Table VI-5 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, CROPPING PATTERN

•	No	cth Sun	natra		Sot	ith Sul	awesi		West	Nusa 1	'enggar	a
	VI		LD		·VI		$_{ m LD}$		VI		LD	
	PR.	FU.	PR.	FU.	PR.	FU.	PR.	FU.	PR.	FU.	PR.	FŲ.
Cropping Pattern (accumulated area	in ha)						÷					
a Paddy-Paddy- Palawija	55	1738	0	225	3864	470	20	20	6100	3937	2747	152
b Paddy-Paddy	11593	27139	2642	6219	19907	26919	1003	1385	560	0	901	. 0
c Paddy-Palawija- Palawija	20	225	0	2	633	412	542	50	2397	387	599	0
d Paddy-Palawija	3328	2555	478	311	9654	8344	425	390	5089	450	4177	0
e Paddy	13143	1116	1435	86	15217	9505	872	377	281	0	994	0
f Palawija- Palawija	2423	1833	735	252	704	673	0	0	103	0	0	0
g Others	6899	3597	2265	572	469	397	0	0	431	0	476	0
h Total	37461	38203	7555	7667	50448	46720	2862	2222	14961	4774	9894	152
Cropping Intensity (calculated on t	the ab	ove da	ta)									
1 Overall (Paddy+palawija)	157%)	202%	173%	202%	179%	181%	189%	186%	257%	291%	225%	300%
2 Paddy (excl. palawija)	130%	178%	136%	187%	146%	158%	136%	163%	145%	182%	139%	200%

PR.: Present Yield Rate FU.: Future Yield Rate

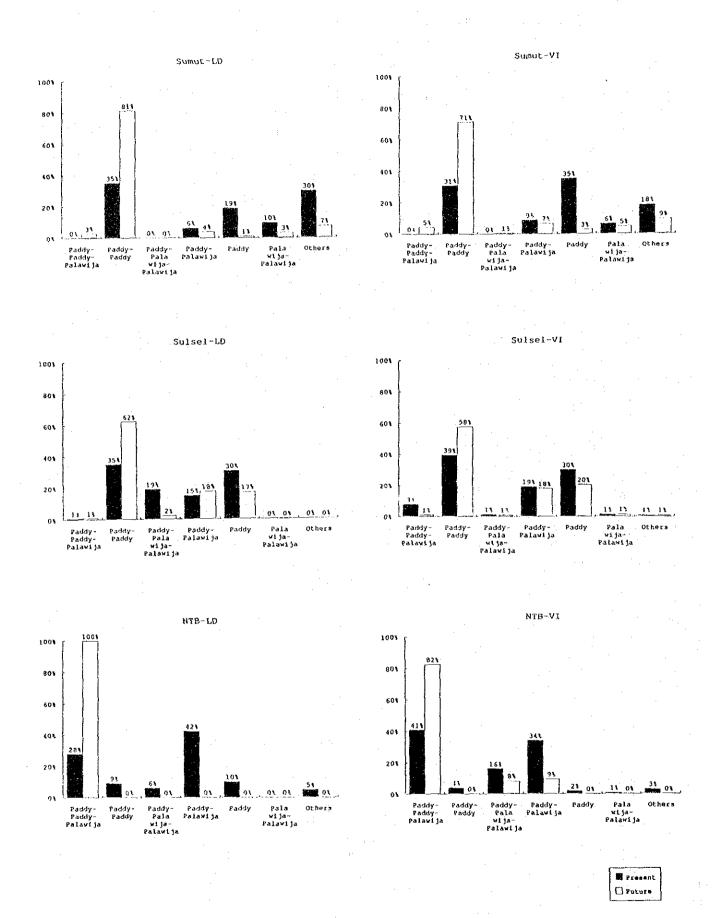


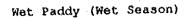
Fig. VI-3 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, CROPPING PATTERN ON WET PADDY FIELD

Table VI-6 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, YIELD RATE OF FOOD CROPS

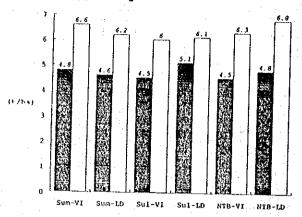
Crops			No:	rth Su	matra		Sor	ıth Su	lawesi		West	Musa	Tengga	ra
			VI		ΓD		VI		LD		VI	masa	LD	La
		(Unit)	PR.	FU.	PR.	FU.	PR.	FU.	PR.		PR.	FU.		FU.
Paddy	, Wet	Season							***					
	X	(t/ha)	4.8				4.5	6.0	5.1	6.1	4.5	6.3	4.8	6.8
	STD		0.951	1.395	1,147	1.262	1.097	1.333	1.294	1,499	0.990	0.993	0.541	0.552
	n	(nos.)	222	242	30	31	319	298	8	8	123	115		18
	:				•									
Paddy		Season		•	* .						. :			
		(t/ha)	4.6	6.2	4.8	6.0	4.2	5.6	4.9	5.9	4.3	5.3	4.5	5.5
	STD		0.946	1.319	1.115	1.274	1.262	1.376	1.056	1.302	1.118	1.008	0.306	0.431
	n	(nos.)	166	221	23	29	284	266	8			73		12
Paddy		ıfed												
	X ·	(t/ha)	3.5	5.3	4.1	5.3	3.3	4.6	3.4	4.4	3.5	4.6	3.4	4.8
	STD		0.786	0.933	0.953	0.857		1.520	1.749				0.513	
	n	(nos.)	122	102	12	11	216	198	7	7	50	47	11	10
n - 4 4														
Paddy	, Upla X	(t/ha)	: 2 2	3.4	2 7	2 0	1 6							
	STD	(t/fid)									2.1			
	n ·	(nos.)		1.109	8						0.521			
÷	11	(nos.)	22	10	8	,	11	11	0	0	12	10	0	0
Maize				•										
Marze	X	(t/ha)		4.0	2.9	3.9	1.8	2 6	2 1	2 6	2 1	2 2	2.4	2 7
	STD .	(c) na/								2.6	2.1	2.7	$\frac{2.4}{0.404}$	2.7
	n .	(nos.)		72	8	7		110			37	32		0.330
	**	(1103.)	,,	12	U	,	117	110		· ·	37	32	9	0
Cassa	va					4.2			1					
ouoou	×X	(t/ha)	17 6	22 4	19 0	23 3	5 Q	8 N	5.0	7.0	12 0	16.1	11.7	16 6
	STD	(c) na,		5.538									1.768	
	n	(nos.)				4								11
	**	(1100.7	30	43			-3: /	4.7	1		2.3	19	. 13	тŤ
Peanu	ts												1.	
	X	(t/ha)	15	2.1	1 - 3	2.0	1 2	1 7	0.6	1 2	1.1	1 5	0.8	0.9
	STD												0.378	
	n	(nos.)				3							*	6
		(1100.)	30	30		,	113	,,	-				•	Ü
Grean	Peas													
	X	(t/ha)	0.8	1.2			1.1	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.7	1.1
	STD		0.589				1.485	1.593	0.208	0.289	0.830	0.622	0.185	0.163
		(nos.)	3		0			50	3					12
٠		,,	,	ū	v	·			J	•	• •			
Soybe	an	•												
-	X	:(t/ha)	0.9	1.2			1.1	1.7	1.3	1.8	1.0	1 4	1.0	1.6
	STD	ŕ		0.192			0.972	1.175	0.245	0.403	0.789	0.222	0.199	0.692
•	n	(nos.)	6	5	0	0	47	44	4	4	88	70	16	13
		<u> </u>	3								:			

PR.: Present Yield Rate FU.: Future Yield Rate

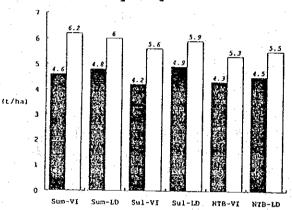
X : Average
STD: Standard Deviation
n : Number of Sample



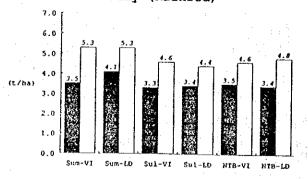
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Wet Paddy (Dry Season)

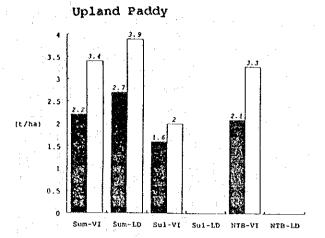


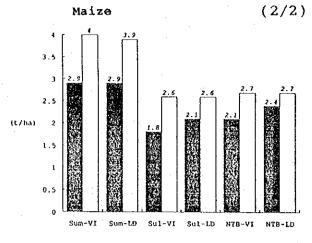
Wet Paddy (Rainfed)

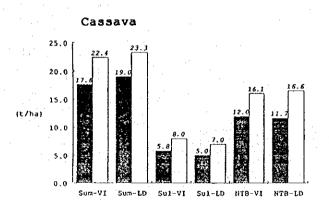


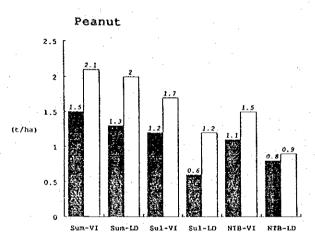
Present

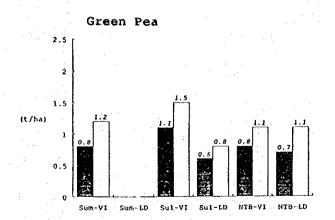
Fig. VI-4 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, AVERAGE YIELD RATE OF FOOD CROPS











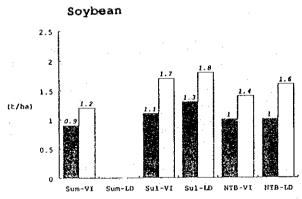
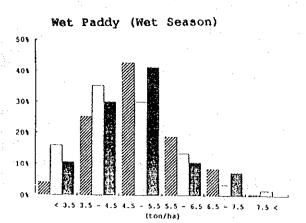


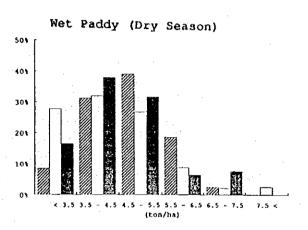


Table VI-7 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, YIELD RATE RANGE OF FOOD CROPS

,		····										<u> </u>	,
Crops	Yield Range	Nor VI	th Sun	natra LD		Sou VI	th Sul	lawesi LD		West VI	Nusa	Tenggar LD	a
	(t/ha)	nos.	ક્ષ	nos.	8.	nos.	8	nos.	ક	nos.	. 8	nos.	8
Paddy	, Wet Season	********		*****									
*	< 3.5	9	48	3	10%	51	16%	0	0%	13	11%	0	0%
	3.5 - 4.5	56	25%	10	33%	113	35%	2	25%	37	30%	3	15%
	4.5 - 5.5	:95	43%	9	30%	96	30%	4		51	41%	15	75%
	5.5 - 6.5	42	19%	5	17%	43	13%	1	13%	13	11%	2	10%
	6.5 - 7.5	19	9%	3	10%	11	3%	0	: 0%	و	7%	ő	0%
	7.5 <	1	0%	0	0%	5	2%	1	13%	ó	0%	0	0%
	1.5,5	1	US	U	0.8	Э	. 43	, .E	730	U		U	. 00
Dadd.	Den Canaan	•							•		1 1 2 1		
Paddy	, Dry Season .	1.4	0.0		. 120	70	200	. 0	00	1.0	1.00	0	0%
	< 3.5	14	88	3	13%	79	28%	0	0%	13	16%	. 0	
	3.5 - 4.5	52	31%	3	13%	91	32%	2	25%	30	38%	4 8	33%
	4.5 - 5.5	65	39€	10	43%	76	27%	4	50%	. 25	32%		67%
	5.5 - 6.5	31	19%	5	22%	25	9%	1	13%	5	68	0	0%
	6.5 - 7.5	4	. 2%	5	98	6	28	1	13%	6	88	0	90
	7.5 <	· 0	9.0	0	9€	. 7	28	0	98	0	. 08	0	98
							+ ,*						
Paddy	, Rainfed			_						_			
	< 2.5	7	6%	1	88	65	30%	3	43%	6	12%	0	0%
	2.5 = 3.5	41	34%	1	88	47	22%	2	29%	12	24%	4	44%
-	3.5 - 4.5	50	41%	2	17%	58	27%	: 0	90	23	46%	5	56%
	4.5 - 5.5	23	19%	8	67%	39.	18%	1	148	. 9	18%	• 0	0.8
	5.5 - 6.5	1	1%	0	08	3	1%	0	908	0	90	0	0%
	6.5 <	. 0	0%	0	0%	4	28	1	14%	0	98	0	0%
								100					
Paddy	, Upland	4										2 -	
_	< 1.5	. 1	5%	1	13%	5	45%	0		- 0	0%	0	
	1.5 - 2.5	12	55%	0	0%	5	45%	0		11	92%	. 0	
	2.5 - 3.5	8	36%	6	75%	0	0%	0		. 1	88	0	
	3.5 <	1	5%	. 1	13%	1	9%	. 0		0	0%	0	
		-	30	_				v		·	•	•	
Maize	i.												•
110120	< 1.5	0	0%	0	0%	52	448	1	17%	3.	88	. 0	0%
	1.5 ~ 2.5	23	30%	2	25%	29	24%	3	50%	21	57%	3	43%
	2.5 - 3.5	32	42%	5	63%	32	27%	2	33%	12	32%	. 4	57%
	3.5 <	32 22	29%	1	13%	52 6	276 58	. 0		12	38	0	
	3.5 <	2.2	296	Т	13.2	Ο,	24	. U .	0.6	<u>.</u>	১৬	U	0%
O								11					
Cassa			• • •		0.0	2.0	0.00		4.000	4			
	< 7.5	2	4%	0	80	39	83%	1	100%	1	48	0	80
	7.5 - 12.5	7	14%	1	20%	8	17%	0,	90	13	57%	9	69%
	12.5 - 17.5	15	30%	1	20%	0	80	0	80	7	30%	. 4	31%
	17.5 <	26	52%	3	60%	0	80	0	98	2	98	0	08
Peanu													
	< 0.75	2	5%	0		20	18%	3	75%	21	51%	⊹.3	60%
	0.75 - 1.25	9	248	0	0%	61	54%	1	25%	8	20%	, 1	20%
	1.25 - 1.75	14	37%	3	100%	14	12%	0.0	98	4	10%	1	20%
	1.75 <	13	34%	0	0%	18	16%	0	0%	8	20%	. 0	90
	$(1, \dots, 1, n) \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \times \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$						10 miles	4000	142		1	13.	
Grean	Peas								1.5		: "	41.	
	< 0.75	0		: 0		31	55%	2	67%	56	84%	9	69%
	0.75 - 1.25	0		0		17	30%	· · · 1	33%	9	13%		31%
	1.25 - 1.75	ŏ		ő		3	5%	ō	0%	ő	0%	Ô	- 0%
	1.75 <	ő		ő		5	98	0	0%	2	38	0.	0.8
		•		. •		•	70	J	Ub	2	7.0		0.8
Soybea	an												
Polyne	« 0.75	1	17%	0		1.0	21%		Λ0.	1.2	160	า	1 1 0
				0		10		0	80	13	15%	2	14%
	0.75 - 1.25	4	67%	0		27	57%	2	50%	69	78%	12	86%
	1.25 - 1.75	1	17% 0%	0		: 8	17%	2	50% 0%	5	6% 1%	0	. 0%
	1.75 <	0		0		2	48	0		1		0 -	08



(1/2)



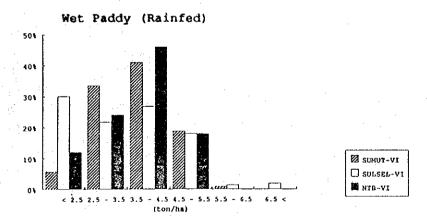
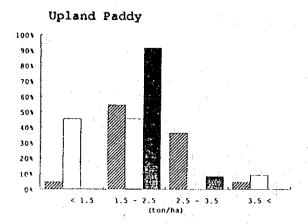
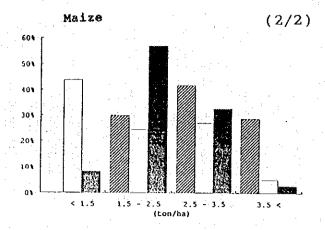
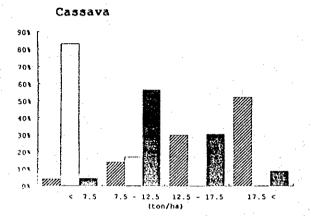
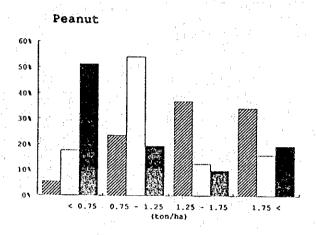


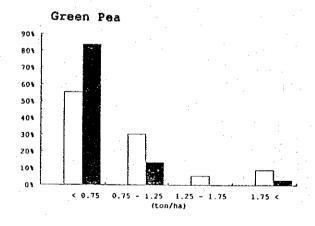
Fig. VI-5 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY,
YIELD RATE DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD CROPS

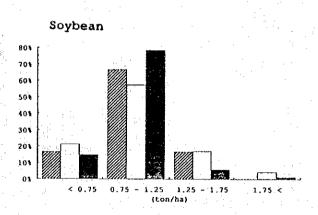














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MOKIE SUMATKA LD60011 Sumbari	. ≱	24 Paddy 1 Paddy]	8 13	Seasonia	77 Paddy 20	69 Paddy	48	
	Dryland Plant.&MA	20 Soybean 106 Coffee	12 65		e.	1 Soybean 74 Coffee	4 t		
LD60038 Rauning (B)	Irr. Paddy	5 Paddy	5 Paddy	2		66 Paddy	59 Paddy	18	
			Soybean	ന			Soybean	m	
	Rain. Paddy	14 Paddy	13 Maize	H		ବ			
	Dryland	3 Soybean	2 Soybean	~		23 Birbhor	22		
	Y LOIIL ORMA	24 Kupper	ì	• .		TOTOLOGY CTC	77		
VIS0025 Sumbul	Irr. Paddy	124 Paddy	112 Paddy	73		124 Paddy	112 Paddy	112 Chili	23
Berampu		. :	Chili	23				Peanut	13
			Peanut	15			. *		
	Rain. Paddy	c4 (ଠା			
	Dryland Plant swa	40 Ruhher	4.)			<u>v</u> 69 Rubber	41		
		TOO TOO	1						
VIS0057 Sidomukti	Irr. Paddy	12 Paddy	11 Paddy	11		27 Paddy	24 Paddy	24	
	Rain. Paddy	15 Paddy	14			3 Paddy	J.		
	Plant. & MA	<u>y</u> 36 Coconut	22		-	3 Coconut	ю		
VISO091 Aek Palia	Irr.Paddy	34 Paddy	31 Paddy	10		38 Paddy 0	34 Paddy	28	
	Drvland	2 Sovbean				2 Soybean	⊣		
	Plant.&MA	22 Oil Palm				21 Oil Palm	7		
		Rubber	7.	;		Rubber	7		
VIS0129 Pangambatan	Irr. Paddy	30 Paddy	27 Paddy	14		48 Paddy	43 Paddy	43	
(a)	Rain.Paddy	12 Paddy	ਜ਼			0 0			
	Dryland	⊃ i •				> <		ε	
	P⊥ant,&MA	여				o)			
VIS0141 Ack Siparbue	Irr.Paddy	23 Paddy	21 Paddy	īī.		26 Paddy	23 Paddy	23 Peanut	70
	, c	1 1 1 1	Peanut	O.T.		c			
-	kain. Paddy Dryland	1 Feanut	ਜ ਜੀ			ə c			
		1 1 1 1 1				1			

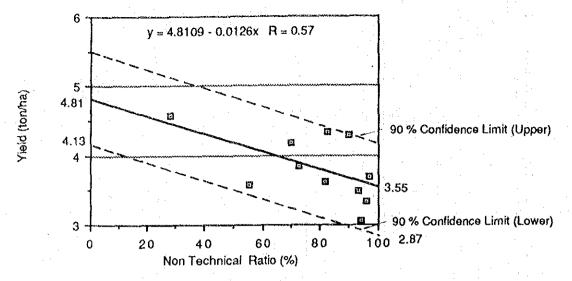
VISO218 Kntamale	ファイ・アンスペン	32 Paddy	70 00	00	ব	40 Daddy	36 Paddy	3 Mai 20	v
			Maize) FI			Maize	ហ	ı
	Rain. Paddy	a				ସ			
	Dryland	17 Maize	10		-4	12 Maize	7		
	Plant.&MA	ଠା				Oj		: "	
VIS0240 Asahan VIII	Irr.Paddy	45 Paddy	41 Paddy	8 Soybean	8	66 Paddy	59 Paddy	59 Soybean	ω
Pengajian	Rain. Paddy	2 Paddy	2			Q	×		
	Dryland	10 Soybean	φ.			4 Soybean	73		
	Plant. &MA	39 Rubber	2.3		CN .	26 Rubber	7ę		•
VIS0256 Aek Sihim	Irr. Paddy	40 Paddy	36 Paddy	12	\$	48 Paddy	43 Paddy	37.	
-			Peanut	М			Peanut	: M	
	Rain. Paddy	а				ø			٠.
	Dryland	O				q			
	Plant.&MA	55 Mai 26	35 Peanit	17	1O	50 Maize	30 Peanut	ر. بر	

SOUTH SULAWEST	H.C.	Present Season	Season2	Season3		Future Season1	Season2	Season3	m3
LD20003 Kalu	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	H. Wai	42 Pad Soy Mai 19	1 U U B U		Pad	63 Pad Soy 5	54 Mai	8
VI10055 Pajjenge	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	100 Paddy 43 Paddy 4 Peanut 2 Peanut	90 Paddy Peanut Soyb/Pean 39 2	9. 7J. 7J.		143 Paddy Q A Peanut 2 Peanut	129 Paddy Peanut Soyb/Pean 1	2 2 3 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
VI10099 Kadieng	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	171 Paddy 0 51 Maize 27 Coconut	154 Paddy Maize 37	2 3 3 5 5 3		224 Paddy Q 9 Maize 27 Coconut	202 Paddy 5 16	202 Maize	. 25
VI10115 Kaindi	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	67 Paddy 0 104 Maize 3 Coconut	60 Paddy Maize Wegetable 62	20 t		124 Paddy 0 47 Maize 3 Coconut	112 Paddy Maize Vegetable 28	9 & 1~	
VI10140 Lembang Bata	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	72 Paddy 9 9	65 Paddy	36 Maize	01	26 Paddy 0 0	68 Paddy	68 Maize	10
VII0168 Panrita	Irr. Paddy Rain. Paddy Dryland Plant. &MA	55 Paddy Q 3 Maize 15 Banana	50 Paddy Maize 2 9	10		65 Paddy 0 0 8 Banana	59 Paddy Maize 5	10 10	

