# REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS & HIGHWAYS

# Feasibility Study on The Rural Road Network Development Project

FINAL REPORT (Volume 14)

PROJECT EVALUATION
IN
THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO DEL NORTE

OCTOBER, 1990

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

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# Feasibility Study on The Rural Road Network Development Project

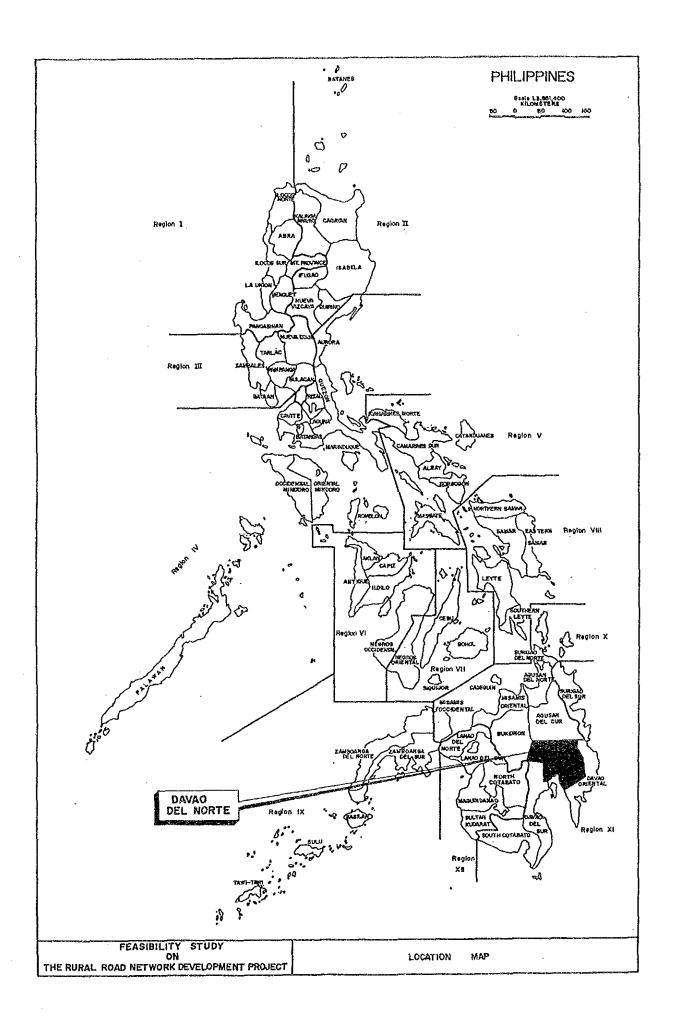
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# VOLUME - 14 PROVINCE OF DAVAO DEL NORTE

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
CHAPTER	1 SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE OF THE PROVINCE	1-1
	1.1 GENERAL	1-1 1-1 1-5
CHAPTER	2 ROAD NETWORK OF THE PROVINCE	2-1
	2.1 GENERAL	2-1
	2.2.2 Present Level of Road Development in terms of Surface Type and Surface	
	Condition	2-4 2-4 2-6 2-6
CHAPTER	3 TRAFFIC	3-1
	3.1 TRAFFIC SURVEY RESULTS	3-4 3-4 3-9
	3.3 TRAFFIC ANALYSIS AND FORECAST: DEVELOPMENT PROJECT	3-23 3-25 3-25
CHAPTER	4 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION AND SCREENING	4-1
	4.1 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION	4-1

	4.2 PROJECT SCREENING	4-4 4-8 4-9 4-10
CHAPTER	5 PROJECT EVALUATION	5-1
	5.1 PRELIMINARY DESIGN AND COST ESTIMATE  5.1.1 Preliminary Design  5.1.2 Cost Estimate  5.1.3 Summary of Preliminary Design  5.2 ECONOMIC EVALUATION  5.2.1 Basic Assumptions  5.2.2 Economic Costs  5.2.3 Benefits  5.2.4 Economic Evaluation	5-1 5-8 5-16 5-18 5-18 5-18 5-20

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# CHAPTER 1 SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE OF THE PROVINCE

## 1.1 GENERAL

The Province of Davao del Norte was selected as one of the Study Provinces which represents the province of the following characteristics:

- . Economically less developed
- . Poor level in road development
- . Topographically flat and mountainous

# 1.2 GEOGRAPHY AND TOPOGRAPHY

The province is located in the south-eastern portion of Mindanao Island and bounded on the north by Province of Agusan del Sur, on the east by Province of Davao Oriental, on the south by Davao Gulf and on the west by Davao City and Province of Bukidnon.

The Central areas of the Province (municipalities of Tagum, Carmen, Panabo, Kapalong and Sto. Tomas) are flat land and the rest of the Province are predominantly mountainous. Thus, the terrain of the Province is a combination of the seaside flat and the inland mountainous.

Slope map of the province is shown in Figure 1.2-1.

# 1.3 POPULATION

The province is composed of twenty-one (21) municipalities, however, three (3) municipalities located in Samal Island were excluded from the Study. Provincial capital is located at Tagum.

Population in 1990 is estimated at 908,000. The average annual population growth rate for the period of 10 years from 1980 to 1990 was estimated 2.2% which is lower than the national average of 2.4%. Population density of the province in 1990 is 111.8 persons per square kilometer which is lower than the national average of 205 persons per sq. km.

Population, the average annual population growth rate and population density by municipality are presented in Table 1.3-1. Distribution of municipal towns together with their population is shown in Figure 1.3-1.

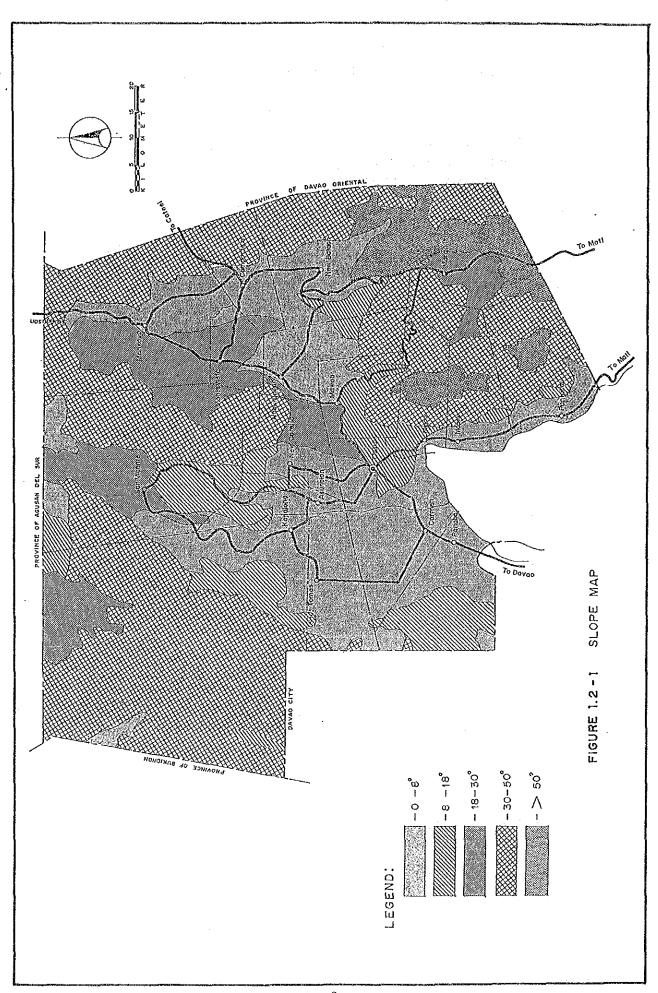


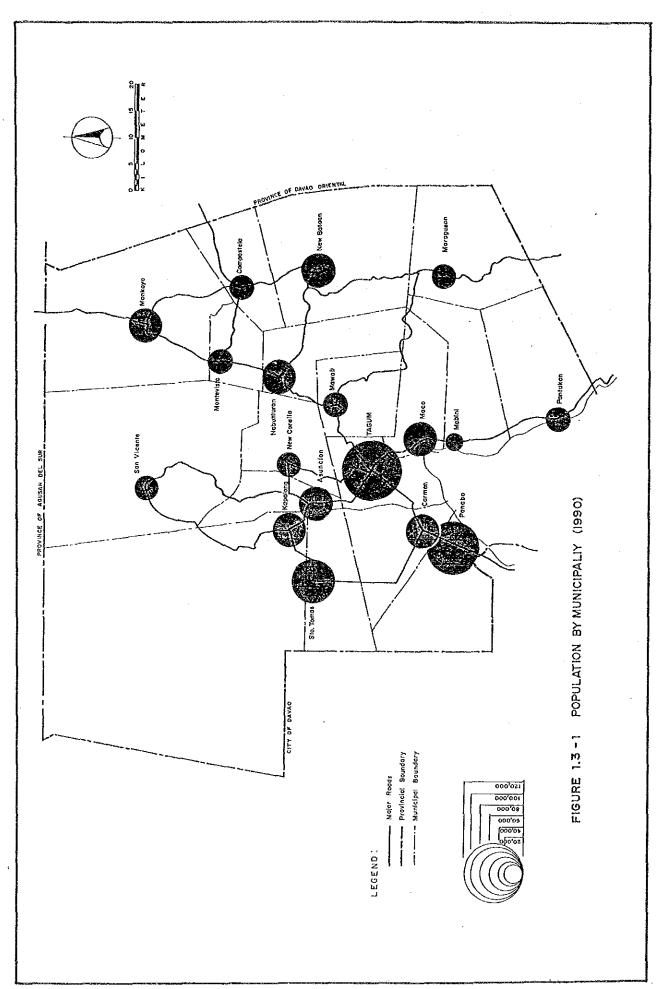
Table 1.3-1

POPULATION, LAND AREA AND DENSITY (1990)

Province of Davao del Norte

			===	.======	*******	**=========
	1	Projected	1	Annual	1	1
	City/Municipality	Population	1	Growth	Land Area	Density
	1	(1990)	¦ F	Rate (%)	(km^2)	(p/km^2)
			<u> </u>			
	1		}		!	<b>!</b>
	1 1. Tagum	111,122	ł	2.5	195.8	1 567.5
*	1 2. Babak	22,232	ł	0.3	1 73.4	302.9
	1 3. Asuncion	50,631	ļ	1.6	1 362.6	139.6
	1 4. Carmen	41,039	ł	2.9	1 282.5	145.3
	1 5. Compostela !	38,738	1	2.4	172.5	224.6
	1 6. Kapalong	57,922	ļ	3.0	1 2,110.7	27.4
:ķ	† 7. Kaputian	24,377	ļ	0.9	117.5	207.5
	1 8. Mabini	18,859	ŀ	1.3	1 273.8	68.9 }
	1 9. Maco	51,124	}	2.2	1 303.8	168.3
	110. Mawab	26,011	ì	2.1	135.9	191.4
	111. Monkayo	46,829	ļ	2.2	641.6	73.0
	112. Montevista	25,709	ł	2.2	225.0	114.3
	113. Nabunturan	44,946	1	1.8	1 231.3	194.3 1
	114. New Bataan	41,036	1	2.2	1 630.0	65.1
	115. New Corella 1	23,931	1	1.0	1 201.2	118.9
	116. Panabo	88,617	ł	2.2	193.4	458.2
	117. Pantukan	35,926	ł	1.7	1 565.8	63.5 H
*	118. Samal	18,042	;	(0.5)	89.6	201.4
	119. Sto. Tomas	67,767	}	4.2	221.8	305.5
	120. San Mariano	37,800	i	6.4	333.5	113.3
	121. San Vicente !	35,097	ł f	1.0	768.0	45.7
	1	•	1		1	1
			~ ~	·		
	I TOTAL!!	907,755	ł	2.2	8,129.8	111.76
	=======================================	=======================================	===	======		

Note: \* - Island Municipality



# 1.4 SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE

Table 1.4-1 shows major socio-economic data of the province in comparison with the national value.

Gross Regional Domestic Product which shows economic output of the province shares 1.4% of the total national output. In view of land area and population share of the province to the country, the province's economic output is slightly lower than the national average.

Per capita income of the province is much lower than the national average. Incidence of poverty shows the almost same level as the national average. Unemployment and underemployment rates show the lower level than the national average.

Agriculture is the predominant industry of the province and shares 77% in terms of number of workers.

Table 1.4-1 MAJOR SOCIO-ECONOMIC DATA OF PROVINCE OF DAVAO DEL NORTE

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	·	<del></del>	
	Davao del Norte	l Philippines	! !
<b>\</b>	(A)	(B)	(A)/(B)
1	l	1	1
11. Total Land Area (sq.km.)	8,130	1300,000	1 0.027 1
12. Population in 1990		l F	! !
(1000 persons)	908	61,483	0.015
13. Population Density		}	1
(persons/sq.km.)	112	1 205	0.55
44. GRDP (Million P at	<b>!</b>	}	}
1 1000 prices)	8,863	1623,051	0.014
15. Per Capita Income in 1985		!	!!
(P/person)	4,956	5,593	0.89
16. Number of Workers		† 1	
by Industrial Sector in		}	
1 1980 (1000 persons)		) 	
	·	!	}
* Agricultural	161.9 (77%)	7,303 (51%)	0.022
<pre>* Industry</pre>	11.3 ( 5%)	1 2,177 (15%)	0.005
* Service	35.2 (17%)	4,552 (32%)	0.008
* Total <u>1/</u>	209.4 (100%)	14,197 (100%)	0.015
1		!	
17. Incidence of Poverty			
in 1985 (%)	59.9	59.3	- ;
18. Unemployment Rate		<b>!</b>	<b>;</b> ;
in 1988 (%)	2.4	8.3	- :
19. Underemployment Rate		<b>;</b>	
in 1988 (%)	10.0	11.6	- !
	<del></del>		

Note: 1/ Includes other workers who cannot be classified as any one of three (3) sectors.

# 1.5 AGRICULTURAL LAND USE AND MAJOR CROPS

Davao del Norte has a total land area of 8,130 square kilometers, representing 2.7% of the total land area of the Philippines. Table 1.5-1 shows general land use of the province. About 45% of the province are occupied by forest and about 30% by agricultural area.

Figure 1.5-1 illustrates the agricultural land use of the province. Table 1.5-2 shows major crops produced in the province. Five (5) major crops of the province are corn, palay, coconut, banana and abaca.

Table 1.5-1 LAND USE OF DAVAO DEL NORTE

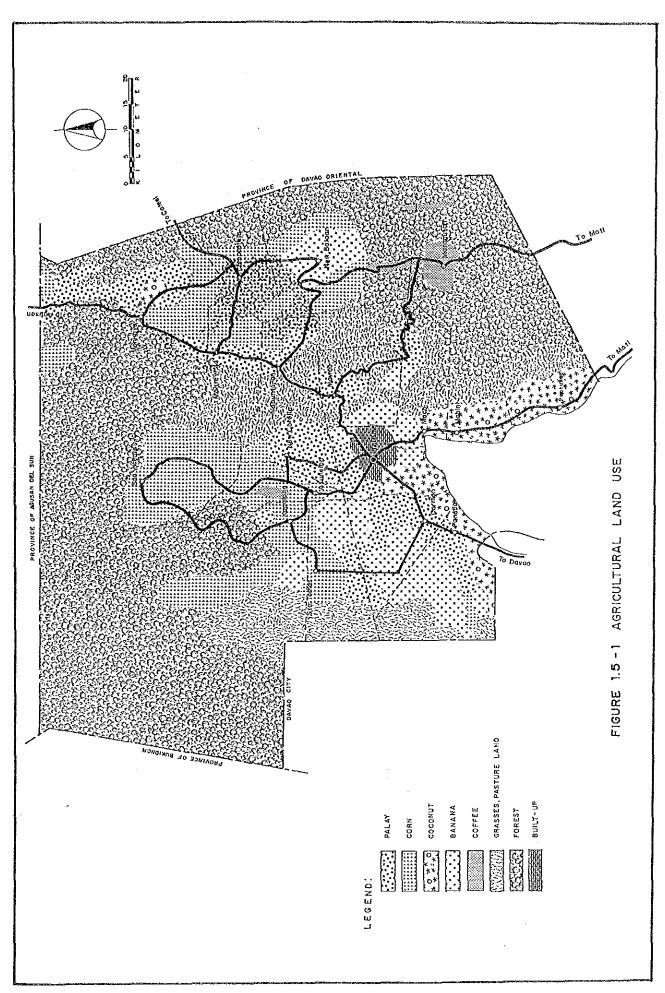
	Area in	
Land Use	sq.km.	%
Agricultural Area	2,390.2	29.4
Grass/Shrub Land	1,975.5	24.3
Forest	3,625.9	44.6
Wet Land	130.1	1.6
Built-up Area	8.1	0.1
Total	8,129.8	100.0

Source: Socio-Economic Profile of Davao del Norte

Table 1.5-2 MAJOR CROPS OF PROVINCE OF DAVAO DEL NORTE

Major Crops	Area Utili	zed (ha.)	Production	on (M.T.)
major crops	1985	1986	1985	1986
Corn Palay Coconut Banana Abaca	180,450 69,430 - 26,688 9,720	153,880 69,460 106,535 26,691 7,770	178,080 255,280 833,498 7,290	146,110 248,970 162,281 873,311 5,291

Source: Bureau of Agricultural Statistics



# CHAPTER 2 ROAD NETWORK OF THE PROVINCE

# 2.1 GENERAL

The province was classified as one of the provinces of which road network development represents the poor level in the Philippines. In this Chapter, present level of road network development is assessed more in details, then general direction of the future road network development is established. Based on the said assessment and the functional road classification criteria, the major road network for the Province is proposed.

# 2.2 PRESENT LEVEL OF ROAD NETWORK DEVELOPMENT

Present level of the road network development level is assessed in terms of road extension (quantity of roads), surface type and conditions (quality of roads) and road network pattern.

2.2.1 Present Level of Road Development in terms of Road Extension

Davao del Norte has a total of 3,228.4 kms. of roads, comprising 427.4 kms. of National, 697.6 kms. of Provincial, 39.6 kms. of City, 324.3 kms. of Municipal and 1,739.5 kms. of Barangay Roads in 1987.

Table 2.2-1 shows road density by class of road which is compared with national average. In comparison with the national average, road development level of the province in terms of road extension is summarized as follows:

National roadslow at 67% of the
national average
Provincial roadshigher by 1.28
Barangay roadsalmost same as the
national average
All roadsalmost same as the
national average

In terms of road extension, national roads are in low level. Some of provincial roads which are in higher level will need to be upgraded to national roads. Development level of all roads in terms of road extension is in a standard level.

2.2.2 Present level of Road development in terms of surface type and surface condition

The Study Team conducted an extensive field survey on the existing road conditions of which results are summarized in Table 2.2-2.

Present level of road development in terms of surface condition (quality of roads) could be summarized as follows:

# National Roads

- . About 51% of national roads in the Province are paved with PCC or bituminous surfaces, which is in slightly higher level than the national average of 46%.
- . About 76% of national roads were assessed in good/fair condition.
- . In terms of road quality, national roads in the province are in a standard level.

# Provincial Roads

- . Only 2% of provincial roads are paved with PCC or bituminous surfaces, which is quite low level compared with the national average of 11%.
- . About 71% of provincial roads were assessed in bad/very bad condition.
- . Quality of provincial roads is still very low level.

