

				TABLE OF RESTOR	ATIO	N N	1EA:	SURI	E A	PPL	IED	ТО	EΑ	СН	SP()	N L	E Y	mend puni bes loss	an a			krasa zamikoerek		and development of the man	DRAW!	ING N
ř				SPOT NUMBER	4	6	13	16	19	21	23	S 6	38	39	45	47	50	65	68	76	78	80	81	82	84	87	90
	TYPE RESTO	OF PRATION MEASURE		TYPE OF DISASTER	W-181	W-18T	CLV-D	LL.	Q-MdS	FALL	FM-Rd	FM-Rd	TBr-A		4	7s-	7S-	ALL	lL.	PBr-A	LL.	L.	CLV-D	LL.	LL. 1	, LL 1	SPW-D
	*********		U1-1	Removal of Deposit Materials	ļ	<u> </u>	O	0	S	u. O	u_	U.	-	0	ய	0	0	0	0	α.	0	0	O	[L]	0	0	6
				Removal of Unstable Materials						0								0	0							1	+
	Ul	C. GITTI WOLK		Refilling / Embankment	0	0	0			-			0		0									1			
				Selected Material Fill					0																		0
-	U2			Temporary Side Ditch							0				0	0				 		 		0	1	-	\ <u>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</u>
	11-3			Sheet Covering			0											<u> </u>		1			0	†- <u>-</u> -	 		
	U3	Slope Protection		Sand Bag Covering			0						0	0	0												1
Ì				Sand Bag Wall			-					0								<u> </u>		+	0				
	U4	 		Gabion Wall					0					71										+			0
			U 4-3	Wooden Fence			0								0									0	1 7 .		
			U 6-2	H-Pile Bent	0	0																					
	U6	Bridge	U6-3	Bailey Bridge	0	0														0							
	U7	Pavement Work	U7-1	Gravel Surfacing	0	0					0																
	P1	Earthwork	P 1-1	Recutting						0						0		0	0						0		
	' '		P 1-3	Refilling / Embankment								0		0	0	0							0			0	
			P2-1	Slope Ditch			0																	10			
			P2-2	Side Ditch						0	0				0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	ļ
	P2	Surface Drainage	P2-3	Water Channel							0				× 111												
		# 1	P2-4	Culvert			0				0													0		1	-
			P2-5	Catch Basin			0				0												0	0			
	Р3	Sub-Surface Drainage	P3-2	Horizontal Drain Hole	1							i.				0	0										
l			P4-2	Hand Seeding with Mat											0	0	1.7						0		0	0	
	P4	Slope Protection by Vegetation	P4-6	Pick Hole Seeding															0	ļ		0	-	<u> </u>		1	
			P4-8	Wattling												:					0						-
ŀ			P6-2	Grouted Riprap			0			0		0	0					0	0	0			0	-	0	0	
	P6	Retaining Wall	P6-6	Supported Type Concrete Wall	1				0				-						-					1			
-	P8	Catch Work	P8-2	Catch Gabion Wall				0													0		<u> </u>		ļ	<u></u>	
-	P14		P14-2	Gabion Consolidation																<u> </u>							
ŀ	P15		P15-1	Concrete Bridge							<u> </u>			0						0							
}			P16-2	Gabion Foot Protection									0		0	0	0			<u></u>			1	-			
	P16	Foot Protection	P16-3	Grouted Riprap Apron			0						 		-			1		 		-	0	-	<u> </u>		-
ł			P19-1	Gravel Surfacing								0		0		<u> </u>	ļ			 		-	<u> </u>	+			+_
.	P19	Pavement Work	ב-פום	Concrete Pavement					0													<u> </u>					C

DESCRIPTION AND DESIGN OF RESTORATION MEASURES FOR EACH DISASTER SPOT (LEYTE)

SPOT No. : L-4(1/2)

NAME OF ROAD

: BARUGO - BABATNGON ROAD ROAD CLASSIFICATION: NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

TYPE OF DISASTER : TEMPORARY BRIDGE WASHOUT

DRAWING NO. 125

Leyte Spot No. 4 (L-4)

1) General Situation

- Disaster Classification: TBr-W
- Road Name: Barugo Babatngon Road
- Location : 4+100 from Barugo Proper
- Road Class/Office Concerned: National Secondary Road/Leyte 1st Engineering District
- Municipalities connected: Barugo and Babatngon
- Road Width: 10.0
- Pavement Type: Gravel
- Surface Condition: Bad
- Availability of Detour: None

2) Damage Identified

- Type of Disaster: Washed out of superstructure/scouring on abutments
- Magnitude of Damage: 160.0 meters
- Date Noticed: 1988
- Degree/Period of Traffic Interruption: High
- Description of Disaster:

The Cabarasan timber bridge has a total length of 160.0m, composing of 26 spans and a 1-lane bridge with 4.0m width.

