5-2-10 MJ-10 (cf. PL-2, PL-4, PL-6-7)

The hole was collared approximately at the same position with that of DG-9. The purpose of this hole was (1) to confirm massive sphalerite ore intersected in DG-9 between 79.6m and 85.1m, and (2) to trace the extension of the two skarn horizons which had been confirmed in MJ-3. The hole was located within IP and geochemical Zn-anomalies .

The results are as follows: (1) Quartz porphyry which had been considered as a sill was proved to be a dyke. Consequently the two horizons mentioned above could not be confirmed , as the porphyry occupies the expected positions. (2) The mineralization has not been confirmed at the position to correspond to the ore intersection in DG-9. It might be due to the reasons that the drill site of this hole not exactly the same to that of DC-9, and that the exact order of the core may have not been restored, as the cores were upset by last earthquake. (3) Massive pyrite was intersected for 7.3 m at 53.6-60.9m (0.63 % Zn, for 1.50m between 10.40-11.90).

6. Discussion and Recommendation

6-1 On geochemical exploration

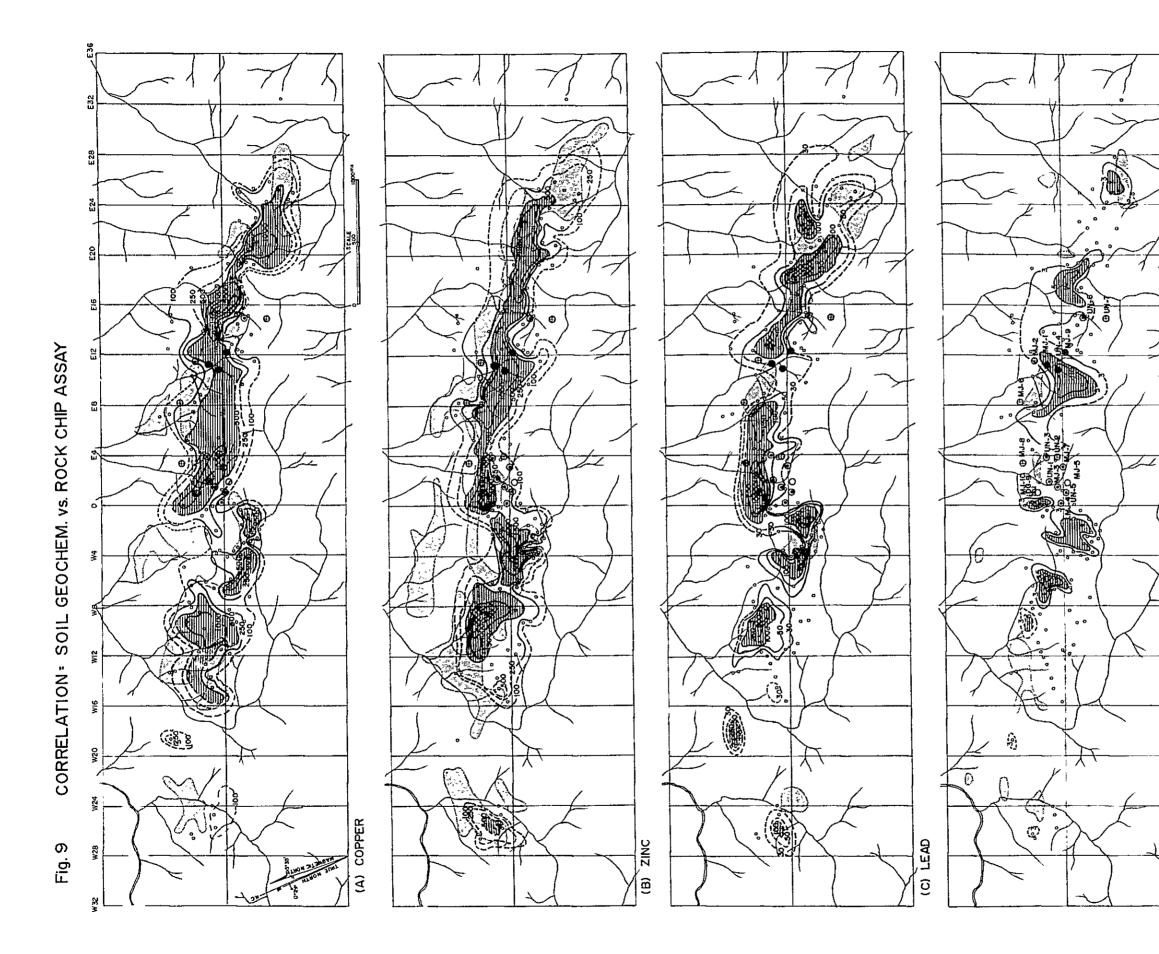
Grid-sampling of geochemical soil samples was performed in the second phase. 861 samples were collected on a 200m x 100m grid, and four elements (cu, Zn, Pb, and Ag) were assayed. As a result, widely distributed anomalies of Cu and Zn were localized (Fig. 2). The anomalies were delineated using following threshold values (in ppm); 70 for Cu, 70 for Pb, 200 for Zn, and 2.5 for Ag (cf. 3-7 in Phase-II Report).

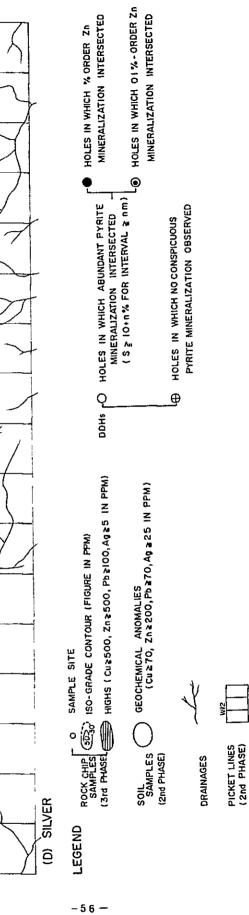
129 rock-chip samples were collected for geochemical purpose in the present phase, and 8 to 9 elements (Cu, Pb, Zn, S, Fe, Mn, (Au), and Ag) were assayed (Appendix 6-1, PL-7, 8, 9).

6-1-1 Correlation between geochemical anomalies of soil samples and drill results

Geochemical anomalies of soil samples do not very well correlate to drill results: (1) Among three DDHs that intersected %-order Znmineralization, two holes MJ-9, UN-4, in which sulfides are intersected were, located outside of the anomalies. (2) Three DDHs (MJ-2, -6, -8), which are situated outside of IP anomalies and were originally intended to explore deeper extension of geochemical anomalies, did not encounter even mineralization of 0.1% Zn-order.

The facts mentioned above may be attributed to following reasons: (1) The %-order Zn-mineralization so far confirmed by DDHs only occurs selectively in a skarn horizon around the boundary between the Tactic and Chicol Formations, and the horizon rarely crops out on the surface due to geological structure. (2) Therefore, the distribution of indicators on the surface reflects halos caused by primary despersion of mineralization, but anomalies in soil do not exactly indicate location of the holes, as indicators in soil have been displaced by secondary dispersion toward geographically lower position. The secondary dispersion may have been caused by supergene alternation and/or transportation of soil. The apparent displacement observed in the smallest in Pb, the largest in Ag, and intermediate in Cu and Zn (PL-10, Fig.10).





PICKET LINES (2nd PHASE)

6-1-2 Correlation between geochemical anomalies of rock-chip samples and drill results

Geochemical anomalies of rock-chip samples, which were collected on the surface during the present phase, very well correlate to drill results (PL-10, Fig. 9, 10): (1) Three of four DDHs that are located within anomalies delineated by 500 ppm Zn intersected %-order Zn-mineralization, whereas all other DDHs outside of the anomalies only intersected Zn-mineralization of 0.1%-order or lower. (2) Three DDHs that intersected obvious secondary enrichment zone of Cu with supergene chalcocite (MJ-9 3.80% Cu for 0.60m, MJ-1 0.19% for 1.0m, UN-4 0.19% thickness unknown) are all located within anomalies delineated by 500 ppm Cu, and most of other DDHs within the anomalies also confirmed the presence of supergene chalcocite or bornite (UN-1 160' (bornite), UN-2 180-190', UN-5 around 215'; UN, 1973). In these holes, the secondary enrichment zones are situated at the lowermost parts of, or directly below the oxide zone.

Above-mentioned facts indicate that holes by primary dispersion of mineralization affected overlying rocks directly above the mineralized loci up to the present surface, because the loci are located about 80 to 100m below the surface, and their horizon rarely exposes on the surface in the proximity of the anomalies.

6-1-3 Target areas for further exploration based on geochemical aspects

Further DDHs should be done aiming at the zones underneath the geochemical anomalies*delineated by 500 ppm Zn, being judged simply from geochemical aspects. The target anomalies*extend in a WNW-ESE direction approximately along the base-line covering an area of about 3.6 x 0.2km (PL-10, Fig. 9, Fig. 10). *Here anomalies denote those of rock-chip's.

First priority should be given to an anomaly between E4 and E16, in which DDHs MJ-9, MJ-1, and UN-4 are located. In the proximity of this particular anomaly, it seems to be necessary to drill the area up to the granite contact, beyond the bounds of the anomaly from geological aspects.

6-2 On geophysical exploration

6-2-1 On induced polarization (IP) survey

IP anomalies, especially those delineated by FE≥3%, well coincide with pyrite mineralization; almost all the DDHs that were carried out within the anomalies encountered mineralized intersections of about several m thick, in which pyrite concentrates up to semi-massive appearance with 10 + several % S sulfur (Table-5, Fig. 2 vs. Fig. 10).

However, unfortunately, all the three DDHs (MJ-9, MJ-1, and UN-4), in which %-order Zn-mineralization was intersected, are located outside of the FE-3% anomalies. Two of the three (MJ-1, and UN-4) are somehow situated in the marginal part of a MCF-anomaly delineated by 40 mho/m, but the best hole MJ-9 is outside of it (Fig. 2).

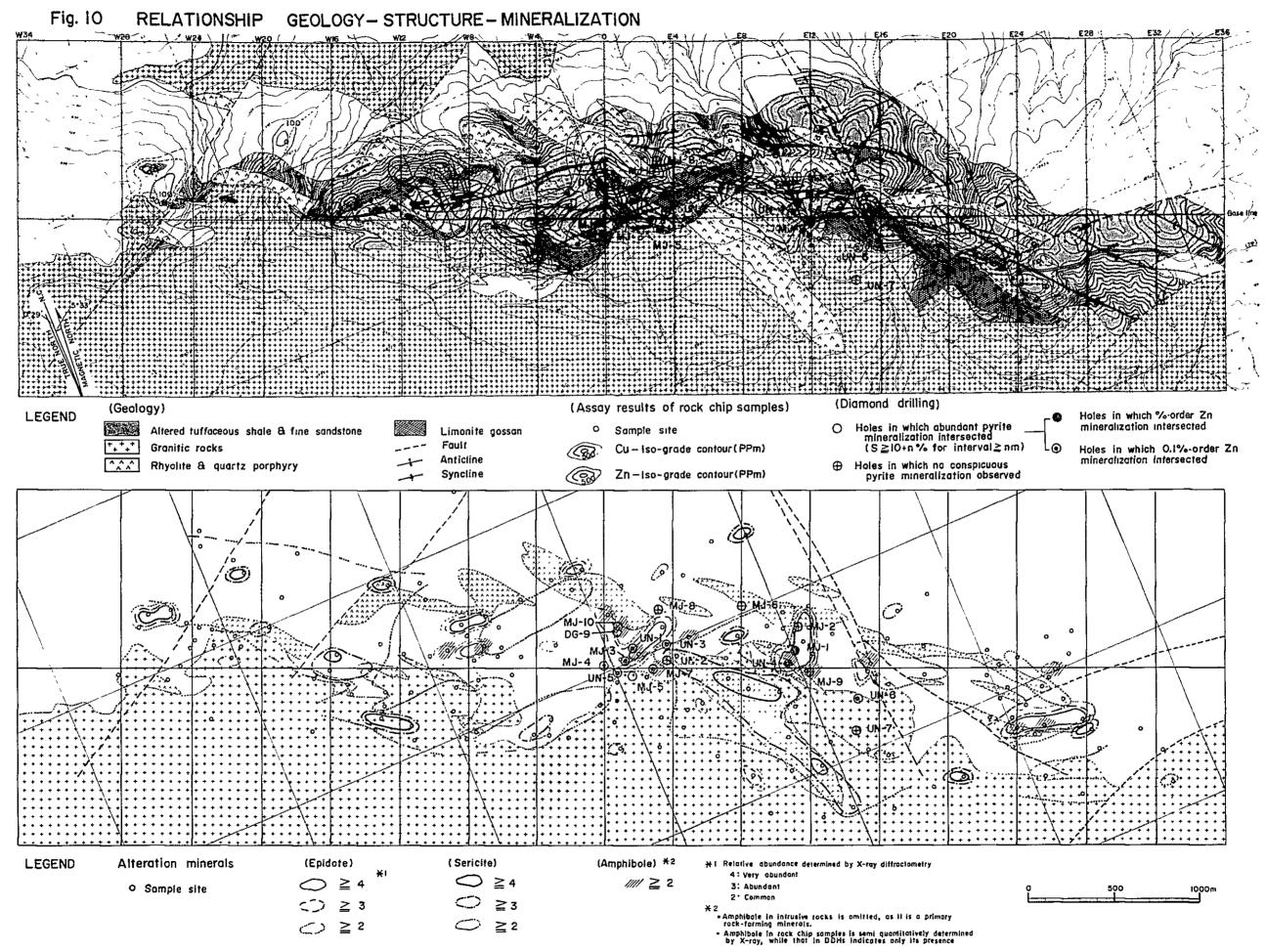
In the present project, IP survey should be appreciated in an aspect that it disclosed the presence of sulfide minerals underneath a leached capping.

6-2-2 On ground magnetic survey

It is so far difficult to criticize the applicability of magnetic survey in the project area, because the most conspicuous magnetic body inferred from the ground magnetic survey (Fig. 2), which is located between W4 and 0 lines near the base-line, has not been explored by a drill as yet.

The magnetic body may be attributed to underground magnetite concentration, as gossan floats and outcrops with hematite are abundantly scattered on the surface above the inferred magnetic body (Fig. 10). Therefore, it is necessary to confirm the anomaly by one or two DDHs though the priority for this ground is not so high; there is enough space to include a sizable ore body in the ground, as the extent of the gossan area is about 400m by 100m, but there is a problem on the quality of "ores", as tolerable amounts of sulfides are expected to accoumany them.

A weak but widely distributed inferred magnetic body, in which the conspicuous one mentioned above is included, approximately coincides with IP anomalies. The body is considered to reflect magnetite that pervasively occurs in the pyrite zone with a inferred concentration of several % in weight.



6-3 On mineralization

Observations on mineralization in the project area are summarized, and interpretations on them are tentatively made.

6-3-1 Alteration-Mineralization Zoning

At present it is fairly difficult to discuss the alteration zoning in the project area with certainty, as reliable data are not sufficiently available due to following facts; (1) the most important skarn horizon, which contains the known "%-order Zn-mineralization" occurs around the boundary between the Tactic and Chicol Formations, and the horizon rarely exposes on the surface, (2) drill holes that penetrated the horizon are very limited both in number and in area, (3) all the rocks that cropout on the surface in the mineralized area are extremely suffered from supergene alteration, so that original hydrothermal alteration is not always well preserved.

Here, a tentative interpretation on alteration-mineralization zoning is made, based on mainly the surface data with supplemental drill core data. The surface data include results of X-ray diffractometry and chemical analysis on handspecimens collected during the surface mapping.

Rather clear and simple zonal patterns in alteration and metallic minerals (elements) are observed in both the western and eastern parts of the mineralized zone (between E20 and E28, and W12 and 0; Fig. 9, 10, PL-5, 10). That is to say: (1) Alteration zones that are rich in sericite and resemble somewhat so-called the phyllic assemblage occur along the granite-"sediments" contact both in the two units. Another zones that are relatively rich in epidote and/or tremolite-actinolite and resemble the propylitic assemblage occur in the north-northeast side of the formers (outward from the granity side). (2) Cu-anomalies of rock-chip samples delineated by 500 ppm are localized approximately coinciding with the sericite-rich zones. On the other hand, Zn-anomalies delineated by 500 ppm are localized "outside" of the Cu-anomalies, coinciding with the alteration zones rich in epidote and tremoliteactionlite.

The zoning pattern is not very obvious in the central part of the mineralized zone (0-E20), where all the drill sites are located.

Though both the Cu and Zn anomalies occur as if they were located in the same position in the above mentioned part, following zonal patterns can be distinguished (PL-5, Fig. 10): (1) In the area between 0 and E12, near the base-line, an alteration zone very rich in sericite is discernible in and around a quartz porphyry dyke which occurs in the granitic rock between E4 and E12, and elongates in a NW-direction. (2) Outward from this zone, two areas rich in epidote are discernible on the surface in the terrain of the Tactic sedimentary rocks (0-E4 and around E12). Directly underneath these areas, skarns that contain tremolite-actinolite and chlorite are intersected in drill holes. These facts suggest that the tremolite∿actinolite-chlorite assemblage in skarn is equivalent to the epidote-rich one in shale-sandstone facies.

Approximately coinciding with the alteration zoning mentioned above, main parts of Cu-anomalies are localized in the areas nearer to the quartz porphyry, and Zn-anomalies are in the areas outer than the formers (Fig. 9, 10, PL-5, -10).

Nearly the same relationship can be discernible in the south side of a small quartz porphyry dyke that occurs in the sedimentary terrain between El2 and El8 (Fig. 10, P1-5).

Prominent gossan zones observed on the surface are mainly located in the terrain of the "sediments" along the contact between granitic rocks and the "sediments" (Fig. 10, PL-5). Among these gossan zones, an area between W4 and 0, in the proximity of which no prominent quartz porphyry dyke can be observed, corresponds to a conspicuous magnetic body inferred from ground magnetic survey. This suggests that the body may be attributed to rocks rich in magnetite. On the other hand, other areas of the gossan zones, hear which quartz porphyry dykes are observed, are considered to have been derived from pervasive pyrite zone with magnetite, being judged from drill results. ł

6-3-2 Mineralization sequence

No conclusion with certainty can be made on the mineralization sequence at present, as the subject has not been sufficiently studied as yet. A tentative interpretation on the mineralization sequence is mentioned below, as well as megascopic and microscopic observations: (1) Specularite (mostly in schists) was replaced by magnetite, and some of chalcopyrite and pyrite were likely formed approximately contemporaneous to the magnetization of the hematite. The magnetite of this stage is inferred to have been formed by the intrusion of granitic rocks, along the boundary between this and the "sediments", judged from the spatial relationship among gossan zones, boundary of granitic rocks, and the inferred magnetic body (cf. 6-1-4, 6-3-1).

(2) There are many places where magnetite is replaced by pyrite. This sulfidization may be interpreted to have been caused by the intrusion of quartz porphyries, from the spatial relationship between gossan zones and quartz porphyries as discussed in previous 6-3-1. Pyrite of this stage likely comprises the major parts of the pyrite zone in the project area. (3) However, in quartz porphyries, magnetite often occurs disseminated, and/or as veinlets, nests, and irregular lenses, as well as pyrite. This implies that magnetite of the second stage may have been formed contemporaneously with the pyrite of the main stage. (4) Sphalerite clearly occurs intersticially to, and filling fractures of magnetite, and pyrite grains. This suggests that spalerite formed in the latest stage in the metallic mineralization in this area. (5) Sphalerite is replaced by botryoidal chlorite.

