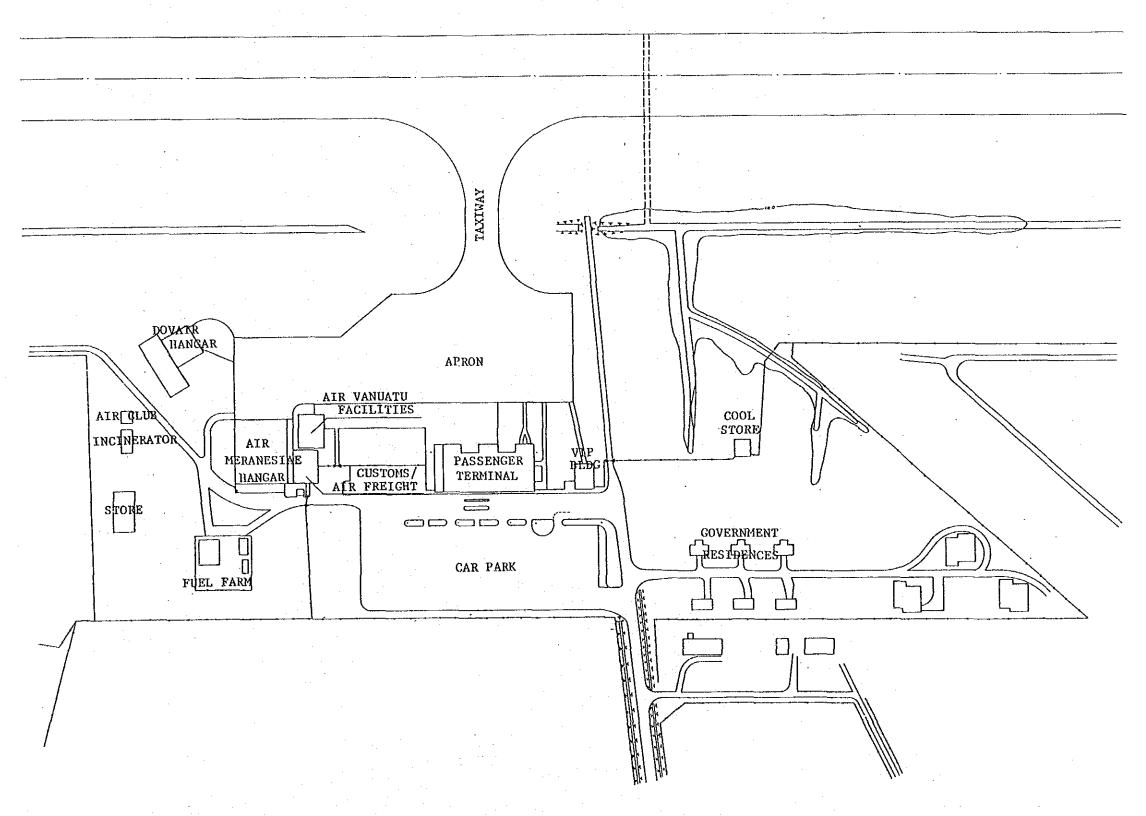
4.4 Drawings

List of Drawings

- 1. Existing Layout Plan of Terminal Area
- 2. Proposed Layout Plan of Terminal Area
- 3. Ground Floor Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building
- 4. First Floor Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building
- 5. Elevation of International Passenger Terminal Building
- 6. Typical Section of International Passenger Terminal Building
- 7. Renovation Plan of Existing Terminal Building
- 8. Layout Plan of Water Supply and Sewerage
- 9. Layout Plan of Electricity and Telephone
- 10. Electrical Equipment Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (Ground Floor)
- 11. Electrical Equipment Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (First Floor)
- 12. Air Conditioners and Ceiling Fans Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (Ground Floor)
- 13. Air Conditioners and Ceiling Fans Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (First Floor)
- 14. Equipment Layout Plan of Switchgear House
- 15. Layout Plan of Apron
- 16. Typical Cross Section of Apron
- 17. Layout Plan of Car Park
- 18. Typical Cross Section of Car Park
- 19. Lasyout Plan of Drainage System
- 20. Equipment Layout Plan of VOR/DME's Shelter
- 21. Equipment Layout Plan of Locator's Shelter

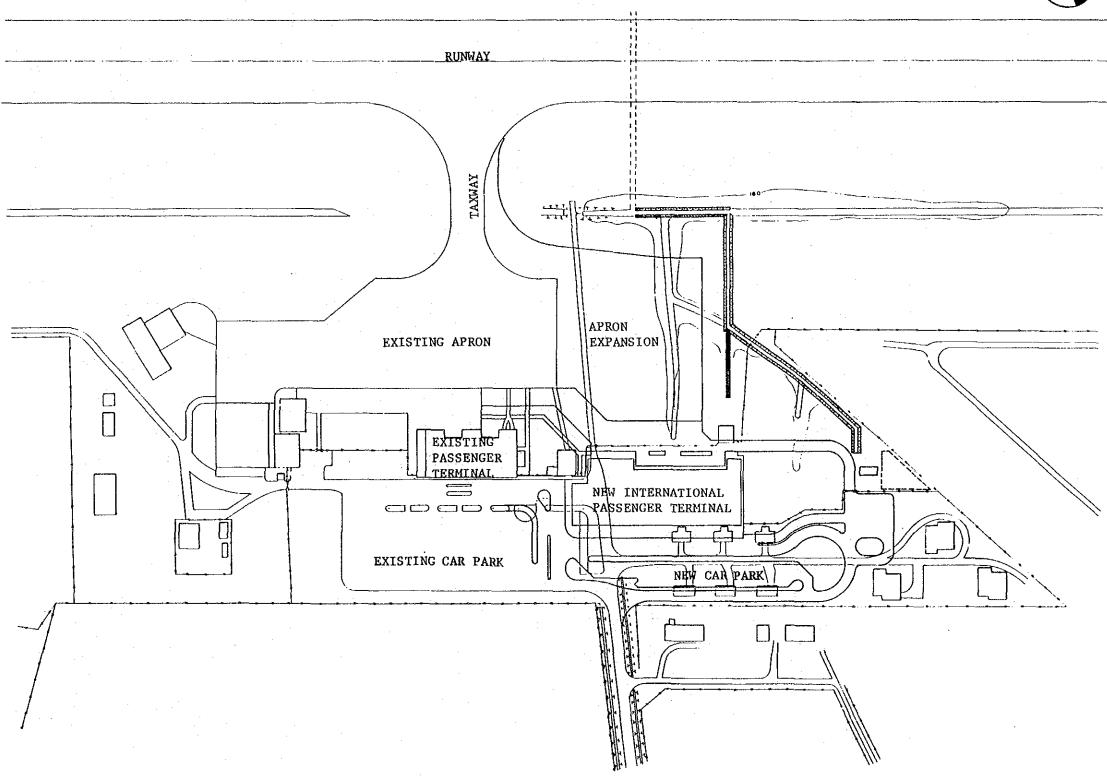




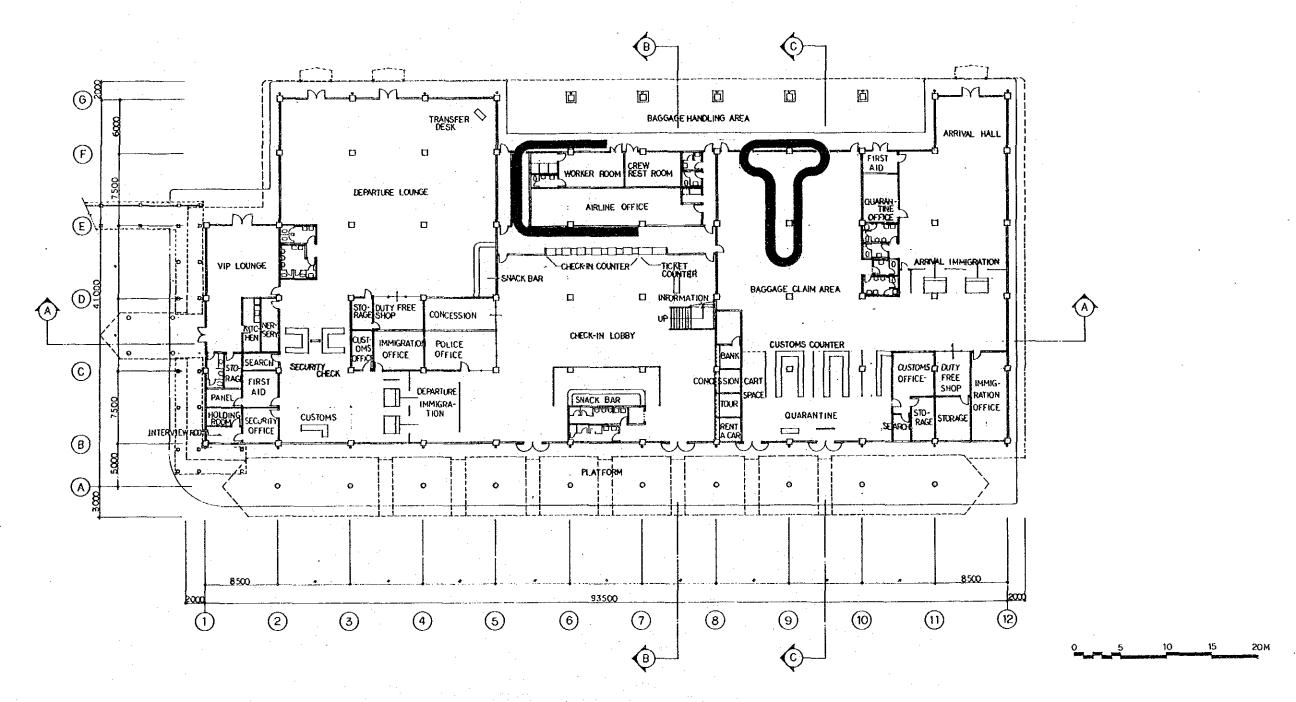
Existing Layout Plan of Terminal Area

S = 1 : 1,000



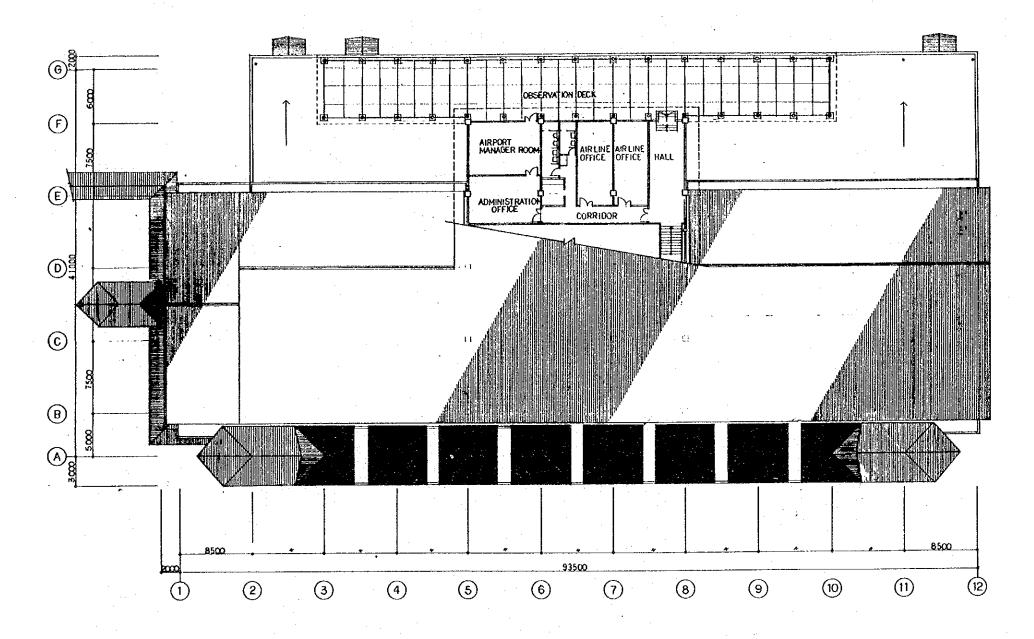


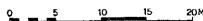
Proposed Layout Plan of Terminal Area S = 1 : 1,000



GROUND FLOOR PLAN

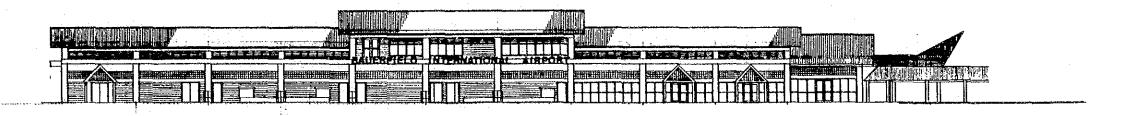
Ground Floor Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building





FIRST FLOOR PLAN

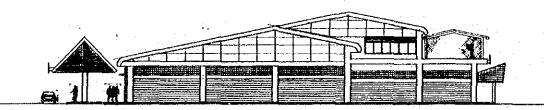
First Floor Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building



