

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 15

Changwat : Nakhon Phanom

A. Renu Nakhon(J.R.203I) – B. Ku Ru Khu (J.R.22)

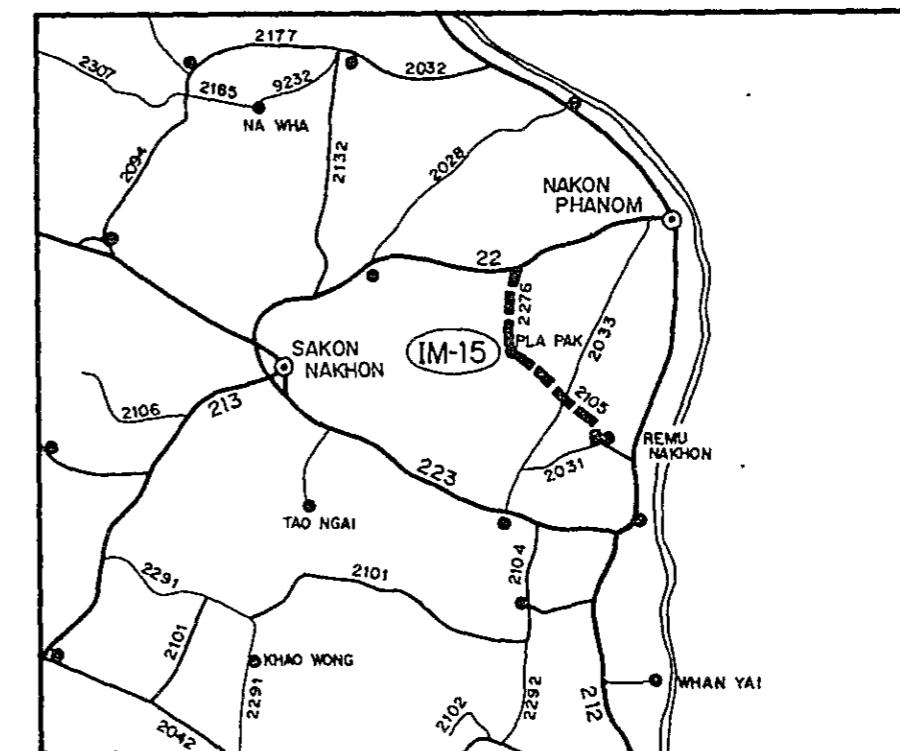
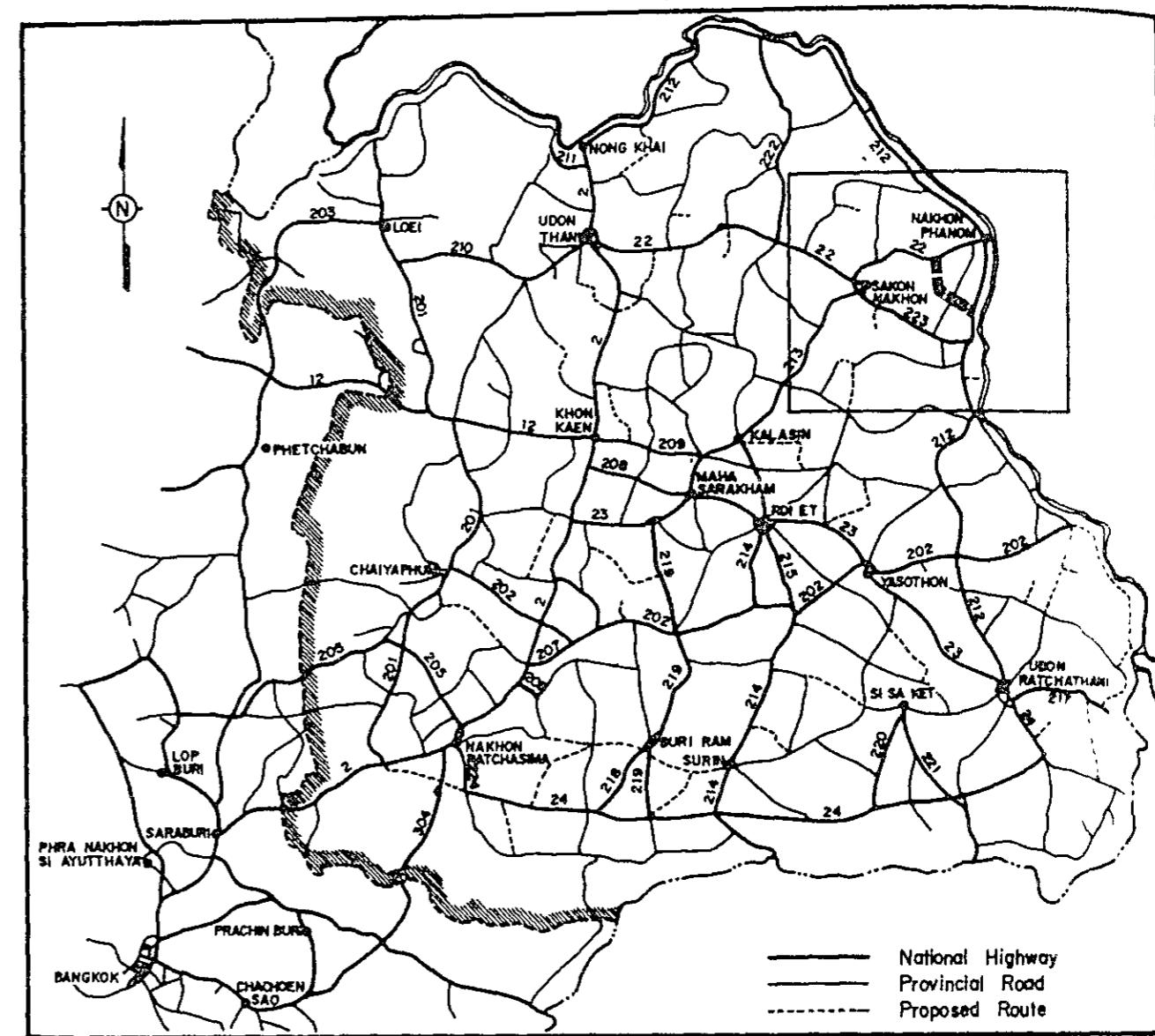
Length : 40.1 KM.

SUMMARY

PROPOSED ROUTE IM-15

Item	Description
Changwat	Nakhon Phanom
Origin	A. Renu Nakhon (J.R.2031)
Destination	B. Ku Ru Khu (J.R.22)
Length	
Total	40.1 km
Improvement Section	40.1 km
DOH Road	R.2105, R.2276 27.1 km
ARD Road	13.0 km
Others	0 km
New Alignment Section	0 km
Surface Type and Condition	Soil Aggregate, Good ~ Poor
Terrain	Flat and Rolling
Influence Area	
Area	307 km ²
Population (1982)	32,800
Principal Crops	Paddy
Traffic (ADT)	
Existing	95
1993	400
2001	534
Proposed Standard	F4 (DBST)
Construction Cost	
Financial	$75,443 \cdot 10^3$ \$
Economic	$68,442 \cdot 10^3$ \$
IRR	5.1 %
B/C	0.51
Recommendation	For further consideration

LOCATION OF PROPOSED ROUTE



1. GENERAL

1.1 Characteristics of Route

The proposed route is located in the southwest part of Changwat Nakhon Phanom.

The route, starting at Amphoe Renu Nakhon on Route 2031, runs northward passing through Ban Hong Hi, King Amphoe Pla Pak and Ban Khok Klang and ends at Ban Ku Ru Khu on Route 22. Its total length is 40.1 km.

(Figure 15.5.2)

The terrain is almost rolling, while some sections are flat. In the influence area, there exists several villages with total population of 32,800.

There are three medical centers and one secondary school along the proposed route but no hospital.

The proposed route, upon completion, will form an important part of road network to connect three highways, Route 2031, 2033 and 22 in the agriculturally developed area and also play vital role to connect King Amphoe Pla Pak with these highway.

1.2 Condition of Existing Road

Condition of existing roads to be utilized for the proposed route is summarized in Table 15.1.1. The details are shown as the result of inventory survey in Table 15.1.2.

2. TRAFFIC

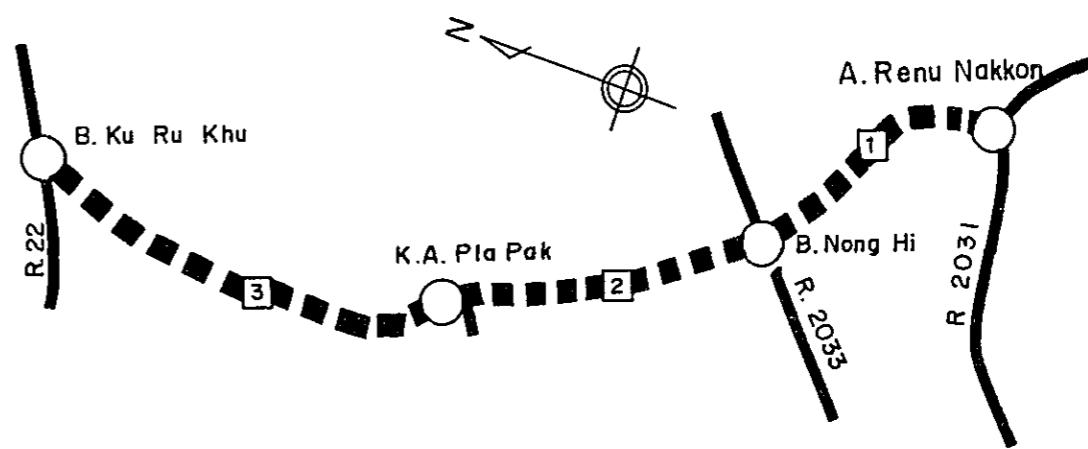
2.1 Method

Growth Rate Method was employed for traffic forecasting as no diverted traffic is expected after improvement of the proposed road.

2.2 Base Year Traffic

The base year traffic by road link by vehicle type was estimated referring to the DOHs traffic records and manual classified counts as shown below:

Proposed Road Link



Legend

- Road Node
- Road Link Code
- Proposed Road Link
- Other Road

Traffic Volume in Base Year

Source (base year)	Link No.	Vehicle Type									
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T	10/T	ADT
DOH (1981)	1 ^{1/}	19	22	16	19	2	4	10	20	3	115
	2	n.a.									
	3 ^{2/}	7	16	24	29	2	3	7	1	-	89

Note: 1/ Route 2105 Station 0100 Station Km 1+000

2/ Route 2276 Station 0100 Station Km 8+200

2.3 Transport Movement

Passenger movement in terms of trips per day and freight movement in terms of tonnage per day on the proposed road links were estimated multiplying traffic volume in base year by the occupancy or average load obtained from roadside interview, as shown below:

PASSENGER MOVEMENT (1982)

PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TRIPS PER DAY
1	601
2	203
3	1170

FREIGHT MOVEMENT (1982)

PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TONAGE PER DAY	TONAGE PER DAY		
		NON-AGRI.	AGRI.	TOTAL
1	46	39	85	
2	33	28	61	
3	5	4	10	

2.4 Future Growth of Transport Movement

The growth rates of passenger and freight movements for the periods of 1981-1987, 1987-1993 and 1993-2001 were predicted by the formula described in 7.3.3-2) of the Main Report. The basis for the prediction is shown in the following tables:

GROWTH RATE OF PASSENGER MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)		
	1981	1987	1993
1987	-	-	-
1993	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-
PER CAPITA INCOME	4.2	4.5	4.7
TRANS. PRICE INCREASE	4.5	4.5	4.5
POPULATION	1.5	1.2	1.0
PASSENGER MOVEMENT	5.5	5.6	5.7

GROWTH RATE OF FREIGHT MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)		
	1981	1987	1993
1987	-	-	-
1993	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-
NON-AGRI.	7.1	7.2	7.3
AGRICULTURE	0.5	0.1	0.1
FREIGHT	4.1	3.9	4.0

2.5 Induced and Developed Traffic

The following ratios are used for the estimation of induced and developed traffic described in 7.3.3-3) of the Main Report:

RATE OF INDUCED AND DEVELOPED TRAFFIC

ITEM	YEAR		
	1987	1993	2001
INDUCED	15.0	15.0	15.0
DEVELOPED	0.0	0.0	0.0

2.6 Future Traffic

1) Traffic Composition

The movements of passenger and freight transport were transformed into traffic volume by vehicle type applying future traffic composition as shown in the following table:

TRAFFIC COMPOSITION

(UNIT : %)

LINK NO.	YEAR	PASSENGER				FREIGHT			
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T
1	1982	13.9	59.5	12.7	12.7	1.3	13.6	31.8	47.7
	1987	15.1	58.3	11.9	12.4	2.3	14.5	27.7	44.4
	1993	16.5	56.9	10.9	12.2	3.5	15.6	22.7	40.4
	2001	18.4	55.1	9.6	11.8	5.2	17.0	16.0	35.0
2	1982	2.1	93.8	4.2	0.0	0.0	17.9	28.6	42.9
	1987	7.8	88.0	3.5	0.5	0.2	17.6	25.3	40.8
	1993	14.7	81.1	2.6	1.1	0.5	17.4	21.3	38.3
	2001	24.0	71.9	1.5	1.9	0.8	17.0	16.0	35.0
3	1982	9.0	20.5	30.8	37.2	2.6	27.3	63.6	9.1
	1987	9.4	23.6	27.9	33.9	5.2	24.2	49.3	16.9
	1993	9.7	26.7	25.1	30.6	7.9	21.1	35.1	24.6
	2001	10.2	30.8	21.3	26.2	11.5	17.0	16.0	35.0

2) Forecasted ADT

The average of the forecasted traffic on proposed road links is shown in the following table and details by road link by traffic type are shown in Table 15.2.1.

AVERAGE FUTURE TRAFFIC ON PROPOSED ROUTE

YEAR	TYPE OF VEHICLE								ADT	M/C	TOTAL
	P/C	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/P&T	4/T	6/T	10/T			
1987	11	18	20	3	56	8	12	4	133	194	327
1993	19	22	26	7	74	7	11	6	171	229	400
2001	35	28	35	15	109	5	11	10	248	286	534

3. AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

3.1 Present Condition

The area of influence is divided into two parts: Amphoe Pla Pak side and Amphoe Renu Nakhon side. Almost all cultivated land is covered by paddy fields. Unused cultivable land for upland field remains in Amphoe Renu Nakhon side, but very few of new land is available for paddy field.

Land use and capability conditions in the area of influence are shown in Table 15.3.1 and Figure 15.3.1. A typical cropping calendar in the Nakhon Phanom area is shown in Figure 15.3.2.

3.2 Development Projection

Future agricultural development in the area of influence was projected for both cases of without project and with project. The projected planted area, unit yields by crop, and the consequent production volumes are shown in Table 15.3.2.

Farmgate prices and production costs of the selected crops are estimated as follows, referring to the Changwat data and field survey information as shown in Table 15.3.3.

Based on the above projected production volume, farmgate prices, production costs and land preparation cost estimated separately, net production value (NPV) was obtained as shown in Table 15.3.4. The difference between NPV of with project case and NPV of without project case is deemed to be the development benefit of the subject road.

4. VOC SAVINGS

In accordance with the concept and basic data given in Chapter 7 of Vol.1 Main Report, VOCs on each road link concerned were calculated in both cases of with project and without project.

Elements of road condition, which affect the calculation of additional costs of VOC of each link, are shown below.

Road Condition

Link	Without Project				With Project			
	No. of Length (Km)	Nos. of Road Class	Nos. of Wooden Bridge	Nos. of Narrow C.Bridge	No. of Length (Km)	Road Class Case 1	Road Class Case 2	Nos. of Wooden Bridge
1 Flat & Rolling	12.1	3	0	0	12.1			0
2 Rolling	13.0	3	0	8	13.0	1(F4)	2S(F5)	0
3 Rolling	15.0	2B	4	1	15.0			0

/1 Road 1 : Paved Road

Road 2A : Laterite Road with good surface condition and alignment

Road 2B : Laterite Road with good surface condition but poor alignment

Road 3 : Laterite Road with poor surface condition and alignment

Road 4 : Earth Road

VOC savings, obtained from the difference of total link VOCs in the cases of with project and those of without project case, were calculated as follows.

Vehicle Operating Cost Saving

Road Class	(unit: 1,000 Baht)		
	1987	1993	2001
1 (F4)	3,815	5,407	8,443
2A (F5)	2,367	3,552	5,786

5. ENGINEERING

5.1 Preliminary Design

Preliminary design was carried out based on the following design criteria.

Design Standard	: F4 (if not feasible, F5)
Geometric Design	: AASHTO (Rural Highways)
Typical Cross Section	: as shown in Figure 15.5.1.

Minimum Height of Embankment

Ordinary Section	: 1.0m
Approach of Bridge in Flat Area	: 2.0m
Flood Section	: 0.7m (above flood level)

Pavement Structure

In case of F4 Standard

DBST	: 2.5cm	
Crushed Stone Base	CBR \geq 80%	: 15.0cm
Soil Aggregate Subbase	CBR \geq 20%	: 15.0cm
Selected Material	CBR \geq 6%	: 20.0cm

In case of F5 Standard

Soil Aggregate Surface CBR \geq 20% : 15.0cm

Selected Material CBR \geq 6% : 20.0cm

Pipe Culvert

Standard Size : ø 100cm

Standard Interval

Paddy Area : 200 m

Others : 500 m

Box Culvert

Standard Size : 2.4m x 2.4m

Location : as required

Bridge

Standard Type (width 7.0m)

Short Span Bridge : RC - Slab

Long Span Bridge : PC - Girder

Location : as shown in Bridge List in Figure
15.5.2

Alignment of the route is shown in Figure 15.5.2.

5.2 Work Quantity and Construction Cost

Work quantities based on the preliminary design and construction cost together with unit rate by work item are shown in Table 15.5.1.

Total financial and economic construction costs by applied road class are as given below:

Financial and Economic Construction Cost

Road Class	Length (Km)	Construction Cost (10 ³ B)		Remark
		Financial Cost	Economic Cost	
F4 (DBST)	40.1	75,443	68,442	
F5 (Laterite)	40.1	45,160	40,896	

6. ECONOMIC EVALUATION

Yearly distribution of the economic costs and benefits, and the calculated economic indicators for evaluation are given in Table 15.6.1 and 15.6.2.

The result indicates that the proposed project seems to be not feasible under F4 Standard and F5 Standard in case the opening year is 1987.

7. SOCIAL IMPACTS

Detailed data and results of quantification of indicators of social impacts are tabulated in Table 15.7.1.

Table 15.1.1 SUMMARY OF ROAD INVENTORY

Item	Description	
Origin	A. Renu Nakhon (J.R. 2031)	
Destination	B. Ku Ru Khu (J.R. 22)	
Length		
Total	40.1 km	
Improvement Section	40.1 km	
DOH Road	R.2105, R.2276	27.1 km
ARD Road		13.0 km
Others		0 km
New Alignment Section		0 km
Terrain	Flat and Rolling	
Alignment (Hori./Vert.)	Fair / Fair	
Formation Width	5.5 m - 9.0 m, 7.4 m (Weighted average)	
Embankment Section		
Length	40.1 km	
Height	0.2 m - 1.5 m	
Cut Section		
Length	0 km	
Depth	m - m	
Surface Type and Condition		
SBST or DBST	Good - Poor	5.1 km
Soil Aggregate	Good - Poor	35.0 km
Earth		0 km
Pipe Culvert	28 each	
Box Culvert	1 each	12.0 m
Bridge		
Permanent Bridge	1 each	21.0 m
Narrow Concrete Bridge	9 each	152.3 m (4m)
Wooden Bridge	4 each	50.8 m
Overflow Section	0 place	0 km

Table 15.1.2 ROAD INVENTORY(1)

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM-15

ROUTE NO. 2105
ARD
2276

A. RENU NAKHON (J.R. 2031) ~ B. KU RU KHU (J.R. 22)

L = 40.1 Km

NAKHON PHANO

STATION (Km)	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
VILLAGE	A. RENU NAKHON B. NON SAO AE H = 60 P = 420	B. NONG KHAN H = 30 P = 360				B. KHAN PRASUK H = 40 P = 240	B. NONG HI H = 420 P = 2460				B. KUNG KON H = 150 P = 1500	B. NA KHAM H = 130 P = 780		K-A. PLA PAK H = 300 P = 1800		
TERRAIN	Rolling	Flat											Rolling			
CROSS SECTION	Formation Width (m) 6.50	9.00					7.50									6.50
	Embankment Height (m) 0.30	1.50	0.30	0.50		0.20		0.30	0.20	1.00	0.40	0.20			0.40	
CUTTING DEPTH (m)																
PAVEMENT	Type/Length DT	Laterite				DT	Laterite	DT	La	DT	Laterite	DT				
	Condition					Poor										Good
FLOODING	Overflow Length(Km)/Height(m)															
LAND USE	Left					Paddy										Bush
	Right					Paddy										Bush
PIPE CULVERT	Total Number						28 pipes									
BOX CULVERT & BRIDGE	Station (Km) 3.4					11.4										30.0
	Dimension															
	C-Br. 3.00 x 12.00															
RIGHT OF WAY (m)																
ALIGNMENT	Horizontal							Fair								
	Vertical							Fair								
ROUTE NO., AGENCIES																
	DOH 2105								ARD							

ROAD INVENTORY (2)

L = 40.1 Km.

A. RENU NAKHON (J.R. 2031) ~ B. KU RU KHU (J.R. 22) (Cont'd)

NAKHON PHANOM

STATION (Km)		30	32	34	36	38	40
VILLAGE							
- Name		B. KHOK	KLANG				
- Household (H)		H = 115	H = 1150				
- Population (P)		P = 1150					
TERRAIN		Rolling					
CROSS SECTION	Formation Width (m)	7.50	7.00	5.50	5.50	7.30	
	Erbankment Height (m)	0.80		0.20	0.40	0.20	
	Cutting Depth (m)						
PAVEMENT	Type/Length	Laterite DT		Laterite			
	Condition			Good			
FLOODING	Overflow Length(Km)/Height(m)						
LAND USE	Left	Bush	Paddy	Bush	Bush	Paddy	
	Right	Bush	Paddy	Bush	Bush	Paddy	
PIPE CULVERT	Total Number						
BOX CULVERT & BRIDGE	Station (Km)			36.5		38.2	
	Dimension			W-Br. 4.30 x 15.00		W-Br. 4.00 x 11.80	
RIGHT OF WAY (m)							
ALIGNMENT	Horizontal			Fair			
	Vertical			Fair			
ROUTE NO., AGENCIES		DOH 2276					

Table 15.2.1 TRAFFIC VOLUME ON ROUTE IM - 15

YEAR	1987				1993				2001				
	LINK	1	2	3	AVR.	1	2	3	AVR.	1	2	3	AVR.
N+D	I	15	5	10	10	22	13	14	16	37	31	23	30
P/C	I	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	6	5	4	4
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		17	6	12	11	25	14	17	19	42	36	27	35
N+D	I	12	2	30	16	15	2	37	19	19	2	49	25
L/B	I	2	0	5	2	2	0	6	3	3	0	7	4
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		14	2	35	18	17	3	43	22	22	2	56	28
N+D	I	12	0	36	18	16	1	45	22	24	2	60	30
M/B	I	2	0	5	3	2	0	7	3	4	0	9	5
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		14	0	42	20	19	1	52	26	27	3	69	35
N+D	I	2	0	6	3	5	0	12	6	10	1	26	13
H/B	I	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	4	2
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		3	0	6	3	5	0	13	7	12	1	30	15
N+D	I	65	60	27	49	83	75	41	65	118	100	71	95
P/P&T	I	10	9	4	7	13	11	6	10	18	15	11	14
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		75	69	31	56	96	86	47	74	136	115	82	109
N+D	I	12	7	3	7	10	6	2	6	8	5	1	4
4/T	I	2	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	1	1	0	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		14	8	4	8	12	7	2	7	9	6	1	5
N+D	I	19	12	1	10	18	12	1	10	17	12	2	10
6/T	I	3	2	0	2	3	2	0	1	3	2	0	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		22	13	1	12	21	13	2	11	19	14	2	11
N+D	I	6	5	1	4	9	7	1	6	15	11	2	9
10/T	I	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	2	2	0	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		7	5	1	4	11	8	1	6	18	13	2	10
N+D	I	144	91	114	116	179	116	154	149	248	165	234	216
ADT	I	22	14	17	17	27	17	23	22	37	25	35	32
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		165	105	132	133	205	133	177	171	285	190	269	248
N+D	I	203	147	182	177	233	173	221	209	284	218	286	263
M/C	I	19	15	18	17	21	17	21	20	23	20	24	22
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		222	162	200	194	254	190	243	229	307	238	310	286
N+D	I	346	238	297	293	412	289	375	358	532	383	520	479
TOTAL	I	41	28	35	35	48	34	44	42	60	44	60	55
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		387	266	332	327	459	323	420	400	592	428	579	534

