

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1974

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	TOTAL OF COAL C01-C05 TGN	COALING COAL TGN	STEAM COAL TGN	ANTHRA- CITE TGN	LIGNITE TGN	TOTAL OF CRUDE OIL C06-C08 M3BL	ORIGINAL CRUDE OIL M3BL	REDUCED CRUDE OIL M3BL	PETROLE- UM PRODUCTS C09-C28 M3BL	DOMESTIC FUEL OIL C10-C20 M3BL	GASOLINE C11-C18 M3BL	AVIATION M3BL	SUPER M3BL	PREMIUM M3BL	JET FUEL M3BL	KEROSENE M3BL	DIESEL C17-C19 M3BL	AUTOMOT. M3BL	INDUSTRI. M3BL	HEAVY FUEL OIL M3BL	NAPHTHA M3BL	LOW SUL- FUR M3BL	LUBRI- CANTS M3BL	SOLVENTS M3BL
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	154149		140725	7424	NA	541037	541037			2151	0	0	0	0	161	895	339	339	0	666			75	23
2 EXPORT	983	983				851	0	851		-434	-434	0	0	-131	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-41303		0
3 EXPORT	0		0	0		-378795	-378795			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 INTERNATIONAL UPLIFTS					NA	-7757	-7723	166		-312	-21	-21	0	0	-86	0	-28	0	-28	-215	0	0	0	0
5 STOCK CHANGE	-7825	0	-7821	-354	NA	-7757	-7723	166		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	149307	983	141254	7070	0	111039	115049	1030		1627	-434	0	0	-131	161	895	339	339	0	666	0	-41303	-75	23
7 REFINERY						-120067	-119937	-1030		9777	2052	24	73	1955	216	3357	2339	1790	720	1781	4420	43822	29	155
8 REFINING, LPG																					0			
9 CHEMICAL ENERGY																								
10 PETROCHEMICAL LPG																								
11 PUBLIC UTILITY	0		NA							-319							-272	-220	-53	-67				
12 FURN-UP USE																								
13 AUTO GENERATOR	-69249		-69249							-210							-248	-137	-193	0				
14 TOWN GAS	-983	-983	NA							-17						0	-17	-1	-16	0				
15 COKE	0	0	0																					
16 DRIPDET	0		0																					
17 TRANSFORMATION/TOTAL	-61232	-983	-69249			-120067	-119937	-1030		9180	2052	24	73	1955	216	3357	2339	1790	549	1217	4420	43822	29	155
18 CRUDE OIL FIELD						-2518	-2518			0							0	0	0	0				
19 NATURAL GAS FIELD						0	0			0							0	0	0	0				
20 REFINERY						0	0			0							0	0	0	0				
21 ISL PLANT																								
22 CHEMICAL ENERGY PLANT																	0	0	0	0				
23 PUBLIC UTILITY										0							0	0	0	0				
24 TOWN GAS										0							0	0	0	0				
25 COKE PLANT																								
26 DRIPDET																								
27 COAL BINE	-10020		-10020	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28 FLARE AND LOSSES	0	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29 ENERGY SECTOR USE LOSSES	-10020	0	-10020	0	0	-2518	-2518	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCE	6544	0	9340	-1101	0	6544	6544	0		-812	585	-2	8	581	-35	8	-436	-290	-146	-323	-4420	-2519	0	0
31 FINAL CONSUMPTION	65819		71853	5766	0					16054	2203	22	79	2182	312	4258	2242	1839	403	959	0		184	170
32 FINAL ENERGY USE	71853		71853	0	0					16054	2203	22	79	2182	312	4258	2242	1839	403	959	0			
33 INDUSTRY	45330		45330	0	0					9207							693	269	384	664	0			
34 AGRICULTURE FORESTRY										110							65	67	18	25				
35 FISHERY										0							0	0	0	0				
36 MINING (EN. ENERGY SEC.)	0		0	0						169							127	68	68	42				
37 CONSTRUCTION										4							4	0	4	0				
38 MANUFACTURING	45330		45330	0	0					925							387	172	215	538	0			
39 FOODS										114							61	35	26	114				
40 TEXTILE										198							147	63	84	41				
41 RUBBER										19							54	33	28	15				
42 PAPER, PULP										83							16	9	7	27				
43 CHEMISTRY (FUEL USED)										124							14	12	2	119	NA			
44 CERAMICS, CEMENTS	31819		31819		NA					312							70	11	55	233				
45 IRON, STEEL										27							20	5	15	0				
46 NON-FERROUS METALS	0									0							0	8A	0	0				
47 METAL FABRY., HAIRPIERY										2							2	0	2	0				
48 SMALL WARES, OTHERS	5431		5431							2							2	0	2	0				
49 RESIDENT., COMMER. (TOTAL)										4258							4258							
50 RESIDENTIAL																								
51 COMMERCIAL																								
52 TRANSPORTATION (TOTAL)	34523		34523							4584	1944	14	79	1876	397		1484	1394	10	316				
53 AIR TRANSPORTATION										245	14	14			231		0	0	0	0				
54 ROAD TRANSPORTATION										3615	1749		79	1870			1148	1131	14	0				
55 RAILWAYS	34523		34523							133							41	48	1	92				
56 INTERNAL NAVIGATION										279	1			1			269	223	47	0				
57 INTERNATIONAL UPLIFTS										332	2	2			84		28	0	28	215				
58 OTHERS (GOVERN., FORCES E)										156	237	6	0	231	21		155	141	9	39				
59 RAW MATER., USE IN CHEM.																					NA			
60 OTHER NON-ENERGY USE	5746					5746																	184	178
61 TOTAL USE IN CHEMISTRY										124							14	12	2	110	0			

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1975

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
	TOTAL OF COAL	COAL TGN	STEAM COAL TGN	ANTHRA- CITE TGN	LIGNITE TGN	TOTAL OF CRUDE OIL C96-C68 M3BL	ORIGINAL CRUDE OIL M3BL	REDUCED CRUDE OIL M3BL	PETROLE- UM PRODUCTS C67-C28	DOMESTIC FUEL OIL C10-C29 M3BL	GASOLINE C11-C14 M3BL	AVIATION M3BL	SUPER M3BL	PREMIER M3BL	JET FUEL M3BL	KEROSENE M3BL	DIESEL C17-C19 M3BL	AUTOMOT. M3BL	INDUSTRI- AL M3BL	HEAVY FUEL OIL M3BL	WAX M3BL	LOW SUR- FACT RESIDUE M3BL	LUBRI- CANTS M3BL	SOLVENTS M3BL	
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	246310		130763	7427	NA	476855	476855																		
2 IMPORT	5731	5731				548	0	548		2869	0	0	0	0	353	990	701	701	0	25					
3 EXPORT	0		0	0		-363069	-363069			-694	-481	0	0	-481	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3801	-32614	67	38	0
4 INTERNATIONAL UPLIFT	0		0	0						-301	-21	-21	0	0	-193	0	-33	-31	-281	-185	0	0	0	0	0
5 STOCK CHANGE	-3443	0	-3102	-341	NA	-1774	-1751	-23		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	248878	5731	195861	7086	0	112552	112035	517		1455	-684	0	0	-684	353	990	701	701	0	25	-1801	-32614	67	38	
7 REFINERY						-108282	-107765	-517		950	2329	29	181	2200	74	3368	2993	2231	762	1133	4265	32760	31	118	
8 NG(LRG, LPG)																									
9 CHEMICAL ENERGY																									
10 PETROCHEMICAL LFD										-587							-343	-291	-19	-241					
11 PUBLIC UTILITY	0		NA																						
12 PUMP-UP USE																									
13 AUTO GENERATION	-83963		-83963																						
14 TOUR GAS	-5731	-5731								-15															
15 COKE	0																								
16 BIQUET	0																								
17 TRANSFORMATION(TOTAL)	-81491	-5731	-83963			-108282	-107765	-517		950	2329	29	181	2200	74	3368	2338	1768	570	887	4265	32760	31	118	
18 CRUDE OIL FIELD						-2522	-2522			0															
19 NATURAL GAS FIELD										0															
20 REFINERY										0															
21 OIL PLANT																									
22 CHEMICAL ENERGY PLANT																									
23 PUBLIC UTILITY																									
24 TOUR GAS																									
25 COKE PLANT																									
26 BIQUET																									
27 COAL DINE	-7846		-7846	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28 FLARE AND LOSSES	0	0	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29 ENERGY SECTOR USE LOSSES	-7846	0	-7846	0	0	-2522	-2522	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 STATIS TICAL DIFFERENCE	-5204	0	-4969	-2195	0	-1748	-1748	0		871	497	-4	4	701	-17	449	-218	-143	-66	-39	-181	-146	0	0	0
31 FINAL CONSUMPTION	185134		180813	5321	0					11355	2423	22	185	2294	410	4818	2829	2325	581	875	0		38	184	
32 FINAL ENERGY USE	186043		180813	0	0					11355	2423	22	185	2294	410	4818	2829	2325	581	875	0				
33 INDUSTRY	41123		41123	0	0					1329							247	366	381	581	0				
34 AGRICULTURE FORESTRY										114							91	75	16	23					
35 FISHERY										0							0	0	0	0					
36 MINING, ENERGY SEC.	0		0	0						120							117	83	56	1					
37 CONSTRUCTION										1							4	0	4	0					
38 MANUFACTURING	41123		41123	0	0					1091							533	228	365	557	0				
39 FOODS										195							92	12	114	192					
40 TEXTILE										257							266	12	114	52					
41 RUBBER										48							60	36	24	8					
42 PAPER, PULP										47							19	8	9	29					
43 CHEMISTAT(FUEL USED)										124							22	17	0	111	NA				
44 CERAMICS, CEMENTS	43840		43840		NA					319							181	20	81	248					
45 IRON, STEEL										43							30	12	17	13					
46 NON-FERROUS METALS										1							0	NA	0	0					
47 METAL FABRI., RECOVERY										1							1	0	1	0					
48 SHALL WARES, OTHERS	5203		5203							3							3	0	3	0					
49 RESIDENT, COMMER. (TOTAL)										4818						4818									
50 RESIDENTIAL																									
51 COMMERCIAL																									
52 TRANSPORTATION(TOTAL)	58920		58920							4183	2182	13	185	2042	319		1838	1777	111	243					
53 AIR TRANSPORTATION										369	13	13					0	0	0	0					
54 ROAD TRANSPORTATION										3450	2148						1334	1517	17	0					
55 RAILWAYS	58920		58920							117							11	48	1	76					
56 INTERNAL NAVIGATION										281	0						280	215	44	2					
57 INTERNATIONAL UPLIFT										368	2	2					33	5	28	145					
58 OVERSEAS GOVERN. (FORCES E)										525	241	7	0	255	20		193	182	12	59					
59 RAW MATER. USE IN CHEM.																									
60 OTHER NON-ENERGY USE	5893				5893												22	17	4	181	0				
61 TOTAL USE IN CHEMISTAT										126															

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1976

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
	TOTAL OF COAL	COATING COAL	STEAM COAL	ANTHRACITE	LIGNITE	TOTAL OF CRUDE OIL	ORIGINAL CRUDE OIL	REDUCED CRUDE OIL	PEOPLE-BA PRODUCTS	DOMESTIC FUEL OIL	BASOLINE	AVIATION	SUPER	PREMIUM	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	DIESEL	AERONAUT.	INDUSTRIAL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	NAPHTHA	LOW SULFUR RESIDUE	LUBRICANTS	SOLVENTS	
	COAL TON	TON	TON	TON	TON	COAL TON	OIL KBU	KBU	COAL TON	OIL KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	KBU	
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	182110		144582	18320	NA	559318	559318			5446	300	0	0	300	416	2327	2603	1854	147	0				40	15
2 IMPORT	1137	1137				7997	7997	260		-54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-51	-492	-35221			0
3 EXPORT	-7893		0	-7893		-449471	-449471			-319	-10	-11			-1873		-60	-10	-50	-143					
4 (INTERNATIONAL WPLIFT)					NA					-101	42	5	1	34	-5	23	-64	-68	2	-15	-1187	-685	2	-11	
5 STOCK CHANGE	-3020	0	-2840	-180	NA	-1458	-1458	107																	
6 PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	173224	9137	141742	18145	0	107386	107819	367		1817	312	5	1	334	411	2350	1937	1788	149	-151	-1627	-35128	42	4	
7 REFINERY						-187837	-187870	-367		18176	2271	21	112	2139	55	3174	2808	2923	783	1979	1500	35495	14	161	
8 USCLUNG, LPG																									
9 CHEMICAL ENERGY																									
10 PETROCHEMICAL LPG			NA							-833							-547	-500	-19	-366					
11 PUBLIC UTILITY	0																								
12 PUB-SP USE										-415							-455	-317	-148	0					
13 AUTO GENERATION	-27807		-27867							-15						0	-15	-1	-11	0					
14 TOUR GAS	-1137	-1137																							
15 COKE	0	0																							
16 BRIDGET	0	0																							
17 TRANSFORMATION TOTAL	-78284	-1137	-27867			-187837	-187870	-367		8272	2271	21	112	2139	55	3174	1758	1185	573	1584	1500	35495	14	161	
18 CRUDE OIL FIELD						-3212	-3212			0															
19 NATURAL GAS FIELD																									
20 REFINERY						0	0																		
21 NGU PLANT																									
22 CHEMICAL ENERGY PLANT																									
23 PUBLIC UTILITY																									
24 TOUR GAS																									
25 COKE PLANT																									
26 BRIDGET																									
27 COAL WASTE	-2840		-2840	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28 FLARE AND LOSSES	0	0	NA	NA	NA																				
29 ENERGY SECTOR USE LOSSES	-2840	0	-2840	0	0	-3212	-3212	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCE	-1514	0	-1224	-290	0	5683	5683	0		-914	1	-4	1	4	-37	-238	-217	-88	-129	-113	129	214	0	0	0
31 FINAL CONSUMPTION	9848		8141	14455	0					12197	2414	21	113	2479	429	5286	3478	2865	593	1604	0		54	165	
32 FINAL ENERGY USE	8141		8141	0	0					12697	2414	21	113	2479	429	5286	3478	2865	593	1604	0				
33 INDUSTRY	37354		37354	0	0					1881						1172	733	439	713	0					
34 AGRICULTURE FORESTRY										249						227	207	20	22						
35 FISHERY										0						0	0	0	0						
36 MINING & ENERGY SEC.	0		0	0	0					117						79	49	9	37						
37 CONSTRUCTION										52						51	45	5	2						
38 MANUFACTURING	37354		37354	0	0					1164						815	411	445	450	0					
39 FOODS										261						149	94	53	132						
40 TEXTILE										319						254	132	122	57						
41 RUBBER										75						64	45	20	9						
42 PAPER, PULP										59						22	10	12	28						
43 CHEMISTRY (FUEL USE)										131						33	24	9	58	NA					
44 CERAMICS, CEMENTS	32959		32959		NA					431						292	48	154	231						
45 IRON, STEEL										78						54	24	28	24						
46 NON-FERROUS METALS	0			0						27						9	9		18						
47 METAL FABRI., MACHINERY										92						12	11	2	0						
48 SMALL WARES, OTHERS	5215		5215							18						15	12	3	3						
49 RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, TOTAL										5784						5285									
50 RESIDENTIAL																									
51 COMMERCIAL																									
52 TRANSPORTATION (TOTAL)	43257		43257							4912	2741	13	112	2235	118		1104	1761	149	219					
53 AIR TRANSPORTATION										316	12	12			301	3	3								
54 ROAD TRANSPORTATION										3855	2348		112	2235			1158	1418	19	0					
55 RAILWAYS	43257		43257							123							45	43	3	78					
56 INTERNAL NAVIGATION										343	0						329	270	59	19					
57 INTERNATIONAL WPLIFT										319	1	1			187		68	10	58	143					
58 OTHERS (SERV., PRICES 0)										724	253	0	1	244	21		103	318	15	48					
59 RAW MATER. USE IN CHEM.																					NA				
60 OTHER NON-ENERGY USE	1855				1855																			54	165
61 TOTAL USE IN CHEMISTRY										131							33	24	9	18	0				

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1977

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	TOTAL OF COAL T0N	COALING COAL T0N	STEAM COAL T0N	ANTHRA- CITE T0N	LIGNITE T0N	TOTAL OF CRUDE OIL CO6-C08 M3BL	ORIGINAL CRUDE OIL M3BL	REDUCED CRUDE OIL M3BL	PETROLE- UM PRODUCTS C09-C28 M3BL	DOMESTIC FUEL OIL C10-C29 M3BL	GASOLINE C11-C16 M3BL	AVIATION M3BL	SUPER M3BL	PREMIUM M3BL	JET FUEL M3BL	KEROSENE M3BL	DIESEL C17-C19 M3BL	AUTOMOB. M3BL	INDUSTR. M3BL	HEAVY FUEL OIL M3BL	NAPHTHA M3BL	LOW SUL- FURY RESIDUE M3BL	LUBRI- CANTS M3BL	SOLVENTS M3BL
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	230027		190009	32530	NA	615121	615121	133		2925	46	4	0	42	477	790	1592	1410	102	0			35	11
2 IMPORT	0	0				29755	29755			-657	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-657	-4843	-42023		0
3 EXPORT	-7451		-7451	0		-485286	-485286			-1191	-21	-21	0	-39	-1172	-154	-62	-31	-59	-239			2	-40
4 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGED						16041	9935	104		-74	-11	-2	0	-39	-22	-154	17	-31	31	193	713	1297		
5 STOCK CHANGE	-12172	0	-2102	-9270	NA	16041	9935	104		-74	-11	-2	0	-39	-22	-154	17	-31	31	193	713	1297		
6 PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	210791	0	187528	23260	0	169631	169392	239		2172	25	2	0	24	455	639	1607	1374	233	-555	-4150	-10734	37	-50
7 REFINERY						-151692	-151363	-239		14436	2910	18	114	2778	9	4828	4034	3161	872	2455	5279	42057	24	209
8 DISCLOS. LOSS																								
9 CHEMICAL ENERGY																								
10 PETROCHEMICAL USE										-1035							-705	-661	-44	-331				
11 PUBLIC UTILITY	0																							
12 PUB-UP USE										-517							-577	-377	-118	0				
13 AUTO GENERATION	-83336		-83336							-17						0	-15	-4	-12	-2				
14 TOCH GAS	0	0	0	0	0																			
15 COKE	0	0	0	0	0																			
16 BRIDGE	0	0	0	0	0																			
17 TRANSPORTATION(TOTAL)	-83336	0	-83336			-151692	-151363	-239		12785	2910	18	114	2778	9	4828	2717	2059	619	2322	5279	42057	24	209
18 CRUDE OIL FIELD						-2114	-2114			0														
19 NATURAL GAS FIELD										0														
20 REFINERY										0														
21 RGL PLANT										0														
22 CHEMICAL ENERGY PLANT										0														
23 PUBLIC UTILITY										0														
24 TOCH GAS										0														
25 COKE PLANT										0														
26 BRIDGE										0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27 COAL MINE	-5261		-5261	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28 FLARE AND LOSSES	0	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29 ENERGY SECTOR USE LOSSES	-5261	0	-5261	0	0	-2114	-2114	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCE	-4927	0	-131	-6954	0	-15915	-15915	0		-542	-20	1	0	-22	-1	400	-335	-233	-102	-586	-1129	-1323	0	0
31 FINAL CONSUMPTION	115207		92795	14172	0					14416	2910	20	114	2779	444	5847	3591	3241	750	1181	0		63	159
32 FINAL ENERGY USE	92795		92795	0	0					14416	2910	20	114	2779	444	5847	3131	3241	754	1181	0			
33 INDUSTRY	55742		55742	0	0					2257							1452	866	586	105	0			
34 AGRICULTURE FORESTRY										256							218	218	19	18				
35 FISHERY										0							0	0	0	0				
36 MINING(ENRGY SEC.)	0		0	0	0					191							142	78	44	49				
37 CONSTRUCTION										19							65	58	8	3				
38 MANUFACTURING	55742		55742	0	0					1742							1007	512	495	735	0			
39 FOODS										329							179	112	67	154				
40 TEXTILE										365							308	171	137	57				
41 RUBBER										79							70	51	19	9				
42 PAPER,PULP										68							39	15	15	16				
43 CHEMISTRY(FUEL USE)										140							47	37	10	113	NA			
44 CERAMICS,CEMENTS	50261		50261		NA					555							242	54	207	331				
45 IRON,STEEL										93							67	35	32	24				
46 NON-FERROUS METALS	0		0							14							8	8	2	0				
47 METAL FABRI.,MACHINERY										14							14	12	2	0				
48 SHALE,VADES,OTHERS	5181		5181							26							29	14	6	6				
49 RESIDENT.,COMMERCIAL(TOTAL)										5647							5447							
50 RESIDENTIAL																								
51 COMMERCIAL																								
52 TRANSPORTATION(TOTAL)	43453		43453							5558	2457	13	113	2531	431		2130	1995	131	311				
53 AIR TRANSPORTATION										327	11	11					2	2						
54 ROAD TRANSPORTATION										4331	2443						1708	1683	25	0				
55 RAILWAYS	43453		43453							165							48	45	2	58				
56 INTERNAL NAVIGATION										355	1						310	254	54	44				
57 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGED										419	2	2					62	11	50	239				
58 OTHERS(GOVERN.,FORCES E)										714	257	0	1	210	33		419	379	30	35				
59 RAW MACHIN. USE IN CHEM.																					NA			
60 OTHER NON-ENERGY USE	14412			14412						110							47	37	10	113	0			
61 TOTAL USE IN CHEMISTRY																								

25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	
OTHERS EXPENSE, ASPH., ETC. MMB	PETROLEUM COKE MMB	REFINERY GAS BCF	LFG MMB	NATURAL GAS MMB	HSL (CONDENSATES) MMB	LMS MMB	METHANOL TON	TOWN GAS MMB	COKE TON	COKE OVER GAS MMB	BLAST FURNACE GAS MMB	BRIQUET TON	WOOD MMB	CHARCOAL TON	FUEL ETHANOL FROM BIOMASS TON	AGRI- CULTURAL WASTES MMB	HYDRO GENERATION PUBLIC UTILITY GWH	AUTO GENERAT. GWH	NUCLEAR GENERAT- ION GWH	GEOTHERM. GENERAT. GWH	AUTO GENERAT. GWH	OTHER GENERATION PUBLIC UTILITY GWH	AUTO GENERAT. GWH	TOTAL OF ELEC- TRICITY GWH	PUBLIC UTILITY GWH	AUTO GENERAT- ION GWH	GRAND TOTAL	
				512470									58398	NA	0	84986	1861	0	0	0	0	0	0					
162			28		-1150	-3310	0								0													
-219															0													
-33	NA		2											NA	NA	0												
-90	0		-3243	512470	-1150	-3310	0						58398	0	0	84986	1861	0	0	0	0	0	0					
827	190	2177	372	-132322	1150	1727	0																					
			3315		0																							
				NA													-1861	0	0	0	0	0	0	4807	4807			
								35156	0	0													2409	0	2409			
827	190	2177	3687	-132322	1150	1727	0	35156	0	0							-1861	0	0	0	0	0	0	4816	4807	2609		
				-187182																				0	0	0		
				-4147																				0	0	0		
																								0	0	0		
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ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1978

