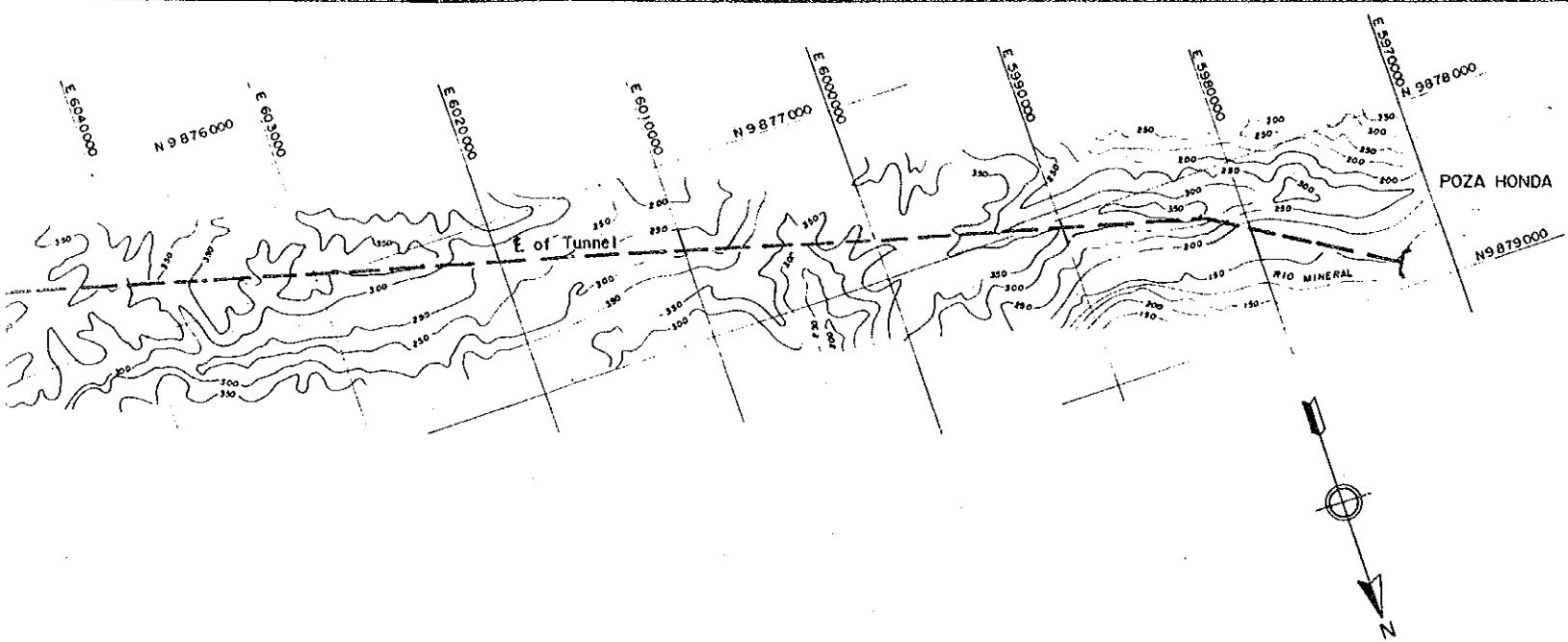
H : SCALE
V : SCALE



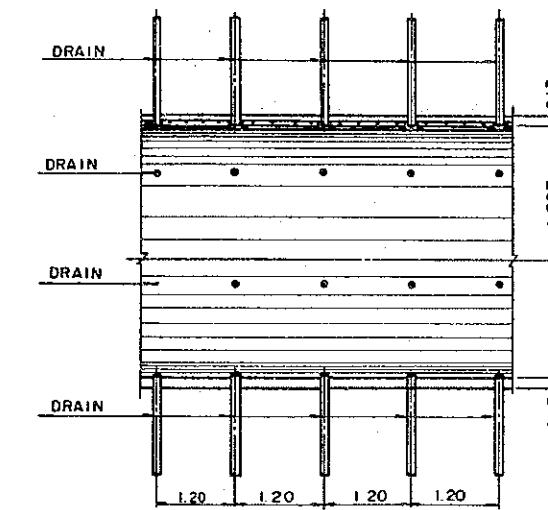
PLAN SCALE A



PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B



SECTION (TUNNEL) SCALE C



SECTION (PORTAL) SCALE C

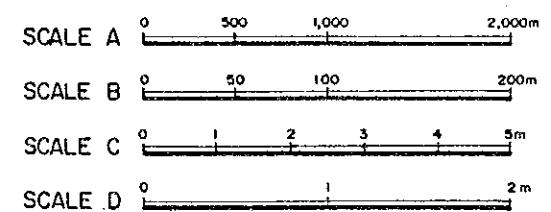
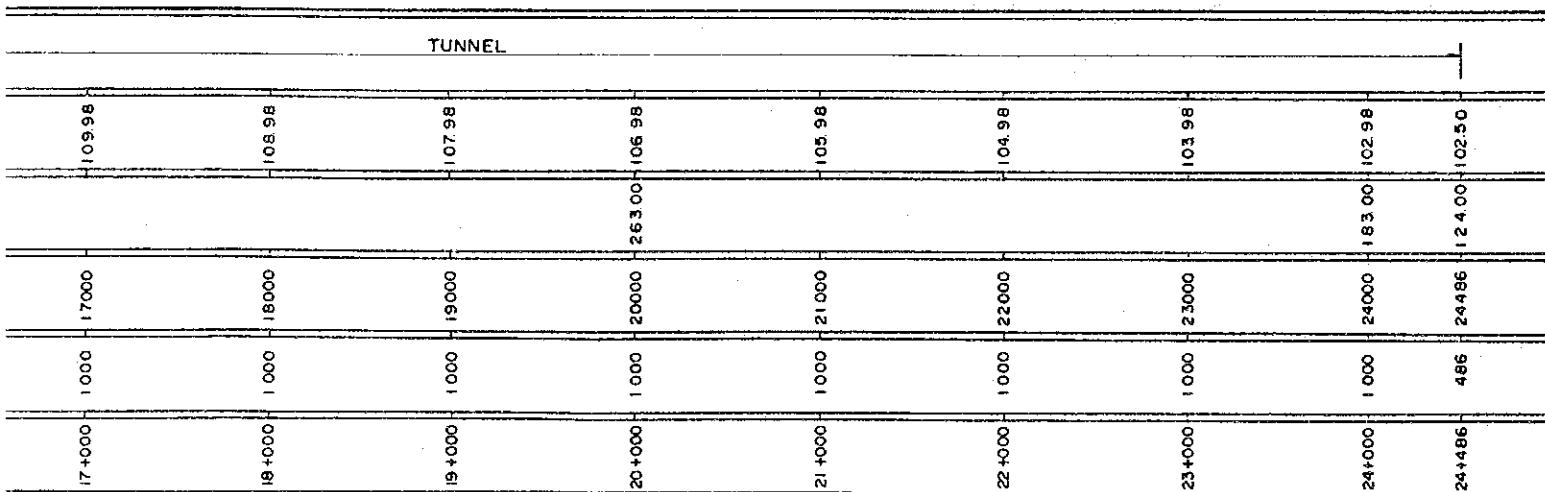
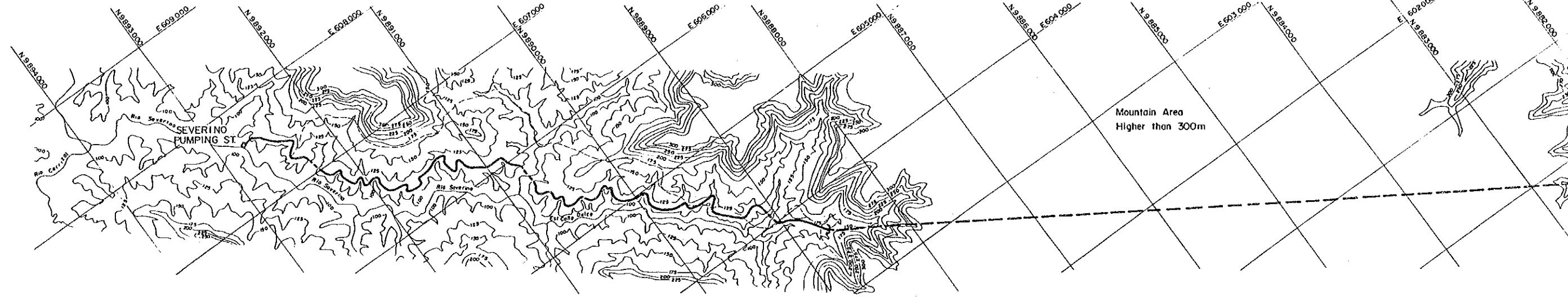


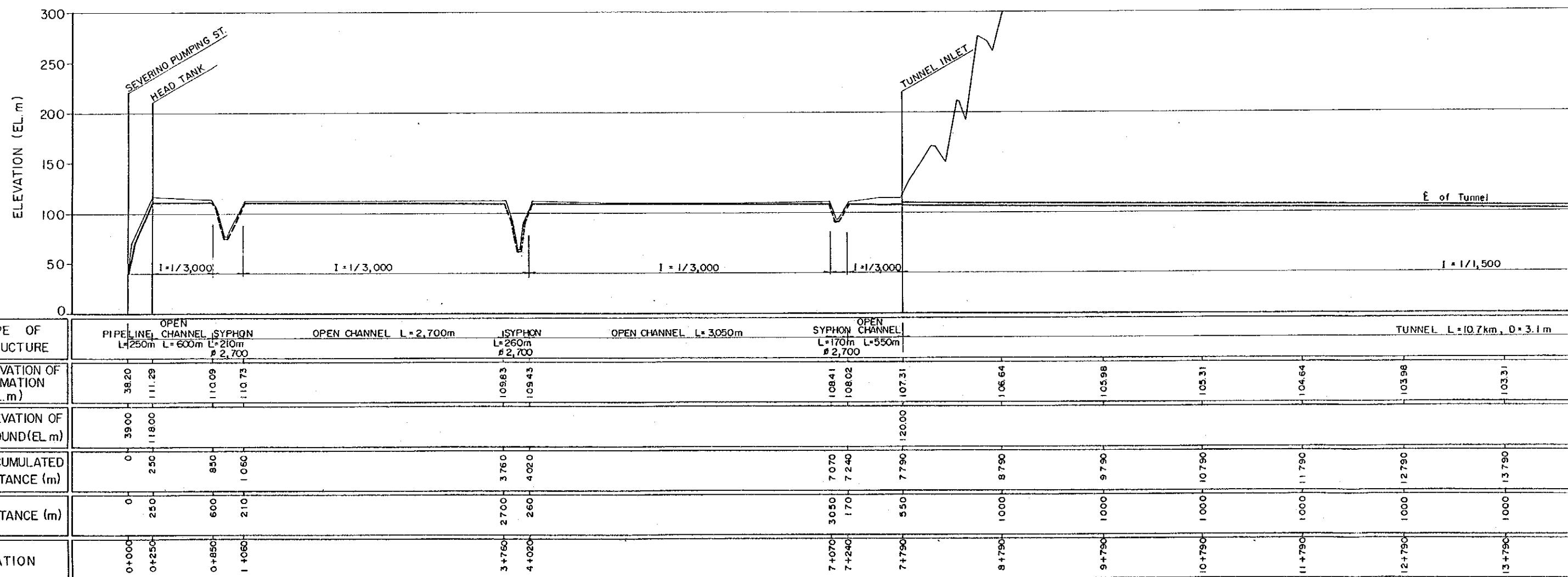
Fig. I.9 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Rio Daule - Poza Honda Dam"

**GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS**

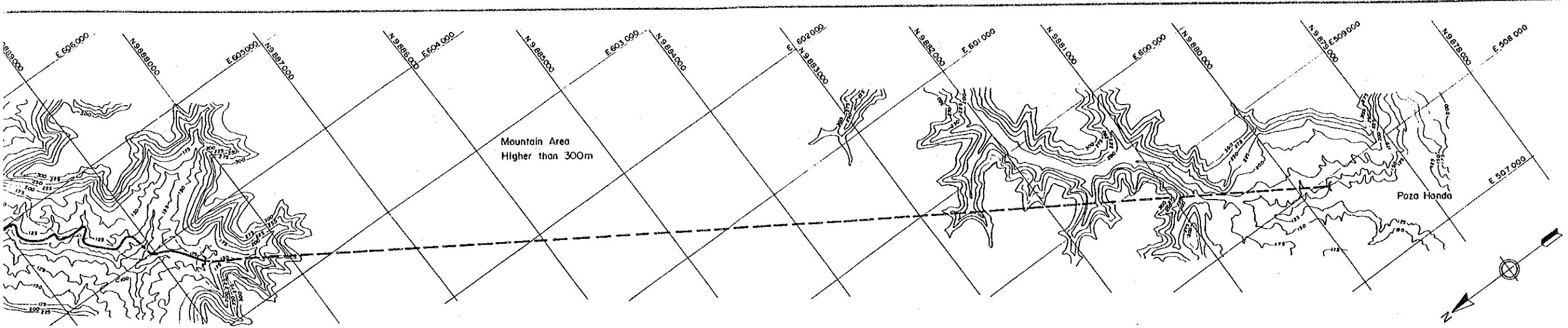
JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY



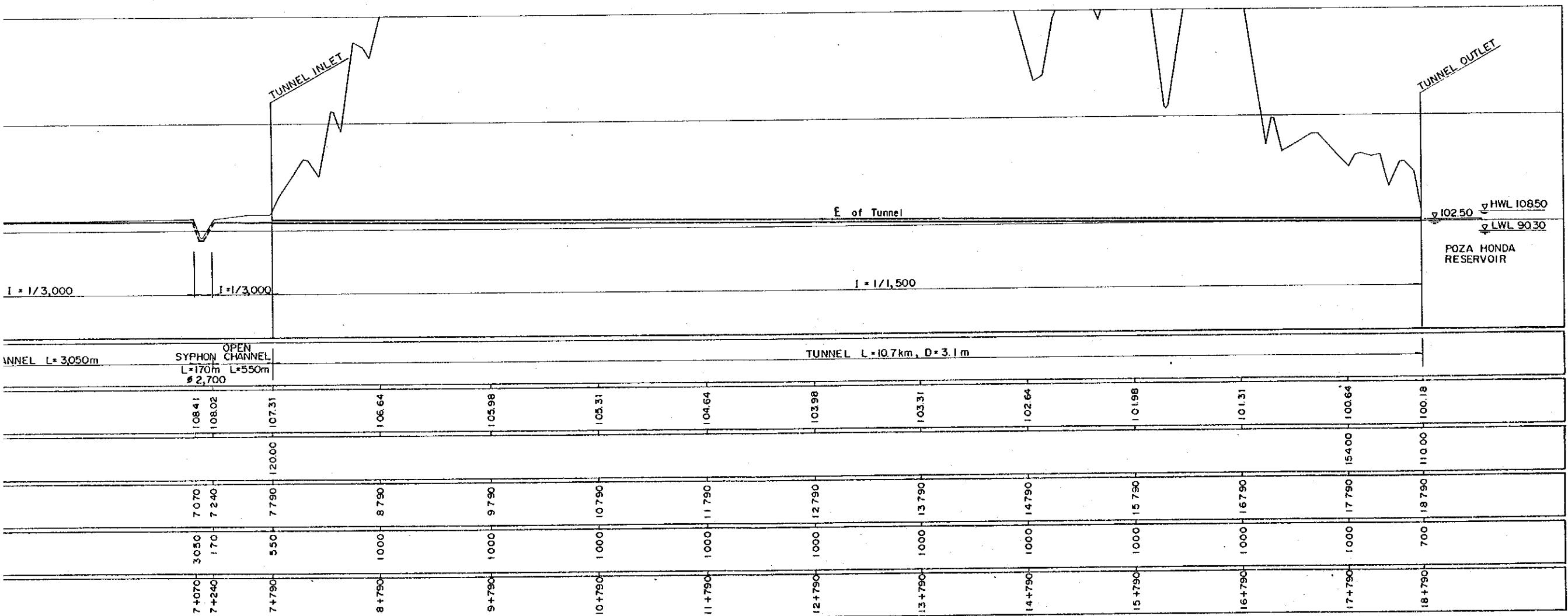
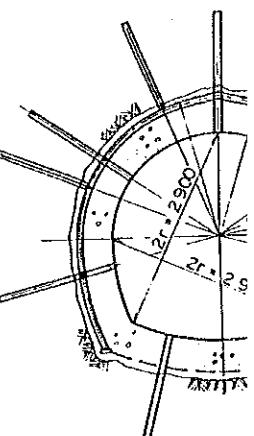
PLAN SCALE A

