

深 度 (m)	幅 (m)	Ag (g/l)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	鉍化タイプ
346.4-346.6	0.2	5	0.11	6.36	0.96	vltts
349.2-349.4	0.2	16	0.01	0.01	7.05	vltts
350.7-350.8	0.1	3	0.03	16.00	16.00	vltts
352.3-352.4	0.1	3	0.02	9.58	9.58	vltts
平 均	0.15	8	0.05	6.39	6.91	

(6) 検討：

- ① 粘板岩と互層するシルト岩は、全体的に石灰質～ドロマイト質で、粘板岩と1mm～1cm～10cmの間隔で細互層し、鏡下では比較的絹雲母又は緑泥石と黒雲母に富み、石英に富む部分と緑泥石に富む部分とが微細な縞状組織を造っており、シルト岩は凝灰質起源であると推定される。
- ② 本岩層は全体的に凝灰質で、鉍化作用を蒙っており、Hajar層準の一部(IIas)に対比される。

3-2 MJMH-2

- (1) 位置：Frizen地区、IP測線FZ-1、測点6の西方40m。
- (2) 目的：伏在IP異常帯(PFE=5%)、低比抵抗異常帯(AR=30Ωm)、高磁気異常帯、西部ゴッサン下部の調査(Fig. II-3-2)。
- (3) 岩質：孔口より46m迄が主として千枚岩、46m～189m間が千枚岩・シルト岩互層、189m以降が主として千枚岩である。
千枚岩は暗灰色～黒色を呈する。シルト岩は淡灰色を呈し、1mm～1cm～10cmの間隔で千枚岩と互層している。208m-212m間は断層破碎帯である(Pl. II-2)。
- (4) 組織・構造：千枚岩・シルト岩は片岩化作用を受け、片理構造及び葉理構造が発達する。葉理構造にほぼ平行する節理が数mm～2cm間隔で発達し、節理面は段階的に転移している(284m)。葉理面の傾斜は下記の通りで、深部へ向い緩傾斜となる。

0 m - 130 m	:	30° ~ 40°
130 m - 200 m	:	20° ~ 30°
200 m - 310 m	:	15° ~ 20°
310 m - 400 m	:	10°

(5) 鉍化作用：130 m 付近、230 m - 250 m 付近、330 m 付近、370 m 付近に、銅・鉛・亜鉛の鉍化帯を認めた。

鉍石鉍物は、黄銅鉍・方鉛鉍・閃亜鉛鉍・黄鉄鉍・磁硫鉄鉍を主とし、少量の磁鉄鉍を伴う。脈石鉍物は石英・炭酸塩鉍物（方解石・ドロマイト・菱鉄鉍）である。鉍化作用に伴う変質は、珪化作用と炭酸塩化作用を主とする（Fig. II-4-2）。

鉍化の様式は、脈状、細脈状及び鉍染状である。いずれの場合も、鉍石部と母岩との関係は漸移的であり、明瞭な境界は認められない。

- ① 脈状鉍体 (v)：脈幅10cm～1mで、葉理面に平行して発達する。鉍脈は多くの場合角礫脈である。
- ② 細脈状鉍体 (vltts・netw)：脈幅1mm～数mmの細脈の集合である。通常葉理面に平行し、数mm～2cmの間隔で密に発達する。
- ③ 鉍染鉍体 (diss)：不規則・パッチ状で鉍石部の規模は数mm～数cmである。

主要鉍石部の分析結果は次のとおりである。

深度 (m)	幅 (m)	Ag (g/l)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	鉍化タイプ
232.0 - 233.3	1.3	8	0.01	2.31	1.86	vltts
246.8 - 247.8	1.0	9	9.07	0.02	0.17	v
293.4 - 295.0	1.6	4	0.05	0.33	1.59	vltts
372.1 - 273.1	1.0	23	0.02	0.91	1.92	vltts
平均	1.2	10	0.23	0.91	1.44	

(6) 検討：

- ① 247 m 及び 373 m の網状鉍の X 線回折分析により、脈石鉍物として、石英・ドロマイト・菱鉄鉍・方解石が同定された。

3-3 MJMH-3

(1) 位置：Frizen地区、IP測線W-2、測点10の南方60m。

(2) 目的：伏在IP異常帯(PFR=5%)、西部ゴッサン下部の調査 (Fig. II-3-3)。

(3) 岩質：63m迄が主として千枚岩、63m~291m間が千枚岩・シルト岩互層、291m以降が主として千枚岩である。千枚岩・シルト岩互層の間隔は、1mm~1cm~10cmである。145m、149m、184m、291mに断層破碎帯を認めた(PL. II-3)。

(4) 組織・構造：葉理面の傾斜は次のとおりであり、下部で緩傾斜となる。

0 m - 110 m	:	30° ~ 50°
110 m - 270 m	:	20° ~ 30°
270 m - 400 m	:	5° ~ 15°

(5) 鉍化作用：125mから344mの間、10数箇所て銅・鉛・亜鉛 鉍石部を認めた。鉍石部は、細脈状(脈幅1mm~1cm)・脈状(脈幅10cm~1m)・鉍染状である。鉍石鉍物は黄鉄鉍・方鉛鉍・閃亜鉛鉍・黄鉄鉍・磁硫鉄鉍を主とする。脈石鉍物は石英・炭酸塩鉍物を主とする。細脈・鉍脈・鉍染部の方向は母岩の葉理面の方向にほぼ平行である (Fig. II-4-3)。

主要鉍石部の分析結果は次のとおりである。

深度 (m)	幅 (m)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	鉍化タイプ
125.9-126.9	1.0	8	0.61	0.10	0.66	v
316.4-317.4	1.0	3	0.11	0.79	0.95	v lts
324.6-326.5	1.9	3	0.11	0.28	2.06	v
329.3-330.6	1.3	11	0.09	3.08	2.87	v
330.6-331.9	1.3	5	0.04	0.76	0.97	v lts
平均	1.3	6	0.17	0.99	1.62	

(6) 検討:

- ① X線回折及び検鏡結果によれば、鉍石鉍物として、黄鉄鉍・磁硫鉄鉍・黄銅鉍・方鉛鉍・閃亜鉛鉍のほか、白鉄鉍(marcasite)が認められた。
- ② X線回折及び検鏡結果から、千枚岩とシルト岩は、主に石英・緑泥石・絹雲母より成り、鉍物成分及び組織には大きな差異はないが、千枚岩が緑泥石又は黒雲母に富み、シルト岩は石英・方解石に富む傾向が認められた。

3-4 MJMH-4

(1) 位置: Frizem地区、IP測線FZ-1、測点11の北東方70m。

(2) 目的: 伏在IP異常帯(PFE=5%)、伏在低比抵抗帯(AR=50Ωm)、火山岩類下部のMJMH-2及びMJMH-3で捕捉した鉍石部の下部延長部の探査(Fig. II-3-2)。

(3) 岩質: 89m迄が主として流紋岩である。このうち34m迄が斑晶質・塊状で火山岩相であるが、41m以深は葉理構造が著しく火砕岩相を示す。

89m以深、115m迄は主として千枚岩であるが、102m-105m間に流紋岩質火砕岩があり、その下位の千枚岩・シルト岩は葉理構造が著しく乱れている。

116m-249m間は主として千枚岩・シルト岩互層であり、互層のパターンは1mm~1cm~20cmである。249m以深は主として千枚岩であるが、著しく破碎されている。コアは葉理面に沿って通常1cm~2cm以下の間隔で剥離している。333m-350m間は断層破碎帯である(Pl. II-4)。

(4) 組織・構造: 葉理面の傾斜は次のとおりである。

0m - 160m	:	30° ~ 45°
160m - 200m	:	20° ~ 25°
200m - 300m	:	15° ~ 20°
300m - 400m	:	20° ~ 30°

(5) 鉍化作用：158m - 161m、193m - 198m、225m - 235mの間で、銅・鉛・亜鉛鉍石部を認めた。鉍石鉍物は、黄銅鉍・方鉛鉍・閃亜鉛鉍・黄鉄鉍を主とする。脈石鉍物は主として石英・炭酸塩鉍物である。鉍石部は脈状、細脈状及び鉍染状である (Fig. II-4-3)。

主要鉍石部の分析結果は次のとおりである。

深度 (m)	幅 (m)	Ag (g/l)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	鉍化タイプ
159.8-160.4	0.6	5	0.01	1.14	1.34	netw
171.5-171.7	0.2	16	0.19	0.48	2.57	vltts
304.6-304.7	0.1	3	0.92	0.04	0.28	netw
362.5-362.9	0.4	11	0.03	0.91	2.64	v
平均	0.3	8	0.11	0.88	1.82	

(6) 検討：研磨片4-19の検鏡結果によれば、多量に含まれる磁硫鉄鉍結晶の周辺部に片状の鉍物が認められ、これは硫鉄ニッケル鉍 (pentlandite) であろうと推定された。

3-5 考 察

(1) Lamrah地区

- ① ボーリング実施点における第四紀被覆層の層厚は34mに達する。
- ② 基盤岩は、主として粘板岩・シルト岩互層より成る。シルト岩は粘板岩と細互層しており、凝灰岩起源であると推定される。本互層は鉍化層準であるHajar層準の一部に対比される。
- ③ 本互層は全体的に細粒黄鉄鉍を鉍染しており、一部で鉛・亜鉛細脈を認めた。ただし小規模であった。
- ④ 本互層中の鉍化作用は、火山活動最末期のもので、堆積性塊状鉍体の周縁相を示すと推察される。

(2) Frizen西部地区

- ① 本地区は主として千枚岩・シルト岩互層より成る。シルト岩は千枚岩と細互層しており、凝灰岩起源と推定される。

- ② 本互層は広範囲に鉍化作用を受けている。主要鉍石鉍物は、黄鉄鉍と磁硫鉄鉍で黄銅鉍・方鉛鉍・閃亜鉛鉍を伴う。脈石鉍物は、方解石・ドロマイト・菱鉄鉍・石英である。
- ③ 鉍石部の形態は、細脈・鉍脈・網状・鉍染状で、母岩と漸移する。細脈・鉍脈は、ほとんどの場合、母岩の片理面に平行している。鉍石部は、いずれも小規模又は低品位である。
- ④ 鉍石部の一部は、地表部の脈状ゴッサンに対応するが、片理面断層及びE-W系断層による転移のため、その連続性は単純ではない。片岩化作用による2次的な変形・変質を受けている可能性が考えられる。
- ⑤ 鉍化作用は、上位の酸性火山岩の活動に関連するものと推定され、塊状鉍床下位の縁辺部の鉍徴を示すものと推察される。
- ⑥ なお、Frizen東部地区については、1986年、ボーリング調査が実施され、低品位鉍が捕捉されている (Tab. II-1)。Frizen西部及び東部の両鉍化帯は類似する性格を有することが確認された。

