

(8) 地域別識字率

13.53

Literacy rates of population all ages and population 5 years and above by district in 1974 and 1981 Population Censuses.

Former District	Population all ages						Population 5 years and above					
	1974			1981			1974			1981		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Bangladesh	20.2	27.6	12.2	19.7	25.8	13.2	24.3	32.9	14.8	23.8	31.0	16.0
Bandarban	—	—	—	12.5	18.8	4.9	—	—	—	14.7	21.9	5.8
Chittagong	24.0	33.6	13.0	23.4	30.7	15.1	28.7	39.6	15.8	27.9	36.3	18.1
Ctg. H.T.	16.4	24.1	7.5	18.0	25.9	8.5	19.5	28.4	9.0	21.5	30.5	10.3
Comilla	20.7	28.5	12.3	19.5	25.2	13.7	24.8	34.0	14.8	23.7	30.7	16.6
Noakhali	22.2	30.8	13.1	21.8	27.6	16.0	26.7	36.9	15.8	26.5	33.9	19.3
Sylhet	18.1	25.3	10.4	16.6	22.1	10.9	21.7	30.1	12.6	19.9	26.4	13.1
Dhaka	25.2	32.8	16.4	26.4	33.3	18.5	30.1	38.7	20.0	31.3	39.0	22.2
Faridpur	18.0	25.1	10.4	17.6	23.6	11.5	21.6	30.1	12.6	21.3	28.4	13.9
Jamalpur	—	—	—	12.1	16.3	7.8	—	—	—	14.7	19.7	9.5
Mymensingh	14.8	20.0	9.3	14.6	19.0	10.0	17.8	23.8	11.3	17.6	22.9	12.0
Tangail	16.8	23.3	9.8	17.0	22.5	11.3	20.0	27.7	11.8	20.2	26.8	13.5
Barisal	27.0	33.8	19.9	28.0	33.3	22.6	32.7	40.6	24.1	33.7	39.7	27.4
Jessore	21.1	29.0	12.7	19.4	26.2	12.1	25.3	34.7	15.3	23.3	31.4	14.7
Khulna	27.2	36.0	17.7	26.3	34.2	17.8	32.4	42.4	21.2	31.3	40.3	21.3
Kushia	15.5	20.7	9.9	14.3	18.8	9.4	18.7	24.8	12.1	17.1	22.5	11.3
Patuakhali	24.8	33.1	16.2	25.1	31.2	18.3	30.1	39.9	19.7	30.7	38.0	23.0
Bogra	20.6	28.5	12.4	18.9	25.6	12.0	25.1	34.6	15.2	22.9	30.8	14.6
Dinajpur	20.5	30.3	9.9	17.7	25.3	9.6	24.8	36.4	12.1	21.6	30.7	11.8
Pabna	14.8	20.3	8.9	15.8	20.9	10.4	18.0	24.5	10.9	19.2	25.4	12.7
Rajshahi	18.2	25.4	10.6	17.1	23.3	10.7	22.0	30.5	13.0	20.7	27.9	13.0
Rangpur	15.4	22.4	7.9	14.8	21.0	8.3	18.7	27.0	9.6	18.1	25.6	10.2

Notes : Literacy rate for population all ages :

Literacy rate for Population all ages has been defined as ratio of literate persons of age 5 years and above to total population multiplied by 100.

Literacy rate for Population 5 years and above

Literacy rate for population 5 years and above has been defined as number of literate persons of age 5 years and above Per 100 persons of the same ages.

Defination of literacy :

The concept of literacy used in various Censuses conducted in Bangladesh has not been uniform.

The 1961 census defined person as literate if he/she could read any language with understanding, the 1974 census defined literacy as the ability of both read and write in any language, while in 1981 Census a person was treated as literate if he could write a letter in any language.

Source : B.B.S.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

13.54

Adult literacy rates as enumerated in 1974 and 1981 population census.

