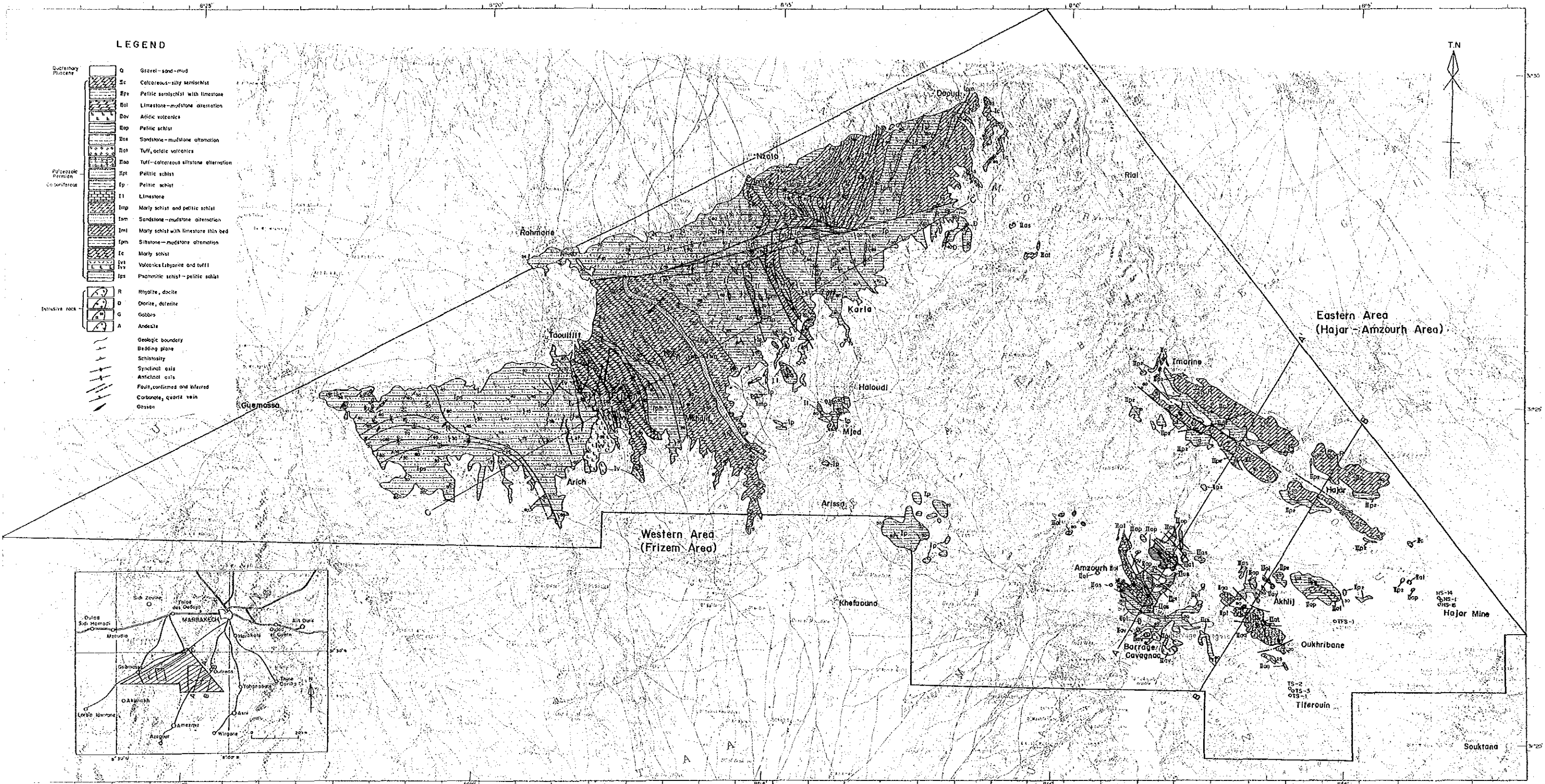


Fig. I -1 Geological Map of the Haouz Central Area



LEGEND

- | | | |
|------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| Quaternary
Pliocene | Q | Gravel-sand-mud |
| | Sc | Calcareous-silty micaceous |
| | Ep | Pelitic schist with limestone |
| | Bl | Limestone-mudstone alternation |
| | Dv | Acidic volcanics |
| | Eop | Pelitic schist |
| | Es | Sandstone-mudstone alternation |
| | Tv | Tuff, acid volcanics |
| | Tao | Tuff-calcareous siltstone alternation |
| | Ep | Pelitic schist |
| | Ep | Pelitic schist |
| | Il | Limestone |
| | Imp | Marly schist and pelitic schist |
| | Im | Sandstone-mudstone alternation |
| | Iml | Marly schist with limestone thin bed |
| | Ipm | Siltstone-mudstone alternation |
| | Is | Marly schist |
| | IV | Volcanics (basalt and tuff) |
| | IV | Volcanics (basalt and tuff) |
| | Ips | Phanitic schist - pelitic schist |
| | R | Rhyolite, dacite |
| | D | Diorite, dolerite |
| | G | Gabbro |
| | A | Andesite |
| | | Geologic boundary |
| | | Bedding plane |
| | | Schistosity |
| | | Synclinal axis |
| | | Anticlinal axis |
| | | Fault, confirmed and inferred |
| | | Carbonate, quartz vein |
| | | Gousson |

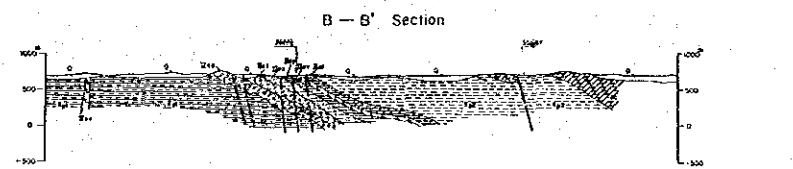
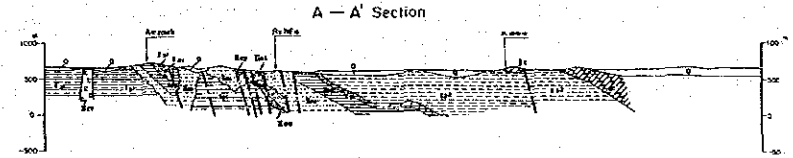
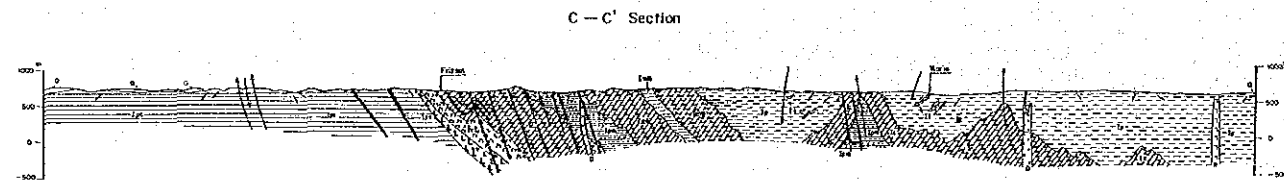
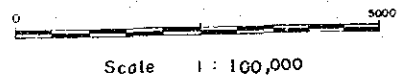
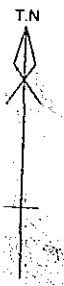
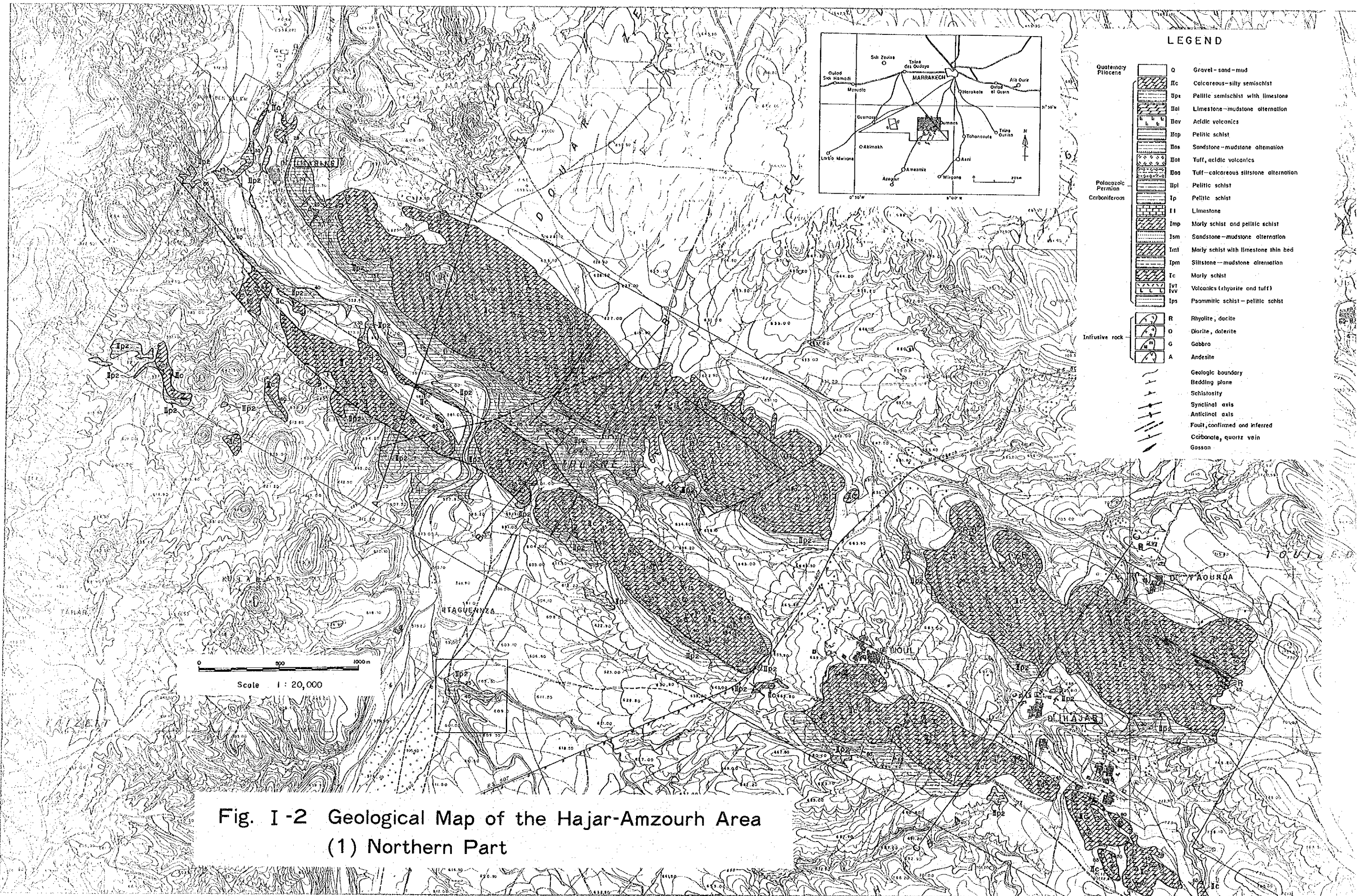