NOTE

N : NORMAL TRAFFIC
DV : DEVELOPED TRAFFICD : DIVERTED TRAFFIC
I : INDUCED TRAFFIC

Figure 15.3.1

LAND USE AND CAPABILITY OF INFLUENCE AREA
PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 15

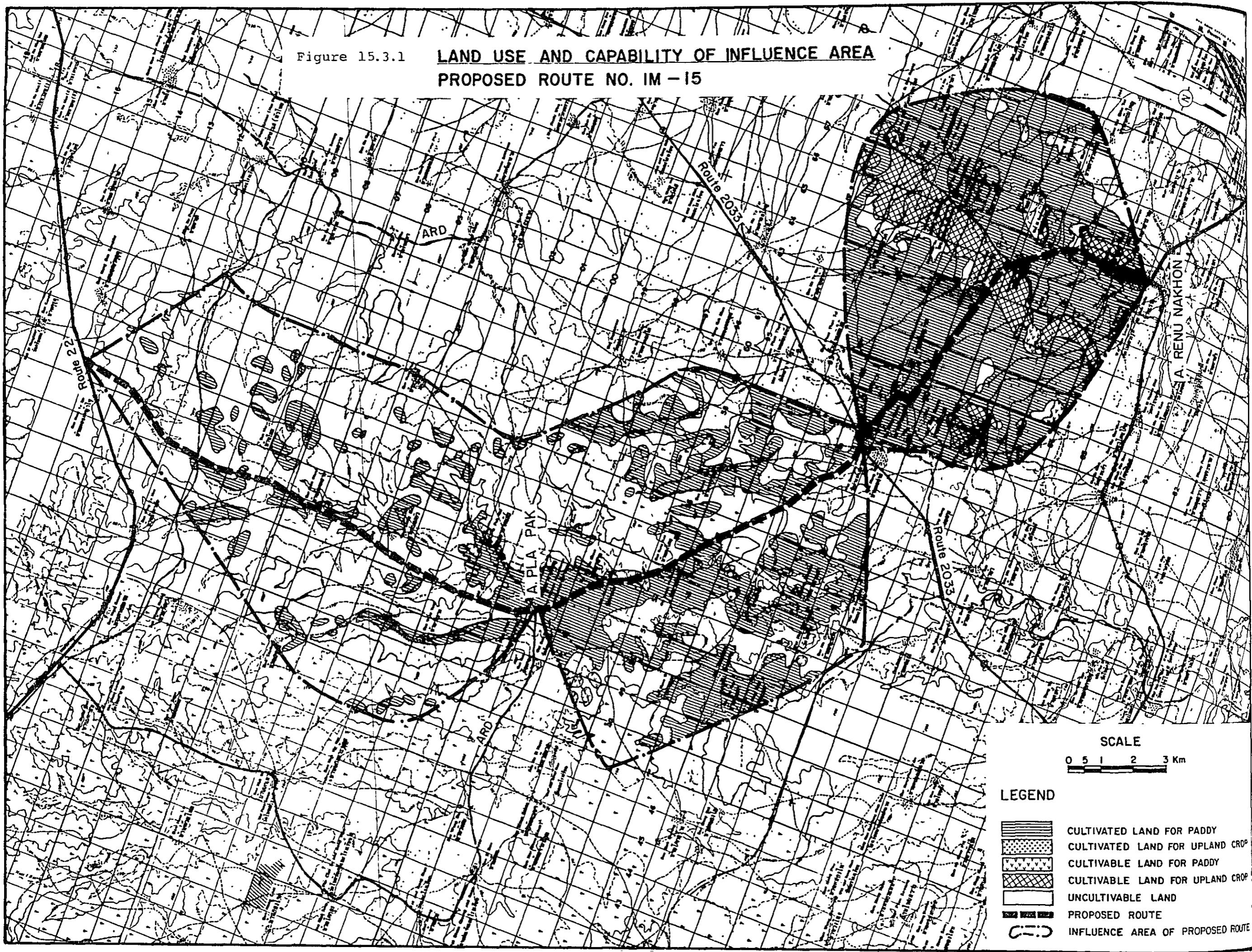


Figure 15.3.2 CROPPING CALENDAR

0500 CHANWAT NAKHON PHANOM

NAME OF CROP	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL.	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
RICE , 1 st CROP				○	○	○	○	*	*	X		
RICE , 2 nd CROP	○	○	*	*								
SUGAR CANE					○	○		○	○		*	
TOBACCO (VIRGINIA & LOCAL)	*	*			○	○				○	○	○
KENAF			○	○						*	○	
JUTE			○	○					*	*		
CASSAVA				○		○						*
MAIZE				○	○			*	*			
GROUND NUT { LESS-RAINY SEASON MORE-DRY SEASON	○	○		*	*			*	*			
COTTON					○	○				*		

Note

FIRST CROP

SECOND CROP

A horizontal timeline diagram consisting of a solid line with two open circles at the ends. The word "growing season" is written in the center of the line. To the left of the first circle is the text "sowing season". To the right of the second circle is the text "harvesting season". Above the line, near the right end, is a small letter "X".

TABLE 15.3.1 CULTIVATED & CULTIVABLE LAND

(1979)

[UNIT : 1000 RAI (KM²)]

AMPHOE	AMPHOE	CULTIVATED LAND			UNUSED CULTIVABLE LAND		
		CODE	NAME	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY
				75.813 (121.3)	-	75.813 (121.3)	1.438 (2.3)
0501	M. NAKHON PHANOM			0.188 (0.3)	-	0.188 (0.3)	-
0506	PLA PAK			30.625 (49.0)	-	30.625 (49.0)	0.938 (1.5)
0507	RENU NAKHON			45.000 (72.0)	-	45.000 (72.0)	0.500 (0.8)
							8.313 (13.3)
							9.750 (15.6)
							-
							-
							1.125 (1.8)
							8.625 (13.8)

TABLE 15.3.2 CROP PRODUCTION

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANE	KENAF	COTTON	UPLAND TOTAL	TOTAL
PLANTED AREA (1000 RAI)										
1981	81.60	-	-	-	0.11	-	0.07	-	0.20	81.80
1987	83.65	-	-	-	0.12	-	0.07	-	0.21	83.87
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	83.65	-	-	-	0.13	-	0.07	-	0.22	83.88
WITH PROJECT	83.65	-	-	-	0.14	-	0.07	-	0.24	83.89
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	83.65	-	-	-	0.14	-	0.07	-	0.24	83.90
WITH PROJECT	83.65	-	-	-	0.16	-	0.07	-	0.26	83.91
CROP YIELD (KG/RAI)										
1981	205.0	-	-	-	2500.0	-	175.0	-		
1987	206.2	-	-	-	2500.0	-	175.0	-		
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	207.5	-	-	-	2500.0	-	175.0	-		
WITH PROJECT	210.0	-	-	-	2515.0	-	175.0	-		
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	209.1	-	-	-	2500.0	-	175.0	-		
WITH PROJECT	215.1	-	-	-	2535.2	-	175.0	-		
CROP PRODUCTION (TON)										
1981	16,729	-	-	-	267	-	12	-	389	17,118
1987	17,252	-	-	-	292	-	12	-	421	17,674
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	17,356	-	-	-	320	-	12	-	456	17,813
WITH PROJECT	17,565	-	-	-	351	-	12	-	489	18,054
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	17,495	-	-	-	360	-	12	-	508	18,004
WITH PROJECT	17,991	-	-	-	399	-	12	-	549	18,540

NOTE : SYMBOL "-" MEANS ZERO OR NEGLIGIBLE SMALL

TABLE 15.3.3 FARMGATE PRICE AND PRODUCTION COST

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANE	KENAF	COTTON
FARMGATE PRICE (BAHT/TON)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	3,630	-	-	-	515	-	3,430	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	3,721	-	-	-	528	-	3,516	-
CROP PRODUCTION COST (BAHT/RAI)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	530	-	-	-	759	-	511	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	540	-	-	-	779	-	511	-

TABLE 15.3.4 NET PRODUCTION VALUE

YEAR	(1000 BAHT)					
	WITHOUT PROJECT			WITH PROJECT		
	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL
1987	18,289	111	18,400	19,020	112	19,132
1993	18,666	119	18,785	20,184	129	20,313
2001	19,172	131	19,303	21,770	146	21,916

Figure 15.5.1 TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AND TYPICAL PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

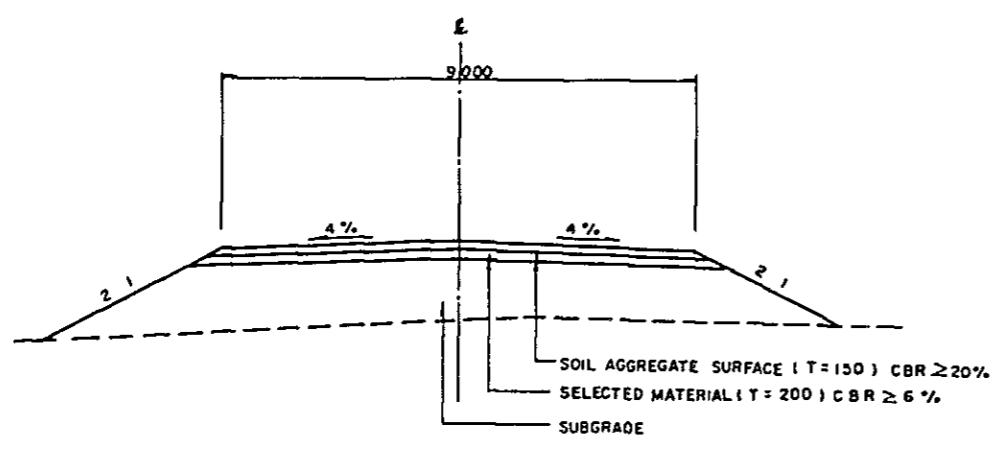
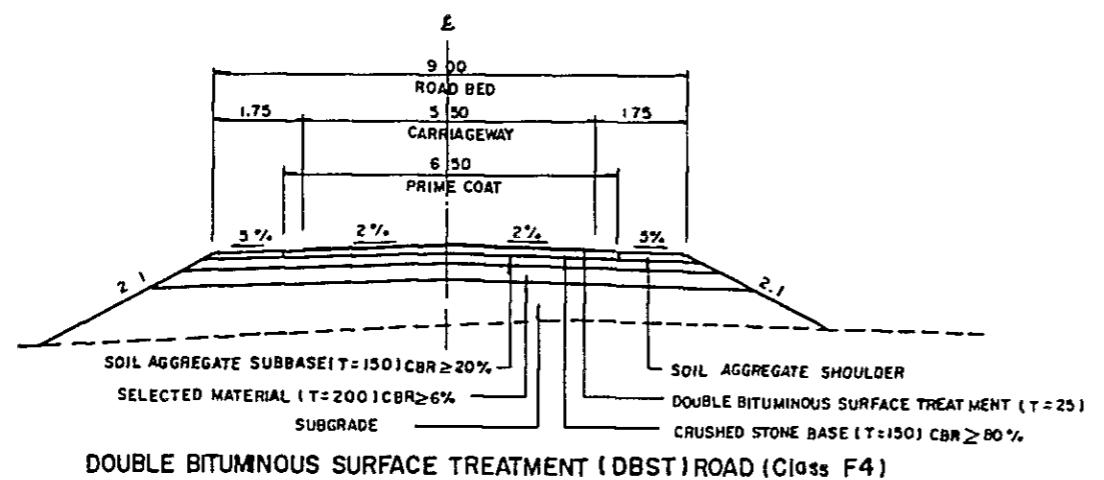
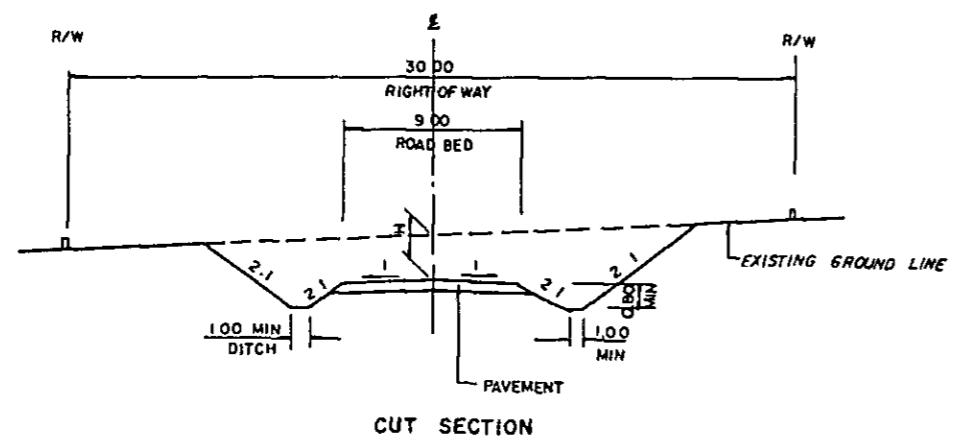
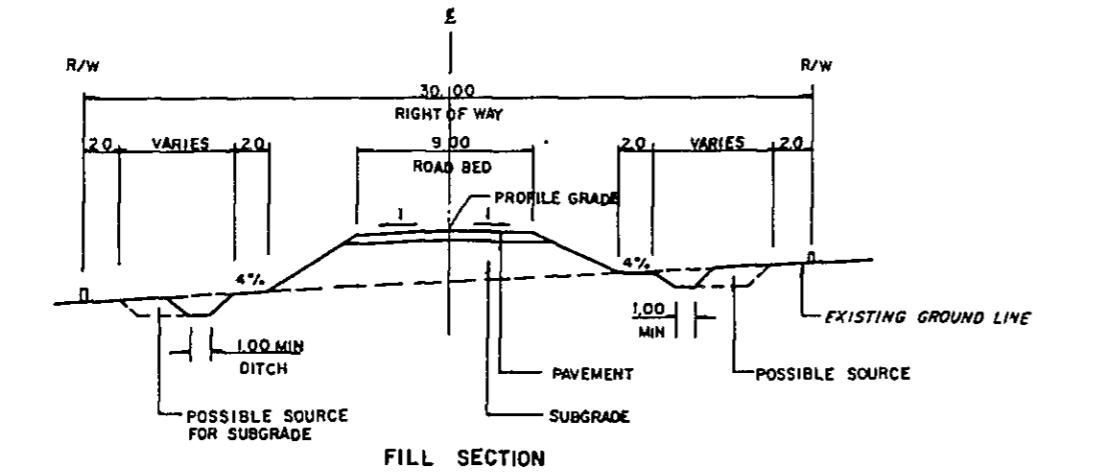
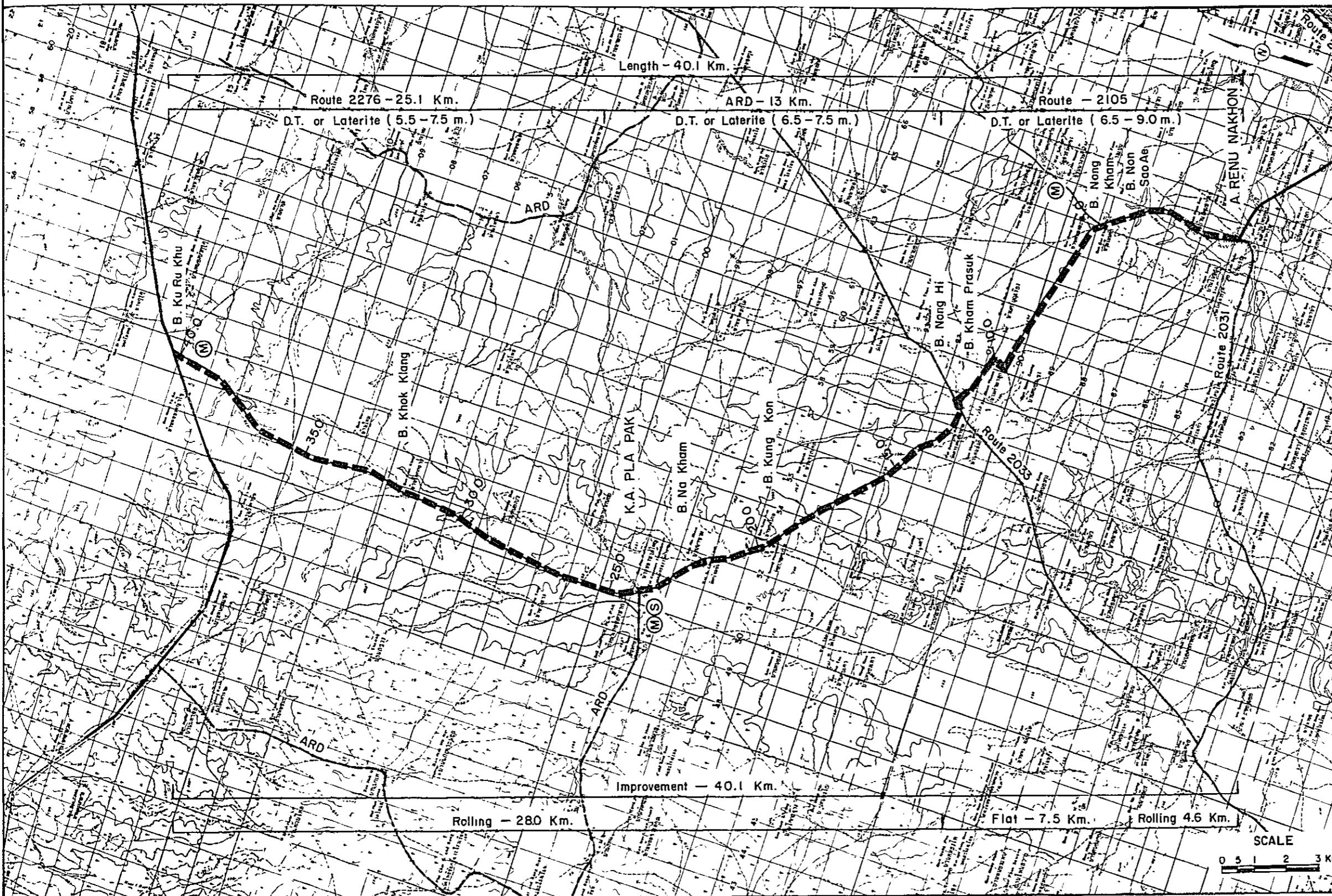
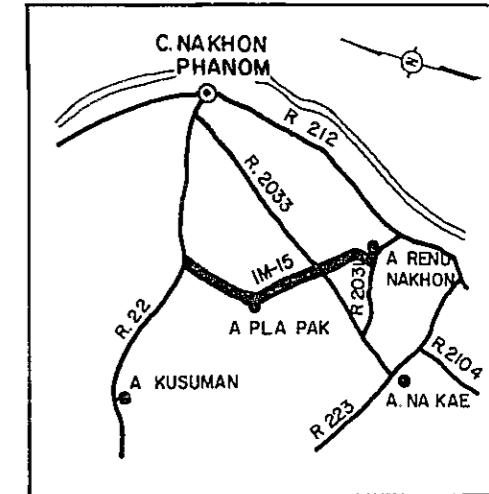


Figure 15.5.2 PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 15 C. NAKHON PHANOM

A. RENU NAKHON (J.R. 2031) — B. KU RU KHU (J.R. 22)
ROUTE NO. R. 2105+ARD+R. 2276
L = 40.1 Km.



LOCATION MAP



BRIDGE LIST

No.	Station Km.	Proposed Bridge	Existing Bridge
1	3.4	—	C - 3.00 x 12.00
2	11.4	—	C - 7.00 x 21.00
3	14.8	C - 7.00 x 17.00	C - 4.00 x 17.00
4	18.4	C - 7.00 x 15.00	C - 4.00 x 15.00
5	20.2	C - 7.00 x 8.00	C - 4.00 x 8.00
6	21.0	C - 7.00 x 18.00	C - 4.00 x 18.00
7	21.5	C - 7.00 x 18.00	C - 4.00 x 18.00
8	22.6	C - 7.00 x 18.30	C - 4.00 x 18.30
9	22.9	C - 7.00 x 16.00	C - 4.00 x 16.00
10	23.2	C - 7.00 x 21.00	C - 4.00 x 21.00
11	25.7	C - 7.00 x 21.00	C - 4.00 x 21.00
12	26.7	C - 7.00 x 12.00	W - 4.00 x 9.00
13	30.0	C - 7.00 x 18.00	W - 4.00 x 15.00
14	36.5	C - 7.00 x 18.00	W - 4.30 x 15.00
15	38.2	C - 7.00 x 14.00	W - 4.00 x 11.80

LEGEND

- PROPOSED ROUTE (IMPROVEMENT)
- PROPOSED ROUTE (NEW CONSTRUCTION)
- PAVED ROUTE
- UNPAVED ROUTE
- INVENTORY SURVEY ROUTE
- HOSPITAL
- MEDICAL CENTER
- SECONDARY SCHOOL

Table 15.5.1 CONSTRUCTION QUANTITIES AND COSTS IM-15 (40.1 km)

Items	Unit of Q'ty	Financial Unit Rate \$	(DBST)			(Soil Aggregate Surface)		
			Q'ty	Financial Cost (10 ³ \$)	Economic Cost (10 ³ \$)	Q'ty	Financial Cost (10 ³ \$)	Economic Cost (10 ³ \$)
DIRECT CONSTRUCTION COST								
Clearing and Grubbing	ha	15,000	91	1,365	1,242	91	1,365	1,242
Excavation - Soil	m ³	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
Excavation - Hard Rock	m ³	160	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embankment	m ³	45	126,900	5,710	5,196	126,900	5,710	5,196
Selected Material	m ³	80	72,100	5,768	5,133	72,100	5,768	5,133
Soil Aggregate Surface or Subbase	m ³	105	50,500	5,302	4,719	50,500	5,302	4,719
Crushed Stone Base	m ³	370	33,200	12,284	11,301	2,000	740	680
Soil Aggregate Shoulder	m ³	105	14,300	1,501	1,336	800	84	74
Prime Coat and DBST	m ²	55	187,000	10,285	9,257	11,000	605	545
Pipe Culvert	m	2,100	1,570	3,297	3,033	1,570	3,297	3,033
Box Culvert	m	16,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long Span Bridge	m	80,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Short Span Bridge	m	40,000	214	8,560	7,618	214	8,560	7,618
Sub Total (a)				54,073	48,838		31,432	28,244
Miscellaneous Works (a) x 7%				3,785	3,419		2,200	1,977
Total (b)				57,858	52,257		33,632	30,221
PHYSICAL CONTINGENCY (b) x 15%				8,679	7,839		5,045	4,533
ENGINEERING AND								
ADMINISTRATION (b) x 10%				5,786	5,226		3,363	3,022
Sub Total				14,465	13,065		8,408	7,555
LAND ACQUISITION								
Highly Developed Land	ha	50,000	60	3,000	3,000	60	3,000	3,000
Less Developed Land	ha	15,000	8	120	120	8	120	120
Sub Total				75,443	68,442		3,120	3,120
GRAND TOTAL				75,443	68,442		45,160	40,896

Table 15.6.1 COST AND BENEFITS
(F4 STANDARD)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS		DISCOUNTED(12%)		(1000 BAHT)	
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT	
1984	13,688	0	0	0	0	19,231	0	
1985	34,221	0	0	0	0	42,927	0	
1986	20,533	0	0	0	0	22,997	0	
1987	0	732	3,815	-163	4,383	0	3,914	
1988	0	864	4,080	-154	4,790	0	3,819	
1989	0	997	4,346	-145	5,198	0	3,700	
1990	0	1,129	4,611	-135	5,605	0	3,562	
1991	0	1,261	4,876	-126	6,012	0	3,411	
1992	0	1,394	5,142	-117	6,419	0	3,252	
1993	0	1,526	5,407	-107	6,826	0	3,088	
1994	19,408	1,662	5,787	-93	7,355	8,779	2,971	
1995	0	1,798	6,166	-79	7,885	0	2,843	
1996	0	1,934	6,546	-65	8,414	0	2,709	
1997	0	2,069	6,925	-52	8,943	0	2,571	
1998	0	2,205	7,304	-38	9,472	0	2,431	
1999	0	2,341	7,684	-24	10,001	0	2,292	
2000	0	2,477	8,063	-10	10,530	0	2,155	
2001	-33,168	2,613	8,443	4	11,060	-6,060	2,021	
TOTAL	54,682	25,003	89,194	-1,304	112,893	87,874	44,738	

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 87,874

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 44,738

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 9,506
VOC SAVING 35,987
RMC SAVING -755

NET PRESENT VALUE : -43,136

BENEFIT COST RATIO : 0.51

INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 5.1 %

Table 15.6.2 COST AND BENEFITS
(F5 STANDARD)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS		DISCOUNTED(12%)		(1000 BAHT)	
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT	
1984	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1985	16,358	0	0	0	0	0	20,519	0
1986	24,538	0	0	0	0	0	27,483	0
1987	0	732	2,367	-18	3,081	0	2,751	
1988	0	864	2,564	-13	3,416	0	2,723	
1989	0	997	2,762	-8	3,751	0	2,670	
1990	0	1,129	2,959	-3	4,085	0	2,596	
1991	0	1,261	3,157	2	4,420	0	2,508	
1992	0	1,394	3,355	7	4,755	0	2,409	
1993	0	1,526	3,552	11	5,090	0	2,302	
1994	968	1,662	3,831	18	5,512	439	2,226	
1995	0	1,798	4,110	25	5,934	0	2,140	
1996	0	1,934	4,390	33	6,356	0	2,046	
1997	0	2,069	4,669	40	6,778	0	1,949	
1998	0	2,205	4,948	47	7,200	0	1,848	
1999	0	2,341	5,227	54	7,622	0	1,747	
2000	0	2,477	5,507	61	8,044	0	1,646	
2001	-20,497	2,613	5,786	68	8,466	-3,745	1,547	
TOTAL	21,367	25,003	59,184	323	84,510	44,695	33,108	

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 44,695

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 33,108

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 9,506
VOC SAVING 23,539
RMC SAVING 64

NET PRESENT VALUE : -11,587

BENEFIT COST RATIO : 0.74

INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 8.9 %

Table 15.7.1 SOCIAL INDICATORS
(Proposed Route IM-15)

Population (1,000)		Education	
1982	: 32.8	Access to Secondary School	
1993	: 37.9	Number of Student in 1993 (1,000) ^{2/}	: 4.5
Average travelling speed, without (kph)	: 45	Average distance to school (km)	: 6.7
Isolation		Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.124
Access to Amphoe		Score	: 64
Average distance to Amphoe (km) ^{1/}	: 9.4	Teacher Intensity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.020	Number of teachers ^{3/}	
Score	: 61	University graduate	: 2
Access to Artery Highway		Total	: 16
Average distance to highway (km) ^{1/}	: 15	Number of Student	: 290
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.032	Indicators	
Score	: 64	E1 ^{4/}	: 6.9
Impassability		E2 ^{5/}	: (51.0)
Impassable week a year	: -	E ^{6/}	: 57.9
Impassability per year	: 0	Degree of Improvement ^{7/}	: 1.18
Impassability per capita (10^{-4})	: 0	Score	: 75
Score	: 0	Disparity	
Health		G.P.V. in 1993 (Mn B) ^{8/}	
Access to Hospital		With project	: 65.7
Average distance to Hospital (km) ^{1/}	: 20.0	Without project	: 63.3
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.044	Per capita G.P.V. in 1993 (B)	
Score	: 102	With project (W)	: 1,734
Access to Medical Facilities		Without project (w)	: 1,670
Average distance to facilities (km) ^{1/}	: 4.8	Degree of Disparity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.010	(A/W) - (A/w) ^{9/}	: 0.07
Score	: 40	Score	: 125
		Total Score	: 531

Note:

- ^{1/} () shows the length or distance in without project case. Unless otherwise, lengths are same both in with project case and without project case.
- ^{2/} Number of secondary school student estimated based on the projected population of the areas of influence applying ratios of secondary school students to the total population in the sample area.
- ^{3/} Numbers of the sample areas
- ^{4/} (Number of University Graduate Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) x 1,000
- ^{5/} (Total of Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) x 1,000
- ^{6/} Sum of ^{4/} and ^{5/}
- ^{7/} Ratio of E value of each route to an average value of the same indicator E in case of the sample areas, 33 in number, along paved road near the proposed routes.
The average value of E in case of paved roads were calculated at 68.4 from the following data:
Number of university graduate teachers 438
Number of Teachers 1,285
Number of student 25,196
- ^{8/} Estimated gross value of crop production in the areas of influence
- ^{9/} "A" indicates an average per capita value of crop production in the Northeastern Region, which is estimated assuming that:
- GRP per capita of the Northeast is estimated at 11,897 Baht in 1993,
- Agricultural sector shares 40% of GRP, and
- Crop production shares 80% of agricultural production.

