I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMM	ARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. P	RESENT STATUS OF S	FUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Makassar Shipyard	in Ujung Pandang, Sulawesi	STATUS	O Completed	
Reinforcement and Expandakassar Shipyard at U		1)	(US\$1=203 yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 62,399 15,093	(Description	O Implementing O Processing	Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(U\$\$1,000) 2) 3)		(coarspan)	7	
Transportation/ Marine Ships	Transportation &	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR - New shipbuilding fac		March 1989 May 1989	D/D completed	
4. REFERENCE NO.		135m x 20m (for 5,00			ject was changed to constru WT. However, because of the	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	140m x 18m x d. 7m (of Industry, the application	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY				neeu Artu	ardalt.	
Directorate General of Machinery Industry	Basic Metal and					
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
Examination of condition Makassar Shipyard and				·		
		Implementation Period:	5 years			
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND ITS ASSUMPTIONS	EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes	17.58% 13.39%			
Shipbuilding Research (Centre of Japan		• I———•	-		
		Conditions and Developmer Assumptions:	it tubacis:			
10. STUDY TEAM		(1) Project life of 20	years: (2) annual inflation of 10%; (3) 12.70 billion yen; (4) loaned capital (8%	1		
No. of Members 9	I	annual interest) 70% a	nd own capital 30%; (5) total benefits total costs 28.37 billion yen	2. MAJOR R	EASONS FOR PRESENT STA	rus
Period Jun.198	0 - Mar.1981 (9 months)	Development impacts: (1) Increase of nation	al income (10.2 billion yen per year);	Change of	policy	· .
Total M/M 29.8 Japan 19.2 Field 10.6	3	(2) growth of related billion yen per year); of ship purchases and	industries (increase of gross sales 1 (3) savings of foreign exchange (costs repair works done overseas 3.5 billion rease of employment (700 jobs in			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		shipbuilding and 2800	jobs in related industries and services); nt effects in the surrounding areas			
		Notes:1984 constant pr	ice; and annual figures pertain to the			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFI	ER	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	AL SOURCES OF INFORMATI	ON
12. EXPENDITURE	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY	OJT during the joint p	reparation of the report	(1) (2)	•	
Total Contracted	98,271 (¥'000) 90,294					

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Madiun City (Middle Java)	STATUS Completed
Madiun River Urgent Imp	provement Project	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=240Yen)	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
o arraman		(US\$1,000) 2) 29,890	(Description)
3. SECTOR Social Infrastructures/	/ Divor & Progion	3)	D/D completed 1/1985
Control	Kiver & Elosion	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Structure Scale	L/A contract (OECF) 2/1985
4. REFERENCE NO.		Levee 9 million cu.m	Loan (C. 400 - 1)) (and the short)
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Channel about 5 km Bridge (construction) 2 bridges	Yen credit 6,400 million Yen (1st stage) Domestic fund 26,200 million Yen (1st stage)
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(re-construction) 3 bridges Sluice 49 nos.	Construction
MPW Directorate General	Water Resources	Revetment 0.5 million cu.m	Package Contract Completion Const.Cost. 1 12/1988 2/1990 5.781 million Rp.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			2 12/1989 6/1991 12,079 million Rp. 3 12/1988 2/1991 4,118 million Rp.
			Total 21,978 million Rp.
Hydrology River engineering Bridg	ie		Present Condition
		Implementation Period: Jun.1982 - May1985	 After the completion of detailed design, both banks of the River have been eroded.
and the second s			Additional revetment is required - Due to the devaluation of Ruplah, the construction costs
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 11 5%	are expected to be lower than the yen loan. The remaining balance is expected to be used for the
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes	flood control project in the downstream reach.
Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. CTI Engineering Co.,Ltd	I.	Conditions and Development Impacts:	-
,	. *	The project was studied under the following conditions:	
10. STUDY TEAM		(1) Flood control in the upstream reach (Penorogo City) is executed mainly at Bendo and Badogan Dams.	
No. of Members 8		(2) Flood control in the downstream reach is executed subsequently to the Project.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	0 - Dec.1980 (9 months)	Flood discharge of 1,200cu.m/s (17 years return period) is controlled in the Madiun City and its suburbs.	
Total M/M 38.		Controlled in the Madiun City and its suburbs. Annual benefit was estimated at 2.8 million US\$	
Japan 14.5 Field 24.0			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		The second secon	A PRINCIPAL COURCES OF INFORMATION
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) OJT : (2) Training in Japan :	(1)
Total Contracted	91.450 (¥'000) 86,668	121 Training In Value .	

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting	
2. NAME OF STUDY		26 station in whole country	I. PRSENT in Progress STATUS Completed	
Coastal Radio Communio	cations	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled	
		1) 11,357 1,357 10,000 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)	
3. SECTOR		3)	and the state of t	
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	dcasting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Contents Scale	Sep.1981 OECF L/A (¥2,300 million) Feb.1985 OECF L/A (¥3,600 million) Aug.1990 Construction completed	
4. REFERENCE NO.		- Short term development program Coast station facilities 8 station	√"	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	SAR facilities 9 station	·	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		- Long term development program		
Directorate General o	f Sea Communications	Coast station facilities 222 station SAR facilities 30 station		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY				
		Implementation Period: 1983 - 1999		
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb. 1981	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunicati	jion Consulting Co.,Ltd.	Fcasibility: Yes		
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions: In order to replace old facilities, review each exchange		
10. STUDY TEAM		class, and study the utilization of INMARSAT		
No. of Members 7	101 No 1001 (1 months)	Development Impacts: It becomes easier to reduce coastal and rescue activities.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
·	81 - Mar.1981 (1 months)		Effectiveness	
Total M/M 2. Japan 2. Field 0.				
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Trainee acceptance: 3 counterparts invited to Japan,	(1) (2)	
Total Contracted	12,623 (¥'000) 6,061	and studied contents of project. (2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY I 2. NAME OF STUDY Improvement of Telephone	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA City of Jakarta	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting STATUS Completed Implementing Delayed or Suspended
of Jakarta	Methory In the city	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 181,600 23,100 158,500 (US\$1,000) 2)	O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR Communications & Broadcas Telecommunication 4. REFERENCE NO.	sting/	(US\$1,000) 2) 3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) In accordance with increasing numbers of practical telephones a installation plan for switching system, exchange building as	Sep.1981 OECF loan agreement (¥3,960 million) Feb.1985 OECF loan agreement (¥5,600 million) As of Jan.1991, construction is under way. Scheduled to be completed in late May 1991.
	F/S	well as junction and subscriber cable expansions is formulated in due consideration of existing telephone facilities. (1) Construction of Building (2) Construction of Switching system (3) Construction of Cable: Including primary cable, secondary cable, cross-connecting cabinets, junction cable,	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY To make outside plant expect the Third Five-Year plan of the long term planning fundamental designing of network in certain Jakart	including the view g,and to make a telecommunication	and loaded paires. (4)Civil works; Manhole and Duct works. (5)Work of PCM system; Including multiplexers,office repeaters, line repeater housings, and line repeaters units. Implementation Period: 1981 - 1986	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunication	ec.1978 Consulting Co.,Ltd.	4. FEASIBILITY AND FIRR FIRR TIS ASSUMPTIONS Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: Condition of telephone demand forecast as annual growth rate of GDP per capita is 4.5%, population increase figures are adopted from the Statistical Year Book of Indonesia 1977.	
10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 11 Period Jun. 1979 - Total M/M 112.26 Japan 28.83 Field 83.43	- Feb.1981 (20 months)	Development Impacts is that a long-term plan of gradual fulfillment of telephone facilities expansion to meet the demand as of 1987 is formulated after careful examinations of the existing telephone facilities and the capacity of Installation work. Thus the complete fulfillment of telephone installation to the demand will be realized after 1987.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS Effectiveness
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	250,159 (¥'000) 249,545	(1) On the job training (PERMMTEL counterparts) (2) Trainee acceptance; 2 counterparts invited to Japan, and studied for contents of Project. (3) Preparation part of study report with counterparts (4) Practical use of local consultants(survey, Preparation of report and construction drowing)	(1)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Sumatra North and Sulawesi South	STATUS Complaint	
Telecommunication Netwo	ork in Developing n and Ujung Pandang	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled	
3. SECTOR		(Us\$1,000) 2) 73,913 33,970 39,943	(Description)	
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	 casting/	3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Contents Scale	Discontinued after F/S Future prospect unknown	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Telephone Switching and Sumatra North 48 station Subscriber Cable Sulawesi South 48 station		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Transmission System Sumatra North 53 section		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Sulawesi South 25 section		
POSTEL PERUMTEL	Talista — January — Januar			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY				
To clarify the feasible of establishing a tele in developing areas su Ujung Pandang.	communication network	Implementation Period: 1981 - 1985		
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR		
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 12% 9.2%		
Nippon Telecommunicati	on Consulting Co.,Ltd.	Fcasibility: Yes		
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions: (1) Area: North Sumatra and South Sulawesi (2) Demand Forecast: 20 year after study		
10. STUDY TEAM		Development Impacts: The project may improve telecommunication networks in the		
No. of Members 12 Period Jun. 198	0 - Feb.1981 (7.5 months)	areas which are delayed in that field compared with others.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Total M/M 13.2 Japen 1.5 Field 11.7	?3 60		As a national development policy of Indonesia, urban area receives higher priority than rural area. So, this project was discontinued.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Trainee acceptance: Engineer invited to Japan,	(1)	
Total Contracted	58,215 (¥'000) 25,261	implemented technical training. (2) On the Job training(PERUMTEL counterparts)		

ASE IDN 501/80

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		17 kabupatens in 7 provinces of Riau, Lampung, South Sumatra, North Sulawesi, South Sulawesi, Southeast Sulawesi and East Nusatenggara	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Local Roads Support Wo	rks in Seven Provinces	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)	July 1980 OECF loan agreement on the purchase of road construction equipment (4,900 million yen)
Transportation/ Road		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		In order to prepare basic data necessary for the appraisal by the OECF, the study analyzed the information (local roads,	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	Basic Study	bridges and inventories) collected by the survey of the Government of Indonesia and undertook a supplementary survey.	·
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			:
Directorate General of of Public Works	Highways, Ministry		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Development of informa	tion base on local		
roads			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	_		
International Engineer Association	ing Consultants		·
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	30 - Jul.1980 (5 months)		
Total M/M			
Japan Field			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR			
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	ı		
	+	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
			(1)
12. EXPENDITURE Total	66,138 (Y'000)		
Contracted	00,130 (1000)		

Compiled

d March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESUL	тѕ
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA 1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Whole country 26 stations STATUS Delayed	
Long Term Development Communication System	Plan of Maritime	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=210Yen) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost (Description)	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 193,683 35,134 158,549 June 1984 OECF loan agreement (4,377 million yen) Jan.1992 Phases 1,2 and 3 are scheduled to be completed.	İ
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	casting/	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED (loan agreement was extended 3 years)	
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Development of Maritime Radio Communication station; Use of MF, HF transmitter, NBDP and DSC.	ı
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	(2) Development of SAR System: SAR Operation centers are established having its Regional office within each District	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of	Sea communications	Headquarters of Sea Communications. (3) Establishment of Maintenance Center (4) Utilization of INMERSAT System (5) Training; Training the necessary number of	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Maintenance staff.	
To make a long term de maritime communication of life at sea up to t	system for the safety		
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1981	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunication 10. STUDY TEAM	on Consulting Co.,Ltd.	(1) Protection of life and property; By securing radio communication contacts for SAR between coast and ship stations, occurrence of marine accidents could possibly be avoided and prevented. Even in case of the occurrence, the immediate and prompt report to the authorities via the telecommunication network will serve the rescue of the human life of immense value	
No. of Members 16		and the protection of enormous amount of property at 2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
	1 - Mar.1982 (10 months)	sea. (2) Operating Entity, Users and Others: (1) Effectiveness (2) High Priority	
Total M/M 16.6 Japan 1.1 Field 15.5 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	.7	by the line charges . 2] Use of the lines of PERUMTEL for the point-to -point communication network for sea communications will lead to the effective Utilization of PERUMTEL's network.	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	^A
AA DAARA IDAAR		(1) Trainee acceptance: 3 counterparts invited to Japan, and Training on Contents of Project.	
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	82,144 (¥'000) 36,612	(2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	