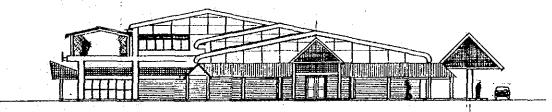
NORTH ELEVATION



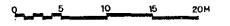
SOUTH ELEVATION



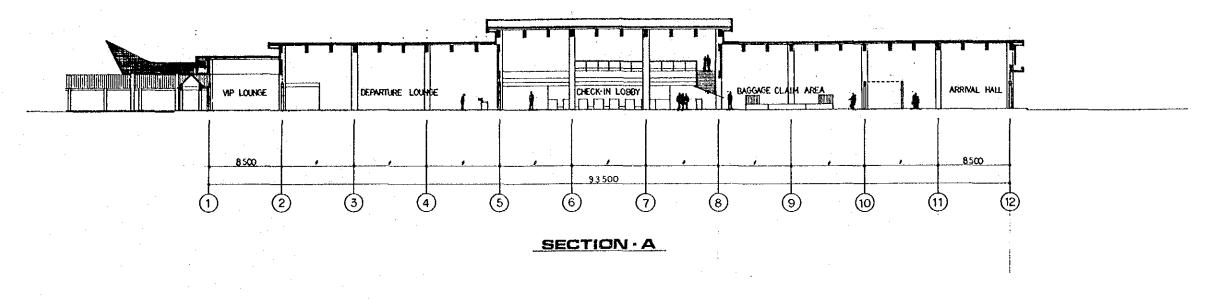
EAST ELEVATION

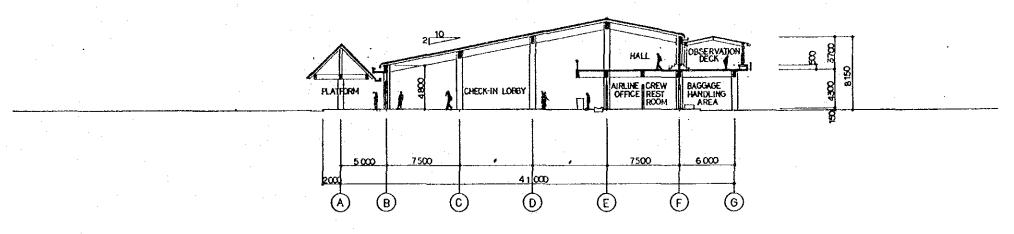


WEST ELEVATION

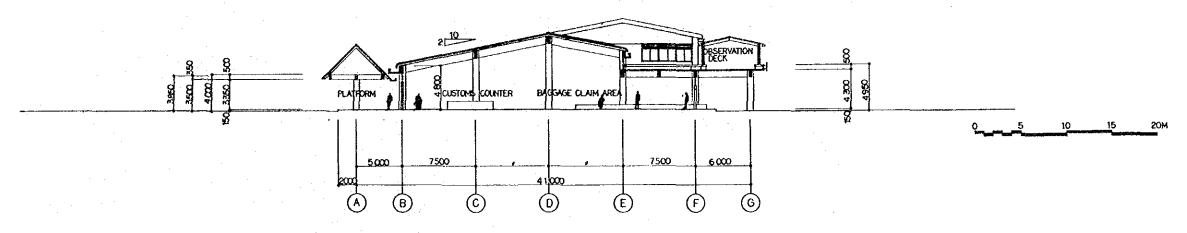


Elevation of International Passenger Terminal Building



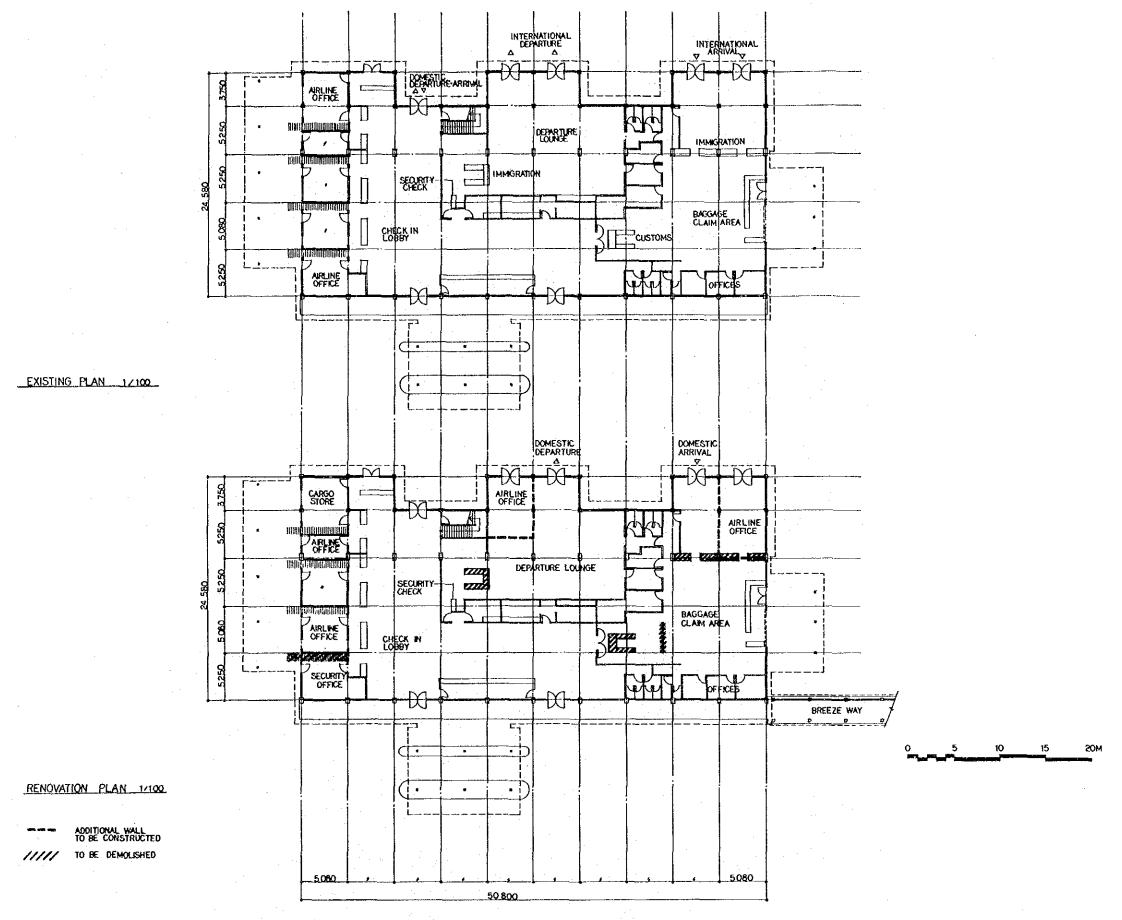


SECTION · B

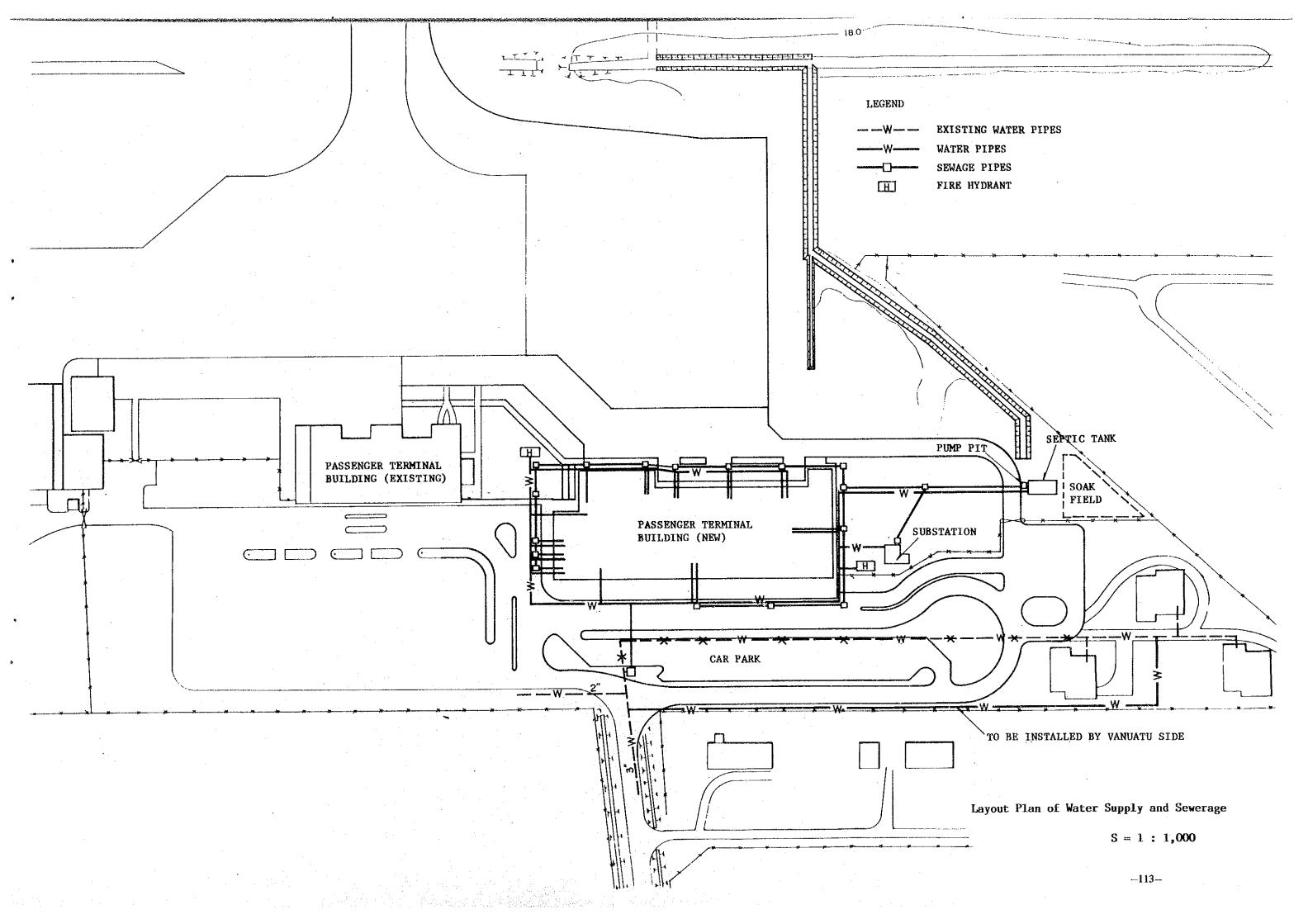


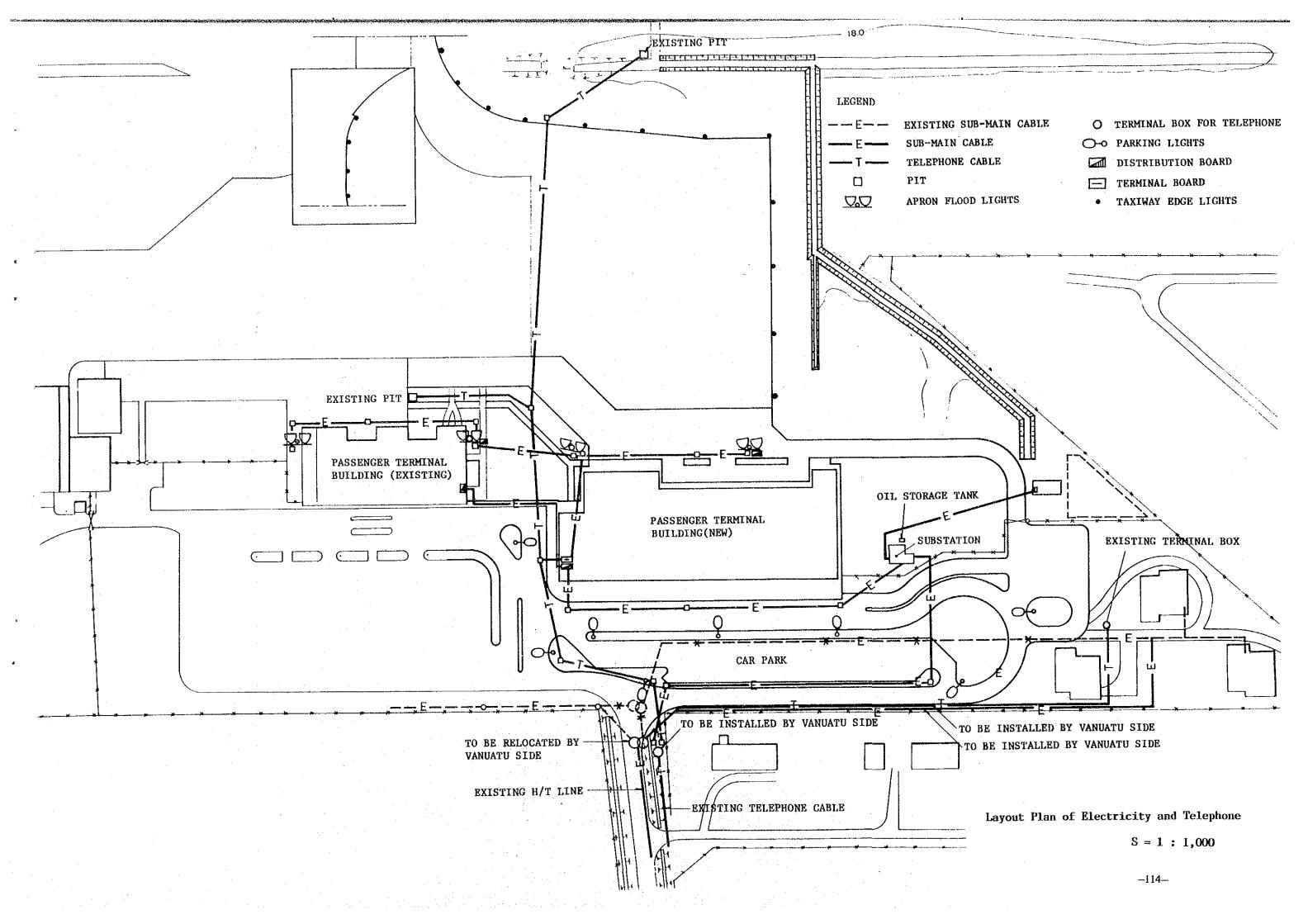
SECTION · C

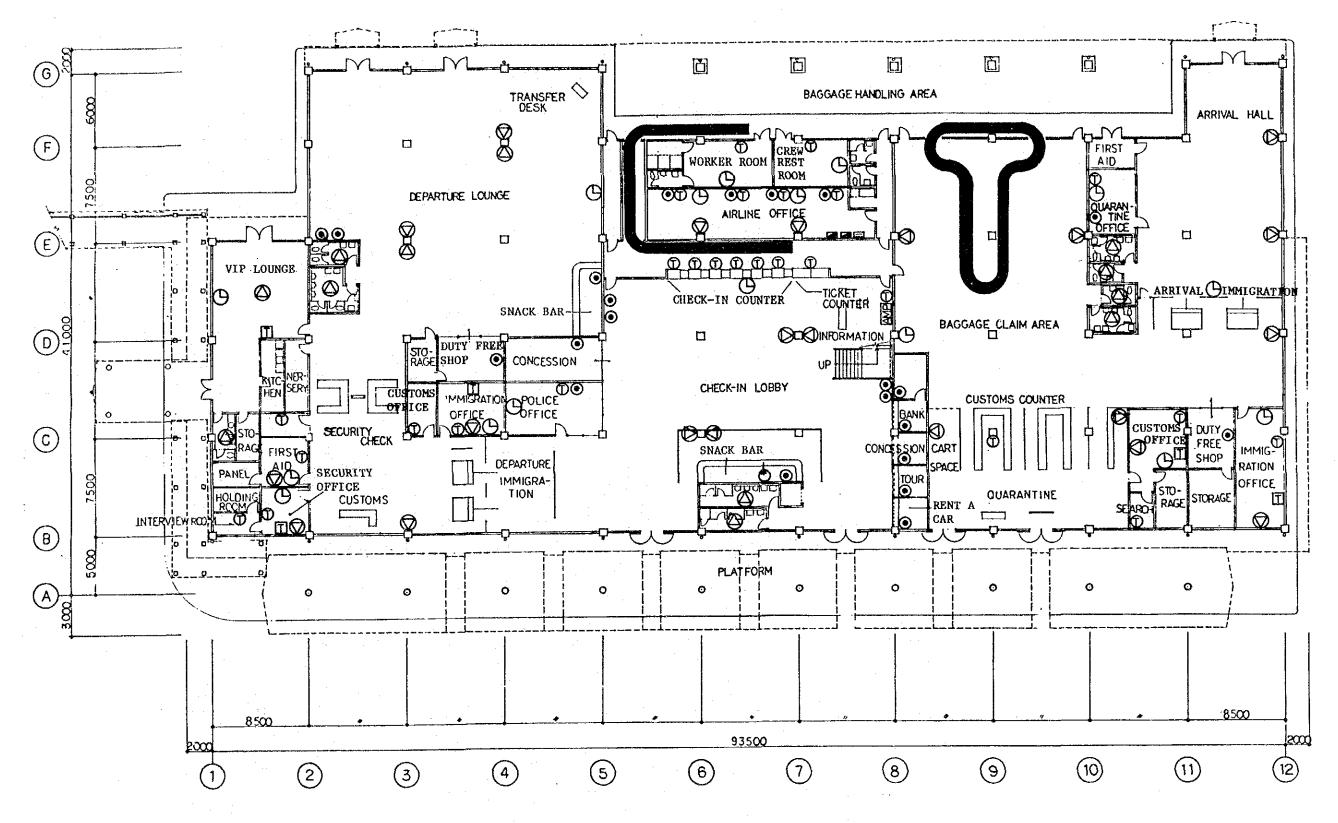
Typical Section of International Passenger Terminal Building



Renovation Plan of Existing Terminal Building







LEGEND

DISTRIBUTION BOARD

TELEPHONE TERMINAL BOARD

THREE PHASE POWER OUTLET

TELEPHONE OUTLET

TINTERNAL COMMUNICATION TELEPHONE

MASTER TELEPHONE

SECONDARY CLOCK

MASTER CLOCK

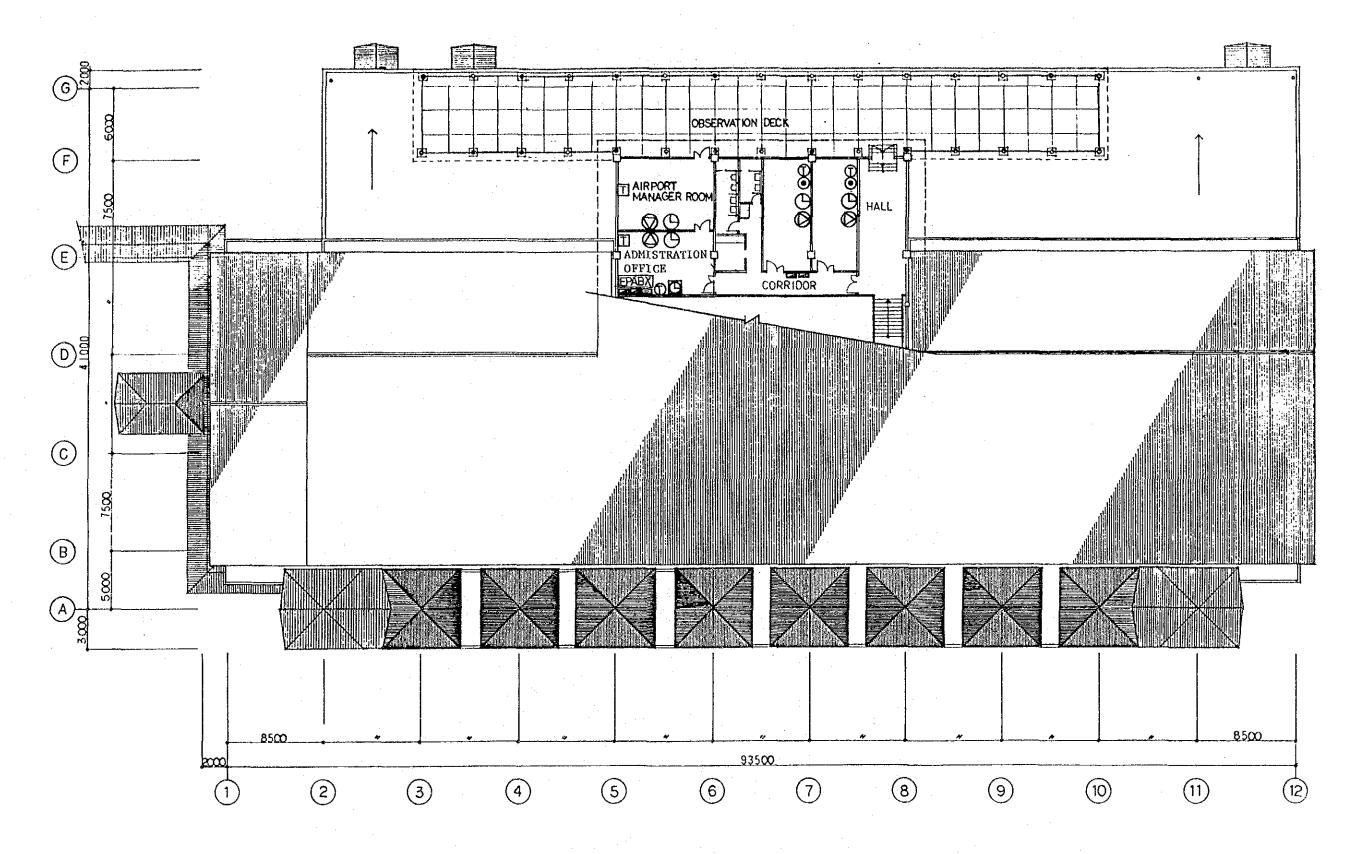
(1)

PA SPEAKER UNIT

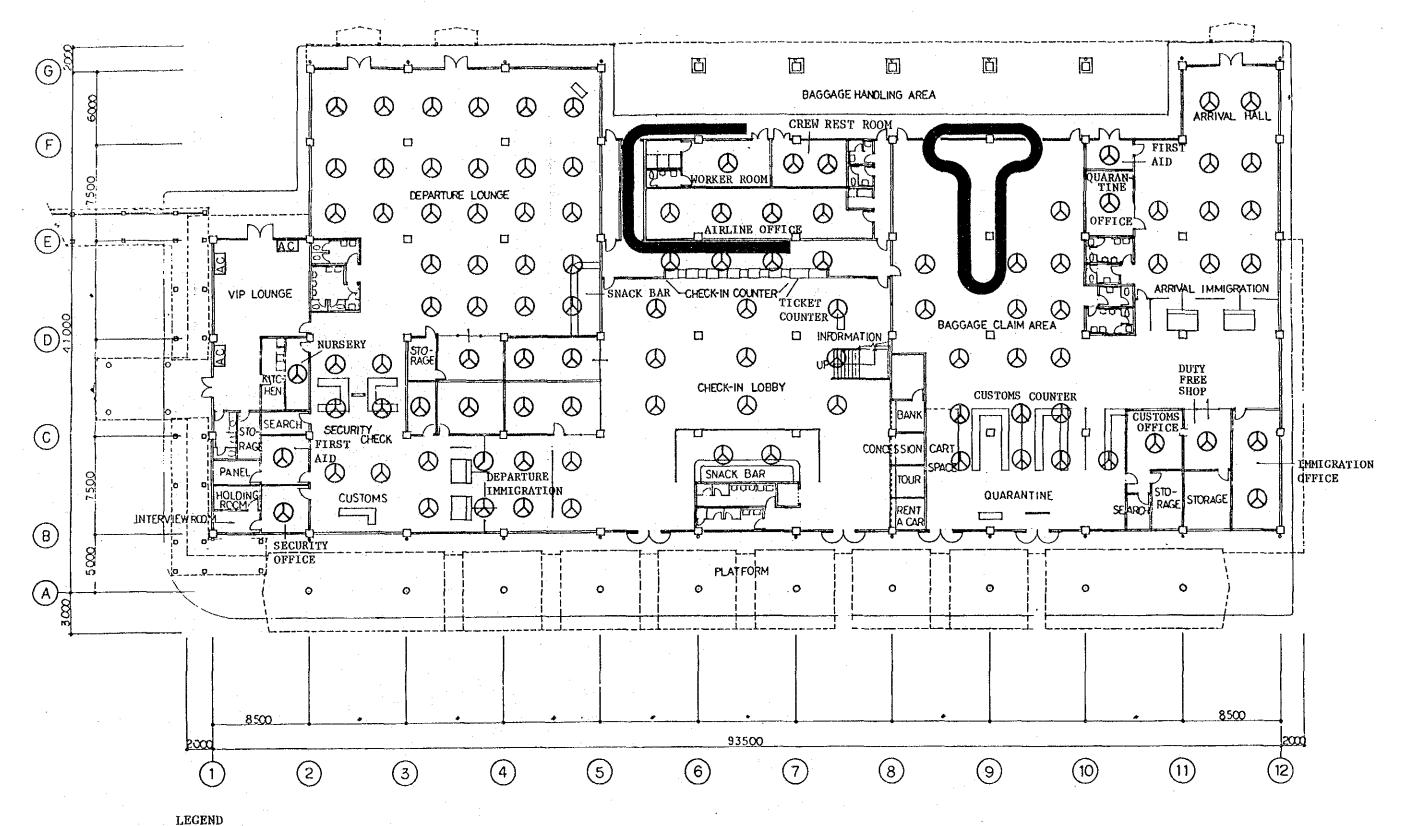
PA AMPLIFIER W/CHIME

EPABX ELECTRONIC TELEPHONE EXCHANGER

Electrical Equipment Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (Ground Floor)



Electrical Equipment Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (First Floor)

