REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF HIGHWAYS

THE FEASIBILITY STUDY OF: THE LOCAL ROAD DEVELOPMENT IN THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

KABUPATEN RÉPORT 29

KABUPATEN. MINAHASA

MARCH 1986

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

S.D.F 86°46(%)



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国際協力專業団 ^{爰入} /87.5.21 108 ^在 /87.5.21 108 // 614 No. 16452 5DF

PREFACE

This is the Kabupaten Report of the Feasibility Study of the Local Road Development in the Republic of Indonesia for Kabupaten Minahasa in Sulawesi Utara Province. The report has been prepared by the Study Team of the Japan International Cooperation Agency (hereinafter called JICA).

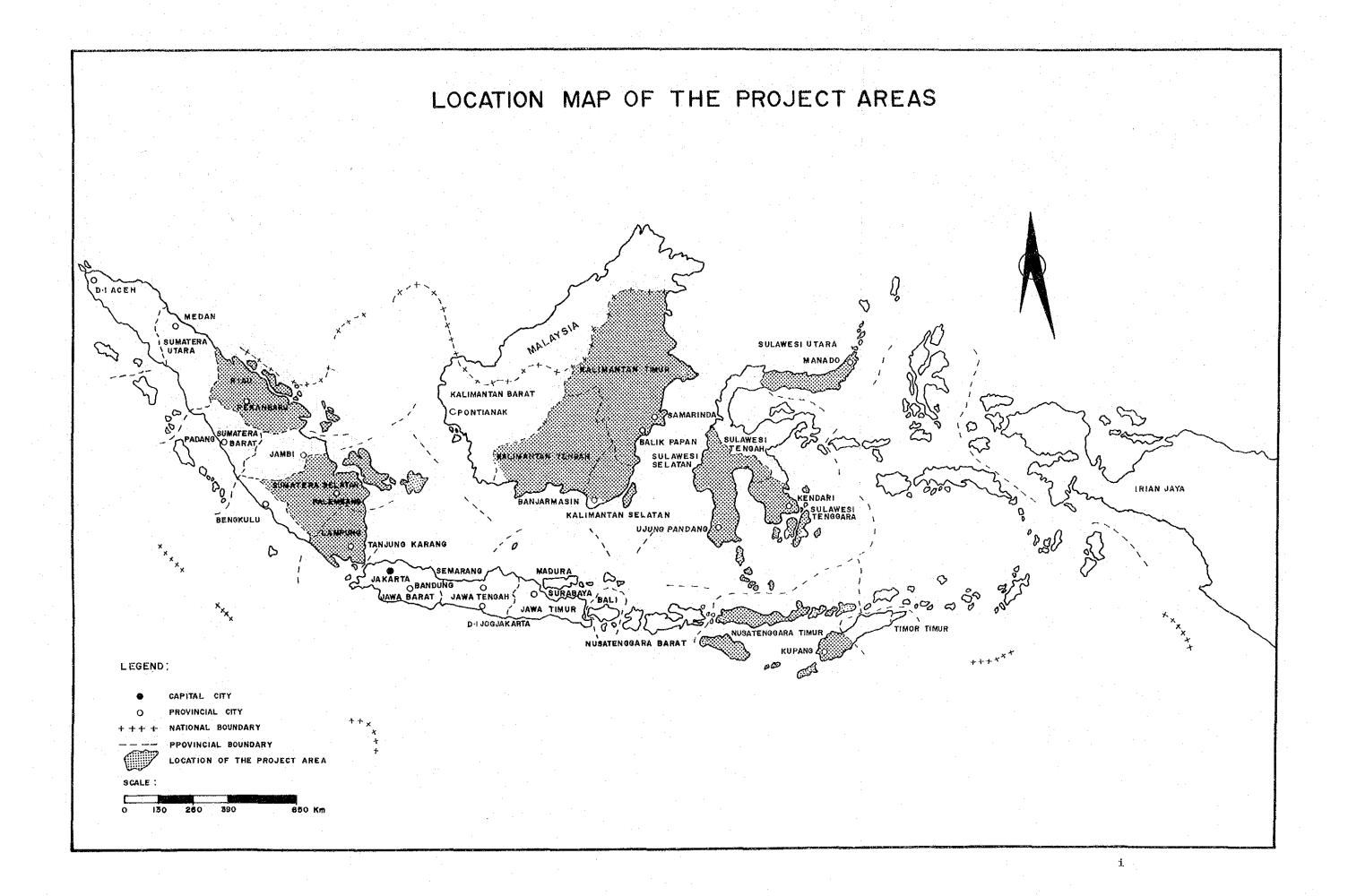
Based upon a request from the Government of Indonesia, the Government of Japan arranged for JICA to conduct the Study and JICA accordingly organized a Study Team. The study was carried out using data which were generally prepared by the Kabupaten, routed through the province, under the instructions of Bina Marga of the Ministry of Public Works and Bangda of the Ministry of Home Affairs.

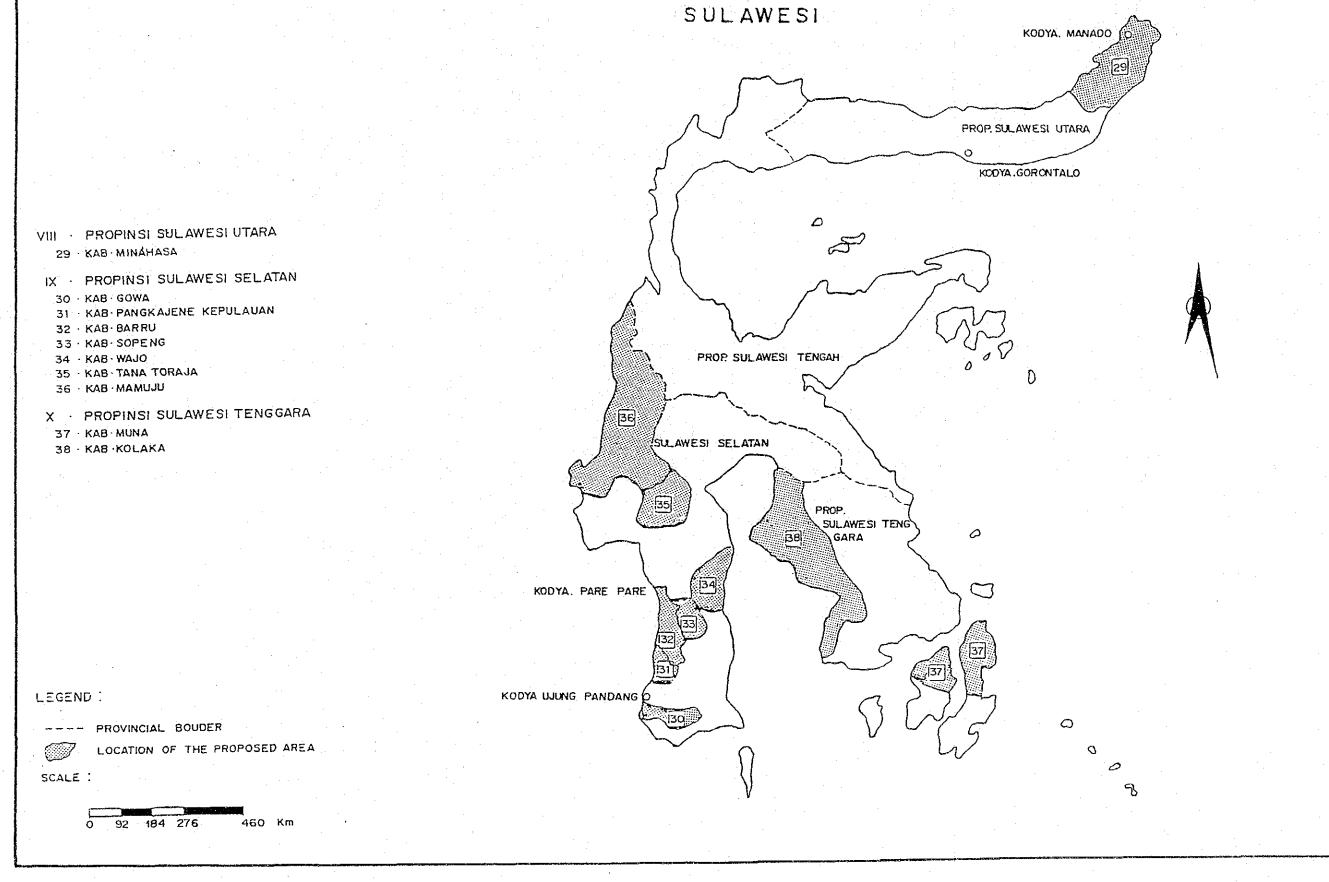
Since the study period was limited, without cooperation of Bina Marga, Bangda and local governments of both province and Kabupaten in collecting the data, the study would not have been completed within the period.

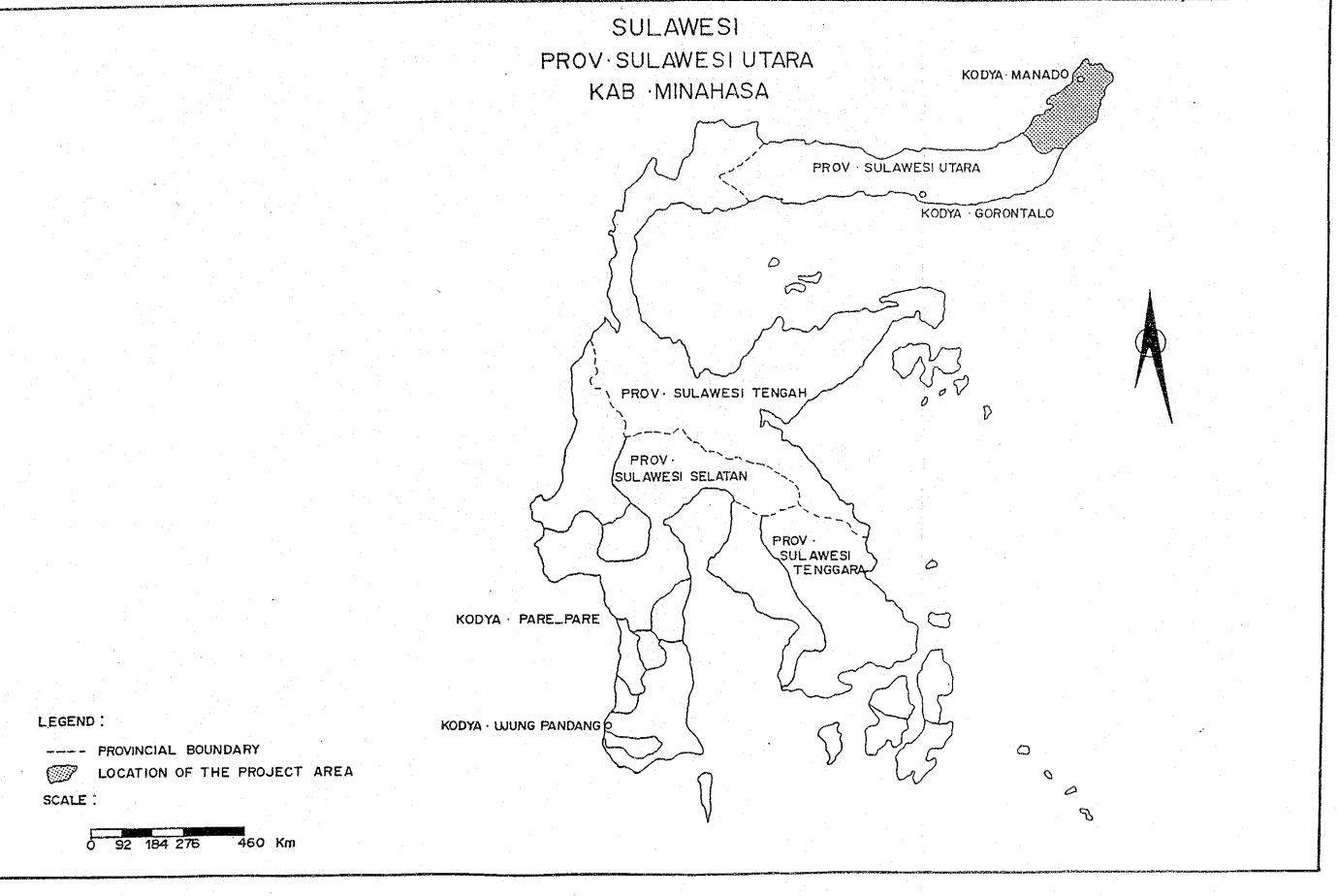
The report consists of the results of the feasibility study and proposed implementation programme of the local road development in the Kabupaten.

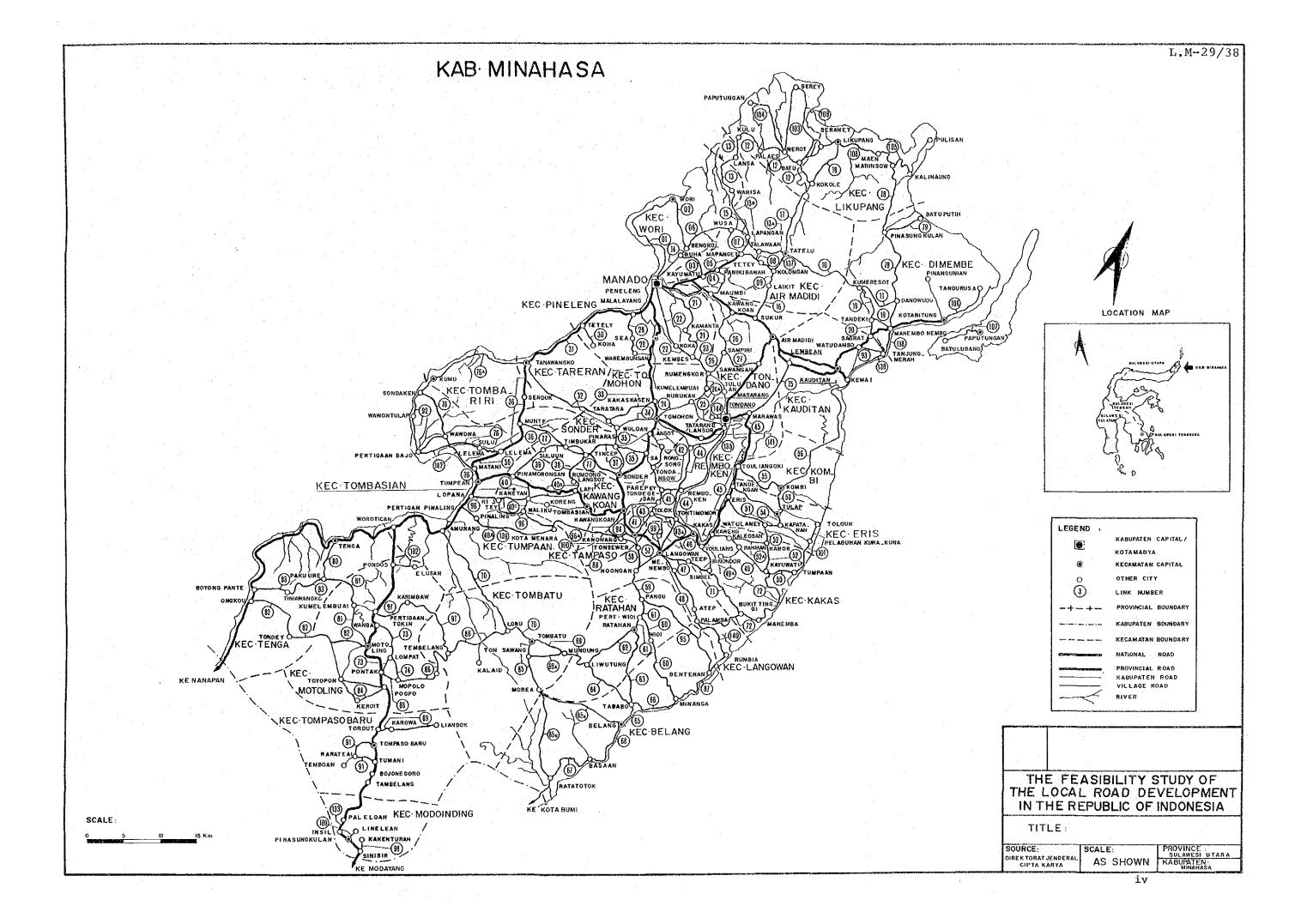
The simplified economic feasibility evaluation methodology utilized for the study was established by the Study Team in Phase I Study through a pilot study of seven (7) model Kabupatens, and is described in the Main Report.

The purpose of the study for the Kabupaten is mainly to estimate the total Project Cost for the local road development but only limited data is available for study base. Therefore a detailed survey and design for the improvement of the Kabupaten roads should be carried out before commencing the Project together with a review of this report.