ASE IDN 203A /81

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II, SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		JABOTABEK area and Serpong	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Urban/Suburban Railwa "Jabotabek" Area	y Transportation in		yn Cost (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 297,000 88	84,800 Following the M/P report submitted in 1981, the Project Management Group (PMG) was established to supervise the
Fransportation/ Railw	ay	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	implementation. In 1985, a master program was drawn up by adjusting
I. REFERENCE NO.		- Long-term master plan with a target year 2000 - This is a big project consisting of 29 sub-	economic parameters of the above master plan. Component projects of the program are now in various stages of
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	projects that include construction of the Cengkareng Airport line, as well as double	implementation.
COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General o Inland Waterways	f Land Transport and	tracking, track elevation, signal automation, rolling stock base construction, etc. for about 160km of conventional line.	
OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		1	
Jakarta City B. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1980	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	160.1700		
Japan Railway Technical Service		preconditions: Sub-projects were roughly classified into three groups in terms of implementation period up to the year 2000. (1) lst-stage group Sub-projects to be completed at the end of fiscal 1987The purpose of these sub-projects is to give full play to the functions of the existing railway by constructing urgently needed basic facilities and strengthening transport capacity	
0. STUDY TEAM		that requires an early start.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
No. of Members 18 Period May 1980 - Mar, 1982 (27 months) Total M/M 105.68 Japan 59.16 Field 46.52 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		(2) 2nd-stage group Sub-projects to be completed at the end of fiscal 1991— Their purpose is to have the railway fully display its functions as an urban mode of transport and to meet the sharp increases in transport demand in the future. (3) 3rd-stage group Sub-projects to be completed at the end of fiscal 2000. They will construct new stations to induce railway passengers and new lines to develop the conventional railway network to cope with the new transport demand.	(1) Size of the impact from project implementation.
			 (2) Importance of this project in Indonesia. (3) Strength of setup for project promotion: The Indnesian government established PMG to promote the JABOTABEK project, and JARTS is providing its fullest cooperation as an in-house consultant.
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		Site investigations were conducted with the cooperation o counterparts.	(1) (2)
2. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	264,645 (¥'000) 250,672		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		JABOTABEK Area and Serpong. Between Jakarta and Manggarai on the Central Line of the Indonesian State Railways	STATUS Completed
Urban/Suburban Railway ™Jabotabek™Area	Transportation in	2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=230Yen=630Rp Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 131,304 66,087 65,217	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 154,348 3) 163,913	
Transportation/ Railwa	у	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) A B C	The elevated track and related facilities are now under construction to be completed during FY 1992. OECF financing for this project and its related projects
4. REFERENCE NO.		Track and facilities	(separated crossing at Manggarai Station, new railway line for Cengkareng Airport, improvements on Merak and Tangerang
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	Signalling & telecommunications 700 1100 1000	lines, and railway improvement in Kampung Bandan Station
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Land & houses 2600 4600 6600 New station construction 5200 5700 5900 (million Yen)	area have been approved as follows. May 1982 Jabotabek Railway Modernization I (5,524 million
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			yen) Sep.1983 Ditto II (6,631 million yen) Jun.1984 Ditto III (5,203 million yen) Dec.1985 Ditto IV (9,301 million yen) Jan.1987 Ditto V (27,661 million yen) Dec.1987 Ditto VI (13,565 million yen)
		Implementation Period: 1986 - 1992	Dec.1989 Ditto VII (10,381 million yen)
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Railway Technica] l Service	Feasibility: Yes	
		Conditions and Development Impacts: (1) Preconditions - Removal of houses on railway land	
10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18		- Future measures for land - use control - Acquisition of roads for construction work - Sufficient power supply	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period May 198 Total M/M 105.6 Japen 59.1 Field 46.5	. 6	 Adjustment of road projects and this project (2) Development impacts Alleviation of road traffic congestion in the future Creation of secondary city centers and alleviation of excessive population concentration in the primary city 	(1) The Indonesian government is putting the top priority on this project.(2) JARTS is supporting its implementation as an in-house consultant.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		center. - Utilization of land below elevated tracks. - Increase in speed and frequency of trains.	
			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	(1) (2)
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	264,645 (¥'000) 250,672	Site investigations were conducted with the cooperation of counterparts.	\4/ \4/

ASE IDN 204A /81

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESUL
I. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Irian, Irianjaya Province	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Development Project	of the Port of Sorong	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=625Rp) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 11,059 4,586	Name of F/S performed: Feasibility study on Sorong port development project
Transportation/ Port	<u>.</u>	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		The development and expansion of Sorong Port located at the western end of West Irian.	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+ (F/S)	Major projects in the long-term development plan through the	
6. COUNTERPART AGEN	CY	year 2000 are; West port area - Construction of new one berth	
Directorate Genaral	of Sea Communication	 Expansion of the existing concrete pier Remodelling of wooden jetty 	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUD	Υ	East port area - Construction of new 6 parallel wharves	
F/S on the development harbour aiming the y		 Construction of one large wharf adjoining the existing concrete pier Building of one warehouse Purchasing of one tugboat and two forklifts 	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1980	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	·
9. CONSULTANT(S) The Overseas Coasta Institute of Japan		In Maluku and Trianjaya province in Indonesia, transportation of commodities for daily life is greatly dependent on the sea transportation. At present, there is only Ambon port in these two provinces as the center for the domestic port, and the area covered by this port is too wide.	
10. STUDY TEAM		Therefore, one more port will be added as the center	
No. of Members 7 Period May	1980 - May 1981 (12 months)	for the domestic port by realizing this project, which will meet future increase in cargo volume	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 5	4.58 11.50 13.08	of domestic and foreign trade, and smooth distribution of commodities.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STU	DY		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Counterpart training	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
2. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	121,228 (¥'000) 1 122,811	Training for the methods of F/S carried out for 3 trainees. (2) Report Writing Draft, final report, etc were made together with OCDI members in Japan.	(1) (2)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Irian,Irianjaya Privince	STATUS Completed
Development Project of	the Port of Sorong	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=625Rp)	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
		Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	
3. SECTOR		1) 11,059 4,586 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
Transportation/ Port		3)	After the completion of F/S, the project was suspended.
		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Item(Middle-term Development Plan) Size	The F/S was reviewed in 1985 with Dutch assistance, and financing is being requested from the Dutch Government.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Wharf L: 180m D: -10m Warehouse 40m × 100m	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	Open storage yard 2900 sq.m	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
Directorate Genaral of	Sea Communication		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
M/P aiming the year 20	00 of the port and		
F/S on the development of the port and harbour aiming the year 1985		Implementation Period: Feb. 1982 - Dec. 1984	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	·	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 18.6% 3.2%	
The Overseas Coastal As Institute of Japan (OC		Fcasibility: Yes	
, , , , ,		Conditions and Development Impacts: There are following conditions:	
10. STUDY TEAM		- Increase in GRDP Irianjaya Province Maluku Province	· ·
No. of Members 7	I	1978 - 1985 5.11 11.21 1978 - 2000 5.01 6.71 - population growth rate of Sorong area is 2.51 between 1978 and 2000	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
•	0 ~ May 1981 (12 months)	The 41% total investment cost is offered under the national development fund of Indonesia	(1) Local reasons : Economical conditions in Indoenesia
Total M/M 54.5		The following impacts are considered as development impacts. In Maluku and Irianjaya province in Indonesia, transportation of commodities for	grows worse.
Japan 31.5 Field 23.0		daily life is greatly dependent on the sea transportation. At present, there is only Ambon port in these two provinces as the center for the	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR		domestic port, and the area covered by this port is too wide. Therefore, one more port is added as a center for the domestic port by realizing	
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		this project which will the future increase in cargo volume of domestic and foreign trade, and smooth distribution of commodities.	
			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	·	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Counterpart training: Training for the methods of F/S was carried out for 3 trainees, (2) Report Writing: Draft, final report, etc were	(1) (2)
Total Contracted	121,228 (¥'000) 122,811	made together with OCDI members in Japan.	

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
I. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Jakarta	STATUS Completed
Jakarta Harbour Road P	roject	2 PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=210Yen)	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended
		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 730,000 480,000	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(05\$1,000) 2) 3)	
Transportation/ Road	•	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	F/S reviewed in 12/1985, and D/D completed 1987, with OECF E/S loan(¥1,210 million).
		Items: Description Total length 20.7km	Part of the construction is to be financed by an OECF loan(1990/91), but it is being planned to implement the bulk
4. REFERENCE NO.		Bridges 15 (4.0km)	of the work by BOT.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Viaducts 3.3km Interchange 7 places	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
Directorate of Planning of Highway, Ministry o	g,Directorate General f Public Works	·	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		V.	
Road planning	•		·
		Implementation Period: 1986 - 1993	
		Implementation Feriox.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		SIDD FIDD	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1980	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 1) 10.95% 12.8%	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	h ! 1	Feasibility: Yes	· ·
Pacific Consultants Int	ternational	Conditions and Development Impacts:	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	•	Traffic demand forecast for the target year (1990,2000,2010)	
10. STUDY TEAM		was made on the basis of person trip with the assumption of 6-lane tollway.	
No. of Members 12	ł	Modal split simulation was conducted for greater Jakarta	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	0 - Nov.1981 (16 months)	network , and alternative plan was made with financial situation taken into consideration.	
Total M/M		Development impact: The project road could play a role as industrial transport which goes through new airport, recreation	(1) Impact: It can link major facilities (2) In connection with other projects: This road makes
Japan 44.8		area, trade ports, and industrial district.	up for Jakarta Intra Urban tollway (3) High Priority
Field 44.5	· y		(4) Support from Japanese Commercial Sector: have been
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			supporting both study and project of JIUT
Topographic Survey			
Geological Survey			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Overseas training for counterpart staff (2) Employment of local Consultant for topo and soil survey	(1)
Total Contracted	227,721 (¥'000) 215,003	(3) Equipment supply and training	
和名 ジャカルタ湾岸道路	₹- -πi		(F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D)
作句 フェルルン 6円 退算	10. 岡	-76 -	(clo, teste victor plo)

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Sumatra	STATUS Completed
Padang Airport Develop	ment	2 PROUECE COSTS (US\$1=220Yen)	Implementing Delayed or Suspended
		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) 70,000 25,000	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(2-out,phon)
Transportation/ Air Tr	ansportation & Airport	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	Feb.1985 OECF E/S loan agreement(¥780 million) July 1987 - May 1989 Engineering service implemented
		Runway 2,500m × 45m	1990 Loan request to OECF.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Approach 2,500m × 23m Terminal building 2 story	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Apron 8 berth	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Airport safety system l set Fuel storage	
Directorate General of (DGAC)	Air Communication		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Demand forecast for ai Airport equipment plan			
		Implementation Period: Apr. 1984 - Dec. 1996	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1981	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 45.4%	
Pacific Consultants In	ternational	Feasibility: Yes	
	•	Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		Due to the surrounding topography, Padang airport is hardly expandable, making it very difficult to meet increased future	
10. STUDY TEAM		demand. The new airport was recommended to be located 15km NW of	
No. of Members 10		the present airport. The scale of the new airport is to meet the 1995 demand as the	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jun. 198	1 - Jan.1982 (8 months)	first stage and the 2005 demand as the second stage. Beneficial effects from the new airport include smooth air	(1) Benefit:Large aircrafts will strenghten communications
Total M/M 38.3		traffic, introduction of large aircrafts like DC-10 to meet	with the capital city and will induce regional development
Japan 19. Field 18.5	•	increasing demand, improved intra-country communications, regional development, leading to reduced regional disparities	(2) Priority: Padang airport is the most important airport
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		in living standards and stable income from expanded regional economic activities.	among 15 domestic airports, but its facilities are relatively poor.
Geology, Boring, Granulom	netry		
·			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	<u>.</u>	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) OJT: Discussions with counterparts and concerned people on	(1) (2)
Total Contracted	97,114 (¥'000) 87,141	different topics (2) Training in Japan: procedures to conduct studies and transportation in Japan	

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Ujung Pandang City/Sulawesi	STATUS Completed		
Lower Jeneberang River	Flood Control Project	2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=250Yen=2.3Rp Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 18,100 12,300	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)		
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)		
Social Infrastructures, Control	/ River & Erosion	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) River improvement 9km	Completion of detailed design: 2/1984 OECF E/S loan agreement 5/1981 (¥198 million) OECF loan agreement 2/1985(¥5,381 million)		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Construction of new drainage channel 7.3km Improvement of existing drainage channel 4.9km & 2.3km	Construction scheduled to be completed in Sep.1992. Approved Project Cost: (US\$1,000.~)		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Implovement of existing dialities channel 1.5 Am 2 2.5 Am	Total Project Cost: 48,140 (US\$1=235 Yen) Local Currency Portion 28,570 (US\$1=992 Rp.)		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY					
Ministry of Public Work General of Water Resour			Contents Materialized of Report Contents Location Ujung Padang City,Sulawesi ditto		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			Province, Indonesia Detail of River Improvement: 9km 9.6km		
Study of possibility of water resources development. Formation of urgent plan of			Project New Drainage Channel:7.3km 7.83km Improvement of Existing Drainage channel: 4.9 & 2.3km 4.92 & 2.3km		
flood control and drain Preliminary design of i drainage improvement un	flood control and	Implementation Period: Apr. 1981 - Oct. 1985	Total Project Cost 18,000 (US\$1,000) 48,000 (US\$1,000)		
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1979	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 12.38			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes			
CTI Engineering Co.,Ltd	1.				
	·	Conditions and Development Impacts: After the completion of the urgent flood control, Jeneberang river water will not flow into the project area in the flood			
10. STUDY TEAM		below a 10-year return period and the rainfall in the inundation area will be immediately drained the proposed			
No. of Members 11	0 Pab 1000 (0 months)	channels.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
	5	As a result, the inundation water stage in the city-side area lowers to 1.87m in M.S.L.in the flood of a 5-year return period, and this means that the city-side area will be released from the damage caused by the flood below a 5-year return period.	 (1)Uninterrupted Factors, close relations to other projects: Bili Bili dam construction project on the same Jeneberang river is simultaneously in progress (2)Degree of Priority: Ujung Pandang City is the center of developing cities in Sulawesi Province. 		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			(3) Magnitude of Effect: Immediate effects can be expected (4) Advantage in Impulse Structure: The structure is organized in good shape.		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE		Arranged for the two counterparts the study of D/D and S/V execution besides F/S.	(1) (4)		
Total Contracted	306,901 (¥'000) 139,603	evernirings the the teachers and the teachers and the teachers and the teachers are the teachers and the teachers are the teachers and the teachers are the tea			

ASE IDN 111/82

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMI	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS	
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY Electrification Projec	Indonesia	Southern route Cikampek	y lines: Northern route Herak-Jakarta-Banyuwangi, -Surabaya,Connecting route Cirebon-Kroya,etc	1. PRSENT STATUS	In Progress or In Use Delayed Discontinued
Lines in Java		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	(US\$1≈260Yen=660Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description	the study, the F/S proposed in the M/P was carried
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 2,217 554 1,663 2)	out from	1984 to 1986. t,transport improvement in the JABOTABEK area is
Transportation/ Railwa	У	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) Trunk line electrifi		receiving lines is	higher priority. As the upgrading of local trunk to be conducted one after another in conjunction
4. REFERENCE NO.		- Route length: 2,5	00km	with the it is est	progress of the above improvement in JABOTABEK, imated that much time will be needed before the
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	-1	des cost for rolling stock	proposed	electrification is put to implementation.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of Inland Waterways	Land Transport and	and various facil - Sections with the Jakarta - Cirebo Cikampek - Bandu	highest priority: on(195km) •		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY					
Drawing up of a M/P on trunk railway lines in					
	· · · .				
8. DATE OF S/W	Aor.1982	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Railway Technica	l Service	1.Precondition Practically feas 2.Development impact 1) Curtailment in 2) Improvement of			
10. STUDY TEAM		3) Contribution t	owards the modernization and improvement of		
No. of Members 15	? - Mar.1983 (10 months)		the Indonesian State Railways to the economic development of Indonesia	2. MAJOR R	REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 68.6 Japan 42.3 Field 26.3	53 33			Transport in electri	elated work: improvement work is behind schedule in JABOTABEK, fication work requiring more time to be completed. t, wlwctrification work needs more time to be
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY					
		5. TECHINCAL TRANS	SFER	3. PRINCIPA	AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE				(1)	 -
Total Contracted	177,075 (¥'000) 168,810				