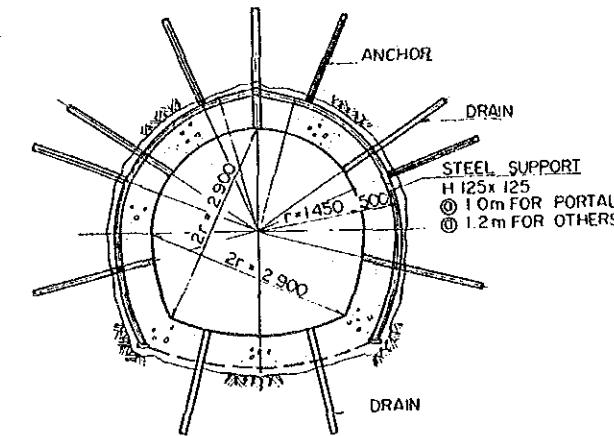
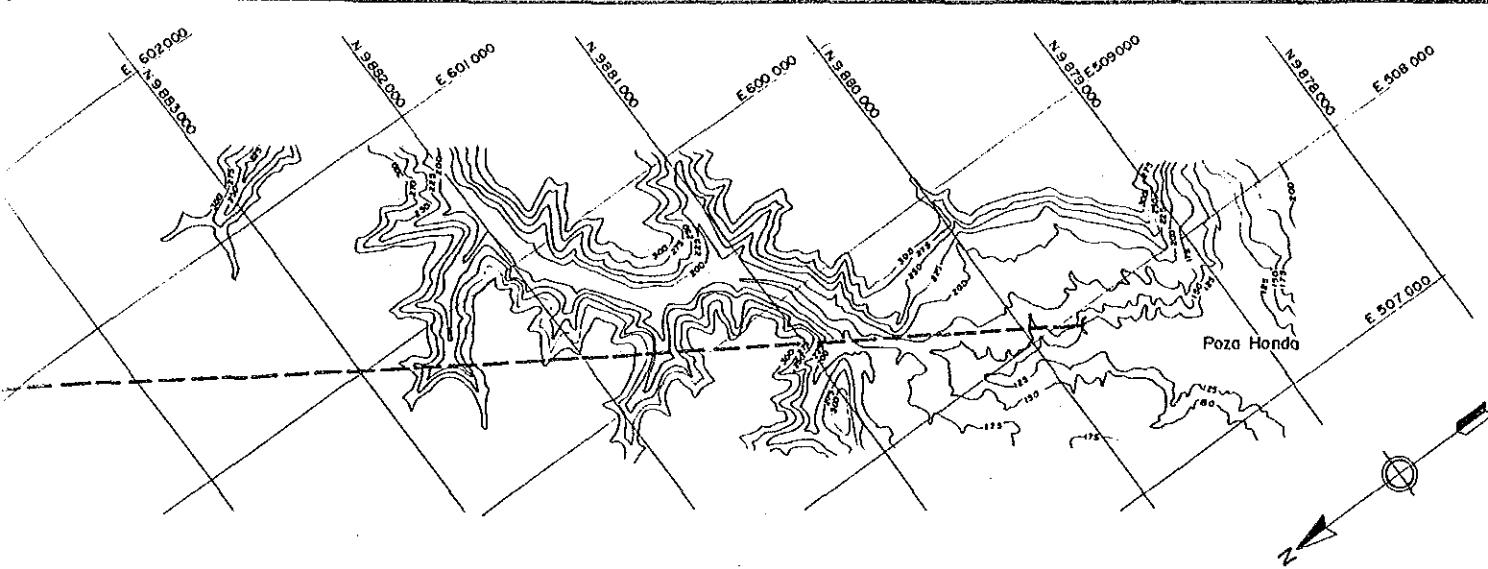


PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B

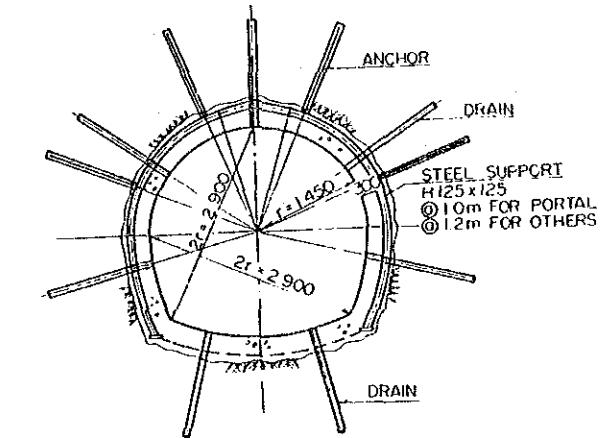


PLAN SCALE A





SECTION (PORTAL) SCALE C



SECTION (TUNNEL) SCALE C

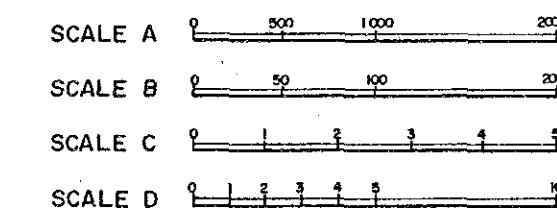
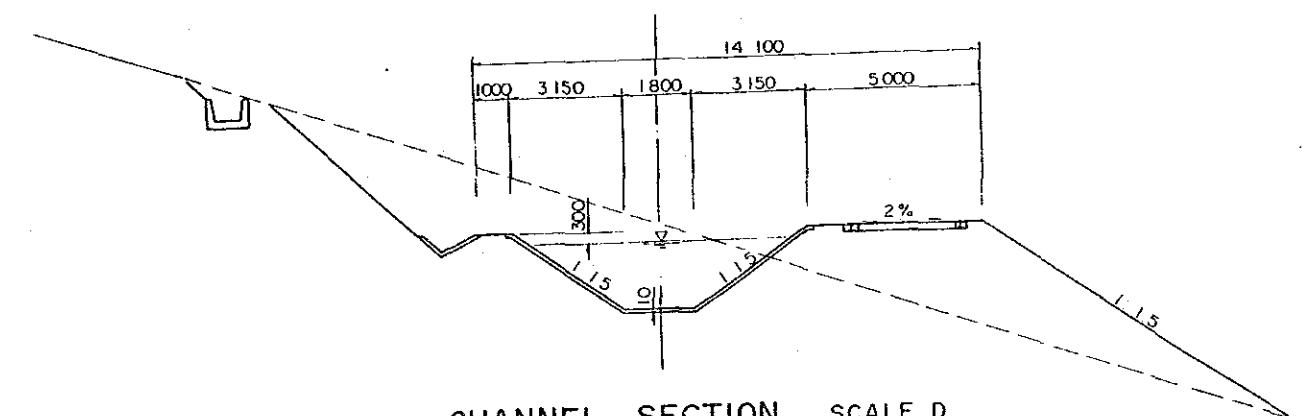
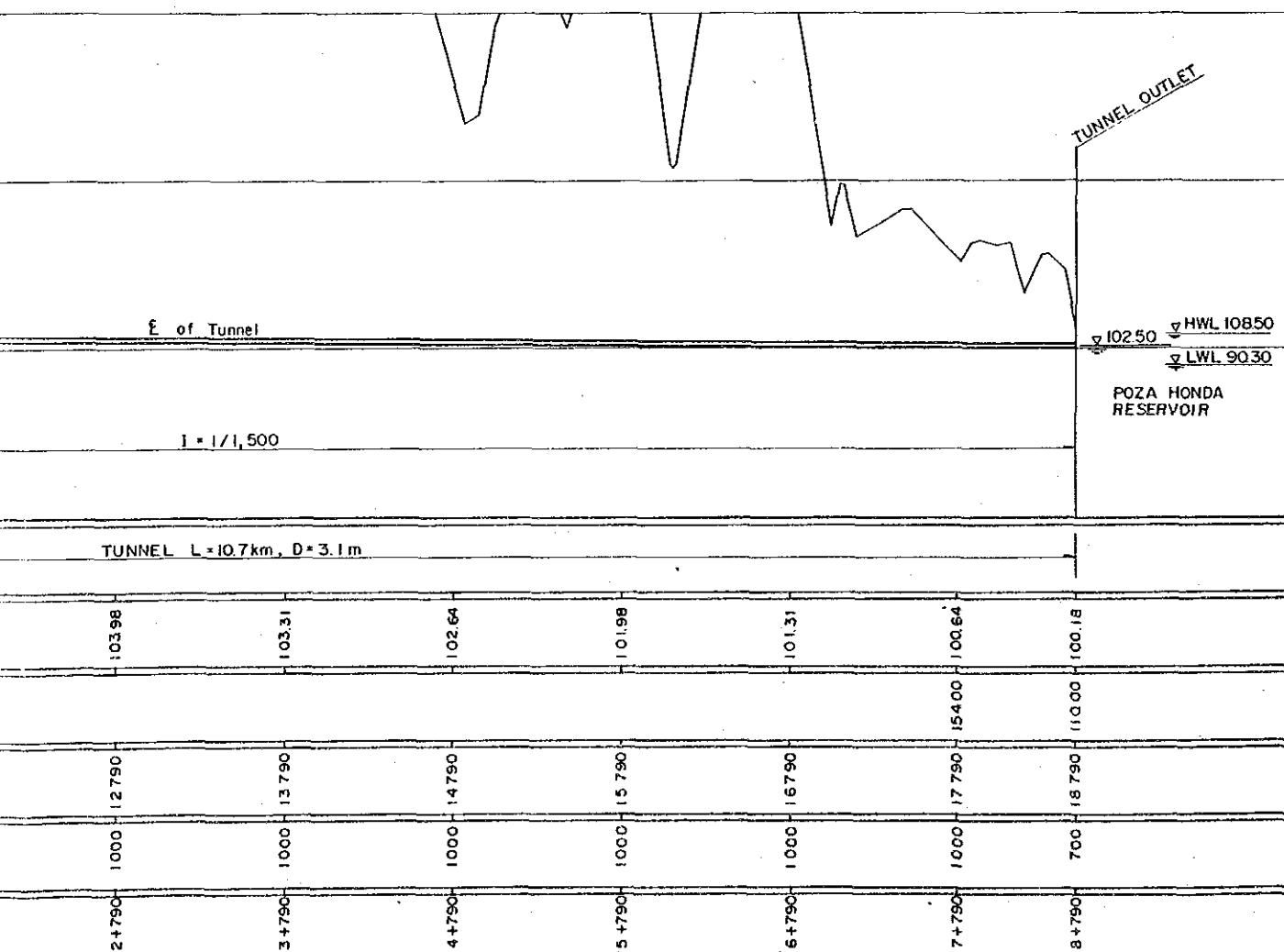
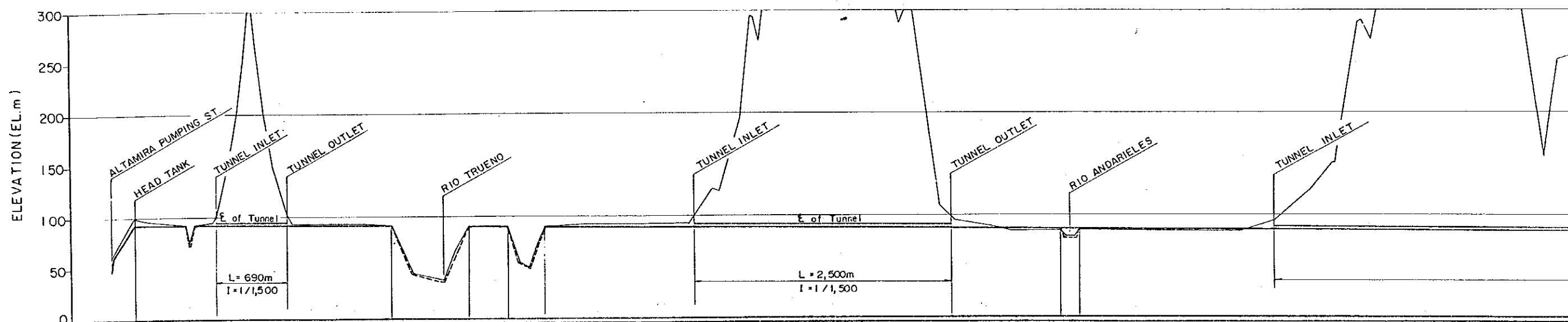
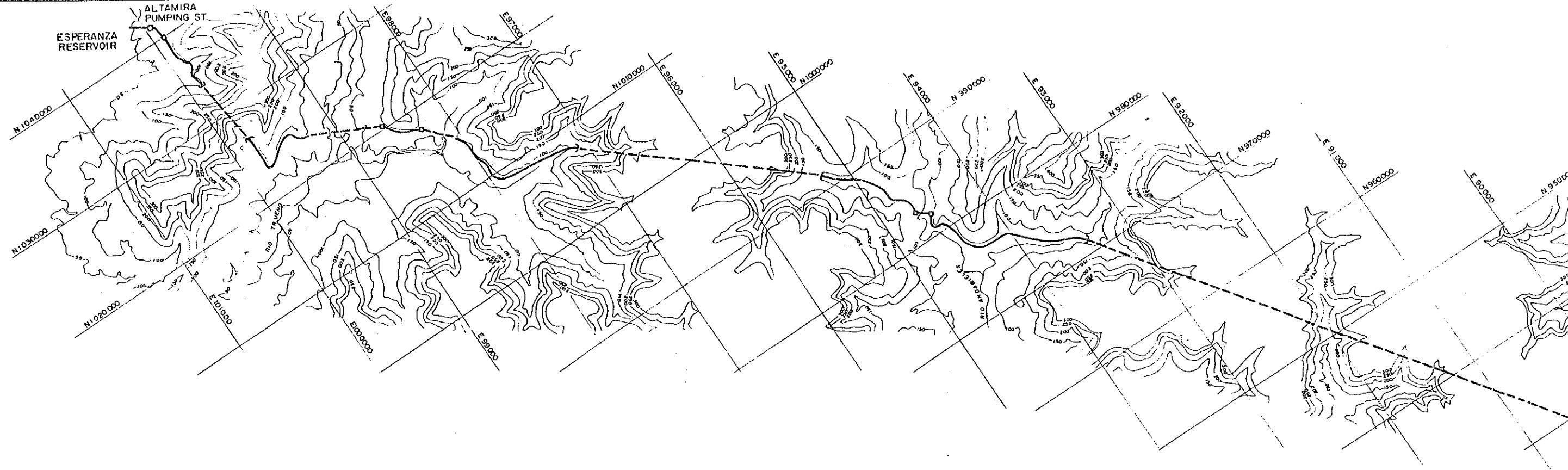
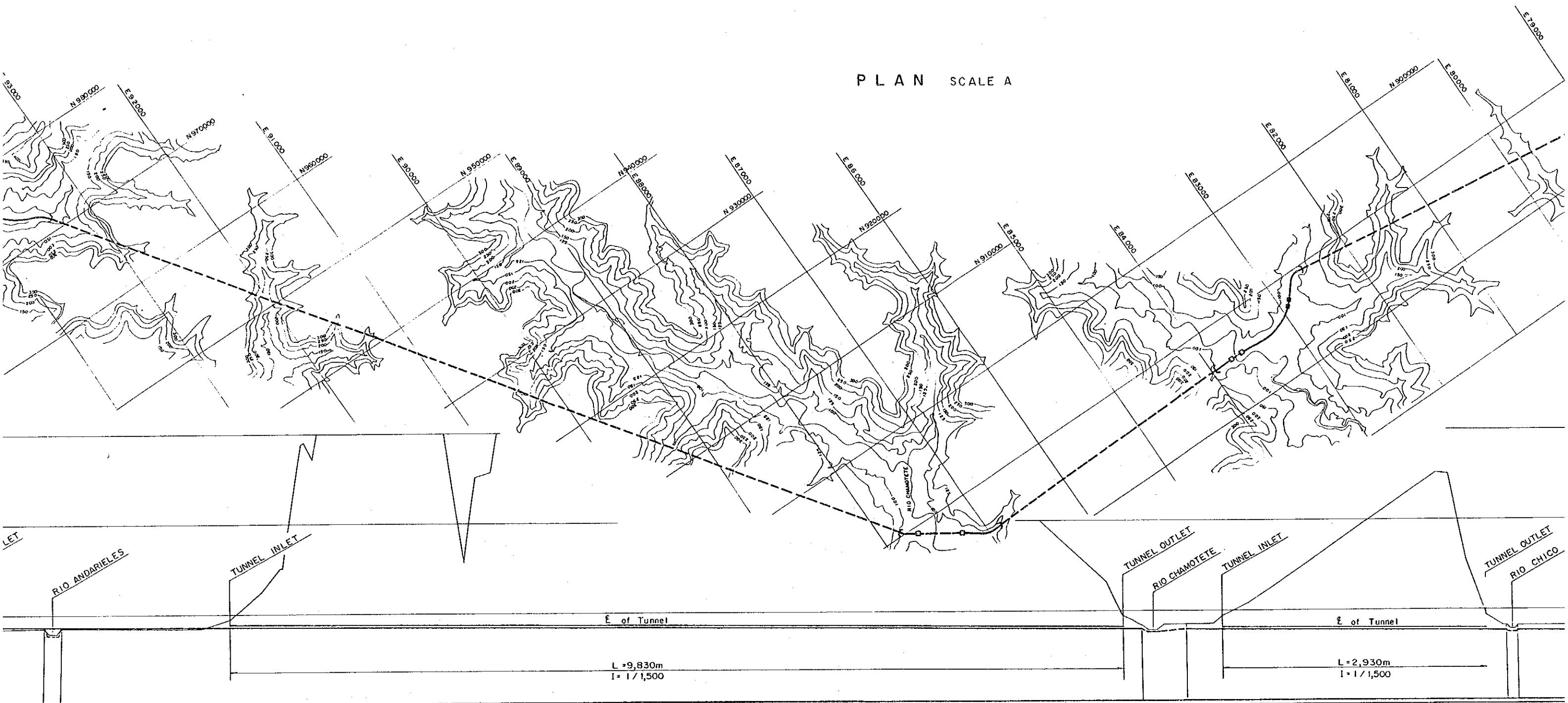