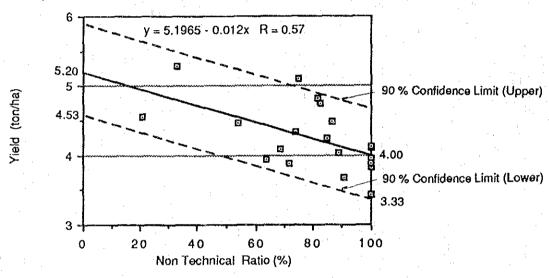
VI10182 Mario I-II-III	Irr.Paddy	50 Paddy	45 Paddy Peanut Maize	12	57 Paddy	51 Faddy Peanut Maize	122	
	Rain.Paddy	여	5 1 5 5		여		•	
	Dryland Plant.&MA	12 Maize O	r-		5 Maize O	m		
VI10201 Pakelli II	f Irr.Paddy	19 Paddy	17 Paddy Maize	113 100 c	54 Paddy	49 Paddy Maize	W. W	
	Rain. Paddy) (O		-1	Q 7		-₁	÷
	Plant. & MA	104 Coconut	62		38 Coconne	5.00		
VII0227 Limpua / Padaelo	Irr. Paddy	77 Paddy	69 Paddy Malze	45	138 Paddy	124 Paddy	124 Maize	51
	Rain. Paddy	o (04 (
	Dryland Plant.&MA	20 Marze 19 Cocnut	11		여여			
VII0287 Malimbu	Irr. Paddy	0			32 Paddy	29 Paddy	29	
	Rain. Paddy	32 Paddy	20 -		O			
	Plant.&MA	J. Banana	⊀ ન		1 Banana	। ल		
VI10332 Salu Akung	J Irr. Paddy	26 Paddy	23 Paddy	13	26 Paddy	23 Paddy	23	
	Rain. Paddy	্ৰ		-	O			
	Dryland Plant.&MA	ଚାଚା			[,] अञ			
VII0354 Mariri	Irr.Paddy	Ø			63 Paddy	57 Paddy	57	
	Rain. Paddy	34 Paddy	Ten o		OI ;			
	Dryland plant swa	22 Maize	0 F		21 Maize	ი შ H -		
	FAGILL OWIN	20110000	11		20110227	7.7		

2	ro O	25		50	18	0 20	200	
Seaso	108 Chili/Tobo	5 Soybean 50	vo us	31 Pean/GreP	23 Chili/Tobo	67 Maize/SwPo	6 Soybean 20 Peanut	9 T
1 Season2	108 Paddy 61	63 Paddy Soybean	80 Paddy Soybean 2 2	31 Paddy 11	23 Paddy 11	100 Paddy	100 Paddy Soybean 1	30 Paddy Peanut 2
Future Season	120 Paddy 0 0 103 Green Pea	20 Paddy 20 90	89 Paddy 9 3 Green Pea 4 Coconut	34 Paddy 0 12 Pean/GreP 0	26 Paddy 0 13 Coconut	111 Paddy 0 6	111 Paddy 0 1 Soybean	33 Paddy Q Green Pea
Season3 Fut	, L	5 Soybean 25 50	 ს ს	31 Pean/GreP 20	22 Chili/Tobc 18	60 Maize/SwPo 50	6 Soybean 10 20 Peanut 20	11
Season 2	5 Paddy 130	63 Paddy Soybean	61 Paddy Soybean 14	31 Paddy 11	22 Paddy 12	95 Paddy 7	100 Paddy Soybean 1	12 Peanut 18 2
Present Season1	5 Paddy 0 0 8 Green Pea	70 Paddy 0 0	<u>68</u> Paddy <u>9</u> 24 Green Pea 4 Coconut	34 Paddy 0 19 Pean/GreP 0	24 Paddy 2 0 2 20 Coconut	105 Paddy 0 12 Maize 0	111 Paddy Q 1 Soybean Q	13 Paddy 20 Paddy 3 Green Pea
Ĥ Q	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Flant.&MA	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland Plant.&MA	Irr.Paddy Rain.Paddy Dryland
WEST NUSA TENGGARA	Danar Jengkang	Mada Maninî	Uma Lebang	Lokok Tripas	Lengkok Dudu	Kelokos Udang	Raba Sangga	Montong Sapah / Puri
WEST NUSA	LD45010	VI32013 1	VI33050	VI34004	VI35035	VI35045	VI36016	VI37003

Paddy Yield and Non Technical Irrigation Ratio in North Sumatra, 1989



Paddy Yield and Non Technical Irrigation Ratio in South Sulawesi, 1989



Paddy Yield and Non Technical Irrigation Ratio in NTB, 1989

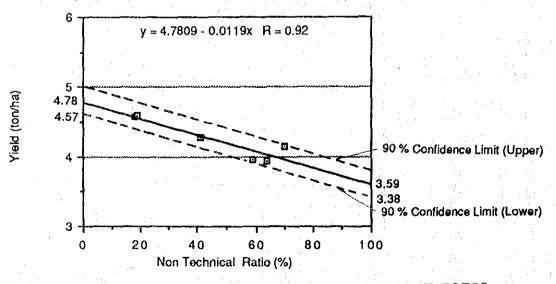


Fig. VI-6 PADDY YIELD AND NON TECHNICAL IRRIGATION RATIO

Table VI-9 CROP YIELD RATES ON WITH AND WITHOUT PROJECT CONDITION

					(Unit	: ton/ha)
Corp	North S	umatra	South Su	lawesi	West Nusa	Tenggara
	Without Project	With Project	Without Project	With Project	Without Project	With Project
Irrigated Paddy	2.87	3.88	3.33	4.29	3.38	4.33
Rainfed Paddy	2.15	2.15	2.50	2.50		2.54
Dry Paddy	1.63	1.63	1.52	1.52	1.64	1.64
Maize	1.67	1.67	1.28	1.28	1.56	1.56
Cassava	9.81	9.81	9.31	9.31	9.87	9.87
Seweet Potato	7.41	7.41	6.44	6.44	9.45	9.45
Peanut	0.87	0.87	0.00	0.88		1.05
Soybean	0.82	0.82	0.85	0.85		0.94
Green Pea	0.75	0.75	0.73	0.73	0.39	0.39

Table VI-10 PADDY PRODUCTION, WITH AND WITHOUT PROJECT CONDITION

Province	North St (10 Sch		South St (12 Sch		West Nusa (8 Sche	
	Total	Average	Total	Average	Total	Average
I and Day (by)	· .					
Land Use (ha)				* .		
Without Project Irrigated Paddy Field	. 270	. 20	604	67	410	٠.
·	379	38	684	57	430	54
Rainfed Paddy Field	45	- 5	109	9	20	
With Project			1.053	00		
Irrigated Paddy Field	560	56	1,072	89	594	74
Rainfed Paddy Field	3	0	0	0	0	
Harvested Area of Paddy (ha)	•		4			4
Without Project						
Wet Season						
Irrigated Paddy Field	344	34	615	51	389	49
Rainfed Paddy Field	42	4.	99	8	18	
Dry Season			,,,	•		
Irrigated Paddy Field	190	19	286	24	134	17
Rainfed Paddy Field	0		. 0			
-	U	0	. U	0	0	. (
With Project						
Wet Season		**				
Irrigated Paddy Field	502	50.	966	81	535	67
Rainfed Paddy Field	3	0	. 0	0	0	(
Dry Season		•		•	1	٠,
Irrigated Paddy Field	423	42	699	58	265	33
Rainfed Paddy Field	0	0	0	0	0	(
Cropping Intensity of Paddy (%)						•
Without Project			-	:		
Irrigated Paddy Field		155%		147%		134%
Rainfed Paddy Field		100%		100%		100%
-		100%		100%		100%
With Project		10.16		1500		1.000
Irrigated Paddy Field		184%		172%		150%
Rainfed Paddy Field		100%				
Wet Paddy Production						
Without Project	-					
Irrigated Paddy						
Harvested area (ha)	534	53	901	75	523	65
Yield rate (t/ha)	29	3	40	3	27	
Production (t)	1.534	153	3,001	250	1,769	221
Rainfed Paddy	2,00	100	5,001	250	1,705	22.
Harvested area (ha)	42	4	99	8	18	. 2
Yield rate (t/ha)	22	2	30 :	3	20	3
Production (t)	90	9				
**	90	9	249	- 21	46	6
With Project			:			
Irrigated Paddy					*	
Harvested area (ha)	925	93	1,665	139	800	100
Yield rate (t/ha)	39	4	. 51	4	-35	4
Production (t)	3,589	359	7,143	595	3,462	433
Rainfed Paddy					•	
Harvested area (ha)	. 3	0	0	0	0	
Yield rate (t/ha)	22	2	30	. 3	20	3
Production (t)	6	1	. 0	0	0	
otal Amount of Wet Paddy Prod	uction (ha)					
Without Project	1,624	162	3,250	271	1 015	- 005
					1.815	227
With Project	3,595	360	7,143	595	3,462	433
Increment	1,971	197	3,893	324	1,647	206
Increment (%)		121%		120%		91%

Table VI-11 PADDY PRODUCTION, WITH AND WITHOUT PROJECT CONDITION

Code	LD60011	LD60038	VI50025	V150057	VI50091	V150129	VI50141	VI50218	V150240	V150256
Name	Sumbari	Rauning (B)	Sumbul Berampu	Sidomukti	Ack Palia	Pangam- batan (B)	Aek Siparbue	Kutamale	Asahan VIII Pengajian	Aek Sihim
and Use (ha)					· -					
Without Project										
Irrigated Paddy Field	34	5	124	12	34	30	23	32	45	41
Rainfed Paddy Field	1	14	0	15	0	12	1	0		
With Project		:							_	
Irrigated Paddy Field	77	66	124	27	38	48	26	40	66	4
Rainfed Paddy Field	. 0	0	0	3	. 0	0	0			
larvested Area of Paddy (ha) Without Project						.*				
Wet Season										
Irrigated Paddy Field	31	5			31	27	21	29	41	3
Rainfed Paddy Field	1	13	0	14	0	11	1	0	2	
Dry Season										
Irrigated Paddy Field	31	2			10	14	11	18	8	1
Rainfed Paddy Field	. 0	. 0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	
With Project										
Wet Season		_					•			
Irrigated Paddy Field	69	59					23			
Rainfed Paddy Field	. 0	. 0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	
Dry Season		_								
Irrigated Paddy Field	48				28		23			3
Rainfed Paddy Field	0	0	. 0	0	. 0	0	0	· · · · ·	0	
ropping Intensity of Paddy (9 Without Project	(a)									
Irrigated Paddy Field	200%	140%	165%	200%	132%	152%	152%	162%	120%	133
Rainfed Paddy Field	100%	100%		100%		100%	100%		100%	
With Project										
Irrigated Paddy Field	170%	131%	200%	200%	182%	200%	200%	186%	200%	186
Rainfed Paddy Field				100%						
Vet Paddy Production	1	-								
Without Project										
Irrigated Paddy										
Harvested area (ha)	62									
Yield rate (t/ha)	2.87						2.87			
Production (t)	178	20	531	63	118	118	. 92	135	5 141	13
Rainfed Paddy					_		_	_		
Harvested area (ha)	. 1						j			
Yield rate (t/ha)	2.15									
Production (t)	2	28		30	0	. 24	2	: () 4	
With Project										
Irrigated Paddy										
Harveşted area (ha)	117	77								
Yield rate (t/ha)	3.88									
Production (t)	454	299	869	186	241	334	178	3 260) 458	3
Rainfed Paddy									_	
Harvested area (ha)	. 0) 0	
Yield rate (t/ha)	2.15									
Production (t)	0	. 0) 6	0	0	C) (0	•
otal Amount of Wet Paddy Pr	oduction (ha)		•	-					
Without Project	180		531	. 93	118					
With Project	454				241	334	178	260		
						192	84	125	5 313	1
Increment	. 274	231	220	, ,,	. 2 320			93%		

* · ·												
	•						14		:		ı	
												(2/3
Code Name	LD20003 Kalu	V110055 Pajjenge	VI10099 Kadieng	VII0115 Kaindi	VII0140 Lembang Bata	VI10168 Panrita	VII0182 Mario I-II-III	VIIO201 Pakelli II	VII0227 Limpua/ Padaelo	VI10287 Malimbu	VI10332 Salu Akung	VII035 Mariri
Land Use (ha)		.*										
Without Project											27,300	
Irrigated Paddy Field Rainfed Paddy Field	47 0	100 43	171 0	67 0	72 0	55 0	50 0	19 0	- 77 0		26 0	3
With Project												1.50
Irrigated Paddy Field Rainfed Paddy Field	70 0	143 0	224 0	124 0	76 0	65	57 0	54 0	138 0		26 0	6
Harvested Area of Paddy (ha) Without Project									· ·			
Wet Season		•				1.0						*
Irrigated Paddy Field Rainfed Paddy Field	42 0	90 39	154 0	60 0	65 0	50 0	45 0	17 0	69 0	0 29	23 0	3
Dry Season												t .
Irrigated Paddy Field Rainfed Paddy Field	14 0	9 0	93 0	45 0	36 0	8 0	- 12 0	. 11 0	45 0	0	13 0	·
With Project Wet Season			,									**** #**
Irrigated Paddy Field	63	129	202	112	68	59	51	40	104	20		
Rainfed Paddy Field	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	49 0	124 0	29 0	23 0	5
Dry Season Irrigated Paddy Field	54	37	202									
Rainfed Paddy Field	0	0	. 0	66 0	68 0	10 0	14 · 0	15 0	124 0	29 0	23	5
Topping Intensity of Paddy (% Without Project	7			. *							4	
brigated Paddy Field	133%	110%	160%	175%	155%	116%	127%	165%	165%		1570	11.15
Rainfed Paddy Field With Project	10070	100%		17570	133 %	11070	1LI TO	10.570	10370	100%	157%	1009
Irrigated Paddy Field Rainfed Paddy Field	186%	129%	200%	159%	200%	117%	127%	131%	200%	200%	200%	2009
isadica i aday i icia												
Vet Paddy Production												2 %
Without Project								4.1				
Irrigated Paddy				1							15000	
Harvested area (ha)	56	99	247	105	101	58	57	28	114	0	36	F1 (
Yield rate (t/ha)	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33
Production (t) Rainfed Paddy	186	330	823	350	336	193	190	93	380	. 0	120	. (
Harvested area (ha)	.0	39	ο.		^							
Yield rate (t/ha)	2.50	2.50	0 2.50	0 2.50	2.50	0	0	0	. 0	29	0	31
Production (t)	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30		2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
With Project	•		U		0	U	0	U	0	73	U	78
Irrigated Paddy											45 6 4 6 2	e e
Harvested area (ha)	- 117	166	404	178	136	69	65	64	248	58	46	114
The residuated (tra)	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.25
Yield rate (t/ha)	.,_,		1,733	764	583	296	279	275	1,064	249	197	489
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t)	502	712	1,733								7	
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy	502		1,733									
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy Harvested area (ha)	502 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	n
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy Harvested area (ha) Yield rate (t/ha)	502 0 2.50	0 2.50	0 2.50	2.50	2,50	0 2.50	0 2.50	0 2.50	0 2.50	0 2.50	2.50	
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy Harvested area (ha)	502 0	0	0									2.50
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy Harvested area (ha) Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t)	502 0 2.50 0	0 2.50 0	0 2.50	2.50	2,50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50 0
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy Harvested area (ha) Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t)	502 0 2.50 0	0 2.50 0	0 2.50 0	2.50 0	2,50	2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50	2.50	2.50
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy Harvested area (ha) Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) otal Amount of Wet Paddy Pro	502 0 2.50 0 duction (ha	0 2.50 0 0	0 2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50	2.50 0	2.50 0 190	2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50 0 73	2.50	2.50 0 78
Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Rainfed Paddy Harvested area (ha) Yield rate (t/ha) Production (t) Olal Amount of Wet Paddy Pro Without Project	502 0 2.50 0 duction (ha	0 2.50 0	0 2.50 0	2.50 0	2,50	2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50 0	2.50	2.50	2.50 0 78 489 411

Code Name	LD45010 Danar	VI32013	VI33050	VI34004	VI35035	VI35045		
	Jengkang	Mada Manini	Uma Lebang	Lokok Tripas	Lengkok Dudu	Kelokos	VI36016 Raba	V137003 Montong
				Tripas	Dada	Udang	Sangga	Sapah/Puri
Land Use (ha)	4131							
Without Project		70						:
Irrigated Paddy Field Rainfed Paddy Field	5	70 0	68	34		105	111	
With Project		v	0	0	0	0	. 0	20
Irrigated Paddy Field	120	70	89	24	2/			
Rainfed Paddy Field	0	0	0	34 0		111	111	
	ŭ	•	·	. •	U	0	0	. 0
Harvested Area of Paddy (ha)	100	•						
Without Project								
Wet Season	4		•					
Irrigated Paddy Field	5	63	61	31	- 22	95	100	12
Rainfed Paddy Field	0	0	0	. 0	. 0	. 0	0	
Dry Season	:	* .						
Irrigated Paddy Field	. 5	5	5	. 31	22	60	6	0
Rainfed Paddy Field	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	. 0	0	0
With Project								
Wet Season	100							
Imigated Paddy Field	108	63	80	31	23	100	100	-+
Rainfed Paddy Field Dry Season	. 0	0	. 0	0	0	0	. 0	0
Irrigated Paddy Field	108	5	6	31	22			
Rainfed Paddy Field	0	0	Ö	0	23 0	67 0	6	
Cropping Intensity of Paddy (% Without Project Irrigated Paddy Field Rainfed Paddy Field With Project	200%	108%	108%	200%	200%	163%	106%	100% 100%
Irrigated Paddy Field	200%	108%	108%	200%	200%	167%	106%	163%
Rainfed Paddy Field		-1						
Wet Paddy Production				*				
Without Project							•	
Irrigated Paddy								
Harvested area (ha)	10	68	. 66	62	44	155	106	12
Yield rate (t/ha)	3.38	3.38	3.38	3.38	3.38	3.38	3.38	3.38
Production (t)	34	230	223	210	149	524	358	. 41
Rainfed Paddy				•				
Harvested area (ha)	0	. 0	0	0	0	0.	. 0	18
Yield rate (t/ha)	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54
Production (t)	0	. 0	0	0	0	. 0	0	46
With Project						·		
Irrigated Paddy								
Harvested area (ha)	216	68	86	62	46	167	106	49
Yield rate (t/ha)	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33
Production (t)	935	294	372	268	199	723	459	212
Rainfed Paddy					. ^	•		
Harvested area (ha) Yield rate (t/ha)	0 2.54	0 2.54	0 2.54	0 2.54	0 2.54	0 2.54	.0 2.54	
Production (t)	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.54 0
Potel Amount of Warn 12 P				:			-	
Fotal Amount of Wet Paddy Pro Without Project	xiuction (ha 34	<u>ນ</u> 230	223	210	149	524	358	87
With Project	935	294	372	268	199	723	459	212
Increment	901	64	149	58	50	199	101	125
Increment (%)	2650%	28%	67%	28%	34%	38%	28%	144%

Table VI-12 PROJECTED AVERAGE ANNUAL GROWTH RATES OF GRDP BY MAIN SECTORS IN REPELITA V

***************************************		ccl. oil/gas			Annual G	rowth Ra	tes (%)			
Province	in 1988	in 1993	Total	Agri-			Construc-	Trade	Transpor-	Others
	(Rp. bn)	(Rp. bn)	GRDP	culture	turing		tion		tation	1
DI A sin	ا و نزایو دو	- ^-						r Art		
DI Ache	1,561		4.8	2.8		0.6				7.0
North Sumatra	4,093		<u>5.4</u>	4.4		<u>5.1</u>		5.9		<u>4.4</u>
West Sumatra	1,528		5.0	3.9				5.1		4.8
Riau	1,289	-	5.4	4.4		5.7		5.7		5.6
Jambi	636		5.2	3.4		9.6		4.9	5. The second	4.9
South Sumatra	2,900		5.1	3.1	8.0	2.0		5.5		5.0
Bengkulu	341	456	6.0	5,5		10.4		6.8		5.2
Lampung	1,458	2,007	6.6	5.5	12.5	8.0	6.1	6.2	7.1	6.9
DKI Jakarta	10,250	14,242	6.8	4.3	10.1		5.9	5.6	5.5	6.6
West Java	12,684	17,957	7.2	3.2	11.9	5.9		7.4		6.6
Central Java	9,155	11,909	5.4	3.4	10.4	15.7	4.8	2.5		6.9
DI Yogyakarta	940	1,205	5.1	2.2	9.5	10.7	5.9	5.1		5.9
East Java	13,857	18,197	5.6	3.0	10.0	5.7	5.6	6.8		6.3
West Kalimantan	1,078	1,470	6.4	4.0	10.4	8.7	3.3	อา	6.5	6.2
Central Kalimantan	587	746	4.9	3.6		6.6	2.3	8.3 3.5		6.3
South Kalimantan	1,063	1,363	5.1	3.9					14、15、14、15、15、15、15、15、15、15、15、15、15、15、15、15、	7.5
East Kalimantan	1,372	1,845	6.1	4.5	10.1	8.7 9.6	5.7 7.8	5.0 5.5		5.6 5.3
North Sulawesi	760	000					e a facility			
	769	986	5.1	2.9	10.5	0.6	5.2	2.7		6.9
Central Sulawesi	451	592	5.6	4.5	9.3	9.9	6.3	6.5		5.4
South Sulawesi	<u>2,221</u>	2,821	<u>4.9</u>	<u>4.1</u>	<u>7.9</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>5.5</u>		<u>5.0</u>
Southeast Sulawesi	396	545	6.6	6.3	13.6	1.4	4.6	7.2	8.9	6.5
Bali	1,250	1,697	6.3	3.4	9.1	0.7	5.9	8.4	9.3	7.6
Nusa Tenggara Barat	<u>673</u>	<u>850</u>	4.8	<u>3.7</u>	9.0	1.7	<u>4.6</u>	<u>6.0</u>	<u>6.0</u>	6.4
Nusa Tenggara Timur	566	695	4.2	3.1	11.0	7.7	5.5	5.9		4.4
Timor Timur	105	134	5.0	2.7	.10.4	6.4	5.2	5.6	te e e	6.3
Maluku	664	860	5.3	4.9	8.5	5.1	7.0	5.0	7.2	4.4
Irian Jaya	638	862	6.2	3.5	10.1	7.6	7.1	3.8	6.8	6.9
Indonesia, excl. oil/gas	72,523	96,899	6.0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.			
Indonesia, incl. oil/gas	89,383	114,078	5.0	3.6	8.5	0.4	6.0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Oil/gas	16,860	17,179	0.4	5.0	6.5	0.4	0.0	6.0	6.4	6.1
	17.7					. 100	1.2		•	

Source:

Fifth Five Year Development Plan, 1989/90 - 1993/94.

