

TABLE 11 WATERWAY MAJOR DIMENSION (1/2) (ROR. TYPE)

(Unit: m)

Scheme Name	Headrace		Penstock		Water Transfer Tunnel (Length x Dia.)	Tailrace Width
	Length	Diameter	Length	Diameter		
Naguilian	9010	3.0	1190	1.9	3800 x 2.7	46.2
Luya	6750	4.4	230	3.3		50.3
Bakum	4670	2.6	1000	1.5		57.8
Amburayan	9330	4.1	220	2.9		50.3
Abra	6150	2.2	340	1.5		18.2
Apayao	8610	2.9	230	2.1		32.2
Chico-1R	2300	4.8	90	4.0		22.4
Chico-1R(+Sadanga)	2300	4.8	90	4.0		22.4
Chico-2R	5220	4.2	150	3.2		22.1
Chico-3R	3770	3.7	160	2.9		21.0
Chico-4R	7180	2.8	160	2.0	1670 x 2	19.3
Saltan	7230	2.3	450	1.5		18.5
Pasil	9800	2.3	610	1.4	600 x 2, 700 x 2, 600 x 2, 600 x 2	19.0
Tanudan	8080	2.8	530	1.8	1100 x 2	19.9
Ibulao	7890	2.4	450	1.5		30.7
Casacnan	5470	3.0	130	2.3		31.7
Upper Casacnan	6720	2.9	150	2.1		31.7
Agno-2	5980	2.4	240	1.7	1900 x 2	41.5
Agno-3	5540	2.4	510	1.4	1060 x 2, 200 x 2, 300 x 2	40.1

TABLE 11 WATERWAY MAJOR DIMENSION (2/2) (RES. TYPE)

(Unit: m)

Scheme Name	Headrace		Penstock		Surge Tank			Tailrace Width
	Length	Tunnel No. * Dia.	Length	Line No. * Dia.	Height	Top Elevation	Tank No. * Dia.	
Supo	537	1x7.4	108	1x6.3	58.3	328.1	1x29.6	31.1
Eteb	576	1x7.1	135	1x6.2	55.9	379.2	1x28.5	30.1
Supo (+Eteb)	1480	1x7.1	110	1x6.3	34.4	274.6	1x28.4	30.0
Sisiritan	750	4x7.3	168	4x6.4	53.1	109.2	4x29.2	86.7
Bulu	540	2x7.9	194	2x6.7	73.9	226.7	2x31.8	73.0
Nababarayan	470	2x7.1	251	2x5.9	68.5	247.6	2x28.4	68.7
Dibagat	788	2x6.4	244	2x5.0	96.0	349.4	2x25.5	65.9
Agbulu	-	-	216	3x3.9	-	-	-	47.9
Sisiritan (+Agb. +Bulu)	528	2x8.3	133	2x8.0	34.4	77.2	2x33.4	46.2
Sisiritan (+Agbulu)	750	2x9.2	168	2x8.4	56.9	110.0	2x36.9	84.4
Bulu (+Agbulu)	540	2x8.6	125	2x7.7	53.4	184.3	2x34.5	79.1
Basao	650	1x6.7	378	1x5.4	24.0	674.1	1x26.8	29.4
Sadanga	1120	1x7.1	281	1x5.5	90.9	900.4	1x28.4	45.9
Sadanga (Alternative)	1640	1x7.1	570	1x5.4	102.7	902.1	1x28.6	62.5
Bantay	-	-	385	1x6.6	-	-	-	28.3
Maliano	650	1x7.4	235	1x6.1	76.8	300.8	1x29.5	31.2
Tabu	550	1x7.1	245	1x6.1	30.0	412.0	1x28.6	30.4
Kanan	872	1x7.1	334	1x5.6	81.9	303.5	1x28.3	46.1
Up. Agos 2	-	-	184	2x3.9	-	-	-	28.8
Kanan (+Up. Agos 2)	-	-	300	1x7.1	-	-	-	31.2
Wawa	-	-	144	2x3.1	-	-	-	24.4
Bosigon	585	1x6.3	60	1x5.8	38.2	87.5	1x25.3	27.2

TABLE 12. CALCULATION SHEET FOR SURGE TANK AND PENSTOCK DIMENSION

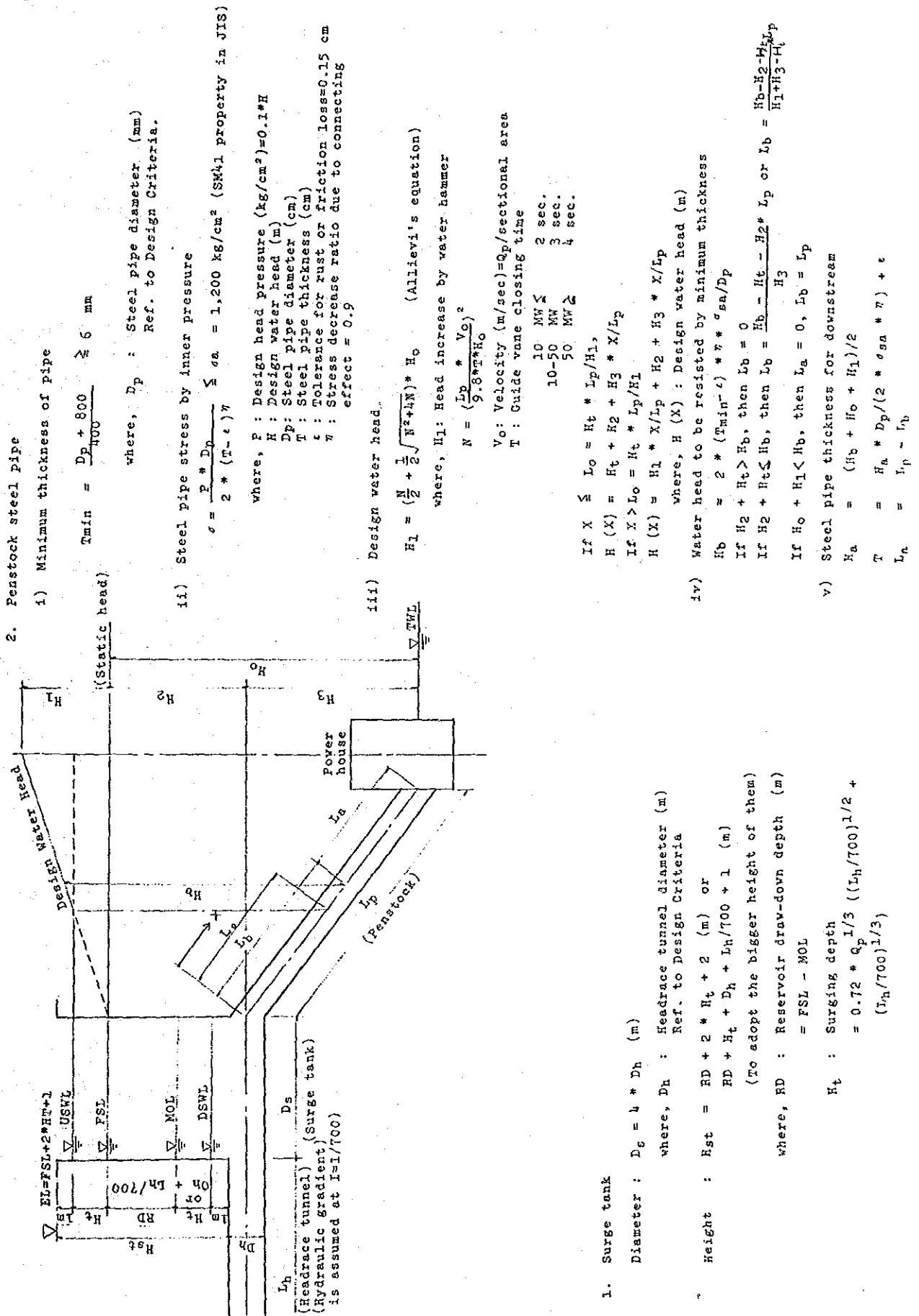


TABLE 13 CALCULATION SHEET FOR PENSTOCK DIAMETER.

Economical penstock diameter equation:

$$D = \left\{ \frac{5 * 78.4 * T_g * C_1 * f * \eta * \phi * S_a}{A * C_2 * r * g * \pi^3 * p * (1+k_2)} \right\}^{1/7} * Q_p^{3/7}$$

where,

- D : Economical penstock diameter (m)
- T<sub>g</sub> : Annual operational hour = 365 days \* 12 hrs/day = 4,380 hrs. (Assuming 12 hrs peak operation)
- C<sub>1</sub> : Energy cost at power plant = 1.2 ₪/KWh = 0.0591 \$/KWh
- f : Manning's roughness = 0.014
- η : Power plant efficiency = 0.84
- φ : Stress decrease ratio due to connecting effect = 0.9
- A : Ratio of operation and maintenance cost, construction cost interest and so on, to construction cost = 0.1
- S<sub>a</sub> : Allowable stress of steel = 1,200 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> (SM41 property in JIS)
- C<sub>2</sub> : Steel penstock construction unit cost = 4,000 \$/ton
- r : Unit weight of steel = 7.8 t/m<sup>3</sup>
- g : Gravity acceleration = 9.8 m/sec<sup>2</sup>
- k<sub>2</sub> : Weight increase ratio due to accessories such as stiffner, flanges, rivets and so on = 0.2

The above variables are applied to the equation,

$$D = \left\{ \frac{5 * 78.4 * 4,380 * 0.0591 * 0.014 * 0.84 * 0.9 * 1,200}{0.1 * 4,000 * 7.8 * 9.8 * 3.1416^3 * p * (1+0.2)} \right\}^{1/7} * Q_p^{3/7}$$

$$= 1.018 Q_p^{3/7} \quad 0.429/p^{0.143}$$

where,

- p : Design water pressure (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>), assuming that total static head (m) (FSL - TWL) multiplied by 1.3
- Q<sub>p</sub> : Peak discharge (m<sup>3</sup>/sec)

TABLE 14 WATERWAY COST COMPARISON (1/4)  
(Run-of-river type scheme, draw down=0 m)

C<sub>1</sub> = Waterway cost with surge tank  
C<sub>2</sub> = Waterway cost without surge tank  
C<sub>d</sub> = C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>2</sub>

(Unit: \*10<sup>6</sup>\$)

			L=100m	L=150	L=200	L=250	L=300	L=350	L=400
H=50m	Q=5 m <sup>3</sup> /s	C <sub>1</sub>	0.118	0.168	0.218	0.270	0.322	0.375	0.427
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.212	0.247	0.282	0.317	0.350	0.384	0.417
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.094	-0.080	-0.064	-0.047	-0.028	-0.009	0.011
	Q=10	C <sub>1</sub>	0.221	0.313	0.408	0.505	0.602	0.700	0.798
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.348	0.401	0.451	0.500	0.551	0.601	0.651
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.127	-0.088	-0.043	0.004	0.051	0.099	0.147
	Q=15	C <sub>1</sub>	0.307	0.434	0.566	0.700	0.836	0.971	1.107
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.468	0.534	0.598	0.660	0.721	0.783	0.845
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.160	-0.100	-0.031	0.041	0.115	0.188	0.262
	Q=20	C <sub>1</sub>	0.384	0.544	0.709	0.876	1.046	1.215	1.386
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.580	0.658	0.733	0.806	0.878	0.949	1.022
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.195	-0.115	-0.025	0.070	0.168	0.267	0.364
H=100m	Q=5	C <sub>1</sub>	0.174	0.222	0.275	0.331	0.389	0.448	0.507
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.259	0.302	0.337	0.372	0.409	0.440	0.474
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.084	-0.080	-0.062	-0.041	-0.017	0.008	0.034
	Q=10	C <sub>1</sub>	0.303	0.386	0.478	0.576	0.677	0.779	0.882
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.425	0.494	0.547	0.597	0.647	0.697	0.747
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.123	-0.109	-0.069	-0.021	0.030	0.082	0.135
	Q=15	C <sub>1</sub>	0.408	0.520	0.645	0.777	0.912	1.050	1.190
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.569	0.660	0.726	0.790	0.852	0.913	0.975
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.161	-0.140	-0.081	0.013	0.060	0.137	0.214
	Q=20	C <sub>1</sub>	0.502	0.640	0.794	0.956	1.122	1.292	1.463
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.704	0.814	0.893	0.968	1.041	1.113	1.184
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.202	-0.175	-0.100	-0.013	0.081	0.179	0.280
H=150m	Q=5	C <sub>1</sub>	0.240	0.282	0.332	0.387	0.446	0.506	0.568
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.360	0.360	0.404	0.439	0.474	0.508	0.542
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.121	-0.078	-0.072	-0.051	-0.028	-0.002	0.026
	Q=10	C <sub>1</sub>	0.413	0.486	0.572	0.667	0.768	0.872	0.978
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.596	0.596	0.665	0.717	0.768	0.817	0.868
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.183	-0.110	-0.093	-0.050	0.000	0.055	0.110
	Q=15	C <sub>1</sub>	0.555	0.654	0.770	0.898	1.033	1.173	1.316
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.798	0.798	0.889	0.956	1.019	1.081	1.142
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.243	-0.145	-0.119	-0.057	0.014	0.092	0.174
	Q=20	C <sub>1</sub>	0.683	0.804	0.947	1.104	1.271	1.442	1.681
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.985	0.985	1.096	1.175	1.249	1.322	1.394
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.302	-0.182	-0.149	-0.070	0.021	0.120	0.224

TABLE 14 WATERWAY COST COMPARISON (2/4)

			L=100m	L=150	L=200	L=250	L=300	L=350	L=400
H=200m	Q=5	C <sub>1</sub>	0.317	0.354	0.401	0.454	0.511	0.571	0.634
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.475	0.475	0.475	0.518	0.553	0.588	0.622
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.158	-0.120	-0.074	-0.065	-0.042	-0.017	0.011
	Q=10	C <sub>1</sub>	0.547	0.611	0.691	0.783	0.881	0.985	1.093
		C <sub>2</sub>	0.791	0.791	0.791	0.860	0.912	0.963	1.012
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.244	-0.180	-0.099	-0.077	-0.031	0.023	0.081
	Q=15	C <sub>1</sub>	0.738	0.825	0.933	1.056	1.190	1.330	1.476
		C <sub>2</sub>	1.064	1.064	1.064	1.154	1.221	1.284	1.346
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.326	-0.239	-0.130	-0.098	-0.031	0.046	0.129
	Q=20	C <sub>1</sub>	0.909	1.017	1.150	1.302	1.466	1.639	1.819
		C <sub>2</sub>	1.314	1.314	1.314	1.424	1.503	1.578	1.651
		C <sub>d</sub>	-0.404	-0.297	-0.163	-0.122	-0.037	0.062	0.168

TABLE 14 WATERWAY COST COMPARISON (3/4)  
(Reservoir type scheme, Drawdown depth=20 m)

C<sub>1</sub> = Waterway cost with surge tank  
C<sub>2</sub> = Waterway cost without surge tank  
C<sub>d</sub> = C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>2</sub>

(Unit:  $\times 10^6 \$$ )

			L=200m	L=300	L=400	L=500	L=600	L=700	L=800
H=70m	Q=50m <sup>3</sup> /s	C <sub>1</sub>	1.365	2.040	2.731	3.429	4.129	4.832	5.535
		C <sub>2</sub>	2.619	2.901	3.175	3.452	3.732	4.008	4.280
		C <sub>d</sub>	-1.254	-0.861	-0.444	-0.023	0.397	0.824	1.255
	Q=100	C <sub>1</sub>	2.531	3.783	5.064	6.358	7.657	8.960	10.264
		C <sub>2</sub>	4.314	4.754	5.178	5.593	6.024	6.455	6.879
		C <sub>d</sub>	-1.783	-0.971	-0.113	0.765	1.634	2.505	3.385
	Q=200	C <sub>1</sub>	4.625	6.911	9.253	11.616	13.990	16.369	18.753
		C <sub>2</sub>	7.280	7.998	8.685	9.354	10.015	10.721	11.414
		C <sub>d</sub>	-2.656	-1.087	0.568	2.262	3.975	5.648	7.339
	Q=300	C <sub>1</sub>	6.550	9.788	13.104	16.451	19.813	23.183	26.559
		C <sub>2</sub>	9.979	10.941	11.858	12.747	13.620	14.541	15.470
		C <sub>d</sub>	-3.429	-1.153	1.247	3.703	6.193	8.642	11.089
H=120	Q=50	C <sub>1</sub>	1.693	2.384	3.118	3.871	4.634	5.403	6.175
		C <sub>2</sub>	2.984	3.273	3.550	3.821	4.104	4.381	4.655
		C <sub>d</sub>	-1.291	-0.889	-0.432	0.050	0.531	1.021	1.519
	Q=100	C <sub>1</sub>	2.747	3.869	5.061	6.283	7.522	8.769	10.022
		C <sub>2</sub>	4.972	5.426	5.856	6.275	6.694	7.129	7.557
		C <sub>d</sub>	-2.224	-1.557	-0.795	0.008	0.828	1.640	2.466
	Q=200	C <sub>1</sub>	4.855	6.836	8.943	11.103	13.291	15.496	17.710
		C <sub>2</sub>	8.454	9.200	9.899	10.576	11.239	11.925	12.624
		C <sub>d</sub>	-3.599	-2.363	-0.956	0.527	2.053	3.571	5.086
	Q=300	C <sub>1</sub>	6.773	9.537	12.476	15.490	18.542	21.617	24.706
		C <sub>2</sub>	11.627	12.631	13.566	14.468	15.348	16.232	17.170
		C <sub>d</sub>	-4.855	-3.094	-1.091	1.022	3.194	5.385	7.536
H=170	Q=50	C <sub>1</sub>	2.028	2.683	3.410	4.171	4.951	5.742	6.540
		C <sub>2</sub>	3.442	3.744	4.026	4.300	4.577	4.857	5.133
		C <sub>d</sub>	-1.413	-1.061	-0.616	-0.128	0.374	0.885	1.407
	Q=100	C <sub>1</sub>	3.345	4.426	5.625	6.880	8.167	9.471	10.787
		C <sub>2</sub>	5.801	6.282	6.721	7.145	7.560	7.991	8.422
		C <sub>d</sub>	-2.456	-1.856	-1.096	-0.265	0.606	1.480	2.364
	Q=200	C <sub>1</sub>	5.870	7.766	9.870	12.073	14.330	16.619	18.928
		C <sub>2</sub>	9.942	10.739	11.457	12.143	12.812	13.474	14.180
		C <sub>d</sub>	-4.072	-2.973	-1.586	-0.070	1.518	3.145	4.748
	Q=300	C <sub>1</sub>	8.165	10.803	13.729	16.793	19.933	23.116	26.327
		C <sub>2</sub>	13.721	14.801	15.764	16.680	17.569	18.442	19.363
		C <sub>d</sub>	-5.556	-3.999	-2.035	0.114	2.363	4.674	6.965

TABLE 14 WATERWAY COST COMPARISON (4/4)  
(Reservoir type scheme, Drawdown depth=50 m)

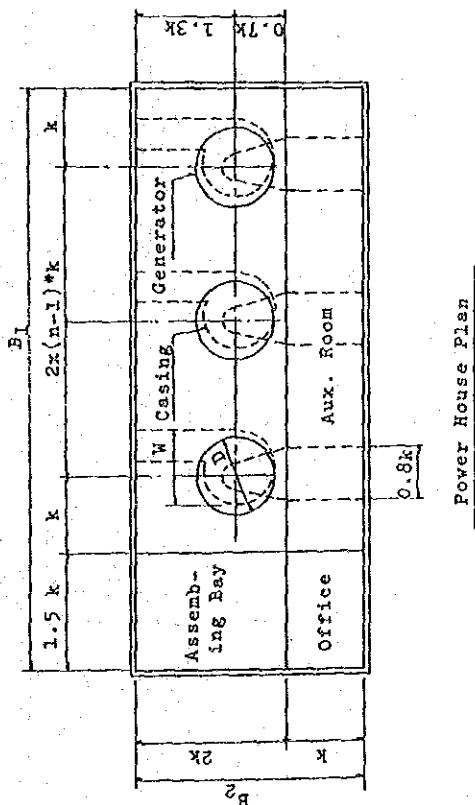
C<sub>1</sub> = Waterway cost with surge tank  
C<sub>2</sub> = Waterway cost without surge tank  
C<sub>d</sub> = C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>2</sub>