Fig. I.10 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Esperanza Dam (Severino) - Poza Honda Dam"

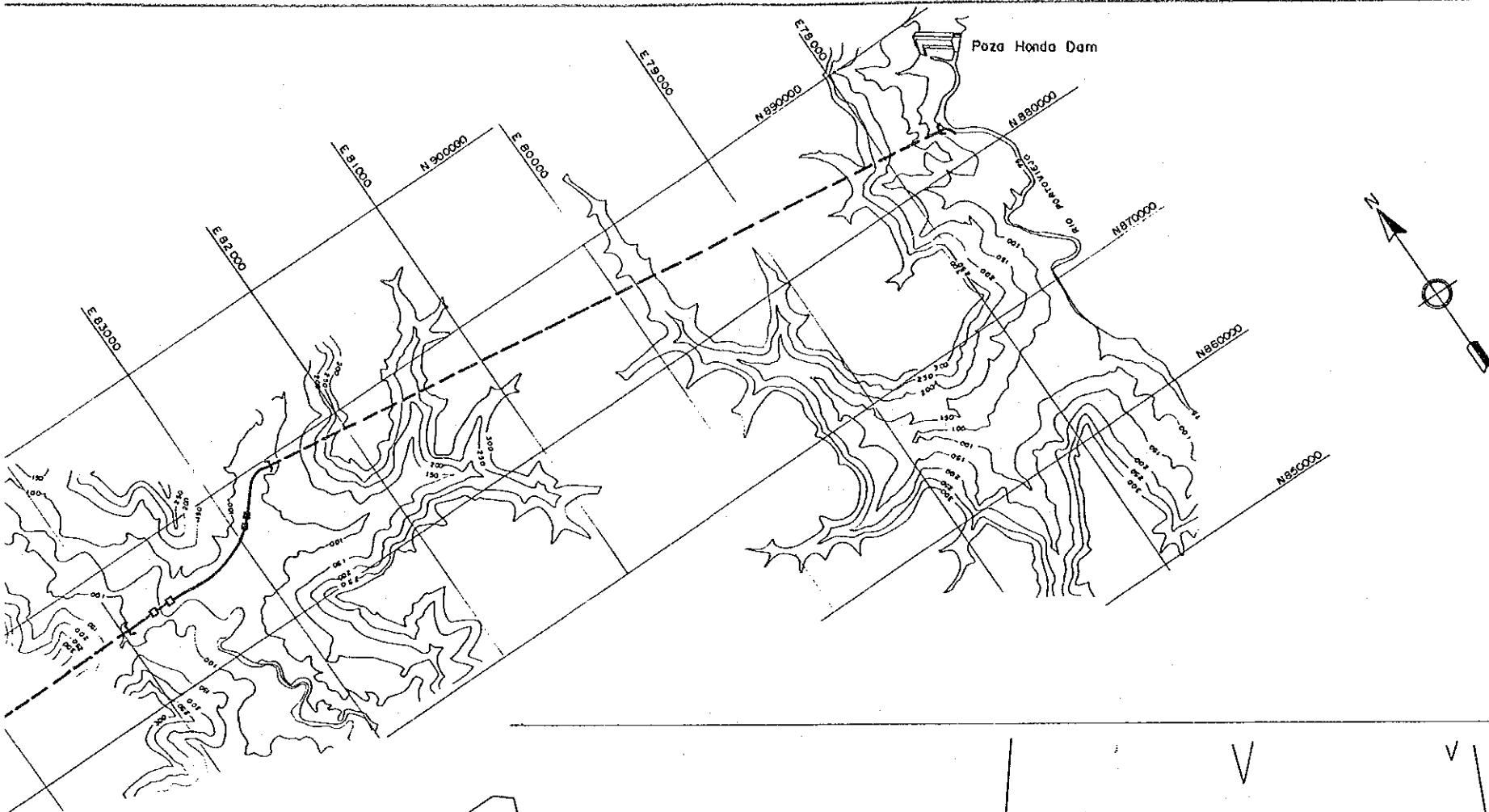


PLAN SCALE A

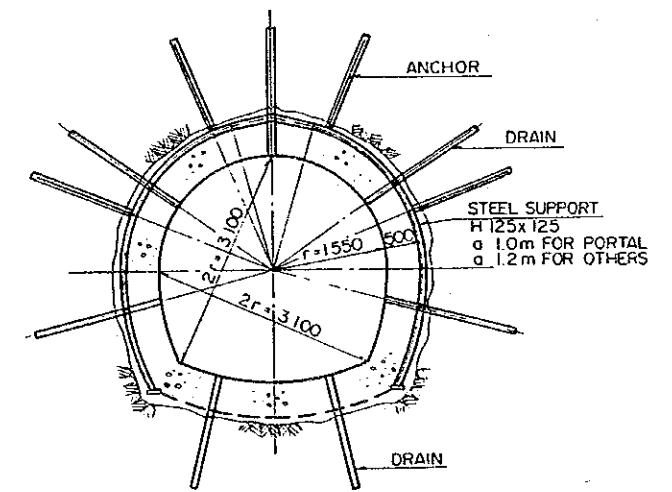


OPEN CHANNEL SYPHON		OPEN CHANNEL		TUNNEL L=9,830m I=1/1,500		OPEN CHANNEL SYPHON CHANNEL		OPEN CHANNEL		TUNNEL L=2,930m I=1/1,500		OPEN CHANNEL	
1/3,000	#2,900	I = 1/3,000	B=h=1.9m			Q=6m³/s	#2,100	I=1/3,000	B=h=1.5m	Q=6m³/s	D=2.5m	B=h=1.5	#2,100
9+250	9250	8700	8737	11+290	11290	9500	8578	12+290	12290	1000	8445	13+290	1000
9+450	9430	8700	8703	11+660	11660	9500	8511	12+000	12000	1000	8378	13+290	1000
10+00	1000	1000	1000	15+290	15290	1000	8311	16+290	16290	1000	8245	17+290	17290
10+40	1000	1000	1000	15+290	15290	1000	8245	16+290	16290	1000	8178	17+290	17290
11+20	1100	1100	1100	15+290	15290	1000	8178	16+290	16290	1000	8111	17+290	17290
11+40	1100	1100	1100	15+290	15290	1000	8111	16+290	16290	1000	8045	17+290	17290
12+20	1200	1200	1200	15+290	15290	1000	8045	16+290	16290	1000	7978	17+290	17290
12+40	1200	1200	1200	15+290	15290	1000	7978	16+290	16290	1000	7923	17+290	17290
13+20	1300	1300	1300	15+290	15290	1000	7923	16+290	16290	1000	8031	17+290	17290
13+40	1300	1300	1300	15+290	15290	1000	8031	16+290	16290	1000	8024	17+290	17290
14+20	1400	1400	1400	15+290	15290	1000	8024	16+290	16290	1000	8050	17+290	17290
14+40	1400	1400	1400	15+290	15290	1000	8050	16+290	16290	1000	7945	17+290	17290
15+20	1500	1500	1500	15+290	15290	1000	8050	16+290	16290	1000	7945	17+290	17290
15+40	1500	1500	1500	15+290	15290	1000	8050	16+290	16290	1000	7884	17+290	17290
16+20	1600	1600	1600	16+290	16290	1000	8050	17+290	17290	1000	7884	18+290	18290
16+40	1600	1600	1600	16+290	16290	1000	8050	17+290	17290	1000	7884	18+290	18290
17+20	1700	1700	1700	17+290	17290	1000	8050	18+290	18290	1000	7884	19+290	19290
17+40	1700	1700	1700	17+290	17290	1000	8050	18+290	18290	1000	7884	19+290	19290
18+20	1800	1800	1800	18+290	18290	1000	8050	19+290	19290	1000	7884	20+290	20290
18+40	1800	1800	1800	18+290	18290	1000	8050	19+290	19290	1000	7884	20+290	20290
19+20	1900	1900	1900	19+290	19290	1000	8050	20+290	20290	1000	7884	21+290	21290
19+40	1900	1900	1900	19+290	19290	1000	8050	20+290	20290	1000	7884	21+290	21290
20+20	2000	2000	2000	20+290	20290	1000	8050	21+290	21290	1000	7884	22+290	22290
20+40	2000	2000	2000	20+290	20290	1000	8050	21+290	21290	1000	7884	22+290	22290
21+20	2100	2100	2100	21+290	21290	1000	8050	22+290	22290	1000	7884	23+290	23290
21+40	2100	2100	2100	21+290	21290	1000	8050	22+290	22290	1000	7884	23+290	23290
22+20	2200	2200	2200	22+290	22290	1000	8050	23+290	23290	1000	7884	24+290	24290
22+40	2200	2200	2200	22+290	22290	1000	8050	23+290	23290	1000	7884	24+290	24290
23+20	2300	2300	2300	23+290	23290	1000	8050	24+290	24290	1000	7884	25+290	25290
23+40	2300	2300	2300	23+290	23290	1000	8050	24+290	24290	1000	7884	25+290	25290
24+20	2400	2400	2400	24+290	24290	1000	8050	25+290	25290	1000	7884	26+290	26290
24+40	2400	2400	2400	24+290	24290	1000	8050	25+290	25290	1000	7884	26+290	26290
25+20	2500	2500	2500	25+290	25290	1000	8050	26+290	26290	1000	7884	27+290	27290
25+40	2500	2500	2500	25+290	25290	1000	8050	26+290	26290	1000	7884	27+290	27290

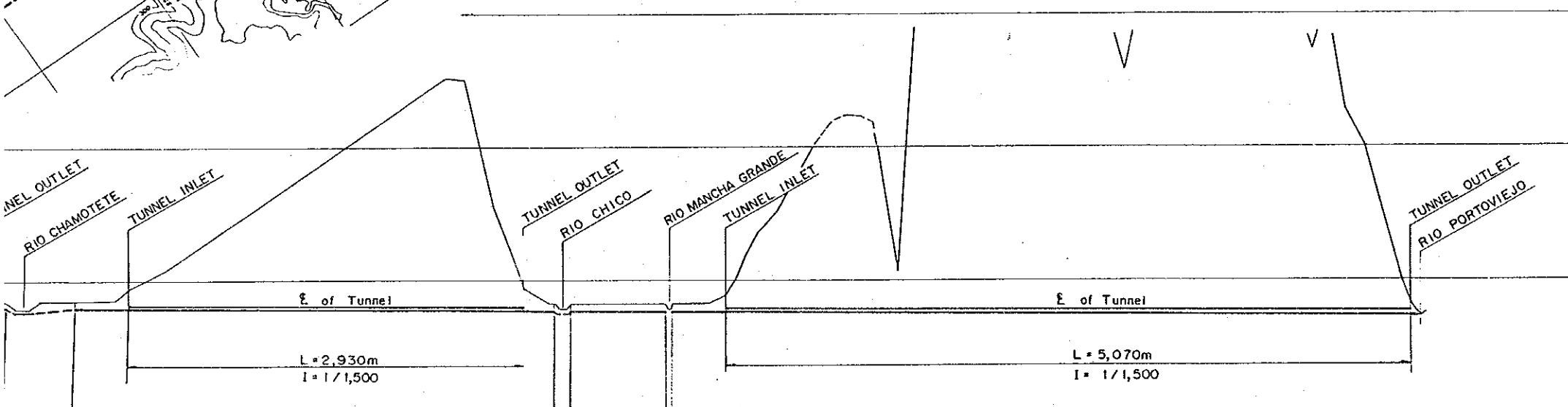
PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B



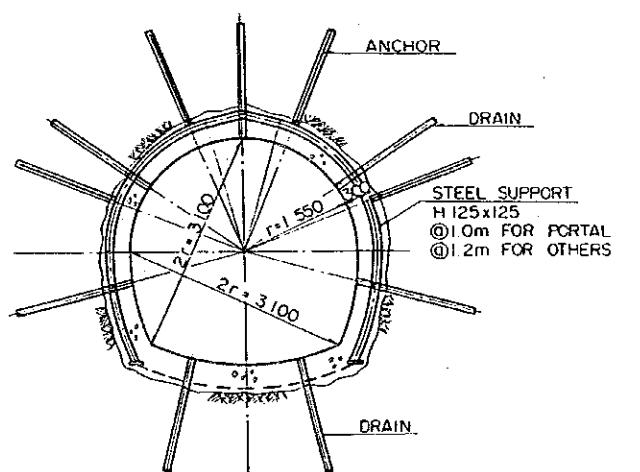
CHANNEL SECTION (Q=12 m³/s) SCALE D



SECTION PORTAL (Q=12 m³/s) SCALE C



SECTION TUNNEL ($Q = 12 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$) SCALE C