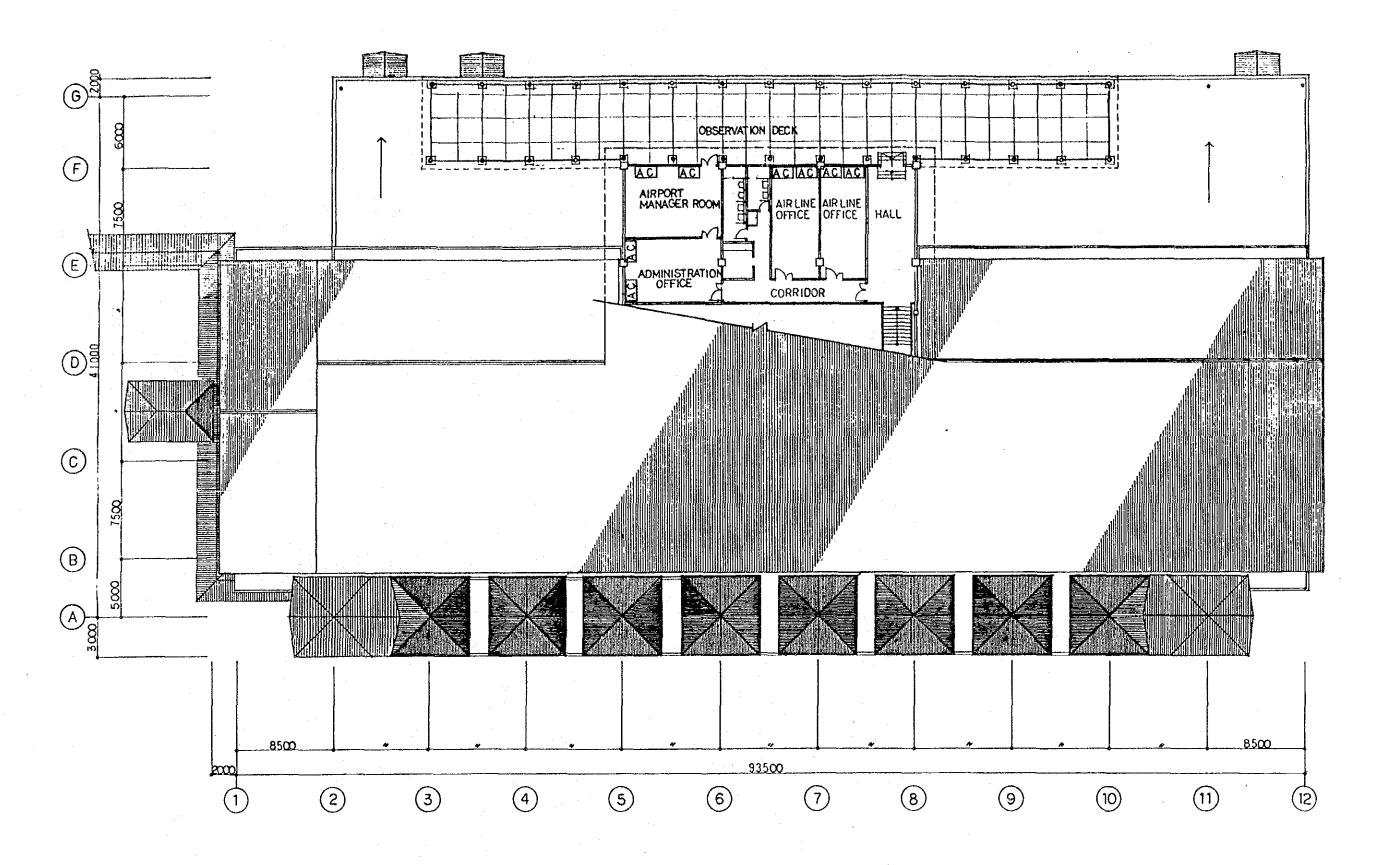


LEGEND

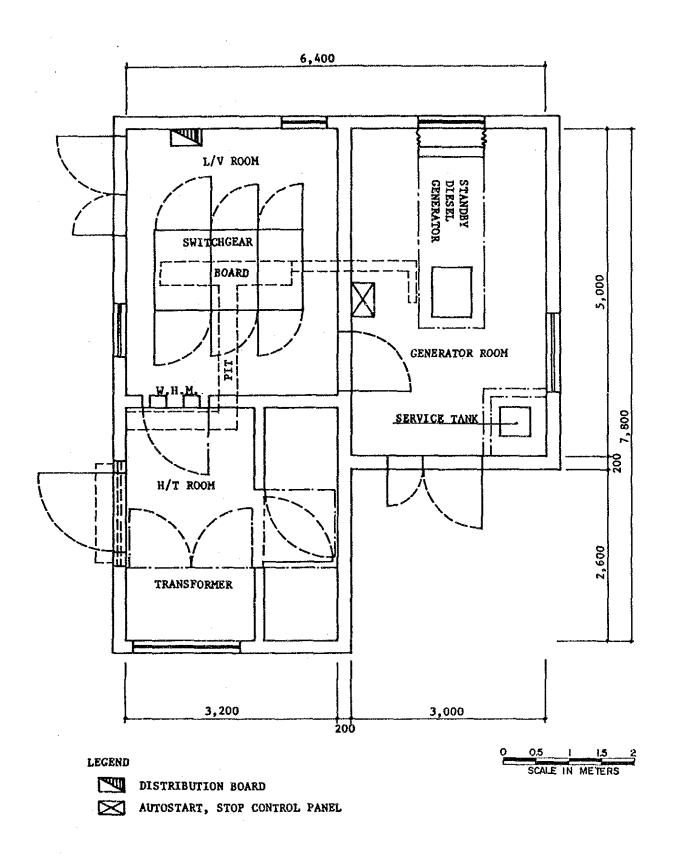
CEILING FAN

AIR CONDITONER

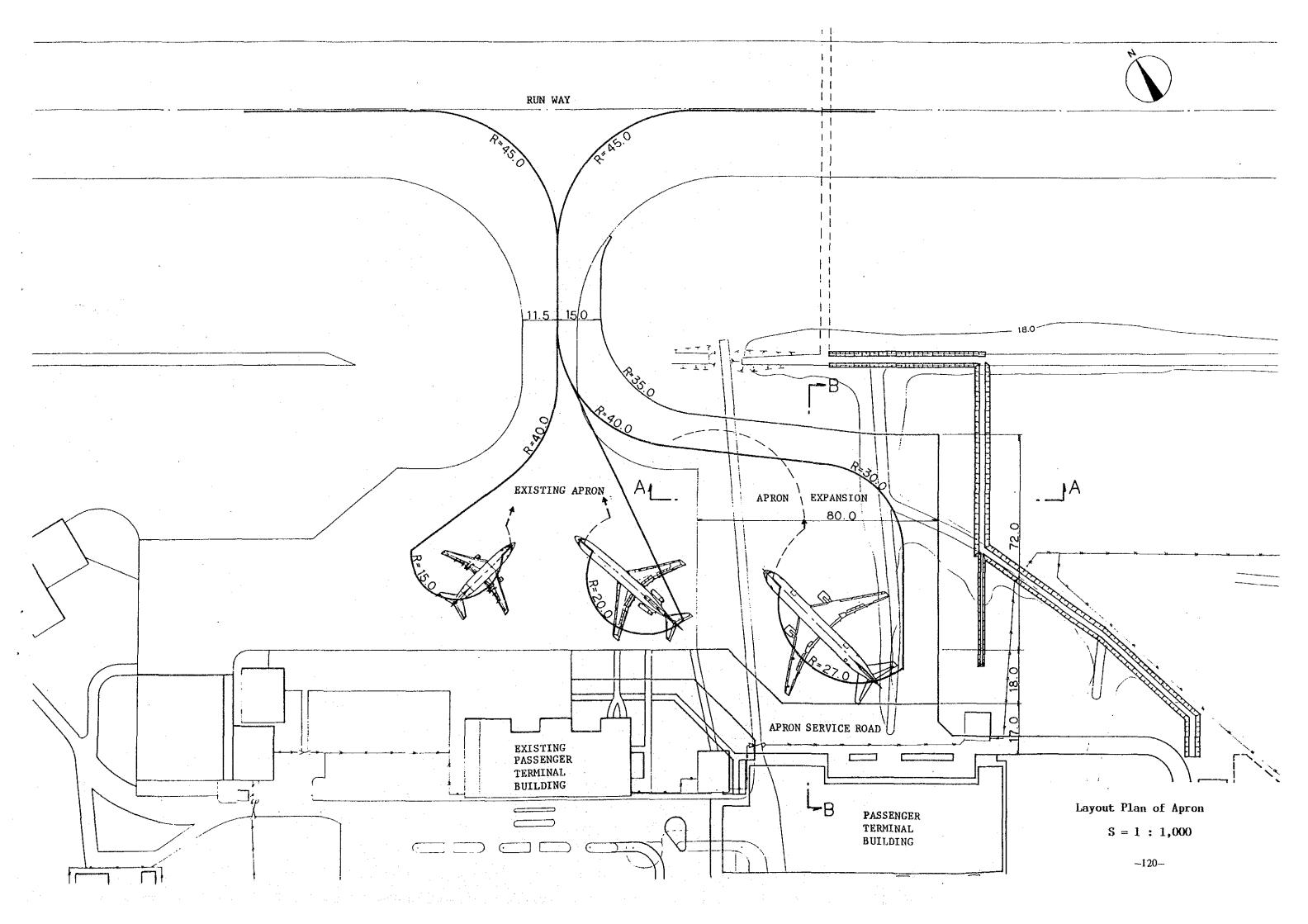
Air Conditioners and Ceiling Fans Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (Ground Floor)



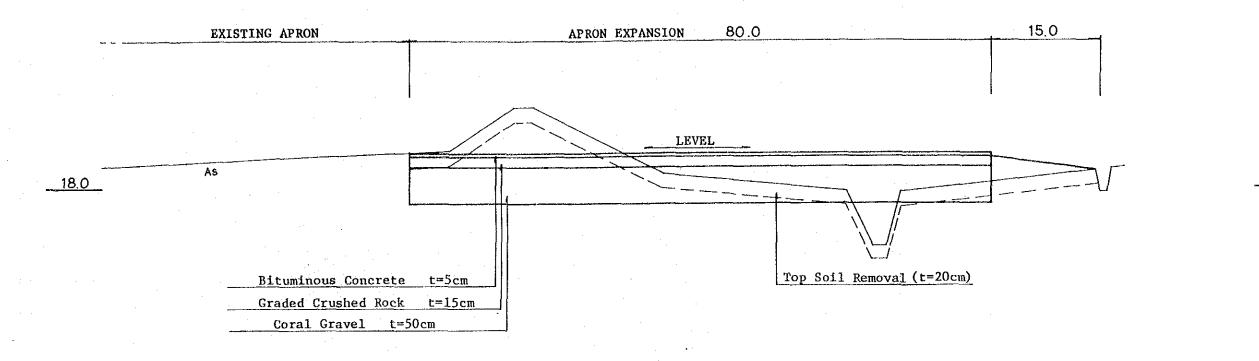
Air Conditioners and Ceiling Fans Layout Plan of International Passenger Terminal Building (First Floor)



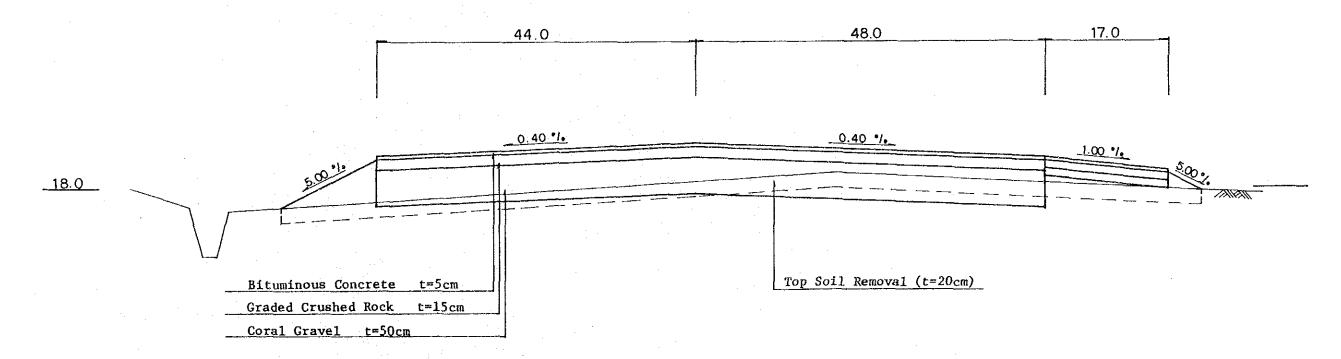
Equipment Layout Plan of Switchgear House



