March 1988 March 1992

ASE IDN/S 210A /85 III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS I. OUTLINE OF STUDY 1. SITE OR AREA 1. COUNTRY Indonesia In Progress or In Use 1. PRSENT Ujung Pandang ☐ Delayed 2. NAME OF STUDY STATUS Discontinued Ujung Pandang Water Supply Development 2. COSTS OF (US\$1=250.6Yen=1,115Rp) PROPOSED PLAN OR (Description) MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost The M/P recommended that the plan be divided into two 120,000 233,000 3. SECTOR (US\$1,000) phases. The feasibility Study was conducted on the first Public Utilities/ Water Supply 3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED In conjunction, financing of the rehabilitation work was requested to OECF. First phase plan: two 500 1/s water treatment plants taking 4. REFERENCE NO. raw water from Jeneberang river, transmission/distribution pipes, and rehabilitation. 5. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+(F/S)Second phase plan: two 1,000 l/s water treatment plants taking 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY raw water from Bili Bili Dam to be constructed in the future, Directorate General of Human Settlement as well as transmission/distribution pipes. (Cipta Karya), Ministry of Public Works 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY M/P with target year of 2005, and F/S for one phase of two phases 8. DATE OF S/W 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS Mar.1984 9. CONSULTANT(S) Development impact; Nihon Suido Consultants Co., Ltd. (1) The water service ratio will be 80% upon the completion of the first phase by serving 800,000 persons, which is increased from the present service population of 300,000. (2) The improvement of sanitation condition of the 10. STUDY TEAM area, decrease in water born epidemic diseases, and improvement of environmental condition. 2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS No. of Members 7 (3) Enhance the industrial/housing development Jul.1984 - Oct.1985 (15 months) Period projects of the city, resulting in the economic Reasons for execution: development of the area. 1. Priority was high as the city has been developing as Total M/M 137.0 center of industry and commerce in the Sulawesi region. Japan 47.5 2. Water supply is a basic human needs for improvement of Field 89.5 sanitary and environmental condition. 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION Carried out training program in Japan for 2 counterparts in regard to water intake/treatment plant planning, leakege 12. EXPENDITURE control. 224,197 (¥'000) Contracted 388,627

March 1988 March 1992

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Ujung Pandang	STATUS Completed
Ujung Pandang Water Su Project	oply Development	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=250.6Yen=1,115Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		1) 72,000 35,000 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
	•	3)	Feb.1987 OECF E/S loan agreement (701 million yen)
Public Utilities/ Wate	r supply	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Contents Size	Jun.1987-May 1988 D/D of the first phase completed
4. REFERENCE NO.		Intake facility 1.1cu.m/s,pipe-dl,100X20.5km	Jul.1987 OECF loan agreement on rehabilitaion (1,364 million yen)
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	(intake,grit chamber, raw-trans-pipe) Treatment facility lcu.m/s,	1989- Rehabilitation work is under way.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(new water treatment plant, receiving well, sedimentation tank, filtration basin, water reservoir)	1991 ditto
Directorate General of (Cipta Karya), Ministr	Human Settlement y of Public Works	Distribution facility No.of pump:6 (distribution pump, Pipe D300-D1,000X51km main/branch pipes) D150-D250X82km	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		D50-D100X255km Total 338km,public tap 1,600	
M/P with target year or phase of two phases	f 2005, and F/S for one	Rehabilitation Transmission canal, treatment plant, distribution pipes	
		Implementation Period: Oct.1987 - Dec.1992	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 1) 68	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nihon Suido Consultants	s Co. Atd.	Feasibility: Yes	
MANON DATAS CONSULCANCE		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		IRR was calculated considering: (1) 30 years of operation period of plant starting from	
10. STUDY TEAM		1992(1st phase) (2) Use the present water tariff	A ALVON AND A GOLVE POR PROPERTY OF A THE CO.
No. of Members 8 Period Jul, 198	4 - Oct.1985 (15 months)	(3) Salable water rate of 80% in 1990 increased from 50% in 1985(by rehabilitation)	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
		(4) Investment for rehabilitation started in 1986	To break the conditions of usual difficiency, and development of industry by providing plentiful of industrial water.
Total M/M 137. Japan 47. Field 89.	5	Development Impact (1) Most of people can rely on water system(will increase the served population to 800,000 from the present of 300,000)	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		(2) Enhance the development of industries, harbors and others (3) Improvement of health/sanitation/environmental condition (4) Increase of employment opportunity	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		Carried out a training program for two counterparts for the	0
Total Contracted	224,197 (¥'000) 388,627	subjects of water intake, treatment and leakage detection	

和名 ウジュンバンダン市水道整備計画

{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}

PROJECT SUMMARY (M/P + F/S)

mpiled March 1988 wised March 1992

ASE	IDN/S	211A	8.

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESE	ENT ST	TATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT		In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Brantas River Bas	in in East Java Province	STATUS	-	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued
Widas Flood Control and	d Drainage Project	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	(US\$1≓1,030Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description))	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 2,493,929 2)			or Wororejo multipurpose dam project is tarted in June or July in 1992.
Social Infrastructures, Development	/ Water Resource	3, MAJOR PROJECT(S)	PROPOSED			
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Irrigated agricu(2) Water supply	office development			
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	(3) Flood control (4) Dam and hydropow	ger			
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Ministry of Public Morks, Direct Resources Development, Directors		(5) Water shed conse (6) Water management 16 projects are reco	ervation -			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				
Water supply Flood control Water management						
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND I	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS			A
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Nikken Consultants, Inc.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	basins in Indonesia, financial aid from J The development, how the needs and proble	wever, has brought increasing complexity of ems in the region.			
10. STUDY TEAM		continued in the fut	rechnical and financial assistance be ture as a model of river basin development		<u> </u>	:
No. of Members 16 Period Jul. 198	4 - Mar.1986 (21 months)	in developing countr	ries.			S FOR PRESENT STATUS ecided to be financed by OECF, Japan.
Total M/M 123.9 Japan 25.5 Field 98.3	8			tue brolect	. was de	scided to be linanced by obser, dapan.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY					。 2 有	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANS (1) OJT: Seminars we		3. PRINCIPA	I. SOUR	RCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(2) Fellowship: JICA	A training for 3 persons for	(1)		
Total Contracted	337,764 (¥'000) 323,985	one month.			· · · · · ·	

和名 ウイダス川流域開発計画

PROJECT SUMMARY (M/P + F/S)

ASE IDN/S 211B /85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY Widas Flood Control	Indonesia and Drainage Project	1. SITE OR AREA Nganjuk District, East Java Province 2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,100Rp)	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting STATUS Completed Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled		
3. SECTOR Social Infrastructur Development	res/ Water Resource	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 22,700 10,100 12,600 (US\$1,000) 2) 56,900 29,900 27,000 3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Irrigation	(Description) After F/S, the project was suspended. Note: The project will be taken up following the middle Reaches River Improvement Project and Surabaya River		
4. REFERENCE NO. 5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	Net irrigation area 2,599ha Main canal/2nd and 3rd canal 8km/98km Storage dam /place	improvement Project are completed. A part of flood control works (Kedungsoko river and Lower Widas) was completed in 1991 by the ADB loan for Waru-Tori Irrigation Rehabilitation Project.		
6. COUNTERPART AGENC Ministry of Public Works, Di Resources Development, Direct	Lrectorate General of Water	Flood Control Catchment area 1,538 sq.km Design Flood 25year flood Stretches to be improved 81.8km in total	Infigation Relabilitation Project.		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Water supply Flood control Water management		Retarding basin 3 places (23.5MCM) Short-cut 1 place (2.9 km) Cost 1) pertains to irrigation and Cost 2) to flood control Implementation Period: Jul.1988 - Jun.1994			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 10.6%			
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Lto Nikken Consultants, I		Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: Irrigation development will increase crop production and improve farmers! living condition.			
10. STUDY TEAM		Flood control by river channel improvement will decrease flood damage, stabilize the social condition and enhance the land use.			
Total M/M 12	1984 - Mar.1986 (21 months)	damage, scapilize the social condition and enhance the land use.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS Shortage of fund		
	7.58 8.39 DY				
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contract	337,764 (¥'000) ed 323,985	(1) OJT and seminars	•		

{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}

PROJECT SUMMARY (F/S)

ASE IDN/S 329/85		PROJECT SUMMARY (F/S)		Compiled March 1988 Revised March 1992	
I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress	Promoting	
2. NAME OF STUDY		38 Provinces in 10 states(19,000km in road length)	I. PRSENT in Progress STATUS Completed		
Local Road Development		2 PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,110Rp)	• Implementing	Delayed or Suspended	
		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled	
		1) 140,000 80,000 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)		
3. SECTOR		3)	The report has been used by the Direct	ctorate Conoral of	
Transportation/ Road		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	Highways and by regional road author		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Improvement of existing road 6,977 km Maintenance and Repair of existing road 8,683 km	document for road improvement . Following the report's recommendation	ns, the Government	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		subimitted funding request to OECF. OECF loan agreement (12,882 million)	yen) for Phase I	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			(1988-1990) completed in Aug. 1991. OECF loan for the Phase II (9,000 mi.	llion yen) has been	
Ministry of Public Work	S,		agreed, the project started from Septo complete in Dec. 1992.	o. 1991 and is expected	
Directorate General of			to complete in pec. 1992.		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			1		
Road plan Formulation					
		Implementation Period: 1988 - 1992			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 10%			
Pacific Consultants Int	ernational	Feasibility: Yes			
Kyowa Consultants		Conditions and Development Impacts:			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Feasible road projects should, in principle yield over 10% IRR, and the priority order is to be determined by the size of NPV.			
10. STUDY TEAM		Economic evaluation was conducted for the 1988-1993 five year period and for the 1988-1998 ten-year period.	A MA YOU OF A GONG FOR PREGENT OTA TO	Tra :	
No. of Members 8 Period Oct 1984	- Mar.1986 (18 months)	Road improvement is an important component of the Fourth Development plan.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STAT		
		This project is expected to increase regional production and marketing, and to increase the proportion of regional paved	(1) Promotion of regional production (2) ADB, IBRD funding in addition to		
Total M/M 75,34 Japan 5,51		roads from the present 12% to 26%.	(3) Priority component of Development (4) Powerful counterpart agency		
Field 69.83 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			(4) Powerful Counterpart agency		
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				•	
: , · · · ·		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	N	
12. EXPENDITURE		Donation of two microcomputers and training on computer	①		
Total	230,874 (¥'000)	operation and data management			
Contracted	258,430		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

和名 地方道路整備計画

{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}

PROJECT SUMMARY (F/S)

ASE IDN/S 327/85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS III. PRESENT STATUS OF ST		STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		JABOTABEK area (In and around the Kampung Bandan station area) 2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,088Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1,900 4,700			Completed	
Railway Improvement in Station Area	Kampung Bandan				Implementing Processing	Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)		(Description	'	
Transportation/ Railway	Y	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT Shortcut line construction bet		1988 by us	completion of the F/S, the sing OECF funds. The consequence of the sing OECF funds of the sing of the sin	
4. REFERENCE NO.		lines about 400m	·	progress a	at present. Since this p	roject aims at creating a
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Station construction about	. 650sq.m	operation,	transport route and is inc the organizations conce	rned are promoting the
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		·		constructo	on by recognizing its impo	orcance.
Directorate General of Inland Waterways	Land Transport and					
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						•
Railway improvement in station area	the Kampung Bandan					
i Linguis established Linguis established		Implementation Period: 1986	5 - 1989			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1982		EIRR FIRR	7		
9. CONSULTANT(S)			17.8%	l		
Japan Railway Technical	Service	Feasibility: Yes		_		
			the years 1990,1995 and 2005 with			
10. STUDY TEAM		construction planned for 1 Start of service was fixed				
No. of Members 11 Period Oct. 198	4 - Jan.1986 (15 months)	(2) Development impacts Connection of the Eastern	and Western Lines and realization		EASONS FOR PRESENT STA	KTUS
Total M/M 44.11 Japan 16.66 Field 27.55 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	0	of loop operation will lead to more efficient train operation . It will also promote development of eastern and western JABOTABEK and contribute towards balanced development of the area.			ficant of effects arrangements to promote ndonesian government lished the PMG(an organiz apanese JRCPC), and JARTS ct. al service consultants ar ting authorities.	ation similar to is supporting the
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER		3. PRINCIPA	AL SOURCES OF INFORMAT	NOI
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	125,819 (¥'000) 124,527	(1) OJT: Guidance was rendered technical field at site in (2) Four counterparts received	nvestigations.	1		