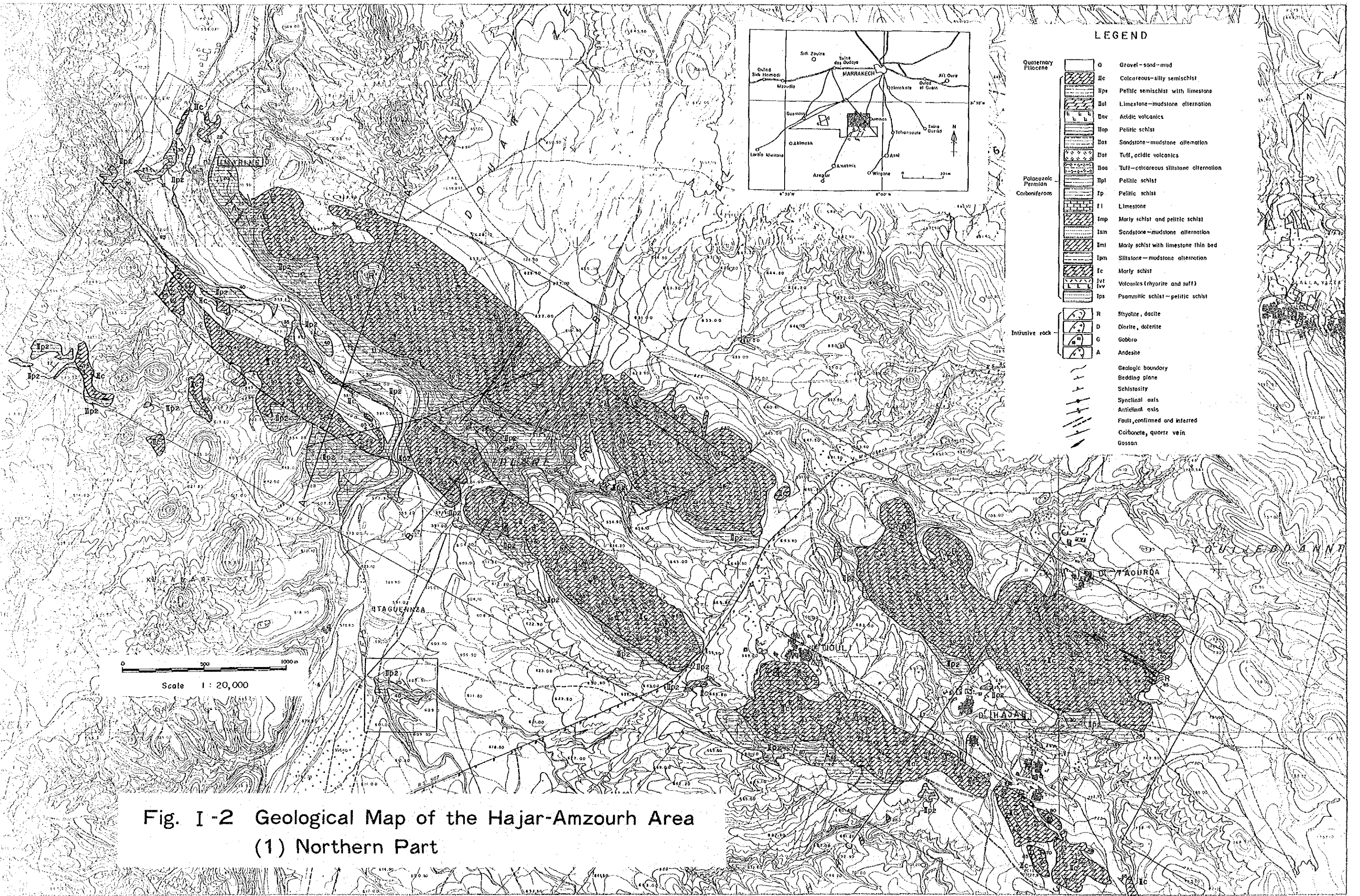
Fig. I -1 Geological Map of the Haouz Central Area



LEGEND

Quaternary	Q	Gravel - sand - mud	
Pliocene	Ic	Calcareous-silty semischist	
	Ips	Pelitic semischist with limestone	
	Ial	Limestone - mudstone alternation	
	Iav	Acidic volcanics	
	Iop	Pelitic schist	
	Ios	Sandstone - mudstone alternation	
	Iot	Tuff, acidic volcanics	
	Ioa	Tuff - calcareous siltstone alternation	
	Palaeozoic	IIpl	Pelitic schist
		Permian	Ip
Il			Limestone
Carboniferous		Imp	Morly schist and pelitic schist
		Ism	Sandstone - mudstone alternation
		Iml	Morly schist with limestone thin bed
		Ipm	Siltstone - mudstone alternation
		Ic	Morly schist
		Ivt	Volcanics (rhyolite and tuff)
		Ivv	Psammitic schist - pelitic schist
	Ips	Psammitic schist - pelitic schist	
Intrusive rock	R	Rhyolite, dacite	
	D	Diorite, dolerite	
	G	Gabbro	
	A	Andesite	
		Geologic boundary	
		Bedding plane	
		Schistosity	
		Synclinal axis	
		Anticlinal axis	
		Fault, confirmed and inferred	
		Carbonate, quartz vein	
		Gossan	

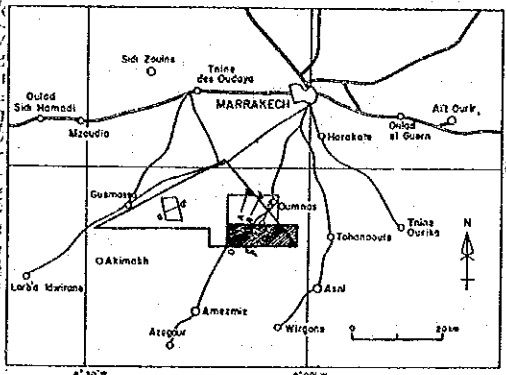
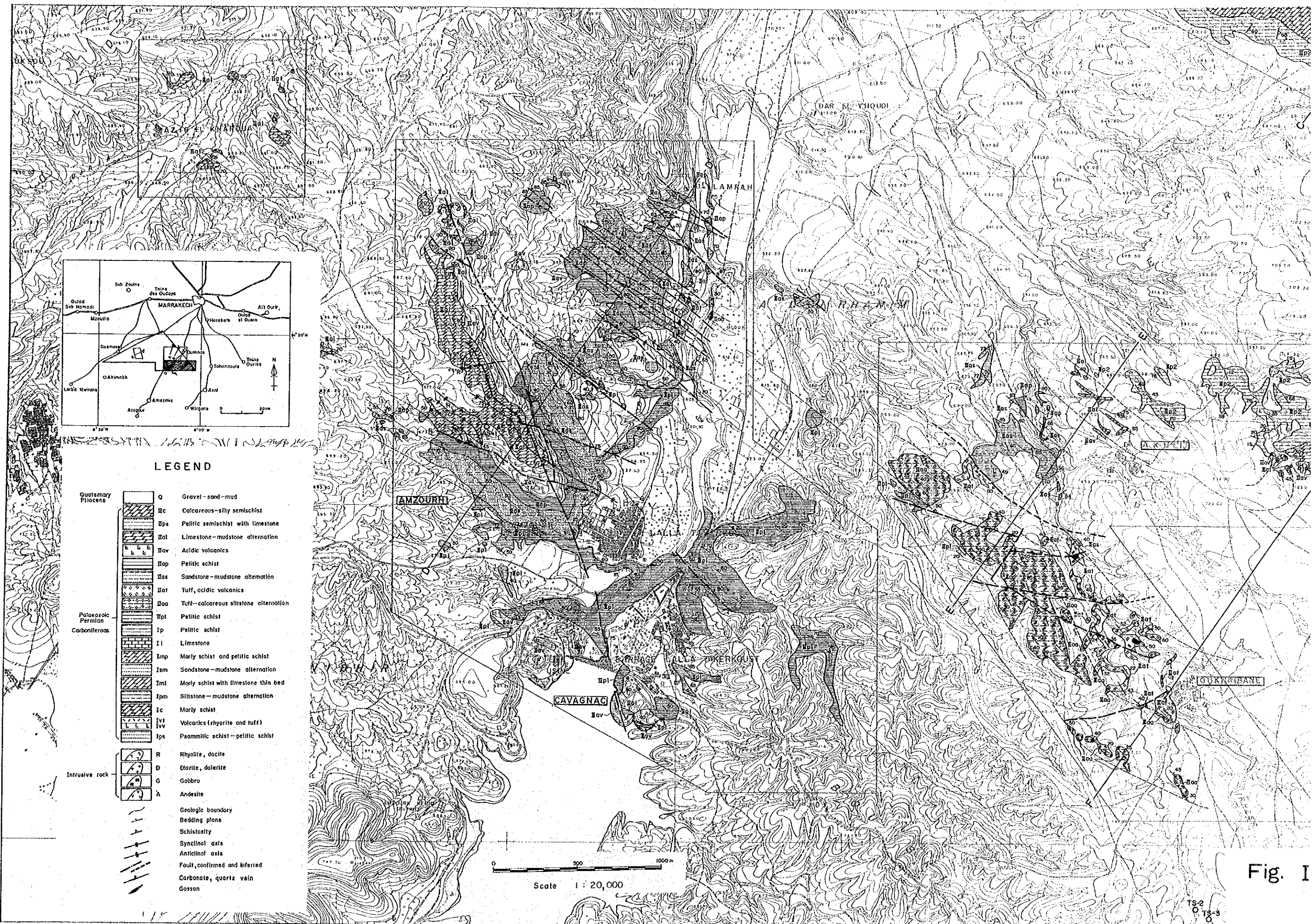
Fig. I-2 Geological Map of the Hajar-Amzourh Area (1) Northern Part



LEGEND

- | | | |
|----------------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| Quaternary | O | Gravel-sand-mud |
| Pliocene | Ilc | Calcareous-silty semischist |
| | Ipe | Pelitic semischist with limestone |
| | Ial | Limestone-mudstone alternation |
| | Iav | Acidic volcanics |
| | Iap | Pelitic schist |
| | Ias | Sandstone-mudstone alternation |
| | Iat | Tuff, acidic volcanics |
| | Iaa | Tuff-calcareous siltstone alternation |
| Palaeozoic | Ipl | Pelitic schist |
| Permian | Ip | Pelitic schist |
| Carboniferous | Il | Limestone |
| | Imp | Marly schist and pelitic schist |
| | Ism | Sandstone-mudstone alternation |
| | Iml | Marly schist with limestone thin bed |
| | Ipm | Siltstone-mudstone alternation |
| | Ic | Marly schist |
| | Ivt | Volcanics (rhyolite and tuff) |
| | Isv | |
| | Ips | Psammitic schist - pelitic schist |
| Intrusive rock | R | Rhyolite, dacite |
| | D | Diorite, dolerite |
| | G | Gabbro |
| | A | Andesite |
| | | Geologic boundary |
| | | Bedding plane |
| | | Schistosity |
| | | Synclinal axis |
| | | Anticlinal axis |
| | | Fault, confirmed and inferred |
| | | Carbonate, quartz vein |
| | | Gossan |