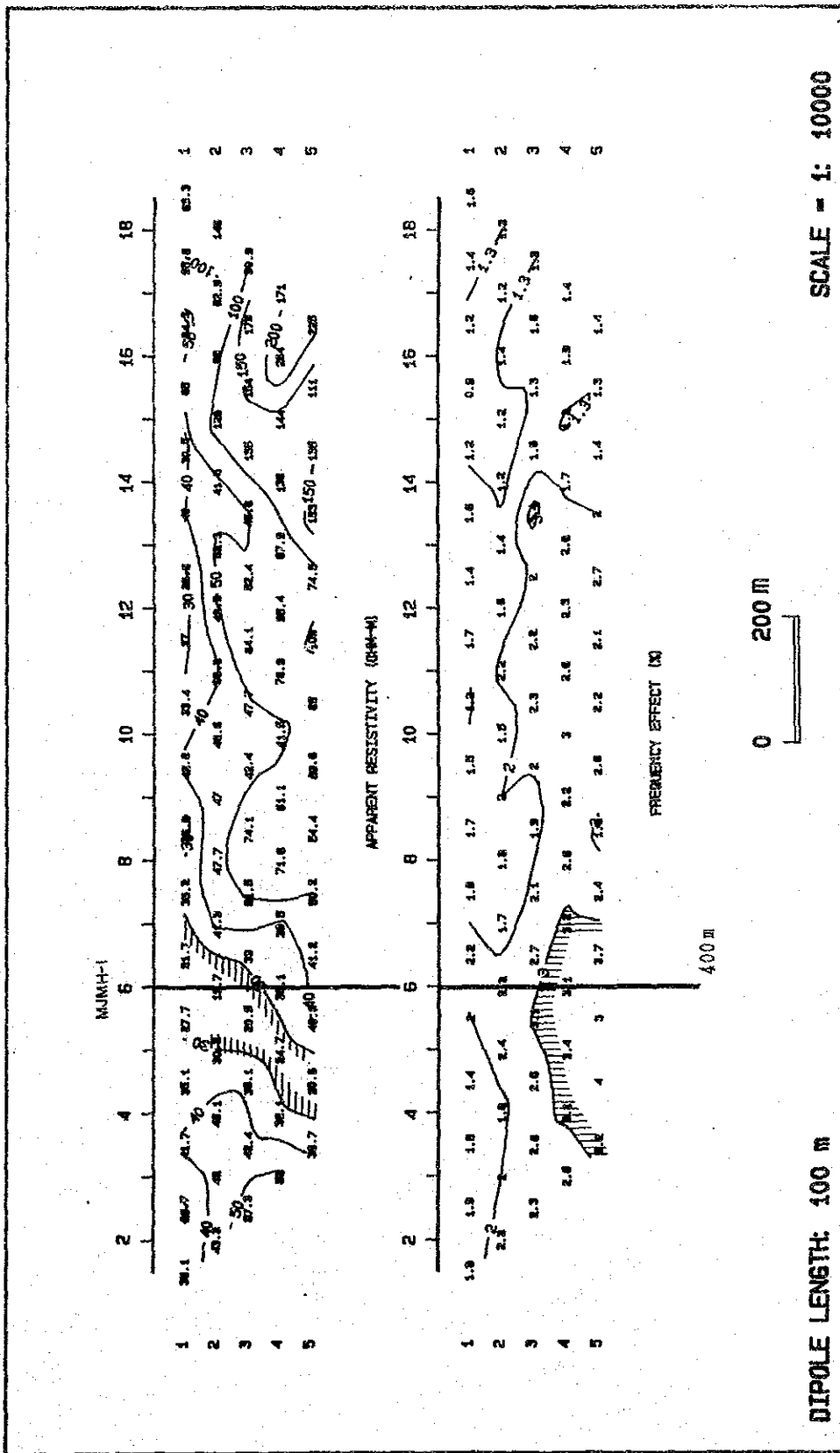


Fig. II-3-1 Relation of Drilling Site and IP Survey Section (1) MJMH-1

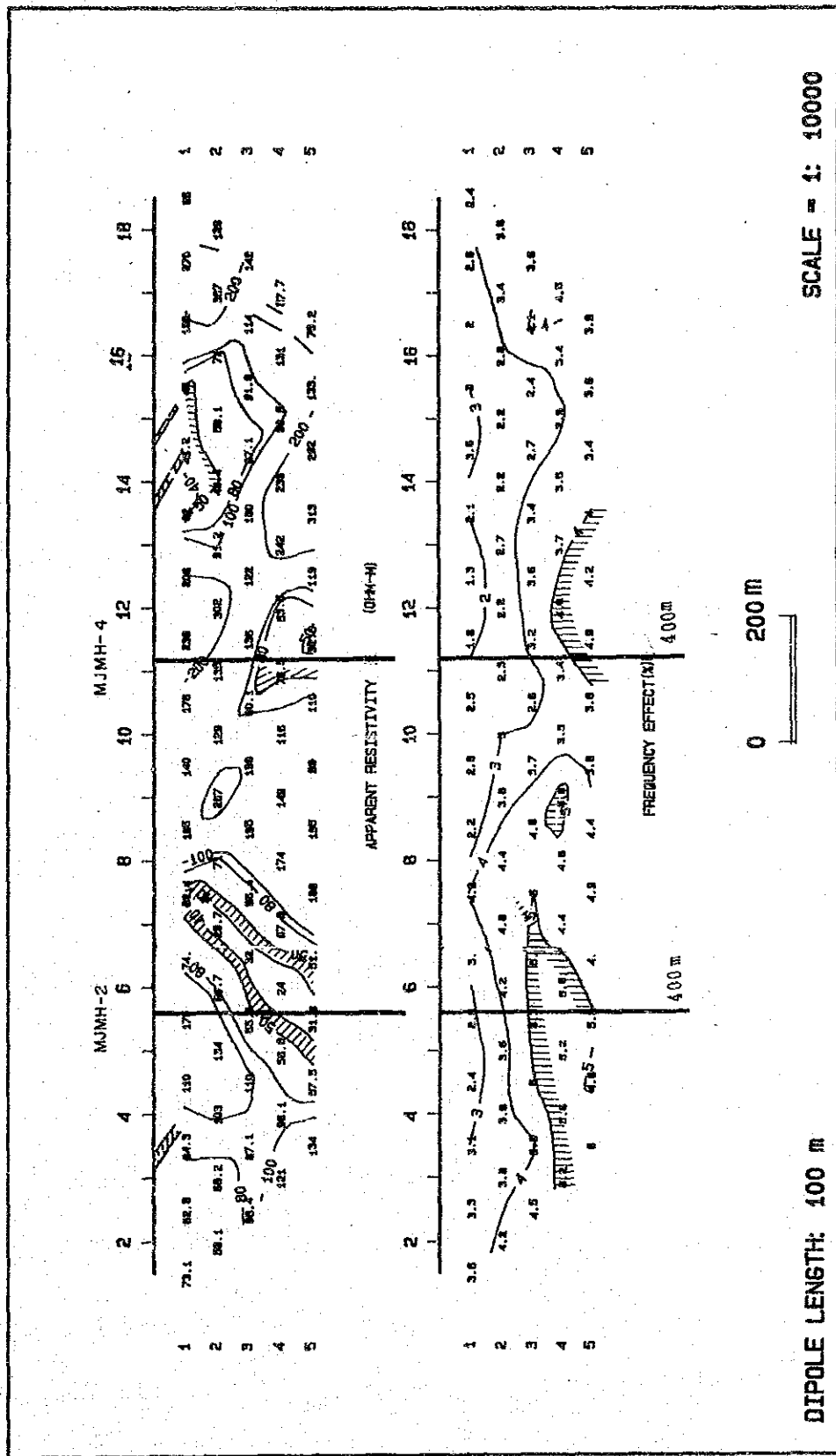
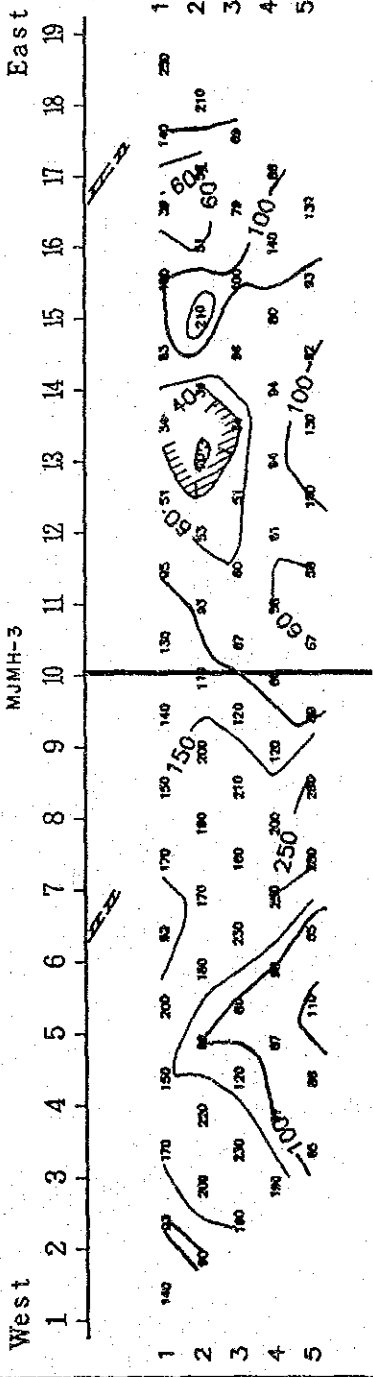
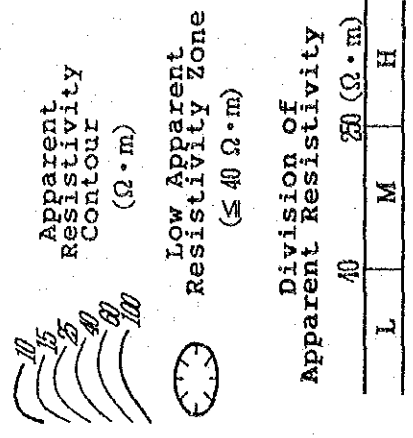


Fig. II-3-2 Relation of Drilling Site and IP Survey Section (2) MJMH-2 and MJMH-4

Apparent Resistivity ($\Omega \cdot m$)



LEGEND



P F E (%)

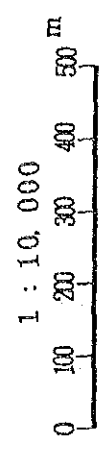
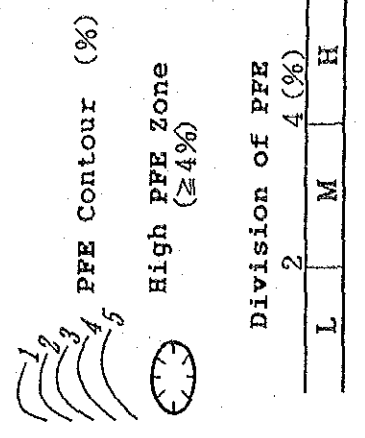
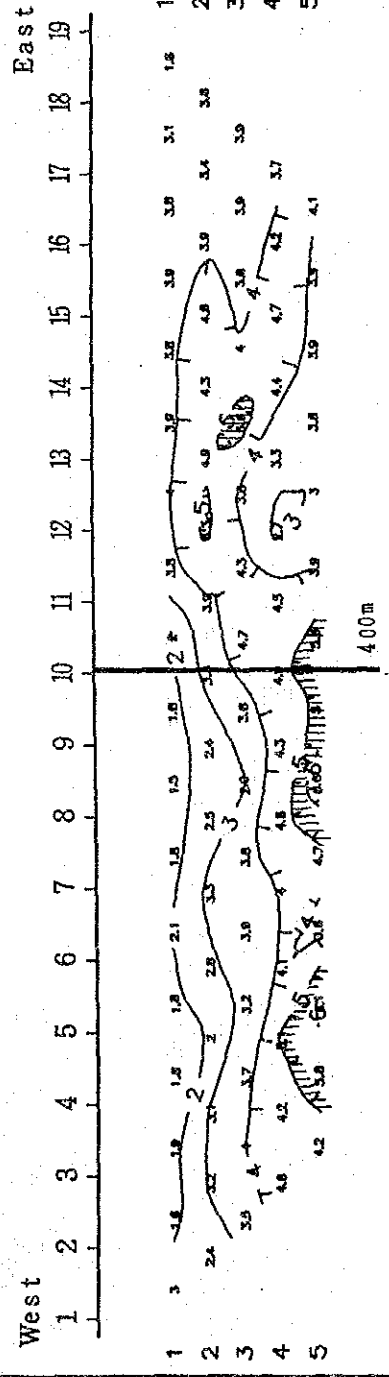