Former District	1974			1981		
	Total			Total		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Bangladesh ...	25.8	37.2	13.2	29.2	39.7	18.8
Bandarban ...	—	—	—	17.3	26.4	5.6
Chittagong ...	30.5	43.7	14.1	33.8	45.2	20.3
Chittagong H.T. ...	20.8	31.8	7.3	26.6	38.1	11.1
Comilla ...	25.4	37.7	12.8	29.1	39.7	18.6
Noakhali ...	27.2	40.3	13.6	32.5	44.4	21.5
Sylhet ...	22.2	33.5	10.6	23.6	32.8	13.8
Dhaka ...	32.3	43.4	18.5	37.8	48.3	24.9
Faridpur ...	21.7	32.5	10.4	26.2	37.0	15.5
Jamalpur ...	—	—	—	18.1	25.4	10.7
Mymensingh ...	18.9	26.8	10.3	21.5	29.2	13.4
Tangail ...	21.5	31.6	10.6	25.3	34.9	15.5
Barisal ...	34.5	45.7	22.3	40.9	50.2	31.1
Jessore ...	26.1	38.4	12.9	29.5	41.4	16.8
Khulna ...	35.2	48.7	19.6	38.3	50.5	24.2
Kushtia ...	20.2	28.9	10.9	22.3	30.7	13.3
Patuakhali ...	30.8	44.0	16.8	37.5	48.6	26.1
Bogra ...	27.2	40.3	13.0	28.3	39.6	16.4
Dinajpur ...	27.3	42.3	10.6	27.4	40.4	13.3
Pabna ...	19.5	28.4	11.1	24.3	33.6	14.7
Rajshahi ...	24.3	36.3	12.0	26.0	36.4	14.8
Rangpur ...	20.9	32.3	8.6	22.7	33.6	11.3

Note : Adult literacy : The adult literacy rate is defined as the literate population aged 15 years and above as percentage of total population of the same age group.

Source : B.B.S.

13.55 Age-specific educational attainment of male youths by highest class passed and residence, 1981.

Age Group	Total	Illiterate	Class 1 to 5	Class 6 to 9	Secondary/H.S.C.	Degree
Bangladesh						
15—19 ...	100.0	52.2	18.9	21.5	7.4	—
20—24 ...	100.0	49.0	19.6	16.9	12.1	2.4
25—29 ...	100.0	51.4	19.1	14.0	12.5	3.0
15—29 ...	100.0	51.0	19.2	17.8	10.4	1.6
5 years & over ...	100.0	58.9	24.2	10.6	5.1	1.2
Urban						
15—19 ...	100.0	38.7	18.6	26.6	16.1	—
20—24 ...	100.0	32.4	19.1	20.7	21.8	6.0
25—29 ...	100.0	35.0	17.7	18.5	21.6	7.2
15—29 ...	100.0	35.4	18.4	22.0	19.8	4.4
5 years & over ...	100.0	43.2	24.9	16.1	11.5	4.3
Rural						
15—19 ...	100.0	55.2	19.0	20.3	5.5	—
20—24 ...	100.0	54.0	19.8	15.7	9.2	1.
25—29 ...	100.0	56.5	19.4	12.7	10.0	1.
15—29 ...	100.0	55.1	19.4	16.7	8.0	0.
5 years & over ...	100.0	62.1	24.1	9.5	3.8	0.

Source : B.B.S.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(9) 就学率

13.52 School attendance rates of population of age 5-24 years by sex and residence as enumerated in 1974 and 1981 population censuses.

Residence	Sex	5-9 years		10-14 years		15-19 years		20-24 years	
		Number of students*	Attendance Rate**	Number of students*	Attendance Rate**	Number of students*	Attendance Rate**	Number of students*	Attendance Rate**
1974									
National	Both Sexes	2464	18.7	3105	33.8	1113	18.8	373	7.5
	Male	1454	22.0	2022	40.5	916	29.0	345	14.2
	Female	1010	15.4	1083	25.8	197	7.1	28	1.1
Urban	Both Sexes	305	31.5	430	50.7	217	34.6	93	15.9
	Male	165	33.7	242	54.4	140	40.6	77	21.7
	Female	140	29.2	188	46.5	77	27.2	16	7.0
Rural	Both Sexes	2159	17.7	2675	32.1	896	16.9	280	6.4
	Male	1289	21.0	1780	39.1	776	27.6	268	12.9
	Female	870	14.4	895	23.6	120	4.8	12	0.5
1981									
National	Both Sexes	3185	22.5	3883	33.3	1384	17.0	476	7.0
	Male	1777	24.7	2358	37.9	1049	25.4	396	12.2
	Female	1408	20.2	1525	28.1	335	8.3	80	2.3
Urban	Both Sexes	580	31.6	803	44.8	371	27.1	172	13.2
	Male	313	33.4	451	47.7	241	32.4	136	18.3
	Female	267	29.7	352	41.5	130	20.8	36	6.5
Rural	Both Sexes	2605	21.1	3080	31.3	1013	14.9	304	5.5
	Male	1464	23.4	1907	36.1	808	23.9	260	10.4
	Female	1141	18.8	1173	25.6	205	6.0	44	1.5