March 1988 March 1992

March 198 March 199

i. outline	OF STUDY	II. SUMM	ARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. P	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJEC		
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY Electrification Project	Indonesia of Main Line in Java	Jakarta and Bandun	(akarta and Cirebon and between ag, western Java island (US\$1=259Yen)	1. PRSENT STATUS	Completed or in Progress Completed Implementing	Promoting Delayed or Suspended	
		2. PROJECT COSTS 1) (US\$1,000) 2)	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 189,500 44,500 145,000	(Description	Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled	
3. SECTOR Transportation/ Railway		3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR Railway electrification		At present	ct was suspended after co t,transport improvement i high priority.		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Bekasi - Cirebon	195km			nee is to be conducted	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Cikampek - Bandung Electric locomotives, freight cars 58 1		with the	grading of local trunk li progress of the above pro that much time will be m	ject in JABOTABEK, it is	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Substations 3 place		1	cation concerned is reali	2	
Directorate General of Inland Waterways	Land Transport and	Signalling Bekasi - Cirebon Cikampek - Bandung	Signal automation Introduction of a token-less	electrific	t, no discusison is being cation, because the situa	tion of electric poewr	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			system		stringent throughout the introduction of private		
AC electrification pro- and Cirebon and Between				required	in development of industr	ial parks and buildings. se on trunk lines has been	
		Implementation Period:	Apr.1988 - Mar.1997	taken up electrific train del	as a future objective, it cation, to take effective ay and ensuring safety by	t is necessary, before measures for preventing mimproving facilities for	
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND	EIRR FIRR	operation	control, such as signals	5. :	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Railway Technical	Sarvica	ITS ASSUMPTIONS Feasibility: Yes	21.0% 18.5%				
vapan Natiway lecimical	OGIATOC	Conditions and Developmen	nt Impacts:				
			estimated for the years 1992,1997,2000,				
10. STUDY TEAM		electrification.	ing increase in speed from railway	A MILION B	EASONS FOR PRESENT ST	A'ELIO	
No. of Members 15 Period Dec. 1984	4 - Feb.1986 (13 months)		in road transport via expressway lso considered; however, the travel speed				
Total M/M 53.88 Japan 31.63 Field 22.23	1	Fares were assumed train,road,and shi (2) Development impact	med to be the same as the present level. It to remain at their present level for the pping transport modes. It is the same as the present level for the pping transport modes. It is the same as the present level.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ning of the situation of sity of enormous funds	electric power supply	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		and the number of resulting in an im the Indonesian Sta	passenger and freight traffic, aprovement of the financial condition of the Railways and greatly contributing evelopment of Indonesia.	1.			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSF	ER		AL SOURCES OF INFORMA	HON	
12. EXPENDITURE		Two counterparts recei	ved training from JICA.	1 1			
Total Contracted	165,264 (¥'000)						

和名 ジャワ島幹線鉄道電化計画

{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}

iled March 1988 d March 1992

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Banten area,West Java Province	STATUS O Completed
Karian Multipurpose Dam	Construction Project	2 PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,050Rp)	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 282,000 169,470 112,530 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR		3)	The government requested the OECF financing but the project
Social Infrastructures, Development	/ Water Resource	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Karian dam, 60.5m high, rockfill 219 X 1000000 cu.m in off cap.	is now suspended.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Cilawan dam 36m high, rockfill 62 X 1000000 cu.m in off cap. Trans-basin tunnel, Karian-Cibeureum 1.5km long, 8cu.m/s in cap	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Trans-basin tunnel, Cilawan-Ciainta 1.9km long, 2.7cu.m/s in cap	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		K-C-C irrigation facilities 10,300 ha River training 26km	
Directorate Planning & Programmi Water Resources Development, Min			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Optimum use of limited	water resources		
		Implementation Period: Jul. 1988 - Mar. 1993	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 14.3%	
Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Mitsui Kyodo Consultant	o co Itd	Feasibility: Yes	
Micsul Nyouo consultant	.s co., bca.	Conditions and Development Impacts:	
10. STUDY TEAM			A MANOR DE AGONG FOR DOT OF A STATE OF
No. of Members 17 Period Jul 1984	4 - Jul.1985 (13 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
			(1) Scarcity of local portion fund (2) Suspension of investment in rice producing schemes
Total M/M 79.35 Japan 26.04			
Field 53.31			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
Analysis of water samples	404,000 Yen		·
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) OJT	0
Total Contracted	200,442 (¥'000) 200,692	(2) Use of local consultants	

和名 カリアン多目的ダム建設計画

{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}

March 1988 March 1992

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMM	ARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRES	SENT STATUS OF ST	CUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Medan, Semarang and	Solo	STATUS	O Completed	C Delived Sugaranted
Improvement Project of Medan, Semarang and Sol		2. PROJECT COSTS	(US\$1=250Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost		Implementing Processing	Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2)	156,211 139,803 16,408	(Description)		
Communications & Broado Telecommunication	casting/	3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR Number of Telephone to	PROJECT(S) be installed (for the year 2000)	have been est	proposals of the study, ablished. not approved, but based	
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Medan (2) Semarang	219,200 L.U. 149,500 L.U.		Network Expansion Project th World Bank assistance	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	(2) Semarang (3) Solo	49,100 L.U.		includes Medan and Seman	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY					B finance	
POSTEL, PERUMTEL				Solo: IB	RD and own finance RD finance s to be scheduled.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		·				
To formulate long-term plans for three cities Solo with 2005 as final	of Medan, Semarang and	Implementation Period:				
5010 WICH 2003 as IIIIai	to with 2005 as final year.		1985 - 1990		:	
	Jun.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND ITS ASSUMPTIONS	EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes	20.93%			
Nippon Telecommunicatio	on Consulting Co., Ltd.					ı
		Conditions and Developmen Preconditions (1) Installation work	it impacts: be executed on a turn key bases.			
10. STUDY TEAM			oyed to expedite smooth progress of tion including detail design examination,			
No. of Members 18	0-6-1005 (13	bid evaluation, wo	rk supervision and acceptance inspection.	2. MAJOR REAS	SONS FOR PRESENT STAT	US)
Period Nov, 1984	4 - Oct.1985 (13 months)		or operation and maintenance of the ed by this project be included in project	1, Effectiven		
Total M/M 81.21 Japan 34.67		cost	o be used in cost calculation be	2, High prior	rity of this project pro-	gressed the project.
Japan 34.67 Field 46.54		US\$1=1,100 Rp.= 250				į
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY						
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFI	ER	3. PRINCIPAL S	OURCES OF INFORMATIC	N
12. EXPENDITURE			; 2 counterparts invited to Japan, and	① ·	•	
Total Contracted	192,347 (¥'000) 193,672	Training for a mon (2) On the job training	th. g (PERUMTEL counterparts)		and the second s	

PROJECT SUMMARY (Basic Study)

ASE IDN/S 502 /85

والتاب باركن كربور المدار والوي ويتواقيها مهو يهي والمواجئ والواجي والتكافية فالأوب مراكات معر			
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		The upstream basin of River Negara in South Kalimantan (6,500 sq.km for mapping)	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Topographic Mapping Pr Area of Negara Basin,		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)	The Negara River basin has large development potentials such as water resource development in the upstream and
Social Infrastructures	/ Survey & Mapping	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	agricultural development in the midstream and downstream. The maps will be basic to such development planning.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Preparation of national base maps (scale: 1/50,000 9 plates)	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	Basic Study		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
Directorate of Planning and Pro General of Water Resource Devel Public Works			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
To prepare the 1:50,00 covering an area of 6, stream of Negara river	500 sq.km in upper		
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1983	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		The prepared maps are indispensable to water resource	
International Engineer Association	ing Consultants	development planning in the basin area. The maps will be useful to a feasibility study on agricultural development scheduled soon to begin in the downstream area.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 23			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Feb.198	3 - Jan.1986 (30 months)		
Total M/M 29 Japan 10 Field 18	5		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
i de la companya de La companya de la co	:	Participation of the counterparts in the JICA training program	
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	336,955 (¥'000) 169,795	Employment of local consultants OJT for the counterparts on aerophotography	①

Compiled

March 1990 March 1992

ASE IDN/A 502/85

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMM/	ARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STA	TUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Kalimantan Island, o Basin in South Kalir	downstream area of the Negara River mantan	D.1111.CO	Delayed Discontinued
Mosaic Photomap Project Area of the Negara Rive Kalimantan	t of the Downstream er Basin in South	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)			Overall Irrigation Development Plan* onducted by JICA from FY 1987 to 1989.
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PR			
4. REFERENCE NO.			one as basic data for establishing nt Plan in downstream area of the Negara		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	Basic Study	River Basin.	those area 6.300 sq.m (1/20,000)		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			muntai area (about 1,200 sq.km (1/10,000)		
Directorate General of Development, Ministry o	Water Resources of Public Works				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		·			
Preparation of master p development	olan for agricultual				
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1983	4. CONDITIONS AND DEV	VELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) Asia Air Survey Co., Li the other		Negara River, the tribu works have been done or Indonasian Government a development plan is inc those areas.	utary of Barito River where development n the small scale, remains undeveloped. recognizes that establishing agricultural dispensable to facilities development of		
10. STUDY TEAM		This study is basic dat	ta for it.		
No. of Members 21 Period Jul. 198 Total M/M 72.8 Japan 14.7 Field 58.1 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	6			agricultural develop	or the purpose of establishing ment plan, however, Indonesian Government d over topographical maps abroad. concluded as photo map project
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFE	gr I		
	; ;	<u> </u>	in aerial photogrammetric mapping	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCE	S OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	376,764 (¥'000) 373,813			•	

ASE IDN/S 118/86

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	Company of the Compan	The entire country	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Long Term Planning for Telecommunications Sys		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(Us\$1,000) 1) 346,283 314,623 31,660	Based on the recommendations of the study, the master plan study was undertaken by the JICA team on the long-term
Communications & Broad	casting/ General	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	and medium-term plan for telecommunications network in Jabotabek area of Jakarta during 1988 - 1989. And OECF decided to implement the priority project of the study, the
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Formulation of development goals up to the year 2004 (the ending year of the 7th national development plan)	junction cable network expansion project in Jabotabek area,
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	and identification of development strategies (2) Formulation of the basic plan on the scale of development	in 1991. (Ref. to the long-term and medium-trm plan for telecommunications network in Jabotabek area's PROJECT
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(3) Financial and economic evaluation of the plan and project formation	SUMMARY) Based on the master plan study will be undertaken by JICA
POSTEL, PERUMTEL		project formation	on the 5 years' Planning for Development of Telecommunications System for Repelita VI, in 1992.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Development of the tele and services up to the			
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov.1985	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunication Yachiyo Engineering Co	on Consulting Co.,Ltd.	The proposed plan and projects will support the national economic and social development of the country by improving telecommunication services and the profitability of the telecommunication operations.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
	6 - Feb.1987 (14 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS (1) High priority (2) Effectiveness
Total M/M Japan 38.2 Field 49.0			(2) Briederveness
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) 2 counterparts were invited to Japan for the training on long-term telecommunication development planning	(1)
Total Contracted	227,029 (¥ '000) 221,931	(2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	

和名 電気通信システム長期開発計画

ASE IDNAS 212A /86

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	I	II. PRESENT	r status of use of stud	Y RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1	1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use	
2. NAME OF STUDY	And the second	Semarang and its environs, Java Province		STATUS	Delayed	
Development Plan of the (Phase - 2)	Port of Semarang	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost F		(Description)	Discontinued	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 76,775 28,782	47,993	Followed by F	:/s	
Transportation/ Port		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED				
i partir vivan No		Long-term development plan for improvement of facilit	ties for			j
4. REFERENCE NO.		the target year 2005 Item Size				
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	General cargo berth 3,000 m]
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Container berth 280 m Berth for iron & steel and scrap 400 m				
Directorate General of	Sea Communication	Widening and deepening of west channel New center and east channel				
a composition of animy		New Center and east channel				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
F/S on the long-term ar development plan of Sem	nd short-term marang Port					
· ·		and the second of the second o	·]			
				-		·
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS				
9. CONSULTANT(S) The Overseas Coastal Ar Institute of Japan(OCD)	rea Development)	Semarang Port will be developed as a development cent middle Java province, and industrial and economic dev of the area will be promoted.	ter in the velopment			
			Ī			
10. STUDY TEAM			· .			
No. of Members 9 Period May 1985	- Aug.1986 (16 months)			2. MAJOR REAS	SONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Total M/M 61.15 Japan 35.1 Field 25.55	5		as West year on constitutions			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Investigation for natural	conditions 12 918 000					
Yen	Containing 12, 510,000	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER		a particular c	OTDODE OF DECENTATION	
		Counterparts training was carried out on port planni	ng and	3. PRINCIPAL S	OURCES OF INFORMATION	1
12. EXPENDITURE		construction		(1)		
Total Contracted	176,495 (¥'000) 172,629					

I. OUTLINE O	F STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Semarang, and its environs, Java Province	STATUS Completed
Development Plan of the F	Port of Semarang		Implementing Delayed or Suspended
(Phase - 2)		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
	<u> </u>	94,938	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	
Transportation/ Port		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	Mar.1987 OECF E/S loan agreement (545 million yen) 1987 Part of the western breakwater (part of the Phase
		Item Size Wharf for foreign trade(-10m,~7.5m) 345m,100m	I project) was destroyed by high waves. Dec.1987 OECF loan agreement for emergency fortification of
4. REFERENCE NO.		Passenger terminal (-7.5m) 150m	the western breakwater(726 million yen)
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	(multi-purpose) Coal wharf	Nov.1989 E/S of the Phase II completed. 1990 Loan agreement (FY1991)
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Fertilizer wharf	Sep.1991 OECF laon agreement (7,530 million yen, excluding
Directorate General of Se	ea Communication	Wharf for steel materials	handling equipment) Nov.1991 Loan agreement for handling equipment (FY1992)
		(The above cost is as of May 1991. A yen credit of about 8.9 billion yen (= US\$6.4 million) has been granted by OECF.)	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		printing Aeu (= 0250.4 minimum, was peeu drawed by oper.)	
F/S on the long-term and development plan of Seman	short-term rang Port		
		Implementation Period: Mar. 1988 - Oct. 1990	
8. DATE OF S/W De	ec.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 28.1% 3.8%	
The Overseas Coastal Area	n Development	Feasibility: Yes	
Institute of Japan(OCDI)		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		Development of regional economy of hinterland, and reduction in transportation cost.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 9			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period May1985 -	Aug.1986 (16 months)		
Total M/M 61.15			
Japan 35.6 Field 25.55			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
Investigation for natural co	onditions 12,918,000 Yen		
	·	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
A FUNDAMENT OF		Counterpart training:	①
12. EXPENDITURE Total	176,495 (¥'000)	Counterpart training on the methods of F/S, and visits to	
Contracted	172,629	similar ports was conducted for three counterparts.	

