II. SUMMARY TABLES (167 STUDIES)

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Bangladesh	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Project area: 24km east from Dacca covering a gross area of 59,600ha	STATUS Completed
Narayanganj-Narsingdi	Irrigation Project		O Implementing Delayed or Suspended
		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 60,700 29,600 31,100 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR		3)	
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	1.Completion of Demonstration Unit Demonstration Unit of N-N Irrigation Project was
4. REFERENCE NO.		1.Flood Protection Embankment New Dike 35.0 km	executed on the south covering approx.1,300ha in this project area by Japanese Grant Aid in 1981
		Additional Embankment 24.1 km	and completed on Mar.1984.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	2.NO.1 Pumping Station Area (13,100ha) Pumping Station diameter 1,650 mm X 6 NOS.	1981.10.20 Grant; E/N 840 million yen 1988.1.11 E/N 105 million yen
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Irrigation Canal 168.7 km	1988,9.7 E/N 536 million yen
Bangladesh Water Devel	opment Board(BWDB)	Drainage Canal 10.0 km 3.NO.2 Pumping Station Area (13,400ha)	1989.2.12 E/N 76 million yen (D/D)
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Pumping Station diameter 1,650 mm X 6 NOS. Irrigation Canal 186.8 km	Consultant: Chuo Kaihatsu Corporation 2.Execution of Block A-1
	blusish bha	Drainage Canal 13.7 km	Construction of N-N Irrigation Project was executed on Block A-1 in this Project Area on
Rice product increase improvement of irrigat		Sep.1987 by Japanese Grant Aid and is to	
flood control		Implementation Period: fill after 14 years	Mar.1992. Consultant: Japan Engineering Consultants Co.,Ltd.
8. DATE OF S/W	March 1977	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 14.9% 20.2%	
Japan Engineering Cons	ultants Co.,Ltd.	Feasibility: Yes	·
		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
·	·	Conditions: Benefit by the increase of net agricultural products	
10, STUDY TEAM		Development Impacts:	
No. of Members 10		Increase of agricultural products and employment opportunity	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.197	7 - Jul.1978 (12 months)		
Total M/M 59. Japan 34.			
Field 24.			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
	· .		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		OJT	(1)
Total	119,305 (¥000)		
Contracted	109,935		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Bangladesh	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Whole area: 72,270 ha in northwest of Rajshahi City	STATUS Completed
North Rajshahi Irrigat	ion Project	Irrigable area: 51,200 ha out of the whole area	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended
		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 151,000 79,800 71,200 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR		3)	
Agriculture/ General	•	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	Although the official request for loan project in 9,000 ha area of Paba District is planned to be submitted by the
4. REFERENCE NO.	<u> </u>	<u>Type of Pump</u> Intake Diameter Unit Pumping Motor Main Branch	Government of Bangladesh in 1990, it is now suspended due to the resignation of the President.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Capacity Capacity Output Canal Canal (m3/sec) (mm) (m3/sec) (Kw/Unit) (Km) (Km)	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
Bangladesh Water Devel	opmont Board (RUDR)	Barindo 44.24 49 445 district	
bangladesh water bever	Opment board (babb)	Vertical 1,650 4 6.65 2,390 Mixed 1,350 4 4.00 1,460	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Paba 9.44 14 82	
		Vertical 1,350 1 4.12 720	
		Mixed 1,000 2 2.07 370 Implementation Period: Jul.1987 - Jun.1988	
		Implementation Period: Jul. 1987 - Jun. 1988	
	T		
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S)	Feb.1987	4 FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 18.4% 13.6%	
Sanyu Consuntants Inc.	j	Feasibility: Yes	
(Taiyo Consultants Co.		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		The project will increase the rice production in the whole	
10. STUDY TEAM		project areas from 58,000 ton/year to 303,000 ton/year, which is about 4.9 times as much as the present situation. This is	
No. of Members 12		caused by all-year-round irrigation and improvement of farming technology.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.198	37 - Jun.1988 (11 months)	Apart from this, wheats, vegetables and sugar cames will be improved in their production amount. These production increase	
Total M/M 74.7 Japan 32.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	results in the improvement of typical farmers' (farming scale,	
Japan 32.1 Field 42.5		1.7 ha) income from 21,000 Tak/year of without-project case to 58,000 Tak/year of with-project case, which is about 2.76	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR		times.	
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	J		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		The technical transfer was given in the joint field survey	(1)
Total Contracted	222,323 (¥'000) 211,428	with counterpart staffs and two of them were invited to the seminar in Japan.	

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I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Bangladesh	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Homna Sub-district and Daudkandi Sub-district	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Model Rural Developmen and Daudkandi Upazila	t Project for Homna Comilla District	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 121,000	The basic design study is on-going in reply to a grant aid request from the Government of Bangladesh to the Government
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	of Japan, which has been made based on this Master Plan Study carried out in 1988 and 1989.
4. REFERENCE NO.		The following projects were selected in the two object districts:	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	Daudkandi Homna 1.Fresh water fishery 330 sites 170 sites	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(Rehabilitation of ponds) 2.Rehabilitation of 125.4 km 17.6 km	
LGEB BRDB		existing canals 3.Construction of 47.9 km 30.8 km	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Rural roads 4.Bridges 20 sites 15 sites	
To formulate a master rural development for	plan on the model Comilla District	5.Communication Center Building 31 places 16 places cum Home Industry Center	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Taiyo Consultants Co.,	Ltd.	By the completion of the proposed projects aiming at increasing production of agriculture, fresh water fishery, rural and home industry, etc., it is possible to create large opportunity of	
		employment and gross income for low income villagers in the object rural areas.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 10 Period Oct 198	38 - Sep.1989 (12 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 46.2 Japan 21.3 Field 24.8	33		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE			(1)
Total Contracted	146,581 (¥'000) 136,092		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Bhutan	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Lhuntsi and Mongar Districts(Area: 560,000ha, Population-thuntsi District: 42,100, Mongar District: 77,200)	STATUS Completed
Luntch-Mongar Integrate Development Project	ed Agricultural	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		8,586 2,336 6,250	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2)	
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Following two development projects are selected as model	Bhutan government may request grant aid for the projects
4. REFERENCE NO.		development:	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Site Area Development Plan	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Tangmachhu 478 Irrigation and Drainage facilities, Feeder (ha) Road Construction, Agro-Industry	
Ministry of Agricultur	e and Forestry	development, etc. Masangdaza 123 Irrigation and Drainage facilities, Feeder (ha) Road Construction, Agro-mechanization, etc.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
To formulate an Integrated Agricultural Development plan for the object area and to assess its technical soundness and economic viability.		Implementation Period: Jul.1989 - Mar.1992	
8. DATE OF S/W	July 1986	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		FTS ASSUMPTIONS 1)4.6% * 2)3.8% *	
Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Nippon Giken Inc.		reasibility: Yes	
All poor of the control of the contr		Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition:	
10. STUDY TEAM		Only benefit from irrigation development is calculated, and benefit from feeder road development is not calculated	
No. of Members 7		Impacts:	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
1	7 - Nov.1988 (12 months)	Activation of regional economy Expenses Saving and export earning	Z. IM SOLVE TOKET CONTROL OF THE CON
Total M/M 42.		3) Spreading effects to other areas 4) Effective utilization of available labour force	
Japan 10. Field 32.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5) Strengthening of farmer's organization	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		*EIRR 1) is for Tangmachhu and 2) is for Masangaaza.	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE			(1)
Total Contracted	137,882 (¥000) 131,476		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	China	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting		
2. NAME OF STUDY		East region of Hei Long Jiang Province, Central part of Quan San Jiang Plain (arable land area 400million ha), Hodel District of Bao Qing Xian	STATUS Completed		
Sanko Heigen Ryutokyo M Agricultural Developmen		2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=2.5Yuan in 1983 Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled		
3. SECTOR		1) 320,000 220,000 100,000 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)		
Agriculture/ General		3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	Details are not clear. As far as we know through dispatched experts who joined "Sanko Heigen Integrated Agricultural		
		Irrigation Area : 46,170 ha Filldam : Crest 1,478,000 cu.m	Laboratory Plan* successively conducted after this F/S, Chinese expert on irrigation who attended international		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Diversion Weir: 2 places (Wang Jin Shan 75m, Tou Dao Crest 45m)	conferences such as ICID, and questions and answers during		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	River Improvement : 99 km Drainage Construction : 158.8 km	the visit of P/F mission of ADCA to China, 1.The contents of the plan have largely changed from		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Irrigation Construction: 172.3 km	emphasizing paddy which was requested by China to soybean		
Ministry of Agriculture and Fishery	e, Animal Husbandry	Road Construction: 137 km Farm Land Improvement: 46,170 ha	production as a commercial product. 2.River improvement construction started on a small scale by World Bank loan and China's own fund.		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			3.The government of Hei Long Jiang Province is eager to implement whole projects, however, Central Government is		
			prudent to balance with other provinces.		
		Implementation Period: design : 2 years, Construction : 10 years			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1981	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 11.64			
Agricultural Developmer Association	nt Consultants	Feasibility:			
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions:			
10. STUDY TEAM		The ratio of foreign cost of the projects, 31.5%, is summed up by opportunity mainly a part of machinery and material cost,			
No. of Members 68		and foreign cost of consultants. Development Impacts:	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
Period Aug.198	1 - Mar.1984 (32 months)	Farm products 55,822,700 Gen, Live-stock products 24,831,800 Gen, making a total amount of 80,654,500 Gen.	This has been given priority for food sufficiency and export		
Total M/M 276.9 Japan 123.8 Field 153.1	1	In addition, they contribute to regional development including removal of flood damage, stabilization of community life, etc.	expansion, however, it seems difficult to realize it because of lack of funds and complicated political situation in China.		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY					
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE Total	931,353 (¥'000)	1.Training in Japan 3 times, total 27 persons 2.Training during the study period several times	(1)		
Contracted	758,606				