Fig. 11-3-3 Relation of Drilling Site and IP Survey Section (3) MUMH-3

Intv(m)	Ag(g/t)	Cu(%)	Pb(%)	Zn(%)	
1	0.2	5	0.11	6.36	0.96
2	0.2	16	0.01	0.01	7.05
3	0.1	3	0.03	6.12	16.00
4	0.1	3	0.02	9.58	9.58

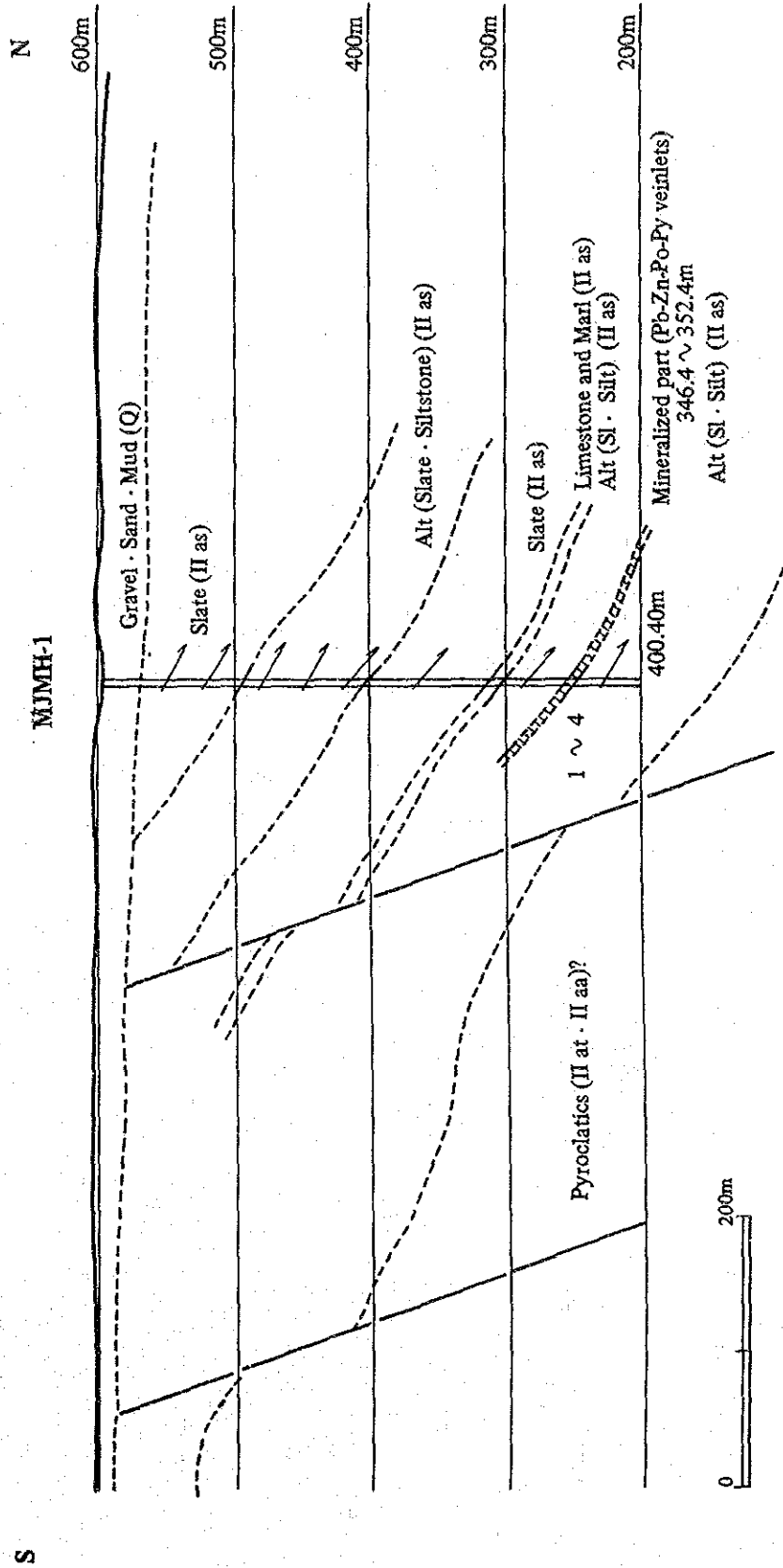


Fig. II-4-1 Geological Section of Drilling Result (1) MJMH-1

	Intv(m)	Ag(g/t)	Cu(%)	Pb(%)	Zn(%)		Intv(m)	Ag(g/t)	Cu(%)	Pb(%)	Zn(%)	
1	1.5	8	0.01	2.31	1.86		6	0.6	5	0.01	1.14	1.34
2	1.0	9	1.07	0.02	0.17		7	0.2	16	0.19	0.48	2.57
3	1.6	4	0.05	0.33	1.59		8	0.1	3	0.92	0.04	0.28
4	1.0	23	0.02	0.91	1.92		9	0.4	11	0.03	0.91	2.64

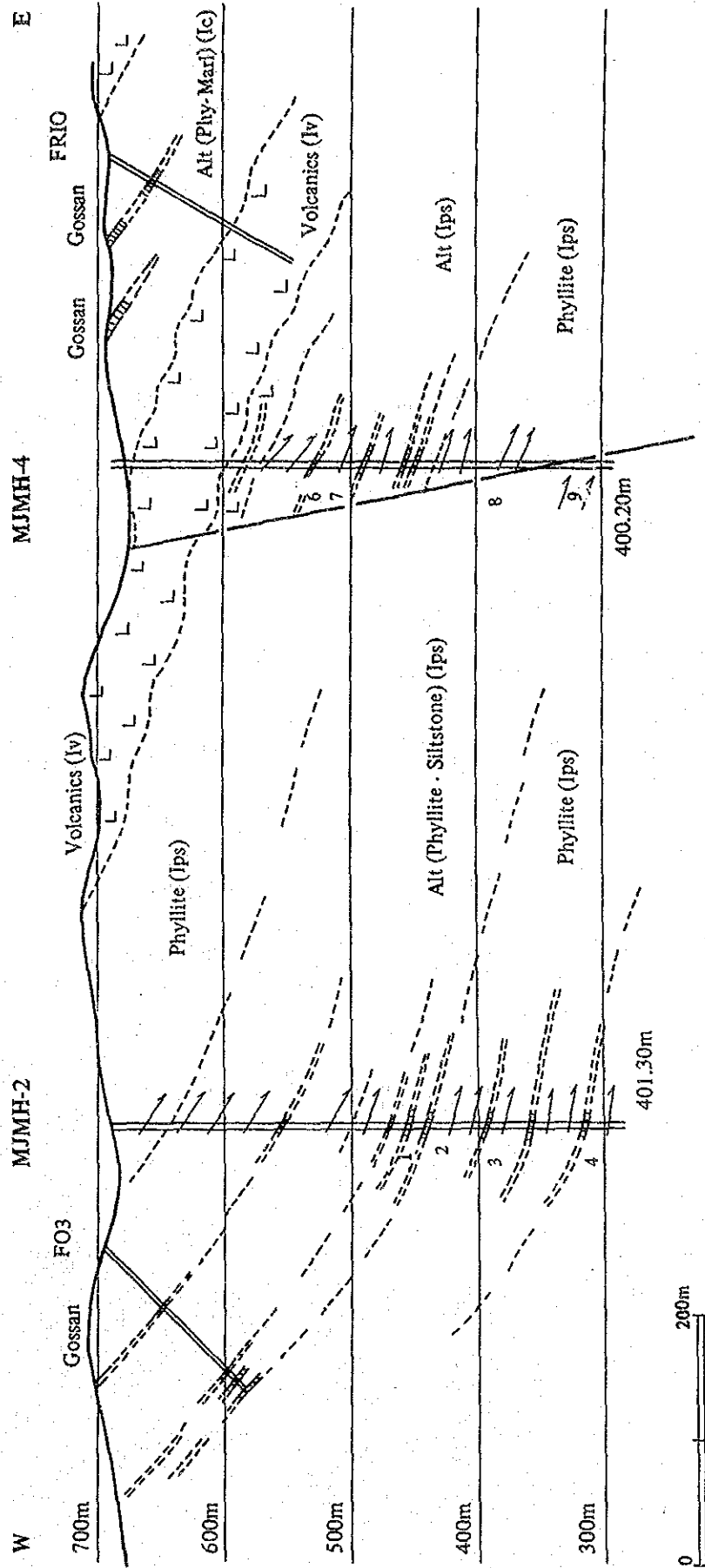


Fig. II-4-2 Geological Section of Drilling Result (2) MJMH-2 MJMH-4

Intrv(m)	Ag(g/t)	Cu(%)	Pb(%)	Zn(%)
1	1.0	8	0.61	0.10
2	1.0	3	0.11	0.79
3	1.9	3	0.11	0.28
4	1.3	11	0.09	3.08
5	1.3	5	0.04	0.76