Notes:

1988 GRDP provisional estimates only, in constant prices 1983.

Table VI-13 WETLAND PADDY PLANTED AREA BY PROVINCE AND INTENSIFICATION PROGRAM 1989

Province	Supra Insus	Insus	In many	т .		(ha
TIOVINCO	Supra msus	msus	Inmun	Intensi-	Non Intensi-	Total
			****	fication	fication	
D.I. Ache	15,655	91,544	146 402	050 500		
Sumatera Utara	194.583	402.189	146,493	253,692	58,454	312,146
Juliania Clara	26%	402.189 54%	119.904	716.676	31.330	748.006
Sumatera Barat	77,414	2470 255,519	16%	26%	4%	
Riau	77,414		17,153	350,086	267	350,353
Jambi		40,096	34,969	75,065	17,339	92,404
Sumatera Selatan	0	46,498	44,861	91,359	29,439	120,798
	55,651	181,235	83,854	320,740	41,213	361,953
Bengkulu	3,635	21,820	35,425	60,880	8,932	69,812
Lampung	81,849	116,589	46,186	244,624	1,309	245,933
D.K.I. Jakarta	2	4,570	4,067	8,637	0	8,637
Jawa Barat	704,495	1,163,041	168,543	2,036,079	65	2,036,144
Jawa Tengah	354,648	1,030,377	211,275	1,596,300	0	1,596,300
D.I. Yogyakarta	54,014	44,424	6,298	104,736	0	104,736
Jawa Timur	396,633	1,075,242	151,305	1,623,180	5,370	1,628,550
Bali	20,408	148,146	9,916	178,470	0	178,470
Nusa Tenggara Barat	76.240	83.609	96.759	256.608	8.617	265.225
	<u> 29%</u>	32%	<u>36%</u>	27%	3%	
Nusa Tenggara Timur		1,829	25,361	27,190	39,262	66,452
Timor Timur	. 0	1,593	6,303	7,896	10,282	18,178
Kalimantan Barat	0	67,830	71,517	139,347	89,341	228,688
Kalimantan Tengah	0	13,557	32,836	46,393	18,507	64,900
Kalimantan Selatan	0	127,593	187,250	314,843	5,786	320,629
Kalimantan Timur	0	12,033	21,790	33,823	11,513	45,336
Sulawesi Utara	0	40,150	42,816	82,966	1,499	84,465
Sulawesi Tengah	.0	50,537	41,582	92,119	19,208	111,327
Sulawesi Selatan	225.843	345.702	189,763	761.308	15.455	776,763
	29%	45%	24%	28%	2%	
Sulawesi Tenggara	0	10,555	27,170	37,725	549	38,274
Maluku	0	6,699	0	6,699	1,677	8,376
Irian Jaya	0	156	1,435	1,591	12	1,603
Indonesia	2.261.068	5.383.133	1.824.831	9.469.032	415.426	9.884.458
	23%	54%	18%	96%	4%	

Source: Statistik Intensifikasi Pertanian, Secretariat Badan Pengendali Bimas, 1990

Table VI-14 PADDY PRODUCTION BY INTENSIFICATION PROGRAM, 1981-1988

								All Spaces States	(ton
Province	Program	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
Sumut	INSUS	379,345	769,215	845,358	1,060,989	1,203,759	1,145,609	1,365,449	1,457,480
	INMUM **	771,843	559,867	527,417	549,850	568,923	631,442	642,020	782,260
	Intens.	1,151,188	1,329,082	1,372,775	1,610,839	1,772,682	1,777,051	2,007,469	2,185,740
	Non-Intens.	511,486	505,627	459,757	411,161	376,242	290,940	311,631	297,198
	Total	1,662,674	1,834,709	1,832,532	2,022,000	2,148,924	2,067,991	2,319,100	2,482,938
Sulsel	INSUS	392,056	635,832	902,497	757,014	920,777	1,087,232	1,509,382	1,984,044
	INMUM	834,538	722,891	923,092	1,431,582	1,451,971	1,379,181	929,208	775,220
	Intens.	1,226,594	1,358,723	1,825,589	2,188,569	2,372,748	2,466,413	2,468,590	2,759,364
	Non-Intens.	791,999	495,743	393,882	350,811	317,086	276,329	124,151	80,557
	Total	2,018,593	1,854,466	2,219,471	2,539,380	2,689,834	2,742,742	2,592,741	2,839,921
NTB	INSUS	56,585	76,078	168,565	195,947	171,168	173,383	337,196	494,515
	INMUM	542,664	659,636	581,201	634,147	677,731	669,401	556,489	461,547
	Intens.	599,249	735,713	749,766	830,094	848,899	842,784	893,685	956,062
	Non-Intens.	230,513	148,560	122,480	121,996	92,499	89,973	55,927	54,272
r	Total	829,762	884,273	872,246	952,090	941,398	932,757	949,612	1,010,334
Indonesia	INSUS	7,826,676	14,028,790	16,815,838	18,481,023	19,816,910	21,755,730	24,112,455	28,352,483
	INMUM	17,594,004	13,489,549	12,860,787	14,275,205	14,184,306	13,364,180	11,864,440	9,255,148
	Intens.	25,420,680	27,518,339	29,676,625	32,756,228	34,001,216	35,119,910	35,976,895	37,607,631
	Non-Intens.	7,353,496	6,065,338	5,626,116	5,380,218	5,031,729	4,606,851	4,101,300	4,068,539
	Total	32,774,176	33,583,677	35,302,741	38,136,446	39,032,945	39,726,761	40,078,195	41,676,170
		100		and the second				#	The second section is

Source: Statistik Intensifikasi Pertanian, Secretariat Badan Pengendali Bimas, Biro Perencanaan, 1990

Table VI-15 AGRICULTURAL CREDIT (KUT) PER HA FOR INTENSIFICATION ON WETLAND PADDY IN 1992/93

The second secon							
	Package A	Pa	ckage B	Pa	ckage C	Pa	ckage D
Amo	unt Value	Amount	Value	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
(kg/	'lt) (Rp)	(kg/lt)	(Rp)	(kq/lt)	(Rp)	(kg/lt)	(Rp)
						the transfer of the transfer of	
Urea 1	50 33,000	250	55,000	250	55,000	250	55,500
TSP 1	00 28,000	100	28,000	125	35,000	125	35,000
ZA	_			100	22,000	100	22,000
KC1		75	21,000	100	28,000	100	28,000
Seed	15,000		15,000		15,000		15,000
Insecticide/Fungicide /Redenticiide	50,000	·.i	50,000		50,000	•	50,000
Herbicide	25,000		25,000		25,000		25,000
PPC/ZPT					_		32,000
/Purchase Sprayer	2,500		2,500		2,500		2,500
Production	50,000		50,000		90,000		90,000
Harvest	10,000		10,000		45,000	1 1	45,000
Fry(Young Fish)	-		_		105,000		105,000
Total	213,500		256,500	: 1	472,500		505,000

Table VI-16 NUMBER OF COOPERATIVES AND MEMBERS BY KABUPATEN IN 1989

Kabupaten	Number	of Coopera	itives	Numb	er of Mem	
	(UD	Non KUD	Total	KUD	Non KUD	Total
North Sumatra	_					1 -
Province-Sumut	2	36	3.8	413	69,573	
Nias	30	115	145	21,168	42,375	
Tapanuli Selatan	73	95.	168	20,077	16,466	36,54
Tapanuli Tengah	23	50	73	10,714	9,316	20,030
Tapanuli Utara	86	377	463	30,458	44,800	75,258
Labuhan Batu	44	79	123	40,120	16,390	56,510
Asahan	50	118	168	28,518	30,620	59,13
Simalungun	50	105	155	26,742	31,317	58,059
Dairi	25	74	99	50,554	16,654	67,20
Karo	34	58	92	13,140	8,062	21,20
Deli Serdang	51	125	176	27,177	27,708	54,88
Langkat	26	62	88	23,988	18,765	42,75
Sibolga	- 0	· 75	75	225	11,277	11,50
Tanjung Balai	2	74	76	741	9,432	10,17
Pem. Siantar	1	82	83	450	10,441	10,89
Tebing Tinggi	0	51	51	0	8,295	8,29
Medan	6	351	357	5,027	111,866	116,89
Binjai	2	81	83	174	21,222	21,39
Total-Sumut	<u>505</u>	2,008	2.513	299,686	504,579	804,26
						
South Sulawesi			÷*			
Province-Sulsel	1	17	18	353	415	768
Selayar	13	. 22	35	12,765	2,171	14,93
Bulukumba	19	56	75	57,348	16,970	74,31
Bantaeng	9	38	47	7,426	6,664	14,09
Jeneponto	17	47	64	64,758	6,542	71,30
Takalar	20	40	60	17,440	6,293	
Gowa	30	93	123	20,707	13,343	34,050
Sinjai	14	37	51			
Bone	34	83		45,632	4,691	50,32
			117	70,794	13, 159	83,95
Maros	14	50	64	52,843	11,238	64,08
Pangkep	22	47	69 54	29,017	7,551	36,56
Barru	17	34	51	37,005	7,552	44,55
Soppeng	13	65 5.3	78	58,391	16,816	75,20
Wajo	28	59	87	40,984	5,564	46,548
Sidrap	26	38	64	70,826	4,734	75,56
Pinrang	3.3	. 37	70	58,879	5,205	64,08
Enrekang	6	35	41	23,859	3,543	27,40
Luwu	56	67	123	53,291	50,197	103,48
Tator	18	57	- 75	42,462	10,040	52,50
Polmas	28	52	80	20,612	4,491	25,10
Majene	15	. 36	51	31,296	3,955	35,25
Mamuju	29	25	54	7,548	2,066	9,614
Ujung Pandang	8	300	308	10,035	45,919	55,95
Pare-Pare	4	74	78	8,036	10,332	18,368
Total-Sulsel	474	<u>1,409</u>	1.883	842,307		1,101,75
West Nusa Tenggara		4		•		
Province-NTB	. 2	15	17	0	2,214	2,214
Lombok Barat	22	172	194	35,366	34,815	70,18
Lombok Tengah	30	77	107	32,620	9,309	41,929
Lombok Timur	28	83	111	44,184	29,900	74,08
Sumbawa	27	81	108	14,239	9,775	24,014
Dompu	18	59	77	8,998	7,495	16,493
Bima	25	104	129	85,196	22,537	· ·
<u> Potal-NTB</u>	<u>152</u>	591	743	220,603		107,733
· CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	143	<u> </u>	116,045	336,648

Source:

Dalam Angka of Each Province in 1989.

Table VI-17 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, POPULATION AND LABOR FORCE

	Nort VI	h Sumatra LD	South VI	Sulawesi LD	West Nusa VI	Tenggara LD
Total Population of Farm I	Iousehol	d				Professional Principal States and
Families	317	269	306	421	329	855
Persons	1,474	2,016	1,494	2,124	1,570	3,925
Labor Force			:-			
Total labor force	798	879	632	893	838	2,271
Labor force per household	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.7
Labor Force by Occupation	•					
Fermers	674	830	520	853	595	1,278
Civil servant	18	24	17	26	21	42
Tradesmen	13	8	. 8	14	21	41
Others	72	41	8	1	84	273

Table VI-18 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, LAND OWNERSHIP AND STATUS

	North VI	Sumatra LD	South VI	Sulawesi West	Nusa VI	Tenggara LD
Average Number of Land Owne (persons)	er					
Land-owning farmers	259	345	221	404	286	765
Land owner in the District	196	327	161	86	238	665
Land owner out of the District	8	5	7	42	4	10
			1.			
Land Status Distribution in	Average					
(ha) Private land	134	201	212	326	148	569
District land	26	22	5	0,	13	27
National land	3	12	44	18	98	0
						•
Boundary of Property Land (nos)	-					
Clear	227	31	319	10	124	20
Unclear	1	1	4	0	0	0

Table VI-19 SUMMARY OF INVENTORY SURVEY, AGRICULTURAL INSTITUTIONS

		th Sur	natra		Sou	th Sul	awesi		West	Nusa '	renggar	a
	VI	1.0	LD		VI		LD		VI		LD	
	nos.	- 8	nos.		nos.	8	nos.	8	nos.	ક	nos.	8
Activity of Field												
Extension Workers	1 To 1											
a Active	213	87%	25	81%	301	92%	8	898	109	898	18	90%
b Not Active	25	10%	5	16%	24	7%	. 0	0%	10	88	2	10%
c None	7	3%	· 1	3%	. 2	1%	1	11%	3	2%	0	0%
			•						5		v	•
Rural Extension Cent	er		٠.								1	
Program on Land Deve	lopme	nt	1000									
a Positive	140	59%	22	69%	123	36%	5	56%	50	39%	12	60%
b Negative	98	41%	10	31%	219	64%	4	44%	78	61%	8	40%
					0.00	0.0	-2	110	. 70	01.9	O	400
Introduction of Agri	cultu	ral										
Supporting Program												
a Insus	151	62%	15	47%	217	63%	7	888	72	56%	13	68%
b Supra Insus	19		2	6%	26	88	1	13%	26	20%	4	21%
c Both a & b	0	0%	Ô	08	5	1%	Ô	132		0%	. 0	
d Others	75	31%	15	47%	97	28%					•	0%
d Others		312	15	4/6	91	205	0	0%	30	23%	2	11%
والمراورة والمراورة والمراورة والمراورة والمراورة		1.1										
Marketing activity o								1 4				
Village Unit Coopera			_		7.2	- 1					1 1	
a Active	72	32%	9	28%	167	51%	<u>1</u> .	11%	61	49%	10	59%
b not Active	155	68%	23	72%	163	49%	8	89%	63	51%	. 7	41%

Table VI-20 PRESENT AND FUTURE FARM LAND PER FARM HOUSEHOLD IN REPRESENTATIVE SCHEMES

(1/3)**NORTH SUMATRA** Household/Population Land Area Per Farm Household (ha) Scheme Rainfed Dryland Plantation & Pasture Name of Irrigated Paddy Field Paddy Field Code Scheme Mixed Culture LD60011 Sumbari 120 0.28 0.01 0.17 0.88 0.00 Fram Household Present Total Population 700 Future 0.64 0.00 0.08 0.62 0.00 LD60038 Rauning (B) Fram Household 110 Present 0.05 0.13 0.03 0.56 0.00 Total Population 530 Future 0.60 0.00 0.00 0.30 0.00 VI50025 Sumbul Fram Household 175 Present 0.71 0.00 0.00 0.39 0.00 Berampu **Total Population** 900 Future 0.00 0.00 0.39 0.00 0.71 VI50057 Sidomukti Fram Household 80 Present 0.15 0.19 0.00 0.45 0.00 **Total Population** 500 Future 0.34 0.04 0.00 0.41 0.00 VI50091 Aek Palia Fram Household 226 Present 0.15 0.00 0.01 0.10 0.00 **Total Population** 1,140 0.17 0.00 0.01 0.09 Future 0.00 V150129 105 0.29 0.00 0.00 0.00 Pangambatan Fram Household 0.11 Present **Total Population** 570 Future 0.46 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.02 VI50141 Aek Siparbue Fram Household 50 Present 0.46 0.18 0.00 **Total Population** 200 Future 0.52 0.00 0.00 0.16 0.00 VI50218 Fram Household 150 0.00 0.00 Kutamale Present 0.21 0.11 0.08 **Total Population** 600 Future 0.27 0.00 0.08 0.00 0.07 VI50240 Asahan VIII Fram Household 40 Present 1.13 0.05 0.25 0.98 0.05 **Total Population** Pengajian 160 Future 1.65 0.00 0.10 0.65 0.05 VI50256 Aek Sihim Fram Household 175 0.23 0.00 0.00 0.33 0.00 Present **Total Population** 900 Future 0.27 0.00 0.00 0.29 0.00 Average Fram Household Present 0.37 0.05 0.06 0.39 0.01 123 North Sumatra Total Population 620 Future 0.56 0.00 0.03 0.29 0.01

SOUTH S	ULAWESI							è	(2/3)
		Housel	old/Popi	lation	- <u> 1</u>	Land Area P	er Farm Hou	isehold (ha)	
Scheme Code	Name of Scheme				Irrigated Paddy Field	Rainfed Paddy Field	Dryland	Plantation & Mixed Culture	Pasture
LD20003	Kalu	Fram Household	75	Present	0.63	0.00	0.43	0.15	0.00
DD LOUGS		Total Population	350	Future	0.93	0.00	0.43		0.00 0.00
VI10055	Pajjenge	Fram Household	115	Present	0.87	0.37	0.03	0.02	0.00
		Total Population	530	Future	1.24	0.00	0.03		0.00
VI10099	Kadieng	Fram Household	146	Present	1.17	0.00	0.42	0.18	0.00
		Total Population	800	Future	1.53	0.00	0.06	0.18	0.00
VII0115	Kaindi	Fram Household	217	Present	0.31	0.00	0.48	0.01	0.00
		Total Population	960	Future	0.57	0.00	0.22	0.01	0.00
VI10140	Lembang Bata	Fram Household	79	Present	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Total Population	250	Future	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
VI10168	Panrita	Fram Household	135	Present	0.41	0.00	0.02	0.11	0.00
ili ji sa		Total Population	700	Future	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
VI10182	Mario I-II-III	Fram Household	189	Present	0.26	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00
		Total Population	900	Future	0.30	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00
VI10201	Pakelli II	Fram Household	97	Present	0.20	0.00	0.36	1.07	0.00
		Total Population	650	Future	0.56	0.00	0.16	0.91	0.00
VI10227	Limpua /	Fram Household	. 223	Present	0.35	0.00	.0.09	0.09	0.10
	Padaelo	Total Population	1,000	Future	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
VI10287	Malimbu	Fram Household	80	Present	0.00	0.40	0.03	0.01	0.00
		Total Population	358	Future	0.40	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.00
VI10332	Salu Akung	Fram Household	30	Present	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Total Population	120	Future	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
VI10354	Mariri	Fram Household	100	Present	0.00	0.34	0.50	0.23	0.00
		Total Population	500	Future	0.63	0.00	0.21	0.23	0.00
	Average	Fram Household	124	Present	0.50	0.09	0.20	0.16	0.01
		Total Population	593	Future	0.76		0.07	0.13	0.00

(3/3)

		Hou	sehold/Popu	lation		Land Area P	er Farm Hot	sehold (ha)	
Scheme Code	Name of Scheme				Irrigated Paddy Field	Rainfed Paddy Field	Dryland	Plantation & Mixed Culture	Pasture
LD45010	Danar Jengkang	Fram Household Total Population	250 1,200	Present Future	0.02 0.48	0.00	0.00	0.87 0.41	0.00
VI32013	Mada Manini	Fram Household Total Population	273 1,200	Present Future	0.26 0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.05 0.05
VI33050	Uma Lebang	Fram Household Total Population	150 750	Present Future	0.45 0.59	0.00	0.16 0.02	0.03 0.03	0.00
V134004	Lokok Tripas	Fram Household Total Population	46 200	Present Future	0.74 0.74	0.00 0.00	0.41 0.41	0.00	0.00 0.00
VI35035	Lengkok Dudu	Fram Household Total Population	70 330	Present Future	0.34 0.37	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.29 0.26	0.00 0.00
VI35045	Kelokos Udang	Fram Household Total Population	125 500	Present Future	0.84 0.89	0.00	0.10 0.05	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
VI36016	Raba Sangga	Fram Household Total Population	205 820	Present Future	0.54 0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00
V137003	Montong Sapah / Puri	Fram Household Total Population	274 1,400	Present Future	0.05 0.12	0.07 0.00	0.01 0.01	0.00	0.00 0.00
West	Average Nusa Tenggara	Fram Household Total Population	174 800	Present Future	0.41 0.50	0.01 0.00	0.09 0.06	0.15 0.09	0.01 0.01