Fig. I-2 Geological Map of the Hajar-Amzourh Area (1) Northern Part



LEGEND

Quaternary	Q	Gravel-sand-mud	
Pliocenes	IIc	Calcareous-silty semischist	
	IIpa	Pelitic semischist with limestone	
	IIal	Limestone-mudstone alternation	
	IIav	Acidic volcanics	
	IIop	Pelitic schist	
	IIas	Sandstone-mudstone alternation	
	IIat	Tuff, acidic volcanics	
	IIoa	Tuff-calcareous siltstone alternation	
	IIpl	Pelitic schist	
	Paleozoic	Permian	Ip
Ii			Limestone
Carboniferous		Imp	Marly schist and pelitic schist
		Ism	Sandstone-mudstone alternation
		Iml	Marly schist with limestone thin bed
		Ipm	Siltstone-mudstone alternation
		Ic	Marly schist
		Ivi	Volcanics (rhyolite and tuff)
		Ivv	Volcanics (rhyolite and tuff)
		Ips	Psammitic schist-pelitic schist
Intrusive rock	R	Rhyolite, dacite	
	D	Diorite, dolerite	
	G	Gabbro	
	A	Andesite	
		Geologic boundary	
		Bedding plane	
		Schistosity	
		Synclinal axis	
		Anticlinal axis	
		Fault, confirmed and inferred	
		Carbonate, quartz vein	
		Gosson	

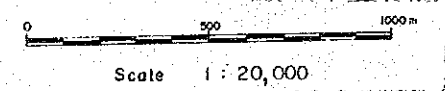


Fig. 1

TS-2
TS-3
OTS-1

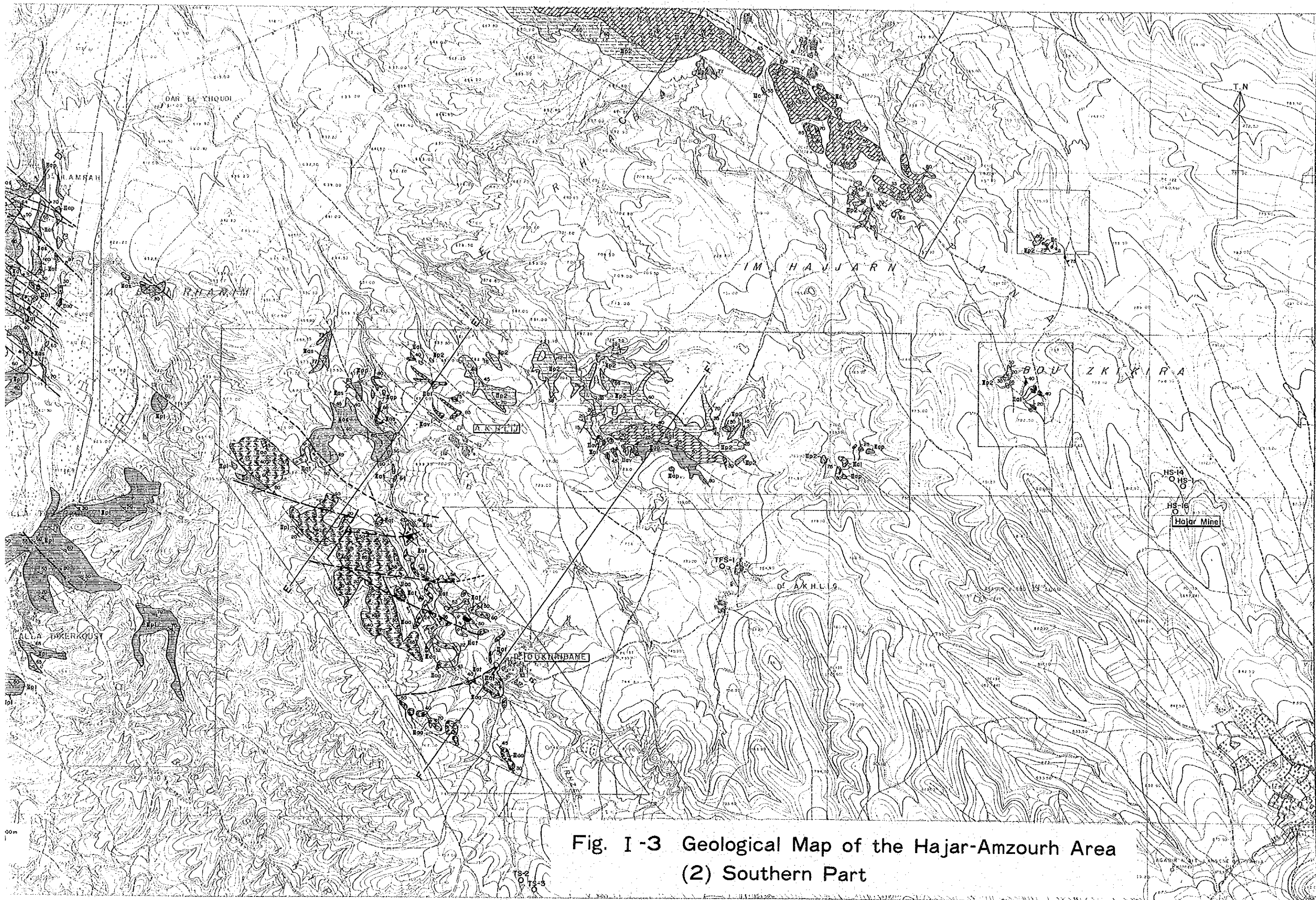


Fig. I-3 Geological Map of the Hajar-Amzourh Area
(2) Southern Part

OTS-I

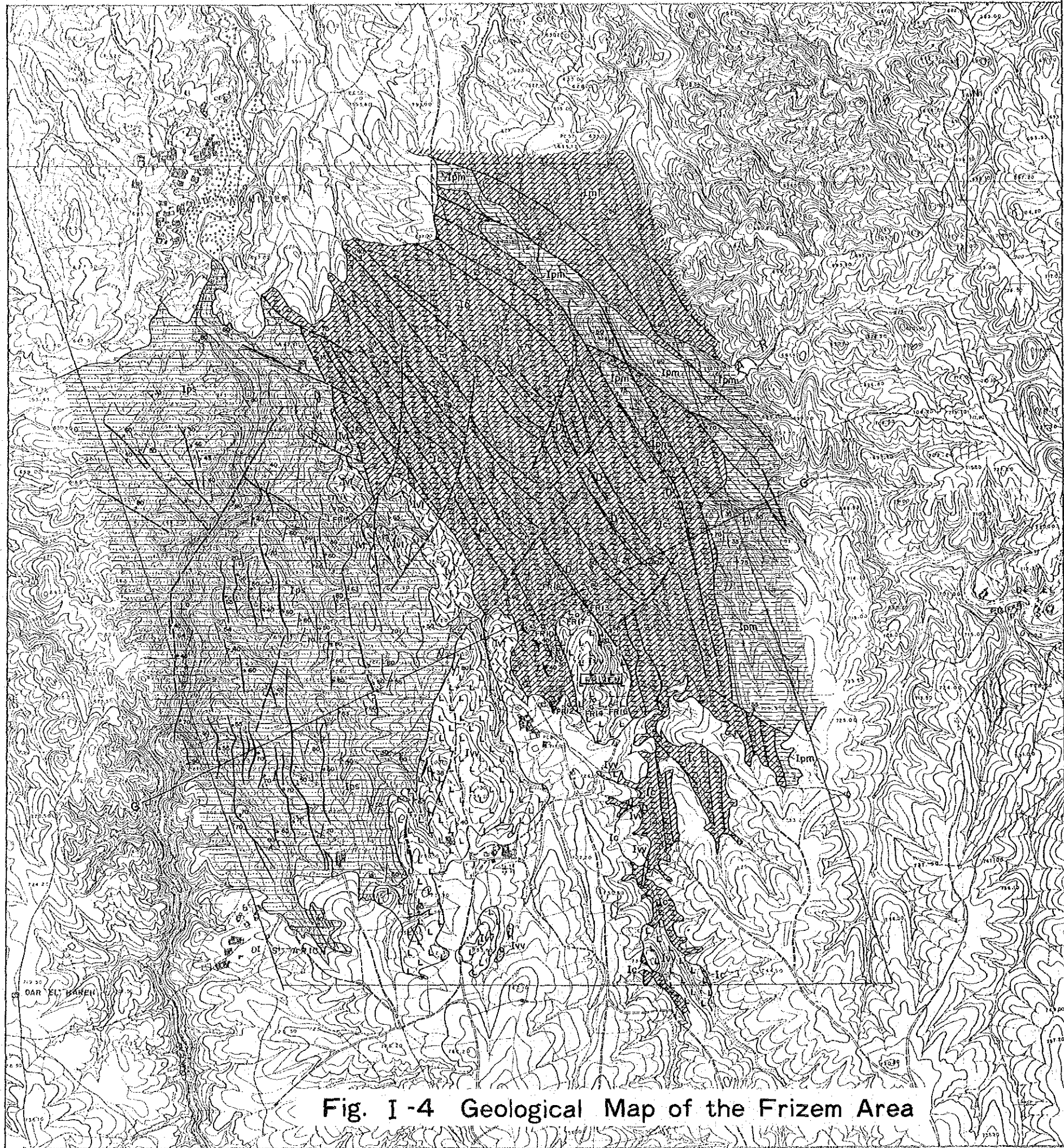
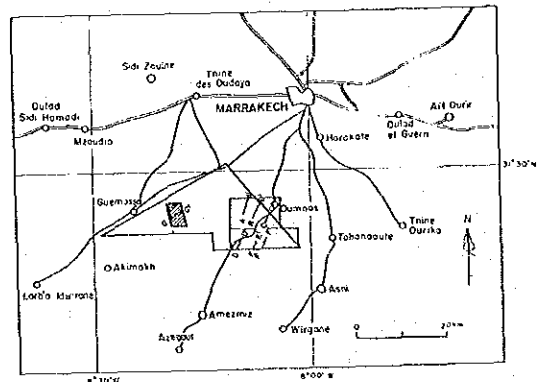