I. OUTLINE O	F STUDY	II. SUMMA	ARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PI	RESENT STATUS OF	STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY C	China	1. SITE OR AREA	Approx	1. PRSENT	Completed or	Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	**************************************	Harbin and Jiamusi Province, Bao Qing	Cities in Hei Long Jiang	STATUS	in Progress Completed	. -
Basic Plan on the Sanjian Agricultural Experiment S	ng Plain Station	2. PROJECT COSTS	US\$1=2.5Yuan in 1984 Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost		O Implementing O Processing	Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled
2 SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2)	8,000 3,000 5,000	(Description)	
3. SECTOR Agriculture/ General		3)		After the	completion of (D/D) of ba	sio planning in w 1005
Aditonicate, Aemergi	.* 	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR Following research will	PROJECT(S) 1 be conducted to get basic technical	experts we	ere dispatched there as to be of field and setting up	echnical cooperation and
4. REFERENCE NO.		data for agricultural	development in San Jiang Plain	equipments	s were done.	
5. TYPE OF STUDY F	F/S	2.Research on farm land	and cultivation of cold-proof seeds d improvement in a cold area with low	Currently, on them.	, experiment and research	are in progress, based
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	the state of the s	humidity				
Committee on Science and Long Jiang Province	Technology, Hei					
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	<u></u>					
		Implementation Period:		1		
		amposition of Giod.				
	ug.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND ITS ASSUMPTIONS	EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility:	1			
Agricultural Development Consultants Association			**************************************			
		Conditions and Developmen Till recently Chinese	nt Impacts: way of research was inflexible because of			
10. STUDY TEAM		rigidity of coverage by	y each ministry, therefore there was no rigation and agricultural projects.			
No. of Members 9		That this kind of integ	grated experiment stations started for	2. MAJOR PI	EASONS FOR PRESENT STA	TUS
1	- Mar.1985 (7 months)	since it indicates per:	ment of San Jiang Plain is meaningful spective of Chinese experiment station.		TO COLOR ON A MADERIA OFF	
Total M/M 16.00		This is also indispense development in San Jian	able to implement agricultural ng Plain smoothly.			
Japen 6.81 Field 9.19						
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR	,	1				
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY						
			医纤维性多类性 医皮肤 海绵			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFI	3R	3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMAT	NOI
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	54,179 (¥'000) 46,378	Committee on Science and Techno	iment statious by establishing a new organization under ideal of Hei Long Jiang Province Technical Transfer is between irrigation research institute and integrated	(1)		
Contracted	40,310	The same of the cape		L		CWART TO SERVICE THE SERVICE T

ASO CHN 201A /88

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	China	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Rosei village in East Rosei Go of Min district of Kanshuku Region (Population 28,000, Area 81,800ha, Latitude 34'25" N and longitude 104'40"E	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Lujingxiang Model Stoc Gansu Province	k-farming Project in	2. COSTS OF US\$1-3.85Yuan in July 1988 PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 17,765 11,313 6,452	"Co-operative project to study production technology of beef cattle and feed"
Animal Husbandry/ Anim	al Husbandry	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	Period: Fiscal year 1990 to 1993 (4years) Japanese long term experts: 2 men Scope of co-operation and study
4. REFERENCE NO.		Grass Land Reclamation 7,343 ha, Road Improvement 154 km,	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	Machineries for maintenance of Pasture, Feed Mixing Processing Facilities 1 set	 Improvement of beef cattle breed and raising management.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY National Scientific Technolog Animal Husbandry of Kar		Water Resource Development 61 wells Electrification of Rural Area (Electric wire) 82.8 km	A. Examination to select improved bull (by examination of performance of meet production) B. Examination of cross ability C. Examination of management of beef cattle raising D. Examination of Yak fatting
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			 Improvement and management of grass land Examination to select suitable grass species Examination concerning the methodlogy of grass land reclamation Examination concerning cropping and management of grass land Examination concerning process and storage of harvest
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1987	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	b. Examination concerning process and storage of narvest
9. CONSULTANI(S) Japan Agricultural Lan		It is expected that the effects by this development plan will spread wide to surrounding areas, as it is identified typical area for livestock farming development in north-east part of China, considering that the Government of China attaches great importance to animal husbandry in the Seventh 5 year National	
10. STUDY TEAM		Development Plan. Moreover, it is expected that average income of rural	
No. of Members 11 Period Oct. 198	37 - Mar.1989 (18 months)	population will be increase and their life conditions will be improved, through the livestock farming development.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 69.0 Japan 29.0 Field 40.0	00		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER Co-operative work to make a report	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	155,358 (¥'000) 132,921	Co-operative work to make a report	(1)

March 1990 Compiled March 1991 Revised ASO CHN 201B /88 III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT I. OUTLINE OF STUDY II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS Completed or 1. SITE OR AREA 1. COUNTRY China Promoting 1. PRSENT in Progress 8 villages and 6th regional cattle breeding examination center of Hinsan 2. NAME OF STUDY **STATUS** Ompleted which surround east Rosei village of Min district of Kanshuku Region Delayed or Suspended O Implementing (Area 7.150 ha) Lulingxiang Model Stock-farming Project in US\$1=3.85Yuan in July, 1988 O Processing 2. PROJECT COSTS Gansu Province Discontinued or Cancelled Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 7,208 3,796 3,412 (Description) (US\$1,000) 2) 3. SECTOR 3) Unknown Animal Husbandry/ Animal Husbandry 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Grass Land Reclamation (Meadow 1,630 ha, Pasture 242 ha) Facilities and Machineries for Animal Husbandry, 4. REFERENCE NO. Road Improvement 47 km 5. TYPE OF STUDY (M/P)+F/SDrainage Canal 5.1 km Meet packing plant 1 set 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Examination Ranch Improvement National Scientific Technology Committee, Ministry of Animal Husbandry of Kansyuku Region 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY 1990 - 2000 Implementation Period: **EIRR** FIRR 8. DATE OF S/W 4. FEASIBILITY AND Jun.1987 ITS ASSUMPTIONS 12.9% 9.8 9. CONSULTANT(S) Feasibility: Yes Japan Agricultural Land Development Agency Conditions and Development Impacts: It is expected that a farmer's average annual income from farming operation and animal husbandry in Rosei Go area will 10. STUDY TEAM exceed 380 chinese yen (it means 2.7 times of that in 1986) , thanks to implementation of this project. 2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS No. of Members 11 Pariod Oct.1987 - Mar.1989 (18 months) Total M/M 69.00 Japan 29.00 Field 40.00 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 12. EXPENDITURE Co-operative work to make a report 155,358 (¥'000) Total Contracted 132,921

Compiled Revised March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY China	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY	Located on the northern Hubel province in the inland China or middle courses of the Yangtze River (The total land rea: 1,540 eq.km,	STATUS Completed
Irrigation Development Project in Nort Hubei	hern 2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=3.7Yuan as of 1987 Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR	1) 30,180 16,900 13,280 (US\$1,000) 2) 40,660 23,000 17,660	(Description)
Agriculture/ General	3)	After F/S, the Chinese Government picked up Shi Tai Si
	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Shi Tai Si Yin Dan	(石台寺) district for implementation under the grant aid scheme of the Japanese Government.
4. REFERENCE NO.	Irrigation area (ha) 14,053 140,000	The Japanese Government, in response, carried out B/D
5. TYPE OF STUDY F/S	Irrigation canal(km) 182.2 1,703.2	survey in May 1990 and forwarded the final report to China in November 1990.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	Transformer substation 5 2 (unit)	This project will be implemented in FY 1991 under the grant aid scheme.
Committee of Science and Technology	Note: cost 1) above is for Shi Tai Si and cost 2) is for Yin Dan.	Yin Dan (引升) district is implemented sparing the Chinese own funds.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	Implementation Period: 1989 - 1993	
8. DATE OF S/W Jan. 1987	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 1) * 13.73	
Taiyo Consultants Co.,Ltd. Japan Engineering Consultants Co.,Ltd.	reasionity:	
	Intensive farming system will be introduced by planting rice, cotton, sesame, maize, soybeen, etc. in summer and wheat and	
10. STUDY TEAM	rape in winter.	
No. of Members 12 Period Jul. 1987 - Jun. 1988 (12 m	The production of the crops will be stabilized through elimination of drought damages by utilizing irrigation water. Onths) The farmers' income will be increased.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 52.52 Japan 41.69 Field 10.83	*EIRR for 1) (Shi Tai Si) ranges from 7.55 to 10.31% and that for 2) (Yin Dan) ranges from 27.94 to 38.02%.	The Chinese Government recognizes that agricultural development is a key issue for economic development of China. Therefore, the Government decided to develop the granary of the Hubei Province with a top priority.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE 177,675 (¥'00 Contracted 154,282	(1) Joint works of Japan and China (China organized the survey	(1)

