# ANNEX-VI

# IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

# ANNEX- VI

# IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

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# ANNEX- VI IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

# 1. PRESENT CONDITIONS

# 1.1 Irrigation and Drainage Works

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# 1.1.1 Existing irrigation systems

In the Study Area, fifteen (15) communal irrigation systems (CIS) have been constructed by use of river or creek flows. The locations of the respective CIS are as shown in Fig. VI.1.1. The general features of the CIS are as shown below.

# EXISTING COMMUNAL IRRIGATION SYSTEMS IN THE STUDY AREA

Name of	Location	Construction	Service		Irrigation Area	
CIS	(Barangay)	Year/Agency	Area	Wet s.	Dry s	
1. Sipsipin	Sipsipin	1957/NIA	86 ha	73 ha	10 ha	
2. Puang Linis	-do-	1939/DPWH	34	24	15	
3. Butsinge	-do-	1977/NIA	60	54	8	
4. Manggahan	-do-	1978/ADCR	26	23	4	
5. L.Mapakla	District I	1986/NIA	38	. 29	3	
6. U.Mapakla	-do-	1968/DPWH	48	48	15	
7. Ilog Tangge	District II	1977/NIA/FSDC	16	(not fun		
8. Bayugo	Bayugo	1980/NIA/FSDC	18	(not fun		
9. Bagumbong	Bagumbong	1985/PRV'l GT	44	39	10	
0. Pulong Matsing	-do-	1981/NIA	8	8	0	
1. Ilog Munti	-do-	1988/NIA	10	8	0	
2. Ilog Na		•	20	o	Λ	
Malaki	- do-	_	28	8 .	0	
3. Lumang Nayon	-do-	1985/NIA	27	22	. 0	
4. Lubo	Lubo	1985/NIA	22	14	0	
5. Ik-Ik	-do-	1977/NIA	18	(not fun	cuonin	
Total		<u> </u>	483	350	70	

Rainfalls and river discharges in the Study Area fluctuates in magnitude ant time of occurrence. Irrigation area in the wet season counts for 350 ha or 72 % of the service area. Further, the river discharges in the dry season are scarce or dried up, then the irrigation service in the dry season is limited to 70 ha in total or 14 % of the service area.

The irrigation facilities of CIS are as shown in Table VI.1.1. The general features of the irrigation facilities are described below.

All existing CIS are provided with diversion dams which are mostly constructed on the middle reaches of steep rivers or creeks. There exist fifteen diversion dams, inclusive of non-functioning CIS. Various kinds of diversion dam are constructed, i.e., diversion weir, barrage with wooden stoplogs, simple check structure, depending on sizes of rivers and topography. No provision or less functioning of scouring sluices occurs heavy sedimentation in the upstream river sections and serious scouring in the downstream river sections. Further, absence of the intake gates accelerates siltation in their canal systems.

A total of 25.5 km of main and lateral irrigation canals serves for operational CIS. Feeder canals are not developed yet. About 74 % of the canals are lined with concrete blocks or wet stone masonry of u-shape flume type, to save losses of the limited water sources. In general, canal slopes are steep ,running on the surfaces of steep slope land. Most of canal linings are superannuated.

No diversion structure such as turnout, division box is provided in the CIS. Some conveyance structures to cross roads and streams are constructed. Diversion of water to lateral canals or to fields is controlled only by means of stones or turfs through breakage of canal embankments or canal linings.

There is no inspection road of both main and lateral canals. Field borders provide access to the canal systems.

Water supply to fields is carried out by plot to plot supply. The downstream fields confront excess water in flood seasons and water shortage in the dry seasons. Equitable water supply is not assured.

The inventory of irrigation facilities of the existing CIS are summarized below.

#### Intake structure

Diversion weir	5 nos.
Barrage type	 4 nos.
Check structure type	 6 nos.

#### Irrigation canal

Number		43 nos.
Length,To	otal	25,460 m
Co	oncrete lining	18,730 m
Ea	rth canal	6,730 m

#### Canal structure

Siphon	,	1 no.
Culvert		11 nos.
Aqueduct		2 nos.

In addition to the above-mentioned CIS, pumping irrigation is practiced in individual farms of 15 ha by use of pumping equipment loaned by NIA. During the survey period, it was confirmed that 8 pumping units were operated, and those were sparsely located in rainfed areas in Bagumbong area. Water sources of pumping irrigation are groundwater for 5 units and lake water for 3 units.

# 1.1.2 Existing drainage conditions

There are no distinct drainage canals to evacuate excess rainfall or to convey excess irrigation water to the natural streams or creeks. Some irrigation canals are functioning a dual purpose of irrigation and drainage, which results in damage of irrigation canals and inundation of the downstream areas when heavy rainfalls occur.

The major streams or creeks running in steep areas have sufficient capacities to flow down surface runoffs from mountain areas. However, after entering mild slope areas, they get smaller in their capacities toward Lake Laguna, and at crossing points of lake coastal roads, the flow capacities are remarkably decreased due to less capacities of crossing structures or the lack of structures.

Runoffs collected to the small streams are presently used for irrigation and the stream courses disappear in paddy fields.

During the heavy rainfall seasons, it occurs inundation in the low-lying areas.

# 1.2 Operation and Maintenance

Operation and maintenance of CIS are carried out by irrigator association which are organized and registered. The existing organizations of the operation and maintenance of the existing CIS are as shown in Table VI.1.2.

The association decides cropping calender and water supply schedule prior to the commencement of the cropping year. Before the commencement of water delivery, canal cleaning is undertaken generally by members of the association. The water tender of the association monitors farming operation and water distribution according to the authorized schedule.

Irrigation fees are collected by irrigation association and they are paid by paddy or cash on the basis of the prevailing market price. Irrigation fees are collected by irrigation fee collector hired or designated by the association with a monetary incentive of 5 % of his collected irrigation fees. Irrigation fees in the Study Area range from 125 kg to 175 kg of paddy per ha per cropping. Collection rates of irrigation fees fluctuate year by year, depending upon irrigation services.

The existing CIS are classified as participatory and non-participatory of water users in construction of irrigation systems, according to which the irrigation fees of CIS are

determined. The existing CIS are categorized as follows according to amortization of the construction cost:

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**Amortising CIS** 

Lower Mapakla CIS : Participatory
Bagumbong CIS : Participatory
Pulong Matsing CIS : Participatory
Lumang Nayon CIS : Participatory
Ilog Munti CIS : Participatory
Butsinge CIS : Non-Participatory

Non-amortising CIS

Sipsipin CIS

Upper Mapakla CIS

Bayugo CIS

Puang Linis CIS

Manggahan CIS

Lubo CIS

Ik-Ik CIS Ilog Na Malaki CIS

Ilog Tangge CIS

#### 2. IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

## 2.1 Irrigation Plan

#### 2.1.1 General

The main objective of irrigation development is:

- (1) to increase paddy crop production for attaining self sufficiency of food in the Study area and
- (2) to introduce intensified agriculture in upland fields for raising farm income.

The paddy fields of 770 ha extend over major part of lowlying area. About 64 % of the paddy fields is commanded with the communal irrigation systems, but irrigation service in the dry season is limited due to small dependable river flows. The remaining paddy fields stand on a rainfed condition.

Upland fields and orchards locating in the lowlying area count for 360 ha. In the dry season, the upland fields remain uncultivated ,and fruit trees confront water shortage, resulting in low production.

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Irrigation is indispensable to expand the cultivation area and to stabilize production. To attain the above mentioned objectives effectively, the following development concept is established:

- (a) to establish year-round irrigation systems by means of improvement and upgrading of the existing communal irrigation systems and provision of irrigation facilities in the rainfed paddy fields
- (b) to introduce upland irrigation in the existing upland fields and orchards located in the gently sloped area

# 2.1.2 Delineation of Irrigation Area

The irrigation areas of paddy fields and upland fields of the Project is delineated on the basis of the proposed land use plan.

In principle, independent irrigation systems are formulated for paddy fields taking into account the following:

- Twelve (12) communal irrigation systems (CISs) presently serve forpaddy fields of 350 ha in the Study area. With the Project, those systems are improved to stabilize water supply in the rainy season and to expand the irrigation area in the dry season. Those systems are presently operated and maintained by farmers' water users associations. After improvement, the systems will also be operated and maintained by the same associations. In principle, no modification of the present boundaries of the existing CISs is made.
- 2) Paddy fields to be irrigated lie in the alluvial plains of small streams with different elevations at debouchments and varied shapes. Unification of the existing CISs is made only where the CISs are located in the same Barangay and efficient can all system and diversion plan can be formulated.
- Major irrigation areas will be irrigated by means of pumping-up of Laguna lake water, to supplement dry season irrigation water. In consideration of operation and maintenance of pumping equipment, small scale pump equipment is appropriate.

On the other hand, upland fields to be irrigated disperse in slightly high elevated areas contiguous to paddy fields. The extent of each area is limited to less than 30 ha.

Further, Geo-hydrological investigation conducted by the study team revealed that the ground water potential in the Study area is not adequate for irrigation purpose as mentioned in ANNEX-II. Then, a main water source of upland areas will be Laguna lake water by pumping. Irrigation plans of upland fields are formulated with incorporation in paddy field irrigation system. However, the upland fields and orchards in Bagumbong area are collectively located. Then, irrigation systems for such areas are independently formulated in consideration of the efficient operation and maintenance.

Thus, thirteen (13) irrigation systems commanding an area of 1,160 ha are formulated as shown in Fig.VI.2.1.

# 2.1.3 Irrigation Methods

# 1) Selection of Irrigation Method

Upland crops to be irrigated are corn, soybeans, vegetables and citrus. In making the best choice of the irrigation method, a comparison of three methods, i.e., surface, sprinller and drip irrigation methods was conducted.

Irrigation efficiency varies with the irrigation method affected by many factors among which major factors are soil characteristics, land slopes, crops to be irrigated.

The basic intake rates of the irrigation upland fields were measured in the representative sites. The basic intake rate lies in the range of 10 mm/hr to 20 mm/hr as shown in Fig. VI.2.2. From the view point of the basic intake rate, any irrigation method will be applied in upland fields of the Project area.

The upland irrigation areas of the Project are located in rather sleep sloped areas. The surface irrigation method requires mild and smooth field surface to attain the adequate irrigation efficiency. Whereas, the sprinkler and drip irrigation method can be adopted to any land slope without land levelling.

In consideration of the above, the alternative study was conducted in the representative area in Bagumbong. The general features of the alternative plans and the result of comparison are as shown in Table VI.2.1. The result shows that the surface irrigation method is more economical than the other methods, because of that sprinkler and drip irrigation methods can save much water but the high head are required, resulting in expensive pumping operation costs and equipment are expensive.

# 3) Water supply operation method

Water supply operation method greatly influences irrigation application efficiency and irrigation system capacity.

It is clear that continuous 24-hour supply operation makes minimum system capacity and efficient water diversion from the river. This method can be applied to paddy field irrigation because no special water management at a field level is required during water supply.

Whereas, upland irrigation requires precise water management of water supply to attain the appropriate irrigation efficiency. According to the soil condition and ground surface slope of the Project, irrigation supply operation will be finished within a comparatively short period and frequent water management practice is required. Thus, continuous water supply

for upland irrigation is not practical. Night storage pond is required at the outlet of discharge pipeline of pumps.

Therefore, at the peak demend period, 24-hour continuous water supply to irrigation blocks is adopted for paddy field irrigation and 16-hour operation is selected for upland irrigation with night storage ponds.

#### Irrigation Water Requirement 2.1.4

#### General (1)

The crops proposed for the Project are paddy rice, upland crops such as soybeans, corn, beans, eggplant, etc. and citrus. The irrigation water requirements for them are separately estimated according to the proposed cropping patterns for respective irrigation systems.

The irrigation water requirement for the Project are estimated, using the climatic data for consumptive use of water and effective rainfall and the survey result of percolation in the paddy fields.

The irrigation water requirements are estimated by the following procedures:

# Paddy rice

- Estimate of paddy rice water consumption by product of potential evapotranspiration by crop coefficient relating to the crop growth stages, CU
- Estimate of percolation rate,P
- Estimate of effective rainfall, ER
- Estimate of nursery water, NU and puddling water requirement, PU
- Estimate of net water requirement,NR

$$NR = CU + P - ER + NU + PU$$

Estimate of gross water requirement, GR by dividing the net water requirement by irrigation efficiency

# Upland crops and citrus

- Estimate of crop water consumption, CU
- Estimate of pre-irrigation requirement,PI
- Estimate of effective rainfall, ER
- Estimate of net water requirement,NR

$$NR = CU + PI - ER$$

For citrus, pre-irrigation is not included.

Estimate of gross water requirement,GR divided net water requirement by irrigation efficiency

## (2) Consumptive use

Consumptive use of water by crops is estimated as a product of potential evapotranspiration by crop coefficients relating to crop growth stages. The climatic data including calculated potential evapotranspiration by means of modified Pennman method were made available at IRRI climatic station in Los Banos, covering a measurement period of 5 years from 1984 to 1988 as shown in Table VI.2.2.

The average potential evapotranspiration of the above station is as summarized below.

 	•	******	month
 		111111	11111111111

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	un	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov De	c
89.6	98.2	132.0	135.2	145.6	119.8	120.2	120.4	109.1	97.7	91.8 88	.1

The crop coefficients of respective crops are estimated with reference to FAO Irrigation and Drainage Paper, Crop Water Requirements, as shown in Fig.VI.2,3. In calculating the water requirement, crop coefficients are estimated on monthly basis for proposed cropping schedule.

### (3) Percolation

The percolation rate in the Project area was measured at four representative paddy fields during the wet season paddy cropping. The locations of the measurement sites and the result are as shown in Fig. VI.2.4.

The soil in the Project area is classified as clay to clay loam. Based on the result of the investigation and soil classification, the percolation rate of 2 mm/day is adopted in estimating irrigation water requirements for wet and dry season paddy cropping.

## (4) Puddling water requirement

Puddling water requirements consist of water equivalent to the difference in the soil moisture before and after puddling, standing water required above the soil surface, evaporation and percolation losses from paddy fields. The puddling water requirement is assessed as follows:

(i) Depth of soil and porosity		
soil depth	;	300 mm
porositý		55 %
(ii) Soil vapor phase after puddling	. :	5 %
(iii) Soil moisture before water supply	:	15 %
(iv) Water to be supplied		
Water to be supplied to soil profile		105 mm
Evaporation	:	15 mm
Percolation	· :	10 mm
Standing water depth after puddling	:	50 mm
Total	18	30 mm

# (5) Nursery water requirement

Nursery water requirements consist of water needed for preparation of nursery beds, and evapotranspiration and percolation during nursery period. The water requirement is estimated with the following conditions:

(i) Area required for nursery bed : 5 % of paddy field

(ii) Nursery period : 25 days

(iii) Required water for 25 days

Preparation of nursery bed : 180 mm

Evapotranspiration : Kc x PET

Percolation : 2 mm/day

#### (6) Effective rainfall

The effective rainfall for paddy fields and upland fields are separately estimated based on the rainfall data and crop growing conditions.

#### Paddy field

Based on the daily rainfall data in the Project area, effective rainfall was estimated by means of the daily water balance rainfall and requirement. Based on the above result, correlation between monthly rainfall and effective rainfall was established for the purpose of calculation of the long term water assessment as shown in Fig.VI.2.5. The relation can be expressed as follows:

In case of R less than 250 mm:  $ER = 0.76 \times R - 19.0$ 

In case of R larger than 250 mm:  $ER = 0.083 \times R + 150.2$ 

#### Upland field

- Based on the evapotranspiration/precipitation ratio method prepared by USDA, the relationship between average monthly effective rainfall and mean monthly rainfall is drawn for the different values of the average monthly crop water requirement. The relationship is as shown below.

$$ER = 0.2 \times R^{0.95} \times Cu^{0.31}$$

where,

ER: Effective rainfall (mm)

R: Monthly effective rainfall (mm)
Cu: Crop water requirement (mm)

In the above calculation, the effective rainfall should not exceed crop water requirement.

#### (7) Irrigation efficiency

Irrigation efficiencies of paddy field irrigation and upland field irrigation are determined, taking into account the following conditions:

- (i) Upland cropping irrigation is conducted by surface irrigation methods, as described in the succeeding section. Furrow or border irrigation methods are applied in consideration of the above mentioned crops.
- (ii) Lining canals up to rotation blocks are adopted.
- (iii) Irrigation blocks are of small size of 10 to 15 ha, and canal lengths from intakes or pump outlets to fields are short because of small irrigation system area.

The overall irrigation efficiencies for respective paddy and upland irrigation are estimated as follows:

Irrigation efficiency	Paddy field	Upland field
Application efficiency	75 %	65 %
Conveyance efficiency Overall efficiency	85 % 64 %	55 %
	and the control of th	an ing Property of <u>All Subsections</u>

# (8) Diversion water requirement

Diversion water requirements of each crop are estimated on the basis of the above mentioned calculation conditions as shown in Table VI.2.3. Diversion water requirements for respective irrigation systems are calculated for a series of 20 years as shown in Table VI.2.4.

# 2.1.5 Intake and Canal System Plan

# (1) Selection of intake systems

The existing CISs have been dependent only on the river flows, then irrigation services are largely affected by the fluctuation of rainfall in the rainy season cropping and fall in only 14 % of the service area in the dry season cropping due to scarce or dried up river flows. In order to stabilize cropping in the rainy season and expand the irrigation area in the dry season, the following intake measures are taken to the respective irrigation systems.

1) Irrigation system by use of river flow supplemented with pumping-up of lake water

Through the water balance study between irrigation water requirements and river discharges as mentioned in the succeeding section, available river flows of the major rivers were assessed. Based on the result, improvement of the existing intakes located on major rivers are contemplated. However, the dry season river flows do not meet irrigation water demands for dry season cropping. Thus, pumping systems are additionally required.

Construction and/or improvement of intakes on the following rivers are proposed in combination with pumping stations:

River name	Proposed irrigation system	Existing irrigation system
Puang	Sipsipin	Puang, Sipsipin Butsinge
Mapakla	Mapakla	Upper Mapakla Lower Mapakla
Manggahan Ik-Ik Lubo Lumang Nayon	Manggahan Ik-Ik Lubo Lumang Nayon	Manggahan Ik-Ik Lubo Lumang Nayon Ilog Munti, Ilog Na Malaki
Bagumbong	Pulong Ligaya	Pulong Matsing
Bagumbong	Bagumbong (paddy field area)	Bagumbong

# 2) Irrigation system by pumping-up of lake water

In the irrigation systems within which no rivers to provide stable runoffs are existed, a pump irrigation system is adopted. The rainfed paddy field area and deteriorated CIS area generally belong to this system. All irrigation water will be taken from pumping-up of lake water.

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The following irrigation systems are formulated with this intake system:

 Proposed irrigation system	Existing irrigation system
Bayugo Llano Punta Pagkalinawan Bagumbong	Bayugo (rainfed area) (rainfed area) (rainfed area) (rainfed area)
(upland area)	

# 3) Irrigation system with an impound

All the rivers in the Study area are generally steep. The suitable impounding site is limited on the Palay-Palay river. With economic comparison with a pumping system as mentioned in the succeeding section, the impounding plan for Palay-Palay irrigation system of 140 ha was selected and appropriate scale and site of impounding was selected.

#### (2) Water balance

The annual runoff of the rivers are estimated to be approximately 1,560 mm on an average as mentioned in ANNEX-I. However, most of the river flows discharge within the short period due to small catchment areas and steep river slopes, thus dependable river flows are limited. In order to estimate the available river flow for irrigation, the water balance study was carried out. The summary of the results are as shown in Fig.VI.2.6, and summarized below.

Irrigation system	Total diversion requirement		Diversion from river		Water to be pumped-up	
	(TCM)	(%)	(TCM)	(%)	(TCM)	(%)
Sipsipin		_	<del></del>			
Average year	2,346	(100)	1,122	(48)	1,225	(52)
Critical year	2,611	(100)	1,052	(40)	1,559	(60)
- Mapakla		r Kilibara	4.5			44.35
Average year	1,508	(100)	799	(53)	709	(47)
Critical year	1,709	(100)	861	(50)	847	(50)
Lubo	* 4		*.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Average year	476	(100)	279	(59)	196	(41)
Critical year	543	(100)	306	(56)	237	(44)
Bagumbong and Pulong Lig	ava					e egit
Average year	1,521	(100)	916	(60)	604	(40)
Critical year	1,694	(100)	977	(58)	716	(42)

Note:

TCM

 $10^{3} \text{ m}^{3}$ 

Average year Critical year

represented by 1982

represented by 1988

Judging from the result, the following can be said:

- (a) About 50 % of the total diversion requirements can be supplied from the rivers in the average year. This means that operation hours of pumps will be much reduced.
- (b) The Turnina river flow can be diverted to Pulong Ligaya irrigation system through the natural stream in addition to its own commanding area in Bagumbong.

# (3) Palay-Palay impound plan

The Palay-Palay river remains unutilized for irrigation upto the present due mainly to its deep valley, even it is one of the major rivers in the Project area. In formulating the irrigation plan of Palay-Palay irrigation system of 140 ha, an impounding plan of the Palay-Palay river was studied, compared with a pumping up plan from Lake Laguna. The general features of the alternative plans are as follows:

Dam Plan: The dam site is selected at about 1.5 km upstream of the river mouth in consideration of the large storage capacity, and the comparatively narrow river cross section. The low water level is set at El 20 m, whereas the irrigation area extends from El.30 m immediately downstream of the dam. Then, a high elevated area can not be served directly by a canal system from the dam. An additional pumping station to use storage water is contemplated for such area.

Pumping System Plan: The pumping station is selected at the east of Palay-Palay village. The irrigation water is pumped up from Lake Laguna. The pump equipment is provided with high head and low head pumps according to the result of the study of pumping system.

The general features of both plans are described in Table VI.2.5. The economic comparison shows that an impounding plan is economical than the pumping plan in terms of the annual cost as shown in Tbable VI.2.6. Therefore, Palay-Palay irrigation system is formulated with an imounding plan.