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Chapter 1 BACKGROUND OF THE KABUPATEN

1.1 Topographic and Meteorological Conditions

1.1.1 location and Topography

Kabupaten Minahasa is the northeastermost Kabupaten in Sulawesi Island. It is bordered on the southwest by Kabupaten Bolang Mangon-dow and is surround from the north coast through to the south coast by the Sulawesi Sea and the Maluku Sea. Going further northward on the water Kabupaten Minahasa is adjacent to the archipelagic Kabupaten, Sangihe Talaut.

A mountain range 1500 to 2000 meter high forms a corridor from the southwest to the northeast. Almost in the centre of the corridor lies Tondano Lake, considered to be a crater lake, with the capital of the Kabupaten, Tondano, standing at the north. On the south side of the mountains steep slopes fall to the shore so few flat areas exist. The other side, north of the mountains, shows gentle features compared with the south side. Around the lower reaches of the Manado and Ranoyaba Rivers there are flat areas. The Manado River rises from Tondano Lake and the Ranoyaba River flows northward rising from the boundary with Kabupaten Bolang Mangondow. The provincial capital, Manado, stands at the mouth of the Manado River.

The Kabupaten has an area of 4,322 square kilometers, approximately 23 percent of the total of the province. It consists administratively of 27 Kecamatans.

1.1.2 Meteorological Conditions

The average number of rainy days and the average amount of yearly rainfall, in Kabupaten Minahasa are 213 days and 2,478 mm respectively.

One year in the Kabupaten consists of a rainy season and a dry season. The dry season is from July through October in general. However this is variable as Table 1-1-1 shows.

The number of working days which is necessary for planning the construction schedule in chapter 6, is estimated at 170 days using the following formula based upon the data shown in the table referred to above.

Working Days =
$$365$$
 - Holidays - Rainy Days + (Rainy Days $\times \frac{\text{Holiday}}{365}$ + (0.10 x Rainy Days)

Where:

- Holidays consist of 52 Sundays and 13 national holidays; and
- 10% of rainy days are assumed to be workable days.

Table 1-1-1

PROVINCE : Sulawesi Utara KABUPATEN : Minahasa

METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

STATION : Kayuwatu Manado

-		198(0		1 9	981		1 9	8 2		1 9	983		1 9	984
MONTH	RAINY DAYS RAINFALL RAINY (mm)	YS RAI	INFALL (mm)		DAYS	RAINFALL (mm)	RAINY DAYS		RAINFALL (mm)	RAINY	DAYS	RAINFALL (mm)	RAINY	DAYS	RAINFALL (mm)
January		25	416		26	413		24	216		23	187		26	287
February		24	664		25	269		25	364	÷	15	34		28	381
March		17	255		21	365	٠	23	323		7	46		25	288
April		22	397		19	336		24	164		12	210		27	376
May	*	13	82		27	217		19	192		25	269	٠	28	280
June		17	117		18	199		16	463	. • •	24	199	-	21	175
July		∞	1.5		20	136		1	1		23	155		24	156
August		15	159		īŲ	39		4	20		19	147		r1	245
September	٠.	ī.	10		16	65	٠	m	42		16	128		23	310
October		16	122	:	20	145		ις	52		18	181		15	162
November		15	259		22	237		11	86		20	309		16	85
December		27	285		25	422		22	288		25	306	٠.٠.	24	516
Total	7	204	2,676		244	2,843	. :	176	2,222		231	2,171		268	3,261

1.2 Socio-Economic Conditions

1.2.1 Population

The population of Kabupaten Minahasa in 1983 was 704,024 which was approximately 31.1% of the 2,262,400 total population of Sulawesi Utara Province as shown in Table 1-2-1.

The population density was 1.63 persons per ha which was higher than the provincial density of 1.19.

The recent annual average growth rate of population of the Kabupaten is 2.0% which is slightly lower than both the provincial rate of 2.3% and the national rate of 2.2%. This may be caused by outflow of population to other areas.

The population of each Kecamatan and its proportion to the Kabupaten population is shown in Table 1-2-2.

Table 1-2-1

POPULATION BY KABUPATEN

the state of the s	•			4 - 4	
DESCRIPTION	POPULATION	AAGR (%)	AREA (ha)	POPULATION DENSITY (persons/ha)	SURVEY YEAR
KABUPATEN:			. ,		
MINAHASA	704,024	2.0	432,200	1.63	1983
PROVINCE:					
SULAWESI UTARA	2,215,300 2,262,400 2,309,400	2.3	1,902,300 1,902,300 1,902,300	1.19	1982 1983 1984
JAWA IS. (Excluding DKI JAKARTA)	91,126,900	1.7	13,159,700	6.92	. <u>.</u>
INDONESIA	161,579,500	2.2	191,944,300	0.84	-

Notes:

1. Sources:

Kabupaten; Kabupaten concerned with the study

Province; Jawa and Indonesia:

Statistical yearbook of Indonesia 1984, published by the Central statistics Bureau.

2. AAGR ; Average Annual Growth Rate.

POPULATION BY KECAMATAN

Year : 1983

PROVINCE : SULAWESI UTARA

KABUPATEN : MINAHASA

KECAMATAN	POPULATION	PROPORTION (%)
MODOINDING	7,829	1.1
TOMPASO BARU	19,902	2.8
BELANG	21,749	3.2
TOMBATU	32,861	4.7
MOTOLING	40,337	5 • 8
TENGA	28,211	4.0
TOMBASIN	25,219	3.7
RATAHAN	20,906	3.0
LANGOWAN	37,932	5.4
KAKAS	22,287	3.3
TOMPASO	12,682	1 · 7
REMBOKEN	10,530	1.6
KAWANGKOAN	23,598	3 • 4
TARERAN	20,659	3.0
TUMPAAN	17,487	2.6
TOMBARIRI	19,234	2.7
SONDER	16,886	2.4
TOMOHON	68,528	9.7
TONDANO	40,268	5.8
ERIS	17,572	2.5
KOMBI	11,911	1.7
KAUDITAN	27,404	3.9
AIR MADIDI	30,517	4 - 4
PINELENG	25,922	. 3•7
WORI	23,153	3 • 4
DIMEMBE	39,220	5 - 6
LIKUPANG	31,225	4.4
TOTAL	224,630	100

1,2,2 Land Use

In Kabupaten Minahasa, 257,079 ha of the current available land use area, which is approximately 59.5% of the 432,200 ha total area of the Kabupaten, is used for living purposes and for industrial activity of the inhabitants of the Kabupaten. It is the total value of columns (1) through (6) in Table 1-2-3.

The current available land use area consists of 246,731 ha of agricultural harvest area and 10,348 ha of residential area which are 96.0% and 4.0% of the current available land use area respectively.

The agricultural harvest area consists of 49,021 ha of paddy field, 145,710 ha of plantation and 52,000 ha of other cultivated area which are 19.9%, 59.1% and 21.0% of the agricultural harvest area respectively.

It can be realized from the land use that the main industry in the Kabupaten is plantation.

PROVINCE : SULAWESI UTARA

CABUPATEN	WET PADDY FIELD	UPLAND PADDY OTHER FIELD TIVATED	OTHER CUL- IVATED AREA	PLANTATION AREA	RESIDENTIAL AREA	RESIDENTIAL USABLE OPEN RIVER & FORESTRY OTHERS TOTAL AREA AREA SPACE LAKE AREA	OPEN RIVER & SPACE LAKE	FORESTRY AREA	OTHERS	TOTAL ARE	A SURVEY YEAR
tinahasa	31,182 (7.2)	17,839 (4.1)	52,000 (12.0)	145,710 (33.7)	10,348 (2.4)		9.753 (2.3)	97,369 (22.5)	97,369 68,000 (22,5) (15.8)	432,200 (100)	1982

Notes:

1. The value in () denotes the proportion 2. Source : Kabupaten concerned with the study

1,2,3 Agriculture

The cultivated area and food crop production in Kabupaten Minahasa in 1984 were 81,237 ha and 268,853 ton respectively as shown in Table 1-2-4. Of food crops, the area and production of paddy, which consists of wet paddy and upland paddy, was 30,547 ha and 142,304 ton respectively which are 27.6% and 52.9% of the total food crops. The yield rate of paddy production is 4.70 ton per ha. Thus, paddy is the most predominant agricultural crop of the Kabupaten.

As the table shows, average annual growth rates of area and production of paddy in 1983 through 1984 were 0.7% and 5.1% respectively. However in the long term both area and production are tending to decrease. It is desirable that productivity of paddy increases and this depends upon the future development of irrigation.

The commodity crops, of which palm oil, clove and coffee are major, are produced in the plantations. The area and production of plantation crops in 1983 were 124,982 ha and 116,243 ton respectively with current growth rates of 0% and 4.5% as shown in Table 1-2-5. Thus the plantation crop which is exported is an important agricultural product. Some changes are expected considering the international balance of supply and demand.

The population of the agricultural sector which is assumed from the employment in the Kabupaten is 64.2% of the total population as shown in Table 1-2-6. Thus this is an agricultural Kabupaten.

It is suggested that the kabupaten takes steps to produce a highly developed agricultural system by measures such as increase of double crop fields, improvement of irrigation facilities and rearrangement of the cultivated fields.

KABUPATEN: MINAHASA

CULTIVATED AREA

							(ha)
			H V.	YEAR		1 1	AAGR
ITEM	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	(%)
PADDY	43,584	46,707	45,313	43,068	30,371	30,547	•
OTHERS	84,596	71,996	72,130	63,822	84,019	50,690	
TOTAL	128,180	118,703	117,443	106,890	114,390	81,237	
			PRODUCTI	ON			
			1 4 1				(ton)
	<u> </u>			YEAR			AAGR
ITEM	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	(%)
PADDY	202,777	195,203	195,872	177,603	135,460	142,304	
OTHERS	142,615	149,110	172,273	170,268	189,451	126,549	
TOTAL	345,392	344,313	368,145	347,871	324,911	268,853	
			YIELD RA	ATE			
						(to	on/ha)
				YEAR			AAGR
ITEM	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	(%)
PADDY	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.5	4.7	

Notes :

- 1. AAGR : Average annual growth rate
- 2. Source : Kabupaten concerned with the study

Table 1-2-5

AREA AND PRODUCTION OF PLANTATION CROPS Year: 1983

PROVINCE : SULAWESI	UTARA				
KABUPATEN		AREA (ha)	PRODUCTION (ton)	AREA	AAGR (%) PRODUCTION
MINAHASA		124,982	116,243	0	4.5
Table 1-2-6	POPULA	TION OF A	GRICULTURAL SECT	OR	
PROVINCE : SULAWESI	UTARA				
KABUPATEN	AGR	ICULTURAL SECTOR	TOTAL POPULATION	PROPORTION (%)	AAGR SURVEY (%) YEAR
MINAHASA		452,000	704,024	64.2	2.0 1984

Notes:

- 1. AAGR : Average annual growth rate
- 2. Source : Kabupaten concerned with the study

1.2.4 Other Economic Activities

Notable economic activities excluding agriculture in Kabupaten Minahasa are fishery and livestock sectors.

The current growth of the fishery production can be seen in Table below.

	1980	1984	AAGR (%)
Catch (ton)	19,867	19,423	- 0.6
the contract of the contract o	A second control of the control of t		

Notes: 1. AAGR : Average annual growth rate

2. Source : Kabupaten data

The recent catchs show no remarkable increase, however it is presumed that yearly approx. 13,000 tons excluding the consumption of the Kabupaten itself are exported out of the Kabupaten.

The following table shows the current growth rates of the livestock production.

	1980	1984	AAGR (%)
Production (ton)	3,025	4,779	12.1

Notes: 1. AAGR : Average annual growth rate

2. Source : Kabupaten data

As can be seen in the above table, this sector shows a high growth rate and yearly approx. 3,000 tons are presumed to export out of the Kabupaten.

Therefore this sector is expected to become continuously prosperous.

1.3 Present Status of Kabupaten Roads

1.3.1 Outline of Road Networks

In Kabupaten Minahasa a national road called the 'Trans Sulawesi Highway' starts from Manado, the capital of the Province Sulawesi Utara, and runs across the Kabupaten from north to south. It leads to the neighbouring Kabupaten Bolang Mongondaw through Tomohon, Kawangkoan, Tumpean, Amurang, Worotican and Tenga.

In the central area of the Kabupaten the provincial roads form three circular roads connecting with the said national road. The first runs through Manado, Tondano and Tomohon, the second through Tomohon, Tondano and Kawangkoan, and the third through Manado, Tumpean and Kawangkoan.

The other provincial roads are in the northweast and southwest areas of the Kabupaten. These roads lead between Air Madiri and Kotabitung and between Worotican and Sinisir respectively.

The above national and provincial roads act as the regional trunk roads of the Kabupaten and along these regional trunk roads the Kabupaten roads form high density Kabupaten road networks. Exception to this are the north end and the east coastal areas of the Kabupaten because these areas are mostly covered by steep slopes.

In general Kabupaten Minahasa is one of the most developed Kabupatens in terms of Kabupaten road networks.

1.3.2 Road Inventory

From the road inventory data prepared by the Kabupaten, the number and total length of Kabupaten roads to be studied in Kabupaten Minahasa are confirmed as 160 links and 1,470 Km respectively. These figures exclude Kabupaten roads with no data.

According to the data the present status of the Kabupaten roads is as follows:

(1) Density of Kabupaten Roads

The density of the Kabupaten roads is 3.40 m per ha. This is distinctly higher than the national density of 0.48 m per ha and also higher than 2.11 m per ha which is the density in Jawa Island, excluding DKI Jakarta, as shown in the following table. Thus, the Kabupaten is progressive in density of Kabupaten roads.

	Total Length (km)	Area (ha)	Density (m/ha)
Kabupaten : Minahasa	1,470	432,200	3.40
Province : Sulawesi Utara	1,470	432,200	3.40
Jawa Is.(Excluding DKI Jakarta)	27,715	13,159,700	2.11
Indonesia	92,038	191,944,300	0 48

Notes: 1. The value for the province is the total value for the Kabupatens included in the study.

2. The sources of data are as follows: Kabupaten and Province: Bina Marga Inventory Jawa and Indonesia: Statistical Yearbook of Indonesia 1984, published by the Central Statistics Bureau

(2) Kabupaten Road Surface Type

The type of surface on the Kabupaten roads in the Kabupaten is shown in Table 1-3-1.

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Table 1-3-1 (2) EXISTING ROAD LENGTH BY SURFACE TYPE

kab : Hihanasa

PROV I SULAWEST UTARA

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The legend used in the table is as follows:

ASP : Asphalt

KRK : Gravel/Stone/Telford/Water Bound Macadam

TNH : Earth

LL : Others

Comparison of the proportions of surface type in the Kabupaten with other regions is as follows:

		ASP	KRK	TNH/LL
Kabupaten	: Minahasa	57.5	7.8	34.6
Province	: Sulawesi Utara	57.5	7.8	34.6
Jawa Is.(E	Excluding OKI Jakarta)	56.2	25.0	18.8
Indonesia		26.0	26.6	47.4

Thus, in the Kabupaten the proportion of Kabupaten roads with asphalt, surface is much higher than that of Indonesia and even is higher than that of Jawa Island. However the proportion of low grade roads such as earth roads and others remains comparatively. This means that although the road classification in the Kabupaten is rather high, further improvement is desirable.

(3) Surface Condition of Kabupaten Roads

The surface condition of the Kabupaten roads classified as good, fair, poor and bad which are shown as BA, SD, RU and RB respectively, are summarized in Table 1-3-2.

Comparison of the proportions of the various surface conditions of the Kabupaten roads in the Kabupaten with other regions is as follows:

	Good	Fair	Poor	Bad
Kabupaten : Minahasa	36.0	19.6	28.2	16.0
Province : Sulawesi Utara	36.0	19.6	28.2	16.0
Jawa Is.(Excluding DKI Jakarta)	45.6	29.8	19.6	5,0
Indonesia	43.5	21.8	21.1	13.6

Table 1-3-2 (1) EXISTING ROAD CONDITION BY SURFACE TYPE

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Table 1-3-2 (2) EXISTING ROAD CONDITION BY SURFACE TYPE

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Table 1-3-2 (4) EXISTING ROAD CONDITION BY SURFACE TYPE

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The surface condition level of the Kabupaten roads in the Kabupaten is lower than both that of Indonesia and of Jawa Island. The proportion in good condition is relatively low. Accordingly there is yet scope for improvement of maintenance in the Kabupaten.

(4) Terrain Conditions of Kabupaten Roads

The difficulty of road improvement is mainly dependent upon the terrain conditions.

The terrain conditions of the Kabupaten roads, classified as flat, hilly, mountainous and swampy which are shown as DT, BK, GN and RW, are summarized in Table 1-3-3.

The proportions of terrain conditions in the Kabupaten are 51.0% flat, 41.0% hilly and 8.0% mountainous.

There is no swampy area in the Kabupaten.

1.3.3 Bridge Inventory

A bridge inventory showing the existing condition of bridges on the Kabupaten roads in Kabupaten Minahasa was prepared by the Kabupaten.