6-3-3 Relationship between host-rock types and metallic minerals

Pyrite occurs predominantly in epidote-rich altered rocks such as epidote skarn, and epidote-rich altered shale, sandstone, and tuffaceous shale. Magnetite occurs preferably in garnet-rich sharns, quartz porphyries, and green schists (replacing specularite). The "%-order Zn-mineralization" is observed, without exception, to occur selectively in skarns rich in tremolite-actinolite, and/or chlorite. Chlorite in these skarn may have been derived from amphiboles, due to retrogessive alteration or reconstitution by ore fluid of the waning stage. .

6-3-4 Discussion

A working hypothesis that at least two phases of mineralization occurred in this area is constructed from the facts and the interpretation mentioned above.

lst phase: The first phase mineralization seemingly occurred being related with the granitic intrusion. Followings are the summary of the mineralization and alternation of this phase.

Alteration zones were formed by alteration accompanied with the mineralization: (1) The granitic rocks themselves, and shale, tuffaceous shale, and sandstone of the Tactic Formation were altered to form sericite-rich zones in and near the granitic rocks, whereas epidoterich zones were formed in the outer parts. (2) Calcareous layers of the Tactic Formation, and limestone layers in the Chicol were altered to form garnet-rich skarns directly adjacent to the granitic rocks, epidote-rich ones next to the former, and tremolite-actinolite-rich ones at the furthermost parts from the contact.

In this phase, magnetite mineralization may have taken place along the granitic contact, especially in garnet-rich skarns. Probably, a minor part of chalcopyrite and pyrite were contemporaneously formed in and outer parts of the garnet-rich zones. Magnetization of specularite in schists seems to correspond to this phase.

Second phase: Mineralization accompanied with the intrusion of quartz porphyries was superimposed on the already existed mineralization-alteration zones of the first phase. Strongly sericitized zones were formed near and in quartz porphyry dykes. Epidote content may have probably been increased in the areas where the outer zones of the second phase overlapped on the epidote-rich zones of the first phase. Tremoliteactionlite of the first phase was changed partly to completely into chlorite in the areas where the outer zones of the second phase superimposed.

In this phase, the magnetite of the first stage was seemingly sulfidized to form a major part of pyrite, and the magnetite of the second stage was formed in quartz porphyry as well as pyrite. The major mineralization of Zn and Cu likely took place in the latest stage of this mineralization phase to form chalcopyrite in the parts nearer to the quartz porphyries, and sphalerite in the parts farther from them.

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The hypothesis that assumes twofold mineralization can very well accounts for the mineralization in this area, though a few contradictory phenomena still remain.

Mineralization environment: Mineralization in this area has such distinct natures in mireral assemblage as follows: A large amount of pyrite occurs pervasively with a tolerable amount of magnetite. Sphalerite is locally concentrated with pyrite, and accompanies a smaller amount of copper, but practically no lead.

This may be explained as follows: The mineralization occurred in an environment in which reduction did not advance very much and pH was comparatively low, as organic materials were lacking in the proximity, and the volume of calcareous rocks available was relatively smaller, compared with that of ore fluid. The condition as above is considered to have restrained copper and lead to precipitate.

6-4 On exploration potential

At present, we are not in such a time as ore reserves can be estimated, as only a single hole MJ-9 of 19 DDHs just intersected so-called economic grade mineralization.

Nevertheless, we consider that the further exploration potential of this area is faily large, based on the following facts: (1) Geochemical anomalies of rock-chip samples delineated by 500 ppm Zn very well coincide with the intersections of the "%-order Zn-mineralization" underneath the anomalies; almost all the four drills carried out in the anomalies intersected the "%-order Zn-mineralization." (2) The 500 ppm Zn-anomalies occur elongatedly in a WNW-ESE direction between W12 and E24, having an extent about 3.6 km by 0.2 km (in average).

In order to know further potential expected within the prospect, a rough estimate of volume will be made below, assuming that (1) an apparent thickness of expected ores is 9.5m (equal to that of MJ-9 intersection), (2) the "ores" horizontally continue for 100m in a NNE-SSW direction (equivalent to a dip-length in a steeply dipping deposit; as the deposite here is expected to be gentle), and (3) specific gravity of ores is 4.0 (no actual measurement available). The strike length of workable parts is to be changed arbitrarily as follows:

Case-1: Assume an 100m horizontal length in WNW-ESE around MJ-9 is mineable.

Reserves will be;

 $100m \times 9.5m \times 100m \times 4 T/m^3 = 380,000 T$

Case-2: Assume 1/4 of 1,600m between 0 and E16 lines, where the central part of the mineralization is expected to occur, is mineable. Rserves will be;

1,600m x 1/4 x 9.5m x 100m x 4 T/m³ = 1,520,000 T Case-3: Assume 1/10 of 3,600m between W12 and E24 lines, where the 500 ppm-Zn anomalies exist, is expected to be mineable. Reserves will be;

3,600m x 1/10 x 9.5m x 100m x 4 $T/m^3 = 1,360,000$ T Case-4: Assume 1/4 of the same length as in Case-3 is expected to be mineable.

Reserves will be:

 $3,600 \text{ m} \times 1/4 \times 9.5 \text{ m} \times 100 \text{ m} \times 4 \text{ T/m}^3 = 3,420,000 \text{ T}$

As known from the above estimates, possibilities that mineable reserves of say n x 10^5 to n x 10^6 T exist in this prospect are considered to be fairly great. Therefore, further exploration by DDHs is warranted

6-5 Recommendation

It is strongly recommended to carry on a further drilling program mentioned below, which comprises 27 DDHs totaling 4,910m. Proposed DDHs are summarized in the table below, and shown in Fig. 6, and PL-1-1 and PL-1-2.

DDHs in the 1st priority targets:

20 DDHs totaling 3,600m are proposed between 0 and E16 lines, mainly in the geochemical anomalies of rock-chip samples delineated by 500 ppm Zn. However, in the vicinity of MJ-9, the target ground is extened up to the granite boundary, beyond the southern limit of the anomalies. In this part DDHs are planned on a 50m-spacing, centering MJ-9.

DDHs in the second priority targets (scout drills in unexplored parts): (1) 5 DDHs totaling 1,250m are proposed in Zn-anomalies between

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W12 and O lines. A DDH is planned on each line of W10, W8, W4, W2, and W22, and the spacings of the lines are 200 and 400m.

(2) 2 DDHs totaling 300m are proposed in Cu-anomalies on W2 and E21, and an inferred magnetic body between W4 and O lines. A DDH on W2 of the two is for both the Cu anomaly and the magnetic body.

	Location (line)	Number of holes	Depth (m)	Total (m)	Remarks *1
lst Priority	E12-E16		180	2,160	∘Around MJ-9 ∘On 50-m spacing
	0-E16	8 x	150	1,200	°Zn anomalies
2nd Priority	W2-W10, and E12	5 x	250	1,250	•Zn anomalies
(Scout DDHs in unexplored areas)	Around W2	1 x	150	150	°Inferred magnetic body and Cu anomaly
in unexplored	E21] x	150	150	°Cu anomaly
Tota	1	27 ho1	es	4,910m	

Summary of proposed DDHs

*1 Anomalies are of rock-chip samples, and delineated by 500 ppm Cu and Zn

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APPENDICES

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	Remarks																				
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	Chemical Analysis	٥				٥						0							o	o	0
Items Tested	Polished Section																				
It	Thin Section				0																
	Hand Specimen																				
Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Massive limonite	Quartz porphyry	Sandstone	Altered guartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	Granite	Sandstone	Granodiorite	Sericite schist	Acidic volcanic rocks	Limonite gossan	Green schist	Granodiorite	Granodiorite	Acidic volcanic rocks	Green achist	Grantte	Limonite gossan	Limonite-hematite gossan	Limonite gossan
Location	(Coordinate) N E	689 .39	689.95	690.04	689.85	689.39	688.24	688.42	688.35	688.22	688.37	688.40	688.55	688.08	688.05	688.29	688.22	687.73	687.92	691.05	690.91
Loc	N	1693.87	1694.51	1694.59	1694.60	1694.19	1694.34	1694.44	1694.62	1694.97	1695.11	1695.15	1695.31	1695.65	1695.56	1695.41	1695.32	1695.63	1694.42	1693.43	1693.34
t	sample No.	J 6	7A	8	TO	12	IJ	17	19	23	26	28	32	37	38	40	41	45	46	47	48

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Appendix 1-1 List of Samples Tested

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Items Tested	Polished Section		o																		
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	Hand Specimen																				
Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Magnetite-hematite mineralized rock	Limonite gossan	op	do	do	Quartz porphyry	Acidic volcanic rocks	Magnetite mineralized rock	Magnetite-hematite mineralized rock	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	do	do	do	L1monite~hematite gossan	Granite	Altered biotite gramodiorite	Altered hornblende-blotite granodiorite	Siltatone	Hematite-limonite gossan
Location		10.1 69	01*169	691.15	691.25	691.29	691.53	691.64	691.52	691.46	691.18	691.19	691.30	691.23	691.11	691.62	691.46	61.19	691.28	691.09	691.12
Loca	N	1693.40	1693.45	1693.50	1693.55	1693.47	1693.54	1693.66	1693.82	1693.84	1693.89	1693.80	1693.63	1693,35	1693.27	1693.04	1692.66	1692.63	1692.94	1693.62	1693.58
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Appendix 1-1 List of Samples Tested

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	Chemical Analysis											0	· 0	- - 0	- c	1	c		, c	, c	
Items Tested	Polished Section																				
It	Thin Section																	<u> </u>			
	Hand Spectmen																				
Rack Type		S11 tstone	Acidic volcanic rocks	Black slate	Limestone	Limestone	Limestone	Limestone	Creen schist	Quartz rock	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	đo	op	do	op	qo	qo	op	do	do
Location	E	692.25	692.32	692.36	692.47	692.53	692.49	692.39	692.19	692.07	692.00	689,98	689.97	689.94	689.79	689.74	689.63	689.61	689.78	689.55	689.58
Toce	N	1692.94	1692.97	1693.00	1693.05	1693.18	1693.22	1693.19	1693.15	1693.02	1692.98	1694.11	1694.16	1694.21	1694.24	1694.24	1694.18	1694.22	1694.16	1694.15	1694.09
Samle	No.	J 125	126	128	0EI	133		135	137	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	051

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	Remarks																			
	X-ray Diffrac- tometry			<u>.</u>			0	0	0			<u></u> ::				.			 0	o
	Chemical Analysis	0	0	o	o		.	<u> </u>		0	0	0	a	0	0	0	0	0	 	
Items Tested	Polished Section															<u></u>			 	
Ĩ	Thin Section											_							 0	0
	Hand Spectmen							_												
Dock Theory	and/or 0ccurence of Metallic Minerals	Limonite gossan	qo	do	do	Siltstone	Granite	Granite	Granite	Limonite gossan	do	do	qo	đo	do	do	đo	đo	Medium-grained sandstone	Altered hornblende micro-diorite
Location	(Coordinate) N E	689.59	689.53	689.48	685.51	689.56	689.42	689,50	689.61	689.71	689.65	689.60	689.60	689.65	689.66	689.75	689.88	689.94	 689.89	689.95
Loca	(Coord N	1694.04	1694.04	1694.01	1693.95	1693.87	1693.83	1693.78	1693.73	1693.84	1693.82	1693.86	1693.98	1693.94	1693.89	1693.94	1693.91	1693.93	 1693.71	1693.82
	Sample No.	J 151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	 K 9	13

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		Remarks			Chalcopharite																	
1		X-ray D1ffrac- tometry		o	o	0	0	0				٥	0	o				٥		0		o
		Chemical Analysis	o		0				0	0	o					0	0		0		o	
	Items Tested	Polished Section			o																	
	It	Thin Section													0							
		Hand Specimen																	_			
	Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Liwonite gossan	Siltstone	Manganese oxide ore	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Quartz porphyry	Granodiorite	Green schist	Altered hornblende-biotite granodiorite	Limonite stain in siltstone	Limonite gossan	Granodiorite	Limonite gossan	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	Acidic volcanic rocks
	Location	N E	690.07	690.06	690.04	690.08	690.47	690.58	690.55	690.40	690.40	690.59	687.97	687.68	687.58	687.71	687.61	687.33	691.58	691.71	691.80	691.84
		N N	1693.97	1694.02	1694.21	1694.29	1694.39	1694.33	1694.08	1693.99	1693.82	1693.68	1694.90	1694.97	1694.94	1695.06	1695.09	1695.07	1693,25	1693.41	1693.52	1693.69
		No.	K 16	17	21	22	34	40	43	44	46	47	55	62	63	66	70	78	81	83	86	87

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	Remarks																				
	X-ray Diffrac- tometry		٥	0	0					0	0	0				0	٥	0	0		0
	Chemical Analysis	0				0	0	0	0				a	0	Ð						
Items Tested	Polished Section															_					
It	Thin Section															0				ø	
	Hand Specimen																				
Rock Tyne	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Manganege oxide	Acidic volcanic rocks	Siltatone	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Fyrite dissemination in skarn	Pyrite dissemination in quartzose rock	Acidic volcanic rocks	Quartz diorite	Granodiorite	Massive limonite and hematite	Limonite 'gossan	Limonite gossan	Epidote-quartz-actinolite rock	Siltstone	Sandstone	Quartz porphyry	Altered quartz prophyry	Granodiorite
Location	(Coordinate) N E	691.66	661.99	692.04	692.07	691.98	16.169	692.35	692.35	692.42	692.24	692.08	692.01	691.98	692.08	692.03	688.04	688.04	687.90	687.91	687.92
Loca	(Coord N	1693.09	1693.12	1693.26	1693.15	1693.00	1692.96	1692.54	1692.54	1692.49	1692.29	1692.47	1692.51	1692.57	1692.61	1692.79	1694.95	1695.01	1695.01	1695.12	1695.10
	Sample No.	K 93	95	66	104	107	108	122	1238	124	127	131	132	133	135	J36	140	144	147	149	152

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	Remarks																				
	X-ray Diffrac- tometrv	0	•		0	0		o		0	0	0	0		0	0		0			_,
	Chemical Analysis			0			0		0					٥			0		D	o	0
Items Tested	Polished Section			0																	
It	Thin Section		_					٩	_												
	Hand Specimen																				
Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Acidic volcanic rocks	Quartz rock	Skarn with pyrite and magnetite	Green schiet	Quartz epidote rock	Limonite gossan	Epidote-quartz rock	Limonite gossan	Granite	Quartz epidote rock	Sandstone	Sandstone	Limonite gossan	Granitic rock	Quartz porphyry	691.82 Limonite gossan	Quartz diorite	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan
Location	N E	687,80	687.85	687.78	687.80	687.75	687.64	687.62	687.60	687.55	692.41	692.42	692.76	692.75	692.75	692.68		691.64	691.57	691.26	691.28
Loca	N	1695.08	1695.14	1695.05	T695.19	1695.30	1695.29	1695.32	1695.30	1695.27	1692.28	1692.61	1692.34	1692.29	1692.15	1692.50	1692.75	1692.65	1692.93	1693.24	1693.27
	oramp⊥e	K 157	158	9 2 1	160	162	165	166	167	168	169	171	172	173	176	177	180	182	183	184	185

A - 8

	Remarks																				
	X-ray Diffrac-		o		o		<u>_,</u>		0				•								
	Chemical Analysis	0		0		0	0	٥		a	0	٥		٥	0	σ	٥	U	٥	0	Q
Items Tested	Polished Section				·																
Ite	Thin Section			0	<u></u>				_,												
	Hand Specimen																<u></u>				
Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Limonite gossan	Shale	Epidote-quariz rock	Shale	Manganese oxide ore	Siltstone	Malachite stain in altered rock	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	do	đo	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	do	do	db	do	do	op	do
Location	E	691.31	691.35	661.39	651.39	661.39	661.39	691.39	691.43	691.45	691.48	691.49	691.65	691.71	691.69	691.75	691.67	17.109	691.77	692.01	692.04
Location (Coordinate)	N	1693.33	1693.41	1693.47	1693.45	1693.47	1693.47	1693.47	1693.30	1693.27	1693.24	1693.20	1693.27	1693.23	1693.14	1693.03	1692.95	1692.86	1692.94	1692.78	1692.74
Sample	No.	K 187	189	190	161	192	193	194	197	198	200	201	202	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	212

	Remarks																			
	X-ray Diffrac- tometry	o		•		0			0		 •	0	0		0	 0				
	Chemical Analysis		٥		0		٥	0		٥	 			٥						o
Items Tested	Polished Section																			
It	Thin Section																			
	Hand Specimen																			
Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Granodiorite	Pyrite dissemination in quartzose rock	Skarn	Pyrite dissemination in skarn	Acidic volcanic rocks	Massive limonite	Limonite gossan	Granodiorite	Massive magnetice	Granodiorite	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	Quartz porphyry	Granodiorite	Black slate	Green schist	Conglomerate schist	Limonite gossan
Location		692.11	692.17	692.18	692.18	692.34	692.19	691.95	691.91	692.01	 689.22	689.03	689.10	689.62	689.65	689.50	689,12	689.13	689.18	689.03
Loca	N	1692.71	1692.66	1692.73	1692.80	1692.83	1692.92	1692.92	1692.90	1692.78	 1694.24	1693.96	1693.98	1694.50	1694.56	1695.28	1694.93	1694.89	1694.86	1694.22
- Camolo	.oN	K 213	214	215	216	218	220	222	223	EK 51	I S	7	a B	ŝ	6A	80		01	11	14

-	Location	Dock Time		H H	Items Tested				
(Coo1	(Coordinate) N E		Hand Specimen	Thin Section	Polished Section	Chemical Analysis	X-ray Diffrac- tometry	Remarks	
1694.47	7 689.12	Skarn					0		<u> </u>
1694.57	689.26	Quartz-epidote rock		·,			0		
1694.79	9 689.12	Quartz porphyry					0		
1694.94	4 688.97	Quartz porphyry					Q		
1694.96	6 688.90	Pyrite dissemination in quartz porphyry				o			
1694.91	1 688.89	Limonite gossan				0			
1694,68	8 688.95	Magnetite dissemination in porphyritic rock			0	0			
1694.68	8 688.95	Pyrite dissemination in skarn				o			
1694.68	8 688.95	Garnet bearing epidote-actinolite rock	_	Q	٥	0			
1694.55	5 689.10	Limonite gossan				o			
1694.39	688.90	Limonite gossan				0			
1694.08	8 688.77	Siltstone					0		
1694.68	8 688.65	Limonite gossan				o			
1693.49	9 690.78	Limonite gossan				•			
1693.72	2 691.25	Quartz porphyry					0		
1693.95	5 691.28	Magnetite dissemination in epidote skarn			٥	0			
1694.40	0 691.00	Rhyolitic pumice tuff		0			0		
1694.45	5 690.80	Green schist					0		
1694.22	2 690.80	Limonite gossan				0			
1694.14	4 690.79	Limonite gossan in quartz porphyry				o			