# (4) Selection of pumping system

The irrigation areas of the Project have gradually dipping slopes toward Lake Laguna with different required pumping heads and irrigation areas. The Project area is broadly classified into the following two categories in terms of a pumping system:

# i) High pumping head and large irrigation area

	Irrigation System	Irrigation area (ha)	Required pumping head (m)
i)	High pumping head and larg	e irrigation are	a
	Sipsipin	170	47
	Mapakla	130	44
	Lumang Nayon	95	44
	Bagumbong	230	62
ii)	Low pumping head and sma	Il irrigation are	a tribergan
	Mangahan	- 55	31
	Bayugo	50	26
	Llano	65	$\overline{28}$
	Punta	35	16
	Pagkalinawan	55	$3\overset{\circ}{2}$
	I agkamawan Ik-Ik	45	27
		45	$\frac{5}{2}$
	Lubo Pulong Ligaya	45	24 17

The irrigation area of the categories ii) is in general located along the skirts of the fill. In consideration of the low pumping heads and a small extent of the area, a direct pumping system is adopted to those areas.

On the other hand, the category i), the following alternatives are conceived in view of the initial cost and pump operation cost:

- i) The pumps lift up the whole amount of water needed in the scheme area directly to an outlet. Each pump is provided with the same capacity. In this case, the system will reduce the number of pump equipment contributing to decreasing pump equipment cost, but will fall in expensive electric cost since the whole amount of water is pumped up to the high elevated outlet.
- ii) In case that the pumps with different capacities and heads are provided and separate discharge pipes with different outlets are constructed, the system will save electric cost, however the pump equipment cost will increase.

In order to determine the most economical pumping system, the following alternative pumping plans are compared.

Plan-1: One outlet system

Plan-2: Two outlets system with different discharge pipelines
Plan-3: Three outlets system with different discharge pipelines

An economic comparison was made in terms of the annual cost of initial investment of pumping system, electric charge. The result is as shown in Table VI.2.7. The result shows that Plan-2 is the most economical plan among three plans due mainly to saving electric cost and a comparatively low pump equipment cost.

Consequently, one outlet system is adopted for the low head pumping area and two outlet system is applied to the high head pumping area.

#### (5) Canal system

#### (a) Terminal canal system

The irrigation canal system consists of main canal, main farm ditch and farm ditch. The main canal will run generally along the skirts of the hills. Main farm ditches run perpendicular to contour lines. Farm ditches will be constructed along the longer sides of field borders which have been laid along contour lines. The irrigation system area is divided into several irrigation blocks. A main farm ditches command one irrigation block of about 10 ha. The irrigation block consists of some rotation blocks of about 1 ha which is commanded by a farm ditch. The typical layouts of terminal canal systems for paddy fields and upland fields are as shown in Fig. VI.2.7.

#### (b) Selection of canal lining

The land slopes of irrigation areas are mild to steep. Main farm ditches, in particular, will fall in steep slopes, resulting in high velocity.

The density of the proposed main canals and main farm ditches are about 4 m/ha and 60 m/ha, respectively. Irrigation water of the Project is diverted partly or whole by pumps. Thus, the water loss during conveyance should be minimized. And canals should be sufficiently strong against erosion of canals to be occurred by high velocities. To cope with these conditions, canal lining is considered effective.

The most influencing canal to the above matters is a main farm ditch according to its length. Thus, to judge the economic aspect of the canal lining of the main farm ditch, a comparison of concrete lining and earth canal is carried out. The comparison is conducted in terms of annual cost of initial investment of canal lining, saving loss water and saving occupied land by selecting the sample area. The result is as shown in Table VI.2.8. The result indicates that the lining of the whole reaches of main farm ditches is much advantageous than earth canals due mainly to saving the loss water and land to be occupied by canals.

Therefore, the irrigation canals of the Project are lined up to the end of main farm ditch.

### (6) Selection of power supply system

Irrigation pumps require the power of about 1,000 kW. The existing power supply system is of low voltage 3.6 kV with a single phase current. The present power system is not sufficient to supply the power to the pumping equipment. Under these situations, two types of power supply system are conceivable; electric motor driven and diesel engine driven. In order to determine the most suitable power supply system, an economic comparison was carried out for the above-mentioned to cases. The comparison was made in terms of annual cost of initial investment of pumping equipment, operation and maintenance cost of electric charge and fuel cost. The result is as shown in Table VI.2.9.

According to the result, electric power supply system is more economical than the diesel engine system. In addition to the above condition, electric motor driven system is more advantageous in operation and maintenance. Thus, the pump systems are proposed to be driven by electric motors.

# 2.1.6 Preliminary Design of Irrigation Facilities

#### (1) Irrigation System Capacity

The irrigation system consists of head works such as intake, pump station, and main canal, main farm ditch and farm ditch.

The design capacities of intake ,pump station and main canal are determined on the basis of 24 hour continuous water supply at the peak demand period at 80 % dependability level (4 out of 5 years).

The capacity of the main farm ditch and farm ditch are determined on the basis of rotational irrigation within the rotation block. The paddy field water supply is practiced with 10 days rotation, 24 hour operation within 10 ha.

Upland irrigation is practiced with 16 hour water supply operation at the field level, to ensure the equitable water supply. Therefore, a night storage pond is required to store the discharge difference between 24 hour diversion from pump or intake and field operation of 16 hour.

The system capacities of the irrigation facilities thus determined are as shown in Table VI 2.10.

#### **Pump Station** (2)

Fourteen (14) pump stations are proposed for the Project. The general design considerations are described hereunder.

#### Station layout (a)

The pump station consists of an inlet channel, suction pond, pump house, discharge pipeline, and outlet structure. The locations of pump stations are selected at the center of the respective irrigation areas near to Lake Laguna.

The pump house is located at the end of the inlet channel with suction pond. A gradually varied transition connects with a suction pits. The discharge pipeline extends from the pump house toward the outlet mainly along the existing roads.

#### Design discharge and pumping heads (b)

Based on the unit design water requirements, design discharges of respective pump irrigation systems are calculated.

The water levels in the suction ponds are determined based on Laguna Lake water level record as shown in Table VI.2.11. After conversion to RI bench mark system based on which topographic maps of the Project have been prepared, the recorded minimum and maximum water levels were taken to be the design low and high water levels

> El.+2.84 m Design high water level

> El.- 0.40 m Design low water level

The water levels at outlets are determined so as to effectively command the irrigation areas for each irrigation system.

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The design discharge, design head and discharge pipeline are as shown in Table VI.2.12.

#### (c) Pump set

The pumping equipment is designed on the basis of continuous 24-hour operation at peak demand period. According to the estimate of he diversion requirements of each systems, the peak requirement occurs in one month and in the other periods the requirements are less than 50 %. In consideration of these patterns of seasonal water requirements, two sets of pump without a spare set are proposed.

#### (d) Type of pump

The design discharges per set are 1 to 5 m<sup>3</sup>/min and total heads range from 10 to 60 m. In addition to the above hydraulic conditions, taking into account the convenience of the repair and maintenance of pump, and low price of pump equipment, horizontal shaft volute pump is selected for the pump stations.

#### (3) Intake

#### i) General

Eleven (11) existing intakes are improved according to the result of the water balance study. The existing eight intakes located in the upstream rivers on steep slope reaches are confronted with sediment with boulders in the upstream sections and erosion in the downstream sections. Based on the present diversion condition and structure conditions revealed by the field investigation, improvement plan of intakes are determined.

The type of intake is determined in consideration of the following:

- i) To ensure stable diversion even under the quickly varied river discharges,
- ii) To secure sufficient diversion against drift cobbles boulders and others, and to be strong enough to drift cobbles and boulders,
- iii) To be simple in structure and convenient in operation and maintenance

To suit the above conditions, a bar-screen backstream intake type out of a torrent intake type ( mountain stream diversion works) is selected. The preliminary design is described hereunder.

Bar screen ; steel pipe of dia, 90 mm

Bar angle : 45 degree
Bar length : 0.85 m
Opening of bar screen : 14 %

Based on Mostkov formula, diversion discharges of respective widths are calculated.

 $Q = L x u x c x B x (2g E)^{0.5}$ 

where, Q: diversion discharge (cu.m/sec)

L: Length of bar-screen (m) u: coefficient of inflow, 0.55 c; opening of bar-screen, 14 %

B: Width of bar-screen portion (m) g: acceleration due to gravity 9.8

E: specific energy on the weir (m)

The remaining 3 intakes are improved with provision of intake gates and protection of upstream and downstream river side slopes.

#### (3) Palay-Palay Dam

#### 1) General

The main function of Palay-Palay dam is to store the water of the Palay-Palay river and to supply irrigation water to Palay-Palay irrigation system. The details are as shown in the attached Drawings.

The proposed dam site is selected at a narrow neck of the Palay-Palay river about 1.5 km upstream of the river mouth, in consideration of the following:

- i) Topography and geology
  - Narrow portion of the river course,
  - The site with large catchment area and enough storage capacity
  - Sufficient foundation condition to construct required embankment
- ii) Construction : The site to economize on construction
- iii) Operation and maintenance: The site to provide good access
  - for operation and maintenance

## 2) Geological condition of dam site

According to the geological investigation, the following conditions were disclosed as detailed in ANNEX-II:

- i) he dam site is underlain by a interbedded sequence of tuff and tuffaceuos sandstone,
- ii) Those are moderately consolidated and slightly undulated making the rock friable and permeable.
- iii) Fresh tuff is generally hard but friable,

Based on the above finding, the following conditions should be taking into account the dam design

- seepage in sandstone beds on the right abutment
- Sliding along bedding planes on the left abutment
- Bearing capacity and shear of the foundation materials

#### 3) Selection of dam type

In consideration of topographical condition, geological and foundation condition, available material, the fill type dam is selected.

### 4) Preliminary design of Palay-Palay dam

#### (a) Design flood

The peak flood discharges are analyzed, as presented in ANNEX · I " Meteorology and Hydrology". The spillway and river diversion are designed for the following conditions:

Structure	Peak flood discharge	Remarks
Spillway	64 m³/sec	100-year flood
	78 m <sup>3</sup> /sec	200-year flood
River diversion	38 m <sup>3</sup> /sec	5-year flood

#### (b) Storage capacity

The storage consists of the following:

- Irrigation water for Palay-Palay irrigation system
- Evaporation and seepage loss
- Sedimentation

The irrigation requirement is first calculated by means of water balance of the river flow and irrigation diversion requirement as shown in Table VI.2.13. The design storage required for irrigation with dependable level of 80 % (4 out of 5 years) is 570,000 m<sup>3</sup> as shown in Fig VI.2.8.

The other storage requirements are estimated on the following basis:

#### Sedimentation :

The annual sediment volume in the reservoir is determined to be 600 m<sup>3</sup>/km<sup>2</sup>/year. The design year for sediment volume is taken to be 100 years. Thus, the design sediment volume is 229,000 m<sup>3</sup>.

#### Evaporation and seepage losses:

This is estimated on the basis of the measurement data of pan evaporation at IRRI in Los Banos, by converting to equivalent rate from free water surfaces.

(1,312 mm/year x 11.8 ha x 50 %)

The required storage of Palay-Palay dam is determined as follows:

a de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la co	Unit: 103 m <sup>3</sup>
Total storage Effective storage Irrigation requirement Evaporation and seepage losses Dead storage Sediment volume Dead storage	1,060 722 570 152 338 229 109

# (c) Normal high water level and low water level

Low water level is determined to be 20 m on the basis of required water level for irrigation. Thus, the normal high water level is determined to be 26.5 m as shown in Fig. VI.2.8.

#### (d) Crest elevation

The crest elevation of a dam is determined to be the maximum design water surface plus a required freeboard. The maximum design water

surface is calculated to be 27.50 as mentioned in the succeeding section A freeboard is calculated by the following formula:

Hf  $\geq$  hw + 1.0 where,

Hf: Height of freeboard (m)

hw: Wind wave height on reservoir surface (m)

 $hw = 0.032 \times F \times V + 0.763 - 0.271 \times F^{1/4}$ 

where,

F: Fetch of reservoir (km)

V: Maximum observed wind velocity

(km/hr)

Then, the crest elevation is determined to be EL.29.50.

## (e) Type of Dam

Judging from topography, geology and available construction materials around the dam site, an earthfill dam with central earth core is selected.

#### (f) Spillway

The spill way is constructed on the left bank of a dam. The type of the spillway is of non-gated overflow type with shuteway and settling basin. The design discharge of the spillway is 68 m<sup>3</sup>/sec. The crest length of the spillway is determined to be 30 m on the basis of comparison on the spillway length and dam height.

Thus, the maximum water surface elevation is determined to be 27.5 m. The 200-year flood of 78 m<sup>3</sup>/sec is released safely within the freeboard.

#### (g) River diversion

The concrete pipe of diversion with a diameter of 2.4 m is installed with the base elevation of the same level as the existing river bed. The pipe is laid under the dam. After completion of the dam, the pipe will be closed by concrete.

#### (h) Intake

An intake structure is provided on the right bank, capable to release the irrigation requirement of 0.253 m<sup>3</sup>/sec. The irrigation water is released through the discharge pipeline of 0.50 m in diameter. The regulation

gate is installed at the end of the discharge pipeline with an energy dissipator.

# (4) Irrigation canal

#### 1) Permissible velocity

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The main canal and main farm ditch are lined with U-shaped concrete flume. Farm ditch is of earth canal. The maximum velocity of the lining canal is determined for avoiding the upliftment of the lining. For earth canals, erosion control is considered. The maximum and minimum velocities of canals thus are,

Maximum velocity

Lined canal : 1.5 m/sec

Earth canal : 0.3 m/sec

Minimum velocity : 0.3 m/sec

## 2) Roughness coefficient

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Roughness coefficients of canals for determination of the hydraulic properties for application of Manning's formula are as follows:

Concrete canal : 0.015
Earth canal : 0.030

#### 3) Freeboard

The design discharges of the Project canals are comparatively small. In consideration of the scale of canals, the following minimum freeboard heights are taken in the design and the typical canal sections are adopted in consideration of the efficient construction.

- Minimum freeboard height to

the top of lining : 0.20 m

- Embankment height from

: 0.20 m

Minimum freeboard for

earth canal : 0.20 m

## 4) Lining

Period Area and a large and the first of the con-

The lining is constructed with U-shape flume precast unit of 13 cm thick.

## 5) Embankment

The width of embankment on the both sides are 0.50 m for main canal and 0.40 m for main farm ditch. The main canals running along the skirts hills are provided with catch drains. Then, by using excavated soils, canal inspection will be provided.

# (6) Canal Related Structures

A number of canal related structures such as turnouts, farm ponds, culverts, aqueducts, siphons, drops are provided. The irrigation diagrams of respective irrigation systems are as shown in Fig. VII.2.9.

## 2.1.7 General Features of Irrigation Facilities

Thirteen (13) irrigation systems are formulated to serve farm land of 1,160 ha which consists of paddy fields of 950 ha, upland fields of 130 ha and orchards of 80 ha.

The general features of the irrigation systems are described hereunder and are summarized in Table VI.2.14. The salient features of respective irrigation systems are as shown in Table VI.2.15.

# 1) Sipsipin Irrigation System

The Sipsipin irrigation system is located in Barangay Sipsip. It serves for paddy fields of 160 ha. The irrigation area consists of the existing Puan-Linis CIS and Butingge CIS. Since the Butingge river flows are not sufficient to irrigate Butingge CIS, it is unified with Puan-Linis CIS. To supplement irrigation water in the dry season, a pumping station is provided. According to water balance calculation between irrigation water requirements and river flows, about 50 % of the water requirement is required to be pumped up, but most of the rainy season cropping will be served from the Puan river flows. The works consit of improvement of the existing Puang intake, a pump station, and irrigation canals and related structures

#### 2) Mapakla Irrigation System

The Mapakla irrigation system is located in the Special District. It commands paddy fields of 100 ha and upland fields of 30 ha. The irrigation area consists of the existing Lower Mapakla CIS, Upper Mapakla CIS, Ilog Tangge CIS and reinfed upland fields lying north of Jala-Jala poblacion. The irrigation water is supplied from the Mapakla river, supplemented by pumping from Laguna lake. The works consist of improvement of the existing Upper Mapakla and Lower Mapakla intakes, construction of a pumping station, and irrigation canals and related structures.

# 3) Manggahan Irrigation System

The Mnaggahan irrigation system is located in Special District. The irrigation service area is 55 ha consisting of paddy fields of 45 ha and upland fields of 10 ha. This system includes the existing Manggahan CIS and reinfed upland fields.

The irrigation water is supplied from the Manggahan river and supplemented by pumping-up of lake Laguna. The works consist of improvement of the existing Manggahan intake, and construction of a pumping station, and irrigation canals and related structures.

# 4) Bayugo Irrigation System

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The Bayugo Irrigation system is located in Barangay Bayugo. The irrigation service area is 50 ha of paddy fields. The Bayugo CIS was constructed but it is presently not functioning due to lack of Bayugo river flows and deterioration of irrigation facilities. Its service area remains under reinfed conditions or grass land. All of irrigation water is supplied by a pumping station to be constructed. The works consist of construction of a pumpstation and irrigation canals and related structures.

# 5) Llano Irrigation System

The Llano irrigation system is situated in the southwestern part of Barangay Bayugo. commanding the rainfed paddy fields of 65 ha. The irrigation area currently stands on reinfed conditions because of no reliable riverflows in this area. Irrigation water is supplied by a pump station. The works consist of construvction of a pumping station, and irrigation canals and related structures.

### 6) Punta Irrigation System

This system is located in Barangay Punta in a pointed head of the Peninsular. The irrigation area is 35 ha of paddy fields. Formerly in this area, pump irrigation was practiced by a land owner, but presently irrigation facilities are deteriorated and not functioning. Pump irrigation is introduced because of no reliable river flows. Yhe works consist of construction of a pumping station, and irrigation canals and related structures.

# 7) Palay Palay Irrigation System

The Palay-Palay irrigation system is located in Barangay Palay-Palay, commanding an area of 140 ha with an impounding in the Palay Palay river. The rainfed paddy fields extend in the service area. A dam embankment will be of center-cored earthfill type with its height of 24 m with total storage volume of 1,060 x 10<sup>3</sup> cu.m. The general features of Palay-Palay damare as shown in Table VI.2.16. The works consist of construction of Palay-Palay dam, additional pump station to divert dam storage water to a high elevated area, irrigation canals and related structures.

# 8) Pagkalinawan Irrigation system

The irrigation system is situated in Barangay Pagkalinawan with a commanding area of 55 ha of paddy fields (45 ha) and citrus orchards (15 ha). The area is a narrow strip extending on comparatively steep slopes. Due to lack of stable irrigation water, paddy fields are not effectively utilized. With the Project, a pumping irrigation system is introduced. The works consist of construction of a pump station, irrigation canals and related structures.

#### 9) Ik Ik Irrigation System

This system is located in Barangay Lubo in the center of the eastern side of the Study area. The irrigation area is paddy fields of 45 ha presently put under rainfed conditions. The Ik Ik CIS is not functioning due to deterioration of intake and irrigation canals. With the Project, the area is served by Ik Ik river flows supplemented by pumping-up from lake Laguna. The owrks consist of construction of an intake in the Ik-lk river, a pump station, irrigation canals and related structures.

# 10) Lubo Irrigation System

The Lubo irrigation system is located in Barangy Lubo, serving an area of 45 ha of paddy fields of 30 ha and upland fields of 15 ha. The existing Lubo CIS is serving to a limited extent of the paddy fields. Upland fields extending on lower terraces contiguously to paddy fields are included in the irrigation area. Water supply will be carried out from the Lubo river supplemented by pumping-up from lake Laguna. The works consist of improvement of the existing Lubo inake, construction of pumping station, irrigation canals and related structures.

#### 11) Lumang Nayon Irrigation System

The Lumang Nayon irrigation system is located in Barangay Bagumbong. With unification of the existing Lumang Nayon CIS, Ilog Munti CIS and Ilog Na Malaki CIS, paddy fields of 95 ha are irrigated by use of river flows of the Lumang Nayon and the Munti, supplemented by pumping-up from Lake Laguna. To effectively utilize the dry season flow of the above rivers which originate from the springs, the existing three intakes are improved. The works consist of improvemen of the existing ithree intakes, construction of a pumping station, irrigation canals and related structres.

# 12) Pulong Ligaya Irrigation System

The Pulong Ligaya irrigation system is located in Barangay Bagumbong. The srvice area covers the existing Pulong Matsing CIS and raifed paddy fields. The Pulong Matsing CIS is presently diverting drain water to its commanding area in the rainy season. The water balance study shows that the Turnina riverflows can be diverted to this irrigation system. The irrigation area is 45 ha of Pulong Matsing CIS area and reinfed areas. The works consist of

improvement of the existing Pulong Matsing intake, construction of a pump station, irrigation canals and related structures.

# 13) Bagumbong Irrigation System

The Bagumbong irrigation system is located in Barangay Bagumbong. The irrigation area is 230 ha consisting of paddy fields of 85 ha and upland fields of 145 ha. Irrigation system is separated into the right and left bank areas in consideration of canal layout. The Turnina riverflows are diverted to paddy field areas, including adjacent Pulong Ligaya irrigation system. The works consist of improvement of the existing Bagumbong iantke, construction of two pumpstations, irrigation canals and related structures.

The general features of the irrigation systems are summarized as follows:

IRRIGATION SYSTEM	IRRIGAT PADDY	ION AREA UPLAND	HE	ADWORK
1. SIPSIPIN	170	20	1-intake,	1-pump station
2. MAPAKLA	100 45	30 10	2-intake, 1-intake,	1-pump station 1-pump station
3. MANGGAHAN 4. BAYUGO	50		, max,	1-pump station
5. LLANO	65	-	-	1-pump station
6. PUNTA	35	-	-	1-pump station
7. PALAY-PALAY	140	-	1-impoun	d 1-pump station
8. PAGKALINAWAN	45	10	-	1-pump station
9. IK-IK	45	-	1-intake	1-pump station
0. LUBO	30	15	1-intake	1-pump station
I. LUMANG NAYON	95	-	3-intake	1-pump station
2. PULONG LIGAYA	45	-	1-intake	1-pump station
3. BAGUMBONG	85	145	1-intake	2-pump station
TOTAL	950	210	12-intake: 1-impoun	s 14-pump stations d

# 2.2 Drainage Plan

#### 2.2.1 General

The drainage systems consist of main, and farm drains. Natural drains running across irrigation areas are used as main drains with enlargement of stream sections, where flow capacities are not sufficient. The main drains function to convey run-off from hilly areas to lake Laguna. Farm drains are connected with main or lateral drains to evacuate excess water in the irrigation area.