The bridge types are classfied as timber, concrete, steel and others which are shown in the inventory as KY, BT, BJ and LL respectively.

The inventory shown in Table 1-3-4 and Table 1-3-5 indicates a total of 48 bridges with a total length of 397 m of which 9 or 18.6% are timber and 30 or 62.5% are concrete. Steel bridges account for only 9 or 18.6% of the total. On the other hand, 10 bridges with a total length of 2,212 m are required to be newly constructed.

PROV	: SUL	ANESI	UTARA

KAD : KINAHASA

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Table 1-3-3 (2) EXISTING ROAD LENGTH BY TERRAIN CONDITION

PROV	1	SULANESI	UTARA	Kr
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KAD : HINAHASA

	. :					-					•		(Km)		- 							•					(km)	
1 10	7	3)	1		OT	1	BK		SN		RW	: T	OTAL.	1	1 10	2. (3)	 , I	DT	.	BK		GN	j.	RW	1	TOTAL	ı
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LU	łK	94	1			1	3	ì		l	` I	ì	3	ŧ	11	NK	134		3	1		1	1	ţ		1	1	1 ;
LLII	łK	75	1			l	19	l		ţ	1	ŧ,	19	ł	11	IHK	135	1		1	6	ţ		1		1	7	1
LII	łΚ	76	ł		3	1	8	ļ	1	İ	<u> </u>	ŀ	12	1	11	ĮNK	136	ı İ	. 4	Ì		1		ŀ		1		1 ;
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LII	łK	98	ı		2	i		1	-	ł	1	1	2	۱.	ΙĹ	INK	138	1	· .	ŀ		ţ		ŀ		ŀ		1
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1 L.II	K	100	ł		3	ŧ		1		t	1	l	. 3	1	11	INK	140	1	10	1		t		ł		1		0.1
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LII					4	-	4	ı		1			8															
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Table 1-3-4 NUMBER AND LENGTH OF BRIDGES

PROV : SULAMEST UTARA KAD : MINAHASA

				<<<< 8R10	GE >>))	. •	(UNIT: m)
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1	6	F			3	2100.00	1 3	2100.00 1
-1		1	1	6.00			1	6.00 1
į	14	1	1	23,00		1	1 1	23.00
Į	21	٠,	į	16.00 [1 1	16.00 l
1	31	1	4	24.00			1 4	24.00 l
Ì	37	ı	2	7,00			1 2	7,00.1
ì	39	1	3	36.00			1 3	36.00 1
1	40	1	1 .	5.00		•	1 1	5.00
١	44	ł	i	2.80 1			1	2.80 1
Ì	49	Į	. '		.1.	15.00	1	15.00
ì	70	1	2	35.00 I	1	*	1 2	35.00 1
ì	81	1	3	14.00 [1	5.00	1 4	17.00 1
ţ	83	1.	İ	4.00	1	5.00	1 2	9.00 1
1	89	1			1	50.00	1 1	50.00 I
1	71	1	2	12.00 1	i		1 2	12.00 (
• [92	1	i	6.00	- 1	15.00	1 2	21.00 1
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1	110	1	13	124.00		•	1 13	124.00 1
į	117	1.	1	14.00		•	1	14.00
ŧ	123	1	1	7.00			i i	7.00
1	126	1	1	5.00			1 1	5.00 l
1	127	1	1	4.00			1 1	4.00 1
ł	133	4	ţ	7.00		4.	1 1	7.00 1
Ī	151	ļ	2	7.50		22.00	1 4	29.50 l
1	TOTAL]	48	394.60	10	2212.00	1 58	260B.60 1

Table 1-3-5 NUMBER OF EXISTING BRIDGES BY BRIDGE TYPE

PF	ROV	:	Sl	JL,	AWE!	il l	TAR	A			KAD	;	HINA	ias
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1	LINK		14				1			ı	1	i	1	i
Į	LIN		21			1	1 '			1		i	1	1
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i	LIN					2	1			l		i	2	Ť
į	LIN						1			1	3	ì	3	i
i	LIN					1.	i			1	_	i	1	i
	LIN						1			i.	1	i	i	i
Į	LIN						i			i	_	i		i
١	LIN	(.	70	i		2				i		ï	2	i
ŧ	LIN					3				ŀ		į	3	i
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1	LIN					5	1		7	1	1	1	13	1
ł	LIN	Ċĺ	17	ł		ı				l		ı	i	١
ı	LIN	Ġ	23	Ī			ı			ļ	j	ı	1	ı
ļ	LIN	ci	26	1		1	•			•		4		Ŧ
ı	LIN					ļ	1			ı	:	1	i	ı
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l	LIN	< 1	51	1		Í				į	1	ł	2	ł
	T(OTA	L	1		30	l		9		q		48	
1	R	111	0			63	 	1	 9	1	19	1	 (X)	

The number of existing bridges by span length is as follows:

Bridge Type					Sp	an Le	ngth	(m)			
	$\sqrt{3}$	<u>\{5</u>	<u>⟨8</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u>\(20</u>	<u> </u>	Total
Timber	2	3	2	-	1		•	**	₩.	1	9
Concrete	3	. 9	14	1	-		1	-	1	1	. 30
Stee1	1	2	- 1	3	1	-	-	-	1		9
Others	<u>.</u>	į.		-	~	.	-		-		
Tota1	6	14	17	. 4	2		1	-	2	2	48

Thus, most of the existing bridges on the Kabupaten roads are concrete, and the majority of spanlengths is within the range of $5\ \mathrm{m}$ to $8\ \mathrm{m}$.

1.3.4 Traffic

Inventories of the average daily traffic (ADT) on the Kabupaten roads in Kabupaten Minahasa were prepared by the Kabupaten and are shown in Chapter 2.

From the inventories, total value of average daily trips by vehicle type and their proportions in the Kabupaten in 1985 are summarized as follows:

	SEDAN	BUS	TRUCK	MOTOR- CYCLE	TOTAL
Total Trips	3,270	1,406	1,395	3,514	9,585
Proportion (%)	34.12	14.67	14.55	36.66	100.00

Source : Bina Marga Inventory

The proportions of registered vehicles by vehicle type are as follows:

	SEDAN	BUS	TRUCK	MOTOR-	TOTAL
		. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:	CYCLE	
Proportion (%)	2.35	18.01	8.86	70.78	100.00

Source : Kabupaten

Thus, the proportion of motorcyles in the Kabupaten is by far the highest.

From the above tables the following can be observed:

- Number of total trips might be underestimated
- Proportions are probably reasonable.

Essentially, for estimation of future traffic volumes past and present traffic data together with the trend in the number of registered vehicles are important basic data. However the data obtained for the study was traffic count data for each road link in 1985 and of low reliability.

Therefore the future traffic volumes are estimated by the calculation process recommended in chapter 3 of the Main Report.

Chapter 2 ESTIMATIONS OF FUTURE TRAFFIC VOLUME AND BENEFIT

2.1 Future Traffic Volume

2.1.1 Traffic Growth Rate

The traffic growth rate used for estimation of the future traffic volume on the Kabupaten roads was estimated by the following calculation process.

Growth of Production Basis "A":

Annual Population Growth Growth of the Total of the Kabupaten X Gultivated Area

Growth of Productivity "B" :

Growth of the Total X Growth of the Paddy Paddy Field Area Production per ha

Traffic Growth Rate: Initial estimated figure:

 $\overline{GR}^{T} = \sqrt{A \times B}$

Traffic Growth Rate GR =Final adjusted figure:

VGR' X Trend of GDP/Capita of the Province Concerned

Results of the estimation are shown in Table 2-1-1.

Tab1e 2-1-1

TRAFFIC GROWTH RATE ESTIMATION

ብ)	Growth Rate of Population	:	2.00 (%)
B)	Growth Rate of Cultivated Area	•	0.50 (%)
C) i	Growth Rate of Rice field	:	0.70 (%)
D).	Growth Rate of Rice yield rate	:	5.00 (7)
E)	Growth Rate of GDP / capita	. :	5.30 (%)
	مل المراجع		\$ PT STO 14 T TO LIKE PLUS OUT THE LIKE THE TOWN
a)	Geometrical Mean (A x B)		1.25 (%)
h)	Geometrical Mean (C x D)	•	2.83 (%)
c)	Geometrical Mean (a x b)		2.03 (%)
d)	Geometrical Mean (c x E)		3.65 (%)

, 2.1.2 Present and Future Traffic Volume

The future traffic volumes on the Kabupaten roads in 1998 for the Project life time of ten years were estimated by the following formula:

 $Tn = Te (1 + r)^n$

Where

In : Future traffic volume n years later

Te: Traffic volume in 1985

r : Traffic growth rate

The results are shown in Table 2-1-2 together with the traffic volume in 1985.

Table 2-1-2 (1) EXISTING AND FUTURE TRAFFIC VOLUME

PROV : SULANESI UTARA KAB : MINAHASA

4														/ con	1/2 >		x + x **	
														, 9LD	1 1/ <i>6 /</i>		******	
		 		INVE	NTORY (1'	785)		1	RATE	1		AFTER 13	YEARS	(1998)		1	CLASS	!
LINK	NO	1	HBL	BUS	TRUK	SPD	TOTAL	1		1	MPL	8 US	TRUK	6PD	TOTAL	1		1
	i	1	30	10	5	25	58	1	3.7%		48	16	8	40	92	ţ	1118-2	1
		1	ь	14	6	10	31	1	3.72		10	22	10	16	49	ł	1110	1.,
	3	1	0	0	0	0	. 0	1	3.7%	Ť	0	0	0	0	0	İ	1116	ţ
	ŧ	1	25	0	10	30	50	. 1	3.71	Ŧ	40	0	16	48	80		1119-2	
	5	ŀ	75	10	15	30	115	1	3.7%	T	120	16	24	48			111B-2	
	b	ŧ	20	0	10	30	45			1	32	0	16	48			1119-2	
	7		10	0	5	15			3.7%	1	16	0	B	24	37	٠.	THE	
	8	İ	20	10	10	20	50	ł		1	32	16	16	32	80		1118-2	
	9	ł	25	15	10	10	55	ł		ì	40	24	16	16	80		111B-2	
ા 1	0	1	. 0	0 ;	0	0	Ō	1	3.7%	ı	0	0	0	0			HIC	į.
1		1	. 7	. 3	5	17	24	1	3.71	1	il	5	В	27	38		HIC	1
1		ł	20	B	12	30		. !		1	32	13	19	48	88		IIIB-2	
i			0	.0	0	0	0	1		4	0	0	0	0	5		HIC	
1		ł	20	. 0	15	30	50		3.71	i	32	0	24	48	80	-	111B-2	
-	5	ŀ	10	. 0	5	20	25	ŀ	3.7%	1	16	0	6	32	40		1110	1
	-	į	10	5	5	10	25	-	3.72		16	8	8	16	40	•	HIE	1
}			25	15	10	10	55	1	3.7%		40	24	16	16	-88	•	1118-2	
1			25 70	15	10	10	55	ì	3.72		40	24	16	16	- 88		1118-2	
!		Ī	30	40	30	50	125	1	3.7%		. 49	64	48	80			1118-2	
2		!	5	. 5	5	10	20		3.72		. B	8	8	16 0	32 0		IIIC .	
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2		1	10 7	25 6	5 4	15 10	48 22		3.7%	į	16	40 10	8 6	24 !6	76 35		1110 2	
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2		1	20	10	25	10	60				32	16	40	16			1118-2	
2		! !	10	10	10	15	38	ì	3.7%		16	16	16	24	61	- 1	1119-2	_
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2:		•	40	30	10	- 45	103	i		i	64	48	16	72	164		1118-2	٠.
2			3	2	5	6	13	;	3.77	i	5	3	9	10	21			i
3		}	10	5	10	15	33	i	3.71		16	8	16	24	53	•	1118-2	-
3		i	20	20	20	50	85	i		ì	32	32	32	B0	135		111B-2	
3		ŧ	60	0	10	50	95	1		i		0	16	80	151		1118-2	
3	3	ŀ	0	0	5	10	10	1		ł	0	0	8	16	16		1110	
3	4	•	40	0	20	70	95	ì	3.7%	ł	64	. 0	32	112	151	İ	1118-2	1
35	5 [ŧ	2	i	0	2	4	ļ	3.77	ł	3	2	0	3	6	•	1110	!
3	6	1	0	0	. 0	0	0	ŧ	3.71	ł	0	0	0	0	0	ł	1110	1
3		ł	4	1	0	- 12	11	ţ	3.7%		. 6	. 2	0	19	18	ţ	HIC	1
3			40	15	5	15	- 69	1	3.7%		64	24	8	24	801	1	1119-2	1
3			29	В	4	30	55	ļ	3.7%		45	13	ь	48	68	ļ	1118-2	t.
4			. 7	3	1	8		1	3.72		11	5 -	2				HIC	1
4			10	0	4	20	24		3.7%			0	6	25	38		HIC	ł
4		!	- 5	3	2	15			3.7%		8	. 5	3	24	29		HIC	1.
4.		i	5	5	. 5	10			3.7%		. 8	. 8	8	16			HIC	
4		•	75	0	25	80	140				120	0	40	127			111B-1	
4:			92	0	22	.34			3.7%		131	0	35	54			IIIB-2	
4		; 	6	2	6	15		ì	3.7%		10	3	10	24			1110	!
. 4 4:		i } :	6 2	0	5	1 20	12		3.7%		10	0	8	2			HIC	1
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		P	ROV	1	3 2	iULA'	MESI	UTARA		,	(AB ;	MI)	iahasa				:		. 1				
-				:															< 6PD	1/2)		
			ſ				INVE	NTORY (1985	1		1	RATE				AFTER 13	YEARS	(1998)		<u>.</u> 1	CLASS	1
	LINK N	D	1		HBL		BUS	TRUK	8	PD	TOTAL	,	- 10 (4 (5 (4 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 (5 	t		MBL	BUS	TRUK	SPD	TOTAL	,	404400	1
-	51		1		25		15	10		25	63	1	3.77			40	24	16	40	100		1119-2	1
	52		1		. 0		0	1		5	7 4	1	3.77	- 1		0	0	2	8	6	ŧ	1110	, 1
	53		1		9	٠	2	4	٠.	20	25	ł	3.7%	ŧ		14	3	6	32	40	ŧ	1110	1
	54		1	ď	50	•	25	10		25	78	1	3.77	1		80	10	16	40	156	1	1118-2	1
	55		1		21		10			40	63	, 1	3.72	1		33		19	64	100		1118-2	ŀ
	56		1		12	: -	3	5		15	28	!	3.77	1		19		B	24			HIC	. !
	57		1		20		25	15		5	63	ŧ	J. 72	1		32		24	8	100		1118-2	1
	59		1		3		2	5	300	15	18	- 1	3.71	- 1		5		0	24	29		1110	1
	59		l	٠.	15		5	5		10	20	1	3.77	- 1		24		. 9	16	48		HIC	1
	60		1		10	, t.	2	9		14	. 27	. 1	3.7%	1		16	100	_13	22	43	-	1116	1
	61		1	-	25		20	15		25	73	1	3.72	1		40		24	40	116		111B-2	1
	62		!		10		5	5		20	30	1	3.7%			16		8	32	49		HIIC	1
	63				15		20	10		20	55	ſ	3.7%	1		24	1.	16	32	88		1118-2	
	64		i		0		0	0		5	3	1	3.77	: f	÷	0		0	Û			1116	f
-	65		1		10		15	25		25	63	1	3.7%			16		40	40	100	-	1118-2	-
	66		1		5		10	20		15	43		3.71	1		<u>()</u>		32	24	69			
	67 10		1		20 12	11	15	15		25 30	63	ŀ	3.7%	- 1		32		24	40	100			
	68		1	٠			18	7			52	i	3.77	i ·		19		11 16	48 24	61		1118-2	-
	69		i		10 0		10	10 0		15 0	39	i I	3.7%	1	٠.	16		0	0	0		1116-2 1116	. 1
	70		i		0		0	. 0		0	0	į	3.7% 3.7%	i		0	3	0	0	0			
	71		1		0		0	. 0		0	0	. i		٠,	1	0	- 1	0	0	0		1110	1
	72 73		•		25		15	10		15	59	1	3.77	. !		40		16	24	* .		1118-2	. 1
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	75		1		. 0		Ó	. 0	:	Õ	0	1	3.7%	,	1	0		0	Ů	· ŏ		HIIC	i
	76		. 3		0		0	. 3		10	. 8	1	3.71			0		5	16	13		1110	į
	70		i		0		0	0		0	0	i	3.7%	i		Ö		0	0	0		1110	1
	18		i		Ŏ		0	0		0	0	į	3.77	·		0		Ů	0	Û		1116	i
	79		i		25		15	10		10	55	i	3.72	i		40		16	16	. 88		1118-2	i
	80		i	į.	0		0	ő		0	- 0	i	3.71	i		Ô		0	0	0		11110	i
	91		ì		15		Ō	4	:	30	34	i	3.77	i		24	1.0	. 6	49	54		1118-2	i :
	82		i		25		15	10		25	.63	i	3.77	Í		40		16	40	100		1118-2	1
	83		ï		-6		0	Ą		10	15	1	3.7%	1		10		6	16	24		HIC	1
	84		1		5		5	- 5		5	18	1	3.7%	4		8	8	. 8	8	29	!	11110	1
	85		f	•	25		20	20		35	83	1	3.7%	1		40	32	32	56	132		1118-2	1
	86		1		. 0		9	0		8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ı	3.7%	-1		0		0	13	å	. !	11110	ŧ
	87		1		5		2	2		7	13	ļ	3.7%	1		8	3	3	11	21		HILL	t
	88		1		10		10	10		15	28	•	3.7%	1		16	16	16	24	61		1118-2	2
	89		ı		. 0		0	0		0	. 0	ŀ	3.7%	Ī		Ó	0	0	0	0		HILL	. 1
	90		ł		10		5	4		20	29	ł	3.7%	\$		- 16		b	32	46		1110	1
	91		1		15		4	2		4	23	•	3,7%	- 1		24	6	3	6	37		HILC	1
	92		{		0		0	. 4		2	5	1	3.7%	1		. 0		6	. 3	8		1110	1
	93		ţ		24		0	2		10		١	3.7%	ŀ		38		3	16	49		3111	1
	94		1		20		10	10		15		ł	3.7%	1		32		16	24	76		111B-7	
	95		}		35		41	39		30		i	3.7%	J		56		62	48	207			
	76		i		10		15	5	•	12		į	3.71	- 1		16		8	19	57		[] B-7	1
	97		ŀ		4		2	0		3	8	ļ	3.7%			6		0	5	13		11110	ŧ
	98		ì		6		4	0		2	П	1	3.7%	1		10		0	3	18		3111	1,
	99		f		8		0	4		6	15	ſ	3.7%	1		13		. 6	10	24		IIIC	- [
	100		Ł		2		2	1		5	8	1	3,7%	1		3	3	2	8	13		I IIIC	1