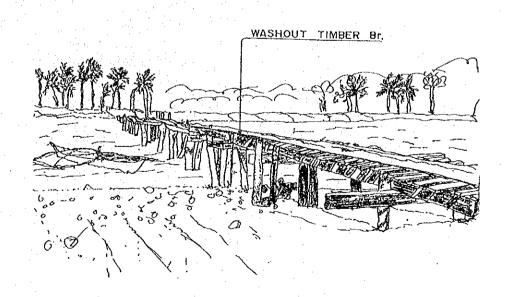
The timber bridge was washed out last 1988 during typhoon "Undang". Since that time the bridge was not passable to traffic and temporary foot bridge was made available to crossing pedestrians.

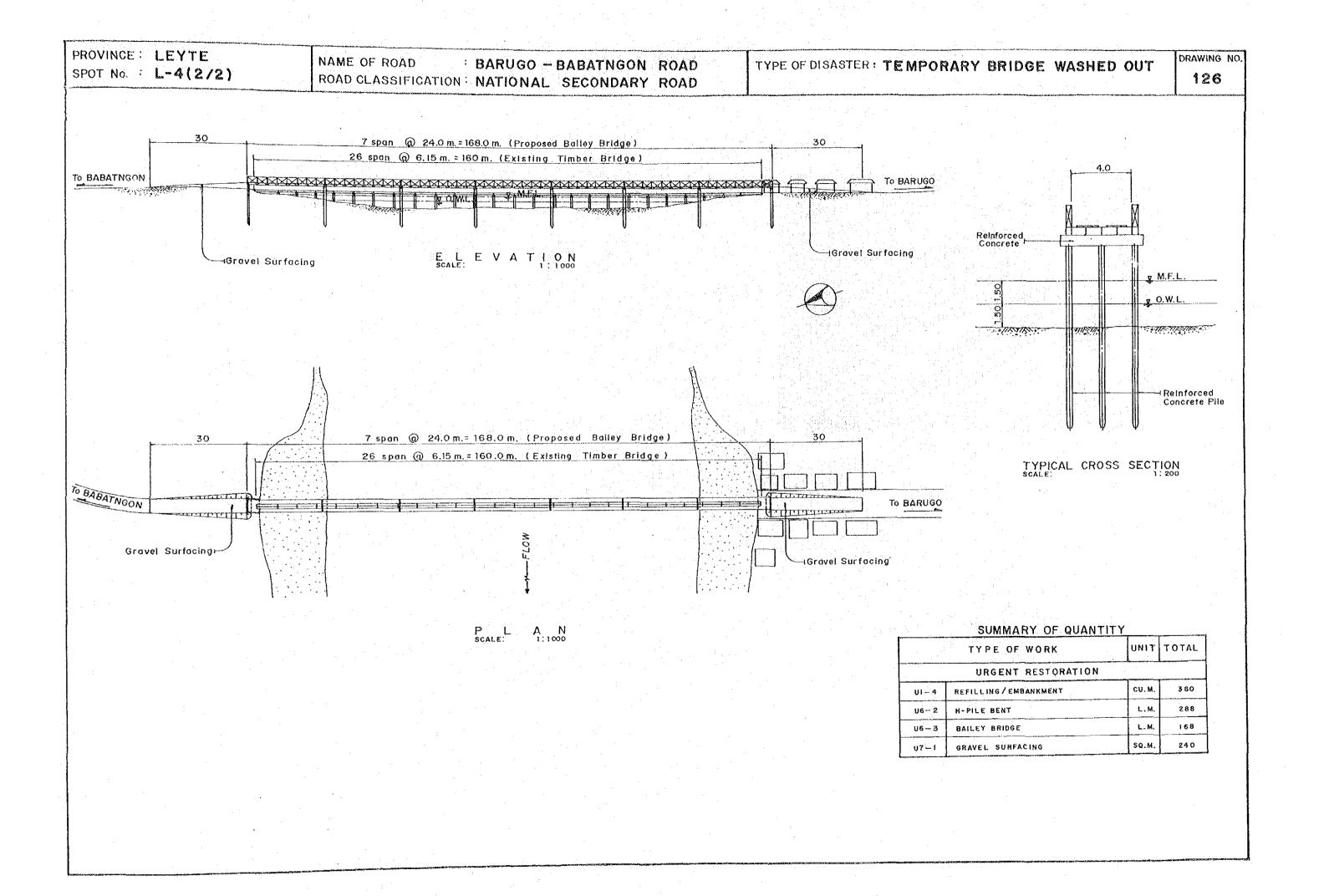
No logs nor debris were coming or flowed from upstream that may cause damaged to the bridge.