# 2.2.2 Drainage Water Requirement

#### (1) General

The drainage areas of the Project consist of paddy fields, upland fields and hilly areas. The drainage characteristics differ in respective areas. Drainage water requirements of the paddy fields upland fields and hilly areas are separately estimated hereunder.

Drainage systems for paddy fields are provided on the assumption that 5-year, 24-hour rainfall storm is drained from paddy fields within 24 hours.

Drainage water requirements for upland and hilly areas are estimated to respective areas on the basis of drainage characteristics of vegetation, soil and ground surface slope. The drainage system of upland irrigation areas is provided on the basis that 5-year, 4 hour continuous rainfall storm is drained in the period of 4 hours.

(2) Drainage water requirement of paddy field

Drainage water requirement of paddy field areas is estimated by the following formula:

$$Q = C \times I \times A$$

where,

Q: Drainage water requirement (1/sec/ha)

C: Peak runoff coefficient of paddy field, 0.4

I: Design rainfall

5-year, 24-hour rainfall storm, 182 mm/day

A: Drainage area (ha)

$$Q = \frac{0.4 \times 182 \times 10^{-3}}{(24 \times 3,600) \times 10^{7}}$$
 (l/sec/ha)

= 8.4

(3) Drainage water requirement of upland field and hilly area

Drainage water requirements for upland fields and hilly areas are estimated by using McMall formula as shown below.

$$Q = 2.3 \times C \times i \times S^{1/5} \times A^{4/5}$$

where,

Q: Drainage discharge (l/sec)

C: Coefficient representing the drainage area characteristics

for upland: 0.40

for hilly area: 0.42

i: Rainfall intensity for the time of concentration and frequency (mm/hr)

S: Fall of drainage channel between the farthest contribution point and the point of concentration

A: drainage area (ha)

Rainfall intensity, i, is estimated by converting from the daily rainfall intensity using the following formula:

 $Rt = R24 x (t/24)^k$ 

where,

Rt: Rainfall depth within t hour (mm)

t: ime of concentration (hr)

k: factor, 1/2, which is determined on the basis of the rainfall

characteristics at IRRI climatic station in Los Banos

The design rainfall intensity is estimated as follows:

5 year 4 hour continuous rainfall:

 $R4 = 182 \times (4/24)^{0.5} = 74.3 \text{ mm}$ 

I = 74.4/4 = 18.6 mm/hr

Based on the results of the drainage requirements of the representative areas, the relation between the drainage area and unit drainage water requirements are obtained as shown in Fig.VI.2.10.

#### 2.2.3 Drainage Facilities

The drainage diagram for respective irrigation systems are prepared on the basis of the unit drainage water requirements, as shown in Table VI.2.11.

The inspection roads are provided along the main drains to provide the function of feeder roads in the irrigation areas.

The general features of the drainage system in each irrigation system are as summarized below.

Main Junia	Length	11.2 km
Main drain	Nos.	9 nos
	Туре	Trapezoidal earth canal
Farm drain	Length	9.3 km
	Nos.	92 nos
	Type	Trapezoidal earth canal
Related structures	Road crossing	70 nos

The farm road length of each irrigation system is as shown below.

Irrigation Area	Canal Length (m)
Sipsipin	6,990
Mapakla	2,620
Manggahan	3,230
Bayugo	3,290
Llano	4,950
Punta	2,950
Palay-Palay	7,320
Pagkalinawan	3,320
Ik-Ik	3,900
Lubo	2,820
Lumang Nayong	1,890
Pulong Ligaya	2,690 miles in
Bagumbong-1	3,720
Bagumbong-2	730
Total	50,420

# 2.3 Farm Road Plan and the latest to the second of the organization is a second

To make smooth the transportation between fields and feeder roads, the existing village roads are improved with gravel metalling. The width of gravel metalling is 3 m. The layout of the farm road improvement is as shown in the attached Drawings. The General features of farm road improvement are as follows:

Width		4.m
Width of	gravel metalling	$3  \mathrm{m}^{\circ}$
Length		9.6 km
Nos	ing a salah di garawat Tanggarak	16 nos.

## TABLES

Table VI.1.1 Existing Irrigation Facilities of Communal Irrigation Systems Irrigation Systems

		CANAL	CANAL	LENGTH		
NAME OF SYSTEM	INTAKE	NOS.	LINING	EARTH	TOTAL	STRUCTURE
Sipsipin	Diversion weir	4.	570	1,470	2,040	no
Puan Linis	Diversion weir	1	1,300	0 -	1,300	sp-1,cv-1
Butsingge	Diversion weir	1	1,378	360	1,738	cv-1
Lower Mapakla	Barrage	5	1,100	1,000	2,100	cv-3
Upper Mapakla	Barrage	8	3,060	0	3,060	aq-1,cv-3
Ilog Tangge	Diversion weir	. 0	0	0	0	no
Manggahan	Diversion weir	3	1,240	400	1,640	aq-1,cv-3
Bayugo	Diversion weir	0	0	0	0	no
Bagumbong	Diversion weir	6	4,380	0	4,380	no
Pulong Matsing	Barrage	. 2	0	700	700	no
Ilog Munti	Diversion weir	1	400	400	800	no
Ilog Na Malaki	Barrage	1	C	480	480	no
Lumang Nayon	Diversion weir	5	2,340	1,140	3,480	.no
Lubo	Diversion weir	6	2,960	780	3,740	no
IK-IK	Diversion weir	0		0	0	no
Total	Diver, weir-11 Barrage-4	43	18,728	6,730	25,458	sp-1,cv-11 aq-2

### Remarks:

sp; Siphon cv; Culvert

aq; Aqueduct

Table VI.1.2 Irrigation Association of Existing Communal Irrigation System

NAME OF SYSTEM	NO. OF ARMERS	NAME OF IRRIGATION AMORTIZATION AMORTZA	NON.
1.Sipsipin	70	Sipsipin Farmers Association Inc.	NP
2.Puang Linis	37	Linis Farmers - Association Inc.	
3.Butsinge	40	Butsinge Farmers NE Assciation Inc.	
4.lower Mapakla	39		de la <b>Livia de</b> Romando
5.Upper Mapakla	50	Poblacion-Mapakla Farmers Assciation Inc.	NP NP
6. Tlog Tangge	15	Tangge Irrigation NE System Association Inc.	
7.Manggahan	17	Dalig-Poblacion Farmers - Association Inc.	NP
8.Bayugo	25	Bayugo Farmers Irrigation NF System Association Inc.	
9. Bagumbong	35	Bagumbong Farmers F Association Inc.	
10.Pulong Matsing	6		·
11.Ilog Munti	20	Ilog Munti Farmers Association Inc.	
12 Ilog Na Malaki	12		NP
13.Lumang Nayon	29	Lumang Nayon Farmers P Association Inc.	<b>-</b>
14 Lubo	20	Lubo Farmers NP Association Inc.	
15.lk-lk	20	Ik-Ik Farmers NP Association Inc.	<del>1</del>
TOPAL	435		

### Note:

/1 : NUMBER OF FARMER ; based on Rizal Provincial Irrigation Profile,

; Non-participatory /2:NP

p ; Participatory
/3 : not functioning ; Ilog Tangge, Bayugo, Ik-Ik farmers
association inc.

Table VI.2.1 Selection of Irrigation Method

#### 1. General Peatures

Description	Unit	Surface method	Sprinkler method	Drip method
1) Irrigation area	ha	55	- 55	55
2) Irrigation efficiency		2.0	JJ	,,,
Application eff.	%	65	. 85	95
Conveyance eff.	%	85	95	95
Overall eff.	%	55	81	90
3) Water requirement			. 61	λ(
Unit diversion req.	l/sec/ha	1.00	0.68	0.61
Peak demend	l/sec	55	. 37	34
Annual water demand	m3	280,000	189,000	173,000
4) Pump and motor			107,000	17.5,000
Pump type		horizontal sh	aft volute	
Set	sci	2.	2	2
Discharge per set	m3/min	1.65	1.11	1.02
Discharge pipe				1.02
Diameter	mm	250	250	250
Length	m	1,270	1,320	1,300
Pump head		- 3	1,020	.,50.
Actual	m	38	. 68	48
Loss	m	20	12	10
Total	m	58	80	-58
Motor output	kw	30	37	22
5) Storage pond			_	
Pump oper.hr/day	hr	24	24	24
Irrigation oper.h/day	hr	16	16	16
Pond capacity	m3	1,580	1,070	980
6) Pump operation hr			-,	
Operation he per set	hr	2,840	2,840	2,840
Power consumption	kWh	85,200	105,080	62,480

### Note:

1. Case study of Bagumbong upland irrigation area

### 2. Cost Comparison of Irrigation Method

Description	Surface Method	Sprinkler Method	Drip Method
1. Construction cost (1,000 peso)			
1) Civil works		200	200
- Pump house	1,000	900	900
- Pond	1,400	1,150	1,100
2) Pump and motor	2,400	2,460	2,340
3) Discharge pipe	2,150	2,240	2,210
4) Canal system			
- Concrete canal	760	U	C
Sprinkler system	0	4,900	C
- Drip system	0	0	3,950
2. Annual cost			
1) Capital recovery			
- Pump and motor	283	289	275
- Civil works	536	433	425
(Pump house,pond			
dis. pipe, irr. canal)			
- Sprinkler and	. 0	798	643
drip system			
2) Electric charge	153	189	112
Total (1)+2))	972	1,709	1,455
10(4) (1) 72) )			

1) Capital recovery cost is estimated on the basis of

the following:
- Pump and motor
- Sprinkler and drip systems
- Concrete canal 2) Electric charge

- Unit electric charge

: 20 year c.r.f. = 0.1175 : 10 year c.r.f. = 0.1628 : 50 year c.r.f. = 0.1008

: 1.80 peso/kWh

Table VI.2.2 Potential Evapotranspiration Station: IRRI(Dry land area)

					the contract of the first	一 医二氏缝术 某	电磁性系统 化二氯化二氯化
Month /Year	1984	1985	1986	1987		AVERAG	E _mm/day
JAN	77.8	96.5	80	92,7	100.9	89.58	2.89
FEB	89.4	108	86	96.9	110.7	98.2	3,51
MAR	119.1	137.9	127.4	135.7	140.1	132.04	4.26
ΛPR	122.8	131.2	133.9	153.9	134	135,16	4.51
MAY	123.1	152.4	129.5	160.7	162.2	145,58	4.70
JUN	95.4	120.6	127.4	131.1	124.7	119.84	3.99
JUL	116.5	120.7	115.7	127.3	120.6	120.16	3.88
AUG	93.7	133.6	117.1	131.7	126	120.42	3.88
SEP	105.3	108.9	101.6	110.2	119.7	109.14	3.64
OCT	82.2	99.5	106.2	117.2	83.6	97.74	3.15
NOV	85.6	93.5	96.2	101.9	81.6	91.76	3.06
DEC	77.8	85.1	100.2	86	91.5	88.12	2.84
TOTAL	1,188.7	1,387.9	1,321.2	1,445.3	1,395.6	1,347.7	

Table VI 2.3 (1) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop
Calculation Condition of Irrigation Water Requirement
Summary of Grop and Basic Assumption

No. C x O P	 Application Efficiency	Percolation Loss Code	Land prepartion Code	Pre-irrigation Code	Growing Stages
1 Paddy-nursary 2 Vet season paddy 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans 5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 Tomato 11 Bitter gourd 12 12 Late wet season corn 13 Het season soybeans 14 Citrue 15 15 Mungbeans 16 16 Water melon	0.07	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1	2664788554568772476
		<del>-</del>	:		

				• -	, 0	ing st		 	 	
1 Paddy-nursery 2 2 Wat season paddy 3 3 Dry season paddy 4 4 Beans 5 Dry season beans 6 6 Dry season corn 7 7 Wat season corn 8 8 Eggplant 9 9 String bean 10 10 Tomato 11 Bittor gourd 12 12 Late wet season corn 13 13 Wet season soybeans 14 Citrus 15 15 Mungbeans	0.32	0.78 0.55 0.43 0.68 0.80 0.70	1.17 1.17 1.00 0.96 0.80 0.80 0.80 1.05 0.87 0.80 0.96	1.20 1.20 0.93 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.00 0.87 0.95 1.03 0.80 0.70	1.18 1.18 1.02 1.13 1.13 0.87 0.33 0.93 1.13	1.13 1.13 0.77 1.12 1.12 0.75 1.12 0.77 0.75 0.70 0.98	0.44 0.93 0.93	0.75	0.70	0.70

Remark: 1 growing stage = 15 days

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Йоч	Dec
Potential ET (mm)	89.6	98.2	132.0	135.2	145.6	119.8	120.2	120.4	109.1	97.7	91.8	88.1
Conveyance Efficiency	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
			0.00									

									Unitimm			
Cod	e 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Land Preparati	on 180.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.		
Prooratio Losses	n	0.	(0.	ο,	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	, 0:		
Pre- irrigatio	n 40.	60.	0,	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.		

Table VI 2.3 (2) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop

Monthly Rainfall in Jala-Jala Area

		100 to 100 A	1	100			1.0					Unit	I mm
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sap	0c t	Nov	Dec	Total
1969	30	13	25	23	87	134	406	166	165	147	154	264	1614
1970	45	31	- 35	54	133	235	290	158	402	568	638	206	2795
1971	. 26	40	102	32	261	438	357	192	238	466	382	554	3088
1972	83	16	83	54	170	370	829	310	150	259	222	132	2678
1973	50	19	20	23	105	239	213	159	292	360	399	324	2203
1974	16	36	25	22	146	223	170	478	176	366	431	305	2394
1975	133	21	110	231	. 80	174	105	279	269	304	212	397	
1976	40	22	27	55	597	259	232	290	260	150	227	243	2402
1977	168	36	42	24	105	307	207	262	290	157	219	35	1852
1978	. 36	20	13	43	127	118	150	558	337	824	174	129	2,529
1979	23	. 24	16	217	260	315	159	323	264	263	236	39	2139
1980	18	0	112	28	117	265	278	246	159	358	405	219	2205
1981	32	16	18	38	130	247	395	201	295	343	356	97	2168
1982	- 14	28	41	-37	83	155	515	176	351	134	186	77	1797
1983	66	16	28	13	32	122	2.54	218	149	338	128	. 0	1364
1984	22	14	24	74	206	236	89	363	189	682	145	42	2086
1985	22	26	36	72	137	517	241	114	184	404	138	100	1991
1986	24	. 22	13	17	131	45	258	382	167	381	337	99	1876
1987	. 28	14	13	13	49	142	107	196	277	106	249	128	1322
1988	119	63	14	148	103	334	172	214	171	644	416	20	2418
Ave.	49	23	39	60	152	243	2,71	264	239	362	282	170	2161

## Table VI 2.3 (3) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop

### Sample Intermediate Output in 1987

Crop Land Preparation Requirement	:	1	Paddy- 180.	nursery
Percolation Losses Pre-irrigation	:		60. 0.	toto toto
Growing Stages Date of Water Issus	1		5/ 1	stagos
Date Or Gardy Loads	•		21 1	

가 : - 프로젝트 사용를 즐겁는 <u></u>						Unition	nm
I t e m	Feb Mar	Apr May	Jun Jul	Aug Sep	Oct	l von	Dec
Potential ET 89.6 Crop ET 0.0 Rinfall 28.0 Effactive Rainfall 0.0 Land Preparation 0.0 Percoration Lose 0.0 Farm Water Req. 0.0	0.00 0.00 98.2 132.0 0.0 0.0 14.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.64 0.64 0.0 0.0	135.2 145.6 0.0 109.2 13.0 49.0 0.0 13.7 0.0 180.0 0.0 45.0 0.0 320.5 0.64 0.64	119.8 120.2 30.0 0.0 142.0 107.0 22.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 15.0 0.0 22.7 0.0 0.64 0.64	120.4 109.1 0.0 0.0 196.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.64 0.64	97.7 0.0 106.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	91.8 0.0 249.0 128 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 8.0

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987

Crop
Land Preparation Requirement:
Percolation Losses
Pre-irrigation
Growing Stages
Date of Water Issue 2 Wet season paddy 180. mm 60. mm 0. mm 6 stages 6/1

Service Stability											Unit	t to m
Itom	Jan	Fe b	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	0c t	Nov	Dec
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Land Preparation Percoration Loss Farm Water Req. Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	0.0 28.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	98.2 0.0 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	132.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	135.2 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	145.6 0.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	119.8 99.7 142.0 66.7 180.0 45.0 258.0 0.64	120.2 140.3 107.0 62.3 0.0 60.0 138.0 0.64	120.4 141.2 196.0 130.0 0.0 60.0 71.2 0.64	109.1 30.8 277.0 43.3 0.0 15.0 2.5 0.64	97.7 0.0 106.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	91.8 0.0 249.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	88.1 0.0 128.0 0.0

Sample Intermediate Output in

Crop : 1 Paddy-nursery
Land Preparation Requirement : 180. mm
Percolation Losses : 60. mm
Pre-irrigation : 0. mm
Growing Stages : 2 stages
Date of Water Issue : 10/1

											Unit	; pam
Itam	 Jan	Fob	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Crop Coefficient Potential ET	89.6 0.0 28.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 98.2 0.0 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 132.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 135.2 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 145.6 0.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 119.8 0.0 142.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.2 0.0 107.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.4 0.0 196.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 109.1 0.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.75 97.7 73.3 106.0 46.2 180.0 45.0 252.1	23.0 249.0 42.6 0.0 15.0 0.0	0.0 128.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

## Table VI 2.3 (4) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop

Sample Intermediate Output in

1987

Crop Land Preparation Requirement Percolation Losses Pra-irrigation Growing Staces		3	0ry 5: 180. 60. 0.	eason padd mm mm mm stages	13
Growing Stages Date of Water Issue	1		11/ 1	stages	

					·				. 1 - 1 :		Unit	t mm
I t e m	Jan	Feb.	llar	Apr	Hay	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Reinfall Land Preparation Percoration Loss Parm Water Req. Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	89.6 105.1 28.0 2.3 0.0 60.0 162.8 0.64	0.28 98.2 27.7 14.0 0.0 0.0 15.0 42.7 0.64	0.00 132.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 135.2 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 145.6 0.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 119.8 0.0 142.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.2 0.0 107.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.4 0.0 196.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 109.1 0.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 97.7 0.0 106.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.83 91.8 76.4 249.0 127.7 180.0 45.0 173.7 0.64	1.17 88.1 102.9 128.0 78.3 0.0 60.0 84.6 0.64

Sample Intermediate Output is	a.	1987	
Crop		Beans 0.	
Land Preparation Requirement			mm
Percolation Losses	1	,0.	TOTAL STATE
Pre-irrigation	•	40.	mm_
Growing Stages Date of Water Issue	:	4	stages
Date of Water Issue	:	2/16	

the second second								• '		200	OUTI	: 100
I t e m	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Pre-irrigation Percoration Loss	89.6 0.0 28.0 0.0 0.0	98.2 6.2 14.0 1,0 10.0 0.0	0.53 132.0 69.5 13.0 7.9 30.0 0.0	0.76 135.2 102.8 13.0 8.0 0.0	0.16 145.6 22.6 49.0 3.5 0.0 0.0	0.00 119.8 0.0 142.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.2 0.0 107.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.4 0.0 196.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 109.1 0.0 277.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 97.7 0.0 106.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 91.8 0.0 249.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 88.1 0.0 128.0 0.0 0.0
Farm Water Req. Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	0.55	0.55	0.55	94.7 0.55 171.5	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.0 0.55 0.0

Sample Intermediate Output in		1987
Land Preparation Requirement : Percolation Losses : Pre-irrigation : Growing Stages :	5	Dry season beans 0. mm 0. mm 40. mm 7 stages
Date of Water Issue		12/16

										1. 1/2 25	Uni	t tom	
I t e m	Jan	Peb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sap	Oct	Nov	Dec	. :
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Pre-irrigation Percoration Loss Farm Water Req. Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	89.6 44.2 28.0 15.0 30.0 0.0 59.2 0.55	98.2 93.0 14.0 10.0 0.0 83.0 0.55	132.0 111.1 13.0 9.9 0.0 0.0 101.2 0.55	135.2 37.2 13.0 3.5 0.0 0.0 33,7 0.55	145.6 0.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	119.8 0.0 142.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	120.2 0.0 107.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	120.4 0.0 196.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	0.00 109.1 277.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	97.7 0.0 106.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	91.8 0.0 249.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	88.1 4.7 128.0 7.7 10.0 0.0 7.0 0.55	
								احا بواند بداند -					

# Table VI 2.3 (5) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop

Crop	ŧ	6	Dry season corn
Land Preparation Requirement	:		0. mm
Percolation Losses	:		0. mm
Pre-irrigation	t		60. տա
Growing Stages	ï		8 stages
Growing Stages Date of Water Issue	;		12/16

		****										Unit	: mm
It	o m	Jan	Pob	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Crop	Coefficient	0.38 89.6	0.88 98.2	1.08	0.69	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05
Crop	fall	33.7 28.0	86.1	142.6 13.0	93.3 13.0	49.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4
Pre-		45.0		0.0		3.1 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.4 15.0
Farm		63,5	76.3	131.9	85.5		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	$0.0 \\ 11.0$
Dive Over	all Efficiency rsion Water Re	q. 114.9	138.1	238.8	154.8	0.55 20.0	0.55		0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55 19.9

Sample Intermediate Output i		1987			
Crop		7	Wet	season	corn
Land Preparation Requirement	: :		0.	mm	
Percolation Losses	4		0.	mm	
Pre-irrigation	:		60.	mm	
Growing Stages	:		8	stage	8 8
Date of Vator Teams	ŧ		5/	1 -	

											Unit	: 1 mm
I.t.e.m	Jan	Fab	Мат	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dac
Crop Coefficient	0.00	0.00							0.35			0.00
Potential ET	89.6	98.2	132.0	135.2	145.6	119.8	120.2	120.4	109.1	97.7	91.8	88.1
Crop ET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	76.1	125.8	116.6	38.0	0.0		0.0
Rainfall	28.0	14.0	13.0	13.0	49.0	142.0	107.0	196.0	277.0	106.0	249.0	128.0
Effective Rainfall	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.1	89.8	75.8	131.6	64.6	0,0	0.0	0.0
Pre-irrigation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percoration Loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Farm Water Req.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.9	1.3	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Overall Efficiency	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
Diversion Water Req.	0.0:		0.0			2.4	90.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
bragaron warer wed.												