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I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	China	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Northern part of Hunan Province (right bank of Yangzi River middle basin)	STATUS Completed
Integrated Agricultura Development in Dong Time Province		2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=4.1Gen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 28,263 27,883 380	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2)	(IASCIPIOII)
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1) Model Block at Nan-da-ti area	Request for Yen Credit has not yet been made.
4. REFERENCE NO.		- Drainage facilities for Dike improvement work	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	- Electric-transmission for Xiang-nan Drainage Pump Station - New Pump Station at Nan-da District	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		- On-farm level Irrigation land in Huang Mao Zhou district	·
Hunan Science and Tech	nology Commission	<pre>2}Model Block at Shi-ji-hu-ti Area - Drainage facitilites and Horticultural facilities for technical Development</pre>	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		- Experimental Center - Pump station land and other auto-irrigation facilitites	
		- Tunnel house	
		Implementation Period:	
		impromount(off t Grou.	
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1988	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		TTS ASSUMPTIONS 1) 13 .6% * 2) 20 .1% *	
Sanyu Consultants Inc. Japan Engineering Cons	ultants Co., Ltd.	reasibility:	
		Conditions and Development Impacts: After construction/improvement of the following facilities, it	
10. STUDY TEAM		is expected that agricultural development in Dong-Ting-Lake Reclamation area and urban type vegetable production could	
No. of Members 14	1	become possible.	2 MAJOU DE ASONS EOD DESENT STATUS
	8 - Feb.1990 (18 months)	- Model Block in Nan-Da-Ti-area Improvement of Drainage Pump Station	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 53.	7	Improvement of Main Irrigation and Drainage System Improvement of on-farm Irrigation and Drainage Facilities	
Japan 19. Field 34.		(Improvement of Protection Dike) - Model Block in Shi-ji-hu-ti area	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR		Introduction of Horticultural Cultivation Facilities	
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		*EIRR 1) is for Nan-da-ti and 2) is for Shi-ji-hu-ti	
	(x,y) = (x,y)		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE			(1)
Total Contracted	194,042 (¥'000) 160,483		

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY	**************************************	Area with 5km wide and 60km long along the Solo river (population is 25 million centering on Surakarta city of Java island)	STATUS Completed
Wonogiri Irrigation and Improvement Project	d Upper Solo River	2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=415Rp. Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		1) 138,000 70,720 67,280 - (US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	State 1.Feasibility Study on Wonogiri Irrigation Project
		1.Irrigation Area : 23,200 ha	1) Executed Period: 1976
4. REFERENCE NO.		2.Wonogiri dam : Rockfill type, Effective storage capacity 440 million cu.m	2) Consultant : Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd/JEC 2.Detailed Design
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	3.Diversion Weir: 1 place	1) Finance: OECF(E/S) 1977.3.31 L/A 513 million Yen 2) Consultant: Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		4.Main/Secondary & Tertiary Canal : 93.8km/1009.2km 5.Length of the Improved section : 63.5km	3) Executed Period : 1977 - 1979
Ministry of Public Wor General of Water Resou		6.Water Power station : Turbine 2 units Max.output 70,200kw	3.Construction 1) Finance: OECF 1979.2.16 L/A 9.8 billion Yen 2) Consultant: Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	:		3) Executed Period : 1980 - 1986 (completion)
		Implementation Period: May . 1977 - Oct . 1983	
	·		·
8. DATE OF S/W		4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 12.1%	
Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.		Feasibility: Yes	
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition:	
10. STUDY TEAM		Irrigation benefit was estimated as the difference of agricultural net income between with-project and	
No. of Members 15	6 - Sep.1976 (9 months)	without-project conditions. Flood control benefit was estimated by the expected reduction	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
· ·	o - sebitato (a montus)	of flood damages resulting from the flood control work. Benefit from hydropower is estimated based on the cost of the	
Total M/M Japan		competitive alternative thermal or diesel system. Development Impacts:	
Field		Increase of crop production,	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		Increase of farmers' income, Reduction of flood damage, Increase of capacity to cope with the increasing power demand.	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE			
Total Contracted	164,778 (¥000)		

LOURTRY	I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
Riam Kanan Area of South Real Hanches Province	1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	
A REFIRENCE NO. 1. 1. 176, 176 1.0 1	2. NAME OF STUDY			
1	Riam Kanan Irrigation	Project		
USSI, 008 2 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5			Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SINCHOR ACTICULTURY General 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PRODECT(S) 1. Litigation area 137,000 models 1900 for 137,000 models 1900			1) 190,670 106,880 83,790 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
1.]		Drafact (stage-1) has been evenuted from Avenut 1006 with
2. Reclamation of now paddy: 5.150 has	Agriculture/ General			the OECF loan
5. TYPE OF STUDY 5. TYPE OF STUDY 6. COUNTEPPART AGENCY Ministry of Public Works, Directorate General of Wator Resources Development 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Implementation Period:	4. REFERENCE NO.		2. Reclamation of new paddy: 5,150 ha	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Ministry of Public Works, Directorate General of Mater Resources Development 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Implementation Period: Jan. 1980 - Oct. 1988		F/S		
Implementation Period: Jan. 1980 - Get. 1988	6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		5. Main drain : 53 km	
Implementation Period:				
Implementation Period: Jan. 1980 - Oct. 1988				
8. DATE OF SAW Mar. 1978 9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koel Co., Ltd. Asia hir Survey Co., Ltd. 10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18 Period Jul. 1978 - Mar. 1979 (9 months) Total MAM 73.43 Impa 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED ANDOR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Total Constitution Total 248,479 (\$7000) 4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 13.5% Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project conditions. Development Impacts: Increase of crop production Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (\$7000)				
8. DATE OF SAW Mar. 1978 9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koel Co., Ltd. Asia hir Survey Co., Ltd. 10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18 Period Jul. 1978 - Mar. 1979 (9 months) Total MAM 73.43 Impa 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED ANDOR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Total Constitution Total 248,479 (\$7000) 4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 13.5% Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project conditions. Development Impacts: Increase of crop production Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (\$7000)				
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd. Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd. Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition: The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project and without-project conditions. Period Jul. 1978 - Mar. 1979 (9 months) Total M/M 73.43 Japan 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Total 248,479 (¥000) ITS ASSUMPTIONS 13.58 Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions. The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project and without-project conditions. Development Impacts: Increase of crop production Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)			Implementation Period: Jan. 1980 - Oct. 1988	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd. Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd. Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition: The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project and without-project conditions. Period Jul. 1978 - Mar. 1979 (9 months) Total M/M 73.43 Japan 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Total 248,479 (¥000) ITS ASSUMPTIONS 13.58 Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions. The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project and without-project conditions. Development Impacts: Increase of crop production Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)				
Nippon Koel Co., Ltd. Nippon Koel Co., Ltd. Nippon Koel Co., Ltd. Strucy Co., Ltd. Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition: The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project conditions. No. of Members 18 Period Jul. 1978 - Mar. 1979 (9 months) Total M/M 73.43 Japan 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Field Saylog of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER Total 248, 479 (¥000) Total 248, 479 (¥000) Total 248, 479 (¥000)		Mar.1978	TEST A GOVEN CONTROLLER	
Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd. Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition: The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project conditions. Period Jul.1978 - Mar.1979 (9 months) Total M/M 73.43 Japan 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition: The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project conditions. Development Impacts: 2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS Increase of crop production Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥000)			13.30	
Condition: The direct benefit was evaluated as the difference of net income from the crop production between with-project and without-project conditions. Period Jul.1978 - Mar.1979 (9 months) Total M/M 73.43		d.	The state of the s	·
No. of Members 18 Period Jul. 1978 - Mar. 1979 (9 months) Total M/M 73.43 Japam 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥000)			Condition:	
No. of Members 18 Period Jul. 1978 - Mar. 1979 (9 months) Total M/M 73.43 Japan 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥000) Without-project conditions. Development Impacts: Increase of crop production Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)	10. STUDY TEAM	:		
Total M/M 73.43 Japen 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥'000)				2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 73,43 Japan 19.53 Field 53.90 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥'000) Increase of employment opportunity 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)	Period Jul.19	78 - Mar.1979 (9 months)	Increase of crop production	
Total 248,479 (¥'000) 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) (1) (1) (248,479 (¥'000) (1) (248,479 (¥'000) (1)				
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION 12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥'000) (1)				
5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION 12. EXPENDITURE (1)	11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥'000) (1)	SUBCUNIKACIEDSIUDY	1		
12. EXPENDITURE Total 248,479 (¥'000) (1)				a problem at course of the cou
Total 248,479 (¥'000)		<u> </u>	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
				(1)