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 16

Changwat : Nakhon Phanom

J.R. 212 - K.A. Whan Yai

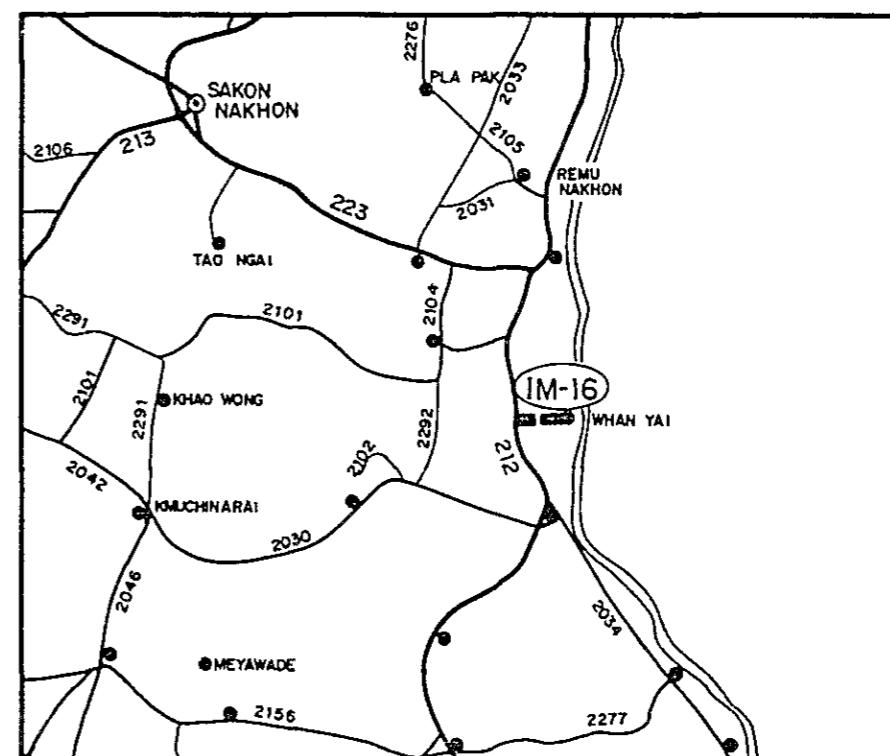
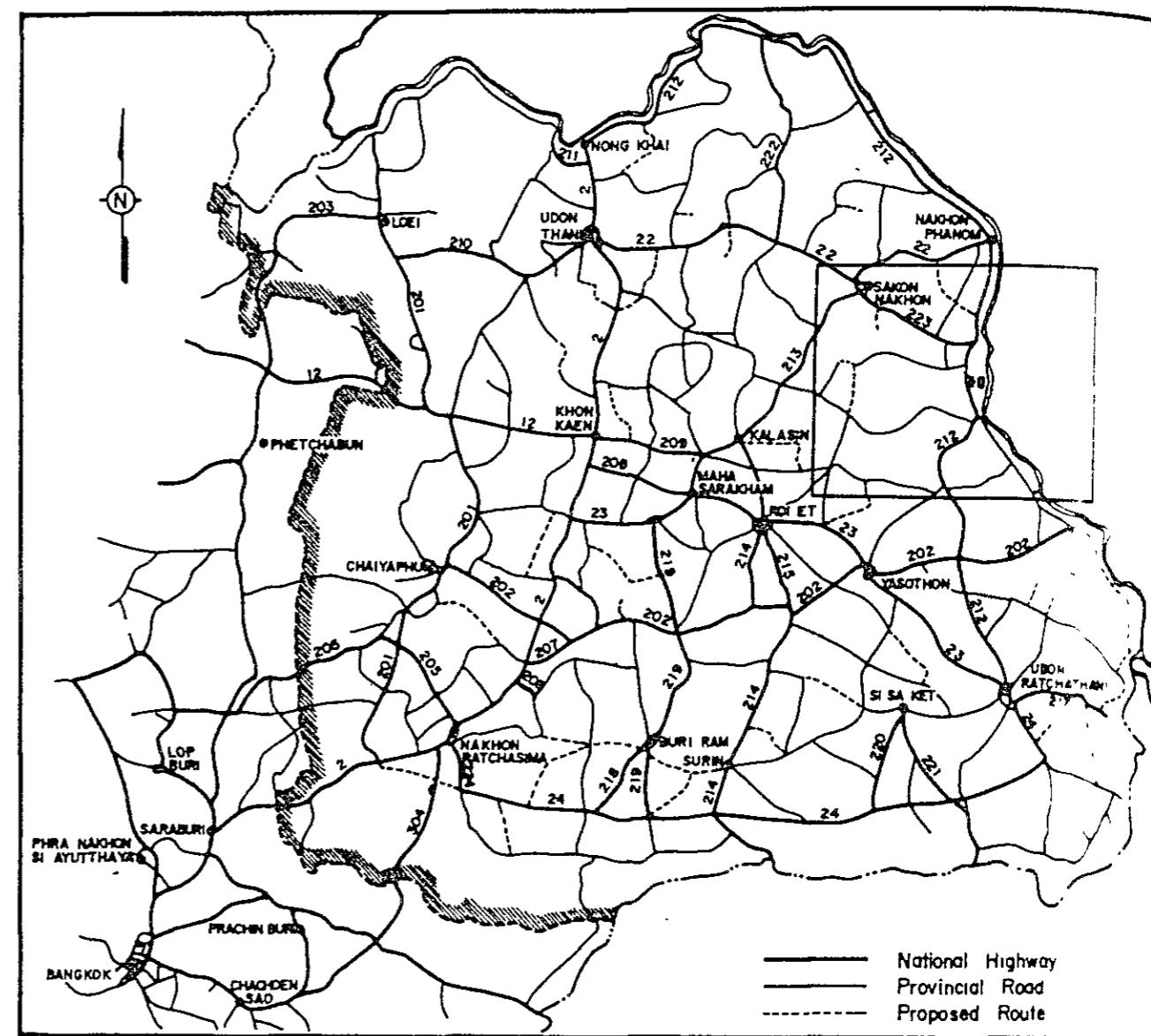
Length : 9.1 KM.

LOCATION OF PROPOSED ROUTE

SUMMARY

PROPOSED ROUTE IM-16

Item	Description
Changwat	Nakhon Phanom
Origin	J.R.212
Destination	K.A. Whan Yai
Length	
Total	9.1 km
Improvement Section	9.1 km
DOH Road	0 km
ARD Road	0 km
Others	9.1 km
New Alignment Section	0 km
Surface Type and Condition	Soil Aggregate, Poor
Terrain	Rolling
Influence Area	
Area	70 km ²
Population (1982)	9,500
Principal Crops	Paddy
Traffic (ADT)	
Existing	67
1993	272
2001	347
Proposed Standard	F4 (DBST)
Construction Cost	
Financial	$15,224 \cdot 10^3 \beta$
Economic	$13,835 \cdot 10^3 \beta$
IRR	3.0 %
B/C	0.40
Social Impact	High
Recommendation	For further consideration



1. GENERAL

1.1 Characteristics of the Route

The proposed route is located in the south part of Changwat Nakhon Phanom. The route starting at the intersection with Route 212, runs eastward and ends at King Amphoe Whan Yai. Its total length is 9.1 km (Figure 16.5.2).

The terrain is almost rolling. In the influence area, there exist a few village with total population of 9,500. There are one medical center, no hospital and one secondary school along the proposed route.

The proposed route, upon completion, will play vital role to connect King Amphoe Whan Yai closely located at the bank of the Mekong river with artery highway Route 212.

1.2 Condition of Existing Road

Condition of existing roads to be utilized for the proposed route is summarized in Table 16.1.1. The details are shown as the results of inventory survey in Table 16.1.2.

2. TRAFFIC

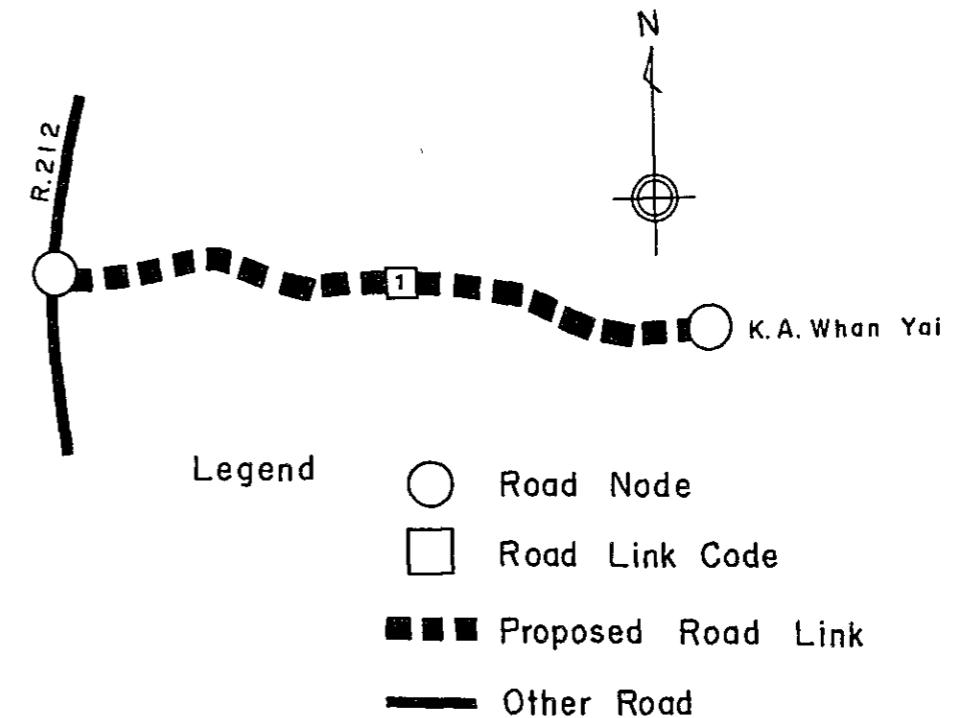
2.1 Method

Growth Rate Method was employed for traffic forecasting as no diverted traffic is expected after improvement of the subject road.

2.2 Base Year Traffic

The base year traffic by road link by vehicle type was estimated basing on manual classified counts as shown below:

Proposed Road Link



Legend

○ Road Node

□ Road Link Code

■■■ Proposed Road Link

— Other Road

Traffic Volume in Base Year

Source (base year)	Link No.	Vehicle Type								
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T	10/T
Manual Counts (1982)	1	2	19	47	1	-	2	5	19	- 95

2.3 Transport Movement

Passenger movement in terms of trips per day and freight movement in terms of tonnage per day on the proposed road link were estimated multiplying traffic volume in base year by the occupancy or average load obtained from roadside interview, as shown below:

PASSENGER MOVEMENT (1982)

PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TRIPS PER DAY
1	428

FREIGHT MOVEMENT (1982)

PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TONAGE PER DAY
1	11
	8
	19

2.5 Induced and Developed Traffic

The following ratios are used for the estimation of induced and developed traffic described in 7.3.3-3) of the Main Report:

RATE OF INDUCED AND DEVELOPED TRAFFIC

(%)

2.4 Future Growth of Transport Movement

The growth rates of passenger and freight movements for the periods of 1981-1987, 1987-1993 and 1993-2001 were predicted by the formula described in 7.3.3-2) of the Main Report. The basis for the prediction is shown in the following tables:

GROWTH RATE OF PASSENGER MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)		
	1981	1987	1993
	-	-	-
PER CAPITA INCOME	4.2	4.5	4.7
TRANS. PRICE INCREASE	4.5	4.5	4.5
POPULATION	1.6	1.3	1.1
PASSENGER MOVEMENT	5.6	5.7	5.8

GROWTH RATE OF FREIGHT MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)		
	1981	1987	1993
	-	-	-
NON-AGRI.	7.2	7.3	7.4
AGRICULTURE	0.4	0.5	0.5
FREIGHT	4.4	4.5	4.5

ITEM	YEAR		
	1987	1993	2001
INDUCED	15.0	15.0	15.0
DEVELOPED	0.0	0.4	0.5

2.6 Future Traffic

1) Traffic Composition

The movements of passenger and freight transport were transformed into traffic volume by vehicle type applying future traffic composition as shown in the following table:

TRAFFIC COMPOSITION

(UNIT : %)

LINK NO.	YEAR	PASSENGER					FREIGHT		
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T
1	1982	0.0	59.6	38.5	1.9	0.0	26.7	33.3	40.0
	1987	3.9	55.7	32.2	6.1	2.1	24.1	28.8	38.7
	1993	8.6	51.0	24.6	11.2	4.5	21.1	23.3	37.1
	2001	14.9	44.7	14.6	17.9	7.9	17.0	16.0	35.0
									32.0

2) Forecasted ADT

The average of the forecasted traffic on proposed road link is shown in the following table and details by road link by traffic type are shown in Table 16.2.1.

AVERAGE FUTURE TRAFFIC ON PROPOSED ROUTE

YEAR	TYPE OF VEHICLE								ADT	M/C	TOTAL
	P/C	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/P&T	4/T	6/T	10/T			
1987	3	23	4	1	44	4	5	1	86	145	232
1993	8	23	10	4	50	3	5	2	105	167	272
2001	19	19	23	10	60	2	5	4	142	205	347

as shown in Table 16.3.3.

Based on the above projected production volume, farmgate prices, production costs and land preparation cost estimated separately, net production value (NPV) was obtained as shown in Table 16.3.4. The difference between NPV of with project case and NPV of without project case is deemed to be the development benefit of the subject road.

3. AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

3.1 Present Condition

Almost all cultivated land is covered by paddy field and very few by upland field of cassava, kenaf and sugar cane.

Unused cultivable land for both paddy and upland field still available in the area.

Land use and capability conditions in the area of influence are shown in Table 16.3.1 and Figure 16.3.1.

A typical cropping calendar in the Nakhon Phanom area is shown in Figure 16.3.2.

3.2 Development Projection

Future agricultural development in the area of influence was projected for both cases of without project and with project. The projected planted area, unit yields by crop, and the consequent production volumes are shown in Table 16.3.2.

Farmgate prices and production costs of the selected crops are estimated as follows, referring to the Changwat data and field survey information

4. VOC SAVINGS

In accordance with the concept and basic data given in Chapter 7 of Vol.1 Main Report, VOCs on each road link concerned were calculated in both cases of with project and without project.

Elements of road condition, which affect the calculation of additional costs of VOC of each link, are shown below.

Road Condition

Link	Without Project				With Project			
	/1 No. of Length Road Nos. of Wooden /1 Nos. of Length Road Class /1 Wooden	Length Road Class Bridge	Narrow Bridge	C.Bridge	Case 1	Case 2	Narrow Bridge	
No. Terrain	(Km)	Class	Bridge	C.Bridge	(Km)	Case 1	Case 2	
1 Rolling	9.1	3	0	0	9.1	1(F4)	2A(F5)	0

/1 Road 1 : Paved Road

Road 2A : Laterite Road with good surface condition and alignment

Road 2B : Laterite Road with good surface condition but poor alignment

Road 3 : Laterite Road with poor surface condition and alignment

Road 4 : Earth Road

VOC savings, obtained from the difference of total link VOCs in the cases of with project and those of without project case, were calculated as follows:

<u>Vehicle Operating Cost Saving</u>			
	(unit: 1,000 Baht)		
Road Class	1987	1993	2001
1 (F4)	472	669	1,030
2A (F5)	296	437	682

In case of F5 Standard

Soil Aggregate Surface CBR $>20\%$: 15.0cm

Selected Material CBR $\geq 6\%$: 20.0cm

Pipe Culvert

Standard Size : $\phi 100\text{cm}$

Standard Interval

Paddy Area : 200 m

Others : 500 m

Box Culvert

Standard Size : 2.4m x 2.4m

Location : as required

Bridge

Standard Type (width 7.0m)

Short Span Bridge : RC - Slab

Long Span Bridge : PC - Girder

Location : as shown in Bridge List in Figure 16.5.2

Alignment of the route is shown in Figure 16.5.2.

5. ENGINEERING

5.1 Preliminary Design

Preliminary design was carried out based on the following design criteria.

Design Standard : F4 (if not feasible, F5)

Geometric Design : AASHTO (Rural Highways)

Typical Cross Section : as shown in Figure 16.5.1

Minimum Height of Embankment

Ordinary Section : 1.0m

Approach of Bridge in Flat Area : 2.0m

Flood Section : 0.7m (above flood level)

Pavement Structure

In case of F4 Standard

DBST : 2.5cm

Crushed Stone Base CBR $>80\%$: 15.0cm

Soil Aggregate Subbase CBR $>20\%$: 15.0cm

Selected Material CBR $\geq 6\%$: 20.0cm

5.2 Work Quantity and Construction Cost

Work quantities based on the preliminary design and construction cost together with unit rate by work item are shown in Table 16.5.1.

Total financial and economic construction costs by applied road class are as given below:

Total Financial and Economic Construction Cost

Road Class	Length (Km)	Construction Cost (10 ³ B)		Remark
		Financial Cost	Economic Cost	
F4 (DBST)	9.1	15,224	13,835	
F5 (Laterite)	9.1	7,555	6,862	

6. ECONOMIC EVALUATION

Yearly distribution of the economic costs and benefits, and the calculated economic indicators for evaluation are given in Table 16.6.1 and 16.6.2.

The result indicates that the proposed project seems to be not feasible under F4 Standard and F5 Standard in case the opening year is 1987.

7. SOCIAL IMPACTS

Detailed data and results of quantification of indicators of social impacts are tabulated in Table 16.7.1. Social impacts of the proposed route are considerably high.

Table 16.1.1 SUMMARY OF ROAD INVENTORY

Item	Description	
Origin	J.R. 212	
Destination	K.A. Whan Yai	
Length		
Total	9.1 km	
Improvement Section	9.1 km	
DOH Road	0 km	
ARD Road	0 km	
Others	9.1 km	
New Alignment Section	0 km	
Terrain	Rolling	
Alignment (Hori./Vert.)	Fair / Fair	
Formation Width	7.5 m - 9.0 m, 7.9 m (Weighted average)	
Embankment Section		
Length	9.1 km	
Height	0.5 m - 1.0 m	
Cut Section		
Length	0 km	
Depth	m - m	
Surface Type and Condition		
SBST or DBST	0 km	
Soil Aggregate	Poor	9.1 km
Earth	0 km	
Pipe Culvert	3 each	
Box Culvert	1 each	9.0 m
Bridge		
Permanent Bridge	1 each	4.0 m
Narrow Concrete Bridge	0 each	0 m (4m)
Wooden Bridge	0 each	0 m
Overflow Section	0 place	0 km

Table 16.1.2 ROAD INVENTORY L = 9.1 Km.

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM-16 J.R. 212 ~ K.A. WHAN YAI NAKHON PHANOM

STATION (Km)		0	2	4	6	8	10	
VILLAGE								K.A. WHAN YAI
- Name								
- Household (H)								
- Population (P)								
TERRAIN								Rolling
CROSS SECTION	Formation Width (m)	7.50	8.00	7.50	9.00	8.00	7.50	
	Embankment Height (m)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.80	1.00	0.40
	Cutting Depth (m)							
PAVEMENT	Type/Length							Laterite
	Condition							Poor
FLOODING	Overflow Length(Km)/Height(m)							
LAND USE	Left	Bush		Paddy				
	Right	Bush		Paddy				
PIPE CULVERT	Total Number				3 Pipes			
BOX CULVERT & BRIDGE	Station (Km)				6.9			
	Dimension				C-Br. 7.50 x 4.00	9.00 x 9.00		C-Box 1.00 x 0.50 x
RIGHT OF WAY (m)				15.0				
ALIGNMENT	Horizontal			Fair				
	Vertical			Fair				
ROUTE NO., AGENCIES				Rural				

Table 16.2.1 TRAFFIC VOLUME ON ROUTE IM - 16

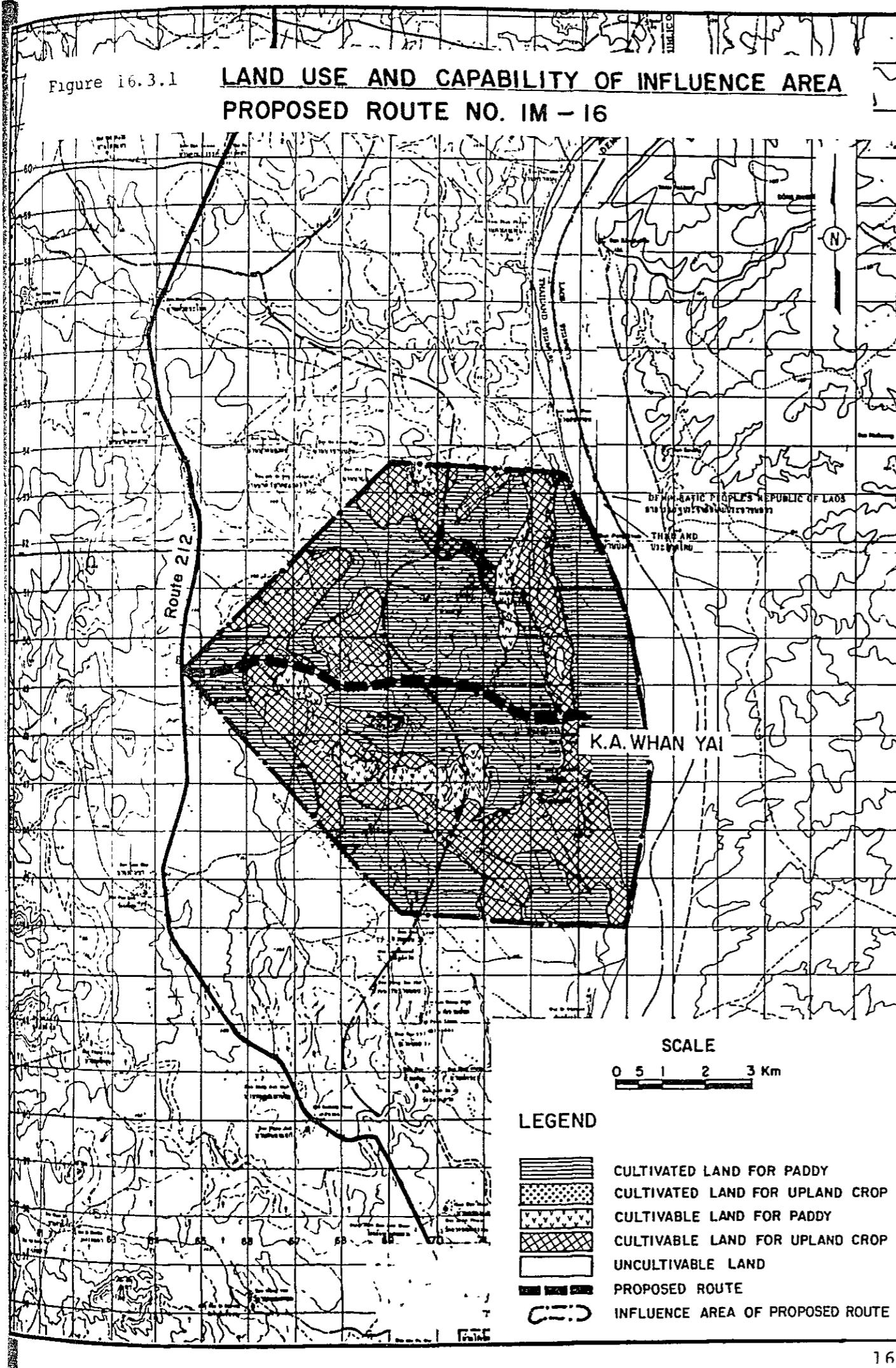
LINK	YEAR		1987		1993		2001	
	N+D	I	DV	TOTAL	N+D	I	DV	TOTAL
P/C	2	2	0	3	7	7	0	17
	I	0	0	3	1	1	0	2
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	3	3	8	8	8	19	19
L/B	20	20	3	23	20	20	3	16
	I	3	3	0	3	3	0	2
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	23	23	23	23	23	19	19
M/B	4	4	1	4	9	9	1	20
	I	1	1	0	1	1	0	3
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	4	4	10	10	10	23	23
H/B	1	1	0	1	4	4	0	9
	I	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	1	1	4	4	4	10	10
P/P&T	38	38	6	44	43	43	6	52
	I	6	6	0	6	6	0	8
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	44	44	50	50	50	60	60
4/T	4	4	1	4	3	3	0	2
	I	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	4	4	3	3	3	2	2
6/T	5	5	1	5	4	4	1	4
	I	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
10/T	1	1	0	1	2	2	0	4
	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	1	1	2	2	2	4	4
ADT	75	75	11	86	91	91	14	123
	I	11	11	0	11	11	0	18
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	TOTAL	86	86	105	105	105	142	142
M/C	132	132	14	145	151	151	15	186
	I	14	14	0	15	15	0	18
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	TOTAL	145	145	167	167	167	205	205
TOTAL	207	207	25	25	242	242	29	309
	I	25	25	0	29	29	0	37
	DV	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
	TOTAL	232	232	272	272	272	347	347