ASE IDN 112/82

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	☐ In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Surabaya and its	vicinity	STATUS	Delayed Discontinued
Urban Development Plan Gerbangketosusila Regi Metropolitan Area)	ning on on (Surabaya	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	(US\$1=680Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 19,800,000 2)	project by	ct has not been selected as the top priority Indonesian Government .
Social Infrastructures Land Development	/ Urban Planning &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S)	PROPOSED	Therefore,	it has not been executed.
4. REFERENCE NO.	<u> </u>		rabaya city was formulated for the target rm implementation program includes the	,	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	following projects.			·
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General Ci	pta Karya	Middle Ring Road 4 New Transit System Tandes Industrial (Park Town Housing (Complex (1,200 ha)		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			·		·
Urban planning					
8. DATE OF S/W	Aug.1981	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants In Mitsubishi Reserch Ins					
10. STUDY TEAM				2 MA TOD DE	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
No. of Members 14 Period Nov. 198	1 - Mar.1983 (17 months)				
Total M/M 100.5 Japan 29.4 Field 71.0	.7 8				opment plan of Surabaya has not been considered as ority project.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY					
	the second second	5. TECHINCAL TRAN		3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12 EVDENDITUDE		Overseas training o urban planning divi	f counterparts staff including Manager of sion, Mr Budisanto, and Project officer.	(1)	
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	271,768 (¥'000) 257,867				

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS		III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS		
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA The Eastern Part	of the Republic of Indonesia	1. PRSENT STATUS	In Progress or In Use ☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued	
Telecommunications Net the Eastern Part	work Development in	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	US\$1=230Yen=660Rp Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)		
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 415,297 110,080 304,217 2)	Following b	by t/s.	
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	dcasting/	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED			
4. REFERENCE NO.			rial radio transmission network, and work by optical communication system are to	<u> </u>		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	be introduced in the		1		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY POSTEL/PERUMTEL						
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
Formulating the master platransmission network improceeding the eastern region long term plan taking into foreseeable development up	ovement and expansion on The master plan is a consideration all					
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1981	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS			
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunicati	on Consulting Co.,Ltd.	communication system In addition to this terrestrial transmi cable network was in	on of Indonesia, the domestic satellite m is already in operation. existing system,a new ssion network including of the submarine nstalled.			
10. STUDY TEAM			s, an advanced and stable telecommunication to be realized throughout the region.			
No. of Members 14	- ·		e basic philosophy of the investigation.	2. MAJOR RI	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Period Jan. 198 Total M/M 55.8 Japan 32.3 Field 23.5	33			(1) High pr (2) Effecti		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY						
12. EXPENDITURE Total	139,628 (¥'000)	Japan, and Trai	SFER nce: 3 counterparts invited to ning for preparation of M/P. ning (PERUMTE counterparts)	3. PRINCIPA	AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
Contracted	110,627					

Compiled March 1986 Revised March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Sulawesi	STATUS Completed	
Telecommunications Net the Eastern Part	work Development in	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=270Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled	
3. SECTOR	<u> </u>	1) 128,355 57,577 70,778 - (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)	
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Construction period for Microwave Network is divided into three	F/S (Completed F/S+M/P study for the Telecommunications Network Development in the Eastern Part,1982) Japanese Loan	
4. REFERENCE NO.		stages. - 2,371 L.U	L/A concluded on June 1984(E/S; ¥440 million) June 1984 OECF E/S loan agreement (¥442 million)	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	2,371 8.0	JUly 1988 E/S completed	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY				
POSTEL/PERUMTEL				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		-		
Formulating the master plater transmission network improcessory the eastern region long term plan taking into foreseeable development up	vement and expansion n.The master plan is a consideration all	Implementation Period: Apr. 1984 - Mar. 1999		
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunication	Dec.1981 on Consulting Co.,Ltd.	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 12.29% 14.62% Feasibility: Yes		
10. STUDY TEAM		Conditions and Development Impacts: - Existing long distance telecommunication services in Sulawesi area are via satellite communication system except in part of Sulawesi Selatan where such services are via terrestrial		
No. of Members 14		transmission system Objective of telecommunication sector in the 4th Five-Year	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Period Jan. 198 Total M/M 55.8 Japan 32.3 Field 23.5 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	3	Development Plan (REPELITA IV, 4/1984-3/1989) is to improve telephone service both qualitatively and quantitatively to meet increasing demand. To attain this objective, the project, construct terrestrial transmission network in Sulawesi area and through interdependence with existing satellite communication network, to realize subscriber Long Distance Dialling (hereinafter to be called SLDD) service in the area.	High priority : Indonesian Government recognizes the need for this project.	
12. EXPENDITURE Total	139,628 (¥'000)	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) Trainee Acceptance; 2 counterparts invited the Japan, and training the contents of project. (2) OJT put on counterparts.	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)	
Contracted	110,627	The first of the second of the		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress	Promoting	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Bali Island		STATUS () Completed		
Bali International Airport Development		2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=220.1Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 159,000 54,000			Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)		A Company of the Comp		
Transportation/ Air Tr	ansportation & Airport	3. CONTENTS OF MAJ	Description	Oct.1983 OECF E/S loan agreement (¥565 mi Sep.1986 OECF loan agreement(¥18,900 mill Jul.1988 Construction tender		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Taxiway Apron	3,000m 16 berths	Apr.1989 Construction contract signed Oct.1989 Construction started		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Terminal Building	42,600sq.m	0311737 0311011011011011011011011011011011011011		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Cargo Terminal Build Control Tower	ding 4,400sq.m 2.500sq.m			
Directorate General of	Air Communication				i	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
Airport planning	•					
		Implementation Period:	1984 - 2001		. 1	
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1981	4. FEASIBILITY AND	EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)	Dec.1301	ITS ASSUMPTIONS	20.8% 7.95%			
Pacific Consultants In:	ternational	Fcasibility: Yes			•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Conditions and Developer Total length of runs airport.	nent Impacts: way is not long enough as an international			
10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 10		Space between runway Standards.	peen imposed between Tokyo and Bali. y and taxiway will be altered to meet ICAO	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
Period Dec.198 Total M/M Japan 9.1 Field 8.8		The scale of the air the basis of air tra The development of t transportation, econ	rminal area will be moved. rport and its facilities has been planned on affic demand for targetted year 2010. The airport would contribute to internal momic development, international trade,	 (1) Effectiveness: Great contribution is development of islands east of Bali. (2) Priority: Capacity of the Bali Airpor few international airports in Indones small. Therefore, this is a very urgen 	t, one of a ia, is getting too	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONIRACIED STUDY		redicust development	t in eastern part of the country.			
		5. TECHINCAL TRAN		3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE			minars for counterpart staff on the	(1) (2)		
Total Contracted	57,690 (¥'000) 52,384	content of report (2) Overseas training	rts ng for JICA trainees			

March 1986 Narch 1991

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESE	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use	
2. NAME OF STUDY		North Banten Area	. West Java Province	STATUS	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued	
North Banten Water Res	ources Development	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	(US\$1~232.2yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost)	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 232,558 2)		he study, the feasibility study on Karian cose dam was undertaken with JICA assistance.	
Social Infrastructures Development	/ Water Resource	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S				
4. REFERENCE NO.		-Karian dam, rockfi cap.	11, 52m high, 218 million cu.m in effective			
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P		ete gravity, 28m high, 54 million cu.m to Cibear		_	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate of Planning ar Directorate General of Wat	nd Programing,	-Trans-basin tunnel -Trans-basin tunnel -River training 26km -Irrigation facilit	from Karian Dam to Cibeureum River from Cilawan Dam to Cicinta River m ies to K-C-C area; one intake weir,			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		waterway, irrigatio	on canals, drainage canals			
To increase income of Area,especialy of K-C-						
		·				
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1982	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS			
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Mitsui Kyodo Consultan	ts Co.,Ltd.	-Additional rice pre	e following impacts are expected. oduction of 120,000 tons ing standards among the local inhabitants me disparities			
10. STUDY TEAM				0.164.507.5	DA GONO IVOD EDERGENE OF ARTIG	
No. of Members 13 Period Jul. 198	32 - Jun.1983 (12 months)			2. MAJOR R	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Total M/M 110. Japan 51. Field 58.	37					
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY						
		5. TECHINCAL TRAN	SFER	3. PRINCIPA	AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
1. 1		On-the-job training	for counterparts			
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	324,576 (¥'000)			(1)		
Contracted	303,148	L				

ASE IDN 113/83

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY Indonesia 2. NAME OF STUDY Long Term Development Programs of the	I. SITE OR AREA Jakarta, Medan and Surabaya 2. COSTS OF (US\$1=625Rp)	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use STATUS Delayed Discontinued
International Telecommunications	PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Forei	
3. SECTOR Communications & Broadcasting/ General	(US\$1,000) 1) 194,000 194,000 3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED The study proposed the following three measures.	Concerning the construction of a new International telecommunication center, a Japanese expert was assigned to PT. INDOSAT to give technical advice on international telecommunication in general from Feb. 1987 to Aug. 1989 and another expert took over from Feb. 1990. PT. INDOSAT has been implementing the recommended
4. REFERÊNCE NO. 5. TYPE OF STUDY 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	 Expansion of the existing network by establishing new gateway stations in Jakarta and Medan, and later on ir Surabaya Digitalization of the telecommunication network to establish IDN by introducing optical fibers for subman 	measures with technical advice form the Japanese experts. 1) Introduction of digital international telephone exchanges: installed in Mar. 1988 rine
Directorate General of Post and Telecommunication 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	cables, the time division multiple access(TDMA) for satellite telecommunication and digital SPC exchanges 3) Establishment of a packet exchange data network to provide new telecommunication services	2) Digitalization of international transmission: 1985 TDMA introduce for satellite transmission 1984 Digitalization of microwave transmission between the earth statin - the central station; connection of the international telephone exchange and the domestic relay exchanges by optical fiber cables 1990 Apr. Introduction of IBS (Intelsat Business Service) for satellite transmission 1990 Dec. Introduction of IDR (Intermediate Data Rate) for satellite transmission
8. DATE OF S/W Feb.1982 9. CONSULTANT(S) KDD	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS The project aims to establish the international telecommunication system in Indonesia toward the next cer and will facilitate the long-term growth of the Indonesia economy.	
10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 13 Period Jun. 1982 - Jun. 1983 (12 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 38.61 Japan 22.21 Field 16.4		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER On-the-jop training	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total 89,585 (¥'000) Contracted 79,462		(1)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	Sumatra, Riau Province	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Development Project of Dumai Port	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS US\$1=250Yen=680Rp Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR	(US\$1,000) 1) 125,000 72,000	Methods of F/S, analysis of present conditions of the port, methods of demand forecast, points of port planning, methods
Transportation/ Port	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	of economic and financial analysis,etc. are stated clearly and simply in this report. Therefore, this report is used as guidelines when the
4. REFERENCE NO.	For the development of Dumai port, long-term plan aiming the year 2000 and short-term plan aiming the year 1990 are	Directorate General of Sea Communication conducts an
5. TYPE OF STUDY M/P+(F/S)	formulated. Major projects in the long-term development plan are:	investigation by themselves. Name of F/S performed : Feasibility study on Dumai
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	-Palm oil wharf(dolphin type):2berths -12m& -10m	port development project
Directorate General of Sea Communication	max, 35,000DWT -Wharf for foreign trade:6berths, -10m,15,000DWT -Wharf of passenger boats: lberth, -8.5m,8,000GT	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY	-Warehouse and storage -Area for the storage and loading	
M/P aiming the year 2000 Short-term development plan aiming the yea 1985	Major projects in the short-term development plan are: -Jetty berth: 500m -Dolphin berth: 1 berth (-12m) -New wharf: 3 berths (-10m) -Warehouse: 2 -Development of open storage yard	
8. DATE OF S/W Aug. 1982	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) The Overseas Coastal Area Development Institute of Japan (OCDI)	As a collector port under the Belawan port, this port will become the core port in the regional development of Riau province, hinterland of the port, and also play a role as the transit port for feeder ports constructed under collector ports.	
10. STUDY TEAM		
No. of Members 9 Period Oct.1982 - Oct.1983 (12 months		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 49.93 Japan 30.0 Field 19.93		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	Counterpart training Training on methods for the investigation of natural condition	
12. EXPENDITURE Total 129,134 (¥'000) Contracted 120,609	and methods of F/S. Site visit to Japanese port was also carried out for 3 trainees.	(1) (2)

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress		
2. NAME OF STUDY		Sumatra, Riau Province	STATUS Completed		
Development Project of	Dumai Port	2. PROJECT COSTS US\$1=250Yen=680Rp.= Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 125,000 72,000	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled		
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)		
Transportation/ Port		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	Mar.1984 OECF E/S loan agreement (¥230 million) During the basic design stage, the exports of palm oil did		
4. REFERENCE NO.		Item Size Reclamation 2.8 million cu.m	not grow as much as projected, and the plan to develop port facilities at Batam Island was announced to compete with		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	New wharf(-5, -10m) 1,910m Dolphin (-10,-12m) 2 berth	the Domai Port. Detailed design was completed in 1987 by adjusting the size		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Road l set	of 1987 the berth for palm oil form 35,000 DWT to 5,000 DWT.		
) 		Dec.1989 OECF loan agreement (¥4,375 million)		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY					
		·			
		Implementation Period: Sep. 1985 - Sep. 1988			
8. DATE OF S/W	Aug.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 150 \$ 8.98	·		
9. CONSULTANT(S) OCD1		Feasibility: Yes			
10. STUDY TEAM		Conditions and Development Impacts: There are the following conditions: -Future cargo volume is based on the demand forecast for the year 1990 and 2000.			
No. of Members 9		-Main cargos are palm oil from plantation farms, sawn timber, plywood, etc.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
Period Oct.198 Total M/M 49.9 Japan 30. Field 19.9 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	0	-The function of the present crude oil export base will continue in the future. The following impacts are considered as development impacts. As a collector port under the Belawan port, this port will become the core port in the regional development of Riau province, hinterland of the port, and also play a role as the transit port for feeder ports constructed under collector ports.	Local conditions: A time lag between request for Japanese loan and negotiations between Directorate General of Sea Communication and Head Bureau in charge of budget.		
			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
•		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER			
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	129,134 (¥'000) 120,609	Counterpart training:Training on methods of natural condition investigation and methods of F/S. Site visit to Japanese port was also carried out for 3 trainees.	(1) (2)		