ASE IDN/S 213A /86

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Yogyakarta, Surakarta	STATUS Delayed
Airport Development Pro and Jogyakarta	oject in Central Java	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=200Yen) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 92,000 3,600 2) 47,000 1,300	Followed by F/S
Transportation/ Air Tra	ansportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.	<u></u>	Refer to F/S Form	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of	Air Communication		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Airport facilities			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1985	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants Inc		Impacts: Trunk line network which connects several regions will be developed by improving Yogyakarta and Surakarta airports as one of transportation facilities improvement plan in Central Java region especially in the Southern area, where transport network	
10. STUDY TEAM		requires improvement.	
No. of Members 11 Period Aug. 198	5 - Nov.1986 (16 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M Japan 41.4 Field 35.7 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			Canceled due to cancelation of new project In a few years,D/E is likely to be impelmented
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3, PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	:	(1) Demand forecast technique, seminar on using computer (2) Training on excecution method of air passenger flow survey	
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	233,054 (¥'000) 221,324	(3) Overseas training of airport planning (4) Employment of local consultants for soil/topo Survey work	(U)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	· •	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	<u>. </u>	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		1) Yogyakarta, 2) Surakarta	STATUS O Completed
Airport Development Project in Cer and Jogyakarta	tral Java 2	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=200Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 92,000 3,600 (US\$1,000) 2) 47,000 1,300	(Description)
3. SECTOR		3)	Company of Pione Advance
Transportation/ Air Transportation	a Airport 3	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1) Yogyakarta 2) Surakarta	Suspended after the completion of F/S, and future prospects uncertain. Priority of implementation between Jogyakarta and
4. REFERENCE NO.	R	Runway 2,500m X 45m 390 X 45m(Extension) (New construction)	Surakarta Airports are under discussion in the Indonesian Government, other airport projects are given higher
5. TYPE OF STUDY (M/P)+F/S		Apron 41,000sq.m 20,000sq.m	priority.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	3	Perminal Permina Permina Permina Permina Permina Permina Permina Permina Pe	
Directorate General of Air commun		Air Navigation(ILS CAT-1), Supply Management facilities Systems	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Airport facilities			·
	1	mplementation Period: 1) 1991 - 1994	
		1) 1990 - 1993	
8. DATE OF S/W Feb. 1985		4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 1) 13.9% 2) 14.0%	
Pacific Consultants International		Feasibility:	
		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		RR Calculation: Future traffic volume was forecast for the arget year 2000 and 2010.	
10. STUDY TEAM		roject life is estimated for 15 years after commencement of the construction up to 2010	
No. of Members 11	1	mpact: Trunk line network which connects several regions will	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Aug.1985 - Nov.1986	(16 months) b	ne developed by improving Yogyakarta and Surakarta airports as one of transportation facilities improvement plan in Central	(1) New project has been delayed due to financial problem
Total M/M	J	ava region especially in the southern area, where transport	(2) The targeted area covers the region of military aircraft
Japan 41.42 Field 35.70	n	network requires improvement.	(3) Since the authorities decidedly placed higher priority on the Jakarta Airport Project, they cannot afford the
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			proposed plan
SOBCONINACIEDSTODI			
]		3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	3	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
12. EXPENDITURE	1 /	1) Demand forecast techinique, seminar on using computer 2) Training on excecution method of air passenger flow survey	0
Total 233,054 Contracted 221,324	(¥'000) (2) Italing on exception method of all passings flow survey 3) Oversees training on airport planning 4) Employment of local Consultants for soil/topo survey work	

oiled March 1990 ed March 1992

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Surabaya and Banjarmasin	STATUS Completed
Surabaya-Banjarmasin Su	obmarine Cable Project	2 DROJECT COSTS (US\$1=125Yen)	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended
		2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=125Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 57,000 2,000 55,000 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR	:	(a) (b) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	1. 1002 ODGD 1
Communications & Broadc Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Fiber optical Cable (submarine) 390km	Jan.1987 OECF loan agreement (7,946 million yen) Detailed design undertaken by KDD. Dec.1980 Construction contract signed
4. REFERENCE NO.		Digital Microwave Radio System Power Supply Facilities	Feb.1991 Work completed.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Large 6 small 3	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
POSTEL, PERUMTEL			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
To examine technical areconomical/financial Fe	easibilities of		
Surabaya-Banjarmasin su	ibmarine cable project	Implementation Period: Oct.1989 - Mar.1991	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1985	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 18.03	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes	
Nippon Telecommunication Kokusai Denshin Denwa C	Co., Ltd.,		
Sanyo Hydrographic Surv	rey Co., Ltd.	Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions: IRR calculated based on:	
10. STUDY TEAM		(1) 3,960 ch (280 Mbps) Submarine cable system (2) System Life time: 25 years	
No. of Members 30		Development Impacts; Toll traffic between Kalimantan and Jawa Island is to be improved	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	5 - Aug.1986 (9 months)	143mm to go be improved	(1) Alternative route for Kalimantan-Java
Total M/M 48.42	·		(2) Digitalization and expansion of 2nd Java-Bali Route
Japan 21.13 Field 27.29	and the second s		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Trainee acceptance: 2 counterparts studied marine	0
Total Contracted	247,184 (¥'000) 236,165	cable system (2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	

ASE IDN/S 119 /87

ASE 1DN/S 119/8/			
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	771	Jakarta metropolitan area	STATUS Delayed
Arterial Road System D Jakarta Metropolitan A		2. COSTS OF (US\$1=130Yen) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 6,500	Japanese Government mission visited Indonesia in 1988 and agreed to carry out F/S.
Transportation/ Road		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	The JICA contact mission was to be sent in Feb.1989, but the formal request from the Indonesian Government was held up awaiting the adjustment between the Ministry of Public Works
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Review of bus transportation system including exclusive bus lane	and the municipal government of Jakarta City and the
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	(2) Development plan to formulate east-west corridor in Jakarta	clearance of the project's relationship with the on-going mass transit system development.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	:	(3) Plan to increase transportation capacity to north-south corridor	
Ministry of Public Wor	ks	Notch-south corridor	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	<u></u>		
Transport (O/D survey)			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants In	ternational	Development Impact: Mass transit development by strengthening east-west and north-south corridors	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 15	A 0 1002 (25		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Nov, 198	4 - Sep.1987 (35 months)		This was not included for 1989/1990 Project list.
Total M/M 265.6 Japan 95.1 Field 170.4	9		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
		(1) JICA's training for counterpart staff on urban	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	798,675 (¥' 000) 791,363	traffic planning (2) Ministry of Public Works employed most of the graduate students who worked for the survey	
Total	798,675 (¥'000) 791,363		

和名 ジャカルタ首都圏幹線道路網整備計画

ASE IDN/S 121/87

ASS IDNS IZIJOI		grave programme (2) the same (2			
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESI	ENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	i i	Whole country of	Indonasia	STATUS	Delayed
Future Demand of the I	nter-Island Traffic	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 800	of Air Cor	the findings of the study, the Directorate General mmunication (DGAC) requested to the Japanese
Transportation/ Air Tra	ansportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S)		airports	t a M/P study on the rehabilitation of major (the study is now being undertaken). lated requests were as follows.
4. REFERENCE NO.		inter-regional traffic d	into 7 regions (primary zones) in order to forecast emand. The main objective is to derive and present	- DGAC red	quested a master plan study on national nication system development.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	appropriate aircraft typ	roject and the direction for introduction of es. To this end, a methodology was used that the	- DGAC red	quested OECF for the study on Ujung Pandang Airport
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		forecast.	vided into 181 zones to make a detailed demand		d IPTN (an Indonesian airplane manufacturer) are
Assessment and Applicate (BBTP)	tion of Technology	extracted and incorporate future air passenger tra	ailed demand forecast, realistic new-air routes were ed with the existing air network to forecast the ffic. At the same time, the study incorporated the	consideri	ng to request a study on feeder air routes.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		system as well as fundam	ies, air navigational system, telecommunication ental specifications into the analysis of demand		
Air Transport		be used and coutes dista	aircraft (seat number, operational cost, airports to nce) were carried out and fed back to the future air taking into account the characteristics of the air		
		routes.		;	
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1986	4. CONDITIONS AND I	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANI(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Central Consultant Inc		routes and 13 routes realistic new feeder data for passengers	nd 10 for 2004 as the realistic new trunk for 1994 and 19 routes for 2004 as the routes were selected by extracting the O-D and cargo of major airports, local es and feeder routes.		
10. STUDY TEAM	:	It is the first time	for Indonesia to conduct such a soft-ware and the Study was appreciated to be		
No. of Members 11	6 - Mar.1988 (16 months)	attributable to the as a whole. Since this kind of s	development plan for an aeronautical system tudy is essential prior to plan to develop		EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS n a common practice for any developed country in
Total M/M 61.1 Japan 14.1 Field 47.0	0	transport system tha	ore soft-ware projects of this kind will be	plan in vi developmen	to plan an aeronautical development under a basic ew of soft-ware study before carrying out t of an airport. med that there become a tendency also in Indonesia
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				to carry o	ut a development project under such a concept.
			AS well as DGCA were positively asked to join in the study ne process of the work. It was also noted that the trainees	<u> </u>	AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	218,319 (¥'000) 171,077	were sent to Japan at the ! JICA training.Since there a	BBTP's expense to receive the training course, besides the are many methods for a demand forecast, being different fundamental and simple method was accented to derive an	(1)	

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
. NAME OF STUDY	Soybean East Java Potato West Java	STATUS Delayed
Multiplication and Distribution of Improved Soybean Seed and Seed Potato	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=148 yen in 1987) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Discontinued (Description)
B. SECTOR	(US\$1,000) 1) 4,730 11,486	Improvement of field for foundation seeds of potatoes, as a project for grant aid program of the Japanese government,
griculture/ General	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	has been conducted and is completed (by Pacific Consultants International)
. REFERENCE NO.	To reinforce followings in order to produce seeds for soybeans	With regard to soybean, Ministry of Agriculture of Indonesian Government is preparing for the improvement of
TYPE OF STUDY M/P	and potatos 1.Fostering seed producing farmers	production system of BS(foundation seed), SS(registered seed), and ES(ordinary seed) in East Java.
. COUNTERPART AGENCY	2.Improving seed processing and storage facilities 3.Promoting seed distribution	seed), and Batolulnary seed, in Last Vava.
rop production Bureau, Ministry of	4.Strengthening administration system for seed multiplication and distribution	
griculture	1) Field for foundation seed/registered seed	
. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	2) Seed inspection3) Training activities	
ultiplication and distribution of improved oybean Seed and Seed Potato	(Note) Cost 1) is for soybeans and Cost 2 for potatoes	
DATE OF S/W Mar. 1987	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
CONSULTANT(S) verseas Merchandise Inspection Co., Ltd.	Conditions: 1.Pertinent organization and disposition of personnel 2.Financial assistance(Raise operating fund) 3.Administrative Coordination(Research & Administration) 4.Securing necessary land	
0. STUDY TEAM	Development Impacts:	
No. of Members 6	1.Increase of agricultural production and resultant increase of farmers' income by the introduction of better seeds and their	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.1987 - Sep.1987 (3 months)	stable supply (ordinary farmers and seed producing farmers) 2.Contribute to the self-sufficiency of food	As the result of this study, the project for potatoes start ahead soybeans.
Total M/M 24.24 Japan 8.49 Field 15.75		After its completion the project for modernization of soybe seed production is to start.
I. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
		3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
. EXPENDITURE		lack

ASE IDN/S 120 /87

i. outline	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	An annual de participat de la Contraction de la participación de la participación de la participación de la pa	Two Kabupatens of Serang and Pandeglang and the Krakatau Islands of Kab.Lampung Selatan	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Regional Development Pr Part of Java	roject in the Western	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 7,000 6,150 850 (US\$1,000) 2) 133,700 96,600 37,100	The Directorate General of Tourism(DGT) is examining the possibility of obtaining OECF financing and/or private
Tourism/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	sector investments.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Following six(6) projects were proposed as promising tourism projects for the period through 2010,	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	(1) Old Banten Site (Priority project) (2) Tanjung Lesung Beach Resort(priority project)	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(3) Tropical Marine Park (4) Ujung Kulon and Krakatan Islands	
Development of Tourism, Pos communication, Directorate		(5) Country Park (6) Kur Park	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Formulation of a Maste projects to promote rec			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1986	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9.CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Mitsubishi Research Ins	stitute,Inc.	With tourism development, the region concerned is expected to receive the following beneficial effects. -Foreign exchange earning -Recreational benefits for people -Regional growth -Job opportunities and creation of Local markets	
10. STUDY TEAM		-Increase purchasing power -Improvement of marketing	TO THE POST OF THE
No. of Members 12 Period Jul. 198	6 - Feb.1988 (20 months)	-Improvement of infrastructures and public utilities	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 89.9 Japan 39.6 Field 50.2	4.	-Others	In the original plan of Repelita V prepared by the Deprtment of Tourism, the present projects is given the top priority.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
		(1) On the job training for local counterparts	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(2) Training in Japan for 4 principal counterparts (3) Conduct of tourism resources survey by	0
Total Contracted	273,586 (¥'000) 265,285	entrusting it to the local consultant	
和名 ジャワ西部地域開発	計画		{M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other}
to the second se			