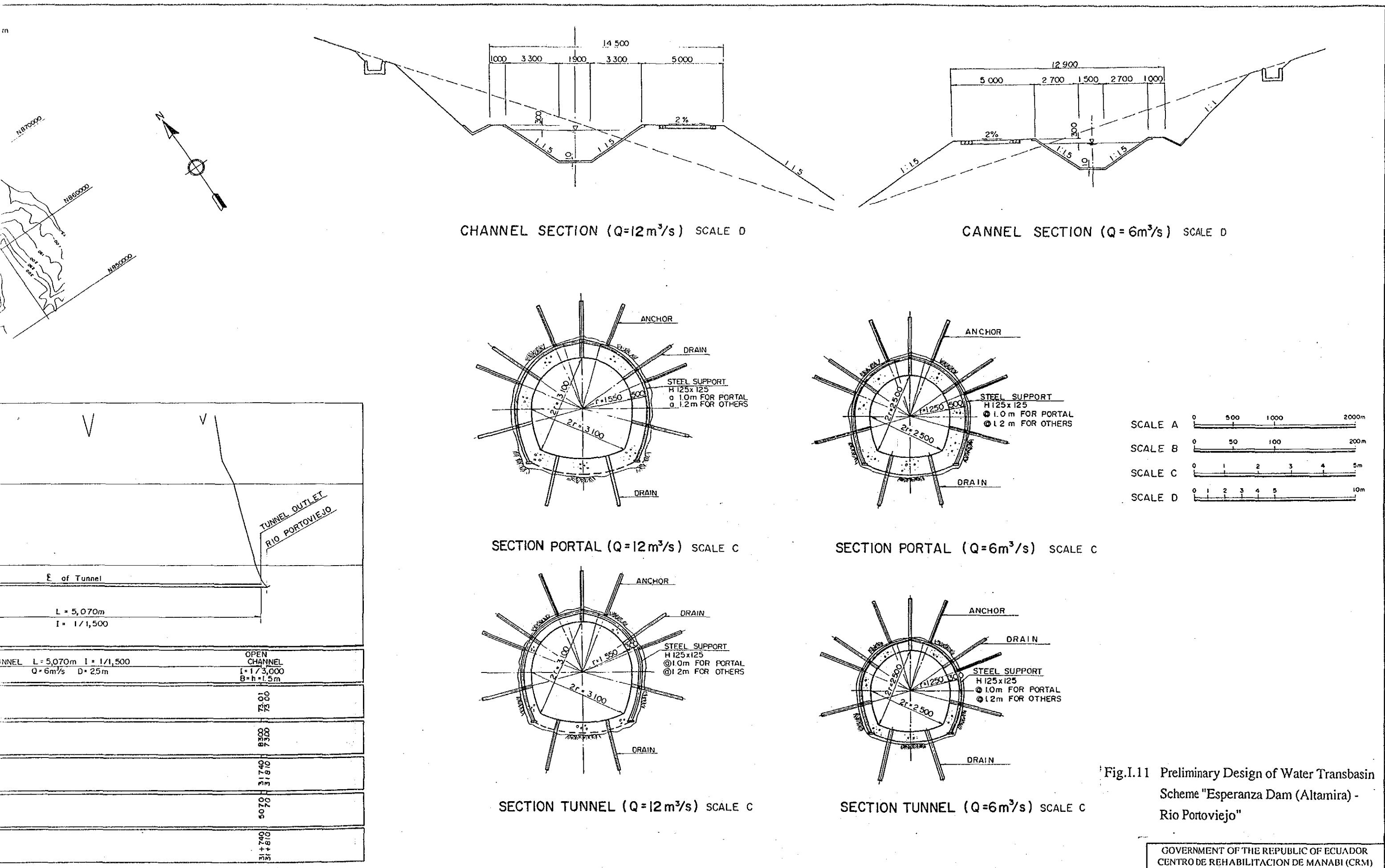


Fig.I.11 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Esperanza Dam (Altamira) - Rio Portoviejo"

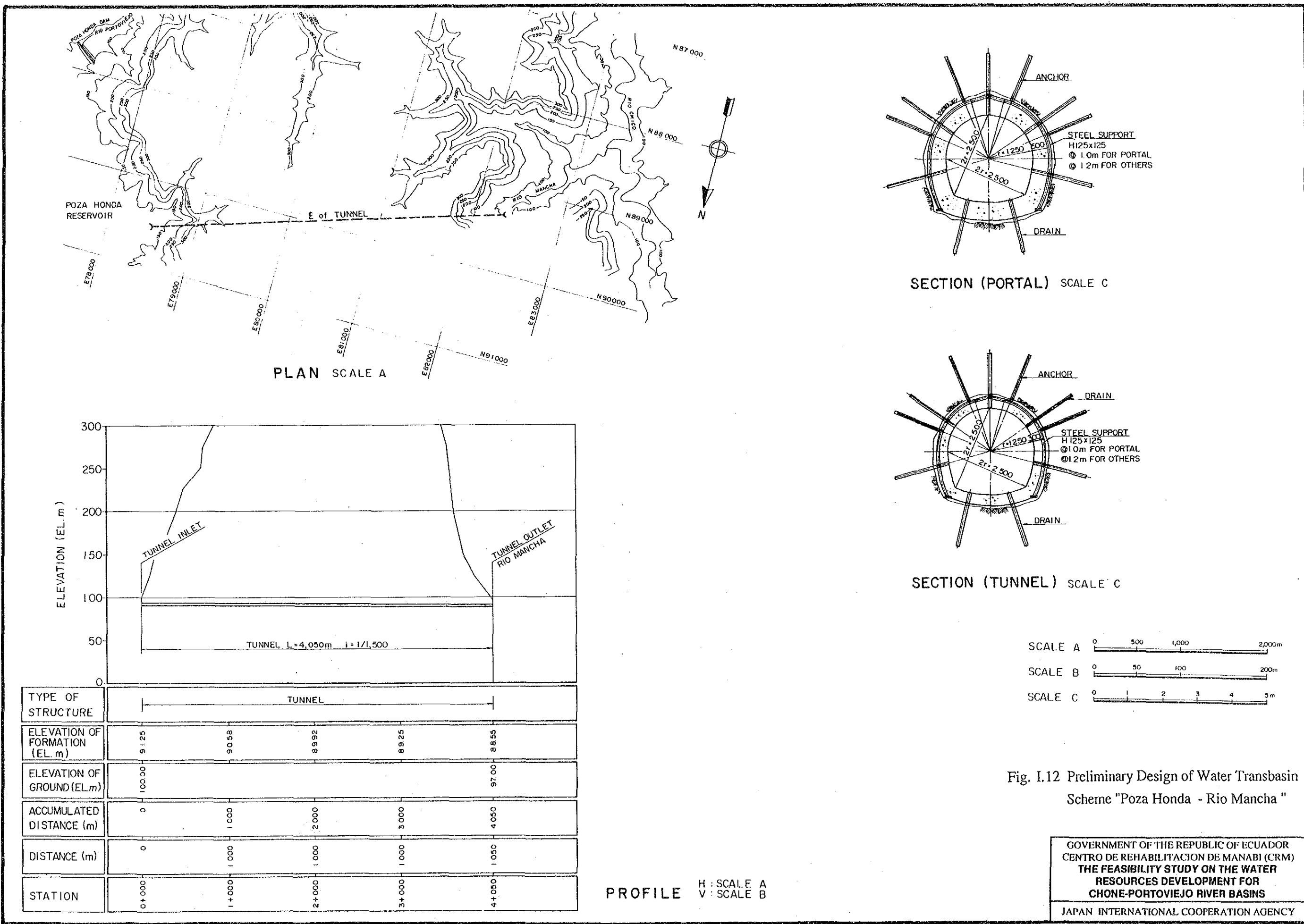
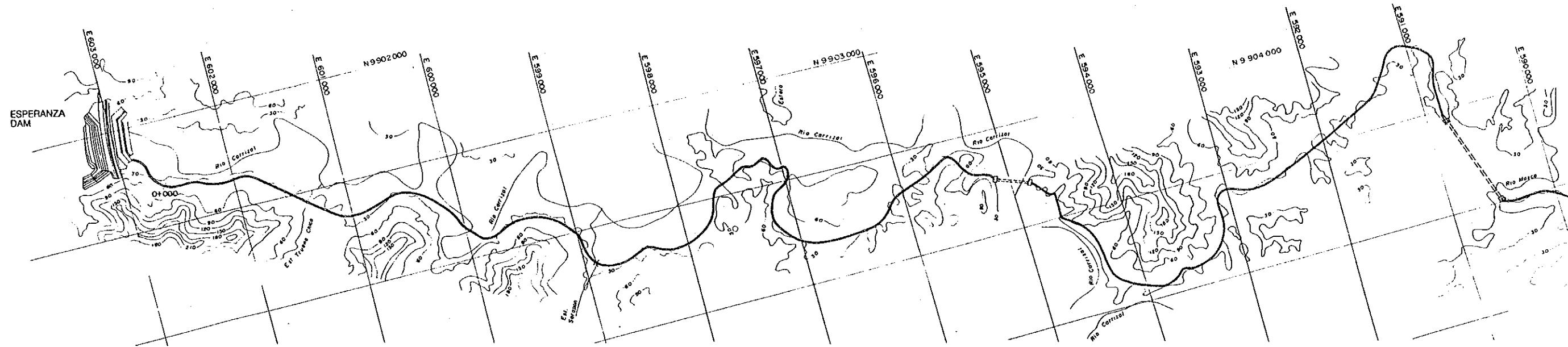
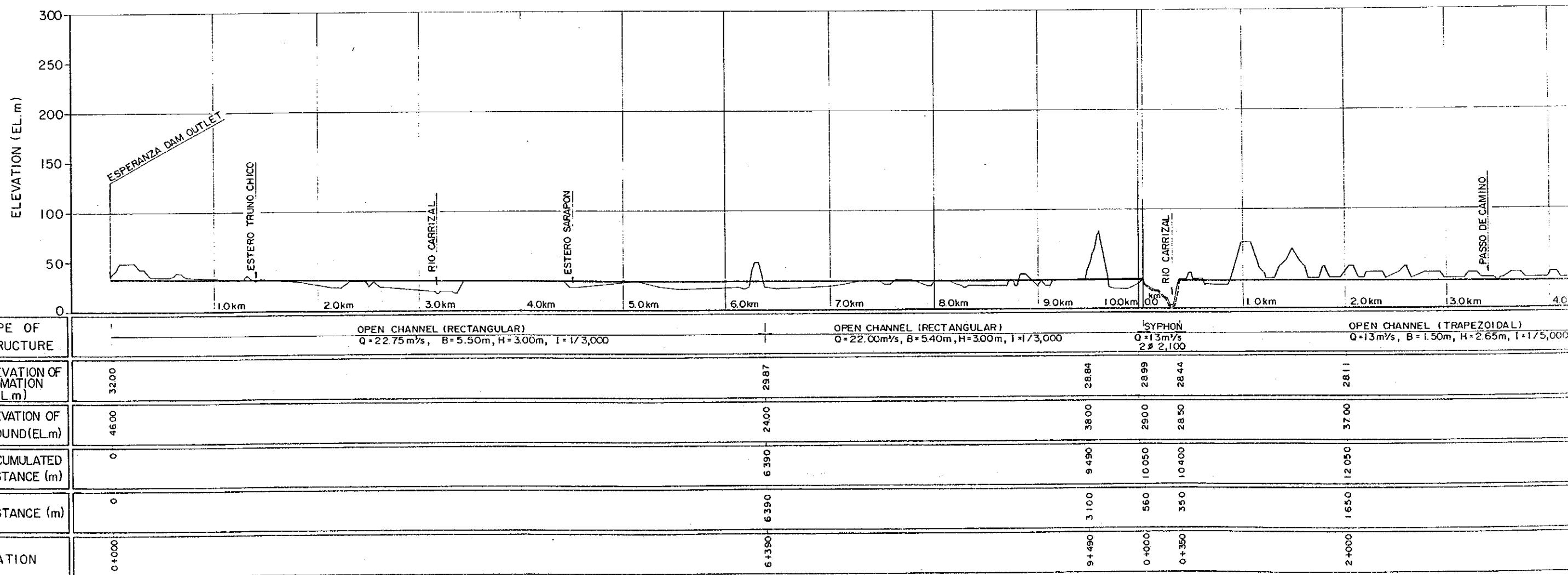


Fig. I.12 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Poza Honda - Rio Mancha "

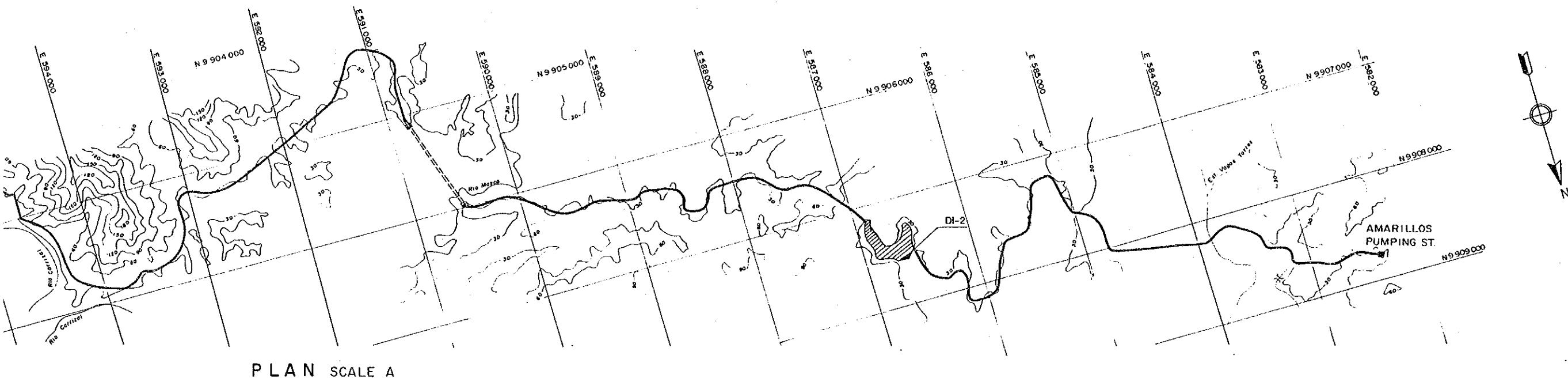
GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
 CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
 THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
 RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
 CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS
 JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY



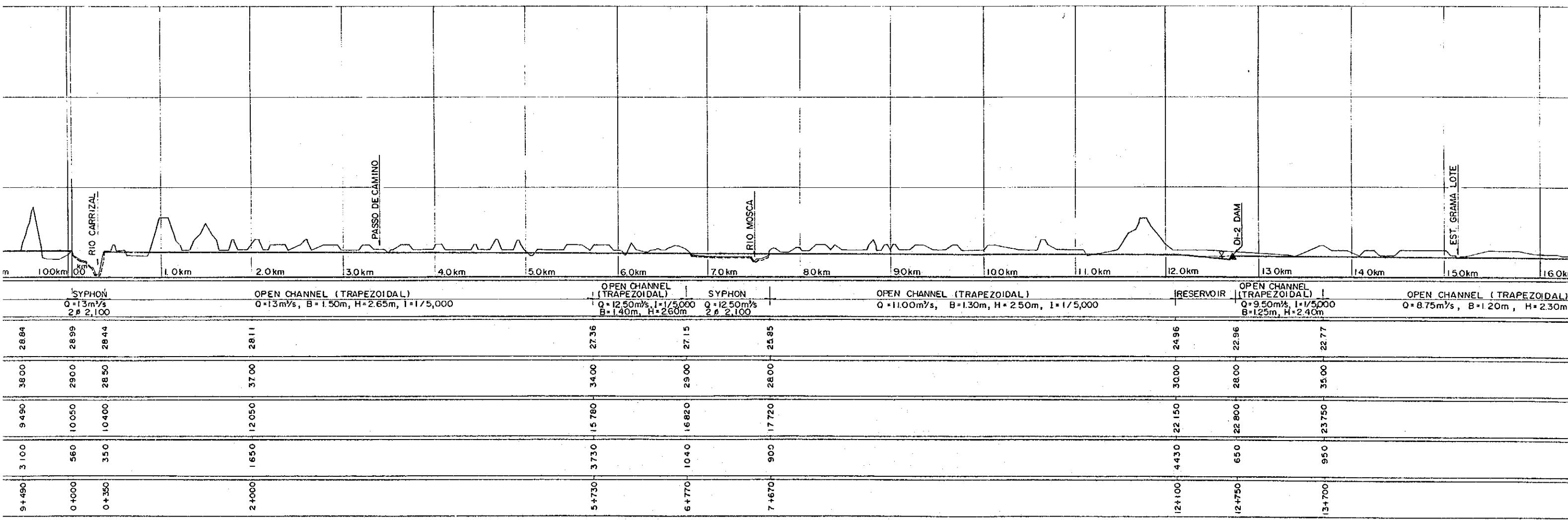
PLAN SCALE A



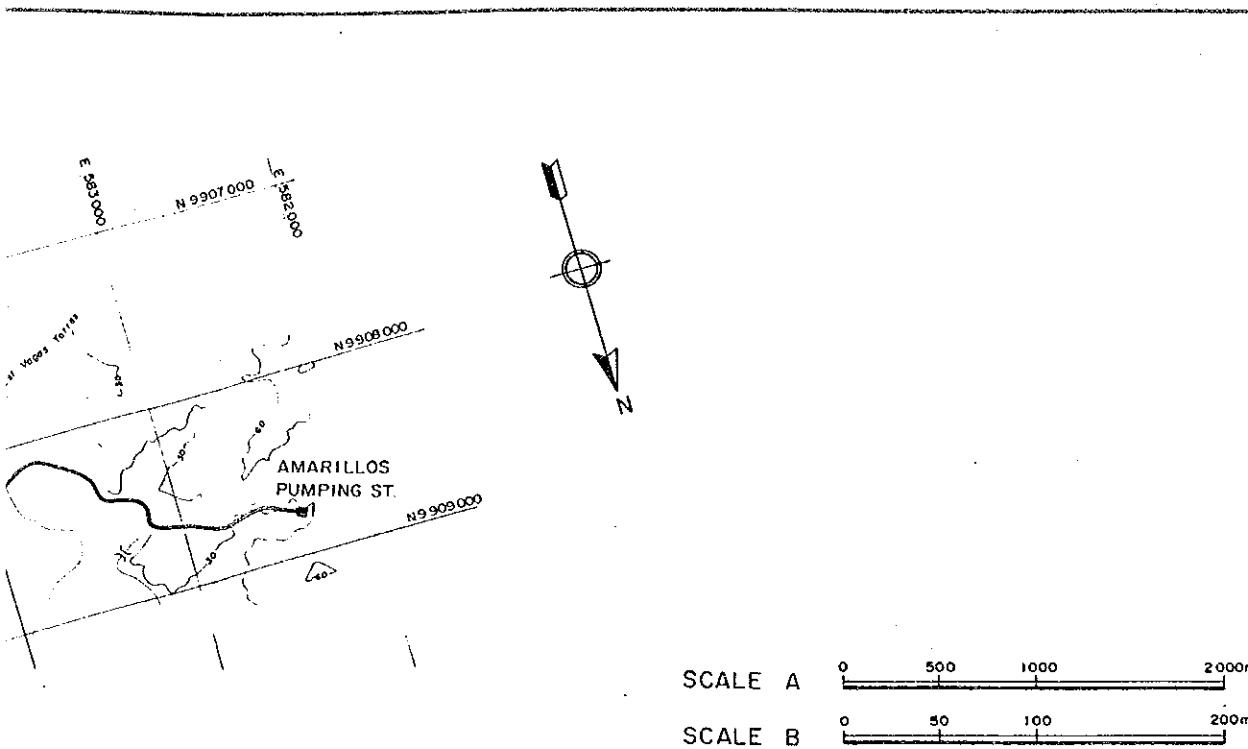
PROFILE
H: SCALE A
V: SCALE B



SCALE A 0 500 1000
SCALE B 0 50 100

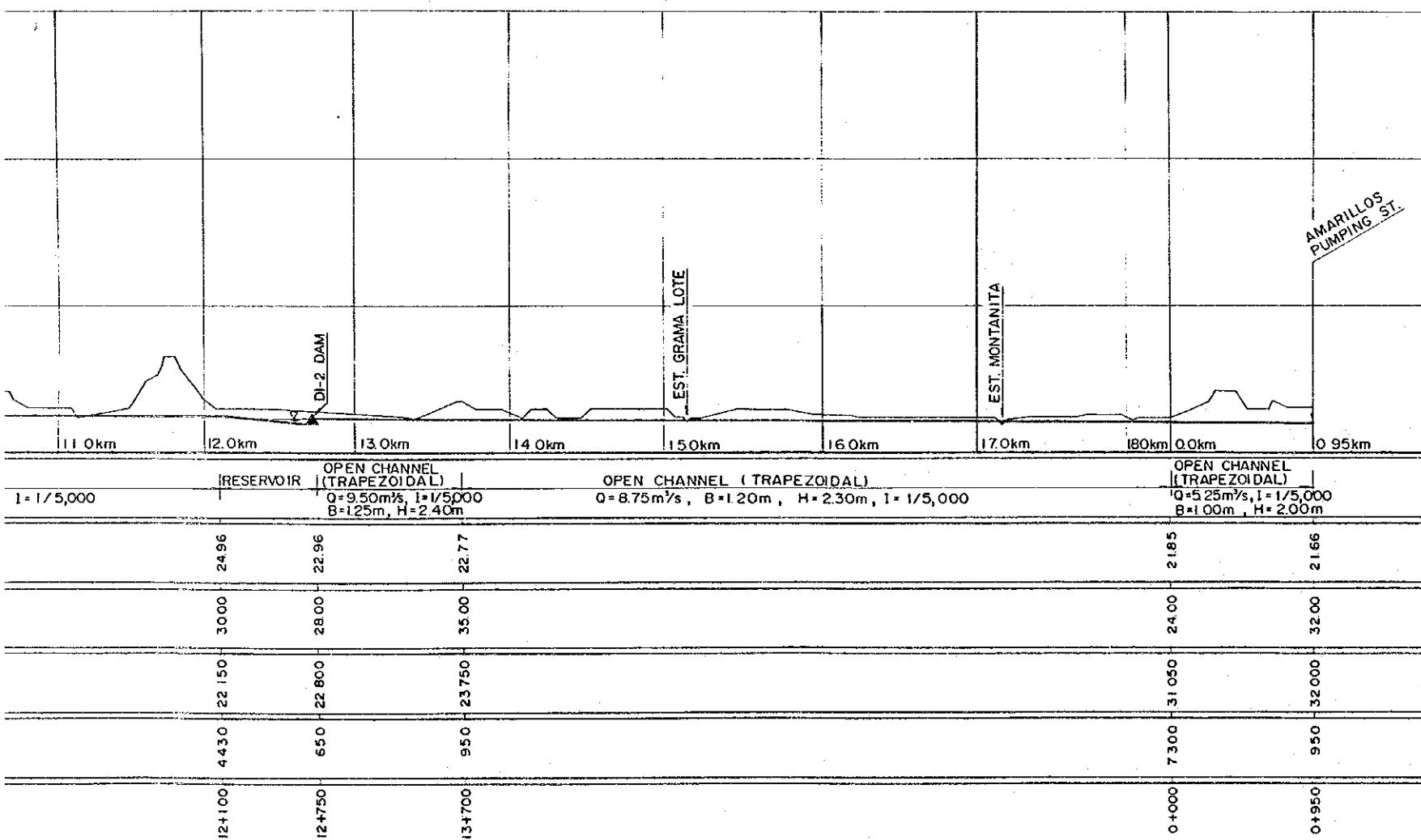


PROFILE H: SCALE A
V: SCALE B



Q m ³ /s	V m ³ /s	I %	n	B (m)	H (m)	h _a (m)
26.15	1.58	0.3	0.014	5.50	3.30	0.40
17.72	1.43	0.3	0.014	5.20	2.70	0.35
17.14	1.42	0.3	0.014	5.20	2.60	0.35
16.85	1.41	0.3	0.014	5.20	2.60	0.30
16.01	1.40	0.3	0.014	5.20	2.50	0.30
15.35	1.38	0.3	0.014	5.00	2.50	0.30
14.77	1.37	0.3	0.014	5.00	2.45	0.30

TYPICAL SECTION (RECTANGULAR)

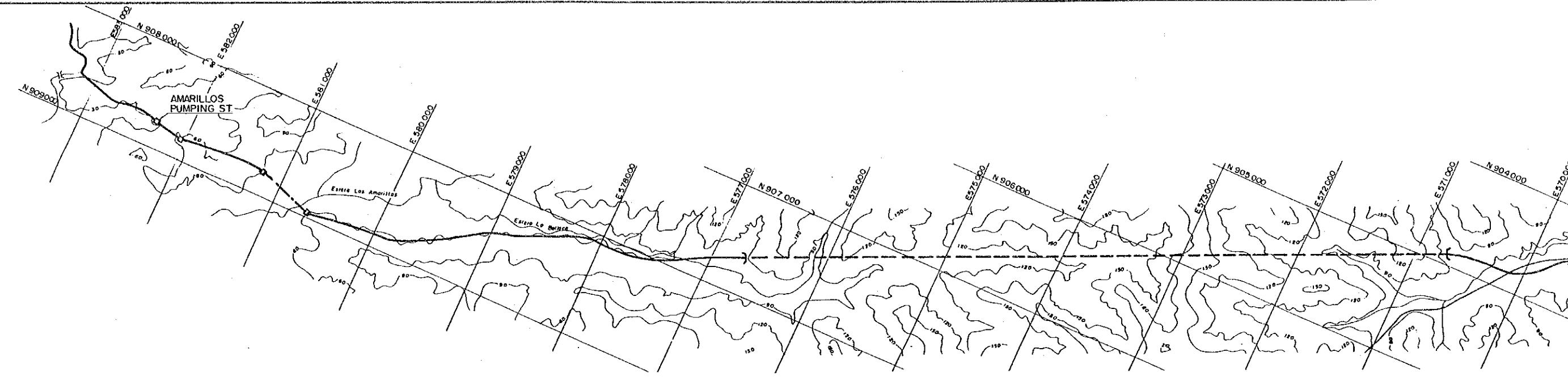


Q m³/s	V m³/s	I %	n	B (m)	H (m)	h₀ (m)
14.41	1.15	0.2	0.014	1.50	2.75	0.15
12.85	1.12	0.2	0.014	1.40	2.65	0.15
11.74	1.09	0.2	0.014	1.40	2.55	0.15
11.25	1.08	0.2	0.014	1.40	2.50	0.15
10.42	1.06	0.2	0.014	1.30	2.45	0.15
9.68	1.04	0.2	0.014	1.30	2.40	0.12
8.85	1.02	0.2	0.014	1.20	2.30	0.12
8.05	1.00	0.2	0.014	1.20	2.30	0.12
7.30	0.97	0.2	0.014	1.10	2.20	0.10
6.72	0.97	0.2	0.014	1.10	2.15	0.10
5.92	0.93	0.2	0.014	1.00	2.05	0.10
5.64	0.91	0.2	0.014	1.00	2.00	0.10
4.77	0.88	0.2	0.014	1.00	1.90	0.07
3.39	0.80	0.2	0.014	1.00	1.70	0.07
2.87	0.77	0.2	0.014	0.80	1.60	0.07
1.68	0.80	0.2	0.014	0.60	1.30	0.07

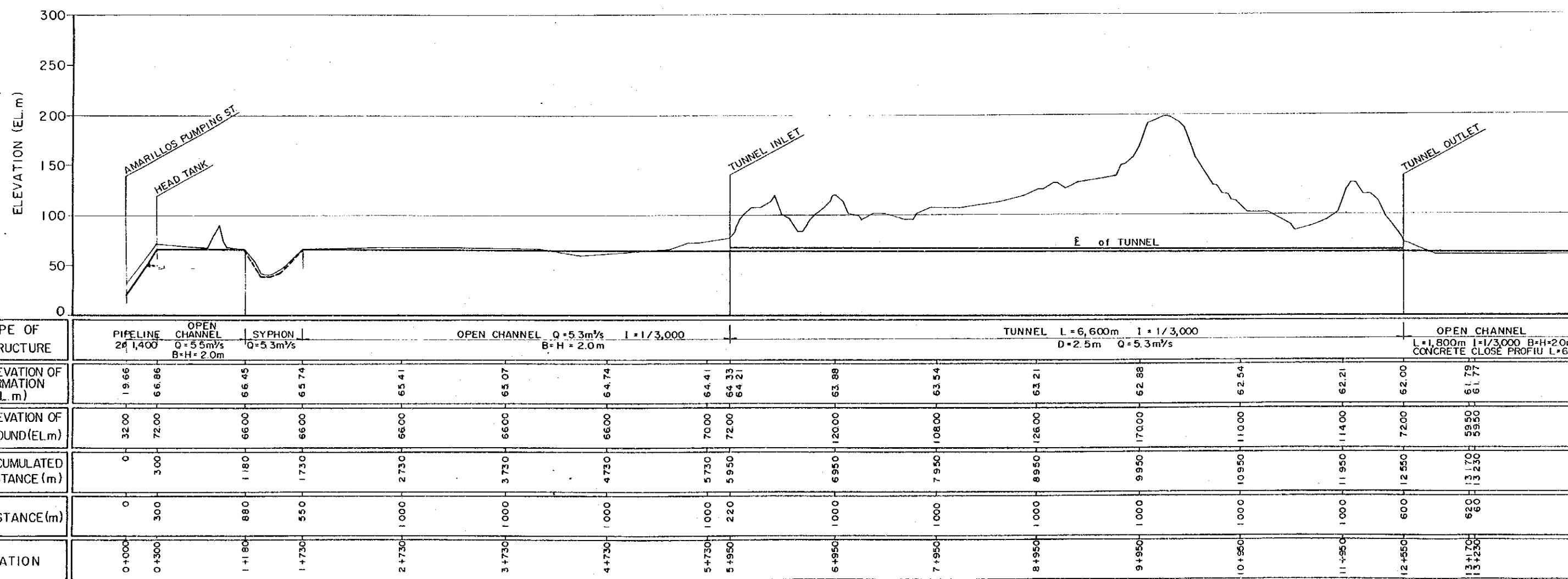
TYPICAL SECTION (TRAPEZOIDAL)

Fig. I.13 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Esperanza Dam - Amarillos"

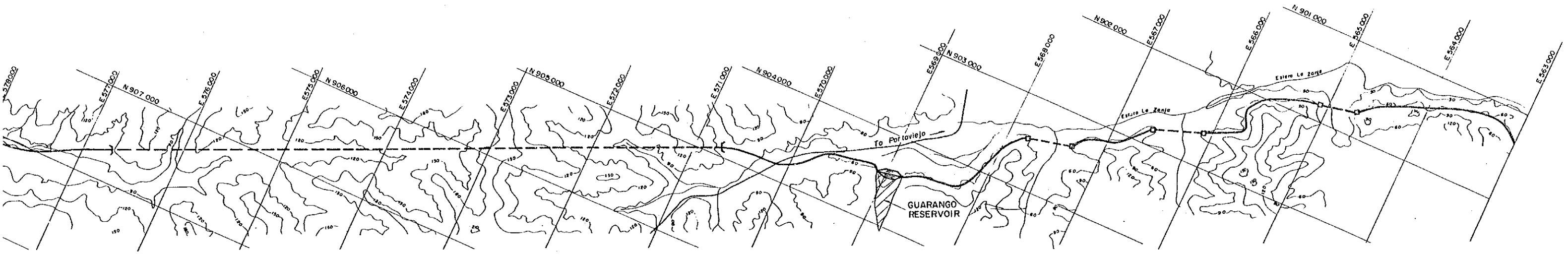
**GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACIÓN DE MANABÍ (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS**