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
	TOTAL OF COAL C05-C05 TON	COAKING COAL TON	STEAM COAL TON	ANTHRA-CITE TON	LIGNITE TON	TOTAL OF CRUDE OIL C06-C08 BBL	ORIGINAL CRUDE OIL BBL	REDUCED CRUDE OIL BBL	PETROLE-UM PRODUCTS C09-C20	DOMESTIC FUEL OIL C10-C20 BBL	GASOLINE C11-C14 BBL	AVIATION BBL	SUPER BBL	FREIGHT BBL	JET FUEL BBL	KEROSENE BBL	DIESEL C17-C19 BBL	AVIATION BBL	INDUSTR. BBL	HEAVY FUEL OIL BBL	KAPHTHA BBL	LOW SUL. WAXY RESIDUE BBL	LUBRI-CANTS BBL	SOLVENTS BBL	
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	24181		21366	5459	NA	59669	57647			2673	3	0	0	3	174	655	1501	1501	0	0				11	0
2 IMPORT	0	0				31659	31659	0		-210	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-270	-1567	-36291		0
3 EXPORT	-25619		-3330	-22119		-46191	-46191																		
4 (INTERNATIONAL UPLIFT)	-41211	0	-26315	-14899	NA	-2755	-2761	6		-433	-11	-11			-1533	-64	-513	-73	-113	-238					
5 STOCK CHANGE										-459	-192	0	-3	-19	12	-64	-119	-147	28	-135	210	-18	-24		28
6 PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	197510	0	183556	13562	0	143081	143070	6		1973	-99	0	-3	-76	596	630	1392	1354	28	-426	-1299	-36309	-41	36	
7 REFINERY						-157804	-157778	-4		16976	3111	23	112	2977	19	4752	4762	3421	1161	3433	5781	39378	168	180	
8 WCL (LNG, LPG)																									
9 CHEMICAL ENERGY																									
10 PETROCHEMICAL LFG																									
11 PUBLIC UTILITY	0		NA							-1311							-861	-825	-36	-150					
12 PG&P USE																									
13 AUTO GENERATION	-82781		-82781							-709							-768	-469	-219	0					
14 TOWN GAS	0		NA							-18							0	-18	-5	-13	0				
15 COKE	0																								
16 BRIDMET	0																								
17 TRANSFORMATION TOTAL	-82781	0	-82781			-157804	-157778	-6		14937	3111	23	112	2977	19	4752	3174	2392	872	2983	5781	39378	168	180	
18 CRUDE OIL FIELD						-1257	-1257	0		0							0	0	0	0					
19 NATURAL GAS FIELD						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
20 REFINERY						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
21 NSL PLANT						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
22 CHEMICAL ENERGY PLANT						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
23 PUBLIC UTILITY						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
24 TOWN GAS						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
25 COKE PLANT						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
26 BRIDMET						0	0	0		0							0	0	0	0					
27 COAL WIRE	-8220		-8220	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28 FLARE AND LOSSES	0	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29 ENERGY SECTOR USE LOSSES	-8220	0	-8220	0	0	-1257	-1257	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCE	787	0	-2922	8879	0	-2923	-2923	0		159	253	-2	9	245	29	1181	-53	28	-81	-1258	-4492	-3249	0	0	0
31 FINAL CONSUMPTION	187221		8193	22241	0					16191	3265	22	117	3126	553	4543	4583	3483	820	1387	0			127	216
32 FINAL ENERGY USE	84193		8193	0	0					16191	3265	22	117	3126	553	4543	4583	3483	820	1387	0				
33 INDUSTRY	54235		54235	0	0					2671							1711	1683	618	160	0				
34 AGRICULTURE FORESTRY										297							291	265	26	6					
35 FISHERY										0							0	0	0	0					
36 MINING (EX. ENERGY SEC.)	0		0	0	0					165							121	78	43	45					
37 CONSTRUCTION										75							74	49	5	1					
38 MANUFACTURING	54235		54235	0	0					2133							1225	651	573	968	0				
39 FOODS										412							227	142	85	165					
40 TEXTILE										419							365	213	153	54					
41 RUBBER										89							79	69	19	18					
42 PAPER, PULP										94							51	27	24	43					
43 CHEMISTRIE (EX. USE)										219							72	59	13	138	NA				
44 CERAMICS, CEMENTS	82219		82219		NA					788							395	74	229	319					
45 IRON, STEEL										158							82	41	41	76					
46 NON-FERROUS METALS	0									7							4	4	2	1					
47 METAL FABRY., MACHINERY										21							29	18	2	2					
48 SCRAP, WASTE, OTHERS	7876		7876							20							19	19	9	1					
49 RESIDENT., COMM., TOTAL										6543							4543								
50 RESIDENTIAL																									
51 COMMERCIAL																									
52 TRANSPORTATION TOTAL	38748		38748							6211	3828	12	114	2718	512		2343	2238	132	348					
53 AIR TRANSPORTATION										372	11	11			357		2	2							
54 ROAD TRANSPORTATION										4730	3816		116	2660			1814	1815	19	0					
55 RAILWAYS	38748		38748							110							48	58	2	50					
56 INTERNAL NAVIGATION										356	0						336	246	74	20					
57 INTERNATIONAL UPLIFT										413	1	1			133		51	9	41	238					
58 OTHERS (GOVERN., FORCED BY)										748	237	9	1	224	41		438	398	18	39					
59 RAW MATER. USE IN CHEM.																					NA				
60 OTHER NON-ENERGY USE	22241			22241																				127	216
61 TOTAL USE IN CHEMISTRY										210							72	59	13	138	0				

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1979

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
	TOTAL OF COAL COI-E95 TON	CRACKING COAL TON	STEAM COAL TON	ANTHRA- CITE TON	LIGNITE TON	TOTAL OF CRUDE OIL C44-C68 M3BL	ORIGINAL CRUDE OIL M3BL	REDUCED CRUDE OIL M3BL	PETROLE- UM PRODUCTS C69-C78 M3BL	DOMESTIC FUEL OIL C10-C20 M3BL	GASOLINE C11-C14 M3BL	AVIATION M3BL	SUPER M3BL	REFINED M3BL	JET FUEL M3BL	KEROSENE M3BL	DIESEL C17-C19 M3BL	ANTHRA- CITE M3BL	INDUSTRI- AL M3BL	HEAVY FUEL OIL M3BL	NAPHTHA- LENE M3BL	LOW SUL- FUR RESIDUE M3BL	ASPHAL- TIC M3BL	SOLVENTS M3BL	
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	270507		214700	43691	NA	551274	559274			2190	0	0	0	0	270	903	1218	1927	41	0	-11614	-48555	0	0	
2 IMPORT	0	0				31360	30479	909		-476	-7	-7			0	0	-111	-22	-39	-243				0	
3 EXPORT	-53789		-45020	-8152		-394380	-394380			-3543	-13	-13			-144	-168	-47	-8	-393	-1499					
4 INTERNATIONAL OPLIFT										204	93	1	9	83	-16	-168	234	243	-9	81	279	1089	20	22	
5 STOCK CHANGE	-73077		5285	-70302	NA	12050	12050																		
6 PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	151532	0	174365	-22833	0	290340	297431	909		2110	87	-8	9	83	187	715	1340	1348	-7	-133	-11365	-47766	20	22	
7 REFINERY						-182444	-182444	0		16814	3546	25	186	3415	174	5535	5559	4284	1867	2231	6383	55201	544	119	
8 NGL (LNG, LPG)																									
9 CHEMICAL ENERGY																									
10 PETROCHEMICAL LPG										-1548															
11 PUBLIC UTILITY	0																								
12 PURCH USE																									
13 AUTO GENERATION	-61892		-61802																						
14 TOWN GAS	0																								
15 COKE	0																								
16 BRIDGE	0																								
17 TRANSFORMATION TOTAL	-61892	0	-61892			-182444	-182444	0		14372	3546	25	186	3415	174	5535	3645	2907	238	1472	6355	55201	544	119	
18 CRUDE OIL FIELD						-1300	-1300																		
19 NATURAL GAS FIELD						-3598	-3598																		
20 REFINERY																									
21 NGL PLANT																									
22 CHEMICAL ENERGY PLANT																									
23 PUBLIC UTILITY																									
24 TOWN GAS																									
25 COKE PLANT																									
26 BRIDGE																									
27 COAL BINE	-340		-340	NA	NA	-344	-344	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28 FLARE AND LOSSES	-16310	0	-16310	NA	NA																				
29 ENERGY SECTOR USE LOSSES	-16670	0	-16670	0	0	-5262	-5262	0		-843	0	0	0	0	0	0	-245	-179	-65	-578	0	-9	0	0	
30 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCE	57300	0	8290	18510	0	-28634	-19225	-909		2272	10	3	-16	53	310	984	334	71	263	570	4380	-7429	189	0	
31 FINAL CONSUMPTION	130360		104193	25677	0					17925	3672	22	93	3551	823	2244	5654	4146	908	1331	0		1482	149	
32 FINAL ENERGY USE	104193		104193	0	0					17925	3672	22	93	3551	823	2244	5654	4146	908	1331	0				
33 INDUSTRY	70558		70558	0	0					3689							2013	1251	282	1076	0				
34 AGRICULTURE FORESTRY										359							342	314	28	8					
35 FISHERY										0							0	0	0	0					
36 MINING, ENERGY SEC.	12550		12550	0	0					197							137	85	53	59					
37 CONSTRUCTION										72							72	85	7	0					
38 MANUFACTURING	6808		6808	0	0					2479							1461	718	873	1049					
39 FOODS										424							263	155	107	161					
40 TEXTILE										447							392	242	150	55					
41 RUBBER										55							85	67	10	11					
42 PAPER, PULP										141							54	26	28	50					
43 CHEMICALS (EXCL. USED)										231							184	78	28	133	NA				
44 CERAMICS, CEMENTS	56896		56896		NA					655							239	38	200	417					
45 IRON, STEEL										171							78	37	39	93					
46 NON-FERROUS METALS	0									6							8	8	0	0					
47 METAL FABR., MACHINERY										23							22	20	2	1					
48 SMALL WARES, OTHERS	9112		9112							273							215	116	59	58					
49 RESIDENT., COMM., TOTAL										2244						2244									
50 RESIDENTIAL																									
51 COMMERCIAL																									
52 TRANSPORTATION (TOTAL)	26125		26125							2182	3158	15	18	3341	593		2819	2691	129	215					
53 AIR TRANSPORTATION										653	13	13					2	2							
54 ROAD TRANSPORTATION										5767	3137		18	3341			2328	2316	11	0					
55 RAILWAYS	26125		26125							165							87	65	4	36					
56 INTERNAL NAVIGATION										313	0						374	219	71	19					
57 INTERNATIONAL DELIFT										354	1	1					47	8	39	180					
58 OTHERS (GOVERN., FORCES, ETC.)										510	219	7	1	248	29		222	204	18	43					
59 RAW MATER., USE IN CHEM.																									
60 OTHER NON-ENERGY USE	25677				25677																				
61 TOTAL USE IN CHEMISTRY										239							184	78	20	133	0				

25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	
OTHERS (DECREASE, ASFR., 1) KBL	PETROLE- UM COKE KBL	REFINERY GAS BCF	LPG KBL	NATURAL GAS MCF	MSL (CONDEN- SATES) KBL	LNG KMB	METHANOL TON	TOUR GAS KMB	COKE TON	COKE OVEN GAS KMB	BLAST FURNACE GAS KMB	BRIQUET TON	WOOD KMB	CHARCOAL TON	FUEL ETIHARD FROM BIRASS TON	ASPH- CULTURAL PASTES KMB	HYDRO GENERATION PUBLIC UTILITY GWH	APIO GENERAT. GWH	NUCLEAR GENERAT -310H GWH	GEOTHERM. GENERAT. GWH	AUTO GENERAT. GWH	PUBLIC UTILITY GENERATION GWH	OTHER DEPERATION GWH	AUTO GENERAT. GWH	TOTAL OF ELEC- TRICITY GWH	PUBLIC UTILITY GWH	AUTO GENERAT -TION GWH	GRAND TOTAL
				997874									41937	KA	0	28227	3928	412	0	0	0	0	0					
KA			0		-18398	-13550	0																					
-208																												
-4	KA		-4																									
-212	0		-4893	997874	-18398	-13850	0						41937	0	0	28227	3928	412	0	0	0	0	0					
1530	181	18749	88																									
			4817	-392336	28144	13922																						

3. List of Concise Energy Balance Table (1969-1978)

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1969

Unit: 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BRN	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	NAPHTHA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LNG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -ION	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -ION	NUCLEAR GENERAT -ION	OTHER GENERAT -ION	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL	
1 INDOGENOUS PRODUCTION	0	54228	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3775	0	0	0	0	0	513	0	0	0	0	58786	32836	91622	
2 IMPORT	0	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0	49	
3 EXPORT	0	-37037	-7168	-2153	-398	-366	0	-264	-3	-1333	0	-17	-4997	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-45607	0	-45607
4 STOCK	0	0	(-278)	(-298)	(0)	(0)	0	(-11)	(-24)	(-263)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(-278)	0	(-278)	
5 STOCK CHANGE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	0	14507	-7168	-2153	-398	-366	0	-264	-3	-1333	0	-17	-4997	3775	0	0	0	0	0	513	0	0	0	0	13628	32836	46464	
7 OIL REFINING	0	-15220	14819	14874	2069	372	-2917	1356	488	2111	0	19	1695	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1120	-1120	
8 LNG, LPG, COG, NON PRODUCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	0	0	-156	-156	0	0	0	-278	-91	-97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-513	0	0	0	274	-705	0	-705	
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	0	0	-8	-8	0	0	0	-1	-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	11	
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-27	0	-27	
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1939	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1939	0	-1939	
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	0	-9269	1010	-11	7	32	355	-128	-83	-549	0	-2	1836	-1929	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2260	0	-2260	
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	0	0	7475	7383	1788	100	3504	615	324	972	0	0	92	80	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	225	7793	32836	40479	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	0	0	7383	7383	1788	100	3504	615	324	972	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	225	7682	32836	40478	
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	0	0	722	722	0	0	0	214	195	314	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	79	811	26587	21428
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0	0	3541	3504	0	0	3504	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	117	3435	12185	15821	
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	0	0	2852	2852	1788	100	0	218	120	595	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2852	64	2916
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR	0	0	345	345	0	0	0	234	9	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	333	0	333	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	0	0	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	131	0	131	

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1970

(Unit: 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BRN	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	NAPHTHA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LNG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -ION	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -ION	NUCLEAR GENERAT -ION	OTHER GENERAT -ION	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL	
1 INDOGENOUS PRODUCTION	0	62420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4514	0	0	0	0	0	537	0	0	0	0	0	67064	35349	102413
2 IMPORT	0	532	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	532	0	532
3 EXPORT	0	-45745	-2845	-2459	-434	-32	0	-44	0	-1919	0	-11	-3335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-53550	0	-53550
4 STOCK	0	0	(-468)	(-450)	(0)	(0)	0	(-14)	(-38)	(-107)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(-468)	0	(-468)	
5 STOCK CHANGE	0	-155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-155	0	-155	
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	0	14740	-2845	-2459	-434	-32	0	-44	0	-1911	0	-11	-3335	4514	0	0	0	0	0	537	0	0	0	0	13407	35349	48756	
7 OIL REFINING	0	-16286	14819	14874	2343	193	3652	1290	637	3452	0	14	5624	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	413	413	
8 LNG, LPG, COG, NON PRODUCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-89	-89	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	0	0	-612	-612	0	0	0	-375	-116	-121	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-537	0	0	0	333	-816	0	-816	
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	0	0	-8	-8	0	0	0	-1	-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-8	-1418	-1418	
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2431	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-81	-2499	-2499	
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	0	-555	-185	10	-16	-17	172	-44	-123	-234	0	0	-121	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-641	0	-641	
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	0	0	8087	7923	1893	143	3528	834	391	1139	0	1	181	102	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	263	8548	35309	43657	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	0	0	7924	7923	1893	143	3528	834	391	1139	0	1	0	91	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	263	8291	35309	43609	
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	0	0	983	983	0	0	0	326	270	387	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	1178	21367	22465
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0	0	3524	3523	0	0	3523	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	125	3443	13946	17469	
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	0	0	3192	3192	1893	143	0	319	117	721	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3192	54	3249
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR	0	0	224	224	0	0	0	189	4	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	258	0	258	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	0	0	166	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	166	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	257	0	257	

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1974

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BHM	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	PAPINA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LMS	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -ION	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -ION	NUCLEAR GENERAT -ION	OTHER GENERAT -ION	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL		
1 INDOGENOUS PRODUCTION	184	45249												4592						619	0	0	0		70635	37577	108211		
2 EXPORT	0	570	1329	1329	1	0	1162	10	0	255		0	0												1658		1658		
3 EXPORT	0	-16913	-7339	-1245	-51	0	0	0	0	-1185		-8	-4284		0	0	0								-55552	0	-55552		
4 BUNKER			(-337)	(-337)	(0)	(0)		(-3)	(-703)	(-242)															(-337)	0	(-337)		
5 STOCK CHANGE	-18	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0												22	0	22		
6 FIN. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	136	17086	-6210	84	-50	0	1062	10	0	-931		-3	-6286	4392	0	0	0			619	0	0	0		17023	37577	54599		
7 OIL REFINING		-19710	17340	11899	2176	216	3550	1556	668	3175		12	4279																
8 LPG, LPG, COG, COG PRODUCT			0	0	0	0	0	-110	-138	-154		0		-164	0	0	0											-1330	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-66		-706	-706				-110	-138	-154		0		0						-619	0	0	0	368	-1604		-1604		
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	0		-13	-13				-1	-12	0				0				18	0						6		6		
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	-1341					0								-26	-1410	
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	-2689													-60	-2972	
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	17	824	-1680	-1740	-308	-24	-240	-83	-10	-1058		-1	181	-1	0	0	0	0	0								-737	0	-737
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	94		8842	8886	2062	192	3105	1067	427	1032		3	154	157				15							381	9412	37577	46988	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	94		8189	8186	2082	192	3105	1067	427	1032		3	0	79				15							301	9179	37577	46755	
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	50		1133	1153				420	293	441		0	0	79				0							119	1402	21510	23112	
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		3168	3105			3105					3		0				0							141	1164	14925	20667	
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	45		3160	3360	2062	192		450	128	547		0		0				15							0	3125	41	3166	
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			217	247	0	0		197	6	44		0						0							11	288		299	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	0		151									0	154	79				0							233	0	233		

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1972

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BHM	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	PAPINA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LMS	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -ION	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -ION	NUCLEAR GENERAT -ION	OTHER GENERAT -ION	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL		
1 INDOGENOUS PRODUCTION	167	71270												5714						567	0	0	0		85710	37991	123701		
2 EXPORT	12	162	1764	1922	0	15	510	0	0	1310		0	42															2130	
3 EXPORT	0	-58147	-9791	-791	0	0	0	0	0	-791		-4	-8994		0	0	0											-89738	
4 BUNKER			(-220)	(-220)	(0)	(0)		(0)	(0)	(-220)																		(-220)	
5 STOCK CHANGE	17	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0														117	0	117
6 FIN. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	176	20585	-7834	1131	0	15	510	0	0	107		-1	-8953	5714	0	0	0			567	0	0	0		19226	37991	57217		
7 OIL REFINING		-20265	19957	10366	2183	248	3147	1720	1041	2027	343	10	9210															-428	
8 LPG, LPG, COG, COG PRODUCT			0	0	0	0	0	-119	-159	-102		0		-253	0	0	0											-253	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-69		-679	-679				-119	-159	-102		0		0						-567	0	0	0	420	-874		-874		
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	-12		-17	-17				-1	-17	0				0				21	0								0		
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-126	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	-1280					0								-28	-1383	
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	-3981													-68	-3973	
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	93	-200	-1547	-1152	-60	-11	593	216	-467	-1422	-343	0	-34	-10	0	0	0	0	0								-1674	0	-1674
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	81		8884	9447	2122	252	4249	1515	399	1110		4	231	311				16							323	10639	37991	48630	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	79		8451	9167	2122	252	4249	1515	399	1110		4	0	167				16							323	10240	37991	48231	
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	51		1433	1453				470	310	655		0	0	167				0							129	1801	18869	21669	
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		4258	4249			4249					1		0				16							151	4123	18104	22527	
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	28		3689	3659	2122	252		867	48	382		0		0				0							0	3717	19	3736	
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			254	256	0	0		170	23	83		0						0							43	219		262	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	2		231									0	231	167				0							233	0	233		

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1973

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BITUM	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	REPOSERE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	KAPINA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LNG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -10M	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -10M	NUCLEAR GENERAT -10M	OTHER GENERAT -10M	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL		
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	146	9793												7855						688	0	0	0		185766	43185	18991		
2 EXPORT	3	220	2565	2539	0	161	459	331	0	1647			24												2788		2788		
3 IMPORT	0	-24956	-12310	-79	0	0	0	0	0	-79		-1	-12240												-8837	0	-8837		
4 OTHER			(-248)	(-248)	(0)	(0)		(0)	(0)	(-248)															(-248)	0	(-248)		
5 STOCK CHANGE	32	241	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0												236	0	236		
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	125	24271	-9755	2469	0	161	459	331	0	1577		-1	-12214	7655	0	0	0	0	0	658	0	0	0		22354	43185	65538		
7 OIL REFINING		-24293	23207	18626	2462	292	1093	2924	871	764	293	15	12345													-974		-974	
8 LNG, LPG, COG, BSG PRODUCT			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1556	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1556	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-15		-668	-668				-561	-193	-815				0	0	0	0	0	0	-608	0	0	0	474	-1927		-1027		
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	-3		-21	-21				-1	-20	0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2		-2		
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-5035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-23	-1592	-1592		
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-5035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-86	-5126	-5126		
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	-32	-68	-1187	-988	-117	-14	357	-65	-174	-975	-293	0	65	183	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1664	0	-1664
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	83		11117	11218	2345	348	4759	2928	484	1252	0	14	235	331	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	395	12265	43185	55470	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	88		11232	11218	2345	348	4759	2928	484	1252	0	18	0	167	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	385	11860	43185	55045	
16 INDUSTRIAL SECTOR	43		1767	1767				640	376	750	0	0	0	167	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	184	2180	23184	25341	
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		4774	4759			4759						14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	165	4755	19995	24150	
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	37		4665	4665	2846	348		1160	80	431			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4182	5	4188	
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			827	827	308	0		228	28	71			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	683	0	683	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	3		235										235	167												455	0	455	

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1974

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BITUM	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	REPOSERE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	KAPINA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LNG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -10M	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -10M	NUCLEAR GENERAT -10M	OTHER GENERAT -10M	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL		
1 DOMESTIC PRODUCTION	148	10958												7276						892	0	0	0		168755	44488	153283		
2 EXPORT	1	195	2849	2769	0	212	1154	458	0	913			71												3435		3435		
3 IMPORT	0	-25933	-1972	-522	-522	0	0	0	0	0		-5	-1446												-85905	0	-85905		
4 OTHER			(-459)	(-459)	(-21)	(-114)		(-1)	(-37)	(-365)															(-459)	0	(-459)		
5 STOCK CHANGE	-2	-1559	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0												-1558	0	-1558		
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	142	23289	-7149	2246	-522	212	1154	458	0	113		-5	-9375	7276	0	0	0	0	0	892	0	0	0		24351	44488	68839		
7 OIL REFINING		-21197	23045	12775	2418	265	4335	2674	971	1119	814	32	16233													-292		-292	
8 LNG, LPG, COG, BSG PRODUCT			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2107	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-37		-786	-784				-491	-210	-95				0	0	0	0	0	0	-892	0	0	0	510	-1135		-1135		
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	-1		-23	-23				-1	-22	0				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2		-2		
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-19	-545	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-27	-2419	-2419		
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1542	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-160	-4348	-4348		
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	8	4312	-2402	-1229	704	-41	8	-391	-176	-1367	-846	0	-547	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1322	0	-1322
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	82		13345	12883	2650	451	5499	2480	543	1339	0	32	291	358	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	383	14143	44488	58931	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	75		13814	12793	2650	451	5499	2480	543	1359	0	32	0	191	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	383	13678	44488	58116	
16 INDUSTRIAL SECTOR	43		1818	1818				453	410	564	0	0	0	199	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	179	2189	21877	23957
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		5331	5199			5499						32	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	174	5722	22680	28322
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	32		5234	5234	2365	419		1680	121	449			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5246	11	5277	
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			582	582	265	32		192	12	55			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	610	0	610	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	7		291										291	167												465	0	465	