A-11

	Remarks																			-	
	X-ray Diffrac- tometry		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	<u>م</u>	0		0	<u> </u>	0			0	0	0
	Chemical Analysis	o											o		o		0	0			
Items Tested	Polished Section																				
I	Thin Section			o			o		0												
	Hand Specimen																				
Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Magnetite dissemination in altered sandstone	Granodiorite	Quartz-epidote-actinolite rock	cranodiorite	Granodiorite	690.98 Altered muscovite-biotite granodiorite or quartz diorite	Granite	Quartz diorite	Quartz diorite	Granodiorite	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	Quartz porphyry	Limonite gossan	Siltstone	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Quartz-epidote rock	Quartz-epidote rock	Cranodiorite
tion	E	690.74	690.37	690.51	691.01	691.18	690°98	690.80	690.91	690.73	690.51	690.79	690.47	690.37	16.069	690.47	690.47	690.47	690.35	690.16	689.42
[cordinate)	N	1693.95	1693.30	1693.12	1693.12	1693.00	1692.73	1692.75	1693.02	1693.06	1692.89	1693.24	1693.85	1693.92	1693.94	1693.99	1694.08	1694.08	1694.10	1694.01	1694.19
Samla	. oN	S 56	60	19	64	66	69	75	78	62	85	88	16	92	53	55	796	968	16	98	105

t

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	Remarks																				
	X-ray Diffrac- tometry		0	0	0	0	0	a	0	o	٥	0	0		0	٥	0		0		0
	Chemical Analysis	0												0		<u> </u>		0		0	
Items Tested	Polished Section													o							
Ĩ	Thin Section																		.		
	Hand Specimen																				
Rock Tone		Magnetite dissemination in altered rock	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	Siltatone	Sands tone	Sandstone	Granodiorite	S11tstone	Siltstone	Siltatone	Sandstone	Siltatone	Limonite gossan	Sandstone	S11.tstone	Siltstone	Limonite gossan	Siltstone	689.44 Limonite gossan	Siltatone
Location	(Coordinate) N E	689.60	689.85	689.99	690.22	690.15	688.52	688.52	688.46	688.54	688.79	688.68	689.25	689.24	688.57	689.52	689.39	689.37	689.43		689.46
Loca	(Coord N	1693.93	1693.84	1693.92	1693.82	1693.88	1694.5S	1694.51	1694.63	1694.69	1694.65	1694.54	1694.50	1694.54	1694.22	1694.26	1694.32	1694.35	1694.35	1694.39	1694.47
	Sample No.	2 I07	108	50T	011	111	112	113	115	117	119	120	122B	123	125	127	128	129	130	131	732

A-13

	Remarks	1																			
	X-ray Diffrac- tometry		o									o	٥	D	0	a			a	o	D
	Chemical Analysis	o		0	٥	۵	0	o	0	o	o						o	0			
Items Tested	Polished Section										-										
It	Thin Section				_				_												
	Hand Specimen																		-		
BANK TURA	and/or 0ccurence of Metallic Minerals	Limonite gossan	Quartz-epidote rock	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Manganese oxide in altered rock	Lifmonite gossan	do	çio	do	do	Siltstone	Granodiorite	Sandstone	Sandstone	Granodiorite	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Quartz porphyry	Epidote rock	Quartz-epidote rock
Location	(Coordinate) N E	689.46	689.41	689.35	689.30	689.20	689.03	688.91	688.84	688.73	688.52	688.71	688.68	688.64	688.78	688.85	688.84	688.90	688.90	689.02	689.34
Loca	(Coord N	1694.51	1694.56	1694.58	1694.59	1694.66	1694.65	1694.65	1694.66	1694.66	1694.65	1694.39	1694.32	1694.26	1694.15	1694.33	1694.45	1694.49	1694.54	1694.47	1694.40
	Sample No.	s 133	134	135	136	161	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152

	•															
	Remarks															
	X-ray Diffrac- tometrv	0			0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Chemical Analysis		٥	o			o	o								
Items Tested	Polished Section									<u></u>					···· ···	
Ite	Thin Section															
	Hand Specimen					<u> </u>	,									
Rock Type	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Quartz-epidote rock	Limonite gossan	Limonite gossan	Granodiorite	Granodiorite	689.20 Limonite gossan	689.33 Limonite goasan	Quartz rock	Grant te	Siltstone	Granite	690.30 Granodiorite	690.40 Granodiorite		
Location	E	689.25	689.17	689.04	689.09	689, 03			690.14	690.07	689.87	690.24	690.30			
Toci	N	1694.35	1694.31	1694.28	1694.25	1694.13	1694.11	1694.22	1693.63	1693.48	1693.56	1693.53	1693.62	1693.62		
Samola	No.	S 153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	163	165	167	168		

Г		1	•								••													
	Remarks																		_					
	EPMA																							
	Foss11 Ident1f- ication																							
	K-Ar Dating																							
tested	X-Ray Diffract.	•	o	0 0	2	0				0		0				o			-	0		0		0
E	Chemical Analysis																							
Item	Polished Section																							
	Thin Section				o	ø	o	0	o	0	0		o	0	0		0	a	0				0	
	Hand Specimen			te						~										-				te
	Rock Type	Siltstone	Bleached rhyo- lite.	Altered rhyold	Altered guartz	Altered quartz	porpnyrv	Ŧ	=	Quartz porphyry	Altered quartz	Quartz porphyty	Quartz diorite	Sericite quartz	Hornblende	guartz porphyry	Quartz sericite	Sericite quartz	Altered grano-	puyre. Green schist	_	Quartz-epidote	Quartz muscovite	Magnetite-epidote Fock
	Formation or Group	Tactic F.	Intrusive	= =	÷	= =	Ŧ	Ŧ	=	z			Ŧ	Chicol F.	Intrusive	Ŧ	Chicol F.	Ŧ	Intrusive	Chicol F.		Tactic F.	Chicol F.	=
h	Y	693	e40	= =	:	= =	=	=	=	= ;	=	=	=	=	E	Ŧ	=	=	=	=		1693.	-	=
ton	UTH Grid X Y	1	042	= =	=	: :	=	:	=	= :		=	=	=	F	=	=	:	=	=] =	=
Location	Topo.Map-																			·		9		
	Sample No.	DDH No. MJ-1 23.40	72.70	88.40 102.50	109.40	112.40 114.40	124.00	127.00	138.70	148.50	161.10	162.40	162.80	223.60	227.40	231.50	232.70	235.10	246.00	255.90	DDH No.	26.10	36.70	37.40

Appendix- 1-2 List of Samples Tested (Drill Core)

* Topo.Map: Sheet No. of 1/50,000 IGN quadrangle map.

	Remarks	CN 1 DMDV																													
		EPMA																													
	Foss11	Identif- ication																													
	V_A.	Dacing																													
tested	V D	Diffract.			٥		0	0		0	0	0		0		0		٥	C	. 0	D	0		0		٥	0		0		
E	(hom foo 1	Analysis	_																												
Item	Polichad	Section																													
	Th 4 n	Section	c	,		0			٥				0		0								0		٥			0		0	
	Hand	Spectmen			~		<u>ک</u>			E			N		N	te					N		N	N	и		1	N	~		
	Bock Tune		Altered quarts	porphyry	Quartz porphysy	Altered quarca	Quartz porphysy		-	Siliceous green		Rhyolite	Sericite quarts	green schist	Sericite quartz	Sheared rhyolite		Siltstone		Epidote rock	Chlorite quarks	Green schist	Sericite quarkz	Chlorfte quartz	Sericite quarts	Schlau Garnet epidote skarn	Chlorite quart	Sericite quartz	Quartz porphyty	Altered quarts porphyry	
	Formation	or Group	Thrustve						=	Chocol F.	=		Chicol F.		ŧ	Intrusive		Tactic F.	=		Chicol F.		=		÷	=	=	=	sive	=	
╞	Grid		1693	775	= :	=	:	:	:		=	=	=	=	5	=	<u> </u>	1693	998	==	:=	:	=	=	=	÷	=	=	z	=	
Location	UTM Grid					=	=	=	=	:	:	=	:	:	=	=		690.		::	:=	=	=	=	2	=	=	=	=	=	
Loc	*	Topo.Map																													
	Sample	No.	DBH_¥0.	;	67.60	94.80	94.90	04.EII	117.00	183.40	244.30	261.70	277.60	281.90	282.40	295.00	ж 1 -3	16.40	25.00	39.50	61.00	75.50	85,80	92.00	100.70	109.30	121.30	125.00	155.60	164.30	

Appendix- 1-2 List of Samples Tested (Drill Core)

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* Topo.Map: Sheet No. of 1/50,000 IGN quadrangle map.

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	Remarks							64.70 - 65.60		65.6 65.90	65.90 - 66.30	75.75 - 75.95	81.50 - 81.90	83.10 - 83.40	86.00 - 86.40		07 C0 - 07 70	0410 - 01400	87.40 - 88.80			
	EPMA																					
	Foss11 Identif- ication																					
	K-Ar Dating																			-		
tested	X-Ray Diffract.					a																
ша	Chemical Analysis							0		٥	٥	0	o	٥	0			٥	٥		 	
Item	Polished Section																					
	Thin Section		0	0	0									-								
	Hand Specimen			ie																		
	Rock Type		Altered quartz	Altered rhyold	Altered quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry		Limonite stain	rock.	qo	đo	do	qo	op	Pyrite veinlet	tion in chlo-	ritized rock.	ор	qo			
	Formation or Group		atve		=	ŧ																
	Gr1d Y		1693	866	=	=		1694	023	=	=	=	=	÷	=			:	:			
Location	VTM Grid X Y		690.	116	:	=		689.	958	=	=	=	F	=	=			÷	=		 	
Loca	Topo.Map	-																				
	Sample No.	DDH No. MJ-3	182.70	188.50	195.40	197.90	DDH No.	MJ-4		2	e	4	'n	9	7			8	6			

* Topo.Map: Sheet No. of 1/50,000 IGN quadrangle map.

Appendix- 1-2 List of Samples Tested (Drill Core)

Form-2

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Appendix 1-2 List of Samples Tested (Drill Core)

	Loce	Location	Rock Type		It	Items Tested	q		
• 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0	a 1		and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Hand Spectmen	Thin Section	Polished Section	Chemical Analysis	X-ray Diffrac-	Remarks
DI 4-LM.oN HOD	689.958	1694.023	Pyrite veinlet and dissemination in chloritized rock				0		88.80 - 89.80
11	:	=	do				•		89.80 - 90.20
12	=	=	do				٥		90.20 - 90.80
13	=	=	Pyrite veinlets and dissemination in epidote rock				0		90.80 - 91.80
. 14	=	=	do				0		91.80 - 92.60
15	=	=	đo				0		92.70 - 93.00
91	=	÷	Dense pyrite dissemination in epidote rock				0		93.00 - 93.80
17		=	do				D		93.80 - 95.80
18	=	=	do				0		95.80 - 96.40
19	:	=	Pyrite dissemination in siliceous rock				o		96.40 - 97.30
20	=	=	do				0		97.30 - 98.00
43	=	=	Pyrite dissemination in argilized rock				0		104.40 - 105.60
21	:	Ŧ	Limonite stain in argillized rock				0		112.00 - 113.20
22	=	:	do				٥		113.20 - 113.80
23	=	Ŧ	Limonite stain and pyrite dissemination in epidote rock				٥		113.80 - 114.65
24	:	E	Pyrite dissemination in silicified rock	_			0		127.00 - 127.70
25	Ŧ	=	đo				0		127.70 - 128.60
26	=	Ξ	do				o		128.60 - 129.30
27	-	~	do				D		129.30 - 130.30
28	:	Ŧ	do				0		130.30 - 131.20

A - 1 9

131.20 - 131.70 131.70 - 132.80 132.80 - 133.80 133.80 - 135.20 135.20 - 135.50 139.10 - 140.10 140.10 - 140.60 140.60 - 140.90 140.90 - 141.20 141.20 - 141.70 142.80 - 143.20 147.40 - 148.00 148.00 - 148.40 149.80 - 150.20 Remarks Poltshed Chemical Diffrac-Section Analysis tometry 0 0 ٥ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ٥ o a o o o 0 0 0 Items Tested Thin Section 0 Hand Specimen Rock Type and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals Pyrite dissemination in chloritized rock Pyrite dissemination in chloritized rock Pyrite dissemination in argillized rock Pyrite dissemination in silicified rock Pyrite dissemination in argillized rock Pyrite dissemination in silicafied rock Pyrite dissemination in argillized rock Pyrite dissemination in fractured zone Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock Vein-form pyrite in silicified rock Garnet bearing epidote-quartz rock Massive pyrite ę ę 윙 Epidote rock Siltstone Sandstone Cossan Skarn 1694.023 Location (Coordinate) = = = Ŧ = = Ξ = = : Ŧ Ŧ z Ξ = = = ÷ = = 689.958 ы = 2 ÷ Ξ ÷ 2 Ξ = = = = 65.70 86.50 15.70 35.60 87.30 91.40 32 . 37 33 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 29 30 З Sample No. A-LM. ON HOD

Appendix 1-2 List of Samples Tested (Drill Core)

A ~ 2 0

	Remarks							24.80 - 25.30	62.90 - 63.30	80.30 - 80.80	80.80 - 81.60	83.20 - 83.90	84.60 - 85.30	91.90 - 92.20	92.20 - 93.50	93.50 - 94.20	100.50 - 101.10	116.40 - 116.50	116.50 - 117.50	117.50 - 119.30
	X-ray Diffrac-	LUNG LLY	٥	٥	D		o													
eđ	Chemical Analysia							•	0	0	•	°	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0
Items Tested	Polished Section																			
I II	Thin Section	0				0						_								
	Hand Specimen					-										_				
Bock Type	occurence of Metallic Minerals	689.958 1694.023 Garnet bearing quartz-epidote rock	Pyrite mineralized rock	Silicified rock	Massive pyrite	Massive pyrite with minor amount of epidote	Chlorite quartz schist	690.113 1693.927 Limonite stain in granitic rock	do	Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock	op	do	op	Pyrite dissemination in altered chlorite quartz schist	do	do	đo	Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock	do	do
Location	E N	1694.02	2	=	ŧ	=	=	1693.92	=	=	2	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
Loci	E	689.958	:	:	=	Ξ	=	690.113	:	=	2	Ŧ	=	Ŧ	=	2	=	=	=	=
Canalo Va	Sample No.	DDH No.MJ-4 92.60	112.30	131.65	140.15	140.50	T20.00	DDH No.MJ-5 1	2	e	4	ŝ	Q	7	80	6	Ot	11	12	EI

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Appendix 1+2 List of Samples Tested (Drill Core)

A - 2 1

DDH No.MJ-5 14 690.113 15 " 16 " 17 "	(coordinate)		Rock Type		TCOD3				
14 15 16 17	ы	N N	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Hand Specimen	Thin Section	Polished Section	Chemical Analysis	X-ray Diffrac-	Remarks
14 15 17							- -	COMPETY	
<u></u>		1/76.660	L033,34/ Pyrite dissemination in clastic rock				0		119.30 - 119.45
		=	Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock				0		119.45 - 120.40
		<u></u>	đ				°		120.40 - 121.30
	-	=	Pyrite dissemination in chloritized rock				•		130.60 - 131.30
10.60		F	Granitic rock					٥	
37.20	=	=	Granitic rock					0	
56.30	=	=	Altered granite		٥				
57.80		=	Granitic rock					0	
75.80		=	Clustic granite		o				
83.40	 =	÷	Epidote rock					0	
93.80		Ŧ	Sericite chlorite quartz schist		0				
119.20	 :	:	<u>Mineralized</u> rock					a	
05.911	=	=	Skarn		o			_	
119.43		2	Epidote-sericite-quartz rock		٥				
120.40	-	=	Garnet bearing epidote quartz rock		0				
150.90		z	Sericite chiorite quartz schist					٥	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
DDH No.MJ-6 1 690	1.848 1	694.009	690.848 1694.009 S11tstone				0		22.50 - 24.80
5	 =	=	Magnetite dissemination in quartz porphyry	_			0		45.80 - 46.30
- 	=	z	Quartz porphyry				o		56.40 - 57.20

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Samle No	Loca	Location (Coordinate)	Rock Type		Ħ	Items Tested	eđ		
	E	N	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Hand Spectmen	Thin Section	Polished Section	Polished Chemical Section Analysis	X-ray Diffrac- tometry	Remarks
DDH No.MJ-6 4	690.848	1694.009	1694.009 Fyrite dissemination in quartz-chlorite vein				0		89.00 - 89.10
ى. س	=	=	Quartz-chlorite vein				¢		109.80 - 110.20
Q	=	=	Pyrite-chlorite-quartz vein				o	_	92.00 - 92.50
20.90	=	=	Siltatone					o	
46.10	z	=	Altered dacite		o			o	
57.10	£	=	Altered dacite		0				
71.50	=	=	Sands tone					0	
98.45	=	د	Conglomerate schist		۵				
00.66	=	=	Chlorite quartz schist					0	
119.50	=	=	Sericite quartz schist		0				
133.80	=	=	Sericite chlorite schist					٥	
	690.260	1693.890	690.260 1693.890 Limonite stain in porous rock			_	0		15.00 - 15.80
7	=	=	do	·			a		15.80 - 16.30
ر	=	=	đo				a		16.30 - 17.00
4	=	2	Limonite stain in siltstone				0		17.00 - 17.40
<u>د</u>	:	=	đo				a		17.40 - 18.90
Ŷ	=	Ŧ	Quartz veinlets with limonite stain in siltstone				0		34.60 - 35.20
7		=	Pyrite dissemination with limonite stain in argilized rock				٥		51.70 - 52.30
<u> </u>									

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Com-1- No	Loca	Location	Rock Type		Ï	Itens Tested	ed		
•on atques		N	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Hand Specimen	Thin Section	Polished Section	Chemical Analysis	X-ray Diffrac- tometrv	Remarks
DDH No.MJ-7 8	690.260	1693.890	690.260 1693.890 Pyrite dissemination in fractured zone				0		75.60 - 75.80
6	×	7	Magnetite dissemination in chlorite-epidote rock				0		81.60 - 82.75
10	:	=	Pyrite dissemination in silicified rock				o		84.00 - 84.10
13	=	=	Galena impregnation in silicified rock		••••		0		84.10 - 85.00
TT	=	=	Pyrite dissemination in silicified rock				0		88.70 - 89.30
14	=	±	do				0		92.80 - 93.10
12	z	=	do				0		100.10 - 100.70
1.5	=	÷	Magnetite dissemination in epidote rock				o		122.30 - 123.60
16	=	=	Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock	_			0		124.50 - 125.60
17	=	z	Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock				0		125.60 - 126.40
18	=	=	Pyrite dissemination in garnet rock				0		126.40 - 127.00
19	:	=	Magnetite-pyrite dissemination in epidote-garner rock				0		127.00 - 127.90
20	=	z	Pyrite stringer in epidote rock				0		127.90 - 128.80
21	5	=	Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock				0		143.10 - 143.70
22	÷	=	do				0		
23	=	=	ę				0		166.50 - 167.20
24	=	5	Magnetite-pyrite stringer in altered chlorite quartz				0		172.70 - 174.70
25	Ŧ	=	Magnetite stringer in chloritized rock				0		178.70 - 179.60
26	=	=	Magnetite dissemination in silicified rock				0		180.70 - 181.10
27	=	=	đo				0		187.90 - 188.10