NOTE

N : NORMAL TRAFFIC
DV : DEVELOPED TRAFFICD : DIVERTED TRAFFIC
I : INDUCED TRAFFIC

Figure 16.3.1

**LAND USE AND CAPABILITY OF INFLUENCE AREA
PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 16**

Figure 16.3.2 **CROPPING CALENDAR**

0500 CHANCWAT NAKHON PHANOM

NAME OF CROP	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP.	OCT.	NOV	DEC
RICE, 1 st CROP				○	○	○	○	*	*			
RICE, 2 nd CROP	○	○		*	*	*						
SUGAR CANE												
TOBACCO (VIRGINIA & LOCAL)												
KENAF				○	○					*	*	
JUTE				○	○					*	*	
CASSAVA					○							
MAIZE				○	○			*	*			
GROUND NUT { LESS-RAINY SEASON MORE-DRY SEASON				○	○					*	*	
COTTON									○	○	*	

Note: FIRST CROP SECOND CROP

(○) sowing season (X) growing season (X) harvesting season

TABLE 16.3.1 CULTIVATED & CULTIVABLE LAND

(1979)

[UNIT : 1000 RAI (KM²)]

AMPHOE	AMPHOE	CULTIVATED LAND			UNUSED CULTIVABLE LAND		
		CODE	NAME	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY
				24.375 (39.0)	-	24.375 (39.0)	3.125 (5.0)
0512	MUKDAHAN			8.125 (13.0)	-	8.125 (13.0)	1.875 (3.0)
0513	WAN YAI			16.250 (26.0)	-	16.250 (26.0)	1.250 (2.0)
							16.250 (26.0)
							19.375 (31.0)
							8.750 (14.0)
							10.625 (17.0)
							8.750 (14.0)

TABLE 16.3.2 CROP PRODUCTION

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANE	KENAF	COTTON	UPLAND TOTAL	TOTAL
PLANTED AREA (1000 RAI)										
1981	23.36	-	-	-	0.45	0.14	0.33	-	1.00	24.36
1987	23.36	-	-	-	0.49	0.15	0.34	-	1.05	24.41
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	23.36	-	-	-	0.53	0.16	0.34	-	1.11	24.47
WITH PROJECT	23.36	-	-	-	0.62	0.17	0.35	-	1.21	24.57
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	23.36	-	-	-	0.60	0.17	0.35	-	1.20	24.55
WITH PROJECT	23.36	-	-	-	0.69	0.18	0.35	-	1.31	24.67
CROP YIELD (KG/RAI)										
1981	225.6	-	-	-	2500.0	6828.7	175.0	-		
1987	227.0	-	-	-	2500.0	6869.8	175.0	-		
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	228.4	-	-	-	2500.0	6911.1	175.0	-		
WITH PROJECT	232.5	-	-	-	2515.0	6952.7	175.0	-		
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	230.2	-	-	-	2500.0	6966.6	175.0	-		
WITH PROJECT	240.0	-	-	-	2535.2	7064.7	175.0	-		
CROP PRODUCTION (TON)										
1981	5,270	-	-	-	1,113	970	58	-	2,154	7,424
1987	5,302	-	-	-	1,216	1,036	59	-	2,324	7,626
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	5,334	-	-	-	1,330	1,106	60	-	2,509	7,843
WITH PROJECT	5,431	-	-	-	1,548	1,180	61	-	2,803	8,234
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	5,377	-	-	-	1,498	1,207	61	-	2,780	8,156
WITH PROJECT	5,607	-	-	-	1,758	1,299	62	-	3,132	8,739

NOTE : SYMBOL "-" MEANS ZERO OR NEGLIGIBLE SMALL

TABLE 16.3.3 FARMGATE PRICE AND PRODUCTION COST

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANE	KENAF	COTTON
FARMGATE PRICE (BAHT/TON)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	3,630	-	-	-	515	702	3,430	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	3,721	-	-	-	528	702	3,516	-
CROP PRODUCTION COST (BAHT/RAI)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	560	-	-	-	759	2,506	511	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	580	-	-	-	779	2,544	511	-

TABLE 16.3.4 NET PRODUCTION VALUE

YEAR	WITHOUT PROJECT			WITH PROJECT			(1000 BAHT)
	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	
	1987	6,166	670	6,836	6,181	675	6,856
1993	6,282	721	7,003	6,660	805	7,465	
2001	6,437	796	7,233	7,315	903	8,218	

Figure 16.5.1 TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AND TYPICAL PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

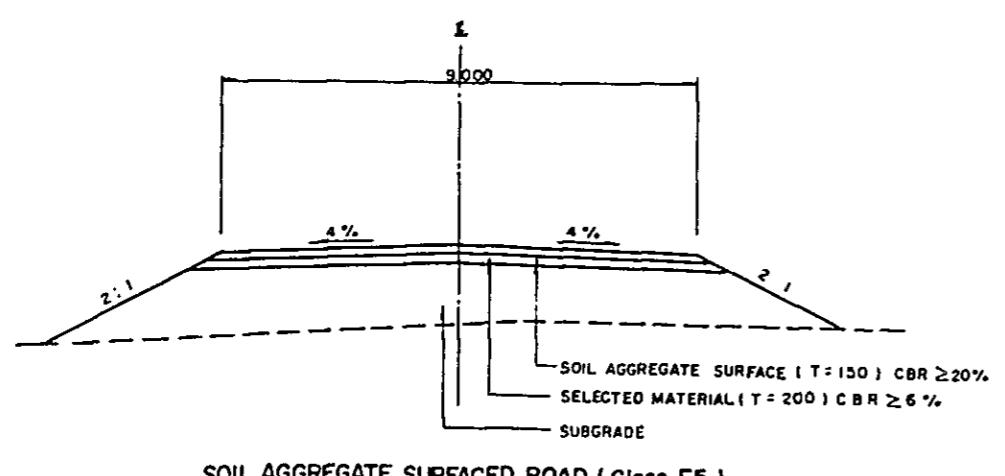
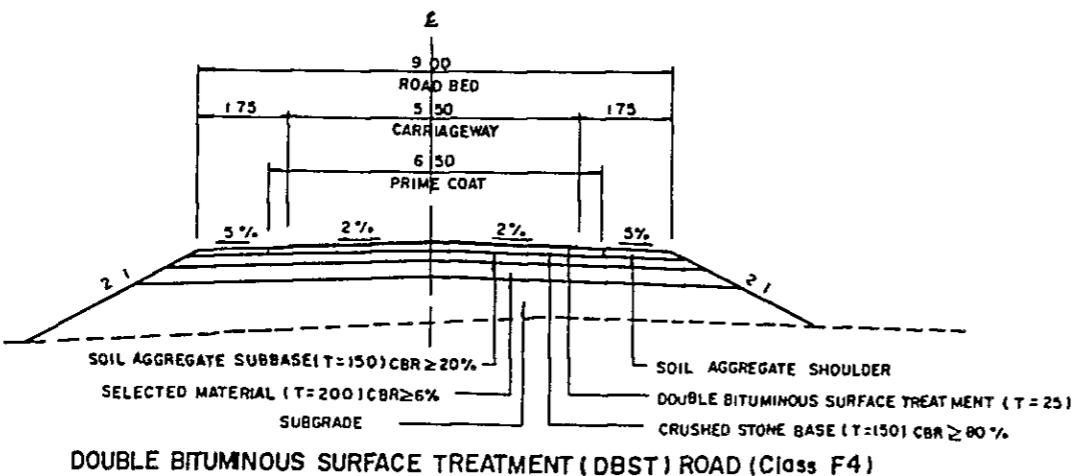
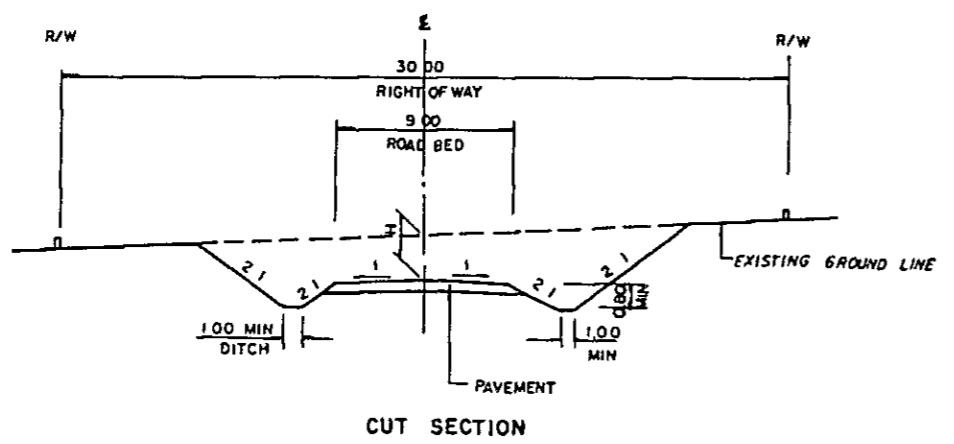
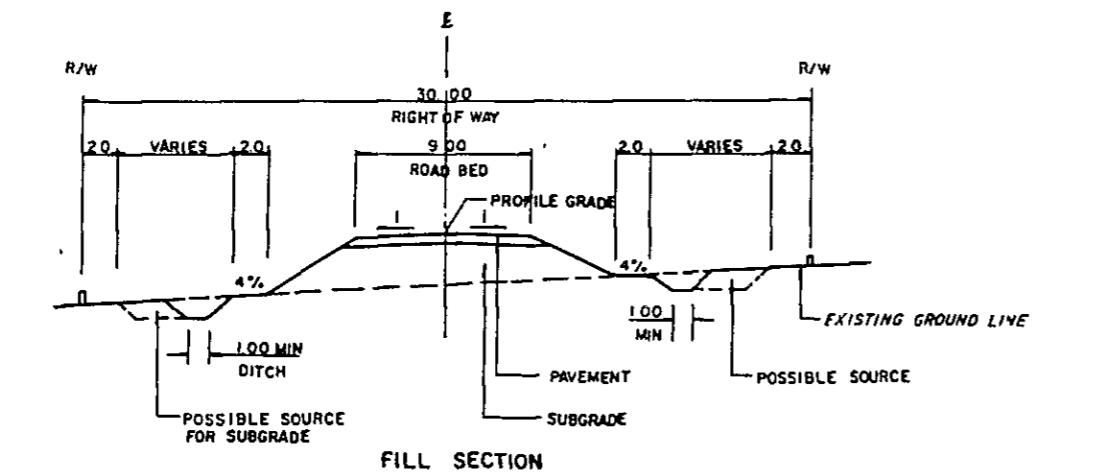


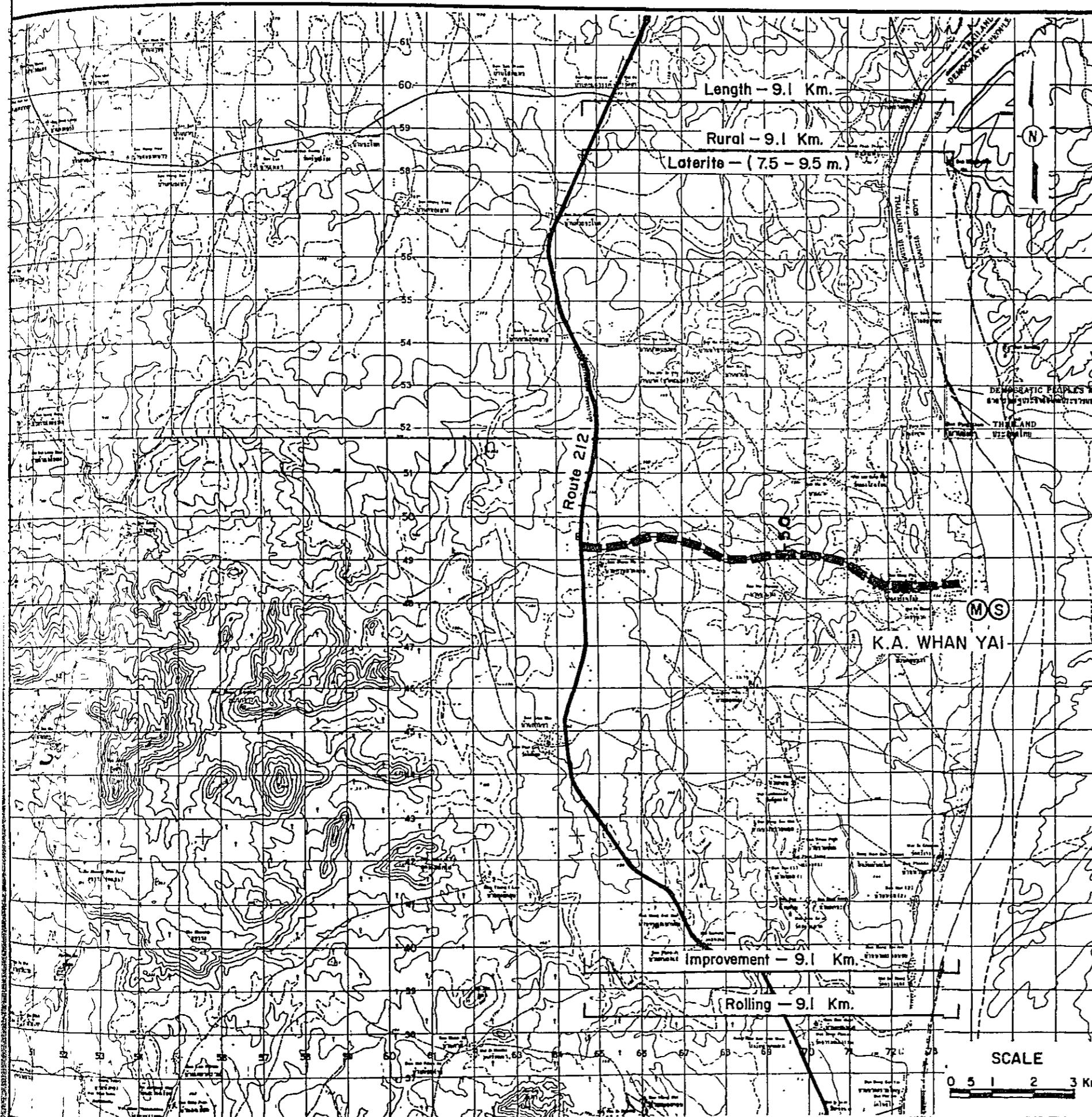
Figure 16.5.2

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM-16

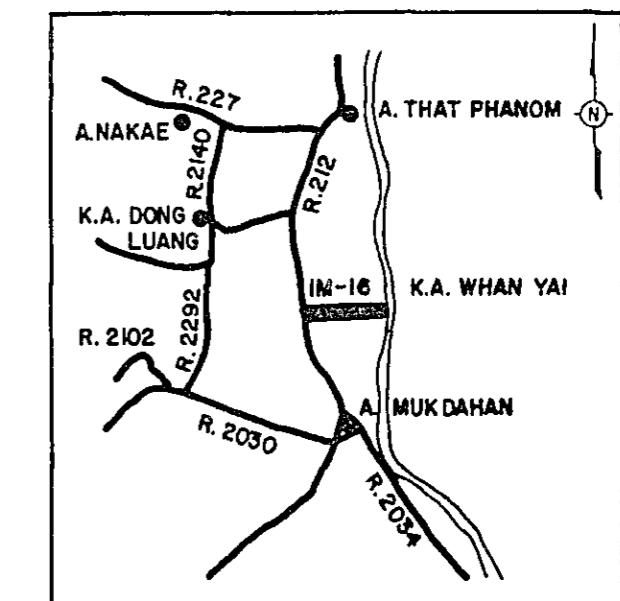
C. NAKHON PHANOM

J.R. 212 - K.A. WHAN YAI

ROUTE NO. Rural L = 9.1 Km.



LOCATION MAP



BRIDGE LIST

No.	Station Km.	Proposed Bridge	Existing Bridge
1	6.9	—	C - 7.50 x 4.00

LEGEND

- PROPOSED ROUTE (IMPROVEMENT)
- PROPOSED ROUTE (NEW CONSTRUCTION)
- PAVED ROUTE
- UNPAVED ROUTE
- INVENTORY SURVEY ROUTE
- HOSPITAL
- MEDICAL CENTER
- SECONDARY SCHOOL

Table 16.5.1 CONSTRUCTION QUANTITIES AND COSTS IM-16 (9.1 km)

Items	Unit of Q'ty	Financial Unit Rate \$	(DBST)			(Soil Aggregate Surface)		
			Q'ty	Financial Cost (10^3 \$)	Economic Cost (10^3 \$)	Q'ty	Financial Cost (10^3 \$)	Economic Cost (10^3 \$)
DIRECT CONSTRUCTION COST								
Clearing and Grubbing	ha	15,000	20	300	273	20	300	273
Excavation - Soil	m ³	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
Excavation - Hard Rock	m ³	160	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embankment	m ³	45	10,700	481	438	10,700	481	438
Selected Material	m ³	80	19,300	1,544	1,374	19,300	1,544	1,374
Soil Aggregate Surface or Subbase	m ³	105	13,500	1,417	1,261	13,500	1,417	1,261
Crushed Stone Base	m ³	370	8,900	3,293	3,029	1,000	370	340
Soil Aggregate Shoulder	m ³	105	3,800	399	355	400	42	37
Prime Coat and DBST	m ²	55	50,100	2,756	2,480	5,500	303	273
Pipe Culvert	m	2,100	320	672	618	320	672	618
Box Culvert	m	16,000	3	48	43	3	48	43
Long Span Bridge	m	80,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Short Span Bridge	m	40,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub Total (a)			10,911	9,873		5,178	4,659	
Miscellaneous Works (a) x 7%			764	691		362	326	
Total (b)			11,675	10,564		5,540	4,985	
PHYSICAL CONTINGENCY (b) x 15%			1,751	1,585		831	748	
ENGINEERING AND								
ADMINISTRATION (b) x 10%			1,168	1,056		554	499	
Sub Total			2,919	2,641		1,385	1,247	
LAND ACQUISITION								
Highly Developed Land	ha	50,000	12	600	600	12	600	600
Less Developed Land	ha	15,000	2	30	30	2	30	30
Sub Total			630	630		630	630	
GRAND TOTAL			15,224	13,835		7,555	6,862	

Table 16.6.1 COST AND BENEFITS
(F4 STANDARD)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS			DISCOUNTED(12%)			(1000 BAHT)	
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT			
1984	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
1985	2,767	0	0	0	0	3,471	0		0	0
1986	11,068	0	0	0	0	12,396	0		0	0
1987	0	20	472	-61	431	0	385		0	0
1988	0	91	505	-59	537	0	428		0	0
1989	0	162	538	-56	644	0	458		0	0
1990	0	233	571	-54	750	0	477		0	0
1991	0	304	603	-51	857	0	486		0	0
1992	0	375	636	-48	963	0	488		0	0
1993	0	446	669	-46	1,070	0	484		0	0
1994	4,404	513	714	-42	1,186	1,992	479		0	0
1995	0	581	759	-38	1,302	0	469		0	0
1996	0	648	804	-34	1,418	0	457		0	0
1997	0	715	850	-30	1,534	0	441		0	0
1998	0	782	895	-26	1,650	0	424		0	0
1999	0	849	940	-23	1,767	0	405		0	0
2000	0	916	985	-19	1,883	0	385		0	0
2001	-6,704	984	1,030	-15	1,999	-1,225	365		0	0
TOTAL	11,535	7,620	10,972	-602	17,990	16,634	6,631		0	0

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 16,634
 DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 6,631
 AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 2,512
 VOC SAVING 4,438
 RMC SAVING -319
 NET PRESENT VALUE : -10,004
 BENEFIT COST RATIO : 0.40
 INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 3.0 %

Table 16.6.2 COST AND BENEFITS
(F5 STANDARD)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS			DISCOUNTED(12%)			(1000 BAHT)	
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT			
1984	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
1985	1,372	0	0	0	0	0	0		1,721	0
1986	5,490	0	0	0	0	0	0		6,149	0
1987	0	20	296	-21	295	0	263		0	0
1988	0	91	319	-19	392	0	312		0	0
1989	0	162	343	-17	488	0	348		0	0
1990	0	233	366	-14	585	0	372		0	0
1991	0	304	390	-12	682	0	387		0	0
1992	0	375	413	-10	778	0	394		0	0
1993	0	446	437	-8	875	0	396		0	0
1994	484	513	468	-5	976	219	394		0	0
1995	0	581	498	-2	1,077	0	388		0	0
1996	0	648	529	1	1,178	0	379		0	0
1997	0	715	560	4	1,279	0	368		0	0
1998	0	782	590	8	1,380	0	354		0	0
1999	0	849	621	11	1,481	0	339		0	0
2000	0	916	652	14	1,582	0	324		0	0
2001	-3,496	984	682	17	1,683	-639	307		0	0
TOTAL	3,850	7,620	7,164	-53	14,731	7,450	5,326		0	0

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 7,450
 DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 5,326
 AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 2,512
 VOC SAVING 2,875
 RMC SAVING -61
 NET PRESENT VALUE : -2,124
 BENEFIT COST RATIO : 0.71
 INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 8.6 %

Table 16.7.1 SOCIAL INDICATORS
(Proposed Route IM-16)

Population (1,000)		Education	
1982	: 9.5	Access to Secondary School	
1993	: 11.1	Number of Student in 1993 (1,000) ^{2/}	: 1.8
Average travelling speed, without (kph)	: 40	Average distance to school (km)	: 4.5
Isolation		Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.278
Access to Amphoe		Score	: 150
Average distance to Amphoe (km) ^{1/}	: 2.3	Teacher Intensity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.023	Number of teachers ^{3/}	
Score	: 68	University graduate	: -
Access to Artery Highway		Total	: 13
Average distance to highway (km) ^{1/}	: 9	Number of Student	: 339
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.090	Indicators	
Score	: 196	E1 ^{4/}	: -
Impassability		E2 ^{5/}	: 38.3
Impassable week a year	: -	E ^{6/}	: 38.3
Impassability per year	: 0	Degree of Improvement ^{7/}	: 1.79
Impassability per capita (10^{-4})	: 0	Score	: 114
Score	: 0	Disparity	
Health		G.P.V. in 1993 (Mn B) ^{8/}	
Access to Hospital		With project	: 22.2
Average distance to Hospital (km) ^{1/}	: 4.5	Without project	: 21.1
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.045	Per capita G.P.V. in 1993 (B)	
Score	: 105	With project (W)	: 2,000
Access to Medical Facilities		Without project (w)	: 1,901
Average distance to facilities (km) ^{1/}	: 4.5	Degree of Disparity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.045	(A/W) - (A/w) ^{9/}	: 0.08
Score	: 180	Score	: 143
		Total Score	: 956

Note:

- ^{1/} () shows the length or distance in without project case. Unless otherwise, lengths are same both in with project case and without project case.
- ^{2/} Number of secondary school student estimated based on the projected population of the areas of influence applying ratios of secondary school students to the total population in the sample area.
- ^{3/} Numbers of the sample areas
- ^{4/} (Number of University Graduate Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) $\times 1,000$
- ^{5/} (Total of Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) $\times 1,000$
- ^{6/} Sum of ^{4/} and ^{5/}
- ^{7/} Ratio of E value of each route to an average value of the same indicator E in case of the sample areas, 33 in number, along paved road near the proposed routes.
The average value of E in case of paved roads were calculated at 68.4 from the following data:
Number of university graduate teachers 438
Number of Teachers 1,285
Number of student 25,196
- ^{8/} Estimated gross value of crop production in the areas of influence
- ^{9/} "A" indicates an average per capita value of crop production in the Northeastern Region, which is estimated assuming that:
- GRP per capita of the Northeast is estimated at 11,897 Baht in 1993,
- Agricultural sector shares 40% of GRP, and
- Crop production shares 80% of agricultural production.