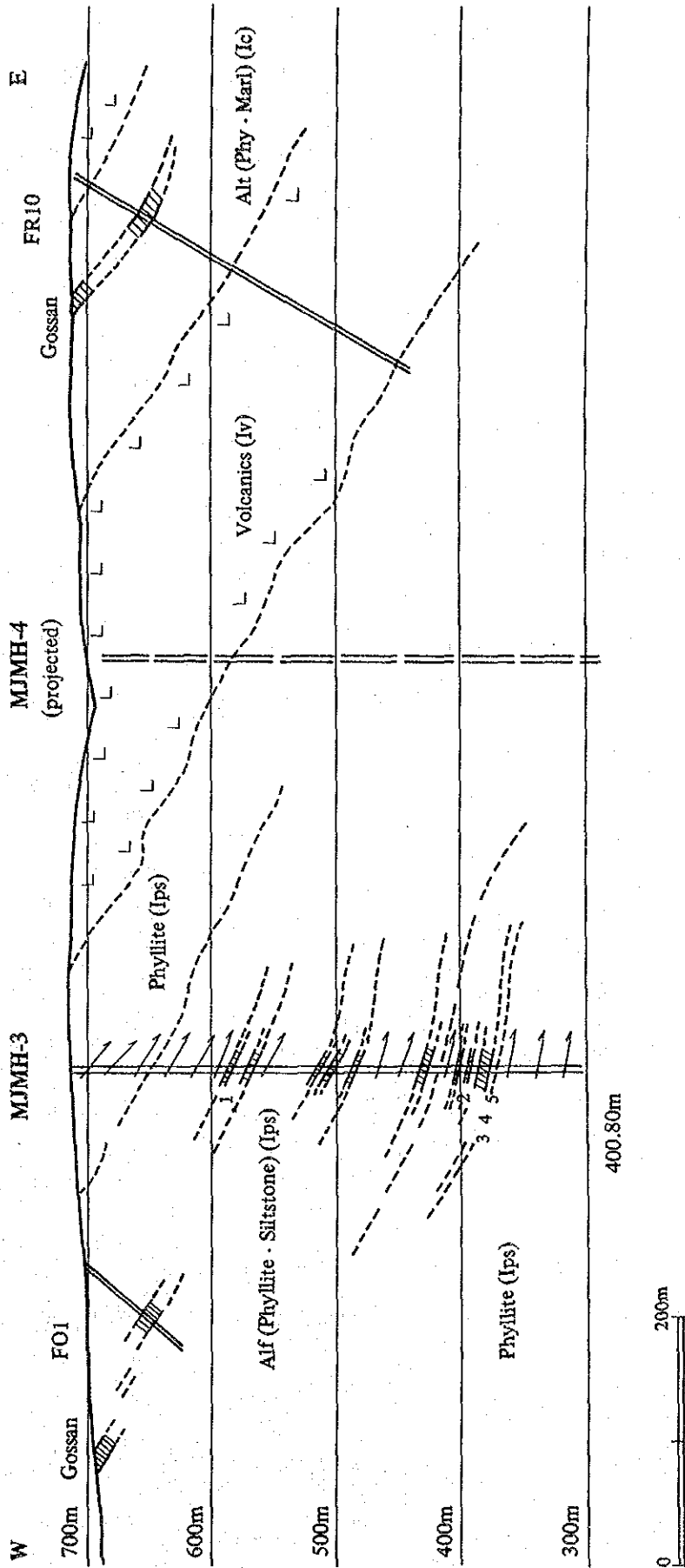


Fig. II-4-3 Geological Section of Drilling Result (3) MJMH-3

Tab. II - 1 List of Existing Drillings in the Prizem Area

No.	Date	Area	Direc.	Incl.	Depth (m)	Mineralization	Intv (Depth) (m)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (%)
F01	65/66	Fz-W	270°	-50°	100	Py · Po · Cp diss · vlt	—				
F02	65/66	Fz-W	270°	-50°	150	Py Diss · vs	—				
F03	65/66	Fz-W	270°	-50°	160	Py · Cp diss · vlt	—				
F04	65/66	Fz-W	?	?	115.50	Py · Cp vlt	—				
FR1	65/66	Fz-E	270°	-50°	141	Py · Po · Cp diss-vlt	—				
FR2	65/66	Fz-E	275°	-75°	80	Py · Cp diss · vlt	—				
FR3	65/66	Fz-E	?	?	?	?	—				
FR4	65/66	Fz-E	262°	-44°	171	Po mas	—				
FR5	65/66	Fz-E	90°	-75°	111	Py · Cp diss-vs	—				
FR10	86	Fz-E	270°	-60°	171.55	Py · Cp · Po vlt	9.9 (36.4- 46.3)	0.40	0.06	0.19	5
FR11	86	Fz-E	255°	-60°	276.05	Po · Zn diss	9.0 (42.6- 51.6)	0.30	0.44	2.72	2
FR12	86	Fz-E	270°	-60°	307.90	Py · Zn · Pb · Cp · Po	6.7 (49.7- 56.4) 10.8 (60.0- 70.8)	0.32 0.32	0.73 0.95	1.85 2.88	14 23
FR13	86	Fz-E	—	-90°	267.75	Py · Po · Cp · Zn · Pb	13.4 (38.8- 52.2) 6.5 (174.9-181.4)	0.11 1.01	0.06 0.74	2.67 0.64	16 9
FR14	86	Fz-E	270°	-60°	401.10	Py · Po · Cp · Zn · Pb	4.6 (85.1- 89.7)	0.25	1.23	2.95	26
FR15	86	Fz-W	270°	-60°	200.75	Py · Po · Cp vlt	7.9 (78.9- 83.8)	0.59	0.23	0.30	9
FR16	86	Fz-E	270°	-60°	241.90	Py · Po · Cp vlt	2.1 (149.3-151.4)	0.02	0.01	0.09	4
FR17	86	Fz-E	270°	-60°	267.70	Py · Po · Cp · Zn	15.7 (107.9-123.6) 29.5 (135.7-165.2)	0.07 0.20	1.71 0.84	1.82 1.04	7 8
FR18	86	Fz-E	270°	-60°	368.50	Py · Po · Cp · Pb	2.2 (125.1-127.3)	0.05	0.50	0.83	7

Py = Pyrite
Po = Pyrrhotite
Cp = Chalcopyrite

diss = dissemination
vlt = veinlets
vs = veins
mas = massive

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APPENDICES

Ap. II-1-1 Process Data of Drilling, (1) MJMH-1

(1) Working Period

	Total Days	Actual Days	Workers
Preparation = Sep/17 - Sep/19	2	2	31
Drilling = Sep/20 - Oct/11	22	22	353
Removal = Oct/12 - Oct/16	5	5	75
Total = Sep/17 - Oct/16	29	29	459

(2) Drilling Length

Planned Length = 400 m
 Drilled Length = 400.40 m

(3) Core Recovery

0-100m = 55.0 %
 100-200m = 100.0 %
 200-300m = 100.0 %
 300-400m = 100.0 %
 Total = 88.7 %

(4) Bit Size

Tricone 8 1/2 " = 2.00 m
 Tricone 6 " = 48.00 m
 HQ = 18.25 m
 NQ = 332.15 m

(5) Working Time

Drilling = 177 hs
 Appurtenant = 263 hs
 Repairing = 32 hs
 Others = 8 hs
 Subtotal = 480 hs
 Preparation = 32 hs
 Removal = 48 hs
 Total = 560 hs

(6) Efficiency

Total Length / Total Working Days = 13.81 m/d
 Total Length / Net Drilling Days = 18.22 m/d
 Total Workers / Total Length = 1.15 man/m
 Drilling Workers / Total Length = 0.88 man/m

Ap. II-1-2 Process Data of Drilling, (2) MJMH-2

(1) Working Period

	Total Days	Actual Days	Workers
Preparation = Oct/5 - Oct/8	4	4	45
Drilling = Oct/9 - Nov/3	26	25	360
Removal = Nov/4 - Nov/4	1	1	15
Total = Oct/5 - Nov/4	31	30	420

(2) Drilling Length

Planned Length = 400 m
 Drilled Length = 401.30 m

(3) Core Recovery

0-100m = 91.0 %
 100-200m = 100.0 %
 200-300m = 100.0 %
 300-400m = 100.0 %
 Total = 97.7 %

(4) Bit Size

Tricone 6 " = 9.00 m
 HQ = 94.70 m
 NQ = 297.60 m

(5) Working Time

Drilling = 140 hs
 Appurtenant = 312 hs
 Repairing = 32 hs
 Others = 8 hs
 Subtotal = 492 hs
 Preparation = 40 hs
 Revoval = 8 hs
 Total = 540 hs

(6) Efficiency

Total Length / Total Working Days = 12.94 m/d
 Total Length / Net Drilling Days = 16.05 m/d
 Total Workers / Total Length = 1.05 man/m
 Drilling Workers / Total Length = 0.90 man/m

Ap. II-1-3 Process Data of Drilling, (3) MJMH-3

(1) Working Period

	<u>Total Days</u>	<u>Actual Days</u>	<u>Workers</u>
Preparation = Oct/17 - Oct/21	5	5	75
Drilling = Oct/22 - Nov/9	19	18	270
Removal = Nov/10 - Nov/15	6	6	90
Total = Oct/17 - Nov/15	30	29	335

(2) Drilling Length

Planned Length = 400 m
 Drilled Length = 400.80 m

(3) Core Recovery

0-100m = 91.0 %
 100-200m = 100.0 %
 200-300m = 100.0 %
 300-400m = 100.0 %
 Total = 97.7 %

(4) Bit Size

Tricone 4 3/4 " = 9.00 m
 HQ = 99.30 m
 NQ = 312.50 m

(5) Working Time

Drilling = 150 hs
 Appurtenant = 282 hs
 Repairing = 56 hs
 Others = 16 hs
 Subtotal = 504 hs
 Preparation = 48 hs
 Removal = 64 hs
 Total = 616 hs

(6) Efficiency

Total Length / Total Working Days = 13.36 m/d
 Total Length / Net Drilling Days = 22.27 m/d
 Total Workers / Total Length = 0.84 man/m
 Drilling Workers / Total Length = 0.67 man/m

Ap. II-1-4 Process Data of Drilling, (4) MJMH-4

(1) Working Period

	Total Days	Actual Days	Workers
Preparation = Nov/5 - Nov/8	4	3	45
Drilling = Nov/9 - Dec/11	33	31	465
Removal = Dec/12 - Dec/15	4	4	60
Total = Nov/5 - Dec/15	41	38	570

(2) Drilling Length

Planned Length = 400 m
 Drilled Length = 400.20 m

(3) Core Recovery

0-100m = 93.4 %
 100-200m = 100.0 %
 200-300m = 98.5 %
 300-400m = 97.1 %
 Total = 97.2 %

(4) Bit Size

Tricone 6 1/4 " = 6.50 m
 HQ = 48.15 m
 NQ = 345.55 m

(5) Working Time

Drilling = 147 hs
 Appurtenant = 327 hs
 Repairing = 96 hs
 Others = 8 hs
 Subtotal = 578 hs
 Preparation = 48 hs
 Revoval = 48 hs
 Total = 674 hs

(6) Efficiency

Total Length / Total Working Days = 10.53 m/d
 Total Length / Net Drilling Days = 12.90 m/d
 Total Workers / Total Length = 1.43 man/m
 Drilling Workers / Total Length = 1.16 man/m

A p. II - 2 List of Used Equipments

Item	Model	Quantity	Specification
Drilling Machine	Longyear - 38	2	Capacity : NQ 575m, BQ 725m
Engine for Drill	F4L - 912	2	Diesel Engine
Pump	BR - 435	2	
Engine for Pump	Molvin F2L - 511	1	Diesel Engine : 14kw, 1,800 1/min
Engine for Pump	Molvin F2L - 912	1	Diesel Engine : 16.9kw, 1,800 1/min
Pump	Sykes - 487	2	
Engine for Pump	Mann - 31017	2	
Mud Mixer		2	50cm rad
Water Tank		2	2m × 3m × 1.4m
Water Tank		4	1.4m × 1.4m × 1m
Dump Truck	Bedford	2	5.5t
Jeep	RL	2	
Drill Rods	HQ - WL	150	3.00m/pc
	NQ - WL	150	3.00m/pc
Casing Pipes	HW	100	3.00m/pc
	NW	20	1.00m/pc

A p. II - 3 List of Main Articles of Consumption

Item	Specification	Unit	Quantity				Total
			MJMH-1	MJMH-2	MJMH-3	MJMH-4	
Light Oil		ℓ	3,400	4,000	3,600	4,100	15,100
Bentonite		bag	75	10	10	20	115
CMC		bag	—	6	4	6	16
Metal crown		pc	3	1	1	1	6
Diamond bit	HQ	pc	1	3	2	3	9
	NQ	pc	6	4	4	8	22
Diamond reamer	HQ	pc	1	1	1	1	4
	NQ	pc	2	2	2	3	9
Core box		pc	50	65	65	65	245

A p. II - 4 Drilling Meterage of Diamond Bits

(1)

DH No.	Kind of Bit	Bit No.	Drilling Meterage	Accumulative Met.
MJMH - 1	Tricon 8 1/2"		2.00	2.00
	Tricon 6"		22.00	24.00
	Tricon 6"		26.00	50.00
	HQ	901124	18.20	68.20
	NQ	904209	31.70	99.90
	NQ	578735	36.60	136.50
	NQ	904208	77.10	213.60
	NQ	903-21	58.00	271.60
	NQ	901-83	89.90	361.50
	NQ	907-20	38.90	400.40
MJMH - 2	Tricon 6 1/4"		9.00	9.00
	HQ	901124	47.00	56.00
	HQ	907-28	30.60	86.60
	HQ	907-23	17.10	103.70
	NQ	907-10	26.60	130.30
	NQ	907-07	98.30	222.60
	NQ	907-16	119.10	341.70
	NQ	907-06	59.60	401.30