TABLE 2.2-1 EXISTING ROAD LENGTH AND ROAD DENSITY Province of Davao del Norte

	<u> </u>				Road Densit	y (L/ PA)
Road Class		ms.)  Dav	ao del	Nortel	Philippines	Davao del Norte/Phils
National Rd.   Prov'l. Rd.   Sub-Total	351.5 ( 743.7 (	11.6)  24.5)	0.1335 0.2825 0.4160			0.67 1 1.28
City Rd.  Municipal Rd  Barangay Rd.	1,641.1 (	53.9)	0.1159 0.6234		0.0304 0.0981 0.6536	1.18
•	3,041.4(1	•	1.1553		1.2026	0.96

\*SOURCE: DPWH Infrastructure Atlas, 1989

TABLE 2.2-2 EXISTING SURFACE CONDITION (SURVEYED ROADS ONLY) Province of Davao del Norte

									Type <u>2/</u>
Road   Class	Pavement Type		l/Fair	Bad/Ve	ry Bad	Tota	al (%)	Davao del Norte	Phils.
} }	PCC				(4.2)		and the second s	50.0	23.6
	Bituminous	-	- 1		(100.0)			0.6	22.3
•	•	94.5	(57.1)		(42.9)	165.6	(100.0)	49.4	51.3
!	  Earth 	-	- ;				(100.0)	_	2.8
•	Total:	•						100.0	100.0
   	PCC				(0.5)	19.0	(100.0)	-	2.5
	Bituminous	'   -	- 1	1.5	(100.0)			2.4	8.9
	Gravel	-						98.2	70.6
•	Earth				(100.0)	2.6	(100.0)	1.4	18.0
•	•	216.8	(29.0)	530.5	(71.0)		(100.0)	102.0	100.0
	PCC	195.1	(96.2)	7.8	(3.8)	202.9	(100.0)	16.0	12.5
l and	Bi tumi nous	<b>-</b>	- !	10.4	(100.0)	10.4		0.4	15.3
	=	292.4	(32.9)	597.4	(67.1)			82.6	61.4
	Earth   Earth	-	}	2.6	(100.0)		(100.0)	1.0	10.8
•	•	-			(55.9)	1,105.7	(100.0)	100.0	100.0

SOURCE: 1/ Survey by Study Team in 1989 2/ DPWH Infrastructure Atlas, 1989

## 2.2.3 Present Road Network Pattern

Present road network is presented in Figure 2.2-1, which shows all existing national and provincial roads. Present road network of the Province is assessed as follows:

- . The existing network pattern is a fish-bone type with Pan-Philippine Highway as a main axis.
- . Tagum-Mati Road and Montevista-Compostela-New Bataan-Maragusan Road are another inter-provincial roads. The latter runs in mountainous area, therefore, is currently impassable.
- . The central plain has a dense road network, however, the rest of mountainous areas have less developed road network.
- . All municipal towns are accessed by a national or a provincial road.

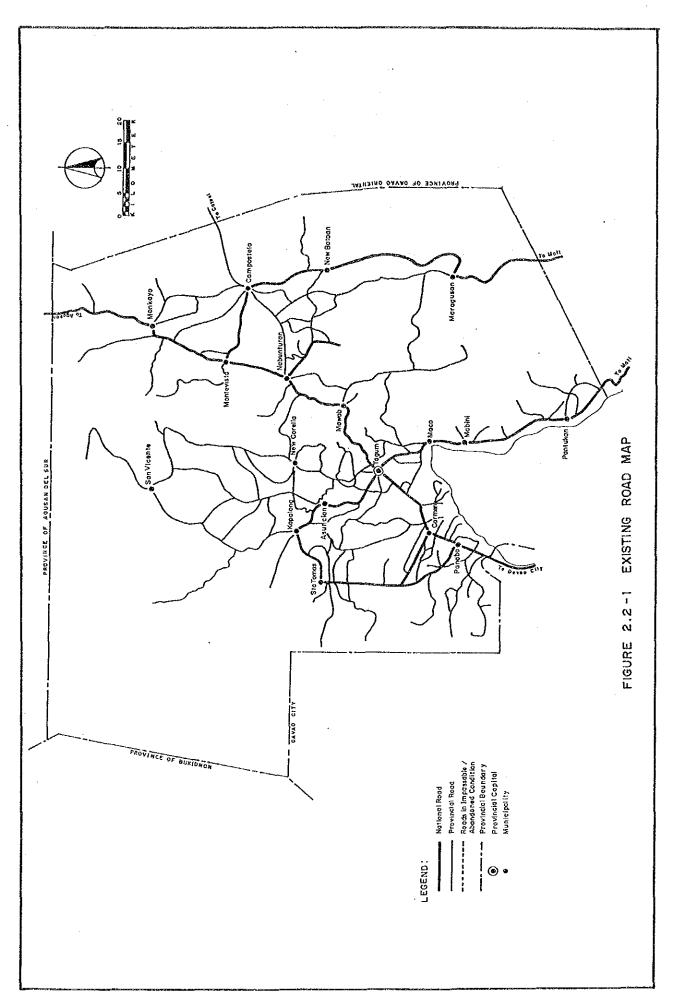
# 2.3 GENERAL DIRECTION OF ROAD NETWORK DEVELOPMENT

Results of assessment of present road network development level are summarized as follows:

- . Extension of national roads is in low level. Extension of other classes of roads is in a standard level.
- . Quality of provincial roads is still in very poor level.
- . Basic road network is formed.

Based on the above assessment, general direction of road network development of the Province will be as follows:

- (1) Improvement of existing national and provincial roads, especially those which form a major road network, should be given priority.
- (2) Some of provincial roads should be upgraded to a standard of national road.



### 2.4 PROPOSED MAJOR ROAD NETWORK

# 2.4.1 Procedure

To identify major roads, all existing roads are firstly classified in accordance with the functional road classification criteria which is shown in Table 2.4-1. classification groups roads according to Functional importance and quality of services they are intended to provide. Individual road links of similar importance and quality of services are organized into systems so that a road network in accordance with the hierarchy of functions can be planned and formed. They can be efficiently managed with consistent policies, design and operation.

After identification of existing major roads, necessity of additional new links is assessed. For example, if a certain municipal town has no access, a new major road is added to the existing major road network. Thus, the initial major road network is proposed and subjected to evaluation whether the proposed one is well-balanced or not. Evaluation is made by two (2) indicators as follows:

# a) Network Value

$$Nv = L$$
 $\sqrt{PA}$ 

Where: Nv = Network Value
L = Road length delineating a block

= Population in a block P A = Land Area in a block

Block= Area delineated by major roads

### b) Accessibility

Accessibility  $AC = \sum p1$ 

Average Accessibility A ave =  $\frac{\sum p1}{n}$ 

Where

= Population of a Barangay

= Distance from a barangay center

to respective major road

= Total population in a block

If indicators of some blocks show imbalanced value, additions or deletions of major road links are made until indicators show almost balanced values. After adjustment, the major road network is finally proposed.

Table 2.4-1 Proposed Punctional Road Classification Criteria for Rural Road Network

:fon	Barangay Road			•	•	
e Classificat	Hunicipal Road					•
ministrativ	City Road		•	•	•	•
Relationship with Administrative Classification	Provincial Road			•		
Relatio	National Road	•	•			·
Canum Phonontanistins on	Services Provided	Provides the highest level of service at the high speed for the long uninterrupted distance. Serves for long distance trips. Mobility is given the highest consideration	. Provides high, level of service . Serves for medium distance trips . Mobility is given high consideration	Provides rather low level of mobility Serves for short distance trips Collects traffic from feeder roads and connects them with major roads Hobility and land access	Primarily provides access to abutting land with little or no through traffic . Serves for local traffic . Land access is given high	. Primarily provides access to abutting land in urban aréas . Through traffic usage discouraged
	General Definition	. Major inter-provincial roads Intra-provincial roads linking two (2) or more municipal towns to the Provincial Capital . Intra-provincial roads which form a skelton road network of a province	. Roads linking municipal towns each other Roads linking a municipal town to the Provincial Capital Roads linking one (1) or more municipal towns to the primary major road network	. Roads linking secondary major roads each other or a primary road with a secondary road . Roads linking two (2) or more barangays to the municipal town or to the higher level network	. Roads linking one or more barangays centers to the higher level network . Roads linking farm areas to their respective barangay centers or to the higher level network	. Roads within built-up population centers (Poblacion) with essen- tially urban rather than rural rural functions
Face + Total	Classification	Primary Major Road Road	C Secondary 전 Major Road 조	Collector Road Road	Minor Feeder Road	ν) τι φ ο

Relationship between functional classification and administrative classification gives only general guideline, therefore, some national roads may be classified as minor roads, or some barangay roads may be classified as major roads. NOTE:

2 - 7

# 2.4.2 Proposed Major Road Network

The major road network for the Province of Davao del Norte was proposed as shown in Figure 2.4-1. For establishing the major road network, the following were taken into consideration:

- . Based on the existing fish-bone type of road network with Pan-Philippine Highway as a main axis, a major road network was formulated.
- . Though the basic pattern of proposed major road is a fish-bone type, development of mesh type network was proposed at the areas where considered practical.

Network value and accessibility of each block were computed to evaluate whether the proposed major road network is a balanced one. Based on these values, addition or deletion of road links was made and finally the major road network was proposed as shown in Figure 2.4-1.

Network value and accessibility of the proposed major road network are presented in Table 2.4-2.

Proposed major road network has a total length of 841.0 kms. and composed of the following roads.

National Road 269.2 kms. (76% of all national roads)
Provincial Road 256.2 kms. (34% of all national roads)

Total 525.4

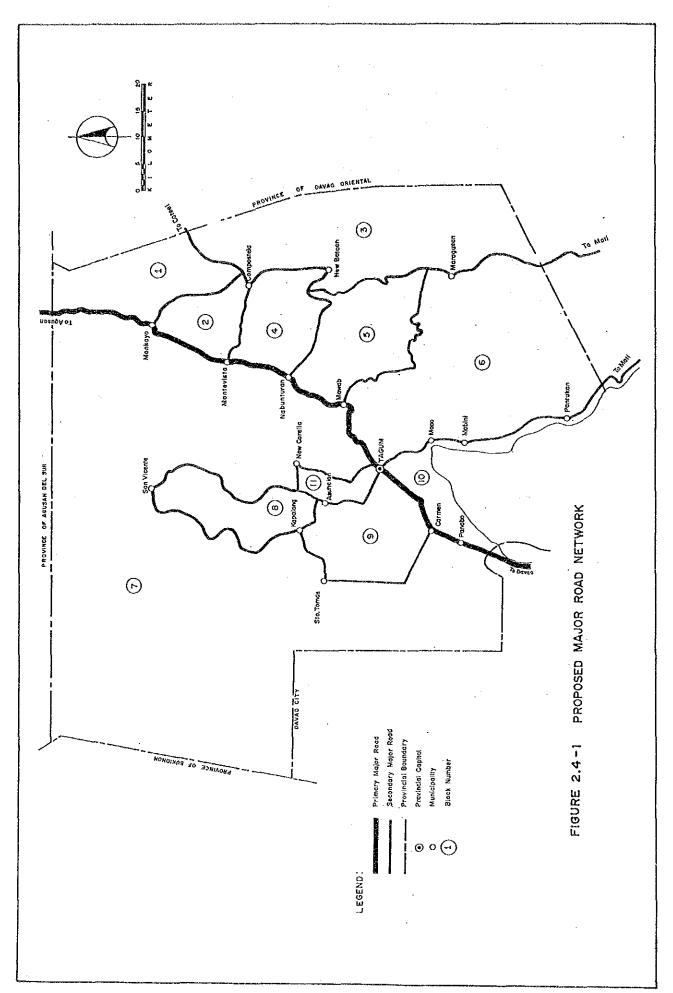


Table 2.4-2

NETWORK VALUE/ACCESSIBILITY

Province of Davao del Norte

									•				
=:	=====	===	========	==	=========	= =	=====	= =	*****	=========	===	=====	:=
			and property to								TAV	erage	<del>)</del> }
[]			Population							l Access	1Ac	cess.	. 1
1	No.	1	(1990)	1	(km <sup>2</sup> )	ŀ	(km)	1	Value	(p.km)	1 (	km.)	}
-		- 1 -		; -		} -		-					٠
Į	. 1	. [	10,293	i i	368.47	l	63.50	1	1.031	6,216.5	1 0	.604	-
-	2	}	36,112	;	152.12				0.764	47,782.0	1	.323	i
1	3	i	36,495	ţ	721.93				0.580	1 12,316.0	1 0	.337	ļ
1	4	1	46,420	}	205.41	ì	67.20	1	0.688				
ì	5	į	57,197	ł I	475.47	1]	143.60	Ì		1149,437.0		.613	ł
ţ	6	Į	129,274	ł	,	11	132.60	ł		1367,170.0		.840	ł
ľ	7	ļ	277,295		3,564.79	1 6	229.50	ļ	0.231	1962,428.0	1 3	.471	ļ
}	8	ł	36,715		245.71	ł	87.00	ŀ		1 39,399.0	1 1	.073	1
}	9	ì	100,767	ì	324.90	ì	77.30	- }	0.427	1188,751.0	1 1	.873	1
l	10	ļ	75,243	ł	130.29	]	123.80	ł	0.386	1100,558.0	1 1	.336	ì
ł	11	ŧ	28,962	ł	73.69	1:	46.30	ł	1.002	2,064.0	1 0	.071	ł
- 1 -		-   -		-		۱.		- {					٠ ¦
ł	Ave.	j	75,888	ł	664.56	11	101.96	1	0.454	1156,080	1 2	.326	ì
= :	====:	===	==========	==	========	= =	=====	= =	======	== <b>:</b> =======	===	=====	:=

# CHAPTER 3

# 3.1 TRAFFIC SURVEY RESULTS

Roadside traffic count survey was conducted on selected roads. Traffic counts were carried out on two (2) consecutive days for 12 hours from 6:00 AM to 6:00 PM each day. Traffic volume was counted by direction and by vehicle type every hour. The vehicle type was classified as follows:

- Car
- Jeep
- Van
- Jeepney
- Bus (mini bus & large bus)
- Truck (including trailer)
- Motor-tricycle
- Motorcycle
- Animal drawn
- Pedestrian
- Others

Figure 3.1-1 shows the location of traffic count stations. Traffic survey results are summarized in Table 3.1-1.

Survey results were converted to Average Daily Traffic (ADT) by using the hourly factors based on the data from the Nationwide Traffic Counts Program (NTCP). Considering other factors such as market days, harvest season, rainy season, etc., AADT were estimated by vehicle type.

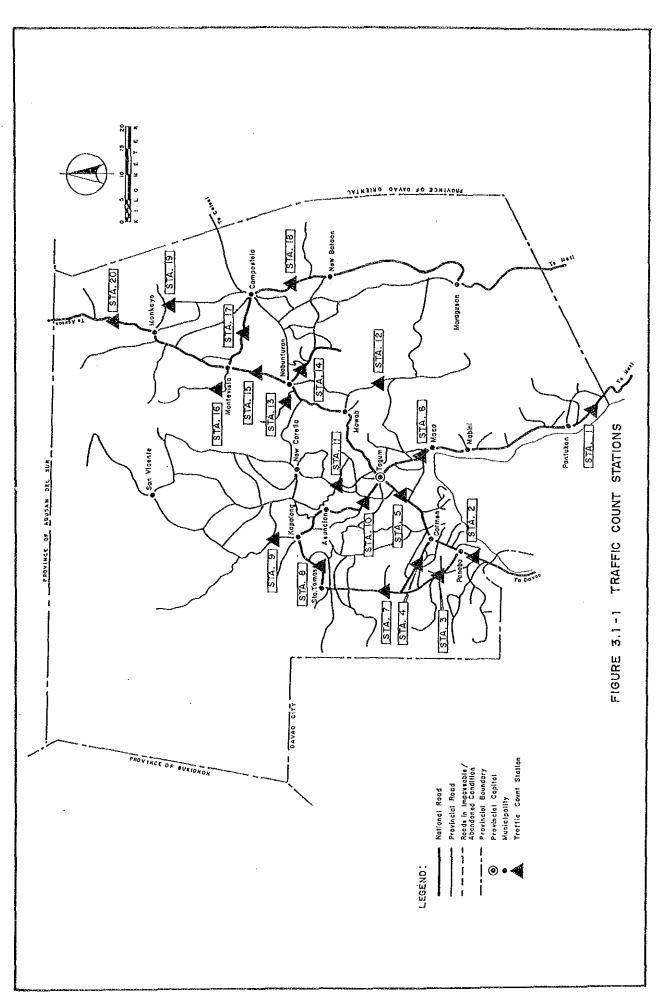


TABLE 3.1-1 SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC SURVEY RESULTS
- DAVAO DEL NORTE -

	,	-					3 110		(ADŢ a	as of May,	1990)
Station No.	L   B   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	 	Pickup /van	Jeepney	eng Bns	Truck	Sub- Total	Tri- cycle:	Motor- cycle	Animal Drawn	Total
! ! !	1 62	291	72	143	79	109	.455	182	454	0	1093
2	1045		1531	1829	522	1550	6987	1320	616	0	8923
က	7	29	£.3	132	32	312	894	145	557	7	1603
<b>ል</b>	52		152	367	43	403	1071	118	199	о	1388
ശ	~	0	996	979	589	1018	5033	266	538	຺ຕ	5839
ω		208	135	847	82	ເດ	1783	178	378	2	2341
. 4		68	213	331	41	539	1253	104	253	0	1611
Ø		S S	117	37	11	259	518	564	316	<b></b> -4	1398
O	ເດ	<b>ቲ</b>	53	67	9	49		310	264		761
10	<b>д</b> 0	83	155	476	œ	231	1003	329	367		1700
11	16	17	44	188	-	70	336	232	164	0	732
12	20	40	83	144	13	67	367	180	.175	1	724
13	ß	⊷1	0	40	Ö	Ö	46	0	31	0	76
14		44	98	223	12	26	497	364	290	0	1151
15	ຕ ຕ ຕ ຕ	151	252	329	263	518	1645	1.0	290	0	94
	0	63	<b>⊢</b> -1	6	0	0	12		254	٥	267
	29	27	91	48	125	221	541	r–i r–i	137	¢	689
18	2	7	13	4	9	2	30	9	207	2	245
	<u>~</u> i	73.	34	120	4	97	267	106	556	0	928
	103	153	225	211	234	455	1381	392	375	ო	
Source: Th	Traffic S	Survey by	Study Te	Team (May, 1	1990)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
						•					

# 3.2 TRAFFIC ANALYSIS AND FORECAST: TRAFFIC PROJECTS.

# 3.2.1 Analysis of Present Traffic

# 1) General Procedure

Present traffic on each major road network was analyzed according to the procedure shown in Figure 3.2-1.