(Unit: x 10<sup>6</sup> \$)

			L=200m	L=300	L=400	L=500	L=600	L=700	L=800
H=70m	Q=50m <sup>3</sup> /s	C <sub>1</sub>	2.038	3.196	4.394	5.606	6.825	8.048	9.273
		C <sub>2</sub>	4.134	4.413	4.685	4.966	5.244	5.519	5.790
		C <sub>d</sub>	-2.097	-1.217	-0.291	0.640	1.581	2.529	3.482
	Q=100	C <sub>1</sub>	4.008	6.286	8.642	11.027	13.424	15.829	18.239
		C <sub>2</sub>	6.577	7.011	7.431	7.845	8.282	8.711	9.134
		C <sub>d</sub>	-2.569	-0.725	1.211	3.181	5.142	7.118	9.105
	Q=200	C <sub>1</sub>	7.625	11.959	16.442	20.978	25.540	30.115	34.698
		C <sub>2</sub>	10.697	11.403	12.083	12.748	13.425	14.126	14.816
		C <sub>d</sub>	-3.072	0.556	4.359	8.230	12.115	15.988	19.882
	Q=300	C <sub>1</sub>	11.001	17.254	23.722	30.267	36.848	43.449	50.062
		C <sub>2</sub>	14.344	15.289	16.196	17.080	17.948	18.891	19.815
		C <sub>d</sub>	-3.343	1.965	7.526	13.187	18.900	24.558	30.247
H=120	Q=50	C <sub>1</sub>	1.881	2.716	3.624	4.561	5.513	6.474	7.439
		C <sub>2</sub>	4.547	4.831	5.106	5.381	5.662	5.938	6.211
		C <sub>d</sub>	-2.665	-2.115	-1.482	-0.819	-0.149	0.535	1.228
	Q=100	C <sub>1</sub>	3.070	4.432	5.913	7.443	8.997	10.564	12.139
		C <sub>2</sub>	7.319	7.764	8.190	8.607	9.033	9.466	9.891
		C <sub>d</sub>	-4.250	-3.332	-2.277	-1.164	-0.036	1.098	2.247
	Q=200	C <sub>1</sub>	5.490	7.925	10.574	13.309	16.087	18.889	21.706
		C <sub>2</sub>	12.022	12.749	13.440	14.112	14.771	15.472	16.167
		C <sub>d</sub>	-6.532	-4.824	-2.866	-0.803	1.316	3.417	5.538
	Q=300	C <sub>1</sub>	7.704	11.122	14.840	18.679	22.578	26.511	30.464
		C <sub>2</sub>	16.204	17.181	18.104	18.998	19.873	20.700	21.713
		C <sub>d</sub>	-8.500	-6.058	-3.264	-0.319	2.705	5.731	8.751
H=170	Q=50	C <sub>1</sub>	2.150	2.867	3.690	4.562	5.460	6.372	7.294
		C <sub>2</sub>	5.037	5.331	5.609	5.881	6.162	6.441	6.715
		C <sub>d</sub>	-2.887	-2.463	-1.919	-1.319	-0.702	-0.068	0.579
	Q=100	C <sub>1</sub>	3.565	4.754	6.119	7.565	9.053	10.565	12.093
		C <sub>2</sub>	8.207	8.669	9.103	9.524	9.937	10.374	10.803
		C <sub>d</sub>	-4.642	-3.915	-2.984	-1.959	-0.885	0.191	1.290
	Q=200	C <sub>1</sub>	6.294	8.393	10.803	13.355	15.982	18.653	21.350
		C <sub>2</sub>	13.613	14.375	15.081	15.761	16.426	17.103	17.805
		C <sub>d</sub>	-7.319	-5.981	-4.278	-2.406	-0.444	1.550	3.546
	Q=300	C <sub>1</sub>	8.783	11.712	15.074	18.636	22.302	26.029	29.793
		C <sub>2</sub>	18.445	19.473	20.418	21.325	22.209	23.077	24.019
		C <sub>d</sub>	-9.662	-7.761	-5.344	-2.689	0.094	2.952	5.774

TABLE 15 CALCULATION SHEET FOR POWER HOUSE DIMENSION

1. Power House Length and Width			
$B_1 = 1.5 * k + 2 * n * k$	$B_1$	$2x(n-1)*k$	$k$
$B_2 = 3 * k$	$B_2$		
$k = D = 8 * H_d^{-0.08} * P_e^{0.13}$	$k$		
(High head power plant)			
or			
$(W + 7)/2 : W = 14 * (P_e/H_d)^{0.5}$	$(W + 7)/2$	$W$	$(P_e/H_d)^{0.5}$
(Lower head power plant)			
(k is to be bigger dimension of the above)			
where,			
$B_1$ : Power house length (m)	$B_1$		
$B_2$ : Power house width (m)	$B_2$		
$n$ : Generator nos.	$n$		
$D$ : Generator dia. (m)	$D$		
$W$ : Turbine casing width (m)	$W$		
$P_e$ : Installed power capacity (MW)	$P_e$		
$H_d$ : Design head	$H_d$		



2. Power House Height	
$H_1 = P_e^{0.21} + 5$	$H_1$
$S = 0.8367 * P_e^{0.1767} + 0.287 * P_e^{0.2796}$	$S$
$h = 2.7 * D_2$	$h$
$D_2 = D_1 * (0.04478 * N_s^{0.6091})$	$D_2$
$D_1 = 84.6 * k_u^{0.5} * H_d^{0.5/N_s}$	$D_1$
$k_u = 0.834 - 10.66/N_s$	$k_u$
$N_s = 2419/H_d^{0.489}$	$N_s$
where,	
$H_1$ : Super-structure height (m)	$H_1$
$S$ : Height from casing center to floor (m)	$S$
$h$ : Height from casing center to draft tube bottom (m)	$h$
$P_e$ : Installed power capacity (KW)	$P_e$
$D_2$ : Runner outlet diameter (m)	$D_2$
$D_1$ : Runner inlet diameter (m)	$D_1$
$k_u$ : Runner circumference speed coefficient	$k_u$
$N_s$ : Specific speed (m-kw)	$N_s$
$N$ : Revolution speed = 400 RPM	$N$

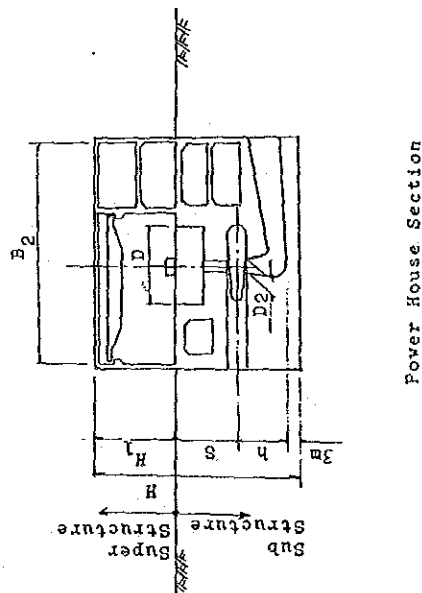


TABLE 16 ROUGH ESTIMATION OF POWER HOUSE DIMENSION (1/2) (ROR. TYPE)

River	Scheme	Pmax (MW)	Unit* Unit Cap. (MW)	Head (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Ns (m-KW)	D1 (m)	D2 (m)	h (m)	S (m)	H1 (m)	B1 (m)	B2 (m)	H (m)	Remarks
Naguillien	Naguillien	37.2	4x9.3	301.1	2.4	6.8	148	2.8	2.6	7.1	7.9	11.8	64.3	20.3	29.8	
Ambureyan	Luya	39.6	4x9.9	119.4	4.0	7.4	233	1.8	2.3	6.1	8.0	11.9	69.8	22.1	29.0	
	Bakum	33.9	4x8.5	407.0	2.0	6.5	128	3.2	2.8	7.4	7.7	11.7	62.1	19.6	29.9	
	Ambureyan	10.7	4x15.3	214.2	3.7	7.4	175	2.4	2.5	6.7	8.8	12.6	70.5	22.3	31.1	
Abra	Abra	10.7	2x5.3	189.2	2.3	6.5	186	2.3	2.4	6.6	6.9	11.1	35.9	19.6	27.6	
Apayao	Apayao	15.7	3x5.2	135.8	2.7	6.7	219	1.9	2.3	6.2	6.9	11.0	50.2	20.1	27.2	
Chico	Chico-1R	26.6	2x13.3	63.4	6.4	8.0	318	1.3	2.0	5.4	8.6	12.3	44.1	24.1	29.4	Combined with Sada- nga.
	Chico-1R	26.4	2x13.2	62.9	6.4	8.0	319	1.3	2.0	5.4	8.5	12.3	44.2	24.1	29.4	
	Chico-2R	33.4	2x16.7	109.1	5.5	7.9	244	1.7	2.2	6.0	9.0	12.7	43.6	23.8	30.7	
	Chico-3R	17.8	2x8.9	81.5	4.6	7.5	281	1.5	2.1	5.7	7.8	11.8	41.1	22.4	28.3	
	Chico-4R	11.8	2x5.9	112.5	3.2	6.9	240	1.8	2.2	6.0	7.1	11.2	38.0	20.7	27.4	
Saltan	Saltan	12.1	2x6.1	201.7	2.4	6.6	181	2.3	2.5	6.7	7.2	11.2	36.4	19.9	28.1	
Pasil	Pasil	20.0	2x10.0	329.1	2.4	6.8	142	2.9	2.7	7.2	8.0	11.9	37.3	20.4	30.2	
Tanudan	Tanudan	24.5	2x12.3	249.9	3.1	7.1	163	2.6	2.6	6.9	8.4	12.2	39.2	21.4	30.5	
Ibulao	Ibulao	16.3	3x5.4	254.1	2.0	6.4	161	2.6	2.6	6.9	6.9	11.1	48.0	19.2	28.0	
Casecnan	Casecnan	11.2	3x3.7	89.8	2.8	6.6	268	1.6	2.1	5.8	6.4	10.6	49.6	19.9	25.8	
	Up. Ca- secnan	12.2	3x4.1	112.7	2.7	6.6	240	1.8	2.2	6.0	6.6	10.7	49.4	19.8	26.4	
Agno	Agno-2	10.5	4x2.6	148.5	1.9	6.1	209	2.0	2.3	6.3	5.9	10.2	57.7	18.2	25.5	
	Agno-3	9.3	4x2.3	183.0	1.6	5.9	189	2.2	2.4	6.6	5.8	10.1	55.8	17.6	25.4	

TABLE 16 ROUGH ESTIMATION OF POWER HOUSE DIMENSION (2/2) (RES. TYPE)

	Scheme	Abbrev.	Pmax (MW)	Unit* Unit Cap. (MW)	Head (m)	W (m)	D (m-KW)	Ns (m)	D <sub>1</sub> (m)	D <sub>2</sub> (m)	h (m)	S (m)	H <sub>1</sub> (m)	B <sub>1</sub> (m)	B <sub>2</sub> (m)	H (m)	Remarks
Abra	Supo	SPO	142.2	2x71.1	99.5	11.8	9.6	255	1.7	2.2	5.9	12.5	15.4	53.0	28.9	36.9	
	Eteb	ETO	107.0	2x53.5	82.5	11.3	9.4	280	1.5	2.1	5.7	11.8	14.8	51.9	28.3	35.3	
	Supo	ETO+SP <sub>1</sub>	99.8	2x49.9	78.1	11.2	9.4	287	1.5	2.1	5.7	11.6	14.7	51.6	28.2	34.9	
Abulog	Sisiritan	SSO	417.6	4x104.4	75.9	16.4	10.4	291	1.5	2.1	5.6	13.7	16.3	111.2	35.1	38.7	
	Bulu	BLO	408.1	4x102.0	118.2	13.0	10.0	234	1.8	2.3	6.1	13.6	16.3	95.0	30.0	39.0	
	Nababayan	NBO	304.2	4x76.1	118.6	11.2	9.6	234	1.8	2.3	6.1	12.7	15.6	91.1	28.8	37.4	
	Dibagat	DIO	301.7	4x75.4	156.4	9.7	9.4	204	2.1	2.4	6.4	12.7	15.6	89.0	28.1	37.7	
	Agbulu	AGO	215.9	3x72.0	135.3	10.2	9.4	219	1.9	2.3	6.2	12.6	15.5	70.6	28.2	37.3	
	Sisiritan	AGO+BL <sub>1</sub> + SS <sub>1</sub>	199.2	2x99.6	50.7	19.6	10.6	355	1.2	1.9	5.2	13.6	16.2	73.2	40.0	38.0	
	Sisiritan	AGO+SSO	389.4	4x97.4	75.9	15.9	10.3	291	1.5	2.1	5.6	13.5	16.2	108.6	34.3	38.3	
Chico	Bulu	AGO+BL <sub>1</sub>	336.5	4x89.1	82.8	14.5	10.1	279	1.5	2.1	5.7	13.2	16.0	102.2	32.3	37.9	
	Basao	SD <sub>1</sub> +BS <sub>1</sub>	163.2	2x81.6	148.5	10.4	9.5	211	2.0	2.3	6.3	13.0	15.8	52.3	28.5	38.0	
	Sadanga	SDO	238.4	3x79.5	186.1	9.2	9.3	188	2.2	2.4	6.6	12.9	15.7	69.8	27.9	38.1	
Paret	Sadanga	SD <sub>1</sub>	301.8	4x75.5	232.0	8.0	9.1	169	2.5	2.5	6.8	12.7	15.6	86.2	27.2	38.1	
	Bantay	BTO	39.8	2x19.9	34.9	10.6	8.9	426	1.0	1.8	4.9	9.4	13.0	48.9	26.6	30.3	
	Maliano	MLO	175.4	2x87.7	123.9	11.8	9.7	229	1.8	2.3	6.1	13.2	15.9	53.5	29.2	38.2	
Agos	Tabu	BGO+B <sub>1</sub>	134.4	2x67.2	103.1	11.3	9.5	251	1.7	2.2	5.9	12.4	15.3	52.5	28.6	36.7	
	Kanan	XNO	213.5	3x71.2	168.5	9.1	9.2	197	2.1	2.4	6.5	12.5	15.4	69.3	27.6	37.5	
	Up. Agos	UA2o	135.2	2x67.6	131.0	10.1	9.4	223	1.9	2.3	6.2	12.4	15.3	51.5	28.1	36.9	
Mari-kina	Xanan	UA2o+KN <sub>1</sub>	77.2	2x38.6	51.5	12.1	9.4	352	1.2	1.9	5.2	10.9	14.2	52.6	28.7	33.3	
	Wawa	WPO	60.3	2x30.2	109.9	7.3	8.6	243	1.8	2.2	6.0	10.3	13.7	47.1	25.7	33.1	
	Bosigon	BBO	44.4	2x22.2	47.3	9.6	8.8	357	1.2	1.9	5.2	9.6	13.2	48.4	26.4	31.0	

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (1/10)

QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
<p>(1) Dam volume</p> <p>(i) Fill dam (Rockfill &amp; earth-fill)</p> $V_{df} = \sum (A_{i-1} + A_i) * l_i / 2$ $A_i = [a + (m \cdot n) * H_i / 2] * H_i + 10 * h_i$ <p>(ii) Concrete gravity dam</p> $V_{dc} = \sum (A_{i-1} + A_i) * l_i / 2 + (a * L) / (n * 2)$ $A_i = [(H_i - h_i)^2 * m + H_i^2 * n] / 2, \text{ if } H_i > h_i$ $A_i = H_i^2 * n / 2, \text{ if } H_i \leq h_i$ <p>(2) Dam excavation volume</p> <p>(i) Fill dam</p> $V_{ef} = \sum (A_{i-1} + A_i) * l_i / 2$ $A_i = [a + (m \cdot n) * H_i + 10 * d_i] * d_i$ <p>(ii) Concrete gravity dam</p> $V_{ec} = \sum (A_{i-1} + A_i) * l_i / 2$ $A_i = (L_o + d_i) * d_i$ $L_o = m * (H_i - h_i) + n * H_i + d_i, \text{ if } H_i > h_i$ $L_o = n * H_i + d_i, \text{ if } a/n < H_i \leq h_i$ $L_o = a + d_i, \text{ if } H_i \leq a/n$	<p><math>V_{df}</math>: Embankment volume, (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>i</math>: Cross section no., <math>i=1</math> to <math>n</math>, <math>n \leq 15</math></p> <p><math>A_i</math>: Cross sectional area at section <math>i</math>, (m<sup>2</sup>)</p> <p><math>l_i</math>: Interval between cross section <math>i-1</math> and <math>i</math>, (m)</p> <p><math>H_i</math>: Dam height at cross section <math>i</math>, (m)</p> <p><math>m</math>: Upstream embankment slope</p> <p><math>n</math>: Downstream embankment slope</p> <p><math>a</math>: Crest width, (m)</p> <p><math>h_i</math>: Cofferdam height at cross section <math>i</math>, (m)</p> <p><math>V_{dc}</math>: Concrete volume, (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>i</math>: Cross section no., <math>i=1</math> to <math>n</math>, <math>n \leq 15</math></p> <p><math>A_i</math>: Cross sectional area at section <math>i</math>, (m<sup>2</sup>)</p> <p><math>l_i</math>: Interval between cross sections <math>i-1</math> and <math>i</math>, (m)</p> <p><math>H_i</math>: Dam height at cross section <math>i</math></p> <p><math>h_i</math>: Height from the top of fillet to dam crest, (m)</p> <p><math>m</math>: Upstream filler slope</p> <p><math>n</math>: Downstream slope</p> <p><math>a</math>: Crest width (m)</p> <p><math>L</math>: Dam crest length (m)</p> <p><math>V_{ef}</math>: Excavation volume, (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>d_i</math>: Excavation depth at cross section <math>i</math>, (m)</p> <p>Other symbols are same as those for dam volume calculation.</p> <p><math>V_{ec}</math>: Excavation volume, (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>d_i</math>: Excavation depth at cross section <math>i</math>, (m)</p> <p><math>L_o</math>: Excavation width at bottom</p> <p>Other symbols are same as those for dam volume calculation.</p>	<p>(Ref. to above Fig.)</p>

I. STORAGE DAM

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (2/10)