Sample Intermediate Output in	1	1987	
Crop	: 8	Eggpl	ent
Land Preparation Requirement	:	0.	ar an
Percolation Losses	:	0.	wan .
Pre-irrigation	;	40.	mm
Growing Stages	:	5	stages
Growing Stages Date of Water Issue	:	4/16	

											Unit	: 100
I t e m	Jan .	Peb	Mar	Apr	Нау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Йоч	Dec
	0.00 89.6 0.0 28.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 98.2 0.0 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	132.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	135.2 6.8 13.0 0.9 10.0 0.0 15.8 0.55	145.6 58.7 49.0 27.0 30.0 0.0 61.7	119.8 101.2 142.0 92.8 0.0 0.0 8.5 0.55	120.2 54.9 107.0	0.0 196.0 0.0	0.00 109.1 0.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	97.7 0.0	0.00 91.8 0.0 249.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.0	0.00 88.1 0.0 128.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55

### Table VI 2.3 (6) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop

### Sample Intermediate Output in 198

1987

Crop	:	9 String bean
Land Preparation Requirement	:	0. mm
Percolation Losses		O. mm
Pre-irrigation	ŧ	40. ատ
Growing Stages	:	4 stages
Date of Water Issue	:	5/ 1

4.4							1.5	19.19.4	200		Unit	t mm
I t e m	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Cct	Nov	Dec
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Pre-irrigation Percoration Loss Farm Water Req. Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	0.00 89.6 0.0 28.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	0.00 98.2 0.0 14.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 132.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 135.2 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.27 145.6 38.6 49.0 15.0 30.0 0.0 53.6 0.55	0.82 119.8 98.0 142.0 94.6 10.0 0.0 13.4	0.46 120.2 54.9 107.0 29.3 0.0 0.0 25.6 0.55	0.00 120.4 0.0 196.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	0.00 109.1 0.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 97.7 0.0 106.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55	0.00 91.8 0.0 249.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 88.1 0.0 128.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

Sample Intermediate Output in		1987	
		10 Tomat	
Land Preparation Requirement	:	0.	nn n
Percolation Losses	:	0.	mm
Pre-irrigation	ŧ	60.	mm
Growing Stages	1	5	stages
Date of Water Issue	<b>I</b> .	9/16	

and the second second											Unit	: 1 1010
Item	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun J	ul	Aug	Sep	Oct.	Nov	Dec
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Pre-ivrigation Percoration Loss Farm Water Req.	0.00 89.6 0.0 28.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 98.2 0.0 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 132.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 135.2 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 145.6 0.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 0 119.8 12 0.0 142.0 10 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.2 0.0 7.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.4 0.0 196.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.05 109:1 5.5 277.0 17.8 15.0 0.0 2.7	0.53 97.7 52.3 106.0 57.8 45.0 0.0 39.4	0.84 91.8 77.6 249.0 145.6 0.0 0.0	0.26 88.1 23.3 128.0 26.7 0.0 0.0
Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	0.55	0.0				0.0						

Sample Intermediate Output in	ì	1987
Crop Land Preparation Requirement Percolation Lossas Pre-irrigation		11 Bitter gourd 0. mm 0. mm 60. mm 6 stages
Growing Stages	:	10/ 1

													c i mm
I t e	m	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Hay	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Хоч	Dec
Potent Crop Rainfa Effect Pre-ir Percor Farm	Coefficient ial ET ET 11 ive Rainfall rigation ation Loss Water Req. 1 Efficiency	89.6 36.3 28.0 7.2 0.0 0.0 29.1	0.00 98.2 0.0 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 132.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 135.2 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 145.6 0.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 119.8 0.0 142.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.2 0.0 107.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 120.4 0.0 196.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00 109.1 0.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.20 97.7 19.4 106.0 30.5 45.0 0.0 33.8 0.55	0.69 91.8 62.9 249.0 145.8 15.0 0.0	0.90 88.1 79.0 128.0 77.8 0.0 0.0
	ion Water Req.	52.6	0.0								61.3		

## Table VI 2.3 (7) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop

### Sample Intermediate Output in 1987

Crop
Land Preparation Requirement:
Percolation Losses
Pre-irrigation
Growing Stages
Date of Water Issue

12 Late wet season corn
0. mm
60. mm
60. mm
8 stages
8 stages
8/ 1

Item         Jan         Feb         Mar         Apr         May         Jun         Jul         Aug         Sep         Oct         Nov         Dec           Crop         Coefficient Ptential         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.07         0.05         1.05         0.97         0.35           Ptential         ET         89.6         98.2         132.0         135.2         145.6         119.8         120.2         120.4         109.1         97.7         91.8         88.1           Crop         ET         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         20.7         69.3         102.3         88.9         30.7           Rainfall         28.0         14.0         13.0         13.0         49.0         142.0         107.0         196.0         277.0         106.0         249.0         128.0           Effective Rainfall         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         55.1         165.3         70.5         151.9         29.0           Per-irrigation         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>بر با بایا ساید</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Unit</th> <th>t mm</th>			بر با بایا ساید									Unit	t mm
Ptential ET 89.6 98.2 132.0 135.2 145.6 119.8 120.2 120.4 109.1 97.7 91.8 88.1 Crop ET 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 20.7 69.3 102.3 88.9 30.7 Rainfall 28.0 14.0 13.0 13.0 49.0 142.0 107.0 196.0 277.0 106.0 249.0 128.0 Pre-irrigation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 55.1 165.3 70.5 151.9 29.0 Percoration loss 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 45.0 15.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Parm Mater Req. 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	Item	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Diversion Water Req. 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 19.2 0.0 57.5 0.0 3.0	Ptential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Pre-irrigation Percoration Loss Farm Water Req.	89.6 0.0 28.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	98.2 13 0.0 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	2.0 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	135.2 1 0.0 13.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	45.6 0.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	119.8 1 0.0 142.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	120.2   0.0 107.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	120.4 1 20.7 196.0 55.1 45.0 0.0 10.6 0.55	09.1 69.3 277.0 165.3 15.0 0.0 0.0	97.7 102.3 106.0 70.5 0.0 0.0 31.8 0.55	91.8 88.9 249.0 151.9 0.0 0.0 0.55	88.1 30.7 128.0 29.0 0.0 0.0 1.7 0.55

Crop	:	13	Wet	season soybear
Land Preparation Requirement	2		0.	ua ua.
Percolation Losses	:		0.	mm
Pre-irrigation	:		40.	mm
Growing Stages	:		7	stages
Date of Water Issue	:		8/16	i ,

								t.			Unit	c i mm
Item	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sap	Oct	Nov	Dec
Crop Coefficient	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00				0.49	0.95		0.28
Potential ET	89.6	98.2	132.0	135,2	145.6					97.7	91.8	88.1
Crop ET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				53.8	92.5	77.3	24.2
Rainfall	28.0	14.0	13.0	13.0	49.0	142.0	107.0	196.0	277.0	106.0	249.0	128.0
Effective Rainfall	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	137.5	68.3	145.4	27.0
Pre-irrigation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percoration Loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Farm Water Reg.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	.0.0	4.5	0.0	24.2	0.0	0.0
Overall Efficiency	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
Diversion Water Req.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.1	0.0	43.7	0.0	0.0

Sample Intermediate Output in	1987
	: 14 Citrus
Land Preparation Requirement	։ 0. ատ
Percolation Losses	: 0. mm
Pre-irrigation	: 0. mm
Growing Stages Date of Water Issue	: 24 stages
Date of Water Issue	: 1/ l

	1										Uni	t:m
Item	Jan	Ye b	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	D
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Pre-irrigation Percoration Loss Farm Water Req. Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	0.79 89.6 70.6 28.0 17.7 0.0 0.0 52.8 0.55	78.6 14.0 9.5 0.0 0.0 69.1 0.55	100.7 13.0 9.6 0.0 0.0 91.1 0.55	135.2 101.4 13.0 9.6 0.0 0.0 91.8	145.6 109.2 49.0 34.6 0.0 74.6 0.55	119.8 85.4 142.0 88.0 0.0 0.0	120.2 84.1 107.0 66.9 0.0	120.4 84.3 196.0	109.1 76.4 277.0 160.4 0.0 0.0	62.2 0.0 0.0 6.2	0.74 91.8 67.7 249.0 139.6 0.0 0.0 0.0	6 12 7

Table VI 2.3 (8) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Crop

Sample Intermediate Output in	1987
	15 Mungbeans
Land Preparation Requirement	O, mma
Percolation Losses	. O. mm.
Pre-irrigation	: 40, ກອ
Growing Stages	7 stages
Date of Water Issue	: 12/16

					Unleim
I t e m	Jan Feb Ma	r Apr May	Jun Jul	Aug Səp	Oct Nov D
Crop Coefficient Potential ET Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall Pre-irrigation Percoration Loss Farm Water Req. Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	89.6 98.2 132 33.2 75.5 126 28.0 14.0 13 14.3 9.4 10 30.0 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 0 48.9 66.1 116	.0 135.2 145.6 .7 62.6 0.0 .0 13.0 49.0 .0 0.0 0.0 .0 0.0 0.0 .5 58.5 0.0 55 0.55 0.55	119.8 120.2 0.0 0.0 142.0 107.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	120.4 109.1 0.0 0.0 196.0 277.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.55 0.55	0 106.0 249.0 12 0 0.0 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 1 0 0.0 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0.55 0.55 0

Sample Intermediate Output in	1.	1987
Crop		16 Water melon
Land Preparation Requirement	:	O. mm
Percolation Losses	:	0. mm
Pre-irrigation	:	60. mm
Growing Stages	ŧ	6 stages
Date of Water Issue	:	12/16

er er								8.33	4:50	H. B.	Unit	្រុះបា
I t e m	Jan	Fob	Mar	Apr			Jul				Nov	D
Crop Coefficient Potential ET	89.6	98.2	132.0	135.2	145.6	0.00	0.00 120.2 0.0	0.00 120 4	109.1	97.7	91.8	- 8
Crop ET Rainfall Effective Rainfall	28.0 15.4	9.5	13.0	13.0	49.0	142.0	107.0	196.0	277.0	106.0	249.0	12
Pre-irrigation Percoration Loss Frm Water Req.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Overall Efficiency Diversion Water Req.	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0,55	0.55	0.55	0.55	. 0

Table VI 2.4 (1) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Sipsipin Irrigation System (170 ha)

No.	Crop	Cultiva. Area(ha)	Date of Water Issue	Land Preparation Period (stages)
1 2 1	1 Paddy-nursary 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursary 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans Total Project Area	8. 170. .8. 170. 51.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16	1 1 1 1 2
,				~

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Unit Diversion Water Requirement

Crop	 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wat season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	0. 0. 0. 255.	0. 0. 0. 67. 28.	0. 0. 0. 166.	0. 0. 0. 171.	503. 0. 0. 0. 34.	36, 405. 0. 0.	0, 216. 0. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0.	0. 4. 0. 0.	0 0 395 0

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Diversion Water Requiremen	nt.									ប្រ	it:x10	00 m3
Grop.	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sap	Oct	Nov	Dec
Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	0. 0. 0. 434.	0. 0. 0. 114.	0. 0. 0. 0. 85.	0. 0. 0. 0.	43. 0. 0. 18.	688. 0. 0.	0. 368. 0. 0.	0. 190. 0. 0.	0. 7. 0. 0.	0. 0. 34. 0.	0. 0. 0. 463.	0. 0. 0. 226. 0.
Total	434.	128.	85.	87.	60.	691.	368.	190.	7.	34.	463.	226.

Diversion Water Requirement for Sipsipin Irrigation System (170 ha) (Total Area: 170. ha)

												Unit:x	1000 ш
			Mar	Apr			Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	уол	Dec	Total
1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1980 1981 1981 1983 1984 1985 1987	430. 400. 438. 323. 389. 440. 150. 418. 440. 426. 440. 426. 440.	128. 124. 119. 128. 128. 128. 121. 128. 127. 129. 128. 128. 128. 128. 128.	78. 73. 40. 49. 81. 78. 36. 70. 85. 83. 70. 79. 73. 85.	82. 66. 82. 66. 82. 70. 80. 74. 87. 56. 87. 87.	55. 49. 32. 47. 56. 25. 50. 32. 51. 49. 60. 53.	704. 547. 493. 504. 541. 566. 642. 523. 728. 513. 522. 671. 722. 5480. 841. 691.	70. 55. 0. 153. 240. 372. 115. 165. 281. 263. 72. 46. 20. 77. 405. 96. 77. 368. 236.	251. 267. 198. 67. 265. 30. 72. 78. 12. 64. 89. 145. 56. 356. 51. 190.	51. 0. 14. 59. 6. 7. 8. 6. 7. 54. 6. 3. 59. 39. 42. 50. 74.	30. 20. 21. 23. 22. 22. 30. 30. 18. 23. 22. 22. 31. 22. 31.	436, 444, 560, 650, 623, 634, 447, 463, 434,	0. 67. 0. 217. 0. 0. 0. 0. 414. 406. 418. 329. 434. 400. 282. 284. 434.	2463. 2081. 1927. 1985. 2157. 2105. 2078. 1949. 2192. 2596. 2442. 1971. 2275. 2611. 2822. 2829. 2657. 2773. 2349.
Ave.	386.	125.	71.	65.	48.	589.	158.	141.	26.	24.			23411

Table VI 2.4 (2) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Bayugo Irrigation System (50 ha)

No.	Crop				and Pre	paration (stages)
2 2 1 1 3 3 4 4	Paddy-nursery   Paddy-nursery   Paddy-nursery   Dry season paddy   Beans   Cotal Project Area	2. 50. 2. 50. 15. 50.	1 1	5/ 1 6/ 1 0/ 1 1/ 1 2/16		1 1 1 2

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Unit Diversion Water Requirement

Скор	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	llov	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	0. 0. 0. 255.	0. 0. 0. 67. 28.	0. 0. 0. 0. 166.	0. 0. 0. 171.	0.	405. 0. 0.	216.		4. 0. 0.	395.	0. 0. 273.	

Sample Intermediate Out Summary of Water Demand Diversion Water Requires	for Each	1987 Crop				North State of the		3 3 33 7		5 196	nitix1000 m
Сгор	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	0. 0. 0. 128.	0. 0. 0. 34. 4.	0. 0. 0. 0. 25.	0. 0. 0. 0. 26.	0. 0.	0. 0.	0. 0.	0.	0.	10.	0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 136. 66
Total	128.	38.	25.	26.	18.	203.	108.	56.	2.	10.	136. 66

Diversion Water Requirement for Bayugo Irrigation System (50 ha) ( Total Area : 50. ha ) Unit:x1000 m3

					4 1 1 1						عادات عادات	1221	
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Мом	Dec	Total
1969	126.	38.	23.	24.	16.	207.	13.	74.	15.	9.	179.	0,	724.
1970	118.	36.	22.	19.	14.	161.	20.	79.	0.	6.	117.	20.	612.
1971	129.	35.	12.	23.	9,	145.	16.	58.	4.	6.	129.	0.	567
1972	95.	38.	14.	19.	13.	148.	0.	20.	17.	7.	148.	64.	584
1973	115.	38.	24.	24		159.	45.	78.	2.	6.	129.	0.	634
1974	129.	36.	23.	24.	14.	166.	71.	9.	13.	6.	127.	0.	619.
1975	65.	38.	11.	0.	16.	189.	109.	22.	2.	7.	153.	0.	611.
1976	121.	38.	23.	19.		154.	34.	21.	2.	9.	146.	0.	573
1977	44.	36.	20.	24.	15.	151.	49.	23.		9.	150	122.	645.
1978	123.	38.	25.	21.	15.	214.			1.0		170.	66.	764.
1979	129.	37.	24.	0.	9.	151.		19.	2.	7.	142.	119.	718.
1980	129.	38.	10.		15.	153.	21.	26.	16.	6.	128.	12.	580
1981	125.	38.		22.	14.	156.		53.	2.	6.	131.	85.	669.
1982	129	37.	21.		16.	197.		68.		9.	165.		768
1983	105.	38.	23.	26.		212.			17.		. 191 .		830.
1984	129.	38.	23.	17.	11.		119.		11.			118.	832.
1985	129.	37.	21.	17.	14.			105.	12.		187.	83.	
1986	129.	38.	25.		14.	247.	23.	15.			132.	84.	
1987	128	38.	25.	26.	18.	203.	108.		2.	10.	136.	66.	815.
1988	73.	31.	25.			150.	70.	45.	14.		128		
1200											~~~~	~	
Ave.	114.	37.	21.	19.	14.	173.	46.	42.	8.	7.	149.	60.	689.

Table VI 2.4 (3) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption
in Manggahan Irrigation System (55 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva. Aroa(ha)	Date of Water Issue	Land Preparation Period (stages)
1 1 Paddy-nursery 2 2 Wet senson paddy 1 1 Paddy-nursery 3 3 Dry season paddy 4 4 Beans 5 5 Dry season beans 6 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn 8 8 Egglant 9 9 String bean 10 1 Towato 11 1 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season corn 13 Net season coybeans Total Project Area	2. 45. 2. 45. 13. 5. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16 12/16 12/16 5/ 1 4/16 5/ 1 9/16 10/ 1 8/ 1 8/16	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

		بالمناس فيالوموك										unit:	mm
Crop		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct.	Хоч	Doc
l Paddy-nursery		o.	0.	0.	0.	503.	36.	0.	0.	ō.	0.	0.	ō.
2 Wet season paddy		Ŏ.	0.	0.	0.	o.	405.	216.	112.	4.	0,	0.	0.
i Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy	10.00	255	67.	Ö.	ö.	0. 0.	0. 0.	0.	0. 0.	0. 0.	395. 0	273	0. 133.
A Beans	N. W	0.	28.	166.	171.	34.	ŏ.	ŏ.	ŏ.	ŏ.	ŏ.	Ž 0.	ŏ.
5 Dry season beans	100	107.	150.	183.	61.	0.	0.	.0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	13.
6 Dry season corn	+ <sup>1</sup> 4	115	138. 0.	239.	155. 0.	20. 99.	0.	90.	0.	0.	0	0.	20.
7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant	1.04	ŏ.	ŏ.	ő.	29.	112.	15.	46:	0.	0.	0	0.	0.
9 String bean	100	0.	0.	0.	0.	97.	24.	46.	õ.	Ö.	o.	Ŏ.	ŏ.
10 Towato	15.5	0	õ.	0.	0.	, <u>0</u> ,	0.	. 0.	o.	5.	71.	٥.	0.
11 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season cor	- 43	53.	0.	0.	0. 0.	0.	0. 0.	0.	0. 19.	0 0	61. 58.	0	2.
13 Wet season soybeans		0.	· 0.	o.	0.	0.	ŏ.	0.	8.	ŏ.	.44.	ŏ.	o.

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3 Dec Nov Crop Mar Jun Jul Sep 0ct 97. 0. 0. 0. 0. Paddy-nursery Wet season paddy Paddy-nursery 0. 0. 0 0. 0. 0. 0. 182. 50. 3 Dry season pau.,
4 Beans
5 Dry season beans
6 Dry season corn
7 Wet season corn
8 Eggplant
9 String bean
10 Tomato
11 Bitter gourd
12 Late wet season corn
13 Wet season soybeans 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 2. 1. 60. 0. Dry season paddy 0. 5. 0. 0. 0. 5. 0.0.0.0.0. 0. 0. 0. 0 0 5 3 Ŏ. 0.0.0 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. ö. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. Ö. Ŏ. ŏ. ô. 0. Õ. 123. 51. 16. 184. 104. Tota1 38. 28. 124.

Diversion Water Requirement for Manggahan Irrigation System (55 ha) (Total Area i 55. ha)

Year	Jan Feb	Mar Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1980 1981	123, 45, 114, 42, 126, 40, 91, 45, 111, 44, 127, 41, 60, 44, 117, 44, 126, 44, 126, 44, 127, 46, 122, 45, 127, 43, 101, 45, 127, 43, 127,	35. 29. 32. 23. 17. 27. 22. 23. 36. 29. 16. 0. 34. 23. 31. 29. 38. 25. 37. 0. 15. 26. 31. 26. 34. 21. 35. 26. 31. 26. 34. 21. 35. 20. 32. 20.	24. 19. 9. 16. 22. 25. 7. 22. 20. 9. 21. 20. 24. 30. 13.	188. 145. 130. 133. 143. 150. 170. 138. 136. 197. 138. 140. 178. 195. 127.	12. 18. 14. 0. 41. 65. 106. 30. 44. 72. 19. 12. 21. 115. 20.	68. 73. 53. 18. 72. 8. 20. 19. 21. 3. 17. 24. 48. 62. 39. 15.	14. 0. 4. 17. 12. 2. 2. 15. 2. 11. 11. 11.	11. 6. 6. 7. 6. 7. 11. 10. 5. 7. 6. 6. 6. 6.	148. 172. 165. 168.	0. 18. 0. 59. 0. 0. 0. 116. 60. 114. 11. 77. 124.	710. 597. 562. 622. 608. 558. 626. 744. 566. 654. 756. 743.
1987 1988	126. 44. 124. 45. 69. 35.		2 2	184. 135.	104.	51. 41.	13.	16. 6.	115.	61. 123.	806. 666.
Ave	110. 43.	31. 23.	19.	157.	43.	38.	7.	8.	134.	56.	670.