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY	**************************************	Central District of Jakarta City	STATUS Completed
Solid Waste Management		2 PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,620Rp)	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
Project in the City of	Jakarta	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
A 0170000		1) 46,900 12,100 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR	n Contractor	3)	OECF has agreed to an E/S loan for FY 1990 (270 million
Public Utilities/ Urba	n Sanitation	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Transfer station 1,730 t/day	yen). However, the site for the solid waste transfer station was reassigned for housing development. As of Dec.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Final disposal site 34.4 ha	1990, the city authorities of Jakarta is still looking for an alternative site for the station, delaying the start of
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Vehicle repair shop 1.0 ha Improvement of collection system 1,730 ton/day	E/S.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			The Engineering Services on the Jakarta Solid Waste Management System Improvement Project was started by the
Hinistry of Public Works, Jakart			consultant who was employed by the Indonesian Government under the OECF Loan from December 1991.
Department of Human Settlements			The site for the solid waster transfer station is designated in Kelurahan Sunter, North Jakarta. The site is
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			approximately 70m width and 900m length. The solid waste final disposal site is designated in Zone
Master plan for improvemanagement system, and	feasibility study for		2 of Bekasi disposal site in Bander Gebang, Bekasi.
the first priority pro	ject	Implementation Period: Apr. 1990 - Mar. 1992	
8. DATE OF S/W	Sep.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 6.38	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes	
Yachiyo Engineering Co Ex Urban Planning Insi			
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions for IRR calculation:	
10. STUDY TEAM		Decrease in transportation cost through improvement of the transfer stations was viewed as a benefit	
No. of Members 13		Calculation period was 1992-2005. Development effects:	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	5 - Nov.1987 (24 months)	Sanitary environment for the Central District of Jakarta will be improved to a great extent.	Although the procedures for E/S lean for fiscal year 1988 was prepared,
Total M/M 97.9		will be improved to a great extent.	the application was not made due to the financial situation of Indonesia.
Japan 36.9 Field 61.0	the state of the s		The E/S for the Project was financed under OECF Loan in fiscal year of 1990/91. E/S, LA OECF Loan IP-366 in December 1990. 271 million yen.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			The Ministry of Public Works is asking to get OECF loan through BAPPENAS to the Japanese Government for implementing the Project in 1992/93
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			fiscal year.
Topographic survey analysis for specimen			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
arrangement of equipment equipment	for collection and	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Training on waste disposal technology was held in Japan for four(4) counterparts. (2) Lessons were given on large drying furnace for waste	•
Total Contracted	286,706 (¥'000) 279,747	quality analysis and method for waste quality analysis	

和名 ジャカルタ市都市廃棄物整備計画

(F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D)

oiled March 19 ed March 19

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Jakarta and Padang, Medan and Banda Aceh	STATUS Ocompleted
Trans-Sumatera Terrestr Transmission System	rial Digital	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=125Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 61,000 100 60,900	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	
Communications & Broade Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Contents Scale	At F/S finished stage Government of Indonesia did not request a Japanese loan. The project is being implemented by French financing.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Digitalization of Switching system 2,690 L.U.(1994) Digitalization of Transmission system same above	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	pigitalization of Transmission system same above	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
POSTEL, PERUMTEL			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
To verify technical and for trans-Sumatra Terre	estrial Digital		
Transmission System and in Sumatra island and C	l links major cities Jakarta	Implementation Period: 1989 - 1991	
C. DATE OF GAV		4. FEASIBILITY AND BIRR FIRR	
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S)	Nov.1986	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 23% 25%	
Nippon Telecommunication	on Consulting Co., Ltd.	Feasibility: Yes	
JSC, Yachiyo Engineering Co.		Conditions and Development Impacts: -Assumption of IRR computation is to put practical use of existing route, JKT-MDN(1994) and MDN-BNA	
10. STUDY TEAM		-Development impacts: By the digitalization of	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
No. of Members 13 Period Jan. 198	7 - Mar.1988 (14 months)	telecommunication network for Sumatra island, corresponding to possible all new services.	
Total M/M Japan 39.39	.		(1) Effectiveness (2) High priority
Field 17.1			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	145,950 (¥'000) 140,023	(1) Trainee Acceptance: 3 counterparts studied in Japan on digitalization telecommunications Network.(2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	1

ASE IDN/S 123/88		KINOJICA SUIVIIVAAN (IVIA)	Revised March 199
I. OUTLINE	E OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULT
I. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		The entire sea around Indonesia and major ports	STATUS Delayed
Maritime Safety Plan C Rescue	concerning Search and	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Discontinued (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US31,000) 1) 643,500	The Government of Indonesia is preparing to apply to either the OECF yen credit or to the Japanese grant aid
Fransportation/ Marine	Transportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	program.
. REFERENCE NO.		- Procurement of search and rescue vessels and establishment of telecommunication between the vessels and coastal stations	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	- Establishment of a training center - Improvement of port traffic control systems (Jakarta and	
. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Surabaya)	
Directorate General of Ministry of Communicat			
OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Development of the mar search and rescue syst			
DATE OF S/W	Feb.1987	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
O. CONSULTANT(S) A consortium of consul	ing firms	With the introduction of search and rescue boats, the improvement of communication and manpower training, the project will increase the country's capability of coping with maritime accidents. The better port traffic control will considerably reduce the occurrence of maritime accidents.	
No. of Members 11	!		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Oct . 198	.9 .7		
1		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
2. EXPENDITURE			0
Total Contracted	210,629 (¥'000) 197,260		

和名 海難搜索救助並びに海難予防体制整備計画

PROJECT SUMMARY (M/P)

Compiled

led March 1990 d March 1992

ASE IDN/S 122/88 III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS I. OUTLINE OF STUDY 1. SITE OR AREA 1. COUNTRY Indonesia In Progress or In Use 1. PRSENT Ujung Pandang City and its adjacent area, South ☐ Delayed 2. NAME OF STUDY STATUS Sulawesi ☐ Discontinued Ujung Pandang Area Highway Development Study 2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR (Description) MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost Road rehabilitation in Ujung Pandang City area was listed in 117,000 3. SECTOR (US\$1,000) project list for the loan of OECF. 3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED Transportation/ Urban Transportation The study proposed a master plan for traffic control in 4. REFERENCE NO. Ujung Pandang City and the development of radial roads. 5. TYPE OF STUDY M/P 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of Highways, Ministry of Public Works 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Road network development 8. DATE OF S/W 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS Jun.1987 9. CONSULTANT(S) The residential areas have been sprawling toward the Central Consultant, Inc. and Chodai Co., outlying areas of the city, but the development of necessary Ltd. infrastructure has been inadequate relative to the rapid increase of the population. The proposed project will contribute effectively to the development of residential areas. The project will also provide the functional linkages between 10. STUDY TEAM the port, the industrial estate and the airport, thereby contributing the growth of the Ujung Pandang area. 2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS No. of Members Nov.1987 - Mar.1989 (16 months) Period Indonesian Government ranked low with this project. Total M/M 50.39 8.24 42.15 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION On-the-job training for the counterparts on the computerized method of traffic demand projection. 12. EXPENDITURE 167,217 (¥'000) Contracted 160,498

和名 ウジュンパンダン都市圏道路網整備計画

ASE IDN/S 214A /88			
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Bandung city (study area of 1,771 sq.km)	STATUS Delayed
Flood Control Plan of the Upper Citarum Basin		2. COSTS OF (US\$1=1,731Rp.) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Discontinued (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 72,868	A feasibility study was subsequently conducted on the urgent projects.
Social Infrastructures,	/ River & Erosion	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Long-term river improvement plan targeting the year 2005 for 61km reaches from Krung Jompong to the upper most	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	of the flood plain - for the design flood of 20-year probability	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		 by dredging the existing channel, construction of cut-off channels, etc. 	
Directorate of Rivers(DOR), Directorate General of Water Resource Development (DGWRD)		2) Flood plain management (non-structural measures) land use regulation, establishment of flood forecasting and warning system	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		and warning system	
Formulation of a master plan through 2005 and identification and evaluation of urgent flood control projects			
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1986	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants Int	ternational	Most of the flood damages on the buildings, properties, crops, etc. in the potential flood plain of about 7,000ha will be eliminated.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 11 Period May1987	- Dec.1988 (20 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 57.4 Japan 17.1 Field 40.3	3 '		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
Geological survey Installation of hydrologi	cal meters	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	A PRODUCTIVE GOLDENG OF INFORMATION
		1) Participation of 3 counterparts in the JICA training program 2) OJT and a seminar	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		2) out and a seminist	\mathbb{O}
Total Contracted	203,741 (¥'000) 187,711		

ASE IDN/S 214B /88

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I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	المعادد و المساور و المواجعة المواجعة و المواجعة المواجعة و المواجعة و المواجعة المواجعة و المواجعة و المواجعة	Bandung City (study area of 1,771 sq.km)	STATUS Completed
Flood Control Plan of t Basin	the Upper Citarum	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 49,224 13,527 35,697	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) (2) 3)	
Social Infrastructures, Control	/ River & Erosion	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Proposed urgent flood control measures:	Dec. 1990 OECF loan agreed. Jul. 1991 D/D started.
4. REFERENCE NO.		1) Dredging of the river	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	Construction of cut-off channel Revetment of river banks	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		4) Bridges (new construction and fortification) 5) Maintenance roads	
Directorate of Rivers(DOR), Directorate of Rivers(DOR), Directorate Resource Development (DGMF		6) Introduction of the flood forecasting and early warning system	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	ı		
Formulation of a master plan through 2005 and identification and evaluation of urgent flood control projects			
		Implementation Period: 1990 - 1995	
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1986	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	,	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 14.18 Feasibility:	
Pacific Consultants Int	ernational		
	. :	Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions: 1) Project life of 50 years	
10. STUDY TEAM		2) Opportunity cost of capital at 10%	
No. of Members 11 Period May1987	- Dec.1988 (20 months)	Socio-economic impacts: 1) The project will reduce the damages in the area of 4,090 ha	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
		and protect 19,300 houses entirely from floods and 24,100	
Total M/M 57.44 Japan 17.13 Field 40.33	3	houses partly from the flooding. 2) Most of the road system will be protected from floods. 3) Average annual flood damage reduction of US\$8.0 million.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		Note: B/C ratio of 1.44 and NPV of Rp.26.9 billion	
Geological survey Installation of hydrologic	cal meters		2 DUINGIBAL COLIDOES OF INTODIA APTONI
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		 Participation of 3 counterparts in the JICA training program OJT and a seminar 	①
Total Contracted	203,741 (¥'000) 187,711	L, our old a senting	

March 1990 March 1992

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	111. P	RESENT STATUS OF	STUDIED PRO	JJEC
. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	Promoting	
. NAME OF STUDY		Three beaches of the southern coast of Bali Island	STATUS	Completed		
rgent Bali Beach Cons	ervation Project			O Implementing	Delayed or S	7.
		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost		Processing	Discontinue	d or Can
		1) 44,655 10,586 34,089	(Description)		
. SECTOR		- (US\$1,000) (2)				
ocial Infrastructures	/ River & Erosion	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	DGWRD a	and the OECF mission signa	ed the M/M of th	ie loa
ontrol		1) Artificial beach reinforcement with the width ranging	327.7 г	million yen (approx. US\$2	.26 million) of	the 1
. REFERENCE NO.		from 30 to 50m, requiring 1.46 million cu.m of sand for three beaches		sed for the D/D study. Tal cost of the project is	s estimated to b	oe 8,5
. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	2) Construction of jeties (total length of 2,940m)	million ye	en (US\$59.2 million). The in 1993 and to be complete	construction is	
. COUNTERPART AGENCY		3) Construction of detached breakwaters (length of 300m) 4) Construction of submerged breakwaters (length of 12,500m)	to start	th 1993 and to be complete	eu III 1990.	
irectorate of Rivers,	Directorate General					
f Water Resource Deve	Lopment (DGWRD)					
OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
rotection from Beach	Erosion		Ì		:	
		Implementation Period: Jan. 1990 - Dec. 1994	1			:
		mipromentation i crout.				
	<u></u>		4			
DATE OF S/W	Oct.1987	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 27.8%				
CONSULTANT(S)]	Feasibility:		•		
NA Civic Engineering on the PCI consortium	Consultants Co., Ltd.					
		Conditions and Development Impacts:				
		1) Project life of 20 years				
D. STUDY TEAM)	2) Early implementation of the project 3) Establishment of coastal authority	2 MAXOD D	EAGONG COD DDEGENER CTA	mie	
No. of Members 13 Period Jan. 198	38 - Mar.1989 (15 months)	4) Prohibition of coral material dredging 5) Presevation of natural environment and traditional,	2. MAJOR R	EASONS FOR PRESENT STA	1103	
		cultural assets under the construction	Detailed o	design stage is now imple	menting.	
Total M/M 54.8 Japan 23.2		Impacts:				
Field 31.5		The project will contribute to the increase of tourists from abroad and thereby increase foreign exchange earnings.				
. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		abload and thereby increase foreign exchange earnings.				
maritime survey; depth su						
survey of sea and river s	and as materials for beach		a ppp (Olb)	AL SOURCES OF INFORMAT	YOM	
reinforcement		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMAT	ION	
. EXPENDITURE		Seminars on beach conservation (at Bali and Bandung in Nov.	10			:
Total	218,930 (¥'000)	1988)				
Contracted	205,864		<u> </u>			Gallace and
和名 バリ海岸緊急保全部	†画				(F/S, (M/P)+	F/S,
		-159-				