ASE IDN 206B/83

ASE IDN 207A/83

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS		III. PRESI	ENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	46	1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Padang, West Sumat	ra, Indonesia	STATUS	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued
Padang Area Flood Cont	rol Project	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	(US\$1=970Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 77,000 30,000 47,600 2)	Following control ar	the execution of the study, the plan of flood nd drainage was incorporated into the national
Social Infrastructures Control	/ River & Erosion	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S)	PROPOSED		and listed in the Blue Book, and then adopted y as a project to be implemented.
4. REFERENCE NO.			project is to protect Padang city from see rivers flowing in the city.		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	Main works of the o	verall project are: vement :Total length 55km,		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of Wat Development, Ministry of Po		Construction of Large Reconstruction of Lu Construction of the Pump Station:6	us Retarding Basin: 1.5sq.km, ubuk Begalung Diversion weir, drain-end sluiceway, oridges: 5,Improvement of main drains:43km,		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY To formulate a flood of plan to protect Padang surrounding area from and future flood damag	city and its the expected present				
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov.1982	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) NIKKEN Consultants, Inc		21,330 houses are ending environmental people's welfare will Mitigation of flood 840ha of unused area	the project, approx. 2,640ha of land and expected to be protected from flood damage. I conditions would be much improved and it also be improved and stabilized. damages will make it possible to utilize as a new housing area, which can		
No. of Members 11 Period Jan. 198 Total M/M 63.5 Japan 13.6 Field 50.2 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Plane survey of the proje	68 24 ect area and Flood Damage	Such development will commercial center of Province. Increase in people direct effect of the By constructing Laralso developed. In effectively in case	on national settlement policy. Il make Padang city an economic and I the area like Medan city in North Sumatra s employment opportunity is expected to be a project. as Retarding Basin, housing area will be order to utilize the retarding basin area of emergent floods, it is proposed to s a park for recreation and relaxation.	2. MAJOR R	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Topographic Classification 12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	186,946 (¥'000) 177,377	(2) Training was provided (4) Obtained many valuable	SFER y meeting was held monthly, for 3 trainees (3) Utilization of local consultants. and important advices and guidances from Counterpart people the central government and the related local government.		AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION

ASE IDN 207B /83

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Padang, West Sumatra Province	STATUS Completed
Padang Area Flood Contr	col Project	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=240Yen=970Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 46,654 15,654 3,000	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled ☐ Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)
Social Infrastructures/ Control	River & Erosion	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Urgent flood control:	Feb.1985 OECF E/S loan agreement (580 million yen) Oct.1986 - Mar.1989 Detailed design completed.
4. REFERENCE NO.		- river channel improvement 36 km - Laras retarding basin	Dec.1990 OECF loan agreement (8,063 million yen)
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	- Diversion weir reconstruction - Drain-end sluiceway	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		- Bridge reconstruction 5	
Directorate General of Development	Water Resources	- Drain improvement 3 km - Pump stations 3 - Stabilization of living (2.64 ha and 21,330 households are	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		protected from flood) - Expansion of residential area (840 ha)	
To formulate a flood co plan to protect Padang surrounding areas	ontrol and drainage City and its	- Increase of employment Implementation Period: 1984 - 1991	
		4 FFASIRII TEV AND LEIRR FIRR	
	Nov.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 14.78	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes	
NIKKEN Consultants, Inc		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 11 Period Jan. 1983	3 - Dec.1983 (10 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 63.92 Japan 13.66 Field 50.24	В		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	en de la companya de Companya de la companya de la compa		
			3, PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	(1)
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	186,946 (¥'000) 177,377		

March 1986 March 1991

Compiled

Revised

piled March 1988 sed March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESE	NT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT	In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		the entire country	STATUS	Delayed
Five-Year Plan for the Development of Radio a Broadcasting	Integrated nd Television	2. COSTS OF US\$1=934.4Rp PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	1	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 1,188,900	Followed by	y F/S.
Communications & Broad	casting/ General	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED		
4. REFERENCE NO.		1) TV Republic Indonesia (National TV Station) 2) Radio Republic Indonesia(National Radio Station)		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)			
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY				
General Bureau of Radi Film (RTF)	o, Television and			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY				
Formulation of a long- through 2000 and ident evaluation of short-te projects	ification and			
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1983	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9. CONSULTANT(S) Integrated Technology 10. STUDY TEAM		Development impacts: 1) Diffusion of the standard language in the multi-ethnic and multi-lingual country 2) Quality improvement of school education, and adult and vocational education 2) Better and wider access to entertainment 3) Activation of public relations activities and encouragement		
No. of Members 20	•	of popular participation 4) Diffusion of radio and TV sets (46 million radios and 1.89	2. MAJOR RE	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.198	33 - Mar.1984 (8 months)	million TV sets in the year 2000)		**************************************
Total M/M 68.8 Japan 49.4 Field 19.4	13			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				
Cross-section topographic	: mapping		1	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 1) On-the-job training	3. PRINCIPA	L SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total	239,222 (¥'000)	2) Participation of the counterparts in the JICA training program	(1)	
Contracted	174,933	■ Provide the control of the con		

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		the entire country	STATUS Completed
Five-Year Plan for the Development of Radio a Broadcasting		2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=233.6Yen=934.4Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 260,300 20,600	Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	
Communications & Broad	casting/ General	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) - Radio transmission (medium-wave, short-wave, FM):	Dec. 1985 OECF loan agreement (1st 65,070 million yen) Dec. 1987 OECF loan agreement (2nd 86,030 million yen)
4. REFERENCE NO.		54 new stations; rehabilitation of 23 stations; 26 sets of	Total project costs:
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	alternate equipment - TV transmission	Phase I US\$27.7 million (US\$1=238.54 yen) local cost US\$4.2 million(US\$1=1,126Rp)
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		50 new stations; 10 sets of equipment for replacement - Radio broadcasting facilities:	Phase II US\$36.1 million (US\$1=238.54 yen)
		26 new studios: 99 studies for rehabilitation: OB van and 42-unit studio equipment 114 sets - TV broadcasting facilities:	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		9 new studios: 8 studios for rehabilitation; OB van and 16-unit studio equipment 67 sets	
		Implementation Period: 1) 1984 - 1985 2) 1988 - 1989	
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1983	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 32 68	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility: Yes	
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Assumptions:	
10. STUDY TEAM		(1) annual economic growth rate of 5.0% - 6.0% after 1985 (6.0% during 1979 - 84); (2) annual population growth rate of	
No. of Members 20		1.7% and the population of 200 million in 2000; (3) per capita income of US\$950 in 2000; and (4) No. of radio and TV sets in	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 68.8 Japan 49.4 Field 19.4	3	use is projected as follows: 1983 1989 2000 Radios 250 328 462 (million sets) TV 50 84 189 (million sets) Development impacts: (1) Closer integration of the population through increased	1) Continuity (precedence of OECF finance) 2) High priority
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		access to broadcasting media; (2) Improvement of school education, adult education and vocational training and human resource development; (3) stimulation of economic activities	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	239,222 (¥'000) 174,933	1) OJT: 2) Participation of the counterparts in the JICA training program; and 3) employment of local consultants	(1)

ASE IDN 208B /83

ASE IDN 321/83

March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	Jakarta	STATUS Completed
Urban Renewal Housing Project in Jakarta	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 87,300 45,000	(Description) Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR	(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	A
Social Infrastructures/ Urban Planning & Land Development	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) The objective of the project is to redevelop the site to be a	This project was requested to the government of Japan as an engineering project for 1983/1984, and 1984/1985,but it has
4. REFERENCE NO.	city sub-centre forming the station-front plaza as a nucleus. Each project area(Manggarai and Kebon Melati) covers 45ha,	not been implemented yet. Redevelopment is an important measure to solve the urban
5. TYPE OF STUDY F/S	Population is 78,000. Since Manggarai area includes Manggarai station, the project	problems of Jakarta City. But because of the problem of relocating local population, the project is now suspended.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	aims at renewing urban functions including railway plan as well	torouting room popularion, the project to how buspelloca.
Directorate General of Housing, Building, Planning & Urban Development,	as relocation of factories and housing redevelopment.	·
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		
Urban development plan.		
	Implementation Period:	
8. DATE OF S/W Feb. 1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR TITS ASSUMPTIONS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	Feasibility:	
Pacific Consultants International		
	Conditions and Development Impacts: Development Impact:	
10. STUDY TEAM	(1) Improvement of urban facilities (station front plaza, road) (2) Renewal of urban functions	
No. of Members 16	(3) Improvement of housing environments (4) Establishment of urban development institutions/techniques	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.1982 - Dec.1983 (18 months) Total M/M 73.30 Japan 8.24 Field 65.06	Redevelopment of kampungs (residential areas for low income people) which accounts for 60% of total area/population of the country can be a way to solve urgent city problems regarding urban facilities, housing and population.	Social/environmental problem including relocation of the inhabitants
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		
Topographic Survey		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE	Overseas training for counterpart staff.	(1)
Total 204,981 (¥'000) Contracted 189,767		

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Nusa Tenggara Area	STATUS Completed
Nusa Tenggara Area Ter Network Project	restrial Transmission	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=235Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 26,154 3,345 22,809	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) (1) Main microwave system (1) 6GHz: 960ch-60Mbit/s	Suspended after the completion of F/S. In view of the delayed implementation of the transmission system between Java and Bali which has the higher priority
4. REFERENCE NO.		Transmission system (2) 2GHz: 60ch/120ch-4/8Mbit/s (2) Spur microwave system (1) 800MHz,120ch analog	than this project, the Indonesian government has postponed its request for OECF financing.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Transmission system (2) 400MHz, analog	The things to the tributary.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		construction	
Ditjen Postel			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
To formulate the Nusa Terrestrial Transmissi Construction plan and feasibility	on Network	Implementation Period: 1986 - 1995	
8. DATE OF S/W	Apr.1983	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 17.7% Feasibility: Yes	
Nippon Telecommunication 10. STUDY TEAM	on Consulting Co.,Ltd.	Conditions and Development Impacts: Conditions: exchange rate 985R=235Yen=1US\$ Construction works: Turn key system Development Impacts:For the system to satisfy circuit	
No. of Members 13		requirement expected in the year 2010	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
B			Delay of related project; concrete project- Jawa-Bali terrestrial transmission project, Trans-Sumatra terrestrial project, Trans Sulawesi terrestrial project-relation of this project. High Priority than this project.
	• •		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	91,955 (¥'000) 83,601	On-job-training was conducted for the counterpart staff of RERUMTEL.	(1)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY Master Plan on the Deve	Indonesia	1. STIE OR AREA the entire country	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Navigation System	Topment of Alus to	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=230Yen) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description) 1) Part of lighthouses and floating signals were installed
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 464,741 106,283 358,458	by the fund provided by the British Government
Transportation/ Marine Ships	Transportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	 Radio-wave signals were installed by the fund provided by the United States (35 beacon stations in addition to the on-going installations)
4. REFERENCE NO.		Long-term Short-term	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	Light-wave signals Lighthouses(land) 190 69 (35)	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Floating lighthouses(sea) 11 2 light signals 335 131 (81)	
Directorate General of	Sea Communications	Floating-type light signals 18 8 Floats 350 249 (222)	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Radio-wave signals Medium-wave beacon stations 39 17	
through 2000 and identi short-term projects thr		Note: Figures in parentheses indicate the units which were being installed during the study.	
	Jul.1983	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Japan Association for A	ids to Navigation	The project will ensure the save passage of vessels, raise the efficiency of ship operations, reduce marine accidents and thereby contribute to the growth of shipping industry and fisheries.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 14 Period Feb. 1984	- Mar.1985 (14 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 77.44 Japan 62.5 Field 14.94	j.		1) The 4th national development plan gave high priority on the development of sea communication and related infrastructure. 2) The Government of Indonesia applied for OECF finance on light-wave and radio-wave signal facilities, but the application was not successful due to the limit on project
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			loans.
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER Participation of the counterparts in the JICA training program	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	233,087 (¥'000) 177,574		(1) (2)