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1975

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BM	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRIAL DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	NAPHTHA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	COBLEN-SATES	LNG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -10M	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -10M	NUCLEAR GENERAT -10M	OTHER GENERAT -10M	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL	
1 INDOGENOUS PRODUCTION	192	93562												8917						871	0	0	0		181611	18016	112657	
2 IMPORT	4	122	2795	2728	0	467	1278	145	0	38		0	70								0	0	0		2823		2923	
3 EXPORT	0	-22759	-8813	-227	-227	0	0	0	0	0	-227	-8	-7382												-81692	0	-81692	
4 BURER			(-417)	(-417)	(-31)	(-135)		(-7)	(-38)	(-234)															(-117)		(-117)	
5 STOCK CHANGE	-3	-356	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												(-35)	0	(-35)	
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	191	22519	-4112	1919	-227	467	1278	945	0	34	-227	-8	-7312	8917	0	0	0	0	0	871	0	0	0		25569	18016	63665	
7 OIL REFINING		-21713	21352	12893	2601	100	4350	3689	1928	1615	828	58	2581															
8 LNG, LPG, COG, NON PRODUCT			3									3		-191	0	0	0	0	0							-369		-369
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-22		-1210	-1210				-624	-248	-316				0	0	0	0	0	0						-190		-190	
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	-6		-21	-21				-1	-19	0				0										599	-1559		-1559	
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-2	-585	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2318					0	0					-35	-2945	-2945	
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1882					0						-6	-1559	-1559	
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	-5	-350	187	1872	842	-25	591	-193	-69	-56	-93	0	-33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	591	0	591
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	97		15925	18733	2915	542	6222	3135	679	1239	0	18	211	341				0	13						157	18137	38916	51133
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	92		18781	18733	2915	542	6222	3135	679	1231	0	18	0	295				0	13						157	18438	38916	53453
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	45		1831	1831				471	514	823	0	0	0	294				0	0						229	2378	14923	16413
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		8278	8222			4222						1					13							284	4189	21949	32138
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	47		6906	6986	2601	515		2391	150	345			0												0	6853	41	6897
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			673	673	314	27		245	16	72															32	765	44	765
20 NON-ENERGY USE	7		244										241	248				0								569	0	569

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1976

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BM	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRIAL DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	NAPHTHA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	COBLEN-SATES	LNG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -10M	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -10M	NUCLEAR GENERAT -10M	OTHER GENERAT -10M	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL		
1 INDOGENOUS PRODUCTION	173	118281												11534						809	0	0	0		122791	18923	161715		
2 IMPORT	1	1819	6667	6617	361	550	3025	2503	198	0		0	52												8279		8279		
3 EXPORT	-8	-18974	-8148	-77	0	0	0	0	0	-79	-85	0	-7814												-18231	0	-18231		
4 BURER			(-132)	(-132)	(-2)	(-141)		(-18)	(-78)	(-203)															(-132)		(-132)		
5 STOCK CHANGE	-4	-299	-524	-150	50	-6	30	-92	2	-134	-227	-1	-145												-817	0	-817		
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	162	21529	-2812	6387	111	543	3834	2411	201	-214	-312	-1	-8977	11534	0	0	0	0	0	809	0	0	0		32814	18923	76937		
7 OIL REFINING		-22028	21878	93337	2732	72	4699	2728	1856	2649	287	61	8225																
8 LNG, LPG, COG, NON PRODUCT			19									19		-1337	0	0	0	0	0							-131		-131	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-21		-1824	-1824				-1128	-261	-133				0											714	-1983	-1983		
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	-1		-21	-21				0	-2	-19				0											20	-2	-2		
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-3	-611	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2862					0	0					-34	-3542	-3542		
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-8742					0						-118	-6849	-6849		
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	-1	1835	-1160	-1233	1	-47	-307	-119	-174	-384	25	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-26	0	-26	
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	86		16819	16815	3145	547	6826	3890	800	1417	0	59	184	593				0	12						562	18152	38923	57075	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	74		18783	18815	3145	547	6826	3890	800	1417	0	59	0	322				0	12						562	17674	38923	56597	
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	31		2589	2589				568	591	1169	0	0	0	324				0	0							303	3249	11769	15917
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		8865	8824			6824						59	2												224	7122	27118	31210
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	18		6265	6265	2640	539		2379	188	319			0												0	6325	36	6361	
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			914	914	364	28		523	20	88															35	929	44	979	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	12		176										176	270				0								478	0	478	

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1977

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
	SOLID FUEL	COAL OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BIR	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOB. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	KAPRA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LRG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -ION	GEOTHER -MAL GENERAT -ION	NUCLEAR GENERAT -ION	OTHER GENERAT -ION	ELECTRI -CITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL		
1 INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION	222	123270												17613															
2 IMPORT	0	5746	3920	3876	78	430	1020	1501	246	0		11	61							0	0	0	0		141922	39200	183130		
3 EXPORT	-7	-92251	-11849	-933	0	0	0	0	0	-933	-930	-177	-1509												9894		9894		
4 BURDEN			(-570)	(-570)	(-21)	(-150)		(-15)	(-60)	(-339)															(-119561)	0	(-119561)		
5 STOCK CHANGE	-14	2055	365	-194	-51	-29	-195	-18	67	107	135	0	273												(-570)	0	(-570)		
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	201	31000	-7623	2030	30	601	825	1855	314	-707	-790	-465	-1195	17613	-220	-1233	0								2304	0	2304		
7 OIL REFINING		-30307	29745	18748	3501	12	6235	4261	1176	3740	1010	53	9734												45554	39200	84754		
8 LNG, LPG, COG, BOG PRODUCT			474									174		-5915	220	1569	0									-692		-692	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-77		-2223	-2223				-1420	-326	-419				0												-2730		-2730	
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	0		-23	-23			0	-5	-16	-2				0												-2279		-2279	
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-5	-124	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4295												-3		-3	
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-8091												-30		-30	
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	-8	-3109	-1305	-791	-25	-5	517	-314	-137	-830	-216	0	-250	0	0	-356	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			-114		-114	
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	181		18953	18749	3506	693	7577	4370	1011	1172	0	64	241	1412												4859	0	4859	
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	91		18813	18749	3506	693	7577	4370	1011	1172	0	64	0	734												455	21246	39200	60452
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	51		3490	3490				1168	790	1140	0	0	0	733												455	20396	39200	59546
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		7419	7419			7577							2												368	4248	9163	13411
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	40		7120	7120	3197	549		2691	181	492				2												251	2966	30409	32915
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			951	951	309	41		511	40	59																0	2159	36	2195
20 NON-ENERGY USE	20		241										241	677												39	993	993	

ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA CA 1978

(Unit : 10³ TCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			
	SOLID FUEL	COAL OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BIR	GASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOMOB. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	KAPRA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	CONDENSATES	LRG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -ION	GEOTHER -MAL GENERAT -ION	NUCLEAR GENERAT -ION	OTHER GENERAT -ION	ELECTRI -CITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	NON-COMMERCIAL ENERGY	GRAND TOTAL			
1 INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION	250	119570												38327																
2 IMPORT	0	6224	3659	3577	3	652	970	2024	0	0		4	77													151114	39492	190606		
3 EXPORT	-30	-92560	-7575	-411	0	0	0	0	0	-411	-269	-657	-8247													1083		983		
4 BURDEN			(-499)	(-499)	(-1)	(-203)		(-12)	(-54)	(-317)																(-111629)	0	(-111629)		
5 STOCK CHANGE	-12	-532	-549	-542	-122	16	-85	-110	30	-191	40	0	-7													(-609)	0	(-609)		
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	185	32402	-4134	2423	-119	660	913	1125	39	-193	-249	-652	-8147	38327	-1938	-7519	0									-1103	0	-1103		
7 OIL REFINING		-32025	31071	21107	3703	25	6136	4803	1538	4862	1106	50	9320													43545	39492	83037		
8 LNG, LPG, COG, BOG PRODUCT			474									174		-11060	1930	7553	0										-354		-354	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-76		-2754	-2754				-1722	-344	-638				0													-1724		-1724	
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	0		-25	-25			0	-7	-10	0				0													-3048		-3048	
11 ENERGY SECTOR OWN USE	-0	-252	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0													-1		-1	
12 LOSS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-819												-10		-10	
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	3	-405	-1549	25	304	30	1525	37	-189	-1771	-157	0	-734	0	0	-31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				-154		-154	
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	185		21574	21050	3920	731	8475	4767	1166	1851	0	69	436	2225												-2005	0	-2005		
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	70		21130	21050	3920	731	8475	4767	1166	1851	0	69	0	1141												829	24746	39492	61230	
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	50		3617	3617				1134	873	1360	0	0	0	1131													829	23189	39492	62611
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		8555	8175			8475							2													419	5336	6293	11624
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	20		2943	2943	3544	677		3098	179	436																392	6072	33168	42040	
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			923	923	705	54		525	54	55																0	2971	36	3007	
20 NON-ENERGY USE	27		434									0	434	1604													47	1020	1020	

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
	SOLID FUEL	CRUDE OIL	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	BHN	BASOLINE	JET FUEL	KEROSENE	AUTOVOT. DIESEL OIL	INDUSTRY DIESEL OIL	HEAVY FUEL OIL	NAPHTHA	LPG	OTHER PETR. PRODUCTS	NATURAL GAS	COGEN-SATES	LNG	METHANOL	TOWN GAS	OTHER GAS	HYDRO GENERAT -10M	GEOTHERMAL GENERAT -10M	NUCLEAR GENERAT -10M	OTHER GENERAT -10M	ELECTRICITY	COMMERCIAL ENERGY TOTAL	INDUSTRY ENERGY TOTAL	GRAND TOTAL		
1 INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION	274	112079												37810						1529	0	0	0		151252	40062	191314		
2 IMPORT	0	6113	3181	3181	0	356	1168	1587	55	0		0													9477		9477		
3 EXPORT	-52	-29834	-14813	-651	-8	-192		-92	-53	-302	-2220	-487	-11618		-3136	-12767	0								-189582	0	-187582		
4 BURDEN			(-1841)	(-1841)	(-21)	(-193)		(-20)	(-53)	(-227)															(-181)		(-181)		
5 STOCK CHANGE	-50	2416	388	278	112	-21	-243	127	-18	118	53	-1	255												2912	0	2912		
6 PRIM. ENERGY REQUIREMENT	131	11771	-10883	2791	165	143	923	1817	-10	-168	-2174	-687	-10791	37810	-3136	-12767	0			1589	0	0	0		54559	40062	94621		
7 OIL REFINING		-36562	36245	22030	4216	239	7118	5777	1438	3171	1222	46	12927													-317		-317	
8 LNG, LPG, COG, NON PRODUCT			785									786		-11070	5365	12813	0									1016		4018	
9 ELECTRIC GENERATION	-57		-3359	-3359				-1848	-125	-1086											-1509	0	0	0	1116	-3789	-3789		
10 TOWN GAS PRODUCTION	0		-27	-27																					16		16		
11 ENERGY SECTOR OVR USE	0	-962	-1231	-1178				-242	-115	-819			-55	-9112											-77	-12232	-12232		
12 LOSS	-15	-73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-8116											-80	-8316	-8316		
13 STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES	47	-4158	2520	3937	18	419	1283	94	354	897	553	-32	-1437	-2071	-2229	-88	0	-1	0							-5341	0	-5341	
14 FINAL CONSUMPTION	128		23991	23297	4119	823	9355	5559	1225	1844	0	59	611	2539												589	27655	40612	47747
15 FINAL ENERGY USE	97		23347	23297	4119	823	9355	5510	1225	1831	0	59	0	1296												589	25677	41662	45739
16 INDUSTRY SECTOR	73		4239	4239				1887	1927	1525	0	0	0	1288												585	6183	4639	10711
17 RESIDENT AND COMMERC	0		9465	9355			9355					36		0												359	9808	15387	45189
18 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR	24		5846	5946	4156	781		3628	174	305															0	9071	36	9107	
19 GOVERNMENT SECTOR			857	657	243	39		275	24	55															45	702		702	
20 RES-ENERGY USE	31		411										411	1333												2408	0	2408	

USER'S MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE HISTORY OF SCIENCE



USER'S MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE

1. Energy Balance System Not Connected with Sub-Data Bank

(1) Configuration of input data

Explained in this manual is configuration of input data read out from paper cards to make calculation of the energy balance table.

Input Instruction

① **FREQ, IY, IQ (A4, 214) (MAIN)**

FREQ: Period, either of CA (calendar year), FA (fiscal year) or Q (quarter) is to be input.

IY: Year is to be input.

IQ: Quarter number is to be input using one of numerical characters of 1-4.

② **IFMA, IFOU, IFAUT (314) (MAIN)**

IFMA: When IFMA=0, this should be prepared in the form of a file of basic energy statistics by using the energy supply-demand data bank energy system, from which basic energy statistics are to be read out.

When IFMA = 1, all the basic energy statistics are to be read out from paper cards.

IFOU: When IFOU=0, the energy balance table is to be output using a common unit.

When IFOU=1, the energy balance table is to be output using units peculiar to individual energy resources.

IFAUT: When IFAUT=0, data on fuel consumption for private electric power generation in individual industries are to be read out from paper cards.

When IFAUT=1, fuel consumption for private electric power generation and final consumption for transport in individual industries are to be automatically calculated based on total of final consumption by type of industry.

③ **NEXO A, NEXO B, VEXO V (2A4, 2X, F15.0) (DATSET)**

NEXO A, NEXO B: Variable names of basic energy statistics.

VEXO V: Variable values of basic energy statistics.

Of information contained in basic energy statistics, a piece of information is to be input into a paper card. When characters of 'END' are referred to by NEXO A,

(2)

input operations should be completed taking the next step.

⑥ NEXO A, NEXO B, VEXO V (2A4, 2X, E11, 3) (DATSET)

NEXO A, NEXO B: Names of thermal quantity scale factors.

VEXO V: Values of thermal quantity scale factors.

A thermal quantity scale factor is to be input into a paper card. When characters of 'END' is retrieved, input operations should be completed taking the next step.

When preparation of the energy supply-demand data bank is completed and it becomes possible to input all the basic energy statistics from the energy supply-demand data bank, operations mentioned in item 3 above, input of basic energy statistics from paper cards, become unnecessary. In that case, it is required to delete the route completely from the program or design to input information of 'END' only in this step so that the route should be virtually skipped. Also, as to output of energy balance table using units peculiar to individual energy resources, it is needless to say that thermal quantity scale factors should be changed. Shown below is an example of configuration of input data.

CI	2	5	10	15	20	25	30
CA	1	9	7	8			
			0	1			
PSCO			2	1	3	6	0
WSCO (-1)			1	8	0	5	4
WSCO			4	4	3	6	9
END							
FSCO			0	9	2	2	1
END							

Now, to make calculations of energy balance table using input data as shown above, following procedures should be taken beforehand; retrieving the energy supply-demand data bank, a file into which basic energy statistics were output should be prepared. Shown below are examples of retrieved data. As to configuration of input data of the energy supply-demand data bank system, detailed explanation was made in ALL MANUALS OF ENERGY SUPPLY-DEMAND DATA BANK SYSTEM in which the energy supply-demand data bank system was fully discussed.

(2) Error message and Countermeasures

As listed below, error messages are to be output in an energy balance calculation program. Table 1 describes output program, significance and countermeasures of error message.

Table 1 Error Message and Countermeasures

Error Message	Output Program	Significance	Countermeasure
E001 VAR. NAME***** IS NOT FOUND	DATSET	A variable name read out as basic energy statistics is not found in the table of variable names prepared based on energy balance equations	Input data on energy balance equations and basic energy statistics should be checked.
E002 VALUE OF***** IS NOT AVAILABLE	DATSET	Value of basic energy statistics required for calculation of energy balance is not yet prepared.	Input data on basic energy statistics should be checked.
E003 VALUE OF***** IS NOT FOUND, ASSUMED ZERO	EBCALC	During calculation of energy balance, it is found that data required for the calculation are missing and, as a result, assumed as zero.	Input data on energy balance equations and basic energy statistics should be checked.
E004 STORED POSITION OF EQ***** IS NOT FOUND	EBCALC	Position where calculation result of energy balance equation is not found.	Energy balance equations and program should be checked.

When an error message as shown above is output, it is necessary to check carefully input data on energy balance equations and basic energy statistics. Even if such an error message is output, calculation itself is continued in almost all the cases by assuming unknown data as zero.

2. Energy Balance System Connected with Sub-Data Bank**2-1 Program to Register Balance Data in Sub-Data Bank****(1) Configuration of input data**

With this program, all the calculations required can be made only by inputting a single card which contains data listed below.

① SYEAR, SQUAR, EYEAR, EQUAR, IFQ, IFAUT, IFNEW

(2(14, 12), 3(2) (MAIN)

SYEAR: The year when calculations start

SQUAR: The quarter when calculations start

YEAR: The year when calculations end

(6)

- EQUAR:** The quarter when calculations end
- IFQ:** Option of the basic energy statistics by frequency
- When IFQ = 1, the basic energy statistics are prepared on a quarterly basis, and calculation results are also obtained on a quarterly basis.
- When IFQ = 0, the basic energy statistics are prepared on a calendar year basis, and calculation results are also obtained on a calendar year basis.
- IFAUT:** Option of processing of private electric power generation
- When IFAUT=1, the fuel consumption for private electric power generation and final consumption in the field of transport of individual industries are calculated based on final consumption by type of industry.
- When IFAUT=0, data on fuel consumption for private electric power generation of individual industries are read out from sub-data bank.
- IFNEW:** Option of registration in the sub-data bank
- When IFNEW=1, given data for calculations are not yet registered in the sub-data bank.
- When IFNEW=0, the data to be registered have been already registered in the sub-data bank.

Ex.

1	67	12	14	16	18
1969	01979	0	0	1	1

Information contained in the above example should be read as follows: the basic energy statistics are prepared on a calendar year basis and balance data covering the calendar 1969--1979 period are to be calculated based on IFAUT = 1; calculation results are not yet registered in the sub-data bank.

(2) JCL to make program work out

Shown below in JCL which causes the program making calculations of data to be registered in the sub-data bank to work out.

```
//EPAA10D JOB A10,SANTOSO,CLASS=G,MSGCLASS=X,NOTIFY=EPAA10
//STEP0 EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1 DD UNIT=DISK,DSN=EB-DATA,VOL=SER=TEST05,
// DISP=(OLD,DELETE,DELETE)
//FOR1 EXEC PAN1
//PAN1.PANDD2 DD DSN=EBEQ,DISP=(NEW,PASS),
// SPACE=(TRK,(12,10)),
// UNIT=DISK,DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=7280)
+WRITE NCRK,EDBTAB03
```

```

//STEP2 EXEC PAN1
//PAN1.PANDD2 DD DSN=66EXO,DISP=(NEW,PASS),
// SPACE=(TRK,(12,10)),
// UNIT=DISK,DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=7280)
++WRITE WORK,EBTSUB01
//STEP3 EXEC FORXPLG,TIME.GO=10,
// SOUTA=X,EXTERM="SYSOUT=X",GOF6DD="SYSOUT=X"
//PAN1.SYSIN DD *
++WRITE WORK,EDBTABX5
//FORT.SYSIN DD DSN=66SANSET,DISP=(MOD,PASS),UNIT=SCRCH,
// SPACE=(CYL,(5,5),RLSE),DCB=BLKSIZE=80
//LKED.SYSLIB DD DSN=SYSL.FORTLIB,DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=TEST.LINKLIB,DISP=SHR
//LKED.SYSLIN DD DSN=66SANSET,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
// DD *
INCLUDE SYSLIB(SHIFT)
INCLUDE SYSLIB(MASKP)
//GO.FT01F001 DD DSN=NO288.SUBDB,
DISP=SHR,UNIT=DISK,VOL=SER=TEST05
//FT12F001 DD DSN=NO289.NETOS,
// DISP=SHR,UNIT=DISK,VOL=SER=TEST05
//FT16F001 DD DSN=66EQ,UNIT=DISK,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//FT15F001 DD DSN=66EXO,UNIT=DISK,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//FT17F001 DD DSN=EB.DATA,DISP=(NEW,KEEP),UNIT=DISK,
// SPACE=(TRK,(12,10)),DCB=(RECFM=FB,BLKSIZE=3200,LRECL=80),
// VOL=SER=TEST05
//SYSIN DD *

```

DATA CARDS

- EB-DATA:** File to store calculated balance data in the sub-data bank in accordance with the input format 2.
- EDBTAB03:** File storing the energy balance, commodity balance and concise energy balance equations.
- EBTSUB01:** File storing the table containing names of exogenous variables.
- EDBTABX5:** Source file of the program to calculate balance data registered in the sub-data bank.
- NO288.SUBDB:** Sub-data bank

(8)

NO299-NETOS: File of variable names in the sub-data bank

Shown below is JCL to call out calculation results from EB.DATA, which are stored in the sub data bank.

```
//EPAA10C JOB A10,SANTOSO,CLASS=G,MSGCLASS=X,NOTIFY=EPAA10
//STEP3 EXEC PGM=EDBSDB01
//STEPLIB DD DSN=TEST.LINKLIB,DISP=SHR
//FT01F001 DD UNIT=DISK,DSN=NO288.SUBDB,VOL=SER=TEST05,DISP=OLD
//FT12F001 DD UNIT=DISK,DSN=NO289.NETOS,VOL=SER=TEST05,DISP=OLD
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=X
//FT13F001 DD DUMMY
//GO.FT05F001 DD UNIT=DISK,DSN=EB DATA,VOL=SER=TEST05,DISP=OLD
//
```

EDBSDB01: Object program to maintain the sub-data bank
NO288-SUBDB: Sub-data bank
NO289-NETOS: File of variable names in the sub-data bank.
EB-DATA: File of balance data stored in the sub-data bank in accordance with the input format 2.

(3) Error message and countermeasure

The program is designed to output, if necessary, error messages indicated in the table below.

Error message	Output program	Meaning	Handling
VARIABLE NAME --- ***** - IS NOT IN TABLE	CLSVAR	A given variable name extracted from given balance equation is not registered in the table containing exogenous variables.	Check the exogenous variable table, and input the given variable name into the table when it is found to be new.
VARIABLE NAME --- ***** - IS NOT FOUND IN SDB PLEASE CHECK	DTCALL	A given variable name is not found in the variables referred to from the sub-data bank.	Check if the given variable name is one not registered due to the absence of corresponding data in the sub-data bank.

2-2 Program to Print Out Balance Tables from Sub-Data Bank

(1) Configuration of input data

This program requires input data listed below.

ⓐ NJOB, IFQ (212) (MAIN)

NJOB: The number of printing out balance tables of different types and/or those employing different frequency based on the results of a single calculation.

IFQ: Option of the sub-data bank by frequency.
When IFQ = 1, balance data on a quarterly basis are to be called out.

When IFQ = 0, balance data on a calendar year basis are to be called out.

② TABLE, FREQ, SYEAR, SQUAR, EYEAR, EQUAR, NOUT,
NPRD (A4, A2, 2 (I4, I2), 2I2) (MAIN)

TABLE: Option to indicate types of balance tables

When TABLE = 'EBT', a given table is an energy balance table.

When TABLE = 'CBT', a given table is a commodity balance table.

When TABLE = 'CT', a given table is a concise energy balance table.

FREQ: Option to designate frequency of balance tables

When FREQ = 'C', employed is a calendar year basis.

When FREQ = 'F', employed is a fiscal year basis.

When FREQ = 'Q', employed is a quarterly basis.

SYEAR: The year when calling out of data starts

SQUAR: The quarter when calling out of data starts

When FREQ = 'C' or 'F', this should be set at 0.

EYEAR: The year when calling out of data ends

EQUAR: The quarter when calling out of data ends

When FREQ = 'C' or 'F', this should be set at 0.

NOUT: The number of sheets to be printed out of a type of balance table

NPRD: Designed to set the function of a given period.

When the whole period from SYEAR to EYEAR is to be printed out, this should be set at 0.

③ (YEAR (I), QUAR (I), I = 1, NPRD) (10 (I4, I2, IX)) (MAIN)

Setting of the aforementioned data, of which NPRD is not 0, results in printing out of discontinuous periods. Accordingly, it is required to designate as many numbers of calendar years and quarters to be printed out as set in NPRD.

When FREQ = 'C' or 'F', QUAR should be set at 0.

YEAR should always represent a number found between SYEAR and EYEAR.