3) Causes of Damage

- Tidal waves that hit the bridge last 1988 by typhoon "Undang" caused the superstructure to be washed out.







SPOT No. : L-6(1/2)

NAME OF ROAD

SAN MIGUEL - STA CRUZ ROAD

ROAD CLASSIFICATION: PROVINCIAL ROAD

TYPE OF DISASTER : TEMPORARY BRIDGE APPROACH WASHOUT

DRAWING NO.

Leyte Spot No. 6 (L-6)

1) General Situation

- Disaster Classification: TBr-W

- Road Name: San Miguel - Sta. Cruz Road

- Location: 13+100 from San Miguel Proper

- Road Class/Office Concerned: Provincial Road/Provincial Engineer's Office

- Municipalities/Barangays connected: Brgy. Sta. Cruz, San Miguel and Babatagon

- Road Width: 4.0m

- Pavement Type: Earth

- Surface Condition: Bad

- Availability of Detour: None

2) Damage Identified

- Type of Disaster: Timber bridge washout

- Magnitude of Damage: 54.0 total length of bridge washout

- Date Noticed: 1986

- Degree/Period of Traffic Interruption: High

- Description of Disaster:

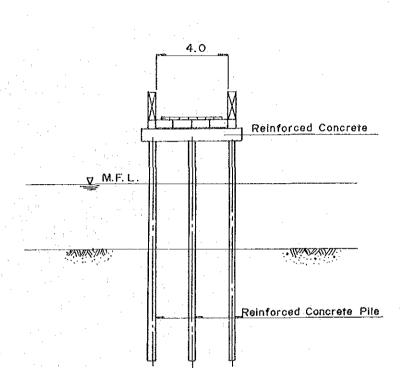
The Bagacay timber bridge has a total length of 54.0m, composing of 9 spans, and a 1-lane bridge with 4.0m width. This bridge was washed out last 1986 and since then it was not passable to vehicles. Temporary foot bridge was made available for pedestrians.

3) Causes of Damage

Insufficient free board and too short span length between piers caused accumulation of logs and debris flowed from upstream.







DRAWING NO.

128

TYPICAL CROSS SECTION SCALE

SUMMARY OF QUANTITY

	TYPE OF WORK	UNIT	TOTA
· -	URGENT. RESTORATION		
ij1−4 _.	REFILLING / EMBANKMENT	cn'ii	360
U6-2	H-PILE BENT	L'aN.	108
u63	BAILEY BRIDGE	L.M.	60
U7 I	GRAVEL SURFACING	SQ.M.	240

SPOT No. : L-13(1/2)

NAME OF ROAD

MATAG-OB - PALOMPON ROAD ROAD CLASSIFICATION: NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD TYPE OF DISASTER : CULVERT DAMAGE

DRAWING NO.