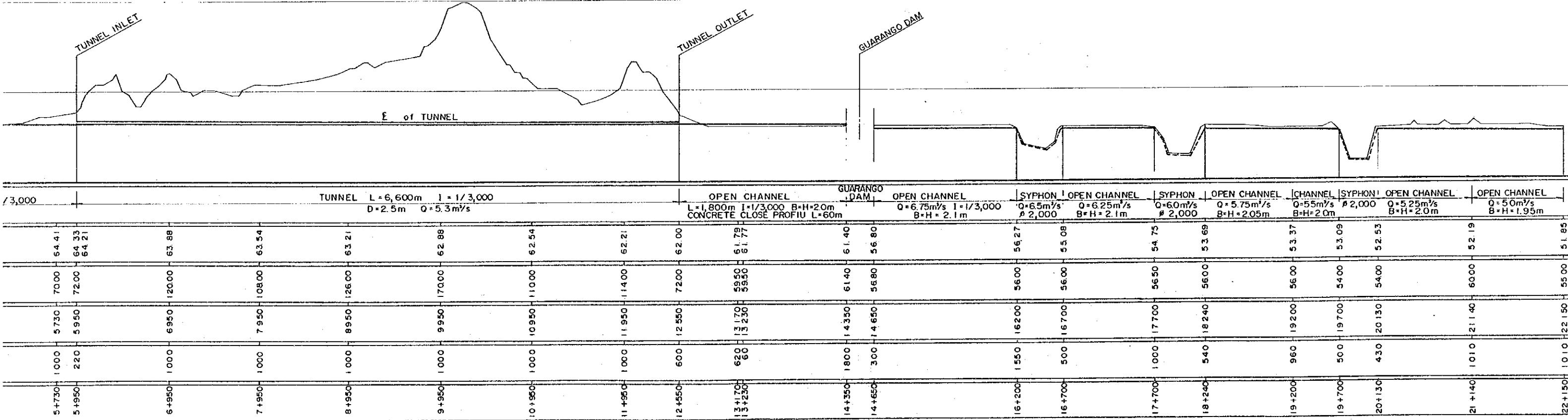
PLAN SCALE A



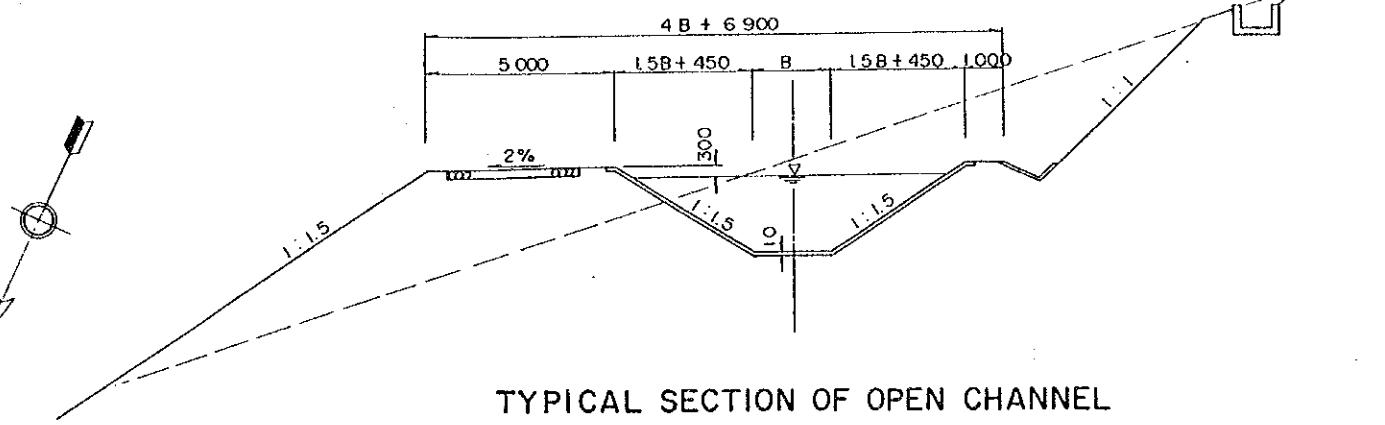
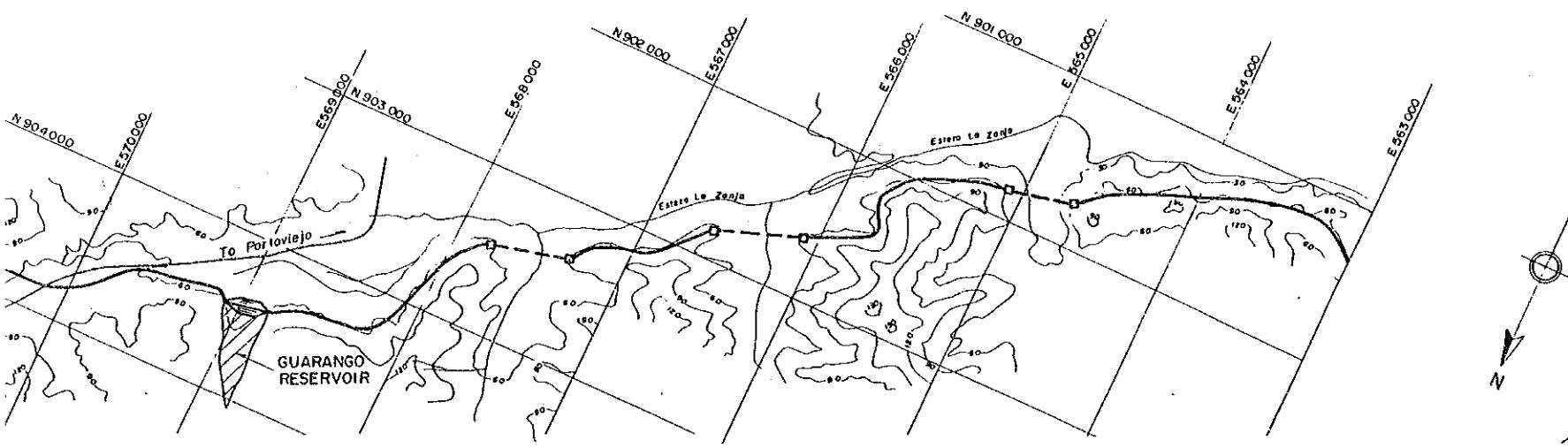
PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B



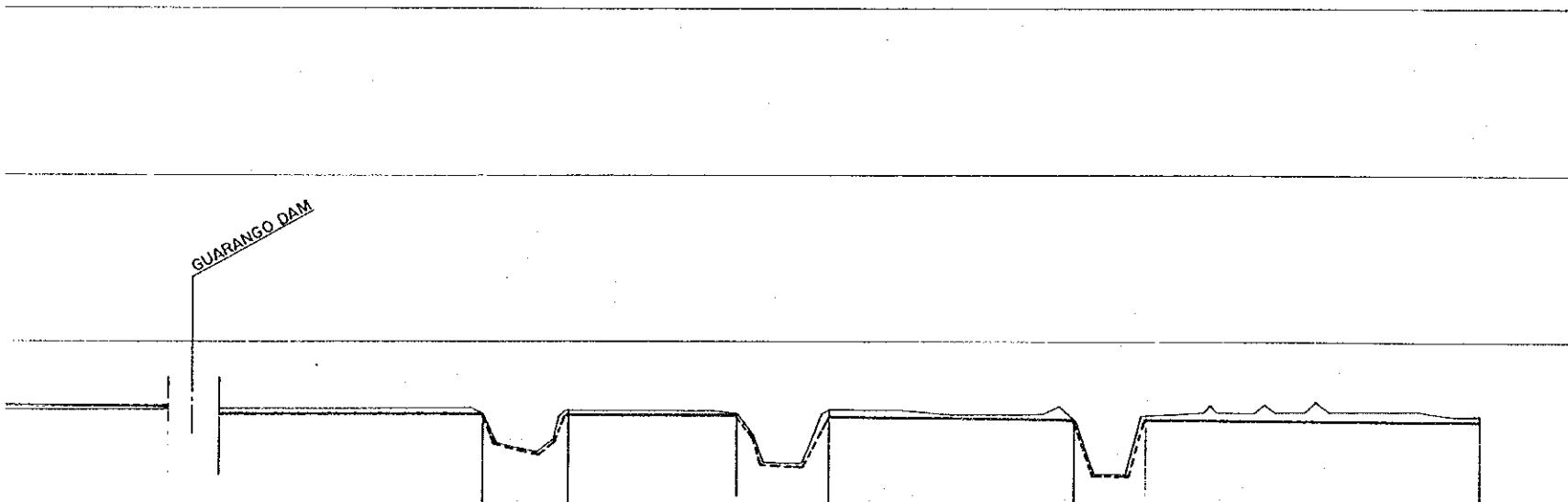
PLAN SCALE A



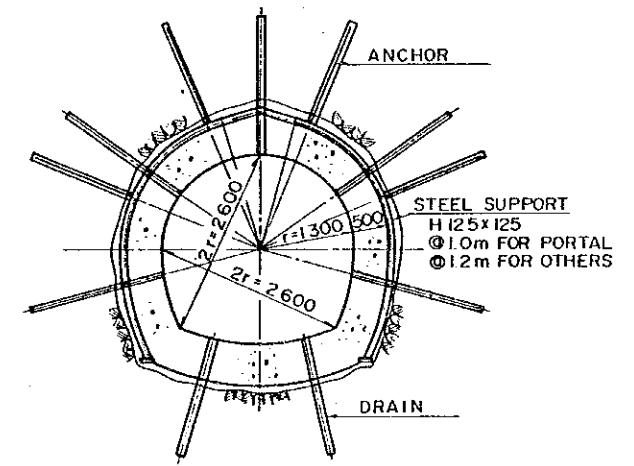
H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B



TYPICAL SECTION OF OPEN CHANNEL



GUARANGO DAM		OPEN CHANNEL		SYPHON		OPEN CHANNEL		CHANNEL		SYPHON		OPEN CHANNEL		OPEN CHANNEL					
ANNEL 3.000	B=H=2.0m SE PROFIU L=60m			Q=6.75m³/s B=H=2.1m	I=1/3,000	Q=6.5m³/s B=H=2.000	I=1/3,000	Q=6.25m³/s B=H=2.1m	I=1/3,000	Q=6.0m³/s B=H=2.000	I=1/3,000	Q=5.75m³/s B=H=2.05m	I=1/3,000	Q=5.5m³/s B=H=2.0m	I=1/3,000	Q=5.25m³/s B=H=2.0m	I=1/3,000	Q=5.0m³/s B=H=1.95m	I=1/3,000
14+350	1800	14350	6140	56.80	61.40	56.80	56.80	56.27	55.08	56.50	56.50	54.75	53.37	53.37	52.19	51.85			
14+450	300	14650																	
14+550																			
14+650																			
1500	1550	16200	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00	54.00	52.53	52.53	52.19	51.85			
16+000	16200	16700	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500			
16+700	17700	17700	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000			
17+200	18240	18240	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540			
17+700	19200	19200	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960			
18+200	19700	19700	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500			
18+700	20130	20130	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430			
19+200	20140	20140	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010			
19+700	20150	20150	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010			
20+200																			
20+700																			
21+200																			
21+700																			
22+200																			
22+700																			



TUNNEL SECTION SCALE C

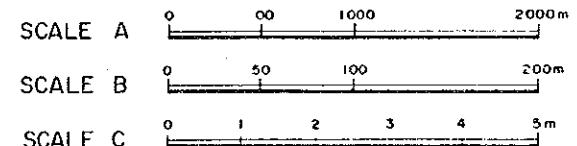
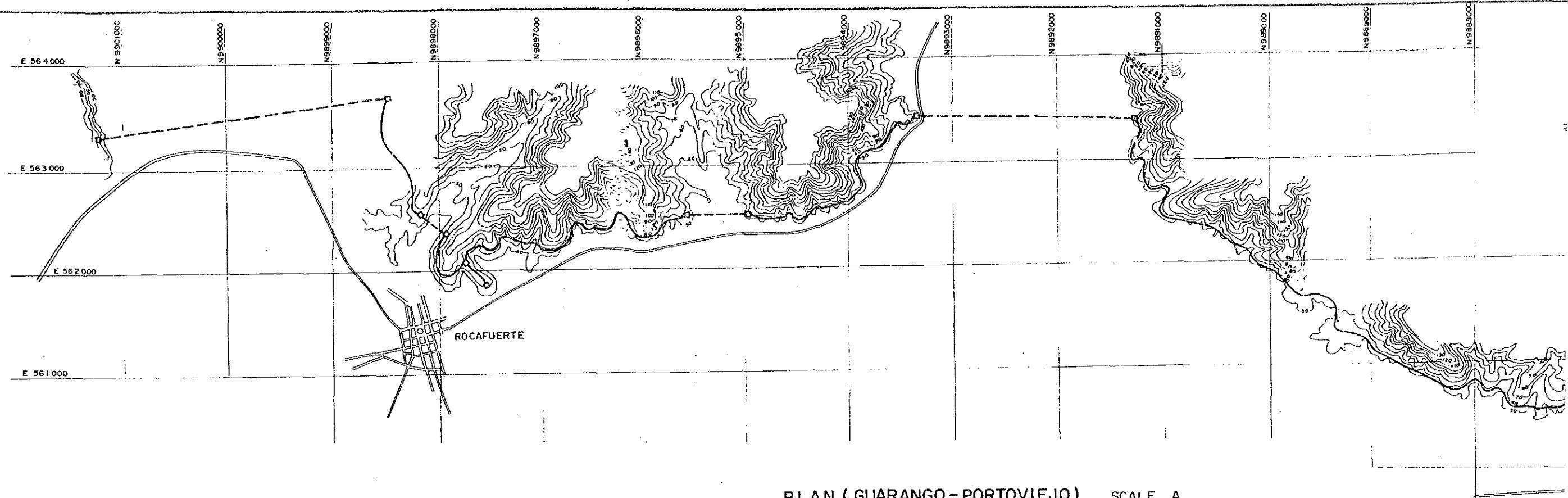
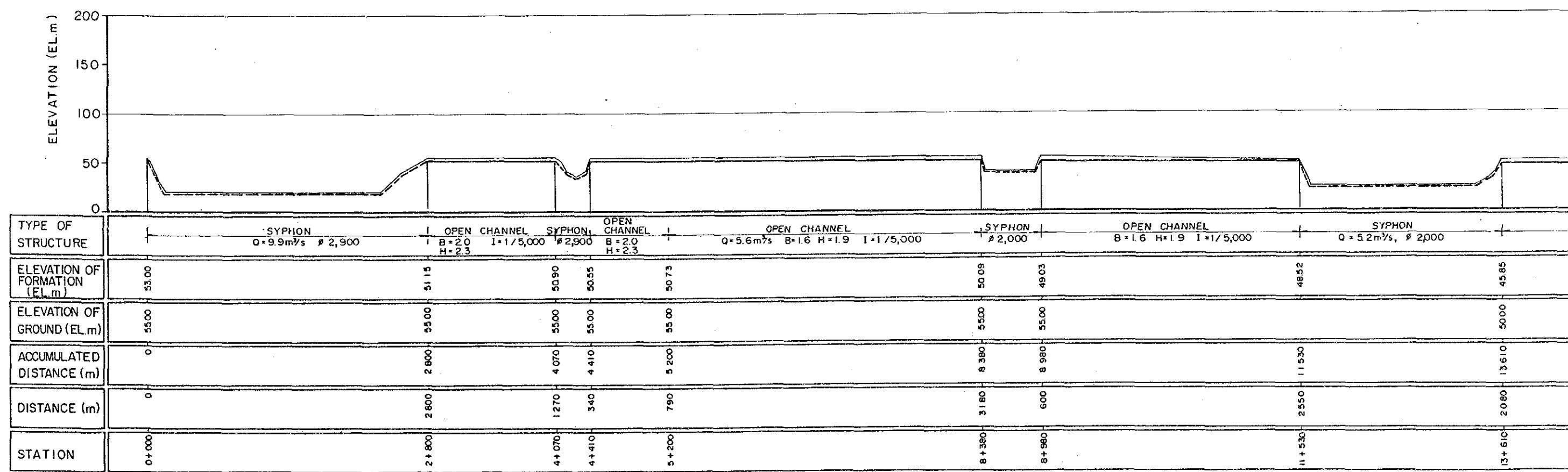


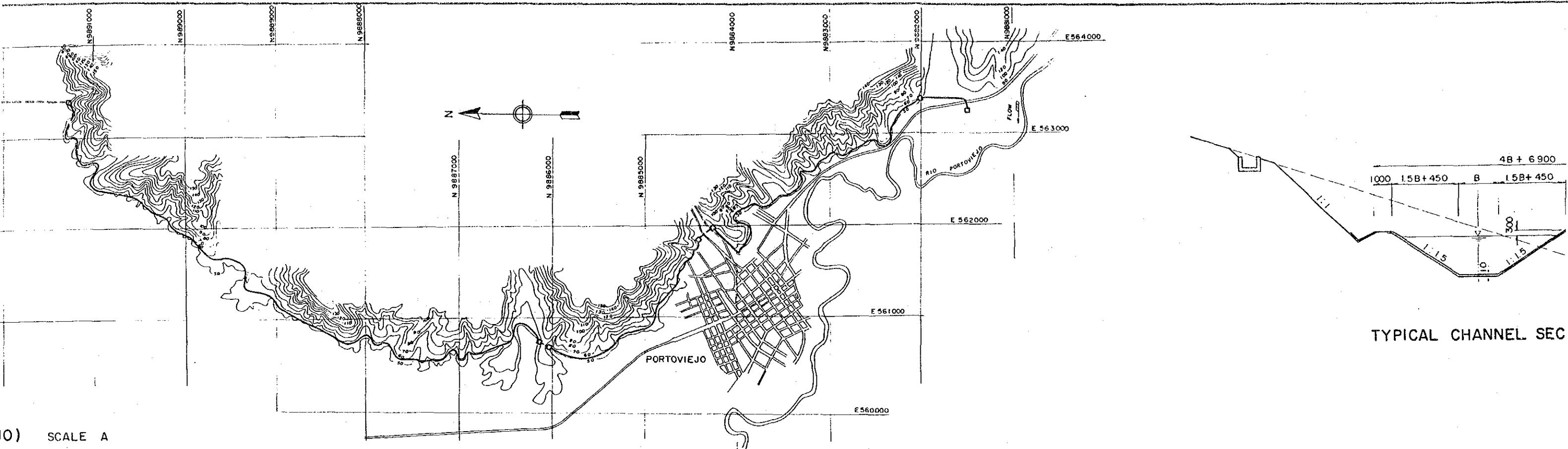
Fig. I.14 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Amarillos - Guarango"