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	Remarks	188.10 - 188.40	191.00 - 191.70	191.70 - 192.40	192.40 - 192.80	192.80 - 193.40	248.20 - 248.70							<u> </u>							
	X-ray Diffrac-							0	٥	0		0			0	٥			o	٥	-
2	Polished Chemical Section Analysis	0	o	0	ō	0	o											_			
Items Tested	Polished Section			_				-	·					o			0				
11	Thin Section			-							0		٥					0			0
	Hand Specimen			-																	-
Rock Tone	and/or 0ccurence of Metallic Minerals	690.260 1693.890 Magnetire-pyrite dissemination in silicified rock	đo	do	Magnetite dissemination in silicified rock	đo	do	Sandstone	Sandstone	Sanda tone	Altered sandstone	Siltstone	Altered chlorite quartz schist	Skarn (Pyrite, Magnetite)	Massive pyrite	Grantiic rock	Skarn (Pyrite)	Chlorite-tremolite-epidote rock	Garnet skarn	Chlorite quartz schist	Altered rhyolite or quartz porphyry
Location	11nate) N	1693.89	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
roci	E E	690.260	=	=	2	=	Ξ	=	=	=	=	:	=	=	=	=	=	Ŧ	=	Ŧ	= .
	sample No.	DDH No.HJ-7 28	29	30	31	32	33	13.80	17.70	30.60	36.20	61.90	76.55	82.75	82.90	117.60	123.35	126.30	127.00	155.30	181.70

	Location	tion	Rock Type		Ĩ	Items Tested	pa		
Sample No.	(COOTGINAte) E N	inate) N	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Hand Spectmen	Thin Section	Polished Section	Polished Chemical Section Analysis	X-ray Diffrac- tometry	Renarks
DDH No.MJ-7 192.40	690.260	1693.890	690.250 1693.890 Massive magnetite			0			
192.50	=	11	Magnetite mineralized rock					0	
196.30	=	F	Altered thyolite or quartz porphyry		٥			•	
200.80	±	£	Sericite chlorite quartz achist		o				
206.70	=	=	Quartz schist		0				
222.10	±	*	Sericite chlorite quartz schist		٥	-			
223.90	Ŧ	Ŧ	Magnetite mineralized rock					0	
224.00	4	*	Altered quarts porphyry		Ö				
224.80	7	=	Altered granite		o				
242.40	:	=	Altered quartz porphyry		o				
251.90	=	£	Altered quartz porphyry		0				
266.00	:	-	Altered quartz porphyry		o				
283.20	=	=	Chlorite schist					0	
							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
DH No.MJ-8 1	690.400	1694.198	690.400 1694.198 Limonite stain in siltstone				0		12.00 - 12.30
7	=	z	do				0		70.00 - 70.70
n	=	=	Limonite magnetite in sandstone				٥		96.30 - 97.00
9	=	2	do				o		100.70 - 101.50
S		=	Pyrite dissemination in chloritized rock				0		125.00 - 126.75
4	=	÷	Limonite stain in chlorite schist				0		144.60 - 144.90
]	

	Remarks														 36.20 - 37.40	54.70 - 54.80	82.30 - 82.90	88,60 - 88.85	88,85 - 90,10	90.10 - 91.10	91.10 - 92.00
	X-ray Diffrac-	tometry		o	0		0		0		0	o		0							
ed	Polished Chemical Section Analysia														0	0	0	0	0	•	•
Items Tested	Polished Section														 						
Ĩ	Thin Section		o			٥		0		0			0							<u> </u>	
	Hand Spectmen																				
	Auck type and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals		690.4n0 1694.198 Sandy shale	Siltstone	Sandstone	Quartz porphyry	Magnetite mineralized rock	Quartz porphyry	Sandstone	Granite	porphyric(1)	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	Chlorite schist	691.075 1693.511 Limonite stain in siltstone	Pyrite dissemination in siltstone	Pyrite-limonite-manganese oxide	Limonite stain in argillized rock	cp	Massive pyrite and argilized rock	Massive pyrite
Location	(Coordinate) E N	:	1694.19	=	=	=	*	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	1693.51	=	=	E	=	E	2
Toci	(Coord E	1	690.4n0	:	=	=	=	Ξ	Ŧ	=	=	=	=	=	691.075	=	ĩ	=	=	=	=
	Sample No.		DDH No.MJ-8 6.05	11.60	68.00	88,60	101.00	112,90	126.50	126.85	133.30	139.70	142.00	147.80	DH No.MJ-9 39	40		5	£	7	ŝ

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99.90 - 100.80 100.80 - 101.20 101.20 - 102.50 102.50 - 103.50 103.50 - 104.60 - 105.00 92.00 - 92.50 92.50 - 93,00 93.00 - 93.50 93.50 - 94.10 94.10 - 95.10 95.10 - 96.40 96.40 - 97.70 97.70 - 98.10 98.10 - 98.30 99.30 - 99.90 98.30 - 98.60 - 98.85 98.85 - 98.95 98.95 - 99.30 Remarks 98.60 104.60 Polished Chemical Diffrac-Section Analysis tometry o 0 ۵ D o o o o Q o o 0 0 ٥ ٥ o o 0 o 0 Items Tested Thin Section Hand Specimen Large idiomorphic pyrite in chloritized rock Occurence of Metallic Minerals Large idiomorphic pyrite in argillized rock Pyrite dissemination in chloritized rock Pyrite dissemination in argillized rock Pyrite dissemination in silicified rock Pyrite dissemination in silicified rock Pyrite dissemination in epidote rock Massive pyrite and argillized rock rock Rock Type and/or Limonite stain in argillized 1693.511 Massive pyrite Massive pyrite ę g ę ę ę ę, Location (Coordinate) = Ŧ = = z Ξ Ŧ Ξ = = Ξ = = Ξ z = z = = Ξ 691.075 ы s 2 ÷ = 2 z Ŧ Ŧ Ξ 2 Ξ Ξ Ξ 2 = z ; Ξ Q æ σ ล่ ส ~ 12 13 14 5 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 Sample No. 0-UN. ON HOO

Appendix 1-2 List of Samples Tested (Drill Core)

A - 28

Camelo No	Location	tion	Rock Type		It	Items Tested	pa			
• DK at	E	unace)	and/or Occurence of Metallic Minerals	Hand Specimen	Thin Section	Polished Section	Polished Chemical Section Analysis	X-ray Diffrac- tometry	Remarks	
92 9-LM. on HUD	691.075	691.075 1693.511	Pyrite-specularite in quartzose rock				0		105.00 - 105.40	
27	=	ŧ	qo				٥		105.40 - 105.90	
28	=	Ŧ	Pyrite dissemination in chlorite-epidote rock				o		105.90 - 106.60	
29	=	=	op				0		106.60 - 107.00	
30	=	=	do				o		110.85 - 111.30	
31	ŧ	=	do				0		122.90 - 123.50	
32	Ŧ	÷	Limonite stain in chlorite quartz schist				٥		128.20 - 129.50	
33	:	=	Pyrite vein and aggregate in epidote rock				0		138.40 - 138.65	
34	=	=	ф				0		138.65 - 139.20	
35	=	=	đo				0		139.20 - 140.00	
38	:	ŧ	Pyrite dissemination in chlorite-epidote rock				o		141.70 - 142.00	
36	=	=	Pyrice dissemination in silicified rock				ø		144.80 - 146.20	
37	Ŧ	=	do				0		146.20 - 146.60	
26.70	=	=	Quartz porphyry					0		
56.50	=	=	Siltstone					0		
75.00	:	=	Altered rock (Fyrite)			Q				
77.40	:	=	Siltstone					o		
82.50	=	:	Massive limonite with chalcocite(djurleite?) interstici-			٥				
92.60	=	=	cut to react pyrate. Pyrite-sphalerite ore in chlorite(amphibole) skarn	٥		٥				
98.80 104.75	* =	= =	Porphyrite Garnet rock (Skarn)		0 0					
1						Ï				-

	Remarks							6.90 - 7.90	10.40 - 10.90	10.90 - 11.90	45.70 - 46.90	46.90 - 49.90	53.60 - 54.50	54.50 - 55.60	55.60 - 56.10	56.10 - 57.10	57.10 - 58.10	58.10 - 58.90	58.90 - 59.90	59.90 - 60.90	61.90 - 63.00	63.00 - 63.50
-	X-ray Diffrar-	tometry		0		o				·												
ed	Chemical	Analysis						0	0	٥	0	D	0	٥	o	o	٥	0	0	0	0	o
Items Tested	Polished	Section																				
Ĩ	Thin	Section	0		o														_			
	Hand	Specimen							-										_			
Darls Terra		Occurence of Metallic Minerals	691.075 1693.511 Quartz rock (Vein)	Epidate rack	Gernet-epidote-actinuiite rock	Chlorice quartz schist		1694.175 Argilized rock	Epidotized rock	do	Massive hematite	đo	Massive pyrite	đo	do	do	qo	Pyrite veinlets in argillized rock	Pyrite dissemination in argillized rock	da	Pyrite-hematite dissemination with magnetite stringer in argiliized rock	do
Location	(Coordinate)	z	1693.51	=	=	=		1694.17	=	=	=	=	=	=	÷	=	=	=	=	:	=	-
Loca	(Coord	ы Ш	691.075	=	=	=		690.135	ŧ	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	:	=	=	:	=	-
	Sample No.		DDH No.MJ-9 105.20	106.00	138.90	143.50	•	DDH No.MJ-1D 1	2	۳	4	ŝ	ę	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15

v

17 18 19 20 23 24 7,10 55.10	 L694.175	E N Occurence of Metailic Winerals 690.135 1694.175 Pyrite dissemination in argillized rock u u do u u Siltstone u u Massive pyrite	Spectmen Spectmen	Section	Polished Chemistal Section Analysis 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	DMfffrac- tometry o	Kemarks 63.50 - 63.90 63.90 - 64.10 71.10 - 71.70 78.70 - 78.80 79.90 - 80.30 98.70 - 100.20 100.70 - 101.40 108.20 - 108.50	
56.60 72.70 81.20 86.80 118.00 126.50 141.90 149.70	 	Quartzose rock (Pyrite) Quartz porphyry Quartz porphyry Altered quartz porphyry Quartz-epidote rock Quartz porphyry Altered quartz porphyry		0 0 0 0	0	0 0 0 °		

Remarks	X-ray Diffractometry	X-ray Diffractometry	X-ray Diffractometry	X-ray Diffractometry	X-ray D1ffractometry		X-ray Diffractometry
Microscopic Observation	Phenocrysts are of quartz, plagioclase and altered mafic mineral. The groundmass is felsic and rather holocrystalline. It is composed of sericite and quartz.	Principal minerals are quartz, plagioclase, potassium feldspar, and biotite. Small amounts of sphene occur as accessry. Plagioclase is intensely altered into sericite. Biotite is altered into chlorite and epidote. Veinlets of epidote and carbonate mineral are present.	Principal minerals are intensely sericitized plagicclase, potassium feldspar, quartz, biotite and hornblende. Small amounts of sphene and opaque minerals occur as accessory. Unidentified primary mafic minerals are generally altered into epidote.	Subrounded grains of quartz, 0.7mm in size is scattered in the matrix composed of fine-grained quartz, sericite and limonitic materials.	Principal minerals are plagioclase and hornblende. Small amounts of sphene and epidote occur as accessory. The rock is intergranular in texture.	Principal minerals are quartz, plagioclase, potassium fledspar, altered biotite and altered hornblende. Compact xenolith is present.	Frincipal minerals are epidote and quartz. Accassories are small amounts of small needie- shaped actinolite.
Macroscopic Features	White, compact rock. Macroscopically phenocrysts of quartz and plagioclase are observed.	Grey, medium-grained granitic rock	Grey, medium-grained granitic rock	Reddish grey, compact rock	Greyish white, fine- grained granitic rock	Crey, fine-grained, granitic rock	Greenish grey, siliceous rock
Rock Type	Altered quartz porphyry	Altered biotite granodiorite	Altered horblende- biotite granodiorite	Medium-grained sandstone	Altered hornblende micro-diorite	Altered hornblende- biotite, granodiorite	Epidote-quartz -actinolite rock
Group	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock	Tactic F.	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock	Tactic F.
Location (Coordinate)	N1694.60 E 689.85	N1692.63 E 691.19	N1692.94 E 691.28	N1693.71 E 689.89	N1693.82 E 689.95	N1694.94 E 687.58	N1692.79 E 692.03
Sample No.	J 10	06 r	76 r	б Х	K 13	K 63	K 136
Area	Llano del Coyote	2	2	=	=	=	÷

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (1)

Remarks		X-ray Diffractometry	Chemical analysis Fe 8.02%	Chemical analysis Ag 1%, Cu 0.01%, Pb Tr, Zn 0.09%, S 0.09%, Mn 0.34%	X-ray Diffractometry			X-ray Diffractometry
Microscopic Observation	Phenocrysts are of quartz. Glass in the ground- mass is devitrified and altered into quartzose matter, accompanied by biotite and plagioclase. Veinlets of quartz are also observed.	Principal minerals are epidote and quartz. Accessory is sericite accompanied with quartz.	Principal minerals are idiomorphic epidote and quartz. Veinlets filled by colloidal malachite are observed.	Epidote and actinolite are crowded. Among them, sericite and chlorite are observed. Reddish brown poikilitic garnet is scattered.	Vitroclastic structure is seen. Phenocrystic chips of quartz and plagioclase are scattered in the schistose matrix. The matrix is altered and composed of fibrous sericite, quartz, biotite and opaque minerals.	Fríncipal minerals are quartz, hornblende and sphene, accompanied by epidote, zoicite, chlorite, apatite, tremolite and siderite ?. Vein of epidote is also observed.	Principal minerals are quartz, plagioclase, biotite and muscovite. Plagioclase is intensely altered into sericite.	Grain mineral is quartz and plagioclase. Matrix is composed of quartz and sericite. Granular garnet is scatterd.
Macroscopic Features	White, siliceous rock, including breccias	Greenish grey. siliceous rock	Pale greyish green rock, including malachite vein	Pale greenish white rock with limonite stain	Pale greenish white, showing cleavage. Felsic crystals are scattered. Matrix is lustrous.	Yeilovish green, holocrystalline rock	Grey, granitic rock	Grey, compact siliceous rock with limonite stains
Rock Type	Altered quartz porphyry	Epidote-quartz rock	Epidote-quartz rock	Garnet bearing epidote- actinclite rock (Skarn)	Sericite chlorite quartz schist (Rhyolite tuff origin?)	Skarn	Altered muscovite- biotite granodiorite or quartz diorite.	Quartz porphyry
Group	Intrusive rock	Chicol F.	Tactic F.	Tactic F.	Chocol F.			Intrustve
Location (Coordinate)	N1695.12 E 687.91	N1695.32 E 687.62	N1693.47 E 691.39	N1694.68 E 688.95	N1694.40 E 691.00	N1693.30 E 690.51		N1693.02 E 690.91
Sample No.	K 149	K 166	K 190	S 28C	s 46	s 61	S 69	S 78
Area	Llano del Coyote	F	=	:	=	= .	=	=

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (2)

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Remarks	Vein Quartz- opaque miner- al vein cut the quartz porphyry.	Vein Narrow- quartz veins cut the quartz por- phyry.
Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic, and the phenocryst composed of quartz, sericitized plagioclase and opaque mineral. Groundmass is made up of quartz, sericite and microlites of colored and opaque mineral. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocrystic quartz smaller than 2mm are partly quartz Phenocrystic quartz smaller than 2mm are partly outline of the original crystal are still rese- rved and maximum size is measured to 2mm. Opaque mineral Smaller than 1mm crystals are scattered quartz Abundant quartz grains smaller than 0.03mm accupted the groundmass. Sericite Feather like sericite crystals show the para- itel arrangement.	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic, and the pheno- cryst composed of quartz, plagioclase, altered hornblende, and ppaque mineral; and groundmass is made up of fine quartz grains and sericite. (Phenocryst) (Phenocrys
Macroscopic Features	The rock is grayish white in color, and has porphy- ritic structure. Small pyrite grains of metallic buster are distributed.	The rock is grayish white in color and has porphyri- tic structure. Small pyrite grains of metallic luster are present.
Rock Name	Altered (aericitized) Porphyry	Altered (sericitized) chintitized) Hornblende Quart Porphyry ~ Rhyolite
Formation or Group		
Location		
Sample No.	ИЛ-1 109.4	MJ-1 114.4

Appendix-2-1 Microscopic Observation(Drill Core)

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Remarks	Vein narrow- quartz veins cut the quartz porphyry.
Microscopic Observation	<pre>(Groundmass) (Groundmass) (Groundmass) (Guartz Abundant quartz grains smaller than 0.02mm size occuppied the groundmass. Sericite Feather like, high birefringence sericite occupted in the fine quartz, sericite, chlorite, rail are embeded in the fine quartz, sericite, chlorite, epidote groundmass. (Phenocryst) Flagioclase quartz, measured 2mm. Carlsbad and albite twining are observed. Some parts are albite twining are observed. Some parts are albite twining are observed, and maxi- mum size is measured 1mm. Opaque mineral Though the whole mineral is undertat, outline of the original crystal is reserved, and maxi- mum size is measured 1mm. Opaque mineral Though the whole mineral is altered into chlorite, elidote and opaque mineral, outline of the original crystal is reserved, and maxi- mum size is measured 1mm. (Groundmass) (Groundmass) (Groundmass) (Groundmass) chlorite, ergidals of quartz are intermingled in the sericite crystals are intermingled in the guartz Micrograins of quartz are intermingled in the guartz Micrograins of quartz are intermingled in the groundmass) (Groundmass) </pre>
Macroscopic Features	The rock is gray in color and has porphyritic struc- ture. Small grains of pyrite are observed.
Rock Name	Altered Altered (sericitized, chlorized) Quartz Porphyry
Formation or Group	
Location	
Samp1e No.	MJ-1 124.0

Appendix Microscopic Observation

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Observation	
Microscopic	
Appendix-	

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	Remarks	. Vein narrow- quartz Veins cut the quartz porphyry.	Je.
Appendix- Microscopic Observation	Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic, and the pheno- cryst composed of quartz, plagioclaaee, altered mafic and opaque mineral. Groundmass is made up of lange amount of quartz, chlorite, epidote, sericite and opaque mineral. (Phenocryst) (Pheno	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic and the phenocryst composed of quartz and opaque mineral. Ground- mass is made up of quartz, sericite chlorite, epidote and opaque mineral. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Chonoryst) (Chonoryst) (Chonoryst) (Croundmass) (Cro
	Macroscopic Features	The rock is gray in color and penetrated by white quartz vein.	The rock is dark gray in color. Small grains of pyrite are distributed.
	Rock Name	Altered (Chloritized, epidotized, guartz Porphyry	Altered (sericitized chloritized epidotized) quartz porphyry
	Formation or Group		
	Location		
	Sample No.	MJ-1 127.0	MJ-1 138. 7