(2)

DH No.	Kind of Bit	Bit No.	Drilling Meterage	Accumulative Met.
MJMH - 3	Tricon 4 3/4"		9.00	9.00
	HQ	907-33	58.50	67.50
	HQ	907-32	21.30	88.30
	NQ	907-10 ※	4.10	92.40
	NQ	907-03	56.70	149.10
	NQ	907-12	38.90	188.00
	NQ	737-84	119.00	307.00
	NQ	420-06	93.80	400.80
MJMH - 4	Tricon 6 1/4"		6.50	6.50
	HQ	904215	17.70	24.10
	HQ	905-30	11.40	35.50
	HQ	904-25	19.10	54.60
	NQ	907-21	36.80	91.40
	NQ	421-06	43.30	134.70
	NQ	904-19	32.30	167.00
	NQ	905-27	68.40	235.40
	NQ	104040	63.50	298.90
	NQ	905-25	38.50	337.40
	NQ	907-27	33.50	370.90
NQ	737-85	29.30	400.20	

※ Second use

Ap. II-5 List of Analyzed Samples

DH No.	Sample No.	Sample Name	Type	Kind of Analysis			
				TS	PS	XR	OA
MJMH-1	1-128	Slate	-	T			
	1-246	Pb · Zn Ore	vlts	T	P	X	
	1-293	Siltstone	-	T			
	1-350	Pb · Zn Ore	vlts	T	P	X	A
MJMH-2	2-131	Alt (Phy · Silt)	-	T			
	2-233	Pb · Zn Ore	v	T			A
	2-247	Cu Ore	v	T	P	X	A
	2-366	Pb Ore	diss	T			A
	2-370	Cu · Zn Ore	diss	T			
	2-373	Pb · Zn Ore	v	T	P	X	A
	3-126	Cu · Po Ore	v	T	P		A
MJMH-3	3-225	Zn · Py Ore	vlts	T	P	X	A
	3-238	Siltstone	-	T		X	
	3-239	Phyllite	-	T		X	
	3-272	Alt (Phy · Silt)	-	T			
	3-308	Zn Ore	diss	T	P	X	A
	3-335	Cu · Zn Ore	v		P		
	4-056	Rhyolite	-	T		X	
	4-079	Rhyolite	-	T			
MJMH-4	4-104	Rhyolite	-	T			
	4-108	Rhyolite	-	T			
	4-160	Pb · Zn Ore	vlts		P	X	A
	4-196	Cu · Po Ore	v		P		A
	Total				20	10	10

TS : thin section

Alt : alternation

diss : dissemination

PS : polished section

Py : pyrite

vlts : veinlets

XR : X-ray diffraction

Po : pyrrhotite

v : vein

OA : ore assay

Ap. II-6 Assay Results of Drilling Core

(1)

No.	Sample No.	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Rock Type	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (g/t)	
1	-1	1 - 100	100 - 101	1.0	SI	Tr	Tr	0.01	Tr
	2	1 - 150	150 - 151	1.0	SI	Tr	Tr	0.01	Tr
	3	1 - 200	200 - 201	1.0	SI	Tr	Tr	Tr	Tr
	4	1 - 268	268 - 269	1.0	SI	Tr	Tr	0.01	Tr
	5	1 - 300	300 - 301	1.0	SI	Tr	Tr	0.01	Tr
	6	1 - 346	346.4 - 346.6	0.2		0.11	6.36	0.96	5
	7	1 - 349	349.2 - 394.4	0.2		0.01	0.01	7.05	16
	8	1 - 350	350.7 - 350.8	0.1		0.03	6.12	16.00	3
	9	1 - 352	352.3 - 352.4	0.1		0.02	0.01	9.58	3
	10	1 - 400	399 - 400	1.0	SI	Tr	Tr	0.01	Tr
2	-1	2 - 132	132.1 - 132.6	0.5		0.05	0.02	0.02	2
	2	2 - 134	134.6 - 135.5	0.9		0.03	Tr	0.07	t
	3	2 - 219	219.3 - 220.1	0.8		0.16	0.04	0.13	1
	4	2 - 225	225.7 - 226.3	0.6		0.01	0.02	0.24	Tr
	5	2 - 232	232.0 - 233.3	1.3		0.01	2.31	1.86	8
	6	2 - 234	233.3 - 234.7	1.4		0.04	0.10	0.42	1
	7	2 - 246	246.8 - 247.8	1.0		1.07	0.02	0.17	9
	8	2 - 250	250.7 - 250.9	0.2		0.07	0.09	0.06	4
	9	2 - 293	293.4 - 295.0	1.6		0.05	0.33	1.59	4
	10	2 - 330	330.0 - 331.5	1.5		0.12	0.06	0.20	3
	11	2 - 332	331.5 - 333.0	1.5		0.05	0.03	0.02	2
	12	2 - 334	333.0 - 334.5	1.5		0.03	0.06	0.66	2
	13	2 - 366	365.9 - 366.7	0.8		Tr	0.14	0.04	1
	14	2 - 372	371.5 - 372.1	0.6		0.07	0.04	0.47	1
	15	2 - 373	372.1 - 373.1	1.0		0.02	0.91	1.92	23
3	-1	3 - 125	125.0 - 125.9	0.9		0.01	0.01	0.04	1
	2	3 - 126	125.9 - 126.9	1.0		0.61	0.10	0.66	8
	3	3 - 127	126.9 - 127.5	0.6		0.02	0.01	0.01	Tr
	4	3 - 139	139.0 - 141.5	2.5		0.02	Tr	0.01	Tr
	5	3 - 142	141.5 - 144.0	2.5		0.28	0.09	0.41	7
	6	3 - 194	193.7 - 195.5	1.8		0.05	0.21	0.03	Tr
	7	3 - 196	195.5 - 197.2	1.7		0.06	Tr	0.01	Tr
	8	3 - 198	197.2 - 199.0	1.8		0.12	0.04	0.23	3
	9	3 - 203	203.2 - 204.2	1.0		Tr	Tr	0.01	Tr
	10	3 - 222	222.0 - 222.3	0.3		0.02	3.62	4.79	26
	11	3 - 224	223.4 - 225.1	1.7		0.01	0.01	0.02	Tr
	12	3 - 226	225.1 - 227.1	2.0		0.02	0.06	0.02	1
	13	3 - 279	278.1 - 281.2	3.1		0.04	0.06	0.34	1
	14	3 - 282	281.2 - 284.3	3.1		Tr	Tr	0.03	Tr
	15	3 - 285	284.3 - 287.3	3.0		0.01	0.02	0.02	Tr
	16	3 - 308	307.0 - 308.3	1.3		0.03	0.02	0.25	Tr
	17	3 - 317	316.4 - 317.4	1.0		0.11	0.79	0.95	3
	18	3 - 325	324.6 - 326.5	1.9		0.11	0.28	2.06	3
	19	3 - 330	329.3 - 330.6	1.3		0.09	3.08	2.87	11
	20	3 - 331	330.6 - 331.9	1.3		0.04	0.76	0.97	5
4	-1	4 - 034	34 - 35	1.0	Ry	Tr	0.01	0.03	Tr
	2	4 - 056	56 - 57	1.0	Ry	Tr	0.01	0.02	Tr
	3	4 - 074	74 - 75	1.0	Ry	Tr	Tr	0.01	Tr
	4	4 - 158	158.0 - 159.8	1.8		0.01	0.02	0.05	Tr
	5	4 - 160	159.8 - 160.4	0.6		0.01	1.14	1.34	5
	6	4 - 171	171.5 - 171.7	0.2		0.19	0.48	2.57	16
	7	4 - 194	193.2 - 194.4	1.2		0.02	0.02	0.03	1

(2)

No.	Sample No.	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Rock Type	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (g/t)
8	4 - 195	194.4 - 195.6	1.2		0.03	0.03	0.18	1
9	4 - 196	195.6 - 196.4	0.8		Tr	Tr	0.05	Tr
10	4 - 197	196.4 - 197.4	1.0		0.17	0.08	0.13	3
11	4 - 225	225.0 - 226.2	1.2		0.02	0.14	0.14	1
12	4 - 230	230.3 - 230.8	0.5		0.18	0.09	0.01	1
13	4 - 232	231.8 - 232.3	0.5		0.06	0.01	0.01	Tr
14	4 - 234	234.0 - 234.6	0.6		0.04	Tr	Tr	1
15	4 - 304	304.6 - 304.7	0.1		0.92	0.04	0.28	3
16	4 - 344	344.4 - 345.2	0.8		0.01	Tr	0.01	Tr
17	4 - 362	362.5 - 362.9	0.4		0.03	0.91	2.64	11

Ap. II-7 Microscopic Observation of Thin Sections

SAMPLE No.	ROCK TYPE	Qz	Pl	Mus	Ser	Bio	Chl	Cal	Sd	Carb	Zr	Sphe	Apa	Spha	Grap	Opag
1-128	Siltstone	4	1	2		4	3				1				2	3
1-246	Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet	3	1	1	2	2	3	2						2	3	3
1-293	Siltstone	4	1	2		3	1	4			1				3	3
1-350	Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet	3	1	3	3	1	2	2						4	3	4
2-131	Alt of Phy & Silts	4	3	3	3	2	2		1	2	1			1	3	3
2-233	Carbonate veinlet	4	1	3	4	4	2	3					1		1	2
2-247	Cu-Zn veinlet	4	1	3	3	2	2		2	1		1		1	2	3
2-366	Cu-Pb ore	4	1	3			4		1	2				1	1	2
2-370	Cu-Zn ore	3					4		2	3	1					4
2-373	Cu-Zn veinlet	3					2	4	3							4
3-126	Iron sulfide ore	3			4		3		3			1				3
3-225	Iron sulfide veinlet	4	1	2	3	2	2	2						2	2	3
3-238	Phyllite	3		3	3		3		2	1					2	3
3-239	Phyllite	3	1	3	3		3		2						2	3
3-272	Alt of Slate & Phy	3		3	4		1			1					2	3
3-308	Cu-Pb-Zn Veinlet	3			3		2		3					2	3	4
4-056	Rhyoritic Rock	4	3	3	2		1		2	2						2
4-079	Phyllite	4		3	3		2		1	2	1					3
4-104	Rhyoritic Rock	4	1	4	3		2		2	3	1		1			2
4-108	Phyllite	3	1	3	3		3		2	1					2	2

4 : abundant 3 : common 2 : poor 1 : rare

-Abbreviations-

Alt : Alternation Phy : phyllite Silts : siltstone

Qz : Quartz Pl : Plagioclase Mus : Muscovite Ser : Sericite Bio : Biotite
 Chl : Chlorite Cal : Calcite Sd : Siderite Carb : Carbonate Minerals
 Zr : Zircon Sphe : Sphene Apa : Apatite Spha : Sphalerite Grap : Graphite
 Opag : Opaque Minerals

Sample No. : 1-128
Rock Name : Siltstone

This specimen is mainly composed of non-foliated minerals of quartz, biotite and chlorite, those are about 0.03mm in size. Biotite and chlorite occur as euhedral to subhedral. Muscovite(0.07mm to 0.3mm in diameter) is also observed.