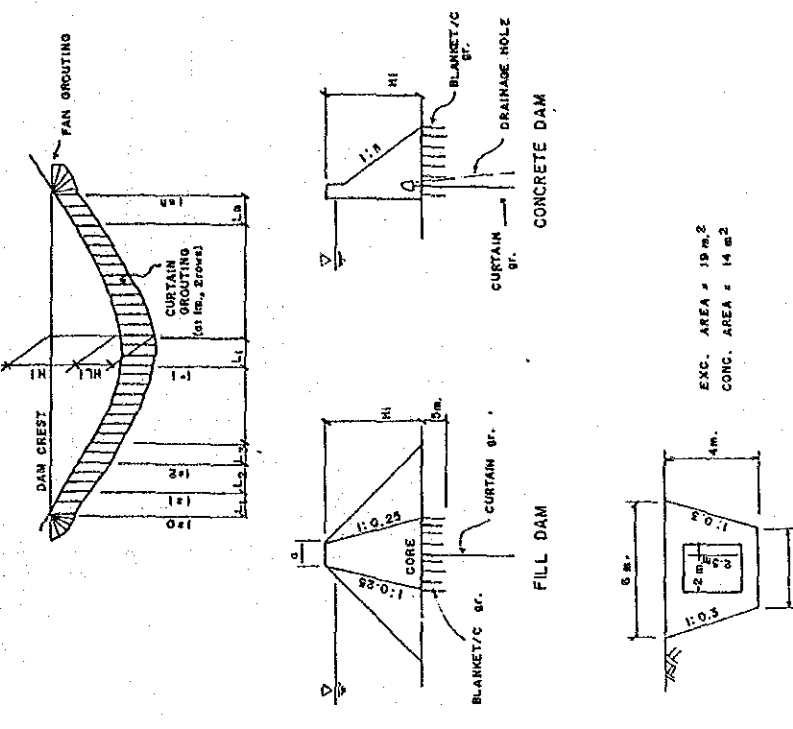
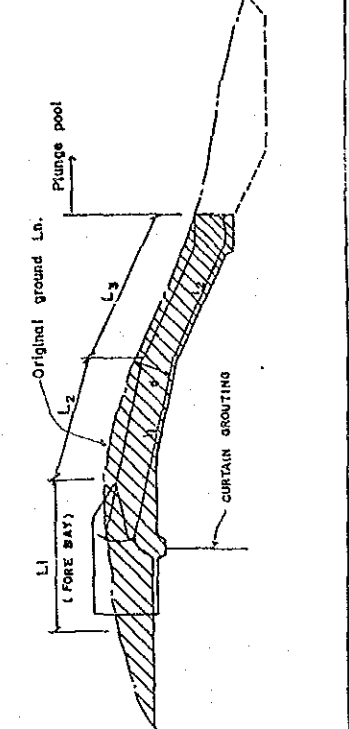
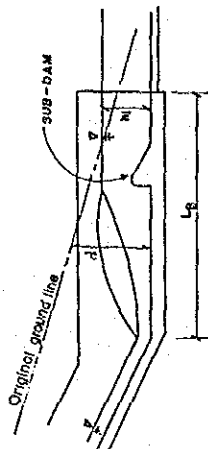
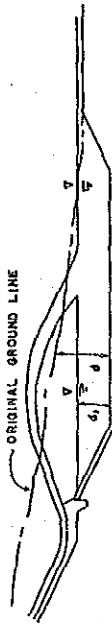
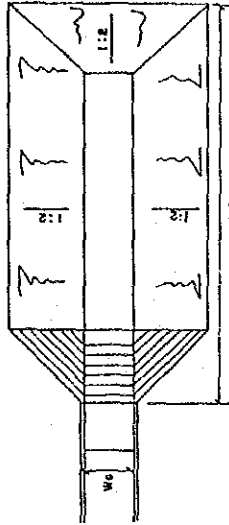
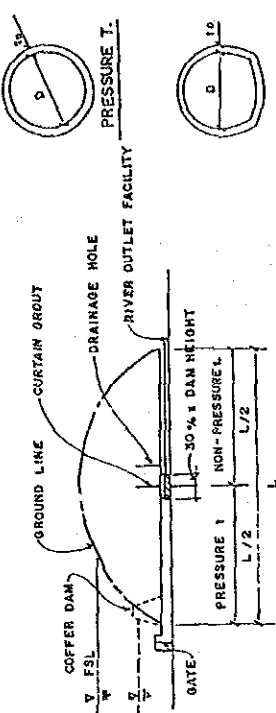
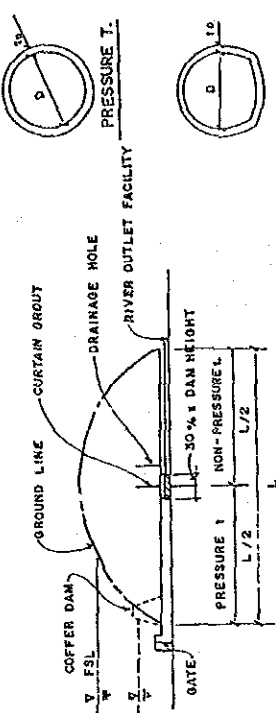
	QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
1. STORAGE DAM	<p>3) Grouting</p> <p>(i) Curtain grouting (@ 2m, 2 rows)</p> $CC = \sum (H_{i-1} + H_i) * L_i / 2 + L_i * N$ $HL_i = 0.4 * H_i + 1.5m, \text{ if } H_i \geq 15m$ $HL_i = 0.4 * H_i + 1.5m, \text{ (conc. dam)}$ $HL_i = 0.4 * H_i \geq 10m, \text{ if } H_i < 15m, \text{ (conc. dam)}$ $HL_i = 0.4 * H_i \geq 10m, \text{ (Fill dam)}$ <p>(ii) Blanket/consolidation grouting</p> <p>- For fill dam (@ 4m, d=5m)</p> $BG = \sum ((a + 0.5 * H_i) * L_i / 16 * 5)$ <p>- For concrete dam (@ 4m, d=10m)</p> $BG = \sum ((a * H_i * L_i) / 16 * 10)$ <p>(4) Drainage holes (Concrete dam) (@ 10m)</p> $DH = \sum (HL_{i-1} + HL_i) * L_i / 20$ <p>(5) Inspection gallery (Fill dam)</p> $V_c = 14 * L$ $W_s = 0.1 * V_c$ $V_e = 19 * L$	<p>CG : Total curtain grouting length (m)</p> <p>i : Cross section no., i=1 to n</p> <p>HL<sub>i</sub> : Hole length at section i, (m)</p> <p>L<sub>i</sub> : Drilling in dam body, assumed at 5m length</p> <p>L<sub>m</sub> : Fan grouting length = 10m</p> <p>N : Fan grouting nos. = 20</p> <p>H<sub>i</sub> : Dam height at section i, (m)</p> <p>L<sub>i</sub> : Intervals between sections (m)</p> <p>BC : Blanket/consolidation grouting length (m)</p> <p>Other symbols are same as those for curtain grouting.</p> <p>n : Dam downstream slope</p> <p>Other symbols are same as those for curtain grouting.</p> <p>DH : Drainage holes length (m). Other symbols are same as those for curtain grouting.</p> <p>V<sub>c</sub> : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>W<sub>s</sub> : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p>V<sub>e</sub> : Trench exc. volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>L : Gallery length (m)</p>	
2. SPILLWAY	<p>(1) Excavation volume</p> $V_{es} = d * (N + d * 0.8) * L_o$ $W_o = V_o + 2 * B - 1$	<p>V<sub>es</sub> : Excavation volume excepting plunge pool (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>L<sub>o</sub> : Spillway length = L<sub>1</sub> + L<sub>2</sub> + L<sub>3</sub></p> <p>(L<sub>1</sub> is to be representative length for forebay excavation volume) - (m)</p> <p>d : Average excavation depth (m)</p> <p>W<sub>o</sub> : Excavation width (Ref. to 2(2)(ii)), (m)</p> <p>B : Footing width of retaining wall (Ref. to 2.(2)(ii)), (m)</p> <p>W<sub>c</sub> : Waterway width (m)</p>	

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (3/10)

QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
<p>(2) Concrete volume &amp; re-bar weight</p> <p>(i) Overflow weir concrete</p> $V_{ow} = V_1 + V_2 + V_3$ $V_1 = 2 * P * W_c / i$ $V_2 = (A_1 + A_2) * (10 + 3 * (H + h_f))$ $A_1 = (1 + 0.05 H_c) * H_c / 3$ $A_2 = (2 H_c / 9) * H_c$ $V_3 = 4.5 * (H + P * h_f) * (H + h_f) * (N - 1)$ <p>If, <math>N_g = 0</math> (Non-gated) then</p> $V_3' = 30 * (H + h_f) * INT(W_c / 30)$ <p>If <math>W_c \leq 30</math>, <math>V_3 = 0</math></p>	<p><math>V_{ow}</math> : Concrete volume for overflow weir structure (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>V_1</math> : Weir concrete volume, (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>V_2</math> : Abutment concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>V_3</math> : Pier concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>H</math> : Flood water overflow depth (m)</p> <p><math>P</math> : Height of weir (assumed at H/5) (m)</p> <p><math>h_f</math> : Free board (1.5m)</p> <p><math>W_c</math> : Weir width (m)</p> <p><math>N_g</math> : Gate numbers</p> <p><math>V_3'</math> : Bridge pier concrete volume in case of non-gated weir. Pier dimension = 3m*10m.</p> <p>Max. bridge span = 30m.</p> <p><math>H_t</math> : Total height = <math>h_f + H + 2 * P</math> (m)</p> <p><math>i_1</math> : Chute way slope</p>	
<p>(ii) Chute way concrete</p> $V_{cw} = V_s + V_w$ $V_s = (W_c - 2) * (L_2 + L_3)$ $V_w = \sum (6 * H_w - 20) * L_i$ $H_w = h_1 + 3$	<p><math>V_{cw}</math> : Chute way concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>W_c</math> : Chute way width (m)</p> <p><math>V_w</math> : Retaining wall volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>H_w</math> : Retaining wall height (m) (Min. = 4m)</p> <p><math>h_1</math> : Design flood uniform flow depth</p> <p><math>V_s</math> : Chute way slab volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><math>L_i</math> : Chute way length (m)</p>	
<p>(iii) Re-bar weight</p> $W_r = W_{ow} + W_w$ $W_{ow} = V_{ow} * 0.04$ $W_w = V_w * 0.015$ $W_s = \sum (12 * H_w + 20) * V_w * 0.001$	<p><math>W_r</math> : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p><math>W_{ow}</math> : Re-bar weight for overflow weir (ton)</p> <p><math>W_w</math> : Re-bar weight for chute way slab (ton)</p> <p><math>W_s</math> : Re-bar weight for chute way wall (ton)</p>	
<p>(3) Gates</p> $WG = (7.4 - 1.4 * H_c + 0.12 * H_c^2) * W_c * N_g$	<p><math>WG</math> : Weight of gates (ton)</p> <p><math>HG</math> : Gate height (m)</p> <p><math>WC</math> : Gate width (m)</p> <p><math>NG</math> : Gate numbers (nos.)</p>	

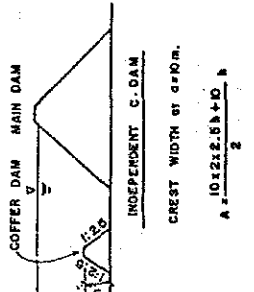
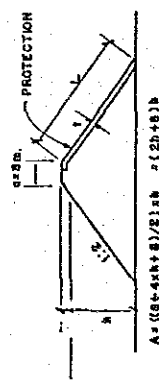
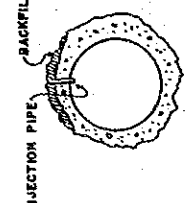
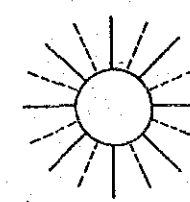
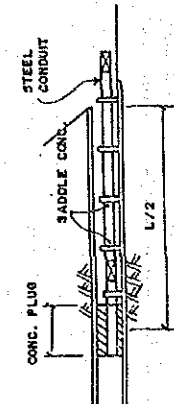
TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (4/10)

QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
<p>(4) Curtain grouting (@ 2m, 2 rows, 10m depth)  <math>CG = 10 * (W_c + 10)</math></p> <p>(5) Energy dissipator.            (i) Sub-dam type (Mainly for conc. dam)  <math>VCB = \left[ \frac{2.0 * W_c + (0.15 * h_2 + 2.5) * (h_2 + 3.0)}{3.0} \right] * LB</math></p> <p>WS = <math>VCB * 0.06</math>  VE = <math>8 * W_c * LB</math></p> <p>(ii) Ski-jump type (Mainly for fill dam)  <math>VE = (W_c + 2 * d_1) * L_B * d_1</math>  <math>VC = \sqrt{5 * W_c * d_1} * 2</math>  WS = <math>0.03 * VC</math>  <math>L_B = 125 * Q^{0.03}</math>  <math>d_1 = 0.1 * L_B</math></p>	<p>CG : Curtain grouting length (m)  <math>W_c</math> : Spillway width (m)</p> <p>VCB : Stilling basin conc. vol. (<math>m^3</math>)  <math>W_c</math> : Chuteway width (m)  <math>LB</math> : Length of stilling basin (m)  <math>h_2</math> : Flow depth after hydraulic jump (m)</p> <p>WS : Re-bar weight  VE : Excavation volume (<math>m^3</math>)  <math>d</math> : Average excavation depth (m)  VE : Excavation volume  VC : Concrete volume  WS : Re-bar weight  <math>d</math> : Average exc. depth  <math>L_B</math> : Plunge pool length  <math>W_c</math> : Chuteway width</p>	<p>(Ref. to 2.22(i))</p>   
<p>(1) Diversion tunnel</p> $VE = (0.8 * (D + 2 * t_o)^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Pressure t.) $(0.84 * (D + 2 * t_o)^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Non-pressure t.) $VCI = VET - (0.8 * D^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Pressure t.) $VET - (0.84 * D^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Non-pressure t.) $t_o = 0.75 - 0.5 / \sqrt{D/2}$ (Pressure t.) $0.6 - 0.4 / \sqrt{D/2}$ (Non-pressure t.) $RST = 0.06 * VCI$ (Pressure t.) $0.005 * VCI$ (Non-pressure t.)	<p>VET : Tunnel excavation volume (<math>m^3</math>)  VCI : Tunnel lining concrete volume (<math>m^3</math>)  RST : Re-bar weight (ton)  L : Tunnel length (m)  N : Tunnel nos.  <math>t_o</math> : Lining thickness (m)  D : Tunnel diameter (m)</p>	 <p>GROUND LINE CURTAIN GROUT  DRAINAGE HOLE  RIVER OUTLET FACILITY  PRESSURE T.  NON-PRESSURE T.</p>
<p>(1) Diversion tunnel</p> $VE = (0.8 * (D + 2 * t_o)^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Pressure t.) $(0.84 * (D + 2 * t_o)^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Non-pressure t.) $VCI = VET - (0.8 * D^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Pressure t.) $VET - (0.84 * D^2 * L / 2) * N$ (Non-pressure t.) $t_o = 0.75 - 0.5 / \sqrt{D/2}$ (Pressure t.) $0.6 - 0.4 / \sqrt{D/2}$ (Non-pressure t.) $RST = 0.06 * VCI$ (Pressure t.) $0.005 * VCI$ (Non-pressure t.)	<p>VET : Tunnel excavation volume (<math>m^3</math>)  VCI : Tunnel lining concrete volume (<math>m^3</math>)  RST : Re-bar weight (ton)  L : Tunnel length (m)  N : Tunnel nos.  <math>t_o</math> : Lining thickness (m)  D : Tunnel diameter (m)</p>	 <p>GROUND LINE CURTAIN GROUT  DRAINAGE HOLE  RIVER OUTLET FACILITY  PRESSURE T.  NON-PRESSURE T.</p>

2. SPILLWAY

3. RIVER DIVERSION

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (5/10)

QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
(2) Cofferdam (i) Independent coffer dam from fill type main dam $VCF = (2.5h+10) \cdot h \cdot LCF \cdot \frac{2}{3}$	$VCF$ : Cofferdam volume ( $m^3$ ) $h$ : Cofferdam height (m) $LCF$ : Cofferdam crest length (m)	 <p>COFFER DAM MAIN DAM</p> <p>INDEPENDENT C. DAM</p> <p>CREST WIDTH OF COFFER DAM</p> $A = \frac{10 \times 2.5h + 10}{2} \cdot h$ $= (12.5h + 10)h$
(ii) For concrete dam $VCF = (2h+8) \cdot h \cdot LCF \cdot \frac{2}{3}$ $VPB = \frac{2}{3} \cdot LCF \cdot L$ $VPC = \frac{2}{3} \cdot LCF \cdot L \cdot 0.5$	$VCF$ : Cofferdam volume ( $m^3$ ) $VPB$ : Crib slope protection ( $m^3$ ) $VPC$ : Concrete slope protection ( $m^3$ ) $L$ : Slope length Other symbols are same as above	 <p>COFFER DAM MAIN DAM</p> <p>INTEGRATED C. DAM</p> <p>COFFER DAM VOLUME IS TO BE COMPUTED AS PART OF MAIN DAM (REF. TO (1)(f))</p> $L = \sqrt{h^2 + 4h^2} + \frac{h}{2}$ $= \sqrt{5}h + \frac{h}{2}$ $1.2m \text{ (IM. FOR CRIB 0.8m. FOR CONCRETE)}$
(3) Grouting (i) Backfill grout Cost will be computed by applying Unit cost per tunnel unit length (Ref. to ) (ii) Curtain grout $LCG = 16 \cdot H \cdot N$	$LCG$ : Curtain grout length (m) $H$ : Dam height (m) $N$ : Tunnel nos.	 <p>INJECTION PIPE, BACKFILL OR.</p> <p>AT 45° ± 4 NOS. ± 32 NOS. L = DAM HEIGHT ± 50%</p>
(iii) Drainage hole $LDH = 3.5 \cdot H \cdot N$	$LDH$ : Drainage hole length (m)	 <p>7 NOS. L = DAM HEIGHT ± 50%</p>
(4) River outlet facility $WCP = 12.33 \cdot (D + t + t^2) \cdot n \cdot \frac{1}{2}$	$WCP$ : Conduit pipe weight (ton) $t$ : Pipe thickness = $(D + 0.8) / 400$ (m) $(t_{min} = 0.006m)$ $D$ : Conduit pipe dia. = $0.5 \cdot \text{Tunnel dia.}$ (m) $L$ : Tunnel length (m) $n$ : Conduit pipe nos.	 <p>CONC. PLUG</p> <p>STEEL CONDUIT</p> <p>SADDLE CONC.</p> <p>L/2</p> <p>CONDUIT PIPE NOS.</p> $F = 0.0122 \cdot L$ $V = \sqrt{\frac{9H}{1.2 + F}}$ <p>(H: DAM HEIGHT)</p> <p>N = RES. VOLUME</p> <p>AxVx 804 800 (1 WEEK) NOS.</p> <p>(N NOS. = TUNNEL NOS.)</p>

3. RIVER DIVERSION

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (6/10)

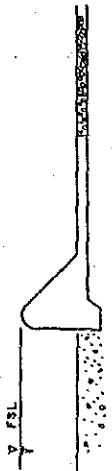
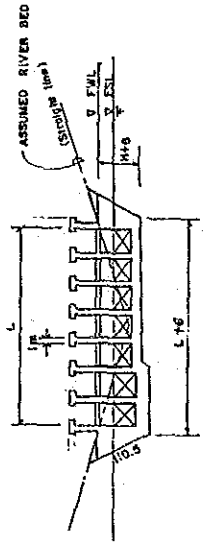
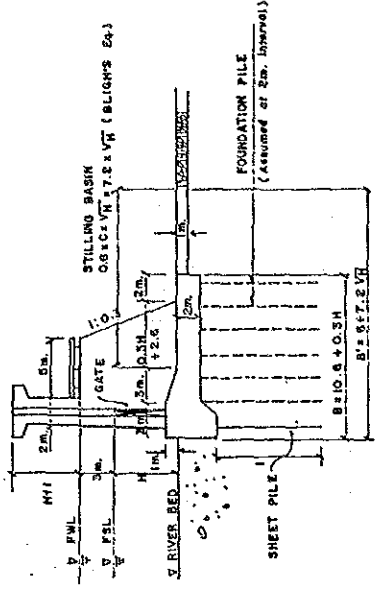
QUANTITY	FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
3. RIVER DIVERSION	(S) Tunnel plug & gates $VP = 0.24 \cdot D^2 \cdot H \cdot N$ $WC = (-0.47 + 0.13 \cdot D)^2 - 7.3 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot D^4 \cdot H \cdot N$	VP : Plug concrete volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) WC : Gate weight (ton) D : Diversion tunnel diameter (m) H : Dam height N : Tunnel nos.	(REF. TO 3(1))
(1) Non-gated weir	VED = $0.285 \cdot (HDD \cdot LDD)^{1.57}$ VCD = $1.15 \cdot HDD^2 \cdot LDD$ RSD = $0.01 \cdot VCD$	VED : Excavation volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) VCD : Concrete volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) RSD : Re-bar weight (ton) HDD : Height of dam above excavation line (m) LDD : Crest length	
(2) Gated weir	$VEW = (L+6)^2 \cdot (H+4) \cdot (L-H-4) / 4 \cdot (H-L+4)^2$ $+ (L+6) \cdot B' \text{ or } VEW = A_{ex} \cdot B'$ $V_{CW} = C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4$ $C_1 = (2 \cdot B + 4.5) \cdot L$ $C_2 = (0.5 \cdot H^2 + 12 \cdot H + 54) \cdot B'$ $C_3 = [(H+3) \cdot (B+4) \cdot 0.5 + 2 \cdot (H+1)] \cdot N$ $C_4 = (B' - B) \cdot L$ $B = 10.6 + 0.3H$ $B' = 6 + 7.2 \sqrt{H}$ $RSW = V_{CW} \cdot 0.05$ $WCW = (1.9 - 0.12 \cdot GH + 0.07 \cdot GH^2) \cdot GW \cdot N$ $GH = H - 1$ $SPA = 1 \cdot L = (2.5H - 1.2 \sqrt{H} - 1) \cdot L$ $FPL = (L+6) \cdot B \cdot (2.5H - 1.2 \sqrt{H}) / 4$	VEW : Excavation volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) V <sub>CW</sub> : Total concrete volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) C <sub>1</sub> : Sluiceway weir volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) C <sub>2</sub> : Abutment volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) C <sub>3</sub> : Pier volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) C <sub>4</sub> : Stillling basin, slab volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) L : Weir length (m) B : Weir width (m) B' : Weir width + stilling basin (m) H : Water depth at FSL (m) N : Gate nos. GH : Gate height (m) GW : Gate width (m) RSW : Re-bar weight (ton) WCW : Gate weight (ton) SPA : Sheet pile area (m <sup>2</sup> ) (Applicable only for floating weir) FPL : Foundation pile length (m) (Applicable only for floating weir) L : Sheet pile length A <sub>ex</sub> : Excavation area measured in drwg. (m <sup>2</sup> )	  <p>LENGTH OF SHEET PILE (LANE'S Eq.)  CREEP RATIO ASSUMED 41.5. (COARSE SAND)  <math>l = (C \cdot H - 1/3 \cdot B) / 2</math>  <math>= 2.6H - 1.2 \sqrt{H} - 1</math></p>
4. RIVER INTAKE WEIR	(3) River coffering River coffering cost is assumed at 20% of the above work.		