ASE IDN 209A /84

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESI	ENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY 2. NAME OF STUDY Jakarta Water Supply De	Indonesia evelopment Project	1. SITE OR AREA Jakarta City (Eme 2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR	rgency plan & STAGE 2) (US\$1=224Yen=1,004Rp)	1. PRSENT STATUS	In Progress or In Use Delayed Discontinued
3. SECTOR Public Utilities/ Water	r Supply	MAJOR PROJECTS (USS1,000) 3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) 1. Emergency Plan	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 1,851,000 995,000 856,000 2) PROPOSED	stages and phases. I first phas Prior to	recommended that the plan be divided into two I that the first stage be subdivided into two The subsequent feasibility study dealt with the se of the first stage. the implementation of the first phase, the
4. REFERENCE NO.		1-1 Rehabilitaion & improve 1) Replacement/installa	tion of water meters (1985-1990)		government agreed to finance the emergency plan, orld Bank agreed to finance the rehabilitation
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	for-water (1985-1990)		plan	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate of Genaral (Cipta Karya), Ministry	of Human Settlement of Public Works	2) Installation of dist: 1-3 Undertaking of the Eme	plan/project Lity improvement (1986-1989) Abution branch pipes (1985-1989)		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Water Supply implementations target year of 2005	ation plan for the	transmit water to ex 2. Undertaking of expansion 2-1 West Tarum canal system 2-2 Cisadane river system 3. Project financed by the 3-1 Prompt execution of Nec 3-2 Prompt execution of transmit	isting service area(1986-1989) n plan n (3,000 l/s) (3,000 l/s)	·	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1983	4. CONDITIONS AND	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	ĺ	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nihon Suido Consultants 10. STUDY TEAM	co.,Ltd.	Jakarta city develor To meet the real con which was prepared development plan. The revised M/P pro	DEEK Metropolitan Development Program, the oment plan has been established. Indition of the city, M/P of water supply in 1972 had to be revised based on the City coses a water supply system for the future 0,000 at the target year of 2005, taking		
No. of Members Period Jun. 198	0	water not only from water resource. 5. TECHINCAL TRAN	east side resources but also from west side	Reasons fo (1) Priorit develop (2) Water improve develop	r execution ty was high as part of the Metropolitan pment plan supply is a basic necessity for ement of sanitary condition and pment of city AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
Total Contracted	314,862 (¥'000) 159,465				

nd March 1988 March 1991

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Jakarta City (emergency portion & Stage 2-Phasel)	STATUS Completed
Jakarta Water Supply De	evelopment Project	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=224Yen=1,004Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 365,000 178,000 187,000	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR	<u> </u>	(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)
Public Utilities/ Water	r Supply	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Facility Name Capacity	Feb.1985 OECF loan agreement on emergency plan (4,500 million yen) Dec.1985 OECF loan agreement (10,923 million yen)
4. REFERENCE NO.		Intake Eastside West Tarum Canal 3.2cu.m/s Westside Cisadane river 3.2cu.m/s	Jul.1987 D/D on emergency plan completed 1988-89 D/D on the first phase completed
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	Raw water pipe Westside D:1,500,16.5km	Mar.1990 Construction of Buaran Treatment Plant No.II (phase I) started
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Westside Lebadbulus plant 3.0cu.m/s	Dec.1990 OECF loan agreement (6,446 million yen)
Directorate Genaral of (Cipta Karya),Ministry	Human Settlement of Public Works	Transmission main Eastside No.of pumps 6 pipe D:1,500-D:1,650 X 16.3km Westside Gravity flow D:1,200 X 9.1km	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Distribution Eastside Reservoir X 2, pump X 6, main pipe D:300~D:1,800 X 115.1km	
Water Supply implementa target year of 2005	ation plan for the	Westside Reservoir X 2, pump X 5, main pipe D:300-D:1,800 X 84.9km	
		Implementation Period: Jul. 1987 - Dec. 1993	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1983	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 5.8%	
Nihon Suido Consultants	Co.,Ltd.	Feasibility: Yes	
	•	Conditions and Development Impacts: For IRR, following conditions were considered:	
		(1) 30 years of operation period starting from 1991 (2) 1983's price level	
10. STUDY TEAM		(3) Investment started in 1983 (4) Increase annually salable water rate to 75% in 2005 from 61% of 1991	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
No. of Members Period Jun. 198	3 - Mar.1984 (18 months)	[5] Rehabilitation cost for increase the salable water rate is calculated As the result of development	
Total M/M 59. Japan 34.	0	(1) Increased served population from 2.4 to 5.4 million persons (2) Mater source for residents of the North-Par has been changed from ground water/sales water to piped water (3) Mater pressure of the region has been increased	 (1) Continuity: The daley of implementation of First phase plan(OECF loan 1975-82) resulted in the shortage of water which require urgent implementation of next phase. (2) Priority: necessary to implement water supply facility
Field 25.1 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR	U	 Improved public health, sanitation and environmental condition Decreased the inversion of sea water to ground water, and the constant 	urgently for the capacity.
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		drops of the ground water level (6) Increased the job opportunity (7) Practical use of local consultants	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
40 EVBENDETUDE			(1)
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	314,862 (¥'000) 159,465		

led March 1990 d. Marcg 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Seclion between the center of Jakarta and Cengkareng Airport	STATUS Completed
New Railway Line for Ce	engkareng Airport	2. PROJECT COSTS	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
		Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1)	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	
Transportation/ Railway	, ,	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Route A plan (19.8km)	As part of the Jabotabek Project (railway modernization), this project is now comprehensively examined in relation to the future development of the Jakarta Kota area.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Construction cost 35,503 million yen Rolling stock cost 12,242 million yen	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Walter acoust cost rejets within Agu	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		l ·	·
Directorate General of Inland Waterways	Land Transport and		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Construction project fo between Cengkareng Airp	or a new railway line ort and the center of		
Jakarta.		Implementation Period: 1987 - 1991 - 2006	
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	1
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 14.3%	
Japan Railway Technical	Service	Feasibility: Yes	
		Conditions and Development Impacts: (1) Preconditions	
10 offinyers		-The foreign - currency portion is financed with overseas loans at 6% (with payments to begin after a 7-year deferral over a	
10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18		20-year period in equal amounts).	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	2 - Aug.1984 (24 months)	-The local-currency portion is financed with the national budget or loans in terms of rupees at 13.5% (with payments to	Adjustments are being made to have this project harmonize
Total M/M 80.38		begin after a 4-year deferral over a 6-year period in equal annual	with the JABOTABEK project.
Japan 45.63 Field 34.75		amounts), (2) Development impacts	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR		-Reduction in travel time to the airport via the new railway line.	
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		-Alleviation of road traffic congestion, resulting in time and fuel savings for road users.	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE	Market Company of the	Site investigations were conducted with the cooperation of	(1) (2)
Total	802,886 (¥'000)	counterparts.	
Contracted	803,484		

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMA	ARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. P	RESENT STATUS OF STUDIE	ED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	romoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		JABOTABEK area (Arealong the Merak and	ound Manggarai station, regious d Tangerang lines)	STATUS	Completed	Delayed or Suspended
Grade Separated Crossi Station, Track Addition Improvements on Merak Addition and Other Imp	and Other	1)	Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description	O Processing	Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)		Description	<i>y</i>	
Transportation/ Railwa	· Y	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR Grade separation of Major		modernizat	ject is part of the Jabotabek Pro- tion) financed by OECF, D/D was co aration and the construction work	ompleted on the
4. REFERENCE NO.						
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S					
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY				}		
Directorate General of Inland Waterways	Land Transport and					
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
Grade separation of Ma Track addition of the Track addition of the	Merak line					
Track addition of the	Tangerang Tine	Implementation Period:	1987 - 1989			
		a a a a a a a a A Bear and a				
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND ITS ASSUMPTIONS	EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		Feasibility:	24.0%			
Japan Railway Technica	l Service		· ·			
		Conditions and Developmen (1) Preconditions In accordance with the	e master plan for JABOTABEK			
10. STUDY TEAM		railway improvement,	the level crossings of the Eastern and Western lines are			
No. of Members 17		to be removed, based o	n a demand forecast for the	2. MAJOR R	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Period Jul.198	83 - Jun.1984 (11 months)	years up to 2000, tra (2) Development impact			of project impact	
Total M/M 58.7 Japan 32.2 Field 26.4	28		mber of trains and promotion	proje	nuous factors over time and ralat cts: This is an essential project umber of trains.	ionship with other for increasing
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR						
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	1					
			en grafie en	2 DDDVCTD	AL GOLIDOES OF INFORMATION	
	The second secon	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFI	ER		AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	·
12. EXPENDITURE	The second second	(1) OJT: Investigation counterparts.	s were conducted together with	(1) (2)		
Total Contracted	166,572 (¥'000) 165,140	(2) Two trainees were	received.			

ASE IDN 325/84

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SME OR AREA Lumajan, East Java	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY Volcanic Debris Control Conservation Project in Slope of Mt. Semeru		2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=240Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 44,990 24,400	STATUS Completed Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled Conscription Completed Constituted or Cancelled Con
3. SECTOR Social Infrastructures Control	/ River & Erosion	(US\$1,000) 2) 3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Contents: Scale	Oct.1983 OECF loan agreement (2,808 million yen) With the OECF loan, D/D and the purchase of construction machinery were completed. The initially proposed
4. REFERENCE NO.		Curah Kobokan Sabo Dam Height 23m, Length 438m Volume 120,000 cu.m	construction work was completed, but some additional work is currently under way (scheduled to be completed in July
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Separation Channel Length 1,350m, Width 30m	1991).
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of Development, Ministry o		Earth-Volume 566,000 cu.m Leprak Sand Pocket Concrete 14,300 cu.m (groundsel 3 units) Embankment 155,000 cu.m Length 430m Intake Channel	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY F/S for the project to debris flow in the soul Mt. Semer.		Kali Lenkon Dam(2 units) Concrete 47,370 cu.m Height 10m Implementation Period: Apr. 1987 - Mar. 1992	
8. DATE OF S/W 9. CONSULTANT(S) Yachiyo Engineering Co.	Dec.1981	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 8.9% Feasibility: Yes	
Asia Air Survey Co., Ltc 10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 18	d. 2 - Dec.1984 (34 months) 3 7	Conditions and Development Impacts: The preconditions were that assumed damaged areas were classified into five(5) phases and that the damage ratio was decided for the deposited sediment of each probability year. And agricultural production, living assets, production activities, public facilities, cost for removing sediment were counted as direct damage, and cost for urgent relief of sufferers as indirect damage. For development effects, the area of 25.29 sq.km would be mitigated from damage with the mitigated amount of 19,824 X 10 Rp. (price as of 1982) was expected.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS (1) Scale of effect: Debris flow disaster occurred in May 1981 in the project site (2) Priority: Priority was paticularly high as a urgent measure against disaster (3) Strength of propelling agency: Backed up by River Bureau, Ministry of Public
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Preparation of Topographi 12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	c Maps 528,821 (¥'000) 512,040	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER Accepted six trainees	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)

i. outline	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	amentan yang penggah Mili Mili Mili Aksah dan kendangan penggah Mili Mili Mili Mili Mili Mili Mili Mil	North Sumatra	STATUS Delayed
Lower Asahan River Bas	in Development	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=250Yen)	☐ Discontinued
		PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 33,200	Jan.1987 OECF E/S loan agreement (628 million yen) Mar.1988-Feb.1990
Social Infrastructures Development	/ Water Resource	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	D/D completed. Note: This study is the Phase I of the lower Asahan River basin development. The Phase II (irrigation development)
4. REFERENCE NO.		1.Flood control of lower Asahan 2.Lake Toba operation both for flood control and power	was already completed by JICA (Agriculture, Forestry and
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	generation was proposed	Fisheries Development Programme).
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
IPU	•		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			·
Flood Control	#.		
· 			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)			·
Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Nikken Consultants, Inc		Flood control of lower reaches of the Asahan river	
Yachiyo Engineering Co			
	·		
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 15 Period Oct.198	4 - Oct.1985 (12 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
·			
Total M/M 42.0 Japan 10.0			
Field 32.0	5		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
		The report was proposed by both Japanese consultants and Indonesian consultants	
12. EXPENDITURE	007 007		
Total Contracted	287,881 (¥'000) 187,300		
 和名 アサハン河下流域開	月発計画	in de provincia de la companya de l La companya de la co	{M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other}
		-100-	
•			

ASE IDN 117/85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Whole country	STATUS Delayed Discontinued	
Rural Telecommunicatio	ns Network	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 5,200,000	The current priority is on urban telecommunication development but the Government of Indonesia will eventually	
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	casting/	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	proceed to the rural telecommunication network development.	
4. REFERENCE NO.		The study proposed a network expansion in two work phases. The 1st phase will install telephones in Kabupaten capitals and		
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	Kecamatan capitals and the 2nd phase will extende the network to villages (desa).		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY POSTEL, PERUMTEL		Total new telephone Installations will be 1,127,000.		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY				
To establish long term Telecommunication Netw				
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS		
9.CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunication	on Consulting Co.,Ltd.	 (1) The telephone demand in the year 2000 is estimated to be 1,364,000 L.U. in Kabupatens, and 3,534,000 L.U. in urban areas (Kotamadya). (2) The network improvement and expansion in Phase 2 (Repelita V: 1989-1993) will be in some 140 Kabupatens covering IKK and Kecamatans. 		
10. STUDY TEAM		(3) During Repelitas VI and VII, the network improvement		
No. of Members 17	4 Nov. 1005 (34 months)	and expansion will be carried out in the remaining 246 Kabupatens covering IKK and Kecamatans and also villages.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
Period Jun.198 Total M/M Japan 42.3 Field 30.			At present the priority is given to the development of urban telecommunication networks.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	•			
	•	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	191,396 (¥'000) 175,738	(1) 2 counterparts were invited to Japan for the training in general telecommunication and radio systems. (2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	(1)	

ASE IDN 210A /85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS		III. PRESE	ENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA			In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Ujung Pandang		1. PRSENT STATUS	☐ Delayed ☐ Discontinued
Ujung Pandang Water Su Project	pply Development	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS	(US\$1≈250.6Yen=1,115Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description))
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000)	1) 233,000 120,000 2)	phases. Th	ecommended that the plan be divided into two ne feasibility Study was conducted on the first
Public Utilities/ Wate	r Supply	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S)	PROPOSED		ction, financing of the rehabilitation work was
4. REFERENCE NO.			o 500 l/s water treatment plants taking perang river, transmission/distribution	requested	to orde.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	pipes, and rehabilita			
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate General of (Cipta Karya), Ministr	Human Settlement	raw water from Bili	wo 1,000 l/s water treatment plants taking Bili Dam to be constructed in the future, sion/distribution pipes.		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		T			
	of 2005,and F/S for one				
	·				
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND I	DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	ļ	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nihon Suido Consultant	s Co.,Ltd.	completion of th 800,000 persons, service populati			
10. STUDY TEAM		area, decrease i	of sanitation condition of the in water born epidemic		
No. of Members	-	diseases, and im	mprovement of environmental condition. Istrial/housing development	2. MAJOR RI	EASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.198	84 - Oct.1985 (15 months)	projects of the development of t	city, resulting in the economic		
Total M/M 137. Japan 47.		deserobment of (
Field 89.					
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				مود موزود در المالية	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANS	SFER	2 DRIVAGE.	L SOURCES OF DECORAL TYPIAL
		Carried out training program in Japan for 2 counterparts in			AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		regard to water inte control.	ake/treatment plant planning,leakege	(1)	•
Total Contracted	224,197 (¥'000) 388,627				