SECTION A - A W = 1:50

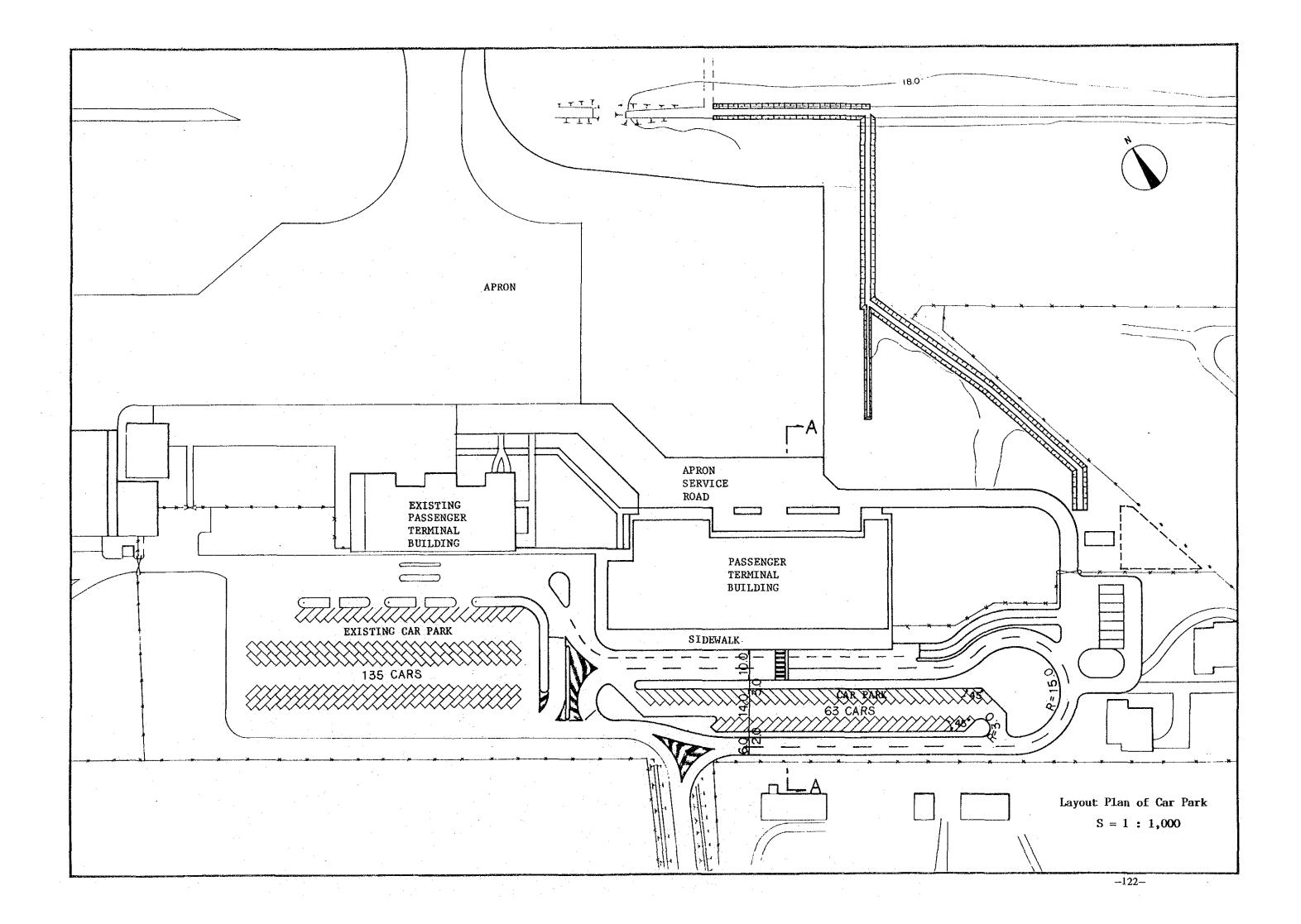


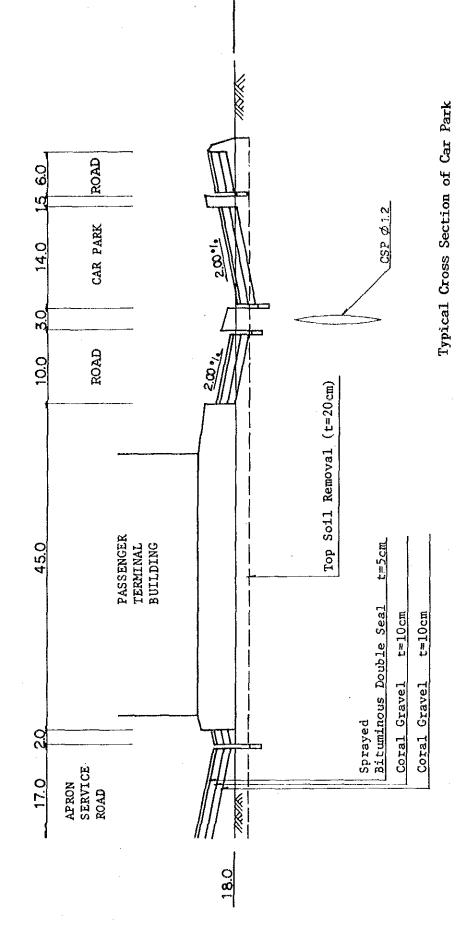
SECTION B - B H= 1:50



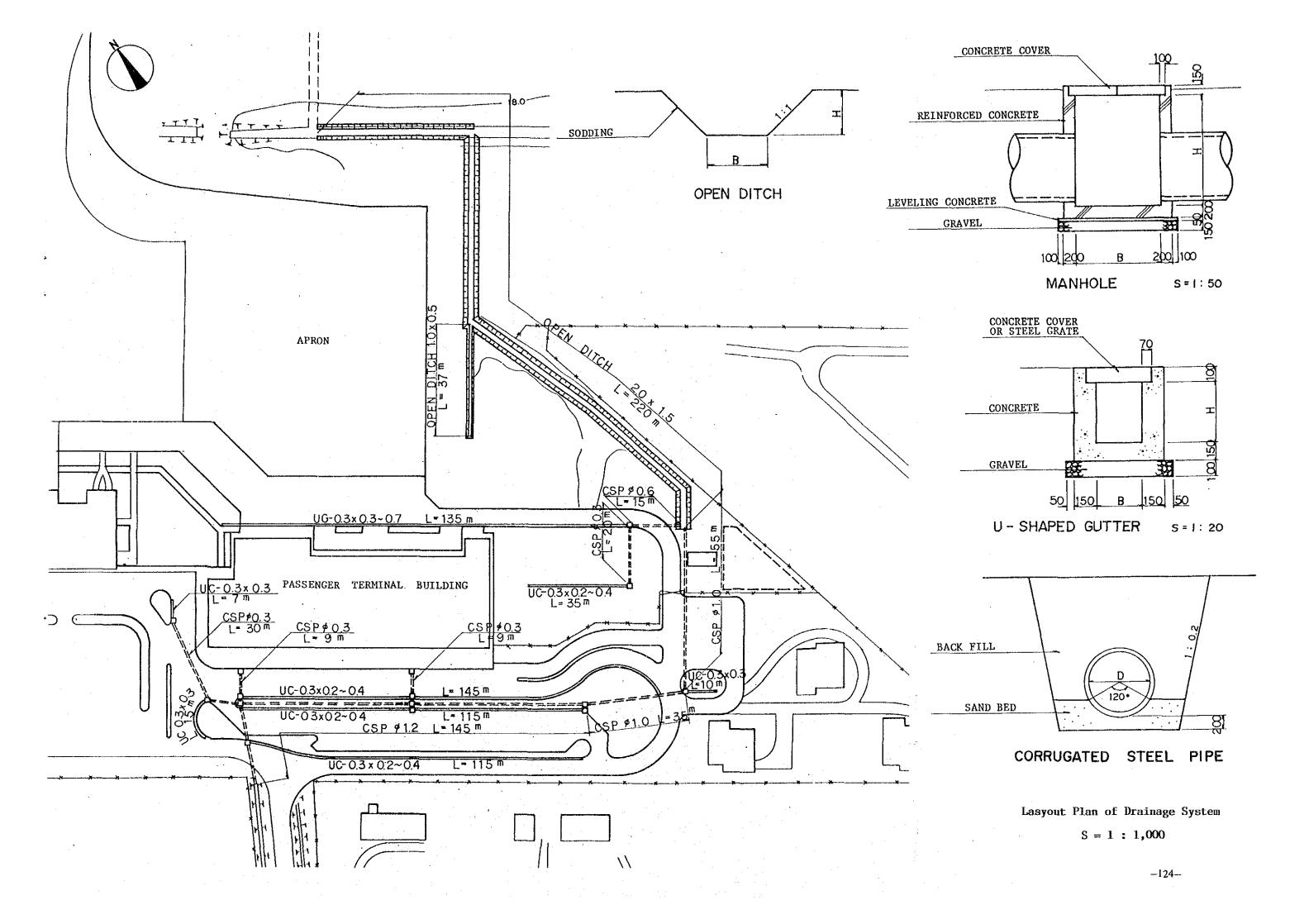
Typical Cross Section of Apron

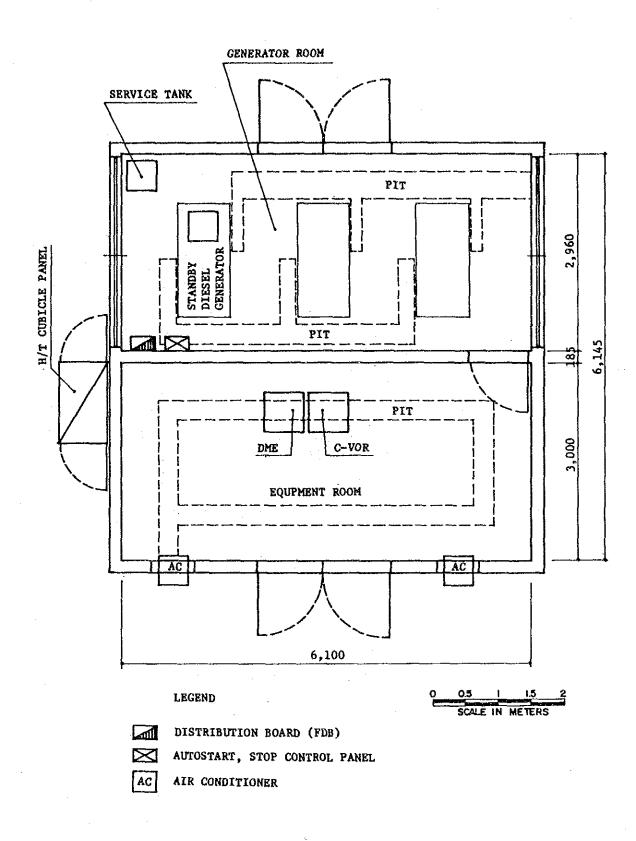
V = 1 : 50, H = 1 : 500



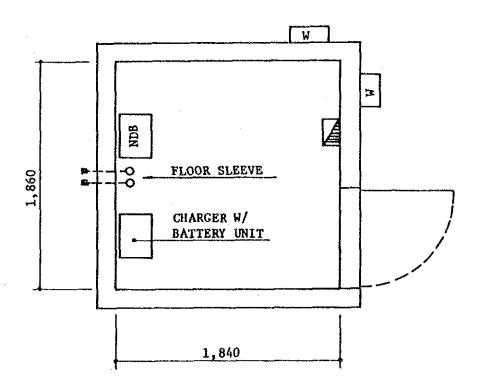


V = 1 : 50, H = 1 : 500





Equipment Layout Plan of VOR/DME's Shelter



LEGEND

DISTRIBUTION BOARD (FDB)

W W.H.M. BOARD

Equipment Layout Plan of Locator's Shelter

CHAPTER 5. IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMME

CHAPTER 5. IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMME

5.1 Basis of Project Implementation

This Project will be implemented in accordance with the rules and regulations of Japan's Grant Aid Programme. After the Project is approved by both the Governments of Vanuatu and Japan, Notes will be exchanged for the Project as mutually agreed upon, and project implementation will begin. A Japanese consultant will be selected by the Government of Vanuatu, and will carry out a detailed design and preparation of tender documents for the facilities and equipment. After completion of the detailed design and preparation of the tender documents, a Japanese construction company will be selected by tendering, and the construction work will start. As for the air navigation equipment, a Japanese company will be selected by other tendering.

The executing agency of the Project is the Ministry of Civil Aviation, Communications, Energy and Tourism of the Government of Vanuatu. Upon completion of the Project, management and maintenance of the facilities will be performed by the Civil Aviation Department of the executing agency.

The Project consists of construction work and installation of air navigation equipment, and will be implemented in two stages.

First Stage: Construction of the New International Passenger Terminal

Building and Installation of Air Navigation Equipment.

Second Stage: Renovation of the Existing Terminal, and Construction of

the Apron, Road and Car Park.

5.2 Scope of Work

The scope of the work under Japanese grant aid and scope of the work for the Vanuatu side are as follows:

Table 5.1 Scope of Work

	Table 3.1 Scope of wo	
Item	Scope of Japanese Side Work	Scope of Vanuatu Side Work
Construc-	- Construction of Building	- Land acquisition
tion of new	- Air conditioning,	
passenger	electicity, water supply	- Felling of trees
terminal	sewage	
building	- Finishing works (excl.	- Demolishing of houses
	interior finishes for	
	airline offices,	- Ordinary furniture
	concessions, and snack bar)	
	- Other facilities	
	(check-in counters,	
	baggage claim counters,	
	metal detector, etc.)	
Renovation	- Removal of CIQ counter	- Ordinary furniture
of existing	- Removal of one gravity	·
terminal	roller conveyor	
building	- Installation of additional	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
	wall for new airline offices	
	- Repair of damaged ceiling	
	of side facing car park	
	- Repair of damaged floor tiles	
Road and	- Earth works	- Land acquisition
car park	- Pavement works	- Felling of trees
	- Storm water drainage works	- Demolishing of houses
	- Vegetation works	- Security fencing works
	- Lighting of car park	- Replacement of trans-
	- Installation of traffic	former
	signs	- Relocation of utilities
		to remaining houses

Table 5.1 Scope of Work (continued)

Item	Scope of Japanese Side Work	Scope of Vanuatu Side Work
Apron	- Earth works	- Extension of the existing
	- Pavement works	fuel pipe and instal-
	- Storm water drainage works	lation of fuel hydrants
	- Apron flood lights	- Ground service equipment
	- Apron edge lights	parking area
	- Marking	
	- Apron service road	
	- Widening of the existing	
	taxiway	·
VOR/DME	- Replacement	- Flight Check
Locator	- Supply of maintenance	
	equipment and spare parts	
	- Four-wheel drive motor	
	vehicle for maintenance	
Others	- Relocation of the cool	- Nil
	storage	
	- Construction of covered	
<u> </u> 	passageway	
	- Switchgear house for the new	
	terminal building	
	- Construction of a septic	
	tank	

Furthermore, the following measures shall be taken by the Government of Vanuatu:

- To provide data and information necessary for the Project.
- To provide power supply, water supply, drainage, telephone access and other incidental facilities to the project site.
- To ensure prompt unloading, customs clearance, and customs duty exemption of the products for the Project at the port of disembarkation in Vanuatu.
- To exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and other fiscal levies which may be imposed in Vanuatu with respect to the supply of materials for the construction, equipment, and services under the verified contracts.

5.3 Implementation Schedule

After the Exchange of Notes between the Governments of Vanuatu and Japan, a detailed design and preparation of tender documents, and tender evaluation of the first stage of construction are to be carried out, concluding the first stage of the construction contract. Construction of the international passenger terminal building, which requires the longest period to complete, and installation of the air navigation equipment, which is high priority, will be included in the first stage. Approx. four (4) months will be required from the Exchange of Notes to conclusion of the construction contract.

Approx. sixteen (16) months will be required for the ensuing building works.

The next year, upon the Exchange of Notes for the second stage of construction, the contract for construction of the apron, road and car park will be concluded. Construction of the apron, road and car park will be carried out in the second stage. Seven (7) months will be required for the construction of the apron, road, and car park after the conclusion of the construction contract.

Prior to commencement of the civil works for the apron, it is necessary that the fuel pipes for the hydrants be in place. The installation of these pipes is in the Scope of Work of the Vanuatu side, and will require six (6) months for design and piping.

As for the C-VOR/DME and Locator, tender and tender evaluation are to be carried out after E/N(2), and then the contract is to be concluded.

Approx. nine (9) months will be required for manufacturing, installation, and adjustment after the conclusion of the contract.

As the flight check will be performed by the Corporation of New Zealand Limited, it is necessary for the Government of Vanuatu to arrange the flight check schedule with them in order to ensure prompt handover upon completion of the works.

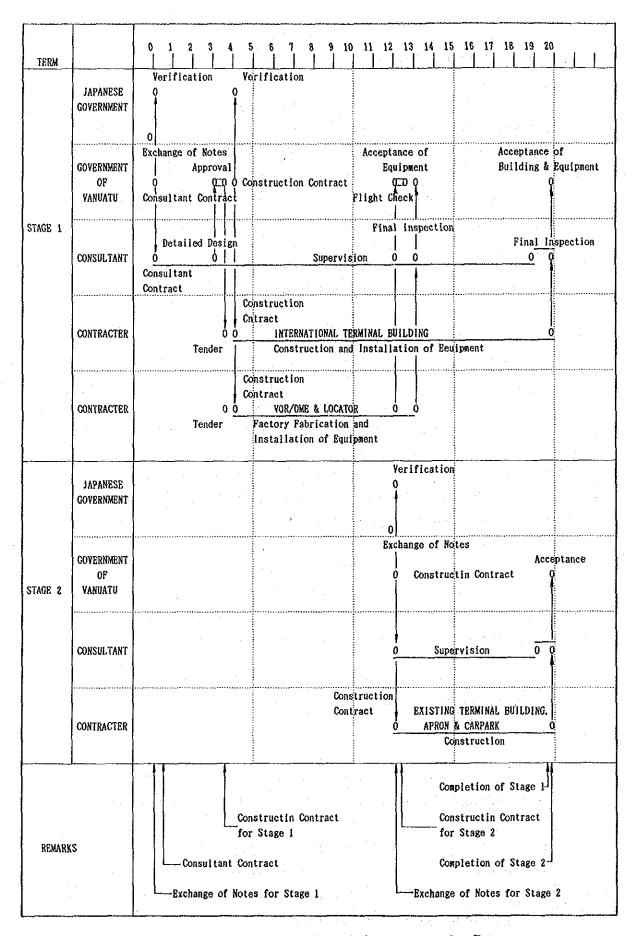


Fig. 5.3.1 Implementation Schedule of the Project

5.4 Construction Plan

(1) Basic Conditions

The construction methods shall fit the local conditions and be planned for smooth execution. The construction plan shall be prepared with a knowledge of the supply of materials and equipment and the availability of the work force.

(2) Matters to be Attended to

The rainy season in Vanuatu lasts from November to April, when precipitation is considerable. As the civil works and foundation works of the buildings will be slowed down due to the rain, the construction schedule during the rainy season shall be carefully studied.

The project site is close to the airport terminal facilities and the airport is to be kept operating during the construction period. Therefore, safety and security controls of the construction works must be perfectly carried out in order to avoid any hindrance to aircraft safety or damage to third parties.

(3) Construction Plan

The contract for construction of the facilities is considered to be divided into two stages; the first stage is construction of the new international passenger terminal building, and the second stage is construction of the apron, car park, etc. Therefore, the following matters should be considered.

- Close coordination between the building work and pavement work around the building
- Effective use of construction equipment and temporary facilities for construction

As for the air navigation equipment, progress control is particularly important because of its influence on aircraft operation.

5.5 Construction Supervisory Services

In accordance with the principle of Japan's Grant Aid Programme and the provisions of the Basic Design, the consultant will organize a project team for the detailed design and the construction supervision. In the construction supervision stage the consultant will dispatch a resident engineer. Furthermore, the necessary experts will be dispatched for short periods as required during the progress of the work.

5.6 Procurement Plan

Necessary materials and equipment shall be procured after determination of their availability and quality in Vanuatu. Other materials and equipment will be imported when necessary.

1) Materials and Equipment to be Imported

Some kinds of equipment, such as air navigation equipment which are made to order and are to be imported will require precise scheduling because of the nature of the process; ordering --> manufacturing --> packing --> shipping. Close coordination with the executing agency of the Project is crucial to ensure prompt and careful unloading, customs clearance, and shipment to the site.

2) Material and Equipment to be Procured Locally

The method of procurement for the sand and aggregate (major materials produced in Vanuatu) should be decided after studying the place and capacity of production, quality, and availability of transportation.

The following equipment and materials would be procured in Vanuatu.

Equipment and Materials Available in Vanuatu

Construction	Construction		
Equipment	<u>Materials</u>		
. Concrete Mixer	. Cement		
. Small Trucks	. Sand		
. Dump Trucks	. Aggregate		
	Concrete blocks		

5.7 Maintenance Cost

According to "Estimates of Reveneue and Expenditure 1988", the budget of the Civil Aviation Department in 1988 is VT63.2 million in revenues and VT69.4 million in expenditures, so there is a deficit of VT6.2 million. However, this budget includes the management and maintenance costs of 26 airports in this country other than Bauerfield. The revenues and expenditures of Bauerfield International Airport were VT47.5 million and VT21.4 million respectively in 1987; this indicates a good financial condition.

There are 60 staff members who participate in the management and maintenance of this airport currently, and there is a plan to increase the number to 75.

Costs required for operation and maintenance after the construction of the new international passenger terminal and renovation of the existing terminal for domestic services, expansion of the apron, road and car park, and replacement of air navigation equipment are estimated as follows, taking into account the above organisation strengthening and the increase of the building floor area to be maintained.

Total	VT 46 million
Salary	
Technical Section Staff	VT 11 million
Air Terminal Staff Salary	VT 5 million
Air terminal supplies	
Electricity/telephone/	VT 30 million

On the other hand, airport revenues when the passenger traffic reaches the volume of air traffic demand forecasted for after the completion of the Project will be as follows:

Total	VT	116 Million
Miscellaneous Revenue	VT	25 Million
Air Traffic Rights and Other charges	VΤ	6 Million
Landing charges and Departure Tax	٧T	85 Million

The above estimate indicates that the airport's financial condition will be quite good and that the revenues will sufficiently cover the expenditures for operation and maintenance of the facilities after the completion of the Project.

5.8 Project Costs to be borne by the Government of Vanuatu

Costs of the work to be executed by the $\mbox{\sc Vanuatu}$ side are estimated as follows:

a.	Removal of the government	VT 17 million
	residences	•
ъ.	Furniture	VT 8 million
с.	Utility service up to the	VT 3 million
	boundary of the new terminal site	
d.	Ground service equipment parking area	VT 2 million
e.	Extension of fuel pipe and	VT 24 million
	installation of fuel hydrants	
f.	Flight check	VT 2 million
	Total	VT 56 million

CHAPTER 6. PROJECT EVALUATION

CHAPTER 6. PROJECT EVALUATION

This Project constitutes the major part of the development of Bauerfield International Airport, and will, in company with other projects, permit the introduction of B-767 class wide-bodied jet aircraft. Other related projects to be implemented with external financial assistance from various countries include the runway extension, improvement of the airfield lights, etc.

The existing terminal facilities was planned to cope with only one B-737 class aircraft, and has already become inadequate for present operations. This capacity problem is considered a hindrance to tourism development. After the implementation of the Project, Bauerfield International Airport will have sufficient capacity with improved safety to serve as the gateway to Vanuatu. Introduction of B-767 class aircraft will establish rapid and efficient transport connection with other countries and is expected to enhance tourism industry. In addition, because operation of B-767 aircraft is less expensive than older generation aircraft, such as B-737, B-727, etc., it is expected to decrease air fare and to make tourism industry of Vanuatu more competitive to the other South Pacific islands.

Tourism is the most important sector for foreign exchange carnings, and GDP in trade, restaurant and hotel shares one third of the total GDP. Therefore, development of tourism industry is one of the most important objectives in the Second National Development Plan. An increase of tourists will contribute to the development of the national economy of the Republic of Vanuatu through income from transportation, hotels, restaurants, etc. and in generation of employment in those services.

Therefore, the Project will contribute to the development of the national economy and the promotion of the economic self-reliance of the nation, and is considered to be highly significant for the Republic of Vanuatu.

CHAPTER 7. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CHAPTER 7. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 Conclusion

The Project for Constructing the Terminal Building of Bauerfield International Airport, includes construction of a new international passenger terminal building, renovation of the existing terminal for domestic services, expansion of the existing apron, road and car park, and renewal of the C-VOR/DME and Locator. The Project is expected to contribute greatly to the development of the national economy of the Republic of Vanuatu though removing the bottleneck that hinders tourism development. Therefore, it is judged significant that the Project be implemented under the grant and program of the Government of Japan.

7.2 Recommendations

- (1) The existing fuel hydrants are scheduled to be extended by the Vanuatu side. The extension work of the fuel hydrant pipe must be completed before the commencement of the expansion of the apron.
- (2) The terminal building will be designed to reduce the maintenance work or to make it as easy as possible. Regular maintenance work after its completion will, however, be required for some electrical and mechanical facilities, etc., in order to maintain the original level of performance.
- (3) Periodic maintenance of the apron pavement will be required because the apron surface will suffer some damage in service, as a result of the sharp manoeuvering of aircraft and spilled oil.
- (4) The flight check of the VOR/DME and Locator will be performed by the Corporation of New Zealand Limited. Close coordination on the flight check schedule should be made in advance in order to operate the VOR/DME and Locator soon after the installation and adjustment work.

(5) This Project will produce satisfactory results only when all the related projects for introduction of B-767 class aircraft are completed. Therefore, it is advisable to accelerate the implementation of those projects.

APPENDIX

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Appendix - A

List of the Study Team Members

Site Survey

Mr. Masamichi WATANABE

(Team Leader / Project Supervisor)

Deputy Director,

Construction Division, Aerodrome Department,

Civil Aviation Bureau, Ministry of Transport

Mr. Jotaro NISHIBATA

(Project Supervisor / Air Navigation)

Chief of Reliability Management

Section, Radio Engineering Division,

Air Traffic Services Department,

Civil Aviation Bureau, Ministry of Transport

Mr. Toshio NAKAMURA

(Coordinator)

Grant Aid Planning and Survey Department, Japan International

Cooperation Agency

Mr. Shota MORITA

(Airport Engineer)

Pacific Consultants International

Mr. Tokio ODA

(Airport Architect)

Pacific Consultants International

Mr. Yoshihiro URABE

(Building Services Engineer)

Pacific Consultants International

Mr. Keiichi TAKEDA

(Airport Engineer / Navigation Aid)

Pacific Consultants International

Mr. Toru SHIMADA

(Airport Engineer / Civil Work)

Pacific Consultants International

Mr. Shozo KAWASAKI

(Architect / Cost Estimate)

Pacific Consultants International

Explanation of the Draft Final Report

Mr. Masamichi WATANABE

Mr. Toshio NAKAMURA

Mr. Shota MORITA

Mr. Tokio ODA

Mr. Toru SHIMADA

APPENDIX-B

SCHEDULE OF SITE SURVEY

Site Survey

June 12 Sunday

18:05 Mr. Morita, Mr. Oda, Mr. Urabe, Mr. Takeda, Mr. Shimada and Mr. Kawasaki departed from Narita for Sydney by JL777.