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (7/10)

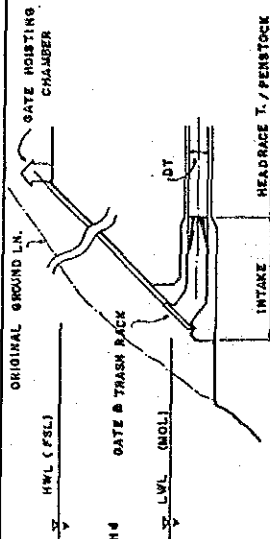
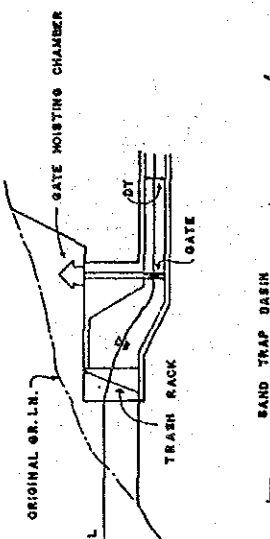
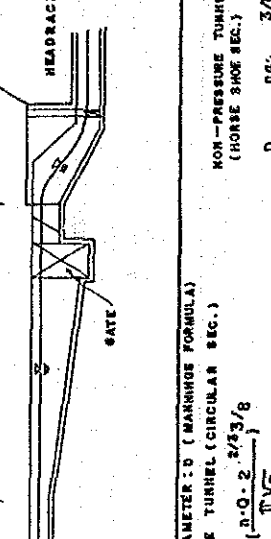
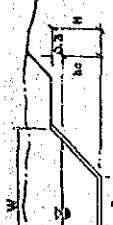
	QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
5. INTAKE STRUCTURE	<p>(1) Pressure type intake</p> $VEI_p = 250 * \left[ \frac{(H_d + DT) * Q_p}{0.5 * N^{1/3}} \right]$ $VCI_p = 90 * \left[ \frac{(H_d + DT) * Q_p}{0.5 * N^{1/3}} \right]$ $RSI_p = 0.04 * VCI_p$ $WGI_p = 0.9 * (H_d + DT) * \frac{1}{9} * Q_p$ $WSI_p = 0.5 * (H_d + DT) * \frac{1}{9} * Q_p$ <p>(Where inlet structure is constructed in concrete dam, WGI<sub>p</sub> and WSI<sub>p</sub> are counted.)</p> <p>(2) Non-pressure type intake</p> $VEI_n = 200 * (DT * Q_p / 2) * 0.83$ $VCI_n = 70 * (DT * Q_p / 2) * 0.86$ $RSI_n = 0.04 * VCI_n$ $WGI_n = 3.4 * (DT * Q_p / 2) * \frac{1}{2}$ $WSI_n = 1.3 * (DT * Q_p / 2) * \frac{1}{2}$ <p>(3) Sand trap basin</p> $VEB = 1,200 * Q_p^{3/4}$ $VCB = 380 * Q_p^{3/4}$ $RSB = 0.05 * VCB$ $WGB = 2.0 * (DT * Q_p / 2) * 0.5$ $WSB = 0.27 * Q_p$	<p>VEI<sub>p</sub> : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)  VCI<sub>p</sub> : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)  RSI<sub>p</sub> : Re-bar weight (ton)  WGI<sub>p</sub> : Gate weight (ton)  WSI<sub>p</sub> : Trashrack weight (ton)  H<sub>d</sub> : Reservoir drawdown depth  DT : Tunnel diameter  Q<sub>p</sub> : Max. plant discharge (m<sup>3</sup>/s)  N : Intake nos.</p> <p>VEI<sub>n</sub> : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)  VCI<sub>n</sub> : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)  RSI<sub>n</sub> : Re-bar weight (ton)  WGI<sub>n</sub> : Gate weight (ton)  WSI<sub>n</sub> : Trash rack (ton)  DT : Tunnel diameter (Equivalent diameter in case of open channel) (m)  Q<sub>p</sub> : Max. plant discharge (m<sup>3</sup>/s)</p> <p>VEB : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)  VCB : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)  RSB : Re-bar weight (ton)  WGB : Gate weight (ton)  WSB : Trash rack weight (ton)</p>	  
5. HEADRACE	<p>(1) Pressure/Non-pressure tunnel Same as diversion tunnel (Ref. to 3.(1).)</p> <p>(2) Open channel Excavation quantity shall be computed on a basis of cross section drawings.  <math>VCC = 0.25 * (B + 2.83 * H) * L</math>  RSC = 0.03 * VCC</p>	<p>VCC : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)  RSC : Re-bar weight (ton)  B : Channel width  H : Channel height</p>	 <p>TUNNEL DIAMETER : D (MANNING'S FORMULA)  PRESSURE TUNNEL (CIRCULAR SEC.)  <math display="block">\frac{D}{2} = \left[ \frac{n * Q_p^{2/3}}{148.6 * I^{1/3}} \right]^{3/2}</math>  <math display="block">D = 1.07 * Q_p^{3/8} * I^{-1/4}</math>  n = 0.014 (MANNING'S Roughness)  I = 1/700 (Hydraulic gradient)</p> <p>NON-PRESSURE TUNNEL (HORSE SHOE SEC.)  <math display="block">\frac{D}{2} = \left[ \frac{n * Q_p^{2/3}}{148.6 * I^{1/3}} \right]^{3/2}</math>  <math display="block">D = 1.09 * Q_p^{3/8} * I^{-1/4}</math>  n = 0.014 (Tunnel slope)  I = 1/1000</p>

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (8/10)

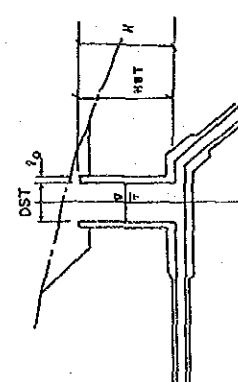
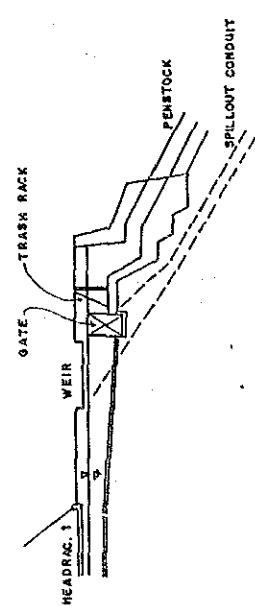
QUALITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
<p>(3) Grouting for tunnel</p> <p>(i) Backfill grout Cost will be computed by applying unit cost per tunnel unit length. (Ref. to )</p> <p>(ii) Curtain grout <math>LCC = 32 \times H \times N</math></p>	<p>LCC : Curtain grout length (m)</p> <p>H : (FSL-MOL) <math>\times 0.5</math> (m)</p> <p>N : Tunnel nos.</p>	<p>Backfill grout will be made through whole tunnel length. (Ref. to 3. (3) (i) )</p> <p>(Ref. to 3. (3) (iii) )</p>
<p>(1) Surge tank</p> <p><math>VES = 0.86 \times (DST + 2 \times t_o)^2 \times H \times N</math></p> <p><math>VCS = 3.44 \times (DST \times t_o + t_o^2) \times HST \times N</math></p> <p><math>RSS = 0.06 \times VCS</math></p> <p>(2) Head tank</p> <p>(i) Head tank</p> <p><math>VEH = 1.200 \times Q_p^{0.61}</math></p> <p><math>VCH = 0.3 \times VEH</math></p> <p><math>RSH = 0.03 \times VCH</math></p> <p><math>WGH = 0.5 \times Q_p</math></p> <p><math>WSH = 0.2 \times Q_p</math></p> <p>(ii) Spillover conduit</p> <p><math>VED = 12 \times DCD^{1.5} \times LD</math></p> <p><math>VCD = 3.6 \times DCD^{0.96} \times LD</math></p> <p><math>RSD = 0.03 \times VCD</math></p> <p><math>WCD = 12.3 \times DCD \times t^{1/2}</math></p> <p><math>DCD = (Q_p / 5.05)^{1/2}</math></p> <p><math>t = (DCD + 0.8) / 400</math></p>	<p>VES : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>VCS : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>RSS : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p>DST : Diameter of surge tank = 4 * headrace tunnel dia. (m)</p> <p>HST : Height of surge tank (Ref. to Design Criteria) (m)</p> <p>t<sub>o</sub> : Lining thickness = 1.2-0.8 / <math>\sqrt{DST}</math></p> <p>N : Surge tank nos.</p> <p>H : Shaft excavation depth (m)</p> <p>VEH : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>VCH : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>RSH : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p>WGH : Gate weight (ton)</p> <p>WSH : Trashrack weight (ton)</p> <p>Q<sub>p</sub> : Max. plant discharge (m<sup>3</sup>/s)</p> <p>VED : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>VCD : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>RSD : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p>WCD : Weight of conduit (ton)</p> <p>DCD : Diameter of conduit (m)</p> <p>t : Conduit thickness (m)</p> <p>LD : Conduit length (m)</p>	 

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (9/10)

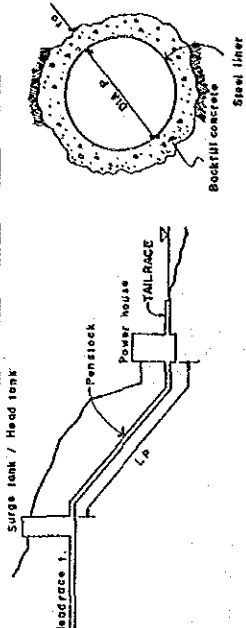
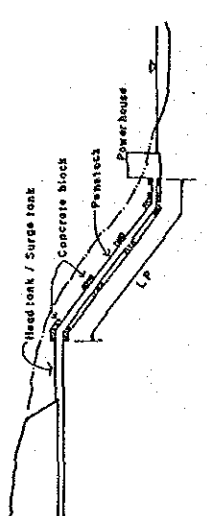
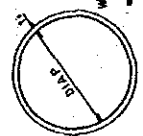
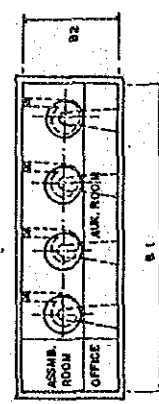
QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
<p>(1) Tunnel shaft</p> $VEP = 0.8 \cdot (DIA + t)^2 \cdot LP \cdot N_p$ $VCP = VEP - 0.8 \cdot DIA^2 \cdot LP \cdot N_p$ $RSP = 0.012 \cdot VCP$	<p>VEP : Pressure shaft excavation volume (<math>m^3</math>)  VCP : Backfill concrete volume (<math>m^3</math>)  RSP : Re-bar weight (ton)  LP : Penstock length (m)  N : Penstock nos.</p>	
<p>(2) Open-air penstock</p> $VEA = 10.50 \cdot DIA^2 \cdot LP \cdot N_p$ $VCA = 3.40 \cdot DIA^2 \cdot LP \cdot N_p$ $RSA = 0.015 \cdot VCA$	<p>VEA : Open excavation volume (<math>m^3</math>)  VCA : Concrete volume (<math>m^3</math>)  RSA : Re-bar weight (ton)</p>	 <p> <math display="block">DIA \cdot P = 1.171 \times Q_p^{3/7} \cdot p^{1/7}</math> <math display="block">Q_p = \text{Max. plant discharge (m}^3/\text{s)}</math> <math display="block">(t = \text{Ref. to Design Criteria})</math> <math display="block">W = \frac{11}{4} \times \pi \times (DIA \cdot P + t)^2 - DIA \cdot P^2</math> <math display="block">= 12.3 \times DIA \cdot P \times t</math> </p>
<p>(3) Steel pipe</p> $WP = 12.3 \cdot DIA \cdot P \cdot t \cdot LP \cdot N_p$	<p>WP : Steel pipe weight (ton)  <math>t_1</math> : Steel pipe thickness (m)  N : Steel pipe nos.</p>	
<p>(1) Superstructure</p> $VB_1 = 23 \cdot (P / \sqrt{H_e})^{0.7}$ $VB_2 = VB_1 \cdot RB$ $RB = 6.3 \cdot VB_1^{-0.78}$ <p>Or volume measured in drwg.</p>	<p>VB<sub>1</sub> : Main building volume (<math>m^3</math>)  VB<sub>2</sub> : Appurtenant building volume (<math>m^3</math>)  RB : Ratio of VB<sub>2</sub> to VB<sub>1</sub>  P : Installed capacity (kW)  He : Effective head (m)</p>	<p>Building height  <math>H = K \cdot V^{0.25} + 5 \text{ (m)}</math></p>
<p>(2) Substructure</p> $VEB = 540 \cdot Q_p^{1/2} \cdot H_e^{1/3}$ $VCB = 200 \cdot Q_p^{1/2} \cdot H_e^{1/3}$ $RSB = VCB \cdot 0.06$	<p>VEB : Excavation volume (<math>m^3</math>)  VCB : Concrete volume (<math>m^3</math>)  RSB : Re-bar weight (ton)  Q<sub>p</sub> : Max. plant discharge (<math>m^3/s</math>)  N : No. of units  H<sub>e</sub> : Effective head (m)</p>	

TABLE 17 CALCULATION SHEET FOR WORK QUANTITY (10/10)

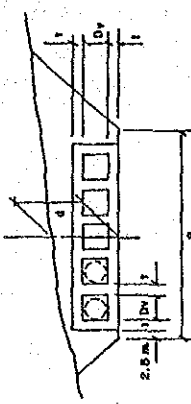
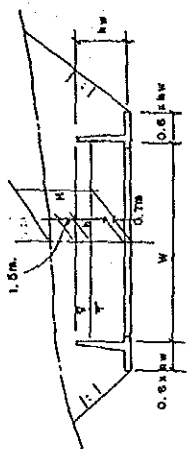
QUANTITY FORMULA	SYMBOLS	SKETCH & REMARKS
<p>(1) Waterway</p> <p>(i) Pressure/Non-pressure tunnel type To adopt the same criteria as headrace pressure tunnel. (Ref. to 6.(1))</p> <p>(ii) Cut-and-cover conduit pipe</p> $VEV = [(D+t)*N+t+5d] * d * L_V$ $VCV = [(D_v+t)*N+t] * (D+2t) - D_v^2 * N * L_V$ $RSV = 0.06 * VCV$	<p>VEV : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>VCV : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>RSV : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p>D<sub>v</sub> : Diameter (width) of conduit (m)</p> <p>t : Wall thickness = D<sub>v</sub>/7.5 (m)</p> <p>L<sub>v</sub> : Tailrace length (m)</p> <p>N : Conduit nos.</p> <p>d : Excavation depth (m)</p>	
<p>(iii) Open channel</p> $VEY = (W+H+1.2h_w) * L_Y$ $VCY = C_1 + C_2$ $C_1 = 2.0 * h_w * L_Y, \text{ if } h_w < 4m$ $C_2 = (6 * h_w - 20) * L_Y, \text{ if } h_w \geq 5m$ $C_2 = 0.7 * W * L_Y$ $RSY = 0.05 * VCY$ $h = Q_p / w / 0.5$ $h_w = h + 1.5$	<p>VEY : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>VCY : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>RSY : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p>h<sub>w</sub> : Wall height (m)</p> <p>W : Channel width = Generator interval * Generator nos. (m)</p> <p>h : Water depth (m)</p> <p>L<sub>y</sub> : Channel length (m)</p> <p>Q<sub>p</sub> : Max. plant discharge (m<sup>3</sup>/s)</p> <p>H : Excavation depth (m)</p>	
<p>(2) Outlet (Applied for tunnel type)</p> $VEZ = 100 * (DIAR * Q_p / 2) / 0.83$ $VCZ = 40 * (DIAR * Q_p / 2) / 0.86$ $RSZ = 0.04 * VCZ$	<p>VEZ : Excavation volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>VCZ : Concrete volume (m<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p>RSZ : Re-bar weight (ton)</p> <p>DIAR : Tailrace diameter (m)</p> <p>Q<sub>p</sub> : Max. plant discharge (m<sup>3</sup>/s)</p>	
<p>(1) Water transfer facilities</p> <p>Work quantities of the structures such as sub-dam, connecting tunnel, intake, water transfer tunnel, etc. are to be computed by using applicable formula stated above.</p> <p>(2) After bay</p> <p>To apply the same formula as those for gated intake weir (Ref. to 4(2)).</p>		

TABLE 18. CONSTRUCTION UNIT PRICES (1/5)

Unit-----US \$  
 Time estimated price----Late 1985  
 Exchange rate-----1 US \$ = 18.6 Peso

<u>WORK ITEM</u>	<u>UNIT OF QTY</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>
1. GENERAL		
Re-bar installment	ton	1100.0
Gate installment	ton	7500.0
Trashrack installment	ton	3600.0
2. STORAGE DAM		
Dam embankment		
Rockfill dam	m <sup>3</sup>	12.0
Earthfill dam	m <sup>3</sup>	8.0
Excavation		
Filldam foundation	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Trench excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	12.0
Concrete dam foundation	m <sup>3</sup>	8.0
Concrete		
Inspection gallery	m <sup>3</sup>	100.0
Concrete dam	m <sup>3</sup>	$200V-0.09 < 110$ if $V < 10^4 \text{ m}^3$ $110V-0.03$ if $V > 10^4 \text{ m}^3$ V: Volume
Curtain grouting	m	75.0
Blanket/Consoli. grouting	m	75.0
Drainage hole	m	75.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
2. SPILLWAY		
Excavation		
Forebay and chuteway	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Energy dissipator	m <sup>3</sup>	8.0
Concrete		
Forebay and chuteway	m <sup>3</sup>	90.0
Energy dissipator	m <sup>3</sup>	100.0
Grouting	m	75.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0