Compiled M Revised M

March 1990 March 1992

i. outline	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT			
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting			
2. NAME OF STUDY		Southeastern slope (550 sq.km) of Mt.Galunggung, Kabupaten Tasikmalaya, West Java Province	STATUS Completed			
Disaster Prevention Pro Southeastern Slope of M		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled			
		1) 66,205 30,591 35,614 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)			
3. SECTOR		31	normal to annihilation for OPCE			
Social Infrastructures/ Control	River & Erosion	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1) Maintenance of sand pockets (as expansion of the height of	DGWRD is considering the possible application for OECF financing. In order to maintain the spare capacity of the sand			
4. REFERENCE NO.		wall for existing 12km long sand pocket) 2) Stabilization of river channels within the sand pockets	pockets, the Indonesian Government is excavating the accumulated sediment in the sand pocket and transporting			
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	(to construct for 12km expansion of the existing dike)	these as aggregate construction materials to Jakarta by			
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		3) Construction of 34 Sabo dams in the southern slope 4) Drainage works for the crater lake (to construct new 2m	Indonesia State Railways (PJKA) (as privatization project). However, in order to not sufficient the capacity of			
Directorate General of Development	Water Resource	700m long tunnel) 5) Establishment of the early warning and evacuation system	railway transportation, JICA dispatched the short term experts for the technical transfer of the implementation planning of such capacity in August 1991. According to the			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			report of JICA Short Term Experts, PURUMKA is considering the actual plan of the implementing transport capacity.			
		Implementation Period: 1st phase 5 years 2nd phase 5 years				
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1987	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 10.98				
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility:				
Yachiyo Engineering Co.	, Ltd.					
		Conditions and Development Impacts: The project will reduce the damages caused by volcanic debris and floods, and contribute to the improvement of land				
10. STUDY TEAM		use and living environment for the local inhabitants, creation of employment, and regional economic growth.				
No. of Members 12	No. 1000 (10 months)	of employment, and regional aconomic grown.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS			
Period Jun.1987	- Nov.1988 (18 months)					
Total M/M 76,28 Japan 34,32						
Field 41.96	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY						
Topographic survey (vertica						
boring($l=200m$; survey of r samples)	iverbed materials (20	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION			
12. EXPENDITURE		OJT on river and erosion control	0			
Total Contracted	238,944 (¥'000)					

PROJECT SUMMARY (F/S)

Compiled Revised

d March 1990 March 1992

ASE IDN/S 334 /88					Revised	March 1992
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. P	RESENT STATUS OF ST	UDIED P	ROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	Promotin	8
2. NAME OF STUDY		Ocean Area between Kalimantan and Sulawesi in regard to the Submarine Cable Construction Project	STATUS	Completed		•
Kalimantan-Sulawesi Sul	bmarine Cable System	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost		Implementing Processing		or Suspended aued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 92,000	(Description	n)		
Communications & Broad	opeting/	3)	The Gove	rnment of Indonesia is prepa	ring to app	ly of OECF
Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) -The Phase 1 study of the Kalimantan-Sulawesi Submarine	financing			-
4. REFERENCE NO.		Cable Project was done from August to November 1987 by				
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	JICA Study Team. The final report was submitted to the Indonesian				
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Government on June 1988. -The Phase 2 study of the Kalimantan-Sulawesi Submarine Cable]			
Directorate General of Posts an Perum, Telekomunicasi Headquater		Project was aimed at confirming the availability of planned route by the ocean survey and at surveying both landing sites (Takisung, Kalimantan and Bonto Marannu,				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Sulawesi) precisely.		•		
Execution of Ocean Sur S/W and study Results of project	vey (Phase 2) based on of Phase 1 of this	Implementation Period: 1989 - 1993				
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1987	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR				
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 20.08% 18.14%		•		
Sanyo Hydrographic Surv	vey Co., Ltd. (SHS)	Feasibility:			* * ;	
10. STUDY TEAM		Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions of IRR Calculation: Adoption of cable route between Banjarmasin(Kalimantan) and Ujung pangdang(Sulawesi) as the Kalimantan-Sulawesi				
No. of Members 21		Submarine Cable System Development Impacts:	2. MAJOR R	REASONS FOR PRESENT STATE	JS	
Total M/M 64 Ispan 42.	6	It is expected to promote digitalization for transmission paths and switching facilities on the Indonesia whole networks	(1) Effec (2) High			
Field 21. 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR	6				_ = -	*
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY						
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPA	AL SOURCES OF INFORMATIO	N	······································
12. EXPENDITURE		V. ALIVARIA CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT AND	0			
Total Contracted	286,857 (¥'000) 278,840					

Compiled March 1990 Revised March 1992

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIES	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Jakarta City	STATUS Completed
Implementation of Intr			Implementing Delayed or Suspended
Microwave Subscriber S	ystem	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 20,000	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	
Communications & Broad	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	The purpose of this project is to install lines from telephone office to subscribers as early as possible.
Telecommunication	·	1) Installation of P-MP type and P-P type digital microwave	After the study, cable expansion project financed by World
4. REFERENCE NO.		telephone equipment in subscriber stations and base stations. 2) Establishment of a new maintenance system	Bank made rapid progress for implementation and also developers of building/estates had a tendency to install
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		necessary telephone facilities by themselves. In this situation, request of yen loan for this project is
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			currently reviewed by Indonesian Government. Anyway, in areas where calbe construction work is difficult
Directorate General of Telecommunications	Post and		or impossible this project is very effective. So, it is
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			necessary to review the areas to be applied considering the progress of other projects.
7. ODJECTIVES OF STOUT			
		Implementation Period: Jan. 1989 - Dec. 1994	1
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov.1987	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	1,0711,701	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 36.98 24.98	
NTT International Corp	ı oration	Feasibility: Yes	
		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		- The digital microwave subscriber system will service high-density users housed in multi-story buildings in	
10. STUDY TEAM		the CBD of Jakarta.	
No. of Members 7		- The system will be able to provide high-quality service to the high-density demand.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Mar.198	8 - Jan.1989 (11 months)	- 50% of the waiting applications (as of 1989) for all subscriber stations will be serviced by the system.	Influenced by the progress of other projects and the change
Total M/M 48.		- The system will improve 1,500 mal-functioning circuits.	of other circumstances, requet of yen loan is delayed. Under the latest circumstances, review of applicable area to
Iapan 23. Field 24.		- The system will secure the emergency communication system for important subscriber stations.	this project is necessary.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR		- The system will facilitate the activation of business activities	
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		- The system will be able to respond to contingent/	
		emergency circuits.	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		OJT on digital microwave transmission and demand projection	①
12. EXPENDITURE Total	121,796 (¥'000)	oot on algebra medopare cramomeroran and domain projection	
Contracted	116,438		
和名 都市加入者マイクロ	波網整備計画		{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}
		-162-	

iled March 1990 d March 1992

i. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	و المراجع المر	Tambusai District, Kampar Regency, Riau Province, Sumatra Island	STATUS Completed
Batang Kumu Irrigation Province	Project in Riau	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		1) 43,000 18,600 23,900 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
Agriculture/ General		3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Wet season paddy: 7,300 ha	The Indonesian Government has decided to apply to Japanese Government for the OECF's loan for the Detailed Design and the construction.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Dry season paddy: 3,100 ha	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Upland crops in dry season: 2,700 ha The following facilities will be constructed to attain the	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		foregoing target. Head work: W=50m, H=5.5m	
Directorate General of Development, Ministry o		Flood gate: 14m x 3 nos Head reach: 2.6 km Main canal: 25.6 km	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Secondary danal: 50.1 km Secondary drainage canal: 56.5 km	į.
F/S		Tertiary canal: 486 km Tertiary drain: 102 km, Farm road:146 km	
		Implementation Period: 1992 - 1996	
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 12.74	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Irrigation and Re	clamation Consultants	Feasibility: Yes	
Co., Ltd. (JIRCO)		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		It is expected that the project will stabilize the regional economy in the project area including transmigration area	
10. STUDY TEAM		settled since 1981, by introducing irrigation facilities and will also support the transmigration program and regional	
No. of Members 18 Period Jun. 198	5 - Mar.1986 (6 months)	development in the province. In addition, the project will contribute to the increase of	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	3 - Jan.1989 (8 months)	self-sufficiency of rice in the province.	To promote the transmigration scheme and to keep self-sufficiency of rice in national level.
Japan 22.00 Field 34.00)		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Topographic Survey			
Geological Survey		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
AA WAX CONTRACT PANY		(1) On the Job Training	•
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	212,093 (¥'000) 171,000	(1) On the Job Training (2) Overseas Training	

1. STEON AREA 2. NAME OFSTUDY Integrated Regional Envelopment Plan for the Sumatra week state and Real 3. SECTOR 4. REFERENCE NO. 5. TYPE OF STUDY 5. TYPE OF STUDY 6. COLVENTRANT AGENCY COLVERT AGENCY COLVERT AGENCY COLVERT AGENCY COLVERT AGENCY COLVE	ASE IDN/S 125/89	OE CTUDY	NAMES AT	ARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III PRESE	NT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS			
Policy P				ARI OF BIODI RESOURCE					
Integrated Regional Development Plan for the ROTTOR SUBSIDIATION (USI, 200) 3 3,689,000 (US		Indition	Four provinces of n			☐ Delayed			
USSI,000 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR						
SWEDDYTIRE	3. SECTOR		(10221)		clearly ind	icated by its request to extend the			
S. TYPE OF STUDY M/P Shewn such priority years are identified on a series of control of an angle of control of such of the convenient of subject of control of		rated Regional	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PI	ROPOSED	the study's	outcome can be fully utilized to formulate			
5. TYEOF STUDY 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of Buman Settlements, Ministry of Public Works and Considerations. A multiscelor program is then remulated for each of the 11 priority areas and termed the Integrated between the provincial governments will cooperate to implement the one of the 11 priority areas and termed the Integrated do not make up an IDSP but is needed from the regional standpoint are also identified and outlined. 7. ORIECTIVES OF STUDY 1. Long-term planning (1989-2008) and proparatory study of priority projects 8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S) 1. In total: 1. In	4. REFERENCE NO.	**************************************			particularl	y appreciated the Integrated Development Programs			
COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of Buman Settlements, thinistry of Public Works 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Long-torm planning (1989-2008) and preparatory study of priority projects 8. DATE OF SW 9. CONSULTANT(S) International Development Center of Japan Nippon Koai Co., Ltd. 10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18 Prior Mar. 1988 - Mar. 1980 (25 months) Total MM 110-73 Japan 9.00 Field 120-83 11. ASSOCIATED ANDOR SUDCONTRACTED STUDY Complication of land use maps 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. (2) EXPENDITURE 10. STEDRITURE 11. STEDRITURE 12. EXPENDITURE 13. Principal and toma Artale, Baylands and termed the Integrated Development Sull cooperate to implement the Development Sull Cooperate to implement the Development Sull, Use Carly on Provide Surface and toward the Integrated Development Sull, Use The Projects which on the make up an IDSP but is needed from the regional and one million population, Consists of 30 to 48 sectoral projects. 43.0 Sectoral Projects (291 IDSP components) 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS (1) The macrosconemic Cramswork for plans (DP special and one million population, Consists of 30 to 48 sectoral projects. 43.0 Sectoral Projects (291 IDSP components) 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS (1) The macrosconemic Cramswork for plans (DP special and one million population, Consists of 30 to 48 sectoral projects. 43.0 Sectoral Projects (291 IDSP components) 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS (1) The macrosconemic Cramswork for plans (DP special and one million population, Consists of 30 to 48 sectoral projects. 43.0 Sectoral Projects (291 IDSP components) 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS (1) The macrosconemic Cramswork for plans (DP special and one million population, Consists of 30 to 48 sectoral projects. 43.0 Sectoral Projects (291 IDSP components) 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS (1) The macrosconemic Cramswork for plans (DP special and one million population, Consists of 30 to 48 sectoral projects. 45. (2) As a r	5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P			have become	widely recognized in Indonesia. The Ministries			
Directorate General of Bluman Settlements, Ministry of Public Works 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Long-term planning (1989-2008) and preparatory study of priority projects 8. DATE OF SW S. DATE OF SW S. CONSULTANT(S) International Development Center of Japan Nippon Koel Co., Ltd. 10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18 Priod Mar. 1988 - Mar. 1990 (25 months) Total MMM 130. 73 Japan 9. 90 Field 120. 83 11. ASSOCIATED ANDOR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Compilication of land use maps 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. 22. EXPENDITURE 13. Development Projects which do not make up an IDEP but is needed from the regional as already started to contract such donors at ARB, Islanic Development Bank, USAID and Italy in an off to promote some of the projects identified in the study. In total: 11. IDEPS On average, Rach covers 10,000 sq.Km and one million population, Consists of 30 to 40 sectoral projects. 430 Sectoral Projects (291 IDEP components) 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS (1) The mercroconcolac framework for plans (30) growth rate from-roil values) is \$1. STP billion, 658 or which will grow faster than the national average; the total investment required is US STP billion, 658 or which will grow faster than the national average while east-west disparities will reduce in the required is US STP billion, 658 or which will be attained. 1) Center for food production 2) Promotion of exports and courts which will reduce in the required is US STP billion, 658 or which will be financed by private sources. 11. ASSOCIATED ANDOR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Compileation of land use maps 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. 22. EXPENDITURE 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1) Study tour for 6 officials. (3) A leaver for counterpracts on how to carry out planning	Directorate General of Human Settlements. Ministry of Public Works				2000				
In total: 11 IDEPs On average, Each covers 10,000 sq.Rm and one million population population, Consists of 30 to 40 sectoral projects. 430 Sectoral Projects (291 IDEP components)			Development Program (I do not make up an IDEP	DEP). Many other sectoral projects which but is needed from the regional	h programs and other projects. BAPPENAS has already started to contract such donors as				
11 IDEPS on average, Each covers 10,000 sq.Km and one million population, Consists of 30 to 40 sectoral projects.			standpoint are also identified and outlined.		to promote	some of the projects identified in the study.			
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S) 10. The macroeconomic framework for plan: GDP growth rate (non-cil/qas) is 5.1*(88-93), 6.5*(93-99); population growth will required is US 377 billion, 65* of which will be financed by private sources. 10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18 Period Mar. 1988 - Mar. 1990 (25 months) Total M/M 130.73 Japan 9.90 Field 120.83 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Complication of land use maps 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. (2) Study tour for 6 of officials (2) Study tour for 6 of officials (2) Study tour for 6 of officials (3) A lecture for counterparts on how to carry out planning (1) ENTROPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (2) Study tour for 6 of officials (2) Study tour for 6 of officials (3) A lecture for counterparts on how to carry out planning			11 IDEPs On average, Each covers 10,000 sq.km and one million						
9. CONSULTANT(S) International Development Center of Japan Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. (1) The macroeconomic framework for plan: GDP growth rate (non-oil/gas)is 5.74(88-93), 6.54(93-98); population growth will remain higher than the national average; the total investment required is US ST7 billion, 65% of which will be financed by private sources. (2) As a result, per capita GDP will grow faster than the national average while east-west disparities will reduce in the region. The five objects will be attained. (3) Center for food production (4) Promotion of exports and tourism (5) Center for manufacturing (6) Promotion of exports and tourism (7) Promotion of exports and tourism (8) Center for manufacturing (9) Promotion of inmigrants (1) Enthusiasm among Indonesian officials (1) International average while east-west disparities will reduce in the region. The five objects will be attained. (1) Promotion of exports and tourism (3) Center for manufacturing (4) Reception of immigrants (5) Integrated regional economy (3) Team's effort to facilitate policy dialogue (4) Reception of immigrants (5) Integrated regional economy (5) TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. (2) Study tour for 6 officials. (3) A lecture for counterpracts on how to carry out planning			430 Sectoral Projects	(291 IDEP components)					
1) The macroceonomic framework for plans (Dip growth rate (non-oil/gas) is 5.74(88-93), 6.54(93-93), 6.54(9	8. DATE OF S/W	Jan.1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DE	VELOPMENT IMPACTS					
No. of Members 18 Period Mar. 1988 - Mar. 1990 (25 months) Total M/M 130.73 Japam 9.90 Field 120.83 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Complication of land use maps 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Enthusiasm among Indonesian officials (2) Timely proposal of the IDEP approach as a prospective countermeasure to the sectoral approach (3) Team's effort to facilitate policy dialogue 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Enthusiasm among Indonesian officials (2) Timely proposal of the IDEP approach as a prospective countermeasure to the sectoral approach (3) Team's effort to facilitate policy dialogue 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Enthusiasm among Indonesian officials (2) Timely proposal of the IDEP approach as a prospective countermeasure to the sectoral approach (3) Team's effort to facilitate policy dialogue (3) Team's effort to facilitate policy dialogue 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. (2) Study tour for 6 officials. (3) A lecture for counterparts on how to carry out planning	International Development Center of Japan		(non-oil/gas)is 5.7%(88-93), 6.5%(93-98); population growth will remain higher than the national average; the total investment required is US \$77 billion, 65% of which will be financed by						
Period Mar.1988 - Mar.1990 (25 months) Total M/M 130.73			national average while	east-west disparities will reduce in the	2. MAJOR RE	ASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS			
5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. (2) Study tour for 6 officials. (3) A lecture for counterparts on how to carry out planning (1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. (2) Study tour for 6 officials. (3) A lecture for counterparts on how to carry out planning	Period Mar.1988 - Mar.1990 (25 months) Total M/M 130.73 Japan 9.90 Field 120.83 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		1) Center for food pr 2) Promotion of expor 3) Center for manufac 4) Reception of immig	oduction ts and tourism turing rants	(2) Timely p	roposal of the IDEP approach as a prospective re to the sectoral approach			
(1) Five workshops held to discuss each report. (2) Study tour for 6 officials. (3) A lecture for counterparts on how to carry out planning	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Compileation of Idia use maps		R.	2 DDINICIDAL	SOURCES OF INFORMATION			
Total 428,345 (¥'000) practice. Contracted 427,744	Total	428,345 (¥'000)	(2) Study tour for 6 o	fficials.		SOURCES OF INFORMATION			