ASE IDN 303/80

I. OUTLINE OF S	STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Indo 2. NAME OF STUDY Langkemme Irrigation Project	onesia	1. SITE OR AREA Langkemme Area of South Slawesi Province (Investigated Area 8,000ha,Population 89,000 as of 1979) 2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=625Rp. Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting STATUS Completed Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR Agriculture/ General 4. REFERENCE NO.		1) 21,700 11,700 10,000 (US\$1,000) 2) 3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Irrigation Area: 6,400 ha Diversion Weir: Tyrol type 20 places, concrete type 1 place Gabion type 2 places	(Description) 1.Detailed Design 1) Finance: OECF 1982.4.30 L/A (E/S) 320 million Yen 2) Consultant: Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. P.T. Buana Archicon 3) Period: Oct.1983 - Mar.1985 2.Construction (on-going)
5. TYPE OF STUDY F/S 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Ministry of Public Works, D: General of Water Resources I		Irrigation Canal ; Main Canal 30km Tunnel for Canal : 720 m	1) Finance: OECF 1985.12.27 L/A 6.95 billion Yen 2) Consultant: Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. P.T. Necon Ciptajasa 3) Period: Mar.1988 - Jul.1992 Currently under construction
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Implementation Period: Jul.1982 - Jul.1987	
8. DATE OF S/W Feb. 9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.	1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 14.7% Feasibility: Yes	
10. STUDY TEAM		Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition: Direct benefit was estimated as the difference of anual income from agricultural production between with-project and	
No. of Members 13 Period Jul. 1980 - Ma Total M/M 47.62 Japan 0.93 Field 46.69	r.1981 (8 months)	without-project conditions. Development Impacts: Increase of agricultural products Raise of farmer's living standard	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS Shortage of local currency portion.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	50,097 (¥'000) 41,743	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	(1)

Compiled

Revised

March 1990

March 1991

led March 1990 1 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress		
2. NAME OF STUDY		South-west part of South Sumatra Province and northern part of Lampung Province 50,600ha (Population 114,000)	STATUS Completed		
Komering-1 Irrigation D the Upper Komering Rive	Development Project in er Basin	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled		
3. SECTOR		1) 321,000 122,000 199,000 (US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)		
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	1.Detailed Design 1) Finance:OECF 1983.9.22 L/A(E/S) IP-260 1.18billion Yen		
4. REFERENCE NO.		1.Irrigation Area : 36,700 ha 2.Ranau Dam : Concrete gravity dam,	2) Consultant : Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. 3) Executed Period : Mar, 1985 - Sep. 1989		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Designed discharge 50cu.m/sec 3.Main/Secondary,Tertiary Canal: 134/1,117 km	2.Consutruction 1) Finance: OECF 1989.12.22 L/A IP-347		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	and the second section of the second	4.Main/Secondary, Tertiary Drain : 180/1,264 km 5.Main Road : 135 km	One of the five sub project of "Irrigation and Flood Control Development Project" (21.518 billion Yen)		
Ministry of Public Worl General of Water Resour			2) Consultant : not yet selected 3) Project Cost : 11 Billion Yen		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY					
		Implementation Period: Apr. 1983 - Sep. 1991			
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S)	Dec.1978	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 16.24			
Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Asia Air Survey Co.,Ltd		Feasibility: Yes			
Japan Irrigation and Re	eclamation Consultants	Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition:			
10. STUDY TEAM		Benefit was estimated as the difference of net income between with-project and without-project conditions			
No. of Members 10	9 - Mar.1982 (35 months)	Development Impacts: Increase of crop yields	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
Total M/M 60.7	3	Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity			
Japan 29.3 Field 31.3					
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY					
	lt. Programme i de la companya de la co				
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE			(1)		
Total Contracted	483,028 (¥'000) 443,096				

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Aceh, South Sumatra, Lampung, West Java, Central Java, East Java, South Sulawesi, South Kalimantan	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Postharvest Losses		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR Agriculture/ Agricultu	ural Processing	(US\$1,000) 1) 2) 3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	In parallel with this M/P, a cooperation to agricultural machine/equipment supply program was requested by the Indonesian Government. OECF appraisal mission was sent in April 1982.
4. REFERENCE NO. 5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	 Establishment of an organization in charge of improvement in postharvest processing. Reinforcement of marketing and storage capacity of surplus 	Loan Agreement No.IP-268, March 8, 1984 for 5.8 billion yen. Detailed Design Dec. 1985 to May '87 by OMIC.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Ministry of Agricultur 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		rice in south Sulawesi. 3. Reduction of discolored grains in Ache province especially Pidi county and North Ache County. 4. Drying of paddy harvested in rainy season and cleaning of immature grains in 6 counties in the northern plain of West Java province.	Since then, 83 threshers, 92 flat dryers, 344 rice mill units (lt/h) and 137 rice mill units (2t/h) were procured and installation works are still going on at 626 agricultural cooperatives in 7 provinces of West Java, Central Java, East Java, Bari, West Nusa Tenggar, South Sulawesi and Jogjakarta. General improvement works in South Sulawesi for postharvest
P. DATE OF SAM			processing and marketing developed into "Survey on postharvest processing & Marketing" started by JICA in Nov. 1988. Pilot areas were set up in the province and some concrete measures are expected to be taken shortly.
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S) Overseas Merchandise I 10. STUDY TEAM	Jun.1981 Inspection Co., Ltd.	A. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS Development Impacts: This plan will contribute to government program for increasing food production by reducing qualitative and quantative losses after harvest through investigations on innovations in postharvest rice processing such as harvesting, threshing, drying, cleaning, transportation and also on new machines and equipments.	"Postharvest technology training Centre" is being built at Bekasi (40km southeast of Jakarta) by Grant Aid program of Japan now. It is one application of this M/P "Establishment of an organization charged with the improvement of postharvest processing. The discolored grain problem in Aceh province had been improved greatly by the introduction of threshers in quantity and resultant shorter threshing operation time.
No. of Members 12 Period Aug. 19 Total M/M 81. Ispan 16. Field 64. 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	85 71		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS Improvement in postharvest rice processing is to promote government project of increasing food production and is given high priority among various government projects.
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	225,647 (¥'000) 205,444	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER Measurements and forecasts of losses during postharvest processing should continue after the completion of this survey. During the survey period it was desirable to give guidance to counterparts, assistants and other concerned parties in direct survey methods in order to determine whether the proposal were practical and effective. Then, further technological follow-up steps virtually included training courses and seminars on postharvest losses.	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS		III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	Completed or Promoting in Progress	
2. NAME OF STUDY			Southern Sumatra, Lampung, Southern Kalimantan, on Java, Central Java, and Western Java	STATUS	Completed	
Rice Pest Forecasting a	and Control Project	HCC1-261 05V L- 1002			O Implementing Delayed or Suspended	
		2. PROJECT COSTS	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	.	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled	
	·	(1)	48,000 29,585 18,415	(Description))	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)				
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR	R PROJECT(S)		gn was performed between August 1985 and January uda, Hirata and Sakamoto Architects)	
		Food crop protection of Pest forecasting labor		1		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Pest monitoring static	ons: 100 locations		esign and construction supervision also by lirata and Sakamoto Architects.	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Agro-chemical test sta	ations: 3 locations	1983~	Assistance for increased food production	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY				1984.3.8	OECF L/A one part of "Farm Machinery Expansion	
Directorate General of Agriculture, Ministry	Food Crop of Agriculture			1985.4.26 1986.2.28	Project* (¥5.8 billion) Grant aid E/N 445 million Yen 2.061 billion Yen	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY				1986.8.20	1.23 billion Yen	
Pest Control programme food crop damage	in 8 states to reduce			1987.7.2 1987.4	1.978 billion Yen Project technical assistance	
Tood Crop damage		Implementation Period:	Feb.1982 - Oct.1983			
		impromountout citos.				
O. DATE OF CAU		4 Tac volume and train	EIRR FIRR		•	
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S)	Feb.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND ITS ASSUMPTIONS	EIRR FIRR			
Chuo Kaihatsu Corporat	ion	Feasibility:				
Jimo imanabba corporat.		Conditions and Developmen	nt Impacts:			
		Project will reduce da	amage by pests to crops. Project life is	•		
10. STUDY TEAM		estimated at 50 years,	with a 5 year construction period			
No. of Members 7				2. MAJOR RI	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Period Jan.198	32 - Mar.1982 (3 months)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total M/M 29.9 Japan 18.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Field 9.9						
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR						
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY]					
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSF	ER	3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Training in Japan		(1)		
Total Contracted	78,924 (¥'000) 68,220	(2) OJT				