Table VI-21 PRESENT PRODUCTION COST OF MAJOR CROPS PER HECTARE

Crop Province		Seed	Fertilizer	Chemical	Sub Total	Labor	Others	Total
PADDY		·		<u> </u>				
- Control of the Cont					1			• '
North Sumatra	Amount (kg)	52	274	1.6		142		
10 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	8,742		2,676		
	Value (Rp)	25,800	68,500	13,550	107,850	380,200	15,640	503,69
South Sulawesi	Amount (kg)	4.4	220			101		
12 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	44 500		1.6		131		
12 delicites	Value (Rp)	509 22,350	240 54,750	7,358 11,650	. 00 750	3,211	14 221	500 77
	value (IVp)	22,550	34,730	11,030	88,750	420,700	14,321	523,77
West Nusa Tenggara	Amount (kg)	44	260	1.0		142		
8 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	11,163		2,223		
	Value (Rp)	22,188	65,000	11,163	98,350	316,250	11,188	425,78
	tion of the second				:	. :		
<u>MAIZE</u>								
North Sumatra	Amount (kg)	30	250	4	•	94		
1 Scheme	Price (Rp/kg)	500		2,250		3,000		
	Value (Rp)	15,000		9,000	86,500	282,000	5,800	374,30
					1		-,000	,50
South Slawesi	Amount (kg)	33	167	. 0	-	66		
3 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	0		3,000	•	
la de la compania de	Value (Rp)	16,667	41,667	0	58,333	198,000	6,400	262,73
West Nusa Tenggara	Amount (kg)	33	133	. 0		58		
3 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	0		2,000	•	
5 ochemes	Value (Rp)	16,333	33,333	0	49,667	116,667	6,400	172,73
					•	,	•	
SOYBEAN								
		20					i	
North Sumatra	Amount (kg)	30	200	4		73		•
1 Scheme	Price (Rp/kg)	1,400	290	9,000		3,000		261.26
	Value (Rp)	42,000	58,000	36,000	136,000	219,000	6,250	361,25
South Sulawesi	Amount (kg)	40	100	1		82		
1 Scheme	Price (Rp/kg)	1,200	250	6,000		2,000		
17	Value (Rp)	48,000	25,000	6,000		164,000	5,300	248,30
West Nusa Tenggara	Amount (kg)	38	65			71		:
3 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	1,000	250	5,000	40.400	2,000	5 000	004.50
	Value (Rp)	38,333	16,250	5,000	59,583	142,000	5,000	206,58
<u>PEANUT</u>		٠.						
LAKUTOL		. *					•	
North Sumatra	Amount (kg)	. 43	190	0.5		132		
2 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	10,000		2,485		
	Value (Rp)	85,000	47,500	5,000	137,500	328,000	6,500	472,00
C4L C. 1		40		0		79		
South Sulawesi	Amount (kg)	2.000	133	0		3,000		
3 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250 33,333	0	125,333	236,000	6,500	367,83
	Value (Rp)	92,000	33,333	U	LUCIUS	250,000	0,500	J-0 1 , 0 .
West Nusa Tenggara	Amount (kg)	38	25	0	. 1	100		
2 Schemes	Price (Rp/kg)	800	250	0		2,460		
				0	36,250	246,000	4,300	286,55

Table VI-22 PRESENT PRODUCTION COST OF PADDY PER HECTARE

North Sur Scheme			Seed			Fertilizer									(1/3)
Code	Scheme	11 11 11		Certified	Own	retunzer	Urea	TŚP	KCI	ZA	Chemical	Sub Total	Labor	Others	Total
LD60011	Sumbari	Amount (kg)	60		60	áżo		1.00				1		, , , ,	-
		Price (Rp/kg)	500		60	350 250	200	150	. 0	0	1		131		
		Value (Rp)	30,000			87,500					13,000		3,000	N. E.	
.D60038	Rauning (B)	Amount (kg)	30,000	. 0	50	100		**			13,000	130,500	393,000	15,500	539,000
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	v	30		50	50	0	. 0	1	Charles Torres	143		·
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Value (Rp)	25,000			250	. 1		1.0		12,000	1000	2,000		4.0
VI50025	Sumbul Berampu	Amount (kg)	23,000			25,000					12,000	62,000	286,000	18,500	366,500
	outilour Derainpa	Price (Rp/kg)	500	0	60	350	150	150	50	0	1	1000	129		
	4	Value (Rp)	30,000			250					13,000		3,000		
/150057	Sidomuku	Amount (kg)	.5γ,000 50	50		87,500				:	13,000	130,500	387,000	23,900	541,400
	Cidonitada	Price (Rp/kg)	500	30	. 0	350	200	100	50	0	2	1947	123		
:		Value (Rp)		•		250					15,000		3,000	100	
/150091	Ack Palin	Amount (kg)	25,000		•	87,500					30,000	142,500	369,000	6,500	518,000
150071	ACK I dill		60	60	0	420	200	120	100	. 0	2		159		
		Price (Rp/kg)	500			250			100		5,000		3,000	ar ing kali	200
/150129	Pangambatan (B)	Value (Rp)	30,000	_		105,000					10,000	145,000	477,000	6,500	628,500
1130123	r angamoasan (15)	Amount (kg)	48	. 0	48	200	100	80	20	0	1.5		162		
		Price (Rp/kg)	500			250					5,000		2,000		
JE0141 .	A all Direct	Value (Rp)	24,000			50,000					7.500	81,500	324,000	6,500	412,000
150141	Aek Siparbuc	Amount (kg)	40	40	0	120	60	40	20	0	. 2		138		
	*	Price (Rp/kg)	500			250					5,500		3,000		100
		Value (Rp)	20,000			30,000					11,000	61,000	414,000	17,200	492,200
150218	Kutamale	Amount (kg)	60	60	0	250	100	100	50	0	1		163		.,,,,,,,,,,
		Price (Rp/kg)	500		٠.	250					9,000	4	3,000		
1.0	200	Value (Rp)	30,000			62,500					9,000	101,500	489,000	20,500	611,000
150240	Asahan VIII Pengajian	Amount (kg)	40	40	. 0	400	200	100	100	n	3	101,500	117	20,300	011,000
		Price (Rp/kg)	500		100	250				·	6,000	S. 1	3,000		7.7
		Value (Rp)	20,000			100,000					18,000	138,000	351,000	31.500	F00 F00
150256	Aek Sihim	Amount (kg)	48	0	48	200	100	100	. 6	. 0	10,000	136,000	156	31,500	520,500
		Price (Rp/kg)	500			250	100	100	Ÿ	U	12,000				
		Value (Rp)	24,000			50,000						04.000	2,000		
			21,000			20,000					12,000	86,000	312,000	9,800	407,800
	Average-Sumut	Amount (kg)	52	25	27	274	124	99	20				- 2		
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	23	21		130	99	-39	0	1.6		142	125 1	
100	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Value (Rp)	25,800			250	\$10 m		3		8,742		2,676	of the second	
	•	ranc (vb)	23,800			68,500					13,550	107,850	380,200	15,640	503,690

South Sula	Name of		Pard												2/3
Scheme Code	Name of Scheme		Seed	Certified	Own	Fertilizer	Urea	TSP	KCI	ZA.	Chemical	Sub Total	Labor	Others	Total
D20003	Kalu	Amount (kg)	4(40	0	250	150	100	0	0					
.D20003	Liuiu	Price (Rp/kg)	500		,	250	150	100	U	U	1.5		112		
	5 4 4 5 5	Value (Rp)	20,000			62,500						02.500	3,000		110.00
V110055	Pajjenge	Amount (kg)	40		0	300	150	100	50	0	15,000 2	97,560	336,000 136	6,500	440,000
110050	Б, 8	Price (Rp/kg)	500			250	150	100	30	U	10,000		3,000	* 1	
	T4	Value (Rp)	20,000			75,000					20,000	115,000			500.50
VI10099	Kadieng	Amount (kg)	4.		45	200	100	50	50	0		113,000	408,000	6,500	529,50
1110032		Price (Rp/kg)	50X			250	100	30	50	U	1 7,500		166		
		Value (Rp)	22,500			50,000					7,500	80,000	3,000 498,000	10.100	507 10
VI10115	Kaindi	Amount (kg)	40		0		150	100	50	0	7,300	au,uvu	154	19,100	597,10
*110112	TEMPO!	Price (Rp/kg)	500			250	,150	100	30	U	5,000		3,000	-	
1, 1	Marine Barrier Barrier	Value (Rp)	20,000			75,000					5,000	100,000		c con	560 CO
ONIOLIA	Lembang Bata	Amount (kg)	. 50,000		. 0	300	300	0	0	0	3,000	100,000	462,000	6,500	568,50
VII0140	Contonia Dam	Price (Rp/kg)	500		·	250	300	v	U	U	13,000		4,000		
		Value (Rp)	25,000			75,000					13,000	113,000	472,000	19,750	604,75
VI10168	Panrita	Amount (kg)	42		42	200	150	50	0	0	13,000 1	115,000	122	19,730	004,73
V110100	1 dillita	Price (Rp/kg)	500		42	250	150	30	O	v	9,000		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	21,000			50,000					9,000	80,000	366,000	12,500	458,50
VE10192	Mario I-II-III	Amount (kg)	5(50	250	200	50	0	0	1.5	80,000	366,000	12,300	438,30
1110102	thanor-n-n	Price (Rp/kg)	500		50	250		50	υ	v	15,000		4,000		
1.35		Value (Rp)	25,000			62,500				-	22,500	110,000		46,500	624,50
V110201	Pakelli II	Amount (kg)	50		50	320		80	80	0		110,000	132	40,300	024,30
*******	· carciti, t.	Price (Rp/kg)	500		:	250		- 00	00	·	5,000		3,000	-	
		Value (Rp)	25,000			80,000					15,000	120,000	396,000	6,500	522,50
VI10227	Limpua / Padaelo	Amount (kg)	41		. 0	270		50	50	0		120,000	131	. 0,500	322,30
¥110221	timpae / redicto	Price (Rp/kg)	50			250		50	50		10,000		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	20,000			67,500					10,000	97,500	393,000	28,500	519,00
ソロハラタフ	Malimbu	Amount (kg)	41		0	100	100	0	0	0	40,000	31,300	122	20,500	517,00
VII.0201	THE INTE	Price (Rp/kg)	500			250		•	. *		4,250		3,000		34
1	J. 1	Value (Rp)	20,00			25,000					17,000	62,000	366,000	6.500	434,50
บบกรรร	Salu Akung	Amount (kg)	40		40	150		60	40	. 0		02,500	128	0,500	131,30
1110552	oute reading	Price (Rp/kg)	50			250		•••	,	·	10,000		3.000		
		Value (Rp)	20,00			37,500					10,000		384,000	6,500	458,00
VI10354	Mariri	Amount (kg)	50,00		50	100		0	0	30		07,500	134	0,500	450,00
¥110354	(VIA) III	Price (Rp/kg)	50		-	250			•		7,500		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	25,00			25,000					7,500		402,000	6,500	466,00
		value (Kp)	23,00			23,000		2			7,500	31,300	402,000	0,500	400,00
	Average-Sulsel	Amount (kg)	4	1 21	23	228	146	53	27	3	1.6		131		
	6	Price (Rp/kg)	50			240					7,358		3,211		
100		Value (Rp)	22,35			54,750					11,650		420,700	14,321	523,77

	a Tenggara													· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,0,
Scheme	Name of		Seed			Fertilizer					Chemical	Sub Total	Labor	Others	Total
Code	Scheme			Certified	Own		Urea	TSP	KCI	ZA	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
1545010	Danar Jengkang	A execute (lin)	40	40		200	100	50.	50	. 0		1 1	147	9.7	1
.174,7010	tyouar rengaging	Amount (kg) Price (Rp/kg)	500			250	100	30,	50	·	5,000		2,000		
		Value (Rp)	20,000			50,000	1.5				5,000	75,000	294,000	19,500	388,500
VI32013	Mada Manini	Amount (kg)	20,000		40	350	200	100	50	. 0	0.5	73,000	143	19,300	300,300
152015	Winds Winning	Price (Rp/kg)	500		•••	250	200	100		·	20,000	190	2,000		
		Value (Rp)	20,000			87,500	100				10,000	117,500	286,000	6,500	410,000
/133050	Uma Lebang	Amount (kg)	40		40	325	175	100	50	0		,.500	148	0,500	710,000
		Price (Rp/kg)	500		150	250	•••	•••		: •	15,000		2,000		1.1
	4.4	Value (Rp)	20,000			81,250	100		100		7,500	108,750	296,000	11,500	416,250
/134004	Lekok Tripas	Amount (kg)	55		. 0	230	150	50	30	. 0	1	3.07.9	136		,
	•	Price (Ro/kg)	500			250					10,000		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	27,500			57,500	."				10,000	95,000	408,000	13,000	516,000
135035	Lengkok Dudu	Amount (kg)	50	:50	0	250	150	100	0	Ó	2	A 44 A	126	2111111111111	
		Price (Rp/kg)	500			250					8,400		2,000		
		Value (Rp)	25,000			62,500	41.				16,800	104,300	252,000	11,500	367,800
/135045	Kelokos Udang	Amount (kg)	40	40	. 0	200	200	0	. 0	0	1	3.32.47.44	134	1.0	
		Price (Rp/kg)	500			250					15,000	' • <u>"</u> .	2,000		
		Value (Rp)	20,000			50,000			ş.,		15,000	85,000	268,000	10,500	363,500
136016	Raba Sangga	Amount (kg)	50	0	50	325	125	100	100	0	1		186	-1.1	
		Price (Rp/kg)	500			250					15,000		2,000		
	1000	Value (Rp)	25,000			81,250		- 3	1 - 1		15,000	121,250	372,000	10,500	503,750
/137003	Montong Sapah / Puri	Amount (kg)	40		0	200	200	0	0	. 0	1		118		
	•	Price (Rp/kg)	500			250					10,000	100	3,000		
		Value (Rp)	20,000			50,000					10,000	80,000	354,000	6,500	440,500
	Average-NTB	Amount (kg)	44	28	16	260	163	63	35	0	1.0		142		
		Price (Rp/kg)	500			250					11,163	1 1 1 TH	2,223	100	
		Value (Rp)	22,188			65,000					11,163	98,350	316,250	11,188	425,788

Table VI-23 PRESENT PRODUCTION COST OF MAIZE PER HECTARE

Scheme Code	Name of Scheme		Secd	Fertilizer	Chemical	Sub Total	Labor ,	Others	Total
North Sun	natra								
VI50218	Kutamale	Amount (kg)	30	250	4		94		
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	2,250		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	15,000	62,500	9,000	86,500	282,000	5,800	274 200
South Sul	iwesi					00,500	202,000	3,000	374,300
VI10099	Kadieng	Amount (kg)	30	150	. 0.		65		
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	ő		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	15,000	37,500	0	52,500	195,000	6,400	253,900
VI10140	Lembang Bata	Amount (kg)	30	100	0	52,500	72	0,400	233,300
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	_		3,000		
	and the second second	Value (Rp)	15,000	25,000	0	40,000	216,000	6,400	262,400
/110201	Pakelli II	Amount (kg)	40	250	ő	10,000	61	0,400	. 202,400
1.1		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	0		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	20,000	62,500	. 0	82,500	183,000	6,400	271,900
	Average-Sulsel	Amount (kg)	33	167	0	02,500	66	0,400	271,900
: '		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	Ů.		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	16,667	41,667		58,333	198,000	6,400	262,733
Vest Nusa	Tenggara			,00,	•		120,000	0,700	202,13.
	Mada Manini	Amount (kg)	30	150	0		62		
100		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	ő	•	2,000		
		Value (Rp)	15,000	37,500	0	52,500	124,000	6,400	182,900
/133050	Uma Lebang	Amount (kg)	40	120	0	5-,5-50	55	0,700	102,700
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	0	•	2,000		
		Value (Rp)	20,000	30,000	0	50,000	110,000	6,400	166,400
/135045	Kelokos Udang	Amount (kg)	28	130	0		58	0,100	100,100
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	0		2,000		100
100	n no character,	Value (Rp)	14,000	32,500	0	46,500	116,000	6,400	168,900
F 44 194	Average-NTB	Amount (kg)	33	133	0		. 58	٠,,	.00,200
		Price (Rp/kg)	500	250	0		2,000		100
		Value (Rp)	16,333	33,333	0	49,667	116,667	6,400	172,733

Table VI-24 PRESENT PRODUCTION COST OF SOYBEAN PER HECTARE

Scheme Name of Code Scheme		Seed	Fertilizer	Chemical	Sub Total	Labor	Others	Total
North Sumatra				:				
VI50240 Asahan VIII	Amount (kg)	30	200	4		. 73		1
Pengajian	Price (Rp/kg)	1,400	290	9,000		3.000		
· vg.y	Value (Rp)	42,000	58,000	36,000	136,000	219,000	6.250	361,250
South Sulawesi	Talas (Tep)	111,000	50,000	50,000	150,000	217,000	0,250	501,250
LD20003 Kalu	Amount (kg)	40	100	. 1	*1	82		
	Price (Rp/kg)	1,200	250	6,000		2,000		
	Value (Rp)	48,000	25,000	6,000	79,000	164,000	5,300	248,300
West Nusa Tenggara	(2-17)	10,000	,	.,				,
VI32013 Mada Manini	Amount (kg)	40	45	1		76		
	Price (Rp/kg)	1,000	250	5,000		2,000	•	
	Value (Rp)	40,000	11,250	5,000	56,250	152,000	5,000	213,250
V136016 Raba Sangga	Amount (kg)	40	50	1	•	72		
	Price (Rp/kg)	1,000	250	5,000		2,000		
	Value (Rp)	40,000	12,500	5,000	57,500	144,000	5,000	206,500
VI37003 Montong Sapah		35	100	1		65		
Puri	Price (Rp/kg)	1,000	250	5,000		2,000		
	Value (Rp)	35,000	25,000	5,000	65,000	130,000	5,000	200,000
Average-NTB	Amount (kg)	38	65	1	•	71		
	Price (Rp/kg)	1,000	250	5,000		2,000		
	Value (Rp)	38,333	16,250	5,000	59,583	142,000	5,000	206,583

Table VI-25 PRESENT PRODUCTION COST OF PEANUT PER HECTARE

Scheme	Name of		Seed	Fertilizer	Chemical	Sub Total	Labor	Others	Total
Code	Scheme	<u>. 44. 14. 1</u>	·	<u> </u>					i i
North Sun	natra					dan a j		2.4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
VI50025	Sumbul Berampu	Amount (kg)	.40	200	. 1		128		
	71	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	10,000		3,000	4.1	5. 1.22
		Value (Rp)	80,000	50,000	10,000	140,000	384,000	6,500	530,500
VI50256	Ack Sihim	Amount (kg)	45	180	:0		136		
		Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	0	4 4	2,000		4
		Value (Rp)	90,000	45,000	. 0	135,000	272,000	6,500	413,500
	Average-Sumut	Amount (kg)	43	190	0.5		132		
	•	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	10,000	1	2,485		
		Value (Rp)	85,000	47,500	5,000	137,500	328,000	6,500	472,000
outh Sul	awesi				1 12				200
	Pajjenge	Amount (kg)	50	100	0		76		
	- 1,00-	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	0	* .	3,000		
· .		Value (Rp)	100,000	25,000	0	125,000	228,000	6,500	359,50
VI10182	Mario I-II-III	Amount (kg)	.48	200	0		78		1.0
TIOTOL	William I was a	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	0	e de la compansión de l	3,000		
		Value (Rp)	96,000	50,000	0	146,000	234,000	6,500	386,50
VI10201	Pakelli II	Amount (kg)	40	100	0		82		
110201	I (IROIII II	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	ō		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	80.000	25,000	0	105,000	246,000	6,500	357,50
	Average-Sulsel	Amount (kg)	46	133	ő	105,000	79		
	Average-Suisci	Price (Rp/kg)	2,000	250	-		3,000		
		Value (Rp)	92,000	33,333		125,333	236,000	6,500	367,83
Most Miss	a Tenggara	value (icp)	72,000	, 55,555	ď	,120,000	250,000	0,000	
	Uma Lebang	Amount (kg)	35	50	0		108	** *	- : :
V133030	Onia Lebang	Price (Rp/kg)	800	250	_	47 × 51	2,000		
	•	Value (Rp)	28,000	5.7		40,500	216,000	4,300	260,80
1124004	Lokok Tripas	Amount (kg)	28.000 40	12,500		40,500	92	1,000	200,00
VI34004	LOKOK Hipas		800	0			3,000		
•		Price (Rp/kg)	32,000		. •	32,000	276,000	4,300	312,30
	A NITO	Value (Rp)	32,000	25	0	-	100	1,300	512,50
	Average-NTB	Amount (kg)		-	_		2,460		
		Price (Rp/kg)	008				246,000	4,300	286,550
		Value (Rp)	30,000	6,250	. 0	36,250	240,000	4,500	200,331

Table VI-26 PRESENT FARM ECONOMIC BALANCE IN REPRESENTATIVE SCHEMES

Scheme	Name of		Income		Expenditure	Surplus
Code	Scheme	(Total)	(On-farm)	(Off-farm)		
NORTH SI	CINA A TID A					
LD60011	Sumbari		000	· A	000	
LD60038	Rauning (B)	920	920	0	902	18
VI50025		1,050	1,050	0	990	. 60
VI50023	Sumbul Berampu	755	605	150	754	
VI50057 VI50091	Sidomukti Aek Palia	1,305	755	550	1,285	2
	and the second of the second o	1,105	1,105	0	1,090	1
VI50129	Pangambatan (B)	1,129			1,140	-1
VI50141	Aek Siparbue	1,036	806		1,024	1
VI50218	Kutamale	594	444	150	573	2
VI50240	Asahan VIII Pengajian	917	817	100	802	11.
VI50256	Aek Sihim	809	557	252	813	. · · · · -
	Average	962	819	143	937	2
SOUTH SU	ULAWESI					
LD20003	Kalu	694	644	50	692	
VI10055	Pajjenge	1,092	942		1,010	. 8
VI10099	Kadieng	634	634			4
VI10115	Kaindi	1,003	643	360	954	. 4
VI10140	Lembang Bata	928	748	180	890	3
VI10168	Panrita	811	811	0	798	1
VI10182	Mario I-II-III	1,030	930	100	990	4
VI10201	Pakelli II	1,001	701	300	990	1
VI10227	Limpua / Padaelo	766	766	0	676	. 9
VI10287	Malimbu	740	665	. 75	746	
VI10332	Salu Akung	1,257	1,257	0	1,069	18
VI10354	Mariri	701	171	530	708	-
La de la companya de	Average	888	743	145	843	. 4
	Avelage		, , , , , ,	110		
	SA TENGGARA		سفت .	•	4.220	
LD45010	Danar Jengkang	1,285			-	5
VI32013	Mada Manini	831	771	60		2
VI33050	Uma Lebang	889				4
V134004	Lokok Tripas	910				. 4
VI35035	Lengkok Dudu	790		The second secon		-1
VI35045	Kelokos Udang	948	948			1
VI36016	Raba Sangga	789				-2
VI37003	Montong Sapah / Puri	1,235	1,235	0	1,164	1 7
	Average	960	877	83	932	. 2

Note:

On-farm income is net income on food crops, fruits, cash crops, livestocks and so on. Off-farm income comes from wage, pension, remittance and so on.

APPENDIX-VII

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

APPENDIX VII OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

1. GENERAL BACKGROUND

1.1 General

Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Study put an emphasis on data collection, checking present O&M at fields and their analyses on the irrigation schemes at on-farm level. The data concerned have been collected mainly in the Ministry of Agriculture in Jakarta(MOA), Provincial Agricultural Departments(PRAS), Provincial Irrigation Department(PRIS). The collected data are broadly divided into following categories:

- Law, Regulation, Decree on Operation & Maintenance (O&M) at On-farm Level,
- 2). Executing Organization related to O&M, and
- 3). Other Data related to O&M.