The analysis is divided into three major steps:

Step I : Analysis of Traffic Survey Results

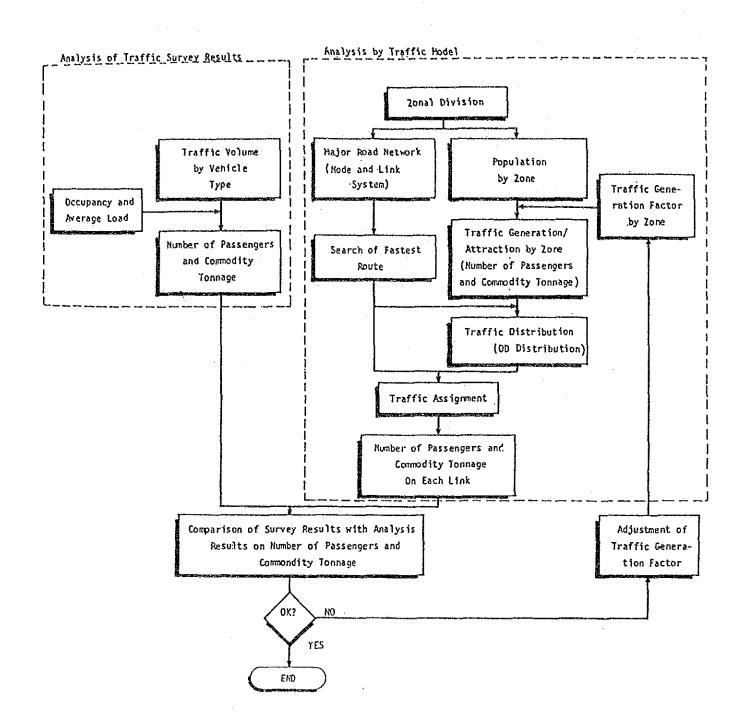
The number of passengers and commodity tonnage were obtained from the results of the traffic survey. These data are, however, available only on the surveyed road links and used for calibration purposes for the traffic model described below.

Step II : Analysis by Traffic Model

Traffic generation and altraction, in terms of passengers and commodity tons, were estimated based on population and per capita traffic generation factors; traffic distribution (OD distribution) was estimated by the gravity model; then, OD distribution was assigned to the major road network expressed by the node and link system. In the analysis, since only traffic generation factors were unknown, assumed values were used in the first step.

# Step III : Comparison of Both Figures

The number of passengers and commodity tonnage estimated by the traffic model were compared with those derived from the traffic survey. On the basis of the comparison, traffic generation factors were appropriately adjusted and the traffic model analysis was reiterated until the traffic model reflected the actual people and freight movements with a high accuracy.



PROCEDURE OF ANALYSIS OF PRESENT TRAFFIC ON MAJOR ROAD NETWORK

# 2) Analysis of Traffic Survey Results

Traffic volume by vehicle type counted in the traffic survey was converted to number of passengers and commodity tonnage using the occupancy and average load shown in Table 3.2-1.

Table 3.2-1 OCCUPANCY AND AVERAGE LOAD Province of Davao del Norte

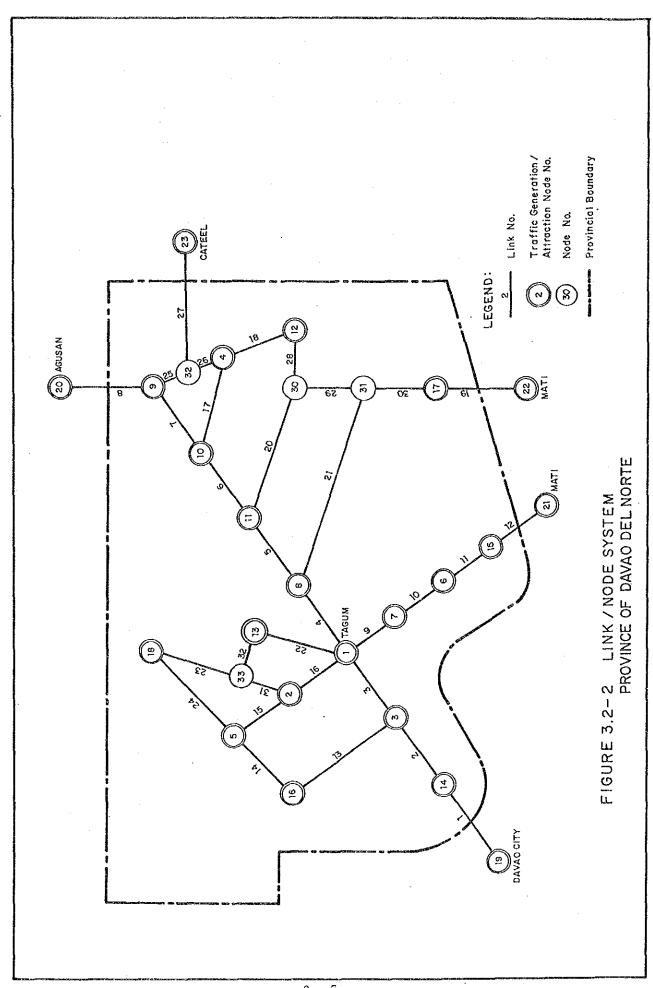
	Average Number of Passenger per vehicle	Average Load (ton per vehicle)
Car/Taxi	3.40	1.00
Jeep	3,40	1.00
Van/Pickup	3.40	1.00
Jeepney	20.00	1.00
Bus	30.00	1.00
Truck	4.00	3.00
Motor-tricycle	2.90	0.30
Motorcycle	1.60	0.10
Animal Drawn	2.00	0.15

# 3) Analysis by Traffic Model

- i) Zonal Division:
  - The province was divided into traffic zones corresponding to municipal divisions in principle.
- ii) Major Road Network:

The major road network was expressed by a node and link system. Each link was given length and average speed according to the actual road condition. A node and link system of the Province is presented in Figure 3.2-2.

- iii) Search for the Fastest Route:
  The fastest route for each zone pair was calculated by Moore's Method.
  - iv) Traffic Generation Factor:
    Per capita traffic generation factors (trip/
    person/day and ton/person/day) vary between zones
    even in the same province with many factors such
    as:
    - Economic Activity
    - Size of Population
    - Distance from Provincial Capital
    - Road Condition
    - Other Physical Conditions



The generation factors which best illustrate the observed people and freight movement were estimated by the iterative method. The traffic generation factors thus estimated are summarized in Table 3.2-2.

TABLE 3.2-2 PER CAPITA TRAFFIC GENERATION FACTORS (MAJOR ROAD, 1990 W/O)
Province of Davao del Norte

Passenger Movement (trip/person/day) (k	
	Commodity g/person/day)
Range 0.060 - 0.160 Mean Value 0.107	10.6 - 33.6

v) Traffic Generation and Attraction by Zone:

Traffic generation and attraction were obtained in terms of passengers and commodity tonnage as the product by generation factors.

vi) Traffic Distribution:

Traffic distribution (OD distribution) was estimated by the gravity model:

Where, Xij = Traffic from zone i to zone j

k = Parameter

Gi = Traffic generation in zone i

Aj = Traffic attraction in zone j

tij = Travel time from zone i to zone j

along the fastest route

OD distribution was adjusted so as to satisfy the following conditions by the Frator Method:

$$Gi = \sum_{j+1}^{n} x_j$$

Where, n = Number of zones

# vii) Traffic Assignment:

Each OD traffic was assigned to the major road network expressed by the node and link system on an all-or-nothing basis. Thus, the number of passengers and commodity tonnage for each link were calculated.

# 3.2.2 Traffic Forecast

Figure 3.2-3 illustrates the procedure of traffic forecast.

The traffic model prepared for the analysis of present traffic was basically used for forecasting future traffic on the major road network with the following additions/modifications:

# 1) Major Road Network and Fastest Route Scarch

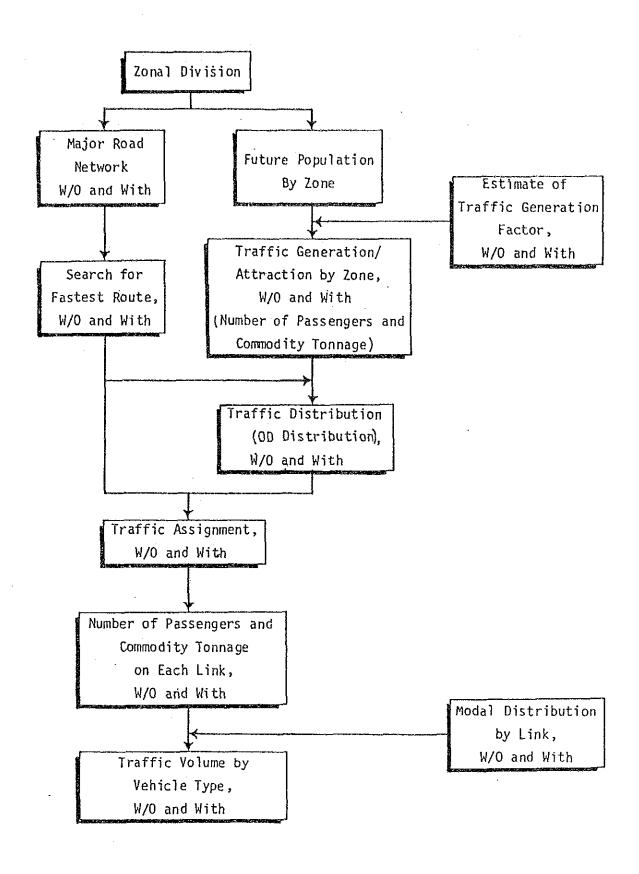
The node and link system for the "with" case was prepared by changing the characteristics of the links included under this feasibility study as well as the links committed to be improved.

The fastest route search was carried out both in the "w/o" and "with" case networks.

# 2) Traffic Generation/Attraction and Distribution

The future population was based on the NCSO 1980 Census of Population and Housing.

Per capita traffic generation factors in the "with" case were estimated referring to the generated transport demand/transport cost reduction elasticity shown in "Highway Planning Manual, Volume 3, MPWH" and also based on the results of the analysis of present traffic. For instance, a zone showing a small generation factor at present due to poor road conditions is expected to increase the factor to some extent by road improvement, and the degree of increase can be estimated referring to other zones in similar situations but with better road conditions.



PROCEDURE OF FORECASTING TRAFFIC ON MAJOR ROAD NETWORK

The traffic generation factors thus estimated are summarized in Table 3.2-3.

TABLE 3.2-3 PER CAPITA TRAFFIC GENERATION FACTORS
(MAJOR ROAD, 1990 WITH)
Province of Davao del Norte

	Passenger Movement (trip/person/day)	Commodity (kg/person/day)
Range Mean Value	0.060 - 0.160 0.108	10.6 - 33.6

The transition period, i.e., the period which will elapse after opening of the improved road before the full impact on generation will take place, was assumed to be three years.

Traffic distribution for the "with" case was estimated by the same method as used in the analysis of present traffic.

#### 3) Traffic Assignment

The number of passengers and commodity tonnage on each link in the "with" case was estimated by assigning OD traffic to the major road network in the "with" case. They were converted to the number of vehicles using the modal distribution in the "with" case. Changes in modal distribution with changes in road condition were estimated reffering to the present distribution in other road links in a similar situation but in the road condition. The transition period of a complete change in modal distribution was assumed to be three years.

The traffic in the "with" case was broken down into following four categories for convenience of traffic benefit estimation:

Normal Traffic:

Flow of passengers and freight which will occur even without road improvement. However, changes in the number of vehicles is possible due to changes in modal distribution.

Diverted Traffic-1: Traffic which diverts to a certain road from other routes as a consequence of road improvement. This is usually called simply diverted traffic.

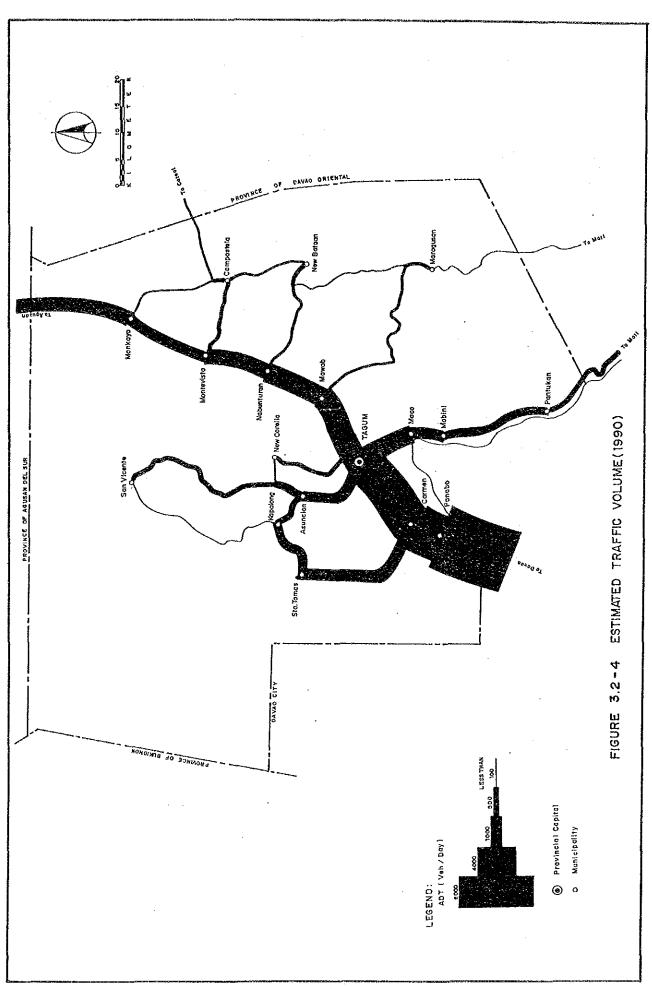
Diverted Traffic-2: Traffic which changes destination as a consequence of road improvement but for the same trip purpose as in the "w/o" case. This is possible in the case of improvement of the access road to the nearest town which is at present barely accessible due to poor conditions. This traffic is called "Diverted Traffic-2" in this Study, distinguished from Diverted Traffic-1.

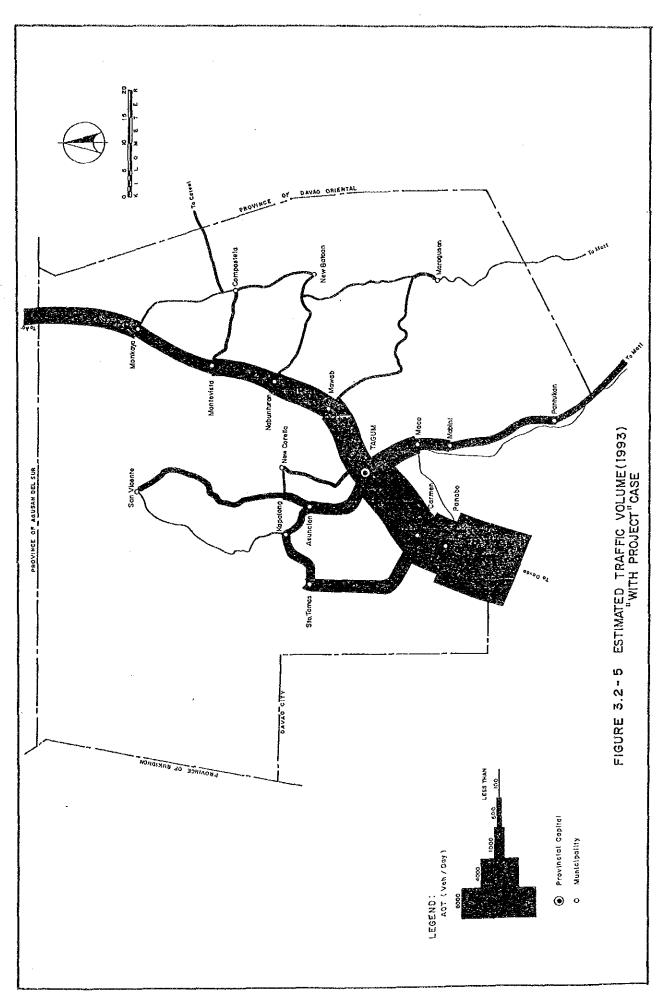
Generated Traffic: Increased traffic brought about by road improvement.

# 3.2.3 Estimated Present and Future Traffic

Estimated present and future traffic on the major road is illustrated in Figure 3.2-4 and Figure 3.2-5, respectively.

Estimated present and future movements of passengers and commodity by link are presented in Table 3.2-4, and estimated traffic volumes are presented in Table 3.2-5.





TRAFFIC PROJECTION DAYAO TABLE 3.2 - 4 (1)

DAYAO DEL NORTE

Movement of Passengers and Commodity

1	j		E 3	รรษ	ger			0	mmodity Ton	nnage	
Link	Year	Normal	Divert	Diver- ted-2	rated	Total	Normal	Diver- ted-1	Diver- ted-2	Generated	Total
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4	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	282861 285961 385981		-308 -380 -380 -1017	133 133 1006	2002	416.0 763.7 316.7 316.7 69.6 481.5	, , ,	4 to 11 to 1	22.74 77.39 103.20 135.57	22416 2426 3318 7466 7466
ω.			J I I I	-315 -388 -628 -1027	0000 0004 0001	40853     40853	2081.71 2787.55 2787.38 4095.49	1111	-63.65 -74.75 -110.38 -154.05	11.03 38.18 52.61 71.77	
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	000001	72333	1 1 1 1 1	             		. o ≈ a a o i	400004	1 1 1 1 1	-6.74 -7.85 -12.05 -17.31		1142.82 1298.88 1553.89 2356.04 3452.38
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TRAFFIC PROJECTION DAVAO DEL NORTE TABLE 3.2 - 4 (2) Movement of Passengers and Commodity

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ы ] Ю   4	1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990	1 1 2 2 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		7 8 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1111	6295 7668 18287 31506 3230 3912 5024 8914	1 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		0.67.1 7.00	1111	1 4 4 6 8 8 6 1 6 8 8 8 8
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TRAFFIC PROJECTION DAVAO DEL NORTE
TABLE 3.2 - 4 (3)
Movement of Passengers and Commodity

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TRAFFIC PROJECTION TABLE 3.2 - 4 (4)

DAVAO DEL NORTE

Movement of Passengers and Commodity

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27	। ଉଚ୍ଚତ୍ର ।	1 400821 1 400821	1 1 1 1		। ⊷ଉପତା	1 H 10 10 10 11	9382	[	00.07	19.19 71.78 118.52 184.67	002   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400   400
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TRAFFIC PROJECTION

TABLE 3.2 - 5 (1)
Traffic Volume

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TRAFFIC PROJECTION
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TRAFFIC PROJECTION TABLE 3.2 - 5 (3)

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TRAFFIC PROJECTION
TABLE 3.2 - 5 (4)
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# 3.3 TRAFFIC ANALYSIS AND FORECAST: DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

Traffic on development project roads was forecasted separately for passenger traffic, non-agricultural traffic and agricultural traffic. The number of passengers and commodity tonnage were estimated first, and then they were converted to the number of vehicles assuming modal distribution and occupancy/average load. Figure 3.3.-1 shows the schematic diagram of traffic forecast for development project.