Data of 2 and 3 should be repeatedly processed as many numbers as set in NJOB.

Ex. 1 When continuous printing is to be made

	1	5	7	13	18	20	22
	3	0					
EBT	C	1978	01979	0	2	0	
CBT	C	1978	01979	0	1	0	
CT	C	1978	01979	0	1	0	

In this case, the energy balance, commodity balance and concise energy balance tables covering the years of 1978 and 1979 on a calendar year basis are continuously printed out. The numbers of sheets to be printed out of individual types of

(10)

balance tables, each containing the same contents as others, are two for the energy balance table, one for the commodity balance table and one for the concise energy balance table.

Ex. 2 When discontinuous printing is to be made

1	5	7	13	18	20	22
3	0					
EBT	C	1969	01979	0	1	3
1969		01975	01979	0		
CBT	C	1969	01979	0	1	4
1971	C	01973	01976	0	1979	0
CT	C	1969	01979	0	1	1
1977		0				

In this case, a total of three sheets of the energy balance table, each covering the years of 1969, 1975 or 1979 on a calendar year basis, are to be printed out. Also to be printed out are a total of four sheets of the commodity balance tables, each covering the years of 1971, 1973, 1976 or 1979, and sheet of the concise energy balance table covering the year of 1977. Meanwhile, the period to be referred to the sub-data bank for the preparation of the above is the 1969-79 period without an exception.

(2) JCL to make program work out

Shown below is JCL which causes the program to print out balance tables based on the data contained in the sub-data bank to work out.

```
//EPAA10S JOB (A10),SANTOSO,CLASS=B,MSGCLASS=X,NOTIFY=EPAA10
//ST1 EXEC FORXPLG,
// SOUTA=X,FXTERM="SYSOUT=X",GOF6DD="SYSOUT=X"
//PAN1.SYSIN DD *
++WRITE WORK,EDBTABX6
//FORT SYSLIN DD DSN=SSARAB,DISP=(MOD,PASS),UNIT=SCRATCH,
// SPACE=(CYL,(5,5),RISE),DCB=BLKSIZE=80
//LKED.SYSLIB DD DSN=SYS1.FORTLIB,DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=TEST.LINKLIB,DISP=SHR
//LKED.SYSLIN DD DSN=SSARAB,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
// DD *
INCLUDE SYSLIB(SHIFT)
INCLUDE SYSLIB(MASKP)
//GO.FT01F001 DD DSN=N0288.SUBDB,
// DISP=SHR,UNIT=DISK,VOL=SHR=TEST05
//FT12F001 DD DSN=N0289.NETOS,
// DISP=SHR,UNIT=DISK,VOL=SHR=TEST05
//SYSIN DD *
```

DATA CARDS

(11)

EDBTABX6: Source file of the program to print out balance tables
N0288-SUBDB: Sub-data bank
N0299-NETOS: File of variable names in the sub-data bank

1. *Uterine involution* is the process of the uterus returning to its normal size and position after childbirth.

2. *Lochia* is the vaginal discharge consisting of blood, mucus, and uterine lining after childbirth.

3. *Perineal care* involves cleaning the perineal area to prevent infection and promote healing after childbirth.

4. *Emotional support* is crucial for the postpartum woman, helping her cope with the physical and psychological changes.

5. *Breastfeeding* provides essential nutrition for the infant and promotes bonding between the mother and child.

6. *Postpartum depression* is a common condition that affects many women, characterized by feelings of sadness and hopelessness.

7. *Contraception* is important for family planning and preventing unintended pregnancies.

8. *Postnatal care* involves monitoring the health of both the mother and the newborn in the weeks following childbirth.

9. *Maternal health* is a key focus, ensuring the mother's physical and mental well-being during the postpartum period.

10. *Infant care* includes feeding, diapering, and providing a safe and nurturing environment for the newborn.

SYSTEM MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE

SOFTWARE FOR PREPARATION OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY



SYSTEM MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE
— SOFTWARE FOR PREPARATION OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE —

As mentioned in GENERAL MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE II and III, we collected basic energy statistics and built up equations of calculation required for preparing an energy balance table. Needless to say, it is possible to prepare an energy balance table by making manual calculation based on basic energy statistics and equations of calculation. However, it is more desirable to develop computer software so as to realize faster data processing. A energy supply-demand data bank system was developed in this project which was capable of storing micro data, aggregating them into basic energy statistics and generating such statistics as an output. Accordingly, if the energy supply-demand data bank system could be linked with preparation of an energy balance table, it would become possible for us to grasp the flow of energy much faster.

Discussed in this manual is software for preparing an energy balance table, which was developed based on the aforementioned requirement.

1. Basic Policies for Developing Software

For developing software for preparation of an energy balance table, we set up the following three points as basic policies.

The first point is to link the energy supply-demand data bank system of which development has already completed as mentioned before with our preparation of the energy balance table by some means, in other words, to receive basic energy statistics from the data bank which can aggregate micro data and output the results and make the best use of them in our preparing the energy balance table. However, data scheduled to be stored in the energy data bank system this year are primarily those on oil and gas and data on electric power, coal and other types of energy are not scheduled to. Accordingly, it is required to acquire a function to read out data on the latter types of energy from descriptions contained in cards. As a method to link the energy supply-demand data bank with our preparation of the table, the following is considered: to set an intermediate file and, using the energy supply-demand data bank system, to output basic energy statistics into the file first. The basic energy statistics are then input into a program of energy balance table.

The second point is related to configuration of the energy balance table, that is, to write numbers and titles of rows and columns directly in the program without giving them codes. When configuration should be changed, we can complete such operations only when we change statements and numbers of data contained in the program. Changes in configuration of the table are required only when a number of items of energy should be newly added or a comprehensive change in structure of industries is needed. It is considered that processes to change the program in accordance with such new requirements are not so troublesome.

(2)

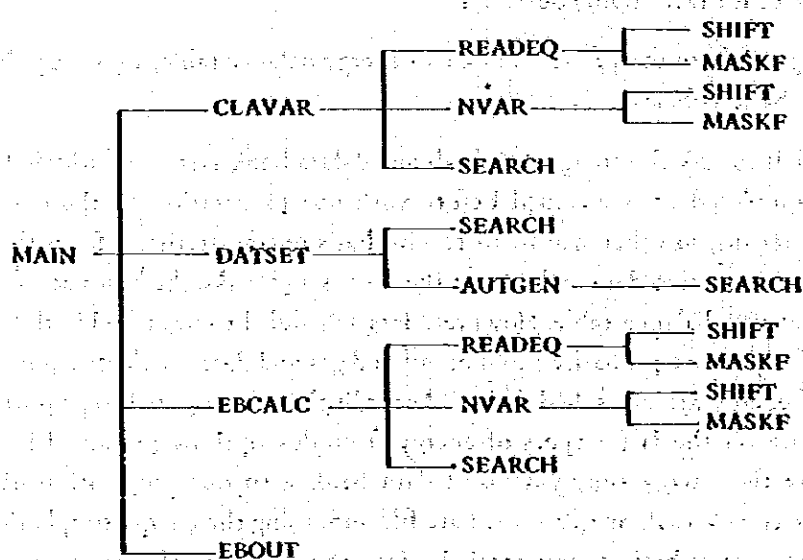
The third point is to give codes to equations of energy balance without writing them directly in the program. Because Indonesia is still on the way in establishing a system of basic energy statistics and it is quite probable that methods to collect statistics will be changed substantially, which means that equations of calculation of the energy balance table should also be changed frequently. Such being the situation, it will be extremely troublesome to change the program every time such a need arises and to compile a program newly. To avoid such a trouble, it is necessary to attach a function to the program to read equations of calculation as data and make calculations by decoding them.

While we were engaged in preparation of software in accordance with the aforementioned three points established as basic policies, the third point, in particular, is considered to form a special feature of software discussed in this manual.

2. Configuration of Program

Fig. 1 shows configuration of the program in which correlation between a main program and subroutines is indicated.

Fig. 1 Configuration of Program



Explained below are the main program and subroutines indicated in Fig. 1:

(1) Main Program - MAIN

To read equations of energy balance as data, recall basic energy statistics stored in the energy supply-demand data bank, make calculations in accordance with equations of energy balance and output an energy table, the following four steps are required.

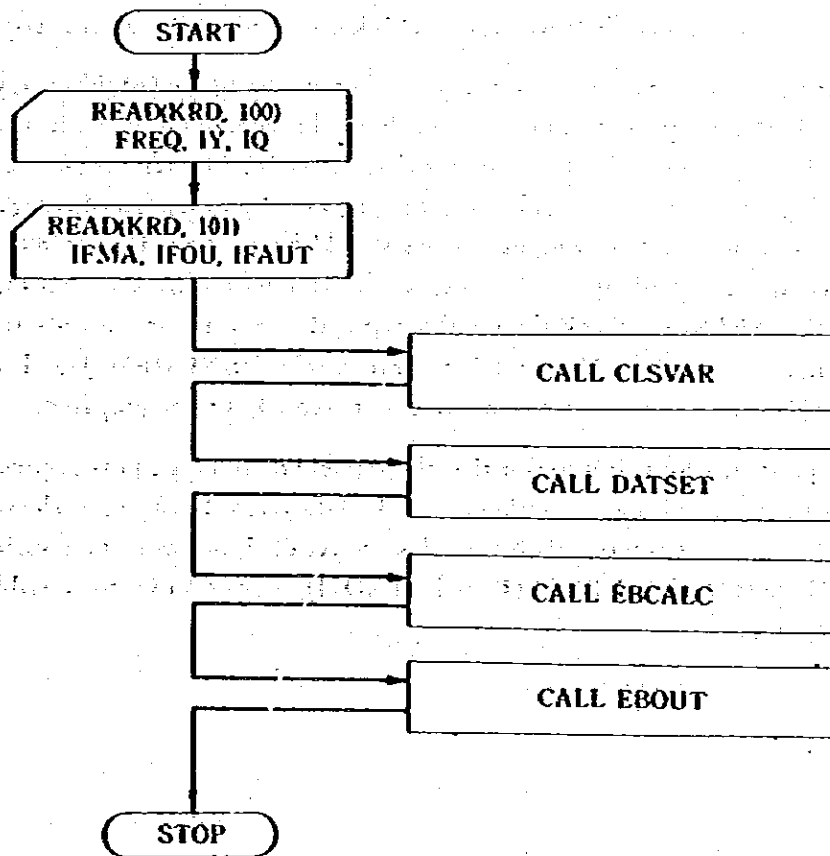
1. To read out equations of energy balance from a permanent file, extract variables

other than those indicated in each column of the energy balance table, that is, variables representing basic energy statistics and variable names of intermediate variables from the equations, and prepare a position where values of these variables are to be stored (subroutine CLSVAR).

2. To read variable values extracted in a manner mentioned above from a file prepared using an energy supply-demand data bank system or paper cards, and prepare variable values required for calculations (subroutine DATSET).
3. To read equations of energy balance again from the permanent file and calculate values of individual columns of the energy balance table in accordance with the equations (subroutine EBCALC).
4. Based on the results of calculations, to output the energy balance table (subroutine EBOUT).

In the main program, optional data to indicate year, frequency and quarter (when data collection is conducted on a quarterly basis) and those required for calculations are read out from paper cards, which is followed by a process to recall four subroutine programs to conduct operations required for the four steps mentioned above. Fig. 2 shows flow chart of the main program.

Fig. 2 Flow Chart of Main Program MAIN



(4)

(2) Subroutine CLSVAR

Purposes of this subroutine are to extract variable names of basic energy statistics and intermediate variables required from equations of energy balance which are stored in the permanent file and secure a position where variable values are to be stored. Fig. 3 shows flow chart of this subroutine.

In this subroutine, a subroutine REAEQ is recalled first to cause MEQ(I) (I = 1, 80) to memorize equations of energy balance by replacing a word consisting of an equation with a character and NEQ(I) (I = 1, 80), indicators to classify operators and variable names, is calculated. Data format for equations of energy balance contained in the permanent file and principle of calculations for the indicators will be explained later in section of Subroutine READEQ. Secondly, characters from 1 to 80 of NEQ(I) are checked one by one in that order to identify if a character indicates an operator or a variable name.

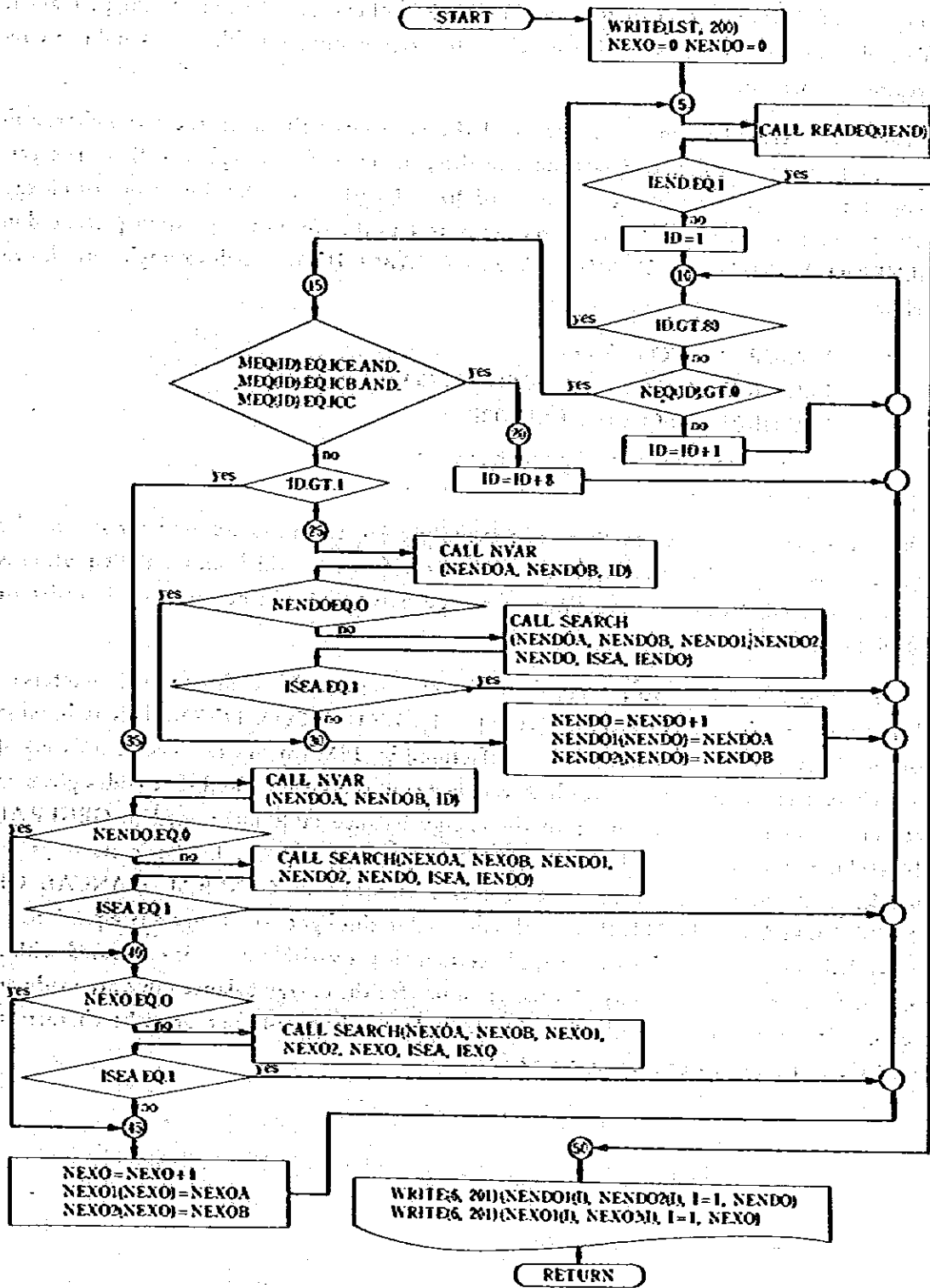
When it is identified that a character indicate an operator, the next character is brought up for a check of same nature.

As to identification of characters in respect to variable names which is carried out when identification of characters indicating operators is over, the first three characters are checked if they consists of EBC because characters consisting of EBC**R** show they represent a numerical figure of the energy balance table. When it is identified that characters represent a numerical figure of the energy balance table, a check on the ninth character is conducted.

When it is identified that characters do not represent a numerical figure of the energy balance table, the figure in the position of I of characters checked is checked if or not it is represented by 1. When I is represented by 1, it is meant that the variable represents an intermediate variable (an endogenous variable) calculated in the process of preparation of energy balance equations. In that case, the following operations should be conducted; to recall NVAR, a subroutine to compose variable names based on each character memorized by MEQ(I), and using a subroutine SEARCH, check the variable name if or not is one already registered. Whenever it is not, the new variable name is to be memorized in NENDO1(J) and NENDO2(J) and VENDO(J), a position where variable values are stored, is to be prepared.

When I is not represented by 1, it is meant that the variable represents an exogenous variable which does not permit a calculation without outside data given. In this case, the same subroutines as in the cases of intermediate variables are recalled, names of new variables are memorized in NEXO1(J) and NEXO2(J) and VEXO(J), a position where variable values are stored, is prepared.

Fig. 3 Flow Chart of Subroutine CLSVAR



(6)

(3) Subroutine READEQ.

Purposes of this subroutine are to read out equations of energy balance from the permanent file and calculate indicators to identify characters representing variable names and those representing operators.

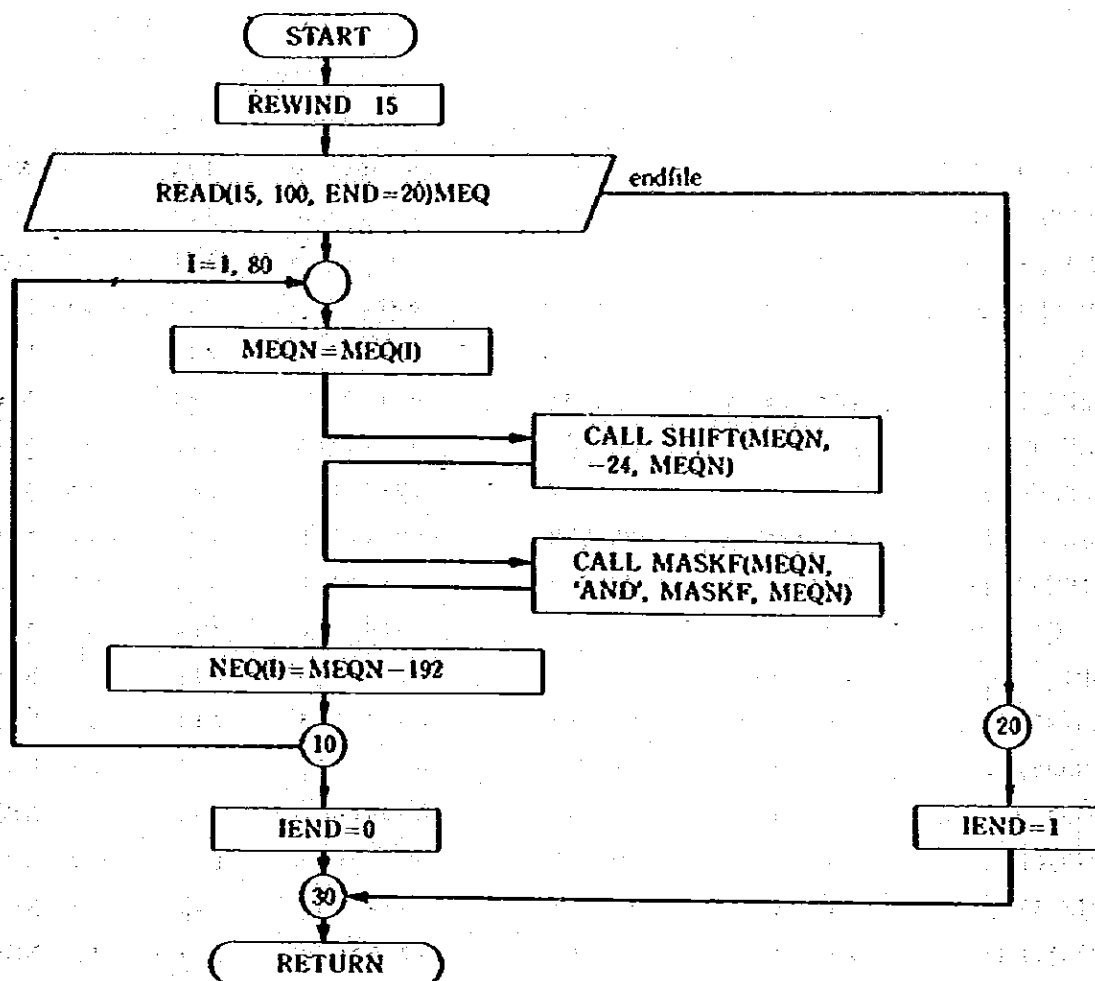
Because it is needed to change contents of the permanent file when there is a change in equations of energy balance, data format of the permanent file is explained first. The permanent file consists of paper card image of fixed length record 80. Equations of energy balance, given a row for each, are stored separately in the form of expression presented in GENERAL MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE III, of which examples are shown below.

```
EBC02R02 = ICCO*FCCO
EBC02R05 = (WCCO (-1)-WCCO)*FCCO
EBC02R06 = EBC02R02 + EBC02R05
.....
.....
```

When an equation consists of characters exceeding 80, two rows are used for storing the equation inserting a character of ; at the end of the first row which means the equation is to be continued. Meantime, equations of energy balance should be arranged in order of calculation rank.

According to a rule, a variable name should be expressed with a code of four characters or eight characters (ex. EBC02R02, WCCO (-1), ICCO, WCCO, FCCO). This is because Pertamina has introduced computers manufactured by IBM which use a code consisting of four characters to represent a word. Accordingly, it should be noted that codes given to categories and rows and columns of the energy balance table mentioned in GENERAL MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE I and codes representing basic statistics on energies and thermal quantity scale factors mentioned in GENERAL MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE II were also decided in this light. To change any equations of energy balance, it should be always made certain that a variable name is expressed with a code of four or eight characters. All the programs for the energy balance table are made on the promise that a variable name is given a code consisting of four or eight characters. Fig. 4 shows flow chart of subroutine READEQ.

Fig. 4 Flow Chart of Subroutine READEQ



First of all, a row of an energy balance equation stored in the permanent file is recalled character by character per word according to a format of 80A1 into $MEQ(I)$ ($I = 1, 80$), an integer-type array. Secondly, without an interruption, $NEQ(I)$ ($I = 1, 80$) indicator to identify characters representing operators and those representing variable names is calculated. Fig. 5 shows a principle of such a calculation taking an equation of $EBC0202 = ICCO + FCCO$ as an example.