June 13 Monday

O6:30 Mr. Morita and other five members arrived at Sydney.
11:00 They departed for Suva by FJ915/FJ145 and arrived at 19:45.

June 14 Tuesday

Mr. Morita and other five members visited JICA office and Japanese Embassy to explain the summary of the site survey.

12:45 They departed for Port Vila by FJ122/FJ710 and arrived at 21:15

June 15 Wednesday

Explanation of Inception Report to Minister of Civil Aviation, First and Second Secretary. Vanuatu side stated that there was a proposal for widening the runway strip from Australia.

Explanation of Inception Report to the Director of Civil Aviation, Deputy Director, Airport Commandant, Director of Public Works, and personnel from National Planning and Statistics Office and Department of Lands, and presented a questionnaire.

Site Investigation at airport and preliminary topographical survey. Hearing on problems from Airport Manager. Hearing about security from ICAO adviser.

June 16 Thursday

Presentation of Terminal Building Layout Plan to Director of Civil Aviation, Deputy Director, Airport Commandant, Plant Quarantine Officer, Immigration Officer and airlines. Submission of questionnaire to each of them.

Hearing on the existing condition of air navigation facilities and related problems from JICA Expert.

Collection of data and information at Public Works Department, National Planning and Statistics Office.

20:00 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe, Mr. Nishibata, and Mr. Nakamura departed from Narita for Sydney by JL771.

June 17 Friday

Explanation of preliminary demand forecast to Deputy Director of Civil Aviation.

Hearing about security of terminal building from the Police Training and ICAO adviser.

Collection of data and information on construction materials, etc.

06:15 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe and other two members arrived at Sydney. They visited the JICA office and had a discussion with AIDIB.

June 18 Saturday

Traffic fact-finding at airport

Site investigation about air navigation facilities.

June 19 Sunday

Traffic fact-finding at airport.

09:15 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe and other two members departed for Port Vila by AN580, and arrived at 14:35

June 20 Monday

Explanation of merits and demerits of widening runway strip to Minister of Civil Aviation and First Secretary. Discussion about policy of terminal facilities layout.

Explanation and discussion on the above with Director of Civil Aviation and the Deputy Director.

Collection of data and information at the electric power company and airlines, etc.

June 21 Tuesday

Discussion on the policy of terminal facilities layout with Minister of Civil Aviation, First and Second Secretary. Vanuatu side said that the runway strip would not be changed from 150m.

June 22 Wednesday

Presentation of altanatives of basic layout of terminal facilities to Minister of Civil Aviation, First and Second Secretary.

Collection of data and information on construction materials, etc.

June 23 Thursday

Discussion on draft of "Minutes of Discussions" (M/D) with Director of Civil Aviation.

Collection of data and information on construction materials, etc.

Hearing about customs and quarantine.

June 24 Friday

Minister of Civil Aviation and Second Secretary informed the Team about basic layout plan of terminal facilities on which the Basic Design would be baced.

Collection of data and information at Posts and Telecommunications, etc.

Discussion on amendment of M/D.

Signing of M/D between Government of Vanuatu and the JICA mission.

June 26 Sunday

11:35 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe, Mr. Nishibata and Mr. Nakamura departed for Suva by FJ715/FJ135, and arrived at 17:00.

June 27 Monday

Collection of data and information of construction materials.

Team Leader Mr. Watanabe and other two members reported progress to JICA office.

12:45 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe and other two members departed for Sydney by FJ122/FJ916 and arrived at 20:40.

June 28 Tuesday

Discussion on preliminary demand forecast with Director of Civil Aviation and Deputy Director.

Discussion on apron plan with Director of Civil Aviation, Deputy Director, JICA Expert, oil companies and airlines.

Collection of data and information at Department of Water Supply and the company

09:30 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe and other two members departed for Narita by JL778 and arrived at 20:15.

June 29 Wednesday

Discussion on road and car park plan with Deputy Director of Civil Aviation and Airport Commandant.

Confirmation of the scope of work of Vanuatu side.

Collection of data and information on construction materials.

June 30 Thursday

Presentation of and discussion on amended Terminal Building Layout Plan to Director of Civil Aviation, Deputy Director, Airport Commandant, Plant Quarantine Officer, Immigration Officer and airlines.

Collection of data and information on construction materials.

July 1 Friday

Made out Minutes of Meeting.

Preliminary topographical survey of VOR/DME and Locator.

Collection of data and information on construction materials.

July 2 Saturday

Site investigation at Bauerfield Airport.

July 3 Sunday

04:35 Mr. Morita and other five members departed for Sydney by AN1583 and arrived at 09:35

July 4 Monday

Report of progress at JICA Office.

Hearing on details and policy of the aid for Bauerfield Airport by Australia from AIDAB.

09:30 Mr. Oda, Mr. Urabe, Mr. Shimada and Mr. Kawasaki departed for Narita by JL772 and arrived at 18:00.

July 5 Tuesday

09:30 Mr. Morita and Mr. Takeda departed for Narita by JL778 and arrived at 20:15.

Explanation of Draft Final Report

Sep. 8 Thursday

20:00 Team Leader, Mr. Watanabe, Mr. Nakamura, Mr. Morita, Mr. Oda and Mr. Shimada departed from Narita for Sydney by JL771.

9 Friday

06:15 Team Leader, Mr. Watanabe and other four members arrived at Sydney.

Explanation of the outline of the draft final report to JICA office. Discussion with AIDAB at JICA Office.

11 Sunday

09:15 Mr. Nakamura, Mr. Morita and Mr. Shimada departed for Port Vila by AN580 and arrived at 14:35.

12 Monday Submission of the draft final report to the Government of Vanuatu.

11:00 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe and Mr. Oda departed for Suva by FJ915/FJ715 and arrived at 18:15.

13 Tuesday Explanation of the draft final report to Minister of Civil Aviation, First and Second Secretary.

Team Leader, Mr. Watanabe and Mr. Oda visited JICA office and Japanese Embassy and explained the outline of the draft final report.

19:00 They departed for Port Vila by FJ710 and arrived at 21:15.

14 Wednesday Discussion on the draft final report with Minister of Civil Aviation, First Secretary and Second Secretary.

Joint meeting with Australian study team.

Discussion on the detailed layout of terminal building with Director and Deputy Director of Civil Aviation, Immigration Officer, police, airlines etc.

16 Friday Signing of Minutes of Discussions.

Confirmation of the scope of the renovation work of the existing terminal building.

18 Sunday 11:35 Team Leader Mr. Watanabe and other four members departed for Suva by FJ715 and arrived at 15:35.

19 Monday Report of the discussion results to JICA office and Japanese Embassy.

16:00 departed for Sydney by FJ136/FJ916, and arrived at 20:40.

20 Tuesday Report of the discussion results to JICA office.

21 Wednesday 09:30 departed for Narita by JL772 and arrived at 18:00.

Minutes of Discussions

ON NO

THE BASIC DESIGN

OF

THE PROJECT FOR CONSTRUCTING THE TERMINAL BUILDING OF

BAUERFIELD INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

THE REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

In response to the request of the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu, the Government of Japan decided to conduct a basic design study on the Project for Constructing the Terminal Building of Bauerfield International Airport (hereinafter refered to as "the Project") and entrusted the study to the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA). JICA sent to the Republic of Vanualu the study team headed by Mr. Masamichi WATANABE, Deputy Director, Construction Division, Aerodrome Department, Civil Aviation Burcau, Ministry of Transport from June 12 to July 5, 1988.

The team had a series of discussions on the Project with the officials concerned of the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu and conducted a field survey in Bauerfield International Airport area.

As a result of the study, both parties agreed to recommend to their respective Governments that the major points of understanding reached between them, attached herewith, should be examined towards the realization of the Project.

渡见正道

MASAMICHI WATANABE Leader Basic Design Study Team Japan International Cooperation Agnecy Port Vila, June 24, 1988

MAROLD COMMLAO Minister for Civil Aviation, Communications, Energy

and Tourism

ATTACHMENT

1. Objective of the Project

The objective of the Project is to construct a new terminal building and other related facilities; to renovate the existing terminal building; and to provide a certain air navigation facilities to meet Bauerfield International Airport upgrading plan.

2. Executing Agency

The executing agency for the Project is the Ministry of Civil Aviation, Communications, Energy and Tourism of the Government of Vanuatu.

3. Proposed Project Site

The proposed project site is as shown at Annex I.
The Government of Vanuatu will demolish the existing houses in the shaded area, and clear the site.

4. Requests by the Government of Vanuatu

- (1) The major items requested by the Government of Vanuatu are as shown at Annex II.
- (2) The Government of Vanuatu requested that two stands for B-767 class aircraft be provided by Japan's Grant Aid, if possible. The Japanese Team stated that the construction of two stands for B-767 class aircraft would be subject to the budget to be allocated to the Project.
- (3) The Japanese Team will convey to the Government of Japan the desire of the Government of Vanuatu that the Government of Japan takes the necessary measures to cooperate in implementing the Project and provide the necessary facilities and equipment within the scope of Japan's Grant Aid Program.



5. Grant Aid Program

- (1) The Government of Vanuatu will take the necessary measures as listed in Annex III on condition that the Grant Aid by the Government of Japan is extended to the Project.
- (2) The Vanuatu side understood that Japan's Grant Aid System, as explained by the Team, includes the principle of using a Japanese consulting firm and a Japanese general contractor for the implementation of the Project.
- (3) The Government of Vanuatu will undertake to provide the necessary budget and personnel for the proper and effective operation and maintenance of facilities and equipment provided under the Grant Aid.

6. Other Countries' Assistance

(1) The Vanuatu side stated that assistance given, approved or requested from other countries for developing Bauerfield International Airport was as follows:

(a) Past Assistance

i) Australia S

Strengthening of the existing runway, taxiway and apron to provide for operations by B-767 class

aircraft.

ii) United Kingdom

Installation of PAPI on Runways 11

and 29.

iii) France

(Caisse Centrale Loan)

Supply of one Rapid Intervention Fire Vehicle and one Major Crash

Tender.

iv) New Zealand

Supply of Emergency First Aid

Trailer.

(b) Approved Assistance

i) EC

Provision of Air Navigation Center

and Control Tower.

(Project approved 1982. Consultants for implementation to be appointed

this year.)

ii) United Kingdom

Obstruction Lights and Improved Curved Approach Lighting System for

Runway 11.



(c) Assistance Requested

i) Australia

Extension of runway by up to 600 meters and associated facilities, including approach lighting system, to permit operations by Boeing 767 class aircraft.

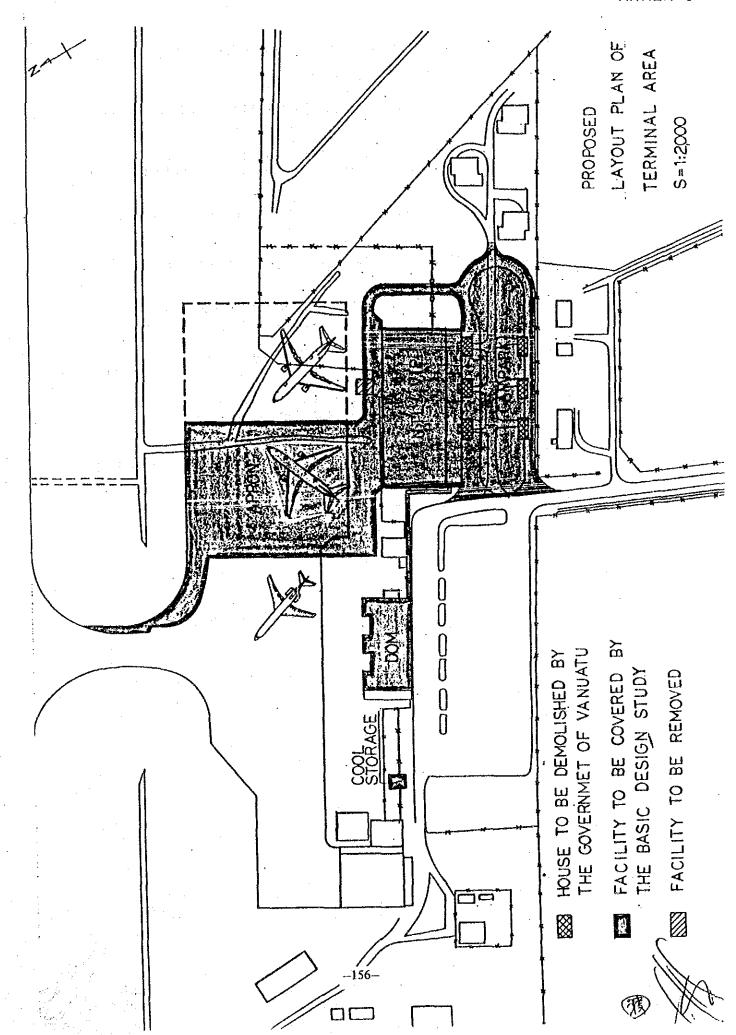
Training of Fire Service, Security and Airport Management staff.

ii) New Zealand

Provision of Perimeter Security Fence.

(2) The Team confirmed that the Vanuatu side would coordinate and complete the above mentioned projects without delay.





MAJOR ITEMS REQUESTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF VANUATU

- 1. Terminal Buildings and Related Facilities
 - (1) To construct a new international terminal building and to renovate the existing terminal building for domestic services
 - (2) To expand the apron to accommodate two B-767 class aircraft, including marking, edge lights and floodlights, but excluding fuel hydrant facilities
 - (3) To construct the necessary ancillary facilities such as road and carpark with marking, signs and lighting, etc.
 - (4) To provide the following equipment to handle the passengers and baggage:
 - Necessary furniture such as check-in counters, CIQ counters, chairs in public hall, etc. except for offices (Int'l and Dom. terminals)
 - Baggage conveyors for arrival and departure areas (Int'l terminal)
 - Walk through and hand type metal detectors (Int'l and Dom. terminals)
 - Scales for check-in baggage (Int'l terminal)
 - Public address system (Int'l and Dom. terminals)
 - Telephone and interphone (Int'l and Dom. terminals)
 - Septic tank (Int'l terminal)
 - Emergency generator service (Int'l and Dom. terminals)
 - Air conditioning in the limited area (Int'l and Dom. terminals)
 - Fire hydrant (Int'l and Dom terminals)
 - (5) To relocate the cool storage in the cargo area
 - (6) To accommodate VIP room in the new terminal building
- 2. Air Navigation Facilities
 - (1) To replace the VHF Omnidirectional Range (VOR) / Distance Measuring Equipment (DME) and Locator



MEASURES TO BE TAKEN BY THE GOVERNMENT OF VANUATU

- 1. To demolish the existing houses on the site, and to clear the site for the Project before construction starts.
- 2. To provide data and information necessary for the Project.
- 3. To provide power supply, water supply, drainage, telephone access and other incidental facilities to the Project site.
- 4. To ensure prompt unloading and customs clearance, customs duty exemption of the products for the Project at the port of disembarkation in Vanuatu.
- 5. To exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and other fiscal levies which may be imposed in Vanuatu with respect to the supply of materials for the construction, equipment, and services under the verified contracts.



MINUTES OF MEETING

1. Date

: June 30, 1988

2. Place

: Conference Room, Ministry of Civil Aviation

3. Attendant: Mr. Julian Forsyth

Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Chris Phelps

Deputy Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Joseph Kasten

Airport Commandant

Mr. Gorden Hainses

Ms. Jane Hammacott

Principal Immigration Officer Burns Philp (Vanuatu) Air Pacific/Air Niu

Guinea

Mr. Keith Malloy Mr. Joseph Laloyer Air Vanuatu Air Caledonie

Mr. Floyd Smith

Ansett/Air Nauru/Air Melanesiae

Mr. Geoff Hough

Senior Collector of Customs

Mr. Kalonpa Malang Mr. Bob Weller

Collector of Customs (Bauerfield)

Senior Plant Quarantine Officer

Mr. Brian Mahon

Director of Police Training

Mr. Paul Hofmeister Air Bar

Mr. Tokio Oda

PCI

PCI

Mr. Yoshihiro Urabe PCI

Mr. Keiichi Takeda PCI

Mr. Toru Shimada PCI

Mr. Shozo Kawasaki

4. Subject

: Design of Passenger Terminal Buildings

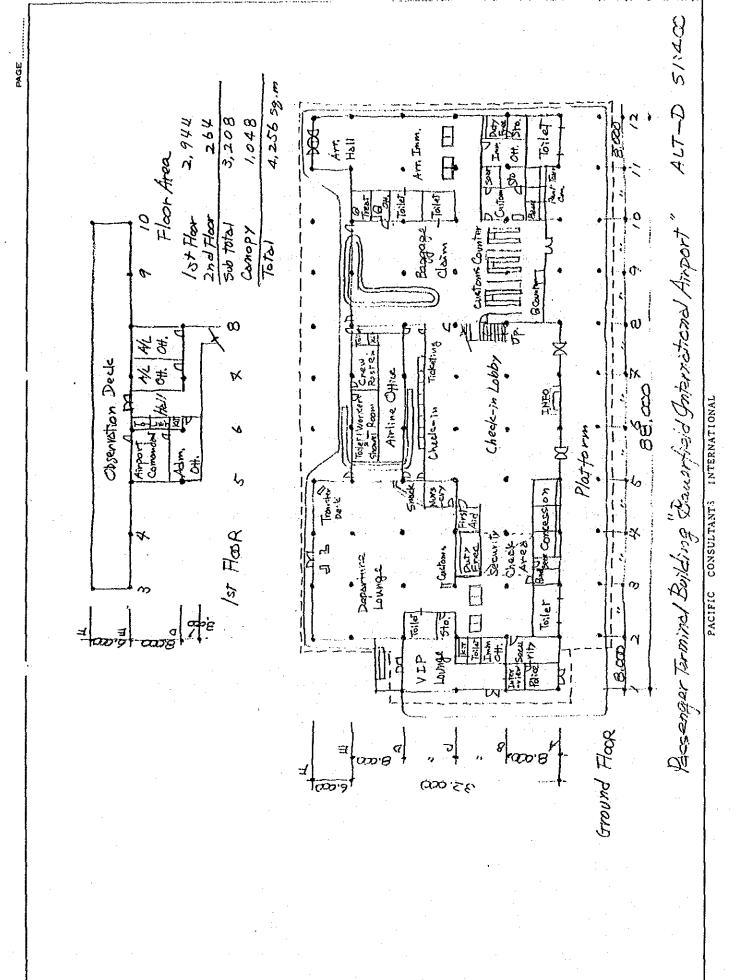
5. Major Item Discussed:

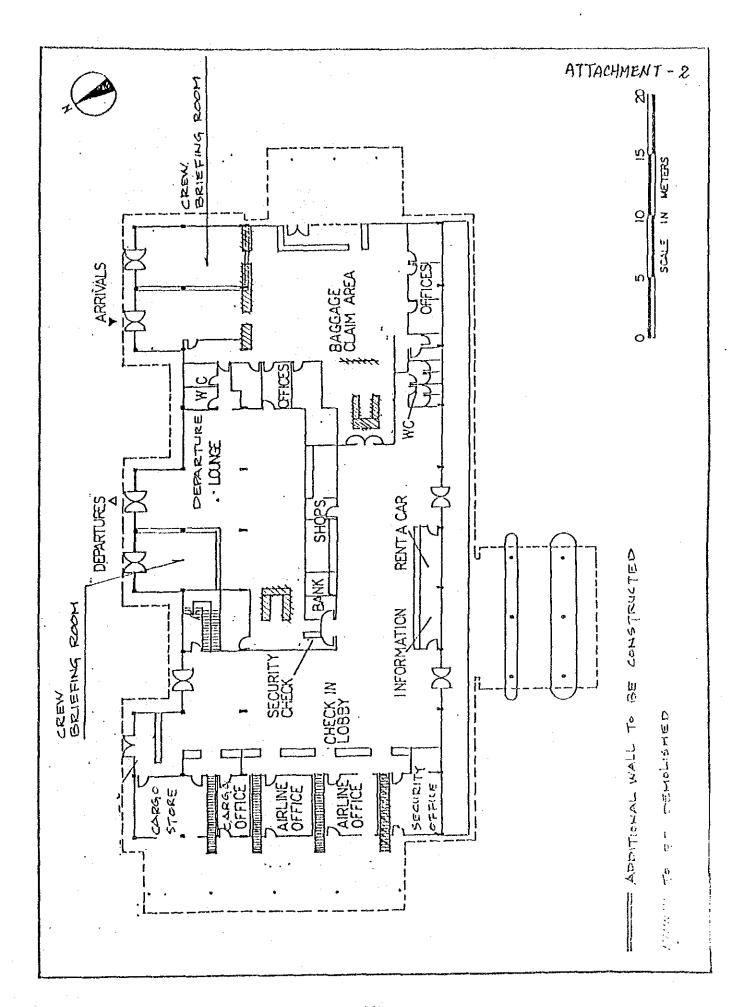
The discussion was made on the proposed layout plan of the new international passenger terminal building and the renovation plan of the existing terminal building as a domestic terminal, etc., between the Facilitation Committee, Ministry of Civil Aviation, the Government of Vanuatu and the JICA Study Team.