Remarks	Vein Vein Quartz- Auartz- chlorite chlorite uartz porphy- ry.
Microscopic Observation	Sericite Flakes or fine feather like high birefringence sericite crystals are arranged in parallal. Direfringence chlorite are also aggregated in the groundmass. Epidore Small crystals of brown color and high birefrin- groundmass. Epidore Small crystals of brown color and high birefrin- groundmass. Depidore Small crystals of brown color and high birefrin- gence epidore are also aggregated in the groundmass. Opaque mineral Associating always with chlorite and epidore, opaque mineral present in the groundmass. Under the microscope the rock is porphyritic and the pheno- mass. Opaque mineral. Groundmass composed of quartz, sericite, opaque mineral. Groundmass composed of quartz is measured to functite, epidore and pyrite. (Thenocryst) Quartz Maximum size of phenocrystic quartz is measured to Amm. Quartz crystals are magmaticaly corroded shoung embayment. Plagioclase Maximum size is measured to 2.5mm and show twinnings of carlbad and albite law. Some cry- stals are completely replaced by sericite crysta- la. Altered Mafc Mineral Most of the phenocrystic mafic minerals are altered into aggregate of chlorite, epidore and opaque minerals. Fyrite Maximum size is muasured to 0.5mm. (Groundmass) Groundmass. Sericite Feathery, high birefringence sericite scattered in the groundmass.
Macroscopic Features	Though the rock is compact and gray in color, porphy- ritic atructure is obser- ved.
Rock Name	Altered (seri- citized chloritized) epidotized) Quartz Porphyry
Formation or Group	
Location	
Sample No.	M. 148. 5

Appendix- Microscopic Observation

Remarks			
Microscopic Observation	Chlorite Secondary chlorite and epidote are also acatte Epidote red in the groundmass. Pyrite Small grains of pyrite are also distributed in the groundmass.	Under the microscope the rock is porphyritic and the pheno- cryst composed of quartz, sericitized feldspar, altered mafic mineral and ore. Groundmass is made up of quartz, sericite and epidote. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) quartz The crystals are smaller than 1.2mm and have many embayment due to magmatic corrosion. Altered Plagioclase Though the crystals are wholly replaced by sericite aggregate, original outine of plagioclase are still well reserved. Altered mafic mineral Though the mineral is wholly repla- ced by chlorite, epidote and pyrite, original out line of mafic mineral is still reserved. Ore Maximum size measured to 0.8mm and enclose apatite crystals. (Groundmass) Quartz Fine to medium grained quartz are scattered in the groundmass Sericite Sericite, altered from groundmass plagioclase pidote Epidote crystals, which are altered from mafic minerals are scattered in the groundmass Epidote Epidote crystals, which are altered from mafic	
Macroscopic Features		The rock is compact and gray in color. Fyrite crystals are observed.	
Rock Name		Strongly altered (sericitized, epidotized, pyritized) porphyry Porphyry	
Formation or Group			
Location			
Sample No.		MJ-1 161, 1	

Appendix- Microscopic Observation

Remarks		Vein quartz vein, chlorite- epidote- ore vein cut the epidote- tr page.
Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, abundant altered mafic mineral, plagio clase and ore are embeded in the quartzose and sericitized groundmass. (Phenocryst) Altered Plagioclase Though the crystals are wholly altered into sericite, original outline of plagio- clase is reserved and maximum size measured to clase is reserved and maximum size measured to 2.2mm. Altered mafic mineral Though the crystals are wholly cutline of mafic mineral is reserved and maximum size measured to 2mm. Pyrite Many apatite smaller than 0.5mm prismatic crys- tals are distributed in the groundmass. Apatite Many spatite smaller than 0.5mm prismatic crys- tals are distributed in the groundmass. (Groundmass) (Groundmass) Altered mafic mineral Mafic mineral is reserved and maximum purite Fine function did the groundmass. Apatite Many apatite smaller than 0.5mm prismatic crys- tals are distributed in the groundmass. Apatite Primary fine quartz and secondary quartz of patch form are scattered in the groundmass. Altered mafic mineral Mafic minerals in the groundmass are altered into epidote showing high birefrin- gence. Pyrite Small grains of opaque mineral are distributed in the groundmass and are altered into epidote showing high birefrin- gence.	Under the microscope, angular quartz grains of medium, size, Vein subangular fragment of opaque mineral, and epidote grains are cemented by sericite, chlorite and fine quartz. (Sand Grain) Quartz grain Angular grains smaller than 0.3mm are near- quartz quartz grain Angular grains smaller than 0.3mm are near- in the Quartz grain Angular grains smaller than 0.3mm are near- in the quartz grain Angular grains grains and fine quartz. (Continued by serici- epidote
Macroscopic Features	The rock is dark gray in color. Small grains of pyrite ore are distributed in the rock.	The rock is dark gray in color, and compact.
Rock Name	Strongly altered (sericitized pyritized) quartz Diorite Porphyry	Epidote Chlorite Sericite Quartz Schist
Formation or Group		
Location		
Sample No.	ИТ-Т 162.8 ИТ-Т	MJ-1 223.6

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Remarks	chlorite- sericite- quartz-schist.		Vein Quartz vein and epidote vein cut tha	hornblende granophyre.	
Microscopic Observation	Opaque mineral grain subangular fragments smaller than, 0.2mm are also distributed in the matrix. Epidote grain Small amount of epidote grains smaller than 0.1mm are scattered in the matrix.	(Cementing Material) Sericite Filling up the interstices of quartz grains, sericite crystals are developed. Chlorite Some part of interstices, chlorite crystals are Sporadicaly developed. Fine Quartz Cementing the angular medium grained quartz, fine grained quartz crystals are observed.	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic and the altered phenocrysts, plagioclase and hornblende are embeded in the groundmass of granophyric structure.	<pre>(Phenocryst) Altered plagloclase Smaller than Zmm of the plagloclase crystals are wholy sericitized, but some part remain fresh showing calabad and albite twinings. Altered Hornblende Smaller than 1.5mm of the hornblende are wholy altered into chlorite, epidote and opaque mineral but reserves their original outline of hornblende.</pre>	(Groundmass) Quartz Groundmass of this rock shows typical micro- quartz graphic structure of quartz and feldspar. Feldspar graphic structure of the feldspar. Chlorite Small amount of chlorite epidote and opaque Epidote Small amount of chlorite epidote and opaque Ore mineral are distributed in the groundmass.
Macroscopic Features			The rock is gray in color. Small grains of pyrite are distributed.		
Rock Name			Altered (sericitized chloritized	pyritized) Hornblende Granophyre	
Formation or Group					
Location		· · · · · · · ·			·····
Sample No.			MJ-1 227.4		

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Remarks	Vein Quartz vein and Epidote- chlorite vein cut the quartz sericite schist.				
Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, rock fragments of quartzite, mineral Vein fragments of quartz and plagioclase are cemented by fine Quartz vei quartz and sericite. (Rock Fragments) (Rock Fragments) quartzite Rounded quartzite grains smaller than 3mm, have sericite a mosaic structure of quartz crystals. Quartz Porphyry Crains are porphyritic, and the corroded quartz and plagioclase are cemented by fine quartz and sericite.	<pre>(Mineral Fragments) Quartz Subrounded and corroded quartz grains smaller than Quartz Subrounded and corroded quartz grains smaller than Plagioclase Subrounded plagioclase grains smaller than 0.5mm show albite twining</pre>	<pre>(Cementing material) (Cementing material) Quartz Large amounts of fine quartz grains together with sericite amounts of fine quartz, abundant sericite are scattered in the matrix.</pre>	Under the microscope, rock and mineral fragments are cement- ed by fine quartz, sericite, chlorite and opaque minerals. Rock fragments are quartz porphyry and mineral fragments are quartz, plagioclase and altered mafic mineral. (Rock Fragments) Quartz porphyry Abundant rock fragments of quartz porphyr ry are scattered in the matrix. Fragments are porphyritic and phenocrystic quartz and plagio- clase are cemented by fine quartz and chlorite.	Continued to next page.
Macroscopic Features	The rock is compact and gray in color. Pyrite crystals are distributed in the rock.			The rock is compact and gray in color. Pyrite cry- stals are distributed in the rock.	
Rock Name	Quarcz Sericite Schist			Epidote Chlorite Sericite Quartz Schist	
Formation or Group					
Location					
Sample No.	н-гм 232.7			MJ-1 235.1	

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Remarks					
Microscopic Observation	<pre>(Mineral Fragments) (Mineral Fragments) Quartz Some crystals smaller than 3mm are magmaticaly corroded. Plagioclase Abundant fragments smaller than 2mm show carlsbad and albite twinnings. Altered maitc mineral Small amount of mafic mineral alte- red into aggregate of chlorite, epidote and opaque winerals.</pre>	(Cementing Materials) Quartz Fine quartz crystals are arranged in one direction showing achistose structure. Sericite Some fine sericite crystals are aggregated in lenticular to vein form. Chlorite Both minerals are scattered in the matrix. Opaque Both minerals are scattered in the matrix.	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic, and the phenocryst composed of quartz, altered plagioclase and altered mafic mineral. Groundmass is made up of graphic intergrowth of quartz and plagioclase, and some altered mafic mineral.	<pre>(Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) Quartz Nagmaticaly corroded crystals of 0.7mm are pre- sent as phenocryst. Plagioclase Smailer than 3mm phenocrystic plagioclase are present, most part are altered into sericite, partly into epidote and zoisite. Mafic mineral Smail amount of phenocrystic mafic mineral altered into aggregate of chlorite, epidote and opaque mineral.</pre>	(Groundmass) (Groundmass) Quartz Micrographic intergrowth of quartz and pla- Quartz gioclase are observed. Some Plagioclase altered into sericite.
Macroscopic Features			The rock is compact and dark gray in color.		
Rock Name	20 0.00 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 -		Altered (sericitized, epidotized zoisitized) Granophyre		
Formation or Group					
Location			τα		
Sample No.			MJ-1 246.0		

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Observation	
Microscopic	-
Appendix-	

Remarks	Vein The rock 18 penetrated by cilorite vein.	
Microscopic Observation '	Under the microscope the rock is halocrystalline consisting of quartz muscovice, mafic mineral and pyrite. In this rock, fine crystalline part and medium crystalline part are alternately arranged showing schistose structure. Fine crystalline part fine crystalline part is made up of fine quartz and mafic minerals. Medium crystalline part Medium grained part composed of quartz, muscovite and pyrite	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic, and the phenocryst consist of quartz, plagloclase and mafic mineral. Groundmass is made up of quartz, sericite mafic mineral and limonite. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) quartz Rounded and partly corroded quartz crystals smaller than 2.5mm are scattered in the ground- mass. Plagioclase Phenocrystic plagioclase crystals smaller than lum show albite twinning. Mafic mineral Phenocrystic plagioclase crystals smaller than 0.5mm are all altered into limonite or goethite. (Groundmass) quartz Small frregular form of quartz grains occupied math parts of the groundmass. Sericite Fine, high birefringence sericite are aggregat- ed in the lenticular form. Mafic mineral Fine microlites of mafic mineral are scat- tered in the groundmass. Limonite (goethite) Microcrystals of limonite (goethite) are also distributed in the groundmass.
Macroscopic Features	The rock is gray in color, and show schlacose struc- ture. Pyrice crystals are scattered in the rock.	The rock is reddish gray in color. Porphyritic structure is observed.
Rock Name	Quartz Muscovite Schist	Altered (sericitized) Quartz Porphyry
Formation or Group		
Location		
Sample No.	2TW 29E	2-LM 1.04

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Observation	
Microscopic	
Appendix-	

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Remarks	Vein Epidote vein cut the quartz porphyry.			
Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic and the Vein phenocryst composed of quartz, plagloclase, altered mafic Epide mineral and opaque mineral. Groundmass is made up of micro- cut graphic structure of quartz and feldspar, sericite, epidote quart and opaque mineral.	<pre>(Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) Quartz Corroded quartz crystals smaller than 1.5mm are scattered in the groundmass. Plagioclase Plagioclase crystals smaller than 2mm are altered mostly into sericite aggregate, partly into epidote and zoicite, but some crystal show albite twinng. Mafic mineral Mafic crystals are altered into aggregate of epidote and zoicite.</pre>	(Groundmass) Quartz Micrographic structure of quartz and feid- Plagioclase spar are observed. Sericite Lenticular aggregate of fine sericite are ob- served in the groundmass. Epidote Fine epidote crystals are distributed in the groundmass. Opaque mineral Small opaque crystals are scattered.	Under the microscope, the rock is prophyritic and the phenocryst composed of quartz, plagioclase, hornblende (altered) and opaque mineral. Groundmass is made up of quartz, sericite and opaque mineral. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocrystic bipyramidal quartz are scattered in the groundmass. The crystals show magmatic corrosion. <i>Continued to next page.</i>
Macroscopic Features	The rock is gray in color, and phenorrystic dark spots are arranged in parallel. Pyrite crystal with mendiic luster are		•	The rock is gray in color. Porphyritic structure is seen.
Rock Name	Altered (sericitized, epidotized, zoisitized, pyritized)	Рогрнугу		Altered (sericitized, epidotized) Hornblende Quartz Porphyry Rhyolite
Formation or Group				
Location		-		
Sample No.	MJ-2 94.8			MJ-2 117.0

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A-44

Remarks	Vein quartz- carbonate carbonate chorite, stist, shist,	
Microscopic Observation	Plagioclase Phenocrystic plagioclase smaller than lmm are mostly sericitized, but some crystals show albite twin. Hornblende Phenocrystic hornblendes smaller than 1.5mm are all altered into epidote of high birefringence. Deaque mineral Small amount of opaque mineral are sporadically scattered. (Groundmass) (Groenting Material (Matrix)) (Groenting Mat	Continued to next page.
Macroscopic Features	The rock is compact and gray in color.	
Rock Name	Chlorite Sericite Quartz Schiat	
Formation or Group		
Location		
Sample No.	MJ-2 277.6	

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Appendix- Microscopic Observation

A-45

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Remarks					
Microscopic Observation	Sericite Fine sericite crystals take parallel arrangement with each other and matrix quartz showing schis- tosity Chlorite Pale green color chlorite rarely shows linear arrangement. Carbonate High birefringence carbonate are also sporadi- caly distributed.	Under the microscope, rock and mineral fragments are cement- ed by fine quartz, sericite and opaque crystals showing schi- stose structure. Rock fragments are sandstone and the mineral fragments are quartz, plagioclese and opaque mineral.	(Rock Fragments) Sandstone grain Leuticular sandstone fragment smaller than 2.5mm composed of quartz, sericite, chlorite and opaque mineral.	 (Mineral Fragments) Quartz Angular to subangular quartz, grains smaller than lmm are scattered in the matrix. Some grains show magmatic corrosion. Plagioclase Subangular plagioclase smaller than 0.7mm are sporadicaly scattered in the matrix. Opaque mineral Small amount of opaque minerals are scat- tered in the matrix. 	(Cementing Material) Quartz Fine quartz crystals take parallel arrangement in certain direction. Sericite Fine sericite crystals ranged in parallel with each other and matrix quartz showing schistose structure. Opaque mineral Small grains are scattered in the matrix.
Macroscopic Features		The rock is compact and gray in color.			
Rock Name		Sericite Quartz Schist			
Formation or Group					
Location					
Sample No.		MJ-2 282.4			

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Appendix- Microscopic Observation

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Remarks		<u></u>			<u></u>		
Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, colorlees minerals and mafic minerals are alternately arranged showing schistose structure. Colorless minerals are quartz and sericite and mafic minerals are made up of zoisite, epidote and opaque mineral. (Colorless Minerals) (Colorless Minerals)	nted by sericite. Serucite Fine, high index and birefringence sericite crystals are ranged in parallel together with fine quartz.	<pre>(Mafic Minerals) Zoisite Zoisite crystals smaller than 0.15mm are ranged in certain direction together with opaque mineral and epidote. Epidote Associating with zoisite crystals, small amount of epidote crystals are distributed. Opaque mineral Associating with zoisite, opaque minerals smaller than 0.7mm are arranged in ore direction.</pre>		Under the microscope, colorless minerals and mafic minerals are alternately arranged showing schistose structure. Colorless minerals are quartz and sericite, mafic minerals are made up of epidote, chlorite, zoisite and opaque mine- ral.	(Colorless Minerals) Quartz Subangular grains smaller than 0.15mm are cemen- ted by fine sericite. Sericite Fine, high index and birefringence sericite crystals are arranged in certain direction.	(Mafic Minerals) Epidote High birefringence epidote crystals smaller than 0.1mm are scattered in the rock.
Macroscopic Features	The rock is gray in color and has schistose struc- ture.				The rock is gray in color and has schistose struc- ture.		
Rock Name	Epidote Zoisite Sericite Quartz Schist			•	Zoisite Chlorite Epidote Sericite Quartz		
Formation or Group							
Location							
Sample No.	HJ-3 85.8				MJ-3 100.7	<u> </u>	

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Remarks					
Microscopic Observation	Chlorite Pale green color and low birefringence chlorite crystals are scattered in the rock. Zoisite Together with epidote mineral small amount of zoisite is also observed. Opaque mineral Associated with epidote, opaque minerals smaller than 0.2mm are scattered.	Under the microscope, colorless minerals and mafic minerals are alternately arranged in parallel and show schistose structure. Colorless minerals consist of quartz and serici- te, mafic minerals are chlorite, epidote and opaque mineral.	(Colorless Minerals) Quartz Associated with sericite crystals, quartz cryst- als smaller than 0.2mm are arranged in parallel. Sericite Fine, high index and birefringence sericite crystals are arranged in parallel showing schis- tose structure.	(Mafic Minerals) Chlorite Filling up the interstices of quartz crystals and opaque mineral, pale green and low birebrin- gence chlorite crystals are developed. Epidote Associated with epidote and intermingled with quartz, high birefringence epidote are scattered. Opaque mineral Concordant to schistocity, most of the opaque minerals are distributed together with chlorite. But some crystals are arranged obliqu- eiy to the general schistocity of the rock.	
Macroscopic Features		The rock is dark gray in color and has schistose structure. Small pyrite crystals are scattered in	the Fock.		
Rock Name		Epidote Chlorite Sericite Quartz	Schiat		
Formation or Group					
Location					
Sample No.		MJ-3 125.0			

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Remarks		
Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic, and the phenocryst composed of quartz, plagioclase, altered mail epidote and sericite. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocrystic) are present as phenocrystic. Plagioclase smaller than 3mm are present. Many crystals smaller than 3mm fresh and show albite twining. Altered mails mine sericite. Some crystal remains fresh and show albite twining. Altered mails mineral Mafic mineral smaller than 1mm are all altered by fine sericite. Some crystal remains fresh and show albite twining. Altered mafic mineral Mafic mineral smaller than 0.4mm are mineral. Opaque mineral. Opaque mineral. (froundmass) (groundmass) (groundmass) (groundmass) (groundmass) (groundmass) (sericite Main of the quartzose groundmass. Sericite Fine sericite crystals are scattered in the groundmass.	Under the microscope the rock is porphyritic, and the pheno- cryst composed of quartz, plagiociase and opaque mineral. Groundmass is made up of quartz, plagioclase sericite, chlorite, epidote and opaque mineral. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) Quartz Portly corroded phenocrystic quartz smaller than 2mm are embeded in the groundmass of fine quartz, plagioclase and sericite. <i>Continued to next page</i> .
Macroscopic Features	The rock 18 gray in color, and show porphyritic structure.	The rock is grayish white in color and show porphy- ritic structure
Rock Name	Altered (sericitized epidotized quartz Porhtz v Rhyolite	Altered (sericitized chloritized epidotized) Quartz Forphyry
Formation or Group		
Location		
Sample No.	HJ-3	MJ-3 182.7