PROV : SULAWEST UTARA KAB : MIMAHASA

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	ł			INVEN	ITORY (19	185)		ŀ	RATE	Ī		AFTER 13	YEARS	(1998)		1	CLASS	1
LINK HD	1		HBL	BUS	TRUK	SPD	TOTAL	1		1	MBL	BUS	TRUK	SPO	TOTAL	l		۱
101	 I		25	15	10	20	60	~: 	3.7%	1	40	24	16	32	76		1118-2	1
102	1		4	0	6	20	20	ŧ	3.71	ŧ	6	. 0	10	32			1110	
103	i	r	5	5	5	10	20	4	3.7%	J.	. 8	8	8	16	32		HIC	
104			4	3	7.	10	19	ŧ	3.71	ŧ	. 6	5	. 11	16	30		1111	
105	t		5	5	5	10	20	1	3.72	1	8	6	. 8	16	32		1110	
401	į		40	0	- 10	30	65	.1	3.72	1	.64	0	. ló	48	104		1110-2	
107	1		6	. 2	2	10	15	ł	3.72	,l	10	3	3	16	24		1116	
801	1		15	15	15	20	55	1	3.7%	ŧ	24	24	24	32	88		1118-2	
109	Ī		4	2	0	2	. 7	i	3.72	1	-, b	. 3	0	3	- 11		HIC	
110	đ		700	300	200	B00	1600	Ţ	3.71	ł	1116	478	319	1275	2550		IIIA	
111	ı	1.	15	3	2	10	25	1	3.71	ŧ	24	5	3	16	10			
112	1		50	25	25	40	120	1	3.71	ļ	80	40	40	- 64	191		1110-2	
113	1		20	20	15	25	68	1	3.72	į.	32	32	.24	40	108		1118-2	
114	j	: '	. 15	. #	9	30	50	1	3.72	1	24	18	14	48	80		1118-2	
115	J		6	6	5	15	25	1	3.7%	1	10	10	9	24	40		IIIC	
116	ì		20	30	10	15	69	1	3.7%	, I ,	32	48	.16	24	108	-	1118-2	
117	.1	٠.	20	10	10	15	48	1	3.7%	1	32		16	24	76		1118-2	
118	1		5	3	, <u>l</u>	15	17	1	3.71	- [8	5	2	24	27		IIIC	
117	1		10	15	5	15	3,0	1	3.7%	1	16	24	. 8	24	61		1118-2	
120	1	11	4	0	10	70	. 49	ı, İ	3.71		6	0	16	112	78	-	1110-2	
121	t		28	0	5	63	65	ı	3.7%	•	45	0	8	•••	104		1118-2	
122	!	4	35	25	20	50	115		3.7%	;	56	40	49	80	183	٠.	11118-2	
123	1		8	7	1	3	18	i	3.7%	1	13	11	2	5 40		٠.	111C 1118-2	,
124	. !		50	15	10	25	98	1	3.7%	1	80	24 40	16	54	231		1118-1	
125	1		75	25	25	40	145		3.7%	•	120	16	16	21			1118-2	
126	Ţ		10	10	. 10	15	39	;	3.7%	,	16 143	. 24	- 32	40	220	- 1	1119-1	
127	!		70	15 2	20 . 0	25 10	138	1	3.77. 3.7%	1	: 11	3	0	18	22		1116	•
128 129	1	1	7 140	6	10	60	186	,	3.72	•	223	10	16	96	296		1110-1	
	1		50	20	5	25	88		3.7%	i	80	32	9	- FO	140		1118-2	
130 131	1	4	25	15	10	25	63	, }	3.7%	i	10	24	16	40	100		1119-2	
132	•		18	. 10	5	20	33	į	3.72	i	29	0	8	32	53		1110-2	
133	i		15	5	Ö	6	23	į	3.7%	i	24	. 8	Ŏ	10	37		HIC	
134	ì		21	0	. 8	30	44	ì	3.77.	i	33	0	13	48	70		1119-2	į
135	i	•	42	0	23	32	81	i	3.7%	-	- 67	0	37	51			1118-2	
136	į		40	25	65	105	183	;	3.71	i	64	40	104	167			1118-1	
137	ì		12	10	ь	30	43	1		1	19	15	10	48			1118-2	
138	1		0	0	ō	0	0	1		ı	0	0	0	0			1110	
139	ł		20	10	5	25	48	1	3.7%	ł	32	16	8	40	76		111B-2	!
140	1		0	0	0	5	. 3	-1	4	1	0	8	9	8	5		3111	
141	į		0	0	. 0	5	3	I	3.77.	1	0	0	0	B	5		HIIC	
112	4		0	0	0	10	5.	1		ţ	0	0	0	16	: B	;	3111	
143	ţ		0	0	0	0	0	ļ		4	.0	0	0	0	0	ŧ	HIC	
144	ļ		4	. 2	2	3	10	į	3.77	1	. 6	3	3	5	16		1110	
145			12	7	1	20	30	1		1	19	11	2	32	48		HIIC	
	1		4	0	2	5	9	ţ	3.7%	1	6	. 0	. 3	. 8		1	THIC	
147			5	5	5	10	20	ţ		1	8	8	8	16	32		HIC	
148			0	. 0	0	0	. 0	1		1	0	0	0	0	. 0		1110	
149	1		5	4	3	0	12	1		1	8	4	5	. 0			1110	
150	İ		1	0	0	2	2	;	3.7%	ŧ	2	. 0	0	3	. 3	1	HIC	

Table 2-1-2 (4) EXISTING AND FUTURE TRAFFIC VOLUME

PROV : SULAMEST UTARA KAB : MINAHASA

PERCENT | 34.12 14.67 14.55 36.66

						. H.						200	Caru	1.1/2	,		
			INVEN	ITORY (I	985)			RATE	1		AFTER 13	YEARS	(1998)		.	CLASS	
LINK HO	1	MBL	BUS	TRUK	SPD	TOTAL	1		1	MBL	BUS	TRUK	SPD	TOTAL	1		
151	1	9	4	1	2	15	1	3.7%		14	6	2	3	24		HIC	
152	1	1	.0	1 .	. 0	2	į	3.71	. }	2	0	2	٥	3	;	1110	1
153	1	0	0	. 0	0	0	1	3.72	1	0	0	0	0	0	ŀ	HIC	ł
154	1:	0	0	0	5	3	ŧ	3.71		0	0	0	8			HIC	
155	l	10	0	4	15	22	١	3.7%	ŧ	16	0	6	24	35		HIC	1
156	1	0	0	Ó	. 0	0	ļ	3.77	. 1	. 0		. 0	0	. 0	ł	1110	1.
157	1	3	5	2	10	15	1	3.7%	ł	5	8	. 3	16	24		1110	İ
150	t	0	0	3	4	- 5	1	3.71	1	0	0	5	6	9	Ì	1110	;
159	ţ	15	3	5	10	28	ţ	3.72	1	24	5	8	16	45	1	1110	1
140	1	-50	15	10	20	QS.	- 1	7 77	•	90	24	14	77	135	•	1110-7	

1 1 34.12 14.67 14.55 36.66

2.2 Benefit

2.2.1 Benefit Estimation Method

Generally, estimation of the benefit on each Kabupaten road due to the Project was made by analyzing the direct benefit i.e. the VOC reduction benefit, which was estimated by comparing "with project" and "without project" based upon the future traffic volume on the road. However for the following road links it was decided to estimate the indirect benefit through the producer's surplus benefit.

- a) Road links with present traffic volume (ADT) less than 60 equivalent 4-wheel vehicles.
- b) Road links with no 4-wheel vehicle operation at present.

The indirect benefit was changed into the future traffic volume and the VOC reduction benefit was estimated.

The VOC adopted for the estimation is shown in Table 2-2-1.

Table 2-2-1 VEHICLE OPERATION COST ON KABUPATEN ROADS

					(KM)
SURFACE	CONDITION	SEDAN	BUS	TRUCK	MOTORCYCLE
ASPHALT	GOOD	104.7	86.2	85.4	15.9
	Fair	125.5	101.0	98.0	18.2
	Poor	164.1	135.2	138.5	22.8
	Bad	222.1	202.0	205.0	29.1
GRAVEL	Good	125.7	101.4	102.5	18.5
	Fair	145.0	124.6	127.1	21.1
	Poor	198.6	172.6	178.4	27.1
	Bad	242.7	228.9	231.2	31.8
EARTH	Fair	201.8	180.0	185.1	28.0
	Poor	240.7	218.2	225.8	31.8
	Bad	264.9	278.0	281.7	35.5

Source : Bina Marga

FUTURE TRAFFIC VOLUME ESTIMATED BY THE PRODUCER'S SURPLUS

PROV : SULAWESI UTARA KAB : MINAHABA

Table 2-2-2 (2)

FUTURE TRAFFIC VOLUME ESTIMATED BY THE PRODUCER'S SURPLUS

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2.2.2 Benefit

The benefit estimation was carried out for each Kabupaten road. Table 2-2-3 shows a sample of the result of benefit estimation. In the table "surplus" and "VOC" show the estimation method utilized and III A, III B-1, III B-2 and III C show the road classification.

Table 2-2-3

RESULTS OF BENEFIT ESTIMATION

KABUPATEN : MINAHASA

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	1997		15282		5049		5465		308		3521		425		2093		46		678			
	1998		15282		5049		5465		306		3524		425		2073	-	46	•	678			
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į	/Ku	ł	1616	Į	-498	1	3115	•	-3287	I	730	ì	-2951	ı	-2435	ı	-3459	İ	-3095	Ì	73	8 1

Chapter 3 ENGINEERING

3.1 Design Criteria and Specification

3.1.1 Geometric Design Criteria

Currently a technical standard for improvement of Kabupaten roads i.e. PETUNJUK TEKNIS INPRES PENUNJANGAN JALAN KABUPATEN, TAHUN 1984-1985 is established by Bina Marga.

The geometric design criteria in the above standard are recommended to be adopted in general for the Project. Following discussions with Bina Marga, exceptions to this are allowed for Pavement width and pavement type to minimize the construction cost of the Kabupaten road improvement, if necessary. The geometric design criteria adopted for the Project are shown in Table 3-1-1. The typical cross sections of Kabupaten roads are shown in Fig. 3-1-1.

3.1.2 Loading Specification

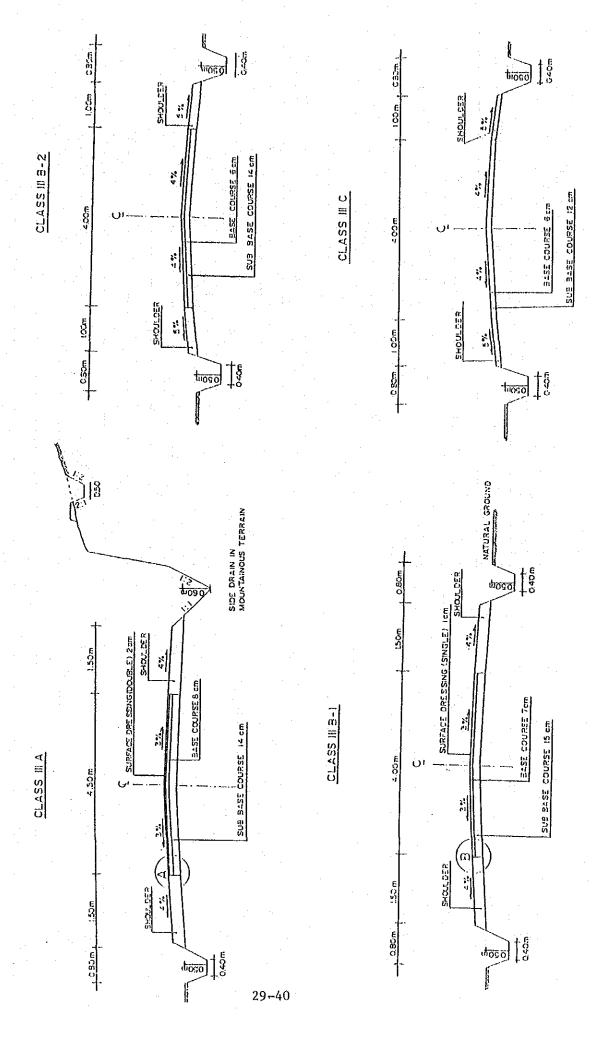
The LOADING SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY BRIDGES BY DIRECTORATE GENERAL BINA MARGA is used in principle as the basic specification of loading and the TECHNICAL STANDARD FOR KABUPATEN ROADS compiled by Bina Marga shows that the design live load for bridges on Kabupaten roads is 70% of the Bina Marga live road. However, after discussions with Bina Marga the following loads were decided as the design live loads for the standard bridges of Kabupaten roads:

- a. 50% of Bina Marga live load (hereinafter BM 50) is applied for concrete and timber bridges on roads of III A classification.
- b. 10-ton truck load is applied for timber bridges on roads of III B-1, III B-2 and III C classification.

Table 3-1-1

MOUNT-AS PRACTI CABLE 0.75 <u>ල</u> 97 9.0 12 ٥. س 4.0 AS PRACTICABLE O CLASS III GRAVEL HILLY о 0 0 0.4 8 ∞ ë S 0. 5.5 20 12 ∞ 4 12 FLAT TO ROLLING 0.75 9.0 0.1 Š 4.5 ų Š 20 30 --1 AS PRACTI-CABLE MOUNT-AINOUS ر. م 1.0 0.0 4.5 + 30 5 6.5 ∞ 12 CLASS III B-2 - 50 1.0 0.75 HILLY GRAVEL 6.5 4.5 5.5 5.0 # 40 30 a/ 12 2 4 200 FLAT TO ROLLING 4.5 ۳. ص ĭ.0 + 9 30 4 DESIGN CRITERIA FOR KABUPATEN ROADS AS PRACTIL MOUNT-AINOUS 0.75 3.5 1.0 6.5 5.0 ASPHALT SEAL (SINGLE) 4.5 4 38 2 Ø CLASS III B-1 500 - 200 HILLY 1.0 Š 5 7.5 5.5 4.5 + 30 ∞ 40 ø 12 2 m 4 FLAT TO ROLLING 0.1 0.8 Š 3.5 4.5 # 2 30 4 MOUNT-AINOUS (DOUBLE) 0.75 9.0 6.0 7. 0.9 1 40 30 10 ٠. ت ∞ -(t - 500 CLASS III ASPHALT SEAL HILLY 1.5 7.0 0 9 井 6.0 4.5 9 30 S 16 12 m 4 3000 FLAT TO ROLLING 0.9 0.9 2.0 10.0 <u>†</u> 20 30 4 4.5 TRAFFIC VOLUME : ADT (Forecast 10 th year average per day) DESIRABLE DESIRABLE DESIRABLE DESIRABLE DESIRABLE DESIRABLE PAVEMENT SHOULDER MINIMUM MINIMUM MAXIMUM MINIMIM MINIMIM MINIMIN ROAD CLASSIFICATION z TRAFFIC LANES H (Km/hr) œ E 3 6 3 (%) $\widehat{\mathbf{S}}$ SURFACE œ ы (LIMITING) SHOULDER ROAD BED GRADIENT PAVEMENT RIGHT OF WAY ROAD CAMBER DESIGN WIDIM WIDIN WIDIN SPEED

29-39



3.2 Pavement Design

3.2.1 Design Conditions

From the engineering data prepared by the Kabupaten it is noted that the pavement structure of the Kabupaten roads seems to have been determined without adequate designs, therefore the Kabupaten roads generally have insufficient capacity. The standards generally used for highway pavement design such as Road Note 29, Road Note 31 and AASHTO are not suitable for Kabupaten roads with small traffic volumes and loads.