PLAN (GUARANGO - PORTOVIEJO) SCALE A

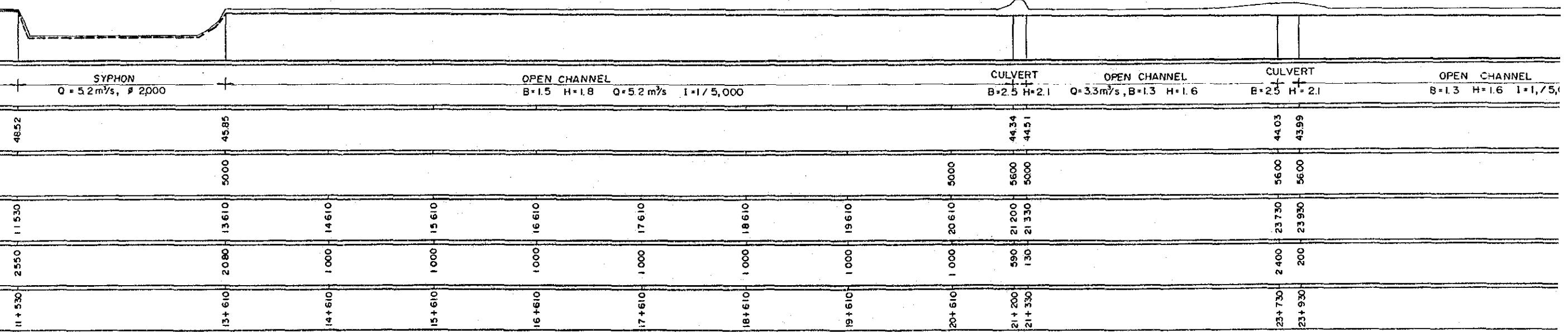


PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B

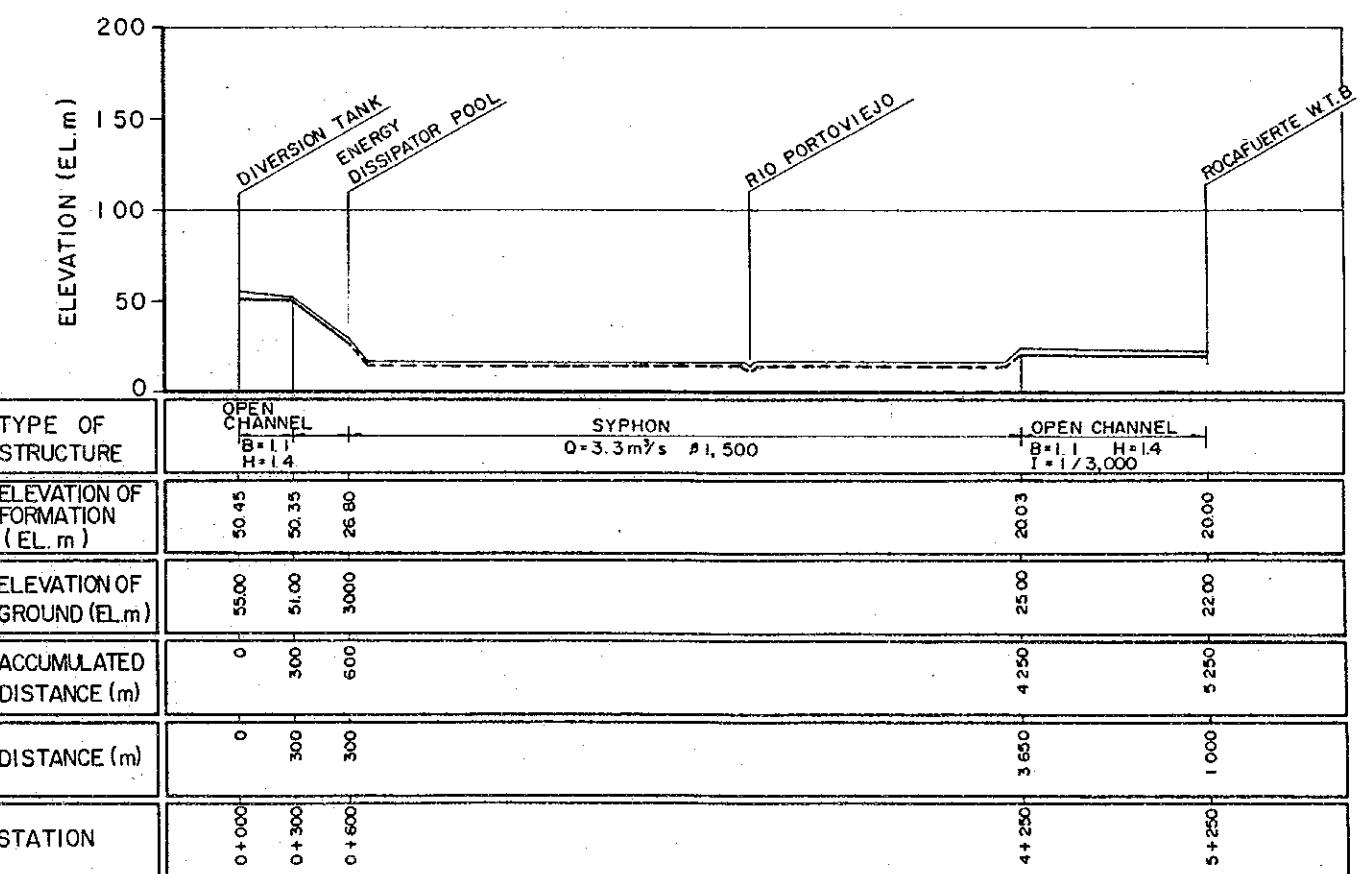
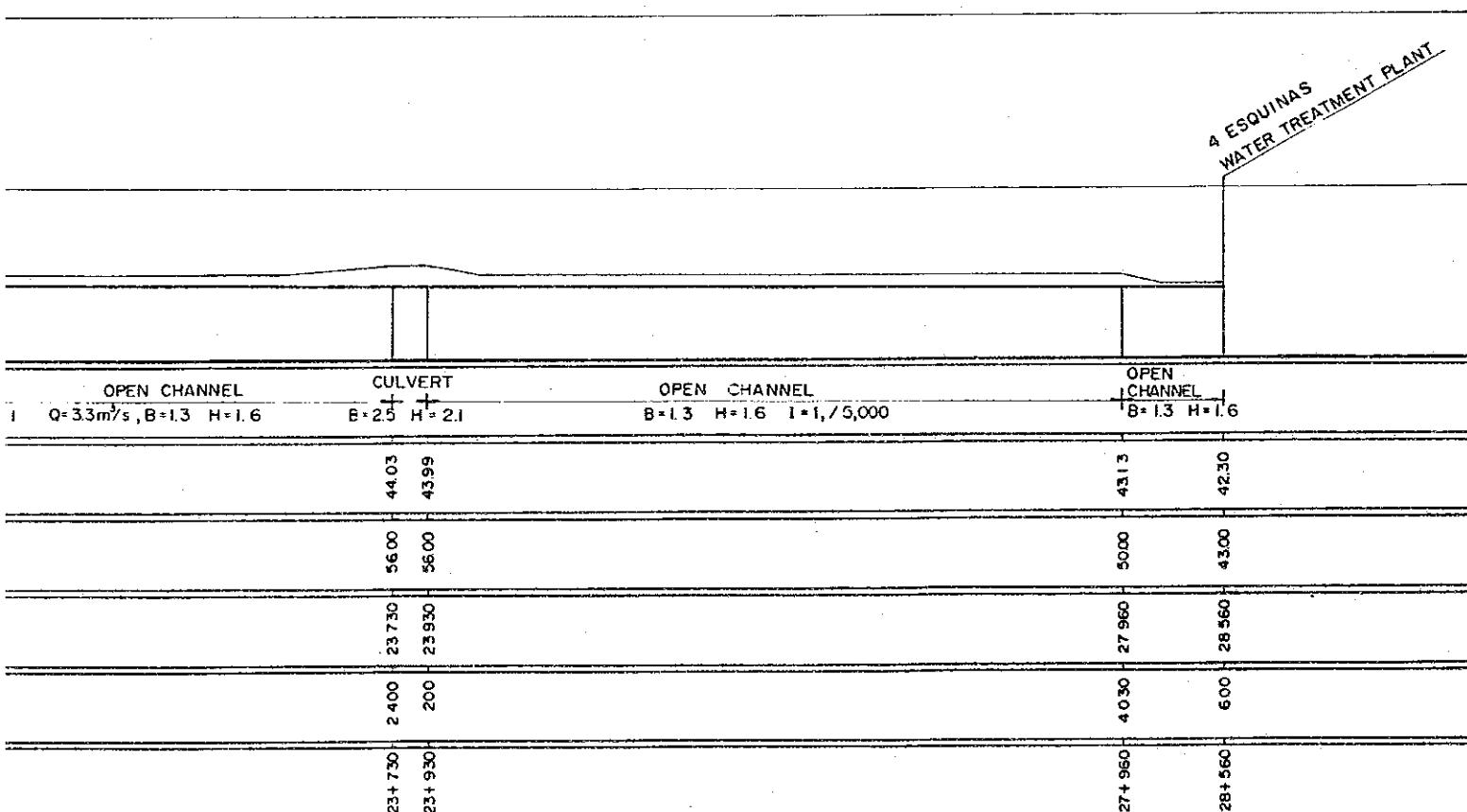
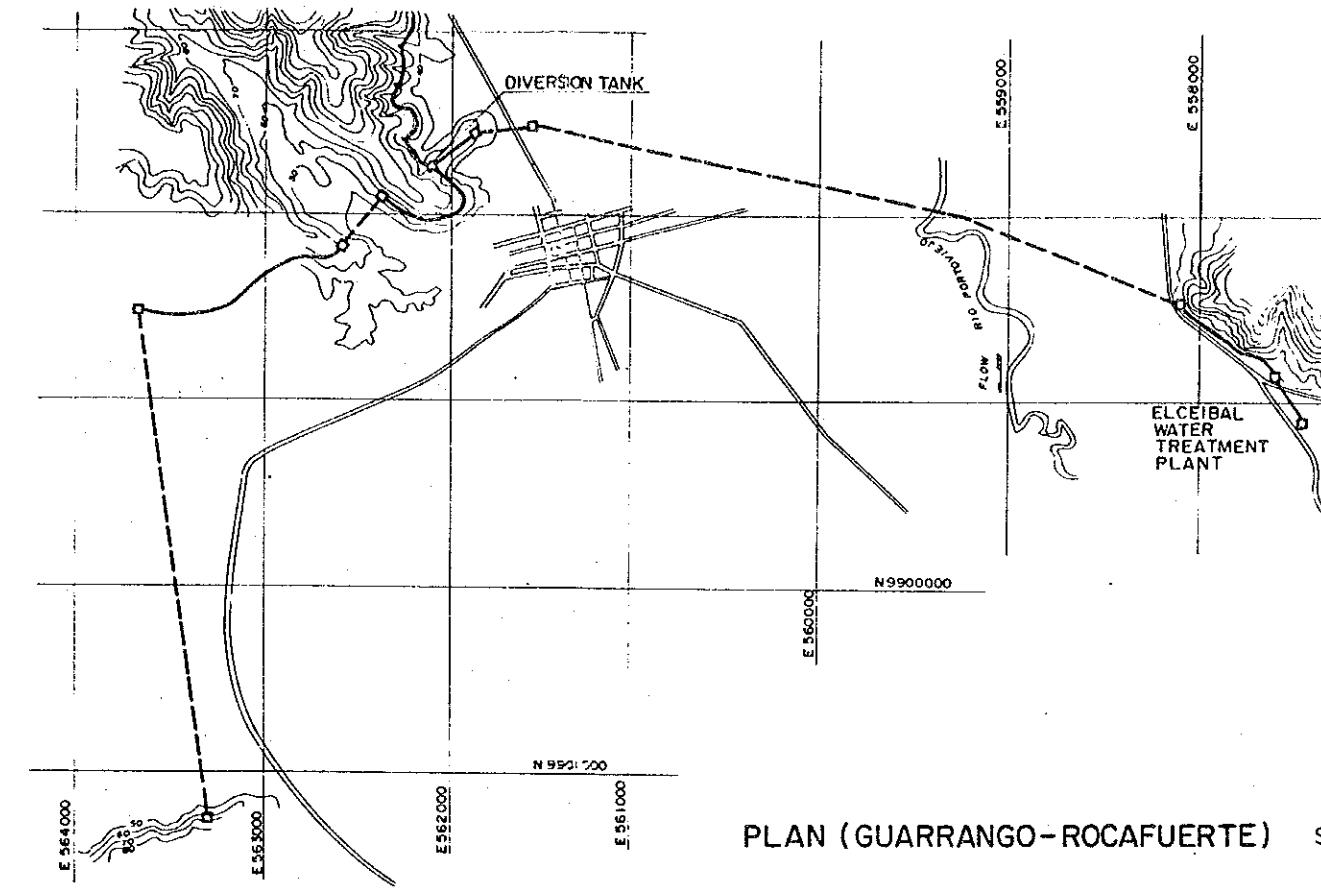
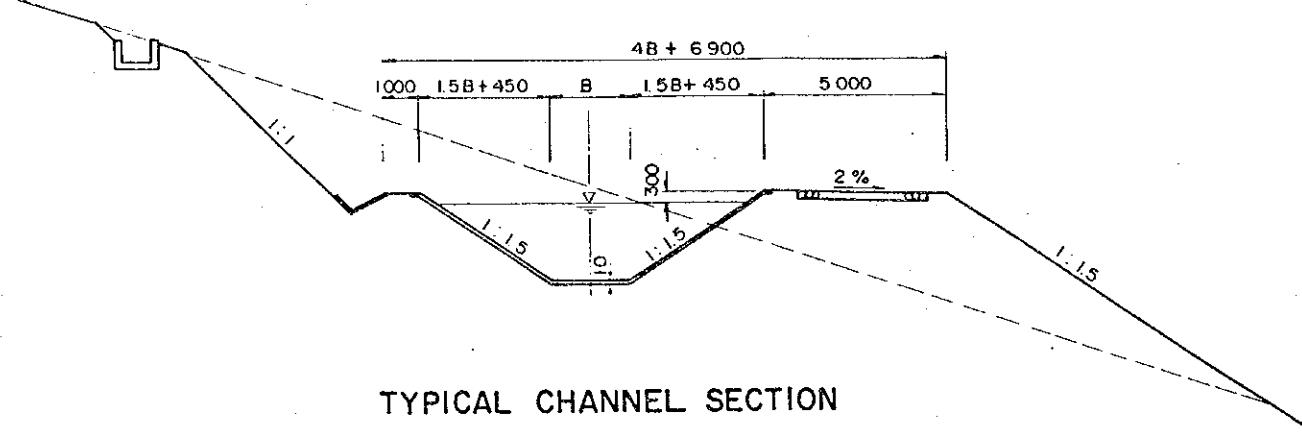