Table VI 2.4 (4) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Lubo Irrigation System (45 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva. Date of Land Preparation Area(ha) Water Issue Period (stages)
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans 5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 10 Tomato 11 11 Bitter gourd 12 12 Late wet season corn 13 13 Wet season soybeans Total Project Area	1. 5/ 1 1 1 1 30. 6/ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Unit Diversion Water Requirement

Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct.	Nov	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans 5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 Tomato 11 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season corn 13 Wet season soybeans	0. 0. 0. 255, 0, 107, 115, 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 67. 28. 150. 138. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 166. 183. 239. 0. 0.	0. 0.	503. 0. 0. 34. 0. 20. 99. 112. 97. 0. 0.	36. 405. 0. 0. 0. 0. 2. 15. 24. 0.	0. 216. 0. 0. 0. 0. 90. 46. 46. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0.	395. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0 13 20 0

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3

Crop	Jan	Feb	Маг	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	ЙΟΑ	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery	0.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.	0.	8.	1.	. 0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2 Wet season paddy	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	121.		34.	<u>1</u> .			Ų.
1 Paddy-nursery	0.	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	Q.	Q.	. 0.	6.	.0.	υ.
3 Dry season paddy	77.	20.	0.	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	82.	40.
4 Beans	0.	2.	15.	15.	3.	. 0.		0.	0.		0.	0.
5 Dry season beans	8.	11.	14.	5.	0.	0.		0.	0.	0.	-	1.
6 Dry season corn	4.	5.	9	6.	1.	0.	0	Q.	0.	0		7.
7 Wet season corn	0.	0.	0.	0.	4	0.	3.		0.	_	0.	υ.
8 Eggplant	0.	0.	0.	ı.	4.	l.	2.	0.	Ō.	0.	0.	. 0.
9 String bean	ο.	0.	0.	. 0	4.	1.	2.	o,	0.			Ů.
10 Tomato	0.	0.	. 0.	0.	0.	. 0.				3.	٥,	0.
11 Bitter gourd	2.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.			0.	2.	0.	0.
12 Late wet season corn	0.	0.	0.	0.	0	0.	0.	1	0.	2.	0	۷٠
13 Wet season soybeans	0.	0.	. 0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	2.	0.	
Total	91.	39.	38.	27.	23.	124,	72.	35.	1.	15.	82.	42.

Diversion Water Requirement for Lubo Irrigation System (45 ha) ( Total Area : 45. ha )

Unit:x1000 m

												322	
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct -	Моч	Dec	Total
1969	90.	39.	35.	25.	19.	127.	8.	46.	10.	9.	108.	0.	515.
1970	83.	36.	32.	20,	15,	97.	12.	50.	0.	4	70.	13.	431.
1971	92.	34.	17.	24.	6.	87.	10	36	3	4	78.	0.	390.
1972	65.	39.	22.	20.	11.	89.	0	12.		4	89.		402.
1973	80.	38.	36.	25.	17.	96.	27.	49.	1.	4	77.	0.	451.
1974	94.	35.	35.	25.	13.	100.	44.	5.	9.	4.	76.	0.	440.
1975	41.	38.	16.	0.	20.	113.	73.	13.	1.	4.	92.	0.	411.
1976	85,	38.	34.	20.	4.	92	20.	13		8	88.	0.	405
1977	27.	35.	31.	25.	17.	91.		14.	1	.8		84	451.
1978	87.	38.	38.	22,	15.	133.	53.	2.	1	3.	1027	41.	536.
1979	93.	38.	37.	0.	6.	91.	49.	11.	2.		85.		497.
1980	93.	41.	15.	24.	16.		13.	16.	10.	4	77.		410.
1981	89.	39.	37.	23.	15.	93.	8.	33.	1.	4	78.		
1982	94.	37.	31,	23.	20.	119	3	42.	Õ.	11.	99.	64	543.
1983	73.	39,	34.	27.	25.	132.	14.	26.		4	115.	91.	591.
1984	93.	39.	35,	. 17.	8.	96			7.	3	110.		580.
1985	93.	37.	32.		14.				8.	4.	112.		
1986	93.	38.	38.	26.	15.	163	14,	9	10.	4	79.	54	541.
1987	91.	39.	38.	27.	23.	124.	72		1	15.	82	42	588
1988	48.	29.	37.	5.	18.	90.	43.			3.	77.		
Ave.	80.	37.	31.	20.	15.	105.	29.	26.	5.	5.	89.	40.	484.

Table VI 2.4 (5) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of exop and basic assumption
in Llano Irrigation System (65 ha)

	Cultiva, Area(ha)		Land Preparation Period (stages)
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans Total Project Area	3. 65. 3. 65. 19. 65.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16	1 1 1 1 2

Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
l Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	0. 0. 0. 255.	0. 0. 0. 67. 28.	0. 0. 0. 166.	0. 0. 0. 171.	503. 0. 0. 34.	36. 405. 0. 0.	0. 216. 0. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0.	0. 4. 0. 0.	0. 0. 395. 0.	0. 0. 0. 273. 0.	0. 0. 0. 133.

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3 Nov Apr Feb Nay Jan 0. Crop 0. 73. 0. l Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy ŏ. 263. Ŏ. 0. 0. 0. 0 0 0 13. 0. 0. 0. 0. 177. 86. 44, 5. 0. 32. 33. Ŏ. 7. 166. О. 4 Beans 86. 32. 33. 23. 264. 3. Total 49.

Diversion Water Requirement for Llano Irrigation System (65 ha)
(Total Area: 65. ha)
Unit:x1000 m

Year	Jan	Peb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Хо∨	Dec	Total
Year 1960 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1978 1978 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985	164. 153. 168. 123. 149. 168. 85. 157. 57.	49. 47. 45. 49. 46. 49.	30. 28. 15. 19. 31. 30. 14. 30. 27. 32. 32. 32. 31. 27. 29.	31. 25. 30. 25. 31. 32.	21. 19. 12. 17. 20. 18. 22. 10. 20. 19. 21. 24. 15.	269. 209. 188. 193. 207. 216. 245. 200. 197. 278. 196. 200. 202. 257. 276. 209. 183.	17. 27. 0. 59. 92. 142. 44. 637. 100. 28. 30. 155. 37. 21.	96. 102. 76. 26. 101. 12. 28. 27. 30. 5. 25. 34. 69. 88. 21. 136. 20.	20. 0. 5. 23. 2. 17. 3. 2. 1. 2. 1. 23. 21. 23. 21. 23. 21. 23. 21. 23. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	12. 8. 8. 8. 9. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12.	233. 152. 168. 193. 165. 199. 190. 195. 221. 185. 170. 214. 248. 243. 171.	0. 26. 0. 83. 0. 0. 158. 85. 156. 110. 126. 163. 108.	942. 796. 737. 759. 825. 805. 795. 745. 839. 993. 934. 870. 999. 1076. 979.
1987 1988	95.		32. 32.	33. 8.	23.	195.	90.	59.	18.	8. 9.	166.	166.	898. 895.
Ave.	148.	48.	27.	. 25	19.	225.	60.	54.	10.	7 ·		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Table VI 2.4 (6) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Punta Irrigation System (35 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva.	Date of	Land Preparation
	Area(ha)	Water Issue	Period (stages)
1 l Paddy-nursery 2 2 Wet season paddy 1 l Paddy-nursery 3 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans Total Project Area	2. 35. 2. 35. 10. 35.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16	1 1 1 2

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Unit Diversion Water Requirement

Crop	***	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	dag ang ana ana dan dan dan dan dan dan	0. 0. 0. 255.	0. 0. 0. 67. 28.	0. 0. 0. 0. 166.	0. 0. 0. 171.	503. 0. 0. 34.	36. 405. 0. 0.	0. 216. 0. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0.	0. 4. 0. 0.	0. 0. 395. 0. 0.	0. 0. 273. 0,	0. 0. 0. 133. 0.

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Сгор	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	0, 0, 0, 89,	0. 0. 0. 23.	0. 0. 0. 17.	0. 0. 0. 0. 18.	9. 0. 0. 4.	0.	0. 76. 0. 0.	0. 39. 0. 0.	0. 1. 0. 0.	0. 0. 7. 0.	
Total	89.	26.	17.	18.	13.	142.	76.	39.	1.	7.	95. 46.

Diversion Water Requirement for Punta Irrigation System (35 ha) ( Total Area : 35. ha)

				45000					* * *			Unitix	1000 m
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dac	Total
1969	89.	26.	16.	17.	12.	145.	9.	52.	11.	6.	125.	0.	507
1970	82.	26.	15.	14.	10.	113.	14.	55.	0.	4.0	82.	14.	429.
1971	90.	24.	8.	16.	7.	101.	11.	41.	3.	4.	91.	. 0.	397.
1972	66.	26.	10.	14.		104.	0.	14.	12.	5.	104.	45.	409
1973	80.	26.	17.	17.		111.		55.	1.	5.	90.	0.	444
1974	91.	25.	16.	17.	10.	117.	49.	6.	9.	5.	89.	0.	434
1975	.46.	26.	7.	. 0.	12.	132.	77:	15.	1.	5.	107.	0.	428.
1976	84.	. 26.	16.	14.	5.	108.	24.	15.	2.	6.	102.	0.	402.
1977	31.	25.	14.	17,	11.	106.	34.	16.	1.	6.	105.	85.	452
1978	86.	26.	17.	15.	10.	150.	58.	3.	· 1.	4.	119.	46.	535
1979	91.	26.	17.	0.	7.	106.	54.	13.	2.	5.	99.	84.	503
1980	91.	27.	7.	16.	11.	107.	15.	18.	11.	5.	90.	8.	406.
1981	88.	26.	17.	15.	10.		10.	37.	1.	5.	91.	59.	469,
1982	91.	26.	14.	15.	12.	138.	4.	47.	1.	7.	115.	68.	538
1983	74.	26.		18.	13.	149.	16.	30.	12.	5.	134.	89.	581
1984	91.	26.	16.	12.	8.	112.	83.	11.	8.	4.	128.	82.	
1985	91.	26.	15.	12.	10.	99.	20.	73.	9.	5.	131.	- 58.	547.
1986	91.	26.	17.	18.	10.	. 173.	16.	11.	10.	5.	92.	59.	527.
1987	89,	26.	17.	18.	13.	142.	76.	39.	1.	7.	95.	46.	571
1988	51.	22.	17.	4.	11.	105.	49.	32.	10.	4,	89.	89.	484
Ave.	80.	26.	15.	13.	10.	121.	32.	29.	5.	5.	104.	42.	482.

Table VI 2.4 (7) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption
in IK-IK Irrigation System (45 ha) Pulong Ligaya Irrigation System (45 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva.	Date of	Land Preparation
	Area(ha)	Water Issue	Period (stages)
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Net season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans Total Project Area	2. 45. 2. 45. 13. 45.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16	1 1 1 1 2

2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -					<b></b>					Unit	mta
Grop	Jan ?	eb Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
l Paddy-nursery 2 Mat season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beane		0, 0 0, 0 0, 0 67, 0 28, 166	0.	503. 0. 0. 34.	36. 405. 0. 0.	0. 216. 0. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0.	0. 4. 0. 0.	0. 0. 395. 0.	0. 0. 0. 273.	0. 0. 0. 133.

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

			<b></b>	·			<b></b>				Uı	nit:xl(	000 m3
Crop		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	Oct	ЙОV	Dec
I Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans		0. 0. 0. 115.	0. 0. 0. 30. 4.	0. 0. 0. 22.	0. 0. 0. 23.	12. 0. 0. 5.	1. 182. 0. 0.	0. 97. 0. 0.	0. 50. 0. 0.	0. 2. 0. 0.	0. 0. 9. 0.	0. 0. 123.	0. 0. 60.
Total	37 <b>77</b> 2222	115.	34.	22.	23.	16.	183.	97.	50.	2.	9.	123.	60.

Diversion Water Requirement for IK-IK Irrigation System (45 ha) Pulong Ligaya (Total Area: 45. ha)

Year.	Jan	Fab	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Ход	Dec	Total
1969	114.	34.	21.	22.	15.	186.	12.	66.	14.	8.	161.	0.	652.
1970	106.	33.			. 13.	145.	18.	71.	0.	5.	. 105.	18.	551.
1971	116.	31.	11.	21.	9.	130.	14.	52.	4.	6.	116.	0.	510.
1972	85.	34.	13.	18.	12.	133.	0.	18.	16.	6.	134.	58.	526,
1973		34.	21.	22.	14.	143.	41.	70.	2.	6.	116.	0.	571.
1974		32.	21.	22.	13.	150.	64	8.	12.	6.	114.	0.	558.
1975	59.	34.	10.	0.	15.	170.	98.	20.	2.	6.	138.	0.	551.
1976		34.		17.	7.	138.	30.	19.	2.	8.	131.	0.	516.
1977	40.	32.	13.	22.	14.	136.	44.	21.	2.	8.	135.	110.	581.
1978		34.	22.	19.	13.	193.	74.	3.	1.	5.	153.	59.	688.
1979		34.	22.	. 0.	9	136.	70.	17.	2.	6.	128.	107.	647.
1980	117.	34.	9.		14.	138.	19.	23.	14.	6.		11.	522.
1981	113.	34.	22.	20.	13.	140.	12.	48.	2.	6.	118.	76.	602.
1982	î17.	33.	19.	20.	15.	178.	5.	61.	1.	9.	148.	87.	691
1983		34.	20.	23.	17.	191.	21.	38.	16.		172.	115.	747.
	117.	34	21.	15.	10.	145.	107.	15.	10.	5.	165.	106.	749.
1985		34.	19.	15.	13.	127.	26.	94	11.	6.	168.	75.	
1986		34.		23.	13.	223.	20.	14.	13.	6.	118.	75.	678.
1987		34.	žž.	23.	16.	183.	97.	50.	2.	9.	123.	60.	734.
1988	66.	28.	22.	5.	14.	135.	63.	41.	13.	5.	115.	115.	622.
	102.	32	10	17.	13.	156.	42.	37.	7.	6.	134.	54.	620.

Table VI 2.4 (8) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Lumang Nayon Irrigation System (95 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva.	Date of	Land Preparation
	Area(ha)	Water Issue	Period (stages)
1 l Paddy-nursery 2 2 Wat season paddy 1 l Paddy-nursery 3 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans Total Project Area	5. 95. 5. 95. 28. 95.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16	1 1 1 1 2

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Unit Diversion Water Requirement

							er element.		_ : _ : _ : _ : _ :		111622		жщ
Crop	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	hay	Jün	Jul .	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans		0. 0. 0. 255.	0. 0. 0. 67. 28.	0. 0. 0. 0. 166.	0. 0. 0. 0. 171.	503. 0. 0. 34.	36. 405. 0. 0.	0. 216. 0. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0.	0. 4. 0. 0.	0. 0. 395. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 273.	0. 0. 0. 133. 0.

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3 Peb 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 106. Paddy-nursery Wet season paddy Paddy-nursery Dry season paddy 2. 385. .0. 0. 0. 206. 0. 0. 0. 47. 0. Ŏ. 0. 0. 0. 0. 19. 0. 0. 0. 259. 243. 64. 8, 0. 49. 10. Total 49. 34. 386. 206. 72. 47. 243.

Diversion Water Requirement for Lumang Nayon Irrigation System (95 hs) ( Total Area: 95, ha)

						+47 - 1			e interest		رم بالوادمة	UMILIA	1000 12
Year	Jan	Pab	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Йо∨	Dec	Total
1969	240.	72.	44.	46.	31.	393.	24.	140.	29.	17.	341.	0.	1377.
1970	223.	69.	41.	37.	27.	306.		149.	0.	11.	222.		1163.
1971	245.	66.	22.	43.	18.	275.	31.	111.	8.	12.	246.	0.	1077.
1972	180.	71.	28.	37.	25,	282.	0.	38.	33.	13.	282.	122.	1109
1973	218.	71.	45.	46.	30.	302.	86.	148.	3.	12.	244.	0.	1206.
1974	246.	68.	44.	46.		316.	134.	17.	26.	12.	241.	0.	1177
1975	124.	71.	20.	0.	32.	359.	208	41.	4.	13.	291.	0.	1162.
1976	229.	71.	43.	37.	14.		64.	40.	4.	17.	278.	0.	1089.
1977	84.	68.	39.	46.	30.	288.	92.	44.	3.	17.	284.	231.	1225.
1978	234.	71.	47.	40.	28.	407.	157.	7.	2.,	10.	323.	125.	1451.
1979	246.	71.	46.	0.	18.	287.	147.	36.			270.	227.	1365.
1980	246,	72.	20.	44.	29,	292.	40.	49.	30.	12.	244.	23.	1102.
1981	238.	71.	46.	42.	28.	296.	26.	100.	3.	12.	248.	161.	1271.
1982	246.	70.	39.	42.	31.	375.	11.	129.	1.	18.	313.	184.	1459.
1983	200.	71.	43.	49.	35.	404.	43.	81.	33.	12.	363.	243.	1577
1984	246.	72.	44.	31.	22.	305.	226.	31.	22.	117	348.	223.	1581
1985	246.	71.	41.	32.	27.	268.	54.	199.	23.	1.2.	.354.	158.	1485.
1985	246.	71.	47.	48.	28.	470.	43.	29.	28.	12.	250.	159.	1431
1987	243.	72.	47.	49.	34.		206.	106.		19.	259.	. 126.	1550.
1988	140.	59.	47.	11.	30.	285.	132.	86.	27.	11.	243.	243.	1313.
Ave.	216.	70,	40.	36.	27.	329	88.	79.	14.	13.	282.	113.	1309.

Table VI 2.4 (9) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption
in Bagumbong Irrigation System p-1-1 (65 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva, Area(ha)		Land Preparation Pariod (stages)
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet sesson paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans Total Project Area	3. 65. 3. 65. 19. 65.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16	1 1 1 1 2

Ĉ r O P	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	, дод	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans	0. 0. 0. 255.	0. 0. 67. 28.	0. 0. 0. 166.	0. 0. 0. 171.	503. 0. 0. 34.	36. 405. 0. 0.	0. 216. 0. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0.	0. 4. 0. 0.	0. 0. 395. 0.	0. 0. 0. 273. 0.	0. 0. 0. 133.

Unitimo

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3 Nov Мау Jun Jul Feb Mar 0. 0. 0. 177. 0. 0. 0. 0. 44. 5. 0. 73. 0. 0. 0. 3. 0. 0. 0. Paddy-nursery
War seeson paddy
Paddy-nursery
Dry season paddy
Beans 0. ŏ. 0. ŏ. 0. 0. 0 263. 13. 0. 0. o. 0. 166. 86. Ŏ. 7. Ŏ. Õ. 33. 0. 32. 13. 177. 33. 264. 3. 86. 24. 49. 32.

Diversion Water Requirement for Bagumbong Irrigation System p-1-1 (65 ha) ( Total Area : 65. ha)

·												Unic:x	1000 m
Year	Jan	Fab	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Toral
1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1980 1981 1983 1984 1985 1985	164. 153. 168. 123. 149. 168. 85. 157. 160. 168. 168. 168. 168. 168. 168.	49. 45. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49	30. 28. 15. 19. 31. 30. 14. 30. 27. 32. 31. 27. 29. 28. 32.	31. 25. 30. 25. 31. 32. 0. 25. 31. 27. 0. 30. 28. 29. 33.	22. 19. 13. 17. 21. 20. 13. 20. 13. 20. 19. 22. 25. 19.		17. 27. 21. 0. 59. 92. 142. 44. 63. 107.	96. 102. 76. 26. 101. 28. 27. 30. 5. 25. 34. 69. 88. 56. 21.	20. 0. 5. 23. 17. 3. 2. 1. 3. 21. 2. 16. 19. 3.	12. 8. 8. 9. 9. 9. 12. 12. 7. 9. 9. 13. 9.	233. 152. 168. 197. 165. 199. 190. 195. 221. 185. 167. 170. 214. 248. 238. 243. 171. 177. 166.	0. 26. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 158. 85. 155. 16. 110. 126. 153. 108.	943. 797. 738. 760. 826. 806. 746. 839. 935. 755. 871. 1000. 1083. 1017. 980.
1988 Avo.	95.		32. 27.	8. 25.	21. 19.		60.	54.	10.	9.	193.	77.	896.

Table VI 2.4 (10) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption
in Bgumbong Irrigation System pump-2-1 (20 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva.	Date of	Land Preparation
	Area(ha)	Water Issue	Period (stages)
1 l Paddy-nursery 2 2 Wet season paddy 1 l Paddy-nursery 3 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans Total Project Area	1. 20. 1. 20. 6. 20.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16	1 1 2

Unit Diversion	Water Requ	irement		en er		Unit:mm
Crop		Jan Feb	Mar Apr	May Jun Jul	Aug Sep O	et Nov Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans		0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 255. 67. 0. 28.		503. 36. 0. 0. 405. 216. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 34. 0. 0.	0. 0. 4. 0. 0. 3: 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 9. 95. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3 Feb 1 Paddy-nursery
2 Wet senson paddy
1 Paddy-nursery
3 Dry season paddy
4 Beans 0 0. 0. Ö. 27. ŏ. 0. 2. 10. 10. 0. Total 10. 43.

Diversion Water Requirement for (Total Area 1 20. ha)

Year Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Total

1969 51. 15. 9. 10. 6. 83. 5. 29. 6. 4. 72. 0. 290.

1970 47. 15. 9. 8. 6. 64. 8. 31. 0. 2. 47. 8. 245.

1971 52. 14. 5. 9. 4. 58. 6. 23. 2. 2. 52. 0. 227.

1972 38. 15. 6. 8. 5. 59. 0. 8. 7. 3. 59. 26. 233.

1973 46. 15. 10. 10. 6. 64. 18. 31. 1. 3. 51. 0. 254.

1974 52. 14. 9. 10. 6. 67. 28. 4. 5. 3. 51. 0. 248.

1975 26. 15. 4. 0. 7. 75. 44. 9. 1. 3. 61. 0. 245.