## 3.3.1 Passenger Traffic and Non-Agricultural Traffic

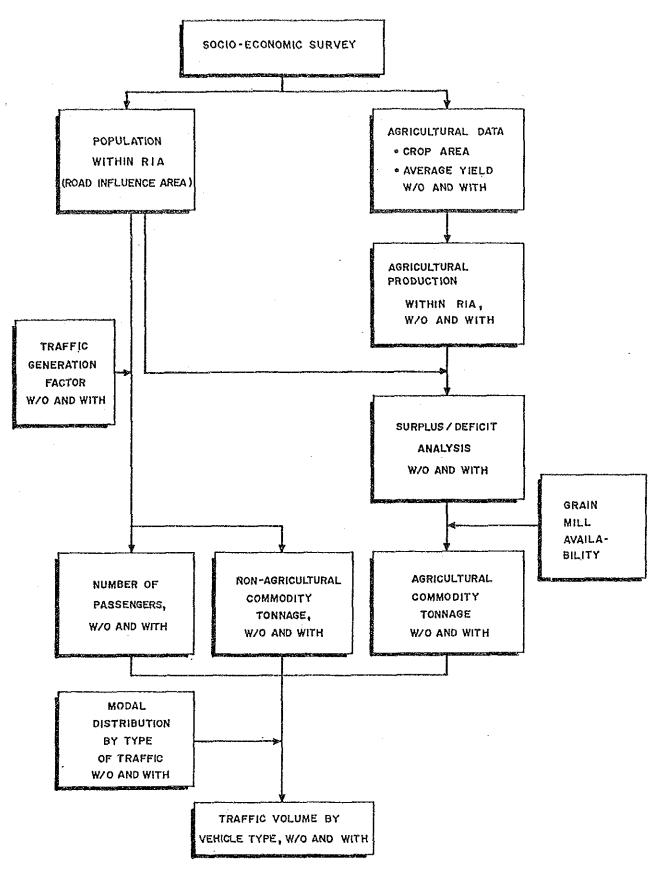
The population residing within the road influence area, which is defined as the area from which local existing or potential traffic using the road derives, was obtained mainly from distribution of barangays shown in 1:50,000 topographical maps and the NCSO 1980 Census of Population and Housing, and supplemented by information obtained from barangay interviews. The population forecasts were prepared using the NCSO report.

The number of passengers and non-agricultural commodity tonnage were obtained as the product of population by the per capita generation factor. Table 3.3-1 shows the generation factors commodity used in the analysis, which was derived mainly based on the traffic survey and referring to previous studies. In the case of particular roads where the common values were deemed inapplicale, specific values were used.

TABLE 3.3-1 PER CAPITA TRAFFIC GENERATION FACTORS (MINOR ROAD): Province of Davao del Norte

Existing Road Condition	Passenger (trip/per	Movement son/day)		cultural nodity on/day)
	W/o	with	w/o	with
Paved/Gravel				
Good/Fair	0.12	0.12	2.0	2.0
Bad	0.10	. 0.11	1.6	1.8
Very Bad	0.08	0.11	0.6	1.0
Earth Road	0.03	0.06	0.5	1.0
Impassable to				
motoried vehicle	0.01	0.03	0.4	1.0

The modal distribution and the occupancy/average load used in the conversion to traffic volume by vehicle type were estimated individually for each road based on the road



PROCEDURE OF TRAFFIC FORECAST FOR DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

inventory survey and the traffic survey.

### 3.3.2 Agricultural Traffic

Agricultural commodity tonnage was estimated based on the agricultural production within the road influence area, taking into consideration i) home consuption and surplus/deficit and ii) availability of grain mill(s) in the road influence area, as regards food grain.

- i) Home consumption of food grain was calculated as population times per capita grain consumption (assumed to be 130 kg in a milled form), and the surplus or deficit production was calculated based thereupon.
- ii) In case of no mill in the road influence area, all net production is assumed to move out in the form of palay/unmilled corn. Milled grain products for home comsumption are then transported back. An eventual deficit moves into the road influence area in the form of milled products.

Provided one or more mills exist in the road influence area, the transport flows are assumed as follows:

- Home consumption remains in the road influence area (no transport movement assumed).
- Surplus production would be transported out, traditionally in the form of unmilled food grains.
- Deficit production would be moved into the road influence area in milled form.

Agricultural commodity tonnage was coverted to number of vehicles using the modal distribution and average load, which were estimated individually for each road considering the transport circumstances.

### 3.3.3 Estimated Present and Future Traffic

Estimated present and future traffic is presented in Table 3.4-1 in the next Section.

# 3.4 SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC VOLUME ON STUDIED ROADS

Estimated present and future traffic volumes of the studied roads comprising of traffic and development projects are presented by each road project in Table 3.4-1.

TABLE 3.4 - 1 (1)
Traffic Volume by Vehicle Type

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TABLE 3.4 - 1 (2)

Traffic Volume by Vehicle Type

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TABLE 3.4 - 1 (3)

Traffic Volume by Vehicle Type

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	Motor Ani- cycle mal	57	38	57	ŀ	14	12	   1.4.00
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0	Number of the second se	B05-	B20-4	B14-19	B08-23	B10-12	B13-	B19-1 B20-10
Class Type   W/O	Road Impr't! Number   Car Jeep	Rehab/   B05-30	I-dwI:					New   B19-1   Const.   B20-10
Class	Road	Minor	(Baran-	gay)				-

# CHAPTER 4 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION AND SCREENING

# 4.1 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

#### 4.1.1 Field Surveys

Field survey was conducted by the Study Team to assess present condition of all major roads and some other typical minor roads (these are referred to as "Surveyed Roads").

Road projects (mostly minor roads) proposed by the local officials were also collected and road conditions of these roads were obtained by the interview survey (these are referred to as "Road Projects proposed by local officials").

Road projects surveyed by the Study Team and proposed by the local officials were combined and integrated, because some road projects were both surveyed by the Study Team and also proposed by the local officials, and a list of Studied Roads was prepared.

Summaries of "Surveyed Roads", "Road Projects proposed by Local officials "and" Studied Roads" are shown in Table 4.1-1.

TABLE 4.1-1 SUMMARY OF SURVEYED ROADS
Road Projects Proposed by Local Officials and Studied Roads
Province of Davao del Norte

	Road Class	National Roads	Prov'l/City Roads	Barangay Roads	y Total	
Surveyed	Major Rd.	269.2	227.4		496.6	
Road	Minor Rd.	89.2	521.3	-	610.5	
	Total	358.4	748.7		1,107.1	
Rd. Proj.	Major Rd.	16.3	150.1		166.4	
Proposed by Local	Minor Rd.	43.0	325.5	453.0	821.5	
Officials	Total	59.3	475.6	453.0	987.9	
Studied	Major Rd.	269.2	256.2		525.4	
Road	Minor Rd.	89.2	779.0	453.0	1,321.2	
	Total	358.4	1,035.2	453.0	1,846.6	

# 4.1.2 Project Identification

1) Project Identification Criteria

Project identification criteria are shown in Table 4.1-2.

TABLE 4.1-2 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA

I kam	Condition of Iden	tification			
Item :	Major Roads	: Minor Roads			
(1) Existing Links * Carriageway Width	Less than 6.0 meter	: Less than 4.0 meters			
* Pavement Type	Inferior to recommen ded type in the engi neering Standards				
* Surface Condition :	Bad or very bad 1/	:Bad or very bad2/			
(2) New Links	lmpassable Abandoned Non-existing				
(3) Bridges	Ford crossing Spillway Timber bridge Bailey bridge	: Ford crossing Spillway in structurally un- sound condition Bailey bridge for AADT more than 300			

- Notes: 1/ Gravel road which is proposed for improvement by local officials shall be identified, even though surface condition is "fair".
  - 2/ Gravel road of which surface condition is "fair" shall be identified, as the surface condition of gravel minor roads is easily deteriorated.

# 2) Identified Road Projects

All studied Roads, except those of the national primary roads and committed roads, were evaluated in accordance with the identification criteria. Road projects identified are summarized in Table 4.1-3.

TABLE 4.1-3 SUMMARY OF IDENTIFIED ROAD PROJECTS Province of Davao del Norte

	Road Class	National Road	Prov'l/City Road	Barangay Road	Total
	Length (kms.) (% to Studied	63.8	229.7	_	293.5
i	Roads)	(24%)	(90%)	_	(56%)
	Length (kms.) (% to Studied	71.6	779.0	453.0	1,303.6
	Roads)	(80%)	(100%)	(100%)	(99%)
Total :	Length (kms.) (% to Studied	135.4	1,008.7	453.0	1,597.1
	Roads)	(38%)	(97%)	(100%)	(86%)

#### 4.2 PROJECT SCREENING

#### 4.2.1 Categorization

Road projects are categorized by the following factors in order to establish comprehensive prioritization criteria:

#### (1) Class of Roads

## Major Roads

# <u>Minor Roads</u>

\* Primary major roads

\*National/provincial/city

roads

\* Secondary major roads

\* Barangay roads

#### (2) Urgency of work

Improvement criteria for roads and bridges are established as shown in Tables 4.2-1 and 4.2-2, respectively. Improvement works are classified into five (5) types as shown in Table 4.2-3. In view of the urgency of work to be implemented, the types of improvement are grouped into two (2) as follows:

#### Type A (Urgent Projects)

- \* Rehabilitation: Improvement of deteriorated road surface, but standard or superior class pavement, to acceptable condition.
- \* Improvement -1: Improvement of deteriorated road surface and substandard class pavement, to acceptable and standard pavement.
- \* New Construction: Construction of new road including re-construction of abandoned road.

#### Type B (Less Urgent Projects)

- \* Improvement -2: Upgrading of substandard pavement class, though existing road surface condition is acceptable.
- \* Widening : Widening of roads with substandard carriageway width, other conditions meet engineering standards.

Note: Road projects which include only improvement of bridges are classified as "Rehabilitation".

## (3) Economic Viability

#### Major Roads

Simplified economic evaluation is conducted for major roads. Internal Rate of Return (IRR) is calculated based on roughly estimated construction cost and traffic cost savings. Categorization is made as follows:

# Improvment Type A:

- \* IRR of 7.5% or more
- \* IRR of less than 7.5%

#### Improvement Type B:

- \* IRR of 15% or more
- \* IRR of less than 15.0%

# Minor Roads

Minor road Pre-evaluation Indicator (MPI) is developed based on Phase-1 Study results. Categorization of minor roads is made based on calculated MPI as follows:

- \* MPI of 7.5 or more
- \* MPI of less than 7.5

TABLE 4.2-1 IMPROVEMENT CRITERIA FOR ROAD

Road	: Maj		: Minor Road
Class	: Standard/ : Superior	and the second s	: Standard/ : Substandar : Superior :
	:No improvemen	it:Upgrading of	: :
Good/Fair	: or	:pavement typ	e :No improve-:No improve-
	<pre>: widening</pre>	:(improvement	-: ment ; ment
	: (widening)	: 2)	
	:Improvement o	f:Upgrading of	:Improvement:Upgrading o
Bad/Very			e :surface con: pavement
			- :(Rehabilita: type
			: tion) : (Improve-
	: tion)	:	: ment-1)
Abandoned/	- <del> </del>	Construction	of new road
Non-existi			truction)

Note: 1) In case of carriageway width less than 6.0 meters.

TABLE 4.2-2 IMPROVEMENT CRITERIA FOR BRIDGES

Existing	: Prop	osed Improvement
Bridge Type	: Major Road	: Minor Road
Ford Crossing	: 2-lane : permanent : bridge :	Carriageway width 4.0 m: 1-lane spillway Carriageway width 6.0 m: 2-lane spillway
Spillway	: 2-lane : permanent : bridge	: No improvement :
Timber Bridge	: 2-lane : permanent : bridge	: AADT less than 200 : 1-lane : permanent bridge
	:	: AADT more than 200 : 2-lane : permanent : bridge
Bailey Brridge	: 2-lane : permanent : bridge :	: AADT less than 300 : No impro- vement AADT more than 300 : 2-lane permannet bridge

- Note: 1) Where the site condition is not favorable for a spillway, a permanent bridge should be planned in accordance with the criteria for a timber bridge.
  - 2) When the existing spillway is structurally sound and traffic disturbance is estimated less, the existing one can be utilized. Under other conditions, a permanent bridge should be planned in accordance with the criteria for a timber bridge.

TABLE 4.2-3 TYPES OF IMPROVEMENT

Type		: Existing Surface : Condition	: Proposed Improvemen : Work
	: Standard or : superior	: Bad/ : very bad	
Improve- ment-1		: Bad/ : very bad	: Upgrading of surface : type
ment-2	: Substandard	: Good/Fair	: Upgrading of surface
	: Standard	: Good/Fair is narrowed than :	: Widening of existing : road :
New Const	ruction Impa	issable/abandoned non-existing	: Construction of new road

# 4.2.2 Prioritization and Selection Criteria

Prioritization and selection criteria of road projects for feasibility studies are established as shown in Tables 4.2-4 and 4.2-5.

TABLE 4.2-4 PRIORITIZATION AND SELECTION OF ROAD PROJECTS
- Major Roads -

Category	Road Class	Type of Improvement	IRR	Priority Criteria	Selection Criteria
1	Primary	. A	7.5 ≦ IRR	ŧ	
2	Secondary	Α	7.5 ≦ 1RR		1
3	Primary	В	$15.0 \leq IRR$	٦	To be
4	Secondary	В	$15.0 \leq IRR$	⊢ MA~2	selected
5	Primary	Α	IRR < 7.5		for F/S
6	Secondary	Λ	$IRR \leq 7.5$	J	
7	Primary	В	IRR <15.0	— MA-3	
8	Secondary	В	IRR <15.0	J	•

TABLE 4.2-5 PRIORITIZATION AND SELECTION OF ROAD PROJECTS
- Minor Roads -

Category	y Road Class	Type of Improvement	MPI	Priority Criteria	Selection Criteria
1	National/P	rovincial/			. ↑
2	City Barangay	A A	$7.5 \leq MPI$ $7.5 \leq MPI$	MI-1	To be selected
3	National/P	rovincial/			for F/S
4	City Barangay	А	$MPI < 7.5 \\ MPI < 7.5$	MI-2	

Note: Improvement Type A: Rehabilitation, Improvement-1, New Construction

Improvement Type B: Improvement-2, Widening

# 4.2.3 Priority of Identified Road Projects

Identified projects were evaluated and prioritized in accordance with criteria discussed and summarized in Tables 4.2-6 and 4.2-7.

TABLE 4.2-6 PRIORITY OF IDENTIFIED MAJOR ROADS
Province of Davao del Norte

Category		Type of provemen	I RR		ority roup	Road Length	No. of Road Links
1	Primary	Α	7.5 ≤	I RR	MA-1		
2	Secondary	A	7.5 ≤	I RR	MA-1	128.9	13
3	Primary	В	15.0 ≤	I RR	MA-2	<u></u>	
4	Secondary	В	15.0 ≤	I RR	MA-2		_
5	Primary	Α	IRR<7.5		MA-2	_	
6	Secondary	Α	IRR<7.5		MA-2	118.1	12
7	Primary	В	IRR<15.0	)	MA-3	-	_
8	Secondary	В	IRR<15.0	)	MA-3	46.5	4
	Total					293.5	29

Table 4.2-7 PRIORITY OF IDENTIFIED MINOR ROADS
Province of Davao del Norte

Catego	•	Type Improv	of Jement	MPI	Priority Group	Road Length	No. of Rd.Links
1	Nat'l/Provi/ City	٨	7.5 ≤	MPI	MI-1	456.6	64
2	Barangay	Α	7.5 ≤	MPI	MI-1	144.0	12
3	Nat'l/Provi/	Α	MPI <	7.5	MI-2	394.0	59
4	Barangay	Α	MPI <	7.5	MI-2	309.0	27
	Total				1	,303.6	162

# 4.2.4 Selection of Road Projects For Feasibility Studies

In accordance with selection criteria discussed above, road projects under priority groups MA-1 and MA-2 for major roads and priority groups MI-1 for minor roads were initially selected, and these were plotted on 1:100,000 map to evaluate the following:

- . Distribution of initially selected road projects (when these are concentrated in certain area, some minor roads were deleted, and where road projects are scarce, some minor roads were added.)
- . Linkage of road projects
  (There is a case that a selected lower class road is connected with a higher class road, however, the latter is not selected due to lower priority. Such a case, a higher class road is also selected to maintain similar condition of road after implementation.)

After adjustment mentioned above, road projects were finally selected and summarized as follows:

-				
Total	~			projects)

# CHARTER 5 PROJECT EVALUATION

# 5.1 PRELIMINARY DESIGN AND COST ESTIMATE

#### 5.1.1 Preliminary Design

- 1) Design Concept There are two options in design concept for rural road improvement, as follows:
  - Designing rural roads with optimum standards aimed at improving all aspects including horizontal and vertical alignments, which sometimes require massive earth works and is costly.
  - Designing rural roads by basically concentrating on improving surface conditions, thus improving horizontal and vertical alignments is limited to the required minimum.

Rural roads are extensive in the number of road links as well as in length, and their present conditions are still at a poor level. Thus, requirements for rural road improvement are quite huge, while financial resources are limited. Under these circumstances, the Study Team placed priority on improving surface conditions of more roads. The preliminary design was undertaken in line with the concept of the second option.

2) Preliminary Design
On the basis of the findings of the road inventory survey, the type of improvement was determined for each subsection of road in accordance with the engineering standards and the improvement criteria.

Typical road sections for each type of improvement/rehabilitation are summarized as shown in Table 5.1-1.

Special considerations were given to steep gradient sections and flood section.

"PCC pavement for steep gradient section" was applied to sections with steep gradients where otherwise gravel surfacing might be applied, as a countermeasure against excessive gravel losses during heavy rains and impossibility for vehicles to climb. "Grade raising in flood area", was applied to sections located in flood areas.

Table 5.1-2 shows the proposed improvement for each road project subjected to the feasibility study.