Sample No. : 1-246
Rock Name : Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet

This specimen mainly consist of quartz (smaller than 0.01mm in size). Subordinate chlorite is observed in network-like texture. Banded aggregate formed by chlorite involving a few relic particles of biotite are also observed. The aggregates accompany with opaque minerals, muscovite and sphalerite.

Sample No. : 1-293
Rock Name : Siltstone

This specimen is mainly composed of quartz, calcite and biotite, and shows weak compositional bandings owing to the differences of mineral contents ratio of biotite and graphite. The layers that are rich in biotite and graphite (about 0.03mm in diameter) show weak foliation. On the other hand, the layers, poor in these minerals, mainly consist of quartz and calcite (about 0.08mm in diameter). And this layers show little foliation.

Sample No. : 1-350
Rock Name : Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet

This veinlet is mainly composed of opaque minerals and sphalerite. Opaque minerals are surrounded by sphalerite particles. Subordinate calcite and quartz are also associated with opaque minerals. The quartz grains show wavy extinction.

Sample No. : 2-131
Rock Name : Alternation of Phyllite & Siltstone

This specimen is composed of phyllite layers (less than 3mm in thickness) and siltstone layers (less than 6mm in thickness).

Rock forming minerals of the phyllite layer are fine-grained sericite and graphite. These minerals show considerably developed lepidoblastic texture. Spotted muscovite is partly observed.

The siltstone layer mainly consists of quartz (about 0.03mm in diameter) and subordinate muscovite.

This specimen is penetrated by veinlet (about 1mm in thickness) of quartz and siderite associated with opaque minerals.

Sample No. : 2-233
 Rock Name : Carbonate veinlet

This veinlet is less than 1mm in thickness, and consists of calcite and quartz which are about 0.15mm in size.

The country rock is phyllite which is mainly composed of quartz, muscovite and sericite (about 0.03mm in size). Muscovite and sericite show considerably developed lepidoblastic texture.

Sample No. : 2-247
 Rock Name : Cu-Zn veinlet

This specimen is composed mainly of quartz and sericite. Fine-grained (about 0.03mm in size) and comparatively coarse-grained (about 0.2mm in size) quartz particles are observed. Coarse-grained quartz formed lenticular aggregate accompanied with opaque minerals, siderite and another kind of carbonate minerals.

Sample No. : 2-366
 Rock Name : Cu-Pb ore

This specimen mainly consists of chlorite, quartz and muscovite, which are about 0.03mm in size. Spotted chlorite, smaller than 0.07mm in size, is also observed.

Veinlet (less than 0.1mm in thickness) is observed in the specimen. This veinlet is mainly composed of carbonate minerals and quartz rarely associated with sphalerite and opaque minerals. Chlorite particles, about 1mm in thickness, are partly present along the carbonate veinlet.

Sample No. : 2-370
 Rock Name : Cu-Zn ore

This specimen is mostly composed of very fine-grained chlorite and opaque minerals which is smaller than 0.1mm in size. These minerals form considerable foliation.

Siderite and another kind of carbonate minerals are also observed. These carbonate minerals partly form veinlets. Siderite is commonly associated with opaque minerals.

Sample No. : 2-373
 Rock Name : Cu-Zn veinlet

This specimen is mainly composed of opaque minerals, siderite and calcite.

Siderite is observed marginal and interior parts of opaque minerals.

Calcite has clearly twin lamellae formed rhomb.

Chlorite is sporadically present as aggregate.

Sample No. : 3-126
 Rock Name : Iron sulfide ore

This ore consists of opaque minerals and siderite, with subordinate chlorite and quartz.

The country rock is slate composed of very fine-grained, smaller than 0.01mm in size, mineral particles. These minerals are difficult to be determined by microscopic observation, but are inferred sericite (and/or kaoline) and quartz. This specimen shows considerably developed lepidoblastic texture.

Sample No. : 3-225
 Rock Name : Iron sulfide veinlet

This specimen is penetrated by many veinlets. These veinlets consist of opaque minerals and siderite. Spalerite and calcite is also observed in this veinlets.

The country rock is phyllite which is mainly composed of muscovite, sericite and quartz. A lepidoblastic texture is formed by these minerals.

Sample No. : 3-238
 Rock Name : Phyllite

This specimen is mainly composed of chlorite, sericite, and quartz. These minerals are also about 0.02mm in size and show considerably developed lepidoblastic texture.

Spotted chlorite (smaller than 0.06 in size) is present. Micro-quartz aggregate with chlorite, smaller than 0.3mm in size, is also detected.

this rock is penetrated by veinlets. One of These veinlets is composed of only siderite and the other veinlets are composed of carbonate minerals and quartz.

Sample No. : 3-239
 Rock Name : Phyllite

This specimen is similar to Sample No.3-238 in mode of mineral assemblage and texture.

The specimen is composed mainly of chlorite, sericite and quartz. These minerals are about 0.02mm in size and show considerably developed lepidoblastic texture. Spotted chlorite (smaller than 0.06mm in size) is present. Micro-quartz aggregate with chlorite, smaller than 0.3mm in size, is also observed.

Siderite veinlets are detected in the specimen.

Sample No. : 3-272
 Rock Name : Alternation of slate & phyllite

This specimen is composed of slate layer (about 5mm in thickness) and phyllite layer (less than 2mm in thickness).

(5)

Rock forming minerals of the slate layer are very fine-grained sericite and quartz. These minerals shows considerably developed lepidoblastic texture. Spotted opaque minerals with quartz are observed, and sericite particles surrounding the opaque minerals show pressure shadows.

The phyllite layer mainly consists of quartz (about 0.04mm in diameter) with subordinate amounts of muscovite. Chlorite layers formed by many grains are partially observed, but chlorite content is poor in totality.

This specimen is penetrated by veinlet (less than about 1mm in thickness) of quartz.

Sample No. : 3-308

Rock Name : Cu-Pb-Zn Veinlet

This veinlet is composed of opaque minerals, siderite and quartz. Siderite grains occur as euhedral to subhedral. Sphalerite is also observed.

The country rock is phyllite, mainly consisting of sericite, chlorite and quartz. These minerals is about 0.02mm in size and show a lepidoblastic texture.

Sample No. : 4-056

Rock Name : Rhyoritic rock

This specimen is severely altered, but porphyritic texture is remained.

Phenocrysts formed by plagioclase are observed. The plagioclase grains generally occur as twins and are partially replaced by calcite grains. Quartz phenocrysts recrystallize to micro-quartz aggregate.

The groundmass entirely recrystallize to micro-quartz, sericite and muscovite.

This specimen is penetrated by opaque minerals veinlets, and this opaque minerals partly associate with siderite.

Sample No. : 4-079

Rock Name : Phyllite

This specimen is mainly composed of quartz, sericite and muscovite, and shows weak compositional bandings owing to the differences mineral contents ratio of these minerals.

This specimen is penetrated by siderite veinlet and other kind of carbonate veinlet. Siderite is associated with opaque minerals.

Sample No. : 4-104

Rock Name : Rhyoritic rock

This specimen is inferred as a rhyoritic rock, but severely altered and no original texture is observed.

This specimen is mainly composed of micro-quartz (smaller than

(6)

0.07mm in size), with subordinate amounts of sericite and muscovite (about 0.07mm in size).

Calcite is also observed; and partly formed veinlet.

Sample No. : 4-108

Rock Name : Phyllite

This specimen is mainly composed of quartz, sericite, muscovite and chlorite. These minerals are about 0.02mm in size and show considerably developed lepidoblastic texture.

This specimen is penetrated by veinlet, which are composed of quartz and subordinate siderite.

Ap. II -8 Microscopic Observation of Polished Sections

SAMPLE No.	ROCK TYPE	Spha	Gn	Cp	Py	Mc	Po	He	Goe	Bo	Pn
1-246	Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet	2	3	1	3	2	2		1		
1-350	Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet	3	2		3					1	
2-247	Cu-Zn veinlet	2		3	3				1		
2-373	Cu-Zn veinlet	2		2	3		4				1
3-126	Iron sulfide ore	2	2	2	3	2	4		2		
3-225	Iron sulfide veinlet	2	2	3	3	2	4	2	2		
3-308	Cu-Pb-Zn Veinlet	2	2	3	2	2	4				
3-335	Cu veinlet	3	2	2	3	2	3				
4-160	Pb-Zn-Cu ore	4	3	2	3	2	2		1	2	
4-196	Cu ore	2		3	3	2	4				2

4 : abundant 3 : common 2 : poor 1 : rare

-Abbreviations-

Spha : sphalerite Gn : Galena Cp : Chalcopyrite Py : Pyrite
 Mc : marcasite Po : Pyrrhotite He : Hematite Goe : Goethite
 Bo : Bornite Pn : Pentlandite

(2)

Sample No. : 1-246
Rock name : Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet

This specimen contains marcasite, galena, sphalerite and chalcopyrite.

Pyrrhotite and pyrite are associated with the following minerals. Chalcopyrite is exclusively observed within sphalerite showing exsolution texture. Concentration grade of both galena and sphalerite in this rock is low. Most part of the specimen is occupied by gangue minerals, though minute sphalerites extensively impregnate in the rock.

Sample No. : 1-350
Rock name : Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet

This specimen is partly made up of coarse-grained galena, sphalerite.

In the sphalerite, fine-grained pinkish brown mineral, possibly exsolution bornite appears. Besides, pyrite-veins occur in parallel within the galena-sphalerite band which is 0.5cm thick. The country rock is black slate. From these, this ore is estimated to belong to a stratabound type.

Sample No. : 2-247
Rock name : Cu-Zn veinlet

Pyrite veinlets are conspicuous. Besides, impregnation of very fine-grained chalcopyrite and minute sphalerite is recognized, whereas, the concentration grade of them is very low.

Sample No. : 2-373
Rock name : Cu-Zn veinlet

This specimen is mainly composed of pyrrhotite and pyrite. Both of them are coarse-grained, e.g. Pyrite is cubic attaining 0.5mm across.

The pyrrhotite is partly characterized by the texture of lamella twinning. Exsolution chalcopyrite is observed in sphalerite, while the sphalerite in question is not abundant.

At the boundary between pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite, granular and minute crystal, white in color seemingly pentlandite is observed. On this mineral, chemical analysis of Ni is required for the identification.

Sample No. : 3-126
Rock name : Iron sulfide ore

This specimen is characterized by the presence of thin pyrrhotite-band and marcasite-band. The former is thick compared with the latter.

(3)

Chalcopyrite occurs within pyrrhotite-band, but the concentration grade of chalcopyrite is low. Within the chalcopyrite, fine-grained magnetite is rarely observed. On the other hand, idiomorphic marcasite, 0.5mm across, showing weak anisotropism is recognized.

Sample No. : 3-225

Rock name : Iron sulfide veinlet

This ore is made up mainly of pyrite-aggregates in which accessory galena and sphalerite are recognized. Chalcopyrite and pyrrhotite are associated with the preceding galena and sphalerite. At the margin of pyrite-aggregates, flaky hematite probably due to oxidation is observed.

Sample No. : 3-308

Rock name : Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet

This ore is characterized by the association of chalcopyrite-pyrrhotite. Marcasite is concentrated in a part of the specimen. The marcasite showing cubic form is observed at the margin of the aggregates. The size of the cubic marcasite attains to 0.5mm across. Pyrite-veinlets are partly found in the specimen.

The pyrrhotite shows lamella texture and is not burnished. From these, the pyrrhotite is presumed to be hexagonal. In the pyrrhotite, cubic pyrite of 0.1mm across is present. This implies that pyrite is precursor of the pyrrhotite mineralization.