* Figures in thousand

** Attendance rate is defined as the ratio of the population of respective ages attending school during the census period to the total population of the same age group and expressed in Percentage. The attendance rates as given in the table are substantially lower than the school enrolment ratios obtained from administrative records of the Ministry of Education.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(0) 婚姻状态、性别、年龄别区分

3.23 Distribution of population by marital status, age and sex, 1961-81

(In thousand)

Age group	Total								
	Both Sexes			Male			Female		
	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981
Under 10	18794	25191	28951	9448	12614	14632	9345	12577	14319
10-14	4647	9181	11650	2610	4987	6226	2036	4194	5424
15-19	3905	5918	8146	1922	3154	4129	1983	2765	4017
20-24	3813	4912	6779	1824	2416	3244	1288	2476	3535
25-29	4000	4865	6420	2002	2353	3241	1998	2512	3179
30-34	3238	4063	4963	1693	2036	2492	1545	2027	2471
35-39	2812	3814	4439	1558	2035	2358	1254	1780	2081
40-44	2367	3258	3694	1254	1745	1920	1113	1514	1774
45-49	1817	2477	2862	10146	1379	1585	801	1097	1277
50-54	1748	2389	2690	947	1284	1417	801	1105	1273
55-59	1045	1352	1621	611	776	924	435	576	697
60+	2653	4057	4905	1462	2292	2751	1190	1764	2154
Bangladesh	50840	71477	87120	26349	37071	44919	24491	34407	42281

3.23—contd.

(In thousand)

Age group	Never married								
	Both Sexes			Male			Female		
	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981
Under 10	18794	25191	28951	9448	12614	14632	9345	12577	14319
10-14	3924	8748	11205	2552	4953	6162	1372	795	5043
15-19	1881	3589	5107	1687	2912	3851	165	677	1256
20-24	933	1532	2119	907	1451	1937	27	81	182
25-29	357	511	727	346	529	687	103	22	40
30-34	76	127	182	89	116	158	6	11	24
35-39	44	52	63	41	44	54	3	8	9
40-44	15	33	50	13	26	37	2	7	13
45-49	9	19	23	8	15	19	1	4	4
50-54	8	17	42	7	12	24	1	4	18
55-59	4	8	15	4	6	11	—	2	4
60+	6	27	195	5	20	184	1	7	11
Bangladesh	26041	30804	48679	15108	22699	27756	10933	17195	20923

3.23—contd.

(In thousand)

Age group	Married								
	Both Sexes			Male			Female		
	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981
Under 10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10-14	704	404	444	57	33	63	647	371	381
15-19	2005	2219	2902	230	235	274	1775	1984	2628
20-24	2792	3265	4507	891	945	1295	1901	2320	3212
25-29	3502	4187	5537	1609	1795	2537	1893	2392	3000
30-34	2961	3787	4614	1559	1894	2319	1402	1893	2295
35-39	2537	3564	4156	1475	1965	2288	1062	1599	1868
40-44	1986	2921	3317	1192	1689	1865	794	1232	1452
45-49	1449	2159	2496	958	1335	1545	491	824	951
50-54	1242	1896	2158	880	1230	1365	362	666	793
55-59	724	1045	1268	561	740	889	163	305	379
60+	1443	2549	3203	1236	2068	2424	207	481	309
Bangladesh	21348	27995	34602	10648	13928	16934	10700	14067	17668

—10

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

3.23 *contd.* Distribution of Population by marital status, age and sex 1961-81. (In thousand)