In addition to the above data collection, inventory survey by questionnaire as well as field investigation of the representative schemes had been executed in the study area i.e. South Sulawesi, West Nusa Tenggara and North Sumatra Province. On the basis of the above works, the collected data are analyzed as follows:

1.2 Legal Base on O&M at Farm Level

There are various laws and regulations on water resources at national level as well as local level in Indonesia. Major low and regulations are listed below:

- a. Water Resources Development Low, (No.11, 1974)
- b. Government Regulation on Contribution for O&M cost for Water Resources Development Infrastructure, (No.6, 1981)
- c. Government Regulation on Water Management, (No. 22, 1982)
- d. Government Regulation on Irrigation, (No.23, 1982)
- e. President Instruction on Establishment of Water User's Association(P3A),(No.2, 1984)

Among the above low, regulations and instruction, Water Resources Low is a basic low for water resources development on which the above 3 government regulations are mainly based. The President Instruction was prepared on the basis of these regulations and low.

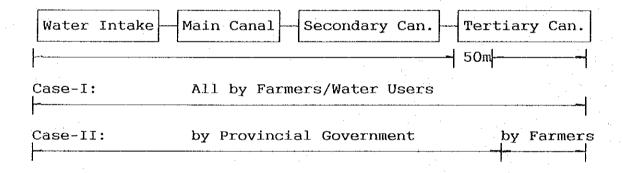
Basically it can be thought from the instruction that "O&M at farm level" is all efforts of water utilization and network maintenance within tertiary units or village irrigation area by use of irrigation network which are directly connected with farmers and their farm land. O&M is stipulated in the above 5 institutions as follows:

Demarcation of O&M

O&M for a tertiary unit, a whole village irrigation or a whole traditional communal irrigation such as Subak are to be made by water user's association. The village irrigation is defined as a irrigation where development and O&M of its network was/is executed by farmers/water users under control of the village administration with or without governmental support. [Case-I], (No.23, 1982)

Excepting the above village and traditional irrigation, provincial governments have responsibility of O&M for the irrigation network from a water-intake facility up to the point on a tertiary canal which is located at a 50-m downstream point from its turnout on a secondary canal.[Case-II], (No.23,1982)

O&M Demarcation



Institutional Organization

At national level, Ministry of Home Affairs, Public Works and Agriculture are to give guidance to provincial governments on O&M at farm level as well as in major systems such as main or secondary systems. Respective ministers function as follows: (No.2, 1984)

1) Minister of Home Affairs gives guidance to Governors in order to encourage and establish P3A in Provinces.

- 2) Minister of Public Works gives guidance to provincial irrigation offices in O&M up to tertiary level in order to have efficient and effective water management.
- 3) Minister of Agriculture gives guidance on water use in equity and effective way at the farm level

At local level, Governor, Bupati, Camat, Kepala Desa as well as provincial irrigation and agricultural services are to support P3As institutionally and technically. Respective supports are as follows: (No.2,1984) The organization is illustrated in Fig.VII-1.

- 1) Governor gives guidance of the frame of P3A's management. Bupati has the responsibility in conducting P3A management and development. Camat has the responsibility to coordinate and supervise the implementation of P3A management and development. Kepala Desa manage and develop P3As.
- 2) P3A's irrigation techniques are supported by Provincial Irrigation Service(PRIS). The supports with task are the guidance and assistance in planning, design and construction as well as O&M of tertiary networks and other networks at farm level.
- 3) P3A's agricultural techniques are supported by Provincial Agricultural Service(PRAS). The supports with task are guidance in irrigation water use in connection with water requirements, cropping patterns and so on suitable for site-specific conditions.

At the terminal level, a water user's association(P3A) is to be organized so as to use irrigation water within a tertiary unit or village irrigation area under technical guidance and policies of the local governments concerned.(No.23, 1982)

Water User's Association (P3A)

P3A is defined as an official body which is organizationally technically and financially capable to carry out development and O&M of irrigation network including its related structures at farm level(within a tertiary unit or village irrigation area). (No.2, 1984)

P3A is to be established by water users/farmers in a tertiary unit or village irrigation area for their mutual interests, with paying attention to traditional water management

institutions in the area. P3A establishment is to be completed with statutes and rules legalized by Bupati after getting an approval from Kepala Desa and Camat.(No.2, 1984)

Functions of P3A are i) O&M of its networks, ii) decision and management of regulations for its member including member's contribution, and iii) guidance and supervision of the members to follow the regulation. (No.2, 1984)

P3A consists of major three components i.e. members meeting, board and organized members. The board is composed of chairman, vice chairman, secretary, treasurer, technical conductor and block chief.(No.2, 1984) The organization is illustrated in Fig.VII-2.

Organization Fee/Irrigation Service Fee(ISF)

Institution, association or individual who directly get benefit from available water as the result of water resources development are obliged to participate with bearing 0&M cost in the form of contribution.(No.6, 1981)

P3A is to decide and manage member's conditions which consist of cash payment, harvested crops and/or manpower for O&M of tertiary or village irrigation network as well as development of the association.(No.2, 1984)

Irrigation Committee

Irrigation committees are to be organized at provincial and kabupaten level for the coordination of various water users, aiming at the efficient use of irrigation water to meet the demand of various users. The committee is chaired by the governor at provincial level and by Bupati at Kabupaten level. Its members are the highest officials nominated by the chairman from representatives of water resources/irrigation, agricultural, fishery/livestock, health, agrarian or security service. (Elucidation, No.23, 1982) Their organizations are illustrated in Fig. VII-1.

1.3 Recent Government's Strategy in O&M

During the period of the Fourth National Development Plan, Pelita-IV(1984/85-88/89), it became clear that expansion of irrigation area and rehabilitation of existing systems would not support scheduled increase in food crop production without paying

attention to improvement of present O&M. The improvement of O&M for existing systems has been added in Irrigation Sub-Sector of the Fifth National Development Plan, Repelita-V(1989/90-93/94).

The Government issued new strategy on O&M and cost recovery in 1987. It is mentioned in the strategy that efficient O&M will be introduced in irrigation systems throughout Indonesia within 15 years and the O&M cost will be recovered directly from their beneficiaries through following ways:

- a. Transfer of responsibility for funding O&M expenditures to local governments,
- b. Collection of irrigation service fee(ISF) from beneficiaries to finance 0&M cost of main system,
- c. Turnover of small government control irrigation systems (less than 500 ha) to P3As.

In order to promote these programs, IBRD, ADB and bilateral donor countries are assisting the Government mainly in large & medium-scale projects through various projects such as ISSP (Irrigation Sub Sector Project by IBRD) and TISP(Third Irrigation Subsector Project by ADB). The ISSP's approach as an example is given below:

STEP-1 Civil Works

- a. Completion of On-going Projects
- b. Improvement of Existing Projects (by Special Maintenance Program or Other Improvement Projects)

STEP-2 Efficient O&M

- a. Strengthening of P3A
- b. Training of Government Staff

STEP-3 Institutional Reform

- a. Introduction of Irrigation Service Fee(ISF)
- b. Turnover of Small System to Farmers
- c. Others

As mentioned in the above, the efficient O&M programs for medium and large-scale projects have been launched with various foreign assistance. On the other hand, those programs for small-scale schemes such as village irrigation schemes have not commenced yet up to now.

2. GENERAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE IN THE STUDY AREA

2.1 General

Inventory survey by questionnaire had been executed in the study area i.e. South Sulawesi, West Nusa Tenggara and North Sumatra Province. On the basis of the above information, the collected data are analyzed and these study results have been derived.

(1) Effectiveness of Collected Data

Effectiveness of the collected data has been checked in order to handle or evaluate them appropriately. Prior to the check, the collected data were processed to derive following question items. The calculated overall effectiveness is summarized as follows:

Data Effectiveness

Question Items	Effective Answer
1.Farmer's Organization	98.4 %
2.Operation Works	
- Irrigator	92.6 %
- Rotational Irrigation	95.7 %
3.Maintenance Works	
- Tree/Grass Cut	97.0 %
- Canal Re-shaping	95.4 %
- Minor Structure Repair	94.8 %
4. Farmer's Contributions	
- Cash Payment	99.7 %
- Payment in Kind	99.7 %
- Working Days for O&M	60.6 %

Among the above items, most of the questions were answered effectively except the question on working days for 0&M which effective answers were only 61 %. It is thought that many interviewees could not count and sum up the working days correctly when questioned.

(2) Analyses of the Data

On the basis of the effective data, data analyses have been made from following view-points:

- a. Farmer's O&M Organization,
- b. Operation Works,
- c. Maintenance Works, and
- d. Farmer's Contribution to O&M.

2.2 Organization for O&M

The categories of present 0&M organizations have been divided broadly into three groups i.e. P3A(water user's association), traditional group, no-organization which are explained below:

1) P3A/Water User's Association:

P3A is an official group which is organizationally, technically and financially capable to carry out 0&M of a irrigation network including its related structures within a tertiary unit or village irrigation area. The proposed P3A organization by Presidential Instruction No2, 1984 is given in Fig. VII-2.

2) Traditional Group:

This group has not been authorized officially but has functions for O&M at present. Generally the group was organized not only for O&M but also for other general works in a traditional/local society. Those groups such as Subak in Lombok or Raja Bondar in North Sumatra are included in this group.

3) No-Organization:

In this category, farmers have not organized any 0&M group at present and do not operate and maintain their network in any organizational way. Water charge/organization fee such as cash or payment in kind is not collected for 0&M in this case.

Based on the above grouping, existing schemes have been classified as follows:

Existing O&M Organization

	With-Organization						**	
Province	1 1 1 1 1 1		Traditional		N	No-Group		
	WUA/	*AE9	Grou	qι				
I.Village Irrigation	Area							
North Sumatra	48	ક	28	양		- 24	ક	
South Sulawesi	. 9	용	45	0		46	8	
West Nusa Tenggara	15	용	67	ક		18	용	
(Weighted Average)	(23	용)	(44	용)		(33	웅)	
I.Land Development A	rea		* -					
North Sumatra	53	왕	28	왕		19	용	
South Sulawesi	33	용	33	용		33	ક	
West Nusa Tenggara	45	ે	55	્રે		. 0	웅	
(Weighted Average)	(47	웅) .	(38	웅)		(15	웅)	
Overall W. Average	25	용	43	ુ		32	용	

Note, *; WUA/P3A: Organized Water User's Association

From the above summary table, following facts on water user's groups can be derived:

- i) In the study area, 3 provinces, 25 % of the schemes have official water user's associations(P3A), 43 % have traditional groups and 32 % of the schemes have not organized any water user's groups yet.
- ii) P3As have not been widely organized yet in South Sulawesi and West Nusa Tenggara Province and have started on becoming common O&M organization in North Sumatra Province.
- iii) O&M of irrigation system under farmer's groups or P3As are widely done in West Nusa Tenggara and North Sumatra Province. Half(about 50%) of the system are operated and maintained now without farmer's organization in South Sulawesi Province.

2.3 O&M of the System

Present O&M activities have been checked from following view-points:

- 1) Operation Works
 - a. There is an irrigator(Ulu-Ulu/Pekasih) who operates existing system or not.

b. Rotational irrigation is executed in the system or not, when dry season.

2) Maintenance Works

- a. Tree/grass cutting for canals is periodically done or not.
- b. Canal sections are re-shaped periodically in order to maintain sufficient flow sections or not.
- c. Minor repairs of damaged structures are periodically executed in order to keep their functions or not.

Based on the above checking, following table showing present O&M activities has been derived:

Present Operation Works

Province	Irrigator Ulu2/Pekasih	Rotational Irrigation			
I. Village Irrigation	n Area				
North Sumatra	65 %	50 용			
South Sulawesi	30 %	40 용			
West Nusa Tenggara	i 73 %	77 %			
(Weighted Average)		(49 %)			
II.Land Development A		•			
North Sumatra	69 %	66 %			
South Sulawesi	33 %	56 용			
West Nusa Tenggara	90 %	95 용			
(Weighted Average)		(74 %)			
Overall W. Average	52 %	51 %			

Present Maintenance Works

•	Province	Tree/Gr Cut	rass					epairs ctures
					· · · · · ·			
1.	Village Irrigation		0.	.77	Q.		83	으
	North Sumatra	84			-			
	South Sulawesi	87	용	71	용		80	
	West Nusa Tenggara	90	8	87	용		91	용
	(Weighted Average)	(86	-	(76	웅)	٠	(83	웅)
TT.	Land Development Ar	ea						
	North Sumatra	88	9	77	용		87	용
		100		89	용		89	상
	South Sulawesi				•	٠.	79	9
	West Nusa Tenggara	90	-	85			, -	•
	(Weighted Average)	(90	웅)	(81	용)		(84	웅) ::
70	verall W. Average	87	%	76	ે		83	용

From the above summary table, following study results on 0&M activities can be derived :

- i) In the study area, 3 provinces, 52 % of the schemes have irrigators such as Ulu-Ulu or Pekasih who manage water distribution and maintenance works. In West Nusa Tenggara and North Sumatra Province, more than 65 % of the schemes have irrigators who manage water distribution. In South Sulawesi Province around 30 % have such irrigators and 0&M are generally made without core responsible men.
- ii) Rotational irrigation in draught period is applied to 51 % of the schemes in the study area. This irrigation method is popular(about 77%) in West Nusa Tenggara Province, since the province is the driest province among the three provinces.
- iii) The above all three maintenance works are widely made in all 3 provinces. Around 80 % of the schemes carry out some maintenance works periodically. In case of structure maintenance, only simple works such as desilting are thought to be made at present.

2.4 Farmer's Contribution to O&M

There are three forms of farmer's contributions for O&M at present which are cash payment, payment in kind and manpower. Payment in kind is generally made by paddy or other common crops in the irrigation area.

Manpower contribution could not be quantified by the results of the inventory survey because effective answers were 60 %. It is thought, however, that all schemes have some forms of manpower contribution for 0&M as long as the schemes exist, since Gotong-Royong(cooperation works for communal purposes) has been widely accustomed in the study area. Within the limited available data, averaged manpower contribution is 50 days but the average is thought to be too high.

On the other hand, cash/crop payment as farmer's contribution to water charge are calculated as follows:

Present Payment Contribution to O&M

Province		in Cash (Rp*)	Payment (%^)	in Kind (Kg#)
I. Village Irrigation Are	ea			
North Sumatra	26 %	15,480	56 용	39
South Sulawesi	14 %	15,424	10 %	194
West Nusa Tenggara	26 %	13,176	67 %	68
(Weighted Average)	(21 %)	(14,939)	(36 %)	(69)
II.Land Development Area				
North Sumatra	22 %	15,960	72 %	35
South Sulawesi	67 %	9,750	22 %	81.
West Nusa Tenggara	45 %	7,500	65 용	110
(Weighted Average)	(36 %)	10,805	(62 %)	(63)
Overall W. Average	22 %	14,407Rr	38 %	69kg

Note; ^:Schemes which have the payment custom, *:Average Charge(Rp/ha/year), #:Average Weight in Paddy(Kg/ha/year)

From the above summary table, following study results on farmer's contribution to O&M can be derived:

- i) 22 % of the schemes in the study area have an internal regulation on irrigation service fee in cash payment which average payment is 14,400 Rp/ha/year, and 38 % have it in crop payment which average is 69 Kg/ha/year in paddy.
- ii) Around 60-70 % of the schemes have decided to collect water charge in any form from group members in West Nusa Tenggara and North Sumatra Province, but less than 30 % of the schemes in South Sulawesi Province have done. Generally water charge is paid in cash or in kind, and payment in paddy is ordained as the fee in most cases.

2.5 Evaluation of Present O&M

The analyzed data have been evaluated in order to grasp general present conditions of the schemes investigated by the inventory survey executed during Phase-I Study.

Evaluation Items and their Marks

The evaluation items and their ranking marks have been considered through the above data analyses which are summarized as follows:

- a. O&M Organization(Full mark: 25 points)
 - Registered P3A Organization(25 points),
 - Traditional Farmer's Organization(15 points),
 - No Organization(O point).
- b. Operation Activity(Full mark: 20 points)
 - Irrigator(10 points)
 - Rotational Irrigation in Drought Time(10 points)
- c. Maintenance Activity(Full mark: 25 points)
 - Grass/Tree Cutting along Canal(5 points)
 - Canal Re-shaping(10 points)
 - Minor Repairs for Structure(10 points)
- d. Cash/Crop Payment for Irrigation Service Fee (Full mark: 20 points)
 - Fee > 20,000 Rp (20 points)
 - Fee = 10,000 to 20,000 Rp (15 points)
 - Fee = 0 to 10,000 Rp (5 points)
 - No Fee (0 point)
- e. Manpower Contribution to O&M(Full mark: 10 points)
 - Manpower > 60 days (10 points)
 - Manpower = 30 to 60 days (8 points)
 - Manpower = 0 to 30 days (5 points)
 - No Manpower Contribution (0 points)

Evaluation Results

In accordance with the above evaluation criteria, present O&M of the respective schemes have been evaluated. Their evaluated marks are given in Table VII-1 and are summarized below:

Averaged Marks in O&M Evaluation

Province	Village Irrigation	Land Development		
North Sumatra	59	64		
South Selawesi	40	53		
West Nusa Tenngara	60	71		
Overall Average	50	65		

Note: Full mark is 100 points.

Averaged marks in respective Kabupaten is given in Table 2-2 and its distribution of the evaluated marks in each province is shown in Fig. VII-3.

2.6 General Conditions of Existing O&M

North Sumatra Province

Traditional farmer's groups are said to have been organized in some districts which are listed below:

Traditional Farmer's Group

Location	Group Name	Irrigator
Tapanuli Utara	Raja Bondar	Raja Bondar
Dairi	Pulu Parit	Pulu Parit
Simalungun*	Panriahan Pamongkahan	Panriahan Pamongkahan

Note; *: Excluded in the Study due to ADB Project.

Out of the above 3 traditional groups, "Raja Bondar" was checked at the sites in Kabupaten Tapanuli Utara. Raja Bondar means "King's Canal" in local language, since its irrigation system was originally constructed by farmers under the initiative of a local king in the olden days. Accordingly, original Raja Bondar was a farmer's O&M organization and not a general farmer's working group like "Subak" in Lombok Island. Nowadays some of Raja Bondar have been graded up to P3As which still keep traditional O&M customs. Most of the Raja Bondar or P3As collect irrigation service fee for O&M of their systems, and the fee is ordained by the groups to be payment in kind or cash. The charged payment in kind is crops such as paddy and soy beans which are commonly grown in the beneficiary area.

Periodical maintenance works of the system are made for 3 days on average by all the farmers. The water distribution is made by irrigators who is also called "Raja Bondar". Rotational irrigation is not common and dry season palawija is not irrigated in most cases.

South Sulawesi Province

Traditional O&M group could not be found during the site visits. Generally, farmer's groups called as "Kolompok Petani" have been organized for group working, group purchase of farm inputs and so on. This farmer's group has a function of the O&M

organization in most cases. In some cases, there is a man in charge of O&M for their irrigation systems(irrigator). The irrigator often has special names such as "Mantriwae" in Kabupaten Soppeng and "Mandorowae" in Kabupaten Baru. Both of these two names mean "Water Master" in local language. In other case, a chief of the group(Kutua Kolompok) guides the group members for equal water distribution and system maintenance works. Most of the organized P3As originate in those Kolompok Petani and have taken over the customs of the groups. Not many groups or P3As collect irrigation service fee. Rotational irrigation is made in some groups and periodical maintenance works of the irrigation systems are carried out for 19 days on average by the all farmers.

West Nusa Tenggara Province

Active traditional farmer's working groups have been widely organized throughout the province. The traditional group functions as a cooperative general farming unit and has a function of the O&M for a irrigation system, and the group has a man in charge of water management(irrigator) in most cases. These groups and irrigator are generally called as follows:

Traditional Farmer's Group

Location	Group Name	Irrigator	
Lombok	Subak	Pekasih	
Eastern Sumbawa	Orong	Malar	
Western Sumbawa#	So	Punggawa-So*	

Note; #: Kabupaten Bima & Dompu, *: Official of Village Office

In these groups the above irrigator acts as a key man in water distribution to respective farmer's farmlands and in regular maintenance works of farmer's irrigation system. Generally P3As were upgraded from those traditional groups and have taken over the customs of the groups. Most of the P3A or traditional groups collect irrigation service fee for O&M of their systems, and the fee is ordained by the groups to be payment in kind or cash. The charged payment in kind is crops such as paddy and coconut which are commonly grown in the beneficiary area.

Rotational irrigation is generally executed everywhere in the dry season and even in the wet season where enough irrigation water can not be supplied. It is felt from farmer's talks at the field that water saving techniques are widely spread over the dry areas. Maintenance works are made periodically in the most of the irrigation systems for 17 days on average.

2.7 Present Constraints on O&M

Present O&M constraints in the study area have been studied on the basis of the above general data analyses and field visits to representative schemes, however, generally O&M situations depend upon site specific conditions on which a irrigation scheme is located. Following O&M constraints at farm level have been identified:

Authorized water user's associations(P3A) have not been widely organized yet in 3 provinces. In West Nusa Tenggara and North Sumatra, existing traditional O&M groups are needed to be transformed or authorized into P3As. In South Sulawesi, half of the schemes have not any form of O&M organization, therefore, farmers in those schemes are required to be organized in any type of O&M group as a first step and to be transformed to authorized P3As as a second step.

As for the system operation, efficient and equal water distribution are thought to be rarely made, since half of the schemes operate canal systems without irrigators such as Ulu-Ulu and Pekasih and without rotational irrigation when water is not sufficient, especially in South Sulawesi.

Execution of simple maintenance works for canal systems have been widely accustomed in all 3 provinces, but it is thought from field visits that the maintenance works are insufficient in many cases. It is necessary that maintenance works shall be made efficiently and canals & related structures shall be designed so as to minimize regular maintenance works as far as the design has an economic feasibility.

Generally collection of water charge has already started in all 3 provinces. About 20 % of the schemes have ordained the charge in cash and/or about 40 % in common crops, mainly paddy, in the irrigation area, but most of the schemes have not decided on the charge. In order to give a firm financial foundation to the farmer's O&M group, it is essential to introduce water charge to those which do not collect the charge at present.

3. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE IN REPRESENTATIVE SCHEMES

3.1 General

Field works/studies during Phase II had put an emphasis on field investigation, direct interviews with farmers in order to grasp present O&M conditions of the 30 representative schemes in 3 provinces.

The investigated present O&M conditions had been fed back to data analysis of the questionnaire survey carried out in Phase I.

3.2 Organization for O&M

Present organizations for O&M are broadly divided into 3 categories in the 30 representative schemes. They are an authorized O&M group:P3A, a traditional O&M group like "Subak" and a general farmer's working group which often functions as an O&M group. Analyzed results are given in Table VII-2 and summarized below:

O&M Organization of 30 Representative Schemes

Description	North Sumatra	South Sulawesi	West Nusa Tenggara	Weighted Average
Authorized P3A	50 %	8 %	38 %	30 %
Traditional O&M Group	30 %	0 %	50 %	23 %
Farmer's Work Group	10 %	84 %	0 %	37 %
No-organization	10 용	8 %	12 %	10 %
Irrigator in Group Schemes having O&M	70 %	92 %	75 %	80 %
Rule	70 용	50 %	88 %	67 %
Penalty in Rule	30 %	42 %	75 %	47 %

Unit: Distribution in %

From the above summary table, following facts on water user's groups can be derived:

- Authorized P3A and not-authorized traditional O&M group are popular in both North Sumatra and West Nusa Tenggara Province, but they are not in South Sulawesi Province.
- ii) Farmer's working groups organized for mutual assistance (Gotong-royong) are popular in South Sulawesi, and the group acts as a water user's group

in some cases.

- iii) About 10 % of the representative schemes have not had any type of O&M group yet in 3 provinces.
- iv) 70-90 % of the schemes have a irrigator(Ulu-Ulu) who is in charge of O&M.
- v) 50-90 % of the schemes have certain rules in which 30-75 % have some penalty rules.

3.3 O&M of the System

Present 0&M in the 30 representative schemes are analyzed in following main view-points, and the analyzed results are given in Table 3-1 and summarized below:

1) Operation Works

- Irrigation Schedule and Rotation,
- Water Availability,
- Flood Operation,
- Irrigation Record, and
- Farmer's desire to Government Support.

2) Maintenance Works

- Periodic Maintenance,
- Procurement of Repair Materials
- Emergency Repair,
- Major Repair Works,
- Maintenance Record, and
- Farmer's desire to Government Support.

O&M Works of 30 Representative Schemes

Description S	North Sumatra		South Sulawesi		West Nusa Tenggara		Weighted Average	
Operation Works								
Primitive Irr. Schedule	10	ဝ	75	용	38	용	43	· 응
Irrigation Rotation	60	9	50	%	50	용	53	용
Gate control in Flood	30	0	33	욯	25	용	30.	ુ
Irrigation Record	0 5	ું. ક	0	ે	13	용	3	ે
Desire to Gov. Support	60	ol o	92.	용	100) 응	83	8
Maintenance Works			•					
Canal Reshape/Desilting	r 60 s	မွ	75	용	1.00) 응	77	&
Minor Structure Repair	50		58	9) 응	40	eg.
Emergency Repair		9	50	9	13	용	47	용
Major Repair Works		9	8	용	C) 응	13	용
Maintenance Record		2	Ō	9	38	용	17	용
Desire to Gov. Support	60	~	92	_	100	1 8	83	용

Unit: Distribution in %

From the data analysis, following facts on present O&M can be derived:

- i) Irrigation schedule is not widely prepared. Even if there is a schedule, the schedule is still based on traditional/primitive irrigation custom in most cases.
- ii) About 50 % of the schemes execute rotational irrigation, especially in drought period.
- iii) As a part of periodic maintenance, most of the schemes carry out grass/tree cutting and re-shaping/desilting works for their canals, but structure repairs are seldom made even though the repair is in a small-scale.
- iv) Existing farmer's groups have less experience in major construction/repairs of bigger-scale structures such as intake weirs or concrete lined canals.
- v) About 80 % of the farmers want Government support for operation as well as maintenance.
- vi) Most of the schemes do not keep records of O&M.

3.4 Farmer's Contribution to O&M

Farmer's contributions in the 30 representative schemes are analyzed in terms of water charge and manpower contribution for O&M, and the analyzed results are given in Table VII-2 and summarized below:

Farmer's Contribution of 30 Representative Schemes

Description	North Sumatra	South Sulawesi	West Nusa Tenggara		
Water Charge					
By Money: Distribution	हे 10 %	33 %	25 %	23 %	
" Average Rp	50,000Rp	11,125Rp	3.500Rp	21,542Rp	
By Crop: Distribution		17 ક	88 %	43 %	
" Paddy Kg	101 kg	28 kg	51 kg	60 kg	
Manpower		.	,		
Distribution %	80 용	92 %	100 %	90 %	
Working Days	9.4 day	8.1 day		7.6 day	

From the data analysis, following facts on present farmer's contribution have been derived:

- i) About 20-40 % of the representative schemes on average collect certain water charge in a form of money or crops.
- ii) Collected water charge is 21,500 Rp in currency or 60 kg in paddy on average.
- iii) Most of farmers maintain their irrigation systems by themselves and their annual working days are around a week.

3.5 Present Constraints in O&M

Present O&M constraints in the representative schemes had been studied on the basis of the above analyses, and following O&M constraints at farm level have been identified:

- i) Authorized O&M groups:P3A have not been established widely in 3 provinces, especially in South Sulawesi Province.
- ii) Written regulations of most of the O&M groups have not prepared though the groups have traditional notwritten rules in most cases.
- iii) About 50 % of the schemes collect water charge, and their averaged charge is 21,500 Rp/year in cash payment or 60 kg-paddy in kind. Remaining 50 % of the schemes do not collect any type of water charge, therefore the groups have not any budget for 0&M at present.
- iv) Irrigation schedule is not generally prepared and rotational irrigation is not widely spread even in drought period.
- v) Repair works for structures are not made in most cases though simple earth works such as canal re-shape /desilting works are done periodically.
- vi) Most of the schemes do not keep records for O&M.
- vii) Most of the farmers want Government supports to improve their present O&M.

3.6 Proposed O&M Improvement Plan

Based on the analysis of present O&M conditions, basic approach has been formulated to improve present O&M conditions which are detailed in Chapter IV. The general improvement plan in line with the above basic approach is explained below, and its details are discussed in Chapter IV:

1) Promotion of Authorized P3A Organization

P3A is not widely organized in the representative schemes, especially schemes in South Sulawesi Province. It is essential to promote authorized P3A organization in line with existing regulations on irrigation through a channel of rural extension service(PPL).

2) Giving Solid Financial Background to P3A Organization

About 50 % of the representative schemes have not started to collect any type of water charge yet. Accordingly, it is difficult for those schemes to operate and maintain their irrigation systems properly without any financial sources. It is necessary to give a solid financial background to those schemes through introduction of reasonable water charge.

3) Extension of Written O&M Regulations for P3A Organization,

Most of the representative schemes operate and maintain their systems without written 0&M rules/regulations but mainly with not-written traditional rules/customs at present. It is necessary to keep written 0&M regulations at a minimum level which include organization structures and respective functions, water charge and manpower contribution.

4) Extension of Improved Operation/Water Management

Preparation of irrigation schedule, rotational irrigation, gate control during floods and record keeping are not made widely in the representative schemes. The above minimum operation should be made in the schemes as a first step.

5) Extension of Improved Maintenance

Periodic minimum maintenance works such as tree/grass

cutting or canal re-shaping/desilting are made in most of the schemes, however, periodic minimum structure repairs are hardly done at present mainly due to O&M budget shortage. With the above improvement offinancial background by the introduction of reasonable water charge, farmers would carry out simple structure repair works by themselves. It is. however, necessary for provincial governments to give technical supports to farmers in normal maintenance works.

6) Improvement of Rural Extension Systems for O&M

It is essential to extend the above improvement items to the farmers through rural extension workers(PPL) in collaboration with Provincial Irrigation Services(PRIS & PUD), and it is also required for Provincial Agricultural Services(PRAS) to train PPLs.

4. PROPOSED OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

4.1 Basic Plan in O&M at Farm Level

The proposed goal of O&M at farm level is that beneficiary farmers in the proposed schemes can operate and maintain their irrigation and drainage systems technically as well as financially by themselves in line with the Government's laws/regulations and Presidential Instructions related to O&M.

In order to achieve the above goal, following basic approach has been formulated to improve present O&M conditions, however, generally O&M situations depend upon site specific conditions on which an irrigation scheme is located.

- i) Promotion/encouragement of authorized P3A organization,
- ii) Giving solid financial background to P3A organization to be promoted through introduction of reasonable water charge,
- iii) Extension of written O&M regulations to P3A organization,
- iv) Extension of improved operation/water management including irrigation schedule, rotational irrigation and record keeping,

- v) Extension of improved maintenance including structure repair works and record keeping,
- vi) Improvement of rural extension system for O&M and training of rural extension workers(PPL).

On the basis of the above basic approach, respective improvement/strengthening plans have been formulated and are explained below:

4.2 Improvement of O&M Organization

4.2.1 Farmer's O&M Organization

Final goal for farmer's O&M organization is to establish a functionable authorized water user's association: P3A in line with present Government's strategy. Present conditions of existing farmer's groups, however, are quite various location by location. Accordingly, it is proposed to improve the groups step by step by the following way:

Development of Farmer's O&M Group

Step No	Present Group	Next Step
Step-1	No-group	General Working Group or Traditional O&M Group
Step-2	General Working Group	Traditional O&M Group or Authorized O&M G:P3A
Step-3	Traditional O&M Group	Authorized O&M G:P3A

The above step-by-step development to the authorized 0&M group:P3A is shown in Fig. VII-4. In the final 0&M organization P3A, it is recommended to have a following organization structure as shown in Fig. VII-2:

- 1) Member's Meeting
- 2) Board of P3A:
- Chairman,
- Vice Chairman,
- Secretary,
- Treasurer,
- Technical Conductor(Ulu-Ulu), and
- Block Chief.

3) Members

In addition to the above organization structure, it is necessary to enforce O&M activities of the group members/farmers through introduction of written O&M rules or regulations, for most of the existing groups operate and maintain their systems without written O&M rules/regulations at present. It is proposed to introduce certain written O&M regulations at a minimum level to farmer's O&M groups as an initial step in order to establish firm groups.

4.2.2 Government's Supporting Organization

It is essential to extend improved O&M to the farmers through rural extension workers(PPL) in collaboration with Provincial Irrigation Services(PUD) as well as Buapti's office, it is also required Agricultural and for Provincial train PPLs. Services(PRAS) to General organization coordination recommended by the Government is shown in Fig. VII-1.

Phase II field investigation results revealed that most of representative schemes(73 %) have a channel to rural extension workers though PPL. On the other hand, less schemes(13 %) have a channel to PRIS at present, since most of village irrigation schemes are managed by beneficiary farmers under village administrations at present. Furthermore, small Government control irrigation systems which irrigation area is less than 500 ha will be turned over to beneficiary farmers in accordance with recent Government's strategy in O&M.

Present major PPL's activities are technical extension of farming practices, fertilizer application, crop protection, cropping systems and so on(See Appendix-VI). General O&M techniques including water management are extended in the part of the "Cropping Systems" or sometimes independent "Water Management" by PPLs, and staffs of PRAS Kabupaten(PUD) give design and construction supervision of major facilities such as intake weirs which receive Government's subsidy.

Taken the above present situations into consideration, it is proposed that O&M after construction of systems will be improved mainly by PPLs in collaboration with PUD and Bupati & Camat office. Accordingly, it is essential to strengthen present rural extension system of PRAS for O&M improvement.

In order to improve/strengthen present O&M in line with the basic O&M plan, it is proposed to train farmers in the proposed schemes as well as PPLs in following ways:

- i) Training of Water Management Staffs of PRAS by MOA Water Management Staffs,
- Training of Water Management Staffs of Kabupaten Agricultural Office by Water Management Staffs of PRAS and MOA,
- iii) Training of PPL by Water Management Staffs of PRAS and Kabupaten Agricultural Office, and
- iv) Training of Farmers by PPL.

4.2.3 Proposed O&M Equipment

O&M of the facilities are to be made basically by beneficiary farmer's O&M groups. Government's direct involvement in the long term will be minimized for O&M, but PRAS's extension services for O&M improvement are indispensable at present until the groups reach a certain level in O&M. Required O&M equipment for this purpose is listed in Table VII-3 and its total cost is estimated at 2,017 million Rp as given below:

Cost for O&M Equipment

Province	Cost
 North Sumatra South Sulawesi West Nusa Tenggara 	(Million Rp) 672.24 732.51 612.15
Total	2,016.90

4.3 Improvement of O&M of the System

Proposed Operation/Water Management

Preparation of irrigation schedule, rotational irrigation, gate control during floods and record keeping are not made widely in the proposed schemes at present. Following minimum system operation with supports of PPL should be made by farmer's O&M groups in the schemes as a first step:

- i) Seasonal irrigation schedules with irrigation blocks should be prepared through discussions in regular general meetings, and the schedule must be informed to every group members.
- ii) When irrigation water runs short, it is proposed to apply rotational irrigation. Rotation order and irrigation time of respective blocks should be decided through discussions in irregular meetings.
- iii) When it rains heavily, it is proposed to minimize damages of the systems by gate control of an intake weir and so on.
- iv) The above operation/water management activities should be recorded in order to improve these activities.

Proposed Maintenance

Periodic minimum maintenance works such as tree/grass cutting or canal re-shaping/desilting are made in most of the schemes, however, periodic structure repairs with purchased materials and timely emergency repairs are hardly done at present. Following minimum system maintenance with supports of PPL should be made by farmer's O&M groups in the schemes as a first step:

- i) Periodic system maintenance schedules should be prepared through discussions in regular general meetings, and the schedule must be informed to every group members.
- ii) When special maintenance works such as concrete works and gate replacement are required, it is proposed to open a general meeting to discuss and decide required material, its procurement/repair method, its budgetary preparation and repair schedule.
- iii) When emergency repair is required in case of floods and so on, it is proposed that the group leader or irrigator conduct the repair and the repair be completed within a right period by available group members in order to minimize the system damages.
- iv) The above maintenance activities should be recorded in order to improve these activities.

4.4 Farmer's Contribution to O&M

About 60 % of the investigated schemes have not started to collect any type of water charge yet. Accordingly, it is difficult for those schemes to operate and maintain their irrigation systems properly without any financial sources.

On the other hand, the remaining 40 % of the schemes collect water charge as a form of organization fee and the charged rate is 14,400 Rp/ha/year or 69 kg-paddy/ha/year on average. The present average water charge would be about 17,600 Rp/ha/year, if the above payment in paddy can be converted to 20,700 Rp using a conversion rate of 300 Rp/kg-paddy. Allocation of present water charge is provisionally estimated as follows on the basis of interviews to farmers, PRAS and MOA:

Present Allocation of Water Charge at Farm Level

Allocation Item	Allocation	Calculated	
Group Administration Transportation & Materials	45 % 55 %	8,000 Rp 9,600 Rp	
Total	100 %	17,600 Rp	

Present material transportation and procurement cost amounts to 9,600 Rp/ha/year, however, many damaged main systems have been observed in the course of the field investigations. Accordingly, it is proposed to add another 12,400 Rp to present transportation and material cost of about 9,600 Rp provisionally. Furthermore, it is recommended that the proposed water charge of 30,000 Rp in total will be initiated as a trial and an adjustment for the charge will be made some years later depending upon future budgetary situations. It is essential at present to give a solid financial background to the farmer's O&M groups.

In case of land development schemes, irrigation service fee will be required to be paid by beneficiary farmers if they receive irrigation water from Government's main irrigation systems. In the case, the imposed irrigation service fee is to be paid within the above proposed water charge of 30,000 Rp/ha/year.

In addition to the above water charge, farmers spend some days for system maintenance. The average working day(50 days) estimated by questionnaire survey is much more than that(7.6

days) of the representative 30 schemes. The average working day by questionnaire survey is thought to be too high. Accordingly, the average working day in the 30 representative schemes is applied to the overall average value.

Farmers generally spend 7.6 working days in a year on average for system maintenance, especially for grass/tree cutting and re-shaping/desilting of canals. Structure maintenance is seldom made in most cases at present. Accordingly, it is proposed to add another 2.4 days for structure repair to the present working days(7.6 days) provisionally. Furthermore, it is recommended that the proposed 10 working days will be initiated as a trial and an adjustment will be made some years later depending upon future situations.

Accordingly the proposed farmer's contribution to the proposed 0&M is as follows:

Proposed Farmer's Contribution to O&M

Items	Allocation	Amount	
Water Charge	Group Administration Transportation & Materials	8,000 Rp 12,000 Rp	
	Total	30,000 Rp	
Manpower		10 days	

Unit: /ha/year, Water Charge=ISF + Organization Fee

North Sumatra Province
Land Developemnt Schemes

No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks	No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks
1	60002	DAIRI	. 85	1.7	60023	LABUHAN BATU	65
2	60003	DAIRI	85	18	60025	LABUHAN BATU	10
3	60004	DAIRI	75	19	60027	LABUHAN BATU	10
4	60005	DAIRI	75	20	60028	TAPAN-TEN	5
5	60006	DAIRI	7.5	21	60029	TAPAN-TEN	30
6	60008	DAIRI	85	22	60031	TAPAN-TEN	13
7	60010	DAIRI	85	23.1	60033	TAPAN-UTARA	55
8	60011	DAIRI	80	24	60034	TAPAN-UTARA	65
. 9	60012	DAIRI	95	25	60035	TAPAN-UTARA	. 0
10	60013	DAIRI	85	26	60036	TAPAN-UTARA	65
11	60014	DAIRI	85	27	60037	TAPAN-SEL	90
12	60016	DAIRI	95	28	60038	TAPAN-SEL	45
13	60017	DAIRI	85	29	60040	TAPAN-SEL	90
14	60020	DAIRI	95	30	60041	TAPAN-SEL	80
15	60021	LANGKAT	70	31	60042	TAPAN-SEL	60
16	60022	LANGKAT	45	32	60045	TAPAN-SEL	80
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North Sumatra Province Village Irrigation Schemes

No	Code	Regency	Evaluated Marks		Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks
1	50001	DAIRI	. 85	26	50026	DAIRI	95
2		DAIRI	95	27		DAIRI	95
3		DAIRI	75	28		DAIRI	95
4		DAIRI	95	29		DAIRI	95
5	50005	DAIRI	95	30		DAIRI	50
6	50006	DAIRI	95	31		DAIRI	10
7	50007	DAIRI	95	. 32		DAIRI	95
8	50008	DAIRI	85	33		DAIRI	95
9	50009	DAIRI	95	34			95
10	50010	DAIRI	95	35	50035	DAIRI	95
11	50011		85	36	50036		85
12	50012	•	85	37	50037	DAIRI	75
13	50013		55	38	50038	DAIRI	95
14	50014		10	39	50039	DAIRI	100
15	50015		10	40	50040	DAIRI	95
16	50016		75	41	50041	DAIRI	75
17	50017		95	42	50042	DAIRI	100
18	50018		85	43	50043	DAIRI	85
19	50019		75	44	50044	DAIRI	85
20	50020		75	45	50045	LANGKAT	95
21	50021		25	46	50046	LANGKAT	65
22	50022		85	47	50047	LANGKAT	30
23	50023		95	48		LANGKAT	0
24	50024		85	49		LANGKAT	30
25	50025	DAIRI	80	50		LANGKAT	95

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57 50057 LANGKAT 0 107 50119 TAPAN-TEN	33
58 50058 LANGKAT 75 108 50121 TAPAN-TEN	65
59 50059 LANGKAT 55 109 50122 TAPAN-TEN	63
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83 50087 LABUHAN BATU 60 133 50155 TAPAN-UTA	
84 50088 LABUHAN BATU 5 134 50156 TAPAN-UTA	
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86 50091 LABUHAN BATU 45 136 50158 TAPAN-UTA	.RA 55
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95 50103 TAPAN-TEN 78 145 50169 TAPAN-UTA	
96 50104 TAPAN-TEN 33 146 50170 TAPAN-UTA	
97 50106 TAPAN-TEN 33 147 50171 TAPAN-UTA	
98 50108 TAPAN-TEN 5 148 50172 TAPAN-UTA	
99 50109 TAPAN-TEN 80 149 50173 TAPAN-UTA	
100 50110 TAPAN-TEN 23 150 50174 TAPAN-UTA	
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North Sumatra Province. Village Irrigation Schemes

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No	Code	Regency	Evaluated Marks	No	Code	Regency	Evaluate Marks	đ
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151	50175	TAPAN-UTARA	75	201	50248	TAPAN-SEL	65	
152		TAPAN-UTARA	70	202		TAPAN-SEL	80	
153		TAPAN-UTARA	40	203		TAPAN-SEL	50	
154		TAPAN-UTARA	.0	204		TAPAN-SEL	70	
155		TAPAN-UTARA		205		TAPAN-SEL	80	
156		TAPAN-UTARA		206		TAPAN-SEL	70	
157		TAPAN-UTARA	60	207		TAPAN-SEL	80	
158		TAPAN-UTARA	65	208		TAPAN-SEL	75	
159		TAPAN-UTARA	85	209		TAPAN-SEL	. 75	
160		TAPAN-UTARA	· ·			TAPAN-SEL	80	-
161		TAPAN-UTARA	75	211		TAPAN-SEL	90	
		TAPAN-UTARA	75 35	212		TAPAN-SEL	80	
162			70	213		TAPAN-SEL	90	
163	50189		. 78	214		TAPAN-SEL	80	
164	50190		0	215		TAPAN-SEL	20	
165		KARO	65	216		TAPAN-SEL	65	
166	50192		35	217		TAPAN-SEL	80 80	
167	50193					TAPAN-SEL	80	
168	50194			218			75	
169	50195		85	219		TAPAN-SEL		
170	50196		75	220		TAPAN-SEL	70	
171	50197		85	221		TAPAN-SEL	80	
172	50198		35			TAPAN-SEL	70	
173	50199		85 85	223		TAPAN-SEL	55	
174	50200		85 75	224	and the second s	TAPAN-SEL	70	
175	50201		75	225		TAPAN-SEL	60	
176	50202		10	226		TAPAN-SEL	75	
177	50203		85 25	227		TAPAN-SEL	80	
178	50204		35	228		TAPAN-SEL	90	
179	50205		35	229		TAPAN-SEL	55	
180	50206		65	230		TAPAN-SEL	80 70	
181	50207		10	231	50279	TAPAN-SEL	70	
182	50208		65	232	50283	DELI SERDANG DELI SERDANG	0 25	
183	:50209		75	233	50288	DELI SERDANG	25	
184	50210		75	234		DELI SERDANG		
185				235	50293	DELI SERDANG	65	
186	50212		35	236	50294	DELI SERDANG	75	-
187	50213		25	237.		DELI SERDANG		
188	50214		35	238	50299	DELI SERDANG	85	
189	50215		70	239	50300	DELI SERDANG	55	
190	50216.		85	240		DELI SERDANG		
191	50217		10	241	and the second	DELI SERDANG		
192	50218		80	242		TAPAN-SEL	85	
193	50220		25	243		TAPAN-SEL	60	
194		ASAHAN	35	244		TAPAN-SEL	80	
195		ASAHAN	60	245		TAPAN-SEL	80	
196		ASAHAN	25	246		TAPAN-SEL	80	
197		ASAHAN	88	247	50311	TAPAN-SEL	70	
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South Sulawesi Province Land Development Schemes