Fig. 1-4 Geological Map of the Frizem Area

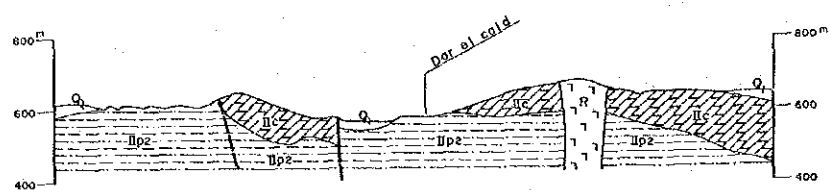


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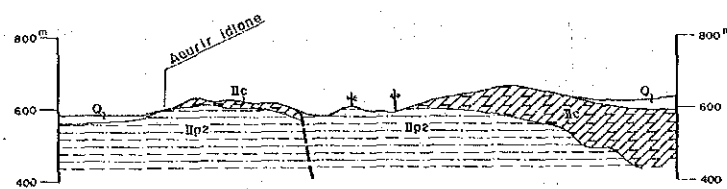
LEGEND

Quaternary	Q	Gravel-sand-mud	
Pliocene	Ilc	Calcareous-silty semischist	
	Ilpz	Pelitic semischist with limestone	
	Ial	Limestone-mudstone alternation	
	Iav	Acidic volcanics	
	Iep	Pelitic schist	
	Ios	Sandstone-mudstone alternation	
	Iat	Tuff, acidic volcanics	
	Iaa	Tuff-calcareous siltstone alternation	
	Ipl	Pelitic schist	
	Palaeozoic	Permian	Ip
I1			Limestone
Imp			Marly schist and pelitic schist
Ism			Sandstone-mudstone alternation
Iml			Marly schist with limestone thin bed
Ipm			Siltstone-mudstone alternation
Ic			Marly schist
Ivt			Volcanics (rhyolite and tuff)
Ivv			
Ips			Psammitic schist-pelitic schist
Intrusive rock	R	Rhyolite, dacite	
	D	Diorite, dolerite	
	G	Gabbro	
	A	Andesite	
		Geologic boundary	
		Bedding plane	
		Schistosity	
		Synclinal axis	
		Anticlinal axis	
		Fault, confirmed and inferred	
		Carbonate, quartz vein	
		Gossan	

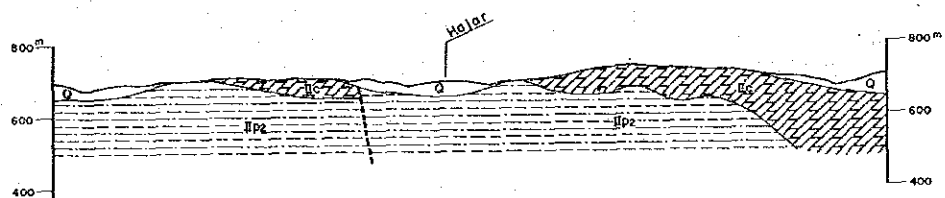
A - A' Section



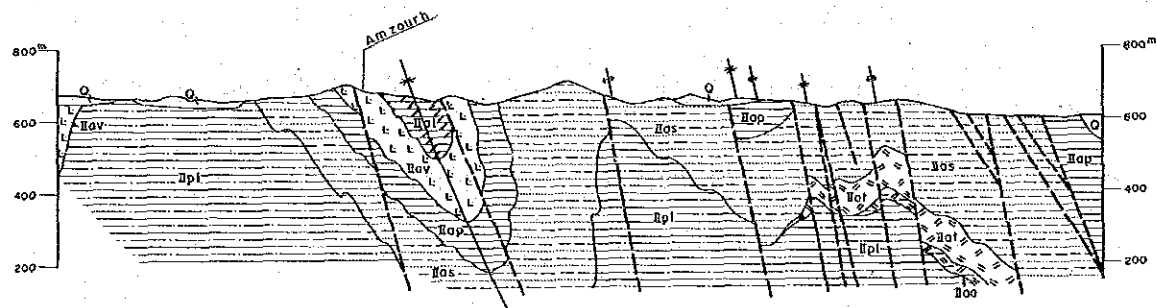
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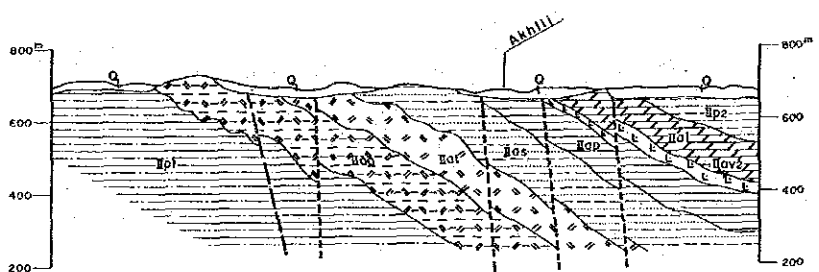
C - C' Section



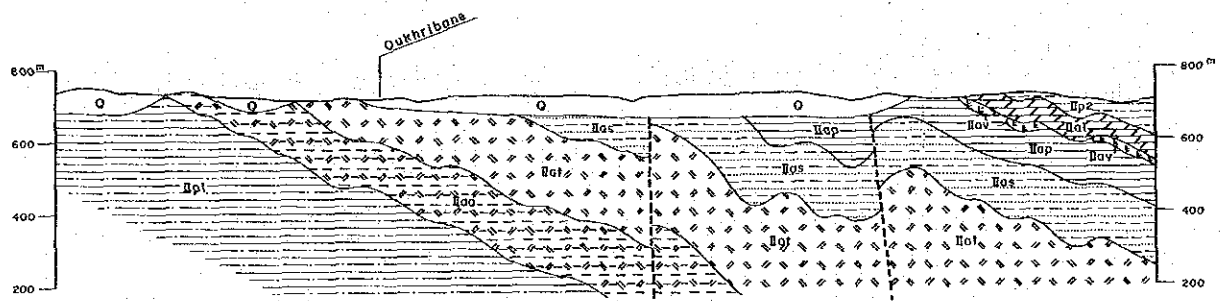
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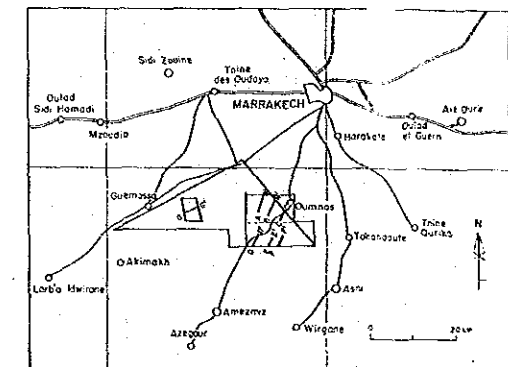
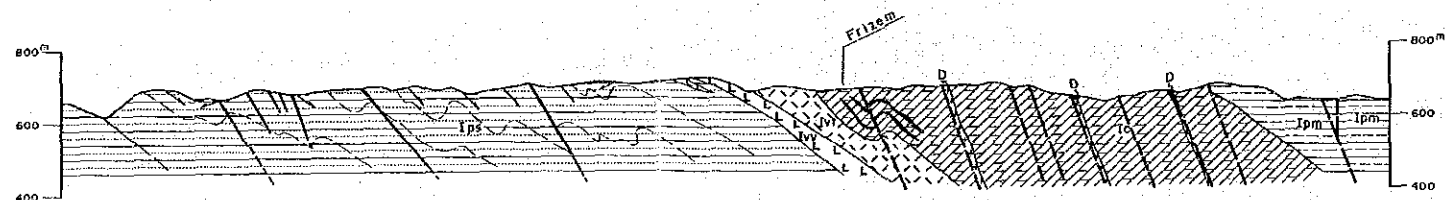
E - E' Section



F - F' Section



G - G' Section



Scale 1 : 20,000

LEGEND

Quaternary	Q	Gravel-sand-mud	
Pliocene	Ilc	Calcareous-silty semischist	
	Iipz	Pelitic semischist with limestone	
	Iilal	Limestone-mudstone alternation	
	Iilav	Acidic volcanics	
	Iiap	Pelitic schist	
	Iias	Sandstone-mudstone alternation	
	Iilat	Tuff, acidic volcanics	
	Iiaa	Tuff-calcareous siltst. alternation	
	Iipl	Pelitic schist	
	Palaeozoic	Permian	Ipl
Ipl			Pelitic schist
Carboniferous		Il	Limestone
		Imp	Marly schist and pelitic schist
		Ism	Sandstone-mudstone alternation
		Iml	Marly schist with limestone thin bed
		Ipm	Siltstone-mudstone alternation
		Ic	Marly schist
		Ivt	Volcanics (rhyolite and tuff)
		Ivv	Volcanics (rhyolite and tuff)
Ips	Psammitic schist-pelitic schist		
Intrusive rock	R	Rhyolite, dacite	
	D	Diorite, dolerite	
	G	Gabbro	
	A	Andesite	
		Geologic boundary	
		Bedding plane	
		Schistosity	
		Synclinal axis	
		Anticlinal axis	
		Fault, confirmed and inferred	
		Carbonate, quartz vein	
		Gossan	

Fig. I -5 Geological Sections of the Hajar-Amzourh Area and Frizem Area



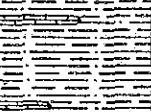



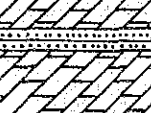
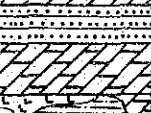

Geological Age	Fm	Stratigraphic Column	Lithology	Thickness	Area	Tectonic Movement	Igneous Activity	Mineralization			
Quaternary	Q		Gravel · sand · mud	+120	Eastern Area	Alpine	Rhyolite Diorite · Dacite Gabbro	Massive sedimentary type			
Tertiary											
Cretaceous											
Jurassic											
Triassic											
Permian	IIc		Calcareous-silty-schist	+400					Hercynian	Dacite Rhyolite	294 Ma 303 Ma
	IIp2		Pelitic schist (slate-limestone-siltstone)	±900							
Carboniferous	IIa		Volcanics and alternation zone (limestone-rhyolite-tuff-sandstone-slate)	±500					Hajar Hz	Rhyolite	328 Ma
	IIp1		Pelitic schist (slate)	+1500							
	Ip		Pelitic schist (slate-limestone)								
	Ic		Marly schist with sandstone and limestone	+1500							
Western Area	Iv		Volcanics (rhyolite-tuff-slate)	±200	Frizem Hz	Rhyolite	328 Ma				
	Ips		Pelitic schist (slate-siltstone)	+1500							