TABLE 18. CONSTRUCTION UNIT PRICES (2/5)

<u>WORK ITEM</u>	<u>UNIT OF QTY</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>
<b>3. RIVER DIVERSION WORKS</b>		
Tunnel Excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	80D-0.15 D:Diameter
Cofferdam embankment	m <sup>3</sup>	3.0
Tunnel lining concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	125D-0.18 D:Diameter
Slope protection	m <sup>3</sup>	90.0
Plug concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	90.0
Fill grouting	m <sup>3</sup>	17D+28 D:Diameter
Curtain grouting	m	75.0
Drainage hole	m	75.0
Conduit steel pipe	ton	3000.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
<b>4. RIVER INTAKE WEIR</b>		
Foundation excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Intake weir concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	80.0
Sheet pile walling	m <sup>2</sup>	300.0
Foundation piling	m	200.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
Diversion works	%	20.0
<b>5. INTAKE STRUCTURE</b>		
Foundation excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Concrete work	m <sup>3</sup>	100.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
<b>6. HEADRACE WATERWAY</b>		
Tunnel Excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	80D-0.15 D:Diameter
Open channel excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Tunnel lining concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	125D-0.18 D:Diameter
Channel lining concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	90.0
Fill grouting	m	17D+28 D:Diameter

TABLE 18. CONSTRUCTION UNIT PRICES (3/5)

WORK ITEM	UNIT OF QTY	UNIT PRICE
Curtain grouting	m	75.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
7. SURGE/HEAD TANK		
Tunnel shaft excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	70.0
Open excavation for head tank	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Tunnel shaft lining concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	90.0
Open concrete for head tank	m <sup>3</sup>	90.0
Steel conduit pipe	ton	3000.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
8. PENSTOCK		
Pressure shaft excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	210D-0.82 D:Diameter
Open excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Backfill concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	75.0
Conc. for open air penstock	m <sup>3</sup>	90.0
Steel liner	ton	4000.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
9. POWER HOUSE		
Building super structure	m <sup>3</sup>	180.0
Excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	12.0
Concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	365V-0.083 V:Volume
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
Switch yard civil work	%	30.0
(Of switch yard equip. cost)		
10. TAILRACE		
Tunnel excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	80D-0.15 D:Diameter
Open excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Tunnel concrete lining	m <sup>3</sup>	125D-0.18 D:Diameter
Open concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	160.0
Fill grouting	m	17D+28 D:Diameter
Surge tank excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	80.0

TABLE 18. CONSTRUCTION UNIT PRICES (4/5)

WORK ITEM	UNIT OF QTY	UNIT PRICE
Surge tank concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	180.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
11. TAILRACE OUTLET		
Excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	6.0
Concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	160.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
12. WATER TRANSFER FACILITIES		
Inclined shaft excavation	m <sup>3</sup>	210D-0.82
		D:Diameter
Shaft lining concrete	m <sup>3</sup>	300D-0.5
		D:Diameter
Fill grouting	m	400.0
Consolidation grouting	m	800.0
Miscellaneous	%	5.0
13. MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL WORK	%	5.0
(Total civil work cost except access road)		
14. POWER EQUIPMENT		
		6500.0(P/He) <sup>0.9</sup>
		P:Installed capacity (kw)
		He:Design head (m)
15. ACCESS ROAD		
Flat land	km	220000.0
Swampy land	km	220000.0
Rolling terrain	km	200000.0
Hilly land	km	250000.0
Improv. of existing road	km	90000.0
Bridge	m	5000.0
16. TRNSMISSION LINE		
69 kv single	km	23000.0
115 kv single	km	34000.0
230 kv double	km	111000.0
500 kv double	km	678000.0

TABLE 18. CONSTRUCTION UNIT PRICES (5/5)

<u>WORK ITEM</u>	<u>UNIT OF QTY</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>
17. SWITCH YARD AND SUBSTATION		
69 kv	line	270000.0
115 kv	line	310000.0
230 kv	line	480000.0
500 kv	line	1860000.0
18. LAND PROCUREMENT AND RESETTLEMENT		
Cultivated land	ha	700.0
Swamp	ha	500.0
Bushes and shrubs	ha	150.0
Forest	ha	50.0

TABLE 19 COST ADJUSTMENT MULTIPLIER

Description	Application	Multiplier
1. Multiplier for site remoteness from port	Total cost	
- Distance less than 100 km		1.0
- Distance from 100 to 200 km		1.005
- Distance more than 200 km		1.01
2. Multiplier for grouting quantity	Grouting q'ty	
- Geological class A (Very good)		0.7
- Geological class B (Good)		1.0
- Geological class C (Acceptable)		2.3
3. Multiplier for dam material cost	Unit price	
- Near material source (>5 km)		0.9
- Moderately near material source (>10 km)		1.0
- Far material source (<10 km)		1.15
4. Multiplier for tunnel excavation	Unit price	
- Geological class A (Very good)		0.8
- Geological class B (Good)		1.0
- Geological class C (Acceptable)		1.15
5. Multiplier for tunnel lining	Unit price	
- Geological class A (Very good)		0.9
- Geological class B (Good)		1.0
- Geological class C (Acceptable)		1.05
6. Multiplier for consolidation grouting	Unit price	
- Geological class A (Very good)		0.25
- Geological class B (Good)		0.5
- Geological class C (Acceptable)		1.0
7. Multiplier for headrace channel or open air penstock excavation	Excav. q'ty	
- Flat & uniform topography		1.0
- Undulating topography		1.5-2.0

TABLE 20 CONSTRUCTION COST SUMMARY SHEET (FOR TYPE) (1/2)

(Unit: 10<sup>6</sup> US\$)

SCHEME NAME	SCHEME ID. NO.	POWER DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION COST														OTHER COSTS (ACCESS ROAD (TRANSMISSION LINE) (LAND ACQUISITION)	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST
		RIVER INTAKE WEIR	INTAKE	HEADRACE	HEAD TANK	PENSTOCK	POWER HOUSE	TAILRACE	WATER TRANSFER FACILITY	MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL WORK	POWER EQUIPMENT	ENGINEERING & ADMINISTRATION	CONTINGENCY	SUB-TOTAL			
NAGUILIAN	1-003-00-02-0-2	2.22	0.32	10.71	1.20	4.49	4.47	0.87	0.00	1.21	8.05	4.19	5.66	43.38	5.15	48.53	
LUYA	1-010-00-01-1-2	4.67	0.85	14.06	1.25	1.10	5.43	0.78	0.00	1.41	10.91	5.06	6.83	52.35	7.99	60.34	
BAKUM	1-010-00-02-0-2	4.57	0.22	4.38	1.01	2.68	4.07	0.31	0.00	0.86	6.37	3.06	4.13	31.67	3.71	35.38	
ABMURAYAN	1-010-01-04-0-2	4.86	0.73	19.89	0.89	1.01	5.88	0.34	4.25	1.89	12.47	6.52	8.81	67.53	7.91	75.44	
ABRA	1-022-00-10-0-2	2.07	0.16	4.57	0.47	0.51	2.37	0.12	0.00	0.51	3.26	1.76	2.37	18.16	3.33	21.49	
APAYAO	2-066-01-08-0-2	2.30	0.30	9.78	0.64	0.52	3.25	0.32	0.00	0.86	4.42	2.80	3.78	28.97	10.40	39.37	
CHICO-1R	2-008-03-04-0-2	6.99	1.07	5.47	1.14	0.48	4.29	0.22	0.00	0.98	10.10	3.84	5.19	39.77	0.96	40.73	
CHICO-1R (+SADANGA)	2-008-03-04-1-2	5.71	1.07	5.48	1.14	0.48	4.20	0.22	0.00	0.92	10.07	3.66	4.94	37.88	0.96	38.84	
CHICO-2R	2-008-03-06-0-2	3.13	0.78	11.58	0.94	0.65	4.28	0.18	0.00	1.08	9.77	4.05	5.46	41.90	1.44	43.34	
CHICO-3R	2-008-03-07-0-2	3.85	0.56	6.19	0.90	0.54	3.44	0.21	0.00	0.78	6.25	2.84	3.84	29.41	0.54	29.95	
CHICO-4R	2-008-03-09-0-2	7.05	0.27	7.70	0.54	0.33	2.68	0.18	0.00	0.94	3.73	2.93	3.95	30.31	0.38	30.69	
SALTAN	2-008-05-15-0-2	2.70	0.17	5.57	0.52	0.73	2.46	0.13	1.08	0.67	3.57	2.20	2.97	22.75	2.44	25.19	
PASIL	2-008-06-22-0-2	2.56	0.17	7.61	0.63	1.12	2.80	0.25	1.81	0.85	4.44	2.78	3.75	28.77	1.18	29.95	
TANUDAN	2-008-06-23-0-2	2.79	0.26	8.34	0.62	1.28	3.19	0.27	0.00	0.84	5.03	2.83	3.82	29.28	4.68	33.96	
IBULAO	2-008-20-46-0-2	1.78	0.18	6.33	0.60	0.78	2.98	0.18	0.74	0.68	4.15	2.30	3.10	23.78	5.49	29.27	
CASECNAN	2-008-29-58-0-2	2.18	0.33	6.52	0.56	0.30	3.04	0.26	0.00	0.66	3.98	2.23	3.01	23.06	5.06	28.12	
UP. CASECNAN	2-008-29-59-0-2	2.92	0.28	7.34	0.49	0.31	3.03	0.26	0.00	0.73	3.84	2.40	3.24	24.85	6.72	31.57	
AGNO-2	3-077-00-06-0-2	2.11	0.19	5.09	0.49	0.40	2.95	0.31	1.30	0.64	3.60	2.14	2.88	22.10	2.35	24.45	
AGNO-3	3-077-00-07-0-2	3.08	0.14	3.86	0.43	0.80	2.71	0.22	1.10	0.62	2.92	1.99	2.68	20.56	1.30	21.86	

TABLE 20 CONSTRUCTION COST SUMMARY SHEET (RES TYPE) (2/2)

(Unit: 10<sup>6</sup> US\$)

SCHEME NAME	SCHEME ID. NO.	POWER DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION COST													OTHER COST (ACCESS ROAD (TRANSMISSION LINE) (LAND ACQUISITION )	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST
		DAM	SPILLWAY	DIVERSION	INTAKE	HEADRACE	SURGE TANK	PENSTOCK	POWER HOUSE	TAILRACE	MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL WORK	POWER EQUIPMENT	ENGINEERING & ADMINISTRATION	CONTINGENCY	SUB-TOTAL	
SUPO	1-22-0-5-0-1	77.58	19.85	32.38	3.80	3.05	2.83	1.53	8.23	0.80	7.50	36.74	24.19	32.77	251.24	258.00
SUPO (+ETEB)	1-22-0-5-4-1	20.79	16.33	24.01	2.73	7.87	1.75	1.32	7.36	1.17	5.28	29.80	17.59	23.74	182.03	188.68
ETEB	1-22-0-6-0-1	72.60	23.16	15.14	3.48	3.11	3.21	1.77	7.50	1.68	6.58	31.09	21.17	28.57	219.06	225.77
SISIRITAN	2-6-0-1-0-1	218.35	32.05	20.86	13.14	16.68	11.77	9.31	25.92	3.94	17.60	109.85	39.02	77.77	596.27	610.53
SISIRITAN (+AGBULU)	2-6-0-1-1-1	218.35	32.05	20.86	12.06	14.08	10.19	8.24	22.57	3.79	17.11	103.09	38.28	75.10	575.77	590.04
SISIRITAN (+AG. + BULU)	2-6-0-1-2-1	93.71	29.47	19.17	8.41	8.56	6.97	4.94	15.29	4.01	9.53	67.92	28.68	44.50	341.15	348.98
BULU	2-6-0-3-0-1	220.33	30.22	37.55	9.13	6.83	9.44	5.58	17.87	3.78	17.04	87.94	37.54	72.49	555.75	577.26
BULU (+AGBULU)	2-6-0-3-1-1	106.65	32.49	35.38	10.36	9.23	10.80	5.25	19.95	2.00	11.60	91.53	32.29	55.13	422.64	443.91
NABABARAYAN	2-6-1-4-0-1	209.89	27.32	36.61	7.03	5.07	8.19	5.90	14.14	1.91	15.80	67.33	35.41	65.19	499.78	524.23
DIBAGAT	2-6-1-5-0-1	249.83	20.35	43.75	6.16	7.29	9.25	4.92	13.08	1.00	17.78	59.00	36.94	70.40	539.74	563.70
AGBULU	2-6-1-6-0-1	198.17	20.94	10.74	3.21	0.00	0.00	2.86	10.15	1.81	12.39	46.76	30.82	50.68	388.53	403.01
BASAO (+SADANGA)	2-8-3-3-1-1	353.41	29.99	20.10	2.28	3.19	1.20	4.93	8.10	0.52	21.19	34.93	39.03	77.83	596.68	600.88
SADANGA	2-8-3-5-0-1	319.77	30.10	15.19	3.92	5.13	5.36	3.69	10.22	0.72	19.70	44.13	38.08	74.40	570.41	579.72
SADANGA (+CHICO-IR)	2-8-3-5-1-1	319.77	30.10	15.19	4.09	7.56	5.47	10.90	11.62	0.59	20.26	49.34	38.82	77.06	590.78	600.09
BANTAY	2-8-7-24-0-1	28.46	23.77	0.51	2.82	0.00	0.00	4.91	5.70	2.56	3.44	20.38	11.57	15.62	119.74	133.35
MALIANO	2-8-14-34-0-1	250.42	28.58	17.00	4.09	3.69	5.20	3.00	8.67	2.31	16.15	40.29	34.47	62.08	475.96	498.02
TABU (+BINGA)	3-77-0-4-1-1	86.49	42.87	43.69	2.87	2.96	2.26	3.29	7.96	0.59	9.65	34.95	26.91	39.67	304.16	312.77
KANAN	4-7-0-1-0-1	430.85	23.75	32.68	3.79	4.65	4.81	4.45	9.87	1.42	25.81	41.81	43.31	94.08	721.28	729.60
KANAN (+UP. AGOS 2)	4-7-0-1-1-1	20.48	38.82	10.55	2.95	0.00	0.00	3.24	7.29	1.67	4.25	28.85	14.76	19.93	152.78	160.57
UPPER AGOS 2	4-7-0-5-0-1	136.94	16.92	7.58	2.03	0.00	0.00	1.56	7.59	1.43	8.70	31.15	25.45	35.90	275.24	285.17
WAWA	4-115-1-1-0-1	83.18	13.46	4.56	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.65	5.45	1.04	5.47	16.44	16.42	22.17	169.95	175.20
BOSIGON	5-14-1-1-0-1	31.04	24.71	5.27	2.39	2.66	1.79	0.58	5.66	0.74	3.74	19.68	12.28	16.58	127.12	132.16



# ***FIGURES***



FIG. 1 RIVER DIVERSION ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (1/4)

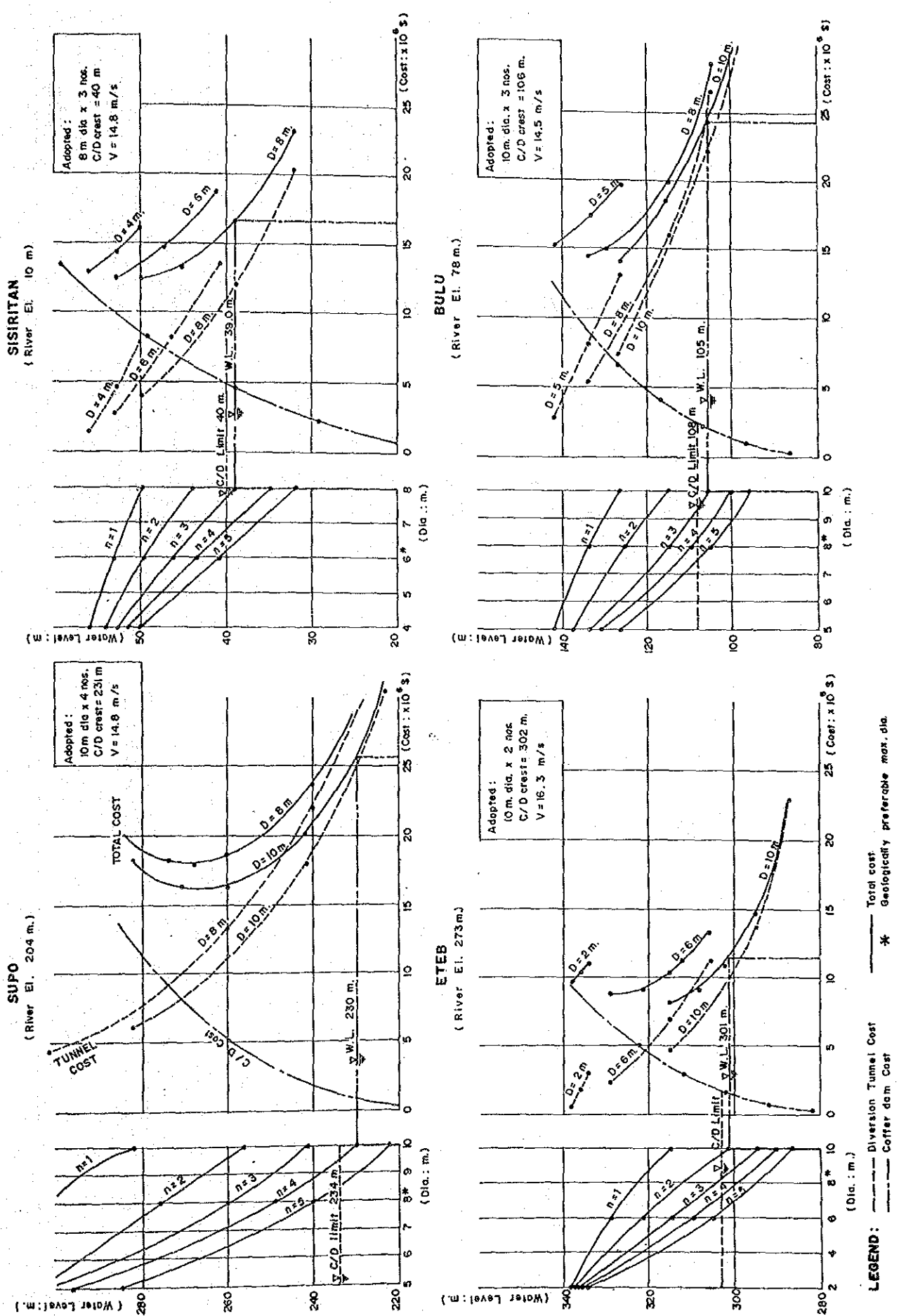
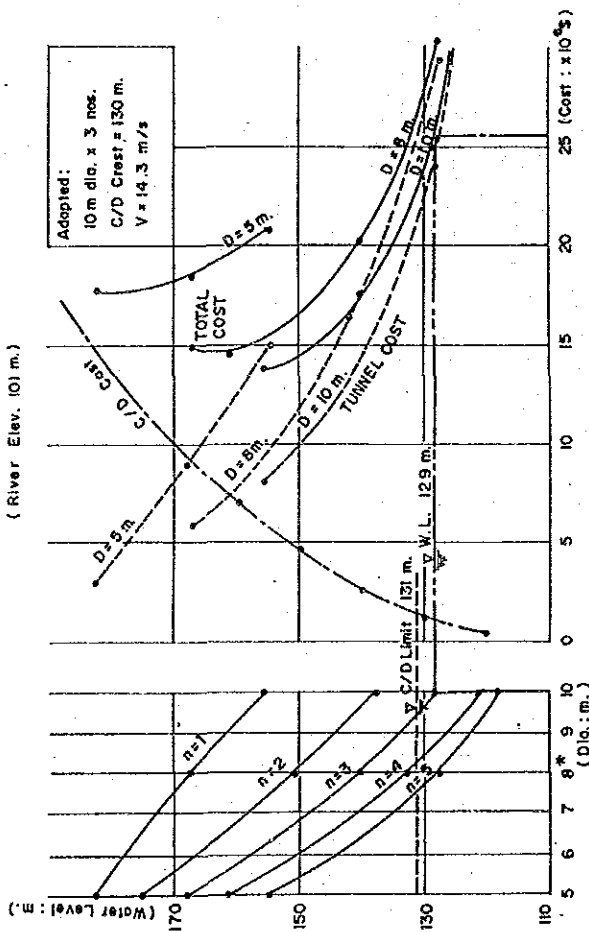
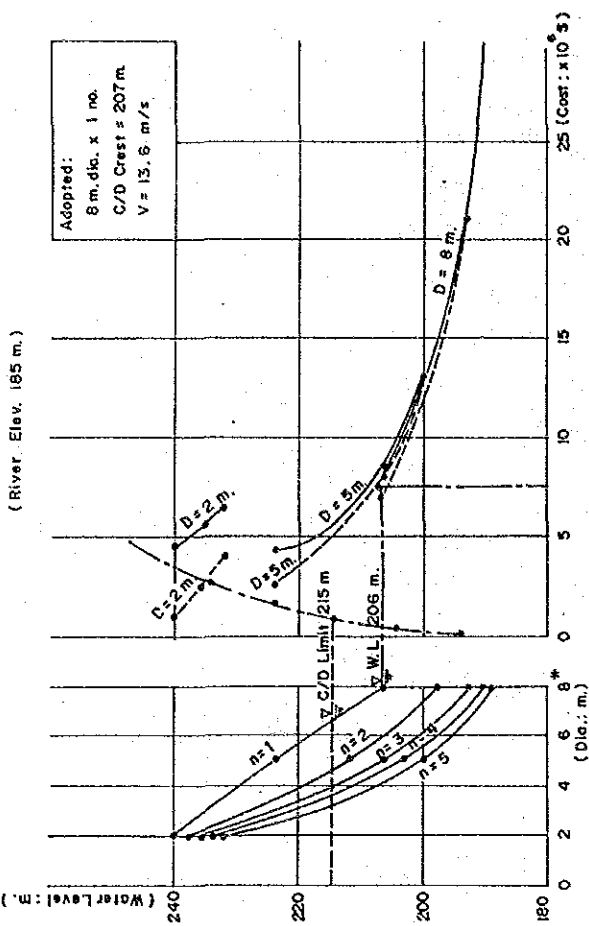