No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks	No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks
							
- 1	20002	BONE	73	6	20009	JENEPONTO	55
:2	20003		60	7	20010	BANTAENG	65
-3	20004	BONE	35	8	20011	BANTAENG	75
4	20005	BONE	68	9	20017	SOPPENG	70
5	20008	GOWA	0	10	20393	POLMAS	25

South Sulawesi Province Village Irrigation Schemes

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No		Regency	Evaluated Marks	No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks
1		BANTAENG	55	36	10042	BONE	0
2		BANTAENG	75		10043		5
3		BANTAENG	20	38	10044		. 8
4		BANTAENG	20	39	10046		8
5		BANTAENG	20	40	10048		10
- 6		BANTAENG	20	41	:	BARRU	0
7.		BANTAENG	20	42		BARRU	65
8		BANTAENG	20	43		BARRU	25
.9	10013		8	44		BARRU	15
10	10014		10	45		BARRU	40
11		BONE	8	46	10055	BARRU	55
12	10016		1.0	47	10056	BARRU	60
13	10017	· ·	8	48	10057	BARRU	. 0
14	10018		: 8.	49	10058	BARRU	25
15	10019		.8	50	10060	BARRU	70
16	10020		10	51	10061	BULUKUMBA	.0
17	10022		8	52	10062	BULUKUMBA	20
18	10023		10	53	10063	BULUKUMBA	55
19	10024		15	54	10064	BULUKUMBA	65
20	10025		8	55	10065	BULUKUMBA	65
21	10026		10	56	10066	BULUKUMBA	55
22	10028		33	-57	10067	BULUKUMBA	65
23	10029		23	58	10068	BULUKUMBA	- 55
24	10030		10	59	10069	BULUKUMBA	45
25	10031		13	60	10070	BULUKUMBA	55
26		BONE	. 8	61		BULUKUMBA	55
27	10033		33	62		BULUKUMBA	65
28		BONE	10	63		BULUKUMBA	45
29	10035		8	64		BULUKUMBA	55
30	10036		10	65	10075	BULUKUMBA	45
31	10037		8	66		BULUKUMBA	55
32	10038		10	67	10077	BULUKUMBA	45
33	10030		10	68		BULUKUMBA	45
34	10040		10	69	10079	BULUKUMBA	45
35	10041		10	70	10080	BULUKUMBA	55

South Sulawesi Province Village Irrigation Schemes

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No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks	No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks
71	10081	BULUKUMBA	70		10132	ENREKANG	25
72		BULUKUMBA	20	122		ENREKANG	60
73		BULUKUMBA	45	123		ENREKANG	30
73 74		BULUKUMBA	55	124		ENREKANG	25
75		BULUKUMBA	45	125		ENREKANG	50
75 76		BULUKUMBA	45	126		ENREKANG	40
70 77		BULUKUMBA	45	127			55
7 <i>1</i> 78	the state of the s	BULUKUMBA	45	128	10133		70
		BULUKUMBA	45	129	10141		55
79			20	130	10141		55
80		BULUKUMBA	45	131	10143		55
81		BULUKUMBA	35		10143		25
82		BULUKUMBA	25	133			65
83		BULUKUMBA					55 55
84		BULUKUMBA	45	134			55 55
85		BULUKUMBA	55 35	135	10147		55 55
86		BULUKUMBA	35	136		GOWA	55 55
87		BULUKUMBA	35	137			55 -
88		BULUKUMBA	35	138	10150		45
89		BULUKUMBA	35	139		JENEPONTO	
90		BULUKUMBA	75	140		JENEPONTO	55 55
91		BULUKUMBA	55	141		JENEPONTO	55
92		BULUKUMBA	45	142		JENEPONTO	45
93		ENREKANG	25	143		JENEPONTO	20
94		ENREKANG	30	144		JENEPONTO	45
95	10105	ENREKANG	50	145		JENEPONTO	0.
96	10106	ENREKANG	60	146		JENEPONTO	0
97	10107	ENREKANG	30	147		JENEPONTO	25
98	10108	ENREKANG	25	148		JENEPONTO	45
99		ENREKANG	83	149		JENEPONTO	55
100	10110	ENREKANG	65	150		JENEPONTO	55
101	10112	ENREKANG	55	151		JENEPONTO	. 55
102	10113	ENREKANG	70	152		JENEPONTO	25
103	10114	ENREKANG	30	153	10165	JENEPONTO	55
104	10115	ENREKANG	70	154	10166	JENEPONTO -	55
105	10116	ENREKANG	25	155	10167	JENEPONTO	55
106	10117	ENREKANG	30	156		JENEPONTO	55
107	10118	ENREKANG	35	157	10169	JENEPONTO	55
108	10119	ENREKANG	30	158	10170	JENEPONTO	55
109	10120	ENREKANG	85	159	10171	JENEPONTO	55
110	10121	ENREKANG	75	160	10172	JENEPONTO	55
111		ENREKANG	75	161	10173	MAROS	5
112		ENREKANG	25	162	10174	MAROS	25
113		ENREKANG	25	163	10175	MAROS	5
114		ENREKANG	25	164		MAROS	60
115		ENREKANG	25	165		MAROS	25
116		ENREKANG	25	166		MAROS	5
117		ENREKANG	45	167		MAROS	0.
118		ENREKANG	60	168		MAROS	. 63
119		ENREKANG		169		MAROS	5
120		ENREKANG	25	170		MAROS	. 0
120	10101	THINDININO					