Fig 1 - 6 Schematic Geological Column of the Haouz Central Area

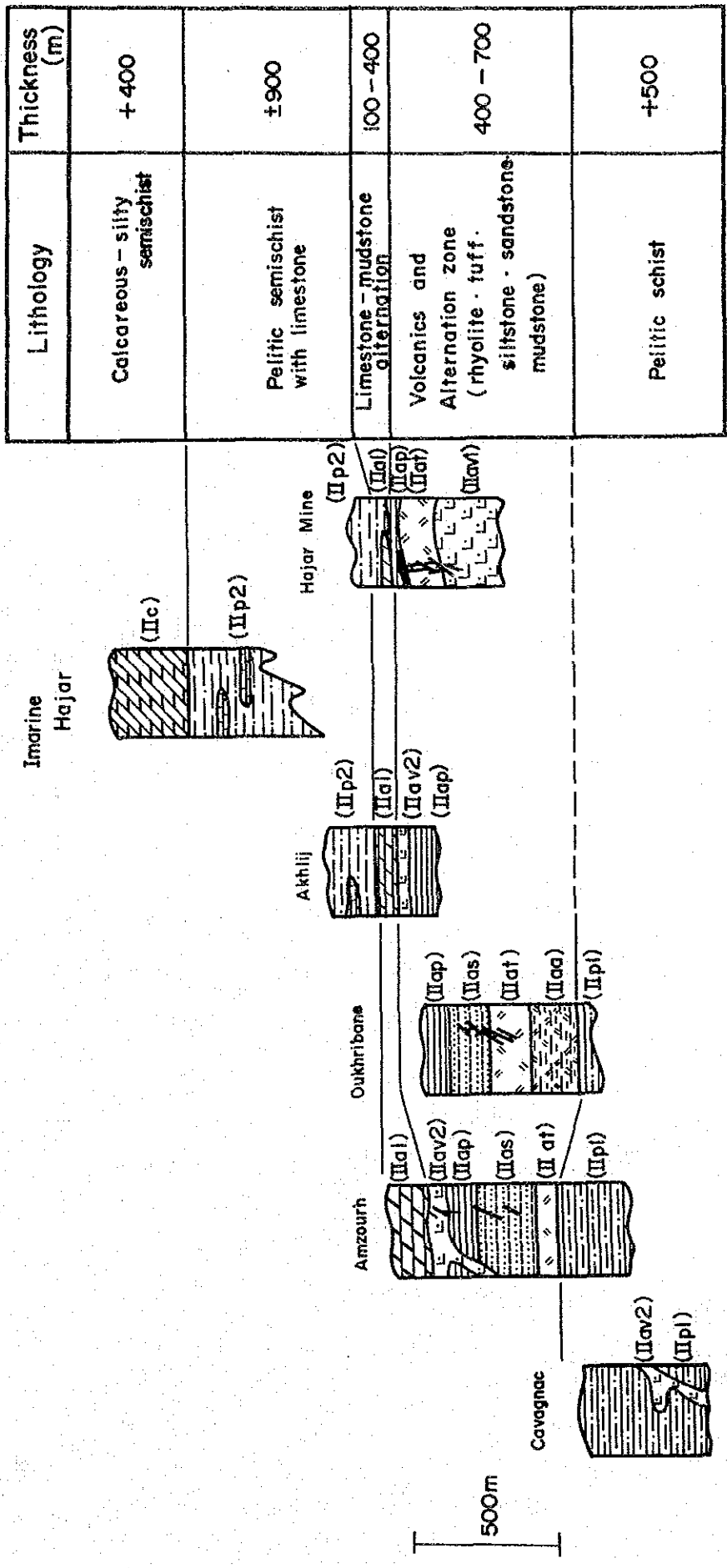


Fig. I - 7 Schematic Geological Column of the Hajar-Amzourh Area

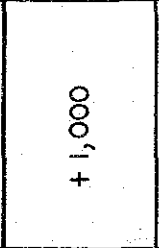
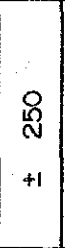

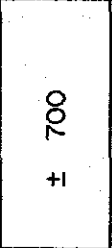
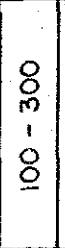
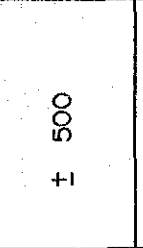
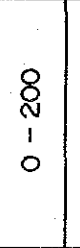
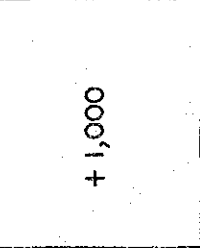
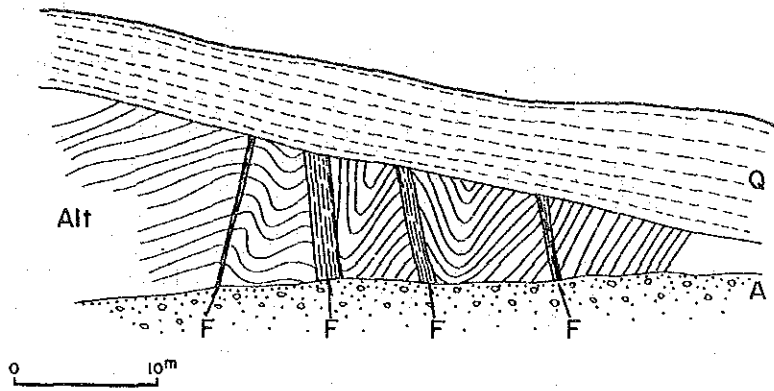
Stratigraphic column	Lithology	Thickness (m)
	(Ip) Pelitic schist with limestone(II)	± 1,000
	(Imp) Marly schist and Pelitic schist	± 250
	(Ism) Sandstone - mudstone alternation	± 70
	(Iml) Marly schist with limestone thin bed	± 700
	(Ipm) Siltstone - mudstone Alternation	100 - 300
	(Ic) Marly schist	± 500
	(Iv) Volcanics (rhyolite · tuff · marl · slate)	0 - 200
	(Ips) Psammitic schist - Pelitic schist	± 1,000

Fig. I - 8 Schematic Geological Column of the Frizem Area

SSW

NNE



- A = Alluvium
- Q = Quaternary
- F = Fault
- Alt = Alternation of Slate, Marl and Siltstone

Schistosity = $N50^{\circ}W, 70^{\circ}NE$
 Bedding = $N10^{\circ}W$
 Fault = $NW-SE$ (parallel to schistosity)

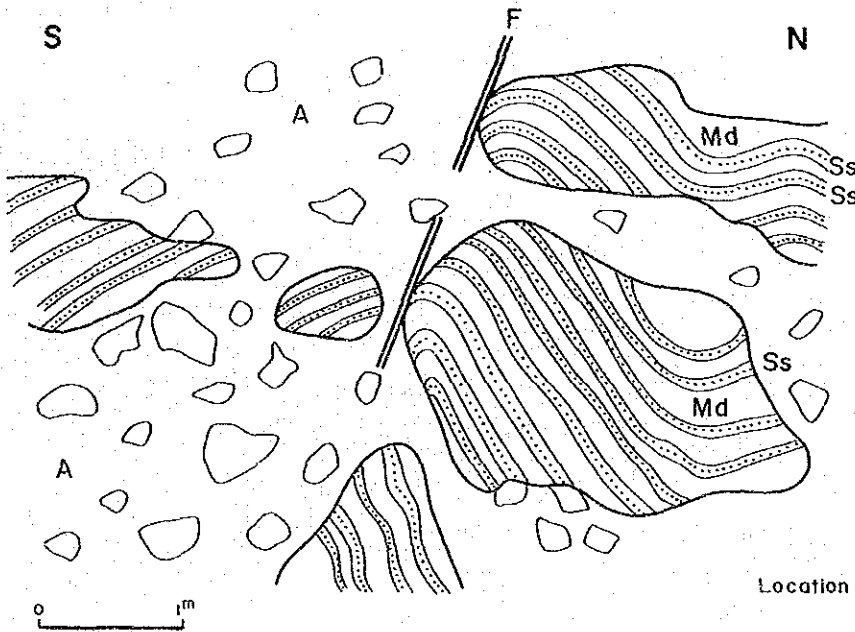
0 10^m

Location = 0.3Km NNW of Imarine

Fig.I-9 Drag Fold and Fault (Section)

S

N



- A = Alluvium
- F = Fault
- Ss = Sandstone
- Md = Mudstone

Bedding = $N25^{\circ}W$

Location = 1Km NW of Akhlij

Fig.I-10 Drag Fold in the Sandstone – Mudstone Alternation (Sketch)

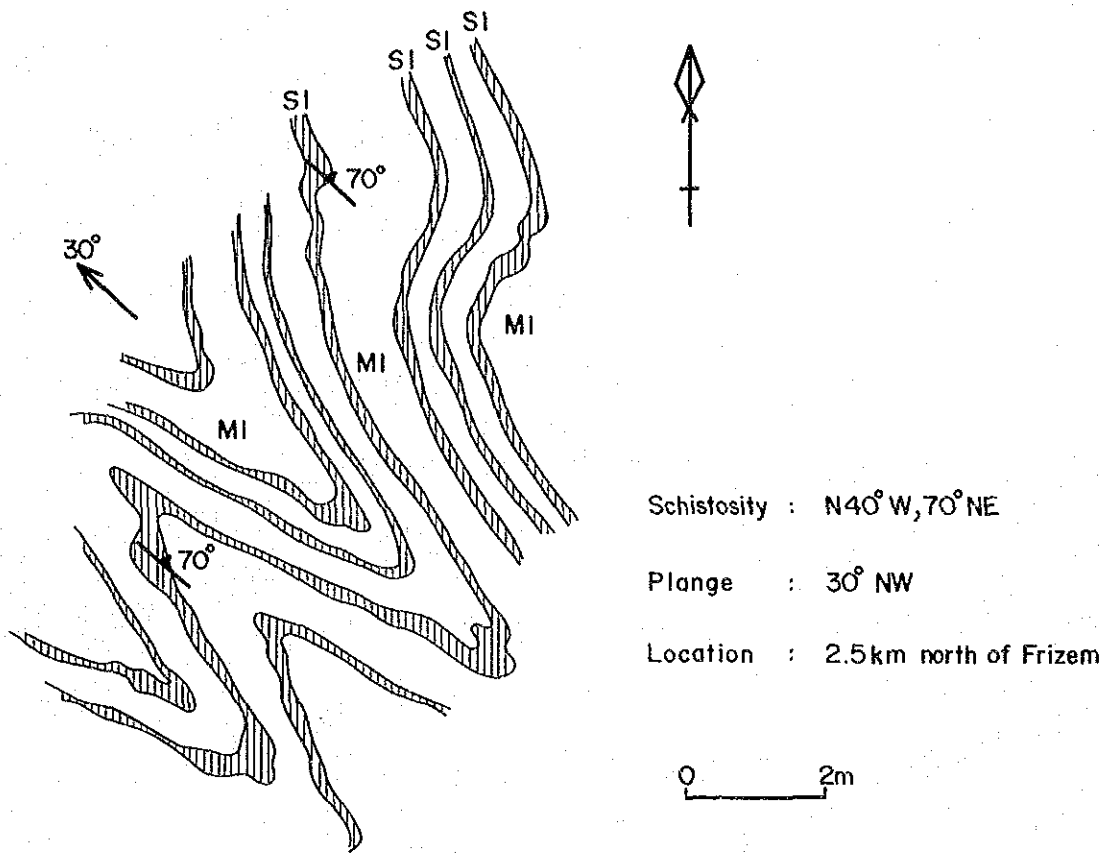


Fig. I-11 Drag Fold in the Marl Formation (Plane)