1976 48. 15. 9. 8. 3. 62. 13. 8. 1. 4. 58. 0. 229.

1977 18. 14. 8. 10. 6. 61. 19. 9. 1. 3. 60. 49. 258.

1978 49. 15. 10. 8. 6. 86. 33. 1. 0. 2. 68. 26. 305.

1979 52. 15. 10. 0. 4. 60. 31. 8. 1. 4. 58. 0. 229.

1980 52. 15. 4. 9. 6. 61. 8. 10. 6. 63. 33. 1. 0. 2. 68. 26. 305.

1981 50. 15. 10. 9. 6. 62. 5. 21. 1. 3. 57. 48. 287.

1980 52. 15. 4. 9. 6. 61. 8. 10. 6. 63. 33. 1. 0. 2. 68. 26. 305.

1981 50. 15. 10. 9. 6. 62. 5. 21. 1. 3. 52. 34. 268.

1982 52. 15. 8. 9. 7. 79. 2. 27. 0. 4. 66. 39. 307.

1983 42. 15. 9. 10. 7. 85. 9. 17. 77. 3. 76. 51. 332.

1984 52. 15. 9. 7. 5. 64. 48. 7. 5. 2. 73. 41. 33.

1985 52. 15. 9. 7. 6. 56. 11. 42. 5. 3. 75. 33. 313.

1986 52. 15. 10. 10. 6. 99. 9. 6. 6. 6. 3. 53. 33. 301.

1987 51. 15. 10. 10. 7. 85. 9. 17. 7. 3. 76. 51. 332.

1988 29. 12. 10. 2. 6. 60. 28. 18. 6. 2. 51. 51. 51. 276.

Table VI 2.4 (11) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System
Summary of crop and basic assumption
in Palay-Palay Irrigation System (140 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva.	Date of	Land Preparation
	Area(ha)	Water Issue	Period (stages)
1 1 Paddy-nursery 2 2 Wet senson paddy 1 1 Paddy-nursery 3 3 Dry season paddy 15 15 Mungbeans 16 16 Water melon Total Project Area	7.	5/ 1	1
	140.	6/ 1	1
	3.	10/ 1	1
	70.	11/ 1	1
	35.	10/ 1	2
	35.	10/ 1	2

	 									4.0	OHILL	HIM
Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Хох	Dec
Paddy-nursery  Net season paddy  Paddy-nursery  Dry season paddy  Mungbeaus  Kater melon	0. 0. 0. 255. 102. 51.	0. 0. 0. 67. 25. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	503. 0. 0. 0. 0.	36. 405. 0. 0.	0. 216. 0. 0. 0.	0. 112. 0. 0. 0.	0. 4. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 395. 0. 36. 60.	0. 0. 0. 273. 0.	0. 0. 0. 133. 4. 0.

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3 Pab 0. 0. Мау Nov Crop. Jun Dec Jan 35. 0. 0. 0. 0. Paddy-nursery
Live season paddy
Paddy-nursery
Dry season paddy
Mungbeans 0. 0. 0. ٥. 0. 0. 179. 36. 18. 0. 0. 567. 0. 47. 9. 0. 0. 0. 93. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 191. 0. 0. 0 0 16 Water melon 232. 0. ٥.

Diversion Water Requirement for Palay-Palay Irrigation System (140 ha) ( Total Area: 140. ha)

9 J.			200		- 5					7.1		Unitio	:1000 m3
Year	Jan	Peb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Хол	Dac	Total
1969	230.	56.	0.	0.	33.	579.	36.	206.	42.	33,	251.	0.	1466.
1970	210.	54.	0.	0.	30.	451.	57.	220.	0	8.	164.	28.	1221.
1971	235.	52.	0.	0.	23.	406.	45.	163.	12.	9.	181.	0.	1124
1972	161.	56.	0,	0.	28.	415.	0.	55.	48.	9.	.208.	90.	1070.
1973	204.	55.	0.	0.	. 32.	446.	126.	218.	5.	9,	180.	Q.	1275.
1974		53.	Ô.	0.	29.	466.	198.	25.	38	9.	178.	0.	1235.
	97.	55.	- 0.	0.	33.	528.	306.	61.	6.	9.	214.	0.	1311.
1976	217.	55.	· 0.	0.	20.	431.	94.	59.	6.	32.	205.	0.	1119.
1977	62.	53.	0.	0.	32.	424.	136.	64	5.	29.	210.	241.	1255.
1978	222.	55.		0.	30.	600.	231.	10.	3.	7.	238.	93.	1490.
1979	237.	55.	0.	õ.	23.	423.	216.	53.	6	9.	199.	235.	1456
	240.	56.		ő.	31.	430.	59.	73.	45.	9.	180.	17.	1139.
1981		56	Ŏ.	ō.	30.	436.	38.	148.	5.	9.	183.	143.	1274.
	241.	54.	Ŏ.	ŏ.	33.	553.	16.	190.	2.	37.	231.	174.	1532.
	183.	56.	o.	0.	36.	595.	64.	120.	49,	9.	268.	278.	1657
1984		56.	· 0.	ŏ.	25.	450.	333.	46.	32.	8,	257.	230.	1674.
1985	238.	55.	. ŏ.	· ŏ.	30.	395.	79.	293.	34.	9	261.	138.	1532.
1986	237.	55.	ŏ.	ŏ.	30.	693.	63.	42.	41.	9.	184.	139.	1494.
1987	232.	56.	ŏ.	ŏ.	35.	569	303.	156.	6.	47.	191.	94.	1690.
1988			ŏ.	ŏ.		420.	195.	126.	40.	8.	179.	261.	1422.
Ave.	203.	54.	<del>-</del> -	0.	30.	485.	130	116.	21.	15.	208.	108.	1372.

Table VI 2.4 (12) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Hapakla Irrigation System (130 ha)

No. Cr	о р	Cultiva. Area(ha)	Date of Water Issue	Land Preparation Period (stages)
2 2 Wet 1 1 Padd 3 3 Dry 4 4 Bean 5 5 Dry 6 6 Dry 7 7 Vet 8 8 Eggp 9 9 Stri 10 10 To 11 11 Bit 12 12 Lat 13 13 Wet 14 14 Cit	season beans season corn season corn lant ng bean ato ter gourd e wet season corn season soybeans	5. 100. 5. 100. 30. 12. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16 12/16 12/16 5/ 1 4/16 5/ 1 9/16 10/ 1 8/ 1 8/ 1	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Unit Diversion Water Requirement

Cr o p	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery	. 0.	· .	0.	0.	503.	36.	0.	0.	O.	0.	Ö.	
2 Wet season paddy	. 0.	o.	0.	0.	0.	405.	216.	112.	4.	0.	0.	
	. ň.	ň.	. 6	ō.	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	395.	0.	i
l Paddy-nursery	255.	67.	ň	Ŏ.	Ŏ.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.		
Dry season paddy	233.		166.	171.	34.	ŏ.	Ŏ.		ŏ	ŏ.		
Beans		28.							Ď.	Ň.	Ň.	
Dry season beans	107.	150.	183.	61.	Q.	0.	, ŏ:	Ŏ.	Ņ.	v.	ν,	13
Dry season corn	115.	138.	239.	155.	20.	0.	0.	ų.	u.	<u></u>	Q.	20
Wet season corn	0.	0.	0.	0.	99.	2.		0.	U.	0.	0.	•
Eggplant	0.	0.	0.	29.	112.	15.	46.	0.	0.	0.	0.	(
String bean	0.	0.	0.	0.	97.	24.	46.	0.	0.	0.	0.	(
O Tomato	Ô.	o.	o.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	5.	71.	0.	. (
	53.	ŏ.	Ŏ.	Ŏ.	0.	0	Ő.	0.	0.	61.	0.	•
1 Bitter gourd	٦,٠	ŏ.	ŏ.	ŏ.	ŏ.	ŏ.		19.	ň	58.	õ,	
2 Late wet season corn	v.							8	Ŏ.		Ň.	. ;
3 Het season soybeans	0.	. 0.	0.	0.	. 0.	Ŏ.	,0,				v.	
14 Citrus	96.	125.	165.	166.	135.	0.	31.	0.	0.	11.	0.	. (

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

3 x o p	Jan	Feb	Har	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Paddy-nursery	0.	0.	0.	0.	25.	2.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0
Wet season paddy	Ŏ.	0.	0.	Ó.	0.	405.	216.	112.	4.	0.	. 0.	0.
Paddy-nursery	0.	0,	0.	. 0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	20.	0.	0.
Dry season paddy	255.	67.	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0	0.	0.	273.	133.
Beans	0.	8.	50.	51.	10.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
Dry season beans	13.	19.	23.	8.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	. 0.	2.
Dry season corn	7.	9.	15.	10.	1.	0.	. 0.	0.	0.	ο.	⊸ ≎ .	1
Wet season corn	0.	0.	О.	.0.	12.	0,	11.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0
Eggplant	0.	0,	0.	2.	7.	1.	3.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0
String bean	0.	0.	0.	0.	6.	2.	3.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0
0 Tomato	0.	0.	0.	0.	.0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	4 .	0.	0
l Bitter gourd	3.	0.	0.	0.	0.	ο.	0.	0.	0.	4.	⊸0.	0
2 Late wet season corn	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.	0,	4.	0.	0
3 Wet season soybeans	0.	0.	0.	. 0 .	0.	0.	0.	1.	0.	3.	0.	0
4 Citrus	5.	6.	8.	8.	7.	0.	2.	0.	0.	1.	0.	0.
otal	284.	109.	96.	79.	69.	409.	235.	113.	4.	35.	273.	136

Diversion Water Requirement for Mapakla Irrigation System (130 ha) ( Total Area: 130. ha)

`	100.		•	150.					111		11.15		4
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct.	Nov	Dec	Total
1969	281.	109.	89.	74.	58.	419.	26.	151.	31.	23.	359.	ō.	1620.
1970	259.	102.	82.	59.	44	322.	41.	162.	0.	. 12.	234.	41.	1358.
1971	287.	96.	44.	69.	19.	290.		118.	9,	12.	259	0.	
1972	205.	108.	54.	59.	33,	297.	0.	40.	37.	13.	297.	131.	1274.
1973	252.	107.	92.	74,	52.	318.	90.	161.	4.	13.	257,	0.	
1974	291.	99.	89.	74.	40.	333.	145.	18.	28.	13.	254.	0.	
1975	134.	107.	39.	o.	60.	377.	238.	44.	5.	13.			1322.
1976	267.	106.	87.	58.	14.	308.	67.	42.	5.	23.	292.		1271.
1977	88.	99.	78.	73.	52.	303.	97.	46.	4.	21.	299.		1426,
1978	272.	107.	96.	64.	46.	439.	173.	7.	2.	11.	340.	135.	
1979	289.	106.	94.	0,	19.	302.	161.	38.	5.	Ĭã.	284.		1570.
1980	290,	114.	38.	71.	49.	307.	42.	52.	33.	13.	257.		1292.
1981	278.	108.	93.	67.	45.	311.	27	107.	4.		261.		
1982	291.	104.	79.	67.	59.	395.	12.	138.	2.	27.			1708.
1983	229.	108.	87.	79.	74.	434	46.	86.	37.	13.		285.	1862.
1984	289,	109.	89.	49.	27.	321.	261.	33.	24.	11.	367.	255.	1836.
1985	289,	105.	82.	50.	43.	282.	57.	224.	25.	13.	373.	174.	1717
1986	289.	106.	96.	77.	44.	530.	45.	30.	31.	ĩă.	263.	175.	1699.
1987	284.	109.	96.	79.	69.	409.	235.	113.	4.	35.	273.	136.	1843.
1988	153.	83.	95.	15.	53.	300.	143.	91.	29.	11.		280.	1510.
Ave.	251.	105.	80.	58.	45.	350,	97.	85.	16.	16.	297.	127.	1527.

Table VI 2.4 (13) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Pagkalinawan Irrigation System (55 ha)

No. Crop	Gultiva.	Date of	Land Preparation
	Area(ha)	Water Issue	Period (stages)
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy 4 Beans 5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 Tomato 11 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season corn 13 Wet season soybeans 14 Citrus Total Project Area	2. 45. 2. 45. 13. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1.	5/ 1 6/ 1 10/ 1 11/ 1 2/16 12/16 12/16 12/16 5/ 1 4/16 5/ 1 9/16 10/ 1 8/ 1 8/ 1 8/ 1	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Unit Diversion Water Requirement

ор		Jan	Feb.	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep .	Oct	Nov	Dec
Paddy-nursery		0.	0.	0.	0	503.	36.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	(
Net season paddy		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	405.	216.	112.	4.	0.	0.	- (
Paddy-nursery		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	٥.	395.	0.	+
Dry season paddy		255.	67.	. 0.	0.	0.	Ó,	0.	0.	0.	0.	273.	13
Dry Sdason Paccy		0.	28.	166.	171.	34.	O.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	
Beans Dry season beans		107.	150.	183.	61.	0.	0.	٥.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1
Dry season corn	di di	115.	138.	239,	155.	20.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	2
Wet season corn		Ö.	0.	0.	0.	99.	2.	90.	0.	0.	0.	. 0.	
Eggplant		ō.	Ö.	Ô.	29.	112	15.	46.	0.	0.	0.	. 0.	
String bean		Õ.	o.	0.	0.	97.	24.	46.	0.	0.	0.	0.	
Tomato		Ŏ.	0.	0.	Ó.	0.	0.	0.	0.	5.	71.	0.	
Bitter gourd	7	53.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	61.	0.	
Late wet season		0.	Ö.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	19.	0.	58.	0.	
Wet season soybes		ŏ.	ō.	õ.	ō.	Ö.	0.	0.	8.	0.	44.	0.	
Citrus		96.	125.	165.	166.	135.	0.	31.	0.	0.	11.	0.	

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Crop	 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	llov	Dec
1 Paddy-nursery 2 Wet season paddy 1 Paddy-nursery 3 Dry season paddy	 0. 0. 0. 115.	0. 0. 0. 30.	0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.	12. 0. 0.	1. 182. 0.	0. 97. 0.	0. 50. 0.	0. 2. 0.	0. 0. 9.	0. 0. 0. 123.	0. 0. 0. 60.
4 Beans 5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn	0. 3. 1. 0.	4. 4. 2. 0.	22. 5. 3. 0.	23. 2. 2. 0.	5. 0. 0. 2. 1.	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 2. 1.	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.
8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 Tomato 11 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season corn	0. 0. 1.	0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.	1. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.	1. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 1. 1. 1.	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.
13 Wet season soybeans 14 Citrus Total	 125.	6.  46.	8.  38.	35.	7.	184.	102.	0. 51.	0. 2.	13.	0. 123.	0. 60.

Diversion Water Requirement for Pagkalinawan Irrigation System (55 ha)

J. But	Total	Area		55.	ha)								
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987	126, 90, 111, 127, 59, 117, 40, 119, 127, 127, 122, 128, 101, 127, 127, 127, 127, 127, 127, 127, 12	46. 43. 41. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 46. 46. 35.	15. 35. 31. 38. 15. 37. 31. 35. 36. 33. 38.	33. 26. 31. 26. 33. 33. 0. 26. 33. 29. 30. 32. 30. 35. 22. 22. 22. 23.	23. 18. 9. 13. 16. 24. 7. 21. 18. 20. 18. 24. 31. 11. 17. 18. 28. 21.	187. 145. 130. 133. 143. 150. 170. 136. 136. 136. 138. 140. 178. 127. 234. 184. 135.	12. 18. 14. 04. 64. 104. 76. 71. 12. 5. 21. 26. 20. 102. 63.	67. 72. 53. 18. 71. 8. 20. 19. 21. 3. 17. 23. 48. 62. 39. 15. 98. 141.	14. 0. 4. 16. 2. 12. 2. 2. 15. 2. 16. 11. 11. 14. 2. 13.	9. 5. 6. 6. 6. 9. 5. 6. 10. 5. 6.	161. 105. 116. 134. 116. 1138. 131. 135. 128. 115. 118. 172. 165. 168. 1123. 113.	0. 18. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 117. 60. 115. 11. 79. 126. 113. 77. 60. 124.	712. 5947. 561. 625. 608. 583. 560. 630. 744. 692. 569. 656. 820. 808. 745. 806.
Ave.	110.	44.	32.	26.	18.	157.	43.						

Table VI 2.4 (14) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System Summary of crop and basic assumption in Bagumbong Irrigation System p-1-2 (55 ha)

No. Crop	Cultiva.	Date of	Land Preparation
	Area(ha)	Water Issue	Period (stages)
5 5 Dry season beans 6 6 Dry season corn 7 7 Wet season corn 8 8 Eggplant 9 9 String bean 10 10 Towato 11 11 Bitter gourd 12 12 Late wet season corn 13 13 Wet season soybeans 14 14 Citrus Total Project; Area	20. 10. 20. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.	12/16 12/16 5/1 4/16 5/1 9/16 10/1 8/1 8/16 1/1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Unic;

Crop	Jan	Fob	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Yng	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 Tomato 11 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season corn 13 Wet season soybeans 14 Citrus	107. 115. 0. 0. 0. 0. 53. 0. 0.	150. 138. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	183. 239. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	61. 155. 0. 29. 0. 0. 0.	0. 20. 99. 112. 97. 0. 0.	0. 0. 2. 15. 24. 0. 0.	0. 0. 90. 46. 46. 0. 0. 0. 31.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 5. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 71. 61. 58. 44.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	13 20 0 0 0 0 2 3

1987 Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	Oct	Яον	Dac
5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 Towato 11 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season corn 13 Wet season soybeans 14 Citrus	21. 11. 0. 0. 0. 5. 0.	30. 14. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	37. 24. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	12. 15. 0. 3. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 2. 20. 11. 10. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 2. 2. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 18. 5. 5. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 7. 6. 6. 4.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	3. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
Total	53.	63.	85.	55.	63.	4,	32.	3.	0.	25.	0.	5.

Diversion Water Requirement for Bagumbong Irrigation System p-1-2 (55 ha) (Total Area: 55. ha)

Year Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Total.

1969 52. 63. 78. 52. 46. 9. 0. 6. 2. 9. 0. 0. 316.
1970 44. 54. 73. 40. 27. 0. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 248

1970	44.	54.	73,	40.	27.	0.	0.	8.	0.	0.	0.	2	248.
1971	53.	49,	36.	48.	.0.	0.	0.	3.	1.	0.	0.	0.	191.
1972	27.	62.	46.	40.	12.	0.	0.	0.	4.	0.	0.	5.	195.
1973	42.	60.	81.	52.	39.	0.	0.	8.	0.	0.	0.	0	282.
1974	58.	51.	78.	52.	2i.	0.	6.	0.	2.	0.	0.	0	269.
1975	6.	59.	32.	.0.	49.	0.	33.	0.	1.	0.	0.	٥.	180.
1976	47.	58.	77.	39.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.	8. 6.	0.	1.	231.
1977	0.	51.	69.	51.	39.	0.	0.	0.	0.	6.		40.	256.
1978	49.	59.	85.	44.	29.	18.	13.	0.	0.	0.	0.	5.	303.
1979	55.	57.	83.	. 1.	0.	0.	10.	0.	1.	0.	O.	38.	245.
1980	57.	71.	31.	50.	33.	0.	0.	0.	2.	0.	0.	2	246.
1981	51.	62.	82.	46.	28.	0.	0.	2.	0.	0.	0.	4.	285.
1982	59.	55.	69.	46.	48.	1.	0.	4.	0.	13.	0.	22.	319.
1983	34.	62.	77.	55.	71.	16.	0.	l.	4.	U.	2.	55.	377.
1984	55.	63,	79.	33.	6.	0.	41.	Ò.	1.	0.	Ο,	37.	315.
1985	55.	56.	72.	33.	25.	0,	0.	25.	2.	0.	0.	13.	282.
1986	54.	58.	85.	54.	28.	64.	0.	0	2.	0.	0.	13.	358.
1987	53.	63.	85.	55.	63.	4.	32.	3.	0.	25.	0.	5.	389.
1988	10.	37.	85.	6.	39.	0.	6.	2.	2.	0.	0.	46.	233.
Ave.	43.	57.	70.	40.	30.	6.	7.	3.	1.	3.	0.	15.	276.