TABLE 5.1-1 EXISTING CONDITION VS PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT/REHABILITATION

	Road	Section	Existing Pave	Pavement Proposed		Pavement	Structure (cm)
Type of Improvement	Type	Type	Condition	Pavement Type	Surface Course	Base	Subbase
litation			Bad/Very Bad Dad/Very Bad do - do - do - do -	PCC AC Overlay AC AC Overlay BMP/DBST Gravel	20 - 23 5 5 5 5.5/1.6	1 1 0 1 51	10 10 2
Improvement - 1	00000000 11111111 40645078	Bituminous Gravel Gravel Gravel Earth Earth Earth	Bad/Very Bad - do - - do - - do - Any Condition - do - - do -	ì .	20 - 23 20 - 23 5 5 5/1.6 20 - 23 5 5/1.6	120112011	10 20 15 10 10
Improvement - 2	იიიი             იის  4	Bituminous Gravel Gravel Gravel	Good/fair - do - - do -	PCC PCC AC BMP/DBST	20 - 23 20 - 23 5 5 5.5/1.6	1 1 2 0 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	10 10 10 5
Widening		PCC Bituminous Bituminous Gravel	Good/fair do - do - do -	Widening w/PCC Widening w/AC Widening w/BMP/DBST Widening w/Gravel	20 - 23 5 5.5/1.6 15	20 12 12	20 20 15
New Construction	លសលល             1 0 2 4	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	PCC AC BMP/DBST Gravel	20 - 23 5 5.5/1.6 15	1 0 10 11	20 20 15 10
	9 6	PCC pavement Grade raising	for steep in flood	gradient section area			

TABLE 5.1 - 2 (1)

Summary of Proposed Improvement

Type	Road	Length! 1993 AADT	1993	AADT	Existing Condition	 c	Proposed	ridge	Cost		128
	d modern		0 / ×	w/o with	L Width Type Con	Condition	Improvement	(Number/Total Lengin)	Road	Bridge Total	3
hab/;	Rehab/; P96-1	7.2	, ,	, (	7.2 4.0-4.5 GRV Bad		IMP-1(6.0-AC)	2-lane Br (n= 3, Lw 42m	m): 17.30	4.19 21.48	28.7 (T)
-,`	1	14.5	519	မှာ လ လ			Imp-2(6.0-AC); Imp-1(6.0-AC);		38.61	.00 38.61	21.4 (T)
	P96-2	20.1	205	22.4	20.1 3.2-5.0 GRV Bad/V	V. Bad. V	Imp-1(6.0-BMP);	2-lane Br (n= 3, L= 45m) 2-cell BC (n= 3, L= 30m)	0 44.16	6.15 50.31	13.9 (T)
	P109	ဟု	ន 6 8	9 0 0	4.7 4.0-4.9 GRV Bad		Imp-2(6.0-BMP)	1	13.47	.00 13.47	13.8 (T)
	P89		272	285	5.9 4.5 GRV Bad	; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Imp-1(6.0-BMP)	2-lane Br (n= 2,L= 32m	m) 13.07	2.98 16.06	12.9 (T)
	P104	13.5	272	285	13.5 1.6-4.0 GRV Bad/V	V.Bad	I (6.0-BMP) 1	2-lane Br (n= 4,L= 66m)	[ es	6.35 44.58	12.5 (T)
		80	205	224		,  ; ! ! !	Imp-1(6,0-BMP);	lane Br (ne 1,L= 16	14.2	1.49.15.7	(I) 8 (I)
	P17-1		178	188	1 1 1	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Rehab(6.0-GRV)	2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 22m)	m) 1 4.57	1.78 6.3	9.8 (T)
	2	7.9	109	121	5.8 3.4-4.5 GRV Bad/V.	Ba	Rehab(6.0-GRV)	-lane Br (n= 1,	8.28	2.95 11.23	9.2 (T)
	14-21	6.2	179	223	3.6 2.4-4.0 GRV Fair 1.9 2.0-2.4 GRV Bad 2.4 2.0 EAR Bad/V	Y. Bad	Imp-2(6.0-BMP) Imp-1(6.0-BMP) Imp-1(6.0-BMP)	2-)ane Dr (n= 1,L= 80m)	19.26	5.49 24.75	8.4 (T)
^	17-2	18.8	178	188	9.5 3.2-6.0 GRV Fair/V 5.1 4.3-5.3 GRV Fair 1.2 3.2-5.0 EAR Bad	/v.Badi	Rehab(6.0-GRV) Widen(6.0-GRV) Imp-I(6.0-GRV)	2-lane Br (n= 3,L=100m)	25.18	7.59 32.77	7.0 (T)
	P121	6	109	121	9.5 2.2-4.0 GRV Bad/V	1 7	Rehab(6.0-GRV)	2-1ane Br (n= 2,L= 43m	m): 10.45	3,51 13,96	5.3 (T)
	1	ο υ	109	121	2.0 3.2-4.0 GRV Bad/V. 2.3 3.8-4.8 GRV Fair .7 4.0 EAR Dad	Bad	ab(6.0-	2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 20m)	1) 5.64	1.68 7.33	4.8 (T)
	4 1	1 20 1	80 80	117	9.9 2.8-6.0 GRV Fair/V 5.1 2.7-4.0 GRV Fair	. Bad:	Rehab(6.0-GRV)	2-lane Br (n= 4,L= 51m	m) 1 12.58	5.34.17.92	2.5 (T)
·`	P134	7:2	109	121	1.0 4.0 GRV Fair 6.2 3.2-3.4 GRV Bad/V	V. Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV) Rehab(6.0-GRV)		10.64	.00 10.64	(T) 0.
Imp-2/:	P86-1	1 4.7	593	625			2		11.37	.00 11.37	30.4 (T)
	P91-1	0 %	818	538	4.1 4.0-4.5 GRV Bad/V	V. Bad	Imp-1(6.0-AC)		11.92	.00 11.92	25.0 (T)
	6-2	<b>ෆ</b> i	519	538			Imp-2(6.0-AC'): Imp-1(6.0-AC'):	2-lane Br (n= 2,L= 50m)	17.88	4.16 22.03	23.3 (T)
	P92-2	7 . 4	r)	. 13 8 8	4.3 4.5 GRY Good/F 3.1 3.2-4.0 GRY Bad	/Fair	Imp-2(6.0-AC)		19.01	10.61 00.	22.1 (T)
-						1 1 1 1 1 1			1111111		1

				5.2-5.9 GRV Fair	Imp-2(6.0-BMP)		:
P103	24.0 27	272	285	4.5-5.5 GRV Fair 4.0 GRV Bad	Br (n=	49.40 6.16 55.55   11.1 (T)	11.1 (T)
26-2	P126-2 5.3	381	374	385 374   5.3 4.0-4.5 GRV Fair	I mp-2(6.0-BMP)	9.66 00.956 TO.9 (T)	10.9 (T)
. ω . ω . ω . μ	988	1 00 0 1 00 0 1 00 0	374	3.4-4.0 GRV Fa 4.0 GRV Ba		14.52 .00 14.52   10.6 (T)	10.6 (T)
P85-1	10.5 109 121 1.4	1001	121	9.4-5.5 GRV Fa 4.5 EAR Fa	od   2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 10m)  6.52 1.18 7.80   4.8 (T)   ir	6.62 1.18 7.80	4.8 (T)

(T):Traffic Project (D):Development Project

TABLE 5.1 - 2 (2)

Summary of Proposed Improvement

DAVAO DEL NORTE

Minor(National/Provincial)

		Longth	1993	AADT	Existing	ndition	Proposed	ridge	Cost (M	(Million Peso		1 R.R
	is a minore r	(KA)	!	w/o with	L Width	Type Condition!	Improvement	(Number/10(al Length)	oad	Bridge Tote	1 1 1 1	8
7777	79-2	7.7	12	1 1 C 1 C 1	2.2 2.4-2.	GRV Fair GRV Bad/V.Bad EAR V.Bad	(6.0-		7.86	.00.	1 0	, w
	N5 - 3	43.0	125	130	243	GRV Bad GRV Fair EAR Impas	Rehab(G.O-GRV) Widen(G.O-GRV) Imp-1(G.O-GRV)	2-lane Sp (n= 4,L= 70m)	1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S	1.27 40.	52	2.0 (D)
	P120	14.8	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	30	.8 3.2-3.6	GRV W. Bad/Impa;	(4.0-	2-lane Sp (n= 2,L= 32m)	6.92	.58 7.	20	20.6 (D)
	128	2	(1)	55	6.2 2.4-3.2	GRV Bad	(6.0	2-1	4.	. S.	 	19.0 (D)
	P18	1.6	0.5	139	1.6 4.5-5.0	GRV Bad	Rehab(6.0-GRV)		1.07	0 1.	07 1 1	16.5 (D)
	P118-1		20	24	6.9 6.8 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	>> O	(6.0-		99		66	1 ·
	88 1	7.0	23	29	2.1 1.5-4.0	GRV Fair GRV Bad/Impas	den(6.0-		5.87	ις.	87 1 1	14.6 (D)
. –	P10-1	(r)	114	114	6.6 3.6-4.5	GRV Fair GRV Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV); Rehab(6.0-GRV);				23	13.7 (D)
	P78	13.2	34	40	12.8 3.2-4.5	GRV Fair GRV Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV)		14.25	.00 14.		11.3 (b)
	126-	7.7	23	31	7.6 3.2-4.5	PCC Gnod GRV Bad	0.6.0	2-Jane Sp (n= 1,L= 20m)	0.6	36	0.4	10.7 (D)
	8 Z	17.8	œ	46	14.3 2.8-3.4	GRV Bud EAR V. Bad	Rehab(6.0-GRV); Imp-1(6.0-GRV);	2-lane Sp (n= 1,L= 40m)	27.98	.73 28.	202	9.6 (D)
	1	φ     ω     ω	24	29	3.8 2.8-3.6	GRV ·Bad	Rehab(6.0-GRV)		2.90	0 2.	06	9-3 (D)
	P4-2		က က	68	1.6 2.4-4.0	GRV Bud/V.Bad   EAR Impas	Rehab(6.0-GRV)	2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 50m)	1.79	3.43	22	8.1 (D)
	P124	15.9	152	246	13.7 2.8-4.0 2.2 3.6	GRV Bad/V.Bad	Rehab(6.0-GRV); Widen(6.0-GRV);	2-lane Br (n= 3,L= 43m)	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4.24 22.	1 6	7.4 (D)
	4 .1		34	49	3.5 2.4-4.0 5.0 2.4-3.7 1.8 2.4-3.2.	GRV Fair GRV Bad EAR Bad/V.Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV) Rehab(6.0-GRV) Imp-1(6.0-GRV)	2-lane Sp (n= 2,L= 45m) 2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 25m)	10.05	2.74 12.	52	(d) 6.9
	95		36	41	4.9 2.4-3.6 3.8 2.1-3.2 2.0 3.6	   2	1 (6.0-n)	2-lane Br (n= 1,Le 15m)	10.22	1.44 11.	67	6.7 (D)

Summary of Proposed Improvement

DAVAO DEL NORTE

Minor(National/Provincial)(Continued)

Type	Road	Length! 1993 AADT	1993	AADT	Ä	Existing	Cond	ltion	Proposed	Proposed Bridge	Cost (M	(Million	Peso)	IRR	
Imprit	Togoda.		w/o with	w) th	۲.,	₩1dth	Туре	Condition	Timprovenent	(Namber/10tal Length)	Road	Bridge	Total		
Reheb/	P27	1 (2)	36	ີເຕ	2.62	.8-3.2	GRV	Fair Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV)		2.61	00.	2.61	6.4	ê
	P11-2	00	76	81	3.9	3.2-4.0	GRV	Bad	Rehab(6.0-GRV)		3.01	00.	3.01	5.6	â
	F146	16.2	37	5.5	15.1.3	3.2-4.0	GRV	Fair Bad/V.Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV) Rehab(6.0-GRV)		19.74	00.	19.74	2.1 (1	ê
	P87	4 6	14	17	4.1.2	3.4	GRV	Fair Bad/v.Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV)		7.77	00	7.77	0.	lê
	P67	3 1 2	, r		2.5	.2-4.0	GRV	Bad	Rehab(6.0-GRV)		3.76	00.	3,76	0.	6
	P91-2		120 ·	77	4.6.	4.0	GRV	Fair Bad/v.Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV)    Rehab(6.0-GRV)		7.28		7.28	i.	<u> </u>
Imp-2/1	P85-2	2.7	148		2.7 3	3.2-3.6	GRV	Fair	Widen(6.0-GRV)		2.24	00	2.24	0	9
	PSA	(n)			1.7	.4.5	GRV	Fair	Widen(6.0-GRV)		1.99	8.	1,99	ເຄ ¦	(6)
•	P40	2.8	143	145	2.1	3.0	GRV	Fair Bad	Widen(6,0-GRV); Rehab(6,0-GRV);		3,65	6	1.65	19.7 (	( <del>.</del>
• •• •	P74	· ·	160	164	2.1	6.7	PCC GRV	Good Fair	Imp-2(6.0-AC)		4.83	00	4,83	15.3 (	(Q).
	1 🕰 1		အ	99	2.8	4.5	GRV	Bad/V.Bad Fair	Rehab(6.0-GRV)		2.95	, 00.	2,95	15.1 (	( <u>0</u> )
	P36	4	134	139	200 H	6.0 4.0	GRV	Fair Bad	Widen(6.0-GRV)	2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 45m)	3.00	3.19	6.19	9.3	ê)
	P14	9 2	23.5	215	လ လ က ထ လ	0.0 0.0 0.0	GRV PCC BT	Fair Good Bad	Imp-2(6.0-BMP)	1-cell BC (n= 1,L= 5m) 2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 75m)	6.27	5.99	12,25	8.2	6
*****	P79-1	5.7	7.8	79.	2.6	.2-4.0	GRV	Falr	Widen(6.0-GRV)    Rehab(6.0-GRV)	2-lane Br (n= 1,L= 32m)	4.17	2.57	5.74	7.8 (	(e)
	P10-2	3.4	59		4	4.0	GRV	Fair	Widen(6.0-GRV);		1.58	00.	1,98	3.6	ê
             	22	7.0	67	60 1	3.0.3	.4-4.5	GRV	Fair	Widen(6.0-GRV)! Rehab(6.0-GRV)!		9.76	8	9.76	1.8 (	ê l

(T):Traffic Project (D):Development Project

5 - 6

TABLE 5.1 - 2 (4)
Summary of Proposed Improvement

Type :	Type   Road	Length; 1993 AADT	1993 ≜	ADT	Exist	Existing Condition	ndition	Proposed	Proposed Bridge		Cost (Million Peso)	111ion	Pesc);	IRR
mpr't	מבו בו	(Ka)	w/o with	1 th	L 42 i	dth Ty	Type Condition!	i mprovement	(Number/10tal Leng		Road Bridge Total	Tidge	Totali	3
tehab/	Rehab/! B05-30	7 1	174 157	157	7.12.4	-4.0 GRV	V Bad	Rehab(4.0-GRV)		: • ! ! !	4.25	00	00 4.25	49.5 (D)
1 mp - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	B20-4	, o	5	1 4	9.5	.8-2.4 GRV	V Bad/Impas	Rehab(4.0-GRV)	1-lane Sp (n= 1,L= 20m)	20m);	4.79	. 26	5.06	48.7 (D)
	B14-19	(C)	G	37	4.9 2.4	1-3.2 GRV 1-3.2 GRV .8 EAR	V Fair V Bad R Impas	Widen(4.0-GRV)  Rehab(4.0-GRV)  Imp-1(4.0-GRV)	1-lane Sp (n= 1,L= 15m)	1581	2 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	.20	.20 3.12	25.5 (D)
~ <del> ••</del> •	B08-23	l 	40		64 111.2 2.0-3.2	3.2 GEV 0 EAR	GRV Bad/V.Bad   EAR Impas	Rehab(4.0-GRV); Imp-I(4.0-GRV);	Rehab(4.0-GRV)  1-lane Br (n= 1,L= 10m)  Imp-1(4.0-GRV)	10m)	6.91	98.	.86 7.77	(D) 6.3
	B10-12	B10-12 : 14.2	6	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12.3 2.8	.3 GRV -4.0 EAR None	.5 3.3 GRV Bad 12.3 2.8-4.0 DAR Bad/V.Bad 1.4 None	Rehab(4.0-GRV) Imp-1(4.0-GRV) Now-C(4.0-GRV)	1-lane Br (n= 1,Le 18m)	18m) 18m)	8.45 1.14 9.59	1.14	1 5 15	4.5 (D)
 !	B13-11	0	1 	1 4 1		4 EA	7.7 2.8-4.0 GRV Bad/V.Bad 7.3 2.4 EAR Impas	Rehab(4.0-GRV);	Rehab(4.0-GRV); 1-jane Br (n= 2,L= 17m); imp-1(4.0-GRV); 1-jane Sp (n= 3,L= 45m); 1-cell BC (n= 1,L= 5m);	17m) 17m) 45m) 5m)	16.52 2.53 19.06	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	90.06	2.0 (D)
No. 1	New B19-1	2.4.2	0	30	8 24.2	None		New-C(4.0-GRV)	1-lane Sp (n= 4,L= 65m) 16.16	65m) (	16.16	98.	.86 17.02	10.9 (D)
; n	B20-10	7.4	0	າ ເນ ເ	1.2 3.2	} } 	EAR V.Bad	mp-1(4.0-GRV);	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	         	5.04	00.	.00 5.04	5.4 (D)

## 5.1.2 Cost Estimate

#### 1) Unit Cost

Unit prices for construction equipment, materials and labor were obtained from Associated Construction Equipment Lessors, Inc. (ACEL), the Price Monitoring Section of DPWH, market price survey by the Study Team and relevant studies. Based on the data collected, unit prices at April 1990 prices were developed. Exchange rates used were: P22.50 = US\$1.00 = Y155.

Unit costs for major construction items are presented in Table 5.1-3.

## 2) Construction Cost Estimate

Based on the results of the road inventory survey and proposed type of improvement, the quantity of each construction item was computed for each road project. Then the construction cost was estimated.

Table 5.1-4 presents estimated quantities and construction cost of each road project.