Age group	Widowed								
	Both Sexes			Male			Female		
	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981
Under 10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10-14	6	6	—	1	1	—	5	5	—
15-19	20	32	35	4	5	3	16	27	32
20-24	90	59	65	19	15	9	41	44	56
25-29	114	92	99	36	24	13	78	68	86
30-34	161	129	138	36	22	12	125	107	126
35-39	218	48	203	37	22	14	181	162	189
40-44	351	294	318	44	27	18	307	267	300
45-49	349	292	336	46	28	19	304	264	317
50-54	490	470	485	57	39	27	433	431	458
55-59	313	295	334	44	29	23	269	266	311
60+	1194	1475	1662	217	203	233	977	1272	1429
Bangladesh	3275	3328	3675	540	415	371	2735	2913	3304

3.23—*contd.* (In thousand)

Age group	Divorced								
	Both Sexes			Male			Female		
	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981	1961	1974	1981
Under 10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10-14	13	24	—	—	—	—	13	24	—
15-19	30	79	102	2	2	1	28	77	101
20-24	28	55	89	8	5	3	20	50	86
25-29	27	37	56	11	6	4	16	31	52
30-34	19	20	28	17	4	2	11	16	26
35-39	15	14	17	8	3	2	9	11	15
40-44	13	10	10	5	2	1	8	8	9
45-49	89	7	6	4	2	1	5	5	5
50-54	2	6	5	3	2	1	5	4	4
55-59	4	4	3	2	1	1	3	3	2
60+	10	6	6	5	2	2	5	4	4
Bangladesh	176	262	322	53	29	18	123	233	304

Source : B.B.S.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

3.24

Singulate mean age at marriage by sex, 1931-82.

Year/Sources		Male	Female
1931	Population Census	19.0	12.6
1941	" "	21.5	13.7
1951	" "	22.4	14.4
1961	" "	22.9	13.9
1965	P G E	22.9	14.8
1974	Population Census	24.0	15.9
1974	B R S F M	23.9	16.6
1975	B F S	24.5	16.4
1980	B L D S, B.B.S.	24.9	16.4
1981	V R S (Direct) B.B.S.	25.8	17.8
1982	" " B.B.S.	25.6	17.7

BLDS : Base Line Demographic Survey B.B.S. Dhaka 1981.

VRS : Vital Registration Survey, B.B.S. 1981 and 1982.

3.25 Singulate mean age at marriage by sex and district in the 1974 and 1981 population censuses.

Former District	1974		1981	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Bangladesh	24.0	15.9	23.9	16.7
Bandarban	—	—	24.3	19.0
Chittagong H.T.	—	—	23.9	18.0
Chittagong	25.8	17.5	25.7	17.6
Comilla	24.6	16.6	24.3	17.4
Noakhali	24.7	16.7	24.4	17.0
Sylhet	25.1	16.5	25.4	17.3
Dhaka	24.7	15.8	25.0	17.2
Faridpur	24.3	16.6	24.3	17.0
Jamalpur	—	—	22.4	16.2
Mymensingh	23.6	16.1	23.7	16.4
Tangail	23.5	16.5	23.3	16.7
Barisal	24.1	16.6	24.1	17.1
Jessore	22.7	15.8	21.9	16.4
Khulna	24.3	16.2	24.1	16.4
Kushtia	22.3	15.6	22.0	16.1
Patuakhali	22.8	16.1	22.8	16.4
Bogra	22.6	15.9	22.4	16.1
Dinajpur	23.0	15.7	22.9	16.1
Pabna	23.5	16.2	23.3	16.7
Rajshahi	22.5	16.1	22.0	15.6
Rangpur	22.7	15.7	22.7	16.0

