# ATTACHMENT 

Tables and Figures

Table II. 2. 1 Major Cyclones

| year | month | min. atmospheric pressure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935 | Feb. | - |
| 1943 | Dec. | 984 |
| 1967 | Dec. | 975 |
| 1987 | Jan. | 967 |

Table II. 3. 1 Cook Island's Main Exports and Imports
(in \$000)

| EXPORTS | (1981) | IMPORTS | (1980) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banana | 684 | Foodstuffs | 5270 |
| Copra | 348 | Textiles | 1580 |
| Fresh citrus | 40 | Oil, petrol, etc | $\bigcirc 2428$ |
| Pearl shell | 323 | Tabacco, cigarettes | 259 |
| Pineapple juice | 8 | Vehicle, parts | 1293 |
| Citrus juice | 770 | Timber, cement, etc. | 481 |
| Other juice | - |  |  |
| Fruit, canned | 42 |  |  |
| Clothing | 2038 |  |  |
| Handerafts | - |  |  |
| Footwear | 47 |  |  |
| Pawpaw | 378 |  |  |
| Fresh pineapple | 42 |  |  |

Source : Pacific Island Year Book (15th Edition, 1984).

Table II. 6. 1 Rainfall Record at Totokoitu

| Date | Rainfall (mm) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 28 December 1986 | 0.3 |
| 29 December 1986 | 2.9 |
| 30 December 1986 | 10.0 |
| 31 December 1986 | 10.1 |
| 1 January 1987 |  |
| 2 January 1987 | 225.0 |
| 3 January 1987 | 6.5 |
| 4 January 1987 | 0.3 |

Source : Meteorological Office at Rarotonga International Airport.

Table II. 6. 1 Topography of Rarotonga Is. Seacoast and Width of Coral Reef

| (Unit in Meter) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Name of Survey Point | Width of Coral Reef | Natural <br> Ground <br> Height | Road Surface Height | Wave Runup Height |
| 1 | Estuary of Tupapa Stream (TUPAPA) | 20 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 5.6 |
| 2 | Tamure Resort (KIIKII) | 60 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 5.6 |
| 3 | Health Department (VAIKAI) | 90 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 4.5 |
| 4 | Yankee (NGATIPA) | 160 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| 5 | Petroleum Tanks (ATUPA) | 50 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.2 |
| 6 | Meteorological Station (NIKAO) | 360 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 5.0 |
| 7 | Black Rock (POKOINU) | 630 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 5.0 |
| 8 | Ministry of Works (TOKERAU) | 850 | 4.0 | * | 4.0 |
| 9 | Beach Hotel (TUPAPA) | 250 | 3.3 | - | 3.3 |
| 10 | Estuary of Muriavai Stream (VALAKURA) | 430 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 2.1 |
| 11 | West of Rarotongan Hotel (AROA) | 360 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| 12 | Rutaki School (RUTAKI) | 920 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| 13 | Estuary of Totokoitu Stream (TOTOKOITU) | 730 | 2.7 | - | 2.7 |
| 14 | R.C. (TIKIOKI) | 620 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 |
| 15 | Sailing Club | 1,520 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 |
|  | Muri Beach (AREITI) |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Ngatangiia Harbour (AVANA) | 400 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| 17 | Norrie Park (MATAVERA) | 60 | 3.9 | - | 3.9 |

Table II. 7. 1. List of Damages in Harbour

1. Avatiu Harbour


Notes: Values for Avatiu Harbour are given by New Zealand and Australian Mission. Numbers marked by * are those told by Australian Mission. Those for Avarua Harbour are from the Cook Islands Government.

Table III. 1.1 Comparision of Sea Wall Pians.

| Plan and Cost | Advantage | Disadvantage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Simple sea wall <br> (Fig. III. 1. 2) <br> NZ\$ 730,000 | Cost : Low. <br> Safety from storm surge, waves and coral debris: Secured. <br> Scenery: Trees can be maintained. | Future expansion of road : Sea wall could become an obstacle. |
| 2. Sea wall-cum-new road (Fig. III. 1. 3) <br> NZ\$ 990,000 | Safety from storm, waves and coral debris: Secured. <br> Scenery : Some of the trees to be cut. <br> Traffic conjection : Can be dissolved. | Cost : Relatively low. |
| 3. Sea wall-cum-detached <br> Breakwater <br> (Fig. III. 1. 4) <br> NZ\$ $1,280,000$ | Safety from storm. <br> Future development : Reclamntion is easy. <br> Sedimentation : Expected. | Cost : Relatively high. <br> Scenery: Affected. |
| 4. Sea wall-cumreclamation. <br> (Fig. III. 1. 5) <br> NZ\$2,430,000 | Safety from storm. <br> Utilization of reclaimed land. | Cost : Expensive. <br> Scenery: Affected. |

Table III. 1. 2 Comparision of Breakwater Plans.