TABLE 5.1-3 UNIT COST OF MAJOR CONSTRUCTION ITEMS

Unit: Pesos at April 1990 Prices

	onit: resos at		1990 111008
	Description		
100		sq.m.	2.10
102	Stripping	cu.m.	52.00
106	Roadway and Drainage Excavation	cu.m.	58.00
	Borrow	cu.m.	110.00
	Aggregate Subbase	cu.m.	225.00
	Preparation Of Previously Constructed Road (Gravel)	sq.m.	7.00
118-2	Preparation Of Previously Constructed Road (Asphalt)	sq.m.	00.8
118-3	Preparation of Existing Pavement Surface (PCC)	sq.m.	22.50
118-4	Preparation of Existing Pavement Surface (AC)	sq.m.	17.00
200	Crushed Aggregate Base Course	CH M	305.00
200 300	Crushed Aggregate Surface Course	cu.m.	
302	Bituminous Prime Coat	MT	
303	Bituminous Tact Coat	M.I.	-
306	Bituminous Macadam Pavement		95.00
310	Bituminous Concrete Surface Course		1,350.00
314	Double Bituminous Surface Treatment	eo m	45.00
316-1	PCC Pavement (t = 23cm)	eu m	45.00 320.00
316-2	PCC Pavement (t = 20cm)	sq.m.	280.00
316-3	PCC Pavement (t = 200m)	ad m	250.00
413-1	RCPC (Ø 910mm)	24 · m ·	250.00 1,550.00 2,900.00 625.00
	Headwal T for RCPC (Ø 910mm)	24.m.	2 900 00
		set	695.00
500 517	Grouted Riprap Side Ditch (Grouted Riprap)	n m	360.00
317			
Bridge Cos			
	2-lane Superstructure		43,500.00
	Abutment for 2-lane bridge	each	
	Pier for 2-lane bridge	each	
	1-lane Superstructure	m	32,000.00
	Abutment for 1-lane bridge	each	230,000.00
	Pier for 1-lane bridge	each	
Reinforced	Concrete Box Culvert		nn 200 00
	1-Cell RCBC	ın	20,600.00
	2-Cell RCBC	m	36,000.00
	Wing wall and Apron for 1-Cell RCBC	set	132,000.00
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Wing wall and Apron for 2-Cell RCBC		155,000.00
Spillway			
	2-lane Spillway	m	16,500.00
~~~~~~~~~	1-lane Spillway	m 	12,000.00
Slope Prote	ection Cost		
	Cut Slope Protection	M	23,000.00
	Embankment Slope Protection	m	25,000.00

TABLE 5.1 - 4 (1)
Quantity and Construction Cost

		Uniti	1-864 1-864	P92-1	P96-2	P109	100	40.14.	P7-3	P17-1	P93-2	B14-21	P17-2
Total Improv Propos	otal Road Length mprovement Length roposed Pavement Type	: X X	7.2 7.2 6.0-AC	14.5 14.5 6.0-AC	20.1 20.1 6.0-BMP	5.6 5.6 6.0-BMP.		13.5 13.5 6.0-BMP (	8.2 8.2 6.0-BMP 6	6.3 6.3	7.9 7.9 6.0-GRV	7.9 7.9 6.0-3MP	15.8 15.8 6.0-GRV
uant 00	ty Clearing & Grubbing	1 2 E		1	1 1 1 1 1	; ; ; ;	! ! ! ! ! ! !	1 1 1 1 1 1		† 1 1	; 	' 	
102	Excavation	00 E	5400	36356	122180	196	7148	142430	6150	. ii	82	317	749
104	Borrow		) }	)   	· ·	587		1	} 1	63	203	164	10
00	Aggregate Subbase	 60 H	20196	39361	33861	11047	15065	22165	16497	4158	200	12788	7165
	Freparation of Frev. Road (Asoh)	28	0///	2,	2. 0. 1	107	0	4 4 1	ņ	U U	74 I	, ,	127
	Preparation of Pave. Surf. (PCC)	1. 2. 2.	•	1	•	,	•	. 1	1	1	1	1	ŧ
. :	Preparation of Pave. Surf. (AC)	1 m2	1			Ť,			1	1			1
300 300	Crushed Aggregate Base Course 1 1 Crushed Aggr. Surface Course 1 1	0 82 8 E	9720	19575	19846	5729	7673	12777	8389 0	5670	6705	8082	14220
70	Bituminous Prime Coat	M.T.		104	140	40	R3	06	53	)		57	2
02	Bituminous Tack Coat	X.T.		ı	1	ı		ţ		•	•		1
	Bituminous Macadam Pavement	E = 1		1	116400	33600	45000	74940	49200	•		47400	t
4 Q	Double Bitum. Surface Treatment	. m2	D 1	) i	1 1	ا بوا	1 1	1 1	ιi	1 1	1 1	ı t	1 1
	PCC Pavement (t=23 cm)	т т т		1	ı	i	ł	•	•	1	ı	1	1
- 	PCC Pavement (t=20 cm)	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		1	ľ	1	1	1	t	1	١.	1	1
	PCC Pavement (t=18 cm)	. п.	1	1.3	4200	1 1		6060	i,		2700	1 1	1
2	HOFF (Ala. 910EE)	E (	73	435	0 -		225	405	240	195	4,	900	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
504	Headwall for ACFC (dia.910mm) Grouted Ribrap	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<b>-</b>	S 1	0 <b>4</b> 1	2.445	<u>ન</u> ! છ	7.2	Ω Ι	უ ~ ( )	Ω ∹ 1	۲-	2000 2000 2000 2000
	Side Ditch (Grouted Riprap)			7100	10200	, ,	.1	12500	1	1	2000	3200	2 2
	Slope Protection (Cut Slope)	£	1	ſ	•	1	ı	-	1	١			
	Slope Protection (Embank't S1)	: E	1	1		1	ı	ı	ı,	1	ł	i	50
	2-lane Bridge, Superstructure	E	42	1	45		32	99	16	22	. 40	80	100
	1-lane Bridge, Superstructure	E .	1	E		•	1		Ļ		•	1	1
	2-lane orioge, Abutment	TO SE	۱ ۵		ه ا	1 1	<b>4</b> ,	×0	731 <sub>1</sub>		. 1	.71	ا م
	2-lane Bridge, Pier	Each	1	1	i	1			1	1			2
	1-lane Bridge, Pier	Each	1	ı	į	1	ł	•	1	ι		· •	1
	2-lane Spillway	E	ĭ	í		1	,	1	1	ŧ	ı	1	ı
	1-lane Spillway	E	1	I	1	•		,	1	·	i	•	1
	1-cell RCBC .	E	1	1	1		1	ı	ı	•	1.	ı	ı
	2-cell RCBC	E	1	i	ლ ლ	1	ı	ŧ	ŧ	i	1	ı	ı
	for 1-cell HCBC	200	i i	1		1	1	ı	ı	•	ı		I
	IOI Z-CEII ACDO	200-	, -	, -	, C	, -		;		, -	1 .	1	ť
1	3 1 0 1 1		: : : :	4             	1	- I	-	- I	-t \	- i - i - i - i - i - i		ا ہے ا ا ا ا	
Road (	Construction Cost	Σ.Σ.	17.30	38.61	44.16	13.47	13.07	38.23	14.26	7.57	8.28	19.26	25.18
TO T	1 Construction Cost		. 7	ی د	10	•	, 0	, r	* 1	٠, ‹‹	, c	1.	 
Road (	Impr.t	, p	1 7	2 . 6	2 2	7	) r	2 2		٠,	10	. 4	,
	Construction Cost/Total km		Ġ.	2.66	ı'n		-	. "?	. c.	10.1	7	·!	; 0
1		1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	;           		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	!!!!!!!

TABLE 5.1 - 4 (2)
Quantity and Construction Cost

 		TUBIT!	P121	P93-1	N5-4	F134	P86-1	P91-1	.P86~2	P92-2	N52	P103	P126-2
Total Improv Propos	otal Road Length mprovement Length roposed Pavement Type	e e	9.7 9.7 6.0-GRV 6	5.0 5.0 0-GRV	15.0 15.0 6.0-GRV	7.2 7.2 6.0-GRV	4.7 4.7 6.0-AC	5.0 5.0 6.0-AC	7.3 7.3 6.0-AC (	7.4 7.4 6.0-AC	16.3 16.3 6.0-BMP	24.0 24.0 6.0-BMP	5.3 5.3 6.0-BMP
uanti 00	ty Clearing & Grubbing	m2		\$ 					] [ ] ] ]	1	,		
	Stripping Roadway & Drainage Excavation	 E	1 0	44	10	1 60	8413	7809	9996	. 27442	252	140250	17514
104	Borrow	E	276	86	24	135	. 1	1	1		321	1	
	Aggregate Subbase Preparation of Prev. Road (Grv1) 1	 დ ი	6402	2311	7932	4352	13183	13385	21377	18478	26990	33076	8446
	Preparation of Prev. Road (Asph)	1 m2	) (	4 I	) I	3 i	)   • •	1	- I	) )	) I	1	1
	Preparation of Pave.Surf. (PCC)		1 1	1 I		1 1		1 1		t I	1 1	1 1	1 1
0	Crushed Aggregate Base Course	1 m3 1			•	J	6345	6750	9855	0666	16675	24143	5422
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200	Bitum. Concrete Surface Course	X.T.	ı	ı	1	,	3102	3300	4818	4884	1	ŀ	ı
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00	RCPC (dia.910mm)	 E	285	150	450	0	135	150	225	225	615	(~	165
	Headwall for RCPC (dia.910mm)	Set		<b></b> 1	ŝ	$\sim$	σ.	10		15		48	
50 4	Grouted Riprap	 E	1 1	1 4	1 1	1 3	ı	1	1	1	3260	1	
	Slobe Protection (Cut Slobe)	e e	00.00	0017	2550	3600	, 1	1 )	, ,	007.7	. 1	10800	005
	Slope Protection (Embank't Sl)	·	•	1	1	1	1	ı	. 1	ı	ì	1	1
	2-lane Bridge, Superstructure	 E	43	20	51	ı	1	1	20	1	118	89	ı
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	2-cell RCBC	۰۰ ج	•	1	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1
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TABLE 5.1 - 4 (3)
Quantity and Construction Cost

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Preparation of Prev. Road (Asph.)   m3   8751   8246   15450   1500   2247   15450   1500   1200	0::144:13	   66			 	; ; ; ; ; ;	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	; i 1 1 i i i i	 	 	 	 	
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Preparation of Paves Surf (PCC) m2  Preparation of Paves Surf (PCC) m2  Crushed Aggregate Base Course   m3  Crushed Aggregate Base Course   m3  S729  Bituminous Prime Course   m3  Bituminous Prime Course   m3  Bituminous Prime Course   m3  Bituminous Prime Course   m7  Cross    Preparation of Prev.Road(Grvl); Preparation of Prev.Road(Asph);	20 6	2617	896 -	865 1	7065	696 -	092	056	342 55	43	21	8 1	
Crushed Aggregate Base Course   m3   5729	Preparation of Pave Surf. (PCC):	12		1	ŧ		1.	1	1	). I	ł	•	1
### Crushed Aggr. Surface Course   M.T.   40   9090   6390   38700   8880   1440   657   881   8	Preparation of Pave.Surf.(	22	1 6	1	1 :	1	1	1	ţ !	1	1	•	:
### Bituminous Prime Coat ### Bituminous Prime Coat ### Bituminous Fack Coat ### Bituminous Accadam Pavement   m.T.   3360 ### Bituminous Macadam Pavement   m.T.   360 ### Bituminous Macadam Pavement   m.T.   360 ### Bituminous Face Crusted   m.T.   360 #### Bituminous Face Crusted   m.T.   360 #### Bituminous Face Crusted   m.T.   360 ####################################	or Crushed Aggr. Surface Cour	2 22	7 10	60	39	87	82	၊ ဆ	۱ V	57	6129	7470	11790
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PCC Pavement (t=20 cm)   m2   2400   1800   260	11-1 PCC Pavement (t=23 cm)	1 m2		ı	ŀ	1	1	1	ſ	1	1	•	ı
PCC Pavement (t=18, cm)   m2   2400   -   60	11-2 PCC Pavement (t=20 cm)	m2.	1	i	1	,	Į	1	i	0	,		•
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Side Ditch (Grouted Riprap)   m   5200   1950   8750	04 Grouted Riprap	. Eff	!	ro.	1	22	i	1		1	1	•	
Slope Protection (Cut Slope)   m   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	Side Ditch (Grouted Riprap)	£	520	1	95	75	1	1	1	20	950	t	4600
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re Construction Cost	Construction Cost	2.2	14	6.62	7.56		O I	4.23	00	6.66	5.87	w C	14.25
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Construction Cost/Impr't km   M.p.; 2.42 .66 1:02 .91 .47 .68 .67 .8	Construction Cost/Impr't km	Ω	4	9	0	S	4	9		$\infty$	છ	φ	0
Construction Cost/Total Km   M.p.   2.42 .74 1.02 .94 .51 .86 .67 .8	Total Construction Cost/Total km	Ω	4	<u>.</u>	0		٠. د	.86			∞	9	0

TABLE 5.1 - 4 (4)
Quantity and Construction Cost

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l Road Length ovement Length osed Pavement Type	 		I ∞ ∞ >		2007	. 9 . 8 . 8	10.3 10.3 6.0-GRV	7.7 WW	: · · ¤:	3.9 3.9 6.0-GRV		4.3 4.3 6.0-GRV
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Stripping	က္က ကို	1 1	1 3	1 1	1.	1		1	1	1	1	1
02 Roadway & Drainage Excavation	<u>د</u>	G :	က (၃)	S	က က	ထ	833	23	83	97	9	iù ù
104 Borrow	က္က ကြ	2680	—;   ₹7° .	1707	1469	3420	13947	3109	1459	1761	4.7	875
oo Aggregate Subbase	E		4	250	171	970	581	34	94	257	23	277
Preparation of Prev. Road (Grv)	E 6	20	094	24	ij	8	64	20	86	00	069	45
Preparation of Prev. Road (Asph.	 2	1	ı	1	1	i	ı	t,	•	1	ı	•
preparation of Pave Surf. (FCC)	2 °	ı	ŀ	ì	ı	ı	1	ì	•	ı	ı	1
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or Course Aggregate base Course	2 C	•	;	1	١,	t ș	4	•	1	١,	1	
o crushed Aggr. surface Course	2 6	6462	14751	3420	2340	14130	9270	9630	2799	3510	13698	3303
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1-2 PCC Pavement (tm20 cm)	1 °	C		1	ı <b>F</b>	. 1				: I	וְ וּ	
1-3 PCC Pavement (t=18 cm)	1 E	2520	ú	ì	ì	C		1	540	ı	00	00
O RCPC (dia.910mm)	E	2	20		7.5	j 4	375		ď	120	λ α	) (°
Headwall for RCPC (dia.910mm)	Set		36	, co	n.	0 K	255	, 6,	e T	9 60	) (F)	
504 Grouted Riprap	 m3	1			r	1	l RS	t + 1	΄ ι	1	1	· •
Side Ditch (Grouted Riprap)	 E	1950	7300	400	1	6700	95	3000	300	300	6600	2050
Slope Protection (Cut Slope)	۔۔ د	ល	£	1	1	f	- 1	ŧ	1	1		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Slope Protection (Embank't Sl.)	 E	1	1	1	,	i		ı	ı	1	ı	1
2-lane Bridge, Superstructure	E	i	ı	1	20	43	22	15	t	1	1	•
1-lane Bridge, Superstructure	E (		1	١	i	ı	1	ı	ŧ	ı	t	•
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WINEWALL TOP 2-COLL RCEC	n o	1				1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	•
Miscellaneous	1.8.1		1	1	i					н		н
Road Construction Cost	Ω,	9.04	27.98	2.90	1.79	18.52	10.05	10.22	2.61	3.01	19.74	7.77
Widge Construction Cost	Ω. Σ	ů	۲.	٥.	4.	4.2	2.7	1.4	0	0	•	0
	Ω. Σ	4.		Q,	3	۲.	۲.	1.6	Ω	0		٣.
Road Construction Cost/Impr't Km	Ω, Σ		3.5		9	1.1	o,	ę,	ω,		.2	1.81
		c	ď	١	•	•	•	٩	(	ı		

TABLE 5.1 - 4 (5)
Quantity and Construction Cost

8.77  8.77			Unit	10	1 1	i ro	l W	i 4.	P74			P14	1.1	P10-2
Stripping Acrobing   National Processing	Total Improv Propos	ad Length ent Length Pavement Typ	1 X X	2.5 2.5 0-GRV	8. 0-0.	2.7 2.7 .0-GRV	, w e g	2.8 2.8 .0-GRV	3.3 -AC	4.8 4.8 0-GRV	6.4 4.8 0-GRV	7.6 3.8 .0-BMP	.0-GR	.0-03
Aggregate Subsase Aggregate Su	Quanti 100	ty Clearing &	000   E E	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		; 	! ! ! ! ! !		! ! !   1   1	; ; ; ; ; ;	 		1	1
### Agrecation of Prev. Read(Gry1) m2 1560 5582 870 1756 1407 9450 25800 25010 1505 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	,	Sullyking Roadway: & Drainage Excavation Borrow		157	296 242	. S. ±	31 43	23 1	1 44 1	117	185	0	391	155.
Preparation of Prevs Surf (CCC) m2 Preparation Surface Course m3 Preparation Surface Surface Course m3 Preparation Surface Sur		Aggregate Subbase Preparation of Prev. Road (Grv1)		2 H C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	25 S	2 2 2	134	000	0.4	061	1000	S S	241	100 6
Preparation of Fave-Nutricol   m2   m3   m4   m4   m4   m4   m4   m4   m4		Preparation of Prev. Road (ASPh)		1	) ) ·	3 1	} I	١.	) I	1 (	4 I	200	1	>
Crushed Aggregate Dasse Course   m3		Frebaration of Fave.Surf. (PCC) Preparation of Pave.Surf. (AC)		ł i	1 1		1 1	t (		ı j	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Bituminous Prime Coat   N.T.	202.	8		1 5	13	•	1 0	1 6	80.	Ç	1 6	a)	1 0	(
### Bituminous Macadem Parement   M.T.   1981   1986   198		Clushed Aggl. Sailace Course Bituminous Prime Coat	×	4 1 4	4 1	₹'	0 !	n t	+4	?	1 1	27	ا ت <sup>ا</sup>	>
### Bitum.concrete Subscriptions Macadam Pawcadam Pawcant (1=20 cm)  #### Bitum.concrete Subscription   m2		Bituminous Tack Coat	M.T	ţ	1	ı	ı	ı		1	. 1		ı	
Proceedings   Procedure   Pr		Bituminous Macadam Pavement	- E	ı	١.	! .	i	ι	1 0	1		23	ŧ	1
PCC Pavament (1=2.2 cm)		bitum.Concrete Surface Course Double Bitum.Surface Treatment			1 1	. 1	1 1	ı i	i ox		1 1	; )	1 1	1 I
PCCC Pavement (1=20 cm)   m2   90   500   150		PCC Pavement (t=23 cm)	m2	•	)	1	ı	ι	,	ı	1	1	١	ı
State Construction Cost   September   Se		PCC Pavement (t=20 cm)	- m2	1	1	ı	ì	Ļ	•	ı	ı		•	1
Headwall for NGPC (dia.910mm) Set		PCC Pavement (t=18 cm)	1. m.2.	00	Ou	ı	1 0			) u		1 6	U   U	1 C
Grouted Riprap and Sigle Different (Cut Sigle) m		Headwall for RCPC (dia.910mm)	Set		ე	, ,	э to			· -		-1 > ∞	? ∺ ? *	201
Side Ditch (Grouted Riprap)   m	0.4	Grouted Riprap	 EE		1	' ,		' ι				,	: 1	1
Stope Protection (Cut Stope)   m   2-lane Bridge, Superstructure   m   2-lane Bridge, Superstructure   m   2-lane Bridge, Superstructure   m   2-lane Bridge, Abutment   Each   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2		Side Ditch (Grouted Riprap)	6	1	0	0	i	1	•	1.	l	1	Ľζ	ı
Second Englige Superstructure		Slope Protection (Cut Slope)	E 1	ı	ì		1	t	1	ļ	ŀ	1	1	1
-   ane Bridge, Superstructure   m		Siepe Freiedtion (Embank t Si) 2-lane Bridge Superstructure	E E		) ;	j i	1 1				1 2	1 L	1 6	1 1
2-lane Bridge, Abutment Each		1-lane Bridge, Superstructure	 E &		1	ı	. 1		ı	,	, i	- I	)  -	. 1
1-lane Bridge, Abutment   Each		2-lane Bridge, Abutment	Each	ı	1	J	1	t	1	1.	<b>7</b>	2		1