Therefore formulae suitable for the pavement design of Kabupaten roads are recommended as described in Chapter 5 of the Main Report.

The following are important factors for the design of pavement thickness.

1) Design Traffic Volume

As the pavement thickness is designed for each road classification the design traffic volume of which the target year is 1998, is adopted for each classification as follows:

Road Classification	Design Traffic Volume (vpd)
III A	1,000
III B-1	500
III B-2	200
III C	50

2) Strength of Roadbed

The CBR value of the existing roadbed is a very important factor for the pavement design but no results are available from CBR tests on the Kabupaten roads.

CBR of the laterite is generally in the range of CBR 4 to 10. However site CBR tests should be conducted before construction to finally decide the pavement thickness.

3.2.2 Pavement Structure

Fig. 3-2-1 shows the standard pavement structure adopted for the Kabupaten roads.

Fig. 3-2-1 PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

, .				(cm)
CBR		ROAD CLA	SSIFICATION	
CON	III A	III B ~ i	III 8 - 5	III C
6	24	14 7 1	14 6	[9]

- = SURFACE DRESSING (ASPHALT)
- BASE COURSE (CRUSHER RUN)
- SUBBASE COURSE (SANDY GRAVEL)

3.3 Design of Bridges and Other Structures

3.3.1 Standard Bridge

There are so many bridges to be improved or to be constructed on the Kabupaten roads in the Project Area that it is very difficult to prepare an individual design for each bridge. Therefore, standardization is recommended as being necessary for the bridge design with conclusions as described below.

(1) Bridge Type

1) Superstructure

The following two types have been finally selected with the agreement of Bina Marga after studying the actual rural conditions of bridge construction. Fig. 3-3-1 shows the cross sections of standard types.

- a. Timber beam bridge (hereinafter timber bridge) for roads class III B-1, III B-2 and III C.
- b. Reinforced concrete T-girder bridge (hereinafter RC-bridge) for roads class III A.

2) Substructure

Taking account of the actual combinations of super and substructure types noted from the field survey, the following two types are recommended as standard because of ease of construction and economy.

- a) Timber pile bents for timber bridge
- b) Rubble in Mortar masonry for RC bridge

3) Foundation

There is no information of subsoil conditions in the inventory data. However, timber piles of 20 cm diameter are generally recommended as piles of this type are in common use.

The pile length is suggested to be a minimum of 3 meters under the bottom of the foundation. The length and number of piles should be decided in order to be adequate for the condition of the foundation materials.

(2) Bridge Width

The effective bridge widths for the standard bridges have been decided as follows through discussions with Bina Marga considering the actual width of Kabupaten roads:

- a) Timber bridge: 4.0 m in general
- b) RC bridge : 4.5 m in general

(3) Span Length

The range of span lengths are determined as:

- a) Timber bridge: 3.0, 5.0 and 8.0 m
- b) RC bridge : 3.0, 5.0, 10.0 and 15.0 m

3.3.2 Other Structure

Culverts and retaining walls shown in Fig. 3-3-2 and Fig. 3-3-3 are recommended as standard structures.

(1) Culvert

The following two culvert types have been adopted for the transverse drainage.

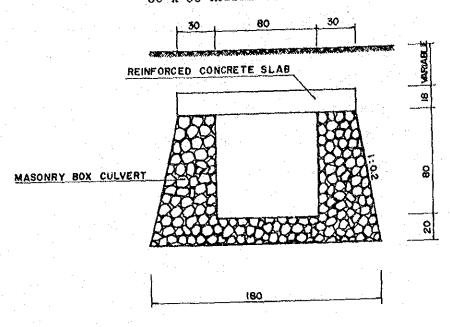
- a) Reinforced concrete pipe culvert \$ 80 cm
- b) Rubble in mortar box culvert with RC slab 80 cm X 80 cm

(2) Retaining Wall

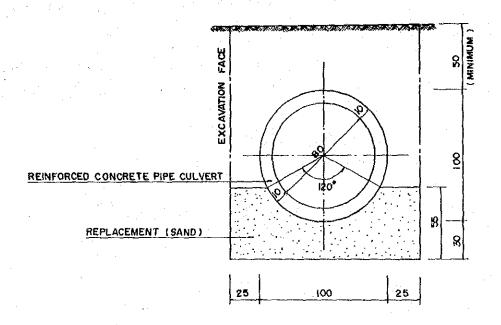
The following two types of retaining walls have been adopted because of ease of construction, economy and familiarity in Indonesia.

- a) Rubble in mortar retaining wall
- b) Timber retaining wall

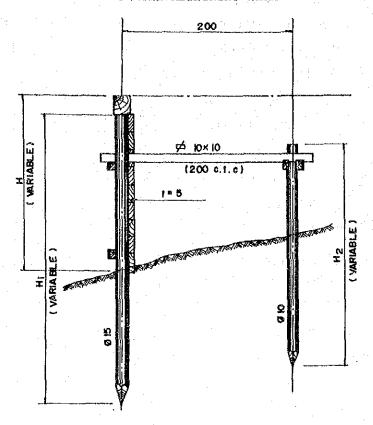
80 x 80 RUBBLE IN MORTAR BOX CULVERTS



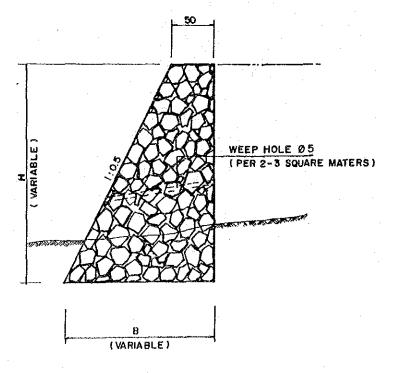
Ø 80 RENFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CULVERT



TIMBER RETAINING WALL



RUBBLE IN MORTAR WALL



3.4 Selection of Equipment Types

From the results of comparison of two types of Kabupaten road construction methods, i.e. equipment intensive method and labour intensive method construction methods for major works were basically decided as shown in Table 3-4-1.

Table 3-4-1

CONSTRUCTION METHODS FOR MAJOR WORKS

METHOD	WORK TYPE
Equipment Intensive	Earthwork, Base Course and Subbase Course
Labour Intensive	Surface Dressing, Drainage,
	Bridge and Other Structures.

3.4.1 Points to be Considered for the Selection

Full consideration was given to the following points in studying the selection of equipment type.

- a. Most of the construction in the Project is pavement works for road improvement.
- b. The pavement width adopted is equal to or less than 4.5 m and therefore large sized equipment is omitted from the selection process.
- c. Equipment should be capable of with standing the heavy rainfall and poor soil quality. Equipment for construction in swampy areas is considered if necessary.
- d. Uniformity of equipment types with existing equipment is considered to facilitate repair of the equipment in the provincial work shop.
- e. Since the scale of the construction is small and transportation of equipment will frequently be necessary, wheel type equipment has been selected as much as possible as this can move by itself or by being towed.
- f. The road like to be improved are scattered all over the Kabupatens and therefore a low bed truck or equivalent is necessary for transportation of crawler type equipment. It is desirable to protect the existing pavement from damage caused by the movement of crawler type equipment on the existing roads.
- g. The capacity of the equipment has been decided taking into consideration the construction volume and the combination of equipment in the main work.

3.4.2 Combinations of Equipment for Major Works and Maintenance

The combinations of equipment for major works and maintenance are listed in Table 3-4-2 and 3-4-3 respectively.

TYPE OF WORK	EQUIPMENT R	EQUIRED
1. Site Clearing in Light Bush	1- Bulldozer 90 HP 2- Dump Truck 3.0 Ton	1- Wheel Loader 1.2 m ³
2. Excavation & Embankment		
i) Normal Fill	1- Bulldozer 90 HP 1- Vibratory Roller 4.0 Ton (D&T)	
ii) Fill by Borrow Material	1- Bulldozer 90 HP 3- Dump Truck 3.0 Ton	1- Wheel Loader 1.2 m ³
iii) Fill in Swamp	1- Swamp Bulldozer 90 HP 1- Water Tank Truck 4,000 Ltr	1- Vibratory Roller 4.0 Ton (D&T)
iv) Excavation to Spoil	1- Bulldozer 90 HP 1- Wheel Loader 1.2 m ³	4- Dump Truck 3.0 Ton
3. Subgrade Preparation	1- Motor Grader 75 HP 1- Vibratory Roller 4.0 Ton (D&T)	1- Water Tank Truck 4,000 Ltr
4. Subbase Course	1- Motor Grader 75 HP 1- Vibratory Roller 4.0 Ton (D&T)	1- Water Tank Truck 4,000 Ltr
5. Base Course	1- Motor Grader 75 HP 1- Vibratory Roller 4.0 Ton	1- Water Tank Truck 4,000 Ltr
	1- Portable Crusher/Screen 30-40 Ton/H	8
6. Cement Stabilizing	1- Motor Grader 70 HP 1- Bulldozer 90 HP 1- Wheel Loader 1.2 m ³ 1- Flat Bed Truck 3.0 Ton	4.0 Ton (D&T) 1- Road Stabilizer
7. Surface Course	1- Asphalt Sprayer 850 Ltr 1- Tyre Roller 8-15 Ton 1- Portable Crusher/Screen 30-40 Ton/H	1- Flat Bed Truck 3.0 Ton
8. Concrete	1- Concrete Mixer 0.5 m ³ 1- Water Pump 200 Ltr/Min 1- Concrete Vibrator 3.3 HP	1- Flat Bed Truck 3.0 Ton 1- Hand-Guided Vibratory Roller 1000 Kg

TYPE OF WORK	EQUIPMENT REQUIRED
Road	1- Motor Grader
and the first of the second of	1- Tyre Roller 8-15 Ton
	1- Hand-Guided Vibratory Roller 1000 Kg
	1- Flat Bed Truck 3.0 Ton
en en en en en en en en en en en en en e	1- Dump Truck 3.0 Ton
	1- Flat Bed Truck With Crane 3.0 Ton

3.5 Workshop and Laboratory

3.5.1 Policy of the Kabupaten Workshop

A workshop will be provided for each Kabupaten. The function of the workshop is to cope with requests from the construction site. The main service will be routine maintenance while the secondary service will be light repairs which can be carried out by changing parts. Dismantling and assembling of units which need setting or adjustment using special equipment or facilities will not be carried out in the Kabupaten workshop. Such repairs are planned to be carried out by the provincial workshop or the regional Workshop of Bina Marga.

Accordingly the main tasks of the Kabupaten workshop are as follows:

- 1) Administration for and storage of equipment
- 2) Routine maintenance and light repair of equipment
- 3) Storage and supply of spare parts
- 4) Operation of equipment including crushing plant.

3.5.2 Workshop Equipment and Tools

Equipment and tools for the workshop are recommended as shown in Table 3-5-1.

Table 3-5-1

WORKSHOP EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
Upright Drilling Machine	1 Set
Electric Hand Drill	1
Electric Portable Grinder	1
Disc Grinder	. 1 .
Bench Electric Grinder	1
Engineer's Vice	1
DC Electric Welder with Engine	1 Set
Portable Hydraulic Jack, Screw Head	1
Hydraulic Jack	. 1
Grease Gun	2
Suction Pump for Oil Recovery	2
High Pressure Grease Pump	1

continued

DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
Drum Opening Spanner	1
Silicon Normal Charger	1
Tyre Changer Air Operated	1
Tyre Service Tool Set	1
Tyre Pressure Gauge	1
Automatic Tyre Inflator	1
Plug Cleaner and Tester	1
Mechanics Tool Set, Heavy Equipment	1
Mechanics Tool Set, Large Vehicle	1
Portable Air Compressor	1
Electric Cord Reel, 15 A, 50 m	1
Oil Measure, Polyethylene	1
Funnel 200 mm, Steel	. 3
Hand Truck (Cart), 4-Wheel	.1
Nylon Sling, 10 ton	2
Chain Block, 1 ton	2
Wire Rope (for sling), 1.8 ton	2
Wire Rope (for sling) 3.2 ton	2
Generator	-1

3.5.3 Laboratory

For quality control of construction in the Project it is recommended that a laboratory is provided for each Kabupaten. For each laboratory, provision of laboratory test equipment for the following tests is recommended:

- Physical characteristic, compaction and strength tests for the road bed and pavement materials.
- Slump and strength tests for the bridge concrete.

In the laboratory a fixed water tank should be provided for CBR tests and curing of concrete specimens.

The proposed laboratory equipment is listed in Table 3-5-2.

Table 3-5-2

LABORATORY TEST EQUIPMENT

DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
Soil Moisture Test Set (JIS A1203)	1
Liquid Limit Set (JIS A1205)	1
Plastic Limit Set (JIS Al206)	1
Compaction Set (JIS A1210)	1
CBR Laboratory Set, Mechanical (JIS A1211)	1
Sand Density Apparatus (JIS A1214)	1
Aggregate Test Sieve Set	1
Portable Cone Penetrometer	1
Compression & Bending Test Machine	1
Cylinder Mould (JIS A1132, 1108)	9
Slump Test Apparatus (JIS AllO1)	2

To conduct the surveys necessary for road and structure construction such as centering, profile leveling, cross section leveling etc., the surveying equipment listed in Table 3-5-3 recommended.

Table 3-5-3

SURVEYING EQUIPMENT

DESCRIPTIO	N		-	QUANTITY
Transit		"		1
Leve1				1
Staff		* :		3

Chapter 4 CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE COST ESTIMATIONS

4.1 Unit Price

With regard to the unit prices of materials and labor, the data were collected from each Kabupaten through Bina Marga. The collected data were compared with those of Jakarta using BAHAN BANGUNAN DKI-JAKARTA MAY & JUNE 1985 compiled by PUSAT INFORMASI TEHNIK PEMBANGUNAN, and then finalized.

4.1.1 Unit Labour Price

The unit labour prices of Kabupaten Minahasa and other Kabupatens in Sulawesi Utara Province are shown in Table 4-1-1.

Table	4-1-	٠1
-------	------	----

UNIT LABOUR PRICE

KABUPATEN	MAN	SKL LAB	CAP	MAS	LAB	DRIV	OPE
Minahasa	3,500	2,500	4,500	4,500	2,750	4,000	5,000
Average	3,500	2,500	4,500	4,500	2,750	4,000	5,000

Notes:

MAN : Mandur

SKL LAB : Skilled Labour

CAP : Carpenter

MAS : Mason

LAB : Labourer

DRIV : Driver

OPE : Operater

4.1.2 Unit Price of Materials

Table 4-1-2 shows the unit price of materials for Kabupaten Minahasa together with for other Kabupatens in Sulawesi Utara Province.

Table 4-1-2	UNIT PRICE OF MATERIALS					
andria 2006–200 gerijaansk bijalik			(Rp)			
MATERIAL	UNIT	MINAHASA	AVERAGE			
Bitumen	L	350	350			
Aspha1t	L	800	800			
Gasoline	L	250	250			
Sand	_M 3	3,500	3,500			
Cement	bag	4,000	4,000			
River Stone	М3	5,000	5,000			
Steel moulds	Set	8,000	8,000			
Timber	ϵ_{M}	170,000	170,000			
Paint	L	1,500	1,500			
Reinforcing Steel	Kg	900	900			
tying Wire	Kg	1,100	1,100			
Equivalent Royalty	_M 3	250	250			

4.1.3 Hourly Equipment Cost

The hourly equipment cost for Kabupaten is shown in Table 4-1-3.