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting		
2. NAME OF STUDY	D.I. Aceh, South Sumatra, Lampung	STATUS Completed		
Rice Seed Production and Distribution Project	2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=654Rp. in Feb.1982 Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled		
3. SECTOR	1) 47,702 22,260 25,442 (US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)		
Agriculture/ General	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	- 1.1984.4 Dispatched appraisal mission(OECF) 1985.2.15 L/A(No.291) 3 billion Yen		
4. REFERENCE NO.	Consolidation and Establishment of Seed Farm. Construction of Seed Processing centers.	2.Conducted re-F/S due to the delay of implementation of		
5. TYPE OF STUDY F/S	Construction of central seed storage. Establishment of seed distribution system.	the project caused by budgetary problem of Indonesian Government		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		3.1988.6~7. Dispatched re-appraisal mission (OECF), and prepared Minutes of Discussion.		
Directorates General of Food Crops Agriculture.		4.As a result of re-F/S, engaged to construct the		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		seed processing center, in Aceh, Lampung, South Sumatra, West Java and South Sulawesi.		
		5.1989.9∼12. Conducted Detailed Design.		
	Implementation Period:	6.1990.3. Tender Annoucement		
8. DATE OF S/W Dec. 1981	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	7.1990.11. Concluded Contract.		
9. CONSULTANT(S)	TIS ASSUMPTIONS 36.5*			
Overseas Merchandise Inspection Co.,Ltd.	Feasibility: Yes			
(OPIIC)	Conditions and Development Impacts: Development: Release from food shortage.			
10. STUDY TEAM	Conservation of scarce foreign currency by reducing import of rice.			
No. of Members 11 Period Jan. 1982 - Dec. 1982 (12 months	Contribution to the stabilization of consumer's price and	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
Total M/M 43.70 Japen 21.29 Field 22.41	Increase of farmers' income.	Parts of a long term plan for food self sufficiency -Increase of production per unit area -Adaptation of paddy kinds to the change in production system		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		-Distribution of economical and sound seeds		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE Total 113, 514 (¥'000) Contracted 98, 636		(1)		

1. COUNTRY

3. SECTOR

F/S

2. NAME OF STUDY

Bila Irrigation Project

Agriculture/ General

6. COUNTERPART AGENCY

7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY

Ministry of Public Works, Directorate General of Water Resources Development

4. REFERENCE NO.

5. TYPE OF STUDY

8. DATE OF S/W

9. CONSULTANT(S)

10. STUDY TEAM

Period

12. EXPENDITURE

Total M/M

Japan

Field

11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR

SUBCONTRACTED STUDY

Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Nippon Giken Inc.

Nikken Consultants, Inc.

No. of Members 13

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY

Indonesia

F/S

Feb.1981

Jun.1981 - Jun.1982 (13 months)

143,153 (¥'000)

130,650

55.02

6.02

49.00

PROJECT SUMMARY (F/S)			Compiled March 1990 Revised March 1991
II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PI	RESENT STATUS OF	STUDIED PROJECT
1. SITE OR AREA Bila of South Sulawesi Province (Investigated Area 20,000ha, Population 83,700 in 1980)	1. PRSENT STATUS	Completed or in Progress Completed Implementing	☐ Promoting ☐ Delayed or Suspended
2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=625Rp. Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost		Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
1) 108,517 52,682 55,835 (US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)		
3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1. Irrigation Area: 9,800 ha 2. Diversion Weir: 1 place (Crest 70m long, weir 12.7m high) 3. Dam: 1 place (Rockfill type, Crest 230m long, Dam 30.5m high) 4. Main Canal: 46.1 km 5. Main, Secondary Drain: 86.5 km	(2) Consul (3) Period 2. Constru (1) Financ	e: OECF 1984.6.13 L/A (Etant: Nippon Koei Co.,Lt	d.
Implementation Period: Mar. 1983 - Feb. 1990 4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR			
Feasibility: Yes			
Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition: Economic benefit of the project was estimated by only the direct benefit derived from the crop production with the			
irrigation development. The economic evaluation was made based on 50 years of project life starting from 1983 which would be the starting year of the construction, assuming that	2. MAJOR RI	EASONS FOR PRESENT STA	ATUS
Realization of target benefit is primarily 5 years after start of the cropping. Development Impacts: Increase of agricultural products Raise in farmer's living standard Equalization of rural economic development			
5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMAT	TION
	(1)	•	

Total Contracted

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT			
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA Sanrego Area of South Sulawesi Province (Investigated Area	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting			
Sanrego Irrigation P		17,500ha, Population 38,400 as of 1981.)	STATUS Completed Implementing Delayed or Suspended			
santego Illigacion Pi	toject	2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=670Rp.	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled			
		Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 54,192 30,468 23,724	(Description)			
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) (2) (US\$1,000) (US\$1,0				
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1. Irrigatio Area: 8,000 ha	Since around 1985, the implementation of the project has been started by the World Bank finance.			
4. REFERENCE NO.	White the second	2. Diversion Weir: Wet Stone Masonry, Crest 40m long,				
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Weir 10m high 3. Small Intake Weir: 3 places				
6. COUNTERPART AGENC	Y	4. Irrigation Canal: Main 11.6 km, Branch 97.5 km 5. Head Reach : 4.9 km				
Ministry of Public W General of Water Res	orks Directorate ources Development	6. Farm Road : 13.2 km				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
F/S						
		Implementation Period: Oct.1983 - Mar.1989				
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR				
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 15.1%				
Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.		Feasibility: Yes				
Nippon Giken Inc. Asia Air Survey Co.,	Ltd.	Conditions and Development Impacts:				
		Condition: Irrigation benefit was estimated as the difference of net				
10. STUDY TEAM		annual production between with-project and without project conditions.				
No. of Members 12 Period Jun 1	1982 - Mar.1983 (10 months)	Attainment of the target production is after 5 years in	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS			
		existing paddy areas, eight years in new areas after project completion.				
Japan 1),37 1,50	Development Impact: Increase of agricultural products,				
<u> </u>	3.87	Raise in dwellers' living standard in the development area.				
 ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUD 	Y					
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION			
12. EXPENDITURE			(1)			
Total Contracte	201,611 (¥'000) d 189,003					

ASE IDN 308/82

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Kopo, Cikande, Carenang Districts, eastern part of North Banten (Investigated area 11,500 ha, Population 43,000)	STATUS Completed
K-C-C Irrigation Develo	opment Project	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 35,939 22,659 13,280	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Secureday)
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1.Irrigation Area: 3,500ha	- This project were absorbed into Karian multipurpose dam plan Preliminary survey team also has responsibility as a
4. REFERENCE NO.		2.Gadeg Dam : Zone type Rockfilldam	contact mission of North Banten water resources
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	3.Head Reach : 9.6km, max. discharge 6.0cu.m/sec	development master plan. Cooperative project with Social Development Cooperation Section.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		4.Main/Secondary & Tertiary Canal : 13.0km/96.0km 5.Main Road : 14.8km	- This project was implemented with "North Banten Water Resources Development Project" as M/P and "K-C-C
			Irrigation Development Project * as F/S.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
		Implementation Period: Apr. 1984 - Jul. 1987	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 17.4%	
Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Chuo Kaihatsu Corporat Mitsui Consultants Co., Other		Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions: Benefit is estimated as the difference of net annual income	
10. STUDY TEAM		from the agricultural production between with-project and	
No. of Members 22 Period Jul. 198	2 - Jun.1983 (12 months)	without-project conditions Development Impacts: Increase of production of paddy rice and paddy second crop	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 112.1 Japan 53.1 Field 58.9	7	Saving of foreign currency Increase of employment opportunity	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	110,801 (¥'000) 115,957		(1)

ASE IDN 501/85

i. outline	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Kalimantan Island, downstream area of the Negara River Basin in South Kalimantan	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Mosaic Photomap Projec Area of the Negara Riv Kalimantan	t of the Downstream er Basin in South	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)	"Negara River Basin Overall Irrigation Development Plan" (Master Plan) was conducted by JICA from FY 1987 to 1989.
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
		Following works were done as basic data for establishing	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Agricultural Development Plan in downstream area of the Negara	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	Basic Study	River Basin. 1.Taking air photos of those area 6.300 sq.m (1/20,000)	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		2.Mosaic photomap of Amuntai area (about 1,200 sq.km (1/10,000)	
Directorate General of Development, Ministry			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
	•		
	•		
	4.		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1983	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Asia Air Survey Co., L the other	td.	Negara River, the tributary of Barito River where development works have been done on the small scale, remains undeveloped. Indonasian Government recognizes that establishing agricultural development plan is indispensable to facilities development of those areas.	
10. STUDY TEAM		This study is basic data for it.	
No. of Members 21 Period Jul. 198	33 - Mar.1986 (33 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 72.8 Japan 14.7 Field 58.1	97 16		This study started for the purpose of estblishing agricultural development plan, however, Indonesian Government was reluctant to hand over topographical maps abroad. Therefore this study concluded as photo map project
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
		J. IECHINCAL IRANSPER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	377,064 (¥'000) 373,813		(1)

ASE IDN 102/87

Compiled March 1990 Revised March 1991

I. OUTLINE	E OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Soybean East Java Potato West Java	STATUS Delayed
Multiplication and Dis Soybean Seed and Seed		2. COSTS OF (US\$1=148 yen in 1987) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 16,216 2)	Improvement of field for foundation seeds of potatoes, as a project for grant aid program of the Japanese government,
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	has been conducted and will be completed soon (by Pacific Consultants International) With regard to soybean, Ministry of Agriculture of
4. REFERENCE NO.		To reinforce followings in order to produce seeds for soybeans and potatos	Indonesian Government is on the process of improvement of
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	1.Fostering seed producing farmers 2.Improving seed processing and storage facilities	production system of BS(foundation seed), SS(registered seed), and ES(ordinary seed) in East Java.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Crop production Bureau Agriculture	⊣	3.Promoting seed distribution 4.Strengthening administration system for seed multiplication and distribution 1) Field for foundation seed/registered seed	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		2) Seed inspection 3) Training activities	
8. DATE OF S/W		4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Overseas Merchandise 1	Inspection Co.,Ltd.	Conditions: 1.Pertinent organization and disposition of personnel 2.Financial assistance(Raise operating fund) 3.Administrative Coordination(Research & Administration) 4.Securing necessary land	
10. STUDY TEAM		Development Impacts:	
No. of Members 6 Period Jul. 19	987 - Sep.1987 (3 months)	1.Increase of agricultural production and resultant increase of farmers' income by the introduction of better seeds and their	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 24 Japan 8 Field 15.	24 49	stable supply (ordinary farmers and seed producing farmers) . 2.Contribute to the self-sufficiency of food	As the result of this study, the project for potatoes started ahead soybeans. After its completion the project for modenization of soybean seed production is to start.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	73,445 (¥000) 72,458		