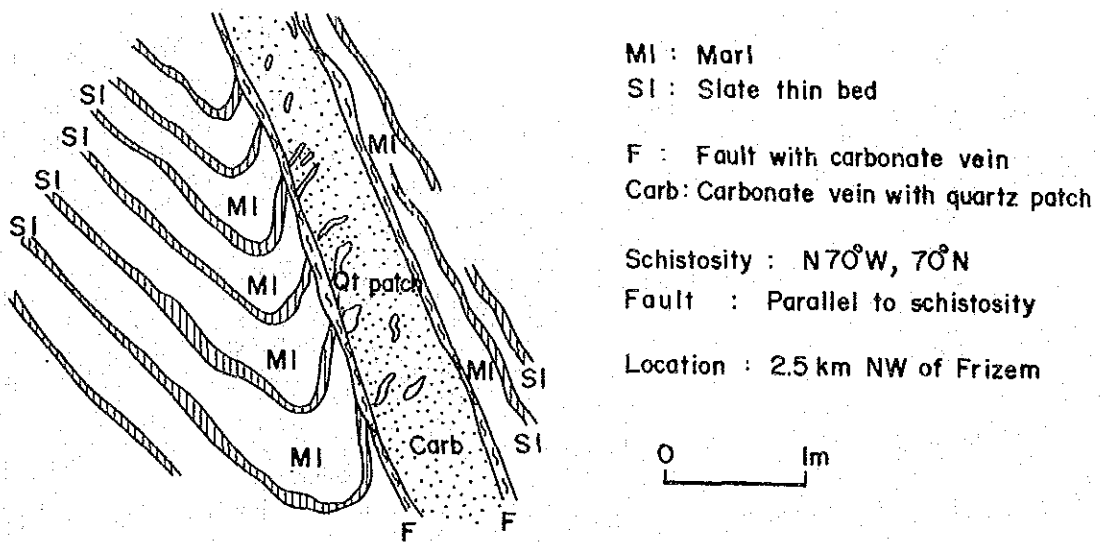


Fig. I-12 Relation of Drag Fold and Fault (Section)

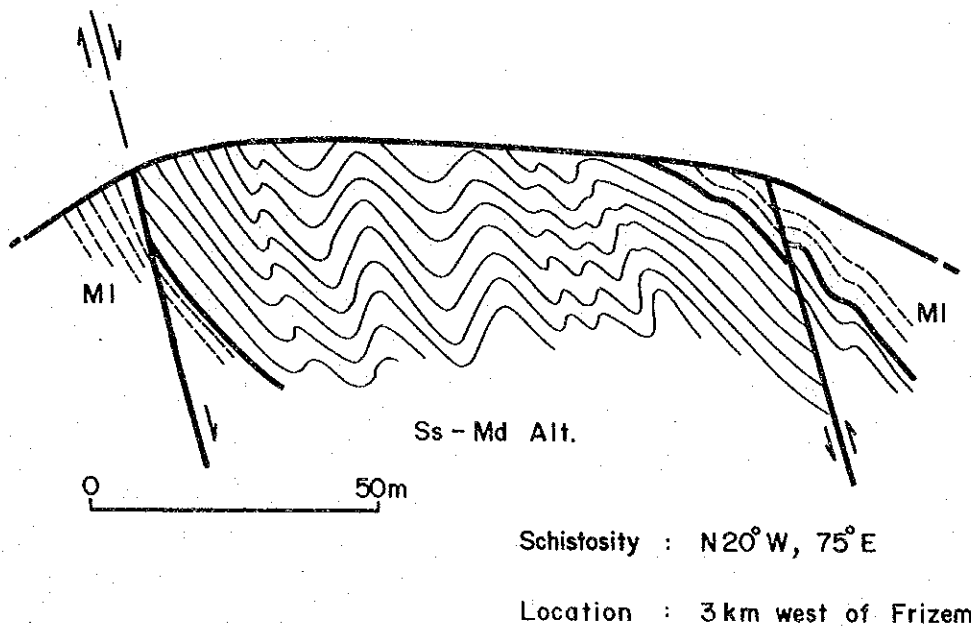


Fig. I-13 Drag Fold in the Sandstone Formation (Section)

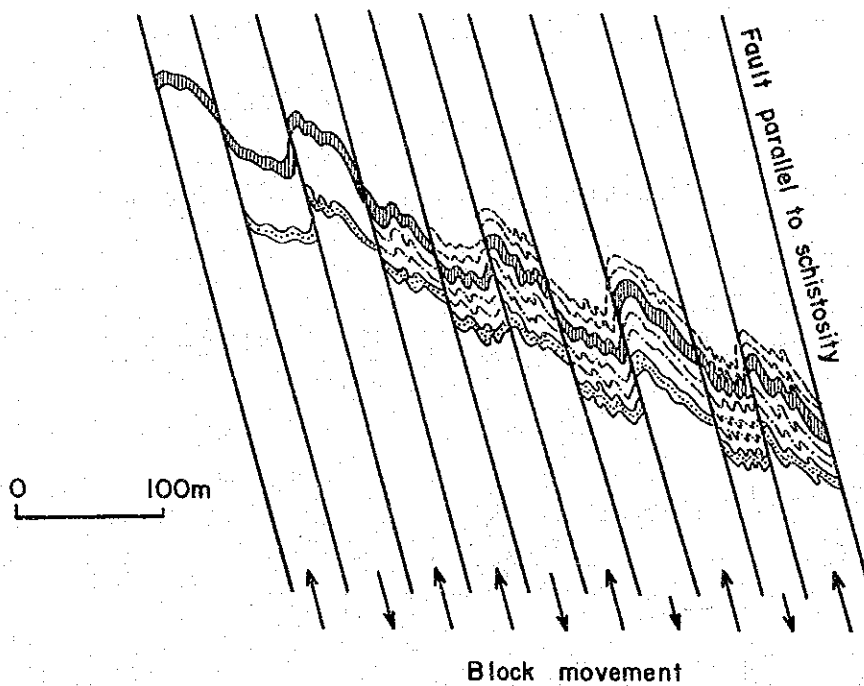
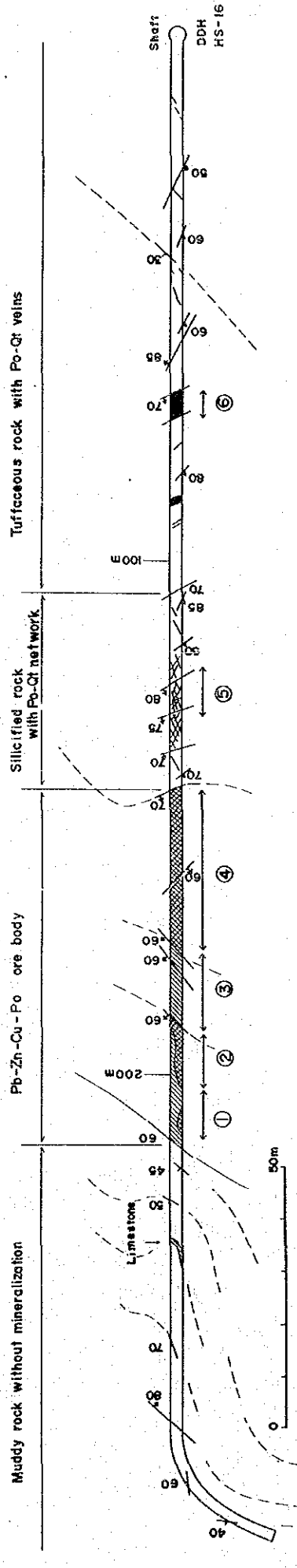


Fig. I-14 Schematic Model of Drag Fold (Section)



Assay Result (from BRPM)

	Length(m)	No. of samples	Pb(%)	Zn(%)	Cu(%)	Ag(%)	S(%)
1 Bedded ore body	7.50	9	4.50	8.25	0.14	11.2	11.53
2 Bedded ore body	10.50	11	9.83	19.39	0.23	20.9	35.32
3 Disseminated ore	14.40	15	1.78	3.10	0.13	2.9	7.80
4 Bedded ore body	32.20	34	2.31	8.33	0.59	3.6	31.94
5 Pyrrhotite-Quartz network	10.00	10	0.15	0.06	0.53	4	8.64
6 Vein type ore body	6.00	6	0.59	4.12	0.40	6	28.79

- Bedded ore body
- Disseminated ore
- Pyrrhotite-Qt network
- Pyrrhotite-Qt vein
- Bedding
- Schistosity
- Fault