Fig. 5 Principle of Calculation of Indicator NEQ(I)

	Character mode	Hexadecimal	Subroutine	Subroutine	MEQN		Code
			SHIFT	MASKF	Hexadecimal	Decimal	
MEQ(1)	E	C5404040	—	C 5	000000C5	197	5 NEQ(1) +
MEQ(2)	B	C2404040	—	C 2	000000C2	194	2 NEQ(2) +
MEQ(3)	C	C3404040	—	C 3	000000C3	195	3 NEQ(3) +
MEQ(4)	0	F0404040	—	F 0	000000F0	240	48 NEQ(4) +
MEQ(5)	2	F2404040	—	F 2	000000F2	242	50 NEQ(5) +
MEQ(6)	R	D9404040	—	D 9	000000D9	217	15 NEQ(6) +
MEQ(7)	0	F0404040	—	F 0	000000F0	240	48 NEQ(7) +
MEQ(8)	2	F2404040	—	F 2	000000F2	242	50 NEQ(8) +
MEQ(9)	=	7E404040	—	7 E	0000007E	126	-66 NEQ(9) -
MEQ00	I	C9404040	—	C 9	000000C9	201	9 NEQ00 +
MEQ01	G	C3404040	—	C 3	000000C3	195	3 NEQ01 +
MEQ02	G	C3404040	—	C 3	000000C3	195	3 NEQ02 +
MEQ03	O	D6404040	—	D 6	000000D6	214	12 NEQ03 +
MEQ04	*	5C404040	—	5 C	0000005C	60	-132 NEQ04 -
MEQ05	F	C6404040	—	C 6	000000C6	198	6 NEQ05 +
MEQ06	G	C3404040	—	C 3	000000C3	195	3 NEQ06 +
MEQ07	G	C3404040	—	C 3	000000C3	195	3 NEQ07 +
MEQ08	O	D6404040	—	D 6	000000D6	214	12 NEQ08 +

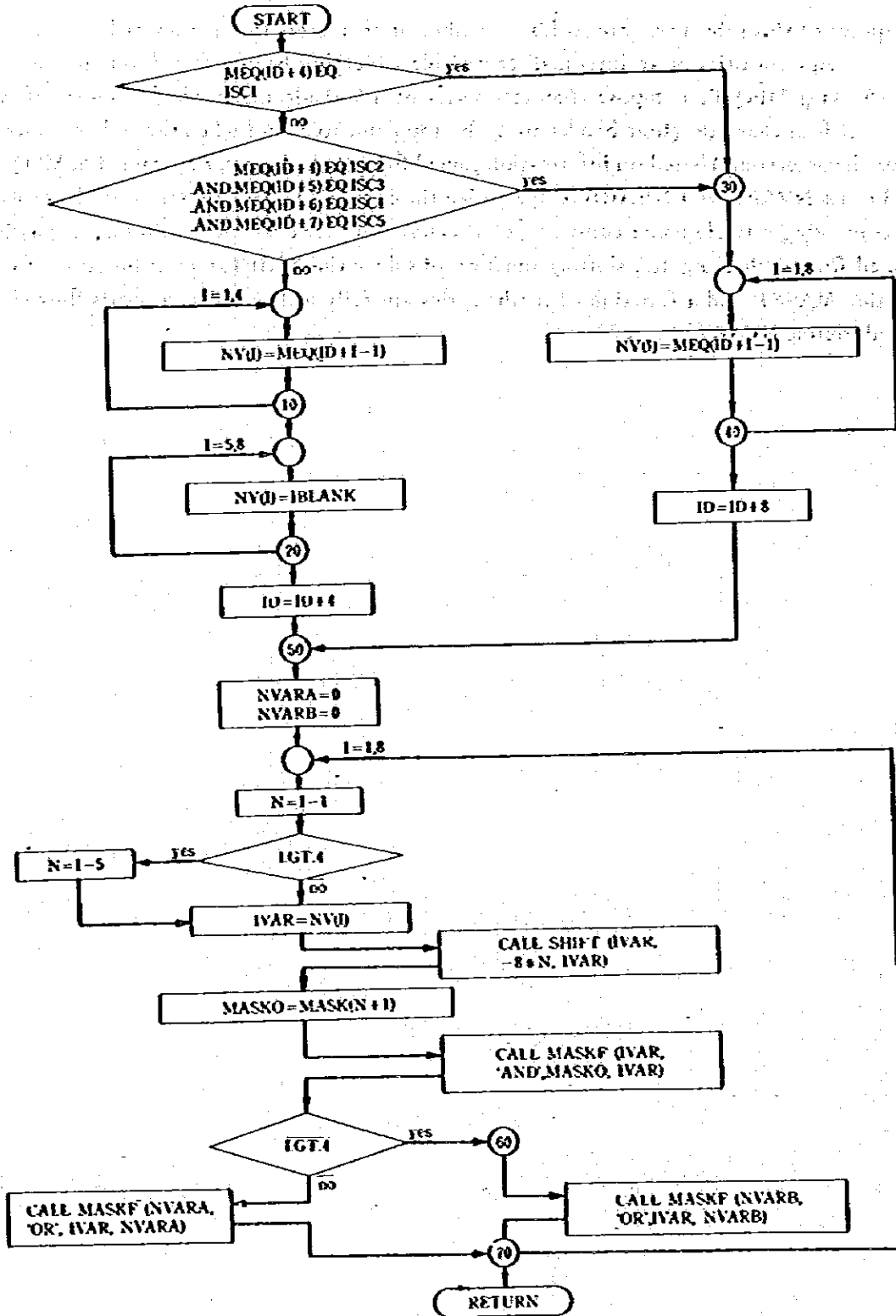
When displayed in the mode of character, characters of energy balance equations appear in MEQ(I). However, when hexadecimal display is introduced taking it into a consideration that they are integer-type variables, integers as shown in the second column from left are obtained. While hexadecimal codes representing individual characters of energy balance equations are inclining toward left, they are shifted toward right using a subroutine SHIFT. Part other than hexadecimal codes is cleared to 0 using a subroutine MASKF and turned to integers hexadecimal display as shown in the fifth column from left. When presented in decimal display, they turn to integers as shown in the sixth column from left. Finally, NEQ(I) is obtained by subtracting 192 (hexadecimal code C0) from these integers. As known from codes given to NEQ(I), codes of - are used for operator and special character while codes of + are used for alphanumeric. Accordingly, it is possible to identify either of a variable name or an operator is represented by the characters by judging codes, plus or minus, of NEQ(I). While names of variables of equations of energy balance, which consist of & and (-1), are expressed as special character, they can be specifically processed in a subroutine CLSVAR.

(4) Subroutine NVAR

Purposes of this subroutine are to learn number of characters forming a variable name of a basic energy statistics or an intermediate variable which has been referred to in the process of checking MEQ(I), compose character series of a variable name which consists of two units of four-character (four blanks are to be supplemented later when the code consists of four characters only) based on information gained from each character contained in MEQ(I), and cause NVARA and NVARB to memorize the composed character series. In the process of composing variable name consisting of two units of four-character based on information gained from each character, shifting function of subroutine SHIFT, 0 clear function of subroutine MASKF and a function of mathematics are fully utilized. Fig. 6 shows flow chart of subroutine NVAR.

(10)

Fig. 6 Flow Chart of Subroutine NVAR



Composition of variable names is explained below by taking an eight-character code, CADO &AGR, as an example. According to DO loop shown in the first half of the flow chart, information gained from each character is first transmitted to NV(J) (J = 1, 8). That is;

NV (1) = C , NV (2) = A , NV (3) = D , NV (4) = O ,
 NV (5) = & , NV (6) = A , NV (7) = G , NV (8) = R

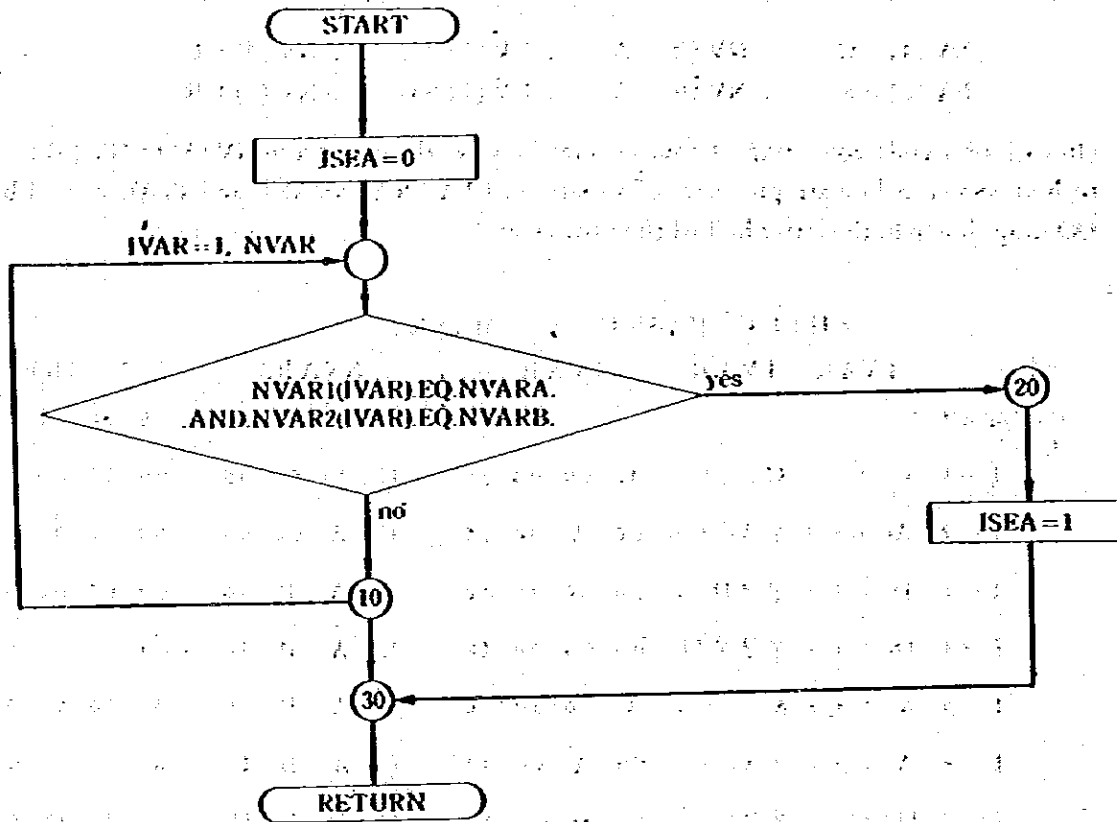
(In case of a code consisting of four characters only, the parts from NV (5) to NV (8) turn to be.) Shown below are processes of variation of NVARA, NVARB and IVAR caused by DO loop shown in the latter half of the flow chart.

	SHIFT		MASKF		MASKF				NVARA				NVARB			
	IVAR	IVAR	IVAR	IVAR												
Do loop not started									00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
I = 1	C	C	C	00	00	00	00	C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
I = 2	A	? A	00	A	00	00	00	C	A	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
I = 3	D	? ? D	00	00	D	00	00	C	A	D	00	00	00	00	00	00
I = 4	O	? ? ? O	00	00	00	O	00	C	A	D	O	00	00	00	00	00
I = 5	&	&	&	00	00	00	00	C	A	D	O	&	00	00	00	00
I = 6	A	? A	00	A	00	00	00	C	A	D	O	&	A	00	00	00
I = 7	G	? ? G	00	00	G	00	00	C	A	D	O	&	A	G	00	00
I = 8	R	? ? ? R	00	00	00	R	00	C	A	D	O	&	A	G	R	00

Thus, four characters of 'CADO' are memorized in NVARA and another four characters of '&AGR' in NVARB. Meantime, 00 is an expression attributable to hexadecimal codes. '?' does not represent definite character but means that definite character is unknown, which, in turn, requires an operation of 0 clear using subroutine MASKF.

(12)

Fig. 7 Flow Chart of Subroutine SEARCH



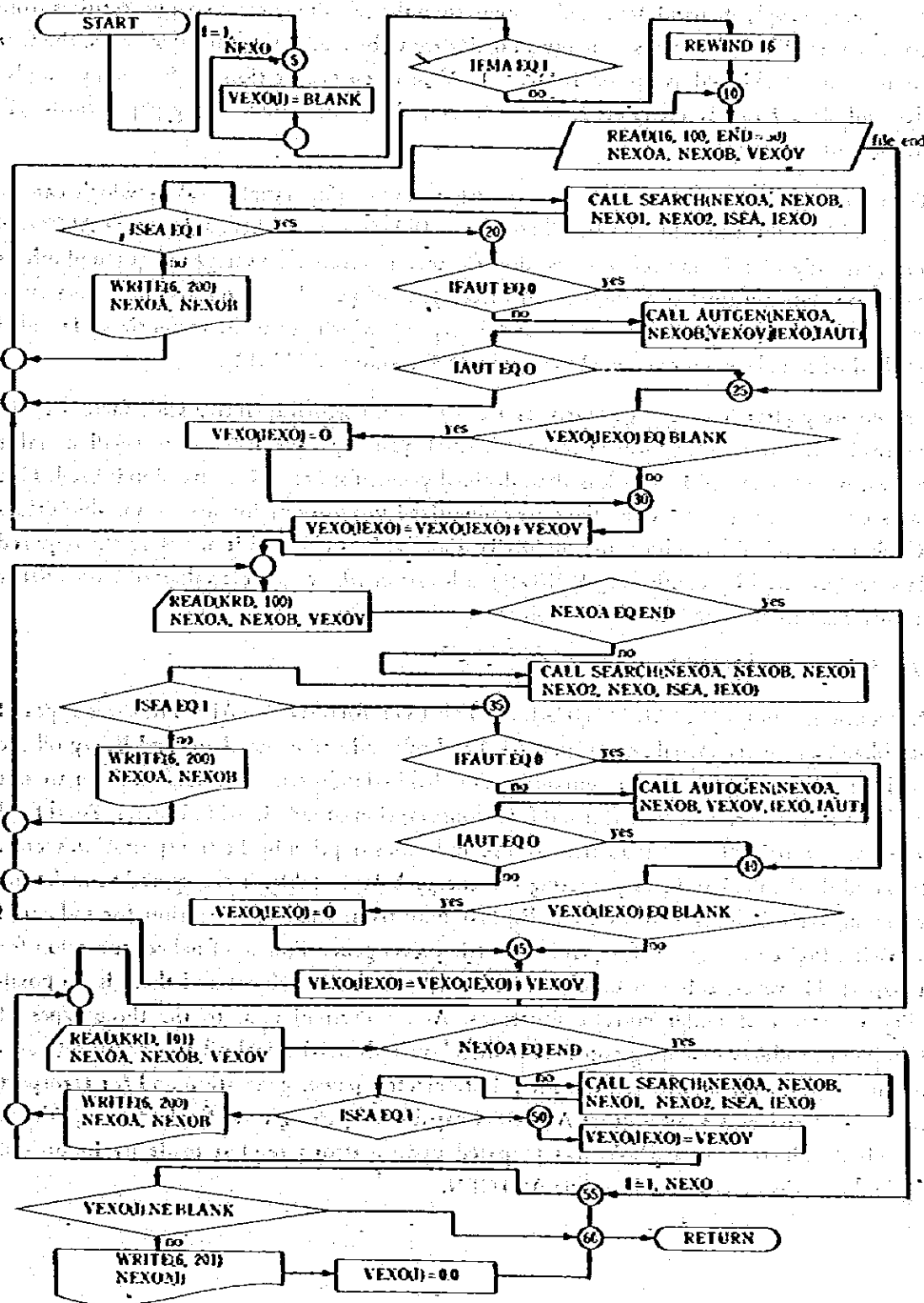
(5) Subroutine SEARCH

Purposes of this subroutine are to check a list of variable names from the beginning when variable names representing basic energy statistics or intermediate variables are retrieved search positions where variable values are to be memorized, and check if or not variable names retrieved have already registered. Fig. 7 shows flow chart of this subroutine. Whether registered or not can be judged from ISEA, 0 or 1, and positions where variable values are to be memorized can be searched based on values of IVAR.

(6) Subroutine DATSET

Purposes of this subroutine are to read out data contained in basic energy statistics from the file prepared by using the energy supply-demand data bank system or paper cards, and cause them to be memorized in positions where variable values corresponding to individual variable names are stored. Fig. 8 shows flow chart of subroutine DATSET.

Fig. 8 Flow Chart of Subroutine DATSET



(14)

To start with, basic energy statistics are to be read out from the file prepared by using the energy supply-demand data bank system, then the remaining basic energy statistics from paper cards. When all the basic energy statistics are to be read out from paper cards, the first route is to be skipped as option IFMA = 1. Also, when preparation of the energy supply-demand data bank is completed in the future, the second route using paper cards will become unnecessary.

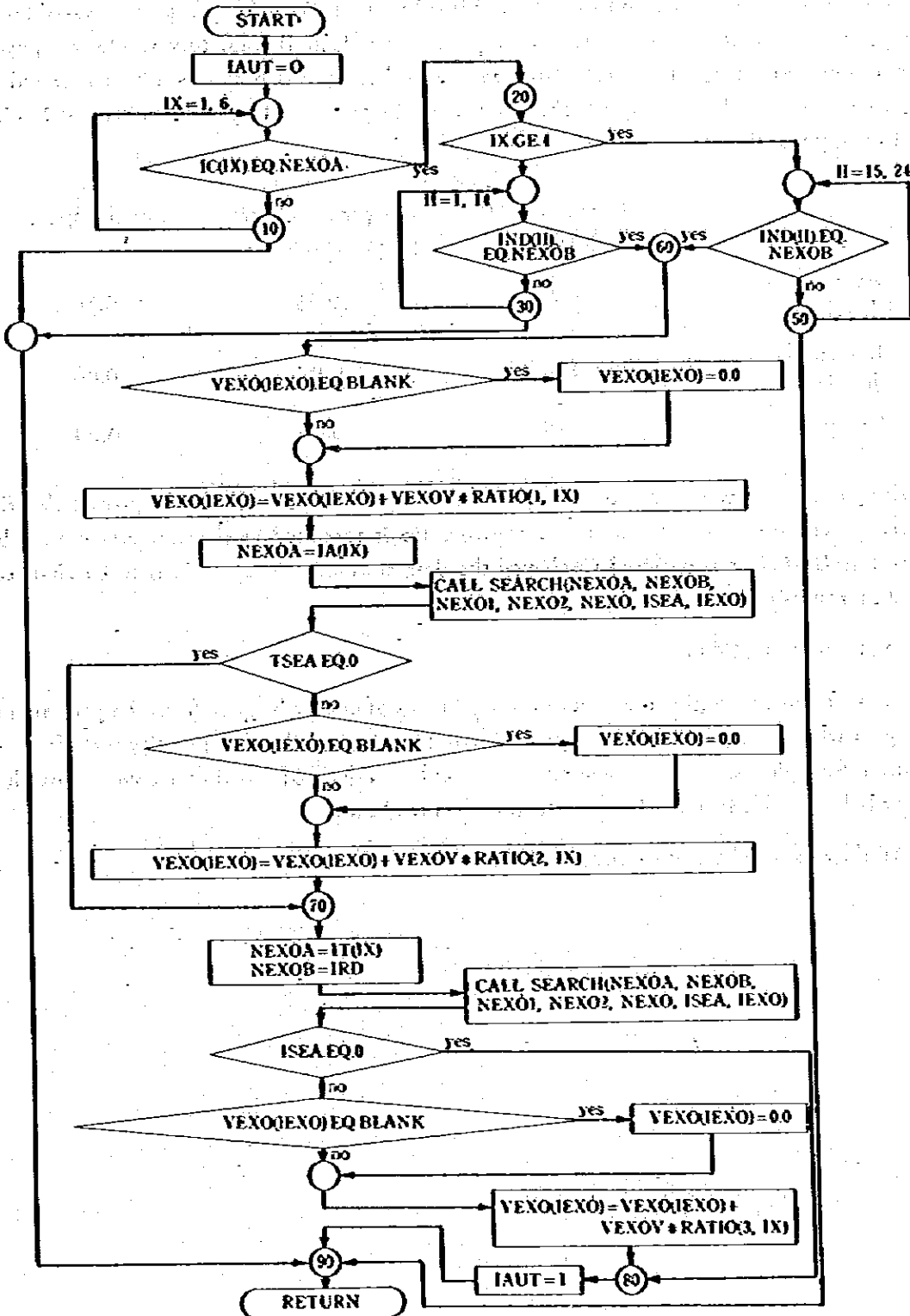
Data thus read out are memorized in positions for storing variable values which can be searched by subroutine SEARCH. When option IFAUT = 1 is taken, subroutine AUTGEN automatically calculated fuel consumption for private electric power generation and others based on data on final consumption of three types of petroleum products including automotive diesel oil, industrial diesel oil and heavy oil, which are to be memorized. Detailed method of calculation is explained in section of Subroutine AUTGEN.

Immediately after basic energy statistics are read out, thermal quantity scale factors are to be read out from paper cards. Because thermal quantity scale factors are small in value representing numerical figures less than decimal point, format of B conversion is used. Like cases of basic energy statistics, they are memorized in positions for storing variable values which are searched by subroutine SEARCH. Finally, it is checked if or not all the required data are prepared by confirming VEXO(1), a location where variable values of basic energy statistics are to be stored, from the beginning.

(7) Subroutine AUTGEN

As mentioned in GENERAL MANUAL OF ENERGY BALANCE TABLE II, three types of petroleum products including automotive diesel oil, industrial diesel oil and heavy oil are used for private electric power generation in individual industries, but data on them are not available as they are included in total final consumption of individual industries. Total final consumption of individual industries also include consumption in the transportation sector. To avoid dual calculations in preparing the energy balance table, it is required to make the following data independent as to individual industries; final consumption for industrial activities, fuel consumption for private electric power generation and final consumption for transport. However, this can be considered only as a future subject and there is no possibility to realize it under current situations. As an alternative, as to the three types of petroleum products including automotive diesel oil, industrial diesel oil and heavy oil, ratio of consumption for industrial uses, for private electric power generation and for transport were postulated and a subroutine AUTGEN capable of parting total final consumption of individual industries as a whole was prepared upon a strong request made by Indonesia. Fig. 9 shows flow chart of subroutine AUTGEN.

Fig. 9 Flow Chart of Subroutine AUTGEN



(16)

First of all, variable names are checked to learn if or not basic energy statistics are those which are to be processed and parted by this subroutine. When they represent variables to be processed by this subroutine, consumption for industrial uses, private electric power generation and transport are calculated in this order, of which results are memorized in separate positions for storing variable values. Ratio postulated by the Ministry of Mining and Energy this time are as follows;

	For industrial activities	For private electric power generation	For transport
Automotive diesel oil	0.45	0.45	0.10
Industrial diesel oil	1.00	0.00	0.00
Heavy oil	1.00	0.00	0.00

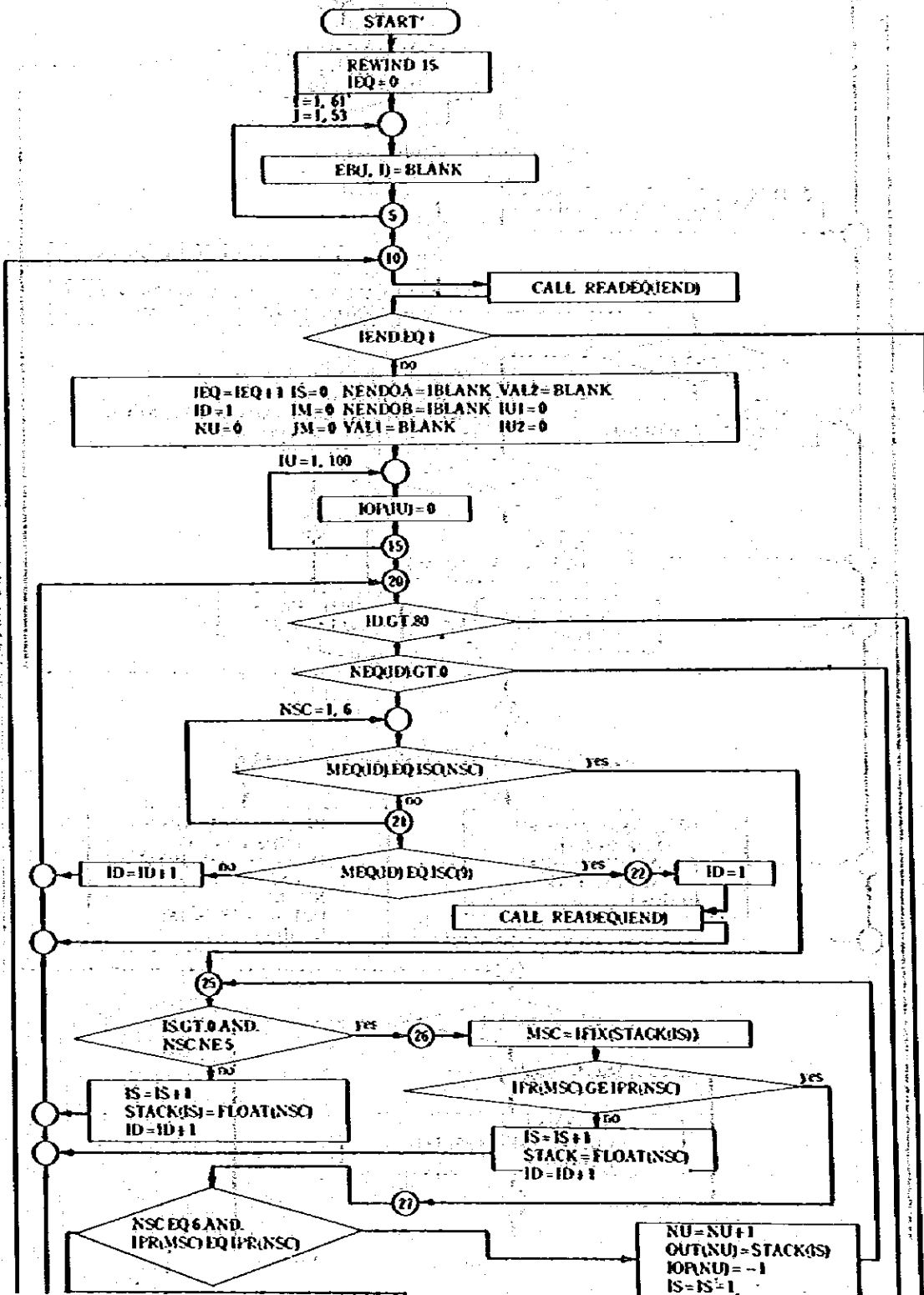
As shown above, it was assumed that only automotive diesel oil was used for private electric power generation. Because the above shown ratio is recorded as data statement in subroutine AUTGEN, it is required to change the data statement when ratio is to be changed based on results of future survey.