A-49

Remarks		Vein quartz- epidote- ore mineral vein cut the rhyolite the rhyolite page.
Microscopic Observation	<pre>Flagioclase Idiomorphic, twinned crystals are present as phenocryst. Some crystals partly altered into sericite. Opaque mineral Small amount of opaque minerals are scat- tered in the groundmass. (Groundmass) (Groundmass) (Groundmass) (artz Abundant irregular shape quartz crystals occupied the main part of groundmass. Sericite Fine sericite crystals are scattered is groundmass. Chlorite Pale green color and low birefringence chlorite crystals are distributed in the groundmass. Epidote High birefringence epidote crystals are scatter- red in the groundmass. Opaque mineral Small grain of opaque minerals are scatter tered in the groundmass.</pre>	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic, and pheno- cryst composed of quartz, plagioclase and altered mafic mineral. Groundmass is made up of felsitic structure of quartz, sericite, chlorite and epidote. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phagioclase Idiomorphic, twinned crystals are present as phenocryst, twinned crystals are present into zoicle, epidote and sericite. (Afle mineral Small amount of mafic mineral altered into chlorite and epidote. (Groundmass) (Gr
Macroscopfc Features		The rock is grayish green in color and show porphy- ritic atructure
Rock Name		Altered (sericitized, chloritized) Rhyolite Rhyolite
Formation or Group		
Location		
Sample No.		MJ-3 188.5

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Remarks		
Microscopic Observation	Sericite Fine sericite crystals are scattered in the quartzose groundmass. Chiorite Chlorite of the pale green color is also dist- ributed in the groundmass. Epidote High birefringence epidote crystals are also scattered in the groundmass.	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic and the pheno- cryst composed of quartz, plagloclase, altered mafic mineral and opque mineral. Groundmass is made up of irregular shape quartz feldspar, chlorite, epidote, sericite and opaque mineral. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) are scattered in the groundmass. Plagioclase Idiomorphic, smaller than fum twinned pla- gioclase erystals are present as phenocryst. Some parts are altered into aggregate of epidote, chlorite and opaque mineral. Opaque mineral Mafic phenocrysts smaller than lum are all altered into aggregate of epidote, chlorite and opaque mineral. Opaque mineral Opaque mineral. Opaque mineral Opaque mineral. (foroundmass) (croundmass) (croundmass) feldspar Feldspar crystals larger than quartz sporadica- ly scattered in the groundmass. Feldspar Feldspar crystals larger than quartz sporadica- ly scattered in the groundmass. (foroundmass) feldspar Small grains of these minerals are scattered in the groundmass. Feldspar Feldspar crystals larger than quartz sporadica- ly scattered in the groundmass.
Macroscopic Features		The rock is gray in color, and show porphyritic structure.
Rock Name		Altered (aericitized chioritized quartz) Porphyry
Formation or Group		
Location		
Sample No.		MJ-3 195.4

A - 5 1

Remarks	·
Microscopic Observation	Under the microscope, the rock is porphyritic and the phenocryst composed of quartz, altered piagioclase and structure of quartz and scritcite; epidote and chlorite are also scuttered in the groundmass. (Phenocryst) (Phenocryst) quartz Partly corroded quartz crystals smaller than 3. mare scattered in the groundmass. Altered Plagioclase All phenocrystic plagioclase smaller than 2mm are altered into sericite or epidote and zoicite crystals. Altered mafic mineral. Opaque mineral. Opaque mineral. Opaque mineral. Opaque mineral. Opaque mineral. Croundmass) (Groundmass) (Groundmass) (Groundmass enclosing polititicaly se- ricite and other groundmass minerals. Sericite Fine sericite are enclosed in the groundmass quartz. Epidote Small grains of these minerals are scattered Opaque in the groundmass.
Macroscopic Features	The rock is gray in color, and show porphyritic structure
Rock Name	Altered (sericitized chioritized) Rhyolite Rhyolite
Formation or Group	
Location	
Sample No.	MJ-3 272. 3

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Remarks					
Microscopic Observation	Principal minerals are epidote and quartz. Pale brown chlorite is also observed. Opaque minerals are accompanied by garnet.	Groundmass is composed of quartz, spidote, garnet and chlorite. The rock is suffered veak mineralization. Opaque mineral (Pyrite) accompanied by garnet is scattered.	Frincipal minerals are mostly of opaque minerals (pyrite) including epidote, and a small amount of chlorite.	Principal minerals, of medium-grained, are quartz, perthitic potassium feldspar and altered biotite. Plagioclase is mostly altered into aggregates of sericite. Chlorite and epidote occur as secondary minerals in biotite. Opaque mineral is scattered and is accompanied by epidote.	Principal minerals are abundant quartz, feldspar and muscovite. Some parts of feldspar altered into sericite aggregate.
Macroscopic Features	Brown and yellowish brown parts are blended ar random.	Yellow and green, massive rock with pyrite impregnation, and showing alteration blending.	Dense aggregate of granular pyrite	Altered holocrystal- line rock. Green spots are scattered.	Sheared, pale green, medium-grained granitic rock.
Rock Type	Garnet bearing epidote-quartz rock	Garnet bearing quartz-epidote rock	Massive pyrite with minor amounts of epidota skarn.	Altered granite	Clastic granite
Group	Chicol F.	Chicol F.	Chicol F.	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock
Location (Coordinate)	N1694.023 E 689.958	N1694,023 E 689,958	E 689.958	N1693.927 E 690.113	K1693.927 E 690.113
Sample No.	Drill Core MJ-4 86.50	Drill Core MJ-4 92.60	Drill Core MJ-4 140.50	Drill Core MJ-5 56.30	Drill Core MJ-5 75.80
Area	Llano del Coyote	*	:	ء	2

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (3)

Remarks					X-ray Diffractometry	
Microscopic Observation	Groundmass is composed of quartz and sericite which show arrangement in a direction. Veinlet of ore and quartz is observed.	Black opaque mineral is dominant. Clastic struc- ture is shown. Quartz, feldspar and glass are seen. Groundmass is altered to epidote, chlorite and quartz.	Principal minerals are epidote, sericite, quartz and opaque mineral. Sericite is relatively coarse. Original rock is unknown.	Principal minerals are, as a matter of course, epidote, quartz and garnet. Carnet 15 granular in shape.	Rock are altered to quartz and fine sericite. Opnque mineral is scattered	Structure is fluidal. Phenocrysts are of quartz, plagioclase and unidentified mafic mineral. The matrix is devitrified and altered into quartzose matter, including sericite. These secondary minerals run parallei to each other.
Macroscopic Features	White pale grey banded rock impregneted by ore mass	Clastic part(structural ?) with massive pyrite and magnetite	Dark green, mineral- ized massive rock	Pale green, porous	Grey, siliceous rock with magnetite diesemination	White altered rock, showing fluidal structure. Altered phenocrysts are seen.
Rock Type	Sericite chlorite quartz schiat	Skarn	Epidote- sericite- quartz rock	Garnet bearing epidote-quartz rock	Altered dacite	Altered dacite
Group	Chicol F.	Chicol F.	Chicol F.	Chicol R.	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock
Location (Coordinate)	N1693.927 E 090.113	N1693.927 E 690.113	N1693.927 E 690.113	N1693.927 E 690.113	N1694.009 E 690.848	N1694.009 E 690.848
Sample No.	Drill Core MJ-5 93.80	Drill Core MJ-5 119.30	Drill Core MJ-5 119.43	Drill Core MJ-5 120.40	Drill Core MJ-6 46.10	Drill Core MJ-6 57.10
Area	Llano del Coyote	*	Ŧ	=	=	=

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (4)

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Remarks						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Microscopic Observation	Quartz grain is fresh and fragmental. Feldspar is weekly altered to sericite-quartz. Matrix is strongly suffered to sericite and quartz.	Quartz and plagioclase grains are observed and plagioclase is altered. Matrix is suffered sericite-quartz-epidote alteration.	Subangular grains of quartz and altered feldspar are scattered, together with a small amount of biotite in the matrix composed of sericite and opaque mineral accompanied by biotite.	Subangular grains of quartz, altered plagioclase and a small amount of muscovite flakes are scattered in the matrix composed of sericite.	Principal minerals are epidote, quartz and opaque mineral. Accessories are actinolite and chlorite. These minerals run parallel to each other. Opaque mineral occurs as veinlet or dissemination.	Phenocryst is of partly sericitized plagioclase sericite and opaque minerals. Veinlets composed of epidote, opaque mineral and quartz are observed.
Macroscopic Features	Rock is stratified and coarse rock fragments are seen.	Fale green rock.	White, medium-grained sandstone, including felsic fragments	Yellowish white, coarse-grained sand∽ stone		Greenish grey, compact rock
Rock Type	Conglomerate schist	Sericite quartz schist	Altered sand- stone	Altered sand- stone	Chlorite- trebolite- epidote rock with opaque mineral	Altered rhyolite or quartz porphyry
Group	Chicol F.	Chicol F.	Tactic F.	Tactic F.	Chical F.	Intrusive rock
Location (Coordinate)	N1694.009 5 690.848	N1694.009 2 690.848	N1693.890 E 690.260	N1693.890 E 690.260	N1693.890 E 690.260	N1693.890 E 690.260
Sample No.	Drill Core MJ-6 98.45	Dr <u>i</u> ll Core MJ-6 119.50	Drill Core MJ-7 36.20	Drill Core MJ-7 76.55	Ът111 Соте МЈ-7 126.30	Drill Core MJ-7 I&L.70
Area	Llano del Coyote	F	=	=	=	-

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (5)

Remarks					
Microscopic Observation	Glass in the groundmass is devitrified and altered into quartzose matter and sericite, accompanied by opaque mineral. Veinlets of quartz, opaque mineral and epidote are observed.	Fragments of pumice and chips composed of quartz, plagioclase and mefic mineral are scattered in the altered matrix. Fragments of pumice and chips of plagioclase are wholly altered into sericite. Mefic minerals are also altered into secricite. Periodec, chlorite and opaque mineral. Veins composed of secondary quartz, chlorite, epidote and opaque mineral are observed.	Black opaque mineral are scattered. Quartz and feldspar grains small in quantity are observed. Narrix is composed of fine quartz and sericite and shows arrangement of one direction.	Chips of quartz, plagioclase, and fragments of pophyritic rock and pumice are scattered in the matrix. The matrix are altered and composed of sericite. Veinlets of quartz, chlorite, epidote and muscovite are observed.	Phenocryst is quartz. Glass in the groundmass is devitrified and altered into quartzose matter, including sericite. Veinlets of quartz, chlorite and epidote are present.
Macroscopic Features	Greyish white, silicified rock	Greenish grey, compact rock	White and bluish grey parts are banded. White part is coarser than bluish grey part	Pale greenish grey, compact siliceous rock	Greenish grey, siliceous rock
Rock Type	Altered rhyo- líte or quattz por- phyry	Sericite chlorite quartz schist (Rhyolite tuff origin?)	Quartz schist	Sericite chiorite quartz schist (Rhyolite tuff origin?)	Altered quartz porphyry
Group	Intrusive rock	Chicol F.	Chicol F.	Chicol F.	Intrustve
Location (Coordinate)	r1693-890 E 690.260	N1693.890 E 090.260	N1693.890 E 690.260	м1693.890 Е 690.260	N1693.890 E 690.260
Sample No.	Drill Core MJ-7 196.30	Drill Core MJ-7 200.80	Drill Core MJ-7 206.70	Drill Core MJ-7 222.10	Dr111 Core MJ-7 224,00
Area	Llano del Coyote	2	=	-	=

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (6)

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Remarks					
Microscopic Observation.	Frincipal minerals, of coarse-grained, are quartz, plagloclase and potassium feldepar. Small amounts of epidote, chlorite and sericite occur as secondary minerals. Opaque mineral is present, accompanied by epidote.	Phenocryst is a small amount of quartz. Ground- mass is composed of quartz, epidote, zoisite, sericite and muscovite.	Phenocryst is of quartz, plagioclase and un- identified mafic mineral altered into aggregate of chlorite and epidote. The groundmass is felsic and is composed of quartz, feldspar and chlorite. Veinlets of epidote, chlorite and secondary quartz are present.	Phenocryst is of quartz, plagioclase. Unidenti- fied mafic mineral altered into chlorite, epidote and opaque mineral. Some parts of plagioclase are altered into sericite. The groundmass is composed of quartz, feldspar sericite and epidote. Veinlet of sericite is observed.	Subangular or subrounded grains of quartz and feldspar scattered in the altered matrix, composed of sericite and biotite. Opaque mineral is also observed.
Macroscopic Features	Pale greyish white, coarse-grained granitic rock	Greyish white	Greenish grey, compact rock	Pale greenish grey, compact porphyritic rock	Pale green, weathered, fine-grained, loose rock
Rock Type	Altered granite	Altered quartz porphyry	Altered quartz porphyry	Altered quartz porphyry	Sandy shale
Group	Intrusive	Intrusive	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock	Santa Rosa
Location (Coordinate)	N1693.890 E 690.260	N1693.890 E 690.260	N1693.890 E 690.260	N1693.890 E 690.260	N1694.198 E 690.400
Sample No.	Drill Core MJ-7 224.80	Drill Core MJ-7 242.40	Drill Core MJ-7 251.90	Drill Core MJ-7 266.00	Drill Core MJ-8 6.05
Area	Llano del Coyote	2	ž	=	=

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (7)

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 Remarks						
Microscopic Observation	Texture is vitroclastic. Phenocryst are of quartz and feldspar. Feldspar is altered into sericite and epidota. Groundmass is altered into sericite and quartzose matter.	Texture is vitroclastic. Phenocrysts of quartz and plagioclase are large in quantity. Albite twin of plagioclase can be observed. Matrix is altered to sericite and quartz. Epidote and apatite are also observed.	It shows holocrystalline texture and is composed of quartz, plagioclase, orthoclase and biotite. Orthoclase is suffered sericitization. Epidote is also formed.	Principal minerals are angular quartz and plagioclase. Groundmass is composed of quartz, feidspar and sericite. A small amount of epidote is seen.		
Macroscopic Features	Quartz porphyry Pale green, compact rock	Yellowish grey, compact rock. Felsic grains are scattered.	Holocrystailine granitic rock suffered to green alteration	Quartz porphyry Fine siliceous rock. Felsic crystals are scattered.		
Rock Type	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry Yellowish grey. compact rock. grains are scat	Granite	Quartz porphyry		
Group	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock	Intrusive rock		
Location (Coordinate)	N1694.198 E 690.400	N1694, 198 E 690,400	N1694.198 E 690.400	N1694.198 E 690.400		
Sample No.	Drill Core MJ-8 88.60	Drill Core MJ-8 I12.90	Drill Core MJ-8 126.85	Drill Core MJ-8 142.00		
Агеа	Llano del Coyote	:	:	-		

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (8)

Remarks		·
Microscopic Observation	Sphalerite is transparent and shagreen in thin section, and occurs as dense aggregates of anhedral crystals of 0.1 to 0.5mm in diameter. Sometimes it penetrates the grains of pyrite having the shape of minute valulets. Replaced with chloritte. Pyrite is mostly anhedral to subhedral, but rarely keeps the cub-shaped eubedral crystal form. It occurs to have two sorts of grain size. Coarser grains are of 0.5 to 1.5mm in diameter and show anhedral to subhedral form surrounded and replaced by sphalerite and chlorite, whereas finer grains exhibit guard and replaced with form of 0.05mm \pm in diameter included in sphalerite. Sphalerite and giameter included the sphalerite. Sphalerite and solven and chlorite whereas finer diameter included the sphalerite. Sphalerite and solven and solve and chlorite of the sphalerite of the sphalerite. Sphalerite and solven and solve and chlorite of the sphalerite of the sphalerite of the sphalerite of the sphalerite. Sphalerite are comented and replaced with radial or fibrous aggregates of actual chlorite crystals.	Phenocryst is altered plagioclase. This rock is suffered wholly strong silicification. Groundmass is composed of relatively coarse sericite and quartz. Epidote is seen small in quantity.
Macroscopic Features	Fyrite and sphalerite grains are richly dissemi- nated in dark gray gangue matrix.	White grey, altered rock. Felsic phenocrysts arc scattered and pyrites disseminate.
Rock Name	Fyrite-sphale rite ore in chlorite skarn.	Porphyrite
Formation or Group	Chicol F.	Intrusive rock
Location	E 691.075	R1693.511 E 691.075
Sample No.	Dr111 Co M1-9 92.60	6 - FW

Appendix- Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (9)

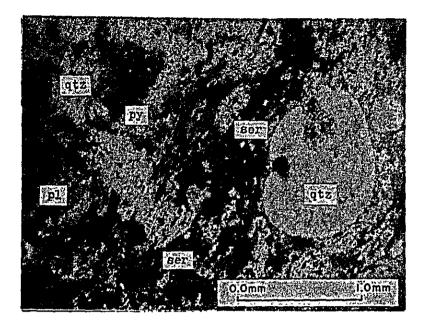
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Remarks	i					X-ray Diffractometry
Microscopic Observation	Garnet is zoned hexagonal in shape. Opaque mineral (Pyrite) occurs in dissemination or veinlet.	Principal mineral is quartz which is usually holocrystalline granular or idiomorphic hexa- gonal shape. (Sericite is also formed.) Black opaque and reddish needle-like minerals are scattered.	Principal minerals are garnet, epidote and tremolite. Opaque mineral accompanied by tremolite occurs mainly in garnet.	Phenocrysts are plagioclase and a small amount of quartz. Groundmass is altered into sericite and quartzoge matter. Veinlets of quartz are observed	Phenocryst is quartz which is 1.5mm in diameter. Groundmass is composed of quartz and sericite which are coarse and show granular texture. Veinlets of quartz are observed.	Frincipal minerals are quartz and epidote. Quartz is relatively coarse, 0.2mm in diameter. Veinlets of quartz are observed. Poikilitic and granular opaque minerals are scattered.
Macroscopic Features	Dark grey, massive rock	White compact rock	Yellowish green, massive rock	Quartz porphyry Grey, laminated rock	Pale green, altered rock. Felsic pheno- crysts are scattered.	Yellow and green parts are blended at random.
Rock Type	Garnet Skarn	Quartz rock (Vein)	Garnet- epidote- actinulite rock (Skarn)	Quartz porphyry	Altered quartz porphyry	Quartz- epidate rock
Group	Chicol F.	Vein	Chicol F.	Intrusive rock	Intrusive	
Location (Coordinate)	N1693.511 E 691.075	E 691.075	N1693,511 E 691.075	N1694,175 E 690,135	N1694.175 E 690.135	N1694.175 E 690.135
Sample No.	Drill Care MJ-9 104.75	Drill Core MJ-9 105.20	Drill Core MJ-9 138.90	Drill Core MJ-10 81.20	Drill Core MJ-10 118.00	Drill Core MJ-10 126.50
Area	Llano del Coyote	=	£	=	:	=

Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (10)

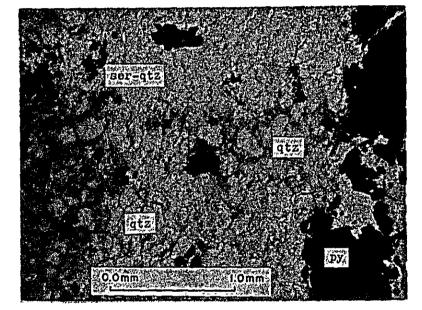
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Remarks	
Microscopic Observation	Phenocrysts are composed of quartz, plagloclase and altered mafic mineral. Unidentified mafic mineral is completely altered into sericite and chlorite. Groundmass is composed of quartz, sericite, chlorite and spatite in decreasing order. Opaque mineral is observed.
Macroscopic Features	Pale bluish green rock. Green pheno- crysts are scattered.
Rock Type	Altered quartz pozphyry
Group	Intrusive
Location (Coordinate)	N1694.175 E 690.135
Sample No.	Drill Core MJ-10 149.70
Area	Liano del Coyate

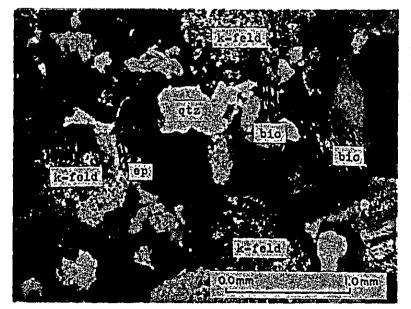
Appendix 2-1 Microscopic Observation - Thin Section (11)



Sericite-chlorite quartz schist Sample No. Drill core MJ-7 222.10m Locality Llano del Coyote qtz : Quartz pl : Plagioclase ser : Sericite py : Pyrite

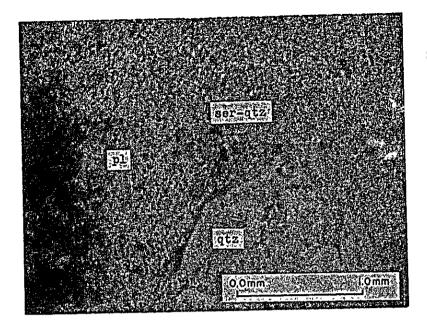


Altered sandstone Sample No. Drill core MJ-7 76.55m Locality Llano del Coyote qtz : Quartz ser-qtz : Sericitequartz aggregate



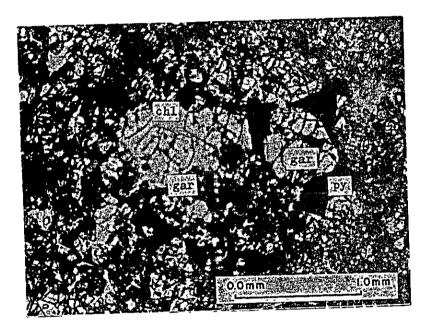
Altered hornblande biotite granodiorite Sample No. J-94 Locality Llano del Coyote qtz : Quartz k-feld : Potash feldspar bio : Biotite ep : Epidote

A - 6 2



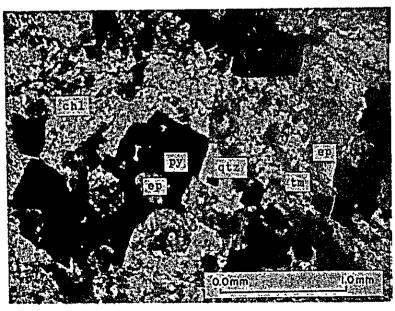
Altered quartz porphyry Sample No. Drill core MJ-10 118.00m Locality Llano del Coyote qtz : Quartz pl : Plagioclase ser-qtz : Sericite-quartz aggregate

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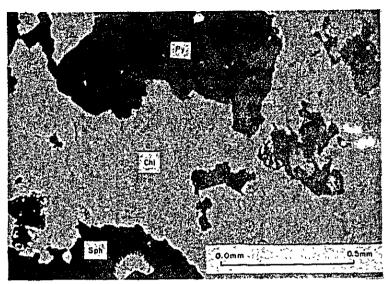
Garnet skarn Sample No. Drill core MJ-9 104.75m Locality Llano del Coyote gar : Garnet chl : Chlorite

py : pyrite

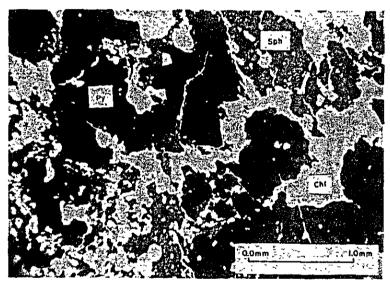


Chlorite-tremoliteepidote skarn Sample No. Drill core MJ-7 126.30m Locality Llano del Coyote qtz : Quartz ep : Epidote tm : Tremolite

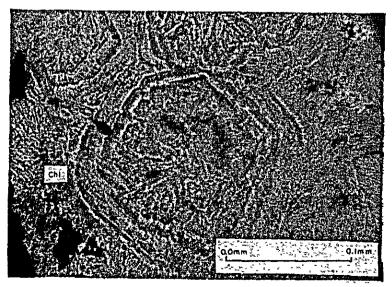
- chl : Chlorite
- py : Pyrite



Pyrite-sphalerite ore Sample No. Drill core MJ-9 92.60m Locality : Llano del Coyote Ch1 : Chlorite Py : Pyrite Sph : Sphalerite x10



Pyrite-sphalerite ore Sample No. Drill core MJ-9 92.60m Locality : Llano del Coyote Chl : Chlorite Py : Pyrite Sph : Sphalerite x4



Pyrite-sphalerite ore Sample No. Drill core MJ-9 92.60m Locality : Llano del Coyote Chl : Chlorite x40 •

Remarks	Chemical analysis: Ag 1g/t, Cu 0.02%, Pb Tr, Zn 0.01%, S 0.09%, Fe 30.77%, Mn 0.12%.	X-ray: Appendix 5 Chemical analysis: Ag 1g/t, Cu 0.01%, Pb Tr, Zn 0.01%, F 40.16%, Mn 0.18%.	Microphotograph: Appendix 3-2 Chemical analysis: Ag 15g/t, pb 0.24% Cu 0.05%, pb 0.24% Zn 3.75%, S 0.08%, Fe 42.03%, Mn 37.91%.	X-ray diffractometry: 6.95 Å (100) 4.07 Å (10) 3.49 Å (20) Chemical analysis: Au 0g/t, Ag 1g/t, Cu 0.01%, Pb Tr, Zn 0.01%, S 4.00%, Fe 16.92%, Mn 0.06%.
Microscopic Observation	Limonite Colloidal deposition of limonite filling up the cracks and cavities in gangue. No sulfides are observable.	Magnetite Aggregate of short-prismatic crystals of about 0.02mm x 0.05mm size. Hematite Magnetite crystals are significantly changed to hematite showing lettice- like texture.	Chalcophanite (Zn Mn3 07 - 3H2O) Aggregate of minute fibrous acicular crystals. Anisotropism is distinct. No internal reflection. Identified by X-ray.	Pyrite Subhedral grains of 0.05 ° 0.3mm φ with many minute inclusions are dis- persed. Fine cracks are developed in these grains. Magnetite It occurs as irregular euhedral crystals of 0.02 ° 0.1mm φ in gangue minerals.
Macroscopic Features	Irregular network veinlets of sub- metallic mineral in porous brick-like red matrix.	Thick aggregate of fine-grained dark grey metallic magnetic mineral. Magnetism is a little weaker than pure magnetite.	oxide Massive black sub- metallic mineral, partly fibrous. Not magnetic.	Dissemination of irregular shaped pyrite aggregates in green epidote skarn. Partly magnetic.
Rock Type	Limonite gossan	Massive magnetite and hematite	Manganese oxide ore	Skarn with pyrite and magnetite
Group	Tactic	Tact1c	Tactic	Tact1c
Location (Coordinate)	N1693.45 E 691.10	N1693.85 E 691.00	N1694.21 E 690.04	N1695.05 E 687.78
Sample No.	J 51	. 103	K 21	K 159
Area	Llano del Coyote	=	=	. =

Appendix 3-1 Microscopic Observation - Polished Section (1)

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Area	Sample No.	Location (Coordinate)	Group	Rock Type	Macroscopic Features	Microscopic Observation	Remarks
Llano del Coyote	S 28Å	N1694.68 E 688.95	Tactic	Porphyritic rock with magnetite dissemination	Poor dissemination of dark grey metallic magnetic mineral in white-spot bearing siliceous rock.	Magnetite Irregular-shaped dense aggregate of granular crystals with many inclusions. In the magnetite crystals, light grey mineral (maybe hematite) is formed along crystal- lographic directions showing lettice- like or lamella texture.	Chemical analysis: Au Og/t, Ag 2g/t, Cu 0.04%, Fb Tt, Zn 0.28%, S 0.51%, Fe 23.60%, Mn 0.17%.
z	S 42	N1693.95 E 691.28	Tactic	Skarn with magnetite	Banded aggregate of dark grey metallic magnetic fine-grained crystals in green epidote skarn.	Magnerite Dissemination and aggregate of euhedral crystals of about 0.05mm¢. Hematite It occurs secondarily in magnetite grains showing lettice-like form. Some of the magnetite grains are almost fully oxidized to hematite.	Mfcrophotograph: Appendix 3-2 Chemical analysis: Au Og/t, Ag 1g/t, Cu Tr, Pb Tr, Zn 0.012, Fe 28.632, Mn 0.202,
2	S 123	N1694.54 E 689.24	Tactic	Limonite gossan	Porous light brown limonitic rock (gogsan)	Hematite and/or hydro-hematite Colloform texture is distinct, some- times collic. Venhets of 0.002mm+ width are developed throughout the specimen. Rhythmical banding is recognized by means of faint difference of reflexion color.	Chemical analysis: Ag 2g/t, Cu 0.08%, Pb 0.06%, Zn 1.00% S 0.13%, Fe 47.10%, Mn 0.17%.
* <u>.</u>	Drill Core MJ 7 82.75	N1693.890 E 690.260	Chicol	Massive pyrite with magnetite and skarn	Dense aggregate of granular pyrite crystals in dark grey, strongly magnetic matrix.	Fyrite Major constituent mineral occurring as aggregate of euhedral to subhedral crystals larger than 0.2mmφ, and including minute magnetite grains of about 0.05mmφ. Magnetite Other than the granular crystals in- cluded in pyrite, it occurs in the interstitial gangue minerals and interstitial gangue minerals and shows granular to short-brismatic	Chemical analysis: Depth 81.60m ~~ 82.75m (1.15m), Ag 2g/t, Cu 0.09%, Pb Tr, Zn 0.02%, S 9.95%, Fe 20.22%, Mn 0.17%.
						shape. Hematite It replaces the magnetite crystals to form fibrous crystals, also occurs in gangue as fibrous aggregate.	

Appendix 3-1 Microscopic Observation - Polished Section (2)

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Appendix 3-1 Microscopic Observation - Polished Section (3)

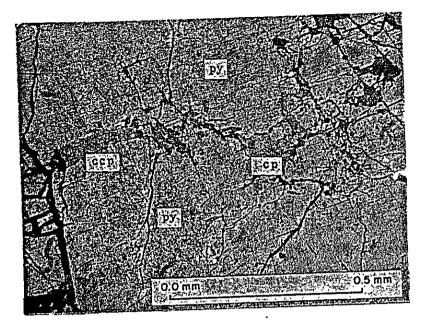
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Area	Sample No.	Location (Coordinate)	Group	Rock Type	Macroscopic Features	Microscopic Observation	Remarks
Llano del Coyote	Drill Core MJ-7 123.35	N1693.890 E 690.260	Ch1co1	Skarn with pyrite dis- semination	Vein-form aggregate of granular pyrite in dark grey rock of weak magnetism.	Pyrite Aggregate of euhedral (cube-shaped) to subhedral crystals of 0.02 ∿ 0.5mm φ Chalcopyrite Rarely included in pyrite grains showing euhedral shape. Magnetite In granular and anisotropic gangue minerals occurring in the inter- gatices of pyrite grains, granular crystals of magnetite with the size of about 0.02mm are scattered.	Microphotograph: Appendix 3-2 Chemical analysis: Chemical analysis: Depth 122.30m ~ 123.60m (1.30m) Au 05/t, Ag 2 g/t Cu 0.01%, Pb Tr Cu 0.01%, Fe 26.54%, Mn 0.22%,
2	Dr111 Core MJ-7 192.40	N1693.890 E 690.260	Chicol	Mastve magnetite	Massive aggregate of dark grey, metallic and strongly magnetic grains of magnetite.	Magnetite Thick aggregate of minute granular crystals of magnetite having the size of about 0.01mm\$. Gangue minetals are included abundantly in the interstices. No sulfides are observable.	Chemical analysis: Depth 191.70m ~ 192.40m (0.70m) Au 0g/t, Ag 1 g/t cu 0.02%, Pb Tr F2 0.01%, F2 0.01%, F2 0.05%, Mn 0.05%,
÷	Dr111 Core MJ~9 75.00	N1693.511 E 691.075	Tactic	Disseminated pyrite with alterating minerais	Thick aggregate of fine-grained granular pyrite. Not magnetic.	Pyrite Cube-shaped euhedral crystals of 0.05 ∿ 0.5mm¢ are cemented with gangue minerals. Limolite It occurs along the peripheries and cracks of pyrite grains, having the vidth of 0.01 ∿ 0.02mm.	X-ray diffractometry: Quants, Plagio- class, Sericite, Chlorite, Montmorillonite.

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(4)
Section
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Observation
Microscopic
Appendix-

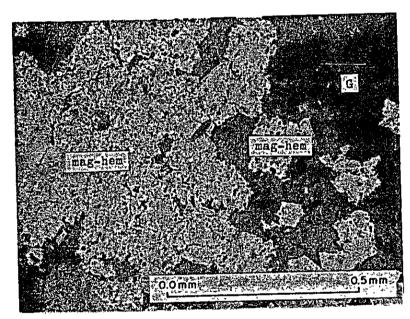
	Remarks	Chemical analy- sis: Depth 812: Depth 82: 30-82.90m 10.60m Ag 11g/t, Ag 11g/t, Ag 11g/t, Cu3.80% Fb 0.01%, Fe 34.32%, Mn 0.19%,	Chemical analy- sis:Depth 92.50-93.00m (0.50m) Au 0 8/t Au 0 8/t Cu 0.10%, Ph Tr Zn 17.12%,	Fe 29.08%, Mn 0.16%, Chemical analy- sis: Depth 56.10.57.10m (100m) Ag 2 g/t Cu Tr Ph Tr Mn Tr Zn Tr Fe 33.69%,
Microscopic Observation - Polished Section (4)	Microscopic Observation	Pyrite grains are generally anhedral, and their grain size varies diversely from 0.05mm to 5mm. These pyrite grains varies diversely from 0.05mm to 5mm. These pyrite grains are cut and cemented with limonite, gangue with bluish green internal reflection, and light gray mineral with punkish tint is substantially isotropic, and does not show reflec- tion pleochroism and internal reflection. It is perhaps a kind of so-called "chalcocite". Light gray mineral with bluish tint is weakly anisotropic, and does not show reflec- tion pleochroism and internal reflection. It is perhaps a with the bluish one is cut and covered botryoidally digente. The pinkish one is cut and covered botryoidally with the bluish one.	Sphalerite and pyrite show the modes of occurrence . Same as described about observation in thin section. (cf Appendix 2-1). Under the reflected light, sphalerite exhibits weak internal reflection of light brownish gray color. No chalcopyrite or galena is included.	Pyrite Subhedral grains of 0.05 ∿ 0.5mmφ are comented by Ghervical ana. gangue minerals. No other kind of ore minerals 1s [66.10057.10m] 082 8/t 00 Tr 0 Tr 0 Tr 0 Tr 0 Tr 2 Tr 2 Tr Fe 33.697,
Appendix- Microsco	Macroscopic Features	Pyrite grains are cemented with limonite and steely black chalcocite-like mineral.	Pyrite and sphalerite grai- ns are richly disseminated, in dark gray gangue matrix	Thick dissemination of fine-grained pyrite in siliceous rock. Not magne- tic.
	Rock Name	Prite- chalcocite ore	Pyrite- sphalerite or ns in chlorite in (amphibole) skarn	Quartzose rock with pyrite dissemination
·.	Formation or Group	Tactic	Chicol	Tactic
	Location	N1693.511 E 691.075	N1693.511 E 691.075	N1694.175 E 690.135
	Sample No.	Drfll Core MJ-9 B2.50	MJ-9 92.60	MJ-10



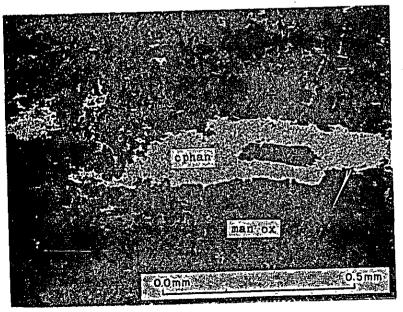
Pyrite-chalcopyrite ore Sample No. Drill core MJ-7 123.35m Locality Llano del Coyote : Pyrite

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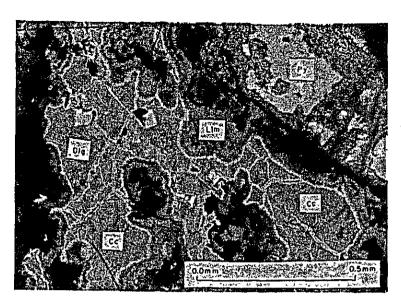
: Chalcopyrite ср



Magnetite-hamatite ore Sample No. S42 Locality Llano del Coyote mag-hem : Magnetite (light gray) and hematite (gray) : Gangue G

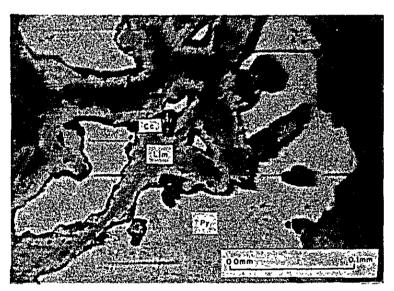


Manganese oxide ore Sample No. K21 Locality Llano del Coyote cphan : Chalcophanite man ox: Manganese oxide



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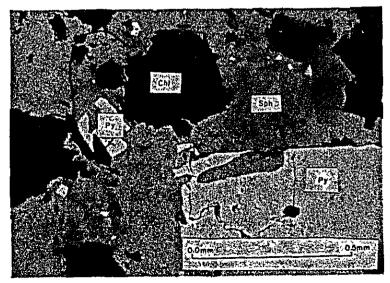
Fyrite-Chalcocite ore
Sample No. Drill core MJ-9
82.50m
Locality: Llano del Coyote
Lim : Limonite
Py : Pyrite
Cc : Chalcocite
Dig : Digenite
x10