129

Leyte Spot No. 13 (L-13)

1) General Situation

- Disaster Classification: CLV-D

- Road Name: Matag-ob - Palompon Road

- Location: 8+800 from Matag-ob Proper

- Road Class/Office Concerned: National Secondary Road/Leyte 2nd Engineering District

- Municipalities connected: Matag-ob and Palompon
- Road Width: 9.0m
- Pavement Type: Gravel
- Surface Condition: Fair
- Availability of Detour: None

2) Damage Identified

- Type of Disaster: Culvert damaged
- Magnitude of Damage: Inlet and outlet facilities of 0.610m
- Date Noticed: 1988
- Degree/Period of Traffic Interruption: Low
- Description of Disaster:

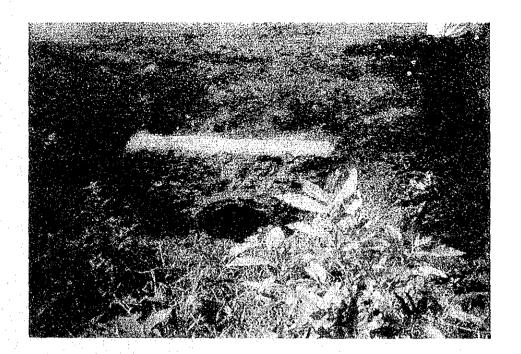
This culvert damaged is located on a sharp curve at a radius of about 57.0m. Inlet portion was partially clogged.

During heavy rain, water that comes from high elevation cannot be accommodated to the existing drainage pipe of 0.610m Ø. Also, absence of side ditches and damaged inlet facilities caused water to flow on the roadway and runs directly on embankment slope that causes heavy scouring. No outlet facility is provided.

Vertical alignment is almost flat.

3) Causes of Damage

- Insufficient capacity of culvert, thus causing water to overflow on road surface and damaging embankment slope.
- No outlet drainage facilities, thus water runs directly on a slope, causing deep scouring.





PROVINCE: LEYTE DRAWING NO. NAME OF ROAD TYPE OF DISASTER : CULVERT DAMAGE MATAG-OB - PALOMPON ROAD SPOT No. : L-13(2/2) ROAD CLASSIFICATION: NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD 130 2.0 2.0 10 m. Length -0.60 m. Ø RCPC (Additional) Slope Ditch 10 m. Length Vertical Drainage Grouted Riptap (Class C) 0.90 x 0.90 x 1.80 m. Catch Basin Refilling 0.90 x 0.90 x 1.80 m. Catch Basin-CROSS SECTION Grouted Riprop Apron Grouted – Riprap (Class C) THE THE 100 300 100 SUMMARY OF QUANTITY UNIT TOTAL TYPE OF WORK Sand Bag-PERMANENT RESTORATION SLOPE DITCH 10. P2 ~1 -Sand Bag Covering L.M. 1.2 R.C.P.C 0.6 m. Ø E.A. P2 - 5 CATCH BASIN 0.60 m.Ø RCPC Sheet Covering (Existing) P6-2 GROUTED RIPRAP CU. M CROSS SECTION OF VERTICAL DRAINAGE SCALE: 1:20 Wooden Fence GROUTED RIPRAP APRON CU. M. F16-3 Refilling URGENT RESTORATION 120 CU. M. REFILLING / EMBANKMENT UI - 4. 72 SQ.M. SHEET COVERING U3-1 CROSS SECTION FOR URGENT RESTORATION SCALE: 72 Ų3-2 SAND BAG COVERING SQ.M

L.M

WOODEN FENCE

U4-3

12

SPOT No. : L-16(1/2)

NAME OF ROAD

LAKE DANAO CIRCUMFERENTIAL ROAD ROAD CLASSIFICATION NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

TYPE OF DISASTER : CUT SLOPE FAILURE

DRAWING NO.

131

Leyte Spot No. 16 (L-16)

1) General Situation

- Disaster Classification: C-F

- Road Name: Lake Danao Circumferential Road

- Location : 4+300 from Jct. Kabingtan

- Road Class/Office Concerned: National Secondary Road/Ormoc City Engineering Office

- Municipalities/Barangays connected:
- Road Width: 7.0m
- Pavement Type: Gravel
- Surface Condition: Fair
- Availability of Detour: None