| Plan and Cost | Advantages | Disadvantages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Extended Breakwaters <br> (Fig. II. 1. 6) <br> NZ\$ 5,850,000 <br> without dredging | Waves in harbour : Small $(H<1$ m). <br> Structure : Strong and safe. <br> Wave setup in harbour : Small. <br> Harbour area : Large. <br> Future development: Allowed. <br> Effect of breakwaters for reclamation on the reef could be expected. | Cost : Very expensive. <br> Wave setup on lagoon : Enhanced. <br> Construction :Difficult, long period. <br> Work vessels and divers : Required. <br> Cement and iron bars: To be imported. <br> Dredging : Large volume required. <br> Effect of return current on incident <br> waves : Can not be expected. |
| 2. Original Plan <br> (Fig. II. 1. 7) <br> NZ\$ 620,000 <br> without dredging <br> and training wall. | Waves in harbour : High $(\mathrm{H}<2.5$ m). <br> Construction materials: Available. <br> Wave setup in harbour : Small. <br> Harbourarea: Large. <br> Future development : Allowed. <br> Effect of breakwaters for reclamation on the reef : Coud be expected. | Cost : Expensive. <br> Wave setup on lagoon : Enhanced. <br> Benefit of breakwaters : Small. <br> Construction : Difficult at the head, <br> large rock (11 tons with $1: 3$ <br> slope) required. <br> Dredging : Large volume required. <br> Effect of return current on incident <br> waves : Cannot be expected. |





Fig. II. 1. 3 Avarua Town, Rarotonga

Fig. II.2.1 Typical Coastal Section Sohwing Geological Relationships


Fig. II. 2. 2 Monthly Distribution of Cyclones in the Past


Fig. II. 2. 3 Map of Average Annual
Rainfall in mm (1947 to 1983)



Fig. II. 2. 4 (2) Rassline of Lateral and Return Current (10 Mar. 1987)



Fig. II. 3. 2 Avarua Harbour


Fig. II. 6. 1 Rout of Cyclone Sally (Dec. 1986-Jan. 1987)
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Fig. II. 6. 2 Air Pressure of Cyclone Sally at Rarotonga





Fig. II. 6. 5 Predicted Tide at Avarua Port


Fig. II. 6. 6 Waves Observed off Avatiu
(Source) Central Laboratory, Ministry of Works and Development, N. Z.


Fig. II. 6. 7 Decrease of Wave Height on the Ragoon


Fig. II. 6. 8 Refraction and Breaking of Waves


Fig. II.6.9 Change of Wave Height
(Theoretical Calculation of Irregular Waves)


Fig. II. 6. 10 Wave Setup on Avarua Lagoon


Fig. II. 6. 11 Lateral and Return Current


Fig. II. 6. 13 (1) Inundated Area by Sea Water, Cyclone Sally


- Natural Ground Heght [M1]
$\times$ Wave Run-up Hight (M]
Fig. II. 6. 14 Topography of Rarotonga Is. Seacoast and Width of Coral Reef
(


Fig. 11. 7. 1 (2) Lines of Sounding


Fig. II. 8. 1 Avatiu Harbour Development Plan (Eastern Side)


Fig. II. 8. 3 Planned Avarua Breakwater


SECTION Nol


SECTION No. 2


Fig. III. 1.1 (1) Cross Sections of Avarua Coast

## SECTION No. 3



SECTION No. 4


SECTION No. 5
0.0 mRL (


Fig. III. 1.1 (2)


Fig. III. 1.1 (3)


Fig. II.1. 2 Seawall Plan

サリオオা／T existing


Fig．III．1． 2 Stone parapet profile（ $b^{\prime \prime}-b^{\prime \prime}$ section）


Fig. III. 1. 2 Stone parapet profile ( $c-c$ section $)$

Fig. II. 1. 3 Seawall-cum-roads Plan
---- existing
planning

Fig. II. 1. 3 Seawall profile (a-a section)

Fig. II. 1. 3 Seawall profire ( $b^{\prime}-b^{\prime}$ section) case -1

Fig. II. 1. 3 . Seawall profile (promenade type) ( $\mathrm{b}^{\prime}-\mathrm{b}^{\prime}$ section) case -2

Fig. II. 1. 4 Detached Breakwater Plan
$\ldots$---- existing

$\mathrm{H}=1 / 400$
$\mathrm{~V}=1 / 200$
Fig. II. 1. 4 Seawall and Detached Breakwater profile (d-d section)


Fig. II. 1. 5 Reclamation profile ( $\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{b}$ section) Case-1 High Land Level

Fig. II. 1. 5 Reclamation profile ( $b-b$ section) Case-2 Low Land Level


Fig. II. 1. 6 Extensive Breakwater Plan

Fig. II. 1. 6 Cross Section of Deep-water Breakwater
Scale 1:200
Unit m


Fig. II. 1. 7 Planned Extensive Breakwater

Fig. II. 1. 8 Yacht Harbour Plan


Fig. II. 1. 8 Breakwater Cross Section for Yacht Harbour

Fig. II. 1. 9 Existing Breakwater

Fig. II. 1. 10 Comparison of Mouth Trainning


Fig. II. 2. 4 Proposed Sites for Coastal Profile Survey





Fig. U2. 5 Inundation Area





Fig. III. 3. 1 Flow Chart of Disaster Assessment