(8) Subroutine EBCALC

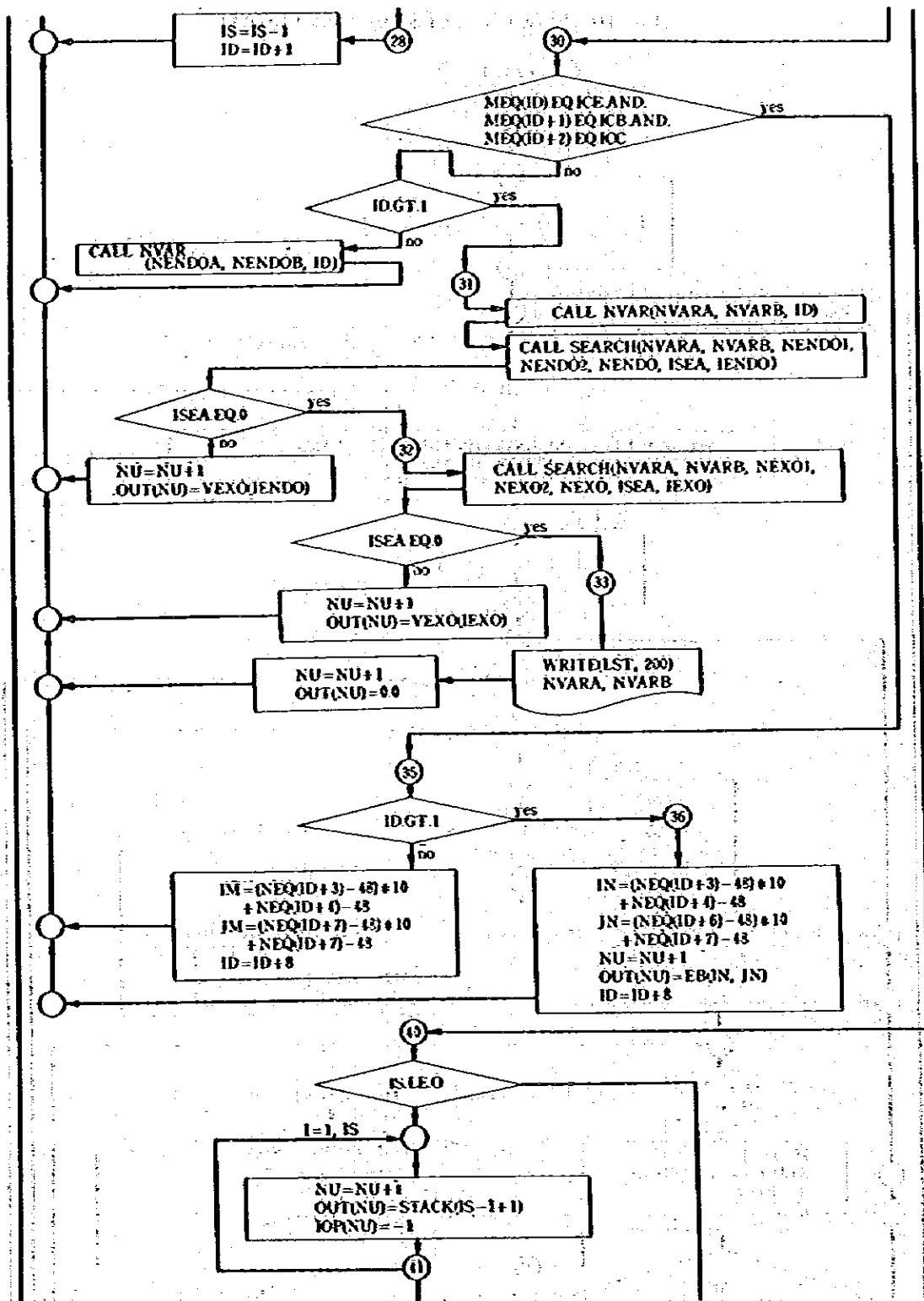
Purposes of this subroutine are to read out equations of energy balance from the permanent file again when preparation of basic statistics on energies and thermal quantity scale factors required for calculation is completed, and calculate values of individual columns of the energy balance table in accordance with equations read out.

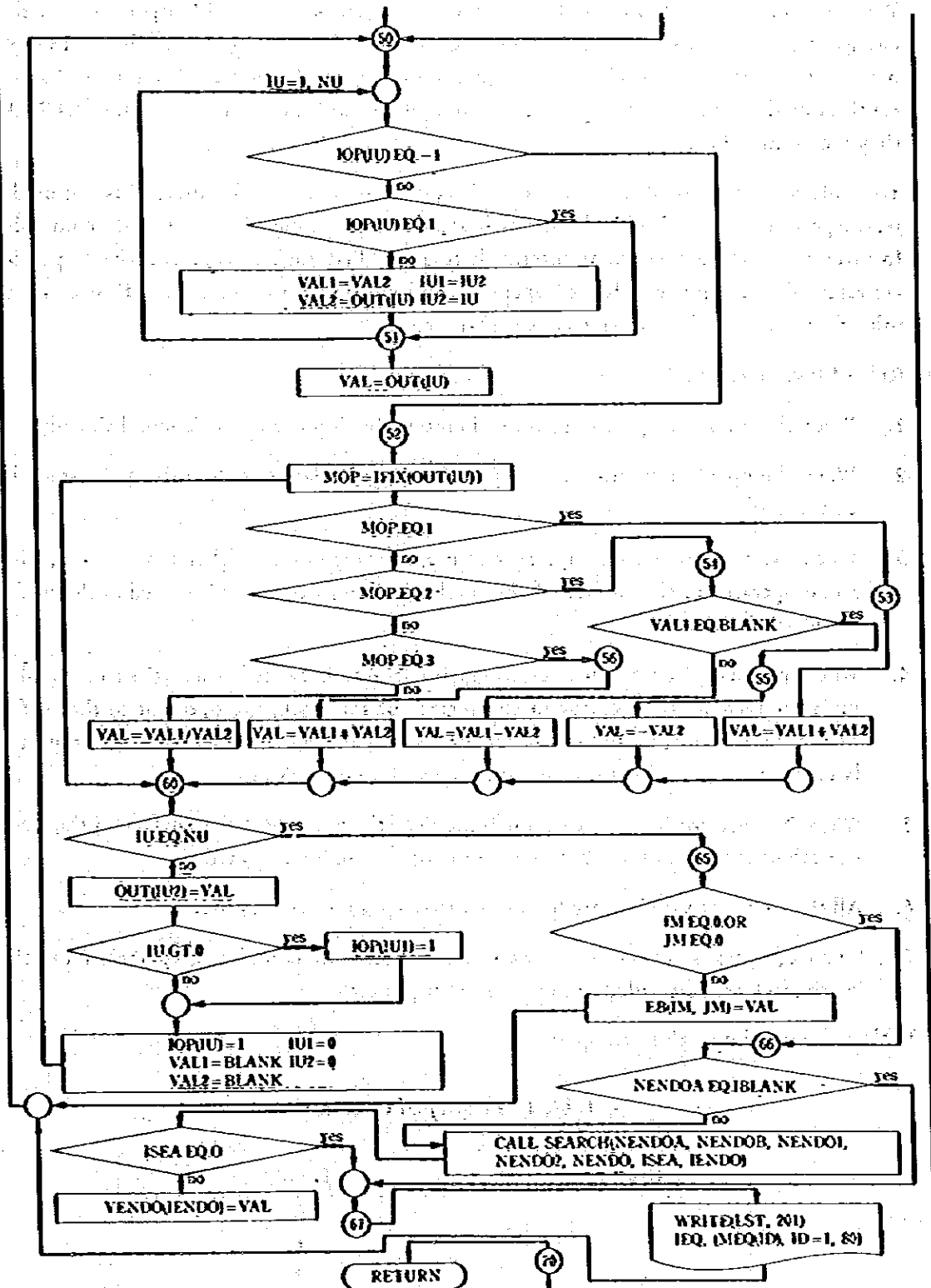
Fig. 10 shows flow chart of subroutine EBCALC.

Fig. 10 Flow Chart of Subroutine EBCALC



(18)





Because methods to decode and classify variable names representing operator and basic energy statistics, variable names representing values of the energy balance table and variable names of intermediate variables from equations of energy balance read out as well as sub-routines used for the aforementioned decoding were explained in the section of CLSVAR, they are omitted here.

To make a calculation in accordance with equations of energy balance, it is required to rearrange operators and variable names based on a rule called inverse poland conversion. In inverse poland conversion, an intermediate area called stack is prepared, where operators are reserved to rearrange orders of operators and individual variable names. First of all, the rule of inverse poland conversion is explained below.

Rule of Inverse Poland Conversion

1. When the stack is empty, an operator in input area is moved there unconditionally.
2. When the operator in input area represents (, it is placed at the top of the stack unconditionally.
3. When priority given to an operator in input area is ranked higher than priority given to an operator in the surface of the stack, the former operator is placed in the surface of the stack.
4. When priority given to an operator in input area is ranked lower than or equal to priority given to an operator in the surface of the stack, the operator in the surface of the stack is transmitted to output area. Comparison mentioned above are repeatedly made among operators forwarded to the surface of the stack.
5. When the operator in input area represent) and the operator in the surface of the stack, (, both of them are erased before the next operation is conducted.
6. All the names of variables are forwarded to output area as they are.
7. When operations concerning numerical expression are completed, symbols remaining in the stack are forwarded one by one to output area.

Table 1 shows priority given to operators.

Table 1 Priority of Operators

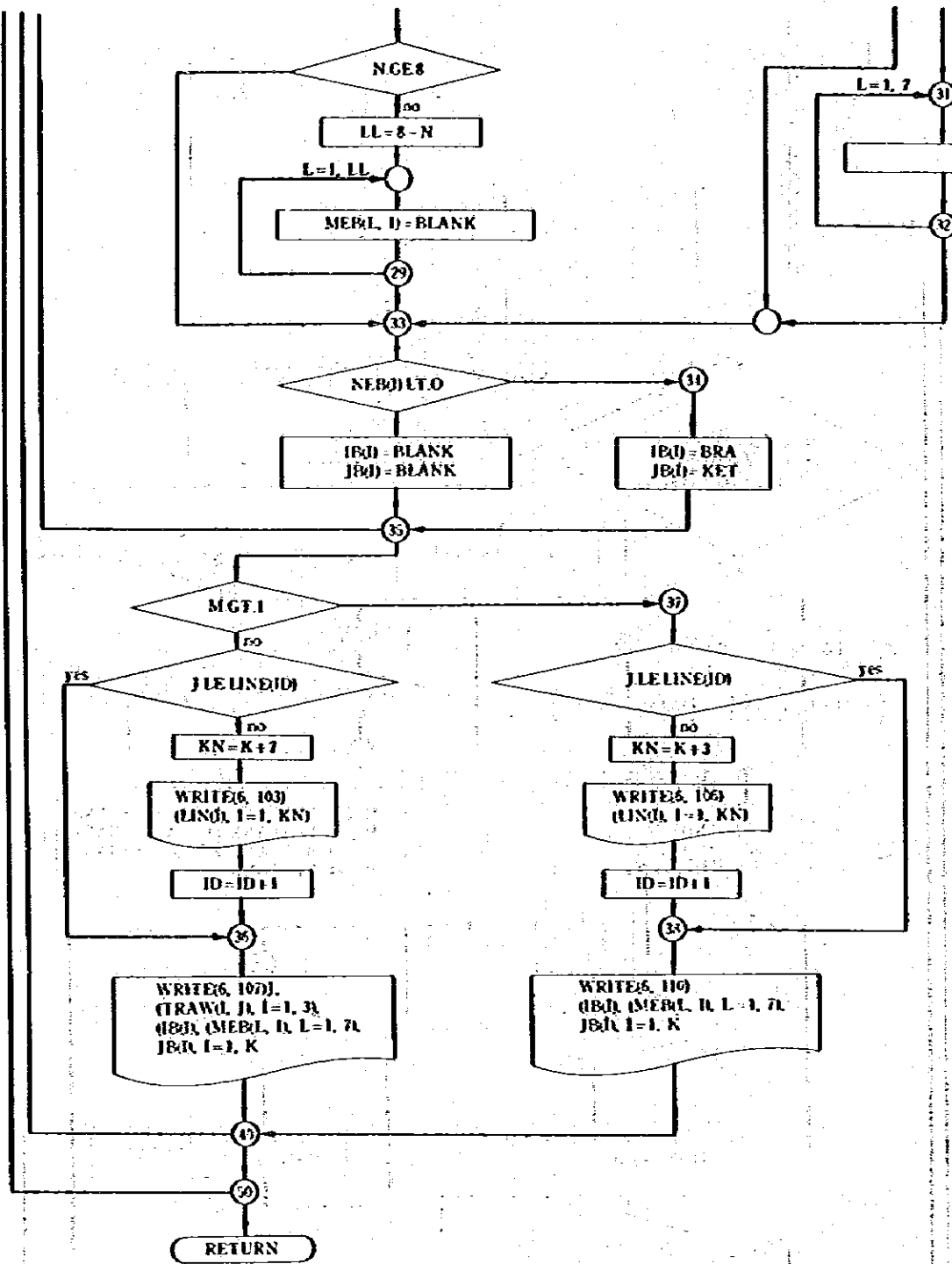
Operator	Priority
=	0
()	1
+ -	2
* /	3
†	4

After energy balance equations are read out by subroutine READEQ, subroutine EBCALC identifies variable names and operators and the former is rearranged in accordance with inverse poland conversion mentioned above. When a variable name represents numerical value of energy balance tabular statement to be calculated, a column number IM and a row number JM forming the variable name are extracted and memorized. When a variable name represents an intermediate variable to be calculated, it is memorized in NENDOA and NENDOB. When a variable name represents numerical value of the energy balance table which has been already calculated, a column number IN and a row number JN forming the variable name are extracted and numerical value of a column EB (IN, JN) is recalled, which is then forwarded to output area. When a variable name represents a basic energy statistics or an intermediate variable which has been already calculated, a position where variable value is to be memorized is searched by subroutine SEARCH based on the variable name, and variable value is then forwarded to output area.

Taking procedures above mentioned, variable values and operators are rearranged based on the rule of inverse poland conversion into an array OUT (I) which represents output area. Meantime, an array of indicator IOP (I) is subordinated to OUT (I) in the ratio of 1 : 1. IOP (I) is represented by 0 in cases of variable values and by -1 in cases of operators. When rearrangement based on the rule of inverse poland conversion is completed, calculation is to be made first as to variable values, then operators. In the concrete terms, the following calculations are made in the subroutine: the first -1 (operator) is retrieved by checking IOP (I) from the beginning; an operation is conducted using the operator between two variable values immediately preceding the operator; the result of the calculation is memorized in the position storing the variable value close to operator of the two variable values used for the operation while IOP (I) representing distant variable value is changed to 1; checking IOP (I) again from the beginning, an operator (having IOP (I) of -1) is searched and the same operations as mentioned above are repeated; when calculation is completed, in cases of numerical values of the energy balance table, values obtained from calculation are input into EB (IM, JM) using a column number IM and a row number JM which have been memorized. In cases of intermediate variables, values obtained from calculation are input into positions for memorizing variable values where is to be searched by subroutine SEARCH using NENDOA and NENDOB which have been memorized.

(9) Subroutine EBOUT

Purposes of this subroutine are to give the results of calculation titles of rows and columns of the energy balance table, and output them. Fig. 11 shows flow chart of subroutine EBOUT.



Maximum number of characters printed in a line by Line Printer of a computer is 132. Accordingly, an energy balance table to be output consists of five pieces of sheet which are classified based on columns. To prepare an energy balance table, it is necessary to leave columns where calculation of energy balance is not to be made blank, and to output a numerical value of 0 into a column of which calculation results in 0. When output is made based on numerical value conversion using I conversion or F conversion, the energy balance table becomes unsatisfactory because numerical value of 0 is shown in columns where should be left blank. In this light, subroutine EBOUT, using A conversion which features character mode for output, is able to distinguish columns of 0 from those where should be left blank. Meantime, this requires an establishment of a route in the subroutine to process values of calculation and convert them into information of character mode of decimal display.

In addition, special processing as mentioned below are carried out in preparing the energy balance table. The first special processing is to state NA in the columns where no calculation is made due to absence of basic energy statistics. The second is to state numerical values in parentheses in several columns as reference values which are not to be included in lengthwise and crosswise addition. The third is related to units.

That is, while there are two types of output tables of an energy balance table, one using a unified unit and the other using units peculiar to individual types of energy resources, several columns have to be left blank in case of the latter because it is not possible to make an addition between heterogenous items like an apple and an orange. Columns of energy balance table for which special processing aforementioned should be made are given column numbers and row numbers beforehand in the form of data statements.

In subroutine EBOUT, IEB(I, J) are calculated first as indicator of columns for which special processing should be made based on column numbers and row numbers aforementioned. While one of values ranging from 0 to 7 is applied for IEB(I, J), processing to be made for each value are as follows.

IEB (I, J)	Processing
0	Special processing not needed.
1	Parentheses are required.
2	Output should be NA when calculation value is 0.
3	Column is to be left blank when units peculiar to individual energy resources are used in the table.
4	Parentheses are required and output should be NA when calculation value is 0.
5	Parentheses are required and column should be left blank when units are not unified.
6	Output should be NA when calculation value is 0 and column should be left blank when unit are not unified.
7	Parentheses are required, output should be NA when calculation value is 0 and column should be left blank when units are not unified.

Secondly, output of titles of rows are generated, which is followed by conversion into output information of character mode to be made based on calculation value of each row, which are then generated as output. As to titles of rows, it is decided to print out them at the beginning of output only. When configuration of rows and columns of the energy balance table as well as titles are to be changed, data statements within this subroutine are also to be modified.

(28)

```
C
C
DATA KRD/5/,LST/6/
DATA ICE/'E' '//,ICB/'B' '//,ICC/'C' '/'
C
C
200 FORMAT(1H1)
201 FORMAT((1H ,12(2A4,2X)))
C
C
READ EQUATIONS
C
WRITE(LST,200)
NEXO=0
NENDO=0
5 CALL READEQ(IEND)
IF(IEND.EQ.1) GO TO 50
C
C
ID=1
10 IF(ID.GT.80) GO TO 5
IF(NEQ(ID).GT.0) GO TO 15
ID=ID+1
GO TO 10
C
C
15 IF(NEQ(ID).EQ.ICC.AND.NEQ(ID).EQ.ICB.AND.NEQ(ID).EQ.ICC) GO TO 20
IF(ID.GT.1) GO TO 35
GO TO 25
C
C
VAR. NAME EBC**R** CASE
C
20 ID=ID+8
GO TO 10
C
C
ENDOGRESSIVE VAR. NAME CASE
C
25 CALL HVAR(NENDOA,NENDOB,ID)
IF(NENDO.EQ.0) GO TO 30
CALL SEARCH(NENDOA,NENDOB,NENDO1,NENDO2,NENDO,ISEA,IENDO)
IF(ISEA.EQ.1) GO TO 10
30 NENDO=NENDO+1
NENDO1(NENDO)=NENDOA
NENDO2(NENDO)=NENDOB
GO TO 10
C
C
EXOGRESSIVE VAR. NAME CASE
C
35 CALL NVAR(NEXO, NEXOB, ID)
IF(NENDO.EQ.0) GO TO 40
CALL SEARCH(NEXO, NEXOB, NEXO1, NEXO2, NEXO, ISEA, IEXO)
IF(ISEA.EQ.1) GO TO 10
40 IF(NEXO.EQ.0) GO TO 45
CALL SEARCH(NEXO, NEXOB, NEXO1, NEXO2, NEXO, ISEA, IEXO)
IF(ISEA.EQ.1) GO TO 10
45 NEXO=NEXO+1
NEXO1(NEXO)=NEXO
NEXO2(NEXO)=NEXOB
GO TO 10
C
C
50 WRITE(6,201) (NENDO1(I),NENDO2(I),I=1,NENDO)
WRITE(6,201) (NEXO1(I),NEXO2(I),I=1,NEXO)
RETURN
END
CLVR0070
CLVR0080
CLVR0090
CLVR0100
CLVR0110
CLVR0120
CLVR0130
CLVR0140
CLVR0150
CLVR0160
CLVR0170
CLVR0180
CLVR0190
CLVR0200
CLVR0210
CLVR0220
CLVR0230
CLVR0240
CLVR0250
CLVR0260
CLVR0270
CLVR0280
CLVR0290
CLVR0300
CLVR0310
CLVR0320
CLVR0330
CLVR0340
CLVR0350
CLVR0360
CLVR0370
CLVR0380
CLVR0390
CLVR0400
CLVR0410
CLVR0420
CLVR0430
CLVR0440
CLVR0450
CLVR0460
CLVR0470
CLVR0480
CLVR0490
CLVR0500
CLVR0510
CLVR0520
CLVR0530
CLVR0540
CLVR0550
CLVR0560
CLVR0570
CLVR0580
CLVR0590
CLVR0600
CLVR0610
CLVR0620
CLVR0630
CLVR0640
CLVR0650
CLVR0660
CLVR0670
CLVR0680
CLVR0690
CLVR0700
```

```

SUBROUTINE READEQ(IEND)
C
C
COMMON /EQT/ MEQ(80),NEQ(80)
C
C
DATA MASK/2000000FF/
C
C
100 FORMAT(80A1)
C
C
READ EQUATIONS
C
REWIND 15
READ(15,100,END=20) MEQ
C
C
CALC. OF CLASSIFICATION INDICATOR NEQ
C
DO 10 I=1,80
MEQ=MEQ(I)
CALL SHIFT(MEQ,-24,MEQ)
CALL MASKF(MEQ,'AND',MASK,MEQ)
NEQ(I)=MEQ-192
10 CONTINUE
IEND=0
GO TO 30
20 IEND=1
30 RETURN
END
RDEQ0010
RDEQ0020
RDEQ0030
RDEQ0040
RDEQ0050
RDEQ0060
RDEQ0070
RDEQ0080
RDEQ0090
RDEQ0100
RDEQ0110
RDEQ0120
RDEQ0130
RDEQ0140
RDEQ0150
RDEQ0160
RDEQ0170
RDEQ0180
RDEQ0190
RDEQ0200
RDEQ0210
RDEQ0220
RDEQ0230
RDEQ0240
RDEQ0250
RDEQ0260
RDEQ0270
RDEQ0280
RDEQ0290