The followings are the comments from the Facilitation Committee. The JICA Study Team will further study and do the best efforts to meet the comments as much as possible.

- (1) Layout Plan of New Terminal Building (Attachment-1)
 - a) The proposed new international passenger terminal building seems to meet the demand expected in 1995. However, the member of Committee considered that the building will be used for at least twenty years because finance for expansion of the international terminal building in the future may be difficult. Therefore they would like to request to enlarge the floor space as much as possible in this project.
 - b) The airline ofice on the ground floor should be used for operational purpouse only. Administrative offices should be on the first floor.

- e) The airlines require individual offices which are accessible to the public and have some storage capacity for transfer baggage, etc.
- d) A separate exit from arrival area for tour groups should be provided.
- e) Larger concession areas were required at the arrival area.
- f) In order to acheave the above d) and c) the toilet at the eastern side of the building could be removed.
- g) There was no requirement for two toilets in the arrival hall but the quarantine area should be enlarged to include a health office capable of accepting strechers.
- h) The first aid post should open into the departure/transit lounge.
- i) The nursary should be next to the toilet.
- j) The departure immigration check shoud be before the security check.
- k) Access shoud be provided from the VIP to the departure security check.
- 1) A small access door should be provided for returning trolleys to the arrival area.
- m) Consideration throughout the design should be given to disabled passengers.
- n) The snack bar for public should be relocated inside the public hall.
- o) Departure lounge should have two exits (gates) so as to handle two departure flights simultaneously.
- (2) The proposed renovation plan of the existing terminal building as a domestic terminal (Attachment-2) was basically accepted by the Committee.
- (3) The proposed design hasis for building facilities (Attachment-3) was basically accepted by the Committee with the following coments:
 - a) The departure lounge may be equipped with more ceiling fans than the other areas because it is located downwind and passengers stay there long.
 - b) The snak bar requires a three phase power supply with several sockets.





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PRIORITY	EQUIPMENT AND FACILITY	NEW TERMINAL BUILDING	EXISTING BUILDING
1:	LIGHTING FIXTURES	DESIGN ILLUMINANCE (AVERAGE) OFFICE AREA: 250 LUX PUBLIC AREA: 150 LUX CURB SIDE: 30 LUX	NO MODIFICATION
2	EMERGENCY LIGHTS	PUBLIC AREA ONE/70 m2	EXISTING LIGHTS WILL BE USED
3	SOCKET OUTLET	OFFICE AREA ONE/15 m2	NO MODIFICATION
		PUBLIC AREA ONE/60 m2	
		WITH AT LEAST ONE SOCKET OUTLET)	
4	WALK THROUGH TYPE METAL DETECTOR	1 SET	1 SET
5	HAND TYPE METAL DETECTOR	3 SETS	1 SET
6	TOILET	INCLUDE ONE TOILET FOR DISABLED PASSENGER	NO MODIFICATION
7	FIRE HYDRANT	1 SET (OUTDOOR) 2 SETS (INDOOR)	1 SET (INDOOR)
8	FIRE EXTINGUISHER	PUBLIC AREA ONE/400 m2	EXISTING EXTINGUISHER WILL BE USED
9	GENERATOR SERVICE	OFFICE AREA: 50% OF LIGHTING FIXTURES	ONLY PUBLIC AREA WILL BE PROVIDED WITH GENERATOR SERVICE
		PUBLIC AREA : 50% OF LIGHTING FIXTURES	
		CURBAREA: 50% OF LIGHTING FIXTURES	
		SOCKET OUTLET FOR COMPUTER	

PRIORITY	EQUIPMENT AND FACILITY	NEW TERMINAL BUILDING	EXISTING BUILDING
10	L/V SWITCHGEAR PANEL	I LOT	NO MODIFICATION OF EXISTING POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
11	WEIGH SCALE	6 SETS	EXISTING WEIGH SCALE WILL BE USED
12	PUBLIC ADDRESS (WITH CHEME	TO BE INSTALLED IN PUBLIC AREA, AIRLINE OFFICE,STAFF OFFICE AND VIP ROUM	AMPLITIER AND SPEAKER WILL BE REPLACED
3	CLOCK.	TO BE INSTALLED IN PUBLIC AREA, AIRLINE OFFICE, STAFF OFFICE AND VIP ROOM	EXISTING CLOCK WILL BE REPLACED
14	TELEPHONE (WITH EPABX) CITY CALL AND INTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS ARE AVAILABLE BY MASTER TELEPHONE	PIPE AND OUTLET BOX WILL BE INSTALLED FOR THE FOLLOWING PUBLIC TELE- PHONE (PUBLIC HALL, DEPARTURE LOUNGE), AIRLI- NE OFFICE, POLICE OFFICE, QUARANTINE OFFICE AND DUTY FREE SHOP	NO MODIFICATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC TELE-PHONE NO MODIFICATION OF AIR-LINES TELEPHONE LINE
		MASTER TELEPHONE WILL BE PROVIDED FOR THE FOLLO-WING AIRPORT COMMANDANT, CHIEF OF ADMIN., CHIEF OF SECURITY, CHIEF OF IMMIGRAITON, CHIEF OF CUSTOM AND VIP ROOM	NO INSTALLATION
, .		INTERNAL COMMUNICATION TELEPHONE WILL BE PROVIDED IN AIRLINE OFFICE AND STAFF OFFICE	INTERNAL COMMUNICATION TELEPHONE WILL BE PROVIDED IN AIRLINE OFFICE AND STAFF OFFICE
15	BELT CONVEYER	CHECK IN BAGGAGE CONVEYER BAGGAGE CLAIM CONVEYER	NO INSTALLATION
•			•

EQUIPMENT AND FACILITY	NEW TERMINAL BUILDING	EXISTING BUILDING
SEPTIC TANK WITH SOAK FIELD	ALL SEWAGE WATER WILL BE GATHERED TO A NEW SEPTIC TANK	NO MODIFICATION (NO CONNECTION TO NEW SEPTIC TANK)
VENTILATING SYSTEM CEILING FAN	TO BE PROVIDED IN PUBLIC AREA, STAFF OFFICE OF GROUND FLOOR, AND AIRLINE OFFICE OF GROUND FLOOR	NO MODIFICATION
VENTILATING FAN	TO BE PROVIDED IN TOILET OF 1ST FLOOR ONLY	NO INSTALLATION
AIR CONDITIONER	TO BE PROVIDED IN AIRPORT COMMANDANT ROOM, ADMIN. ROOM, 1ST FLOOR OF AIR-LINE OFFICE AND VIPLOUNGE	NO INSTALLATION
KITCHEN	KITCHENET TO BE PROVIDED	NO MODIFICATION
	SEPTIC TANK WITH SOAK FIELD VENTILATING SYSTEM CEILING FAN VENTILATING FAN AIR CONDITIONER	SEPTIC TANK WITH SOAK FIELD ALL SEWAGE WATER WILL BE GATHERED TO A NEW SEPTIC TANK TO BE PROVIDED IN PUBLIC AREA, STAFF OFFICE OF GROUND FLOOR, AND AIR- LINE OFFICE OF GROUND FLOOR VENTILATING FAN TO BE PROVIDED IN TOILET OF 1ST FLOOR ONLY TO BE PROVIDED IN AIRPORT COMMANDANT ROOM, ADMIN. ROOM, 1ST FLOOR OF AIR- LINE OFFICE AND VIP LOUNGE

MINUTES OF MEETING

1. Date : June 29, 1988

2. Place : Deputy Director's Office , CAD

3. Attendant: Mr. Chris Phelps Q Deputy Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Joseph Kasten Airport Commandant, Bauerfield

Mr. Toru Shimada 🚜 🔝 PCI

4. Subject: Layout plan of Road and Carpark

5. Major Item Discussed:

1) Proposed private car parking space (150 and 50 lots in existing and new carpark respectively) is considered to have sufficient space. About 25 taxi standing will be provided on the east of terminal building. Bus standing will be provided on the south of new carpark, along the road.

- 2) East end of curb will be used for taxi loading. West end of curb will be used for public bus loading/unloading. The remainder will be used for tour buses and private cars loading/unloading.
- 3) Pedestrian crossing is necessary in front of international terminal.
- 4) Traffic sign board (stop, give way, no entrance, etc.) will be provided where necessary.

MINUTES OF DISCUSSIONS

1. Subject : Air Navigation Facilities

2. Date : June 28, 1988

3. Place : Civil Aviation Department

Director's Room

4. Attendant: The Government of Vanuatu

Mr. J. Forsyth: Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. C. Phelps : Deputy Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Y. Tsuda : Expert Radio Engineer

The Japanese study team

(VE) ,

Mr. K Takeda : Air Navigation Engineer

5. Result of Discussion:

The following is the detail of the request by the Government of Vanuatu on the air navigation facilities to be included in the Japan's Grant Aid:

5.1 Replacement of Conventional VOR/DME

Replacement of the existing conventional VOR/DME at the existing location shall include the following equipment and facilities:

- VOR equipment : 1 set 50 watt dual equipment

- DME equipment : 1 set 1 kwatt dual equipment

- Power supply and emergency generator : 1 set

A surge absorbing transformer should be considered to be included in the power line in order to prevent the equipment from lightning surge voltage.

The power supply to new equipment whether DC or AC will be studied taking into account investment and maintenance costs, and ease of maintenance. If batteries are considered, lead acid batteries should be applied.

The identification code signal of the VOR should descriminate power source whether commercial or emergency generator.

- Building for VOR/DME equipment and generator Equipment room to be provided with air conditioning

: 1 set

An alternative study as to building (whether renovation of the existing building or prefabricated shelter or construction of a concrete structure building) should be carried out in order to minimize costs and stop of VOR/DME operations.

- Replacement of high tension power cable and transformer in the site

: 1 L.S

- Provision of order wire VHF AM air band transceiver, 10 watt

: 1 set

5.2 Replacement of Locator "BA"

Replacement of the locator at the existing location should include the following:

- Transmitter
Dual equipment, 25 watt RF power

: 1 set

- Vertical aerials*

: 1 set

- Charger and batteries

: 1 set

- Power distribution box outside the equipment shed

: 1 set

- Locator monitor receiver

: 1 set

*Note: Utilization of the existing aerials is subject to the further study how the stop of the locator operations can be minimized.

The existing facilities to be utilized will be equipment shed without air conditioning and radial earth.

5.3 Testing Equipment and Monitor Receiver

The new testing equiment and monitor receivers requested by the Government of Vanuatu are in order of priority as follows:

(1) Testing Equipment

1) Oscilloscope 150 Mhz, one channel : 1 set

2) Frequency counter 200 Mhz, Accuracy: 1 x 10⁻⁷

: 1 set

3) RF standard signal generator : 1 set upto 150 Mhz 4) Attenuator : 1 set Bird 8322 or equivalent, - 200 watt, 30dB, 500 Mhz 5) Wattmeter : 2 sets Bird 43 or equivalent. Element: 95 - 150 Mhz 2.5 watt : 1 piece 100 - 250 Mhz 100 watt : 1 piece 6) DC power supply equipment Noiseless (series regulator) type 0 - 30 volt, 0 - 10 amp7) AF signal generator : 1 set 200 khz maximum, 600 ohm, 1 V RMS (2) Monitor Receivers 1) Air monitor receiver : 1 set NRD-93 or RG81B or equivalent 100 khz - 30 Mhz Accuracy: 10hz, digital display 2) NDB monitor receiver : 1 set 5.4 Four-wheel Drive Motor Vehicle equipped with Transceiver 1) Four-wheel drive motor vehicle : 1 car Toyota or Nissan, wagon type 2) Transceiver with antenna : 1 set

VHF AM air band transceiver, 10 watt

The Japanese Study Team understood the above request and will study it in the basic design henceforce.

MINUTES_OF_MEETING

1. Date : June 28, 1988 (10:20 - 11:00)

2. Place : Director's office, CAD

3. Attendant: Mr. Julian Forsyth Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Chris Phelps (()) Deputy Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Toru Shimada PCI T()

4. Subject : Demand Forcast

5. Major Item Discussed:

1) Although further study will be carried out in the Basic Design Study, the following target demand is considered to be reasonable for the Project.

- Target year: 1995

- Design day : Average day of the peak month

- Target annual demand:

International: 150,000 pax.(approx.)

(Exclude transit 40,000 pax.)

Domestic : 100,000 pax.(approx.)

- Design day demand:

International : Dep. & Arr. : 570 pax.

Transit: 150 pax. Movement: B767: 2

B727 : 2

B737 : 4

Domestic : Dep. 8 Arr. : 340 pax.

Movement : DHC-8 : 4

DHC-6: 12 BN2: 8

- Peak hour demand:

International : Two way : B767 : 2 mvt

B727 : 1 mvt

Total Pax : 435 pax. Dep. & Arr. : 360 pax. Transit : 75 pax.

One way : B767 : 1 mvt

B727 : 1 mvt

Total pax. : 275 pax.

Dep. or Arr.: 200 pax.

Transit : 75 pax.

Doinestic : Two way : DHC-8 : 1 mvt DHC-6 : 3 mvt

DHC-6: 3 mvt BN2: 2 mvt

Total Pax. : 85 pax.

One way : DHC-8: 1 mvt

D11C-6 : 3 mvt

BN2 : 2 mvt

Dep. or Arr.: 85 pax.

MINUTES OF MEETING

1. Date : June 28, 1988 (14:00 - 15:00)

2. Place : Conference Room, CAD

3. Attendant: Mr. Julian Forsyth Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Chris Phelps Deputy Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Yoshio Tuda JICA Expert

Manager of BP South-West Pacific Mr. Srendra Snbh

Limited in Vanuatu

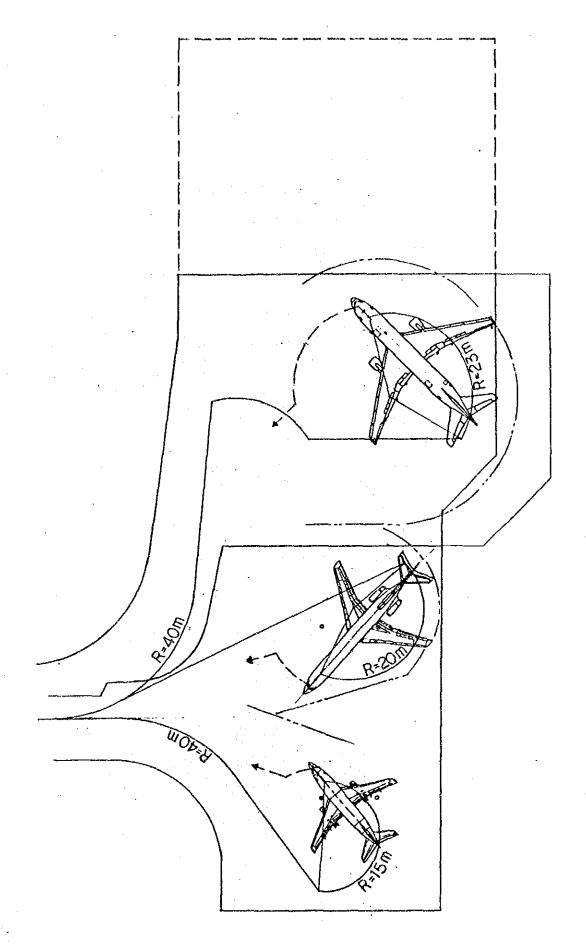
Manager of Sell Mr. Andrew Singh Air Vanuatu Capt, Bill Thompson

PCI Mr. Toru Shimada 🌋

4. Subject: Construction of Apron

5. Major Item Discussed:

- 1) Maneuvering and parking position of aircraft proposed by PCI (Attachment-1) was accepted basically. (It was requested on June 29 that turning radii of B-767 should be larger in order to accommodate -300 series.)
- 2) The existing 4 inch fuel pipe is laid under the existing apron pavement. Lay out plan of the existing fuel pipe will be submitted by July 1.
- 3) The fuel hydrants will be provided for a new B767 aircraft stand.
- 4) In case that the apron expansion is included in the 1988 Japan Grant Aid Project, extension of fuel pipe and installation of fuel hydrant should be completed by May 1989.
- 5) BP and Shell will study a possibility of the above schedule. The result will be informed by July 1. (It was informed on June 29 that BP will be able to extend fuel pipe and provide hydrants to meet the above schedule.)
- 6) Widening of the taxiway and expansion of the apron is able to be caried out in day time when international flight is not scheduled.
- 7) As the existing CCR is to be utilized for new apron edge lights, an additional CCR will be required for extension of runway.





MINUTES OF DISCUSSIONS

THE BASIC DESIGN
OF
THE PROJECT FOR CONSTRUCTING THE TERMINAL BUILDING
OF
BAUERFIELD INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
IN
THE REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

In response to the request of the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu, the Government of Japan decided to conduct a basic design study on the Project for Constructing the Terminal Building of Bauerfield International Airport (hereinafter referred to as "the Project") and entrusted the study to the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA). JICA sent to the Republic of Vanuatu the study team headed by Mr. Masamichi WATANABE, Deputy Director, Construction Division, Aerodrome Department, Civil Aviation Bureau, Ministry of Transport from June 12 to July 5, 1988.

As the result of the study, JICA prepared a draft report and dispatched a team headed by Mr. M. WATANABE to explain and discuss it from September 8 to 21, 1988.

Both parties had a series of discussions on the report and agreed to recommend to their respective Governments that the major points of understanding reached between them, attached herewith, should be examined towards the realization of the Project.