I. OUTLINE	e of study	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Tambusai District, Kampar Regency, Riau Province, Sumatra Island	STATUS Completed
Batang Kumu Irrigation Province	Project in Riau	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 43,000 18,600 23,900 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(0331,000) 2)	
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Wet season paddy: 7,300 ha	The Indonesian Government has decided to apply to Japanese Government for the OECF's loan for the Detailed Design and the construction.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Dry season paddy: 3,100 ha	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Upland crops in dry season: 2,700 ha The following facilities will be constructed to attain the	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		foregoing target. Head work: W=50m, H=5.5m	
Directorate General of Development, Ministry		Flood gate: 14m x 3 nos Head reach: 2.6 km Main canal: 25.6 km	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Secondary canal: 50.1 km	
F/S	•	Secondary drainage canal: 56.5 km Tertiary canal: 486 km Tertiary drain: 102 km, Farm road:146 km	
		Implementation Period: 1992 - 1996	
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		IT'S ASSUMPTIONS 12.74	
Japan Irrigation and R Co., Ltd. (JIRCO)	Reclamation Consultants	Feasibility: Yes	
		Conditions and Development Impacts: It is expected that the project will stabilize the regional	·
10. STUDY TEAM		economy in the project area including transmigration area settled since 1981, by introducing irrigation facilities and	
No. of Members 18		will also support the transmigration program and regional	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jun.19	85 - Mar.1986 (6 months)	development in the province. In addition, the project will contribute to the increase of	
Total M/M 56.		self-sufficiency of rice in the province.	To promote the transmigration scheme and to keep self-sufficiency of rice in national level.
Japan 22. Pield 34.			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
Topographic Survey			
Geological Survey		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	212,093 (¥'000) 171,000	(1) On the Job Training (2) Overseas Training	(1)

iled March 1990 ad March 1991

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	And the state of t	Negara River Basin, South Kalimantan Province (Study Area 12,683 sq.km)	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Negara River Basin Overall Irrigation Development Plan		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 215,000	Technical Assistance for the Negara Pilot project will be requested to Japanese Government
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		- Negara Pilot Project - Negara Irrigation and Drainage Improvement Project	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	- Upper Negara Agricultural Development Project - Lower Negara Agricultural Development Project	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
Directorate General of Development, Ministry o	Water Resources f Public Works		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Formulation of the dev Negara River Basin	elopment strategy in		
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1987	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)			
Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Japan Irrigation and R Co.,Ltd.	eclamation Consultants	The completion of the proposed four projects would enable to produce 880,000 tons of paddy anually, and this amount would satisfy the projected production (815,600 tons in 2018) required in the Study Area. In addition, those projects are expected to contribute to	
10. STUDY TEAM		foreign currency saving of about US\$76 million and export earnings of US\$39 million.	
No. of Members 10 Period Mar. 198	8 - Jul.1989 (13 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 74.8 Japan 28.9 Field 45.9	37 10		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	212,012 (¥'000) 129,819		(1)

March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMN	MARY OF STU	DY RESULT	'S	III. PRESE	NT STATUS OF USE OF STUD	Y RESULTS
	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA				1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Java Barat, Java 1 Provinces	Timur, Lampung	and Sulawes	l Selatan	STATUS	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued	
Improvement of Rice Pos Marketing in Farmer Gro		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	Total Cost	Local Cost	Foreign Cost	(Description)		dalah Palamusudah sudan kedalaman salih kemenculai dalam serinda
3. SECTOR			1) 210,000 2)		210,000	Unknown (M/	P has just finished in 1990)	
Agriculture/ Agricultur	al Processing	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S)	PROPOSED	-				• •
4. REFERENCE NO.		Pilot Plans Pilot Area Telag	yasari Bagor	Mattiro Bulu	Trimurjo			
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	1.Location Cad (desa) Kert	las ajaya Selorejo	Marannu	Purwodadi			
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	The second secon	2.Paddy field 11 (ha)		105	157			
Directorate General of Agriculture, Ministry of	Food Crops Agriculture(DGFCA)	3.Nos. of Farm 17. Family	363	87	254			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		4.Cropping Intesity Wet season 10 Dry season 10	00% 90% 00% 80%	100% 70%	100%			-
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1988	4. CONDITIONS AND I	DEVELOPMENT IM	PACIS				
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd.		Conditions: 1.Financial Support 2.Intensive Investment Development Impacts:	by the Government ent in Farm Roads	and Drainage (
10. STUDY TEAM		After the implement processing losses wi					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
No. of Members 6 Period Nov. 1988 Total M/M 18.43 Ispan 11.09		improvement of post larvesting cost will introduction of improrganized laborers withreshing works by p	Il also be reduced roved harvesting s under cash payment pedal and power th	in significar ystem i.e. rea system and ea	ping by fective	2. MAJOR RE	ASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Field 7.34		groups' custom servi	lce.					
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				· .				
		5. TECHINCAL TRANS	SFER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3. PRINCIPAL	SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
12. EXPENDITURE Total	85,077 (¥'000)					(1)		
Contracted	85,077 (¥1000) 80,754							

ASE IDN 104/88

ASO KOR 301 /78

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Korea	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	TO THE STATE OF TH	Kimpo, Sihwa, Hongbo, Puchang, Haenam	STATUS Completed
(Southwest Coast Agricu Reclamation Project)	ıltural Land	A PROJECT COCKS	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended
Reclamation Plojecti		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR		3) (1) (3) (1) (3) (1) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	<u>.</u>
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	Unknown
4. REFERENCE NO.		Kimpo District Reclamation area : 4,910 ha	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Tide Crest : 8 places, 12km	
	r/5	Pumping station : 1 place (existing) Drainage : none	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Irrigation canal : 9.47km Total cost of construction : 23.4 billion Won	
ADC		Period : 3 years	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		IRR: 12.75% 5 other places	
	•		••
		Implementation Period: 3~5 years	
8. DATE OF S/W		4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 8.753-12.753	·
9. CONSULTANT(S)			
	•	Feasibility:	
		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		This study is to investigate the results of related main projects(by Korean agency) among reclamation development	
10. STUDY TEAM		projects in southwest seashore which are to be implemented, to conduct field investigation, and to exchange the view with the	
No. of Members 6 Period		persons in charge in related agencies.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
		As a result of the study, those projects in the specific five districts are effective and appropriate as a means to	
Total M/M Japen		facilitate the gigantic master plan in southwest seashore belt.	
Field			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
O D CONTINUE I D D I O D I			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE			(i)
Total Contracted	11,555 (¥'000)		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Malaysia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Trengganu swamp Area on the eastern part of Peninsula Malaysia (about 600sq.km)	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Trengganu Swamp Area I Development	ntegrated Agricultural	2. COSTS OF US\$1=2.2M\$ in 1980 PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Co	st (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 219,500 87,800 131,70	Of the districts which were proposed in the master plan, some districts easy of access have been developed here and
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	there. However, those districts are developed by farmers sparing their own funds on a small scale and in unsystematic ways.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Twenty-four district, which are expected to be highly efficient for the proposed integrated agricultural development	Formerly, the Japanese Government sent an expert on
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	were selected out of 47 swampy districts in the area. The proposed development area: 32,210 ha (the total of 24	irrigation and drainage upon request of the Malaysian Government.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Land Development Autho Trengganu Development	rity, Central Authority (KETENGAH)	districts). The development includes irrigation, fisheries, sericulture, livestock industry and reclamation/immigration.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1978	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Taiyo Consultants Co., Ltd.		The Trengganu state has a population of 500 thousand, a half of which is engaged in agriculture. Most of those agricultura population manage their small farms and 80 percent of them are poor. Reclamation of the swamp area is expected to expand agricultural lands and develop livestock industry, sericulture	
10. STUDY TEAM		and fisheries, as well as to create employment opportunities.	
No. of Members 10 Period Jun.1979 - Feb.1980 (9 months)			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 48.5 Japan 25.0 Field 23.5	0		The policies of the Malaysian Government which does not accept any loan from the outside to develop agriculture.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Soil Analysis			
- -		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	2 DELINGTRAL COLUDGES OF INFORMATION
12 EVDENINTUDE		(1) Admittance of two trainees for in-service training in Japan. (2) Transfer of the techniques on soil surveys and chemical/physical	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	226,358 (¥ '000) 209,427	analysis of the soil samples through the joint surveys with counterpart agencies of Halaysia.	