ASE IDN/S 124 /89			
I. OUTLI	NE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		JABOTABEK Area	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Long-Term and Medium Telecommunications N	n-Term Plan for Network in Jabotabek Area	2. COSTS OF (US\$=145Yen) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 26,817 1,300 25,517	- Sept. 1991 OECF Loan Agreement of "The Junction Networ for Expanded Jakarta Multi-Exchange Area"
Communications & Bro Telecommunication	padcasting/	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	- Negotiation with the consulting firm about the contract
4. REFERENCE NO.		Long-Term Plan - Expansion of	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	м/Р	Jakartamulti-exchange area - Step-by-step introduction of ISDN services	
5. COUNTERPART AGENC Postal, Perumtel	·Y	Medium-Term Plan - Expansion of Junction Network - Expansion of Telephone Services	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		- Digitalization of switches	
The Long-term and me telecommunications n Area.	dium-term plan for etwork in JABOTABEK		
B. DATE OF S/W	Feb. 1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
Ltd.	tion Consulting Co.,	(1) Promotion of Industrial Growth Direct investments from abroad, particularly those from Japan and NIES, are at present booming in Indonesia, and substantial portion of the investments is directed to the Jabotabek area. Development of telecommunication in this area will serve for acceleration of such industrialization trend,	
0. STUDY TEAM		which is a major objective of REPELITA V.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	1988 - Jul.1989 (12 months)	(2) Promotion of Regional Development Development of telecommunications along with that of transport sector can be an effective step to promote the	(1) Effectiveness achieved by th fulfillment of the project (2) High priority
Japan 2 Field 3	7.71 3.74 3.97	government's regional development policies. In the Jabotabek area, development of the area along an east-west axis is encouraged. Intensive development of telecommunications and	
II. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUL	<u>X</u>	transport systems, with Tangerang and Bekasi as its key cities, will greatly contribute to the promotion of regional development in this area.	
1.	•	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		On-job-training was conducted for the counterpart staff of PERUMTEL.	
2. EXPENDITURE Total	161,105 (¥'000)		()
Contracted			

ASE IDN/A 104/89

ASIS 101/A 104/09				<u> </u>	
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESEN	T STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Negara River Basi (Study Area 12,68	n, South Kalimantan Province 3 sq.km)	STATUS	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued
Negara River Basin Over Development Plan	all Irrigation	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)	sistance for the Negara Pilot project will be
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 215,000 2)		Japanese Government
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S)	PROPOSED		
4. REFERENCE NO.		- Negara Pilot Proj - Negara Irrigation	ect and Drainage Improvement Project		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	- Upper Negara Agri	cultural Development Project cultural Development Project	:	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY					
Directorate General of Development,Ministry of	Water Resources Public Works				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY					
Formulation of the development strategy in Negara River Basin, South Kalimantan					
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1987	4. CONDITIONS AND I	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	:	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Japan Irrigation and Re Co., Ltd.	clamation Consultants	annual paddy product satisfy the projecte in the Study Area. In addition, those	he proposed four projects would enable the ion of 880,000 tons, and this amount would d production(815,600 tons in 2018) required projects are expected to contribute to		
10. STUDY TEAM		earnings of US\$39 mi	ing of about US\$76 million and export		
No. of Members 10 Period Max.1988	3 - Jul.1989 (13 months)			2. MAJOR REA	SONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 74.57 Japan 28.90 Field 45.62					
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Cost of equipment for water	ar lovel measurement	is Holis on Francisco			
cose or adurbment for ages	or Total memoritumite	5. TECHINCAL TRANS	BFER	a DDYNGDAT	COURCES OF INFORMATION!
		Technology transfer study.	to the counterparts in the course of the		SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		scudy.		(1)	
Total Contracted	212,021 (¥'000) 172,248				

和名 ネガラ河下流域かんがい開発計画

ASE IDN/A 105/89		PROJECT SUMMARY (M/P)	Compiled Revised	March 1991 March 1992
I. OUTLINI	E OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE O	F STUDY	RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA 1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Java Barat, Java Timur, Lampung and Sulawesi Selatan STATUS Delayed Provinces Discontinued		<u>:</u>
Improvement of Rice Po Marketing in Farmer Gi		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost (Description)		
3. SECTOR		1) 210,000 210,000 Unknown (M/P has just finished in 199 (US\$1,000) 2)	'')	•
Agriculture/ Agricultu	iral Processing	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED		•
4. REFERENCE NO.		Pilot Plans Pilot Area Telagasari Bagor Mattiro Bulu Trimurjo		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	1.Location Cadas (desa) Kertajaya Selorejo Marannu Purwodadi		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		2.Paddy field 119 109 105 157		٠
Directorate General of Agriculture, Ministry		(ha) 3.Nos. of Farm 172 363 87 254 Family		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		4.Cropping Intesity Wet season 100% 90% 100% 100%		
Harvest and Marketing	in Farmer Group			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.		Conditions: 1.Financial Support by the Government 2.Intensive Investment in Farm Roads and Drainage Canals		:
10. STUDY TEAM	<u> </u>	Development Impacts: After the implementation of the pilot plan, harvesting and processing losses will be reduced considerably through		
No. of Members 6		improvement of post harvest activities. Harvesting cost will also be reduced in significantly by the introduction of improved harvesting system i.e. reaping by organized laborers under cash payment system and effective threshing works by pedal and power threshers through farmer groups' custom service.	s]	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY None	J .			
en e		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER Technology transfer to counterparts in the course of the study. 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	85,077 (¥'000) 80,374			

和名 収穫後処理及び流通改善計画

March 1991

ASE IDN/S 215A /89

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Within ex-airport project site: 133 hectare Outside ex-airport project site: 4 sites 19 hectare	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Kemayoran Urban Housing	g Development Project	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 71,690 71,690	* Indonesian side commenced the construction in 1989 by their own finance in the ex-airport site.
Social Infrastructures/ Land Development	∕ Urban Planning &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	Housing development will be commenced after April, 1990 on 133 ha. starting by Perumnas. * Case Study of Sites A and B located in the ex-airport site
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Housing Development Plan within ex-airport area (a) for low income group	will be implemented in 1990 in accordance with the results
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	(b) for general use (totaled to 14,500 units) (c) for urban amenities	of this study. * Indonesian side is now considering the implementation of
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(2) Housing renewal plan in neighborhood area of ex-airport (3) Development of methodology of urban renewal	Case Study of Sites C, B, E and F. In particular Site F is feasible to implement if the
Directorate General of Ministry of Public Work		(3) Development of methodology of aroun renews)	proposed renewal method is applied.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Conduct of Feasibility Housing and Urban Renew			
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Yachiyo Engineering Co. JCP Co., Ltd.	, Ltd.	1. Promotion of Jakarta City to the direction of east 2. To assure to stickness to urban development plan caused by increase of supply of housing 3. Effective use of land within Jakarta City 4. Contribution to prevention of disasters of urban area	
10. STUDY TEAM		5. Promotion of inhabitants' participation at urban development 6. Dissemnation of method of urban renewal	
No. of Members 12 Period Jul.1988	3 - Mar.1990 (20 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 74.18 Japan 9.52 Field 64.66	2		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY (1) Detailed Survey of exi	isting physical 7		
socio-economic conditions. (2) Four editions of slide	•	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
sound. 12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	267,007 (¥000) 246,728	 Development of methodology of urban renewal, and urban housing renewal. Seminar was held in Jakarta on the implementation of urban renewal project, with the attendance of about 100 people. Acceptance of trainees: 2 trainees 	①

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Within ex-airport project site: 133 hectare Outside ex-airport project site: 4 site 19 hectare	STATUS Completed
Kemayoran Urban Housin	ng Development Project	2. PROJECT COSTS	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
		Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Discontinued of Cancerned
3. SECTOR		1) 71,690 71,690 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
Social Infrastructures	/ Urban Planning 6	3)	* Indonesian side commenced the construction since 1989 by
Land Development	of Orban Franking &	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) * Development of 14,500 housing units and neighborhood	their own finance in the ex-airport site. Housing development will be commenced after April, 1990
4. REFERENCE NO.		facilities 133 ha. a part of ex-airport development project site.	on 133 ha. starting by Perumnas (Indonesian Housing Cooperation).
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	133 ha. includes 30 aha. of Case Study Sites A and B for mainly	* Case Study of Sites A and B located in the ex-airport
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		low income group housing site.	site will be implemented in 1990 in accordance with the results of this study.
Directorate General of Ministry of Public Wor		* Housing renewal on total 19 ha, of Case Study Sites C, D, E and F. These sites are located in the vicinity of the	* Indonesian side is now considering the implementation of Case Study of Sites C, D, E and F.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	T	ex-airport.	In particular Site F is feasible to implement if the studied renewal method is applied.
Conduct of Feasibility	J Z Study on Urban		(Site F is considered to be implemented by joint method of the improvement of housing area and preparation of the land
Housing and Urban Rene			in good condition. Indonesian side shows a great interest.)
		Implementation Period: 1989 - 1990 1995 - 1999	
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1988	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 198	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	1+4	Feasibility:	
Yachiyo Engineering Co JCP Co., Ltd.	,, nca,	Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		1. 120 ha. housing development: Increase in housing stock at the center of the city.	
10. STUDY TEAM		Reinforcement of urban functions of Jakarta city.	
No. of Members 12	-	2. Renewal of surrounding: Safeguarding ex-airport development, increase in housing	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.198	88 - Mar.1990 (20 months)	stock, enhancing urban functions by intensive land use, contributing to the prevention of urban disaster.	
Total M/M 74.1 Japan 9.5		3. Enlightment of community participation by demonstrating actual sample of urban renewal.	
Field 64.6	·	4. Application of developed renewal methodology to other urban areas and other cities.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		areas and other creation	
(1) Detailed Survey of ex	xisting physical &		
socio-economic conditions (2) Four editions of slice		S STOURNEY I TO ANOTHER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
sound.		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 1.Development of methodology of urban renewal, and urban housing renewal. 2.	0
12. EXPENDITURE Total	267,007 (¥'000)	Seminar was held in Jakarta on the implementation of urban renewal project, with the attendance of about 100 people. 3. Acceptance of trainees: 2 trainees	
Contracted	246,728	with the detailed of about two people. S. nuceptaine of trainess. 2 trainess	