2) Damage Identified

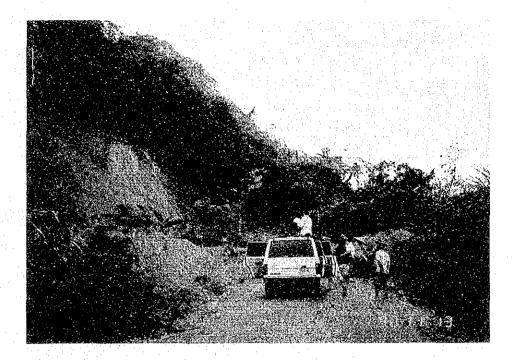
- Type of Disaster: Cut slope failure
- Magnitude of Damage: 60 meters in length; 24.0m in height
- Date Noticed: Nov. 12, 1990 (typhoon "Ruping")
- Degree/Period of Traffic Interruption: Low
- Description of Disaster:

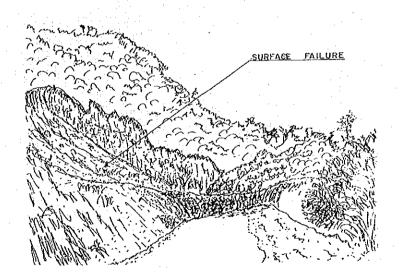
Damaged section is about 60.0m in length and 24.0m in height. Mountain slope is about 340 angle from the roadway.

Right after the typhoon, debris materials were on the roadway that block the flow of traffic. At present, debris materials were just on the roadside with no effect to passing vehicles.

3) Causes of Damage

- Unstable slope gradient.
- Weathered rocks slide due to rainfall.





PROVINCE: LEYTE NAME OF ROAD : LAKE DANAO CIRCUMFERENTIAL ROAD TYPE OF DISASTER : CUT SLOPE FAILURE DRAWING NO. SPOT No. : L-16(2/2) ROAD CLASSIFICATION: NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD 132 Catch Gabion Wall CROSS SECTION SUMMARY OF QUANTITY TYPE OF WORK UNIT TOTAL PERMANENT RESTORATION CATCH GABION WALL CU. M. 192 P8-2 URGENT RESTORATION REMOVAL OF DEPOSIT MATERIALS URGENT RESTORATION: • Removal of deposit materials

SPOT No. : L-19(1/2)

NAME OF ROAD

JCT. MILAGROS-TONGONAN-KANANGA RD TYPE OF DISASTER : SPILLWAY DAMAGE ROAD CLASSIFICATION: NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

DRAWING NO. 133

Leyte Spot No. 19 (L-19)

1) General Situation

- Disaster Classification: SPW-D
- Road Name: Jct. Milagros Tungonan Kananga Road
- Location: 6+900 from Jct. Milagros
- Road Class/Office Concerned: National Secondary Road/Leyte 2nd Engineering District
- Municipalities/Barangays connected:

Bgy. Milagros and Tungonan of Ormoc City and Bgy. Lim-ao to Kananga Proper.

- Road Width: 7.0m
- Pavement Type: Gravel
- Surface Condition: Bad
- Availability of Detour: None

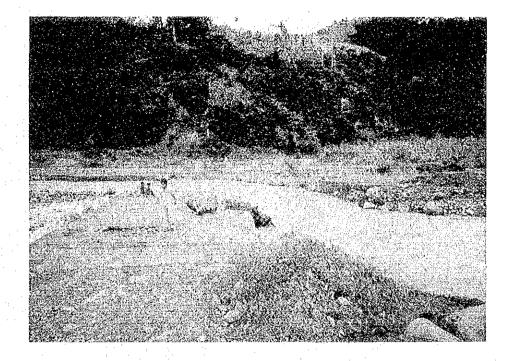
2) Damage Identified

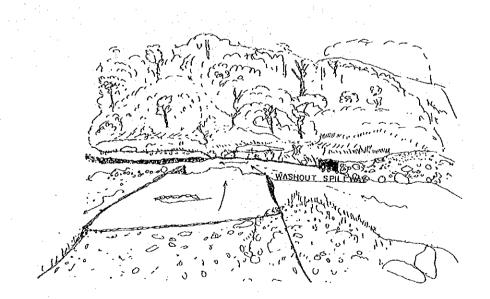
- Type of Disaster: Spillway Damaged
- Magnitude of Damage: 56.0m in length
- Date Noticed: 1988
- Degree/Period of Traffic Interruption: High
- Description of Disaster:

The spillway 56.0m in length and 6.5m width was damaged last 1988. Approach of the spillway is about 12.0m in length was washed out.

3) Causes of Damage

- Debris and logs flowed from upstream by flood water usually damaged the structure.