Irregular formed sphalerite and galena are associated with the chalcopyrite and/or pyrrhotite, while Cu, Pb, Zn minerals are very scant in abundance.

Sample No.: 3-335

Rock name : Cu veinlet

This specimen is characterized by the presence of chalcopyrite-pyrrhotite bands associated with sphalerite. In a part of pyrrhotite, dots of sphalerite and chalcopyrite occur. Though these dots are comparatively large in size, e.g. 0.05-0.1mm across, they are regarded as a product of exsolution judging from the mode of occurrence. In the sphalerite, a number of dots of pyrrhotite appear. Marcasite showing weak anisotropism forms a lenticular domain, 0.5mm across. On the other hand, fine-grained idiomorphic pyrite scatters in the gangue minerals.

Sample No. : 4-160

Rock name : Pb-Zn-Cu ore

This ore is characterized by the presence of pyrite, galena and sphalerite. Galena and sphalerite occur showing small aggregates attaining 1.5 to 2.0cm in diameter. In the sphalerite, exsolution mineral which is pinkish brown in color, resembling bornite in

Sample No.1-350 is observed. Exsolution chalcopyrite occur in sphalerite, but is very scant in abundance. (4)

Sample No. : 4-196
Rock name : Cu ore

This specimen is composed of abundant pyrrhotite and small amount of pyrite and chalcopyrite. Within pyrrhotite, dots of chalcopyrite and sphalerite occur. The pyrrhotite is granular type. In and around the pyrrhotite, a flaky mineral, white in color, is observed. This mineral is seemingly pentlandite. Chemical analysis on Ni or Co is useful for identification of this mineral. On the other hand, scattering chalcopyrite and sphalerite are observed in some masses of pyrite.

Ap. II-9 Results of X-ray Diffractive Analysis

SAMPLE No.	ROCK TYPE	Chl	Kao	M	Qz	Pl	Cal	Dol	Sd	Cp	Sp	Gn	Py	Po	Mc
1-240	Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet	3	3	2	3	1	4				1	4	1		1
1-350	Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet	3	3	4	3	1	1				3	2	3		
1-247	Cu-Zn veinlet	1	1	2	4			2	2	2	1		1		
2-373	Cu-Zn veinlet	1	1	1	4		4		2		1		1	1	
3-225	Iron sulfide ore	1	1	3	4	1			2	1	1		2		
3-238	Phyllite	4	4	1	4			3		1		1			1
3-239	Phyllite	4	4	4	4	2			2						1
3-308	Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet	1	1	2	4	1			2		1	2	1	1	1
4-056	Rhyrolitic Rock	1	1	2	4	3		3	1					1	1
4-160	Pb-Zn-Cu Ore			1	4			3		1	4	3	3	1	

4:abundant , 3:common , 2:poor , 1:rare

-Abbreviations-

Chl:Chlorite Kao:Kaoline M:Mica Qz:Quartz Pl:Plagioclase Cal:Calcite Dol:Dolomite Sd:Siderite
Cp:Chalcopyrite Sp:Sphalerite Gn:Galena Py:Pyrite Po:Pyrrhotite Mc:Marcasite

Measurement Condition

Voltage 30kV
Current 20mA
Target Cu
Filter Ni
Slit 1°DS -- 0.1mm -- 1°SS
Scale Range 1000 cps
Time constant 2 sec
Measurement Range(2θ) 2°~ 71°
Scanning Speed 2°/min
Chart Speed 2 cm/min
Hardware XD-610
Software DP-61 System

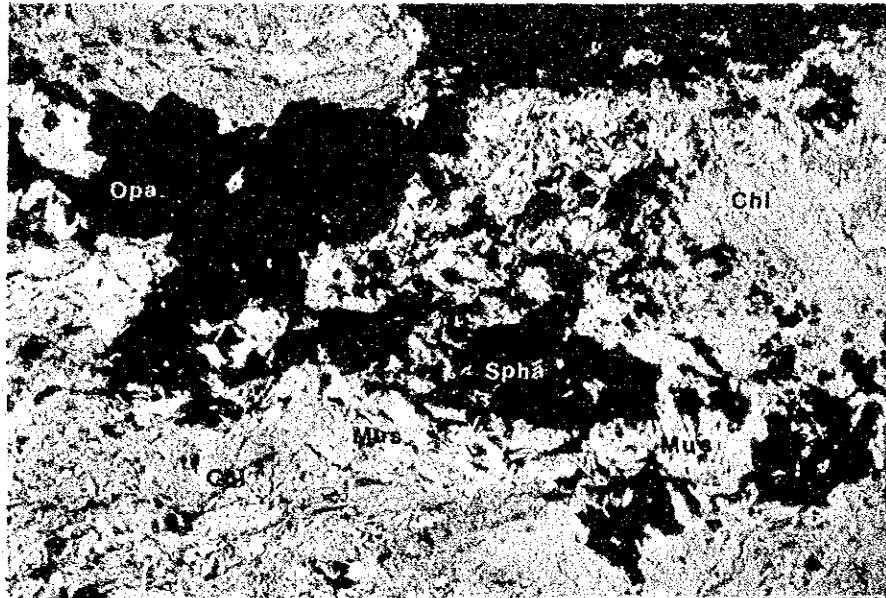
Identified mineral

Chl : Chlorite
Kao : Kaoline
M : Mica
Qz : Quartz
Pl : Plagioclase
Cal : Calcite
Dol : Dolomite
Sd : Siderite
Cp : Chalcopyrite
Spha : Sphalerite
Gn : Galena
Py : Pyrite
Po : Pyrrhotite
Mc : Marcasite

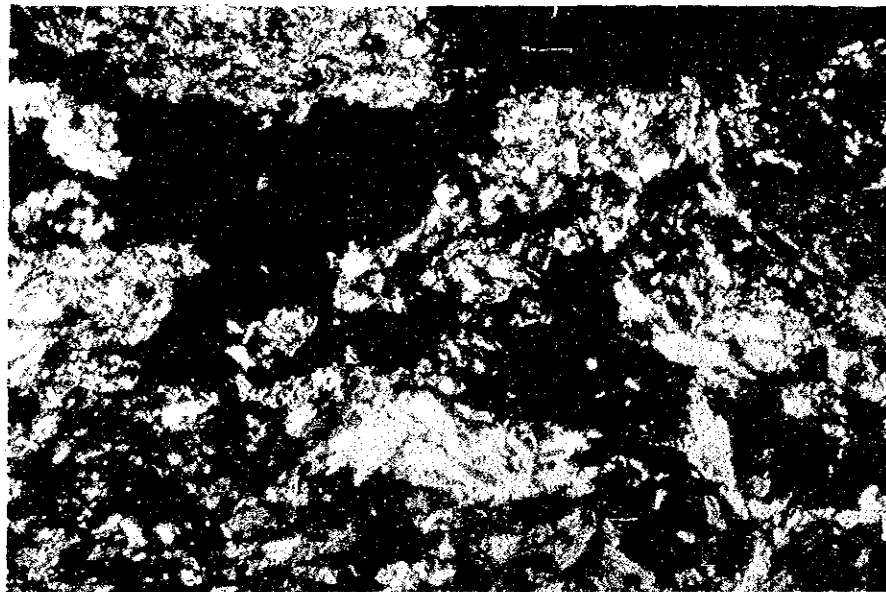
(1)

Sample No. : 1-246
Rock Name : Cu-Pb-Zn veinlet

Plain polarized

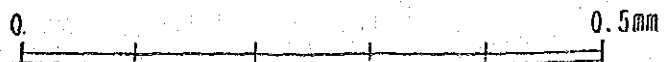


Crossed nicols



-Abbreviations-

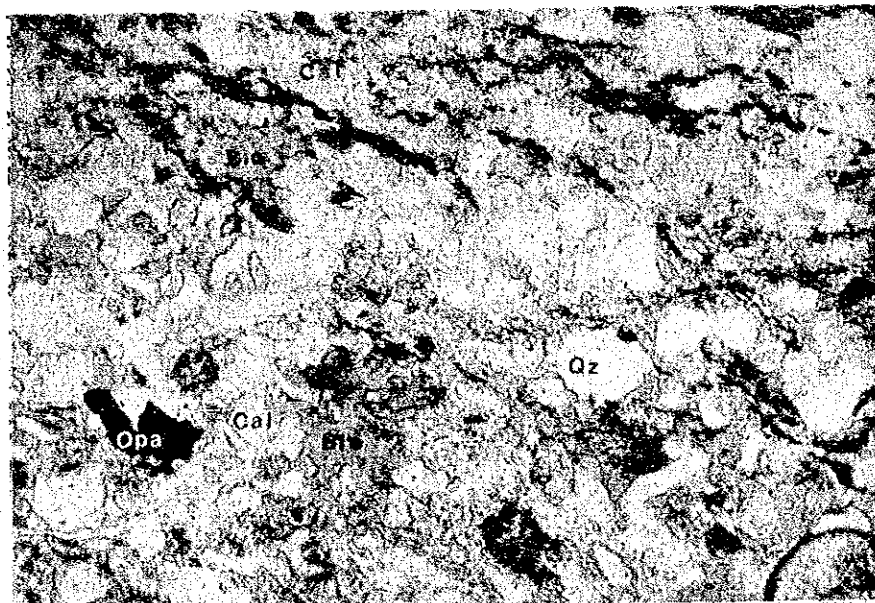
- Qz : Quartz
- Pl : Plagioclase
- Mus : Muscovite
- Ser : Sericite
- Bio : Biotite
- Chl : Chlorite
- Cal : Calcite
- Sd : Siderite
- Carb : Carbonate Minerals
- Spha : Sphalerite
- Opa : Opaque Minerals



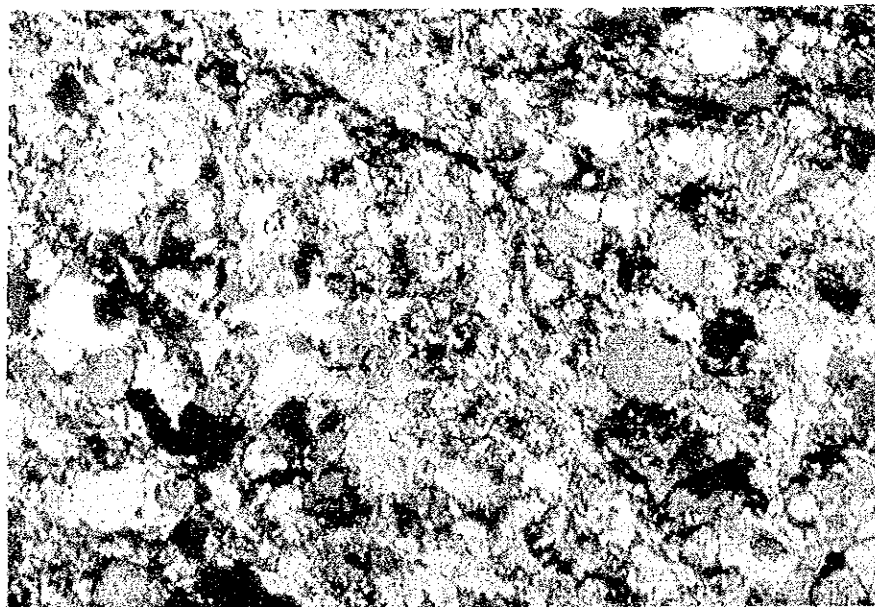
(2)