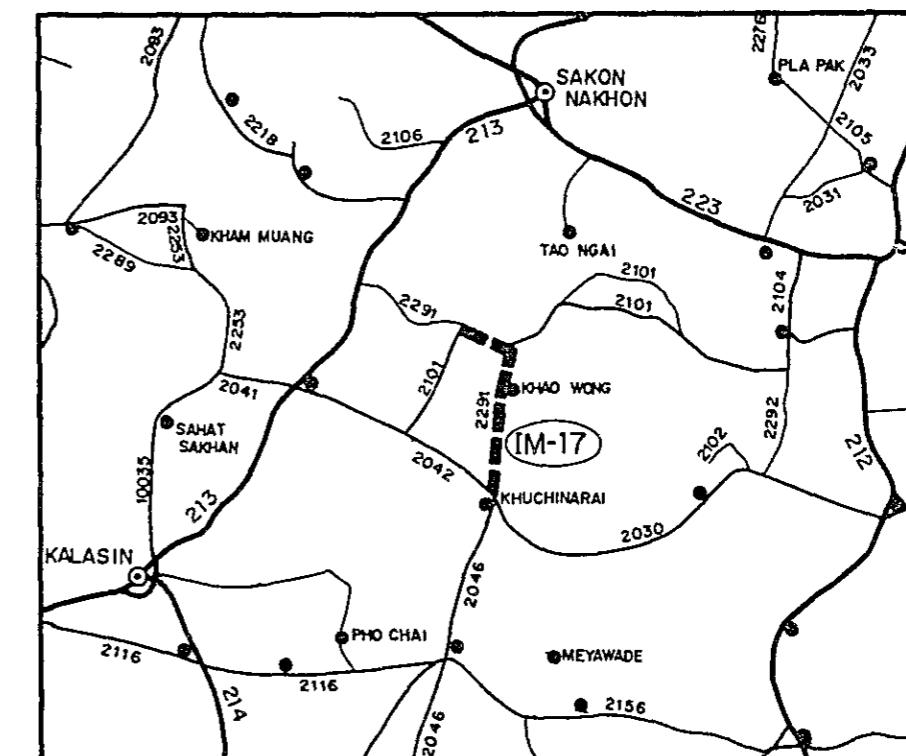
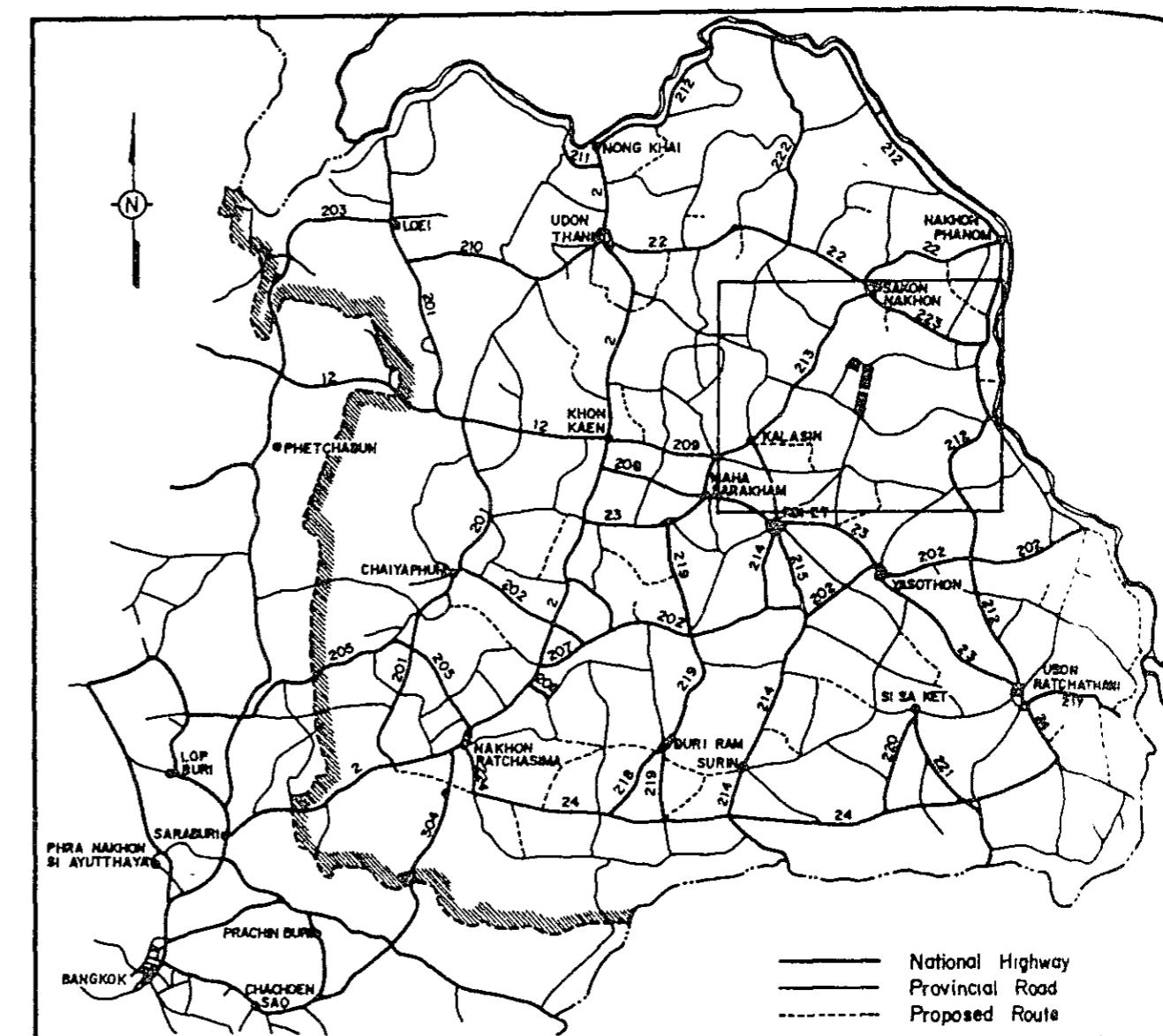
PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 17

Changwat : Kalasin

A. Kuchinarai (J.R.2042,2030) - B.Na Khu

Length : 30.4 KM.

LOCATION OF PROPOSED ROUTE



1. GENERAL

1.1 Characteristics of the Route

The proposed route is located in the south part of Changwat Kalasin.

The route, starting at the intersection of Route 2042 with Route 2046, Amphoe Kuchinarai, runs northward passing through Ban Naka, Amphoe Khao Wong and Ban Nong Phu and ends at Ban Na Khu on Route 2101. Its total length is 30.4 km. (Figure 17.5.2)

The terrain is almost flat and rolling. In the influence area, there exists several villages with total population of 25,300. There are two medical centers, one hospital and three secondary schools along the proposed route.

The proposed route, upon completion, will form an important part of road network to connect three highways, Route 2042, 2046 and 2101 in the agriculturally developed area and also play vital role to connect Amphoe Khao Wong.

1.2 Condition of Existing Road

Condition of existing roads to be utilized for the proposed route is summarized in Table 17.1.1. The details are shown as the results of inventory survey in Table 17.1.2.

2. TRAFFIC

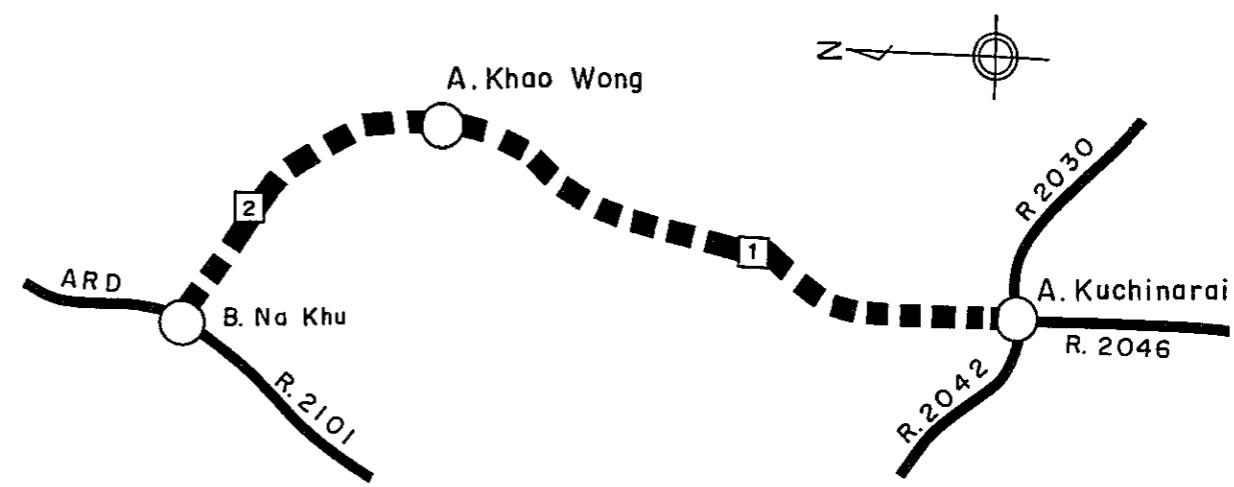
2.1 Method

Growth Rate Method was employed for traffic forecasting as no diverted traffic is expected after improvement of the proposed road.

2.2 Base Year Traffic

The base year traffic by road link by vehicle type was estimated referring to the DOHs traffic records and manual classified counts as shown below:

Proposed Road Link



Legend

○ Road Node

□ Road Link Code

■■■ Proposed Road Link

— Other Road

Traffic Volume in Base Year

Source (base year)	Link No.	Vehicle Type									
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T	10/T	ADT
DOH (1981)	1 ^{1/}	26	21	17	20	5	4	10	25	8	136
	2	n.a.									
Manual Counts (1982)	1	n.a.									
	2	-	21	21	4	-	2	30	8	-	86
Estimated	1	26	21	17	20	5	4	10	25	8	136
	2	-	21	21	4	-	2	30	8	-	86

Note: 1/ Route 2291 Section 0100 Station Km 48+274

2.3 Transport Movement

Passenger movement in terms of trips per day and freight movement in terms of tonnage per day on the proposed road links were estimated multiplying traffic volume in base year by the occupancy or average load obtained from roadside interview, as shown below:

PASSENGER MOVEMENT (1982)

PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TRIPS PER DAY
1	1010
2	467

FREIGHT MOVEMENT (1982)

PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TONAGE FER DAY	TONAGE FER DAY		
		NON-AGRI.	AGRI.	TOTAL
1	61	72	133	
2	19	22	41	

2.4 Future Growth of Transport Movement

The growth rates of passenger and freight movements for the periods of 1981-1987, 1987-1993 and 1993-2001 were predicted by the formula described in 7.3.3-2) of the Main Report. The basis for the prediction is shown in the following tables:

GROWTH RATE OF PASSENGER MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)		
	1981	1987	1993
1987	-	-	-
1993	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-
PER CAPITA INCOME	4.2	4.5	4.7
TRANS. PRICE INCREASE	4.5	4.5	4.5
POPULATION	1.6	1.3	1.1
PASSENGER MOVEMENT	5.6	5.7	5.8

GROWTH RATE OF FREIGHT MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)		
	1981	1987	1993
1987	-	-	-
1993	-	-	-
2001	-	-	-
NON-AGRI.	7.2	7.3	7.4
AGRICULTURE	0.4	0.1	0.1
FREIGHT	3.5	3.4	3.5

2.5 Induced and Developed Traffic

The following ratios are used for the estimation of induced and developed traffic described in 7.3.3-3) of the Main Report.

RATE OF INDUCED AND DEVELOPED TRAFFIC

ITEM	YEAR		
	1987	1993	2001
INDUCED	15.0	15.0	15.0
DEVELOPED	0.0	0.0	0.0

2) Forecasted ADT

The average of the forecasted traffic on proposed road links is shown in the following table and details by road link by traffic type are shown in Table 17.2.1.

AVERAGE FUTURE TRAFFIC ON PROPOSED ROUTE

YEAR	TYPE OF VEHICLE								ADT	M/C	TOTAL
	P/C	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/P&T	4/T	6/T	10/T			
1987	25	24	24	7	40	13	23	10	167	224	391
1993	28	30	33	12	60	12	23	14	211	258	469
2001	30	40	50	22	102	10	23	21	298	313	611

2.6 Future Traffic

1) Traffic Composition

The movements of passenger and freight transport were transformed into traffic volume by vehicle type applying future traffic composition as shown in the following table:

TRAFFIC COMPOSITION

LINK	YEAR	PASSENGER					FREIGHT			
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T	10/T
1	1982	29.2	23.6	19.1	22.5	5.6	8.5	21.3	53.2	17.0
	1987	24.4	28.4	18.5	22.0	6.7	11.1	19.7	47.7	21.5
	1993	19.6	33.2	17.9	21.6	7.8	13.6	18.1	42.3	26.0
	2001	13.2	39.6	17.0	21.0	9.2	17.0	16.0	35.0	32.0
2	1982	0.0	45.7	45.7	8.7	0.0	5.0	75.0	20.0	0.0
	1987	3.0	42.6	38.8	12.8	2.8	8.2	59.5	23.9	8.4
	1993	6.6	39.0	30.6	17.6	6.1	11.9	40.8	28.7	18.5
	2001	11.4	34.2	19.6	24.2	10.6	17.0	16.0	35.0	32.0

3. AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

3.1 Present Condition

Around 93% of the cultivated land in the influence area is covered by paddy fields. In the upland field, cassava, kenaf and ground nuts are grown.

Potential land remained is mostly for upland field.

Land use and capability conditions in the area of influence are shown in Table 17.3.1 and Figure 17.3.1.

A typical cropping calendar in the Kalasin area is shown in Figure 17.3.2.

3.2 Development Projection

Future agricultural development in the area of influence was projected for both cases of without project and with project. The projected planted area, unit yields by crop, and the consequent production volumes are shown in Table 17.3.2.

Farmgate prices and production costs of the selected crops are estimated as follows, referring to the Changwat data and field survey information as shown in Table 17.3.3.

Based on the above projected production volume, farmgate prices, production costs and land preparation cost estimated separately, net production value (NPV) was obtained as shown in Table 17.3.4. The difference between NPV of with project case and NPV of without project case is deemed to be the development benefit of the subject road.

4. VOC SAVINGS

In accordance with the concept and basic data given in Chapter 7 of Vol.1 Main Report, VOCs on each road link concerned were calculated in both cases of with project and without project

Elements of road condition, which affect the calculation of additional costs of VOC of each link, are shown below.

Road Condition

Link	Without Project				With Project			
	/1 Length (Km)	Road Class	Nos. of Wooden Bridge	Nos. of Narrow C.Bridge	/1 Length (Km)	Road Class	/1 Case 1	Nos. of Wooden Bridge
1 Flat & Rolling	23.0	3	4	1	23.0			0
2 Rolling	7.4	2B	4	2	7.4	1(F4)	2A(F5)	0

/1 Road 1 : Paved Road

Road 2A : Laterite Road with good surface condition and alignment

Road 2B : Laterite Road with good surface condition but poor alignment

Road 3 : Laterite Road with poor surface condition and alignment

Road 4 : Earth Road

VOC savings, obtained from the difference of total link VOCs in the cases of with project and those of without project case, were calculated as follows:

Vehicle Operating Cost Saving

Road Class	(unit: 1,000 Baht)		
	1987	1993	2001
1 (F4)	4,928	6,747	10,171
2A (F5)	3,400	4,782	7,335

5. ENGINEERING

5.1 Preliminary Design

Preliminary design was carried out based on the following design criteria.

Design Standard : F4 (if not feasible, F5)

Geometric Design : AASHTO (Rural Highways)

Typical Cross Section : as shown in Figure 17.5.1

Minimum Height of Embankment

Ordinary Section : 1.0m

Approach of Bridge in Flat Area : 2.0m

Flood Section : 0.7m (above flood level)

Pavement Structure

In case of F4 Standard

DBST : 2.5cm

Crushed Stone Base CBR>80% : 15.0cm

Soil Aggregate Subbase CBR \geq 20% : 15.0cm

Selected Material CBR \geq 6% : 20.0cm

In case of F5 Standard

Soil Aggregate Surface CBR \geq 20% : 15.0cm

Selected Material CBR \geq 6% : 20.0cm

Total Financial and Economic Construction Cost

Road Class	Length (Km)	Construction Cost (10 ³ B)		Remark
		Financial Cost	Economic Cost	
F4 (DBST)	30.4	66,060	59,650	
F5 (Laterite)	30.4	40,628	36,519	

Pipe Culvert

Standard Size : ø 100cm

Standard Interval

Paddy Area : 200 m

Others : 500 m

Box Culvert

Standard Size : 2.4m x 2.4m

Location : as required

Bridge

Standard Type (width 7.0m)

Short Span Bridge : RC - Slab

Long Span Bridge : PC - Girder

Location : as shown in Bridge List in Figure
17.5.2

Alignment of the route is shown in Figure 17.5.2.

5.2 Work Quantity and Construction Cost

Work quantities based on the preliminary design and construction cost together with unit rate by work item are shown in Table 17.5.1.

Total financial and economic construction costs by applied road class are as given below:

6. ECONOMIC EVALUATION

Yearly distribution of the economic costs and benefits, and the calculated economic indicators for evaluation are given in Table 17.6.1 and 17.6.2.

The result indicates that the proposed project seems to be not feasible in case of F4 Standard but feasible under F5 Standard.

7. SOCIAL IMPACTS

Detailed data and results of quantification of indicators of social impacts are tabulated in Table 17.7.1.

Table 17.1.1 SUMMARY OF ROAD INVENTORY

Item	Description	
Origin	A. Kuchinarai (J.R. 2042, 2030)	
Destination	B. Na Khu	
Length		
Total	30.4 km	
Improvement Section	30.4 km	
DOH Road	R. 2291	30.4 km
ARD Road		0 km
Others		0 km
New Alignment Section	0 km	
Terrain	Flat and Rolling	
Alignment (Hori./Vert.)	Fair / Fair	
Formation Width	5.5 m - 8.5 m, 7.0 m (Weighted average)	
Embankment Section		
Length	30.4 km	
Height	0.1 m - 1.0 m	
Cut Section		
Length	0 km	
Depth	m	- m
Surface Type and Condition		
SBST or DBST	Poor	7.6 km
Soil Aggregate	Poor	22.8 km
Earth		0 km
Pipe Culvert	24	each
Box Culvert	0	each
Bridge		
Permanent Bridge	1	each
Narrow Concrete Bridge	3	each
Wooden Bridge	8	each
Overflow Section	2	places
	0.9 km	

Table 17.1.2 ROAD INVENTORY

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM-17

ROUTE NO. 2291

A. KUCHINARAI (J.R. 2042, 2030) ~ B. NA KHU

L = 30.4 Km

KALASIN

STATION (Km)		0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
VILLAGE		A. KUCHINARAI															
- Name																	
- Household (H)																	
- Population (P)																	
TERRAIN																	
CROSS SECTION	Formation Width (m)	7.50	5.50	8.00	8.50												
	Embankment Height (m)	0.40	0.20	0.10	0.50	1.00	0.30	0.50	0.20	0.80	1.00	0.20	0.40	0.30	0.20		
	Cutting Depth (m)																
PAVEMENT	Type/Length	DT	Laterite	DT													
	Condition																
FLOODING	Overflow Length(Km)/Height(m)																
LAND USE	Left	Paddy	Bush														
	Right	Paddy	Bush														
PIPE CULVERT	Total Number									24	Pipes						
BOX CULVERT & BRIDGE	Station (Km)																
	Dimension																
RIGHT OF WAY (m)																	
ALIGNMENT	Horizontal																
	Vertical																
ROUTE NO., AGENCIES																	
DOH 2291																	

Table 17.2.1 TRAFFIC VOLUME ON ROUTE IM - 17

YEAR	1987			1993			2001		
	LINK	1	2 AVR.	1	2 AVR.	1	2 AVR.		
P/C	N+D	28	2	21	30	5	24	31	11
	I	4	0	3	5	1	4	5	2
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	32	2	25	35	5	28	36	13
L/B	N+D	21	22	21	28	22	26	40	19
	I	3	3	3	4	3	4	6	3
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	24	25	24	32	25	30	46	22
M/B	N+D	25	7	21	34	12	28	50	24
	I	4	1	3	5	2	4	7	4
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	29	8	24	39	14	33	57	27
H/B	N+D	8	2	6	12	4	10	22	10
	I	1	0	1	2	1	2	3	2
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	9	2	7	14	5	12	25	12
P/P&T	N+D	38	26	35	59	30	52	105	37
	I	6	4	5	9	5	8	16	6
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	44	30	40	68	35	60	121	43
4/T	N+D	10	17	12	10	9	10	11	3
	I	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	12	19	13	12	11	12	13	4
6/T	N+D	24	7	20	24	7	20	24	7
	I	4	1	3	4	1	3	4	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	28	8	23	28	8	23	27	8
10/T	N+D	11	2	9	15	4	12	22	7
	I	2	0	1	2	1	2	3	1
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	13	3	10	17	5	14	25	8
ADT	N+D	165	83	145	213	93	184	304	119
	I	25	13	22	32	14	28	46	18
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	190	96	167	245	107	211	350	137
M/C	N+D	225	142	205	263	154	237	324	183
	I	21	15	19	23	16	21	25	18
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	245	157	224	286	170	258	348	201
TOTAL	N+D	390	226	350	476	248	421	628	303
	I	45	27	41	55	30	49	70	36
	DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	435	253	391	531	278	469	698	339

NOTE

N : NORMAL TRAFFIC

DV : DEVELOPED TRAFFIC

D : DIVERTED TRAFFIC

I : INDUCED TRAFFIC

Figure 17.3.1 LAND USE AND CAPABILITY OF INFLUENCE AREA
PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 17

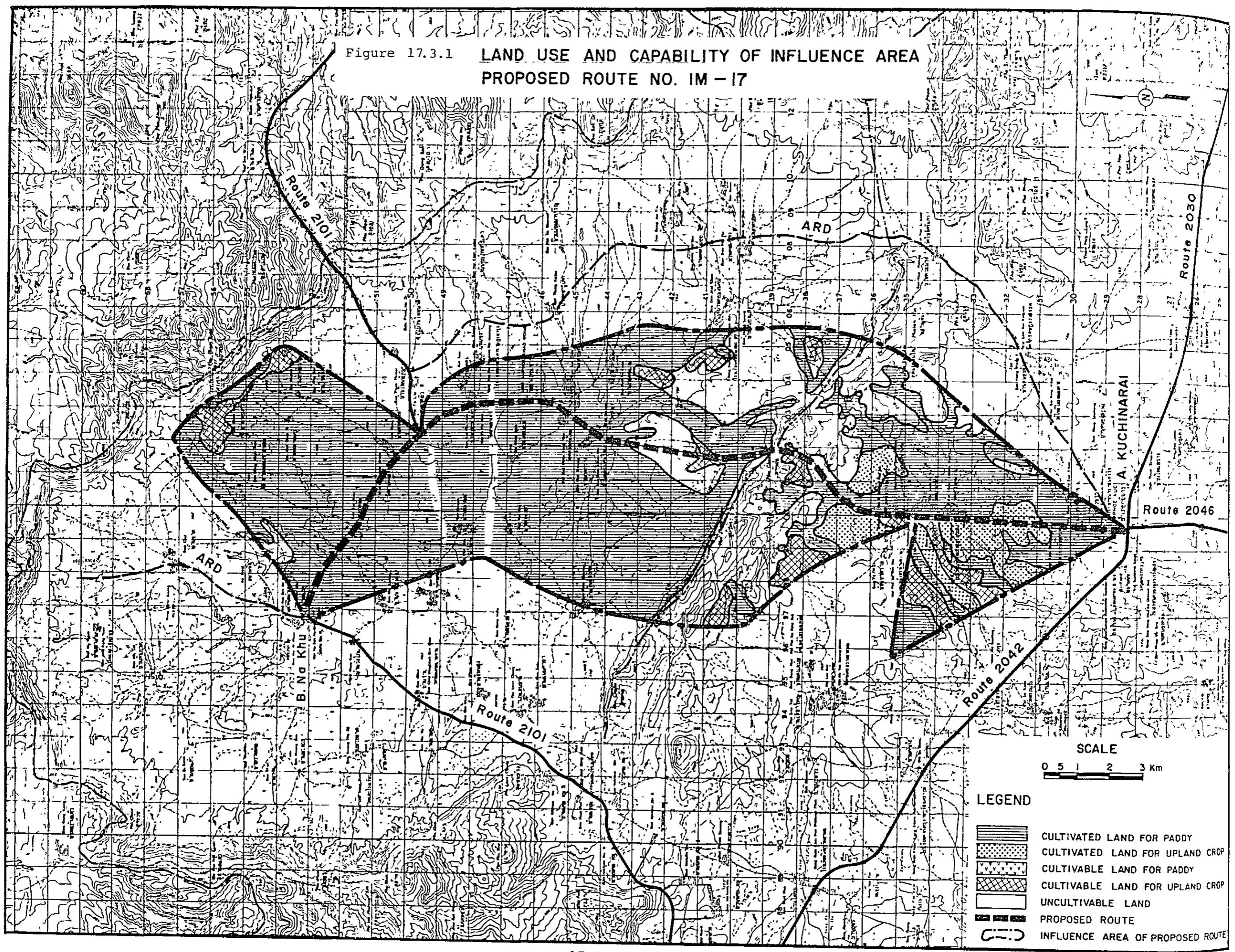


Figure 17.3.2 CROPPING CALENDAR

0800 CHANGWAT

KALASIN

Note :

FIRST CROP

SECOND CROP

TABLE 17.3.1 CULTIVATED & CULTIVABLE LAND

(1979)

[UNIT : 1000 RAI (KM²)]

AMPHOE	AMPHOE	CULTIVATED LAND			UNUSED CULTIVABLE LAND		
		CODE	NAME	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY
				78.125 (125.0)	5.188 (8.3)	83.313 (133.3)	0.250 (0.4)
0808	KHAO WONG			63.125 (101.0)	-	63.125 (101.0)	-
0809	KUCHINARAI			15.000 (24.0)	5.188 (8.3)	20.188 (32.3)	0.250 (0.4)
							6.250 (10.0)
							6.500 (10.4)
							2.500 (4.0)
							2.500 (4.0)
							3.750 (6.0)
							4.000 (6.4)