Table 4-1-3

HOURLY EQUIPMENT COST

PROVINCE

SULAWESI UTARA

KABUPATEN :

MINAHASA

					TIKU)	: Rp)	'ه >	85 >	
CODE NO	EQUIPHENT NAME	CLASS		LOCAL COS OPERATION				ST >>>>> Sub-total	
	Bulldozer	120 HP	350	13,967	14,317	7,769	1,039	8,808	23,125
	Bulldozer/Ripper	120 HP	383	14,993	15,376	8,499	1,598	10,097	25,473
	Swamp Bulldozer	120 HP	400			8,879			26,187
	Bulldozer	90 HP	227		9,753	4,914		5,571	15,324
	Bulldozer/Ripper	90 HP	239				996		
	Bulldozer	65 HP	158	6,929		3,499	467	3,966	11.053
	Bulldozer/Ripper	65 HP	172			3,819	718	4,537	12,093
	Swamp Bulldozer	90 HP	238						16,635
	Swamp Bulldozer	65 HP	183				761		12,207
	Motor Grader	110 HP	312						20,60
	Motor Grader	75 HP	216		8,487		898		14,16
	Motor Grader	65 HP	194					5,107	
	Road Stabilizer	W=1850 aa	397	*			431		12.84
	Vibratory Roller	4 ton	131	•				* =	7,05
		1000 Kg	98				30	879	1,62
-	Tire Roller	8-15 ton		8,225				3,209	11,57
	Vibratory Roller (O&T)	4 ton	131				387	3,286	7,05
	Hand-quide Vib. Roller	600 Kg	69					621	1,13
		10 ton	452	the second second second	and the second s				25,33
	Hydraulic Excavator: Wheel		185						13,42
		1.2 m3		•		7,019			17,35
	Wheel Loader	0.3 m3	103			2 2/4	303	2.572	5,85
	Water Tank Truck	4000 LEE		3,182	3 282	849	123	997	4,27
	Fuel Tank Truck	4000 ltr.				982	125	1,007	4.29
	Dump Truck	3.0 ton	170		4,110		209		5,78
	Flat Bed Truck with Crane		78	•		1.718	129		5.34
	Dump Loader Truck	12 ton	173	•					25,53
	Dump Truck	5.0 ton	252		6,773				9,27
	Flat Bed Truck	3.0 ton	26		3,019				3,62
	Portable Crusher/Screening		846			18,800		21,314	45,69
	Concrete Mixer	0.5 e3	621	•					8,95
	Water Pump	200 1/min	27					194	50
	Concrete Vibrator		9						33
	Asphalt Sprayer	850 ltr.	118		935				2,09

4.2 Unit Construction Cost by Work Type

4.2.1 All Works Except Bridges

The unit construction costs by work type, excluding bridge construction costs, have been estimated using the combination of equipment described in Clause 3.4 and the unit prices already listed. The results are summarized in Table 4-2-1.

Table 4-2-1 UNIT COST BY WORK TYPE EXCEPT BRIDGE WORK

FROV:	SULAWEST	UTARA	KAD	2	MINAHASA

* 1					(Rp)
	ITEH	UNIT	LOCAL	FOREIGN	TOTAL
		and and 400 the loss and 100 the	- 70 2 3 4 4 7 4 6 7 7		
	Site Clearance in Light Bush	#2	186	91	277
	Subgrade Preparation	≥2	24	11	35
	Normal Fill	a 3	1,921	865	2,796
	Fill in Swamp	43	2,860	1,055	3,915
	Normal Excavation to Spoil	a 3	1,117	524	1,643
	Sub Base Course	#3	3,609	1,351	4,960
	Base Course	m3	4,750	2,304	7,254
	Shayl der	•2	340	146	486
• •	Asphalt Patching	* 2	4,447	1,447	5,894
	Surface Dressing (Single)	2 2	669	680	1,349
	Surface Dressing (Double)	s 2	838	1,071	1,909
	Earth Orain	•	1,186	119	1,305
	Earth Drain in Swamp (by machine)	# 3	1,376	475	1,871
	Pipe Culvert D80cm		50,919	45,715	96,634
	Hasonry Culvert (80x80cm)	a	72,228	37,567	109,795
	Retaining Wall and Wing Wall (Timber)	s 2	16,787	246	17,235
	Retaining Hall and Hing Wall (Masonry)	#3	51,939	11,513	63,452
	Gabion Protection	a 3	11,203	121	11,321
	Manual routine maintenance of road	Ka	195,728	7,260	202,988
	Routine maintenance of earth road	Km	109,484	37,964	147,448
2.1	Routine maintenance of gravel road	Ka	217,962	•	306,189
	Routine maintenance of asphalt road	· Ka	444,700	144,700	589,400
					•

4.2.2 Bridges

The unit construction costs by bridge type including the cost of demolition of existing bridges are shown in Table 4-2-2.

Table 4-2-2

BRIDGE COST

PROV : SULAWESI UTARA KAB : MINAHASA

UNIT LDCAL FORE IGN TOTAL Superstructure (Timber; Span 3m; 10T) #Ž 61,083 2,456 63,539 70,372 Superstructure (Timber:Span 5m;107) 67.659 2,713 **62** 93,186 Superstructure (Timber:Span Bm:101) #2 89,618 3,568 3,038 Superstructure (fimber:Span 3m:BM50) 75,741 78,779 •2 85,985 Superstructure (Timber;Span 5m;BMSO) **a**2 82,689 3,296 Superstructure (Timber; Span 8m; 9H50) 109,045 104,872 4,173 a2 160,508 Superstructure (Concrete; Span 3m; BM50) a2 65,155 95,353 106,641 173,292 Superstructure (Concrete; Span 5a; BMSO) •2 66,651 Superstructure (Concrete; Span 8a; 8M50) **m2** 48,459 116,207 184,666 Superstructure (Concrete; Spanion; 8H50) **\$**2 74,742 132,062 206,804 80,157 155,660 235,817 **#**2 Superstructure (Concrete;Span15a;BN50) 532,007 22,603 554,610 HO Substructure (Piersfor Timbers101) 119,304 1,566,551 NO 1,447,247 Substructure (Abutifor Timber; 107) 33,422 NO 782,414 015,036 Substructure (Pierifor Timber(BMSO) Substructure (Abutifor Timber: 9H50) 130,625 1,766,568 NO 1,635,943 2,421,724 NO 1,763,876 457,848 Substructure (Pierifor Concrete; BM50) 967,543 5,138,308 Substructure (Abut; for Concrete; BH50) NO 4,170,765 16,898 1,018 17,916 Denolition of Bridge (Timber-)Timber) **n**2 17,916 16,898 1,019 Demolition of Bridge (Timber-)Concrete) **#**2 99,288 73,210 172,498 **e** 2 Demolition of Bridge (Concrete) 10,927 898 11,825 m2 Maintenance of Timber Bridge (New) æŽ 2,297 2,730 5,027 Maintenance of Concrete Bridge (Hex) 2,294 12,060 9,766 #2 Maintenance of Timber Bridge (Exist) 2,391 7,153 4,762 Haintenance of Concrete Bridge (Exist)

Chapter 5 RESULTS OF ECONOMIC FEASIBILITY EVALUATION

5.1 Preliminary Screening

The road links to be improved should be effective for development of the Project Area. The road links where improvements were assumed to be inefficient for development of the Project Area were generally screened out using the following cut-off criteria.

- (1) Very short roads, less than 2 Km long, which have no connection with the trunk road network.
- (2) Roads not connected to the network at any point
- (3) Unpreferred roads, due to poor suitability for transportation compared to other existing alternative roads serving the same purpose.
- (4) Road in good condition according to the Bina Marga road inventory which lists improvement projects carried out in the last two or three years
- (5) Roads with asphalt surface in good condition
- (6) Urban roads, except those forming part of a longer route
- (7) Roads serving single large organizations rather than the general public
- (8) Roads with no inventory data
- (9) Kabupaten roads also assigned as provincial roads

The road links to be screened out in Kabupaten Minahasa are shown in Table 5-1-1.

Table 5-1-1

ROAD LINKS TO BE SCREENED OUT

KABUPATEN : MINAHASA

CRITERIA NO	ROAD LINK NO
(6)	110,111,112,114,115,116,117,118,119,120,121,122,
	123,124,125,126,127,128,129,130,131,134,136,145
(8)	10,77,78,80,90,132,138,143,146
(9)	05,31,36,45,46

5.2 Evaluation

5.2.1 Primary Analysis

The Kabupaten roads were classified by using the future traffic volume on the road links in 1998. The primary analysis of the IRR was carried out using the construction and maintenance costs. Road links where IRRs were more than 10% were defined as feasible links.

Results of primary analysis are shown in Table 5-2-1.

5.2.2 Secondary Analysis

From the infeasible road links evaluated by the primary analysis, road links where the IRRs were between 1% and 10%, i.e. road links which could become feasible if down graded by one rank, in classification were down graded and the costs re-estimated. Using these costs, a secondary analysis of IRR was carried out. Road links where these IRRs were then more than 10% were also defined as feasible links. This reflected that even though the road classification was rather low the road link should be improved.

Results of secondary analysis are shown in Table 5-2-2.

5.2.3 Ranking of Feasible Road Links

From the results of the primary and secondary analysis, road links where the IRRs were more than 10% were selected and their NPVs and B/Cs were estimated. The ranking of feasible road links from the economic evaluation are decided in the order of the NPVs, i.e. the larger the NPV the higher the road link priority as shown in Table 5-2-3.

Table 5-2-1 (1) RESULTS OF PRIMARY ANALYSIS

PROVINCE (BULAWEST	UTARA	KABUPATEN	I MINAHAB
LINK NO	LENGTH	CLASS	1RR (%)	REMARK
28	6 Km	1118-2	42.870	VOC
95	19 Km	1110-1	41.344	Vac
65	12 Km	1118-2		Surplus
71	25 Km	1119-2	28,489	Burplus
108	27 Km	111B-2	27.261	Surplus
86	39 Km	1118-3	26.606	Surplus
51	15 Km	1119-2	25.613	VDC
72	. 18 Km	IIIB-2	23.239	Surplus
67	8 Km	1118-2	22.638	VOC
49	12 Km	1119-1	20.981	VOC
92	27 Km	1119-2	20.807	VOC
56	34 Km	IIIB-2	18.276	Surplus
157	15 Km	1118-2	17.572	Surplus
79	10 Km	1118-5	17,201	Surplus
58	12 Km	1118-2	16.783	Surplus
151	15 Km	1118-2	15.531	Burplus
7 1	19 Km	1118-1	15.347	Burplus
13	12 Km	1118-2	14,287	Surplus
47	7 Km	IIIC	13.629	Surplus
48	16 Km	1118-2	7.501	Burplus
97	15 Km	1118-2	7.721	Surplus
83	10 Km	1119-2	7.013	Surplus
160	12 Km	1118-2	6.577	VOC
139	20 Km	IIIC	5.882	Surplus
76	16 Km	1110	5.695	Surplus
81	22 Km	1118-2	5.297	Surplus
140	10 Km	1118-2	5.050	Surplus
26	14 Km	IIIC	4.540	Surplus
64	10 Km -	HIC	2.878	Surplus
156	5 Km	IIIC	2.266	Surplus
105	15 Km	1118-2	1.567	Surplus
3	5 Km	IIIC	1.444	Surplus
75	13 Km	1110	0.387	Surplus
38	11 Km;	1119-2	0.070	VDC
39	9 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
40	3 Km	TITE	0.070	Surplus
41	12 Km	1119-2	0.070	Surplus
42	12 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
43	4 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
44	24 Km	1118-1	0.078	vac:
6	5 Km	HIC	0.078	Surplus
7	4 Km	HIIC	0.078	Surplus
8	11 Km.,	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
50	5 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
9	2 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
52	9 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
53	6 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
51	1 £4 f <m< td=""><td>1118-2</td><td>0.070</td><td>VOC</td></m<>	1118-2	0.070	VOC
55	8 Km	1110-2	0.078	VOC
11	8 Km	1119-2	0.078	Surplus

PROVINCE : BULAWEST UTARA KABUPATEN : MINAHABA

LINK NO	LENGTH	CLASS	IRR (%)	REMARK
57	6 Km	1118-2	0.078	VOC
12	15 Km	1110-2	0.078	Surplus
57	5 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
60	14 Km	1118-2	0.078	Surplus
61	10 Km	1110-2	0.078	COL
62	16 Km	1119-2	0.078	Surplus
.63	11 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
2	10 Km	1118-2	0.078	Burplus
45	3 Km	1118-2	0.078	Voc
66	10 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
14	4 Km;	TIIC	0.078	
60	7 Km	ilic	0.078	Surplus
67	9 Km	TIIC	0.078	Surplus
70	24 Km	1118-2		Surplus
រំទ័	6 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
16	6 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
73	11 Km		0.078	Surplus
74	7 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
17	12 Km	IIIC	0.070	Burplus
រ៉េ	9 Km	1118-2	0.078	Surplus
19	11 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
20		1119-2	0.078	Vac
21	4 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
	17 Km	1118-2	0.078	Burplus
22	13 Km	1118-2	0.078	Burplus
84	11 Km	THE	0.078	Surplus
85 57	6 Km	1118-2	0.078	YOC
23	5 Km	1110	0.078	Burplus
87	11 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
88	4 Km	IIIC	0.07B	Surplus
24	10 Km	IIIC	0.078	Burplus
25	6 Km	1118-2	0.078	VOC
92	13 Km	1118-2	0.078	Gurplus
73	5 Km	IIIC	0.078	Burplus
94	3 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
1	18 Km	11182	0.078	Surplus
76	12 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
27	4 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
98	2 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
iyiy Anno	5 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
100	3. Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
101	15 Km	1110-2	0.078	VOC
102	3 Km	IIIC	0.070	Surplus
103	Ø Km	HIC	0.079	Surplus
104	O Km	IIIC	0.070	Surplus
4	6 Km	LIIC	0.078	Surplus
106	3 Km	1118-2	0.078	VOC
107	27 Km	IIIC	0.078	Burplus
29	6 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
109	2 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
1.33	2 Km	THE	0.070	Surplus

Table 5-2-1 (3) RESULTS OF PRIMARY ANALYSIS

PROVINCE :	ENLVMESI	UTARA	CABUPATEN	ABAHANIM :
LINK NO	LENGTH	CLASS	IRR (%)	REMARK
135	7 Km	1118-2	0.078	VOC
137	3 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
30	3 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
32	25 Km	1119-2	0.078	VOC
141	9 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
142	3 Km	TIIC	0.078	Surplus
144	4 Km	1110	0.078	Burplus
147	2 Km	IIIC	0.078	9urplus
148	10 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
147	14 Km	1118-2	0.078	Surplus
150	4 Km	1110	0.078	Burplus
33	6 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
152	3 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
153	4 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
154	5 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
155	9 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
34	5 Km	1118-2	0.078	VOC
35	9. Km	HIIC	0,078	Surplus
150	6 Km	1110	0.078	Surplus
159	6 Km	IIIC	0.078	Surplus
			11117	1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2

Table 5-2-2 RESULTS OF SECONDARY ANALYSIS

9 Km

FROVINCE :	BULAWES I	UTARA	KABUPATEN	I MINAHASA
LINK NO	LENGTH	CLASS	IRR (%)	REMARK
160	12 Km	1110	17.650	Vcic;
97	15 Km	1110	12.857	Burplus
140	10 Km	IIIC	10.004	Burplus
83	10 Km	1110	7.801	Burplus
46	16 Km	HIIC	7.524	Surplus
91	22 Km	THE	7.103	Surplus
105	15 Km	1116	6.016	Surplus
139	20 Km	IIIC	5.882	Surplus
76	1.6 Km	1110	5.475	Surplus
26	14 Km	HIIC	14.540	Burn1 ds
64	10 Km	IIIC	2.898	Surplus
156	5 Km	IIIC	2.266	Surplus
3	5 Km	1110	1.444	Burptus

Table 5-2-3 RANKING OF FEASIBILITY ROAD LINKS

LINK	LENG	TH	CLASS	NFV	B/C	IRR	REMARK
NO		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1000Rp)	,,,,,	(x)	1112/11/11/11
75	19	Km	IIIB-1	456249	2,344	41.344	VOC
71	25	Km	1119-2	244884	1.745	28.487	Surplus
명상 :	37	Кm	1118-2	231347	1.588	26.606	8urplus
69	12	Km -	1119-2	193623	1.947	32.694	Surplus
108	27	Km	1118-2	171083	1.608	27.261	Surplus
72	10	km	1118-2	117917	1.515	23.239	Surplus
82	27		1118-5	114420	1.400	20.807	VDC
49	- 12	Km	1118-1	97541	1.417	20.881	YOC
51	15	Km	1118-2	78294	1.565	25.613	YOC
91	19	Km	IIIE-1	49093	1.170	15.347	Surplus
28	6	Km	1111-2	47577	2.102	42.870	VOC -
157	1.5	Km	1119-2	44867	1.268	17.572	Surplus
67	8	Km .	1119-2	41879	1,484	22.638	VDC
151	15	Km ·	1118-2	36501	1.193	15.531	Surplus
58	1.2	k m	1118-2	34939	1.247	16.783	Surp1u≘
56	34	k m	IIIB-2	31917	1.170	18, 276	Surplus
79	10	Km 🗀	1116-2	25826	1,250	17.201	Surplu≘
13	12	Km	1118-2	20529	1.148	14.287	Surplus
160	12	Km	IIIC	16956	1.239	19.650	VOC
97	15	Km	IIIC	15522	1.096	12.857	Surplus
47	7	Km	IIIC.	7051	1,117	13.629	Surplus
140	10	Km	TIIC	11	1.000	10.004	Surplus

Chapter 6 IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMME

6.1 Implementation Schedule

6.1.1 Project Cost

The total Project Cost for the Kabupaten is composed of the cost of construction and maintenance, supplementation as described later, and workshop, laboratory and survey equipment. The total Project Cost for the Kabupaten is summarized in Table 6-1-1.