Table VI 2.4 (15) Diversion Water Requirements of Each Irrigation System

Summary of crop and basic assumption in Bagumbong p-2-1 Irrigation System (90 ha)

5 5 Dry season beans 6 6 Dry season corn 7 12/16 2 7 7 Wet season corn 15 5/1 2 8 8 Eggplant 7 4/16 2 9 9 String bean 7 5/1 2 10 10 Tomato 7 10/1 2 11 11 Bitter gourd 7 10/1 2 12 Late wet season corn 7 8/1 13 Wet season soybeans 7 8/16 2 1/ 1/ 1/ 1 1	No. Crop	Cultiva. Area(ha)	Date of Water Issue	Land Preparation Period (stages)
	5 5 Dry season beans 6 6 Dry season corn 7 7 Wet season corn 8 Eggplant 9 9 String bean 10 Tomato 11 Bitter gourd 12 12 Late wet season corn 13 Wet season soybeans		12/16 5/ 1 4/16 5/ 1 9/16 10/ 1 8/ 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Unit Diversion Water Requirement

Ourt progrator warer wede											Unit	ww
rop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Хоч	Dec
Dry season beaus	107.	150.	183.	61.	0.	0.	ō.	0.	0.	· 0.	0.	13
Dry season corn	115.	138.	239,	155.	20	0.	Ò.	0.	0.	0.	0.	20
Wat season corn	0.	0.	0.	0.	99.	2 .	90.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0
Eggplant	0.	0.	0.	29.	112.	15.	46.	0.	0.	0.	٥.	0
String bean	ο,	0.	0.	0.	97,	24.	46.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0
0 Tomato	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	5.	71.	0.	- 0
1 Bitter gourd	53.	Ο.	0.	0.	0.	0	0.	0.	0.	61.	0.	2
2 Late wet season corn	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	ο.	19.	0.	58.	0.	3
3 Wet season soybeans	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	8,	٥.	44.	0.	0
4 Citrus	96.	125.	165.	166.	135.	0.	31.	٥.	0.	11.	0.	0

Sample Intermediate Output in 1987 Summary of Water Demand for Each Crop Diversion Water Requirement

Unit:x1000 m3

Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
5 Dry season beans 6 Dry season corn 7 Wer season corn 8 Eggplant 9 String bean 10 Tomato 11 Bitter gourd 12 Late wet season corn 13 Wet season soybeans 14 Citrus	16. 9. 0. 0. 0. 4, 0.	23. 10. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	27. 18. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	9. 12. 0. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 1. 15. 8. 7. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 1. 2. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 14. 3. 3. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 5. 5. 4. 3.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	2. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
Total	86,	108.	144.	123.	113.	3.	39.	2.	0.	24.	0.	4

Diversion Water Requirement for Bagumbong p-2-1 Irrigation System (90 ha) (Total Area: 90. ha) Unit:x1000 m3

 Yoar	 Jan	Yeb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
							0.	5.	1.	6.	0.	0.	538.
1969	84.	109.	132.	114.	79.	8.		6.	ô.	ŏ.	o.	2.	416.
1970	71.	92.	122.	87.	38.	0.	0.	2.	ĭ.	ŏ.	Ŏ.	Ö.	336,
1971	88.	83.	56.	106.	Q.	0.	Ŏ.	ő.	3,	ŏ.	Ŏ.	3.	321.
1972	38.	106.	74.	87.	9.	0.	0.		ő.	ŏ.	Ö.	Ö.	489.
1973	67.	103.	137,	114.	62.	0.	Ģ.	6.	ì.	ő.	ŏ.	ō.	462.
1974	97.	87.	132.	114.		0.	.5.	٥.	ô,	ŏ.	ŏ.	ō.	281.
1975	4.	101.	49.	. 0.	85.	0.	41.	0.		6.	ŏ.	ĭ.	398.
1976	75.		130.	86.	. 0.	Q.	0.	0.	ļ.	5.	ŏ.	69	451.
1977	O.	87.	115.	113.	62.	0.	0.	0.	õ.	0.	ŏ.	4.	502.
1978	79.	102.	144.	96.	43.	24.	10.	0.	Ŏ.		ő.	66.	404.
1979	90.	98	141.		0.	0,	7.	Q.	0.	0.	ő.	i.	428.
1980	95.	122.	47.	109.	52.	0.	0.	0.	2.	0.		19.	489
1981	82.	106.	139.		40.	0.	0.	. 2.	Q.	.0.	0.	35.	541.
1982	99.	95.	116.	101.	82.	ı.	0.	3.	0.	10.	o.		664.
1983	53.		129.	123.	129.	20.	0.	1.	3.	0.	1.	100.	526.
1984		106.		70.	ź.	Õ.	55.	0.	1.	0.	0.	63.	
	91.	108.	133.		34.	ő.	0.	30.	1.	0.	0.	17.	462.
1985	91.	96.	121.	71.		97.	ŏ.	0.	1.	0.	0.	17.	608.
1986	90.	100.	144.	119,	39.		39.	2.	0.	24.	0.	4.	647.
1987	86.	108.	144.	123.	113.	3.	4.	ĩ.	1.	0.	0.	82.	375.
1988	.8.	62.	143.	9.	64.	0.	4.						
~		×					8.	3,	1.	3.	0.	24.	467.
Ave.	69.	99.	117.	87.	48.	8.	٠.						

Table VI.2.5 General Features of Alternatives of Palay-Palay Irrigation System

General features of dam plan		General features of pumping system		lst pump (high head)	2nd pump (low head)
I. Palay-Palay dam		1.Command area	ha	30	110
1.Storage capacity Total storage capacity Effective storage capacity Dead storage capacity	1,060,000 cu.m 722,000 cu.m 338,000 cu.m	2.Pumping equipment Head Net	EE	91.	8 CG .
2. Water elevation Maximum water surface elevation Normal water surface elevation Dead water surface elevation	27.5 m 26.5 m 20.0 m	Finction, cic Pump Type Set Discharge/sec Motor output/sec	m sec cu.m/sec kW	Volute pump 2.07	13 7.59 75
3. Dam type Type	Banhfill dam with central impervious each core	Power consumption Operation Power consumption	hr ƙWh	2,360 51,920	2,360
Crest enght Crest lenght 4.Spillway Tvpc	130 m 130 m Non-gated overflow weir	3.Discharge pipe Length Diameter	e en	1,550	850 400
Design elevation Crest elevation Crest length	64 cu.m 26.5 m 30 m				
5.River diversion. Type Design discharge	concrete pipe dia.2,400 mm 38 cu.m	E			
6.Work volume Earhfill, Main dam Sub-dam Excavation Spillway, concrete	65,000 cu.m 13,200 cu.m 29,000 cu.m 3,000 cu.m				
Diversion work concrete pipe Intake steel pipe T Additional numn station	600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600				
1.Command area 2.Pump equipment head net friction etc	30 ha 13 m 10 m 3 m				
Discharge/set KW/set	2.07 cu.m/min 11 kW/set				

Table VI.2.6 Comparison of Palay-Palay Irrigation System

### I. CONSTRUCTION COST

	Amount
Description	(1,000 peso)
1. Construction cost of dam plan	
1) Dam	18,000
2) Additional pump station	
Pump and motor	1,562
Pump house and others	672
Total (1)+2))	20,234
2.Construction cost of pump system	
1) Pumping equipment	
	4,350
	0.120
2) Discharge pipe	9,130
3) Pump house and outlet	1,050
Total	14,530

## II. COMPARISON OF ANNUAL COST AND ADDITONAL BENEFIT

5 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (	Annual cos	st (1,000 peso)
Description	Dam plan	Pumping system
1.ANNUAL COST		
Capital recovery     Dam embankment     Pump station	1,802 262	0 635
Discharge pipe  2) Maintenace cost	0 202	920 436
3) Electric charge	. 32	363
Total	2,298	2,354
2.INCREMENTAL BENEFIT		
1) Island fishery by use of reservior 11 ha	280	0
NET ANNUAL COST (1-2)	2018	2354

## Note

1. Economic life

: 80 years

Pumping equipment Discharge pipe and others: 50 years

: 20 years

2. Maintenance

Dam plan : 1 % of initial cost

Pumping plan : 3 % of initial cost

3. Electric charge

Unit charge : 1.8 peso/kWh

Table VI.2.7 Selection of Pumping System

Description			SYSTE	M	(A. 12) (A. 414)	SYSTEM	
		(high head)	1st pump (high head)	2nd pump (low head)	1st pump (high head)	2nd pump (mid head)	3rd pump (low head
I. General Features							
Command area     Pumping Equipment	ha	170	75	95	56	56	- 58
Head	m	45	47	19	48	26	
net	m	41	41	19	40 41		14
friction .etc.	m	4.	6	5		20	10
Pump	111	4.	0	∴ ∴ ∴ ∴		. 6	4
Туре			1.1	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	6.12.1		
Set	set	2			aft Volute Pur	-	
Discharge/set	m3/min	<del>-</del>	2	2	2	. <sub></sub>	2
KW/set	mə/min kW	11.7	5		4	4	i
Power consumtion	KW	132	55	30	45	30	15
		. 7.0	. ~		1111	3.2.2	
Operation hr Power consumtion	1.3371	1,740	1,740	1,740	1,740	1,740	1,740
	kWh	278,400	95,700	52,200	78,300	52,200	26,10(
3. Discharge Pipe		1.720			ing the state of the second of the		1
Length Diameter	m	1,580	1,580	640	1,580	1,000	500
Diameter	mm	700	450	500	400	400	400
I. Construction Cost (1,00	(coor O				-		
1) Pumping equipment	o peso)					## T = 1	
Pump and motor		1,370	800	220	700	<b>40.0</b>	
Others		2,200		770	730	630	440
2) Discharge pipe	,	15,800	3,300	0	3,570	0	0
3) Pump house		·	10,270	4,480	9,480	6,000	3,000
Sub-total (2 to 3)		1,000	1,000	0	1,100		0
Total		16,800	11,270	4,480	10,580	6,000	3,000
TOTAL	4	20,370	15,370	5,250	14,880	6,630	3,440
			·	<del></del>			
II. Annual cost (1,000 peso)	)					Market Control	
1) Capital recovery							
Pumping equipment		420	482	91	506	74	52
Civil works		1,694	1,137	452	1.067	605	303
2) Maintenance		1,019	769	263	744	332	172
3) Electric charge		501	172	203 94	141	332 94	. 47
Total		3,634	2,561	900	2,458	1.105	
Grand Total		3,634	2,7()1	3,460	2,430	1,103	573 4,136

### Note:

1. Case study of Sipsipin Irrigation system

2. Annual cost estimate

Pump and motor

Civil works

Electric charge

3. Pump operation hr: based on 52 % of requirement by pump

Table VI.2.8 Comparison of Canal Lining

2. Cost Comparison of Lining	ining Description Unit Unit Earth canal lining canal price O'ty Amount O'ty Amount	1. Construction cost (peso)	1) Canal earthworks (ps) (ps) (ps)	42,120 1,000	0 0 098 m	Total Total	flume	0.30	2.Annual cost (peso)	0 1) Capital recovery		780,780	3) Reduction of farm	product	7,060 Total 101al			Note	90 1) Capital recovery:		64 Capital recovery factor; 0.1008	2) Annual maintenance cost:	900,000 For earth canal 3 % of initial cost	For lining canal 1 % of initial cost	do dund (8	4.5 Based on electric charge; 1.8 peso/kWhr	30 4) Reduction of farm product:	
	Earth Lining canal		2,710 2,710		20	Transcridal Historia	concrete flume	0.30 0.30	0.3	1/500 1/40	O				13,400 7,060					75 75			000,000 002,010,1		2	5.1 4.5		
	Unit E	: :: ::	Ħ	sou	l/sec	OrerT	riap.	W W	ш	ž		m	m/sec	æ	m.ps	;	%	%	%	%	%	•	cu.m 1,		set	cu.m/m	ķχ	
1. General Features of Canal		1) Canal	- Total length	Number of canal	- Discharge	2) Canal design	- Canal type	- Canal base width	- Canal height	- Gradient (Aver.)	- Roughness coefficient	- Water depth	- Velocity	- Berm width	- Canal right of way	3) Irrigation efficiency	<ul> <li>Conveyance efficiency</li> </ul>	- main canal	- main f.ditch	- Application efficiency	- Overall efficiency	4) Water consumption	- Annual consumption	5) Pump and motor	- Pump set	Discharge ner set	- Motor output	3 1,50 1010 TA
				• .							٧	] -	61	İ														

Note: Care study of Llano irrigation system for lining of main farm ditch.

Table VI.2.9 Comparison of Power Supply System

Works	Motor driven System	Diesel engine System
77 (77 (77 )		
, Capital cost		
1) Increasing civil work	0	1,000
by fuel tank ,etc		
2) Pump equipment	41,419	33,315
- Pump	3,697	3,697
- Motor	3,446	$0^{\mathrm{M}}$
- Generator	0	12,337
- Accessories	34,276	17,280
. Maintenance cost		
1) Overhole of engine	•	
- After 4 years	0	4,452
- After 8 years	0	6,679
Present worth		6,156
. Annual cost		
1) Capital recovery cost	$\mathcal{A}_{i,j} = \mathcal{A}_{i,j} = A$	
i) Increasing civil works	0	117
ii) Pump equipment		
- Pump and motor	839	434
- Diesel generator	0	1,811
- Accessories	4,026	2,030
2) Maintenance cost		
i) Routine maintenance	0	247
ii) Overhole of engine	0	903
3) Operation cost		
i) Power cost	1,676	0
ii) Fuel	0	1,280
Total	6,541	6,822
·	(100 %)	(104 %)

### Note

- Comparison for the care of all irrigation pumps of 13 irrigation systems
   Overhaul of engine: once in 4,000 hr operation
   Economic life of pump equipment:

	Economic life	Capital recovery factor
Diesel engine	12 years	0.14676
Pump and others	20 years	0.11746

4. Energy cost

Total operation of pumps : 930,000 kWhr

Unit electric cost : 1.8 peso/kWhr

Diesel engine : 0.25 l/kWhr, 5.5 peso/l

SUMMARY OF SYSTEM CAPACITY	Unit diversion requirement Imgation system Main system On-farm system W.F.D. F.D. (I/scc/ha) (I/scc) (I/scc)	Sipsipin 2.30 .32 .16 Bayugo 2.30 .32 .16 Llano 2.30 .32 .16 Puna 2.30 .32 .16	230 230 Ligaya 230 bong p-1-1 230 bong p-2-2 230	1.85 1.85 32 1.85 32 32	Pakalinawan 1.85 32 16 Bagumbong p-1-2 1.00 30 15 Bagumbong p-2-1 1.00 30 15	Now: Applied the maximum unit recuirement in respective or	is for future possible change in cropping.						
(2) Unland field and orchard area. March 1987	Cropping area Bagumbong Bagumbox P-1-2	Circus ha 35 40  Total ha 55 90  Water construents Hearths	pear n w	felds June 198	oland Crop Wet s, com Eggplant	6000	II. On-lum system Daddyr ffeld canals	Main farm disch commanding an irrigation block Main farm disch commanding an irrigation blocks for 2 days = 180 mm x 2 ha x 10 ^4/(2 x 86,400) / 0.64 = 52 l/sec	Furn ditch commanding a rotation block Puddling water 180 mm for I rotation block for 2 days = 180 mm x 1 ha x $10^4/(2 \times 86,400)/0.64$ = 161/sec	Upland field canals  Main from dish commanding on imposing block	Water depth 90 rrm for 2 ha for 2 days Water depth 90 rrm for 2 ha for 2 days Furror stream size : 1 l/sec Number of furrows : 15 Supply duration : 2.00 hr	Imparca area/opera : 0.12 na (furrow lengh; 100 m)	(unrow water) (was in)  Irrigation operation/day: 16 hr at peak demand  = 15 l/sec x 2 irrigation blocks  = 30 l/sec
					oqn'] unu	45 30 10 15	?	100.8 67.2 0.4 0.6 101.2 67.8 1.84 1.51		la Pagkalinawan	100 45 25 5 5 5 130 55		224 101 1 0 0 0 225 101 1.73 1.84
	: June : 20 days : 1978	Wet scason paddy	1.10 1.20 4.4 2 2 9 9	12.4 19.4 2.24	Малякани	\$ £ ;	U.W.R	2.24 10 0.04 (1/sec) (1/sec/ha)	ard area , June 1987	Mapakla	य स्था स स्था स	U.W.R	2.24 0.04 0.00 (/suc.) (/sec.ha)
<ol> <li>Main system</li> <li>Committee nestless Truck, I and Truck II</li> </ol>	a	Crop : Wet season paddy Water requirement		FWR mm/day DWR mm/day ]/scc/ha	2. Cropping pattem-III Gropping area	Paddy Upland	Water requirement	Paddy Upland Diversion w.r.	3. Cropping pattem-IV (1) Paddy field, upland field and orchard area , June 1987	Cropping area	Paddy upland Chros Total	Water requirement	Paddy Upland Citrus Diversion w.r.

Table VI.2.11 Laguna Lake Water Level

YEAR	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	MAX	MIN
IAN	11.69	10.74	11.24	11.40	11.07	96.01	11.18	11.06	11.96	11.40	11.70	11.96	10.74
FEB	11.13	10.53	10.84	11.05	11.00	10.69	10.79	10.78	11.39	11.15	11.23	11.39	10.53
MAR	10.71	10.46	10.59	10.72	10.81	10.50	10.57	10.56	10.84	10.82	11.03	11.03	10.46
APR	10.57	10.52	10.41	10.46	10.63	10.36	10.46	10.45	10.49	10.68	10.88	10.88	10.36
MAY	10.67	10.47	10.36	10.48	10.43	10.42	10.39	10.47	10.31	10.61	10.90	10.90	10.31
NDI	10.90	10.62	10.72	10.68	10.36	10.55	10.60	10.62	10.34	11.12	11.24	11.24	10.34
TUL	11.09	11.05	11.38	11.02	10.64	10.94	12.04	11.30	10.56	11.23	11.34	12.04	10.56
AUG	11.60	11.34	11.53	11.53	11.12	11.31	11.81	11.90	10,74	11.37	11.89	11.90	10.74
SEPT	11.55	11.54	11.32	11.86	11.32	11.74	11.70	12.49	11.32	11.19	12.06	12.49	11.19
ocr	11.66	11.72	11.51	11.62	11.75	12.00	11.82	13.08	11.24	11.92	12.04	13.08	11.24
NON	11.33	12.21	11.77	11.24	11.76	12.33	11.88	13.08	11.11	13.25	11.67	13.25	11.11
DEC	11.02	11.77	11.71	11.06	11.35	12.75	11.50	12.67	11.46	12.39	11.21	12.75	11.02
MAX	11.69	12.21	11.77	11.86	11.76	12.75	12.04	13.08	11.96	13.25	12.06	13.25	11.69
MIN	10.57	10.46	10.36	10.46	10.36	10.36	10.39	10.45	10.31	10.61	10.88	10.88	10.3

NOTE: The above measurement of water levels is referred to the datumn 10.71 m below the mean lower low water (M.L.L.W.).

Design Low Water Level occurred in May 16, 1981; 10.31 m meams EL.-0.40 m (M.L.L.W basis) Design High Water Level occurred in November 9, 1988; 13.55 m means EL.+2.84 m (M.L.L.W basis)

Table VI.2.12 General Features of Pump Equipment

	Irrigation	Pump		Design head		Motor out	Discharge pipe	
Pump satation	area	set		Actual To	tal	put/set	Diameter	
	(ha)	<del></del>	(cu.m/min)	(m) (r	n)	(kW)	(mm)	(m)
	* - 1 - 1		<i>©</i>					
Sipsipin								
High head pump	75	2	5.19		47	55	450	1,580
Low head pump	95	2	6.57		19	30	500	640
Mapakla							•	
High head pump	80	2 2	4.44		44	45	400	1,800
Low head pump	50		2.79		16	11	350	900
Manggahan	55 ·	2	3.06		31	22	350	650
Bayugo	50	2	3,45		26	22	350	210
Llano	65	2	4.50		28	30	400	70
Punta	- 35	2	2.43		16	11	300	180
Pala-Palay	30	2	2.07		22	11	300	- 10
Pagkalinawan	55	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3.06		33	30	350	120
Ik-Ik	45	2	3.12		27	18.5	350	590
Lubo	45	2	2.49		24	15	300	510
Lumang Nayon								
High head pump	45	2	3.12		44	37	350	1,010
Low head pump	50	2	3.45		20			
Pulong Ligaya	45	2	3.12		17	15	350	690
Bagumbong								
Pump-1								
High head pump	65	2	4.49		62		400	2,110
Low head pump	55	2	1.65		34	15	250	1,300
Pump-2								
High head pump	- 90	2	2.70		44			
Low head pump	. 20	2	1.38		- 13	5.5	250	450

Table VI.2.13 Required Storage Volume of Palay-Palay Dam

SEC	235 238 208 208	22 22 0	417 143 274 0	821 A a	262 262 262	22 23 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	221 83 0	239 139 0	5420	261 261 261 -261	
OCF NOV DE	623 224 0	1,944	1,161 183 978 0	409 231 178 0	584 268 316 0	288 257 31 9	381 1261 0	7.28 2.88 0	18. 18. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19	1,388 1,209 0	
100	% 0 % 0 0 % 0	272 9 263 0	635 9 626 0	37 37 378 0	835 9 0 0	1,939 8 1,931 0	1,076 9 1,067 0	988	\$2 th 22 c	1,870 8 1,862 0	
) AE	443 6 437 0	536 45 491 0	630 5 625 0	766 764 0	131 82 0	738 706 0	4 48 c	435 394 0	681	390 350 0	
SOLV	1,035 53 982 0	587 73 514 0	489 148 341 0	587 190 397 0	655 120 535 0	609 46 563 0	336 293 43	1,029 42 987 0	590 156 434 -336	544 126 418 0	1983)
717.	298 216 82 0	866 59 807 0	38 38 1.277 0	1,400 16 1,384 0	567 503 679	222 333 -111	85 SS 0	25. 89. 89.	\$6 503 727-	408 195 213 0	O cu.m ii
N	828 423 402 0	448 430 18 -53	524 436 88 -11	305 553 -248 -300	225 595 -370 -570	570 450 120 -28	1,175 395 780 0	693 -687 -790	225 225 233 233	917 420 497 0	3 (570,00 mn 20cu.m
MAY	618 23 595 0	209 31 178 -71	88 88 89	107 33 74 15	36 36 200	25 25 408 -149	208 30 178 108	219 30 189 103	35 -21 -308	153 32 121 0	570,000 m3 (570,000 cu.m in 1983) % = 1,288mm n2 = 152,000cu.m
APR	350 350 350	253 253 249	0000	67 0 67 126	c c c $\frac{7}{2}$	0 0 0 556	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	292	0 0 0 .	, K , K	ement : 57/ car x 80% 118.300m2
MAR	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 505	0 0 0 -262	0 0 0 192	를 a 5 5 4	0 0 0 556	6 0 6 .286	292	0 0 -288	გი <u>მე</u>	requir mm/y
Ť.	0 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	0 56 52- 502-	0 56 -56 -262	o 88 i 261:	s 26 174	0 85 85 556	55 54 -292	0 55 -292	.56 .56 .288	±820 c	pendable stonage vaporation : 1,610
Z	127 237 -110 -110	240 238 446	227 227 206 206	103 241 138 138	88 E	238 238 500	238 238 238	23.7 723.7 723.7	0 232 232 -232	257 115 142 0	Note: 1) 80% dependable std 2) Loss Evaporation :
و	ROIS DWR ACDF	COF		SWR DDIS SCDII	SCOL COL	SDIS NEET. NCDI:	SON'R SOLE SOLE SOLE SOLE SOLE SOLE SOLE SOLE	SSEA PLOS	RDIS DWR DEF ACDF	RDIS DWR DEF ACUF	) 30% de
15	Z x D D < S	8 2 5 5 6	g & a a a < g		and v	ž , c	2 9	2 ` \$	2		ž
						1 1				n silika i Tamba	
DHC	732 0 732 0	919 28 891 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	475 90 385 0	1,072 0 1,072 0	799 0 0 0 0	556. 0 556 0	\$24 0 0	24. 24. 24. 25. 25. 25. 25.	170 93 77	
200	8 12 12 0	1,773 1,609 0	763 181 582 0	714 208 506 0	1.117 180 937 0	1,123 178 945 0	202 214 288 0	202 338 0	210 210 456 0	238 703 0	
3	333 300 0	1,473 1,465 0	1,248 9 1,239 0	386 9 0 0 0	988 0	866 686 0	891 882 0	283 32 251 0	291 282 262 0	2,301	·
or.	531 42 489 0	1,239 0 1,239 0	610 12 598 0	729 48 681 0	680 5 675 0	336 298 0	712 6 706 0	536 530 0	\$20 \$ \$15 0	680 3	
300	394 206 188 0	220	346 163 183 0	918 55 863 0	391 218 173.	1,333 25 1,308 0	617 618 618 658 0	88.7 0 0	22 4 4 c	1,562 10 1,552 0	
100	36 36 1,134 0	287 257 520	1,000 0,000	2,247 0 2,247 0	53 20 20 0	198 198 229 0	306 306 -166 -230	8850	685 136 549 0	390 159 159 243	
	199 579 -380 -639	54 154 0	1,333 406 927 0	984 415 569 0	626 446 180 0	550 466 114 0	4882	705 431 274 0	703 424 279 0	283 600 -317	cnt
W.Y.	61 33 28 25 25 33	218 30 188 0	518 23 495 0	273 28 245 0	162 132 196	25 212 20.	ដដូច	1,685 20 1,665 0	25. 25. 25. 25. 26. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	150 30 386	requirem
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T.	56 56 58 58	0 54 54 -130	0 52 -52 -166	% % % Q	238	53 53 55 55	142 55 73 0	- 88 4 4	771 82 83 0	0 55 506	
NV	0 82 52 0 85 0 85	134 210 -76 -76	235	432 161 271 0	202 202	38 -203 -203	276 779 179 0	655 217 438 0	261 199 0	<b>ូ</b> ងូងូន្	l
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Table VI.2.14 General Features of Irrigation Systems