TABLE 17.3.2 CROP PRODUCTION

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANE	KENAF	COTTON	UPLAND TOTAL	TOTAL
PLANTED AREA (1000 RAI)										
1981	77.22	-	-	0.06	4.01	-	1.22	-	5.33	82.55
1987	79.30	-	-	0.06	4.04	-	1.19	-	5.33	84.64
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	79.30	-	-	0.05	4.08	-	1.16	-	5.33	84.64
WITH PROJECT	79.30	-	-	0.05	4.15	-	1.09	-	5.33	84.64
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	79.30	-	-	0.05	4.12	-	1.12	-	5.33	84.64
WITH PROJECT	79.30	-	-	0.05	4.20	-	1.05	-	5.33	84.64
CROP YIELD (KG/RAI)										
1981	258.1	-	-	189.7	2610.6	-	213.4	-		
1987	259.6	-	-	189.7	2610.6	-	213.4	-		
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	261.2	-	-	189.7	2610.6	-	213.4	-		
WITH PROJECT	264.3	-	-	190.8	2626.4	-	213.4	-		
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	263.3	-	-	189.7	2610.6	-	213.4	-		
WITH PROJECT	270.7	-	-	192.3	2647.4	-	213.4	-		
CROP PRODUCTION (TON)										
1981	19,927	-	-	11	10,461	-	261	-	10,970	30,896
1987	20,539	-	-	11	10,553	-	254	-	11,051	31,640
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	20,712	-	-	10	10,644	-	247	-	11,132	31,844
WITH PROJECT	20,962	-	-	10	10,907	-	232	-	11,365	32,327
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	20,879	-	-	10	10,763	-	238	-	11,236	32,115
WITH PROJECT	21,470	-	-	10	11,109	-	223	-	11,556	33,026

NOTE : SYMBOL "--" MEANS ZERO OR NEGLIGIBLE SMALL

TABLE 17.3.3 FARMGATE PRICE AND PRODUCTION COST

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANE	KENAF	COTTON
FARMGATE PRICE (BAHT/TON)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	3,550	-	-	6,273	680	-	4,069	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	3,639	-	-	6,273	697	-	4,171	-
CROP PRODUCTION COST (BAHT/RAI)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	599	-	-	1,019	724	-	795	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	617	-	-	1,039	744	-	795	-

TABLE 17.3.4 NET PRODUCTION VALUE

YEAR	WITHOUT PROJECT			WITH PROJECT			(1000 BAHT)
	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	
	25,587	4,378	29,965	25,981	4,500	30,481	
1987	26,026	4,414	30,440	27,340	4,655	31,995	
1993	26,616	4,461	31,077	29,190	4,764	33,954	
2001							

Figure 17.5.1 TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AND TYPICAL PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

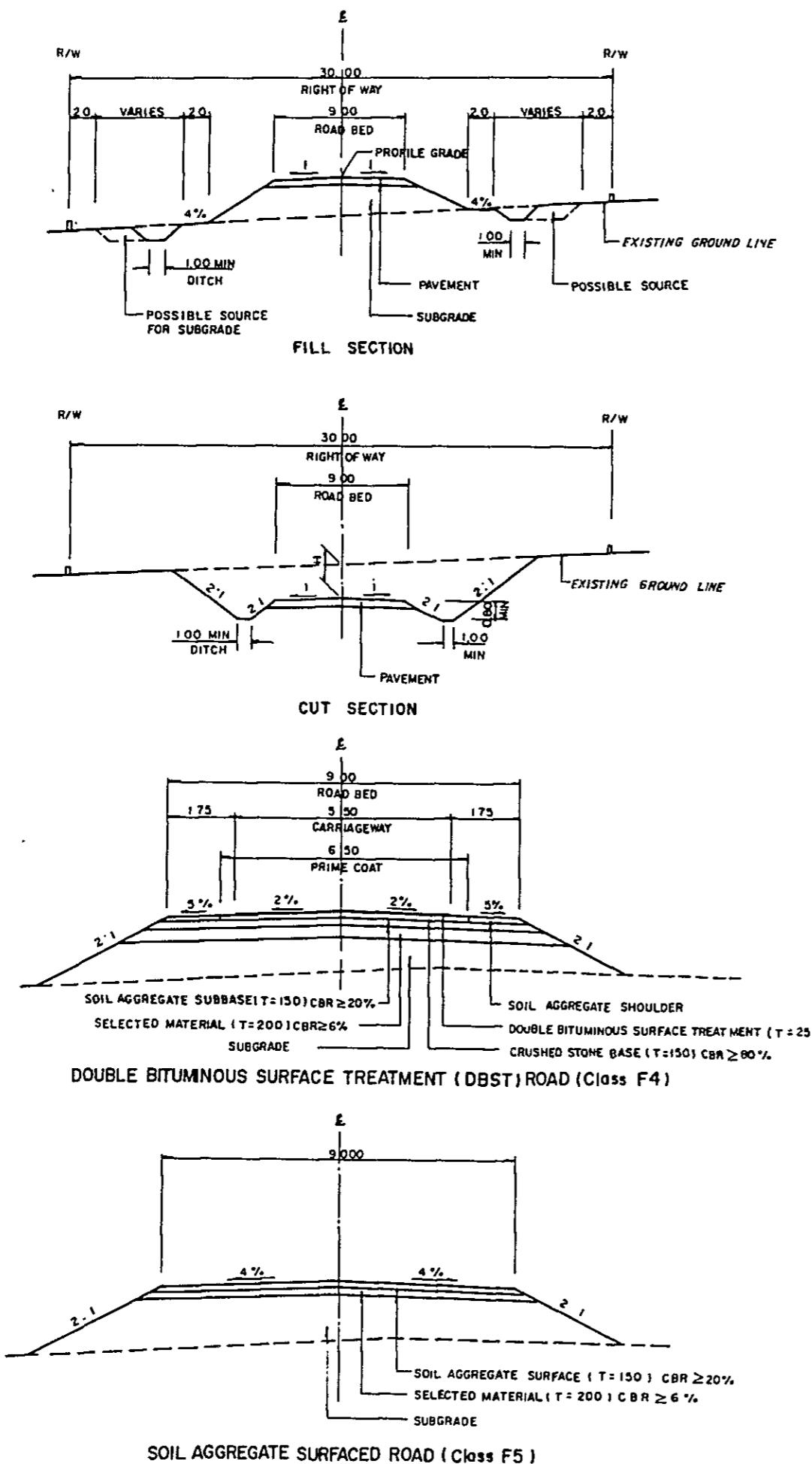
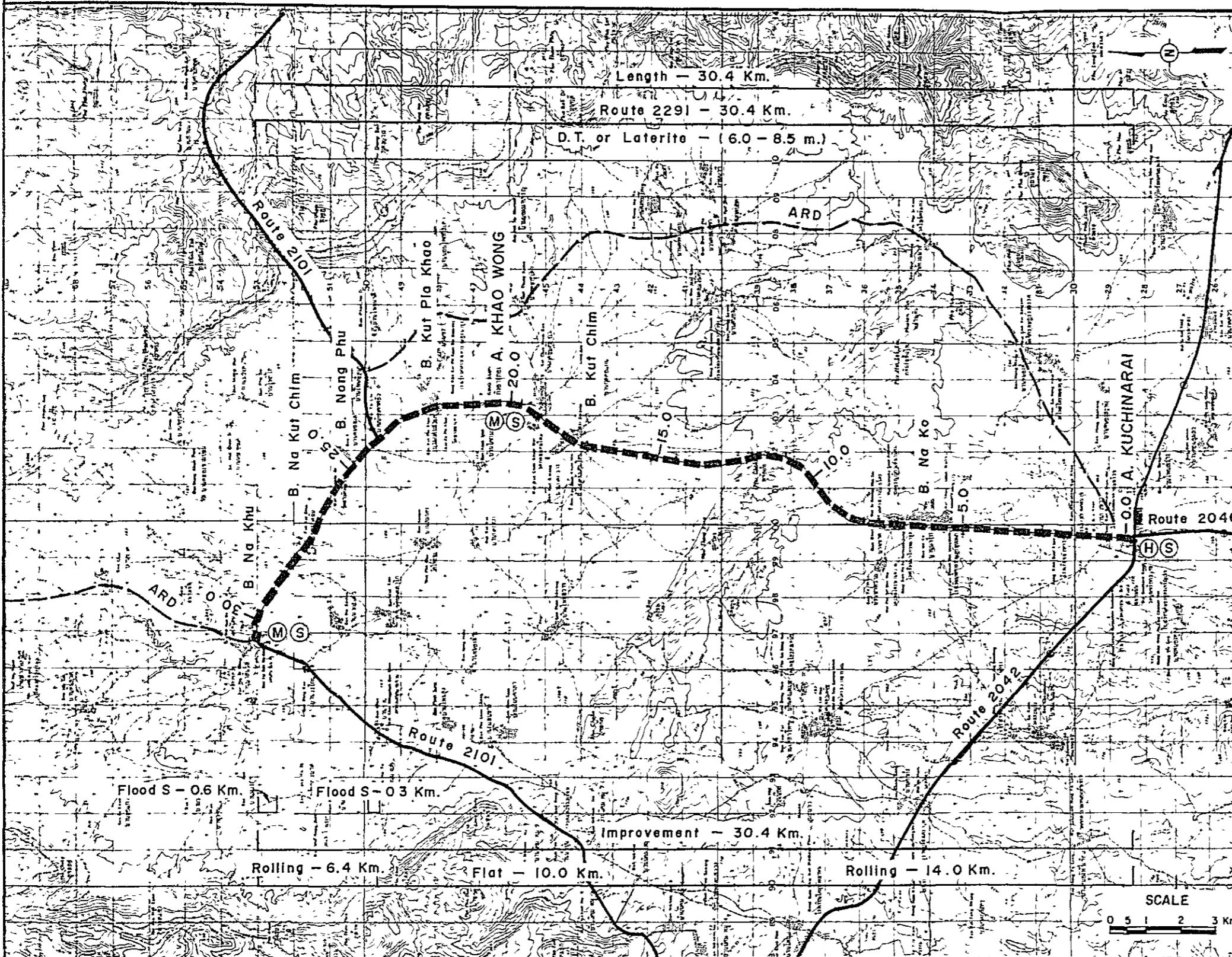


Figure 17.5.2 PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 17

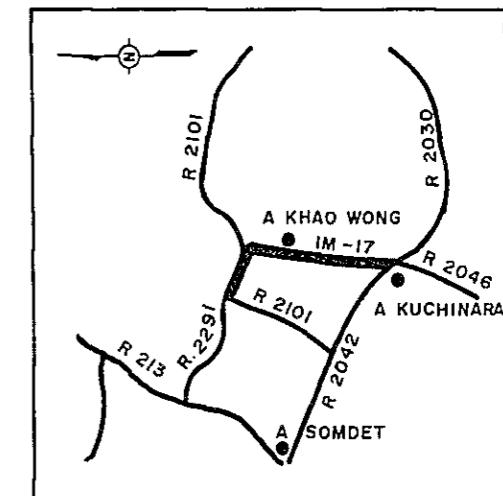
C. KALASIN

A. KUCHINARAI (J.R. 2042, 2030) - B. NA KHU
ROUTE NO. 2291

L = 30.4 Km.



LOCATION MAP



BRIDGE LIST

No.	Station Km	Proposed Bridge	Existing Bridge
1	9.4	C-700x2050	C-400x2050
2	10.6	C-700x1400	W-450x1200
3	17.7	-	C-850x800
4	18.2	C-700x1800	W-450x1550
5	20.8	C-700x700	W-450x500
6	22.1	C-700x2200	W-450x2000
7	24.2	C-700x760	C-400x760
8	24.3	C-700x2800	C-400x2800
9	25.5	C-700x1800	W-400x1500
10	27.2	C-700x1800	W-400x1550
11	28.7	C-700x3600	W-400x3400
12	28.9	C-700x2100	W-400x1850

LEGEND

- PROPOSED ROUTE (IMPROVEMENT)
- PROPOSED ROUTE (NEW CONSTRUCTION)
- PAVED ROUTE
- UNPAVED ROUTE
- INVENTORY SURVEY ROUTE
- HOSPITAL
- MEDICAL CENTER
- SECONDARY SCHOOL

Table 17.5.1 CONSTRUCTION QUANTITIES AND COSTS IM-17 (30.4 km)

Items	Unit of Unit Rate	(DBST)			(Soil Aggregate Surface)			
		Q'ty	Financial Rate B	Q'ty	Financial Cost (10 ³ B)	Economic Cost (10 ³ B)	Q'ty	Financial Cost (10 ³ B)
DIRECT CONSTRUCTION COST								
Clearing and Grubbing	ha	15,000	70	1,050	955	70	1,050	955
Excavation - Soil	m ³	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
Excavation - Hard Rock	m ³	160	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embankment	m ³	45	126,900	5,710	5,196	126,900	5,710	5,196
Selected Material	m ³	80	64,500	5,160	4,592	64,500	5,160	4,592
Soil Aggregate Surface or Subbase	m ³	105	45,200	4,746	4,223	45,200	4,746	4,223
Crushed Stone Base	m ³	370	29,600	10,952	10,075	3,400	1,258	1,157
Soil Aggregate Shoulder	m ³	105	12,800	1,344	1,196	1,500	157	140
Prime Coat and DBST	m ²	55	167,200	9,196	8,276	19,300	1,062	956
Pipe Culvert	m	2,100	1,330	2,793	2,569	1,330	2,793	2,569
Box Culvert	m	16,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long Span Bridge	m	80,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Short Span Bridge	m	40,000	211	8,440	7,511	211	8,440	7,511
Sub Total (a)				49,391	44,598		30,377	27,304
Miscellaneous Works (a) x 7%				3,457	3,122		2,126	1,911
Total (b)				52,848	47,720		32,503	29,215
PHYSICAL CONTINGENCY (b) x 15%				7,927	7,158		4,875	4,382
ENGINEERING AND								
ADMINISTRATION (b) x 10%				5,285	4,772		3,250	2,922
Sub Total				13,212	11,930		8,125	7,304
LAND ACQUISITION								
Highly Developed Land	ha	50,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Less Developed Land	ha	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub Total				0	0		0	0
GRAND TOTAL				66,060	59,650		40,628	36,519

Table 17.6.1 COST AND BENEFITS
(F4 STANDARD)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS		DISCOUNTED(12%)		(1000 BAHT)
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT
1984	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	23,860	0	0	0	29,930	0	0
1986	35,790	0	0	0	40,085	0	0
1987	0	516	4,928	-105	5,339	0	4,767
1988	0	689	5,231	-91	5,829	0	4,647
1989	0	862	5,534	-78	6,319	0	4,498
1990	0	1,036	5,838	-64	6,809	0	4,327
1991	0	1,209	6,141	-51	7,299	0	4,141
1992	0	1,382	6,444	-37	7,788	0	3,946
1993	0	1,555	6,747	-24	8,278	0	3,745
1994	14,713	1,720	7,175	-4	8,891	6,655	3,591
1995	0	1,886	7,603	15	9,504	0	3,427
1996	0	2,051	8,031	35	10,116	0	3,257
1997	0	2,216	8,459	54	10,729	0	3,084
1998	0	2,381	8,887	74	11,342	0	2,911
1999	0	2,547	9,315	93	11,955	0	2,740
2000	0	2,712	9,743	113	12,567	0	2,572
2001	-27,439	2,877	10,171	132	13,180	-5,013	2,408
TOTAL	46,924	25,638	110,246	62	135,945	71,657	54,061

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 71,657

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 54,061

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 9,319
VOC SAVING 44,945
RMC SAVING -203

NET PRESENT VALUE : -17,596

BENEFIT COST RATIO : 0.75

INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 8.7 %

Table 17.6.2 COST AND BENEFITS
(F5 STANDARD)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS		DISCOUNTED(12%)		(1000 BAHT)
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT
1984	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	14,607	0	0	0	0	0	18,323
1986	21,912	0	0	0	0	0	24,541
1987	0	516	3,400	-12	3,904	0	3,486
1988	0	689	3,631	-3	4,317	0	3,441
1989	0	862	3,861	7	4,730	0	3,367
1990	0	1,036	4,091	16	5,143	0	3,268
1991	0	1,209	4,321	26	5,556	0	3,152
1992	0	1,382	4,551	35	5,968	0	3,024
1993	0	1,555	4,782	45	6,381	0	2,887
1994	1,694	1,720	5,101	58	6,879	766	2,778
1995	0	1,886	5,420	72	7,377	0	2,660
1996	0	2,051	5,739	85	7,875	0	2,536
1997	0	2,216	6,058	99	8,374	0	2,407
1998	0	2,381	6,378	113	8,872	0	2,277
1999	0	2,547	6,697	126	9,370	0	2,147
2000	0	2,712	7,016	140	9,868	0	2,019
2001	-16,799	2,877	7,335	154	10,366	-3,069	1,894
TOTAL	21,414	25,638	78,382	960	104,979	40,562	41,344

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 40,562

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 41,344

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 9,319
VOC SAVING 31,751
RMC SAVING 274

NET PRESENT VALUE : 782

BENEFIT COST RATIO : 1.02

INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 12.2 %

Table 17.7.1 SOCIAL INDICATORS
(Proposed Route IM-17)

Population (1,000)		Education	
1982	: 25.3	Access to Secondary School	
1993	: 29.5	Number of Student in 1993 (1,000) ^{2/}	: 4.4
Average travelling speed, without (kph)	: 40	Average distance to school (km)	: 5.2
Isolation		Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.131
Access to Amphoe		Score	: 71
Average distance to Amphoe (km) ^{1/}	: 5.2	Teacher Intensity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.020	Number of teachers ^{3/}	
Score	: 59	University graduate	: 2
Access to Artery Highway		Total	: 9
Average distance to highway (km) ^{1/}	: 23	Number of Student	: 188
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.087	Indicators	
Score	: 189	E1 ^{4/}	: 10.6
Impassability		E2 ^{5/}	: 47.9
Impassable week a year	: 2	E 6/	: 58.5
Impassability per year	: 0.038	Degree of Improvement ^{7/}	: 1.17
Impassability per capita (10^{-4})	: 0	Score	: 74
Score	: 0	Disparity	
Health		G.P.V. in 1993 (Mn B) ^{8/}	
Access to Hospital		With project	: 85.1
Average distance to Hospital (km) ^{1/}	: 15.0	Without project	: 82.0
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.057	Per capita G.P.V. in 1993 (B)	
Score	: 133	With project (W)	: 2,885
Access to Medical Facilities		Without project (w)	: 2,780
Average distance to facilities (km) ^{1/}	: 5.5	Degree of Disparity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.021	(A/W) - (A/w) ^{9/}	: 0.04
Score	: 84	Score	: 71
		Total Score	: 681

Note:

- 1/ () shows the length or distance in without project case. Unless otherwise, lengths are same both in with project case and without project case.
- 2/ Number of secondary school student estimated based on the projected population of the areas of influence applying ratios of secondary school students to the total population in the sample area.
- 3/ Numbers of the sample areas
- 4/ (Number of University Graduate Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) x 1,000
- 5/ (Total of Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) x 1,000
- 6/ Sum of 4/ and 5/
- 7/ Ratio of E value of each route to an average value of the same indicator E in case of the sample areas, 33 in number, along paved road near the proposed routes.
The average value of E in case of paved roads were calculated at 68.4 from the following data:
Number of university graduate teachers 438
Number of Teachers 1,285
Number of student 25,196
- 8/ Estimated gross value of crop production in the areas of influence
- 9/ "A" indicates an average per capita value of crop production in the Northeastern Region, which is estimated assuming that:
 - GRP per capita of the Northeast is estimated at 11,897 Baht in 1993,
 - Agricultural sector shares 40% of GRP, and
 - Crop production shares 80% of agricultural production.

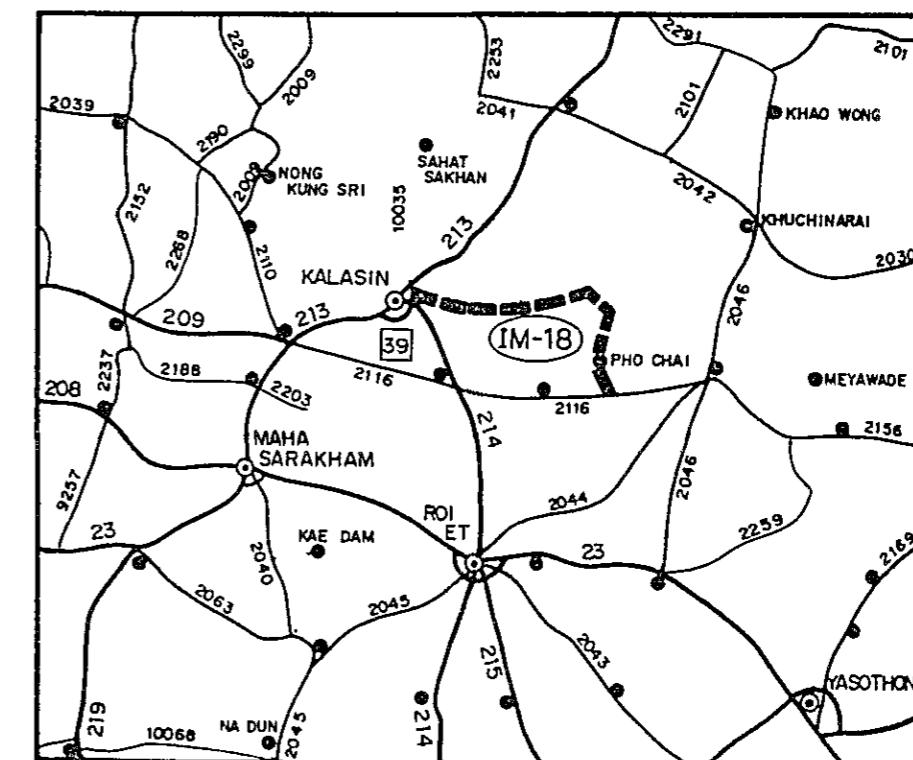
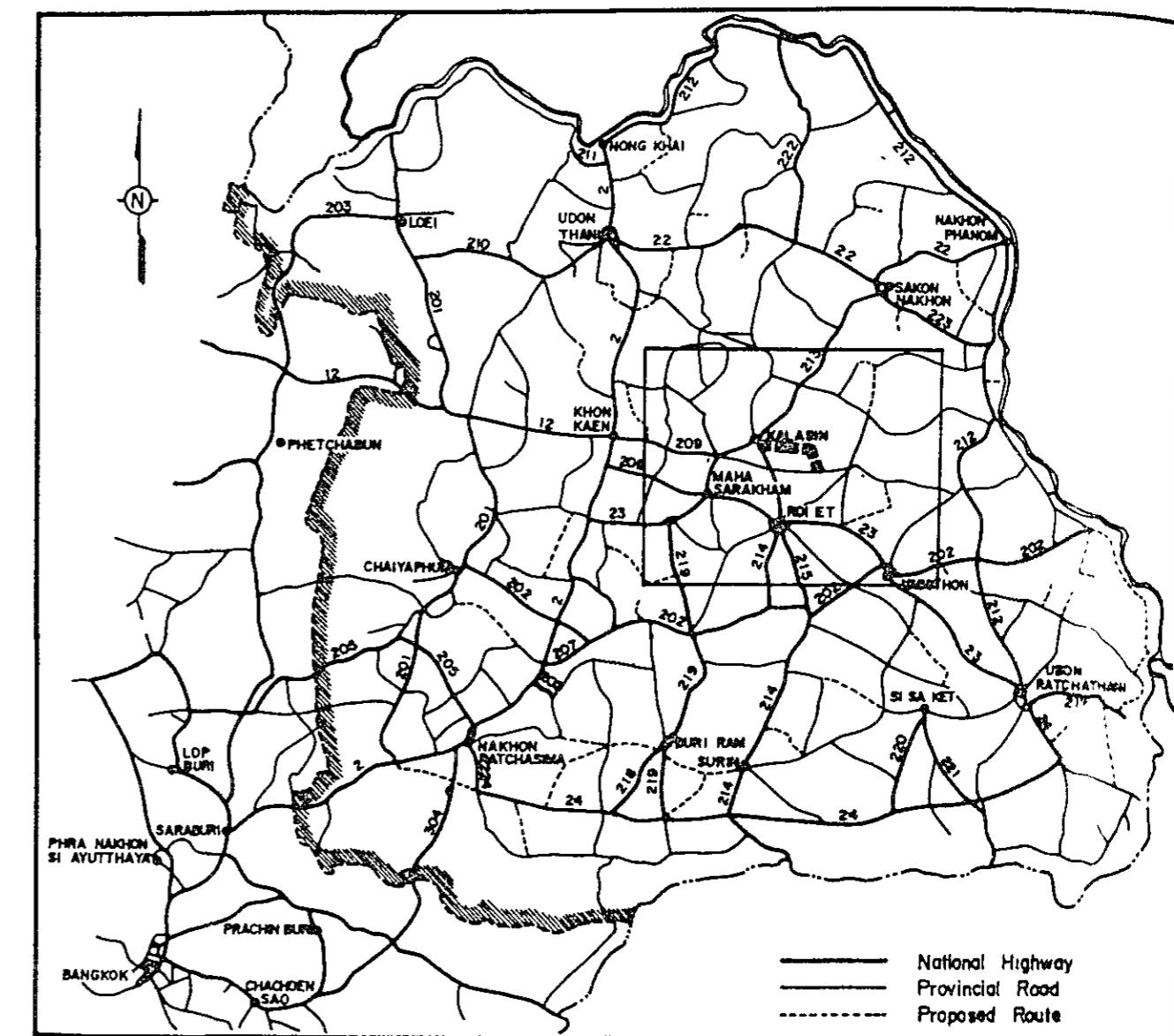
PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 18

Changwat : Kalasin / Roi Et

C. Kalasin ~ B. Khok Nong Bua (JR 2116)

Length 50.7 KM.

LOCATION OF PROPOSED ROUTE



1. GENERAL

1.1 Characteristics of the Route

The proposed route extends in two Changwats of Kalasin and Roi Et.