Fig I-15 Ore body Observed in Crosscut — 235mL of the Hajar Mine

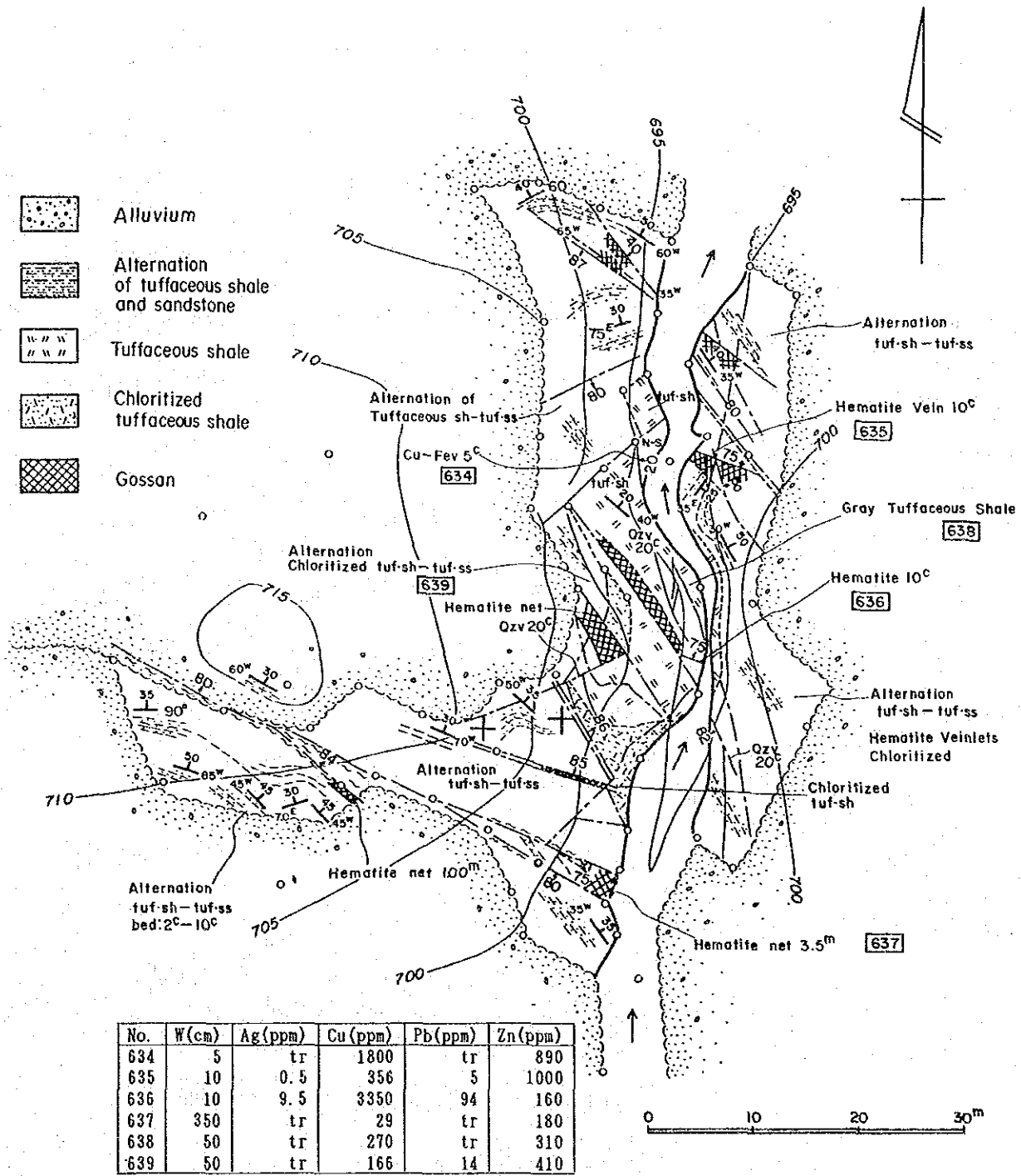


Fig. I-16 Sketch map of Mineral Indication of East Oukhribane

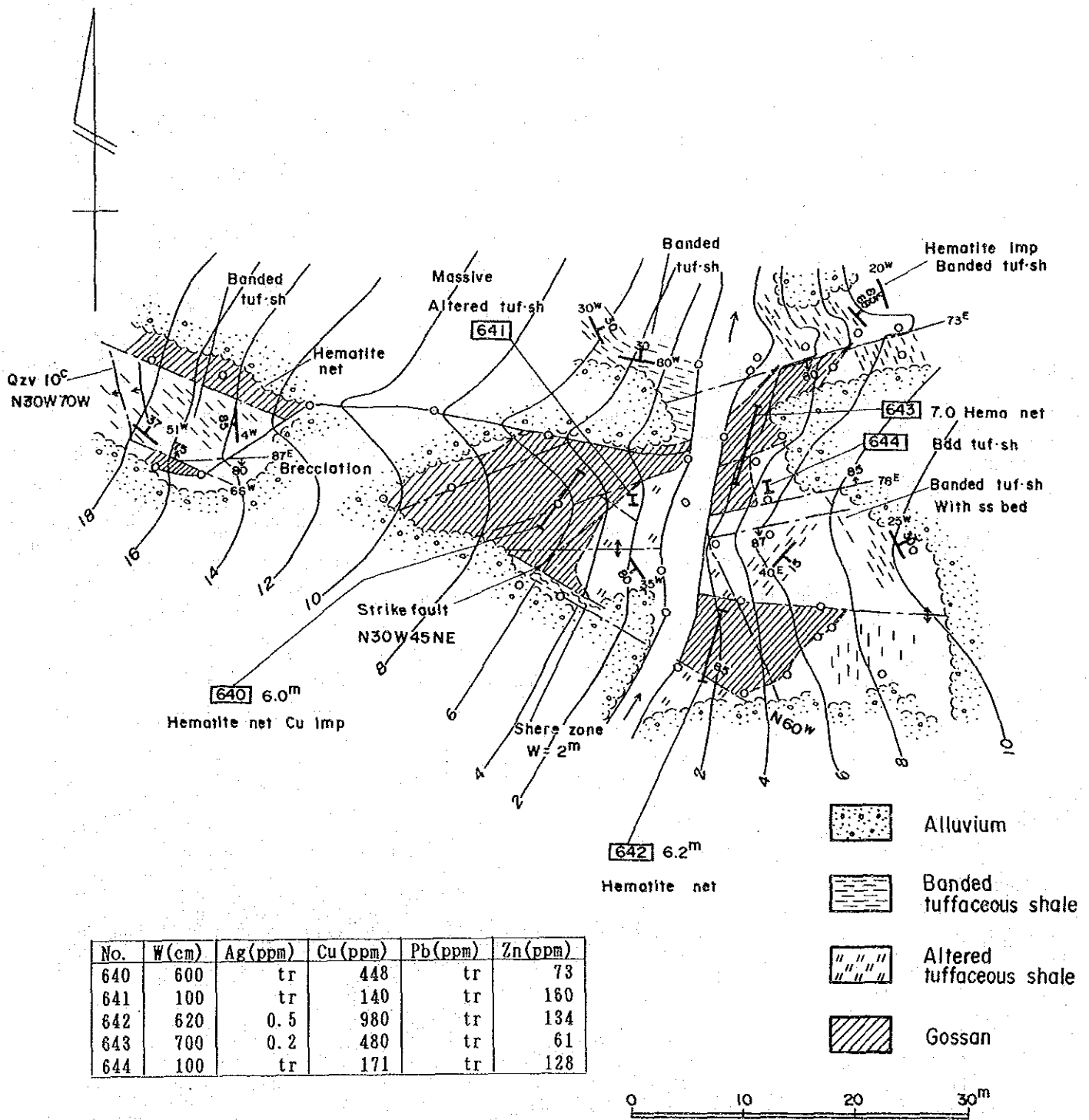


Fig. 1-17 Sketch map of Mineral Indication of West Oukhribane

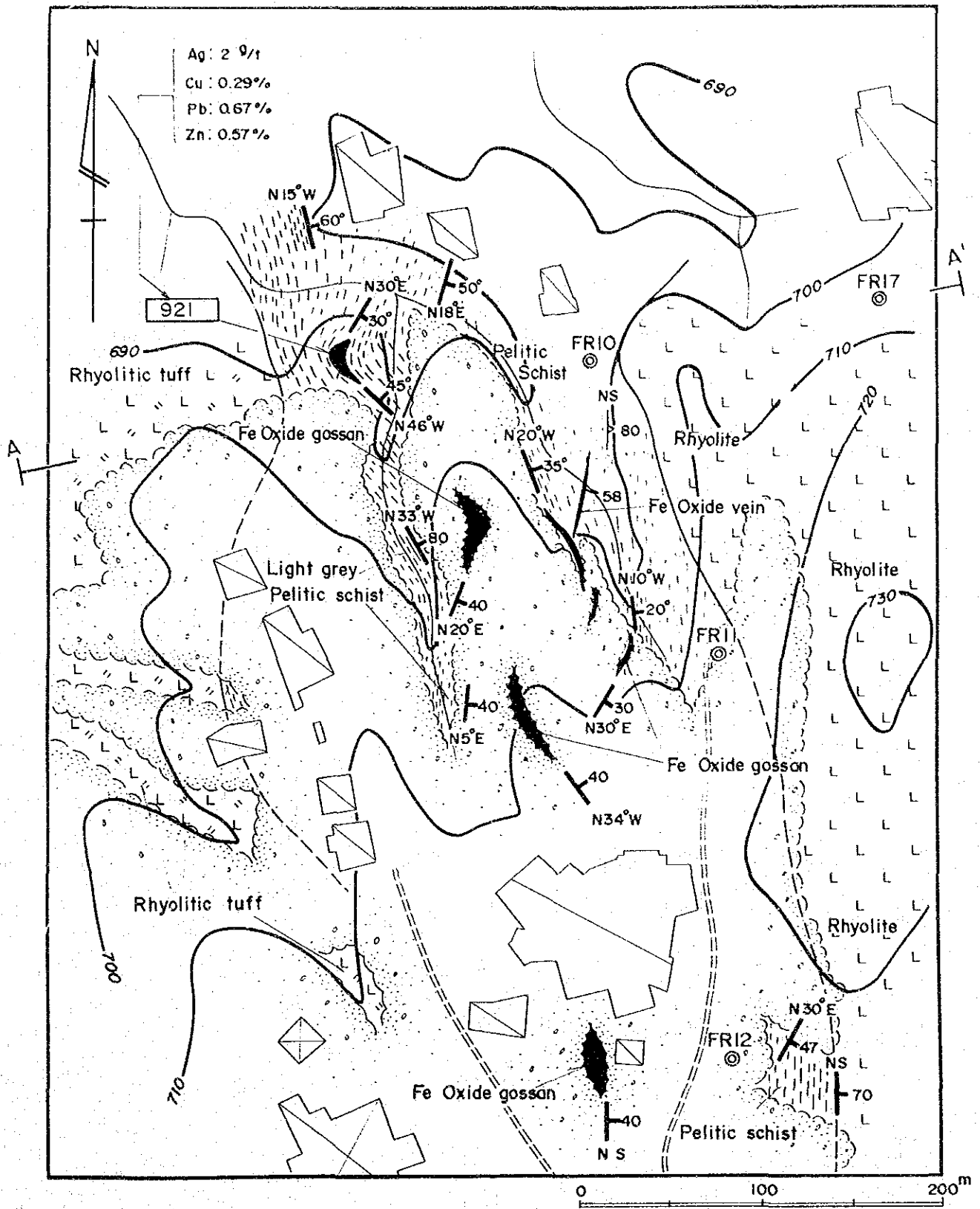


Fig. I - 18 Sketch map of Mineral Indication in Frizem

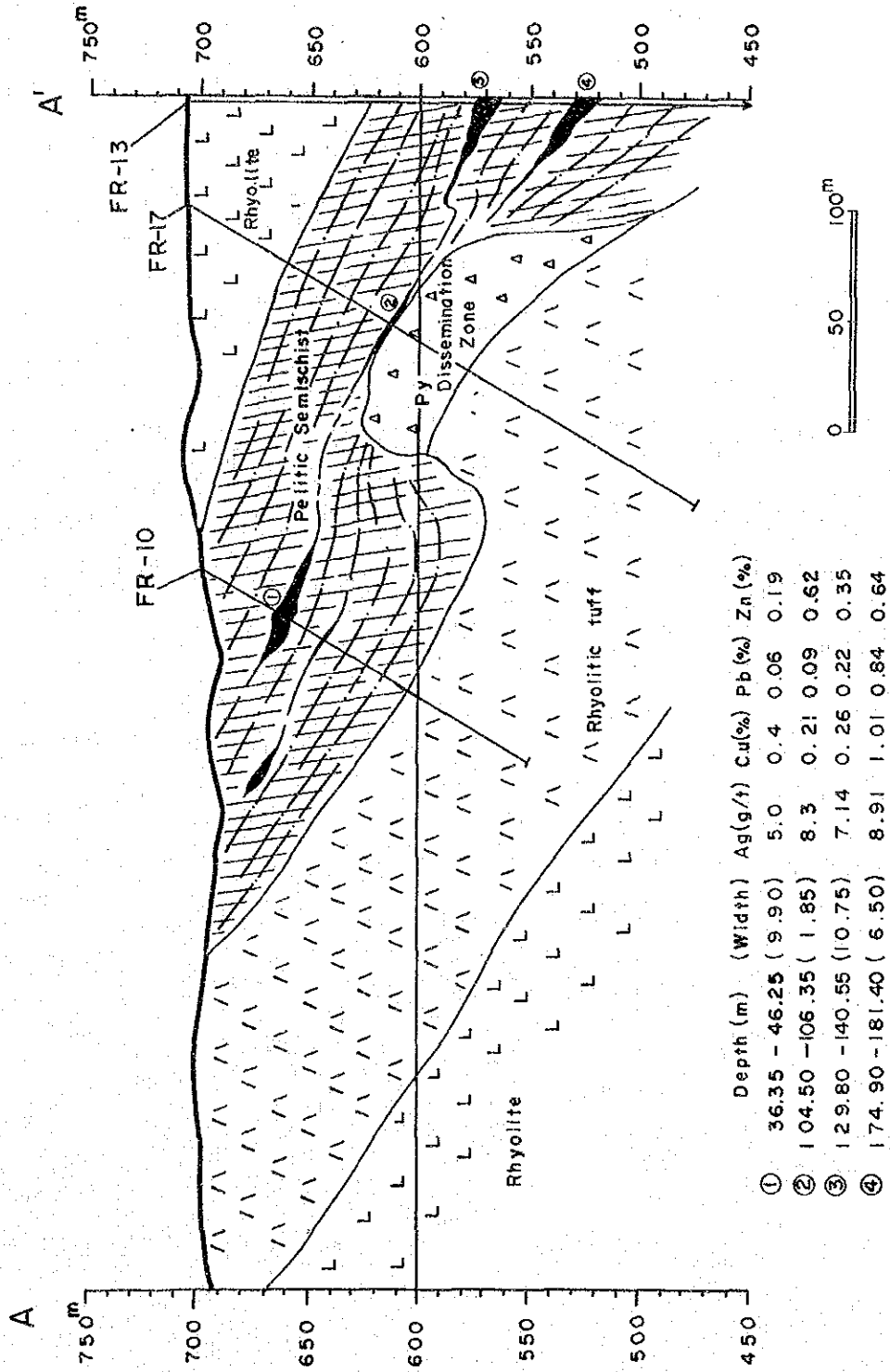


Fig. I-19 Cross Section of Mineral Indication in Frizem

Tab. I -1 List of Mineralized Zones

No	Name	Type of Indication	Location	Com- modi- -ty	Shape of Ore body	Type of Minerali- zation	Host Rock		Scale of Ore body (m)	Scale of Zone (m)	Strike and Dip	Grade of Ore	Ore Mineral	Gangue Mineral	Remarks
							Fm. #	Rock							
1	Hajar Deposit	Magnetic Anomaly	Hajar	Cu Pb Zn Ag	massive	sedimentary	II at	Tuff	100x400 x 500	+500	NW-SE, 50° NE	Ag= 74ppm Cu= 0.86 % Pb= 2.78 % Zn= 9.45 %	Cp-Gl Sp-Po Py Cal	Qt-Talc Chl-Ser Cal	DDH = 27holes Shaft= 235 m Adit = 293 m
2	Oukhribane-E	Gossan	Oukhribane	Cu Zn	network	fissure- filling	II at	Tuff	20x60	+100	NW-SE, 80° NE	Ag= 0.3ppm Cu= 0.06 % Pb= tr Zn= 0.01 %	Hm-Ge	Qt	
3	Oukhribane-W	Gossan	Akhlij	Cu Zn	network	fissure- filling	II at	Tuff	20x70	+100	NW-SE 80° NE	Ag= 0.3ppm Cu= 0.06 % Pb= tr Zn= 0.01 %	Hm-Ge	Qt	
4	Tiferouine	Magnetic Anomaly	3km S from Akhlij	Cu	dissemi- nation	replace	II p1	Slate	20				Cp-Py Mg-Po	Qt	DDH = 3holes
5	Tifratine		Akhlij	Pb Zn	dissemi- nation	sedimentary	II at	Tuff	7			Ag= 7ppm Cu= 0.01 % Pb= 0.2 % Zn= 0.6 %	Sp-Po	Qt	DDH = 1hole
6	Amzourh	Gossan	Amzourh	Cu Pb Zn	dissemi- nation	fissure- filling	II av	Vol- canic Rock	2x20	+300	NW-SW 80° NE	Ag= 8ppm Cu= 0.65 % Pb= 1.77 % Zn= 1.17 %	Hm-Ge Cu-Ox	Qt-Cal	DDE = 2holes
7	Frizem-E	Gossan	Frizem	Cu Pb Zn	dissemi- nation	sedimentary replace	I c	Marl Slate	10x40	+500	NW-SSE 30° E	Ag= 15ppm Cu= 0.36 % Pb= 0.63 % Zn= 1.76 %	Cp-Gl Sp-Py Po	Sid-Qt Cal	DDH = 9holes
8	Frizem-W	Gossan	Frizem	Cu Pb Zn	dissemi- nation	fissure- filling	I ps	Slate	2x50	+700	NW-SSE 50° E	Ag= 5ppm Cu= 2.25 % Pb= 0.61 % Zn= 1.63 %	Hm-Ge Cu-Ox	Qt-Sid Cal	DDH = 1hole
9	Mjed	Gossan	6km E from Frizem		dissemi- nation	replace	I l	Lime- stone	2x50	+300	NW- SS E 80° E	Ag= 1ppm Cu= tr Pb= tr Zn= 0.01 %	Hm-Ge Po	Sid-Qt	DDH = 1hole

Mg : Magnetite
 Hm : Hematite
 Ge : Goethite
 Ox : Oxide
 Cp : Chalcopyrite
 Gl : Galena
 Sp : Sphalerite
 Po : Pyrrhoite
 Py : Pyrite