```

```

SUBROUTINE NYAR(NVARA,NVARB,ID)
C
C
DIMENSION MASK(4),NV(8)
COMMON /EQT/ MEQ(80),NEQ(80)
C
C
DATA MASK/2FF00000,200FF000,20000FF00,2000000FF/
DATA IBLANK/' '/
DATA ISC1/'& ','/ISC2/'(' ','/ISC3/'-' ','/ISC4/'! ','/
ISC5/'/' ','/
C
C
IF(MEQ(ID+4).EQ.ISC1) GO TO 30
IF(MEQ(ID+4).EQ.ISC2.AND.MEQ(ID+5).EQ.ISC3.AND.
* MEQ(ID+6).EQ.ISC4.AND.MEQ(ID+7).EQ.ISC5) GO TO 30
C
C
4 CHARACTERS CASE
C
DO 10 I=1,4
NV(I)=MEQ(ID+I-1)
10 CONTINUE
DO 20 I=5,8
NV(I)=IBLANK
20 CONTINUE
ID=ID+4
GO TO 50
C
NVAR0010
NVAR0020
NVAR0030
NVAR0040
NVAR0050
NVAR0060
NVAR0070
NVAR0080
NVAR0090
NVAR0100
NVAR0110
NVAR0120
NVAR0130
NVAR0140
NVAR0150
NVAR0160
NVAR0170
NVAR0180
NVAR0190
NVAR0200
NVAR0210
NVAR0220
NVAR0230
NVAR0240
NVAR0250
NVAR0260
NVAR0270
NVAR0280
NVAR0290

```

(30)

```
C      8 CHARACTERS CASE
C
30 DO 40 I=1,8
   NY(I)=MEQ(ID,I-1)
40 CONTINUE
   ID=ID+8
C
C      EXTRACTION OF VAR. NAME
C
50 NVARA=0
   NVARB=0
   DO 70 I=1,8
     N=I-1
     IF(I.GT.4) N=I-5
     IVAR=NV(I)
     CALL SHIFT(IVAR,-8*N,IVAR)
     MASKO=MASK(N+1)
     CALL MASKF(IVAR,'AND',MASKO,IVAR)
     IF(I.GT.4) GO TO 60
     CALL MASKF(NVARA,'OR',IVAR,NVARA)
     GO TO 70
60 CALL MASKF(NVARB,'OR',IVAR,NVARB)
70 CONTINUE
   RETURN
   END
```

NVAR0300
NVAR0310
NVAR0320
NVAR0330
NVAR0340
NVAR0350
NVAR0360
NVAR0370
NVAR0380
NVAR0390
NVAR0400
NVAR0410
NVAR0420
NVAR0430
NVAR0440
NVAR0450
NVAR0460
NVAR0470
NVAR0480
NVAR0490
NVAR0500
NVAR0510
NVAR0520
NVAR0530
NVAR0540

```
C
C      SUBROUTINE SEARCH(NVARA,NVARB,NVAR1,NVAR2,NVAR,ISEA,IVAR)
C
C      DIMENSION NVAR1(NVAR),NVAR2(NVAR)
C
C      SEARCH THE SAME VAR. NAME
C
   ISEA=0
   IF(NVAR.EQ.0) GO TO 30
   DO 10 IVAR=1,NVAR
     IF(NVAR1(IVAR).EQ.NVARA.AND.NVAR2(IVAR).EQ.NVARB) GO TO 20
10 CONTINUE
   GO TO 30
20 ISEA=1
30 RETURN
   END
```

SEAR0010
SEAR0020
SEAR0030
SEAR0040
SEAR0050
SEAR0060
SEAR0070
SEAR0080
SEAR0090
SEAR0100
SEAR0110
SEAR0120
SEAR0130
SEAR0140
SEAR0150
SEAR0160

```
C
C      SUBROUTINE DATSET
C
C      INTEGER END
C      COMMON /VAR/ NENDO1(100),NENDO2(100),VENDO(100),NEXO1(600),
C      NEXO2(600),VEXO(600),NEXO,NENDO
C      COMMON /OPT/ FREQ,IY,I0,IFNA,IFOU,IFAUT
C
```

DSET0010
DSET0020
DSET0030
DSET0040
DSET0050
DSET0060
DSET0070
DSET0080

C	DATA END/'END '/,BLANK/' //	DSET0090
	DATA KR0/5/,LST/6/	DSET0100
C		DSET0110
C		DSET0120
	100 FORMAT(2A4,2X,F15.0)	DSET0130
	101 FORMAT(2A4,2X,E11.3)	DSET0140
	200 FORMAT(1H,'E001 VAR. NAME ',2A4,' IS NOT FOUND')	DSET0150
	201 FORMAT(1H,'E002 VARLUE OF ',2A4,' IS NOT AVAILABLE')	DSET0160
C		DSET0170
C		DSET0180
	DO 5 I=1,NEXO	DSET0190
	VEXO(I)=BLANK	DSET0200
	5 CONTINUE	DSET0210
C		DSET0220
C	CALL ORIGINAL DATA FROM TEMP. FILE MADE BY E.D.B. SYSTEM	DSET0230
C		DSET0240
	IF(IFKA.EQ.1) GO TO 30	DSET0250
	REWIND 16	DSET0260
	10 READ(16,100,END=30) NEXOA,NEXOB,VEXOV	DSET0270
	15 CALL SEARCH(NEXOB,NEXOB,NEXO1,NEXO2,ISEA,IEXO)	DSET0280
	IF(ISEA.EQ.1) GO TO 20	DSET0290
	WRITE(6,200) NEXOA,NEXOB	DSET0300
	GO TO 10	DSET0310
C		DSET0320
C		DSET0330
	20 IF(IFAUT.EQ.0) GO TO 25	DSET0340
	CALL AUTGEN(NEXOA,NEXOB,VEXOV,IEXO,IAUT)	DSET0350
	IF(IAUT.EQ.0) GO TO 25	DSET0360
	GO TO 10	DSET0370
C		DSET0380
C		DSET0390
	25 IF(VEXO(IEXO).EQ.BLANK) VEXO(IEXO)=0.0	DSET0400
	VEXO(IEXO)=VEXO(IEXO)+VEXOV	DSET0410
	GO TO 10	DSET0420
C		DSET0430
C	READ MANUAL DATA FROM CARDS	DSET0440
C		DSET0450
	30 READ(KR0,100) NEXOA,NEXOB,VEXOV	DSET0460
	IF(NEXOA.EQ.END) GO TO 45	DSET0470
	CALL SEARCH(NEXOA,NEXOB,NEXO1,NEXO2,NEXO,ISEA,IEXO)	DSET0480
	IF(ISEA.EQ.1) GO TO 35	DSET0490
	WRITE(6,200) NEXOA,NEXOB	DSET0500
	GO TO 30	DSET0510
C		DSET0520
C		DSET0530
	35 IF(IFAUT.EQ.0) GO TO 40	DSET0540
	CALL AUTOGEN(NEXOA,NEXOB,VEXOV,IEXO,IAUT)	DSET0550
	IF(IAUT.EQ.0) GO TO 40	DSET0560
	GO TO 30	DSET0570
C		DSET0580
C		DSET0590
	40 IF(VEXO(IEXO).EQ.BLANK) VEXO(IEXO)=0.0	DSET0600
	VEXO(IEXO)=VEXO(IEXO)+VEXOV	DSET0610
	GO TO 30	DSET0620
C		DSET0630
C	READ CONVERSION FACTORS FROM CARDS	DSET0640
C		DSET0650
	45 READ(KR0,101) NEXOA,NEXOB,VEXOV	DSET0660
	IF(NEXOA.EQ.END) GO TO 55	DSET0670
	CALL SEARCH(NEXOA,NEXOB,NEXO1,NEXO2,NEXO,ISEA,IEXO)	DSET0680
	IF(ISEA.EQ.1) GO TO 50	DSET0690
	WRITE(6,200) NEXOA,NEXOB	DSET0700
	GO TO 45	DSET0710
C		DSET0720
C		DSET0730
	50 VEXO(IEXO)=VEXOV	DSET0740
		DSET0750

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```

GO TO 45
CHECK DATA AVAILABILITY
55 DO 60 I=1,NEXO
   IF(VEKO(I).NE.BLANK) GO TO 60
   WRITE(6,201) NEXO1(I),NEXO2(I)
   VEKO(I)=0.0
60 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
DSET0760
DSET0770
DSET0780
DSET0790
DSET0800
DSET0810
DSET0820
DSET0830
DSET0840
DSET0850
DSET0860

SUBROUTINE AUTGEN(NEXOA,NEXOB,VEKOV,IXEO,IAUT)
DIMENSION IA(6),IC(6),IT(6),IND(24),RATIO(3,6)
COMMON /VAR/ NENDO1(100),NENDO2(100),VENDO(100),NEXO1(600),
NEXO2(600),VEKO(600),NEXO,NENDO
DATA IC /'CADO','CIDO','CHFO','HADO','HIDO','HHFO'/,
* IA /'AADO','AIDO','AHFO','AADO','AIDO','AHFO'/,
* IT /'CADO','CIDO','CHFO','CADO','CIDO','CHFO'/,
DATA IND/'&AGR','&FRT','&MIN','&CON','&FOD','&TXT','&RUB','&PAP',
* '&FCH','&CAC','&IAS','&NFH','&MAC','&SMO',
* '&CRF','&NGF','&REF','&NGL','&EMP','&PUB','&IMG','&COK',
* '&BRO','&CMN'/
DATA IRD/'&ROD',BLANK/' /
DATA RATIO/ 0.45, 0.45, 0.10,
* 1.00, 0.00, 0.00,
* 1.00, 0.00, 0.00,
* 0.45, 0.45, 0.10,
* 1.00, 0.00, 0.00,
* 1.00, 0.00, 0.00,
CLASSIFY INTO CONSUMPTION, AUTO-GENERATION,
AND TRANSPORTATION
*** AUTOMOTIVE AND INDUSTRIAL DIESEL OIL ***
*** AND HEAVY FUEL OIL CASES ***
IAUT=0
DO 10 IX=1,6
IF(IC(IX).EQ.NEXOA) GO TO 20
10 CONTINUE
GO TO 90
FINAL CONSUMPTION CASE
20 IF(IX.GE.4) GO TO 40
DO 30 II=1,14
IF(IND(II).EQ.NEXOB) GO TO 60
30 CONTINUE
GO TO 90
OWN-USE CASE
40 DO 50 II=15,24
IF(IND(II).EQ.NEXOB) GO TO 60
AGENO010
AGENO020
AGENO030
AGENO040
AGENO050
AGENO060
AGENO070
AGENO080
AGENO090
AGENO100
AGENO110
AGENO120
AGENO130
AGENO140
AGENO150
AGENO160
AGENO170
AGENO180
AGENO190
AGENO200
AGENO210
AGENO220
AGENO230
AGENO240
AGENO250
AGENO260
AGENO270
AGENO280
AGENO290
AGENO300
AGENO310
AGENO320
AGENO330
AGENO340
AGENO350
AGENO360
AGENO370
AGENO380
AGENO390
AGENO400
AGENO410
AGENO420
AGENO430
AGENO440
AGENO450
AGENO460
AGENO470
```

50 CONTINUE
GO TO 90

C
C
C

CONSUMPTION IN INDUSTRY

60 IF(VE XO(IEXO).EQ.BLANK) VEXO(IEXO)=0.0
VE XO(IEXO)=VEXO(IEXO)+VEXO V *RATIO(1,IX)

C
C
C

AUTO-GENERATION

NEXO A=IA(IX)
CALL SEARCH(NEXO A,NEXO B,NEXO 1,NEXO 2,NEXO,ISEA,IEXO)
IF(ISEA.EQ.0) GO TO 70
IF(VE XO(IEXO).EQ.BLANK) VEXO(IEXO)=0.0
VE XO(IEXO)=VEXO(IEXO)+VEXO V *RATIO(2,IX)

C
C
C

TRANSPORTATION

70 NEXO A=IT(IX)
NEXO B=IRD
CALL SEARCH(NEXO A,NEXO B,NEXO 1,NEXO 2,NEXO,ISEA,IEXO)
IF(ISEA.EQ.0) GO TO 80
IF(VE XO(IEXO).EQ.BLANK) VEXO(IEXO)=0.0
VE XO(IEXO)=VEXO(IEXO)+VEXO V *RATIO(3,IX)
80 IAUT=1
90 RETURN
END

C
C
C

AGEN0480
AGEN0490
AGEN0500
AGEN0510
AGEN0520
AGEN0530
AGEN0540
AGEN0550
AGEN0560
AGEN0570
AGEN0580
AGEN0590
AGEN0600
AGEN0610
AGEN0620
AGEN0630
AGEN0640
AGEN0650
AGEN0660
AGEN0670
AGEN0680
AGEN0690
AGEN0700
AGEN0710
AGEN0720
AGEN0730
AGEN0740

SUBROUTINE EBCALC

C
C
C

DIMENSION ISC(9),IPR(7),STACK(30),OUT(100),TOP(100)
COMMON /VAR/ NENDO1(100),NENDO2(100),VENDO(100),NEXO1(600),
NEXO2(600),VEXO(600),NEXO,NENDO
COMMON /EBY/ EB(53,61)
COMMON /EOT/ REQ(80),NEQ(80)

C
C
C

DATA IBLANK/' ',BLANK/' ',ICE/'E ',ICB/'B ',
ICC/' '
DATA ISC/' ',
DATA IPR/2,2,3,3,1,1,0/
DATA KR D/5/,LST/6/

C
C
C

200 FORMAT(IH,'E003 VALUE OF ',2A4,' IS NOT FOUND, ASSUMED ZERO')
201 FORMAT(IH,'E004 STORED POSITION OF EQ ',I4,2X,80A1/
' IH ', ' IS NOT FOUND')

C
C
C

REWIND 15
IEO=0
DO 5 I=1,61
DO 5 J=1,53
EB(J,I)=BLANK
5 CONTINUE

C
C

READ EQUATIONS FROM PERMANENT FILE

ECAL0010
ECAL0020
ECAL0030
ECAL0040
ECAL0050
ECAL0060
ECAL0070
ECAL0080
ECAL0090
ECAL0100
ECAL0110
ECAL0120
ECAL0130
ECAL0140
ECAL0150
ECAL0160
ECAL0170
ECAL0180
ECAL0190
ECAL0200
ECAL0210
ECAL0220
ECAL0230
ECAL0240
ECAL0250
ECAL0260
ECAL0270
ECAL0280
ECAL0290
ECAL0300
ECAL0310

(34)

```
C
10 CALL READEQ(IEND)
   IF(IEND.EQ.1) GO TO 70
   IEQ=IEQ+1
C
   SET INITIAL VALUE
C
   ID=1
   NU=0
   IS=0
   IM=0
   JM=0
   NENDOA=IBLANK
   NENDOB=IBLANK
   YAL1=BLANK
   YAL2=BLANK
   IU1=0
   IU2=0
   DO 15 IU=1,100
   IOP(IU)=0
15 CONTINUE
C
   INVERSE POLAND TRANSFORMATION
C
20 IF(ID.GT.80) GO TO 40
   IF(NEQ(ID).GT.0) GO TO 30
   DO 21 NSC=1,6
   IF(MEQ(ID).EQ.ISC(NSC)) GO TO 25
21 CONTINUE
   IF(MEQ(ID).EQ.ISC(9)) GO TO 22
   ID=ID+1
   GO TO 20
C
   EQUATION IS CONTINUED TO NEXT CARD
C
22 ID=1
   CALL READEQ(IEND)
   GO TO 20
C
   OPERATOR CASE
C
   RULE 1: IF THE STACK AREA IS EMPTY, THE OPERATOR IS STORED
           IN THIS AREA WITHOUT RESTRICTIONS.
   RULE 2: THE OPERATOR ( IS STORED IN THE MOST UPPER POSITION
           OF STACK AREA WITHOUT RESTRICTIONS.
C
25 IF(IS.GT.0.AND.NSC.NE.5) GO TO 26
   IS=IS+1
   STACK(IS)=FLOAT(NSC)
   ID=ID+1
   GO TO 20
C
   RULE 3: IF THE PRIORITY OF OPERATOR IS HIGHER THAN THE
           PRIORITY OF OPERATOR STORED IN THE SURFACE OF STACK
           AREA, IT IS STORED IN THE MOST UPPER POSITION OF
           STACK AREA.
C
26 NSC=IFIX(STACK(IS))
   IF(IPR(NSC).GE.IPR(NSC)) GO TO 27
   IS=IS+1
   STACK(IS)=FLOAT(NSC)
   ID=ID+1
   GO TO 20
C
   RULE 4: IF THE PRIORITY OF OPERATOR IS LOWER THAN OR EQUAL
           TO THE PRIORITY OF OPERATOR STORED IN THE SURFACE
           OF STACK AREA, THE LATTER IS TRANSFERRED TO THE
C
```

ECAL0320
ECAL0330
ECAL0340
ECAL0350
ECAL0360
ECAL0370
ECAL0380
ECAL0390
ECAL0400
ECAL0410
ECAL0420
ECAL0430
ECAL0440
ECAL0450
ECAL0460
ECAL0470
ECAL0480
ECAL0490
ECAL0500
ECAL0510
ECAL0520
ECAL0530
ECAL0540
ECAL0550
ECAL0560
ECAL0570
ECAL0580
ECAL0590
ECAL0600
ECAL0610
ECAL0620
ECAL0630
ECAL0640
ECAL0650
ECAL0660
ECAL0670
ECAL0680
ECAL0690
ECAL0700
ECAL0710
ECAL0720
ECAL0730
ECAL0740
ECAL0750
ECAL0760
ECAL0770
ECAL0780
ECAL0790
ECAL0800
ECAL0810
ECAL0820
ECAL0830
ECAL0840
ECAL0850
ECAL0860
ECAL0870
ECAL0880
ECAL0890
ECAL0900
ECAL0910
ECAL0920
ECAL0930
ECAL0940
ECAL0950
ECAL0960
ECAL0970
ECAL0980

	ID=10+8	ECAL1660
	GO TO 20	ECAL1670
C		ECAL1680
C	RULE 7: THE OPERATORS REMAINING IN THE STACK AREA ARE	ECAL1690
	TRANSFERRED TO THE OUT-PUT AREA IN ORDER.	ECAL1700
C		ECAL1710
	40 IF(IS.LE.0) GO TO 50	ECAL1720
	DO 41 I=1,IS	ECAL1730
	NU=NU+1	ECAL1740
	OUT(NU)=STACK(IS-I+1)	ECAL1750
	IOP(NU)=-1	ECAL1760
	41 CONTINUE	ECAL1770
C		ECAL1780
C	CALC. OF EBC**R** OR ENDORESSIVE VARIABLES	ECAL1790
C		ECAL1800
	50 DO 51 IU=1,NU	ECAL1810
	IF(IOP(IU).EQ.-1) GO TO 52	ECAL1820
	IF(IOP(IU).EQ.1) GO TO 51	ECAL1830
	VAL1=VAL2	ECAL1840
	VAL2=OUT(IU)	ECAL1850
	IU1=IU2	ECAL1860
	IU2=IU	ECAL1870
	51 CONTINUE	ECAL1880
	VAL=OUT(IU)	ECAL1890
	GO TO 60	ECAL1900
C		ECAL1910
C		ECAL1920
	52 MOP=IFIX(OUT(IU))	ECAL1930
	IF(MOP.EQ.1) GO TO 53	ECAL1940
	IF(MOP.EQ.2) GO TO 54	ECAL1950
	IF(MOP.EQ.3) GO TO 56	ECAL1960
C		ECAL1970
C	/ CALCULATION	ECAL1980
C		ECAL1990
	VAL=VAL1/VAL2	ECAL2000
	GO TO 60	ECAL2010
C		ECAL2020
C	+ CALCULATION	ECAL2030
C		ECAL2040
	53 VAL=VAL1+VAL2	ECAL2050
	GO TO 60	ECAL2060
C		ECAL2070
C	- CALCULATION	ECAL2080
C		ECAL2090
	54 IF(VAL1.EQ.BLANK) GO TO 55	ECAL2100
	VAL=VAL1-VAL2	ECAL2110
	GO TO 60	ECAL2120
C		ECAL2130
C	CHANGE OF SIGN	ECAL2140
C		ECAL2150
	55 VAL=-VAL2	ECAL2160
	GO TO 60	ECAL2170
C		ECAL2180
C	* CALCULATION	ECAL2190
C		ECAL2200
	56 VAL=VAL1*VAL2	ECAL2210
C		ECAL2220
C		ECAL2230
	60 IF(IU.EQ.NU) GO TO 65	ECAL2240
	OUT(IU2)=VAL	ECAL2250
	IF(IU1.GT.0) IOP(IU1)=1	ECAL2260
	IOP(IU)=1	ECAL2270
	VAL1=BLANK	ECAL2280
	VAL2=BLANK	ECAL2290
	IU1=0	ECAL2300
	IU2=0	ECAL2310

(36)

```
C          OUT-PUT AREA. THE SAME COMPARIZON OF PRIORITY IS
C          MADE FOR THE NEXT SURFACE OPERATOR OF STACK AREA.
C
27 IF(NSC.EQ.6.AND.IPR(MSC).EQ.IPR(NSC)) GO TO 28
   NU=NU+1
   OUT(NU)=STACK(IS)
   IOP(NU)=-1
   IS=IS-1
   GO TO 25
C
      RULE 5: IF THE OPERATOR IS ) AND THE SURFACE OPERATOR OF
      STACK IS ( , BOTH OPERATORS ARE DELETED.
C
28 IS=IS-1
   ID=ID+1
   GO TO 20
C
      VARIABLE NAME CASE
C
      RULE 6: ALL VARIABLE ARE TRANSFERRED TO THE OUT-PUT AREA
      DIRECTLY.
C
30 IF(MEQ(ID).EQ.ICB.AND.MEQ(ID+1).EQ.ICB.AND.MEQ(ID+2).EQ.ICC)
   * GO TO 35
C
      ENDOGRESSIVE VARIABLE (LEFT SIDE OF = )
C
   IF(ID.GT.1) GO TO 31
   CALL NYAR(NENDOA,NENDOB,ID)
   GO TO 20
C
      SET VALUES OF VARIABLE (RIGHT SIDE OF = )
      ENDOGRESSIVE VARIABLE
C
31 CALL NYAR(NVARA,NVARB,ID)
   CALL SEARCH(NVARA,NVARB,NENDO1,NENDO2,NENDO,ISEA,IENDO)
   IF(ISEA.EQ.0) GO TO 32
   NU=NU+1
   OUT(NU)=VENDO(IENDO)
   GO TO 20
C
      EXOGRESSIVE VARIABLE
C
32 CALL SEARCH(NVARA,NVARB,NEXO1,NEXO2,ISEA,IEXO)
   IF(ISEA.EQ.0) GO TO 33
   NU=NU+1
   OUT(NU)=VEXO(IEXO)
   GO TO 20
33 WRITE(LST,200) NVARA,NVARB
   NU=NU+1
   OUT(NU)=0.0
   GO TO 20
C
      EBC**R** (LEFT SIDE OF = )
C
35 IF(ID.GT.1) GO TO 36
   IH=(NEQ(ID+3)-48)*10+NEQ(ID+4)-48
   JH=(NEQ(ID+6)-48)*10+NEQ(ID+7)-48
   IO=IO+8
   GO TO 20
C
      SET VALUES OF EBC**R** (RIGHT SIDE OF = )
C
36 IN=(NEQ(ID+3)-48)*10+NEQ(ID+4)-48
   JN=(NEQ(ID+6)-48)*10+NEQ(ID+7)-48
   NU=NU+1
   OUT(NU)=EB(IN,JN)
```

ECAL0990
ECAL1000
ECAL1010
ECAL1020
ECAL1030
ECAL1040
ECAL1050
ECAL1060
ECAL1070
ECAL1080
ECAL1090
ECAL1100
ECAL1110
ECAL1120
ECAL1130
ECAL1140
ECAL1150
ECAL1160
ECAL1170
ECAL1180
ECAL1190
ECAL1200
ECAL1210
ECAL1220
ECAL1230
ECAL1240
ECAL1250
ECAL1260
ECAL1270
ECAL1280
ECAL1290
ECAL1300
ECAL1310
ECAL1320
ECAL1330
ECAL1340
ECAL1350
ECAL1360
ECAL1370
ECAL1380
ECAL1390
ECAL1400
ECAL1410
ECAL1420
ECAL1430
ECAL1440
ECAL1450
ECAL1460
ECAL1470
ECAL1480
ECAL1490
ECAL1500
ECAL1510
ECAL1520
ECAL1530
ECAL1540
ECAL1550
ECAL1560
ECAL1570
ECAL1580
ECAL1590
ECAL1600
ECAL1610
ECAL1620
ECAL1630
ECAL1640
ECAL1650