NAME OF IRRIGATION IRRIGATION AREA(ha) PADDY UPLAND			EXISTING CIS	PROPOSED	HEAD WORKS	CANAL SYSTEM (m) MAIN MAIN FARM	
SYSTEM PAL	7,1						
I. SIPSIPIN	170	•	Puan-Linis CIS Butsinge CIS	Intake-1	Pump station-1	4,395	8,935
2 MAPAKLA	100	30	Lower Mapakla CIS Upper Mapakla CIS Tangge CIS	Intake-2	Pump station-1	1,975	5,930
3. MANGGAĤĂN	45	10	Mangahan CIS	Intake-1	Pump station-1	690	3,490
4. BAYUGO	50	-	Bayugo CIS (not functioning)	•	Pump station-1	1,170	2,510
5. LLANO	65	<u>.</u>			Pump station-1	2,000	2,710
6 PUNTA	35				Pump station-1	450	2,080
7. PALAY-PALAY	140	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Impound-1	Pump station-1	3,140	6,130
8. PAGKALINAWAN	45	10			Pump station-1	1,520	2,140
9. IK-IK	45	-	lk-lk CIS (not functioning)	Intake-1	Pump station-1	1,120	3,020
IOLUBO	30	15	Lubo CIS	Intake-1	Pump station-1	120	2,960
ILLUMANG NAYON	95	-	Lumang Nayon CIS Ilog Munti CIS Ilog Na Malaki CIS	Intake-3	Pump station-1	1,890	4,320
12.PULONG LIGAYA	45	-	Pulong Matsing CIS	Intake-1	Pump station-1	1,010	1,910
13.BAGUMBONG	85	145	Bagumbong CIS	Intake-1	Pump station-2	2,980	10,750
JATOT	950	210		Intake-11 Impound-1	Pump station-14	22,460	56,885

# Table VI.2.15 (1) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Sipsipin)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Sipsipin irrigation system
System Category
                              : Sipsipin CIS
     Rehabilitation
                                Puanq Linis CIS
                              Butsinge CIS
3. Location
                              : Sipsipin
     Barangay
4. Irrigation Area
     Command area
                              : 170 ha
                              : 170 ha
     Wet season paddy
                              : 170 ha
     Dry season paddy
5. Project Facilities
     (1) Diversion scheme
         Diversion intake
                              : Improvement of Sipsipin intake
               Improvement
                              : Puan river
               Water source
                              : 391 1/sec
               Design Q
         Pump station
                              : Lake Laguna
               Water source
               Pump equipment: High head pump
                                   2 sets
                                Low head pump
                                   2 sets
     (2) Irrigation facilities
          1) Irrigation canal
               Main canal
                              : U-shape flume
                    Type
                    Nos
                    Length
                              : 4,395 m
               Main farm ditch
                    Type
                              : U-shape flume
                    Nos
                              : 19
                              : 8,935 m
                   Length
          Related structure
               Turnout
                              : 16 nos
               Aqueduct
                              : 9 nos
               Others
                              : 12 nos
     (3) Drainage facilities
          1) Drainage canal
               Туре
                              : Trapezoidal earth
                              : 6,990 m ,4 nos
              Length
          2) Related structure: 4 nos
     (4) Farm road
          1) Farm road
               Width
                              : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling
               Nos
               Length
                              : 1,600 m
```

# Table VI.2.15 (2) Salaient Features of Irrigation System (Mapakla)

1. Name of Irrigation System : Mapakla irrigation system 2. System Category Rehabilitation : Upper Mapakla CIS Lower Mapakla CIS Ilog Tangge CIS 3. Location : District I Barangay 4. Irrigation Area : 130 ha Command area : 100 ha Wet season paddy Dry season paddy : 100 ha Upland cropping : 30 ha 5. Project Facilities (1) Diversion scheme Diversion intake Improvement : Improvement of Upper Mapakla and Lower Mapakla intakes Water source : Mapakla river : 214 1/sec Design Q Pump station : Lake Laguna Water source Pump equipment: High head pump 2 sets Low head pump 2 sets (2) Irrigation facilities 1) Irrigation canal Main canal : U-shape flume Type : 4 Nos : 1,975 m Length Main farm ditch : U-shape flume Type : 10 Nos : 5,930 m Length 2) Related structure : 4 nos Turnout : 4 nos Aqueduct : 13 nos Others (3) Drainage facilities 1) Drainage canal : Trapezoidal earth Type : 2,620 m, 7 nos Length 2) Related structure: 3 nos (4) Farm road 1) Farm road : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling Width : 1 Nos

: 300 m

Length

# Table VI.2.15 (3) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Manggahan)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Manggahan irrigation system
2. System Category
                           : Manggahan CIS
    Rehabilitation
3. Location
                           : District III
    Barangay
4. Irrigation Area
                           : 55 ha
    Command area
                           : 45 ha
    Wet season paddy
                           : 45 ha
    Dry season paddy
                           : 10 ha
    Upland cropping
5. Project Facilities
    (1) Diversion scheme
         Diversion intake
                           : Improvement of Manggahan intake
             Improvement
             Water source : Manggahan river
                           : 102 1/sec
             Design Q
         Pump station
             Water source : Lake Laguna
             Pump equipment: 2 sets
    (2) Irrigation facilities
         1) Irrigation canal
             Main canal
                            : U-shape flume
                  Type
                            : 2
                  Nos
                  Length
                           : 690 m
             Main farm ditch
                           : U-shape flume
                  Type
                  Nos
                            : 7
                           : 3,490 m
                  Length
         2) Related structure
             Turnout
                         : 5 nos
                           : 2 nos
             Aqueduct
             Others
                           : 4 nos
    (3) Drainage facilities
         1) Drainage canal
                           : Trapezoidal earth
             Type
                           : 3,230 m, 11 nos
             Length
         2) Related structure: 4 nos
```

# Table VI.2.15 (4) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Bayugo)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Bayugo irrigation system
2. System Category
    Rehabilitation : Bayugo CIS
3. Location
    Barangay
                             : Bayugo
4. Irrigation Area
    Command area
Wet season paddy
                             : 50 ha
                             : 50 ha
    Dry season paddy
                            : 50 ha
5. Project Facilities
    (1) Diversion scheme
         Pump station
              Water source : Lake Laguna
              Pump equipment: 2 sets
    (2) Irrigation facilities
         1) Irrigation canal
              Main canal
                           : U-shape flume
                   Туре
                            : 1
                   NOS
                           : 1,170 m
                   Length
              Main farm ditch
                            : U-shape flume
                   Type
                             : 9
                   Nos.
                            : 2,510 m
                   Length
         2) Related structure
              Turnout
                            : 6 nos
              Syphon/aqueduct: 4 nos
          Others
                             : 2 nos
     (3) Drainage facilities
         1) Drainage canal
                             : Trapezoidal earth
           Type : Trapezoidal ear
Length : 3,290 m, 11 nos
              Type
         2) Related structure: 7 nos
```

# Table VI.2.15 (5) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Bayugo)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Llano irrigation system
2. System Category
                         : Rainfed paddy fields
     New development
3. Location
                              : Bayugo
     Barangay
4. Irrigation Area
                            : 65 ha
: 65 ha
     Command area
    Wet season paddy
Dry season paddy
5. Project Facilities
                          : 65 ha
     (1) Diversion scheme
         Pump station
              Water source : Lake Laguna
    Pump equipment: 2 sets
(2) Irrigation facilities
1) Irrigation canal
              Main canal
                   Type : U-shape flume
Nos : 1
Length : 2,000 m
              Main farm ditch
                           : U-shape flume
                   Type
                   Nos
                              : 6
                             : 2,710 m
                   Length
          2) Related structure
              Turnout : 5 nos
Syphon : 2 nos
              Syphon
                             : 3 nos
              Others
     (3) Drainage facilities
         1) Drainage canal Trapezoidal earth
              Length : 4,950 m, 14 nos
         2) Related structure: 8 nos
```

### Table VI.2.15 (6) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Punta)

```
1. Name of Trrigation System : Punta irrigation system
2. System Category
    New development
                             : Existing paddy fields
3. Location
                             : Punta
    Barangay
4. Irrigation Area
                             : 35 ha
    Command area
    Wet season paddy
                             : 35 ha
    Dry season paddy
                             : 35 ha
5. Project Facilities
    (1) Diversion scheme
         Pump station
              Water source
                             : Lake Laguna
              Pump equipment:
                                  2 sets
    (2) Irrigation facilities
         1) Irrigation canal
              Main canal
                   Type : U-shape flume
                             : 1
                   Nos
                             : 450 m
                   Length
              Main farm ditch
                             : U-shape flume
                   Type:
                             : 5
                   Nos
                             : 2,080 m
                   Length
         2) Related structure
              Turnout
                             : 3 nos
              Others
                             : 4 nos
    (3) Drainage facilities
         1) Drainage canal
                             : Trapezoidal earth
              Туре
                             : 2,950 m, 6 nos
              Length
         2) Related structure: 6 nos
    (4) Farm road
         1) Farm road
                             : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling
              Width
                             : 1
              Nos
                             : 1,350 m
              Length
```

# Table VI.2.15 (7) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Palay-Palay)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Palay-Palay irrigation system
2. System Category
                          : Existing paddy fields
    New development
3. Location
                         : Palay-Palay
    Barangay
4. Irrigation Area
                         : 140 ha
    Command area
                         : 140 ha
    Wet season paddy
    Dry season paddy
                         : 70 ha
                         : 70 ha
Upland cropping
5. Project Facilities
    (1) Diversion scheme
        Impound
             Water source : Palay-Palay river
             Design Q : 253 1/sec
        Pump station
            Water source : Palay-Palay impound
             Pump equipment: 2 sets
    (2) Irrigation facilities
        1) Irrigation canal
             Main canal
                          : U-shape flume
                 Type
                 Nos
                         : 4
                         : 3,140 m
                 Length
             Main farm ditch
                          : U-shape flume
                 Type
                          : 13
                 Nos
                 Length
                         : 6,130 m
        2) Related structure
             Turnout : 11 nos
             Aqueduct
                      : 5 nos
: 11 nos
             Others
    (3) Drainage facilities
        1) Drainage canal
             Туре
                          : Trapezoidal earth
            Length
                          : 7,320 m, 11 nos
        2) Related structure: 6 nos
    (4) Farm road
        1) Farm road
             Width
                          : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling
             Nos
             Length
                      : 1,100 m
```

# Table VI.2.15 (8) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Pagkalinawan)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Pagkalinawan irrigation system
2. System Category
    New Development
                            : Existing paddy and upland fields
3. Location
    Barangay
                            : Paqkalinawan
4. Irrigation Area
    Command area
                            : 55 ha
    wet season paddy
                           : 45 ha
    Dry season paddy
                            : 45 ha
    Upland cropping
                            : 10 ha
5. Project Facilities
   (1) Diversion scheme
      Pump station
             Water source
                            : Lake Laguna
             Pump equipment:
    (2) Irrigation facilities
         1) Irrigation canal
             Main canal
                   Туре
                            : U-shape flume
                  Nos
                            : 2
                           : 1,520 m
                  Length
             Main farm ditch
                  Type
                            : U-shape flume
                  Nos
                  Length
                            : 2,140 m
         2) Related structure
                            : 5 nos
              Turnout
                            : 2 nos
              Syphon
              Others
                            : 5 nos
    (3) Drainage facilities
         1) Drainage canal
                            : Trapezoidal earth
              Туре
             Length
                            : 3,320 m, 11 nos
         2) Related structure: 5 nos
```

### Table VI.2.15 (9) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Ik-Ik)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Ik-Ik irrigation system
2. System Category
                             : Ik-Ik CIS
     Rehabilitation
3. Location
                               : Lubo
     Barangay
4. Irrigation Area
     Command area
                              : 45 ha
     Wet season paddy
                              : 45 ha
    Dry season paddy
                              : 45 ha
5. Project Facilities
     (1) Diversion scheme
         Diversion intake
               New construct. : Ik-Ik intake
               Water source : Ik-Ik river
               Design Q
                              : 104 1/sec
         Pump station
               Water source : Lake Laguna
    Pump equipment:
(2) Irrigation facilities
                                   2 sets
         1) Irrigation canal
              Main canal
                    Type
                              : U-shape flume
                              : 2
                   Nos
                   Length
                              : 1.120 m
              Main farm ditch
                   Туре
                              : U-shape flume
                              : 9.
                   Nos
                   Length
                              : 3,020 m
         2) Related structure
              Turnout
                              : 6 nos
              Aqueduct
                              : 2 nos
              Others |
                              : 3 nos
    (3) Drainage facilities
         1) Drainage canal.
              Type
                              : Trapezoidal earth
              Length
                              : 3,900 m, 15 nos
         2) Related structure: 8 nos
```

# Table VI.2.15 (10) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Lubo)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Lubo irrigation system
2. System Category
    Rehabilitation
                             : Lubo CIS
3. Location
    Barangay
                             : Lubo
4. Irrigation Area
                           : 45 ha
    Command area
    Wet season paddy
                            : 30 ha
                           : 30 ha
: 15 ha
    Dry season paddy
Upland cropping
5. Project Facilities
    (1) Diversion scheme
        Diversion intake
                             : Lubo intake
              Improvement
              Water source
                             : Lubo river
              Design Q
                           : 89 1/sec
         Pump station
             Water source : Lake Laguna
              Pump equipment: 2 sets
    (2) Irrigation facilities
         1) Irrigation canal
              Main canal
                             : U-shape flume
                   Туре
                            : 1
                   Nos
               Length: 120 m
              Main farm ditch
                             : U-shape flume
                   Type
                             : 6
                   Nos
                            : 2,960 m
                 Length
         2) Related structure
                             : 3 nos
              Turnout
                             : 1 no
              Aqueduct
                             : 3 nos
              Others
     (3) Drainage facilities
         1) Drainage canal
                             : Trapezoidal earth
              Type
                             : 2,820 m, 8 nos
              Length
         2) Related structure: 7 nos
     (4) Farm road
         1) Farm road
                             : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling
              Width
                             : 1
              Nos
                             : 900 m
              Length
```

# Table VI.2.15 (11) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Lumang Nayon)

1. Name of Irrigation System : Lumang Nayon irrigation system 2. System Category : Lumang Nayon CIS Rehabilitation Ilog Munti CIS Iloq Na Malaki 3. Location : Bagumbong Barangay 4. Irrigation Area : 95 ha Command area : 95 ha Wet season paddy : 95 ha Dry season paddy 5. Project Facilities (1) Diversion scheme Diversion intake : Lumang Nayon, Ilog Munti and Ilog Na Malaki intakes Improvement : Lumang Nayon and Munti rivers Water source : 219 1/sec Design Q Pump station : Lake Laguna Water source Pump equipment: High head pump 2 sets Low head pump 2 sets (2) Irrigation facilities 1) Irrigation canal Main canal : U-shape flume Type Nos : 1,890 m Length Main farm ditch Type : U-shape flume : 10 Nos Length : 4,320 m 2) Related structure Turnout : 6 nos Aqueduct : 4 nos Others : 10 nos (3) Drainage facilities 1) Drainage canal : Trapezoidal earth Туре : 1,890 m, 6 nos Length 2) Related structure: 3 nos (4) Farm road 1) Farm road : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling Width Nos

: 2,000 m

Length

### Table VI.2.15 (12) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Pulong Ligaya)

1. Name of Irrigation System : Pulong Ligaya irrigation system 2. System Category Rehabilitation : Pulong Matsing CIS 3. Location : Bagumbong Barangay 4. Trrigation Area Command area : 45 ha : 45 ha Wet season paddy Dry season paddy : 45 ha 5. Project Facilities (1) Diversion scheme Diversion intake : Pulong Matsing intake Improvement Water source : Bagumbong and Matsing rivers Design Q : 104 1/sec Pump station Water source : Lake Laguna Pump equipment: 2 sets (2) Irrigation facilities 1) Irrigation canal Main canal : U-shape flume Туре : 2 Nos : 1,010 m Length Main farm ditch Type : U-shape flume : 4 Nos : 1,910 m Length 2) Related structure : 2 nos Turnout : 5 nos Others (3) Drainage facilities 1) Drainage canal : Trapezoidal earth Type : 2,690 m, 4 nos Length 2) Related structure: 4 nos (4) Farm road 1) Farm road : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling Width : 1,200 m Length.

# Table VI.2.15 (13) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Bagumbong-1)

1. Name of Irrigation System : Bagumbong-1 irrigation system

2. System Category : Bagumbong CIS Rehabilitation : Upland and paddy fields Extension 3. Location : Bagumbong Barangay 4. Irrigation Area 120 ha Command area 65 ha Wet season paddy 65 ha Dry season paddy 55 ha Upland cropping 5. Project Facilities (1) Diversion scheme Diversion intake Improvement : Bagumbong intake : Bagumbong river Water source : 253 1/sec (inclusive of Pulong Design Q Pump station Ligaya) Water source : Lake Laguna High head pump Pump equipment 2 sets Low head pump 2 sets (2) Irrigation facilities 1) Irrigation canal Main canal : U-shape flume Type Nos: : 10 Length : 1,940 m Main farm ditch : U-shape flume Type : 10 Nos Length : 5,750 m 2) Related structure Turnout : 7 nos : 2 nos Aqueduct Farm pond : 1 no Others : 12 nos (3) Drainage facilities 1) Drainage canal : Trapezoidal earth Type : 3,720 m, 7 nos Length 2) Related structure: 1 no (4) Farm road 1) Farm road Width : 4 m with 3 m gravel metalling Length : 1,150 m

### Table VI.2.15 (14) Salient Features of Irrigation System (Bagumbong-2)

```
1. Name of Irrigation System : Bagumbong-2 irrigation system
2. System Category
    Rehabilitation
                               : Bagumbong CIS
    Extension
                               : Upland and paddy fields
3. Location
Barangay
4. Irrigation Area
                               : Bagumbong
    Command area
                                   110 ha
    Wet season paddy
                                    20 ha
    Dry season paddy
                                    20 ha
Upland cropping
5. Project Facilities
                                    90 ha
     (1) Diversion scheme
         Pump station
               Water source
                               : Lake Laguna
               Pump equipment
                                 High head pump
                                    2 sets
                                 Low head pump
                                    2 sets
     (2) Irrigation facilities
          1) Irrigation canal
               Main canal
                    Туре
                               : U-shape flume
                               : 2
                    Nos
                               : 1,040 m
                    Length
               Main farm ditch
                    Type
                               : U-shape flume
                               : 8
                    Nos
                               : 5,000 m
                    Length
          2) Related structure
                               : 5 nos
               Turnout
               Farm pond
                               : 1 no
                               : 9 nos
               Others
     (3) Drainage facilities
          1) Drainage canal
                               : Trapezoidal earth
               Туре
                               : 730 m, 7 nos
               Length
          2) Related structure: 3 nos
```

#### Table VI.2.16 General features of Palay-Palay dam

#### (i) General

- Catchment area - Reservoir surface area at M.W.S.E.
- Storage capacity
  Total storage capacity
  Effective storage capacity
  Dead water volume
- Water elevation

  Maximum water surface elevation

  Normal water surface elevation

  Dead water surface elevation

#### (ii) Dam

- Type
- Crest elevation - Dam height
- Crest length

#### (iii) Spillway

- Type
- Design dischargeCrest elevation
- Crest length

#### (iv) River diversion

- Type
- Design discharge

#### (v) Intake

- Design discharge
- Intake gate

381 ha 19 ha

1,060 x 10<sup>3</sup> m<sup>3</sup> 722 x 10<sup>3</sup> m<sup>3</sup> 338 x 10<sup>3</sup> m<sup>3</sup>

El. 27.50 m El. 26.50 m El. 20.00 m

Earthfill dam with central impervious earth core El. 29.50 m 24.0 m 123 m

Non-gated overflow weir 68 m^3/sec El. 26.50 m 30 m

buried concrete pipe 38 m^3/sec

0.253 m^3/sec Sluice gate