Qt : Quartz
 Chl : Chlorite
 Ser : Sericite
 Cal : Calcite
 Sid : Siderite

* See Fig. I - 6.

第3章 地化学探査

3-1 地化学探査の目的

地化学探査は、次の2点を主目的として実施した。

- ① 各層準ごとの金属成分の濃集度を明らかにすること。
- ② 異常値の分布を明らかにすること。

3-2 探査方法・解析方法

(1) 探査方法 (Fig. I-20, Fig. I-21)

地化学試料として、ゴッサン14試料を含む岩石 282試料を採取した。試料採取は原則として地質層序に直交する方向でのラインサンプリングとし、採取長は1 mとした。約2 kgの新鮮な岩石を採取し、BRPMにて粉碎後、約500gを分析所へ送付した。分析はICP法により実施した。分析成分と検出下限は次のとおりである。分析結果の一覧をAp I-7に示す。

Cu, Pb, Zn : 1 ppm
Ag : 0.1 ppm

(2) 解析方法

地化学データの解析にはspss統計パッケージ、Lotus-123、及び自社製プログラムを使用した。

地化学データ 282件について、各金属成分間の相関関係を検討するため、相関図を作成し、各成分間の相関係数を計算した。

次に、ゴッサン14試料を除く 268試料についてヒストグラム及び累積度数分布曲線を作成した。幾何平均値、標準偏差を計算し、それらに基づき地化学異常の抽出を行った。各層準ごとの金属成分濃集度の違いを知るため、地化学データを採取層準ごとに15の集団に分類し、それぞれについて幾何平均値及び標準偏差を計算した。各地区の主要なサンプリングラインについて、金属成分の変化を地質断面と対比した (Fig. I-25)。

3-3 解析結果

(1) 各成分間の相関関係

地化学分析結果 282件について各分析成分間の相関図をFig. I-22に示す。各成分間の相関係数は次のとおりである。

	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag
Cu	1.0000	.4360	.5516	.7037
Pb	.4360	1.0000	.8182	.1425
Zn	.5516	.8182	1.0000	.1163
Ag	.7037	.1425	.1163	1.0000

Pb-Zn間に強い正の相関が認められ、Cu-Zn間に弱い正の相関が認められる。Cu-Ag間の相関係数が高い値となったが、これは多くの試料でAgが検出限界以下であるため、信頼度が低い。相関図をみると、検出限界以下の試料を除外した場合Cu-Ag間に弱い相関関係を認め得る。

(2) 異常値の抽出

ゴッサンを除く 288試料について、分析値のヒストグラム及び累積度数分布曲線をFig. I-23に示す。幾何平均値及び標準偏差の計算結果をTab. I-2に示す。平均値+2σは次のように計算される。

Cu : 165.63 ppm
Pb : 130.23 ppm
Zn : 526.87 ppm
Ag : 0.21 ppm

累積度数分布曲線をみると、各成分とも平均値+2σ付近に有意な変曲点が認められるため、この値をしきい値とした。

上記しきい値に基づく異常値の個数は合計29試料（ゴッサンを除く）である。成分別にみるとCu13個、Pb12個、Zn10個、Ag 6個となる。異常値を示す試料の分析結果一覧をTab. I-3に示す。異常値の分布をFig. I-20, 21に示す。

異常値の分布を地区別、層準別にみると次のとおりである。

地区名	層 準	異常の個数
Imarine 地区	Intrusive Rock	; 1 試料 (Pb 1)
	IIc	; 1 試料 (Zn 1, Ag 1)
	IIp2	; 1 試料 (Pb 1)
Amzourh 地区	IIap	; 2 試料 (Cu 2, Zn 1, Ag 1)
Oukhribane地区	IIat	; 8 試料 (Cu 7, Pb 1, Zn 2)
	IIaa	; 1 試料 (Cu 1, Ag 1)
Frizen地区	Iml	; 1 試料 (Cu 1)
	Ic	; 4 試料 (Cu 1, Pb 2, Zn 2, Ag 2)
	Ivt	; 1 試料 (Pb 1)
	Ivv	; 5 試料 (Pb 4, Zn 1, Ag 1)
	Ips	; 4 試料 (Cu 1, Pb 2, Zn 3)

異常値の分布から判断するとOukhribane地区のIIat層(凝灰質緑色岩)にCu異常が集中し、Frizen地区のIvv層(酸性火山岩)にPb異常が集中する。

(3) 層準別金属成分濃集度

各層準ごとの金属成分濃度の平均値、標準偏差、最小値、最大値の一覧をTab. I-2に示す。平均値が有意差を示さないAgを除く3成分の層準ごとの平均値をFig. I-24のグラフに示す。

ゴッサンを除く268試料の金属成分濃集度をみるとZnのみがクラーク数(=70 ppm)の2倍以上の平均値を示しており、当調査地域がZn元素に特に富む地域であることを示している。

各層準ごとの金属成分の平均値を比較すると、CuについてはIIat層に顕著な濃集が認められる。

Pbについては、各層準間に顕著な差異は認められないが貫入岩類及びFrizen地区の酸性火山岩類(Ivt及びIvv層)にやや高い濃集が認められる。Znは全般に高いレベルにあるが、特にIIap, IIat, Frizen地区のIc, Ivt, Ivv, Ipsで全体の平均を越える濃集が認められる。