FIG. 1 RIVER DIVERSION ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (2/4)

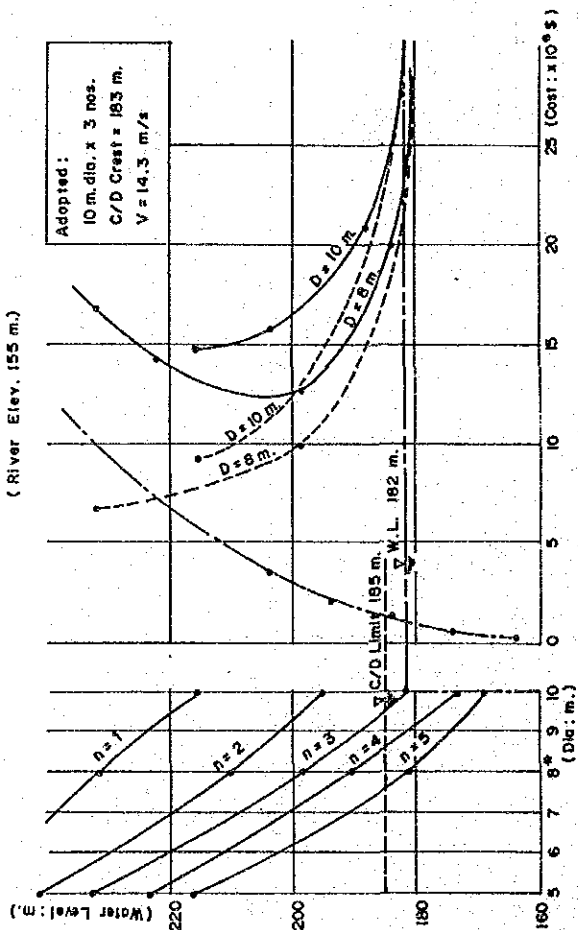
**NABABALAYAN**  
(River Elev. 101 m.)



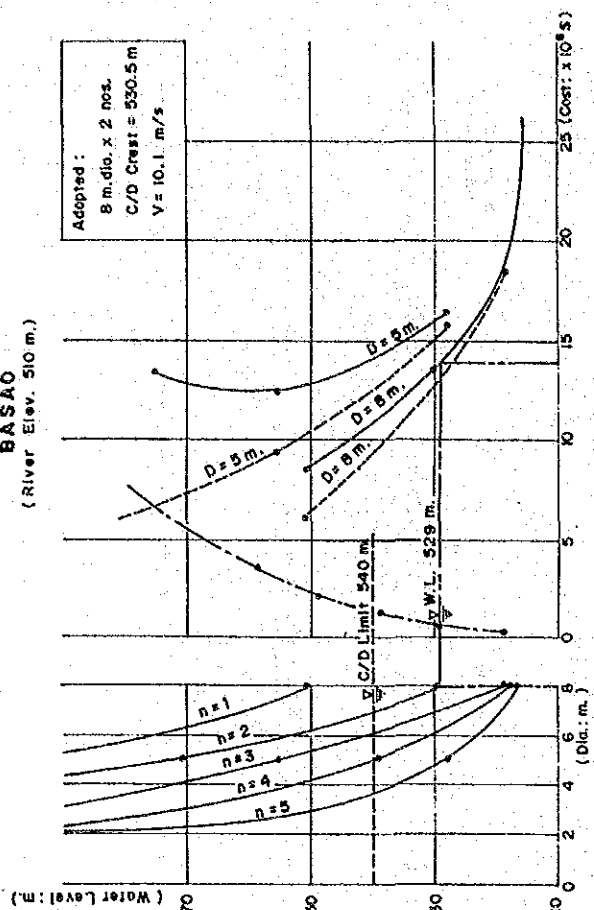
**AGBULU**  
(River Elev. 185 m.)



**DIBAGAT**  
(River Elev. 155 m.)



**BASAO**  
(River Elev. 510 m.)



LEGEND: — Diversion Tunnel Cost  
— Geologically preferable max. dia.  
— Cofferdam Cost

FIG. 1 RIVER DIVERSION ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (3/4)

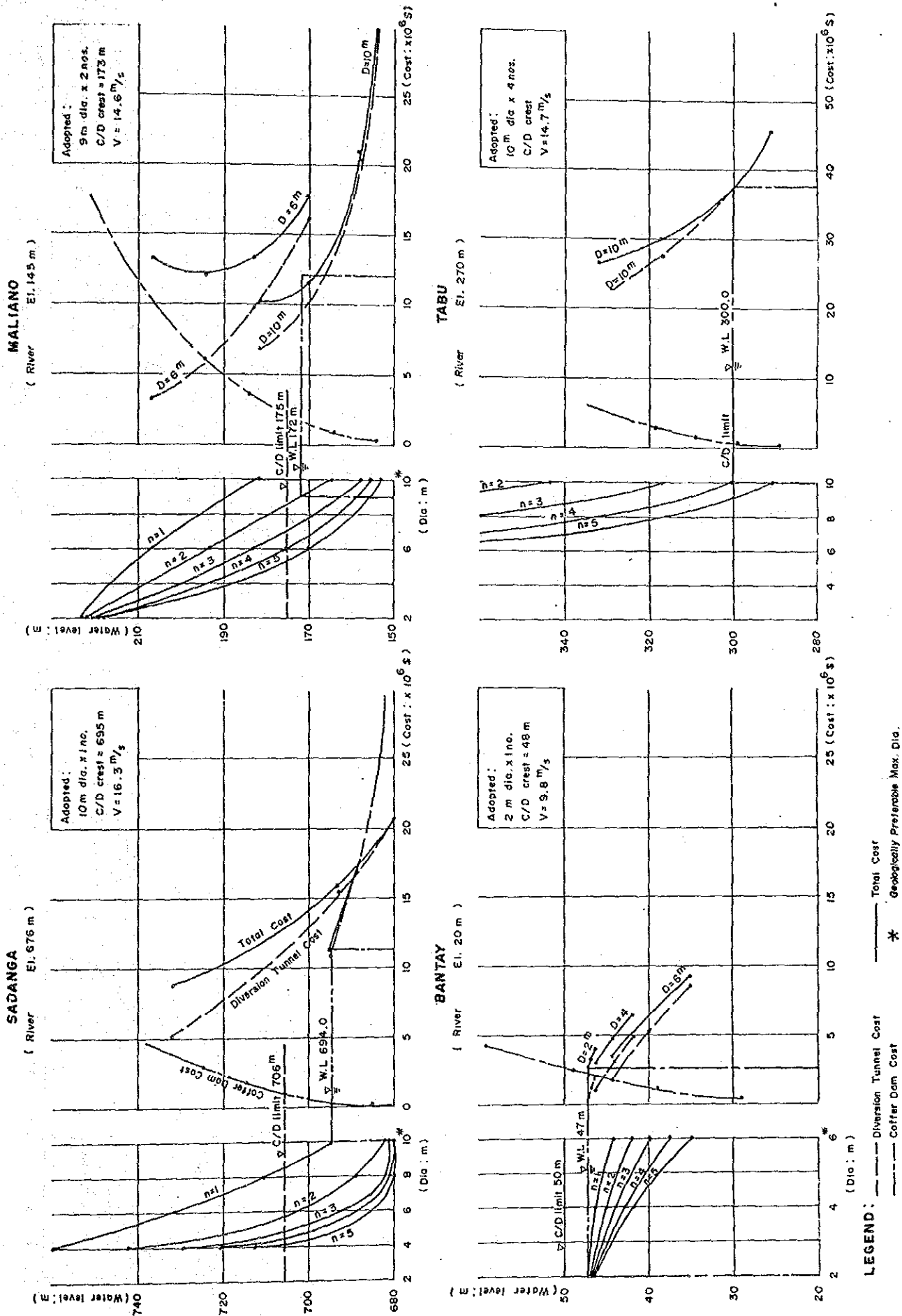


FIG. 1 RIVER DIVERSION ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (4/4)

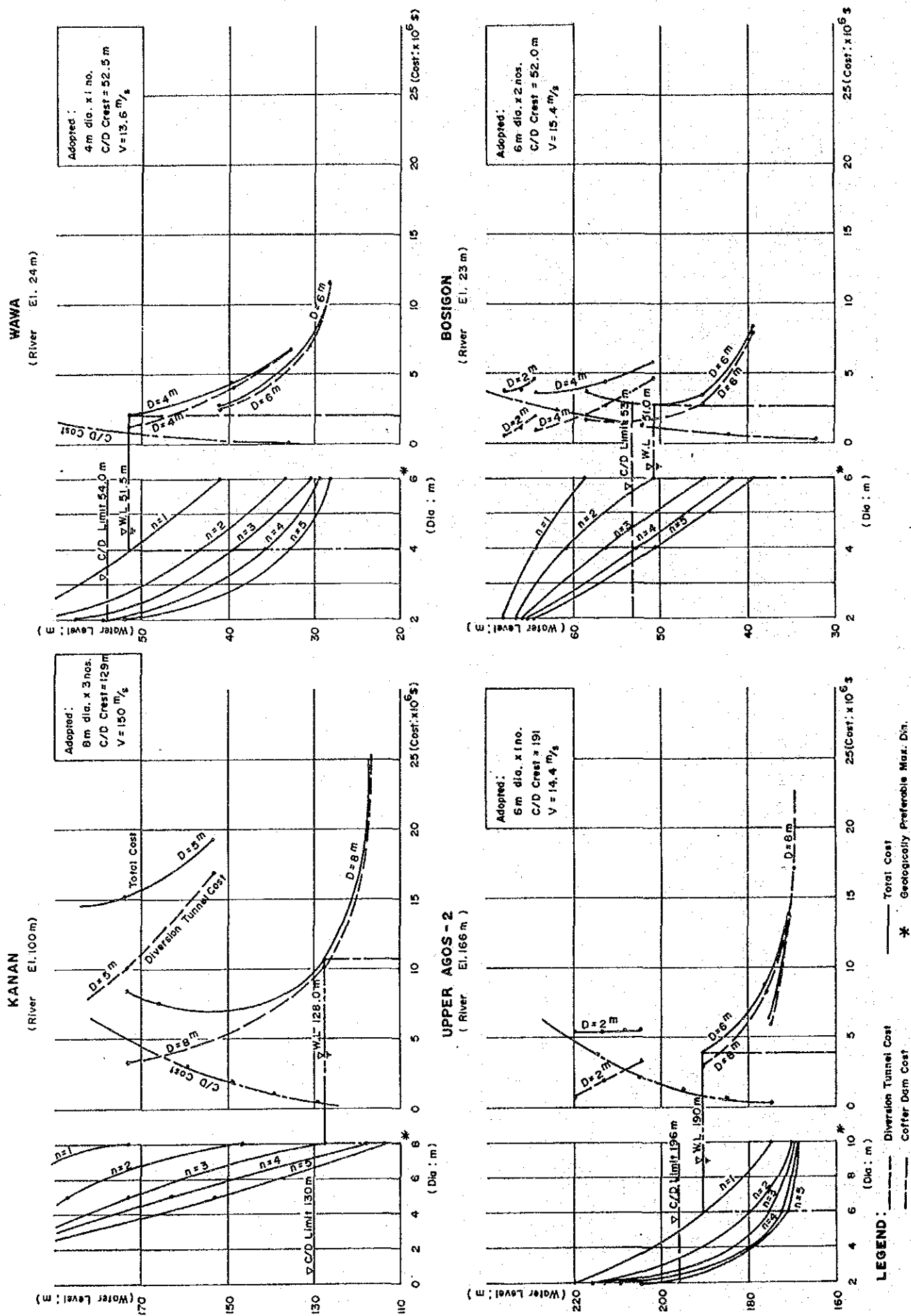


FIG. 2 SPILLWAY ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (1/5)

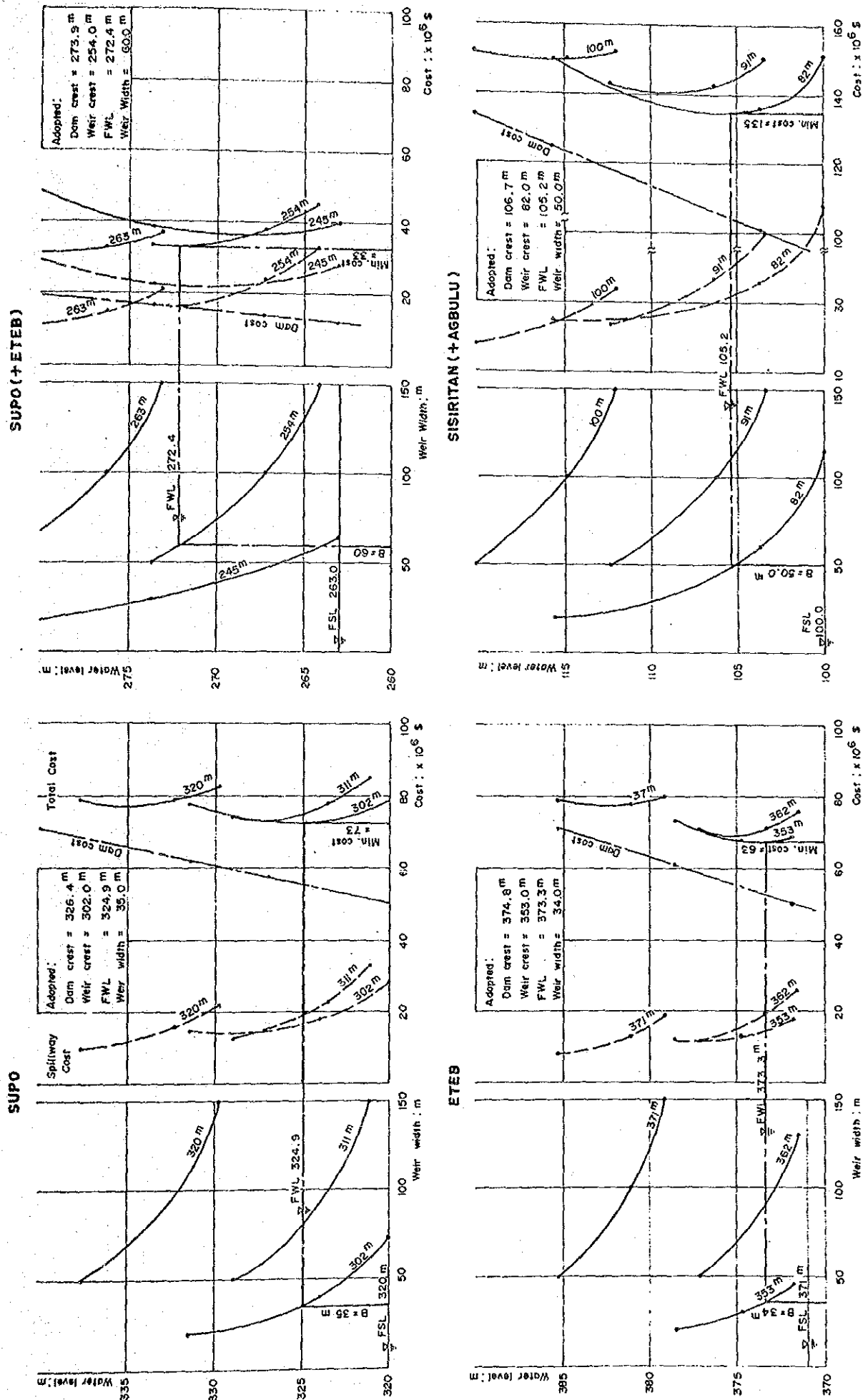


FIG. 2 SPILLWAY ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (2/5)