ASE IDN 210B /85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUM	MARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. P	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY Indones 2. NAME OF STUDY	ia	1. SITE OR AREA Ujung Pandang		1. PRSENT STATUS	Completed or Promoting in Progress Completed		
Ujung Pandang Water Supply Deve Project	elopment	2. PROJECT COSTS	(US\$1=250.6Yen=1,115Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 72,000 35,000	(Description	● Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ○ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled		
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)			DECF E/S loan agreement (701 million yen)		
Public Utilities/ Water Supply		3. CONTENTS OF MAJ	Size	Jun.1987-N D/D of th			
4. REFERENCE NO.		Intake facility (intake,grit chamber	1.1cu.m/s,pipe-d1,100X20.5km r, raw-trans-pipe)	million ye			
5. TYPE OF STUDY (M/P)+F	'/s	Treatment facility	<pre>lcu.m/s, t plant, receiving well, sedimentation tank,</pre>		habilitation work is unde rway.		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		filtration basin,wat	ter reservoir)	1			
Directorate General of Human Se (Cipta Karya), Ministry of Publ		Distribution facilit (distribution pump, main/branch pipes)	Pipe D300-D1,000X51km D150-D250X82km				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY M/P with target year of 2005, an phase of two phases	nd F/S for one	Rehabilitation	D50~D100X255km Total 338km,public tap 1,600 Transmission canal,treatment plant, distribution pipes				
		Implementation Period:	Oct.1987 - Dec.1992				
8. DATE OF S/W Mar. 1984 9. CONSULTANT(S)		4. FEASIBILITY AND ITS ASSUMPTIONS	1) 6%				
Nihon Suido Consultants Co., Ltd	·	Feasibility: Yes	2) 12.3%				
10. STUDY TEAM		Conditions and Developm IRR was calculated of (1) 30 years of open 1992(1st phase)	considering: ration period of plant starting from				
No. of Members	iBE /15 mänthat	(2) Use the present(3) Salable water ra	water tariff ate of 80% in 1990 increased from 50%	2. MAJOR R	REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS		
Period Jul.1984 - Oct.19 Total M/M 137.0 Japan 47.5 Field 89.5	os (13 months)	in 1985(by rehabilitation) (4) Investment for rehabilitation started in 1986 Development Impact (1) Most of people can rely on water system(will increase the served population to 800,000 from the present of 300,000)			the conditions of usual dificiency, and development ry by providing plentiful of industirial water.		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		(2) Enhance the deve (3) Improvement of h (4) Increase of empl	elopment of industries, harbors and others health/sanitation/environmental condition loyment opportunity				
		5. TECHINCAL TRAN		3. PRINCIPA	AL SOURCES OF INFORMATION		
12. EXPENDITURE				(1) (4)			
	97 (¥'000) 27						

ASE IDN 211A/85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Brantas River Basin in East Java Province	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Widas Flood Control and	d Drainage Project	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=1,030Rp) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign	n Cost (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2,493,929	Followed by F/S
Social Infrastructures Development	/ Water Resource	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Trrigated agriculture development (2) Water supply	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	(3) Flood control (4) Dam and hydropower	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Ministry of Public Works, Direct Resources Development, Director		(5) Water shed conservation (6) Water management 16 projects are recommended	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Water supply Flood control Water management			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Nikken Consultants, Inc	•	The Brantas river basin is one of the highly developed riv basins in Indonesia, as a result of continuous technical an financial aid from Japan. The development, however, has brought increasing complexit the needs and problems in the region.	od.
10. STUDY TEAM		It is desired that technical and financial assistance be continued in the future as a model of river basin developm	ent
No. of Members 46	-	in developing countries.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul. 198 Total M/M 123.6 Japan 27.2 Field 96.3	28		Shortage of development fund
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) OJT: Seminars were held (2) Fellowship: JICA training for 3 persons for one month.	(1)
Total Contracted	337,764 (¥'000) 323,985		

March 1988 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Nganjuk District, East Java Province	STATUS O Completed
Widas Flood Control and	d Drainage Project	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,100Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 122,700	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR	پوچون شده میشود از این پرچون به در در در به به به نواز به به به به به به به به این از این به به به به به به به در در د	(US\$1,000) 2) 256,900 3)	
Social Infrastructures, Development	/ Water Resource	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Irrigation	After F/S, the project was suspended. Note : The project will be taken up following the middle Reaches River Improvement Project and Surabaya River
4. REFERENCE NO.		Net irrigation area 2,599ha Main canal/2nd and 3rd canal 8km/98km	improvement Project are completed. A part of flood control works(Kedungsoko river and Lower
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	Storage dam /place	Widas) is under implementation by the ADB loan for Waru-Tori Irrigation Rehabilitation Project.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	-	Flood Control	waru-tori irrigation kenabiritation Project.
Ministry of Public Works, Director Resources Development, Director		Catchment area 1,538 sq.km Design Flood 25year flood Stretches to be improved 81.8km in total	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		Retarding basin 3 places(23.5MCM) Short-cut 1 place (2.9 km)	
Water supply Flood control Water management		Implementation Period: Jul.1988 - Jun.1994	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	-	ITS ASSUMPTIONS	
Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Nikken Consultants,Inc.	·	Conditions and Development Impacts: Irrigation development will increase crop production and	
10. STUDY TEAM		improve farmers' living condition. Flood control by river channel improvement will decrease flood	
No. of Members 46		damage, stabilize the social condition and enhance the land use.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jul.198	4 - Mar.1986 (20 months)		Shortage of fund
Total M/M 123.6 Japan 27.2 Field 96.3	8		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	337,764 (¥'000) 323,985	(1) OJT and seminars	(1)

d March 1988 Mmrch 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY	38 Provinces in 10 states(19,000km in road length)	STATUS Completed
Local Road Development	2 PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,110Rp)	Implementing Delayed or Suspended
	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,110Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
	1) 140,000 80,000	(Description)
3. SECTOR	(0\$\$1,000) 2) 3)	
Transportation/ Road	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S)	The report has been used by the Directorate General of Highways and by regional road authorities as a basic
4. REFERENCE NO.	Improvement of existing road 6,977 km Maintenance and Repair of existing road 8,683 km	document for road improvement . Following the report's recommendations, the Government
	and the topace of datacing tour by you had	subimitted funding request to OECF.
5. TYPE OF STUDY F/s		Dec.1987 OECF loan agreement (1,212,882 million yen) Phase I (1988-1990) is nearly completed.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		OECF loan for the Phase II has been agreed.
Ministry of Public Works, Directorate General of Highways		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		1
Road plan Formulation		
	Implementation Period: 1988 - 1992	4
	nagaonomina on one and an	
a DATE OF CAV	4 FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	4
8. DATE OF S/W Jun. 1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 104	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants International	Feasibility: Yes	
Kyowa Consultants Internactional	Conditions and Development Impacts:	-1
	Feasible road projects should, in principle yield over 10% IRR,	1
10. STUDY TEAM	and the priority order is to be determined by the size of NPV. Economic evaluation was conducted for the 1988-1993 five year	
No. of Members 8	period and for the 1988-1998 ten-year period. Road improvement is an important component of the Fourth	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Oct.1984 - Mar.1986 (18 months)	Development plan.	(1) Promotion of regional production and non-oil exports
Total M/M 75 . 34	This project is expected to increase regional production and marketing, and to increase the proportion of regional paved	(2) ADB, IBRD funding in addition to OECF
Japan 5.51 Field 69.83	roads from the present 12% to 26%.	(3) Priority component of Development Plan (4) Powerful counterpart agency
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR		
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE	Donation of two microcomputers and training on computer	(1)
Total 230,874 (¥'000)	operation and data management	
Contracted 258,430		

led March 1988 3 March 1991

1. OUTLINE OF STUDY II. SUMMARY OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		JABOTABEK area(In and around the Kampung Bandan station area)	STATUS O Completed
Railway Improvement in Station Area	Kampung Bandan	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,088Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	● Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ○ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		1) 6,600 1,900 4,700 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
Transportation/ Railway		3)	This project is part of the Jabotabek Project (railway
Tidhoportaatin, karina		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Shortcut line construction between the Eastern and Western	modernization) financed by OECF. Project management service is provided by JARTS and the
4. REFERENCE NO.		lines about 400m	construction work is under way.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Station construction about 650sq.m	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
Directorate General of Inland Waterways	Land Trasport and		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Railway improvement in station area	the Kampung Bandan		
	-	Implementation Period: 1986 - 1989	
			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1982	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR TTS ASSUMPTIONS 17.8*	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	l Carrelan	Feasibility: Yes	
Japan Railway Technica	1 Service	Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		(1) Preconditions	
10. STUDY TEAM		Traffic was estimated for the years 1990,1995 and 2005 with construction planned for 1988 & 1989.	
No. of Members 11		Start of service was fixed for 1990. (2) Development impacts	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Oct.198 Total M/M 44.1 Japan 16.6 Field 27.5	0	Connection of the Eastern and Western Lines and realization of loop operation will lead to more efficient train operation. It will also promote development of eastern and western JABOTABEK and contribute towards balanced development of	(1) Significant of effects (2) Solid arrangements to promote the project: The indonesian government established the PMG(an organization similar to the Japanese JRCPC), and JARTS are supporting the
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		the area. The state of the stat	project.
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	125,819 (¥'000) 124,527	(1) OJT: Guidance was rendered for each relevant technical field at site investigations. (2) Four counterparts received training in Japan.	(1) (2)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS		III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT			
I. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA			1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Sections between Jakarta and Bandu			STATUS	O Completed	•
Electrification Proj	ect of Main Line in Java	2. PROJECT COSTS	(US\$1:	≈259Yen) al Cost Foreign Cost		O Implementing O Processing	Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled
		1) (US\$1,000) 2)	189,500	44,500 145,000	(Description)	
3. SECTOR		3)	este a la granda la la companya de				5 1 D 10
Transportation/ Rail	lway	3. CONTENTS OF MAJO			At present	ct was suspended after co	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Railway electrificat: Bekasi - Cirebon	195km		As the upo	high priority. grading of local trunk li	ines is to be conducted
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Cikampek - Bandung Electric locomotives,	90km passenger cars,		estimated	that much time will be m	
6. COUNTERPART AGENC	CY	freight cars 58, Substations 3 pla	107,478 (respective ices	·ly)	electrifi	cation concerned is real:	ized.
Directorate General Inland Waterways	of Land Trasport and	Signalling Bekasi - Cirebon Cikampek - Bandung	- Signal automation	a token-less			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			system				
	oroject betweeen Jakarta ween Cikampek and Bandung						
		Implementation Period:	Apr.1988 ~ Mar	.1997			
8. DATE OF S/W	Jul.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND	EIRR	FIRR	1 .		
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS	21.0%	18.5%		•	
Japan Railway Techni	cal Service	Feasibility: Yes	<u> </u>	·			
		Conditions and Developm (1) Preconditions		years 1992,1997,2000,			
10. STUDY TEAM		and 2007, conside	ering increase in sp	eed from railway			
No. of Members 15			i in road transport		2. MAJOR F	REASONS FOR PRESENT ST	TATUS
Total M/M 5 Japan 3	1984 - Feb.1986 (13 months) 3.88 1.61 2.27	construction was also considered; however, the travel speed of ships was assumed to be the same as the present level. Fares were assumed to remain at their present level for the train, road, and shipping transport modes. (2) Development impacts Railway electrification will greatly increase train speed			Delay of related work: Transport improvement work is behind schedule in resulting in the delay of electrification work.		
SUBCONTRACTED STUI		resulting in an the Indonesian St	f passenger and frei improvement of the f ate Railways and gr development of Indon	inancial condition of eatly contributing			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANS	FER		3. PRINCIP.	AL SOURCES OF INFORMA	TION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contract	165,264 (¥'000)	Two counterparts reco	eived training from	JICA.	(1)		·

March 1988 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS		III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT		
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA		1. PRSENT	Completed or in Progress	Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Banten area,West	Java Province	STATUS	Completed	
Karian Multipurpose Da	m Construction Project	2. PROJECT COSTS	(US\$1=1,050Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost		O Implementing O Processing	Delayed or Suspended Discontinued or Cancelled
A APPORTOR	<u> </u>	1) (US\$1,000) 2)	282,000 170,000 112,000	(Description))	
3. SECTOR	/ Natar Dassurgs	3)		The govern	ment requested the OECF	financing but the project
Social Infrastructures Development	/ water Resource		ph, rockfill 219 X 1000000 cu.m in off cap.	is now sus	•	. ,
4. REFERENCE NO.			n, rockfill 62 X 1000000 cu.m in off cap. Karian-Cibeureum 1.5km long, 8cu.m/s in cap			
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S		Cilawan-Ciainta 1.9km long, 2.7cu.m/s in cap			
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		River training 26km	cilicies 10,300 na			
Directorate Planning & Programm Water Resources Development, Mi						
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY						
Optimum use of limited	water resources				•	
		Implementation Period:	Jul.1988 - Mar.1993		•	
8. DATE OF S/W	Mar.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND	EIRR FIRR			
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS	14.3%			
Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Mitsui Kyodo Consultan	Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Mitsui Kyodo Consultants Co., Ltd.		Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts:			
		Conditions and Bovelops	none Imposs.			
10. STUDY TEAM						
No. of Members 18	·			2. MAJOR R	EASONS FOR PRESENT S	TATUS
Period Jul.198 Total M/M 79.3	4 - Jul.1985 (13 months)				ity of local portion function of investment in	
Japan 26.0 Field 53.3	4				·	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY						
Analysis of water samples	404,000 Yen					
		5. TECHINCAL TRAN	SFER	3. PRINCIPA	AL SOURCES OF INFORM.	ATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) OJT		(1)		•
Total Contracted	200,442 (¥'000) 200,692	(2) Use of local cor	nsultants			