Table 6-1-1

TOTAL PROJECT COST (1)

KABUPATEN: Minahasa

 $(Rpx10^6)$

			the state of the s	
COST		FOREIGN CURRENCY	LOCAL CURRENCY	TOTAL
CONSTRUCTION		1,153	3,073	4,226
MAINTENANCE		339	1,433	1,772
SUPPLEMENTATION		742	•	742
WORKSHOP EQUIPMENT &	x TOOLS	28	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28
LABORATORY EQUIPMENT	!	12	-	12
SURVEY EQUIPMENT		5	-	5
TOTAL		2,279	4,506	6,785

The total Project Cost can be divided into costs as shown in Table 6-1-2.

Table 6-1-2

TOTAL PROJECT COST (2)

 $(Rpx10^6)$

COST	FOREIGN CURRENCY	LOCAL CURRENCY	TOTAL
CIVIL WORK	769	4,477	5,246
CONSTRUCTION & MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT	1,350	-	1,350
SPARE PARTS	115	29	144
WORKSHOP/LABORATORY/SURVEY EQUIPMENT	45	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45
TOTAL	2,279	4,506	6,785

The cost for civil work is composed of the cost of labour and materials, operation cost excluding spare parts, indirect cost and transportation cost of equipment, and ownership cost for existing equipment.

6.1.2 Proposed Road Links

(1) Road Link to be Improved

The road links to be improved were generally selected taking into consideration the following criteria:

- (1) Feasible road links
 - Feasible road links from the primary evaluation
 - Feasible road links from the secondary evaluation
- (2) Road links selected from the engineering points of view
- (3) Road links selected because of basic human needs.

The road links finally proposed to be improved in the Kabupaten are the 38 links with the total length of 489 km which is 33% of the 1,470 km total length of Kabupaten roads studied. The proposed road links are shown in Table 6-1-3.

Table 6-1-3

ROAD LINKS TO BE IMPROVED

KABUPATEN : MINAHASA

REASON FOR SELECTION	ROAD LINK NO
Feasible	
- Primary	13,28,47,49,51,56,58,67,71,72,79, 82,86,89,91,95,108,151,157
- Secondary	97,140,160
Engineering Point of View	7,9,16,17,18,53,54,59,61,63,65,68, 76,100,137,148
Basic Human Needs	<u>-</u>

As the table shows all feasible road links are proposed to be improved.

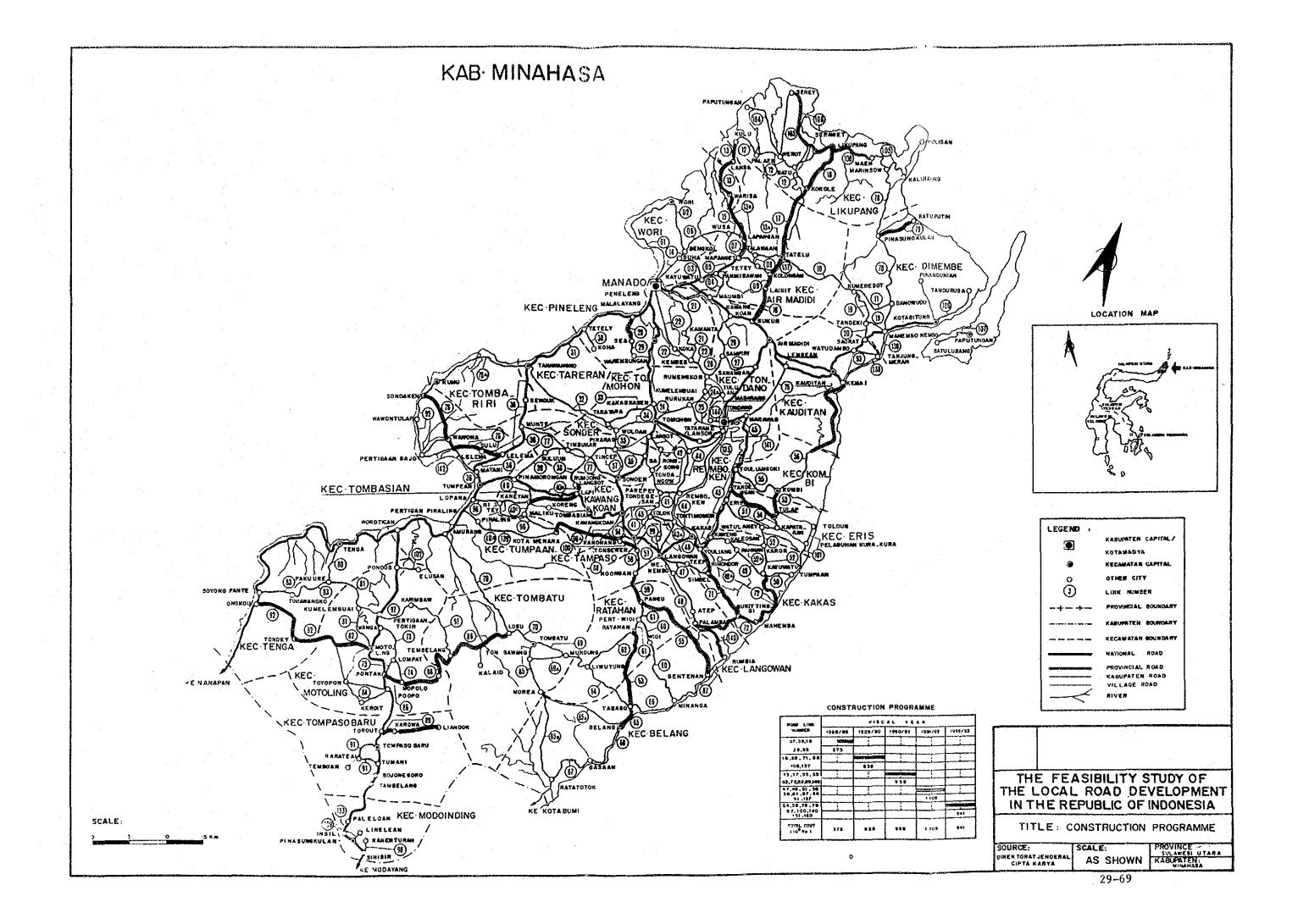
Sixteen key road links which are located at the strategic point to complete the local road networks consisting of feasible road links are selected from the engineering points of view.

The order of proceeding with the improvement of the proposed road links are decided as shown in Table 6-1-4.

Table 6-1-4

ROAD LINKS TO BE IMPROVED BY YEAR

PROV		SUL	AWE	SI.	UT	ARA		KA	ΉĐ	•	WIN	IAH	ASA		
YEAR		LIN	K NO				() :	rate						
1988	1	7,	٧,	19,	20,	95		~			*~~.		~~-		
1989	1	16,	65,	71,	86,	108,	137	****							
1990	;	13,	17,	53,	59,	63,	72,	82,	В9,	148	heme			~~~	
1991	1	47,	49,	51,	56	(30%)	58,	61,	67,	68,	91,	157			
1992	;	54,	56	(707),	76	, 79,	97,	100,	110,	151,	160				



(2) Road Links to Be Maintained

It is desirable that all Kabupaten roads are maintained. However, because of the limited budget it is inevitable: that some road links in the Kabupatens will be left without maintenance for the time being. The budget should be used for those which are effective in producing more useful development of the Kabupaten through the road development project. The road links to be maintained are finally proposed as shown in Table 6-1-5.

Table 6-1-5 (1)

ROAD LINKS TO BE MAINTAINED

PROV : SULAWESI UTARA KAB : MINAHASA

(1000Rp) LINK LENGTH DA: SD RU RB ASPHAL GRAVEL EARTH TH AREA RC AREA BRIDGE LOCAL FOREIGH TOTAL · NB (Ka) (2) (%) **(X)** (%) (ka) (Ka) (Ke) NO (a2) HQ. (a2) COST COST COST COST · . [18 48.9 23.6 19.4 8.1 12 û 0.00 0.00 8,807 2,050 10,845 . 2 10 54.1 0.0 43.9 2,0 1,464 6 4 0 Û 0.00 2 71.25 510 5,837. 7,301 4 74.8 10.5 Ь 6.7 0,0 5 1 Û 0 0.00 2 67.20 481 3,936 1,016 4,952 Я 54.6 29.9 11 15,5 0.0 11 0 0 0.00 0 0.00 7,045 1,672 8.717 9 7 60.0 20.0 20.0 0.0 2 0 Û 0.00 0 0,00 1,281 304 1,585 11 R 82.9 12.1 5.0 B 0 0.0 0 0.00 0 0.00 5,123 1,216 4,339 12 15 52.0 9.3 24.0 14.7 6 3 0,00 0 0.00 0 7,240 1,620 8,840 14 92.5 4.5 3.0 92.00 3,995 0.0 1 Û 1,110 3,233 - 1 0 0.00 762 15 65.0 35.0 0.0 9.0 2 O 0.00 3,622 0 0.00 2,936 686 19.2 16 75.8 5.0 0.0 0.00 0 0.00 3,843 912 4,755 17 40.0 34.9 12 25.0 0.1 12 0.00 0 0.00 7,685 1,824 9,509 19 11 85.2 14.8 0.0 0.00 7,045 0.0 11 0 0.00 1,672 8,717 22 13 83.1 16.9 0.0 0.0 13 0.00 8,326 1,975 10,301 0.00 24 6,404 10 65.0 0.0 35.0 0.0 10 0 0.00 0.00 1,520 7,921 25 23.3 35.0 41.7 0.0 Û 0.00 0.00 3,843 912 4,755 30 3 16.7 73.3 10.0 0.0 3 0.00 0.00 1,921 2,377 456 32 25 54.8 26.9 18.3 0.0 25 0 0.00 0.00 16,011 3,799 19,810 3,962 34 5 93.4 1.0 5.6 0.0 0 0.00 0.00 3,202 760 38 7,015 11 15.9 76.4 7.7 0.0 11 0 0.00 0 0.00 1,672 8,717 39 Ģ 50.0 7,143 8,686 12.0 37.2 0.0 121.50 40.50 1,755 1,743 43 78.8 -7.5 ð 0 0 2,562 3,170 13.8 0.0 0.00 0.00 804 44 27.9 15,410 24 71.5 24 0 0.00 B. 40 60 3,667 19,077 0.6 0,0 8,513 2,014 10,527 54 14 35.0 61.4 12 2 A 0.00 ٥ 0.00 A 3.6 0.0 55 ß В 0.00 0.00 5,123 1,216 72,5 27.5 0.0 0.0 6,339

	PROV	:	SUL	AWESI	UT	ARA		КАВ	1		MINAH	AS	Α				
												121 101		•			1000Rp 3
L I NK NO	LENGTH (Ka)	BA (X)	50 (X)	RU (X)	RB (%)	ASPHAL (Ka)	GRAVEL (Ka)	EARTH (Ka)	tt H(RC No	AREA (a2)	BRIDGE COST	LOCAL COST	FOREISN COST	TOTAL COST
58	34	12.6	63,2	24.1	0.0	34	. 0	0	(0	0.00	0	0.00	0	21,775	5,167	26,912
57	6	99.0	1.0	0,0	0.0	é	. 0	0	· (Q ·	0.00	0	0.00	0	3,643	912	4,755
59	5	15.0	60.0	25.0	0.0	5	0	0	. (0	0.00	0	0.00	0	3,202	760	3,962
60	14	15.7	47.9	27.9	8.6	. 14	0	. 0	(0	: 0.00	: 0	0.00	0	8,766	2,127	11,093
61	10	48.5	22.5	29.0	0.0	9	1	0	. 1	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.	6,179	1,463	7,641
62	16	50.9	7.2	32.8	9.1	16	0	.0	(Û	0.00	0	0.00	0	10,247	2,431	12,678
65	3	31.7	48.3	20.0	0.0	3	. 0	0		Ô	0.00	0	0.00	0	1,921	456	2,377
88	7	20.0	45.0	35.0	0.0	7	. 0	0	(0	0.00	0	0.00	0	4,483	1,064	5,547
73	11	78.6	0.0	13.2	6.2	- 11	. 0	. 0		0	0.00	0	0.00	. 0	7,045	1,672	8,717
85	å	53.3	8.3	38.3	0.0		0	0	. (0	0.00	Ô	0.00	. 0	3,843	912	4,755
94	. 3	83.3	0.0	16.7	0.0	3	0	. 0	. (0	0.00	0	0.00	0	1,921	456	2,377
101	15	38.7	25.3	36.0	0.0	15	. 0	0	(0	0.00	0	0.00	0	9,606	2,279	11,995
102	3	92.7	0.0	7.3	0.0	3	0	0	: 1	0	0.00	0	0.00	. 0	1,921	456	2,377
104	3	90.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	3	. 0	. 0	(Û	0.00	. 0	0.00	0	1,921	456	2,377
135	7	93.6	15.0	1.4	0.0	7	0	0	. (0	0.00	0	0.00	. 0	4,483	1,064	5,547
147	2	40.0	20.0	25.0	15,0	2	0	0	(0.	0.00	0	0.00	0	1,281	304	1,585
160	12	20.8	34.2	45.0	0.0	12	0	0	. (0	0.00	0	0.00	. 0	7,885	1,824	9,509
SUN	398		: '			361	31	3		 3	213.50	 6	187.35	3,915	249,835	59,351	309,186

6.1.3 Annual Construction and Maintenance Cost

The annual allocation of the total construction and maintenance cost in the five years programme for Kabupaten Minahasa is finally recommended as shown in Tables 6-1-6 (1), (2) and (3) for the construction, maintenance and total respectively.

The proposed construction cost is Rp 4,226 x 10^6 and maintenance cost is Rp 1,772 x 10^6 which is approximately 30% of the total expenditure.

KAB

MINAHASA

Table 6-1-6 (1) CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE COST (CONSTRUCTION)

SULAWEST UTARA --

				: 				CORIT:	1000Rp 1
	ITEH		(1980)	(1789)	< 1990 >	(1991)	(1992)	(TOTAL)	

LUCAL	CURRENCY	1 .	235,456	594,432	660,498	709,287	630,673	2,838,346	(67.2%)
	Ownership	Cost	3,379	11,042	10.745	10,781	10.013	45,960	(1.61)
	Operation	Cost	92,401	292,121		293,313	270,997		
	Haterial	Cost	49,172	39,969	•	132,828		397,869	
	Labour	Cost		173,765	•	179,849		790,329	(27.07)
	Contingency	/	30,712	77,535		92,516	02,262		(13,02)
*****	u austriau		*** ***					r Park Dest	
FUKETU	IN CURRENCY	1	140,383	243,151	291,103	400,412	312,470	1,307,519	(32.8%)
	Ownership	Cost	46,113	147,985	142,085	145,915	133,777	615,775	(44.4%)
*	Operation	Cast	6,281	21,498	20,319	20,352	19,036	87,516	(6.32)
	Katerial	Cost	69,678	41,953	90,699	182,017	118,900	503,247	136.321
	Labour	Cost	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	(0.0%)
	Contingency	;	18,311	31,715	37,970	52,228	40,757	189,981	(13.01)
			2 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -	***********	225	************************************		7 A A L C & A A A C C C C C C	*********
TOTAL	COST :		375,838	037,503	959,601	1,109,698	943,143	4,225,863	
	Ownership	Cost	49,492	159,027	152,830	156,596	143,790	661,735	. (15.7X)
	Operation	Cost	98,692	313,619	305,485	313,665	290,033	1,321,484	131.321
	Haterial	Cost	118,850	81,922	171,114	314,845	214,385	901,116	(21.31)
	Labour	Cost	59,792	173,765	205,007	179,849	171,916	790,329	(18.71)
	Contingency	,	49,022	107,250	125,165	144,743	123,019	551,199	(13.02)

< Contingency : 15% >

Table 6-1-6 (2) CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE COST (MAINTENANCE)

PRO)V ; E	ULAWESI	UTARA	KAĐ	: MIN	ABAHAN			
								(UNIT)	1000Rp 1
	LTEN	20 am 100 feb 60 am 40 am 40 am	< 1988 >	< 1989 >	(1990)	(1791)	< 1992 >	(TOTAL)	
LOCAL	L CURRENCY	•	124,575	269,533	305,493	346,110	388,578	1,433,489	(80.92)
	Ownership Operation Naterial	Cost Cost	43,194	3,700 93,530 7,236	111,106	129,038	145,128	521,996	(36.4%)
	Labour	Cost	76,285	164,067	182,721	204,070	227,968		(59.7%)
FORE	IGN CURRENC'	Y :	29,606	63,016	72,434	81,818	91,483	339,157	(19.1X)
,	Ownership Operation Naterial Labour	Cost		40,537 4,883 18,396 0		6,826	7,684		(66.8X) (8.1X) (25.1X) (0.0X)
TOTAL	L COST :		154,181	332,349	378,127	427,928	480,061	1,772,646	
	Ownership Operation Material Labour			98,413 25,632	52,357 116,954 26,095 182,721	135,864	152,812 31,072	549,491	(13.72) (31.02) (6.92) (48.22)

Table 6-1-6 (3) CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE COST (TOTAL)

PROV	/ ៖ ទប	LAWES	I UTARA	KAE	3 : M	INAHASA			
-								(TINU)	1000Rp 1
	11EH	e is al as	(1988)	(1989 >	< 1990 >	< 1991 >	(1992)	< TOTAL >	
LOCAL	CURRENCY)	360,031	662,965	974,191	1,055,397	1,019,251	4,271,835	(71.2%)
	Ownership (last	5,099	14,742	14,879	15,404	15,165	65,289	(1.5%)
	Operation (Cost	135,595	385,651	396,242	122,351	416,125	1,755,964	(41.17)
		Cost	52,548	47,205	88,147	141,207	105,815	434,922	(10.2%)
		Cost	136,077	337,832	397,728	383,919	399,994		139.5%)
9	Contingency		30,712	77,535	97,195	92,516	82,262	370,220	
		7					14	•	
FUKE 16	IN CURRENCY			306,967	363,537	482,230	103,953	1,726,676	(28.81)
	Ownership (ost	64,830	188,522	190,308	201,858	196,834	842,352	(48.8%)
	Operation (ost.	8,535	26,381	26,197	27,178	26,720		(6.7%)
	Material (Cost	78,313	60,349	109,062	200,766	139,642	580,332	(34, 1%)
	Labour (Cost	0	0	0	0	. 0	. 0	(0.0%)
	Contingency		18,311	31,715	37,970	52,228	40,757	180,981	(10.5%)
	,				*********				
TOTAL	COST :		530,019	1,169,932	1,337,728	1,537,626	1,423,204	5,998,509	e Tarangan
	Ownership (Cost	69,929	203,264	205,187	217,262	211,999	907,641	(15.1%)
	Operation (ost	144,130	412,032	422,439	449,529	442,845	1,870,975	(31.2%)
	Material (ast	130,861	107,554	197,209	342,173	245,457	1,023,254	(17.12)
	Labour (Cost	136,077	337,832	387,728	363,919	399,884	1,645,440	(27.4%)
	Contingency		49,022	109,250	125,165	144,743	123,019	551,199	(9.21)

< Contingency : 15% >

6.1.4 Construction and Maintenance Equipment Cost

(1) Required Number of Equipment

The required numbers of construction equipment for Kabupaten Minahasa are estimated from the annual proposed construction quantities as shown in Table 6-1-7.