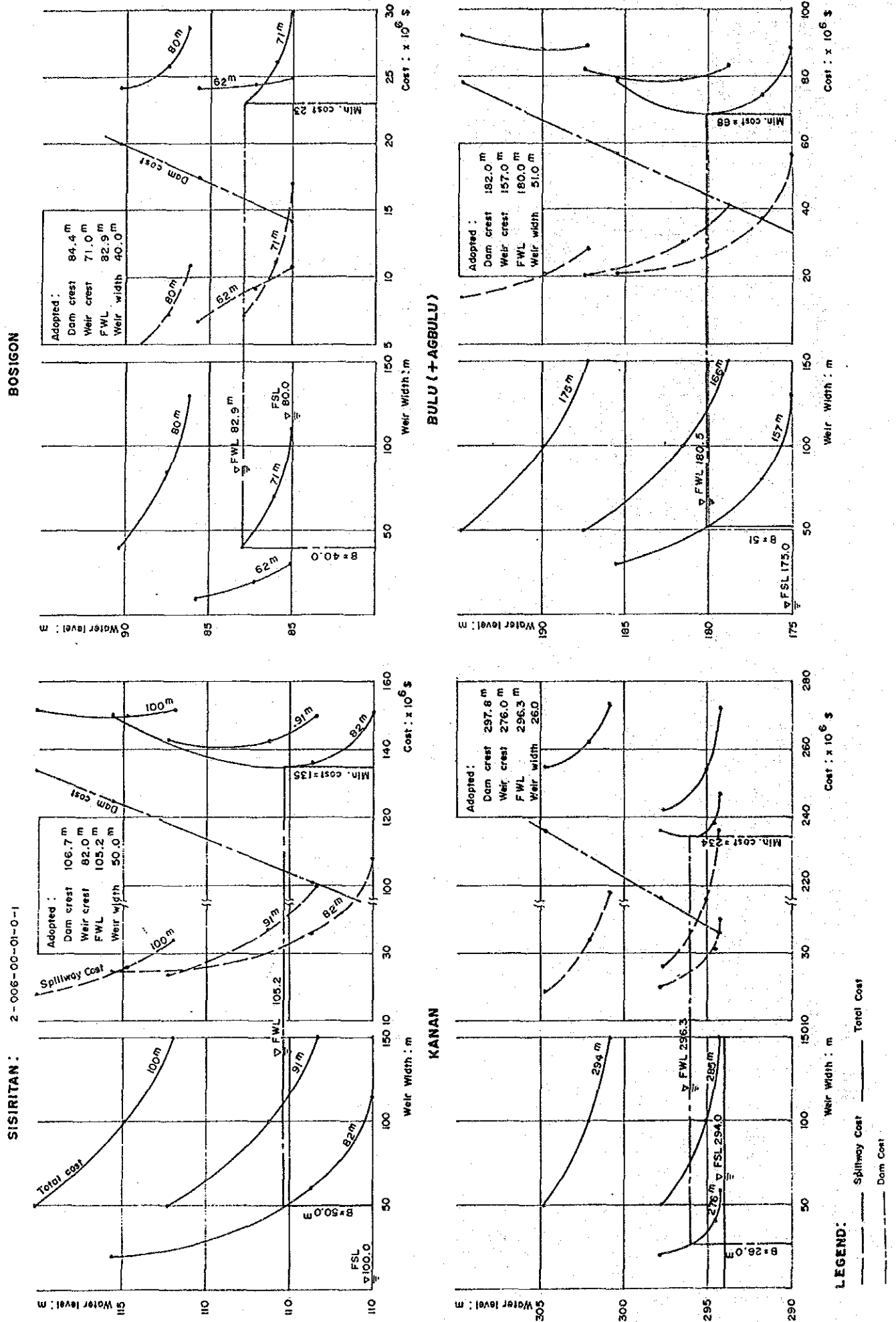
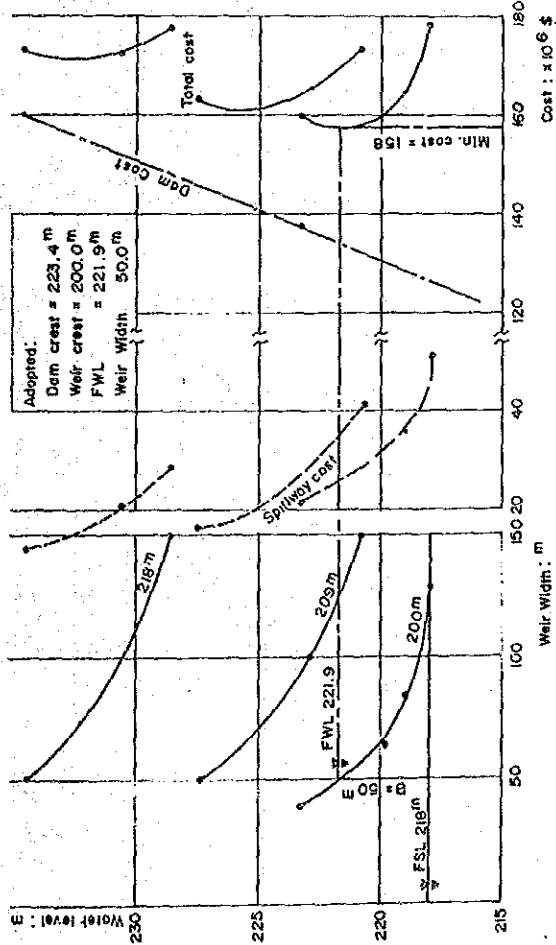
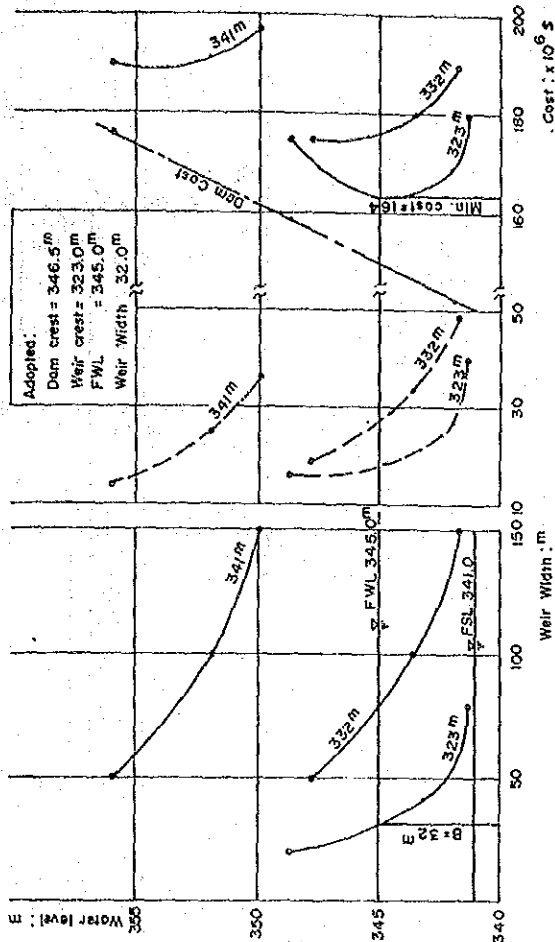


FIG. 2 SPILLWAY ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (3/5)

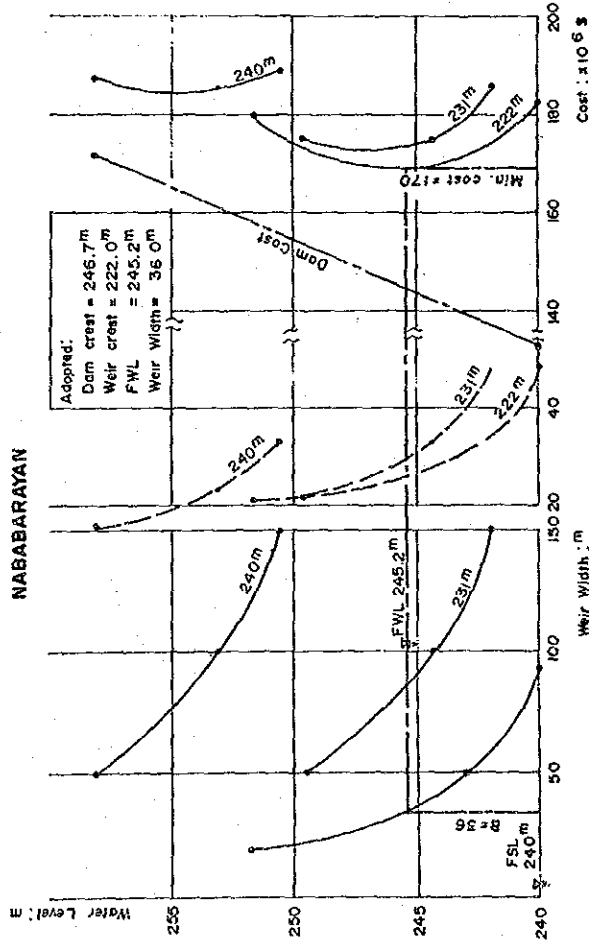
# BULU



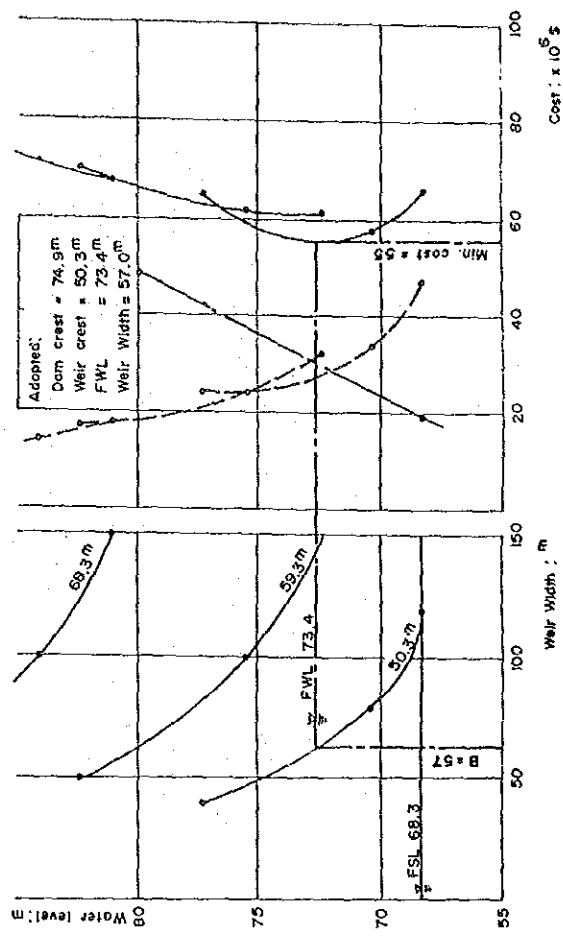
# DIBAGAT



# NABABARAYAN



# SISIRITAN (+ AGUBULU + BULU)



LEGEND :  
 --- Spillway cost  
 --- Dam cost  
 --- Total cost

FIG. 2 SPILLWAY ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (4/5)

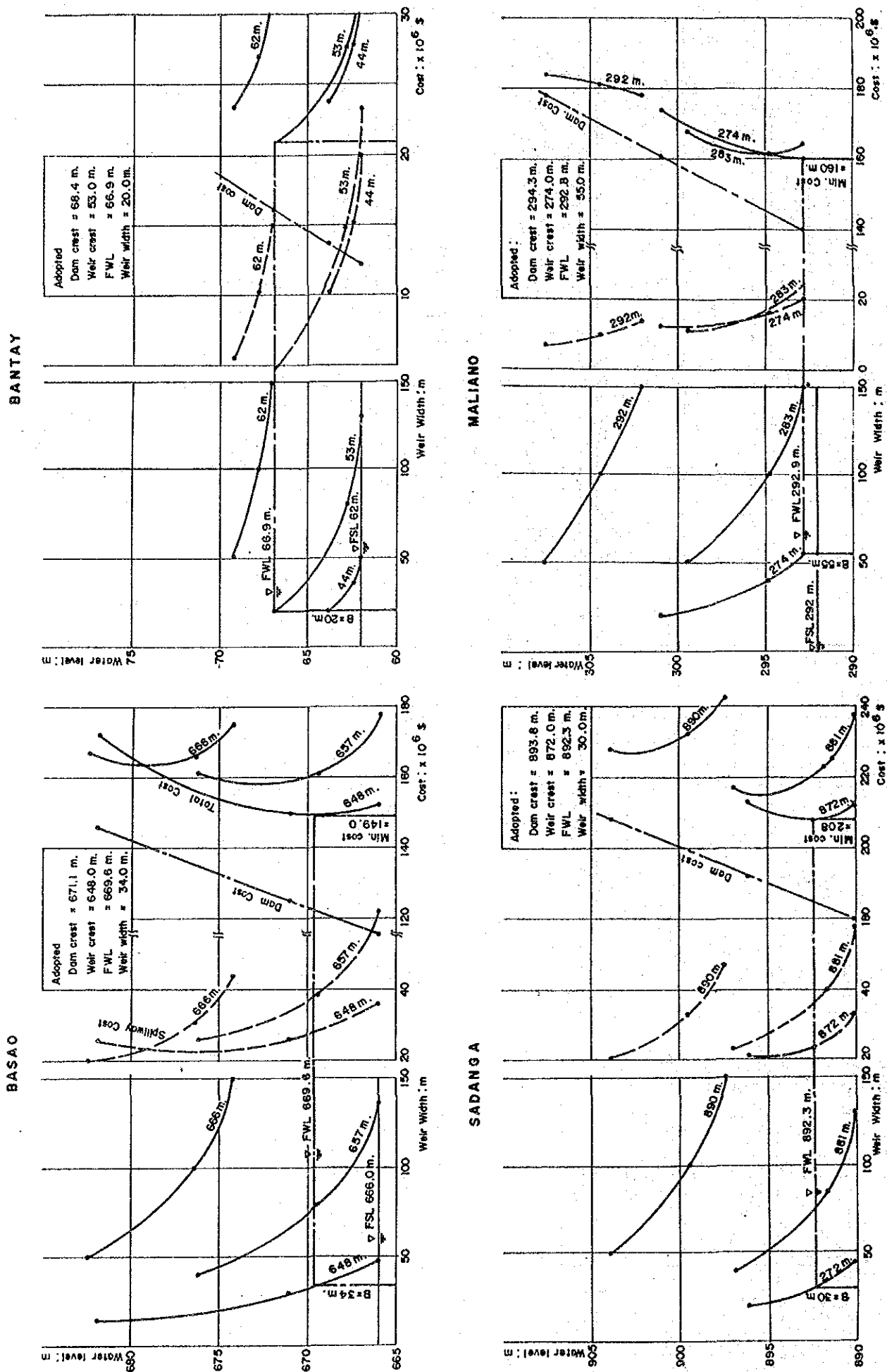
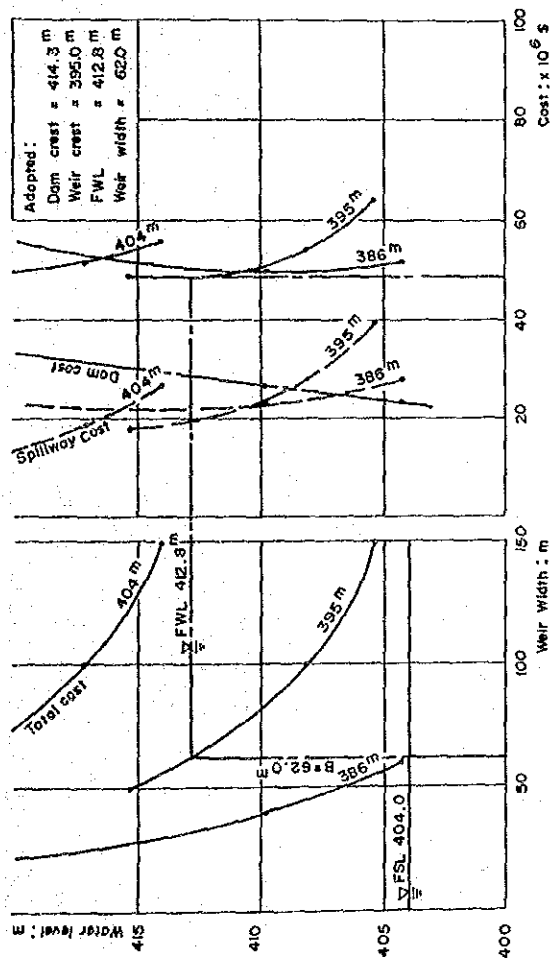
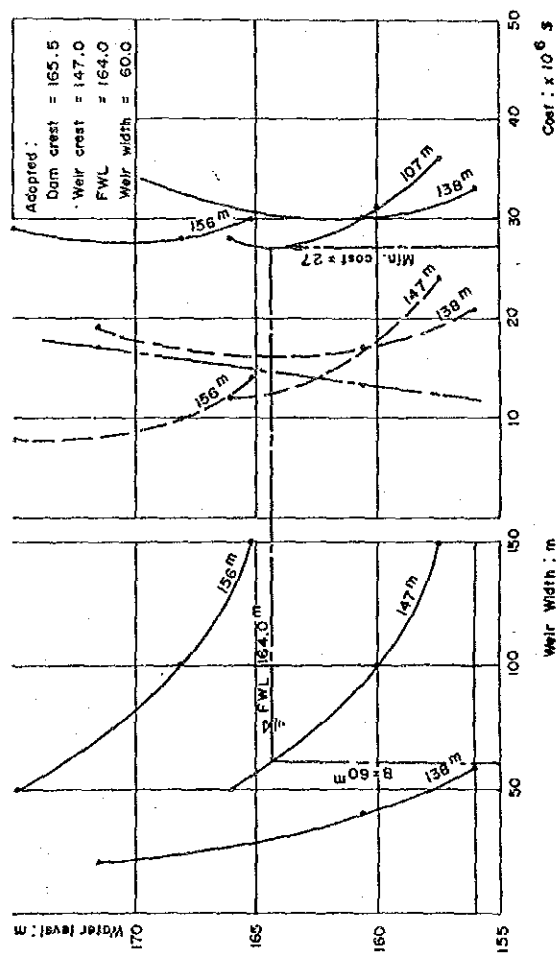


FIG. 2 SPILLWAY ECONOMICAL COMPARISON (5/5)

TABU



KANAN ( + UP AGOS - 2 )



LEGEND :

— Spillway cost  
 — Total cost  
 — Dam cost

FIG. 3 SPILLWAY FLOOD ROUTING RESULT (1/3)

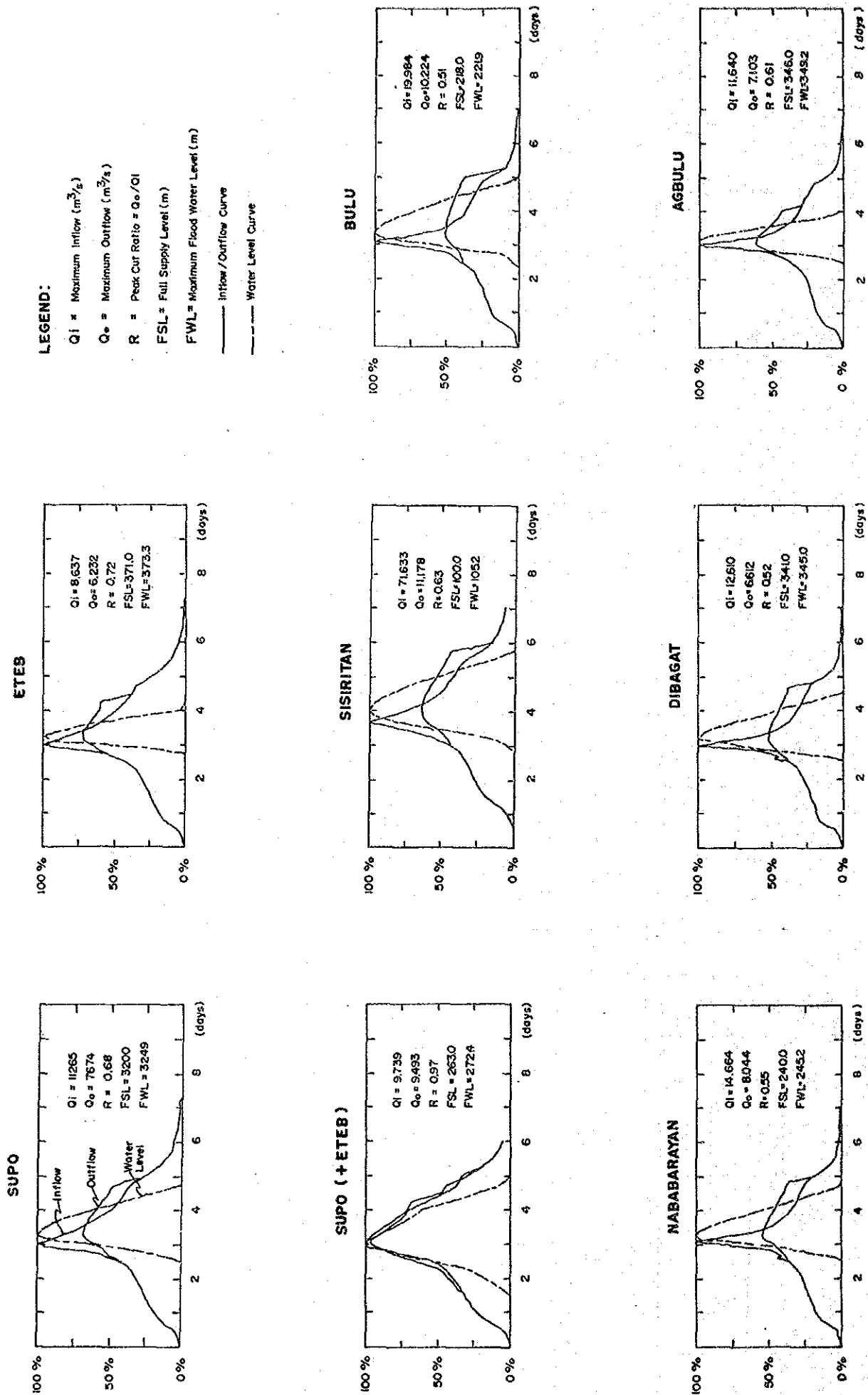


FIG. 3 SPILLWAY FLOOD ROUTING RESULT (2/3)