Sample No. : 1-293
Rock Name : Siltstone

Plain polarized



Crossed nicols

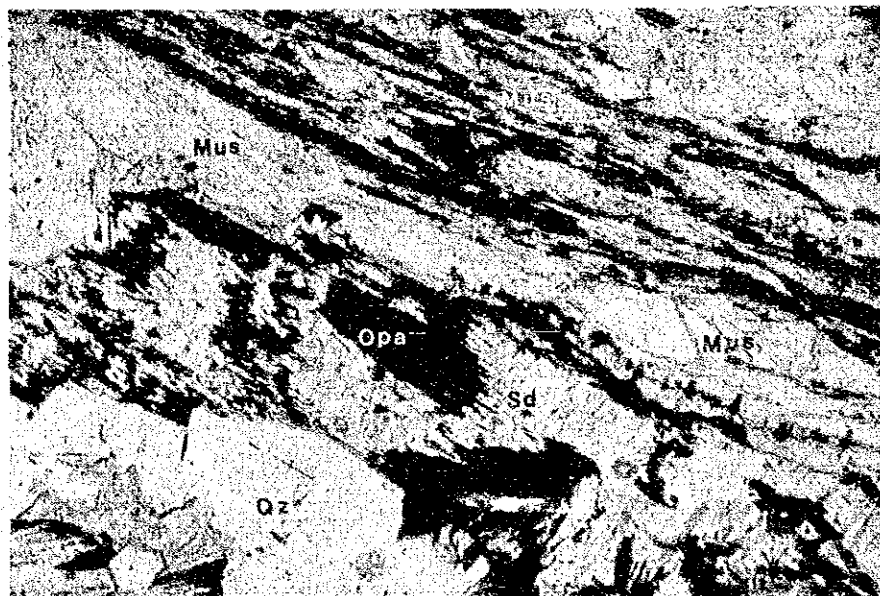


A-22

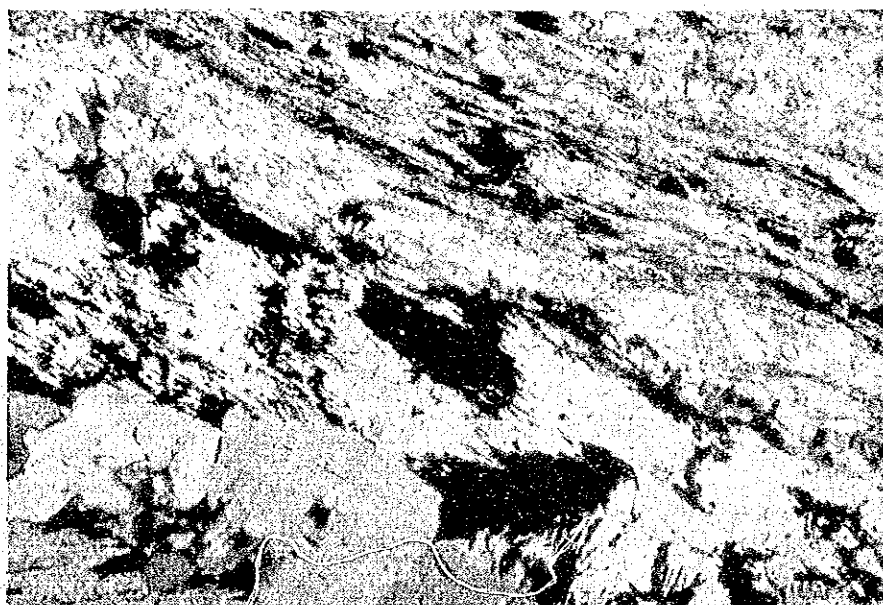
Sample No. : 2-131
Rock Name : Alternation of Phyllite & Siltstone

(3)

Plain polarized



Crossed nicols



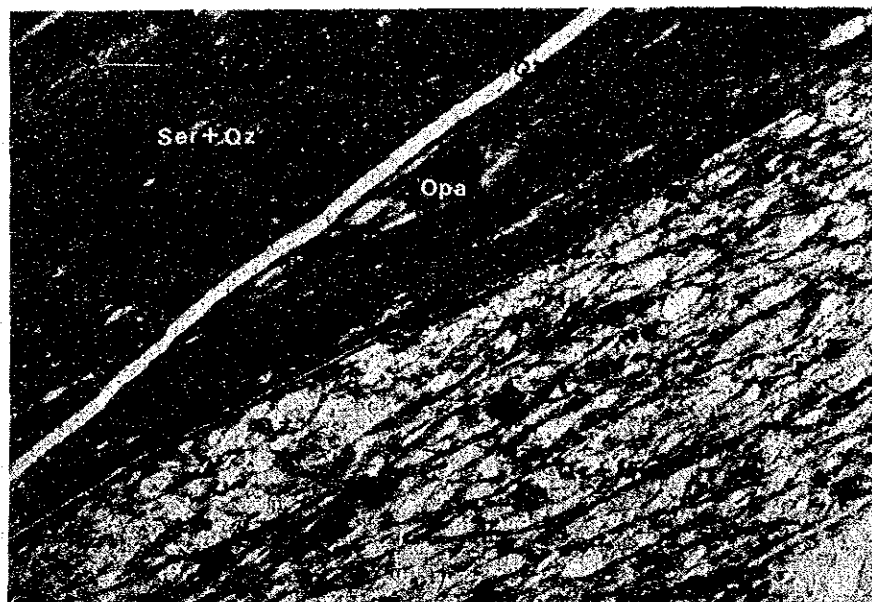
0 0.5mm

A horizontal scale bar with a total length of 0.5mm. The bar is divided into five equal segments, each representing 0.1mm. The left end is labeled '0' and the right end is labeled '0.5mm'.

Sample No. : 3-272
Rock Name : Alternation of slate & phyllite

(4)

Plain polarized



Crossed nicols

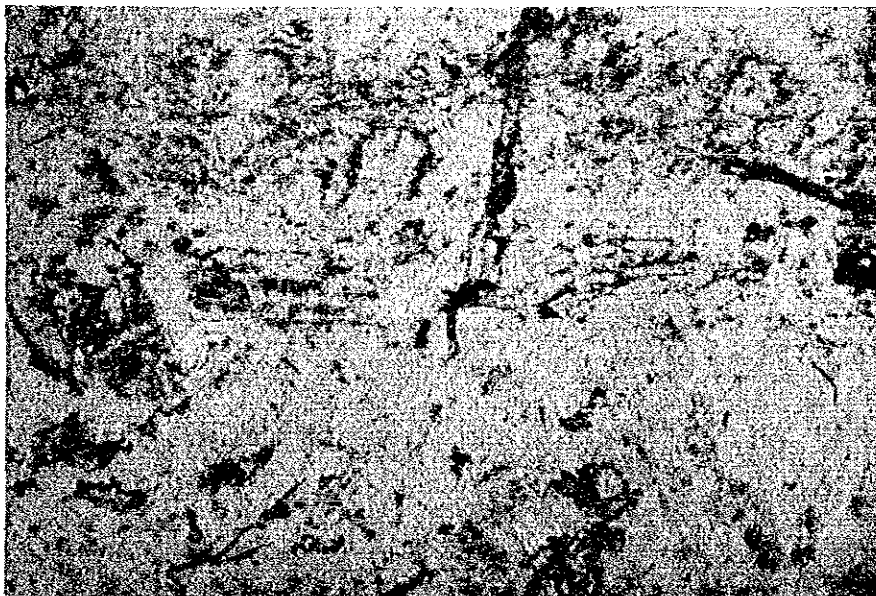


0 0.5mm

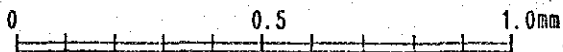
(5)

Sample No. : 4-056
Rock Name : Rhyoritic rock

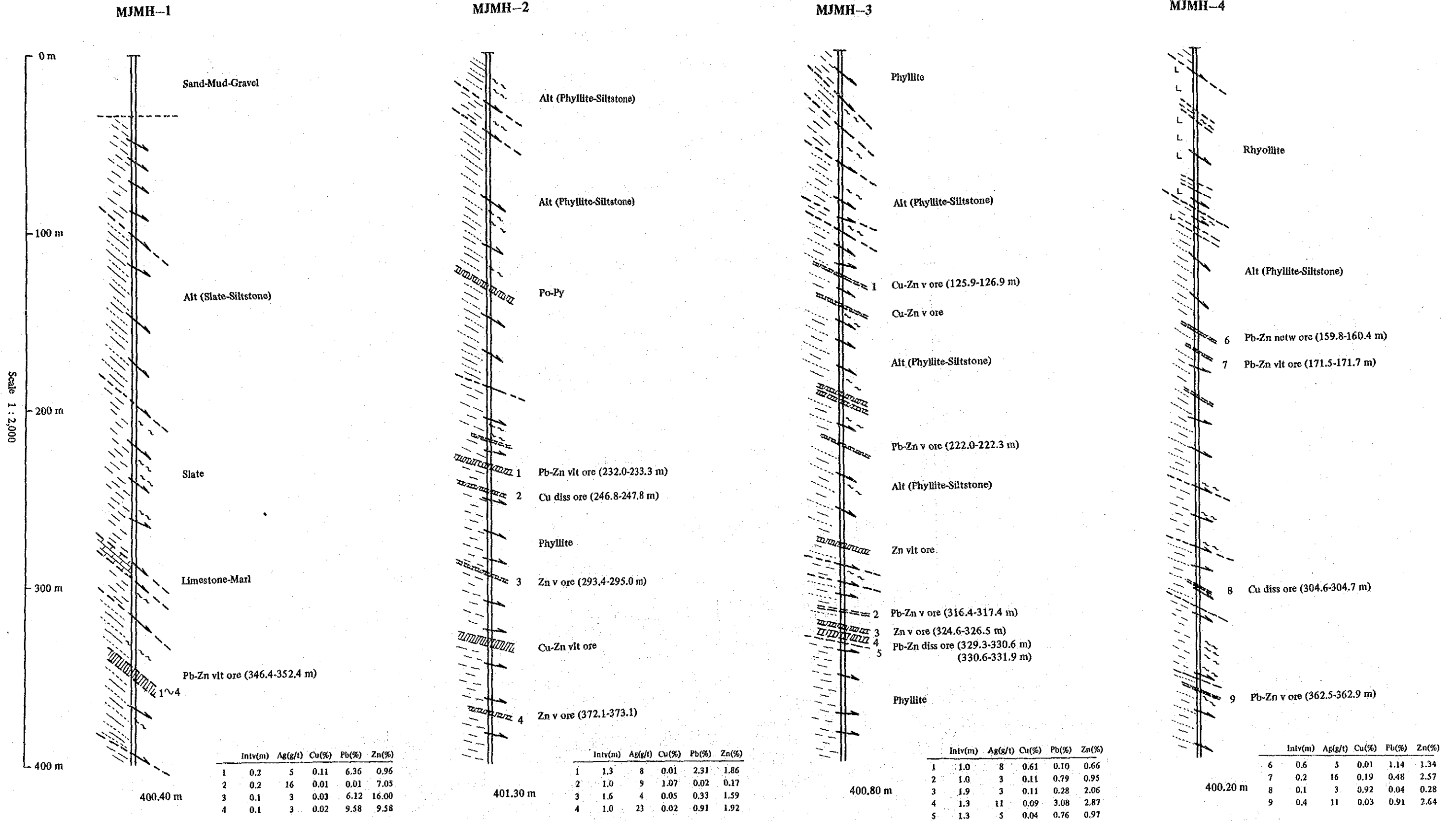
Plain polarized



Crossed nicols



Geologic Drill Section



vlt : veinlet
v : vein
diss: dissemination