March 1988 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT	
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress	
2. NAME OF STUDY		Medan, Semarang and Solo	STATUS Completed	
Improvement Project of Medan, Semarang and Sol		2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=250Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 156,211 139,803 16,408	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Marini)	
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Number of Telephone to be installed (for the year 2000)	Following the proposals of the study,2 or 3 new exchanges have been established. OECF Loan was not approved, but based on the study,	
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Medan 219,200 L.U. (2) Semarang 149,500 L.U.	"Local cable Network Expansion Project in Seven Cities" was identified with World Bank assistance during 1987-1989.	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	(3) Solo 49,100 L.U.	This project includes Medan and Semarang.	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY				
POSTEL, PERUMTEL				
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY				
To formulate long-term plans for three cities Solo with 2005 as fina	of Medan, Semarang and	Implementation Period: 1985 - 1990		
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	1	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		IT'S ASSUMPTIONS 20.93%		
Nippon Telecommunication	on Consulting Co., Ltd.	Fcasibility: Yes		
		Conditions and Development Impacts: Preconditions		
10. STUDY TEAM		(1) Installation work be executed on a turn key bases. (2) Consultant be employed to expedite smooth progress of		
No. of Members 18	A . O. L. 1005 (12	project implementation including detail design examination, bid evaluation, work supervision and acceptance inspection.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS	
·	4 - Oct.1985 (13 months)	(3) Cost of training for operation and maintenance of the facilities installed by this project be included in project	Effectiveness	
Total M/M 81.2 Japan 34.6 Field 46.5	7	cost (4) Rate of exchange to be used in cost calculation be USS1=1,100 Rp.= 250 Yen		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY				
			3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER		
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Trainee acceptance; 2 counterparts invited to Japan, and Training for a month.	(1)	
Total Contracted	192,347 (¥'000) 193,672	(2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)		

ASE IDN 502/85

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		The upstream basin of River Negara in South Kalimantan (6,500 sq.km for mapping)	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Topographic Mapping Pr Area of Negara Basin,	oject for Upper Stream South Kalimantan	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)	The Negara River basin has large development potentials such as water resource development in the upstream and
Social Infrastructures	/ Survey & Mapping	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	agricultural development in the midstream and downstream. The maps will be basic to such development planning.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Preparation of national base maps (scale: 1/50,000 9 plates)	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	Basic Study		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY Directorate of Planning and Pro General of Water Resource Devel Public Works			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1983	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) International Engineer Association	ing Consultants	The prepared maps are indispensable to water resource development planning in the basin area. The maps will be useful to a feasibility study on agricultural development scheduled soon to begin in the downstream area.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 23			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Feb.198	33 - Jan.1986 (30 months)		
Total M/M 29. Japan 10. Field 18.	.5		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	A TOPALOWAY GOLDSON OF INCORMATION
		1) Participation of the counterparts in the JICA training	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	336,955 (¥'000) 169,795	program 2) Employment of local consultants 3) OJT for the counterparts on aerophotography	(1)
和名 カリマンタン州ネグ	プラ河上流域地図作成事業	111	{M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other}

ASE IDN 118/86

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		The entire country	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Long Term Planning for Telecommunications Sys		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000). 1) 2)	Based on the recommendations of the study, the master plan study was undertaken by the JICA team on the long-term
Communications & Broad	casting/ General	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	and medium-term plan for telecommunications network in Jabotabek area of Jakarta during 1988 - 1989.
4. REFERENCE NO.		(1) Formulation of development goals up to the year 2004 (the ending year of the 7th national development plan)	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	and identification of development strategies (2) Formulation of the basic plan on the scale of development	,
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY POSTEL, PERUMTEL	-	(3) Financial and economic evaluation of the plan and project formation	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Development of the tel and services up to the	ecommunication network year 2004.		
8. DATE OF S/W	Nov.1985	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunicati Yachiyo Engineering Co		The proposed plan and projects will support the national economic and social development of the country by improving telecommunication services and the profitability of the telecommunication operations.	
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 17			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
	36 - Feb.1987 (14 months)		High priority
Total M/M Japan 38.2 Field 49.0			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) 2 counterparts were invited to Japan for the training on	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE	<u> </u>	long-term telecommunication development planning (2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	(1)
Total Contracted	227,029 (¥'000) 221,931		

ASE IDN 212A /86

			THE DESCRIPTION OF STATE OF STRIPT PROVIDED
I. OUTLINE OF STUDY			III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Semarang and its environs, Java Province	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Development Plan of the (Phase - 2)	e Port of Semarang	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)	Followed by F/S
Transportation/ Port		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Long-term development plan for improvement of facilities for the target year 2005	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	Item Size General cargo berth 3,000 m	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		Container berth 280 m	
Directorate General of	Sea Communication	Berth for iron 6 steel and scrap 400 m Widening and deepening of west channel New center and east channel	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
F/S on the long-term and short-term development plan of Semarang Port			
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1984	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) The Overseas Coastal A Institute of Japan (OCD		Semarang Port will be developed as a development center in the middle Java province, and industrial and economic development of the area will be promoted.	
10. STUDY TEAM	•		
No. of Members 9 Period May1985	- Aug.1986 (16 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 61.1 Japan 35. Field 25.5	6		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			·
Investigation for natural	conditions 12,918,000	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	
		Counterparts training was carried out on port planning and	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		construction	(1) (2)
Total Contracted	176,495 (¥'000) 172,629		

ASE IDN 212B /86		Revised March 1991
I. OUTLINE OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY	Semarang, and its environs, Java Province	STATUS Completed
Development Plan of the Port of Semar (Phase - 2)	2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR	(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)
Transportation/ Port	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Item Size	Mar.1987 OECF E/S loan agreement (¥545million) 1987 Part of the western breakwater (part of the Phase I project) was destroyed by high waves.
4. REFERENCE NO.	Wharf for foreign trade(-10m, -7.5m) 345m, 100m Passenger terminal(-7.5m) 150m	Dec.1987 OECF loan agreement for emergency fortification of the western breakwater(726 million yen)
5. TYPE OF STUDY (M/P)+F/S	(multi-purpose)	Nov.1989 E/S of the Phase II completed.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	Coal wharf Fertilizer wharf	1990 Loan agreement (FY1991)
Directorate General of Sea Communicat	ion Wharf for steel materials	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		
F/S on the long-term and short-term development plan of Semarang Port	Implementation Period:	
8. DATE OF S/W Dec.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	ITS ASSUMPTIONS 28.1% 3.8%	
The Overseas Coastal Area Development	Feasibility: Yes	
Institute of Japan (OCDI) 10. STUDY TEAM	Conditions and Development impacts: Development of regional economy of hinterland, and reduction in transportation cost.	
No. of Members 9		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period May1985 - Aug.1986 (16 m	onths)	
Total M/M 61.15 Japan 35.6		
Field 25,55 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR		
SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		
Investigation for natural conditions 12,91	8,000 Yen	
	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE	Counterpart training:	(1) (2)
Total 176, 495 (¥'0) Contracted 172, 629	Counterpart training on the methods of F/S, and visits to similar ports was conducted for three counterparts.	

March 1990

Compiled

ASE IDN 213A/86

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Yogyakarta, Surakarta	STATUS Delayed
Airport Development Project in Central Java and Jogyakarta		2. COSTS OF (US\$1=200Yen) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	i '
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 92,000 3,600 2) 47,000 1,300	Followed by F/S
Transportation/ Air Tr Airport	ansportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		Refer to F/S Form	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)		
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
Directorate General of	Air Communication		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Airport facilities	•		
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1985	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	7
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants In	ternational	Impacts: Trunk line network which connects several regions will be developed by improving Yogyakarta and Surakarta airports as one of transportation facilities improvement plan in Central Java region especially in the Southern area, where transport network	
10. STUDY TEAM		requires improvement.	
No. of Members 11			2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Aug. 198 Total M/M Japan 41, 4 Field 35.			Canceled due to cancelation of new project In a few years,D/E is likely to be impelmented
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	233,054 (¥'000) 221,324	 Demand forecast technique, seminar on using computer Training on excecution method of air passenger flow survey Overseas training of airport planning Employment of local consultants for soil/topo Survey work 	(1) (2)

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY In	donesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or in Progress Promoting
2. NAME OF STUDY		Yogyakarta, Surakarta	STATUS Completed
Airport Development Projec and Jogyakarta	t in Central Java	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=200Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 92,000 3,600	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 47,000	(Description)
Transportation/ Air Transp	portation & Airport	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Yogyakarta Surakarta	 1990 Indonesian authorities are considering to request an E/S loan from OECF separately for Yogyakarta and Surakarta,
4. REFERENCE NO.		Runway 2,500m X 45m 390 X 45m(Extension)	
5. TYPE OF STUDY (M	1/P)+F/S	Apron 41,000sq.m 20,000sq.m	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	_	Passenger 12,000sq.m 7,700sq.m Terminal	
		Air Navigation(ILS CAT-1), Supply Management facilities Systems	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
		Implementation Period: 1) 1991 - 1994	
		1) 1990 - 1993	
	1985	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 11 13 98	
9. CONSULTANT(S)	ational	Feasibility: 1) 13.9% 2) 14.0%	
Pacific Consultants International		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		IRR Calculation: Future traffic volume was forecast for the target year 2000 and 2010.	
10. STUDY TEAM		Project life is estimated for 15 years after commencement of	
No. of Members 11	V 1006 /15	the construction up to 2010 Impact: Trunk line network which connects several regions will	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Aug. 1985 — Total M/M Japan 41.42 Field 35.70	Nov.1986 (16 months)	be developed by improving Yogyakarta and Surakarta airports as one of transportation facilities improvement plan in Central Java region especially in the southern area, where transport network requires improvement.	New project has been delayed due to financial problem
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
	233,054 (¥'000) 221,324	(1) Demand forecast techinique, seminar on using computer (2) Training on exception method of air passenger flow survey (3) Overseas training on sirport planning (4) Employment of local Consultants for soil/topo survey work	(1) (2)

March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Surabaya and Banjarmasin	STATUS Completed
Surabaya-Banjarmasin S	ubmarine Cable Project	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=125Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 57,000 2,000 55,000	O Implementing Delayed or Suspended O Processing Discontinued or Cancelled
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Description)
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Fiber optical Cable(submarine) 390km	Jan.1987 OECF loan agreement (7,946 million yen) Detailed design undertaken by KDD. Dec.1980 Construction contract signed
4. REFERENCE NO.		Digital Microwave Radio System Power Supply Facilities	Feb.1991 Work completed.
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Large 6 small 3	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			
POSTEL, PERUMTEL			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
To examine technical a economical/financial Fo Surabaya-Banjarmasin s	easibilities of	Implementation Period: Oct.1989 - Mar.1991	
	, ,	Implementation Period: Oct.1989 - Mar.1991	
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1985	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS 18.0%	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Telecommunication	on Consulting Co. Itd	Feasibility: Yes	
Kokusai Denshin Denwa (Sanyo Hydrographic Sur	Co.,Ltd.,	Conditions and Development Impacts:	
Janyo nyarographic sur	vo ₁ co./Box	Conditions: IRR calculated based on: (1) 3,960 ch(280 Mbps) Submarine cable system	
10. STUDY TEAM		(2) System Life time; 25 years	
No. of Members 30	.	Development Impacts; Toll traffic between Kalimantan and Jawa Island is to be improved	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Dec.198	5 - Aug.1986 (9 months)		(1) Alternative route for Kalimantan-Java
Total M/M 48.4 Japan 21.1	the contract of the contract o		(2) Digitalization and expansion of 2nd Java-Bali Route
Field 27.2			
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		(1) Trainee acceptance; 2 counterparts studied marine	(1)
Total	247,184 (¥'000)	cable system	
Contracted	236,165	(2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	

Compiled March 1991 Revised ASE IDN 119/87 III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS I. OUTLINE OF STUDY II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS 1. SITE OR AREA 1. COUNTRY Indonesia In Progress or In Use 1. PRSENT Jakarta metropolitan area ☐ Delayed 2. NAME OF STUDY **STATUS** ☐ Discontinued Arterial Road System Development Study in 2. COSTS OF (US\$1=130Yen) Jakarta Metropolitan Area PROPOSED PLAN OR (Description) Local Cost Foreign Cost MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Japanese Government mission visited Indonesia in 1988 and 1) 6,500 3. SECTOR (US\$1,000) agreed to carry out F/S. The JICA contact mission was to be sent in Feb. 1989, but the 3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED Transportation/ Road formal request from the Indonesian Government was held up awaiting the adjustment between the Ministry of Public Works (1) Review of bus transportation system including and the municipal government of Jakarta City and the 4. REFERENCE NO. exclusive bus lane clearance of the project's relationship with the on-going (2) Development plan to formulate east-west 5. TYPE OF STUDY M/P mass transit system development. corridor in Jakarta (3) Plan to increase transportation capacity to 6. COUNTERPART AGENCY north-south corridor 7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY Transport (O/D survey) 8. DATE OF S/W Jun.1984 4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS 9. CONSULTANT(S) Development Pacific Consultants International Impact: Mass transit development by strengthening east-west and north-south corridors 10. STUDY TEAM 2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS No. of Members 15 Nov, 1984 - Sep. 1987 (35 months) Period This was not included for 1989/1990 Project list. Total M/M 265.66 95.19 Japan Field 170.47 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY 5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER 3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1) JICA's training for counterpart staff on urban traffic planning (1) 12. EXPENDITURE (2) Employed graduate students for survey work, 798,675 (¥'000) most of whom were employed by Ministry of Public Work Total

和名 ジャカルタ首都圏幹線道路網整備計画

791,363

Contracted

(M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other)

March 1990

March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Whole country of Indonasia	STATUS Delayed
Future Demand of the I	nter-Island Traffic	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	[Discontinued (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 2)	Based on the findings of the study, the Directorate General of Air Communication (DGAC) requested to the Japanese
Transportation/ Air Tr Airport	ansportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED Indonesia was divided into 7 regions (primary zones) in	Government a M/P study on the rehabilitation of major airports (the study is now being undertaken). Other related requests were as follows.
4. REFERENCE NO.		order	- DGAC requested a master plan study on national
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	to forecast inter-regional traffic demand. The main objective is	telecommunication system development. - DGAC requested OECF for the study on Ujung Pandang Airport
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		to derive and present the future development project and the direction for introduction of appropriate aircraft types. To	Development. - BBTP and IPTN (an Indonesian airplane manufacturer) are
Assessment and Applica (BBTP)	tion of Technology	this end, a methodology was used that the primary zones were	considering to request a study on feeder air routes.
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		subdivided into 181 zones to make a detailed demand forecast. According to this detailed demand forecast, realistic	
Air Transport		new-air routes were extracted and incorporated with the existing air network to forecast the future air passenger traffic. At the same	
		time, the study of airport facilities, air navigational system, telecommunication system as well as fundamental specifications	
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1986	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	·
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co.,Ltd. Central Consultant Inc	. •	10 routes for 1994 and 10 for 2004 as the realistic new trunk routes and 13 routes for 1994 and 19 routes for 2004 as the realistic new feeder routes were selected by extracting the O-D data for passengers and cargo of major airports, local airports, trunk routes and feeder routes.	
10. STUDY TEAM		It is the first time for Indonesia to conduct such a soft-ware study as this kind, and the Study was appreciated to be	
No. of Members 13	•	attributable to the development plan for an aeronautical system as a whole.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Dec. 198 Total M/M 61.1 Japan 14.1 Field 47.0	10	Since this kind of study is essential prior to plan to develop an airport, the Study would have a great impact on the other transport system than the air. It is assumed that more soft-ware projects of this kind will be generated in future.	It has been a common practice for any developed country in the world to plan an aeronautical development under a basic plan in view of soft-ware study before carrying out development of an airport. It is assumed that there become a tendency also in Indonesia
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			to carry out a development project under such a concept.
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	2 DEVICED A GOLDONG OF INFORMATION
		Counterparts of BBTP, IFTN as well as DGCA were positively asked to join in the study work in conjunction with the process of the work. It was also noted that the trainees	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		were sent to Japan at the BBTP's expense to receive the training course, bisides the JICA training. Since there are many methods for a demand forecast, being different	(1)
Total Contracted	218,319 (¥'000) 171,077	depending on the cases, a fundamental and simple method was accented to derive an effective acheivement for the trainees.	