2-lane Bridge, Pier Each 2-lane Bridge, Pier Each 2-lane Spillway		1-lane Bridge, Abutment	Each!	J	1	•	,	ι	ı	1.	1	1	t	ı
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1-cell RCBC  2-cell RCBC    m		1-lane Spillway	E	,	1	ï	, I	l	ı	1	ı	1		ı
2-cell RCBC   Set	-	1-cell RCBC	E	r	1	ı	1	ŧ	'n	ı	ľ		1	
Wingwall for 1-cell RCBC   Set			== ==	ı	1	1	ı	ŧ	1	ı	1		•	1.
Miscellaneous		for 1-cell RCB	Set	ì	i	1	•	ŧ	1	1	1	<del>.</del> .	ı	ı
Construction Cost   M.p.   3.76 7.28 2.24 1.99 1.65 4.83 2.95 3.00 6.27 4.17 1.9   3.76 7.28 2.24   3.90 1.65 4.83 2.95 3.00 6.27 4.17 1.9   3.76 7.28 2.24 1.99 1.65 4.83 2.95 6.19 12.25 6.74 1.99   3.76 7.28 2.24 1.99 1.65 4.83 2.95 6.19 12.25 6.74 1.99   3.76 7.28 2.24 1.99 1.65 4.83 2.95 6.19 12.25 6.74 1.99   3.76 7.28 2.24 1.99 1.65 4.83 2.95 6.19 12.25 6.74 1.99   3.76 7.28 2.24 1.99 1.65 3.90 1.6		ior z-cell NCB neous	Set 1.s.	. <del>-</del>	, rd 1	, <sup>7</sup>		, r-1	, <del>, ,</del>	ı	ı	r•t I	) "	1
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TABLE 5.1 - 4 (6) Quantity and Construction Cost

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Total Construction Cost/Impr t Km Total Construction Cost/Total Km	വം വ	3 OC			O IL		2 00	1.10	2 C	
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# 5.1.3 Summary of Preliminary Design

Results of preliminary design were summarized in Tables 5.1-5 and 5.1-6 for major and minor roads, respectively.

TABLE 5.1~5 SUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY DESIGN:

Province of Davao del Norte

- Major Roads -

		Type of Improv		
	Rehabilitation/ Improvement - 1	1mprovement-2/	New Construction	Total
Primary Major Roads				
1. No. of Links	-	_ `	<u> </u>	_
2. Total Length (km)	••	-		
3. Improvement Length (km)	-	-	-	••
4. Construction Cost (million P)	-	-	-	-
5. Const. Cost/Imp. Length (MP/km)	<u>-</u>	-	_	-
Secondary Major Roads			•	
1. No. of Links	15	9		24
2. Total Length (km)	151.4	86.5	<b>-</b>	237.9
3. Improvement Length (km)	151.4	86.1	-	237.5
4. Construction Cost (million P)	325.2	192.3	-	517.5
5. Const. Cost/Imp. Length (MP/km)	2.15	2.23	••	2.18
Major Roads Total				
1. No. of Links	15	9		24
2. Total Length (km)	151.4	86.5	-	237.9
3. Improvement Length (km)	151.4	86.1		237.5
4. Construction Cost (million P)	325.2	192.3	-	517.5
5. Const. Cost/Imp. Length (MP/km)	2.15	2.23		2.18

TABLE 5.1-6 SUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY DESIGN
Province of Davao del Norte
- Minor Roads -

		Improvement	
	Rehabilitation/ Improvement-182/ Widening	New Construction	Total
Minor Roads (National/ Provincial/City)			~ <b>~ ~ ~ ~</b> ~
<ol> <li>No. of Links</li> <li>Total Length (km)</li> <li>Improvement Length (km)</li> </ol>	32 263.5 256.9	 	32 263.5 256.9
<ul><li>4. Construction Cost    (million P)</li><li>5. Const. Cost/Imp. Length    (MP/km)</li></ul>	282.5	-	282.5
Minor Roads (Barangay)			
<ol> <li>No. of Links</li> <li>Total Length (km)</li> <li>Improvement Length (km)</li> <li>Construction Cost (million P)</li> <li>Const. Cost/Imp. Length (MP/km)</li> </ol>	6 65.8 65.8 48.8	2 31.6 31.6 22.1 0.70	8 97.4 97.4 70.9
Minor Roads Total			
<ol> <li>No. of Links</li> <li>Total Length (km)</li> <li>Improvement Length (km)</li> <li>Construction Cost (million</li> <li>Const. Cost/Imp. Length (km)</li> </ol>	MP/km) 1.03	31.6 22.1 0.70	354.3 353.4 1.00

#### 5.2 ECONOMIC EVALUATION

#### 5.2.1 Basic Assumptions

The commonly used cost-benefit analysis was applied under the following basic assumptions:

i) Analysis Period

- ii) Discount Rate: 15% pa
- iii) Quantified Cost

Initial construction/improvement costs Periodic maintenance costs

iv) Quantified Benefit

Traffic benefit
Development benefit (only for development projects)
Maintenance cost savings

The periodic maintenance costs, or rehabilitation costs, such as overlay, reconstruction and regravelling which will be needed after completion of the project to prolong the pavement life, were treated as project costs in this study, while the difference between routine maintenance costs and total maintenance costs in the "w/o" case was taken into account as a project benefit. In the case where the routine maintenance costs are higher than the "w/o" maintenance costs, the difference is considered as a negative benefit.

#### 5.2.2 Economic Costs

1) Initial Construction/Improvement Costs

The construction costs discussed in Section 5.2.1 are the financial costs and do not include the costs for detailed design and construction supervision. In the cost-benefit analysis, the following economic cost was used:

Construction Cost	100%
-Tax	-15%
+Detailed Design Cost	4%
+Construction Supervision C	ost 6%
Total Economic Cost	95%

In the cost-benefit stream, 4% for detailed design cost was assumed to be spent in 1991 and the remaining 91% in 1992.

# 2) Periodic Maintenance Costs

Periodic maintenance, or rehabilitation, will be necessary when the riding quality of a pavement decreases to a certain minimum level of acceptability. Table 5.2-1 shows the periodic maintenance assumed in this Study.

TABLE 5.2-1 PERIODIC MAINTENANCE COST ASSUMED IN THE ANALYSIS

	Periodic Maintenance Work	•	Cost (millionP/k	Economic Cost (m)
Gravel	10cm Regravelling	When thickness of gravel is reduced by 10cm, assuming 1.5cm	4.0 m Gravel: P 0.210 6.0 m	M 85% of Cost
ВМР	5.5cm BMP Overlay	When pavement serviceability decreases to 2.0, assuming 85,000 ESAL or 350,000 vehicle repetitions (4-10 years)	P 0.830	M 85% of Cost
AC	5 cm AC Overlay	When pavement service ability decreases to 2.0, assuming 800,000 ESAL or 2,300,000 vehrepetitions (8-20 years)	P 1.170	M 85% of Cost
PCC	5 cm AC Overlay	When pavement service ability decreases to 2.0, assuming 2,000,000 ESAL or 5,700,000 vehicle repetitions (10-25 years)	P 1.200	Cost

Note: 1) As of April 1990

## 5.2.3 Benefits

## 1) Traffic Benefits

## a) Traffic Cost

#### Basic Traffic Costs

The basic traffic costs were provided by PMO-FS, as shown in Table 5.2-2.

TABLE 5.2-2 BASIC TRAFFIC COSTS EXCLUDING TAX
(AS OF DECEMBER 1989)

- A 14 N 20 10 10 10 10 10 10	Running Cost (P/km)	Fixed Cost (P/hour)	Time Cost (P/hour)
Car/Van	1.75	6.30	17.70
Jeepney	1.12	23.76	26.40
Bus	2.81	35.64	95.04
Truck	3.48	38.88	0
Motor-			
tricycle	0.36	8.76	4.98
Motorcycle	0.31	0.72	8.34

## Actual Traffic Costs

The actual traffic costs were estimated according to the dl-system concerning running costs and the dt-system with regard to fixed and time costs. The dl-values and operating speed for different surface conditions are shown in Tables 5.2-3 and 5.2-4, respectively.

TABLE 5.2-3 DL-VALUES IN KM PER ACTUAL KM

Surface Surface	Гуре РСС/АС	BMP/DBST	Gravel	Earlh
Condition	* = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			
Good	()	0.14	0.29	_
Fair	0.17	0.38	0.60	-
Bad	0.43	0.65	0.87	1.20
Very Bad	0.89	1.04	1.20	1.56
Impassable	1.73	1.73	1.73	1.73

## TABLE 5.2-4 OPERATING SPEED IN KM/HOUR

Surface Ty	ре											
Surface	PO	CC//	١C	BMI	3/DI	3ST	(	Grav	ze l	ŀ	lar :	lh
Condition	OA	TR	MC	OA	TR	MC	ΟV	TR	MC	ΟV	TR	MC
Good	65	40	60	63	38	55	60	35	50			_
Fair	55	35	50	53	33	45	50	30	40	•		-
Bad	30	20	20	30	20	20	30	20	20	20	10	10
Very Bad	20	10	10	20	10	10	20	10	10	10	5	5
lmpassable	1.0	5	5	10	5	5	10	5	5	10	5	5

Note: OV = Car/Jeepney/Bus/Truck

TR = Motor-tricycle MC = Motorcycle

## Traffic Costs of Other Transport Modes

In addition to the land-based motorized vehicles, the traffic costs of other modes were estimated as shown in Table 5.2-5.

TABLE 5.2-5 TRAFFIC COST OF OTHER MODES (COMMON TO ALL SURFACE TYPES AND CONDITIONS)

Mode	Traffic Cost in P/Km
Animal Drawn	4.0
Walking (head loading)	1.2
Banca Boat	2.25

## b) Traffic Benefits in Traffic Projects

Traffic on the project roads wwas broken down into four categories: normal traffic, diverted traffic-1, diverted traffic-2 and generated traffic.

The traffic benefits were estimated as follows:

i ) Normal Difference in traffic costs Traffic between "w/o" "with" and The change in traffic cases. results not only from costs the improvement of surface type and condition but also from consequent change modal distribution.

- between traffic costs : Difference Diverted ii) along the "w/o" route and those Traffic-1 the "with" route. Where along diverted traffic passes through two or more project roads, benefits were allocated to road in proportion to length.

Traffic costs were calculated assuming the following surface conditions:

"W/O" Case: Present surface condition is maintained.
"With" Case: Gravel/BMP are maintained in a fair condition.

AC/PCC are maintained in a good condition

c) Traffic Benefits in Development Projects

No diverted traffic is expected in most development projects. The benefits from normal traffic generated traffic were estimated in the same way as used for the traffic projects paying attention to the following:

- The travel distance considered in the benefit i) calculation is the distrance from the average gravity point of transport (gravity ofpopulation for passenger traffic and nongravity agricultural traffic and o f agricultural production for agricultural traffic) to the connecting point with a higher road.
- ii) The benefit from generated agricultural traffic is not considered as a traffic benefit because it is included in the development benefit. Therefore, the generated traffic benefits are only from passenger traffic and non-agricultural traffic.

#### 2) Development Benefits

Development benefits were assessed using the producer surplus approach, under the hypothesis that substantial road improvement which removes constraints on development will permit and encourage farmers to adopt modern agricultural techniques and inputs. The development benefit consists of the difference in the

net value of total production (farmgate value less production costs) between the "w/o" and "with" cases. Changes in the volume and value of agricultural production will be achieved by one or more of the following:

- i) Increase in cultivated area
- ii) Increase in yield
- iii) Increase in intensity of land use through increasing the number of harvest or intercropping
   iv) Changes in the type of crop

Using the data obtained from the socio-economic survey, development benefits were calculated from the following equation:

Benefit = PRODw(FGPw-CPw)-(FGPw-CPw/o)

where, PRODw = Production in metric tons, with PRODw/o= Production in metric tons, w/o

FGPw = Farmgate price in pesos per metric ton,

CPw = Production cost in pesos per metric ton, with

CPw/o = Production cost in pesos per metric ton, w/o

The increase in farmgate price resulting from reduction in traffic cost is not included in the development benefits, because it is considered a part of the traffic benefits.

Table 5.2-6 presents the summary of demographic and agricultural data.

TABLE 5.2 - 6 (1)
Summary of Demographic and Agricultural Data

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#### 3) Maintenance Cost Savings

The difference in maintenance costs between the "w/o" and "with" cases is considered one of the benefits. Maintenance costs in the "w/o" case were estimated based on the current EMK system, while maintenance costs in the "with" case were estimated as shown in b) below. It is noted that periodic maintenance cost in the "with" case is not included in the calculation of maintenance cost savings, because it is treated as a part of project costs.

In the case where the routine maintenance costs in the "with" case are higher than the maintenance costs in the "w/o" case (especially in the case of new construction, the maintenance cost in the "w/o" case in zero), the difference is considered as a negative benefit).

## a) Maintenance Cost in "w/o" Case

According to the current EMK system, the annual maintenance cost per km was estimated as basic maintenance cost of P17,143.00/km times the EMK factor as shown in Table 5.2-7.

TABLE 5.2-7
EMK FACTOR FOR DIFFERENT SURFACING AND AADT

, AAD	T !								
Surface Type	} }	25	50	75	100	150	200	300	400
Earth			0.50	-	1			1	1
Gravel	10.40	1 0.60	1 0.90	1.4	0 1 1.9	0   2.2	0 ; 2.	40 ; 2.	50   2.60
AAD		400					2000		10000
AAD Surface Type		400	600 1	000	1500	2000	3000	5000	10000
Surface		400			1500		~ <del></del>	5000	10000

#### b) Routine Maintenance Costs in "with" Case

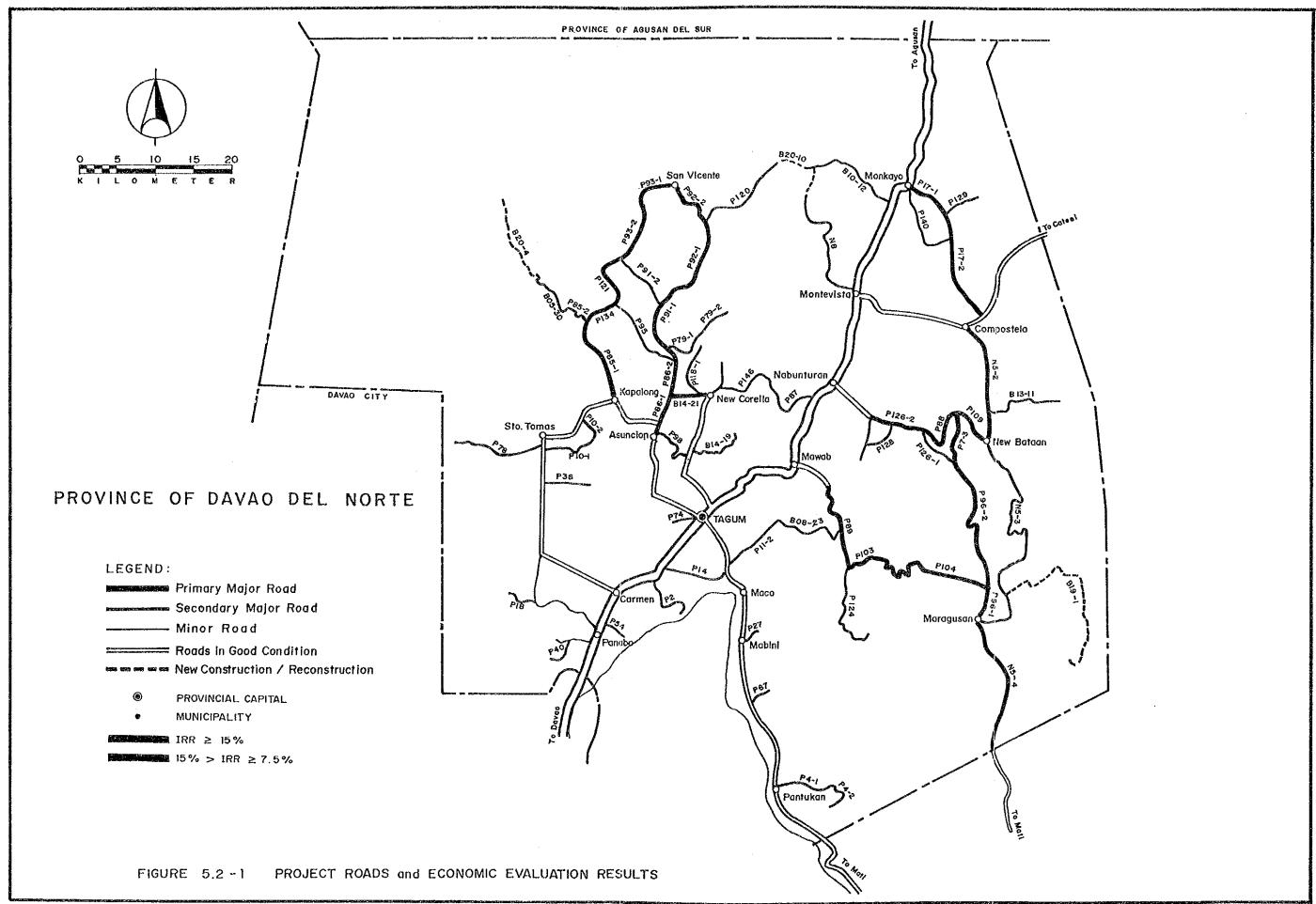
The costs deemed necessary to maintain the improved roads in a fair condition were estimated as shown in Table 5.2-8.

# TABLE 5.2-8 ESTIMATED ROUTINE MAINTENANCE COSTS

Surface Type	Operation	Annual Cost (peso/km)
Gravel	Vegetation Control	1,150 4.0 m Gravel: 2,650 + 40 AADT 6.0 m Gravel: 3,000 + 45 AADT
	Total	4.0 m Gravel: 3,800 + 45 AADT 6.0 m Gravel: 4.150 + 45 AADT
вмР	Vegetation Control Ditch Cleaning Shoulder Repair Patching Regravelling Shoulder	1,150 1,100 2,150 8,000 + 7.5 AADT 8,600
	Total	21,000 + 7.5 AADT
AC	Vegetation Control Ditch Cleaning Shoulder Repair Crack and Joint Sealing Regravelling Shoulder	1,150 1,100 2,150 9,300 8,600
	Total	20,400
PCC	Vegetation Control Ditch Cleaning Shoulder Repair Crack and Joint Sealing Regravelling Shoulder	1,150 1,100 2,150 5,600 8,600
	Total	18,600

# 5.2.4 Economic Evaluation

Results of economic evaluation are summarized in Table 5.2-9 and illustrated in Figure 5.2-1. Results of economic evaluation of each project road is presented in Table 5.2-10.



Road Length and Construction Cost TABLE 5.2 - 9 (1)

TABLE 5.2	ABLE 5.2 - 9 (1)	4 3 4	1 	, (		( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	i	6 6 7											
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Primary Major	15< 10-15 7.5-10		\ }	F, 1 1 F	 	; ! !	1 1 1 1           1	i i	1 1 1	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	 	1 1 1 1 3	 	 	; ; ; [	i : :	 	
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Second'y Major		១០១១ 	1 4 6 6 6 1	221.7	123. 32. 64.	1 • • •	60 60 440 82	1 1 4 4 1 4.	1 4 H O	i • • • •	9 00 1	144 4	140 6	! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	; ! ! 1 1 1 1 !	} 
:	Total	1 KO	151	151.4	275.7	1 6 1 13 1 13	l r	   (5)   	1 •	6		9	2	! ! ! !	·  -        - 	i ! ! 1 !	i ' ! ! !	[ ] 	1 [ ] [ ]
ro ro	154 10-15 7.5-10 7.5-10	1 1 0 4 6 0 1	1 8 8 2 7 1	36.2 24.2 75.7	832.7 822.7	6 48	68.7 35.1 36.8	i i	16.8	14.3	13.4	11.7		1                 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	; i i i i i i i i i	)   
	Total	~	216.6	216.	216.0	   00   •		01			1 .	11.7	50.6	     	] 	; ! ! ;	; ; ; ;	1 1 1 t	† 