March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT	
1. COUNTRY	Malaysia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting	
2. NAME OF STUDY		A part of the Trengganu swamp area (about 3,000ha)on the eastern Peninsula Malaysia	STATUS Completed O Implementing Delayed or Suspended	
Trengganu Swamp Area I Development	ntegrated Agricultural	2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=2M\$ as of 1979 Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled	
3. SECTOR		1) 20,200 7,900 12,300 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)	
Agriculture/ General	i .	3)	The malaysian Government has given a top priority to this	
		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Land recalmation 2,100 ha	project, and the Japanese Government in response sent a survey team.	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Irrigation canal 16.48 km	However, the Malaysian Government had to curtail the investments in agricultural and rural development projects	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	Road 31.6 km	due to its financial difficulties caused by some adverse	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Facilities for settlement 705 houses	trends in the export including stagnation of the international price of petroleum in late 1980s.	
Land Development Authority Central Trengganu Developm			Because of this it can not utilize loan for agricultural development. However, small scale development in the swamp area are implemented by their own funds.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY				
		Implementation Period: 1980 - Dec.1984		
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S)	Feb.1978	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 13.84-17.14		
Taiyo Consultants Co.,		Feasibility:		
Pacific Consultants In	ternational	Conditions and Development Impacts: Benefits from development: Raising income of small-scale farmers.		
10. STUDY TEAM		Creation of employment opportunities.		
No. of Members 26		Alleviation of damages by flooding.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
	978 - Mar.1979 (8 months)		As mentioned above	
Total M/M Japsa Field				
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Admittance of two trainees for in-service training in	(1)	
Total Contracted	226,358 (¥'000) 209,427	Japan (2) OJT		

ASE MYS 201B/79

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Malaysia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Coastal area in northwest of Selangoal	STATUS Completed
Tanjong Karang Irrigat	ion Development	(Area: 20,000ha, Farm household 19,500)	Implementing Delayed or Suspended
Management Project		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(8341,000) 2)	
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	1.Project is under implementation by the Executing Agency of Malaysia and about 80% of the works were already
4. REFERENCE NO.		1. Irrigation area: 18,980ha 2. Rehabilitation/Improvement of the existing irrigation system	completed(as of 1990.1). 2.D/D was made by DID
5. TYPE OF STUDY		(1) Berunam head race: Heightening of regulation gate,	Original Construction cost was M\$ 27,000,000.
	F/S	electrical operation of gate, etc. (2) Main canal: Widening of canal section,	3.Till 1990 about M\$44,300,000 was used including updating of D/D and price hike
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		construction of water control facilities, etc.	
Department of Irrigati Ministry of Agricultur	on and Drainage (DID) e	(3) Secondary canal: Construction and heightening works. (4) Distribution Canal: Concrete lining of canal.	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		rehabilitaion of check gates and weir	
F/S	:	km)	
		3. Procurement of O/M Apparatus	
		Implementation Period: 1987 - 1990	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1986	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei, Co., Ltd.		Feasibility:	
Kyowa Consultants		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		Benefit with Project:	
10. STUDY TEAM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Increase of yield of paddy rice, Increase of farmers economy,	
No. of Members 11		Increase of rice production.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period May.198	6 - Jun.1987 (14 months)		
Total M/M 80.0			
Japan 35.8 Field 44.2			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		1.Invite 2 C/P	(1)
Total Contracted	221,818 (¥'000) 204,089	2.OJT	

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Myanmar	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		74,000acre southwest of Prome City, left bank of Irrawaddy River, 160 miles north northwest of Rangoon, population 96000	STATUS Completed
(South Nawin Irrigatio	n Project)	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Implementing
	4	1) 7,900 2,900 5,000	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) B8,000 36,600 51,400	
Agriculture/ General		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Irrigation: first crop (paddy) 24,000ha	1.D/D 1981.1.9 L/A ¥250 million D/D was conducted by Sanyu Consultants Inc. as main
4. REFERENCE NO.		second crop (farm) 14,400ha, total 38,400ha Hain facilities	consultants with Chuo Kaihatsu Corporation with OECF loan from 4/25/83 to 4/24/84.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	1.Main dam : earth dam 43m high, 5,082mlong, 5.68 million cu.m capacity	2.s/v
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		2.Intake discharge dam : earth dam 20.9m high, 945m long, 1.22 million cu.m capacity	1985.5.21 L/A ¥8.15 billion S/V started with OECF loan from Nov.1986.
Ministry of Agricultur Irrigation Department	e & Forests,	3.Power generation: Kaplan type 2,600 kv A X 1 unit 4.Irrigation canal 336km 5.Drainage canal 201.7km	Consultants were joint team of Sanyu Consultants Inc. and Chuo Kaihatsu Corporation. It was suspended from June 1988 to October 1989 due to
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		6.Field improvement	some reasons of the Government, and it started again and is extended till Mar.1984 to be completed.
		Note: cost 1) above is for pilot project and 2) is for whole projects. Implementation Period: 1979 - 1988	(No. of consultant staffs: 18) *As for South Nawin Irrigation and Drainage End Facilities Project, basic study and detail design were conducted in 1980, and construction was implemented from 1981 to 1982. 1980.8.28 E/N ¥873 million
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S)	Dec.1978	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 13.5%	
Sanyu Consultants Inc. Chuo Kaihatsu Corporat	1 10n	Feasibility: Yes	
	-	Conditions and Development Impacts: These areas have been left behind from development of modern social economy and agricultural productivity remains very low	
10. STUDY TEAM		because there is no irrigation water resource available through the year aid agricultural basic facilities to conduct modern	
No. of Members 12 Period Jan. 197	79 - Mar.1980 (15 months)	agriculture management.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
i '	(Shanom cl) voer.lbm	This project plans to secure irrigation water through utilizing natural environment, increase agricultural productivity by	
Total M/M Japan Field		improving agriculture promotion, and improve living standard of people there by increasing all year employment opportunities.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	163,130 (¥'000) 130,809	(1) Acceptance of one trainee (2) Supply of equipments and training of how to use them (3) Cooperation in writing a report	(1)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY Irrawaddy Basin Integr	Myanmar ated Agricultural	1. SITE OR AREA 2,900,000ha in the mid-stream basin of Irrawaddy River	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Development Project		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 2,020,000	(Description) F/S and D/D were implemented for proposed project in this
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2,020,000 2)	study report.
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	South Nawin irrigation project: F/S completed in 1979 South Nawin irrigation project: D/D completed in 1984 South Nawin irrigation project under implementation
4. REFERENCE NO.		Irrigation project by dams in 26 sites (including small waterpower generation)	Okkan irrigation project : F/S completed in 1981
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	Road project Accomplishment of dry farm land in swamp	South Nawin irrigation project is under construction by OECF loan (¥0.15 billion). D/D on power project started with OECF loan, but it has been
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Improvement of pilot field Husbandry promotion project	suspended due to the political change.
Ministry of Agricultur	e and Forestries		Okkan dam project may be implemented after the completion of South Nawin irrigation project, considerating budgetary restriction.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
8. DATE OF S/W	Oct.1977	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Sanyu Consultants Inc.		Expansion of food crop production centering on rice is planned by irrigation through constructing dams in 26 sites. Rise in living standard and income of farmers faminly is planned by promoting agriculture with husbandry and introducing fishery in reservoir ponds.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 14 Period Feb. 197	/8 - Mar.1980 (26 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 55.3 Japan 31.7	96 3		
Field 23.6 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
		1.Acceptance of two trainees 2.Establishing observation equipment of weather and water	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	293,115 (¥'000) 243,519	condition, and training of how to use them 3.Cooperation in writing a report	(1)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUM	IMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Myanmar	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Kanaungtoe, Bass Danubyu, Einme,	sein, Kyduktaga, Kawa, Hlegu, Deddye	STATUS Completed
Rice Mill Project		2. PROJECT COSTS	US\$1=6.5K.=200Yen	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
			Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2)	43,715 21,950 21,765	(Description)
Agriculture/ Agricultu	 ral Processing	3. CONTENTS OF MAJ	TOP PROJECTION	Detailed Design: Jan.1981-Feb.1982 (By OMIC)
		1.Rice Mill 7 tph -	6 units	Loan: 4.35 Billion Yen (OECF L/A No.BP-14, Dec.24.1979) Construction: Started Dec.1982, Completed Dec.1984
4. REFERENCE NO.		10 tph - 2.Generator, Powerst	2 units station, Transmitter	-6 Rice mills of 7 tph capacity 2 Rice mills of 10 tph capacity
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		1,000ton) 8 units	-parts manufacturing plant Rubber roll manufacturing facility, one unit
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		5.Grain unloading ed		Abrasive roll manufacturing facility, one unit
Ministry of Trade				-Power generating unit utilizing husk, paddy warehouse, and paddy unloading equipment were
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		1		installed as ancillary equipment of rice mills.
				After completion, the project was evaluated as very effective in the improvement of national economy.
				Therefore, Myanmar government planned to build 3 large scale rice mills exclusive for producing rice for export
		Implementation Period:		utilizing the remaining of OECF loan.
				This succesive project has been suspended due to unstable political situation after 1988, although detailed design by
8. DATE OF S/W		4. FEASIBILITY AND ITS ASSUMPTIONS		the consultant had been completed.
9. CONSULTANT(S) Overseas Merchandise In	nanaation Co. Itd	Feasibility: Yes	21.44	
Overseas Merchandise I	nspection co., i.ca.	Conditions and Develop	rnent Impacis:	
		Development Impacts:		
10. STUDY TEAM		rice. It has the pro	lls improve quality and quantity of milled ofound meaning to the country like Myanmar,	
No. of Members 9 Period Jan. 1979 - Aug. 1979 (8 months)		where rice is the mainstay of her national economy and national finance relies greatly on rice exports.		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 28.1 Japsen 17.9 Field 10.2				Increased of milled rice and quality improvement of milled rice are significant in the national finance of Myanmar. As a result, very high priority among various development plans was given to this project.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				
				