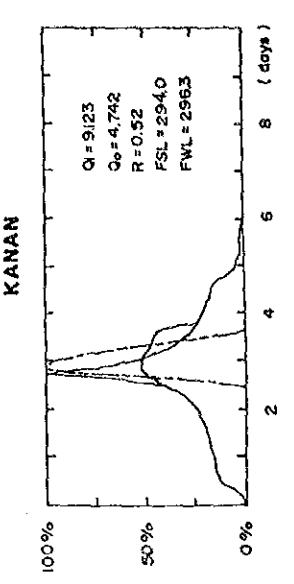
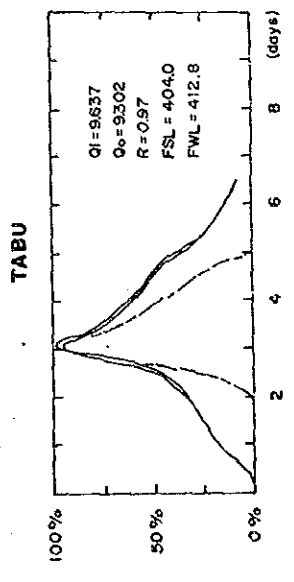
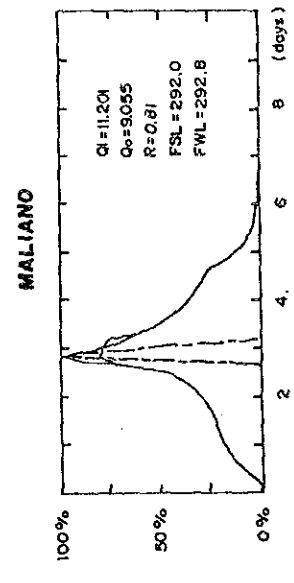
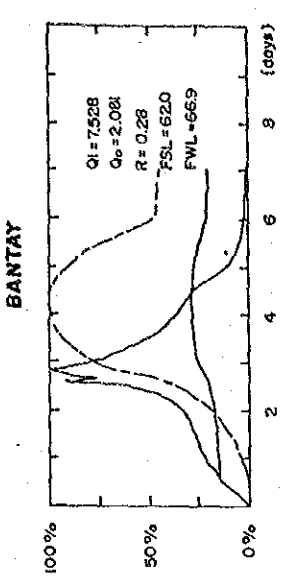
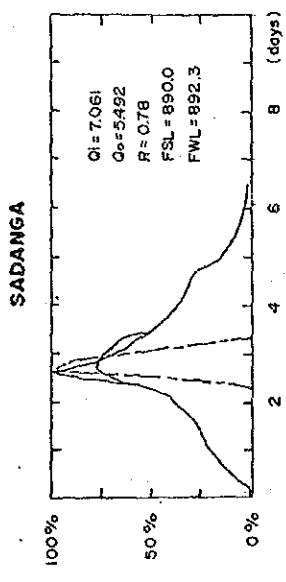
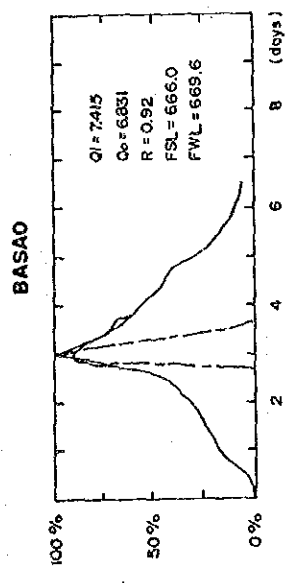
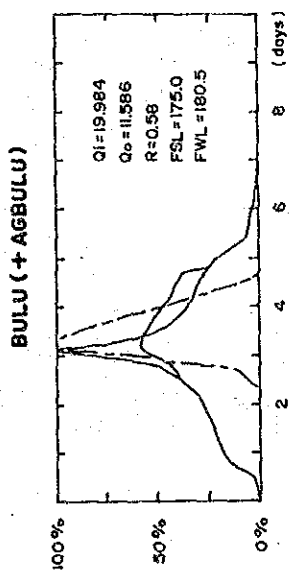
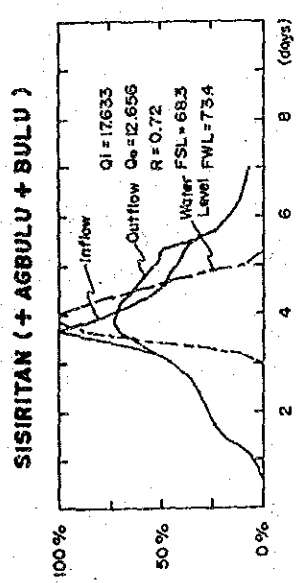
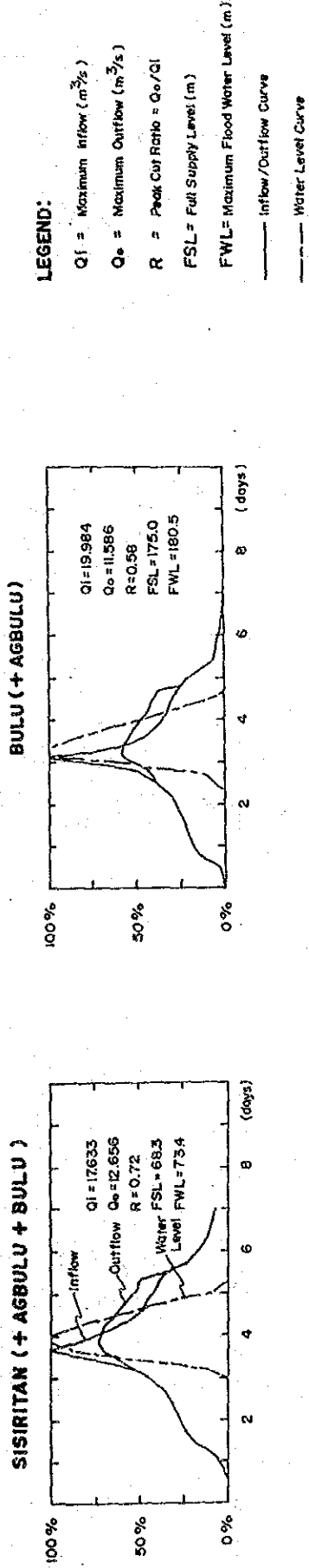
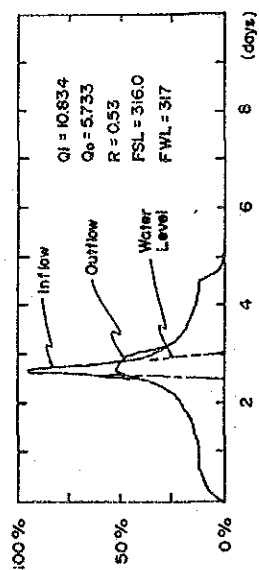
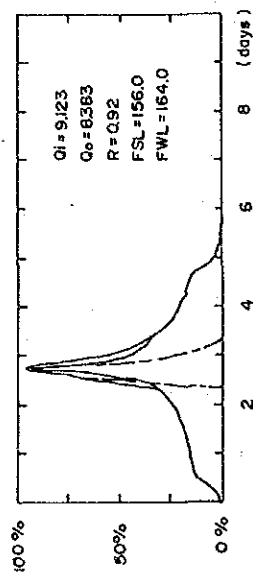


FIG. 3 SPILLWAY FLOOD ROUTING RESULT (3/3)

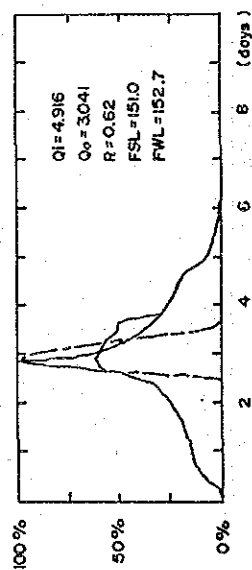
UPPER AGOS 2



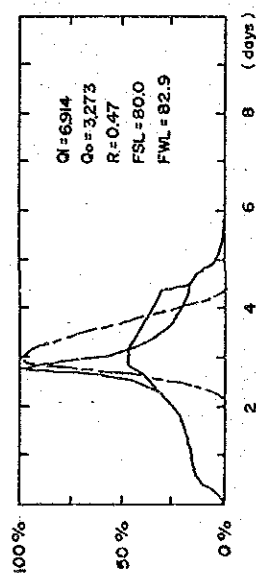
KANAN (+ UP. AGOS 2)



WAWA



BOSIGON

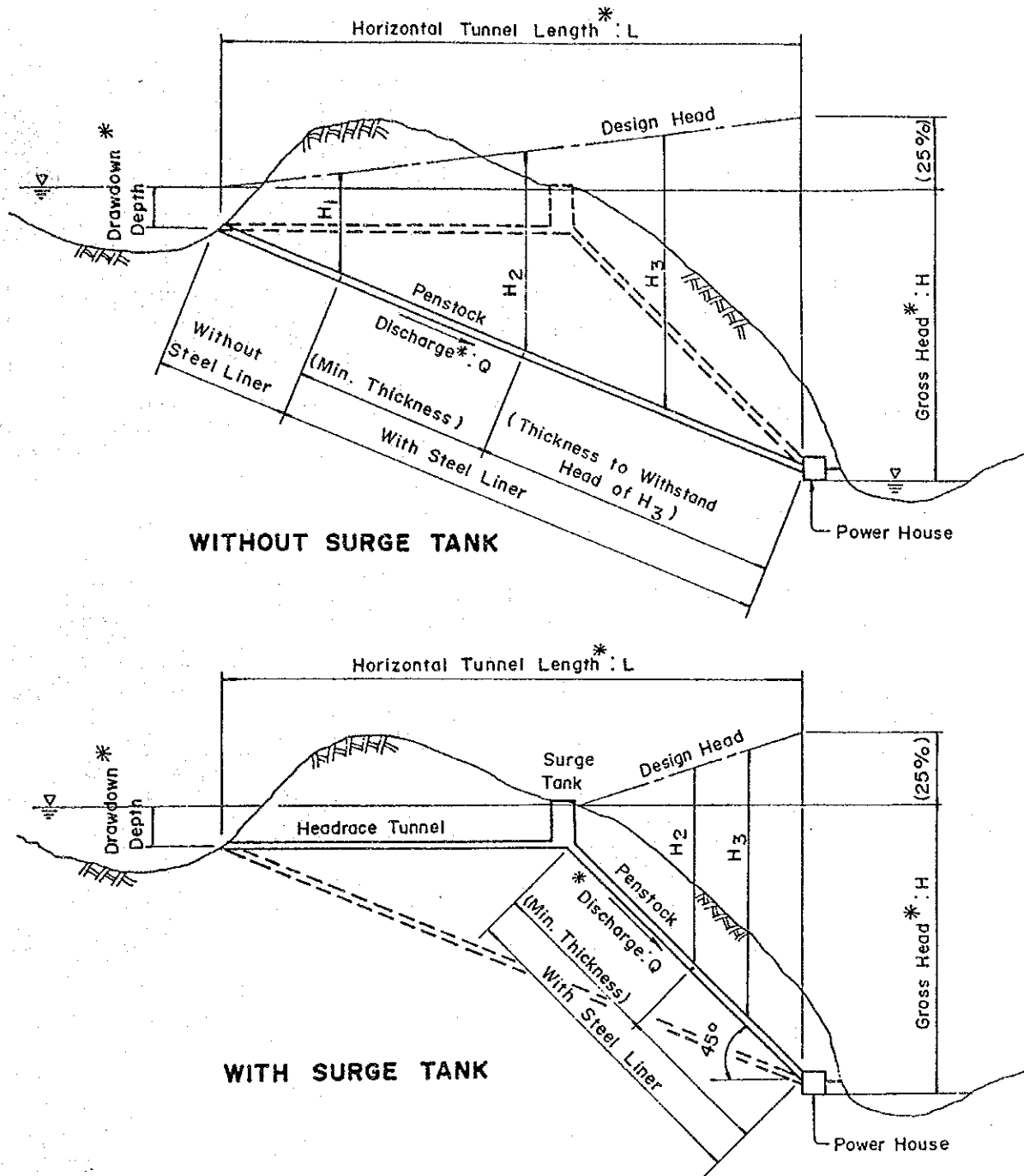


LEGEND:

$Q_i$  = Maximum Inflow ( $m^3/s$ )  
 $Q_o$  = Maximum Outflow ( $m^3/s$ )  
 $R$  = Peak Cut Ratio =  $Q_o/Q_i$   
 $FSL$  = Full Supply Level (m)  
 $FWL$  = Maximum Flood Water Level (m)

— Inflow/Outflow Curve  
 — Water Level Curve

FIG. 4 ASSUMED WATERWAY PROFILE FOR ECONOMICAL COMPARISON

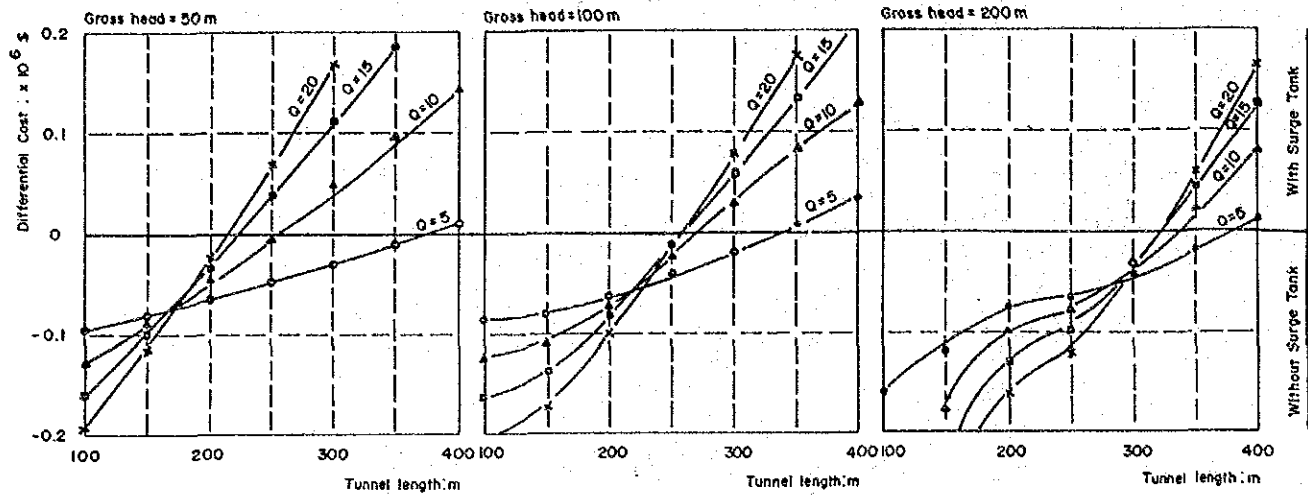


NOTES:

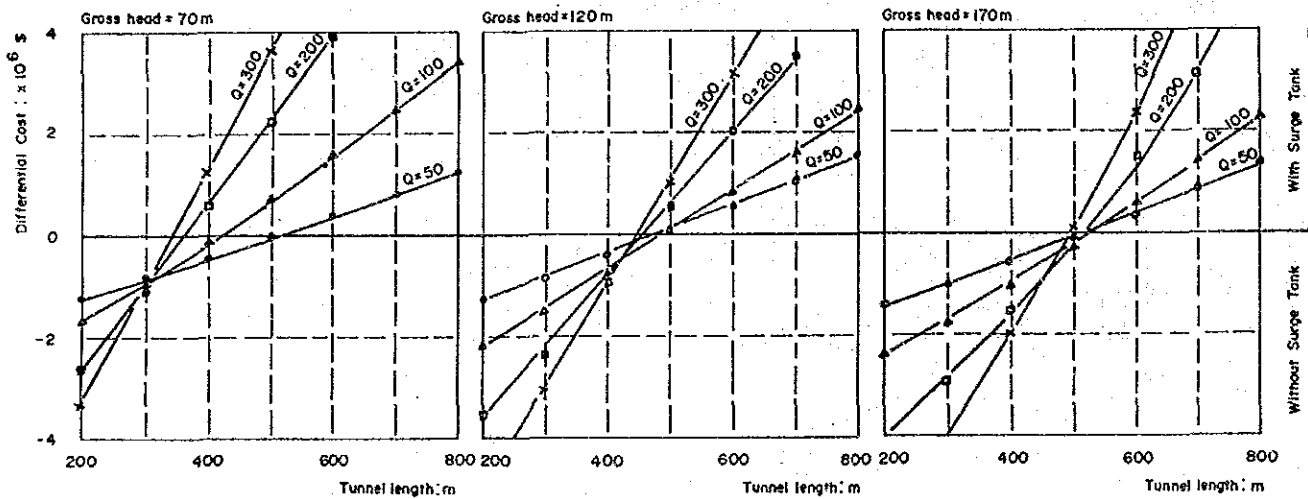
- \* : Variables for cost comparison
- $H_1$  : Water head to be withstood by concrete lining
- $H_2$  : Water head to be withstood by min. thickness of steel liner
- $H_3$  : Design head for lower part of penstock

FIG. 5 WATERWAY ECONOMICAL COMPARISON

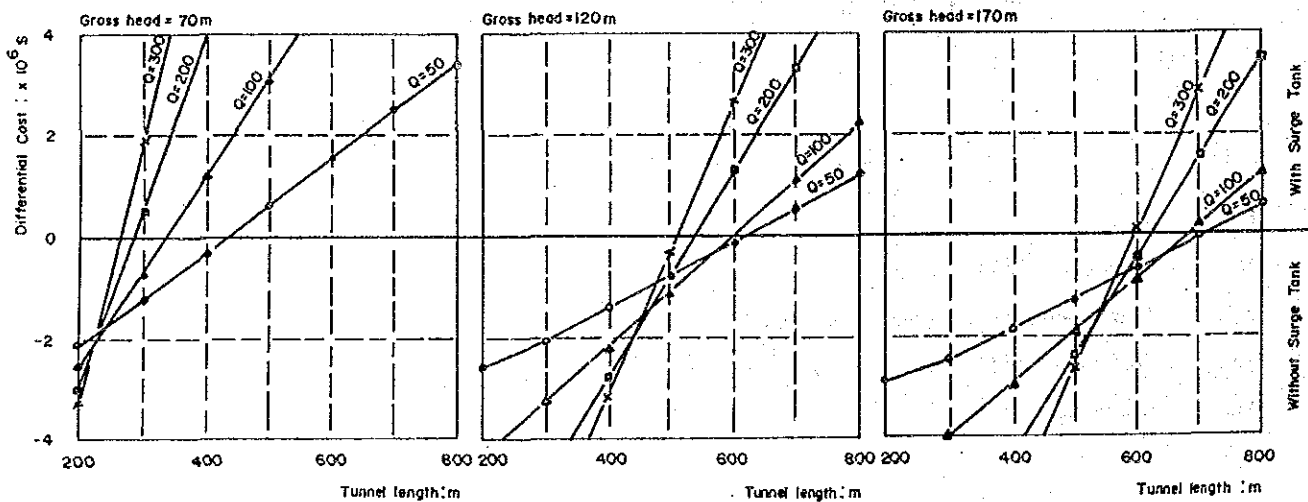
1. Drawdown Depth = 0m (Run-of-river type)



2. Drawdown Depth = 20m (Reservoir Type)



3. Drawdown Depth = 50m (Reservoir Type)



NOTE: Differential Cost = (Const. cost without S. tank) - (Const. cost with S. tank)

FIG. 6 TURBINE TYPE SELECTION DIAGRAM