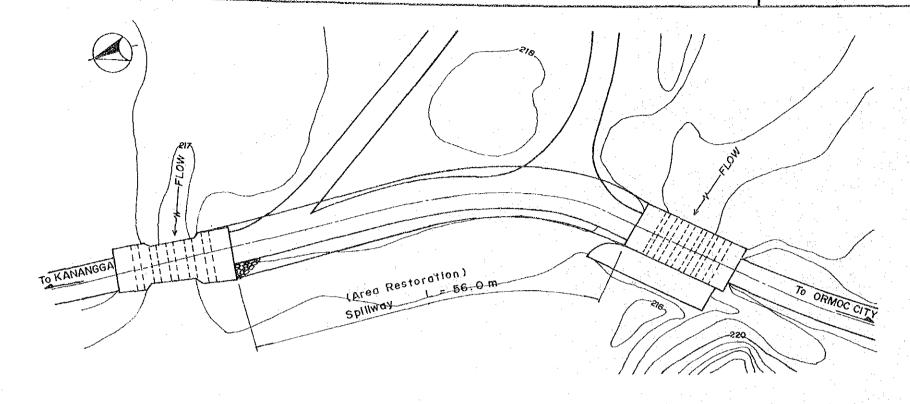


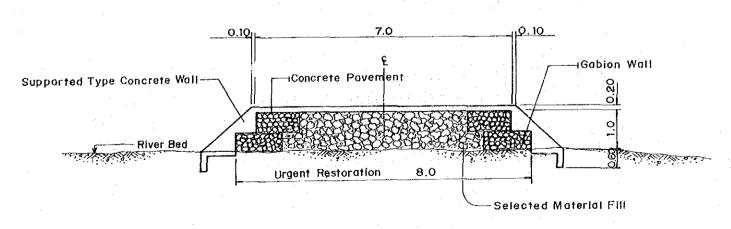
SPOT No. : L-19 (2/2)

NAME OF ROAD : Jet. MILAGROS-TONGONAN-KANANGA ROAD ROAD CLASSIFICATION: NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

TYPE OF DISASTER : SPILLWAY DAMAGE

DRAWING NO. 134





CROSS SECTION

NOTE: Urgent restoration - Gabion & inside boulders (Selected materials)

about 20-30 cm. Ø Permanent restoration - Cover Concrete

TYPE OF WORK PER MANENT RESTORATI	UNIT	TOTAL
	ON	
UDBORTED TYPE CONCRETE MALL	1	
SUPPORTED TYPE CONCRETE WALL	CU. M.	100
CONGRETE PAVEMENT	CU. M.	90
URGENT RESTORATION		
SELECTED MATERIAL FILL	CU.M.	286
GABION WALL	CU. M.	134
	URGENT RESTORATION BELECTED MATERIAL FILL GABION WALL	URGENT RESTORATION SELECTED MATERIAL FILL CU.M.

SPOT No. : L-21(1/2)

NAME OF ROAD

: GIMORCA - CALUBIAN ROAD

ROAD CLASSIFICATION: NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

TYPE OF DISASTER : ROCK FALL/DEBRIS FALL

DRAWING NO.

135

Leyte Spot No. 21 (L-21)

1) General Situation

- Disaster Classification: Fall
- Road Name: Gimorca Calubian Road
- Location: 10+300 km. from Leyte 2nd-Biliran Bdry.
- Road Class/Office Concerned: National Secondary Road/Leyte 2nd
 Engineering District
- Municipalities/Barangays connected: Bgy. Guimorca, Bgy. Toktok,
 Bgy. Burabod & Calubian

Proper

- Road Width: 8.0m
- Pavement Type: Gravel
- Surface Condition: Bad
- Availability of Detour: None

2) Damage Identified

- Type of Disaster: Falling rocks
- Magnitude of Damage: 35m in length; 15.0 m in height
- Date Noticed: Nov. 12, 1990
- Degree/Period of Traffic Interruption: Low
- Description of Disaster:

The spot was located at a very steep slope almost at 90^0 angle and at about 15.0m high and 35.0m in length. The rock fall is expected due to its overhang situation.

The spot is located at a sharp curve with a radius of 38.0 m.

3) Causes of Damage

- Rocks with highly weathered and developed cracks/joints.