Pyrite-chalcocite ore Sample No. Drill core MJ-9 82.50m Locality : Llano del Coyote Lim : Limonite

Py : Pyrite

Cc : Chalcocite x40



Pyrite-sphalerite ore Sample No. Drill core MJ-9 92.60m Locality : Llano del Coyote Chl : Chlorite Py : Pyrite Sph : Sphalerite x10

\overline{c} Rock Type \overline{P}_{120}^{-1} \overline{P}_{120}^{-1} \overline{P}_{120}^{-1} \overline{Ser} \overline{Chlo} \overline{Sertla} \overline{Brhc} \overline{Brhc} \overline{Chlo} \overline{Sertla} </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Γ</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th><u> </u></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>T</th>			Γ									<u> </u>											T
		Xebarks																					
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maple Location Rock Type Quarts Class Supple Choice fails Maple Supple Constants No. N E N E Ample Ser Chils Reaching Mant E - - +		dote	,	ŧ	1	,	1	,	ı	,	,	,	1	;	,	+	1	,	1	ł	ŗ	‡	- Not detected
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Martle Constration Rock Type Quartz $21a$ - Amp- Sar- Chilo- 7A 1694.51 689.95 Quartz Portyry +++ - +++ - - 15 1694.51 689.05 Quartz Porphyry +++ - - +	Mont-	lonite	L	+	I	t	+	‡	1	1	1	1	1	+	ŧ		‡	ı	‡	1	1	‡	+ A líttle
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Jample Locat Jample (Coordiant N N 7A 1694.51 8 1694.51 10 1694.51 11 1694.51 12 1694.44 17 1694.44 17 1694.44 17 1694.44 17 1694.44 17 1694.45 18 1695.65 32 1695.65 38 1695.65 40 1695.56 41 1695.56 45 1695.65 65 1695.65 84 1695.65 94 1695.65 94 1692.66 90 1692.65 91 1692.65 92 1693.66 94 1692.65 94 1692.65 94 1692.65	on are)	ш		590.04	589.85	588.24	588.42	588.35	588.22	588.37	588.55	588.08	588.05		588.22	587.73	591.53		_	691.46		591.28	
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	Remarks		Chart; Appendix 5(1)			Chart: Appendix 5(2)							Chart: Appendix 5(3)									
	Others					Magnetite																
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	носк туре	Siltstone	Siltstone	Skarn	Granodiorite	Magnetite mineralized siliceous rock	Quartz porphyry	Siltstone	Siltstone	Sandstone	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	Sandstone	Siltatone	Siltstone	Sandstone	Granodiorite	Siltstone	Siltstone	Siltstone	Acidic volcanic rocks	++++ Verv abundant
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															Chart: Appendix 5(4)	Chart: Appendix 5(5)				
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Remarks		_																			
Others																		Glass		<u> </u>	
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Quartz	+	+	+	‡	+	‡	+	+	‡	+	+	‡	‡	‡	+	+	+	+	+	ŧ	
Rock Type	Granodiorite	Green schist	Granodiorite	Quartz porphyry	Acidic volcanic rocks	Acidic volcanic rocks	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	Acidic volcanic rocks	Quartz diorite .	Granodiorite	Epidote-quartz -actinolite rock	Siltstone	Sandstone	Quartz porphyry	Granodiorite	Acidic volcanic rocks	Quartz rock	Green schist	Quartz-epidota rock	
nate) E	687.97	687.68	687.33	691.71	691.84	691.99	692.04	692.07	692.42	692.24	692.08	692.03	688.04	688.04	687.90	687.92	687.80	687.85	687.80	687.75	
(Coordinate) N E	1694.90	1694.97	1695.07	1693.41	1693.69	1693.12	1693.26	1693.15	1692.49	1692.29	1692.47	1692.79	1694.95	10.2691	1695.01	1695.10	1695.08	1695.14	1695.19	1695.30	
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Remarks									Chart: Appendix 5(6)												
Others											Malachite stain										
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Amph- tbole	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	1		‡	1	;	1	 I	++	1	1	ŧ	1	- <u>-</u> -	+++ Abundant
Pla- gio- clase	1	‡	 t)	+	1	‡	+	+	t.	ł	1	i		t	‡	‡	‡	‡	ŧ	¶ #
Quartz	+	;	+	+	ŧ	+	+	‡	+	+	‡	ţ	‡	+	1	‡	+	2	+	+	ant
Rock Type	Epidote-quartz rock	Granite	Quartz epidote rock	Sandetone	Sandstone	Granitic rock	Quartz porphyry	Quartz diorite	Shale	Shale	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	Granodiorite	Skarn	Acidic volcanic rocks	Granodiorite	Granodiorite	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	++++ Very abundant
on ate) E	687.62	687.55	692.41	692.42	692.76	692.75	692.68	691.64	691.35	691.39		691.43	691.65	692.11	692.18	692.34	691.91	689.22	689.03	689.10	
Location (Coordinate) N E	1695.32 6	1695.27 6	1692.68 6	1692.61 6	1692.34 6	1692.15 6	1692.50 6	1692.65 6	1693.41 6	1693.45 6		1693.30 6	1693.27 6	1692.71 6	1692.73 6	1692.83 6	1692.90 6	1694.24 6	1693.96 6	1693.98 6	
Sample No.	K166 1	168	169	171	172	176 1	177	182]	189 1	191	193	197	202	213	215	218]	223	s 1	5	38 1	

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- E	tpr-	.)	‡	I	‡	ŧ	1	1	1	1	ı	+	1	ŧ	1	•	1	2	1	ı	2	Nor de tooted
	Garnet	1	ı	1	i	ı	r	1	ı	•	ı	ı	1	1	ı		J	1	1	1	1	
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	Kaolin	+	1	I	1	I	;	I	‡	÷	+	ı	‡	1	‡	I	1		I	‡	I	4
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	Quartz	‡	+	+	‡	‡	÷	<u></u>	ŧ	<u></u>	‡	+	1	+	+	‡	+	‡	‡	+	‡	ant
art Aacu		φυαττz porphyry	Granodiorite	Green schist	Skarn	Quartz-epidote rock	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	Rhyolitic pumice tuff	Green schist	Granodiorite	Quartz-epidote -actinolite rock	Granodiorite	Granodiorite	Granodiorite or quartz porphyry	Granite	Quartz diorite	Quartz diorite	Granodiorite	44444 Verv ahundant
on ate)	ш	689.65	689.50	689.13	689.12	689.26	689.12	688.97	688.77	691.25	691.00	690.80	690.37	690.51	10.169	691.18	690.98	690.80	16.063	690.73	690.51	
Location (Coordinate)	z	1694.56 6	1695.28 6	1694.89 6	1694.47 6	1694.57 6	1694.79 6	1694.94 6	1694.08 6	1693.72 6	1694.40 6	1694.45 6	1693.30 6	1693.12	1693.12 6	1693.00 6	1692.73 6	1692.75 6	1693.02 6	1693.06 6	1692.89 6	
Sample	No.	6A	11 89	10	17 11	19	21 1	23 10	33	40	46 J	48 1	60 1	61 1	64	66 1	T 69	75 1	78 1	16 I	85	
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Pla- gio- clase	1	ı	‡	I	I	ŧ	‡		L	ı	+	‡	+	I	ı	1	ı	+	ŧ	‡	
Quartz	‡	‡	+	‡	+	+	‡	ŧ	‡	ŧ	‡	+	‡	‡	‡	‡	+	‡	+	+	
Rock Type	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	Siltstone	Quartz-epidote rock	Quartz-epidote rock	Granodiorite	Siltstone	Quartz porphyry	Siltstone	Sandstone	Sandstone	Granodiorite	Siltstone	Siltstone	Stltstone	Sandstone	Siltstone	Sandstone	Siltstone	Siltstone	
on late) E	690.79	690.37	690.47	690.35	690.16	689.42	689.85	689.99	690.22	690.15	688.52	688.52	688.46	688.54	688.79	688.68	689.25	688.57	689.52	689.39	
Coordinate) N E	1693.24 6	1693.92 6	1693.99 (1694.10	1694.01	1694.19	1693.84 (1693.92	1693.82	1693.88	1694.55 0	1694.51	1694.63	1694.69	1694.65	1694.54 (1694.50	1694.22	1694.26	1694.32	
Sample No.	S 88 11	92 10	95	97 11	98	105 11	108 1	109	110	111	112 1	113 1	115 1	117 1	119 1	120 1	122B	125 1	127 1	128 1	

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Pla-	clase	1	‡	ŧ	‡	+	ŝ	ł	‡	‡	;	ı	1	‡	‡	ı	‡	+	1	I	‡	+++ Abundant
	Quartz	+	+	+	‡	+	+	+	+	‡	+	 ‡	+	+	+	‡	‡	+	ŧ	‡	I	ant
Rock Tvoe		Siltstone	Siltatone	Quartz-epidote rock	Siltstone	Granodiorite	Sandstone	Sandstone	Granodiorite	Quartz porphyry	Epidote rock	Quartz-epidote rock	Quartz-epidote rock	Granodiorite	Granodiorite	Quartz rock	Granite	Siltstone	Granite	Granodiorite	Granodiorite	++++ Very abundant
on late)	ш	689.43	689.46	689.41	688.71	688.68	688.64	688.78	688.85	688,90	689.02	689.34	689.25	689.09	689.03	690.14	690.07	689.87	690.24	690.30	690.40	
Location (Coordinate)	z	1694.35	1694.47	1694.56	1694.39	1694.32	1694.26	1694.15	1694.33	1694.54 0	1694.47	1694.40 (1694.35 6	1694.25 6	1694.13 6	1693.63 6	1693.48 6	1693.56 6	1693.53 6	1693.62 6	1693.62 6	
Sample	. vo	S130 16	132 16	134 16	143 16	144 16	145 16	146 16	147 16	150 16	151 16	152 16	153 16	156 16	157 16	160 16	161 16	163 16	165 16	167 16	168 16	

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Location (Coordinate)	N	1693.775 691.137 Shear	1693.998 690.116 Siltstone	" Siltstone	" " Epido	" Chlor	" " Green	" " Chlor	" " Zoisi	" Chlor	" " Quart	" " Quart	1694.023 689.958 Sandstone	" Siltstone	11 10 GOSSAN	" " Skarn	" " Epido	" " Pyrit	
Rock Type	:	Sheared rhyolfte	tone	tone	Epidate rock	Chlorite quartz schist	Green schist	Chlorite quartz schist	Zoisite chlorite epidote Sericite quartz schist	Chlorite quartz schist	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	tone	tone	<u> </u>		Epidote rock	Pyrite mineralized rock	++++ Very abundant
	Quartz	‡	‡	÷	¢	‡	‡	‡	+	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	+	+	2	+	ant
Pla- gio-	clase	+	1	‡ ‡	1	‡	1	‡	I	1	‡	‡	#	‡	ŧ	1	t	t	44 H
-ulduv	1bole	1	t	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ŧ	I	1	1	‡	1	1	+	‡	1	+++ Abundant
Ser-	cite	+	ۍ ۲	+	1	+	L	‡	1	‡	+	+	1	+	I	ı	I	ı	‡
Chlo-	rite	t	1	ŧ	ι	ŧ	‡	‡	‡	+	‡	+	I	1	1	1	ı	t	++ Common
	Kaolin	i	‡	ı	‡	1	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	+	‡	1	1	2	+
	lon1te G		+		‡		1	ı	1		1	I	1	‡	1	+	 ‡		+ A little
	Garnet				1	1	1	1	1	I	ı	1	1	ı	1	+	1	ı	х г
	dote	ţ	 I	1	 ‡	‡		‡	~	1		1	±	‡	1	;	‡		Not detected
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tite tite		ţ			1		:	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	1	+	:	,	1	
	Pyrite	·		1	1	‡		1	1	‡	1	1	1	1	ı	1	‡	ŧ	*
Others														·		<u> </u>			** Dril seco
Remarks			**												;	Chart: Appendix 5(7)			Drilled in the second phase,

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Sample	Loca (Coord	Location (Coordinate)			Pla-			1		Mont-				Hema- tite			
No.	Z.	ណ	week type	Quartz	guo- clase	ibole	ser- cite	rite	Kaolin lonite		Garnet	dote	cite	Goe- thite	Pyrite	Uthers	кепаткз
DDH No.																	
	1694.023 689.958	689.958	Silicified rock	<u></u>	+	;	‡	ı	+	1	1	1	1	1	‡		Chart: Appendiv 5(8)
140.15	=	=	Massive pyrite	‡	+	1	+	‡	t	‡	•	‡	1	ŧ	‡		
150.00	5	2	Chlorite quartz schist	‡	+	1	+	+	ı	+	1	ı	ı	1	‡ ‡		
DDH No. MJ-5 10.60	1693.927 690.113	690.113	Granitic rock	+	‡	ŧ	+	 I	I	‡	I	‡	I	1	+		
37.20	F	Ŧ	Granitic rock	+	ŧ	ł	+	i	‡	+	ı	1	ı	ı	ı		
57,80	=	=	Granitic rock	‡	‡	ı	‡	1	‡	1	1	1	1	1	‡		
83.40	=	=	Epidote rock	+	r	t	ı	t	•	ŧ	+		1	1	I		
119.20	-	Ŧ	Mineralized rock	I	1	ŧ	1	1	1	1	 ‡	‡	1	ı	I		Chart: Annendiv 5(10)
150.90	2	=	Sericite chlorite quartz	‡	‡		‡	‡	1	1	 I	1	i	ŧ		<u> </u>	
DDH No. MJ-6 20.90	DH No. MJ-6 20.90 1694.009 690.848	690.848		+	,	1	‡	‡	t	~		i	i	t	I		
46.10	=	Ŧ	Altered dacite	+	+	3	‡ ‡	1	+			1	t	‡	1		Chart: Annendix 5(11)
71.50	=	=	Sandstone	‡	+	1	‡	+	1	+	 I	1	1	1	1		
99.00	=	=	Chlorite quartz schist	‡	‡	I	‡	‡	I	ı		ı	1	1)		
133.80	=	=	Sericite chlorite schist	‡	+	1	ŧ	‡	1	+	1	‡	t	I	ı		
DDH No. MJ-7 13.80	1693.890 690.260	690.260	Sandstone	+	r		‡	I	‡	‡	<u>.</u>	ł	1	1	1		
17.70	=	=	Sandstone	+	ł	i	+	I	‡	+	I	I	t	2	1		
			++++ Very abundant	ant	₽ ‡	+++ Abundanc	‡	++ Common	~ +	A litcle		Not detected	cted				*

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Romarke			cnarc: Appendix 5(12)							Chart: Appendix 5(13)					Chart: Appendix 5(14)					
Othera																				
	Pyrite		ı	ŧ	2	‡	~-	ı	ŧ	l	1	i	ł	+	ı	ı	I	ı	l	
Hema- tite	Goe- thite		1	t	2	I	1	I	I	ı	I	t	I	I	ı	I	1	1	1	
[a] [cite		1	I	1	I	I	I	:	1	1	ĩ	1	1	I	I	ı	t	I	ected
Raf -			ı	‡	1	I	I	‡	ı	1	I	I	1	ı	1	‡	ı	r	\$	Not detected
	Garnet		ı	ŧ	ı	I	‡	ı	I	1	ſ	I	I	I	ı	t	I	!	τ	1
Mont- morfl-			ı	:	1	I	I	t	I	I	ı	I	ŧ	ŧ	+	ŧ	‡	‡	I	+ A little
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Cb10-	ri te		I	ŧ	I	I	I	ι	‡	‡	ŧ	I	1	ı	ŧ	I	ł	+	1	++ Common
Ser-	cite		ŧ	‡	L	+	r	+	I	+	‡	‡	‡	1	ŧ	t	+	+	+	‡
Amoh-	1bole		;	1	I	1	‡	1	3	1	I	1	t	I	1	I	t	I	t	+++ Abundant
Pla-	clase		١	2	1		I	+	I	‡	+	ŧ	t	ŧ	1	ı	‡ ‡	÷	‡	¶ ++
	Quartz		+	‡	+	‡	+	+	+	‡	ŧ	‡	‡	+	+	+	‡	‡	‡	ant
Bock			Sandstone	Siltstone	Massive pyrite	Granttic rock	Garnet skarn	Chlorite quartz schist	Magnetite mineralized rock	Magnetite mineralized rock	Green schist	1694.198 690.400 Siltstone	Sandstone	Magnetite mineralized rock	Sandstone	Porphyrite	Quartz porphyry	Green schist	1693.511 691.075 Quartz porphyry	++++ Very abundant
ion nate)	ш		90.260	=	=	:	:	=	:	÷	2	90.400	=	=	=	=	=	=	91.075	
Location (Coordinate)	×		1693.890 690.260	=	=	=	:	F	=	=	=	694.198	=	2	:	F	=	=	59 3.511	
Sample	. ov	DDH No.	~	61.90	82.90	117.60	127.00	155.30	192.50	223.90	283.20	DDH No. MJ-8 11.60 10	68.00	101.00	126.50	133.30	139.70	147.80	DDH No. MJ-9 26.70 16	

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	Samp1e	S	DDH No. MJ-9 56.50 16	77.40	106.00	143.50	DDH No.	55.10	72.70	86.80	126.50	141.90		
Rock Type $p_{12,n}$ <	(Coord	z	93.511	:	2	=	94.175	=	=	F	=	=	·	
Rock TypeRun- QuarteRun- LaseRun- LaseRun- LaseRun- LaseRun- LaseRun- 	LION LIALE)	ш	591.075	=	=	2	690,135	=	=	Ŧ	=	Ŧ		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rock Tune	were type			Epidote rock	Sandstone		Massive pyrite	Quartz porphyry	Quartz porphyry	Granitic rock	Quartz porphyry		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Quartz	‡	‡	¢.	‡	+	+	‡	‡	+	‡		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Pla-		+	‡	1	ŧ	1	1	ł	‡	+	‡		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	-4	1bole	t	1	1	1	1	ı	1	t	1	1		
Mont- mortil- mortil- mortil- mortil- Bott- tem face for tem for tem f		cite cite	‡	‡	+	+	1	1	‡	‡	‡	+		
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Epi- carnet Epi- cal- cal- cal- cal- cal- cal- cal- cal		Kaolin	‡	1	t	1	1	ı	‡	ł	ł	+		
Epi- dote Cal- cite tite dote Pyrite Others - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - + - - - - + - - + - - - - + + - - - + + - - - + + - - - + + - - - + + - - - - + - - - + + - - - - + - - - - + - - - - + - - - - - - - - - + - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Mont-		‡	+		. t	‡	ı	ı	1	1			
Cal- cite cite tite cal- cite for Pyrite cite the construction of the cite cite the cite cite cite cite cite cite cite cit		Garnet	1	I	+	1	I	I	t	ı	t	t		
Atema- tite Goe- fore Pyrite Others - - + - - - + + - + - - + + + + - - - + + + + - <t< td=""><td>, . 1</td><td>tp1- dote</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>‡</td><td></td><td>ť</td><td>ı</td><td>ı</td><td>ı</td><td>2</td><td>ı</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	, . 1	tp1- dote	1	1	‡		ť	ı	ı	ı	2	ı		
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0 v	Hema- tite	Goe- thite	1	:		t	1	1	1	1	I	ł		
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