10) SCALE A

TYPICAL CHANNEL SEC



PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B



PROFILE H : SCALE A
V : SCALE B

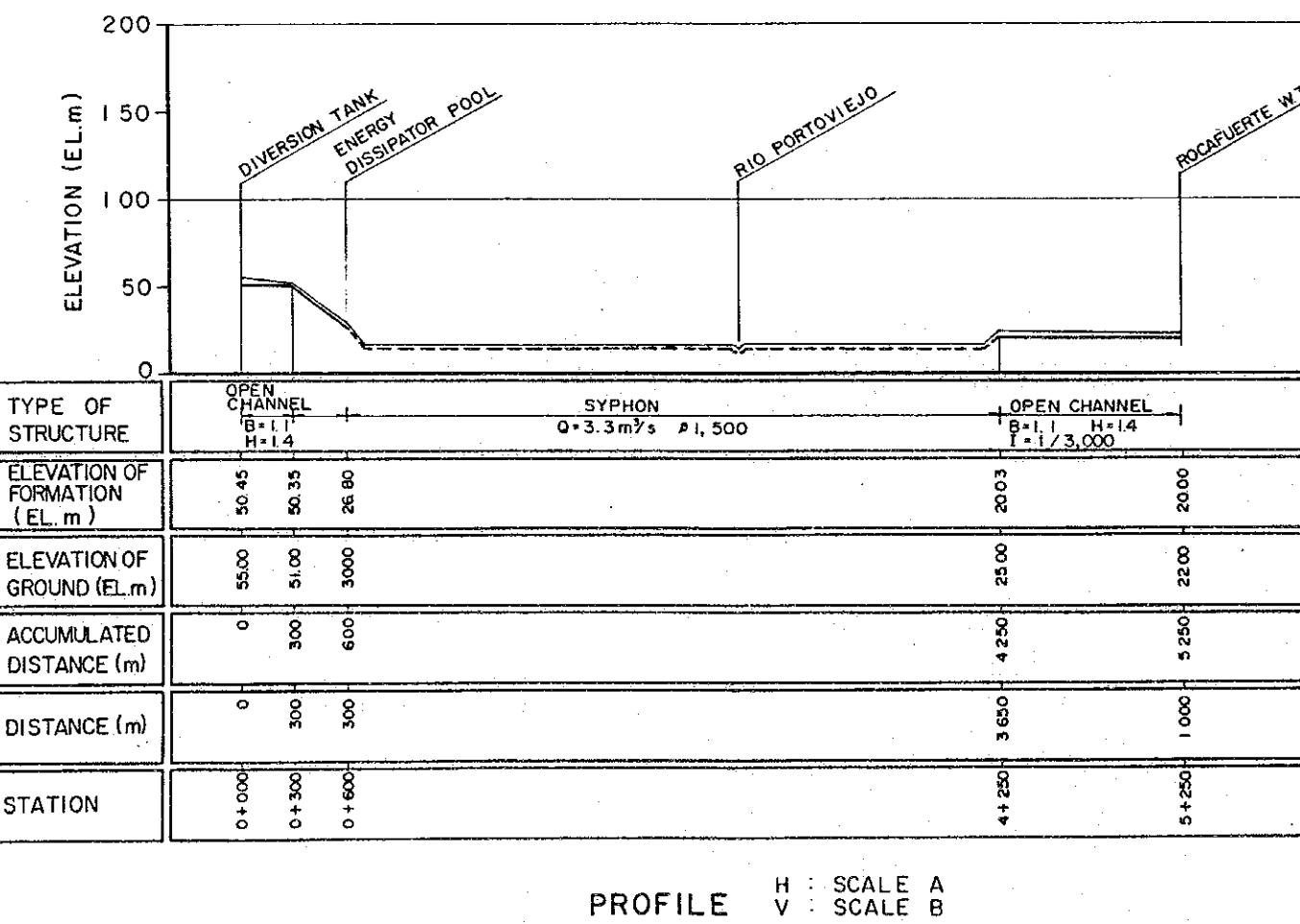
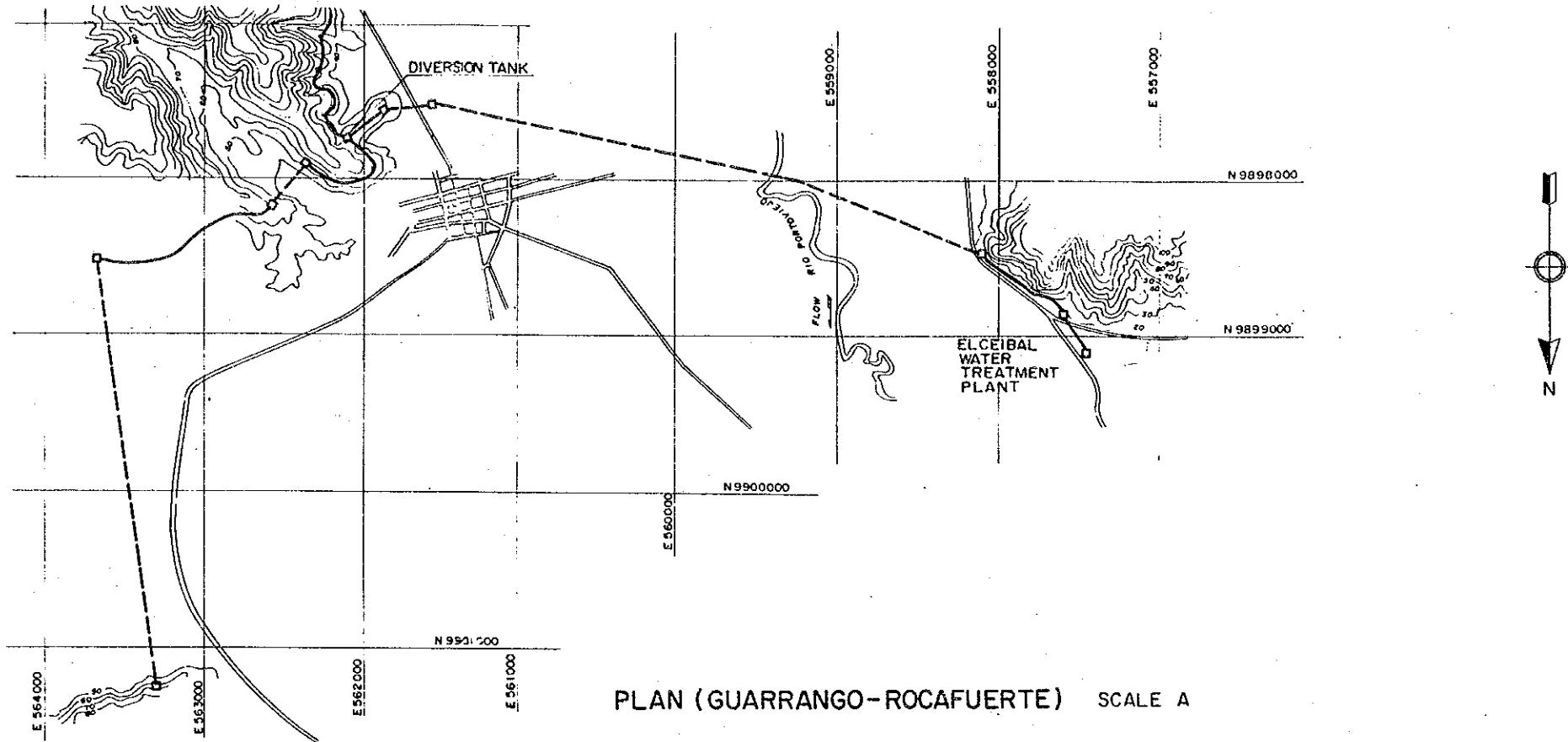


Fig. I.15 Preliminary Design of Water Transbasin Scheme "Guarango - Portoviejo"

GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS
JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

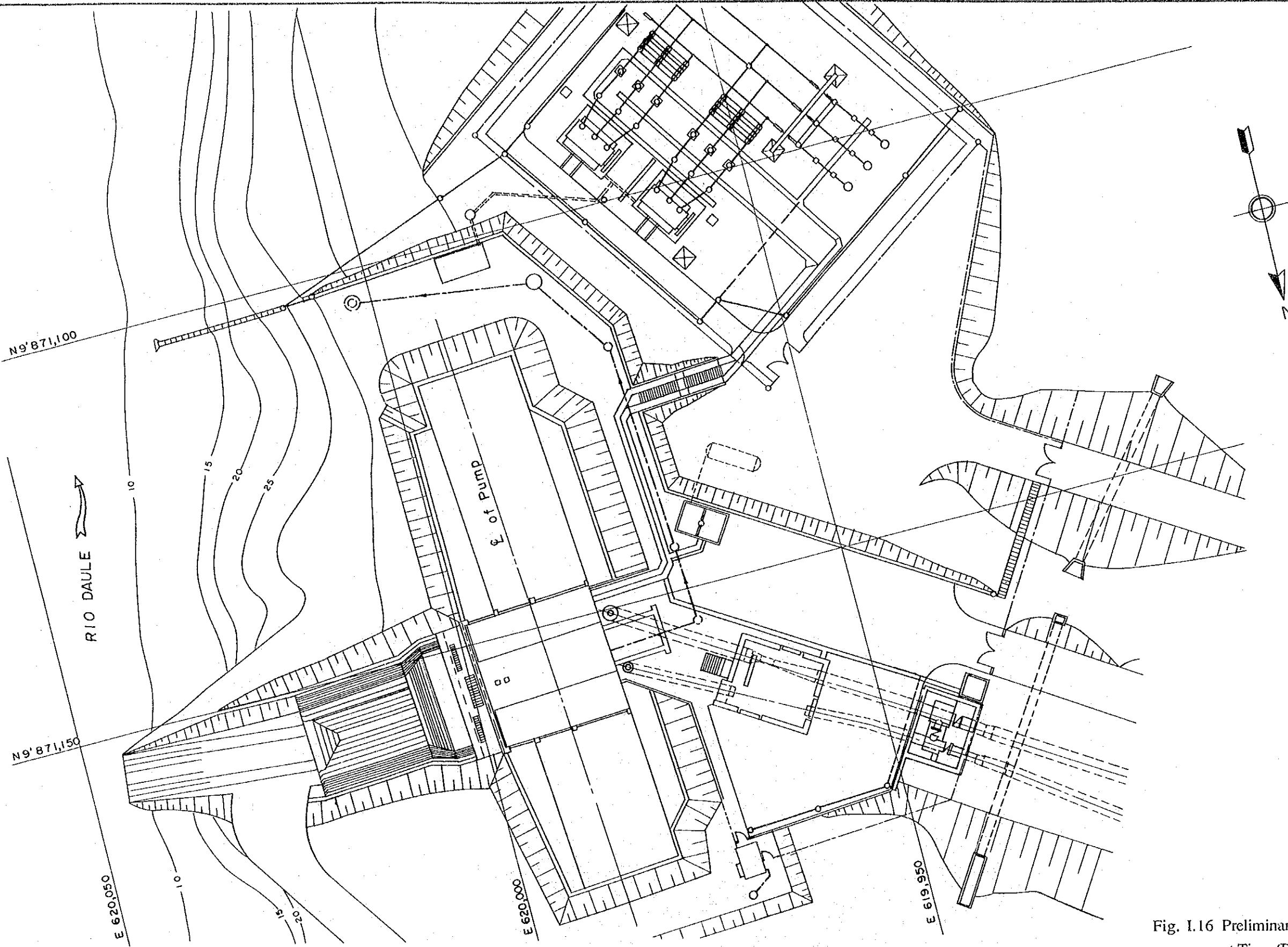


Fig. I.16 Preliminary Design of Intake Scheme
at Tirga (Rio Daule)

PLAN

SCALE

0 50 100 200m

GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR
CENTRO DE REHABILITACION DE MANABI (CRM)
THE FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE WATER
RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FOR
CHONE-PORTOVIEJO RIVER BASINS
JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

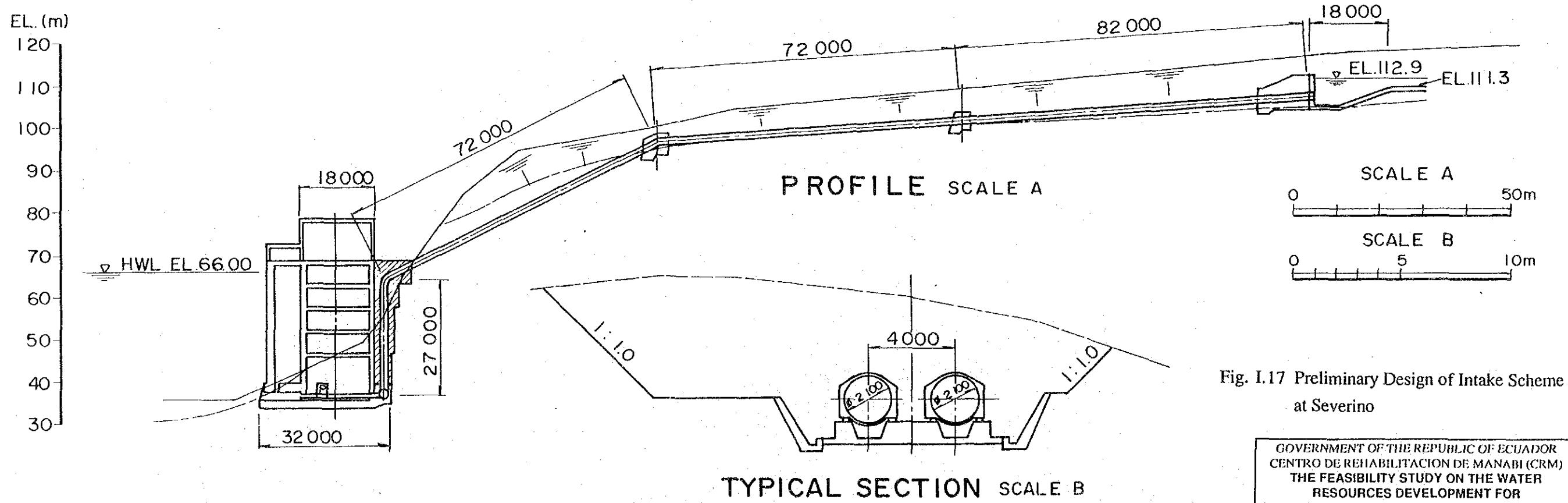
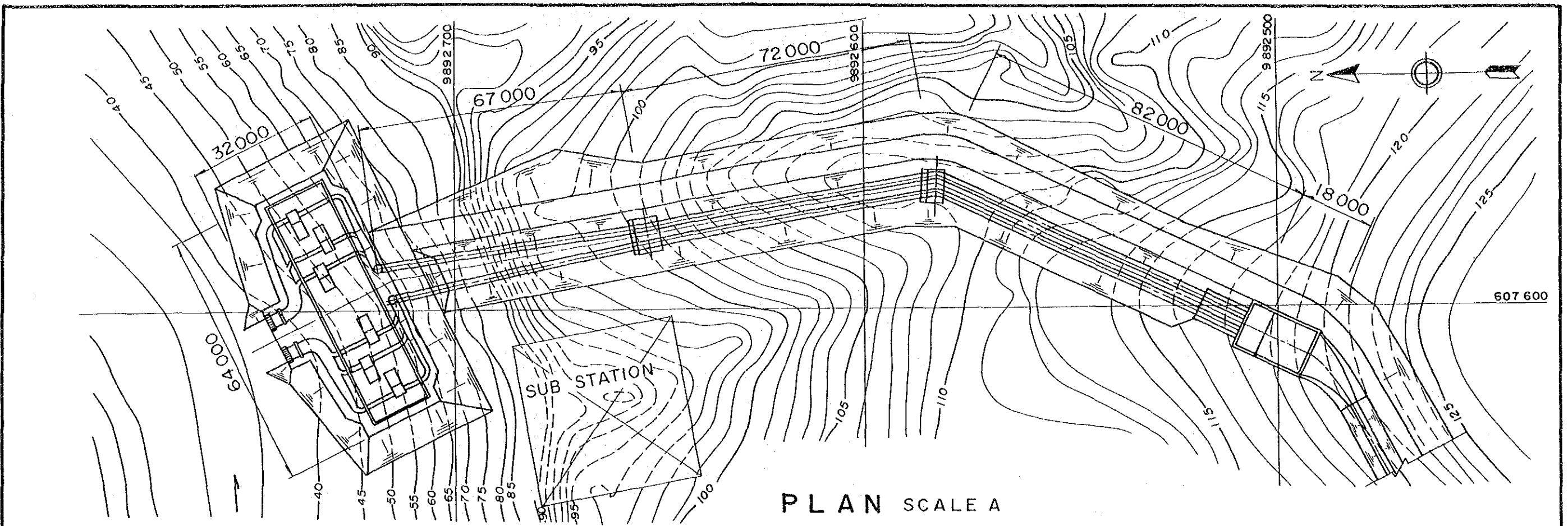


Fig. I.17 Preliminary Design of Intake Scheme
at Severino