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Charles Control of the Control of th				
I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use	
2. NAME OF STUDY	nga paga 12 Militari di Salah ya pi 1970 Militari ningga ya Cilif da kara manaya 1980 Militari Chamara 1984 Militari	Throughout Indonesia	STATUS Delayed	
Integrated Radio and Te System Project	elevision Servicing	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 155,071 26,108 128,963	The Government of Indonesia has reviewed the Long-Term Plan drawn up in 1984 based on the result of this Study Report.	
Communications & Broado	casting/ Broadcasting	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	Currently, several Projects as mentioned below are under implementation: (1) Rehabilitation of Radio and Television Network	
4. REFERENCE NO.		The following projects will be suggested by the year of 1999. (1) Rehabilitation of 8 High Radio Stations	(Phase-I): Japanese Loan (7,478MY), 1990 L/A, now under	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	(2) Rehabilitation of 5 TV transmitting stations (3) Establishment of a Maintenance System (7 maintenance bases)	progress. (2) Phase-II Project of the same title is also being planned in the Japanese Loan Projects for the fiscal	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(4) Improvement of Engineering Communication Network (48 radio stations, 100 TV stations)	year of 1992/93.	
RTF, Ministry of Information		(5) Introduction of TV Up-Links (2 TV stations) (6) Improvement of Programme Transmission Lines (48 radio	(3) In addition to above Projects, two Projects within the Repelita V financed by UK and Austria are now under implementation. (As of Dec. 1991)	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		stations) (7) Additional Construction of MW facilities at SW-Only	By implementing these Projects, it is expected that urgently	
Reviewing of the existing long-term plan covering Repelita V and Repelita VI formulated by JICA in 1984		stations (10 stations) (8) Rehabilitation of studies at Regional Radio Stations (22 stations) (9) Improvement of RN-I Network (10 stations) (10) Improvement of TVN-I Network (50 stations)	required improvement for the radio and television network facilities including establishment of three maintenance centers will be greatly advanced.	
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov.1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) All JAPAN Radio & Telev Services Co., Ltd. Yachiyo Engineering Co.		Indonesia's national broadcasting services are confronted by many difficult problems to be solved. In order that the broadcasting may carry out the mission assigned to it, it is most essential for the broadcasting organizations to deliver services of richer content and higher quality in such a way that they can be enjoyed fully by the people throughout the country. And at the same time, the broadcasting organizations should continue to be the kind of entities that deserve high trust and support of the people. When these projects are carried out, the following effects may		
No. of Members 18		be expected and based on such a well-established system, Indonesia's	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Period Apr. 1988 Total M/M	1	broadcasting can be expected to take another great leap toward its ultimate goals set for the year 2000 and beyond. (1) Restoration and maintenance of broadcasting functions and increase of broadcasting service by establishment of maintenance system (2) Qualitative and quantitative improvement of broadcasting network (3) Enrichment of broadcast programme (4) Achievement of efficient management and financial stability	 High priority: High priority has been given to the role of broadcasting to achieve the target of the National Development Plan. Continuity: To continue the improvement of broadcasting in connection with previous loan projects relating to broadcasting in 1970s. 	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	154,474 (¥'000) 142,842	Technical and Management transer are done in the following items. (1) Measurement of Field Strength (2) Organization and Management of broadcasting stations (3) Programme Transmission by Satellite etc. And Personal Training in Japan was done in November, 1989 to transfer the analysis technic of Study Result, (2persons)	①	

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Throughout Indonesia	STATUS Completed
Integrated Radio and To System Project	elevision Servicing	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 60,721 4,402 56,319	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2)	
Communications & Broad	casting/ Broadcasting	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) (1) Rehabilitation of 8 High Radio Stations	 OECF Loan Project application already admitted. Project Title: Rehabilitation of Radio and Television Network (Phase-I)
4. REFERENCE NO.		(2) Rehabilitation of 5 TV transmitting stations	OECF L/A: Dec. 1990, Loan Amount: 7,478MY 2. Phase-II Project of the same title is also being planned in the
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	(3) Establishment of a Maintenance System (Maintenance Center) (4) Improvement of Radio Programme Transmission Line,	Japanese Loan Projects for the fiscal year of 1992/93, to complete above-mentoned Rehabilitation Project.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Engineering Communication Network and Introduction of TV Up-Links	3. Relations between Study Results and Projects
RTF, Ministry of Informatio	n	(5) Additional Construction of MW Facilities at SW-only stations (5 stations) (6) Rehabilitation of studies at Regional Radio Stations (4	Contents of Outline of on- Study Report going Projects
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		stations)	Site Whole country Whole Country
Feasibility Study Covering Repelita V			Contents of Construction and -Establishment of of Poject improvement of the Maintenance Centers broadcasting faci Rehabilitation of
		Implementation Period: 1992-1994	lities (as des-studio and trans- cribed in 3.) mitting station facilities for R & TV
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov. 1988	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	Total project 60,721 Th.s Phase-I
9. CONSULTANT(S) All JAPAN Radio & Tele		Feasibility: 11.7%	cost (89/90 - 93/94) -Total project cost 50,570 Th.\$ (US\$1 = ¥145) (Local cost 15,850 Th.\$
Services Co., Ltd. Yachiyo Engineering Co	., Ltd.	Conditions and Development Impacts: The major objectives of this plan are recovery of the deteriorated functions of broadcasting in Indonesia and	included) -Loan amount -S1.570 Th.\$
10. STUDY TEAM		arrangement of the structure to maintain it, expanding a stable	
No. of Members 18 Period Apr. 198	9 - Mar.1990 (12 months)	medium-wave broadcasting network and eventually achieving wholesome management and operation in broadcasting that focuses on audience servicing.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 44.5 Japan 14.3 Field 30.2 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR	3 1	It is estimated that about 84 million people are bestowed benefit directly by this improvement plan. The investment cost of whole projects to achieve the plan totals 107.5 billion Rp, and as the total number of households is about 3,919 Rp., the cost per household is about 2,743 Rp. It seems that this amount is not so large to enjoy good	 High priority: High priority has been given to the role of broadcasting to achieve the target of the National Development Plan. Continuity: To continue the improvement of broadcasting with precedence of OECF finance in connection with previous projects in 1970s.
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		quality broadcasting.	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	154,474 (¥'000) 142,842	Technical and Management transfer are done in the following items. [1] Measurement of Field Strength, (2) Organization and Management, [3] Programme Transmission by Satellite etc. And Personal Training in Japan was done in November, 1989 to transfer the analysis technique of Study Result. (2persons)	①

ASE IDN/S 338/89

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Indonesia 2. NAME OF STUDY	1. SITE OR AREA Route area between Cikampek-Cirebon and surrounding area	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting STATUS Completed
Cikampek-Cirebon Tollway Project	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR Transportation/ Road	1) 510,000 299,000 211,000 (US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description) The Indonesian government requested in Feb. 1991 OECF
4. REFERENCE NO.	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Construction of tollway between Cikampek-Cirebon extending about 140 km in length	financing, but did not obtain it. The government received loan from IBRD and the project (F/S) is planned to start in Aug. 1992.
5. TYPE OF STUDY F/S 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	(1) Initial 4 lanes (1,000 US\$) 435,000 (2) Additional 2 lanes (1,000 US\$) 75,000 Total 510,000	The Project is planned to be implemented on BOT schedule.
Bina Marga Jisa Marga		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY To determine feasibility of constructing tollway		
	Implementation Period: 1991 - 1997	
8. DATE OF S/W Mar. 1988 9. CONSULTANT(S)	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR TTS ASSUMPTIONS 32,28% 23,80%	
Pacific Consultant International Yachiyo Engineering Pasco International	Feasibility: Conditions and Development Impacts:	
10. STUDY TEAM	The quantified economic benefits which would be realized as the saving in travel costs when comparing the "with" and "without"cases.	
No. of Members 19 Period Sep.1988 - Mar.1990 (21 months)	The saving in travel costs comprises the saving in operating cost and time cost.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 79.09 Sapan 14.20 Field 64.89	From the qualitative point of view, the incentive development impacts is expected for the area surrounding interchange(i.e.Cikampek, Subang,Cirebon and etc.).	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Topographic mapping work	In particular, Cirebon is a coastal city with a high potential for development.	
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total 395, 190 (¥'000) Contracted 383, 604	The traffic survey and engineering site survey were performed with Indonesian counterparts. A staff of Bina Marga visited Japan for participation in a training program in July 1989.	①

iled March 1991 d March 1992

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY	Indonesia	1.SITE OR AREA Benakat Area in South Sumatra Province	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting STATUS Completed Implementing Delayed or Suspended
Industrial Plantation I Plan in South Sumatra 7	Area	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 32,742 12,454 20,288 (US\$1,000) 2)	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR Forestry/ Forestry & Fo	orest Conservation	(US\$1,000) 2) 3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	The counterpart agency has been preparing for loan request
		Study Area : Approximately 50,000 ha	in order to put forward this proposed project
4. REFERENCE NO.		Operation site: Approximately 43,000 ha Planting site: Approximately 27,000 ha	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Planting species: A.mangium and other 2 species {Short rotation: 8 years}, P.canescens and other 2 species	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(Long rotation : 20 years, 35 years)	
Ministry of Forestry		Nurseries and offices: 3 places, 9.5ha Forest road: Approximately 560 km in length	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
This feasibility study is financial and economic fea order to contribute to the plantation development and planning capability.	sibility of this plan in promotion of industrial	Implementation Period: 43 years after the initiation of this project	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1988	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Forest Technical	Association	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 14.31% 9.45% Feasibility:	
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Precondition: Planting will be completed in 8 years with mechanical afforestation method based on the results of Project-type	
10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 9		technical cooperation in this area. (considering the rotation of planting trees, security of labour	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Nov.198 Total M/M 69.4 Japan 38.1 Field 31.3 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Preparation of topographi works on thematic maps	9	force and need of early forestation in grasslands) Development Impacts: To contribute to developing the Industrial Plantation Project in Indonesia; To develop local forestry and forest product industry; To conserve soils; To stabilize agricultural products; and To increase local inhabitants; income.	According to the Fifth 5 year Development Plan(Repelita 1989/90-1993/94), the enlargement of re-afforestation and the increase of timber production have been proposed in forest sector. Especially it is one of the most important target that 4.4 million ha of industrial plantation in 15 years will be planned to enlarge re-afforestation. This project is expected to contribute to the above mentioned target.
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	200,913 (¥'000) 195,973	1.To accept four trainees 2.On the job training	

和名 産業造林計画

{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}

ASE IDN/S 126/90		INOJECI SOMIMANI (MI)	Revised March 1992
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	روم و در المقابل الدين وموهو وله وسلما التوسيسيون وموجود التابي المتابيسيون وموجود المتابيسيون وموجود و المتاب	Selected 10 Airports	STATUS Delayed
Airport Maintenance an	d Rehabilitation	2. COSTS OF	☐ Discontinued
		PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 70,000 27,700 42,300	Request for 1992 OECF loan is scheduled for its implementation.
Transportation/ Air Tr Airport	ansportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Project of maintenence and rehabilitation in 10 airports. 1. Gunung Sitoli (0.8 million US\$) Overlay of runway etc.	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	м/Р	2. Palembang (22.2 million US\$) Overlay of runway etc. 3. Semarang (0.8 million US\$) Expansion of terminal	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		building, etc. 4. Pontianak (3.2 million US\$) Extension of runway etc.	
Directorate General of (DGAC)	Air Communications	5. Sampit (3.6 million US\$) Overlay of runway etc. 6. Ambon (23.9 million US\$) Overlay of runway etc.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		7. Ternate (6.0 million US\$) Expansion of terminal building etc.	
Preparation of master and rehabilitation for from 20 etc.		8. Mataram (2.1 million US\$) 9. Bima (3.0 million US\$) 10. Merauke (4.4 million US\$) Overlay of apron etc. Extension of runway etc. Overlay of runway etc.	
	e La companya di Caranta		
8. DATE OF S/W	Oct.1989	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants In	ternational	Implementation of maintenance and rehabilitation for 10	
rucille consultance in		selected airports will contribute to social and economical activities in the region through promoting safer and	
, - 1		unrestricted air transportation and improving service level of air transportation.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 11			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jan.199	90 - Mar.1991 (15 months)		As one of the basic policy of the Government of Indonesia,
The state of the s	54 31		effective utilization of existing facilities and improvement on maintenance work are considered important.
Field 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	33		
-Topographic Survey	j		1:
-Soil Investigation -Building Survey		5, TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		1. Invitation of Trainee Mr. Iman Soelvan (DGAC) 1990 October	①
2. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	270,849 (¥'000) 249,000	2. Seminar in Indonesia 1991 February	: ♥ .