The proposed numbers of equipment to be purchased are finally decided considering the following number of existing equipment in the Kabupaten which are available for the Project.

- 1-Bulldozer
- 2-Motor Grader
- 12-Dump Truck

The proposed numbers of maintenance equipment have been decided as shown below from the proposed annual maintenance volume taking into account the capacity of the proposed maintenance gangs.

a. Equipment for Road Maintenance

- 2-Motor Grader 75 HP
- 2-Tire Roller 8-15 Ton
- 2-Dump Truck 3 Ton
- 2-Hand Guided Vibratory Roller 1000 Kg
- 2-Flat Bed Truck 3 Ton

b. Equipment for Bridge Maintenance

- 2-Flat Bed Truck with Grane 3 Ton

(2) Equipment Cost

The proposed construction and maintenance equipment and their purchase costs are shown in Table 6-1-8. In the Project the supplementation cost or equipment cost supplemented is the difference between the purchase cost for newly supplied equipment and the depreciated value.

This comes about because full depreciation of the supplied equipment would not be completed within the Project Period of 5 years.

Table 6-1-7

REQUIRED NUMBER OF EQUIPMENT

PROV : SULAWEST UTARA KAB : MINAHASA

3 (A) (A) (A)			100		- 17		
EQUIPMENT NAME	HORKABLE EX	ISTING	< 1988 >	(1989)	< 1990 >	< 1991 >	< 1992 >
Bulldozer/Ripper	170	0	0.33	2.01	1.73	1,97	1.74
Swamp Bulldozer	170	0	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.01
Motor Grader	190	0	0.81	3.13	3.05	2.86	2.90
Hand-guide Vib. Roller	190	0	0.29	0.70	1.17	1.68	0.89
Tire Roller	170	0	0.91	0.40	1.00	2.29	1.48
Vibratory Roller (D&T)	190	0	0.57	2.57	2.35	2.20	2.33
Hydraulic Excavator; Wheel	170	0	0.07	0.21	0.01	0.12	0.29
Wheel Loader	190	0	1.12	4.19	3.76	3.80	3.54
Water Tank Truck	190	0	0.36	1.59	1.35	1.14	1,30
Dusp Truck	190	0	10.00	34.70	34.21	32.14	31,14
Flat Bed Truck with Crane	190	0	0.06	0.36	0.47	0.31	0.30
Flat Bed Truck	170	0	1.00	0.60	1.21	2.58	1.71
Portable Crusher/Screening	190	0	0.32	0.61	0.57	0.59	0.41
Concrete Mixer	170	0	0.03	0.20	0.11	0.12	0.10
Water Fump	170	0	0.02	0.15	0.10	0.07	0.08
Concrete Vibrator	170	0	0.02	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.04
Asphalt Sprayer	170	0	0.91	0,40	1.00	2.29	1.48

NOTE WORKABLE: workable days in a year

EXISTING: number of existing equipment

PROV : SULAWES	II UTARA	KAB :	MINAHASA	
				(1000 Rp)
EQUIPMENT NAME	CLASS	CIF (JAKARTA)	PURCHASE NO.	PURÇHASE COST

Bulldozer	90 HP	49,150		
Bulldozer/Ripper	90 HP	53,000		53,000
Swamp Bulldozer	90 HP	52,650	-	,
Swamp Bulldozer	65 HP	40,500	_	
Notor Grader	75 HP	47,800	3	143,400
and the second s	W=1850 mm	85,950		-
Hand-guide Vib. Roller	1000 Kg	8,500	2	17,000
Tire Roller	8-15 ton	31,070	2	62,140
Vibratory Roller (D&T)	4 ton	27,000	3	87,000
Vibratory Roller	4 tan	29,000		-
Rough Terrain Crane	10 ton	100,400		-
Hydraulic Excavator; Wheel	0.3 m3	41,100	4	41,100
Wheel Loader	1.2 #3	70,200		280,800
Water Tank Truck	4000 1tr.	12,750	2	25,500
Dump Truck	3.0 ton	14,700	20	294,000
Dump Loader Truck	12 ton		20	
	3.0 ton	25,170	4	56,300
Flat Bed Truck		11,275	3	25,190
	3.0 tan	•	3	33,825
Portable Crusher/Screening Concrete Hixer	30-40 t/h 0.5 m3	188,000	A	188,000
		18,000 630		
Concrete Vibrator	200 1/min 3.3 HP	740	•	•
Asphalt Sprayer	850 Itr.	,	· •	10.700
Service Car	ODA 171.	10,200	. 1	10,200
4 Wheel Drive Vehicle	3 ton 70 HP		1	11,600
Hotorcycle	70 nr 100 cc	17,500	3	17,500
nocorcycle	100 CE	1,100	,	3,300
***************************************	P = 7 0 = 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		## # P 10 % 10 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	
		PURCHASE COST	TOTAL	1,349,855
				•
			************	~~~~~~~~~
	•		(F88614W)	
		OWNERSHIP COST	(FOREIGN)	607,545
		************	SUBSI CHEHENA	
		EQUIPMENT COST	POPPLEMENTED	742,310
	~~~~		***************	
	•			*
	Vote	OUNTOCULO COOT IS		
	NOTE :	OWNERSHIP COST (F	unclums for exi	sting Equipment
		N.114 /D/		
		Bulldozer/Ripper		20,953
		Notor Grader	•	41,775
		Dump Truck		172,079
		FOTAL .		
		TOTAL		234,807

# 6.1.5 Other Costs

Cost other items includes the costs of workshop equipment and tools, laboratory test equipment and survey equipment which are recommended in Sub-Clause 3.5. These total costs are summarized in Table 6-1-1.

# 6.1.6 Quantities by Work Type

The annual construction and maintenance quantities for all proposed road links are shown in Table 6-1-9.

# CONSTRUCTION QUANTITIES FOR ALL PROPOSED LINKS

PROV : SULAWESI UTARA KAB : MINAHASA

	*			1.10			
TEN	UNIT	( 1988 )	( 1989 )	( 1990 )	( 1991 )	< 1992 >	( TOTAL
Site Clearance in Light Bush	<b>4</b> 2	1500.00	95150.00	80500.00	94600.00	80500.00	352250.
Subgrade Preparation	<b>a</b> 2	34215.00	373186.00	357621.50	275104.00	331765.00	1371893.
Normal Fill	43	10.00	3915.00	30.00	715.00	400,00	5070.1
Fill in Swamp	±3	64.10	1162.60	3.10	180.50	166.10	1576.
Normal Excavation to Spoil	±3	818.00	14990.00	8607.00	9475.00	9869.00	43767.
Sub Base Course	• 3	6913.00	34479.20	31435.00	28344.50	34966.30	136138.
Base Course	· a 3	7120.00	18060.00	13985.00	9785.00	7660.00	56610.
Shoulder	•2	72500.00	237000.00	273000.00	303000.00	264500.00	1150000.
Asphalt Patching	. •2	1609.00	971.00	5898.00	9890.10	3873.90	22250.
Surface Dressing (Single)	<b>a</b> 2	111000.00	48000.00	121500.00	279200.00	180300.00	740000.
Surface Dressing (Double)	· A2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Earth Drain		25680.00	83100,00	98480.00	53840.00	71240.00	332340.
Earth Drain in Swamp (by machine)	#3	900.00	2730.00	70.00	1560.00	3900.00	9180.
Pipe Cutvert 080cm		65.00	321.00	374.00	254.70	221.30	1236.
Hasonry Culvert (80x80cm)		0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	10.
Retaining Wall and Wing Wall (Timber)	■2	0.00	0.00	30.00	80.00	0.00	110.
Retaining Hall and Wing Hall (Hasonry)	<b>&amp;3</b>	22.80	243.60	80.00	109.16	99.44	555.
Gabien Protection	æ3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Timber;Span 3m;10T)	<b>#</b> 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Timber;Span Sm;10T)	<b>n</b> 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,
Superstructure (Timber;Span 8m;10f)	•2	0.00	0.00	200.00	80.00	88.00	348.
Superstructure (Timber;Span 3m;BNSO)	a 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Timber;Span Sm;8MSO)	<b>a</b> 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Timber; Span 8m; 8%50)	<b>2</b> 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Concrete; Span 3m; BHSO)	<b>#2</b>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Concrete; Span 5m; BM50)	<b>a</b> 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Concrete; Span 0#; 8H50)	<b></b> 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Concrete; Span 10; 19850)	<b>a</b> 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Superstructure (Concrete; Span (Se; 8HSO)	•2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Substructure (Piersfor Timber;107)	ND	0,00	0.00	6.00	1.00	1.00	8.
Substructure (Abut; for Timber; 101)	NO	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	θ.
Substructure (Pier; for Timber; 8H50)	NO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Substructure (Abutifor Timber(8H50)	HO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	ó.
Substructure (Pier; for Concrete; 8850)	NO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Substructure (Abut; for Concrete; BH50)	NO NO	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Demolition of Bridge (Timber->Timber)	•2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Demolition of Bridge (Timber-)Concrete)		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Demolition of Bridge (Concrete)	n2	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Manual routine maintenance of road	.∵ Ka	198.50	<b>430.50</b>	520.50	611.40	588.10	2449.
Routine maintenance of earth road	Ke Ke	1.50	3,00	3,00	3.00		
Routine maintenance of gravel road	· Ka	15.50	41.00	132.00	210.50	3.00	13,
Routine maintenance of asphalt road	Ka.	181.50	384.50	385.50	397.90	25(.00	650.
Maintenance of limber Bridge (New)	ля я2	0.00	0.00	0.00		434.10	1785.
Haintenance of Concrete Bridge (New)	a 2	0.00			0.00	200.00	200.
Maintenance of Timber Bridge (Exist)	#2	106.75	0.00 213.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
Maintenance of Concrete Bridge (Exist)	92 82	93.67		213.50	213.50	237.50	981.
mointenance of Postsists brinds (EXIZE)	e t	13.0/	217.35	249.35	249.35	273.35	1083.

## 6.2 Organization and Construction System

## 6.2.1 Organization

The Bupati as head of the Kabupaten has been authorized by Law No. 13, 1980 as an official responsible for the Local Road Development Project implementation. This means that the DPUK is considered as a responsible agency for the actual execution of the Project.

According to instruction letter dated June 24, 1982 Ref. No. 620/975-/BANGDA, the Project Manager appointed by the Bupati will be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the equipment. Accordingly the Equipment Coordinator appointed from the staff of the Regional Public Works (Kantor Wilayah) by Bina Marga as a coordinator between the Governor and the Bupati will be responsible for delivery, effectual utilization and maintenance of the equipment.

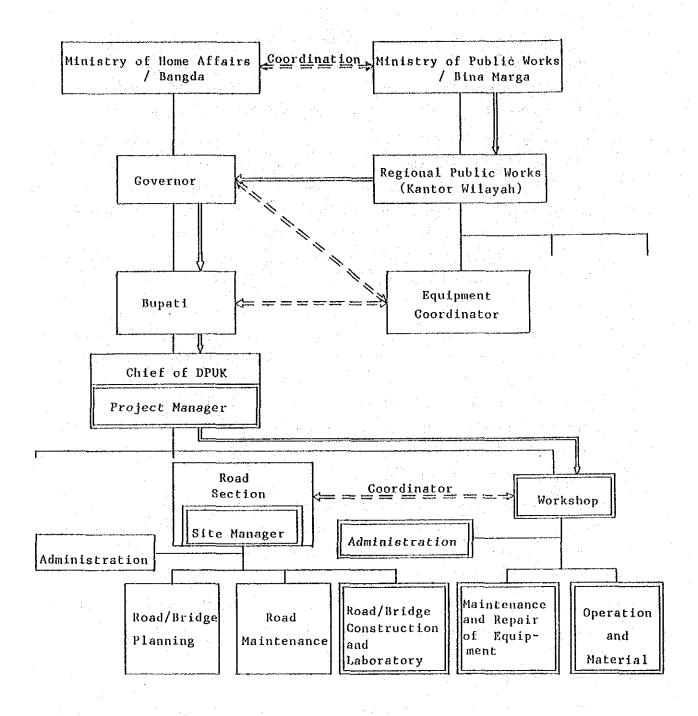
The standard organization of DPUK consists of a minimum of four sections, i.e. Road Section, Housing and City Planning Section, Irrigation Section and Administration Section. For execution of the Project it is strongly recommended that the structural organization of DPUK is established. It will be necessary not only to organize new sections but also to reorganize the current structure through a review of the roles and responsibilities of each inter-related section.

It is recommended that the workshop is newly organized to consist of three sub-sections, i.e. maintenance and repair of equipment, operation and materials, and administration to execute the main tasks described in Clause 3.5.

The sub-section of laboratory would be under the relevant Road Section. The proposed organization is shown in Fig. 6-2-1.

#### 6.2.2 Construction System

For the construction of Kabupaten roads with a ten year effective design life, it has been recommended in Clause 3.4 that the equipment intensive method should be adopted for earth work and pavement work with the exception of surface dressing.



: Equipment delivery flow

Current road construction in the Kabupatens is obliged to rely upon the traditional labour intensive method. It is therefore assumed that both the DPUK and the local contractors in the Kabupatens do not have sufficient experience and technique for the equipment intensive method of road construction.

For realization of the Local Road Development Project the GOI has ensured availability of the required human resources of DPUK and intends to conduct training programmes for those human resources as described in Clause 8.3 of the Main Report. This means that the GOI intends the Kabupatens to have the ability to execute the Project by force account (Swakelola).

It should be recognized from the experiences in the first local road project, which was assisted by OECF, ADB and IBRD, that because of their poor construction management and traditional labour intensive methods most of the road construction by local contractors could not be completed within the contract periods. Therefore execution of the road improvement by force account is desirable as recommended from their experience by the consultants for the first local road project.

It is strongly recommended that except for labourers the staff of the force account team should not be hired by the day as it would then not be able to consolidate the foundations for development of self reliability.

llowever, it will be very difficult to execute all the Projects by force account because of the need for many Kabupaten staff. The GOI has emphasized the need to promote the employment of local weak contractors in order to up-grade their capability in the road project schemes within the Fourth Five-Year Plan (REPELITA)

Taking into consideration the conditions mentioned above it is strongly recommended that the DPUK is obliged to lend some equipment with skilled operators to the local contractors in the Kabupatens for the execution of a part of the road improvement works.

The types of work executed only by force account are recommended as follows:

- Routine maintenance work for the Kabupaten roads
- Laboratory tests
- Production of crushed stone
- Technical service for the equipment