South Sulawesi Province Village Irrigation Schemes

V 1 3.3.						(Full	Mark:100)
No	Code No	Regency			Code	Regency	Evaluated
	10185	MAROS	5	221	10241	MAROS	25
172	10186	MAROS	5	222		MAROS	25
173	10187	MAROS	5	223		MAROS	0
174	10188	MAROS	25	224		MAROS	25
175	10189	MAROS	5	225	10245		25
176		MAROS	40	226		MAROS	25
177	10191	MAROS	5	227		MAROS	0
178	10192	MAROS	15	228		SOPPENG	65
179	10193	MAROS	60	229		SOPPENG	80
180	10194	MAROS	5	230		SOPPENG	80
181	10195	SIDRAP	25	231		SOPPENG	30
182	10196	SINJAI	75	232		BULUKUMBA	25
183		SINJAI	75	233		BANTAENG	70
184		SINJAI	75	234			30
185		SINJAI	75	235			60
186		SINJAI	75	236	10273		30
187		SINJAI	. 55	237	10274		30
188		SINJAI	75	238	10275		65
189		SINJAI	20	239	10276		65
190		SINJAI	65	240	10277		30
191		SINJAI	75	241	10278		60
192		SINJAI	75	242	10279		30
193		SINJAI	75	243	10280		65
194		SINJAI	30	244	10281		65
195		SOPPENG	73	245	10282		55
196		SOPPENG	75	246	10283		65
197		SOPPENG	90	247	10284		65
198		SOPPENG	85	248	10287		55
199		SOPPENG	80	249	10288		45
200		SOPPENG	90	250			65
201	10216		80	251	10292		65
202	10217		0	252			65
203	10218		90	253	10294		55
204	10219	•	55	254	10295		65
205	10220	•	5	255	10296		65
206	10221		15	256	10297		65
207	10225		0	257	10298		65.
208	10226		25	258	10299		65
209	10227		. 55	259	10300	LUWU	65
210	10228		50	260	10301	LUWU	65
211	10229		85	261		TANA TORAJA	30
212	10230		85	262	10303	TANA TORAJA	30
213	10232		0	263	10304	TANA TORAJA	30
214	10233	The second secon	15	264	10305	TANA TORAJA	30
215	10233		40	265		TANA TORAJA	55
216	10234		90	266	10307		30
$\frac{210}{217}$		Pare-pare	80	267	10308	TANA TORAJA	25
218		Pare-pare	60	268	10309	TANA TORAJA	30
219		Pare-pare	80	269	10310	TANA TORAJA	. 25
		Pare-pare	80	270	10311	TANA TORAJA	30
~~~	*********	rate pare					

South Sulawesi Province Village Irrigation Schemes

No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks	No	Code	Regency	Evaluated Marks
271	10312	או אכורים אואאם	5.5	311	10353	POLMAS	30
272	10313	TANA TORAJA	30	312	10354	POLMAS	0
273	10314	TANA TORAJA	30 30	313	10355	POLMAS	30
274	10315	TANA TORAJA	5	314		POLMAS	25
275	10316	TANA TORAJA	5	315		POLMAS	55
276	10317	TANA TORAJA TANA TORAJA TANA TORAJA	55	316		POLMAS	45
277	10318	TANA TORAJA	55	317		POLMAS	55
278	10319	TANA TORAJA TANA TORAJA TANA TORAJA	25	318		POLMAS	30
279	10320	TANA TORAJA	0	319	10361	POLMAS	30
280	10321	TANA TORAJA	30	320	10362	POLMAS	30
281		TANA TORAJA	55	321	10363	POLMAS	30
282		TANA TORAJA	30	322		POLMAS	55 55
283		TANA TORAJA	30	323		POLMAS	55 20
284		TANA TORAJA	25	324		POLMAS	30 30
285		TANA TORAJA	25	325		POLMAS	55
286		TANA TORAJA	30	326		POLMAS	55 65
287		TANA TORAJA	30			POLMAS	30
288		TANA TORAJA				POLMAS	25
289		TANA TORAJA	55 25	329		POLMAS POLMAS	20
290		TANA TORAJA	25	330	the state of the s		25
291		TANA TORAJA	60	331		POLMAS POLMAS	65
292		TANA TORAJA	55 30	332		POLMAS	25
293		TANA TORAJA	30 55	334		POLMAS	50
294		TANA TORAJA	30	334		MAJENE	20
295		TANA TORAJA		336		MAMUJU	20 5
296		POLMAS	30 30	337		MAMUJU	50
297		POLMAS	50 65	338		MAMUJU	30
298: 299		POLMAS POLMAS	65	339		MAMUJU	ő
300		POLMAS	65			MAMUJU	30
300		POLMAS	55 55	341		MAMUJU	55
301		POLMAS	65	342		MAMUJU	0
302		POLMAS	55 55	343		ULUMAM	40
304		POLMAS	60	344		MAMUJU	10
304		POLMAS	5	345		MAMUJU	55
306		POLMAS	65	346		MAMUJU	30
300		POLMAS	65 65	347		MAMUJU	0
307		POLMAS	30	348		MAMUJU	30
309		POLMAS	30	349		MAMUJU	65
310		POLMAS	33	ريدل	10002	111,1000	
210		IVIIIAO		· · · · ·			

West Nusa Tenggara Province Land Development Schemes

			*	<u> </u>			
No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks	No	Code No	Regency	Evaluated Marks
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	43002 43003 43004 43005 43006 43007 43010	SUMBAWA SUMBAWA SUMBAWA SUMBAWA SUMBAWA SUMBAWA SUMBAWA	65 75 80 50 35 75 80 65	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	44008 44010 44012 45004 45010 45016 45017	LOMB.BARAT LOMB.BARAT LOMB.BARAT LOMB.BARAT LOMB.TIMUR LOMB.TIMUR LOMB.TIMUR LOMB.TIMUR	85 90 65 95 75 80 75 75
9 10		SUMBAWA SUMBAWA	65 50	19 20	45023	LOMB.TIMUR BIMA	55 80

# West Nusa Tenggara Province Village Irrigation Schemes

No	Code Regency No	Evaluated Marks	No	Code	Regency	Evaluated Marks
1	31004 LOMBOK TENGA	.н 50	31	33019	SUMBAWA	20
2	31005 LOMBOK TENGA	н 70	32		SUMBAWA	55
3	31006 LOMBOK TENGA		33		SUMBAWA	65
- 4	31007 LOMBOK TENGA	ιH· Ο	34	33024	SUMBAWA	85
5	31008 LOMBOK TENGA	н 70	35	33025	SUMBAWA	75
. 6	31009 LOMBOK TENGA	H 70	36	33029	SUMBAWA	90
: 7	31010 LOMBOK TENGA	Ĥ 70	37	33030	SUMBAWA	75
8	31011 LOMBOK TENGA	.н 0	38	33031	SUMBAWA	0
9	32002 DOMPU	70	39	33036	SUMBAWA	60
10	32003 DOMPU	80	40	33039	SUMBAWA	25
11	32004 DOMPU	80	41	33040	SUMBAWA	35
12	32005 DOMPU	80	42	33041	SUMBAWA	35
13	32007 DOMPU	80	43	33042	SUMBAWA	25
14	32008 DOMPU	80	44	33043	SUMBAWA	60
15	32013 DOMPU	75	45	33044	SUMBAWA	60
16	32016 DOMPU	80	46		SUMBAWA	70
17	32017 DOMPU	80	47		SUMBAWA	25
18	32020 DOMPU	80	48	33047	SUMBAWA	50
19	33002 SUMBAWA	- 55	49		SUMBAWA	<b>6</b> 5
20	33005 SUMBAWA	85	50		SUMBAWA	70
21	33006 SUMBAWA	90	51		SUMBAWA	75
22	33007 SUMBAWA	50	52		SUMBAWA	65
23	33009 SUMBAWA	70	53		SUMBAWA	75
24	33010 SUMBAWA	40	54		SUMBAWA	75
25	33012 SUMBAWA	0	55		SUMBAWA	75
26	33013 SUMBAWA	0	56		SUMBAWA	70
27	33014 SUMBAWA	0	57	33061	SUMBAWA	75
28	33015 SUMBAWA	35	58	34002	LOMBOK BARAT	70
29	33017 SUMBAWA	0	59		LOMBOK BARAT	70
30	33018 SUMBAWA	0	60	34004	LOMBOK BARAT	85

West Nusa Tenggara Province Village Irrigation Schemes

	Code	Regency	Evaluated		Code	Regency	Evaluated
No	No	Regency	Marks	No	No		Marks
	140	:	1101710			الله موسوعة جائبات	
61	34005	LOMBOK BARAT	80	101	35045	LOMBOK TIMUR	93
62	34005	LOMBOK BARAT	75	102	35046	LOMBOK TIMUR	75
63	34000	LOMBOK BARAT	83	103	36002	BIMA	85
64	34010	LOMBOK BARAT LOMBOK BARAT LOMBOK BARAT	65	104	36003	LOMBOK TIMUR BIMA BIMA	85
65				105	36004	BIMA BIMA BIMA	85
66	24012	LOMBOK BARAT LOMBOK BARAT	55 55	106	36006	BIMA	73
67	34012	LOMBOK BARAT	65			BIMA	65
68	34014	TOMBOK BYBYL	,03 35 :	108	36009	BIMA	75
69	24015	LOMBOK BARAT LOMBOK BARAT	35	100	36010	BIMA	85
70	34013	LOMBOK BARAT	- 35 35	110	36011	RIMA	95
71	24010	TOUDON DYNYI	35 35	111	36012	BIMA BIMA	75
72	24017	LOMBOK BARAT LOMBOK BARAT	35	112	36012	BIMA	25
73	24010	LOMBOK BARAT	35	112	36014	BIMA	80
74	24021	LOMBOK BARAT	35	114	36015	BIMA	70
75	34022	LOMBOK BARAT	35 35	115	36016	BIMA	70
76	24023	LOMBOK BARAT	20	116	36017		35
77		LOMBOK BARAT	40	117	36018	BIMA BIMA BIMA	35
78		LOMBOK TIMUR	45 65	118	36019	BIMA	100
79		LOMBOK TIMUR	65	119	36020	BIMA	75
80						BIMA	35
81	32004	LOMBOK TIMUR	70	121	36024	BIMA	60
82		LOMBOK TIMUR		122	36026		75
83	35009	LONDON TIMON	65	123	36027	BIMA	35
84	35010	LOMBOK TIMUR LOMBOK TIMUR	75	124	36027	BIMA	85
85	25012	LOMBOK TIMUR	75	125	36031	BIMA	and the first of the second se
86	35012	LOMBOK TIMUR	75			LOMBOK TENGAL	
87	25015	LOMBOK TIMUR	95	127	37002	LOMBOK TENGAL	
88	35013	LOMBOK TIMUR	65	128		LOMBOK TENGAL	
89	35017	TOMBON TIMOR	75	129	37004	LOMBOK TENGAL	1 20
90	35020	LOMBOK TIMUR	75	130	37005	LOMBOK TENGAL	30
91	35020	LOMBOK TIMUR	75			LOMBOK TENGAL	
92		LOMBOK TIMUR	75	132	136002	RIMA	70
93		LOMBOK TIMUR	65	133	136002	BIMA BIMA	60
94	35020	LOMBOK TIMUR	60	134	136004	BIMA	70
95		LOMBOK TIMUR			136005		80
96		LOMBOK TIMUR			136005		75
97	32V33 3303T	LOMBOK TIMUR			136007		80
98		LOMBOK TIMUR		101	100001	Carrier A AA A	
99	35034	LOMBOK TIMUR			4	and the second s	
100		LOMBOK TIMUR	65			in the first of the section of the s	
	55057	LOUIDOR INION				14 - 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
					and the second second second		

Full Mark:100

		And the second s			
No	Province	District/Kabupaten	Nos	Marks	Remarks
1.	Village Irrigation	Schemes	:		
1	North Sumatra	Tapanuli Selatan	30		
2	WOLEH Bamacka	Tapanuli Tengah	39	73	
3	. 11		29	52	•
	tt.	Tapanuli Utara	46	46	
4	II	Labuhan Batu	21	35	
5	u	Asahan	5	50	
6		Dairi	44	81	
7	H H	Karo	31	55	
8		Deli Serdang	10	45	
9	· II	Langkat	22	63	
٠		Averaged Mark		59.0	
1	South Selawesi	Bulkumba	43	46	
$\tilde{2}$	n.	Bantaeng	9	36	
3	$\mathbf{n}$	Jeneponto	22	44	
4	11	Gowa	12	54	
5	u .	Sinjai	13	65	
6	ni di	Bone	32	11	
7	n	Maros	27	18	
	ij				
8	u u	Barru	10	36	
9	11	Soppeng	10	75	
10		Wajo	16	43	4
11	**	Sdrap	1	25	
12	11	Enrekang	34	43	
13.	<b>11</b>	Luwu	27	57	
14	<b>H</b>	Tana Toraja	35	34	
15	, <b>, , ,</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Polmas	39	41	
16	n	Majene	1	20	
17	<b>fi</b>	Mamuju	14	29	
18	<b>11</b>	Pare-Pare	4	75	
· . I .			<del>-</del>		
		Averaged Mark		39.9	
1	West Nusa Tenggara	Lombok Barat	20	54	
2	W. Jan	Lombok Tengah	14	43	
3	-11	Lombok Timur	25	70	
4	, W	Sumbawa	39	51	
5	н	Dompu	10	78	
6	n	Bima	29	68	
. •					
		Averaged Mark		59.7	
•					
II.	Land Development S	chemes			
1	Namba Compter		19	64	
	North Sumatra		10	53	•
	South Selawesi	<del>-</del>	20	71	
3	West Nusa Tenggara				
		Averaged Mark		64.6	

Table VII-3 EXISTING OWN CONDITION OF REPRESENTATIVE SCHEMES(1/2)

## I. Existing O&M Organization

No	Description	North Sumatra	South Selawesi	West Nusa Tenggara	Weight Average
Ā	Organization				<del></del>
	Authorized O&M Group/P3A	50%	88	38%	30%
	Traditional O&M Group	30%		and the second of the second o	23%
	General Farmer's Group	10%	84%	08	37%
	No Organization	10%	8%	12%	10%
В	Organization Structure	.* . •	:		
	Chief of Group	90%	92%	78%	888
	Irrigator	70%	92%		80%
	Assistant Irrigator	70%			
	Treasurer/Secretary	80%	8%	'	40%
С	Group Regulation				
	Written Regulation	10%	0%	13%	7%
	Not-written Regulation	60%	50%	75%	60%
	Penalty in Regulation	30%	42%	75%	47%
D	Meeting for O&M			·	
	Regular Meeting	90%	92%	888	90%
	Irregular Meeting	20%	0 8	13%	10%
		*	*		
E	Others				
	Attendance: Irr. Committee	30%	88	63%	: 30%
	Advice by Extension:PPL	60%	83%	75%	73%
	Advice by Irri.Service:PU	10%	0%	38%	13%
			and the second second	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

II. Operation/Water Management

No	Description	North Sumatra	South Selawesi	West Nusa Tenggara	Weight Average
Ā	Irrigation Schedule	10	3 759	38%	43%
	Irrigation Rotation				
	- Year-round	509		ક 50%	40%
	- Drought Time	609	508	50%	53%
В	Irrigation Water	4.			
	- Enough Water	309	88	888	37%
	- W.Shortage sometimes	409			37%
	- Water Shortage	309			27%
С	Flood Operation				200
	- Close Intake Gate	309	338	25%	30%
	- Close Farm-inlet	208		and the second s	13%
D	Others		. :		
	Keeping Irrigation Record	09	0%	1.3%	3%
	Operation without Support	408			17%
	Operation with Support	60%			83%

III. Maintenance

No	Description	North Sumatra	South Selawesi	West Nusa Tenggara	Weighted Average
Ā	Periodic Maintenance		·		
	Grass/Tree Cut	80%	838	100%	87%
	Canal Reshape/Desilting	60%	75%	100%	77%
	Mainor Repair of Structure	50%	589	08	40%
В	Procurement of Repair Mate	rial		÷ .	
	Local Market	50%	429	13%	37%
	Government Supply	30%	179		
C .	Emergency Repair	70%	509	3%	47%
D	Experience of Major Repair	30%	89	è 0%	13%
E	Others		4		
	Keeping Maintenance Record	20%	0 8	38%	17%
	Maintenan. without Support	40%	0 %	62%	
	Maintenance with Support	60%	1009	38%	70%

IV Farmer's Contribution for O&M

No	Description	North Sumatra	South Selawesi	West Nusa Tenggara	Weighted Average
Ā	Water Charge				
	By Money: Distribution %	10%	33%	25%	23%
	" Average Charge Rp	50,000	11,125	3,500	21,542
	By Crop: Distribution %	40%	17%	888	43%
	" Average Kg	Paddy:101	Paddy:28	Paddy:51	Paddy 60
В	Manpower Contribution				100
	Distribution %	808	92%	100%	90%
	Average Work Days Man/day	9.4 days	8.1 days	5.4 days	7.6 days

Unit: 1,000 Rp

	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_,
No	Item of Equipment	Required Number	l Unit Price	Total Price	Remarks
	toppin arminent programmed will		many made bear been stop spage beat buy man.		
	NORTH SUMATRA PROVINCE[9 Kabup		(0.000	240 000	
	4WD Vehicle	4		240,000	
	Truck (Load 1.5-2.0 ton)			105,000	
	Vehicle (Kijang Class)	6		180,000	٦.
	Motor Cycle (100-125cc Class)	22 11		88,000	2*
	Type Writer	28		7,975 4,200	1 <b>*</b> 2 <b>*</b>
	Calculator	11		4,400	2 * 1 *
	Filing Cabinet	1		8,000	7.4
	Computor Set	13		1,040	1*
	Measuring Tape (L:50 m) Measuring Tape (L:100 m)	13		1,950	1*
		13		975	1*
	Convex Tape (L:3-5m) Theodolite Set	2		12,000	7.7
	Auto Level Set	2		5,000	
	Current Meter	2		9,800	
	Camera	13		3,900	1 *
13	Camera	1.0	(Sub-total		
Τĩ	SOUTH SELAWESI PROVINCE[18 Ka	bupatenl	(Bub-cuta)	072,240)	
	4WD Vehicle	4	60,000	240,000	
	Truck (Load 1.5-2.0 ton)	3		105,000	
	Vehicle (Kijang Class)	5		150,000	
	Motor Cycle (100-125cc Class)	40		160,000	2*
	Type Writer	20		14,500	1 *
	Calculator	46		6,900	2*
	Filing Cabinet	20		8,000	1*
	Computor Set	1		8,000	
	Measuring Tape (L:50 m)	22		1,760	1*
	Measuring Tape (L:100 m)	22		3,300	1 *
	Convex Tape (L:3-5m)	22		1,650	1*
	Theodolite Set	2		12,000	
	Auto Level Set	2		5,000	
	Current Meter	2		9,800	
	Camera	- 22		6,600	1*
			(Sub-total		
111	WEST NUSA TENGGARA PROVINCE[	6 Kabupat	en]		
1	4WD Vehicle	4	60,000	240,000	
2	Truck (Load 1.5-2.0 ton)	3		105,000	
3 .	Vehicle (Kijang Class)	5	5	150,000	
4	Motor Cycle (100-125cc Class)	16	4,000	64,000	2*
5	Type Writer	- 8		5,800	1*
6	Calculator	22		3,300	2*
7	Filing Cabinet	8		3,200	1*
8	Computor Set	1	8,000	8,000	
9	Measuring Tape (L:50 m)	10		800	1*
10	Measuring Tape (L:100 m)	10		1,500	1 *
11	Convex Tape (L:3-5m)	10		750	1*
12	Theodolite Set	. 2		12,000	
13	Auto Level Set	2	•	5,000	
14	Current Meter	2		9,800	
15	Camera	10	and the second second second	3,000	1 *
			(Sub-total		**
		TOT	AL COST:	2,016,900	
	•				

Note; *: Numbers of Equipment in Each Kabupaten

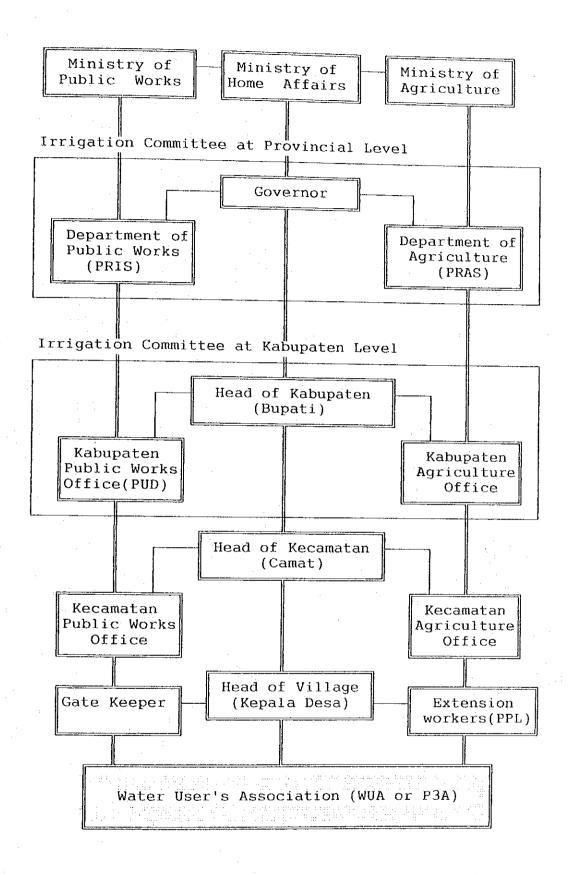
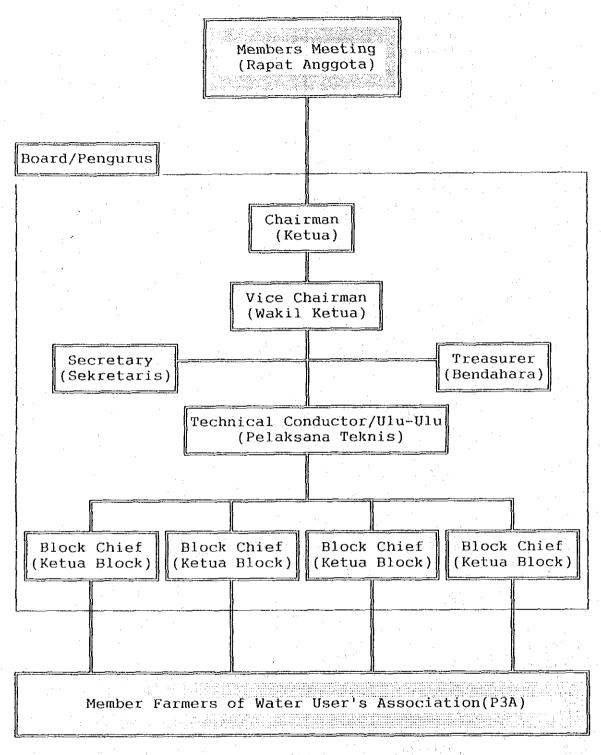


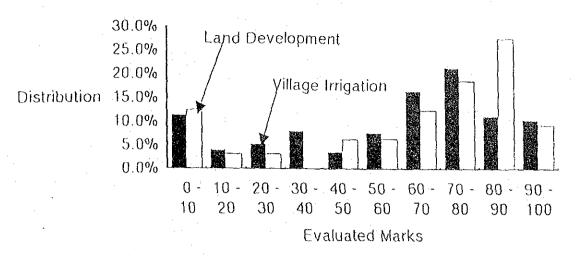
Fig. VII-1 O&M ORGANIZATION FOR IRRIGATION DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS



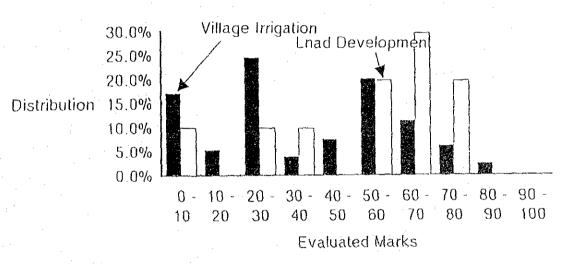
Source: Implementation Guidance of P3A Management in Appendix of the Presidential Instruction, No.2,1984.

Fig. VII-2 ORGANIZATION OF WATER USER'S ASSOCIATION(P3A)

## North Sumatra Province



## South Selawesi Province



## West Nusa Tenggara Province

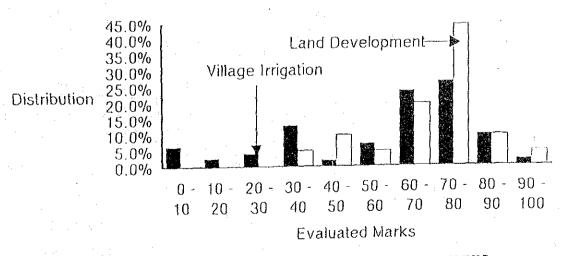


Fig. VII-3 DISTRIBUTION OF EVALUATED MARKS

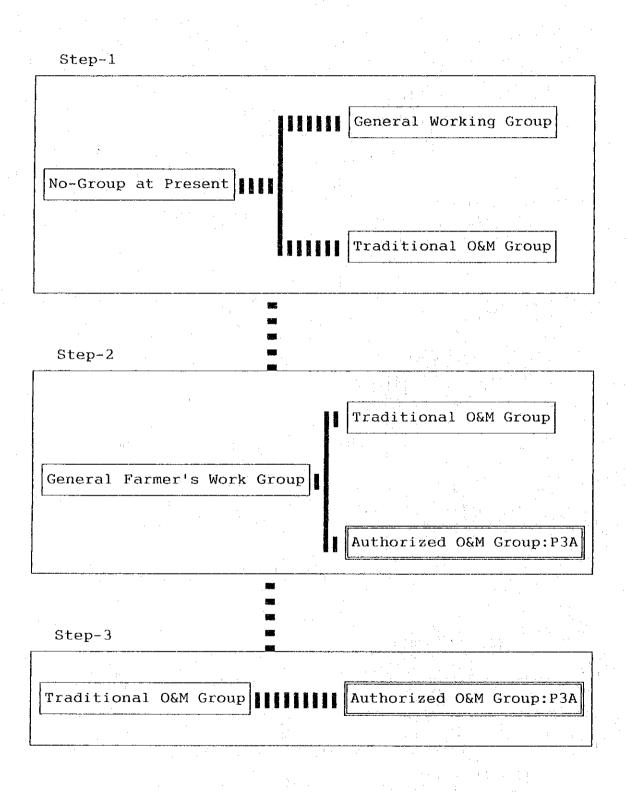


Fig. VII-4 IMPROVEMENT PLAN OF FARMER'S ORGANIZATION

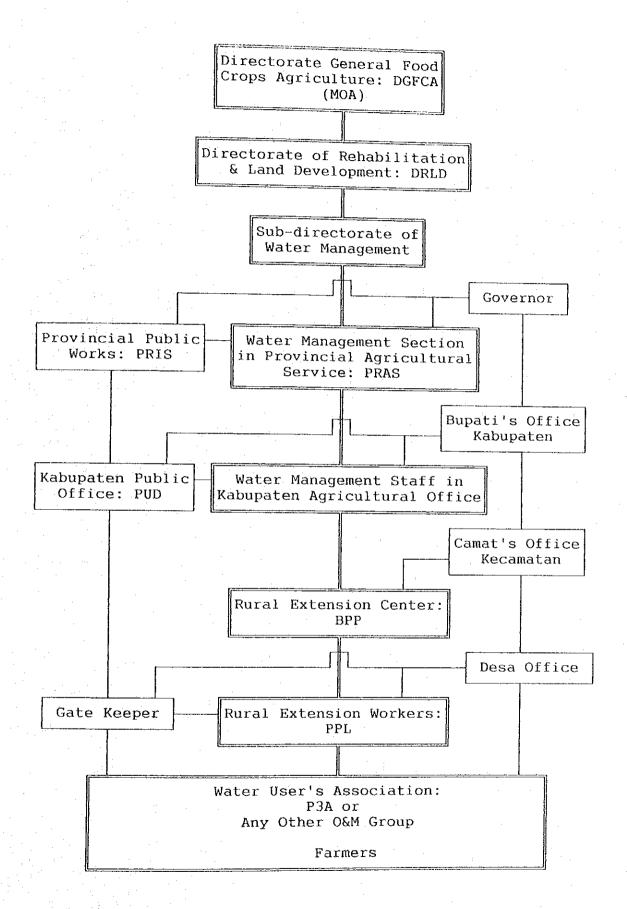


Fig. VII-5 PROPOSED ORGANIZATION FOR OWM IMPROVEMENT

## APPENDIX-VIII

APPENDIX-VIII

COST ESTIMATE AND IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

# APPENDIX VIII COST ESTIMATE AND IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

#### 1. COST ESTIMATE

#### 1.1 Construction Cost

#### 1.1.1 Conditions

The construction cost is estimated based on the following conditions.

(1) The exchange rate used in the estimate is;

Yen 1.0 = Rp.15.5 (March 1992) US\$ 1.0 = Rp.2,000 (March 1992) = Yen 129

- (2) Civil engineering works are to be carried out on the contract basis using contractor's own heavy construction machinery and equipment.
- (3) Taxes on the construction materials, machinery and equipment to be imported from abroad are exempted from the estimated of construction cost.
- (4) The construction cost comprises foreign and local currency portions. The local currency portion is estimated based on the current prices in North Sumatra Province, South Sulawesi Province and West Nusa Tenggara Province in September 1989 and the data collected from the on-going projects in the three provinces. The foreign currency portion is estimated based on the CIF prices at each provincial capitals referring to the FOB prices of materials, machinery and equipment in Japan in December 1989. The classification of local and foreign currency portions is defined as follows;

## Local currency portion

- labor force,
- sand, gravel and wooden materials,
- raw cost for fuel, oil etc. and cement,
- inland transportation costs,
- contractors' general expenses and profit,
- expenses of engineering services for local consultant, and

- minor works.

## Foreign currency portion

- reinforcement bar and other structural steel,
- cement excluding raw cost,
- fuel, oil etc. excluding raw cost,
- steel gates, diesel generators, motor and other metal works,
- depreciation costs for heavy construction machinery and equipment,
- vehicles to be required for construction supervision and
   0 & M equipment for the project operation,
- contractors' general expenses and profit, and
- expense and fee of engineering services by foreign consultant.
- (5) The physical contingency related to the construction quantities, around 5% of the direct cost, is included in the construction cost in view of the preliminary nature of the estimate. The price contingency; 0% per annum for the foreign currency portion and 8% per annum for the local currency portion, is also included in the project cost.
- (6) To know the general condition of project cost for F/S schemes, project cost of 30 representative schemes are estimated in detail for example based on unit prices in the three provinces. Project cost for 795 F/S schemes are estimated using average unit cost which are decided considering the result of the representative schemes' cost estimation. Unit cost used in cost estimation for F/S Schemes are shown in below;

Gr.		Structures' Co	st Intake F	'acilities' (	
:	,,	NS SS NT	NS	SS	(/m or Ha) NT
<b>A</b> 1	900	1,500	· <u>-</u>		
A2	1,500	1,500	Aura		
АЗ	1,000	1,500	_	:	
A4	1,600	1,500	. 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	·	
B1	1,300	1,200 900 900	N2,000 R400	N1,200 R400	N1,200 R600
B2	1,300	1,200 900 900	N2,000 R400	N1,200 R400	N1,200 R600
В3	1,300	1,200 900 900	400		
B4	1,300	1,200 900 900	N2,000 R400		N1,200 R600
В5	1,300	1,200 900 900	N2,000 R400	N1,200 R400	N1,200 R600
В6	1,300	1,200 900 900		400	
C1	, <del>-</del>	1,200 900 900	N2,000 R400	N1,200 R400	N1,200 R600
C2		1,200 900 900	N2,000 R400	N1,200 R400	N1,200 R600
C3	<del></del> '.	1,200 900 900	400	400	400

Remarks; Intake cost in B1,B2,B4,B5,C1,C2 is per m in weir width Intake cost in B3,B6,C3 is per Ha (pumping irrigation)

NS: North Sumatra SS: South Sulawesi NT: West Nusa Tenggara

"N" before number means New Construction
"R" before number means Rehabilitation

## 1.1.2 Estimate of Project Cost for Representative 30 Schemes

The total Project costs of representative 30 schemes projects are estimated at US\$ 2.55 million, which comprise US\$ 1.29 million equivalent of foreign currency and US\$ 1.26 million of local currency. The summary and breakdown of the cost estimate are shown in Table VIII- 4 through Table VIII- 6.

The prices of local materials and labor used in the estimate and unit rates for major works as shown in Table VIII-7 and Table VIII-8 respectively.

### 1.2 Project Cost

The Project cost of recommended 340 schemes consists of Preparatory Works costs, Training costs, Institution costs, O&M Equipment costs, Land Acquisition costs, Administrative costs, Engineering Service costs, Physical Contingency costs, Value Added Tax, Price Escalation and Construction costs. Summary of the projects costs are shown bellows;

SUMMARY OF PROJECT COST FOR THE PROJECT SCHEMES (Unit; Million Rp.)

and the second of the second o		Annual Street Street	
Division	F/C	Total L/C	Total
	r/C	11/0	1003.
1. Preparatory Works	1,550	1,033	2,583
2. Civil Works	19,659	19,659	39,318
3. Training & Demonstration	145	827	972
4. Institutional Strengtheni	ng 298	128	426
5. O & M Equipment	1,833	203	2,036
6. Land Acquisition	0	426	426
7. Administration	0	1,966	1,966
8. Engineering Services	7,819	1,956	9,775
Sub Total (1-8)	31,304	26,198	57,502
9. Physical Contingency	1,565	and the second of the second of	2,875
Total	32,869	27,508	60,377
O. Value Added Tax		5,799	5,799
1. Price Escalation		13,472	13,472
GRAND TOTAL	32,869	46,779	79,648
(Million US\$)	16	23	40
Remarks ; $1$ US\$ = Rp. $2,000$ =	YEN 129.	0	
Price Index (Year 1	992 = 100	)	

## 1.3 Annual Disbursement Schedule

The annual disbursement schedule is worked out based on the implementation schedule shown in Table VIII-10. The annual disbursement schedule is shown in Table VIII-11.

#### 2. IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

### 2.1 General

The plan of construction period is for five (5) years from 1994 to 1998, and loan period is for seven (7) years from 1993 to 2000.

The project work is divided into 4 working divisions which consist of preparatory works, civil works, training and post evaluation. The implementation schedule is shown in Table 8-1.

## 2.2 Preparatory works

Preparatory works consist of office arrangements in Jakarta and in each Provinces, and survey & investigation works.

The survey & investigation works should be completed by PRAS and PRIS in previous year to construction period which is inferred to be 1 year considering with the scale of each project.

#### 2.3 Civil works

Civil works consist of land development and village irrigation projects. Civil works for 30 land development schemes including detailed design will be completed in 5 years from 1994 to 1998. Civil works for Village irrigation projects of 310 schemes will be carried out in 5 years from 1994 to 1998.

The work quantity is calculated from the result of inventory survey and detail survey of representative 30 area as shown in Table 8-2.

- (1) The construction period for each scheme is inferred to be one (1) year considering with the work quantity.
- (2) Major works of land development projects are clearing, leveling, formatting and new construction of on-farm canals.
- irrigation projects village (3) Major works ofconstruction intake new rehabilitation orstructures, canal and canal structure, development.

## 2.4 Training

It may be surmised that most of the districts in the objective schemes do not hold enough staff or technique required for implementation of the Project according to the result of the field survey. To realize the Project, it is necessary to hold staff required of agricultural service office of district, and to level up technical management on irrigation and drainage facilities, agricultural technique and facility management, and management ability for member of water management association, agricultural extension workers, and farmers. The Project is to rehabilitate the irrigation and drainage facilities in villages, and close and mutual understanding between the government and villages are required in order to carry out the Project. For this purpose, training of facilitator who arrange the view of the both parties should be made.

#### 2.5 Post Evaluation

With the regard to monitoring and operational performance of the irrigation schemes and benefits achieved from the Project investment, the Project will support the establishment or strengthening of the Project Monitoring and Evaluation (PME) unit together with the engineers. Mainly the post evaluation should be carried out after around two years from completion of construction and rehabilitation work by each schemes. Project support will include provision of equipment and transportation facilities, and provision of consulting services and training as one of the strengthening of the institution.

Table VIII-1 SUMMARY OF PROJECT COST

Item	27	のい言い言いつつ		 	Schemes		Project	t Cost	
	F/C	1.	Total	F/C		Total	F/C	0/1	Total
1. Preparatory Works	119	4.5	198	1,431	954	2,385	1,550	1,033	2, 583
2. Civil Work									
2.1 Land Development	1,689	1,690	3,379	1,317	1,317	2,634	3,006.	3,007	6,013
2.2 Intake & Canal	1,751	1,750	3,501	14,902	14,902	29,804	16,653	16,652	33, 305
Structure							-		
3. Training & Demonstration	1	64	7.5	134	763	897	145	827	972
4. Institutional Strengthening	23	10.	က	275	118	393	298	128	426
5.0&M Equipments	141	15	156	1,692	188	1,880	1,833	203	2,036
6. Land Acquisition		83 83	33		393	393		426	426
7. Administration		344	344		1,622	1,622		1,966	1,966
8. Consulting Services	009	151	751	7,219	1,805	9,024	7,819	1,956	9,775
Total(1-8)	4,334	4,136	8,470	26,970	22,062	49,032	31,304	26, 198	57,502
9. Phisical Contingency	216	207	423	1,349	1,103	2,452	1,565	1,310	2,875
Total	4,550	4,343	8,893	28,319	23, 165	51,484	32,869	27,508	60,377
10. Value Added Tax		852	852		4,947	4.947		5, 799	5,799
11. Price Escalation		1,991	1,991		11,481	11,481		13,472	13,472
Grand Total	4 550	7 188	11 738	98.819	30 503	R7 019	0 9 8 6 8	011 31	70 848

Price index : 1992=100 1UsS = Rp. 2,000 = ¥129.0