正道

MASAMICHI WATANABE
Leader
Basic Design Study Team
Japan International
Cooperation Agency

HAROLD O SVALAD AVIATION
Minister for Clovie Aviation,
Communications, in the carry
and Tour the law in the carry
Tourism

Port Vila, September 16, 1988

ATTACHMENT

- 1. Bauerfield International Airport is to be developed based on a 150 meter wide runway strip.
- 2. The Vanuatu side requested to implement the Project in Japanese FY 1988. However, the Study Team stated that it was impossible to take up the Project in FY 1988.
- 3. The Vanuatu side requested to include the installation of air navigational equipment in the scope of work for First Stage. The Study Team stated that it was, however, very difficult to include them in the First Stage due to the budget to be allocated to the First Stage of the Project, but they would convey this request to the Japanese Government.
- 4. (1) The Vanuatu side requested to provide a covered walkway from the new international passenger terminal building to the aircraft stands on the existing apron so as to avoid the inconvenience of passengers under rainfall.
 - (2) The Study Team proposed to shift the proposed location of the new international terminal building closer to the existing terminal building as shown in Alt-1A, page 4-9 in the Draft Final Report attached hereto (ANNEX III) in order to minimize the walking distance between two terminals. The Vanuatu side agreed to the above proposal and confirmed that the Government of Vanuatu will demolish the existing VIP building and clear the site by the start of the construction works.
- 5. The Vanuatu side requested to provide canopies at the entrance to the arrival hall and the exit from the departure lounge. The Study Team stated that the construction of canopies on airside would be subject to the budget to be allocated to the Project.
- 6. The Vanuatu side has agreed in principle to the basic design proposed in the Draft Final Report with minor but appropriate alteration as shown in ANNEX-I to be incorporated in the Final Report.
- 7. The Vanuatu side has understood Japan's grant aid system, including the principle of using a Japanese consulting firm and a Japanese general contractor for the implementation of the Project, and confirmed that the necessary measures will be taken by the Vanuatu side as shown in ANNEX-II which are manifested in the ANNEX-III of the MINUTES OF DISCUSSIONS on the Project signed on June 24, 1988 on condition that the grant aid by the Government of Japan would be extended to the Project. Especially, the Vanuatu side stated that



they would demolish the existing houses in the site and clear the site by the end of March, 1989 and notify Japanese side of the completion of those works through the official channel.

- 8. The Vanuatu side ensured the provision of necessary budget for the adequate personnel services, maintenance and operation expenses of the Terminal Building.
- 9. The Final Report (10 copies in English) will be submitted to the Vanuatu side by the end of October, 1988.



NECESSARY ALTERATION TO THE DRAFT FINAL REPORT

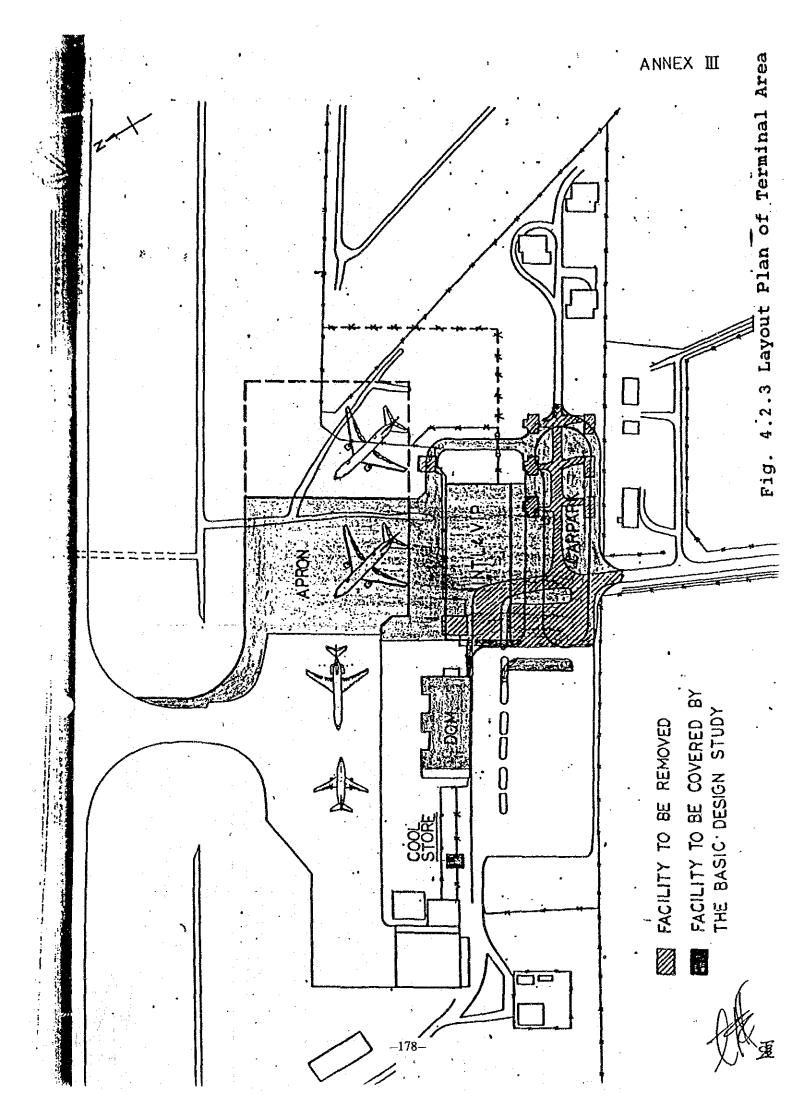
- To revise the layout of the passenger terminal facilities as indicated in ANNEX IV in order to achieve Items 4 and 5 in ATTACHMENT based on ANNEX III.
- 2. To relocate the bank inside the building taking into account uses by both arrival and departure passengers and its security.
- 3. To encompass the snack bar in the checkin lobby by a partition so as to limit the place for the eating and drinking.
- 4. To rearrange the corridor straight to the observation deck from the staircase and to separate office area from the public area. The toilet on the first floor will be in the office area, and be utilized by staff only.
- 5. To rearrange the counter area for the rent a car and tour so as to be inside the building and be protected from the outside public area.
- 6. To provide a roof covering the observation deck. The roof will be connected with chain link fabric around the observation deck.
- 7. To relocate the public toilets outside to the checkin lobby area.
- 8. To modify the aethetic solution of facade by replacing the square roof at each end with a long eaves.
- 9. To provide a name board of "Bauerfield International Airport" on the air side of the new international terminal building.
- 10.To make necessary revisions to the basic design of the international passenger terminal building on the building plans (ANNEX V and VI) which is prepared by incorporating all the comments from the organizations of Vanuatu related to the Project.

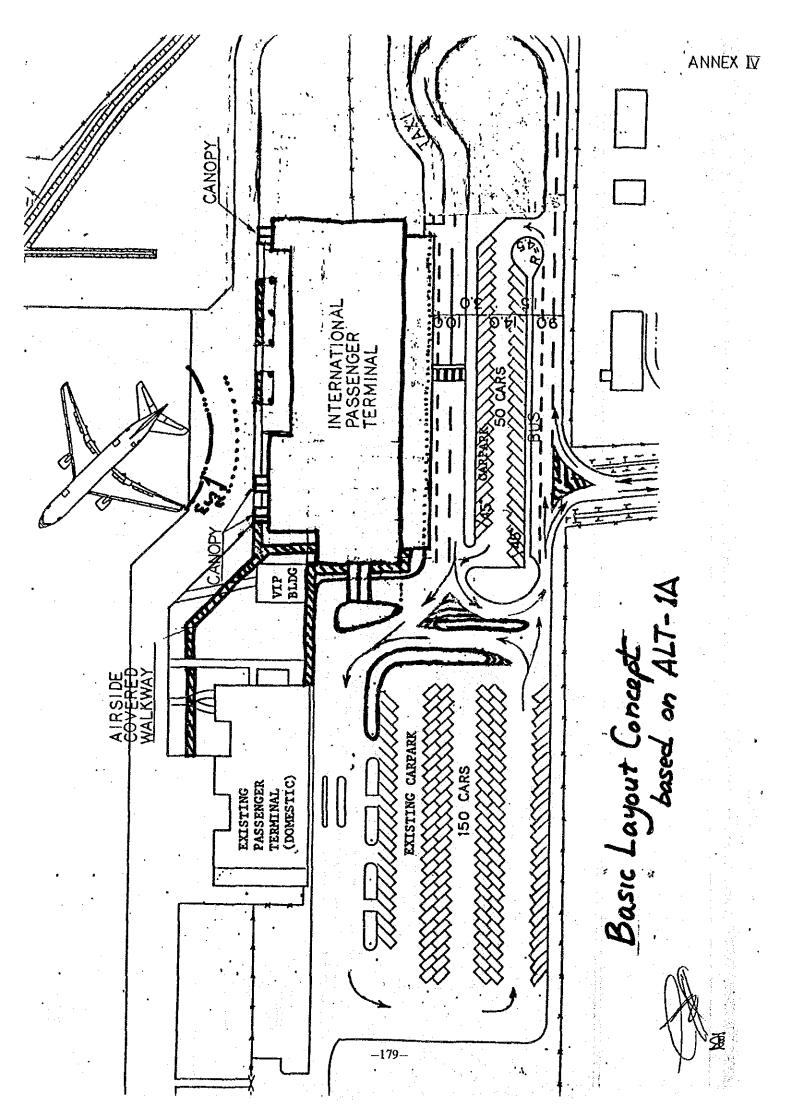
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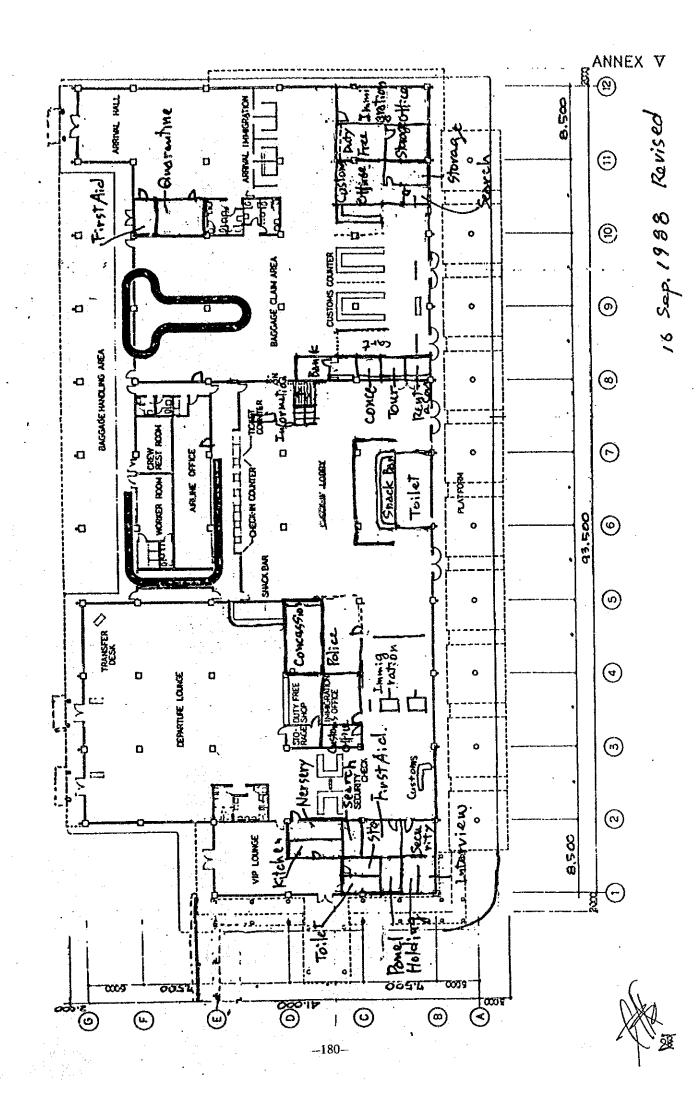
MEASURES TO BE TAKEN BY THE GOVERNMENT OF VANUATU

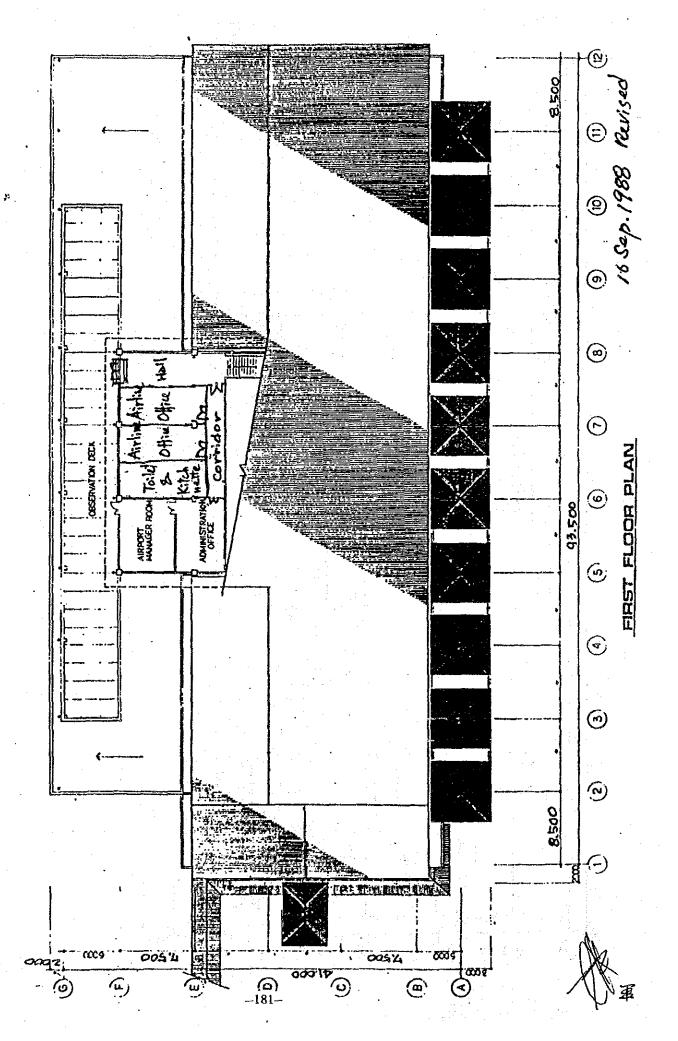
- 1. To demolish the existing houses on the site, and to clear the site for the Project before construction starts.
- 2. To provide data and information necessary for the Project.
- 3. To provide power supply, water supply, drainage, telephone access and other incidental facilities to the Project site.
- 4. To ensure prompt unloading and customs clearance, customs duty exemption of the products for the Project at the port of disembarkation in Vanuatu.
- 5. To exempt Japanese nationals from customs duties, internal taxes and other fiscal levies which may be imposed in Vanuatu with respect to the supply of materials for the construction, equipment, and services under the verified contracts.











BAUERFIELD INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT DEVELOPMENT

RECORD OF DISCUSSION

At a joint meeting held between representatives of the Japanese Basic Terminal Design Study Team and the Governments of Australia and Vanuatu at Port-Vila on 14 September, 1988, it was confirmed that the Bauerfield International Airport Development Project would proceed on the basis of a 600 metre runway extension on the existing 150 metre strip, with the inclusion of other items as recommended by the Australian Civil Aviation Authority, and the construction of a new international terminal building and the provision of other related facilities on a site adjacent to the existing terminal, and that these projects would be undertaken as outlined in the accompanying Annexes I to III

Port-Vila

16 September, 1988

HAROLD IC

Minister of CivII Aviation, Communications, Energy and Tourism, Republic of Vanuatu

MINISTRY
CIVIL OF
ANIATION
TOURISM

ED PEEK

Second Secretary (Development Assistance), Australian High Commission, Port-Vila

渡巴正道

MASAMICHI WATANABE

Leader Basic Design Study Team, Japan International Cooperation Agency

The Representatives of VANUATU,

- noting that the Terminal Project would be implemented in two stages, asked that the provision and installation of air navigation equipment be included in the first stage, rather than in the second stage as proposed;
- noted that Japan proposed to commence Stage 1 of the Project in June, 1989, and asked that it be formally recorded that the Government of Vanuatu wished the Project to commence in 1988. To this end, they asked that the Project be presented to any meeting of the Japanese Cabinet which might be held before the next meeting of the Cabinet at which the consideration of aid projects was scheduled;
- noted that Stage 1 of the Project was planned for completion in February, 1991; and that Stage 2 of the Project was planned to commence in June, 1990, and to be completed in October, 1991;
- confirmed that the Government of Vanuatu wished the Bauerfield Airport
 Development Project to proceed on the basis of a 600 metre runway
 extension on the existing 150 metre strip; and
- indicated that the Government of Vanuatu wished the Project to commence as soon as possible



The Representatives of AUSTRALIA,

- stated that the Australian Government was seeking a precise statement of requirements from the Government of Vanuatu now that it had been advised of the nature of the Japanese international terminal project and the proposed timing of that project;
- stated that the Australian Government was still prepared to be flexible in its approach to its element of the project, both in regard to the nature of the project itself and its timing;
- advised that it was possible to commence the runway extension in May, 1989, and to complete construction in no more than 6 months; but that a number of matters would have to be finalised beforehand, including land acquisitions to the south-eastern and north-western ends of the runway and the securing of rights to coral deposits near Erakor Village;
- advised that there seemed to be no reason why Bauerfield should not be used by Boeing 767 aircraft, although some operational restrictions might have to be applied to the operation of Australian-registered aircraft in certain visibility conditions;
- noted and supported the request of the representatives of Vanuatu to have the air navigation equipment provided and installed in the first stage of the Japanese project;
- stated that AIDAB would await a formal report from the CAA, and indicated informally that AIDAB would agree to include in the Australian project those necessary additional items recommended in that report, its understanding being that this would not involve major additional cost; and
- confirmed that the Australian Government would fund the 600 metre runway extension on the existing 150 metre strip and the completion of ancillary works in response to the request of the Government of Vanuatu



The Representatives of JAPAN,

- noted the presentations of the Representatives of Vanuatu and Australia;
- observed that moving the provision and installation of air navigation equipment from Stage 2 to Stage 1 of the Japanese Project could be difficult due to budgetary limitations; and
- noted the desire of the Government of Vanuatu to have the Japanese Project commence within the fiscal year 1988, but observed that this might be difficult because of the way in which the Japanese Grant Aid System operated



MINUTES OF DISCUSSION

1. Date : September 16, 1988

2. Place: Passenger Terminal Building, Bauerfield International Airport

3. Attendants : Mr. Chris Phelps

DCA

Mr. Martin Quaile

Mr. Tokio Oda

PVD PCI

4. Items Discussed:

The renovation of the existing passenger terminal building will consist of the following works.

- 1) To remove the existing government control counters and to repair the floor and the wall where those counters are located if necessary.
- 2) To provide two rooms for airlines in the existing departure lounge and arrival immigration area by providing necessary partitions.
- 3) To remove one of the existing roller conveyors in the airline office and to fill opennings of the walls.
- 4) To repair damaged ceiling of landside canopy.
- 5) The following repairs were noted as were requested in the course of the inspection with the above officials of DCA and PWD in addition to the above works. However, those implementation can not be determined at present and will be subject to the budget availability.
 - (1) To upgrade the observation deck as much similar to the standard of the international terminal building as possible (roof and fence).
 - (2) To change airside dounspout to gargoyle so as not to be choked by foreign material.
 - (3) To repaint the staircase to the observation deck.
 - (4) To repaint the suspended ceiling.
 - (5) To replace the plastic tiles in the check-in lobby with new ones.