```

GO TO 50
C
C   STORE CALC. RESULTS
C
65 IF(IM.EQ.0.OR.JM.EQ.0) GO TO 66
   EB(IM,JM)=VAL
   GO TO 10
C
C
66 IF(NENDOA.EQ.IBLANK) GO TO 67
   CALL SEARCH(NENDOA,NENDOB,NENDO1,NENDO2,NENDO,ISEA,IENDO)
   IF(ISEA.EQ.0) GO TO 67
   VENDO(IENDO)=VAL
   GO TO 10
C
C
67 WRITE(LST,201) IEQ,(HEQ(ID),ID=1,80)
   GO TO 10
C
C
70 RETURN
   END

```

```

ECAL2320
ECAL2330
ECAL2340
ECAL2350
ECAL2360
ECAL2370
ECAL2380
ECAL2390
ECAL2400
ECAL2410
ECAL2420
ECAL2430
ECAL2440
ECAL2450
ECAL2460
ECAL2470
ECAL2480
ECAL2490
ECAL2500
ECAL2510
ECAL2520
ECAL2530

```

SOUBROUTINE EBOUT

```

C
C
INTEGER BLANK,BRA
DIMENSION IEB(2,20),JEB(12),HEB(7,12),NEB(12),IB(12),JB(12),
*   LIT(10),JCOL(12),LINE(20),NA(2,80),NP(2,144),IN(53,61),
*   NP1(2,72),NP2(2,72)
REAL*8 TRAW(3,61),ICOL(4,53),LIN(20),R1(3,19),R2(3,19),R3(3,19),
*   R4(3,4),C1(4,19),C2(4,19),C3(4,15)
C
C
EQUIVALENCE (TRAW(1, 1),R1(1,1)), (TRAW(1,20),R2(1,1)),
*   (TRAW(1,39),R3(1,1)), (TRAW(1,58),R4(1,1))
EQUIVALENCE (ICOL(1, 1),C1(1,1)), (ICOL(1,20),C2(1,1)),
*   (ICOL(1,39),C3(1,1))
EQUIVALENCE (NP(1, 1),NP1(1,1)), (NP(1,73),NP2(1,1))
C
C
COMMON /EBY/ EB(53,61)
COMMON /OPT/ FREQ, IY, IQ, IFMA, IFOU, IFAUT
C
C
TITLE OF ROW
DATA RI /'DOMESTIC', 'PRODUCT', 'ION',
*   'IMPORT',
*   'EXPORT',
*   '(INTERNATIONAL U', 'PLIFT)',
*   'STOCK CH', 'ANGES',
*   'PRIMARY', 'ENERGY S', 'UPPLY',
*   'REFINERY',
*   'NGL(LNG', 'LPG)',
*   'CHEMICAL', 'ENERGY',
*   'PETROCHE', 'MICAL LP', 'O',
*   'PUBLIC U', 'TILITY',
*   'PUMP-UP', 'USE',
*   'AUTO GEN', 'ERATION',

```

```

EOUT0010
EOUT0020
EOUT0030
EOUT0040
EOUT0050
EOUT0060
EOUT0070
EOUT0080
EOUT0090
EOUT0100
EOUT0110
EOUT0120
EOUT0130
EOUT0140
EOUT0150
EOUT0160
EOUT0170
EOUT0180
EOUT0190
EOUT0200
EOUT0210
EOUT0220
EOUT0230
EOUT0240
EOUT0250
EOUT0260
EOUT0270
EOUT0280
EOUT0290
EOUT0300
EOUT0310
EOUT0320
EOUT0330
EOUT0340
EOUT0350
EOUT0360

```

	'TOWN GAS'				EOUT0370
	'COKE				EOUT0380
	'BRIQUET				EOUT0390
	'TRANSFOR	'MATION(T	'OTAL		EOUT0400
	'CRUDE OI	'L FIELD			EOUT0410
	'NATURAL	'GAS FIEL	'D		EOUT0420
DATA R2 /	'REFINARY				EOUT0430
	'NGL PLAN	'T			EOUT0440
	'CHEMICAL	'ENERGY	'PLANT		EOUT0450
	'PUBLIC U	'TILITY			EOUT0460
	'TOWN GAS				EOUT0470
	'COKE PLA	'NT			EOUT0480
	'BRIQUET				EOUT0490
	'COAL MIN	'E			EOUT0500
	'FLARE AN	'D LOSSES			EOUT0510
	'ENERGY S	'ECT. USE	'LOSSES		EOUT0520
	'STATISTI	'CAL OIFE	'RENCE		EOUT0530
	'FINAL CO	'NSUMPTIO	'N		EOUT0540
	'FINAL EN	'ERGY USE			EOUT0550
	'INDUSTRY				EOUT0560
	'AGRICUL	'TURE, FO	'RESTRY		EOUT0570
	'FISHERY				EOUT0580
	'MINING('EX.ENERG	'Y SECT.)		EOUT0590
	'CONSTRU	'CTION			EOUT0600
	'MANUFAC	'TURING			EOUT0610
DATA R3 /	'FOODS				EOUT0620
	'TEXTIL	'E			EOUT0630
	'RUBBER				EOUT0640
	'PAPER,	'PULP			EOUT0650
	'CHEMIS	'TRY(FUEL	'USE)		EOUT0660
	'CERAMI	'CS, CEME	'NTS		EOUT0670
	'IRON,	'STEEL			EOUT0680
	'NON-FE	'RROUS ME	'TALS		EOUT0690
	'MACHIN	'ERY, MET	'AL FAB.		EOUT0700
	'SMALL	'WARES, O	'THERS		EOUT0710
	'RESIDENT	'S, COMMER	'(TOTAL)		EOUT0720
	'RESIDENT	'TIAL			EOUT0730
	'COMMER	'TIAL			EOUT0740
	'TRANSPOR	'TATION(T	'OTAL)		EOUT0750
	'AIR TRA	'NSPORTAT	'ION		EOUT0760
	'ROAD TR	'NSPORTA	'TION		EOUT0770
	'RAILWAY	'S			EOUT0780
	'INTERNA	'L NAVEGA	'TION		EOUT0790
	'INTERNA	'TIONAL U	'PLIET		EOUT0800
DATA R4 /	'OTHERS(G	'OVERN. F	'ORCES A)		EOUT0810
	'RAW MATE	'RI USE	'IN CHEM		EOUT0820
	'OTHER NO	'N-ENERGY	'USE		EOUT0830
	'TOTAL US	'E IN CHE	'HISTRY		EOUT0840
					EOUT0850
					EOUT0860
					EOUT0870
					EOUT0880
					EOUT0890
					EOUT0900
					EOUT0910
					EOUT0920
					EOUT0930
					EOUT0940
					EOUT0950
					EOUT0960
					EOUT0970
					EOUT0980
					EOUT0990
					EOUT1000
					EOUT1010
					EOUT1020
					EOUT1030

TITLE OF COLUMN

DATA C1 /	'TOTAL OF	'COAL		'C01-C05	
		'COOKING	'COAL		
		'STEAM	'COAL		
		'ANTHRA-	'CITE		
		'LIGNITE			
	'TOTAL OF	'CRUDE	'OIL	'C06-C08	
		'ORIGINAL	'CRUDE	'OIL	
		'REDUCED	'CRUDE	'OIL	
	'PETROLE-	'UM	'PRODUCTS	'C09-C28	
		'DOMESTIC	'FUEL OIL	'C10-C20	
			'GASOLINE	'C11-C14	
				'AVIATION	
				'SUPER	
				'PREMIUM	
			'JET FUEL		
			'KEROSENE		

(40)

```

*      43,48, 43,55, 49,34, 49,37, 49,39, 49,40,      EOUT1700
*      49,41, 49,42, 49,43, 49,44, 49,45, 49,46,      EOUT1710
*      49,47, 49,48, 49,49, 49,58, 18,46, 28,35,      EOUT1720
*      28,48, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT1730
*      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT1740
*      0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT1750

```

BLANK POSITION OF ORIGINAL UNIT TABLE

C
C
C

```

DATA NP1 /42, 6, 42,11, 42,13, 42,17, 42,18, 42,20,      EOUT1760
*      42,23, 42,24, 42,26, 42,27, 42,28, 42,29,      EOUT1770
*      42,31, 42,32, 42,33, 42,34, 42,36, 42,37,      EOUT1780
*      42,38, 42,39, 42,40, 42,41, 42,42, 42,43,      EOUT1790
*      42,44, 42,45, 42,46, 42,47, 42,48, 42,49,      EOUT1800
*      42,52, 42,55, 42,58, 42,61, 43, 6, 44, 6,      EOUT1810
*      44,28, 44,29, 49, 6, 49,13, 49,17, 49,18,      EOUT1820
*      49,20, 49,23, 49,24, 49,27, 49,28, 49,29,      EOUT1830
*      49,31, 49,32, 49,33, 49,34, 49,36, 49,37,      EOUT1840
*      49,38, 49,39, 49,40, 49,41, 49,42, 49,43,      EOUT1850
*      49,44, 49,45, 49,46, 49,47, 49,48, 49,49,      EOUT1860
*      49,58, 49,61, 50, 6, 50,13, 50,17, 50,28,      EOUT1870
DATA NP2 /50,29, 53, 1, 53, 2, 53, 3, 53, 4, 53, 5,      EOUT1880
*      53, 6, 53, 7, 53, 8, 53, 9, 53,11, 53,13,      EOUT1890
*      53,14, 53,15, 53,16, 53,17, 53,18, 53,19,      EOUT1900
*      53,20, 53,21, 53,22, 53,23, 53,24, 53,25,      EOUT1910
*      53,26, 53,27, 53,28, 53,29, 53,30, 53,31,      EOUT1920
*      53,32, 53,33, 53,34, 53,35, 53,36, 53,37,      EOUT1930
*      53,38, 53,39, 53,40, 53,41, 53,42, 53,43,      EOUT1940
*      53,44, 53,45, 53,46, 53,47, 53,48, 53,49,      EOUT1950
*      53,52, 53,53, 53,54, 53,55, 53,56, 53,57,      EOUT1960
*      53,58, 53,59, 53,60, 53,61, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT1970
*      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT1980
*      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT1990
*      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT2000
*      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT2010
*      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,      EOUT2020

```

C
C

```

DATA BLANK/ ' ',BRA/ ' ( ',KET/ ' ) ',MINUS/ '- ',
* ICHN/ 'N ',ICHAA/ 'A ',BLNK/ ' '
DATA LIT / '0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9'
100 FORMAT(1H1//1H,5X,'ENERGY BALANCES IN INDONESIA',
* 5X,A2,2X,I4,2X,A1//)
101 FORMAT(1H,30X,10(5X,12,3X))
102 FORMAT(1H,32X,10(A8,2X))
103 FORMAT(1H,16A8,A2)
104 FORMAT(1H1////1H,12(5X,12,3X))
105 FORMAT(1H,2X,12(A8,2X))
106 FORMAT(1H,15A8)
107 FORMAT(1H,12,1X,3A8,3X,10(A2,8A1))
108 FORMAT(1H,12(A2,8A1))

```

C
C
C

SET INDICATORS OF SPECIAL POSITIONS

```

NCOL=53
NROW=61
DO 1 I=1,NROW
DO 1 J=1,NCOL
IN(J,I)=0
1 CONTINUE
DO 2 K=1,IOEB
I=IEB(1,K)
J=IEB(2,K)
IN(I,J)=1
2 CONTINUE
DO 4 K=1,NOA
I=NA(1,K)

```

C
C

	J=NA(2,K)	EOUT2370
	IF(IN(I,J).EQ.1) GO TO 3	EOUT2380
	IN(I,J)=2	EOUT2390
	GO TO 4	EOUT2400
	3 IN(I,J)=4	EOUT2410
	4 CONTINUE	EOUT2420
C		EOUT2430
C		EOUT2440
	DO 8 K=1,NOP	EOUT2450
	I=NP(1,K)	EOUT2460
	J=NP(2,K)	EOUT2470
	IF(IN(I,J).EQ.1) GO TO 5	EOUT2480
	IF(IN(I,J).EQ.2) GO TO 6	EOUT2590
	IF(IN(I,J).EQ.4) GO TO 7	EOUT2600
	IN(I,J)=3	EOUT2510
	GO TO 8	EOUT2520
	5 IN(I,J)=5	EOUT2530
	GO TO 8	EOUT2540
	6 IN(I,J)=6	EOUT2550
	GO TO 8	EOUT2560
	7 IN(I,J)=7	EOUT2570
	8 CONTINUE	EOUT2580
		EOUT2590
	WRITE TITLE	EOUT2600
C		EOUT2610
C		EOUT2620
	NO=BLANK	EOUT2630
	IF(IO.NE.0) NO=LIT(IO+1)	EOUT2640
	WRITE(6,100) FREQ,IY,NO	EOUT2650
C		EOUT2660
C		EOUT2670
	PRINT OUT ENERGY BALANCES TABLE	EOUT2680
	LC=0	EOUT2690
	NC=(NCOL+13)/12	EOUT2700
	DO 50 H=1,NC	EOUT2710
	IF(H.GT.1) GO TO 10	EOUT2720
	KC=LC+1	EOUT2730
	LC=LC+10	EOUT2740
	K=10	EOUT2750
	GO TO 11	EOUT2760
	10 KC=LC+1	EOUT2770
	LC=LC+12	EOUT2780
	K=12	EOUT2790
	11 IF(LC.LE.NCOL) GO TO 15	EOUT2800
	K=12-LC+NCOL	EOUT2810
	LC=NCOL	EOUT2820
		EOUT2830
	PRINT OUT COLUMN TITLE	EOUT2840
C		EOUT2850
C		EOUT2860
	15 DO 16 I=1,K	EOUT2870
	JCOL(I)=KC+I-1	EOUT2880
	16 CONTINUE	EOUT2890
	IF(H.GT.1) GO TO 18	EOUT2900
	WRITE(6,101) (JCOL(I),I=1,K)	EOUT2910
	DO 17 J=1,4	EOUT2920
	WRITE(6,102) (TCOL(J,I),I=KC,LC)	EOUT2930
	17 CONTINUE	EOUT2940
	KN=K+7	EOUT2950
	WRITE(6,103) (LIN(I),I=1,KN)	EOUT2960
	GO TO 20	EOUT2970
		EOUT2980
	18 WRITE(6,104) (JCOL(I),I=1,K)	EOUT2990
	DO 19 J=1,4	EOUT3000
	WRITE(6,105) (TCOL(J,I),I=KC,LC)	EOUT3010
	19 CONTINUE	EOUT3020
	KN=K+3	EOUT3030
	WRITE(6,106) (LIN(I),I=1,KN)	

(42)

```
C
C
C          PRINT OUT VALUES OF ENERGY BALANCES
20 ID=1
DO 40 J=1,NRAW
DO 35 I=1,K
JEB(I)=1
NEB(I)=1
NI=IN(KC+I-1,J),
IF(NI.EQ.1.OR.NI.EQ.4.OR.NI.EQ.5.OR.NI.EQ.7) NEB(I)=-1
IF(IFOV.EQ.1.AND.(NI.EQ.3.OR.NI.EQ.5.OR.NI.EQ.6.OR.NI.EQ.7))
  GO TO 31
C
C          ROUNDING OF VALUES
EBV=EB(KC+I-1,J)
KK=KC+I-1
IF(EBV.EQ.BLNK) GO TO 31
IF(EBV.GE.0.0) GO TO 21
IVAL=EBV-0.5
GO TO 22
21 IVAL=EBV+0.5
22 N=0
IF(IVAL.LT.0) JEB(I)=-1
IVAL=IABS(IVAL)
IF(IVAL.EQ.0.AND.(NI.EQ.2.OR.NI.EQ.4.OR.NI.EQ.6.OR.NI.EQ.7))
  GO TO 30
C
C          TRANSFORMATION FROM INTEGER TYPE TO LITERAL TYPE
25 N=N+1
JVAL=(IVAL/10)*10
JT=IVAL-JVAL
IF(JT.EQ.0.AND.IVAL.LT.10) GO TO 26
HEB(8-N,I)=LIT(JT+1)
IVAL=JVAL/10
GO TO 25
26 IF(N.GT.1) GO TO 27
HEB(8-N,I)=LIT(JT+1)
N=N+1
C
C          NEGATIVE VALUE CASE
27 IF(JEB(I).GT.0) GO TO 28
HEB(8-N,I)=MINUS
N=N+1
C
C          POSITIVE VALUE CASE
28 IF(N.GE.8) GO TO 33
LL=8-N
DO 29 L=1,LL
HEB(L,I)=BLANK
29 CONTINUE
GO TO 33
C
C          NON-AVAILABILITY OF DATA
30 HEB(1,I)=BLANK
HEB(2,I)=BLANK
HEB(3,I)=BLANK
HEB(4,I)=BLANK
HEB(5,I)=BLANK
HEB(6,I)=BLANK
HEB(7,I)=BLANK
GO TO 33
C
EOUT3040
EOUT3050
EOUT3060
EOUT3070
EOUT3080
EOUT3090
EOUT3100
EOUT3110
EOUT3120
EOUT3130
EOUT3140
EOUT3150
EOUT3160
EOUT3170
EOUT3180
EOUT3190
EOUT3200
EOUT3210
EOUT3220
EOUT3230
EOUT3240
EOUT3250
EOUT3260
EOUT3270
EOUT3280
EOUT3290
EOUT3300
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EOUT3660
EOUT3670
EOUT3680
EOUT3690
EOUT3700
```

C			EOUT3710
C		BLANK POSITION	EOUT3720
	31	DO 32 L=1,7	EOUT3730
		MEB(L,I)=BLANK	EOUT3740
	32	CONTINUE	EOUT3750
C			EOUT3760
C		PARENTHESIS	EOUT3770
C			EOUT3780
	33	IF(MEB(I).LT.0) GO TO 34	EOUT3790
		IB(I)=BLANK	EOUT3800
		JB(I)=BLANK	EOUT3810
		GO TO 35	EOUT3820
	34	IB(I)=BRA	EOUT3830
		JB(I)=KET	EOUT3840
	35	CONTINUE	EOUT3850
C			EOUT3860
C		PRINT OUT TABLE	EOUT3870
C			EOUT3880
		IF(M.GT.1) GO TO 37	EOUT3890
		IF(J.LE.LINE(ID)) GO TO 36	EOUT3900
		KN=K+7	EOUT3910
		WRITE(6,103) (LIN(I),I=1,KN)	EOUT3920
		ID=ID+1	EOUT3930
	36	WRITE(6,107) J, (TRAM(I,J),I=1,3), (IB(I), (MEB(L,I),L=1,7),	EOUT3940
		JB(I),I=1,K)	EOUT3950
		GO TO 40	EOUT3960
C			EOUT3970
C			EOUT3980
	37	IF(J.LE.LINE(ID)) GO TO 38	EOUT3990
		KN=K+3	EOUT4000
		WRITE(6,106) (LIN(I),I=1,KN)	EOUT4010
		ID=ID+1	EOUT4020
	38	WRITE(6,110) (IB(I), (MEB(L,I),L=1,7), JB(I),I=1,K)	EOUT4030
	40	CONTINUE	EOUT4040
	50	CONTINUE	EOUT4050
		RETURN	EOUT4060
		END	EOUT4070

(44)

4. Modifications of Program to Prepare Commodity Balance and Concise Energy Balance Tables

Developed in fiscal 1979 was a program capable of printing out an energy balance table in which data were shown in a common unit. In fiscal 1980, the same program was modified in several points to be empowered to print out the commodity balance and concise energy balance tables in addition to the energy balance table featuring a common unit.

(1) Modification of subroutine CLSVAR

To classify variable names of energy balance equations read out, the subroutine CLSVAR prepared in fiscal 1979 was designed to store in NEXO1 and NEXO2 names of exogenous variables of which calculations could not be made without given additional data, and store in NENDO1 and NENDO2 names of intermediate variables which represent intermediate results of calculations. It was not, however, designed to memorize variable names which represent values stated in the energy balance table, that is, results of completed calculations.

For the preparation of the commodity balance and concise energy balance tables, results of completed calculations stated in the energy balance table are used as intermediate variables. Hence, in fiscal 1980, the subroutine CLSVAR was modified to be able to classify variable names into two; exogenous variables of which calculations can not be made without given additional data, and endogenous variables of which calculations can be made based on balance equations. The former is stored in NEXO1 and NEXO2, and the latter in NENDO1 and NENDO2. Variable names related to the energy balance table (EBC**R**), those to the commodity balance table (CBC**R**) and those to concise energy balance table (CTC**R**) are handled as endogenous variables without an exception.

(2) Modification of subroutine EBCALC

As mentioned in the preceding section "subroutine CLSVAR," the original program prepared in fiscal 1979 discriminates variable names representing values stated in the energy balance table from others. The function of the subroutine EBCALC is to calculate data stated in the energy balance table based on balance equations. Under the original program, the subroutine is designed to memorize names of exogenous variables and, simultaneously, store their numerical values in VEXO. It is also designed to store intermediate variables in VENDO and results of calculations stated in the energy balance table in a two-dimensional matrix EB which is as large as the energy balance table in size.

In accordance with the modification of the subroutine CLSVAR, the subroutine EBCALC was also modified to store results of calculations made based on the data stated in the energy balance, commodity balance and concise energy balance tables in VENDO which is linked with NENDO1 and NENDO2, the area dealing with names of endogenous variables.

(3) Addition of subroutine TVALUB

Under the original program, numerical figures stated in the energy balance table are separated from those related to the commodity balance and concise energy balance tables and

stored in an array of BB independently. On the contrary, under the new program whereby the subroutines CLSVAR and EBCALC were modified, a wide variety of items, including intermediate variables and numerical values related to the energy balance, commodity balance and concise energy balance tables, are stored in a single area of VENDO designed to deal with numerical values of endogenous variables.

To eliminate the complication, a new subroutine TVALUE was incorporated with the modified program. The new subroutine TVALUE is designed to take out variable names by type of code (i.e. EBC , CBC , and CTC) from the area VENDO to deal with endogenous variables, then store their values in three different one-dimensional arrays depending on the type of their codes. The positions of individual values stored in the one-dimensional arrays are stored in two-dimensional matrices corresponding to easy type of balance table. Specific numbers of columns and rows of the two-dimensional matrices are taken out based on variable names with the use of subroutines MASKF and SHIFT.

(4) Addition of subroutine CTOUT

A new subroutine CTOUT was prepared to print out the concise energy balance table. The logic of the new subroutine is exactly the same as that of a subroutine EBOUT. The only difference between these two subroutines is titles of rows and columns of balance tables.

(5) Addition of subroutine TRFMI

As mentioned before, the subroutines CTOUT and EBOUT are built up based on an exactly same logic, which includes a function to convert numerical values into literal values. The function common to CTOUT and EBOUT, therefore, was set up as an independent subroutine TRFMI.

Meanwhile, as values related to individual balance tables are transferred to the subroutines EBOUT or CTOUT via the subroutine TVALUE in a form of one-dimensional arrays instead of two-dimensional matrix, the ways allowing the subroutines EBOUT and CTOUT to call out values were given minor modifications.

The aforementioned modifications of subroutines are not always necessary so long as data of individual balance tables which are to be calculated cover a single year only. It should be noted that these modifications were made to prepare for the connection of the energy balance calculation system with a sub-data bank, which is discussed in the subsequent section. Connection with a sub-data bank allow simultaneous calculations of data covering multiple years, which then requires under the original program to keep as many two-dimensional arrays as required for the calculations including those left blank. To eliminate such a wasteful use of areas, the new program was designed to make the best use of areas belonging to one-dimensional arrays, by which further expansion of the program became possible.