The route starting at Changwat Kalasin, runs southeastward passing through Ban Kae Pae, Ban Nong Pok and Amphoe Pho Chai and ends at Ban Khok Nong Bua on Route 2116. Its total length is 50.7 km. (Figure 18.5.2)

The terrain is almost flat, while some sections are rolling. In the influence area, there exists several villages with total population of 52,500. There are one medical center, one hospital and two secondary schools along the proposed route.

The proposed route, upon completion, will form an important part of road network to connect the agriculturally developed area with Changwat Kalasin and also play vital role to connect Amphoe Pho Chai with artery highway.

1.2 Condition of Existing Road

Condition of existing roads to be utilized for the proposed route is summarized in Table 18.1.1. The details are shown as the results of inventory survey in Table 18.1.2.

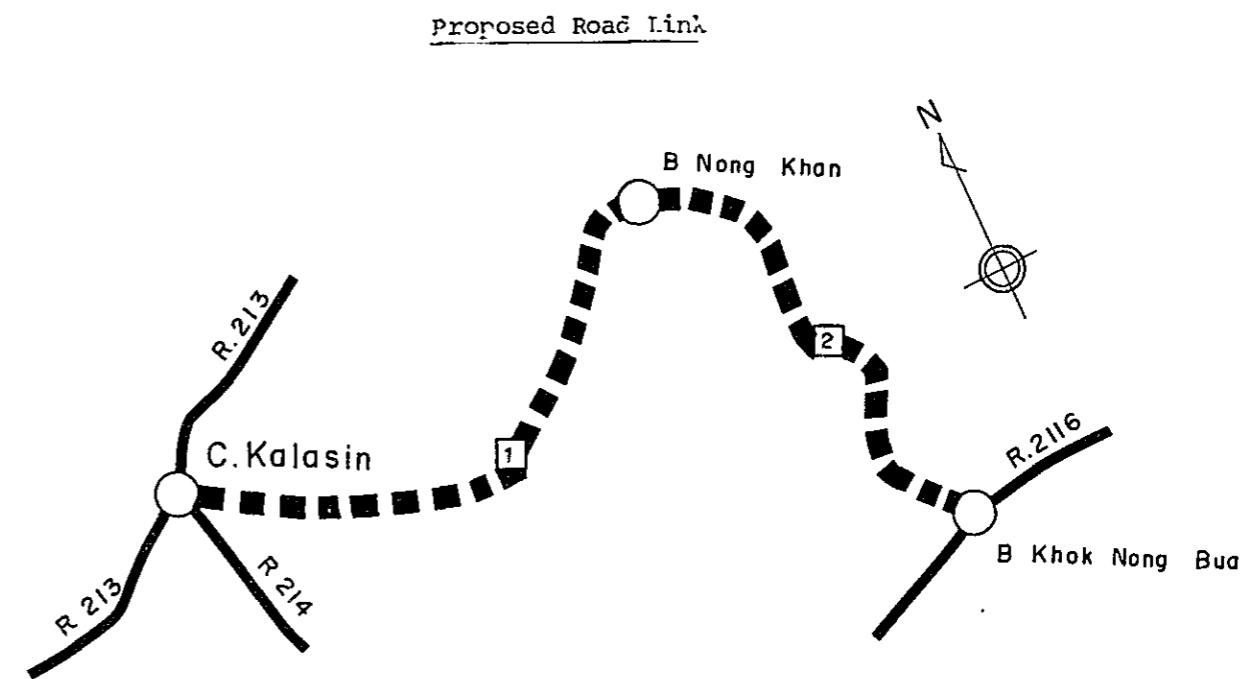
2. TRAFFIC

2.1 Method

Growth Rate Method was employed for traffic forecasting as no diverted traffic is expected after improvement of the subject road.

2.2 Base Year Traffic

The base year traffic by road link by vehicle type was estimated basing on manual classified counts as shown below:



Legend

- Road Node
- Road Link Code
- Proposed Road Link
- Other Road

Traffic Volume in Base Year

Source (base year)	Link No.	Vehicle Type									
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T	10/T	ADT
Manual Counts (1982)	1	-	16	35	21	-	2	24	42	-	140
	2	6	54	6	2	-	6	5	11	3	93

2.3 Transport Movement

Passenger movement in terms of trips per day and freight movement in terms of tonnage per day on the proposed road links were estimated multiplying traffic volume in base year by the occupancy or average load obtained from roadside interview, as shown below:

PASSENGER MOVEMENT (1982)

FREIGHT MOVEMENT (1982)

PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TRIPS PER DAY	PROPOSED ROAD LINK	TONAGE PER DAY		
			NON-AGRI.	AGRI.	TOTAL
1	1001	1	21	89	110
2	351	2	11	46	57

GROWTH RATE OF FREIGHT MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)			
	1981	1987	1993	2001
NON-AGRI.	7.1	7.4	7.5	-
AGRICULTURE	0.6	0.6	0.6	-
FREIGHT	1.9	1.9	1.9	-

2.5 Induced and Developed Traffic

The following ratios are used for the estimation of induced and developed traffic described in 7.3.3-3) of the Main Report:

2.4 Future Growth of Transport Movement

The growth rates of passenger and freight movements for the periods of 1981-1987, 1987-1993 and 1993-2001 were predicted by the formula described in 7.3.3-2) of the Main Report. The basis for the prediction is shown in the following tables:

GROWTH RATE OF PASSENGER MOVEMENT

ITEM	GROWTH RATE (% P.A.)			
	1981	1987	1993	-
	-	-	-	1987
PER CAPITA INCOME	4.2	4.5	4.7	-
TRANS. PRICE INCREASE	4.5	4.5	4.5	-
POPULATION	1.5	1.3	1.2	-
PASSENGER MOVEMENT	5.5	5.7	5.8	-

RATE OF INDUCED AND DEVELOPED TRAFFIC

ITEM	YEAR		
	1987	1993	2001
INDUCED	15.0	15.0	15.0
DEVELOPED	0.0	3.4	3.4

2.6 Future Traffic

1) Traffic Composition

The movements of passenger and freight transport were transformed into traffic volume by vehicle type applying future traffic composition as shown in the following table:

TRAFFIC COMPOSITION										
LINK NO.	YEAR	PASSENGER					FREIGHT			
		P/C	P/P	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/T	4/T	6/T	10/T
1	1982	0.0	22.2	48.6	29.2	0.0	2.9	35.3	61.8	0.0
	1987	2.7	24.5	41.4	28.4	3.0	6.6	30.2	54.7	8.4
	1993	5.9	27.2	32.8	27.5	6.6	11.1	24.1	46.3	18.5
	2001	10.2	30.8	21.3	26.2	11.5	17.0	16.0	35.0	32.0
2	1982	8.8	79.4	3.8	2.9	0.0	24.0	20.0	44.0	12.0
	1987	12.3	75.9	7.6	3.5	0.6	22.2	18.9	41.6	17.3
	1993	16.5	71.7	6.2	4.3	1.3	19.9	17.7	38.8	23.6
	2001	22.1	66.2	4.2	5.2	2.3	17.0	16.0	35.0	32.0

2) Forecasted ADT

The average of the forecasted traffic on proposed road links is shown in the following table and details by road link by traffic type are shown in Table 18.2.1.

AVERAGE FUTURE TRAFFIC ON PROPOSED ROUTE

YEAR	TYPE OF VEHICLE						ADT	M/C	TOTAL
	P/C	L/B	M/B	H/B	P/P&T	4/T			
1987	8	26	17	2	56	12	23	5	149
1993	16	30	24	6	76	9	18	8	188
2001	35	30	37	16	11	6	13	12	262
									295
									557

3. AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

3.1 Present Condition

In the area of influence, around 88% of cultivated land is covered by paddy fields. In the upland field, cassava ranks first followed by ground nuts

and kenaf. Potential land for future cultivation is available mostly for upland field, especially in Amphoe Pho Chai.

Land use and capability conditions in the area of influence are shown in Table 18.3.1 and Figure 18.3.1.

Typical cropping calendars in the Kalasin and Roi Et areas are shown in Figure 18.3.2.

3.2 Development Projection

Future agricultural development in the area of influence was projected for both cases of without project and with project. The projected planted area, unit yields by crop, and the consequent production volumes are shown in Table 18.3.2.

Farmgate prices and production costs of the selected crops are estimated as follows, referring to the Changwat data and field survey information as shown in Table 18.3.3.

Based on the above projected production volume, farmgate prices, production costs and land preparation cost estimated separately, net production value (NPV) was obtained as shown in Table 18.3.4. The difference between NPV of with project case and NPV of without project case is deemed to be the development benefit of the subject road.

4. VOC SAVINGS

In accordance with the concept and basic data given in Chapter 7 of Vol. 1 Main Report, VOCs on each road link concerned were calculated in both cases of with project and without project.

Elements of road condition, which affect the calculation of additional costs of VOC of each link, are shown below.

Road Condition

Link	Without Project				With Project			
	/1	Nos. of Road	Nos. of Wooden Bridge	Nos. of Narrow C.Bridge	/1	Nos. of Road	Nos. of Case 1 Class	Nos. of Case 2 Narrow Bridge
No. Terrain	Length (Km)	Class	Bridge	C.Bridge	Length (Km)	Case 1	Case 2	Bridge
1 Flat	25.5	2B	4	0	25.5	1(F4)	2A(F5)	0
2 Flat & Rolling	25.2	3	2	2	25.2			0

- /1
Road 1 : Paved Road
Road 2A : Laterite Road with good surface condition and alignment
Road 2B : Laterite Road with good surface condition but poor alignment
Road 3 : Laterite Road with poor surface condition and alignment
Road 4 : Earth Road

VOC savings, obtained from the difference of total link VOCs in the cases of with project and those of without project case, were calculated as follows.

Vehicle Operating Cost Saving

Road Class	(Unit: 1,000 Baht)		
	1987	1993	2001
1 (F4)	4,693	6,458	9,515
2A (F5)	2,576	3,904	5,996

5. ENGINEERING

5.1 Preliminary Design

Preliminary design was carried out based on the following design criteria.

Design Standard : F4 (if not feasible, F5)

Geometric Design : AASHTO (Rural Highways)

Typical Cross Section : as shown in Figure 18.5.1

Minimum Height of Embankment

Ordinary Section : 1.0m

Approach of Bridge in Flat Area : 2.0m

Flood Section : 0.7m (above flood level)

Pavement Structure

In case of F4 Standard

DBST : 2.5cm

Crushed Stone Base CBR>80% : 15.0cm

Soil Aggregate Subbase CBR>20% : 15.0cm

Selected Material CBR> 6% : 20.0cm

In case of F5 Standard

Soil Aggregate Surface CBR>20% : 15.0cm

Selected Material CBR> 6% : 20.0cm

Pipe Culvert

Standard Size : Ø 100cm

Standard Interval

Paddy Area : 200 m

Others : 500 m

Box Culvert

Standard Size : 2.4m x 2.4m

Location : as required

Bridge

Standard Type (width 7.0m)

Short Span Bridge : RC - Slab

Long Span Bridge : PC - Girder

Location : as shown in Bridge List in Figure
18.5.2

Alignment of the route is shown in Figure 18.5.2.

6. ECONOMIC EVALUATION

Yearly distribution of the economic costs and benefits, and the calculated economic indicators for evaluation are given in Table 18.6.1 and 18.6.2.

The result indicates that the proposed project seems to be not feasible in case of F4 Standard but feasible under F5 Standard.

7. SOCIAL IMPACTS

Detailed data and results of quantification of indicators of social impacts are tabulated in Table 18.7.1.

5.2 Work Quantity and Construction Cost

Work quantities based on the preliminary design and construction cost together with unit rate by work item are shown in Table 18.5.1.

Total financial and economic construction costs by applied road class are as given below:

Total Financial and Economic Construction Cost

Road Class	Length (Km)	Construction Cost (10 ³ B)		Remark
		Financial Cost	Economic Cost	
F4 (DBST)	50.7	98,245	89,203	
F5 (Laterite)	50.7	59,599	54,020	

Table 18.1.1 SUMMARY OF ROAD INVENTORY

Item	Description	
Origin	C. Kalasin	
Destination	B. Khok Nong Bua (J.R. 2116)	
Length		
Total	50.7 km	
Improvement Section	50.7 km	
DOH Road	0 km	
ARD Road	50.7 km	
Others	0 km	
New Alignment Section	0 km	
Terrain	Flat and Partially Rolling	
Alignment (Hori./Vert.)	Fair / Fair	
Formation Width	5.5 m - 7.0 m, 6.6m (Weighted average)	
Embankment Section		
Length	50.7 km	
Height	0.2 m - 1.0 m	
Cut Section		
Length	0 km	
Depth	m - m	
Surface Type and Condition		
SBST or DBST	Good	0.7 km
Soil Aggregate	Good - Poor	50.0 km
Earth		0 km
Pipe Culvert	47 each	
Box Culvert	1 each	6.0 m
Bridge		
Permanent Bridge	3 each	114.0 m
Narrow Concrete Bridge	2 each	34.0 m (4m)
Wooden Bridge	6 each	116.7 m
Overflow Section	2 places	2.0 km

Table 18.1.2 ROAD INVENTORY(1)

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM-18

ROUTE NO. ARD

C. KALASIN ~ B. KHOK NONG BUA (J.R. 2116)

L = 50.7
H = 5

KALASIN/ROI ET

STATION (Km)		0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	
VILLAGE		B. THUNG SI H = 200 P = 1200	B. KHOK H = 50 P = 300	B. LEK H = 200 P = 1800	B. SA-AT SOMSI H = 100									B. KAE PAE H = 600 P = 4000	B. KUT KHLONG H = 350 P = 2500	B. NONG KWANG H = 216 P = 3000	B. NONG KHAN H = 300 P = 2500	B. NONG POK H = 170 P = 1000
TERRAIN		Flat																
CROSS SECTION	Formation Width (m)	7.00	8.00	7.00	6.50	6.00	6.50		6.00		7.00	6.50	6.00		5.50			
	Embankment Height (m)	0.20	0.30	0.50	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.30	0.40	0.20	0.60	0.40	0.30	0.80	0.30			
	Cutting Depth (m)																	
PAVEMENT	Type/Length	DT																
	Condition															Poor		
FLOODING	Overflow Length(Km)/Height(m)											L=1.0 H=0.5						
LAND USE	Left																	
	Right																	
PIPE CULVERT	Total Number								47	Pipes								
BOX CULVERT & BRIDGE	Station (Km)																	
	Dimension	W-Br. 4.30 x 25.00	3.2	W-Br. 4.50 x 12.00	4.7	C-Br. 7.00 x 27.00	5.8											
RIGHT OF WAY (m)									13.7									
ALIGNMENT	Horizontal									16.4								
	Vertical																	
ROUTE NO., AGENCIES		ARD																

ROAD INVENTORY (2)

PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM-18

ROUTE No. ARD

C. KALASIN ~ B. KHOK NONG BUA (J.R. 2116) (Cont'd)

L = 50.7 Km.

KALASIN/ROI ET

STATION (Km)		30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60
VILLAGE		B. SA AT CHAI SI H = 120 P = 360		B. NA LAO B. H = 200 P = 1800		B. NONG NATHO H = 40 P = 300		B. PHO CHAI H = 400 P = 4000		B. KHOK KUNG H = 50 P = 400							
TERRAIN		Flat								Rolling							
CROSS SECTION	Formation Width (m)	7.30	7.00	6.00	7.00	6.00	6.50					6.00					
	Embankment Height (m)	0.50		1.00		0.60	0.4	0.60	0.80	1.00		0.80		0.30			
	Cutting Depth (m)																
PAVEMENT	Type/Length																
	Condition																
FLOODING	Overflow Length(Km)/Height(m)		I=1.0														
LAND USE	Left		Paddy					Bush		Paddy		Cassava					
	Right		Paddy					Cassava		Paddy		Cassava					
PIPE CULVERT	Total Number																
BOX CULVERT & BRIDGE	Station (Km)		33.2		36.5												
	Dimension		C-Box 7.50 x 6.00		C-Br. 4.50 x 16.00												
RIGHT OF WAY (m)								15.0									
ALIGNMENT	Horizontal							Fair									
	Vertical							Fair									
ROUTE NO., AGENCIES								ARD									

Table 18.2.1 TRAFFIC VOLUME ON ROUTE IM -18

YEAR	1987			1993			2001		
	LINK			1	2	AVR.	1	2	AVR.
N+D	3	11	7	8	19	13	20	39	30
P/C I	0	2	1	1	3	2	3	6	4
DV	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1
TOTAL	3	12	8	9	23	16	24	46	35
N+D	39	7	23	42	7	25	43	7	25
L/B I	6	1	3	6	1	4	6	1	4
DV	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	1
TOTAL	44	8	26	50	9	30	51	9	30
N+D	27	3	15	35	5	20	52	9	31
M/B I	4	0	2	5	1	3	8	1	5
DV	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	1
TOTAL	30	4	17	42	6	24	62	11	37
N+D	3	1	2	9	2	5	23	4	14
H/B I	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	1	2
DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
TOTAL	3	1	2	10	2	6	27	5	16
N+D	27	71	49	40	88	64	69	120	94
P/P&T I	4	11	7	6	13	10	10	18	14
DV	0	0	0	2	3	3	3	5	4
TOTAL	31	81	56	48	105	76	82	143	112
N+D	17	4	11	11	4	8	7	3	5
4/T I	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	19	5	12	14	5	9	8	4	6
N+D	30	10	20	22	9	15	15	8	11
6/T I	5	1	3	3	1	2	2	1	2
DV	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0
TOTAL	35	11	23	26	10	18	18	9	13
N+D	5	4	4	9	5	7	13	7	10
10/T I	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
DV	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
TOTAL	5	5	5	10	6	8	16	8	12
N+D	142	110	129	177	139	158	242	198	220
ADT I	22	16	19	26	21	24	36	30	33
DV	0	0	0	7	5	6	10	8	9
TOTAL	171	126	149	210	166	188	288	235	262
N+D	214	168	191	239	197	218	289	245	267
M/C I	20	17	18	22	19	20	24	21	23
DV	0	0	0	5	5	5	6	5	6
TOTAL	235	185	210	267	220	243	319	272	295
N+D	363	278	321	416	336	376	531	443	487
TOTAL I	43	33	38	48	39	44	61	51	56
DV	0	0	0	12	10	11	16	13	14
TOTAL	406	311	359	477	395	431	607	507	557

NOTE

N : NORMAL TRAFFIC
DV : DEVELOPED TRAFFICD : DIVERTED TRAFFIC
I : INDUCED TRAFFIC

Figure 18.3.1 LAND USE AND CAPABILITY OF INFLUENCE AREA
PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 18

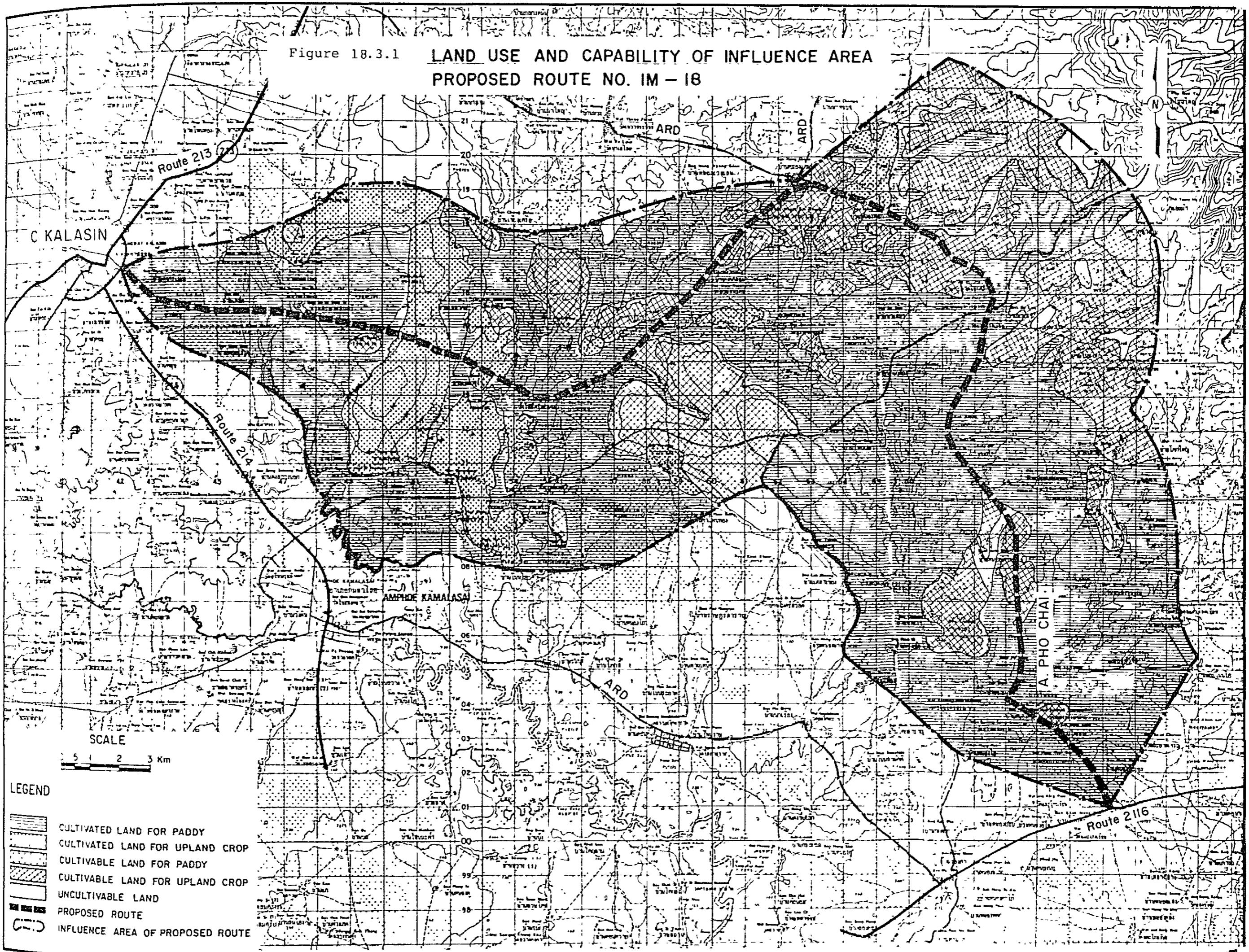


Figure 18.3.2 CROPPING CALENDAR(1)

0800 CHANGWAT KALASIN

NAME OF CROP	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
RICE , 1 st CROP					○	○		○		X	X	
RICE, 2 nd CROP	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
TOBACCO (TURKISH & LOCAL)								○	○	○	○	
GROUND NUT	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
KENAF	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	X	X	
CASSAVA					○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
COTON							○	○	○	X	X	
SUGAR CANE								○	○	○	○	

CROPPING CALENDAR (2)

0900 CHANGWAT ROIET

NAME OF CROP	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN.	JUL.	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
RICE , 1 st CROP					○	○	○	○	○	X	X	
RICE , 2 nd CROP	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
TOBACCO (TURKISH AND LOCAL)												
KENAF	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	X	X	
CASSAVA					○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
GROUND NUT { MORE IN DRY SEASON LESS IN RAIN }	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	X	X	
SUGAR CANE										○	○	

Note

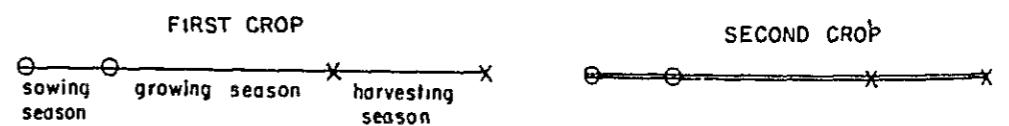


TABLE 18.3.1 CULTIVATED & CULTIVABLE LAND

(1979)

[UNIT : 1000 RAI (KM²)]

AMPHOE	AMPHOE	CULTIVATED LAND			UNUSED CULTIVABLE LAND		
		CODE	NAME	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY
				153.125 (245.0)	21.125 (33.8)	174.250 (278.8)	0.750 (1.2)
0801	M. KALASIN			71.250 (114.0)	20.000 (32.0)	91.250 (146.0)	-
0812	KAMALASAI			13.750 (22.0)	1.125 (1.8)	14.875 (23.8)	-
0902	PHO CHAI			68.125 (109.0)	-	68.125 (109.0)	0.750 (1.2)
							49.375 (79.0)
							50.125 (80.2)
							28.125 (45.0)
							3.750 (6.0)
							3.750 (6.0)
							17.500 (28.0)
							16.250 (29.2)

TABLE 18.3.2 CROP PRODUCTION

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANAE	KENAF	COTTON	UPLAND TOTAL	TOTAL
PLANTED AREA (1000 RAI)										
1981	153.03	-	-	1.94	19.34	-	0.17	-	21.45	174.48
1987	157.68	-	-	1.94	20.05	-	0.17	-	22.16	179.84
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	162.47	-	-	1.94	20.78	-	0.17	-	22.89	185.36
WITH PROJECT	165.40	-	-	2.18	23.94	-	0.17	-	26.30	191.70
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	169.08	-	-	1.94	21.80	-	0.17	-	23.91	192.99
WITH PROJECT	172.13	-	-	2.18	25.11	-	0.17	-	27.47	199.61
CROP YIELD (KG/RAI)										
1981	209.4	-	-	185.9	2669.5	-	189.6	-		
1987	212.0	-	-	185.9	2669.5	-	189.6	-		
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	214.5	-	-	185.9	2669.5	-	189.6	-		
WITH PROJECT	218.4	-	-	187.0	2685.6	-	189.6	-		
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	218.0	-	-	185.9	2669.5	-	189.6	-		
WITH PROJECT	227.3	-	-	188.5	2707.1	-	189.6	-		
CROP PRODUCTION (TON)										
1981	32,049	-	-	360	51,638	-	32	-	52,035	84,084
1987	33,420	-	-	360	53,520	-	32	-	53,922	87,343
1993 WITHOUT PROJECT	34,851	-	-	360	55,475	-	32	-	55,878	90,729
WITH PROJECT	36,122	-	-	408	64,290	-	33	-	64,742	100,863
2001 WITHOUT PROJECT	36,854	-	-	360	58,195	-	32	-	58,598	95,452
WITH PROJECT	39,123	-	-	411	67,982	-	33	-	68,438	107,561