		5. TECHINCAL TRAN	ISFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE				(1)
Total Contracted	72,813 (¥000) 70,733			

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Myanmar	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	About 21,000ha in Myitmaka River left bank (80km north northwest of the capital, Rangoon)	STATUS Completed
Okkan Dam Irrigation Project	2. PROJECT COSTS	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Discontinued or Cancelled
2 OFGEOR	1) 54,000 29,000 25,000 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR	3)	Myanmar Government was prepared to request Yen loan after
Agriculture/ General	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	the completion F/S by JICA, however, it was shelved owing
4. REFERENCE NO.	Irrigation area: 21,000ha Water resource facility: Okkan Dam(pondage 240 X 1,000,000	to failure of economic policy.
5. TYPE OF STUDY F/S	cu.m) Diversion weir : height 9m, bank length 44m,	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	max. intake discharge Q=22.5cu.m/sec Irrigation and drainage canals : irrigation 225.6km	
Minstry of Agriculture and Forestry,	drainage 135.5km	
Department of Irrigation	Terminal facilities: irrigation canal 1,426 km, drainage canal 236.9km	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	Waterpower generation: water mill 2,450kw, 1 unit, electric transmission wire 33kv, 32.6km	
	TEGROLIES TON WILE STAY, SZIVANI	
	Implementation Period: 1981 - 1989	
	тирынышын мич.	
8. DATE OF S/W Nov. 1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
8. DATE OF S/W Nov. 1980 9. CONSULTANT(S)	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 1) 26.15%	
Sanyu Consultants Inc.	Feasibility: 2) 10.53 **	
	Conditions and Development Impacts:	
	Condition: Opportunity cost of capital 11%	
10. STUDY TEAM	Development Impacts:	
No. of Members 10 Period Jan. 1981 - Nov. 1981 (11 months	The increase of farms' profit will be planned through water resource development, building of irrigation and drainage	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	road network and introduction of two kinds of planting in one	Due to deterioration of economic situation
Total M/M 37.85 Japen 19.46	field and HYV.	
Field 18.39	*EIRR 2) above is only for water power project.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		
		3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	The second secon
12. EXPENDITURE 105, 200 (¥'000)	Through assisting engineers and specialists in Myanmar Government in the fields of final decision, construction	(1)
Total 105,200 (¥'000) Contracted 94,376	supervision and extension services.	

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I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Nepal	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Gulmi, Arghakhanchi, Kapilvatsu and Marchawar area of Rupandehi disctict	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Integrated Rural Devel Lumbini Zone	opment Project in the	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 136,000	Nepal Government may request the Rajikaduwa Project on grant aid basis to Japanese Government.
Agriculture/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		1.Irrigation Rajikuduwa : 2,400 ha(Rehabilitation)	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	2017	2.Rural Road Two (2) Roads : Total 144km (Improvement) 3.Water Supply 2 locations	·
	M/P	4.Agriculture	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Extention Service 25 locations Livestock Service 31 locations	
Ministry of Panchayat	and Local Development	5.Strengthening of Plan Implementation Capacity 1) Standardization of the plan implementation process	
3 ONE CONTROL OF COURTS		2) Human resources development	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		3) Local finance resources mobilization	
·			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1988	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Hokkaido Consultants C	o.,Ltd.	1. The basic needs of the people, being the national policy, will be improved through the implementation of these projects 2. Increasing income and raising of living standards.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 10 Period Sep. 198	38 - Nov.1989 (15 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	·		
Total M/M 52.9 Japan 21.3			
Field 31.5			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
		J. I.S. INTROLER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE	T		(1)
Total Contracted	193,376 (¥'000) 180,337		
La construir de la constantina de la c			

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Pakistan	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Kachhi Plain, Baluchistan Province (Head of Indus River) Area 250,000 sq.m	STATUS Completed		
Agricultural Developme Widening of Pat Feeder		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled		
3. SECTOR		1) 3,196,810 (US\$1,000) 2) 4,172,000	(Description)		
Agriculture/ Irrigatio	n Drainago f	3)	1987.9.18 OECF L/A 1,551 billion yen (co-finance with ADB)		
Reclamation	n, brainage, «	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) -Desert Pat Feeder canal: 11,1km	Co-finance was made with ADB for the foreign cost of construction.		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Pat Feeder canal: 187.2 km	An English company, Sir MacDonald & Partners Ltd. received		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/s	Extension of Distributaries : 375 km -Improvement and Construction of related canal structure	the order of consulting and the project is currently under construction.		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		-Construction of minor canal: 1,224km -Aerial survey			
Ministry of Economy, B Bureau of Water Power		Note: Cost 1) above is for case 3 and 2) is for case 4.	·		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY					
		Implementation Period: Jun. 1982 - Dec. 1982			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 16.03 case 3			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: 16.0% case 3 14.6% case 4			
Sanyu Consultants Inc.					
		Conditions and Development Impacts:			
10. STUDY TEAM		Opportunity cost of capital 12.5% Development Impacts:			
No. of Members 12		Planting will be done in 60% or 50% of the field in each	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
I .	2 - Jan.1983 (12 months)	planting period in the district of 250,000ha.	Z MAJOR REAGONS FOR FRESENT STATUS		
Total M/M 47.8 Japan 28.7					
Field 19.1					
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR					
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY					
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE			(1)		
Total Contracted	127,561 (¥000) 119,996				

ASO PAK 101/85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESE	ENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Pakistan	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Islamabad capital	territory (rural area: 59,500ha)	STATUS	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued
Integrated Rural Devel	opment Project	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	US\$1=215Yen in 1985 Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost)
3. SECTOR Agriculture/ General		(US\$1,000) 3. MAJOR PROJECT(S		This w which	design for MIRAD was done in 1988 (Nippon Giken). vas followed by detailed design, and construction is now in progress. pility study for UKIP was done in 1988
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Model Integrated (2) Upper Kurang Ir	d Rural Area Development (MIRAD) rigation Project (UKIP)	(Sanyu	Consultants and Nippon Giken latest situation is
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P			unknov	m).
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Ministry of Local Government Development, Capital Development	ent and Rural				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Integrated rural devel capital territory	opment in Islamabad				
8. DATE OF S/W					
9. CONSULTANT(S)	Nov.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
Chuo Kaihatsu Corporat Nippon Giken Japan Engineering Cons		(2) Increase of far	loyment opportunities iving standards		
10. STUDY TEAM	<u> </u>				
No. of Members 16 Period Feb. 198	35 - Mar.1986 (14 months)			2. MAJOR RI	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 72.0 Japan Field 47.	70				
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY					
		5. TECHINCAL TRAN (1) Training in Jap	······································	3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted] 212,498 (¥'000) 195,893	(2) OJT		(1)	

和名 農村総合開発計画

March 1990

March 1991

Compiled

Revised

ASO PAK 102/86			Kevised March 13
I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULT
1. COUNTRY	Pakistan	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	(a + 1, 200 a + 1, 200	Punjab, Sind	STATUS Delayed
Paddy/Rice Handling and Improvement Project	d Processing	2. COSTS OF DEFI-1347enin Acq. 1346, Rel-137en PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Fore	Discontinued (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 47,111	1.Project "1" was developed and carried out in the form of production and dissemination by private enterprises.
Agriculture/ Agricultur	cal Processing	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	2.Proejct "2" was developed and carried out in the form of production and dissemination by the manufactures of
4. REFERENCE NO.	індеріді, ((қуі), қіре. Алаў (Алайн Шаўсіл Мін Сля Макса (Алайн (Ала	1.Rental operation of harvesting machines 2.Rental operation of rubber-roll husker	agricultural machinery. 3.Project "3" and "4" were not materialized because high
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	3.Production of edible oil from rice bran 4.Establishment of facilities for improving and develop	priority was not given to those projects "Wharf Facilities Improvement Project for Export Rice" by
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		postharvest technology	RECP was derived from this M/P and it is under consideration.
Ministry of Food and Ac	griculture		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1985	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Overseas Merchandise In Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. System Science Consulta	•	Development Impacts: 1.Minimizing qualitative and quantitative losses of rice occurred at each stage of postharvest operation 2.Supplying higher quality rice at low cost to both dome and foreign markets	estic
10. STUDY TEAM	on the state of th	3.Increasing the income of farmers by rationalizing the farming practice	
No. of Members 13			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.1989 Total M/M	8		"Wharf Facilities Improvement Project for Export Rice" was positively discussed during this survey. However, it was not materialized because RECP is under Ministry of Commerce and the executing agency for this project is Ministry of Food & Agriculture.
eg est ^a lle. Til en eg eg en en ster		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	160,149 (¥'000) 142,126		(1)

March 1990