March 1990 Compiled March 1991 Revised

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Two Kabupatens of Serang and Pandeglang and the Krakatau Islands of Kab.Lampung Selatan	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Regional Development Project in the Western Part of Java		2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 7,000 850 6,150 2) 133,700 37,100 96,600	The Directorate General of Tourism(DGT) is examining the possibility of obtaining OECF financing and/or private
Tourism/ General		3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	sector investments.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Following six(6) projects were proposed as promising tourism projects for the period through 2010,	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	(1) Old Banten Site (Priority project) (2) Tanjung Lesung Beach Resort(priority project)	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		(3) Tropical Marine Park (4) Ujung Kulon and Krakatan Islands	
Development of Tourism, Post communication, Directorate		(5) Country Park (6) Kur Park	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Formulation of a Master Plan of tourism projects to promote regional development			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1986	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. Mitsubishi Research In	stitute,Inc.	With tourism development, the region concerned is expected to receive the following beneficial effects. -Foreign exchange earning -Recreational benefits for people -Regional growth	
10. STUDY TEAM		-Job opportunities and creation of Local markets -Increase purchasing power	
No. of Members 14 Period Aug. 198	36 - Feb.1988 (19 months)	-Improvement of marketing -Improvement of infrastructures and public utilities	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 89.1 Japan 41.4	16	-Others	In the original plan of Repelita V prepared by the Deprtment of Tourism, the present projects is given the top priority.
Field 48.4 11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY	18		
12. EXPENDITURE	T	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER (1) On the job training for local counterparts (2) Training in Japan for 4 principal counterparts (3) Conduct of tourism resources survey by	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (1)
Total Contracted	273,586 (¥'000) 265,285	entrusting it to the local consultant	

和名 ジャワ西部地域開発計画

ASE IDN 120/87

{M/P, M/P+(F/S), Basic Study, Other}

Compiled March 1990 Revised March 1991

I. OUTLINE	OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Central District of Jakarta City	STATUS Completed
Solid Waste Management Project in the City of		2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=1,620Rp) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended ☐ Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled
3 CECTOB		1) 46,900 12,100 (US\$1,000) 2)	(Description)
3. SECTOR Public Utilities/ Urban	Sanitation	3) 3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Transfer station 1,730 t/day	OECF has agreed to an E/S loan for FY 1990 (270 million yen). However, the site for the solid waste transfer station was reassigned for housing development. As of Dec.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Final disposal site 34.4 ha Vehicle repair shop 1.0 ha	1990, the city authorities of Jakarta is still looking for an alternative site for the station, delaying the start of
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Improvement of collection system 1,730 ton/day	E/S.
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY		· · ·	
Ministry of Public Work Municipality,	s,Jakrta		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Master plan for improve management system, and f the first priority proj	feasibility study for	Implementation Period: Apr. 1990 - Mar. 1992	
8. DATE OF S/W	Sep.1984	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 6.3%	
Yachiyo Engineering Co. Ex Urban Planning Insit		Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Conditions for IRR calculation: Decrease in transportation cost through improvement of	
10. STUDY TEAM No. of Members 13		the transfer stations was viewed as a benefit Calculation period was 1992-2005. Development effects:	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Dec. 1985 Total M/M 97.93 Japan 36.90 Field 61.03	0	Sanitary environment for the Central District of Jakarta will be improved to a great extent.	Although the procedures for E/S loan for fiscal year 1988 was prepared, the application was not made due to the financial situation of Indonesia.
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY Topographic survey			
analysis for specimen arrangement of equipment f equipment	for collection and	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	286,706 (¥'000) 279,747	(1) Training on waste disposal technology was held in Japan for four(4) counterparts. (2) Lessons were given on large drying furnace for waste quality analysis and method for waste quality analysis	(1)

Compiled

March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Jakarta and Padang, Medan and Banda Aceh	STATUS Completed
Trans-Sumatera Terrest Transmission System	rial Digital	2. PROJECT COSTS (US\$1=125Yen) Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 61,000 100 60,900	Implementing Delayed or Suspended Processing Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Securification)
Communications & Broad Telecommunication	casting/	3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Contents Scale	At F/S finished stage Government of Indonesia did not request a Japanese loan. The project is being implemented by French financing.
4. REFERENCE NO.		Digitalization of Switching system 2.690 L.U.(1994) Digitalization of Transmission system same above	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	F/S	Digitalization of Hansmission system same above	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY			·
POSTEL, PERUMTEL			
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
To verify technical and for trans-Sumatra Terre Transmission System and in Sumatra island and	estrial Digital d links major cities	Implementation Period: 1989 - 1991	
8. DATE OF S/W	Jan.1987	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		ITS ASSUMPTIONS 23% 25%	
Nippon Telecommunication JSC, Yachiyo Engineering Co		Feasibility: Yes Conditions and Development Impacts: -Assumption of IRR computation is to put practical use of existing	
10. STUDY TEAM		route, JKT-MDN(1994) and MDN-BNA -Development impacts: By the digitalization of	
No. of Members 13		telecommunication network for Sumatra island, corresponding	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Period Jan. 198 Total M/M Japan 39.3 Field 17.1		to possible all new services.	(1) Effectiveness (2) High priority
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	145,950 (¥'000) 140,023	(1) Trainee Acceptance: 3 counterparts studied in Japan on digitalization telecommunications Network. (2) On the job training (PERUMTEL counterparts)	(1)
和名 スマトラ縦断幹線伝	送路整備計画	-122-	{F/S, (M/P)+F/S, D/D}

ed March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		The entire sea around Indonesia and major ports	STATUS Delayed
Maritime Safety Plan Rescue	Concerning Search and	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 643,500	The Government of Indonesia is preparing to apply to either the OECF yen credit or to the Japanese grant aid
Transportation/ Mari Ships	ne Transportation &	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	program.
4. REFERENCE NO.		 Procurement of search and rescue vessels and establishment of telecommunication between the vessels and coastal stations 	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P	- Establishment of a training center - Improvement of port traffic control systems (Jakarta and	
6. COUNTERPART AGENC	Y	Surabaya)	
Directorate General Ministry of Communic	of Sea Communications, ations		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			•
Development of the m search and rescue sy			
8. DATE OF S/W	Feb.1987	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) A consortium of cons	uling firms	With the introduction of search and rescue boats, the improvement of communication and manpower training, the project will increase the country's capability of coping with maritime accidents. The better port traffic control will considerably reduce the occurrence of maritime accidents.	
No. of Members 11 Period Oct.1	1987 - Dec.1988 (17 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Japan	67.6 36.9 30.7		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUD	OY.		
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
10 FUNDENDERFORM			(1)
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	210,629 (¥'000) 197,260		

ASE IDN 122/88

I. OUTLIN	E OF STUDY	II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY		Ujung Pandang City and its adjacent area, South Sulawesi	STATUS Delayed Discontinued
Ujung Pandang Area H	ghway Development Study	2. COSTS OF PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	(Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 117,000	
Transportation/ Urban	Transportation	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	
4. REFERENCE NO.		The study proposed a master plan for traffic control in Ujung Pandang City and the development of radial roads.	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P		
6. COUNTERPART AGENC	Υ.		
Directorate General of Public Works	of Highways, Ministry		
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY		·	
Road network developm	⊣ nent		
8. DATE OF S/W	Jun.1987	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)		The residential areas have been sprawling toward the	
Central Consultant, Ltd.	Inc. and Chodai Co.,	outlying areas of the city, but the development of necessary infrastructure has been inadequate relative to the rapid increase of the population. The proposed project will	
		contribute effectively to the development of residential areas. The project will also provide the functional linkages between	
10. STUDY TEAM		the port, the industrial estate and the airport, thereby contributing the growth of the Ujung Pandang area.	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
No. of Members 9 Period Nov. 1	987 - Mar.1989 (16 months)		Z. MAJON REAGONO PONT RESERT STATUS
	.39		
Japan 8	.24 .15		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUD	Y		
·	· 		
	talina in a suptimization of the superior of t	5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER On-the-job training for the counterparts on the computerized	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE		method of traffic demand projection.	(1)
IV: DVI THINH AND	1		4

ASE IDN 214A /88

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF USE OF STUDY RESULTS
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT In Progress or In Use
2. NAME OF STUDY	·	,	STATUS Delayed
Flood Control Plan of Basin	the Upper Citarum	2. COSTS OF (US\$1=1,731Rp.) PROPOSED PLAN OR MAJOR PROJECTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost	
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 1) 69,668 2)	A feasibility study was subsequently conducted on the urgent projects.
Social Infrastructures Control	/ River & Erosion	3. MAJOR PROJECT(S) PROPOSED	· ·
4. REFERENCE NO.		Long-term river improvement plan through the year 2005: the distance from Kelugu Jampung to the upstream reach	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	M/P+(F/S)	of the maximum flood basin 2) Flood basing control (non-structural measures):	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	·	Regulations of land use, including the relief measure for damaged houses, and the establishment of the early	
Directorate of Rivers (DOR), Dir Water Resource Development (DGW		warning system	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Formulation of a maste and identification and flood control projects	levaluation of urgent		
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1986	4. CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IMPACTS	
9. CONSULTANT(S)			
Pacific Consultants In	ternational	See next page.	
	· · · .		
10. STUDY TEAM			
No. of Members 11 Period May1987	7 - Dec.1988 (20 months)		2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
Total M/M 57.4 Japan 17.1 Field 40.3	13		
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY			
Geological survey	ical motore		
Installation of hydrolog		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
14 PyppyIDERIDE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1)
12. EXPENDITURE Total Contracted	203,741 (¥'000) 187,711		

March 1990 March 1991

I. OUTLINE OF STUDY		II. SUMMARY OF STUDY RESULTS	III. PRESENT STATUS OF STUDIED PROJECT
1. COUNTRY	Indonesia	1. SITE OR AREA	1. PRSENT Completed or Promoting in Progress
2. NAME OF STUDY		Bandung City (study area of 1,771 sq.km)	STATUS Completed
Flood Control Plan of the Upper Citarum Basin		2. PROJECT COSTS Total Cost Local Cost Foreign Cost 1) 61,476 19,765 41,711	☐ Implementing ☐ Delayed or Suspended Processing ☐ Discontinued or Cancelled (Description)
3. SECTOR		(US\$1,000) 2) 3)	(Disciplion)
Social Infrastructures/ River & Erosion Control		3. CONTENTS OF MAJOR PROJECT(S) Proposed urgent flood control measures:	Feb. 1990 OECF loan agreed. Feb. 1991 D/D scheduled to begin.
4. REFERENCE NO.		1) Desiltation of the river	
5. TYPE OF STUDY	(M/P)+F/S	2) Reshaping of the slope 3) Revetment of river banks	
6. COUNTERPART AGENCY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4) Bridges (new construction and fortification) 5) Maintenance roads	
Directorate of Rivers(DOR), Directorate General of Water Resource Development (DGWRD)		6) Introduction of the flood forecasting and early warning system	
7. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY			
Formulation of a master plan through 2005 and identification and evaluation of urgent flood control projects		Implementation Period: 1990 - 1995	
8. DATE OF S/W	Dec.1986	4. FEASIBILITY AND EIRR FIRR ITS ASSUMPTIONS	
9. CONSULTANT(S) Pacific Consultants International		Feasibility:	
		Conditions and Development Impacts:	
		Conditions: 1) Project life of 50 years	
10. STUDY TEAM		2) Opportunity cost of capital at 10%	
No. of Members 11 Period May1987 - Dec.1988 (20 months) Total M/M 57.44 Japan 17.13 Field 40.31		Social impacts: 1) The project will reduce the damages in the area of 4,090 ha	2. MAJOR REASONS FOR PRESENT STATUS
		and protect 19,300 houses entirely from floods and 24,100 houses from the flooding above 50cm. 2) Most of the road system will be protected from floods.	
11. ASSOCIATED AND/OR SUBCONTRACTED STUDY		Note: B/C ratio of 1.44 and NPV of Rp.26.9 billion	
Geological survey Installation of hydrological meters			
		5. TECHINCAL TRANSFER	3. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION
12. EXPENDITURE Total	203,741 (¥'000)	1) Participation of 3 counterparts in the JICA training program 2) OJT and a seminar	(1)
Contracted	187,711		