NOTE : SYMBOL "--" MEANS ZERO OR NEGLIGIBLE SMALL

TABLE 18.3.3 FARMGATE PRICE AND PRODUCTION COST

ITEM	PADDY	MAIZE	BEANS	GRUND NUTS	CASSAVA	SUGAR CANE	KENAF	COTTON
FARMGATE PRICE (BAHT/TON)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	3,505	-	-	6,276	679	-	4,069	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	3,593	-	-	6,276	696	-	4,171	-
CROP PRODUCTION COST (BAHT/RAI)								
WITHOUT PROJECT (1981 - 2001)	507	-	-	1,019	724	-	725	-
WITH PROJECT (1987 - 2001)	527	-	-	1,039	744	-	725	-

TABLE 18.3.4 NET PRODUCTION VALUE

YEAR	WITHOUT PROJECT			WITH PROJECT			(1000 BAHT)
	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	PADDY	UPLAND	TOTAL	
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
1987	37,160	22,119	59,279	36,948	22,593	59,541	
1993	39,745	22,917	62,662	42,583	27,242	69,825	
2001	43,410	24,026	67,436	49,815	28,959	78,774	

Figure 18.5.1 TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AND TYPICAL PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

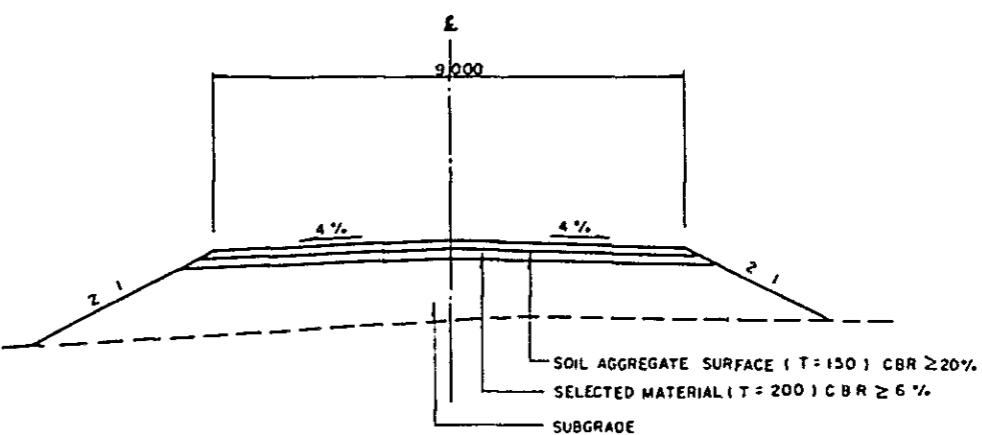
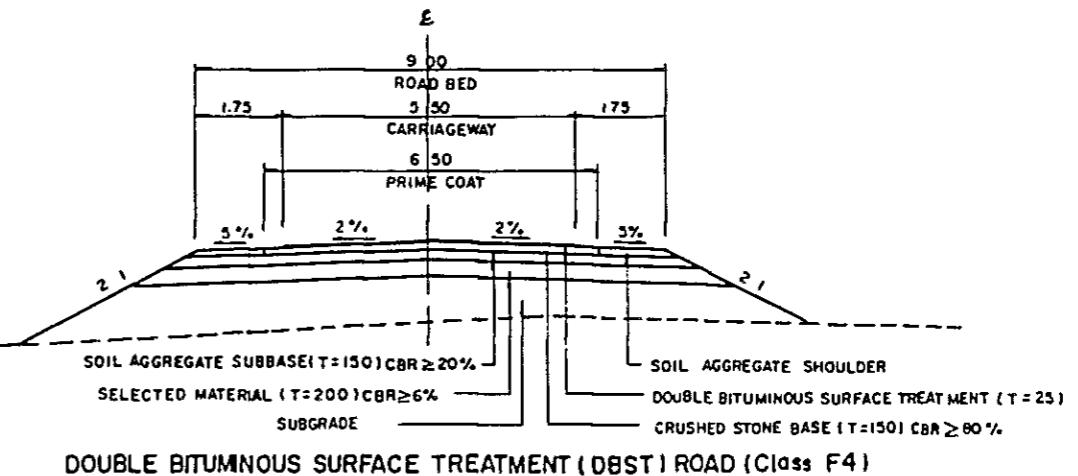
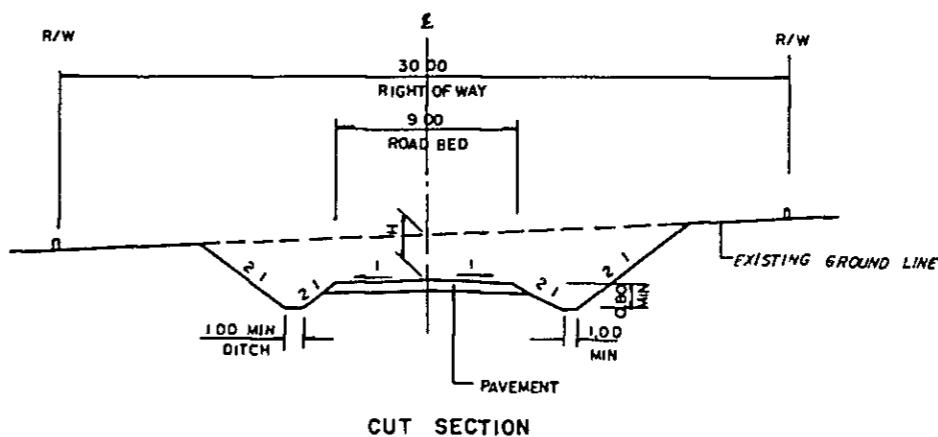
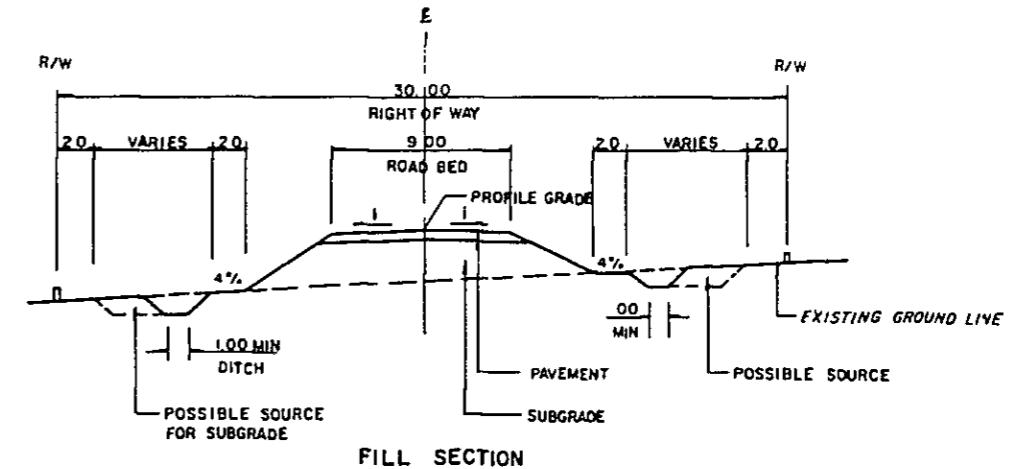


Figure 18.5.2 PROPOSED ROUTE NO. IM - 18

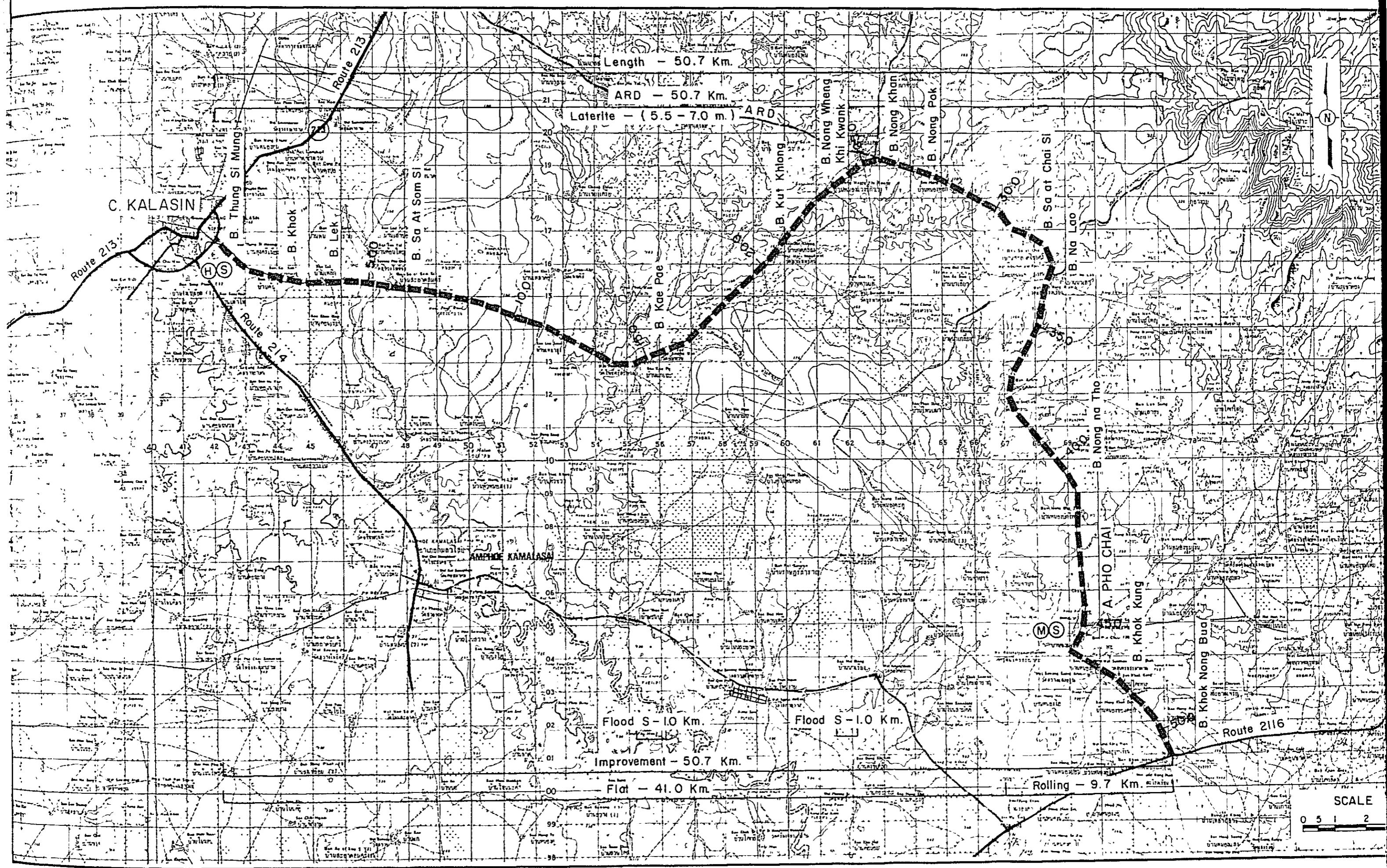
C. KALASIN

ROI ET

C. KALASIN - B. KHOK NONG BUA (J.R. 2116)

ROUTE NO. ARD

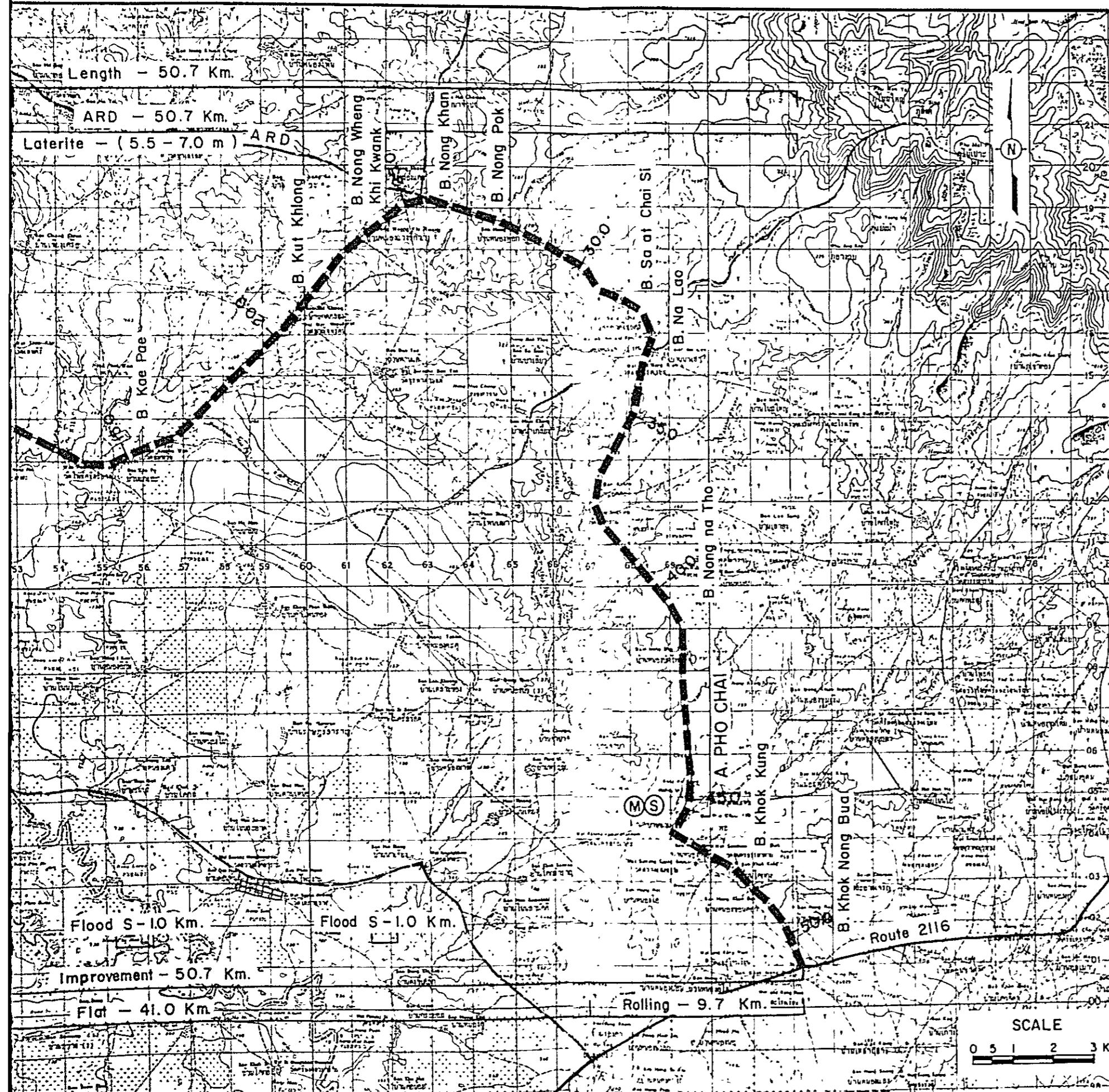
L = 50.7 Km.



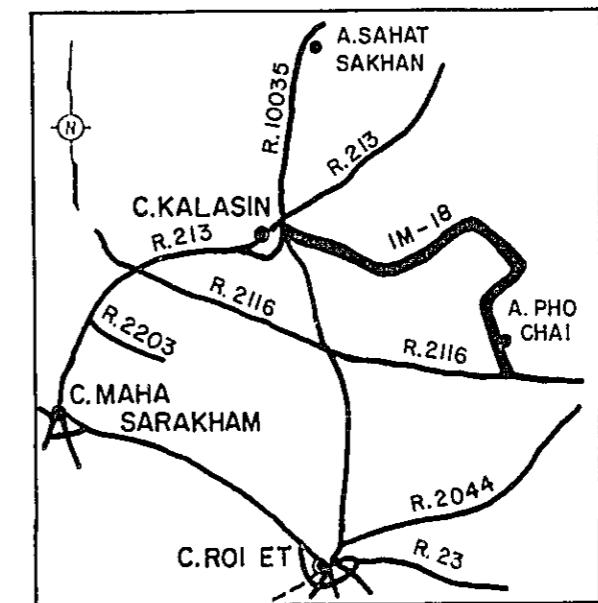
C. KALASIN
ROI ET

C. KALASIN - B. KHOK NONG BUA (J.R. 2116)
ROUTE NO. ARD

L = 50.7 Km.



LOCATION MAP



BRIDGE LIST

No	Station Km.	Proposed Bridge	Existing Bridge
1	3.2	C - 700 x 2700	W - 430 x 2500
2	4.7	C - 700 x 1400	W - 450 x 1200
3	5.8	-	C - 700 x 2700
4	13.7	C - 700 x 62.00	W - 400 x 60.00
5	16.4	C - 700 x 900	W - 450 x 620
6	27.1	C - 700 x 700	W - 400 x 500
7	29.3	C - 700 x 18.00	C - 400 x 18.00
8	33.2	-	C - 750 x 600
9	36.5	C - 700 x 1600	C - 450 x 1600
10	46.3	-	C - 8.50 x 8100
11	48.5	C - 700 x 12.00	W - 4.50 x 8.50

LEGEND

- PROPOSED ROUTE (IMPROVEMENT)
- PROPOSED ROUTE (NEW CONSTRUCTION)
- PAVED ROUTE
- UNPAVED ROUTE
- INVENTORY SURVEY ROUTE
- HOSPITAL
- MEDICAL CENTER
- SECONDARY SCHOOL

Table 18.5.1 CONSTRUCTION QUANTITIES AND COSTS IM-18 (50.7 km)

Items	Unit of Q'ty	Financial Unit Rate \$	(DBST)			(Soil Aggregate Surface)		
			Q'ty	Financial Cost (10 ³ \$)	Economic Cost(10 ³ \$)	Q'ty	Financial Cost (10 ³ \$)	Economic Cost(10 ³ \$)
DIRECT CONSTRUCTION COST								
Clearing and Grubbing	ha	15,000	119	1,785	1,624	119	1,785	1,624
Excavation - Soil	m ³	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
Excavation - Hard Rock	m ³	160	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embankment	m ³	45	163,800	7,371	6,707	163,800	7,371	6,707
Selected Material	m ³	80	106,000	8,480	7,547	106,000	8,480	7,547
Soil Aggregate Surface or Subbase	m ³	105	74,300	7,801	6,943	74,300	7,801	6,943
Crushed Stone Base	m ³	370	48,800	18,056	16,611	7,300	2,701	2,484
Soil Aggregate Shoulder	m ³	105	21,000	2,205	1,962	3,200	336	299
Prime Coat and DBST	m ²	55	275,000	15,125	13,613	41,000	2,255	2,030
Pipe Culvert	m	2,100	2,060	4,326	3,979	2,060	4,326	3,979
Box Culvert	m	16,000	4	64	57	4	64	57
Long Span Bridge	m	80,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Short Span Bridge	m	40,000	135	5,400	4,806	165	6,600	5,874
Sub Total (a)				70,613	63,853		41,719	37,548
Miscellaneous Works (a) x 7%				4,943	4,470		2,920	2,628
Total (b)				75,556	68,323		44,639	40,176
PHYSICAL CONTINGENCY (b) x 15%				11,333	10,248		6,696	6,026
ENGINEERING AND								
ADMINISTRATION (b) x 10%				7,556	6,832		4,464	4,018
Sub Total				18,889	17,080		11,160	10,044
LAND ACQUISITION								
Highly Developed Land	ha	50,000	76	3,800	3,800	76	3,800	3,800
Less Developed Land	ha	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub Total				3,800	3,800		3,800	3,800
GRAND TOTAL				98,245	89,203		59,599	54,020

Table 18.6.1 COST AND BENEFITS

(F4 STANDARD)

(1000 BAHT)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS		DISCOUNTED(12%)		
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT
1984	17,841	0	0	0	25,065	0	
1985	44,601	0	0	0	55,947	0	
1986	26,761	0	0	0	29,972	0	
1987	0	262	4,693	-192	4,763	0	4,253
1988	0	1,245	4,987	-177	6,055	0	4,827
1989	0	2,228	5,281	-163	7,346	0	5,229
1990	0	3,211	5,575	-148	8,638	0	5,490
1991	0	4,194	5,870	-134	9,930	0	5,634
1992	0	5,176	6,164	-119	11,221	0	5,685
1993	0	6,159	6,458	-105	12,513	0	5,660
1994	24,539	6,803	6,840	-83	13,560	11,100	5,477
1995	0	7,446	7,223	-61	14,607	0	5,268
1996	0	8,089	7,605	-39	15,654	0	5,040
1997	0	8,732	7,987	-18	16,702	0	4,801
1998	0	9,376	8,369	4	17,749	0	4,556
1999	0	10,019	8,751	26	18,796	0	4,308
2000	0	10,662	9,133	48	19,843	0	4,060
2001	-43,086	11,305	9,515	69	20,890	-7,872	3,817
TOTAL	70,656	94,907	104,450	-1,090	198,267	114,214	74,103

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 114,214

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 74,103

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 32,138
VOC SAVING 42,715
RMC SAVING -749

NET PRESENT VALUE : -40,110

BENEFIT COST RATIO : 0.65

INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 7.5 %

Table 18.6.2 COST AND BENEFITS

(F5 STANDARD)

(1000 BAHT)

YEAR	COST		BENEFITS		DISCOUNTED(12%)		
	CONST. COST	AGRI. BENEFIT	VOC SAVING	RMC SAVING	TOTAL	COST	BENEFIT
1984	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	21,603	0	0	0	0	27,105	0
1986	32,412	0	0	0	0	36,301	0
1987	0	262	2,576	-22	2,816	0	2,514
1988	0	1,245	2,797	-12	4,030	0	3,213
1989	0	2,228	3,018	-2	5,244	0	3,732
1990	0	3,211	3,240	7	6,458	0	4,104
1991	0	4,194	3,461	17	7,672	0	4,353
1992	0	5,176	3,683	26	8,886	0	4,502
1993	0	6,159	3,904	36	10,100	0	4,569
1994	3,630	6,803	4,166	50	11,018	1,642	4,450
1995	0	7,446	4,427	64	11,937	0	4,304
1996	0	8,089	4,689	77	12,855	0	4,139
1997	0	8,732	4,950	91	13,773	0	3,960
1998	0	9,376	5,211	105	14,692	0	3,771
1999	0	10,019	5,473	118	15,610	0	3,577
2000	0	10,662	5,734	132	16,528	0	3,382
2001	-26,901	11,305	5,996	146	17,447	-4,915	3,187
TOTAL	30,749	94,907	63,325	833	159,065	60,134	57,758

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC COSTS : 60,134

DISCOUNTED ECONOMIC BENEFITS : 57,758

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BENEFIT 32,138
VOC SAVING 25,405
RMC SAVING 215

NET PRESENT VALUE : -2,376

BENEFIT COST RATIO : 0.96

INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN : 11.6 %

Table 18.7.1 SOCIAL INDICATORS
(Proposed Route IM-18)

Population (1,000)		Education	
1982	: 52.5	Access to Secondary School	
1993	: 61.3	Number of Student in 1993 (1,000) ^{2/}	: 13.5
Average travelling speed, without (kph)	: 44	Average distance to school (km)	: 10.3
Isolation		Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.067
Access to Amphoe		Score	: 36
Average distance to Amphoe (km) ^{1/}	: 13.9	Teacher Intensity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.020	Number of teachers ^{3/}	
Score	: 59	University graduate	: -
Access to Artery Highway		Total	: 6
Average distance to highway (km) ^{1/}	: 5	Number of Student	: 140
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.007	Indicators	
Score	: 15	E1 ^{4/}	: -
Impassability		E2 ^{5/}	: 42.9
Impassable week a year	: 4	E ^{6/}	: 42.9
Impassability per year	: 0.077	Degree of Improvement ^{7/}	: 1.59
Impassability per capita (10^{-4})	: 0.013	Score	: 102
Score	: 108	Disparity	
Health		G.P.V. in 1993 (Mn B) ^{8/}	
Access to Hospital		With project	: 177.2
Average distance to Hospital (km) ^{1/}	: 15.0	Without project	: 162.2
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.022	Per capita G.P.V. in 1993 (B)	
Score	: 51	With project (W)	: 2,891
Access to Medical Facilities		Without project (w)	: 2,646
Average distance to facilities (km) ^{1/}	: 10.5	Degree of Disparity	
Per capita time savings (10^{-4})	: 0.015	$(A/W) - (A/w)$ ^{9/}	: 0.10
Score	: 60	Score	: 179
		Total Score	: 610

Note:

- 1/ () shows the length or distance in without project case. Unless otherwise, lengths are same both in with project case and without project case.
- 2/ Number of secondary school student estimated based on the projected population of the areas of influence applying ratios of secondary school students to the total population in the sample area.
- 3/ Numbers of the sample areas
- 4/ (Number of University Graduate Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) x 1,000
- 5/ (Total of Teachers)/(Total Number of Student) x 1,000
- 6/ Sum of 4/ and 5/
- 7/ Ratio of E value of each route to an average value of the same indicator E in case of the sample areas, 33 in number, along paved road near the proposed routes.
The average value of E in case of paved roads were calculated at 68.4 from the following data:
Number of university graduate teachers 438
Number of Teachers 1,285
Number of student 25,196
- 8/ Estimated gross value of crop production in the areas of influence
- 9/ "A" indicates an average per capita value of crop production in the Northeastern Region, which is estimated assuming that:
- GRP per capita of the Northeast is estimated at 11,897 Baht in 1993,
- Agricultural sector shares 40% of GRP, and
- Crop production shares 80% of agricultural production.