和名 地方空港整備計画

{M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other}

ASE IDN/S 219A /90			THE DISTRICT OF ADDITION OF THE OF ADDITION OF THE
I. OUTLINE OF STUDY			III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULT
1. COUNTRY Indone	sia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		DKI Jakarta 650 sq.km	STATUS Delayed
Urban Drainage and Wastewater Project in the City of Jakarta		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Discontinued (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 72,000 2) 980,000	Feasibility Study on urban drainage and wastewater disposal for the priority areas selected in the master plan was
Public Utilities/ Sewerage		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	conducted subsequently after completion of the master plan study.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Urban Drainage: Canal Improvement: L=76.1km New Channel Construction: L=11.4km	
5. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+ (F	?/\$}	Pump Station Installation: 2 stations 8.7 cub.m/s capacity	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Wastewater Disposal: The Study Area is divided into three areas based on the areal population density as follows:	
CIPTA KARYA DKI JAKARTA		Area A: Simple On-site Treatment System Development Area B: High level On-site Treatment System Development	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Area C: Sewerage Development The capacity of sewerage treatment system in 2010 is 1252000	
Prepare a master plan up to 20 drainage and wastewater dispos of Jakarta	010 on urban sal in the city	cub.m/d and total proposed sewer length is 2223km.	
B. DATE OF S/W Dec. 23	. 1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
O. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants Internations Rippon Koei Co., Ltd.		Urban Drainage: The proposed drainage development plan is formulated in conformity with the other on-going urban drainage project.	
		Wastewater Disposal: The existing population of DKI Jakarta	
IO. STUDY TEAM		is 9 millions. Areas of high population density with more than 500	
No. of Members 13 Period Sep.1989 - Feb.1	1991 (17 months)	persons/ha. are located in the central part of DKI Jakarta with no sewerage system. It causes to aggravate the	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 108.69 Japan 25.92 Field 82.77		river water quality and the environmental conditions of continuity in the city of Jakarta. Hence, the sewerage development as the most effcient measures is proposed	
1. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		to mitigate it.	
-Topographic Survey -Water Quality Analysis		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
-Installation of Automatic Water	Level	-Counterparts training in Japan was conducted.	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
Recorder 2. EXPENDITURE		-Technical knowledge was transferred by the internal dicussion with JICA Study Team members.	(1)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	130 (¥'000) 592	dicussion with olda Study leam members.	

380,130 (¥'000)

360,592

-Existing Sanitary Condition along Rivers

Total Contracted

11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR

-Topographic Survey -Water Quality Analysis

12. EXPENDITURE

SUBCONTRACTED STUDY

3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION

1

The sewerage development is further expected to contribute the

Technical knowledge was transferred to the Indonesian side by

Seminar and internal discussion with JICA Study Team members.

pollution load reduction of 21210kg/d from 24960kg/d to

3750kg/d as BOD in the JSSP Area in the year 2000.

5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	JABOTABEK area	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Integrated Transportation System Improvemer by Railway and Feeder Service in JABOTABEK Area	2. COSTS OF US\$1=1758Rp PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR	(US\$1,000) 1) 37,082 17,888 19,193 2) 254,904 95,906 158,995	The reinforcement plan of the railway side (JABOTABEK railway plan) on which this master plan is based has been
Transportation/ Railway	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	steadily being materialized, since the establishment of the master plan in 1981, through F/S, D/D, and construction execution.
4. REFERENCE NO.	Considering the long-term development of the JABOTABEK area, it is necessary to establish an integrated transportation system	execution.
5. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+(F/S)	based on individual improvement plans in the urban railway and road sectors. In this regard, the following recommendations	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	were made toward the organic harmony of the railway and road plans.	
PHBD, Indonesia	(1) Select an optimum pattern taking into consideration the reinforcement plans of the railway and roads.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	(2) Propose a master plan for reinforcement that should be done by the railway side based on the above optimum pattern.	
M/P for JABOTABEK area up to 2005	(3) Based on (2), projects to be urgently implemented were selected.	
8. DATE OF S/W Feb. 1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Railway Technical Service Pacific Consultants International	M/P: Increase the railway share up to 15% and alleviate train congestion by increasing train frequency through reinforcing the JABOTABEK railway and also by improving feeder service. It is possible to confirm the adequacy of the integrated transportation system as a whole which aims at organic coordination of the railway and roads toward 2005. Drastic	
10. STUDY TEAM	service improvement can also be expected by prmoting the	
No. of Members 15 Period Nov. 1988 - Aug. 1990 (21 months)	railway reinforcemet plan. Furthermore, increase in passenger traffic can be expected by improving the access of the railway	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 109.2 Japan 51.3 Field 57.9 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	and roads through upgrading feeder services and reinforcing station plazas, transfer facilities, etc.	 Size of project effect Recognition, by the Indonesian side, of the importance of railway reinforcement Much assistance from the Japanese side (Funds, technical cooperation, services)
JONEONIA CIEDVIONI		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 1)Preparation, explanation, and discussion of the Working	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total 342,883 (¥'000) Contracted 335,000	Paper 2) Two counterparts received JICA training, and also participated in the overall discussion.	0

和名 ジャボタベック圏統合輸送システム改良計画

{M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other}

iled March 1992 ad March 1992

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT	
1. COUNTRY Indonesia 2. NAMB OF STUDY Integrated Transportation System Improvement by Railway and Feeder Service in JABOTABEK Area	1. SITE OR AREA JABOTABEK Area 2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting STATUS Completed Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled	
3. SECTOR Transportation/ Railway 4. REFERENCE NO. 5. TYPE OF STUDY (M/P)+F/S 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY PHBD, Indonesia	1) 37,082 17,888 19,193 (US\$1,000) 2) 254,904 95,906 158,995 3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) F/S deals with the following urgent ones. 1) Improvement of feeder services and facilities of the three stations (Pasar Senen, Jatinegate, Kemayoran). 2) Continuous grade separation of the East Line. As for the feeder service improvement, it was proposed to: separate pedestrains and motor vehicles on roads near stations; expand roads leading to stations; establish signals and overpasses; and set up bus boys in station plazas. An improvement plan was then drawn up for the three most important stations selected from all 63 stations. As for the station facilities improvement, an improvement plan was drawn up for the same three stations, because it is effective to conduct the improvement	(Description) The station building improvement, station plaza reinforcement, etc. are going to be implemented jointly with some projections included in the JABOTABEK Project (such as track elevation, double tracking, and electrification of the Central Line), and the construction is under way. As for the platform improvement of thb, Jng, and Pse station, the construction will start one by one by using OECF funds authorized for fiscal 1991. It is necessary to continue studies hereafter concerning the handling of the track elevation of the East Line, since this projection is not included in the sealed-down plan.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY F/S for urgent project based on the M/P up to 2005	at the same time with the above feed service improvement. As for the track elevation of the East Line, comparative studies were also conducted on underground construction of the Kota-Gangsentiong and Kota-Jalinegara sections, introduction of flyovers, etc. Implementation Period: 1997 - 2002	Furthermore, adjustment with a recommendation of introducing a LRT to the East Line voiced in connection with another project.	
8. DATE OF S/W Feb. 1988 9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Railway Technical Service	4. FEASIBILITY AND FIRR FIRR TS ASSUMPTIONS 34.78% 6.33% Feasibility: Yes 15.22%		
Pacific Consultants International 10.STUDY TEAM No. of Members 15 Period Nov.1988 - Aug.1990 (21 months) Total M/M 109.2 Japan 51.3 Field 57.9 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	Conditions and Development Impacts: F/S: 1) Develop the passenger convenience and increase the passenger traffic through improving feeder services and facilities of the three stations. Sufficient economic feasibility is shown for the improvement of the three stations. In order to ensure financial independence of the railway, it is recommended that the city side bears the reasonable portion of the investment and operation cost. 2) Enable to increase the train frequency on the East Line and to deal with the increasing traffic on level crossings. From the standpoint of city planning, track elevation is superior to flyover. However, careful studies are recommended in such respects as modification of the time of construction. 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 1) Preparation, explanation, and discussion of the Working	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS (1) Size of project effect (2) Recognition by the Indonesian side of the importance of railway reinforcement (3) Large cooperation by the Japanese side (Funds, technical cooperation services) (4) Recommendation from the other sides. 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)	
12. EXPENDITURE Total 342,883 (¥'000) Contracted 335,000	Paper. 2) Two counterparts received JICA training, and also		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESE	ENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Surabaya and its and Jombang	surrounding area (GERBANGKERTOSUSILA)	STATUS	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued
Long-Term and Medium- Telecommunications No Surrounding Areas	-Term Plan for etwork in Surabaya and	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost		
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 854,000 2)		proposed plan is scheduled to be implemented to be targets at the end of Repelita V.
Communications & Broa	adcasting/	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S)			
4. REFERENCE NO.		Long-term plan (2004 -Surabaya Multi-Exch			
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	1) Expansion of Sura 2) Provision of Tele	abaya multi-exchange area ephone Exchange capacity up to 408000		
6. COUNTERPART AGENC	Y		hone Density: 8.0/100) Route Diversity Configuration for		
Directorate General, Posts and Telecommuni	cations	Junction Network			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		-Surrounding Area 1) Improvement of Te	elephone Density in Kabupaten capitals up		
The long-term and medium-term plan for telecommunications network in Surabaya and surrounding areas		to 8.0/100 inhabitants 2) Provision of Automatic Telephone Service to all villages (DESA).			
				.	
B. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1, 1988	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	,	
9.CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunicat Ltd.	ion Consulting Co.,	supply difference be difference as of the will be kept up to difference.	rategy applied in this Study is based on the etween Jakarta and Surabaya. The supply e end of Repelita V in telephone density the year 2004 to stop a magnification of the		
10. STUDY TEAM		The implementation of to give a variety of	of the proposed master plan is anticipated f impacts on socioeconomy of the study area,		
No. of Members 7		especially on the for- Regional Developmen	ollowing aspects:	2. MAJOR RE	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	988 - Dec.1990 (13 months)	-Rural areas		To fulfill	the target at the end of Repelita V (1994).
Japan 20	.53 .34 .18				
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUD					
None.	<u>.</u>			_	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 1) OUT was conducted for the counterparts during the field survey.	3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
1 TVDENISERIAE		2) Technology transfer was	conducted through local consultants employed, in Japan accepting counterparts as trainees of Colombo	(1)	
2. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	202,367 (¥'000) 185,234	Plan during home study	period of the Study Team.		

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I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	Surabaya and its surrounding area (GERBANGKERTOSUSILA) and Jombang	STATUS Completed
Long-Term and Medium-Term Plan for Telecommunication Networks in Surabaya and Surrounding Areas	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR	1) 27,560 3,440 24,120 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
Communications & Broadcasting/ Telecommunication	3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1. Junction network in Surabaya multi-exchange area should be	A part of proposed project, described below, is scheduled to be implemented in order to achieve the targets at the end of Repelita V (1994).
4. REFERENCE NO.	expanded urgently in consequence of the itengraton of Gresik and other cities into the multi-exchange area, and to cope	-Some sections of junction network in Surabaya multi-exchange area.
5. TYPE OF STUDY (M/P) +F/S	with the demand increase in the multi-exchange area.	-Some sections of trunk network.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	2. Trunk network connecting SC (Surabaya), PC and LE in the objective area should be digitalized coordinated with	Preparation of request to assistance by Government of Japan is processed to implement the other parts of the project
Directorate General Posts and Telecommunications	telephone exchange digitalization program, aiming at the completion of IDN (Integrated Digital Network) toward future ISDN introduction.	described above.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	3. Rural area network should be constructed to expand the telephone service up to all the Kecamatan capitals to	
The long-term and medium-term plan for telecommunications network in Surabaya and	realize a medium-term development target established in the master plan.	
surrounding areas	Implementation Period: 1992 - 1994	
8. DATE OF S/W Jun. 1, 1988	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR FIS ASSUMPTIONS 14.85% 14.05%	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	Feasibility: 14.85% 14.05%	
Nippon Telecommunication Consulting Co., Ltd.		
	Conditions and Development Impacts: 1. The project proposed in this Study is formulated based on the completion of on-going projects on the basis of the	
10. STUDY TEAM	scope of work "TELECOM III".	
No. of Members 7 Period Sep.1988 - Dec.1990 (13 months)	2. The project should be implemented coordinated with telephone exchange digitalization program in the objective area.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 60.53 Iapan 20.34 Rield 40.18	 3. The implementation of proposed project is anticipated to give a variety of impacts on socioeconomy of the objective area, especially following aspects: -Regional development -Urban and industrial areas 	Urgent implementation is required to achieve the targets of the end of Repelita V (1994).
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	-Rural areas.	
None.		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total 202, 367 (¥'000) Contracted 185, 234	1) O/F was conducted for the counterparts during the field survey. 2) Technology transfer was conducted through local consultants employed. 3) Training was conducted in Japan accepting 2 counterpart as trainees during hone study pariod of the Study Team. 4) Contents of DR/R was presented by counterparts trained in Japan.	•

ASE IDN/A 201A /90	E OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Silau-Bunut Area in North Sumatra Province	STATUS Delayed
Lower Asahan River Bas	sin Development	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)	Followed by F/S
Agriculture/ General	· ·	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Among study area of 178,700 ha, the following ten projects are formulated: (i) Silau-Bunut rehabilitation irrigation project (14,300ha)	·
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	((i) Padang Mahondang irrigation extension project (6,200ha) (iii) Kanopan left bank drainage improvement project (4,300ha)	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(iv) Small-scale irrigation package project (7,200ha) (v) Aek Natas irrigation project (4,200ha)	
Directorate General of Development	Water Resources	(vi) Aek Naetek irrigation project (3,500ha) (vii) Kualuh right bank irrigation project (2,400ha) (viii) Tambun Tulang swamp development project (5,800ha)	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		(ix) Simpang Empat swamp development project (2,800ha) (x) Leldong-Asahan swamp development project (45,600ha)	
Formulation of agricul master plan in line wi projects	tural development th the flood control		
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Nikken Consultants Co. Yachiyo Engineering Co.		The target for increase of rice production in the study area is proposed to be 10% of the provincial target of paddy production increase (1.2 million tons). Taking into account the present investment policy, the Silau-Bunut project with the highest priority and the Padong-Mahondang with the second priority will be completed by 2005.	
No. of Members 18			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 56. Japan 20. Field 35. 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR	63 56		
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	J		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER -Lecture on how to use the database of non-granary irrigated	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total	255,621 (¥'000)	area: one-week, 31 participants.	(1)
Contracted	171,668	<u> </u>	

和名 アサハン河下流域開発計画

{M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other}