0275

PRIORITY (2)
PCI Tokio Oda

Appendix - D

List of Personnel Taking Part in Discussions

Embassy of Japan in Fiji

Mr. Toshio Isogai Mr. Shunji Nishimura

Mr. Katsuyuki Ozawa

Ambassador, Embassy of Japan in Fiji Councilor, Embassy of Japan in Fiji

Second Secretary, Embassy of Japan in Fiji

JICA Office in Fiji

Mr. Yoshio Yoshida

Mr. Syunichi Mizuuchi

Resident Representative

Assistant Resident Representative

<u>JICA Office in Australia</u>

Mr. Hitosi Sasaki

Chief Representative

Government of the Republic of Vanuatu

Mr. Harold C. Qualao Minister of Civil Aviation, Communications,

Energy and Tourism

Mr. Clarrence L. Marae First Secretary, Ministry of Aviation,

Communications, Energy and Tourism

Mr. Josias Moli Second Secretary (Communications), Ministry of

Aviation, Communications, Energy and Tourism

Mr. Frederick Tau Second Secretary (Aviation), Ministry of

Aviation, Communications, Energy and Tourism

Mr. Julian Forsyth Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. Chris Phelps Deputy Director of Civil Aviation

Mr. David Boag Director of Public Works

Mr. Jules Ellis National Planning and Statistics Office

Mr. Larry Hunt Department of Lands

Mr. Joseph Kasten Airport Commandant, Bauerfield International

Airport

Mr. Gorden Hains Principal Immigration Officer

Mr. Andrew Bambara Deputy Principal Immigration Officer

Mr. Bob Weller Senior Plant Quarantine Officer

Mr. Benuel Tarilongi Quarantine Officer

Mr. Geoff M. Hough Senior Collector of Customs

Mr. Kalopa Malang Collector of Customs (Bauerfield)

Mr. Bryan Mahon Director of Police Training

Mr. Tony Lee

Structural Engineer, Public Works Department Mr. Tarosa E. Ismael

Director of Posts and Telecommunications

Principal Engineer, Posts & Telecom. Dep.

Foreman, Department of Water Supply

JICA Expert in Vanuatu

Mr. Anthony P. Simmons

Mr. Yoshio Tsuda

Mr. Daniel Tuku

Mr. Goro Kumon

Expert Radio Engineer, JICA

Expert Radio Engineer, JICA

Airlines

Mr. Peter W. Roberts

Chief Executive, Air Vanuatu

Mr. Keith Molloy

Air Vanuatu

Mr. Bill Thompson

Air Vanuatu

Ms. Jane Hammacott

Vanuatu Travel Service Ltd. Agent of Air

Pacific and Air Niugini

Mr. Mark Dunn

Air Pacific

Mr. Joseph Laloyer

Manager, Air Caledonie

Mr. Peter Booth

General manager, Air Melanesiae

Mr. Floyd Smith

Manager, Air Melanesiae International

Mr. John Stephens

Air Melanesiae Bauerfield

Mr. Sato Kilman

General manager, DOVAIR

International Civil Aviation Organization

Mr. Gray E. Elphinstone

Aviation Security Adviser

Mr. Graham A. Lockwood

Aviation Security Adviser

Australian International Development Assistance Bureau

Mr. Rod Irwin

Department of Foreign Affairs

Mr. Graham Nicholls

Department of Foreign Affairs

Mr. Ed. Peek

Department of Foreign Affairs

Airport Consulting and Construction Australia Pty Ltd

Mr. Graham F. Hack Be

Director

Others

Mr. Surendra Singh

Manager, BP South-West Pacific Ltd. Vanuatu

Mr. Andrew Singh

Manager, Sell

Mr. Jean-Claude Tranape

Engineer, UNELCO

Mr. Noel Gardner

Manager, Camelon McNamara

Mr. Paul Hofmeister

Air Bar

Appendix - E

List of Data Collected

	Data	Source	
Estimates	of Revenues and Expenditures	Government of t Vanuatu	he Republic of
The Employ	ment Act No.1 of 1983	Ditto	
The Employ	ment (Amendment) Act No.20 of 1	986 Ditto	
External A	omic Development Strategies and ssistance Priorities ain Report June 1988	Ditto	
Vanuatu Fa	cts & Figures 1987 Edition	National Planni Statistics Offi	•
Report of	the Vanuatu Urban Census 1986	Ditto	
	c Analysis : Marriage, Fertilit Mortality Vanuatu Urban Census		
Family Inco	ome and Expenditure Survey of s 1985 Main Results	Ditto	
-	Survey 1983 : The Private Sect an Areas Volume 1	or Ditto	
Vanuatu Ove	erseas Trade 1983,1984	Ditto	
Report on t Part I The	the Agricultural census 1983/19 Result	84 Ditto	
	the Agricultural census 1983/19 Immary of the Census	84 Ditto	
Consumer Pr	ice Indices 1986	Ditto	
Overseas Mi	gration 1985	Ditto	
Statistical	Indicators 1987 4th Quarter	Ditto	
Overseas Tr	ade Part II Exports 1982-1987	Ditto	

Monetary and Banking Statistics 4th Quarter 1987

Ditto

Annual Report and Statement of Accounts for 1987

Central Bank of Vanuatu

Quarterly Economic Review Vol.I Sep. 1986

Ditto

Ditto

Vol.I Dec. 1986

Ditto

Ditto

Vol.II Mar. 1987

Ditto

Ditto

Vol.II Jun. 1987

Ditto

Ditto

Vol.II Sep. 1987

Ditto

Investing in Vanuatu, a Guide to

Entrepreneurs Mar.1983

Ministry of Finance, Commerce,

Industry and Tourism

Employer's Guide

Vanuatu National Provident Fund

Pacific Population Paper No.1

Fertility and Mortality in Vanuatu

The Demographic analysis of the 1979 Census

South Pacific Commission

Photogrammetric Plot Scale 1:2500

Sheet Efate 2153

Sheet Efate 2352

Sheet Efate 2353

Sheet Efate 2452

Sheet Efate 2453

Sheet Efate 2454

Sheet Efate 2455

Sheet Efate 2553

Sheet Efate 2554

British Government's Ministry of Overseas Development

Aeronautical Information Publication Vanuatu Department of Civil Aviation

The Civil Aviation (Aircraft Landing Fees Regulations) (Amendment) Order No.20 of 1988

Ditto

The Civil Aviation (Air Navigation)

Regulation No.21 of 1988

Ditto

Aerodrome Bauerfield Drainage de la Zone S.E.	Ditto
The Development of Civil Aviation in Vanuatu	ITA
Tender Enquiry Document, Bauerfield Airport Vanuatu, Pavement Rehabilitation	Australian Development Assistance Bureau
Planning Report, Bauerfield Airport Vanuatu, Review of Airport Development Options	Ditto
Engineering Report, Bauerfield Airport Vanuatu, Pavement Strength Evaluation, Determination of Allowable Aircraft Traffic Using APLES System	Australian International Development Assistance Bureau
Drawing "Hotel Le Lagon Nouveau Poste de Transformation"	UNELCO
Drawing "Hotel des Postes de Port Vila Ile Vate Poste de Transformation"	Ditto
Drawing "Aerodrome de Bauerfield Cables Alimentation Blocks Techniques"	Ditto
Drawing "Region de Tugabe Electrification Aerodrome"	Ditto
Drawing "Aerodrome de Bauerfield Cables D'Alimentation Aerogare & Blocs Techniques"	Ditto
Drawing "Cable Layout to VOR/DME"	Ditto
Drawing "Exemple de Facturation Moyenue Tension Tarifs en Viguear a Port Vila"	Ditto
Water Supply Piping Layout around the Existing Terminal	Department of Water Supply

Air Tariff : Effective 19th October, 1987

Sketch of Air Melanesiae New Passenger

- Passenger Comparison 1985/86/87/88 -

Air Melanesiae Flight Operations

Terminal Building

Ditto

Air Melanesiae

Ditto

Schedule Issue No 2 Effective: 19 Oct. 1987 Ditto

Traffic Record at Vila Aug. 1987 to May 1988 DOVAIR

Schedule No.013 Effective from: 25/05/88 Ditto

Answer to Questionnaires Airport Commandant

Answer to Questionnaires Director of Meteorological

Information

Answer to Questionnaires Principal Immigration Officer

Answer to Questionnaires Customs

Answer to Questionnaires Quarantine

Answer to Questionnaires Police

Answer to Questionnaires Air Vanuatu

Answer to Questionnaires Air Pacific

Answer to Questionnaires Air Niugini

Answer to Questionnaires Air Caledonie

Ground Handling Equipment Required for Air Vanuatu

Bauerfield Airport

Accommodation Guide for Port Vila and Other Islands, April 1988 to March 1989

Australian Standards Standards Standards Association of

Catalogue of SAA Publications 1988 Australia

Cordell's Price Index of Building Materials Cordell Building Publications

Ditto

June 1988 New South Wales Edition

Cordell's Building Cost Guide, Commercial and Industrial New South Wales, June 1988 Updated Quarterly 2

Cordell's Building Cost Guide, Housing Ditto New Construction Incorporating Alterations, Additions, Extensions, Conversions, Renovations, New South Wales, June 1988 Updated Quarterly 2

Appendix - F

CALCULATION OF FLOOR AREA REQUIREMENTS

 Average waiting time and space per passenger and/or greeters and well-wishers.

Average waiting time and space per passenger and/or greeters and well-wishers are listed below.

These figures are calculated in consideration of the customs of Vanuatu, which are described hereunder;

- (1) Well-wishers are allowed to enter the check-in lobby, the same as the present condition.
- (2) It is estimated that a passenger will spend 10 minutes for check-in and 20 minutes in the public area. (*1)
- (3) The number of greeters and well-wishers per passenger is estimated to be 1.0 persons.

Average Waiting Time and Space per Person

Facility	Item	Average Waiting Time	Space per Person
Public Lobby	Passenger	30 min. (*1)	1.5m ²
	Well-wisher	30 min.	1.5m ²
Departure	Standing	·	1.0m ²
Lounge	Passenger	<u> </u>	
	Seated		1.5m ²
	Passenger		

2. Performance Standard

Maximum waiting times at each location are listed hereunder:

*	Check-in Lobby	20 min.
*	Check-in Counter	15
*	Outbound Immigration	15
*	Security Check	15
×	Departure Lounge	20
*	Inbound Immigration	15
*	Customs Check	· 15
(I:	nternational Passenger	Terminal Building)

3. Required Check-in Counters

Check-in Counters Required =
$$\frac{a}{60} \frac{(bdf + cge)}{bf + cg}$$

= $\frac{256}{60} \frac{(0.5 \times 1.5 \times 230 + 0.5 \times 160 \times 1.3)}{0.5 \times 230 + 0.5 \times 160}$
= 6.0 6 Counters

Where:

a = Equivalent peak hour passengersb = Proportion of long haul flights

b = Proportion of long haul flights 0.5 c = Proportion of short haul flights 0.5

c = Proportion of short haul flights 0.5
d = Check-in time per long haul passenger 1.5 min.

e = Check-in time per short haul passenger 1.3 min.

f = Average seats per long haul aircraft 230

g = Average seats per short haul aircraft 160

200 pax.
$$x \frac{15 \text{ min.}}{60 \text{ min.}} = 50 \text{ pax.}$$

Mean + 2 x $\sqrt{50} = 64 \text{ pax.}$
 $a = \frac{64 \times 60}{15} = 256 \text{ pax.}$

4. Required Immigration Counters

Counters Required =
$$\frac{df}{60} = \frac{256 \times 0.9}{60} = 3.84 \dots 4$$
 Counters

Where:

a = Equivalent peak hour passengers

f = Time per passenger

0.9 min.

5. Required Security Counters

Counters Required =
$$\frac{df}{60} = \frac{256 \times 0.3}{60} = 1.28...$$
 2 Counters

Where:

a = Equivalent peak hour passengers

f = Time per passenger

0.3 min.

6. Departure Lounge

Number of seats in peak hour =
$$160 + 230 = 390$$
 seats
Load Factor 80% = $390 \times 0.8 = 312$ pax.

Area Required = a (bd + ce) x D =
$$(0.25 \times 1 + 0.75 \times 1.5) \times 1.1$$

= $471 \dots 470 \text{ m}^2$

Where:

a = Peak hour passengers	312 pax.
b = Ratio of standing passenger	0.25
c = Ratio of seated passenger	0.75
d = Unit rate for standing passenger	$1.0~\mathrm{m}^2$
e = Unit rate for seated passenger	1.5 m ²
D = Ineffective space ratio	1.1

7. Departure Public Area

Area Required = Check-in Lobby + Public Space

1) Check-in Lobby

Area Required = L x D x R = 14.5 x 10.0 x 1.2
=
$$174 \text{ m}^2$$
 180 m²

Where:

L = Counter length
$$6 \times 1.75 + 2 \times 2.0 = 14.5 \text{ m}$$
D = Queuing length 10.0 m
R = Ineffective space ratio 1.2

2) Public Space

Area Required =
$$\frac{\text{agh}}{60}$$
 [b(1 + e) + c(1 + f) + d]
= $\frac{240 \times 30 \times 1.5}{60}$ [0.5(1 + 1) + 0.5(1 + 1) + 0]
= $360 \text{ m}^2 \dots 360 \text{ m}^2$

Where:

200 pax.
$$x \frac{30 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ min}} = 100 \text{ pax.}$$

Mean + 2 x Standard deviation = $10 + 2 \times \sqrt{100} = 120$ pax. $a = 120 \times \frac{60}{30} = 240$ pax.

Total Area Required = $180 + 360 = 540 \text{ m}^2$

8. Required Immigration Counters

Counters Required =
$$\frac{df}{60} = \frac{256 \times 0.9}{60} = 3.84 \dots 4$$
 Counters

Where:

$$d$$
 = Equivalent peak hour passengers 256 pax.
 f = Time per passenger 0.9 min.

9. Required Customs Counters

Counters Required =
$$\frac{\text{cd}}{60} = \frac{256 \times 1}{60} = 4.26 \dots$$
 5 Counters

Where:

$$c$$
 = Equivalent peak hour passengers 256 pax.
 d = Time per passenger

10. Required Effective Length of Arrival Conveyor

Length Required = SN x L/F x a x b x UL =
$$230 \times 0.8 \times 1.1 \times 0.5 \times 0.33 = 33.4 \dots 33.5 \text{ m}$$

where:		(B-767)
SN	≈ Seat Capacity by Type of Aircraft	230 seats
L/F	= Load Factor	0.8
a	= No. of Baggage per passenger	1.1
b	≈ Waiting Ratio	0.5
UL	= Length per passenger	0.33 m

(Domestic Passenger Terminal Building)

1. Required Check-in Counters

Check-in Counters Required =
$$\frac{a}{60} \left(\frac{bdf}{bf} + \frac{cge}{cg} \right) = \frac{120}{60} \times 2 = 4.0$$
 ... 4 Counters

Where:

a = Equivalent peak hour passengers

b = Proportion of long haul flights 0

c = Proportion of short haul flights 1

d = Check-in time per long haul passenger 0

e = Check-in time per short haul passenger 2.0 min.

f = Average seats per long haul aircraft 0

g = Average seats per short haul aircraft 19

85 pax.
$$x \frac{15 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ min}} = 21 \text{ pax.}$$

Mean + 2 x Standard deviation = 21 pax. + 2 x $\sqrt{21}$ = 30 pax.

$$a = \frac{30 \times 60}{15} = 120 \text{ pax.}$$

Required Ticket Counters = Check-in Counters x 15%

0.6 1 Counter

2. Required Security Counters

Counters Required =
$$\frac{df}{60} = \frac{120 \times 0.3}{60} = 0.6 \dots 1$$
 Counter

Where:

d = Equivalent peak hour passengers

120 pax.

f = Time per passenger

0.3 min.

3. Check-in Lobby

Area Required = L x D x R =
$$9.0 \times 10 \times 1.2$$

= $108.0 \dots 110 \text{ m}^2$

Where:

L = Counter length	$4 \times 1.75 + 1 \times 1.75 $	2.0 = 9.0 m
D = Queuing length		10.0 m
R = Ineffective spare r	atio	1.2

4. Departure Lounge

Area Required = $a(bd + ce) \times D = 85(0.25 \times 1 + 0.75 \times 1.5) \times 1.1$ = $128 \dots 130 \text{ m}^2$

Where:

a = Peak hour passengers	85 pax.
b = Ratio of standing passenger	0.25
c = Ratio of seated passenger	0.7 5
d = Unit rate for standing passenger	$1.0~\mathrm{m}^2$
e = Unit rate for seated passenger	1.5 m^2
D = Ineffective space ratio	1.1

5. Public Hall

Area required = Departure Public Space + Arrival Public Space

1) Departure Public Space

Area Required =
$$\frac{\text{agh}}{60}$$
 [b(1 + e) + c(1 + f) + d]
= $\frac{111 \times 30 \times 1.5}{60}$ x 3 = 249.7 ... 250 m²

Where:

a = Peak hour passengers	
b = Long haul proportion	0
c = Short haul proportion	1
d = Transfer proportion	0
e = Well-wishers per long haul passenger	0
f = Well-wishers per short haul passenger	2
g = Average waiting time	30 min.
h = Space per person	1.5 m ²

85 pax.
$$\times \frac{30 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ min}} = 42.5 \text{ pax.}$$

Mean + 2 x Standard deviation = $42.5 + 2 \times 42.5 = 55.5 \text{ pax.}$
 $a = 55.5 \times \frac{60 \text{ min}}{30 \text{ min}} = 111 \text{ pax.}$

2) Arrival Public Space

Area Required =
$$\frac{\text{ah}}{60}$$
 [g + f(bd +ce)]
= $\frac{130 \times 1.5}{60} \times [10 + (30 \times 2)] = 227.5 \dots 230 \text{ m}^2$

Where:

$$a = Peak$$
 hour passengers $b = Long$ haul proportion0 $c = Short$ haul proportion1 $d = Welcomers$ per long haul passenger0 $e = Welcomers$ per short haul passenger2 $f = Average$ waiting time for welcomers30 min. $g = Average$ waiting time for passenger10 min. $h = Space$ per person1.5 m²

Total Area Required = $250 + 230 = 480 \text{ m}^2$

Comparision of Replacement Schedule of Air Navigation Equipment

Con	mparative Items		.	nstallation	Period (mont	h)	
1				Removal of Existing Counterpoise and Repair of Roof	Repair of Exterior Wal	 L	
ing Shel	Renovation of the Existing Shell (45days) Assembly and Adjustment		Removal of Genset and Repair of Interior	Removal of Finishing Equipment and Repairing of Interior Finishes	Assembly of Counterpois Assembly Adjustment (15days) Adjustment Testing (15	 days)	Result of Flight Chec
Exist	Assembly and Adjustment				VOR Suspension Period(Flight Check 5days 2.8months)	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
f the				Removal of Existing Counterpoise and Repair of Roof	Repair of Exterior wall		
vation o	Renovation of the Existing Shell (45days)		Removal of Genset Repair of Interior	Finishes 		 	
Renova	Assembly and Adjustment			to Genset Room	Assembly (15days) Adjustment Testing (15day VOR Suspension Per	Flight Check(5days) s) iod (2.3months)	Ditto
	onstruction of ew Shell (3.2.months)	Foundation Preparation	Structure	Waterproofing Interior Finishing	Exterior Finishing		
ase <i>A</i>	embly and Adjustment		Removal of the Existing	Work Shell	Assembly of Counterpoise Assembly (15days)	Flight Check(5days)	Ditto
				VOR Suspensio	Adjustment Testing (15day n Period (2.3months)	\$)	—
	Construction of New Generator	Preparation	Foundation Structure		 inishing Exterior Finishing	 	
	House (2.6months) Assembly and Adjustment with		Removal of the	Block Work Existing Shell hdation for Shelter Sett	Assembly of Counterpoi		Ditto
	Prefabricated Shelter			VOR Susp	Adjustment Testing (15days ension Period (3.6months	Flight Check(5days) Flight Check(5days)	<u>;</u>

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Airport	Code
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Aniwa	AWD
Craig Cove	CCV
Dillons Bay	DLY
Emae	EAE
Futuna	FΤA
Ipota	IPA
Lamap	LMP
Lamen Bay	LNB
Longana	LOD
Lonorore	LNE
Maewo	MWF
Mota Lava	MTV
Norsup	NUS
Quoin Hill	QUH
Santo	SON
Sara	SSR
Sola	SLH
South West Bay	SWB
Tanna	TAH
Tongoa	TGH
Torries	YOH
Ulei	ULB
Valesdir	VLS
Vila	VLI
Walaha	WLH
West Cost Santo	OLJ

Domestic Flight Schedule