Minor (Baran-	184 10415 7.5410 7.5410	01101		1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 12.0		12.4	j   1               							24.2	24.2	16.2	, o	17.0
1 1 1 1	Total	- 1	65	ا ري ا	4		48.8	; ! ! !	1	1 ´	ı	1	1	72		31.6	21.2	ο,	22.1
Total	15<7.5-10	1	124 91 46 171	124. 91. 46. 171.		ī	1 + + + + +	0488	41.2 51.6 19.7 20.9	40.0 51.6 14.3 20.5	73.9 106.0 13.4	2411	78.0 120.2 25.2 19.5		24.2.	24.2		, o	17.0
	Total	E #	433	433.8	535.5	70.4	605.9	61	133.4	126.4	211.6	31.3	242.9	2	31.6	31.6	21.2	6	22.1

TABLE 5.2 - 9 (2)

DAVAO DEL NORTE	
Construction Cost	
and	
Length	
Road	

	Ç 4				tal	1	 
Road	IRR IRR		Total	Improv Length	Road	Bridge Cost	Total
Primary	15<			1111	1	, 1 1 1	, , , ,
• • • •	Total	1	; f   f	1 	l 1 Ł	     1 	: ; :
Second vy	154 10-18 7.5-10 7.5-10	ပြတ္ကေလ	1 4 1 40 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1	1 4000 1 0000 1 0000 1 1 0000 1 1 0000 1 1 0000	229.2	1 8 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	Total	ব	37.9	 	448.	69.1	17.
Minor (Nat'1/ Prov'1)	15< 10-15 7.5-10	1 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	97.03	96.1 36.2 86.1	7.020 0404	1 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	00000
	Total	I N	63.5	256.9	4	1	1 (2)
Minor (Baran- gay)	15< 10-15 7.5-10 <7.5	i ω ⊶ 1 4.	22.4	1 2 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	9 9151	1 1 4	12.17.
	Total	1 ∞0	97.4	97.4	8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5.8	70.
Total	125< 156- 7.56-	1 2 4 6 1	165.8 166.9 166.9 66.0	164.6	207.4 280.0 78.2 202.7	1 8 4 4 6	219.2 312.4 104.3
. <b></b>	t a ]	14		91.	8 1 8	2.6	70.
		1	ŀ	111111		11111	

TABLE 5.2 - 10 (1)

Summary of Economic Andlysis

DAVAO DEL NORTE

Cost/Benefit:1991-2017 Discounted Total

1993 AADT   Length (km)   Economic Cost (Mp/km)   Ec	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. 1		1111111	111111	1111	111111		111111	11111	1
10   10   11   11   11   12   12   13   14   14   14   14   14   14   14	6 1 1 7 cc cg	5 1	က l	ADT :	 	- i	Economi		(Mp/km)		Ä	enefit	(Mp/km		1	Econom	.Indic	ator
562         7.2         7.2 (6.0-AC)         2.48         14         2.62         5.35        39        10         5.84         2.5         5.35        39        10         5.86         14.5         14.5 (6.0-AC)         2.21         .08         2.29         3.03        13        10         3.26         14.5         5.60        10         3.26         14.5         1.28        10         3.26         14.5         1.28        10         3.26         14.5         1.28        10         3.26         1.4         2.56         1.81        07        07         1.95         1.2        07         1.95         1.2        07         1.95         1.2        07         1.95         1.2        07        07         1.95         1.2        07         1.95         1.2        07         1.95         1.2        07         1.95         1.2         1.2        07         1.95         1.2         <	์ อ	3	0/	t t	Total	Improvement	تر ديد ا	Period! Maint.	ota	Normal	Diver- ted	(0) (2)	(0) +	ı c: -	0 '	NPV (Mp)	B/C	188 (%)
14.5   14.5	1-96	1	(n)	ı o	7.2	(6.0-A	2	.14	9	(n)	 	000	1 1	01.	. ∞	i က	2.2	
95 224   20.11	P92-1		-	S	4.	4.5(6.0-A	2	. 08	2	٥.	ı	13		101.	3	4	1.4	21.4
95         396         5.6         6.0.DMP)         2.00         67         2.26         1.81        07        07         2.48         -1.           72         285         7.5         7.8(6.0-BMP)         1.78         48         2.26         1.81        07        07        07        07        26        26        26         1.28        07        07         1.51        3        26        27        28         1.10        07         1.51        3        17        26        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        13        26        26        13        26        26        26        26<			O	$^{\circ}$	٠	0.1(6.0-B	2.	. 37	7	Ó	ı	25	,	.07	3	4	O	13.9
72 285   7.5 7.5(6.0-BMP)  1.78	PI09		Ç	¢		.6(6.0-B	2.	. 67	9	ω,	ı	.12	1	.07	4.	-	ρ	13.8
72 285   13.5   6.0-BMP)   2.75	P89		<u>~</u>	8	٠	.5(6.0-B		.48	2	∞.	1	.07	ı	.07	o,	2	O	12.9
05 224   8.2 8.2(6.0-BMP)  1.60 37   1.97   1.28	P104		£~	$\infty$	•	.5(6.0-B	.2	48	જ	ល	ı	01.	,	.07	9	<b>(~</b>	œ	12.5
78 188 6.3 6.3(6.0-GRV)	P7-3		0	S		.2(6.0-B		.37	တ	۲,	J	.16	ı	.07	ιŊ	'n	∞.	11.3
09 121   7.9   7.9 (6.0-GRV)   1.18   .27   1.45   .89   .05   .07   1.01   .3.   .3   .3   .3   .3   .3   .3	1		<u>r-</u> -	8	•	3.(6.0-G	8.	35	7	. 79	ı	.02	•	.12	.92		∞.	0.8
79 223   7.9 7.9(6.0-BMP)   2.60 .22   2.83   1.55	P93-2		0	$^{\circ}$	٠	.9(6.0-G	1.1	. 27	4.	.89	ı	0.5	1	. 07	۰.		. 7	9
178   188   15.8   15.8   16.0 - GRV   1.72   .35   2.08   1.10   .03   .04   .10   .78   -6.   1.09   121   9.7   9.7   6.0 - GRV   1.20   .27   1.46   .65   .04   .10   .78   -6.   .99   1.22   .10   .78   -6.   .99   121   5.0   5.0   6.0 - GRV   1.29   .27   1.49   .65   .04   .07   .09   .77   .23   .20   .25   .27   1.50   .38   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25   .27   .25	1 .		<b>!~</b>	2		.9(6.0-B	2.6	.22	∞	ĸ	1	.24	'n	.02	φ,		φ.	8.4
09 121   9.7   9.7(6.0-GRV)   1.20   .27   1.46   .65   .04   .09   .77   -3.   88 17   15.0   5.0(6.0-GRV)   1.22   .27   1.49   .05   .04   .09   .77   -3.   88 17   15.0   15.0(6.0-GRV)   .99   .31   1.30   .38   .17   .07   .62   -10.   89 121   7.2   7.2(6.0-GRV)   .23   .27   1.50   .36   .07   .48   .77   89 121   7.2   7.2(6.0-GRV)   1.23   .27   1.50   .36   .77   .48   .77   80 121   7.2   7.2(6.0-AC)   2.01   .08   2.09   4.00   .26   .10   4.36   10.   81 17   16.3   1.38   1.38   1.39   .379   .16   .10   4.05   10.   81 18 18   7.4   7.4(6.0-BMP)   2.14   .08   2.22   3.03   .77   .77   .77   .77   82 271   16.3   16.0-BMP)   1.92   .48   2.40   1.69   .77   .77   .77   .77   .77   .77   .77   85 374   6.0   6.0(6.0-BMP)   2.01   .58   2.10   1.60   .77	ŧ		<b>!</b> ~	∞	٠ دى	.8(6.0-G	1.7	.35	.0	Τ,	1	.03	ι	60.	2		φ.	
09 121   5.0   5.0 (6.0 - GRV)   1.22   .27   1.49   .65   .04   .09   .77   .3.    88 117   15.0   15.0 (6.0 - GRV)   .99   .31   1.30   .38   .17   .07   .62   .10    90 121   7.2   7.2 (6.0 - GRV)   1.23   .27   1.50   .36   .02   .77   .48   .77    91 121   7.2   7.2 (6.0 - GRV)   .2.01   .08   2.09   4.00   .26   .10   4.36   10    92 123   5.0   5.0 (6.0 - AC )   2.51   .08   2.20   3.21   .16   .10   3.24   6.1    93 124   16.3   16.3   16.3   1.92   .44   2.50   1.74   .2.51   .10   3.26   7.7    94 15 16 24 0 (6.0 - BMP)   2.06   .44   2.50   1.69   .07   .07   1.82   .13    95 17   16.0   6.0 (6.0 - BMP)   2.01   .58   2.10   1.60   .00   .07   1.99   .3.    95 17   10.5   10.1 (6.0 - GRV)   .54   .27   .91   .43   .02   .00   .54   .3.    96 17   10.5   10.1 (6.0 - GRV)   .54   .27   .91   .43   .02   .00   .54   .3.    96 17   10.5   10.1 (6.0 - GRV)   .64   .27   .91   .43   .02   .00   .54   .3.    96 17   10.5   10.1 (6.0 - GRV)   .54   .27   .91   .43   .05   .00   .54   .3.    97 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	P121		0	2		.7(6.0-G	1.2	27	4	. 65	ı	.04	•	. 10	. 78	Ġ	<u>ب</u>	
88 117 15.0 15.0(6.0-GRV)   .99 .31   1.30   .38   . 17   . 07   .62   -10.	6		0	3	٠	D-0.9)0.	1,2	.27	4	.65	ı	.04	1	60.	.77	m	ıņ.	4.8
109   121   7.2   7.2(6.0-GRV)   1.23   .27   1.50   .36   .92   .92   .93   .94   .95	N5-4	~-	88			.0(6.0-G	თ. 	.31	ຕ	.38	1	1.7	ı	.07	.62		ĸ,	•
593 625 4.7 4.7(6.0-AC) 2.01 .08 2.09 4.002610 4.36 10.   519 538 5.0 5.0(6.0-AC) 2.51 .08 2.05 3.791510 4.05 10.   519 538 7.3 7.3(6.0-AC) 2.51 .08 2.59 3.791610 4.05 10.   519 538 7.3 7.3(6.0-AC) 2.14 .08 2.22 3.031510 4.05 10.   519 538 271 16.3(6.0-BMP) 2.06 .44 2.50 1.742207 1.327.   5272 285 24.0 24.0(6.0-BMP) 1.92 .48 2.40 1.690707 1.82 1-13.   5385 374 6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP) 2.01 .58 2.59 1.910007 1.99 1-3.   5385 374 6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP) 2.01 .58 2.59 1.910007 1.99 1-3.   5385 374 6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP) 2.01 .58 2.59 1.910007 1.99 1-3.   5385 374 6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP) 2.01 .58 2.59 1.910007 1.99 1-3.	1		0	121		.2(6.0-G	1.2	.27	1.50		1	.02		.10	.48	-7.3	<u>د</u> ې	0
519 538   5.0 5.0(6.0-AC)  1.98 .08   2.06   3.211310   3.44   6.   5.0 5.0 5.0(6.0-AC)  2.51 .08   2.59   3.791610   4.05   10.   4.05   10.   5.10 5.38   7.4 7.4(6.0-AC)  2.14 .08   2.22   3.031310   4.05   10.   7.   2.38 1.44 0.24 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	-98		O	i Oi	4.7	.7(6.0-A	2.0	. 80.	0		 	. 26	! ! ! !	07.				
519 538   7.3			~	ŝ		.0(6.0-A	1.9	80.	0	Š	1		,	.10	4.	•	٠	25.0
519 538   7.4   7.4(6.0-AC)  2.14   .08   2.22   3.03   -   .13   -   .10   3.26   7.   2.38   271   16.3   16.3(6.0-BMP)  2.06   .44   2.50   1.74   -   .22   -   .07   2.03   -7.   2.72   285   24.0   24.0(6.0-BMP)  1.92   .48   2.40   1.69   -   .07   -   .07   1.82   -13.   385   374   5.3   5.3(6.0-BMP)  1.52   .58   2.10   1.60   -   .00   -   .07   1.67   -2.   385   374   6.0   6.0(6.0-BMP)  2.01   .58   2.59   1.91   -   .00   -   .07   1.99   -3.   1.99   1.31   10.5   10.1(6.0-GRV)  .64   .27   .91   .43   -   .02   -   .09   .54   -3.	P86-2		_	38	7.	.3(6.0-A	2.5	≈ 80.	п	۲.	1	.16	1	10.	۰.	ö	1.6	
238 271   16.3   16.3(6.0-BMP)   2.06   .44   2.50   1.74  22  07   2.03   -7.   272 285   24.0 24.0(6.0-BMP)   1.92   .48   2.40   1.69  07  07   1.82   -13.   385 374   5.3 5.3(6.0-BMP)   1.52     .58   2.10   1.60  00  07   1.67   -2.   385 374   6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP)   2.01   .58   2.59   1.91  00  07   1.99   -3.   1.99   1.31   10.5   10.1(6.0-GRV)   .64     .27   .91   .43  02  09   .54   -3.			+4	38	7.	.4(6.0-A	2.1	. 08	2	0.	1	13	1	. 10	3		٠	
272 285   24.0 24.0(6.0-BMP)  1.92 .48   2.40   1.690707   1.82   -13.   385 374   5.3 5.3(6.0-BMP)  1.52 .58   2.10   1.600007   1.67   -2.   385 374   6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP)  2.01 .58   2.59   1.910007   1.99   -3.   1.09 121   10.5 10.1(6.0-GRV)  .64 .27   .91   .430209   .54   -3.	N9-2		က	₽	ģ	6.3(6.0-B	2.0	.44	ιĊ	7	I	.22	1	. 07	٥.	۲.	∞.	11.9
385 374   5.3 5.3(6.0-BMP)  1.52 .58   2.10   1.600007   1.67   -2.   385 374   6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP)  2.01 .58   2.59   1.910007   1.99   -3.   1.09 121   10.5 10.1(6.0-GRV)  .64 .27   .91   .430209   .54   -3.	P103		~	ø	₹	4.0(6.0-B	1.9	.48	4	φ.	1	.07	t	. 07	φ,	ω.	φ.	
85 374   6.0 6.0(6.0-BMP)  2.01 .58   2.59   1.910007   1.99   -3.09   1.10.5   10.1(6.0-GRV)  .64 .27   .91   .430209   .54   -3.	P126-2		ø	[~-	•	.3(6.0-B	1.5	.58	~~1	9	1	00.	ı	. 07	φ,	2	κġ	10.9
09 121   10.5 10.1(6.0-GRV)  .64 .27   .91   .430209   .54   -3.	788 8		α	٧.	•	.0(6.0-B	1 2.0	.58	ഗ	1.91	1	00.	1	. 07	σ.	m	∞.	
	P85-1		0	c)	•	1(6.0-G	9.	.27		.43	ŀ	.02	ı	60.	. 54	•	ტ	4.8

TABLE 5.2 - 10 (2) Summary of Economic Analysis

1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	 	1	1 1 1		; ; ;	. 3	1		1	202	t/Bene	11119	7102-16	DISCOU	nted	0.02
Class	Type	•		- O 1		ngth (km)	Economi	c Cost	(Mp/km)		Ř	enefit	(Mp/km	_		Есопош	Indi	cator
<b>9</b> 00	I mpr	Numbe	0 /	vir vith ith	Total	Improv	Const-	ri	Total	Normal		Generated	Deve- lop't	Maint! sav's!	Total	NPV (Mp)	B/C	18. (%)
	Rehab/	77 9 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	1 '	1	7.4	1 1-0	, (S)	200	1 500	1.46	i } ! ! ! !	7.7.	   = 0   = 0	. 01	1.73	ຸ່ ທາ ປ	1 7	25.6
	<b>1</b> ,	٦,	1 C			8(4.0-0	- 4	1	, r.	) U.	-   }	) C	ÓC	) C	1 6		•	i ç
		12			9	6.2(6.0-0	7		O	•	1			- 01				, 6
		8				-0.9)95	ı.	N	00	(C)	•	0	ທ	0	01	•		œ,
		$\vdash$				.4(6.0-(	. 7	М	Q	.61	1			$\circ$	Ó			u)
						.1(6.0-E						٠						
		~- ജലെ പ		S		.0(6.0-(	. 7	н	₩,	.78	ì	.02	0	.00	. 85		1.0	4
		P10-1	114	114	8	8.3(6.0-0		.28	. 84	.50	1	. 02	15	101.	.78	1.		13.7
5		œ			•	.2(6.0-0	o.	1-1	0	.71	1	.03	0	.03	83	ë	∞.	ij
;	•••	P126-1				.1(6.0-}	0.1	~	7	.77	1	.04	0	0	8.	•		ö
~						7.6(6.0-0												
32		ω		46		.8(6.0-0	1.3	.19	LC)	96.	,	.05	0	01	0	•		
?		12		29	·	3.8(6.0-0	ω.	.18	.⇔	. 44	•	.02	0	0	ı,	*		
		4		က	ς,	.6(6.0-0	1.6	.19	φ,	₽-	1	.20	**	0	0	~	ø.	8
		12		24.6	ა	5.9(6.0-0	7.1	.42	Ġ	.82	1	.07	Q.	0	O	œ,		•
		77		49	ċ	3(6:0-0	1.0	.19	S	.57	•	.02	Q	.01	9	'n.		•
		O		41		0.7(6.0-0	6.	.18	0	. 54	1	0	0	0	.62	ı,		•
		27		31	е С	.2(6.0-0	ω.	.18	∞	. 42		.02	0	0	49	-4		•
				61	က	3.9(6.0-0	9.	.20	φ,	.26	ľ	0.		0	4	-		•
		146		29	•	.2(6.0-0	1.0	.17	7	.36	ı	.03	0	.02	46	H		•
		∞	14	17		3(6.0-0	 	.17	တ	. 20	•	.02	17	. 00.	34	1 -5.7		٥.
		67			•	.5(6.0-0	. 2	.17	₹.	ri T	ı	00:	0	.01	.19	က	•t •	0
	1	P91-2	45	77	. 7	.7(6.0-0		.23		II.	:	01		.02	23	9	ŗ,	٥.
	_ du	P85-	. 44	~		7(6.0-6	9.	. 29		. 6	!	00.	2.16		! -			1 6
	ヮ	54	58	75		-0	. 52	22	.73	.84	. 1	.03			1.46	2 6	2.0	35.9
		4	4	4		.8(6.0-0	4.	.27	~	Ø	•	.02	N		ç.	•	•	Ġ)
		~	160		•	.1(6.0-4	1.9	.03	Ġ	$\infty$	t	00.	0		1.97		+	ŝ
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٠		74		$\overline{}$	•	.8(6.0~B	9.	30		IO.	,	00.	.07		1.67		တ	.4
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		10-	59		٠	.4(6.0-GR	.49	.20	φ.	.26	ı	00.	0		36.	-	សុ	•
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TABLE 5.2 - 10 (3)

Summary of Economic Analysis

												Cos	t/Bene	Cost/Benefit:1991-2017 Discounted Total	1-2017	Discon	nted T	otal
; £ '	Class   Type	1 i i i i i i i i i	1993 A	ADT	1 0	11993 AADT   Length (km)	:Econom	Economic Cost (Mp/km)	(Mp/km)	1	i di	enefit	Benefit (Mp/km)		! ! !	Econom. Indicator	Indic	ator
III I	+ ±	Number	* 0/x	i i i	Total	Impr't! Number   w/o with   Total Improvement   Const-Period	Const-	Period: Maint.	Total	Total Normal		Gene- rated	Deve- )	Diver- Gene- Deve- Maint; ted rated lop't say'g;	Total	NPV (Mp)	B/C	1 RR (%)
Rel	; 	Minor 'Rehab/' B05-30' 174 157   7.1	174	157 1	7.1	Rehab/; B05-30; 174 157; 7.1 7.1(4.0-GRV);	i !	. 23.	.71	1.72	! ! ! !	80.	399	.12 :	2.31	11.4		49.5
] m]	110	(Baran- ! Imp-1 ; B20-4 ;	2	24	9.5	9.5(4.0-GRV);	44	.12	. 56	. 89	ı	39	. 74	00	2.05	13.8	3.6	48.7
		B14-191	ഗ	37	5.8			.11	. 56	74		.03	.14		.92	2.1	1.6	25.5
		B08-23	40	64	64 1 14.2	14.2(4.0-GRV)	.45	.14 .	. 59	22	1	.02	.07	. 01	.32	-3.8	in	5.9
		B10-12;	6	11	14.2	14.2(4.0-GRV)		.13	89.	.20	ı	80.	.04	. 00.	31	1 -5.2	ı,	4 ت
		B13-11	<b>-</b>	14 :	15.0	15.0(4.0-GRV);	-		1.17	.33		.03	.04	.00	.41	-11.4	ღ.	2.0
i s s	18.4.1	New 819-1   Const.   B20-10	100	ြက	24.2	New   B19-1   0 8   24.2 24.2(4.0-GRV)    Const.: B20-10   0 5   7.4 7.4(4.0-GRV)	50.00		.68	40	; ; ; ; ; ;	.07	00.	1.02	1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	-4.0	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	10.9