Source ; B.B.S.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(1) 車輛の種類と数

8.12 Number of mechanised vehicles on road by type of vehicles.

Year	Motor cars		Buses	Trucks	Jeeps	Station wagons	Auto-rickshaws	Motor cycles	Others	Total
	Private	Taxis								
1966	10512	795	3739	7053	4703	1223	7896	11001	1553	48475
1967	10710	810	4340	7170	4910	1256	6922	12112	1570	49800
1968	12538	813	4339	7878	5117	1224	7130	14281	1739	55059
1969	15725	874	5522	8864	5777	1586	7842	18305	1720	66215
1970	17097	879	5879	9608	5275	1416	7750	20525	1657	70086
1971	9198	805	3812	6344	2682	759	5062	11226	912	40800
1972	9847	847	4497	7278	3177	950	5206	12996	947	45745
1973	10413	928	6030	8440	3521	1201	7375	15264	1367	54539
1974	11160	904	6207	9380	4100	1360	8424	17026	1358	59919
1975	11882	815	5223	9457	4112	1583	7398	21094	1403	62967
1976	12409	837	5264	9469	4570	1586	7486	22605	1753	65979
1977	14869	836	5494	9757	5828	2015	7953	26739	3263	76754
1978	16692	881	5773	10871	6354	2385	8762	31705	3561	86984
1979	18868	906	6044	11894	6793	2855	9316	35355	3615	95646
1980*	21685	1100	6457	12522	7185	3557	11465	40183	3829	105747
1981*	23100	1112	7183	13496	7727	3549	11990	46336	3747	118240

*Position as on June 30, 1981

Source: Ministry of Railways, Roads, Highways and Road Transport.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(12) ঢাকা DISTRICT における平均小売価及び政府公定価格
(ガソリン、ディーゼル、ケロシン)

8.05 Annual average retail prices of selected consumer goods in Dhaka.

(Taka per unit)

Item	Specification	Unit	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82
Rice	Medium	Md.	176.00	188.00	257.20	230.80	283.20
Masur	Husked, whole	Sr.	6.71	6.64	8.84	11.03	13.07
Rohu fish	Big. cut piece	Sr.	19.10	24.30	29.04	32.50	38.08
Beef	Superior quality	Sr.	14.31	18.67	19.00	21.18	23.72
Fowl	Hen big		18.03	23.30	22.03	24.98	28.05
Potato	Local, medium	Sr.	3.10	2.24	2.66	3.09	2.82
Mustard oil	Local first qty.	Sr.	23.80	23.53	24.06	31.14	29.63
Salt	Fine white	Sr.	1.77	1.50	1.30	1.50	2.51
Chillies	Dry, average qty.	Sr.	29.17	16.29	10.86	29.36	28.87
Onion	Fair, average qty.	Sr.	5.30	2.41	4.99	4.28	9.79
Milk	Cow unboiled	Sr.	4.24	4.81	5.53	6.26	7.56
Sugar	White	Sr.	6.50	6.50	7.92	11.37	12.00
Gur	Cane loose	Sr.	6.08	6.36	9.82	9.24	8.39
Banana	Samri medium size	4	2.54	2.93	3.56	3.79	4.09
Cocoanut	Dry medium size	Each	3.39	3.54	4.36	5.40	4.69
Firewood	Gazari split	Md.	24.23	26.01	29.38	38.52	47.92
Match	40 sticks	Each	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.30	0.32
Kerosene	White 22 ounces	Bottles	1.84	2.26	2.53	4.33	4.82
Saree	Mill (50's x 70's med)	5 yards	50.08	59.06	55.81	78.99	83.87
Longcloth	Medium	Yard	11.48	13.06	12.64	14.05	15.69
Paper	Foolscap white	Quire	2.77	3.35	4.72	2.42	4.74
Betal leaf	Pan medium	*Bira	4.18	5.54	6.13	5.02	6.94
Betalnut	Tanti whole	Sr.	28.56	30.54	37.12	38.23	37.04
Tobacco	Motihari	Sr.	35.87	29.78	29.54	31.14	32.10
Cigarettes	Scissors	10	2.00	2.08	2.09	2.65	2.83

*Bira--80 leaves, Sr.--Seer.

Source : B. B. S.

Source: Dhaka District Statistics, 1983

7.37 Main installation price of diesel and petrol as fixed by the Government.

(Taka)

Effective from (Day-Month-Year)	Petrol (motor spirit) per 10	Diesel (HSD) per 10	Kerosene (superior)
24-2-68	3.74	2.24	1.50
5-5-71	5.01	2.85	1.90
6-6-72	5.27	3.15	2.20
15-6-73	6.07	3.53	2.53
7-11-73	9.00	4.00	3.53
16-2-74	14.20	6.00	6.00
10-8-75	18.50	8.30	8.30
9-3-76	20.50	9.05	9.05
1-7-76	—	9.28	9.28
21-4-79	24.46	11.46	11.46
12-11-79	36.24	13.75	13.75
21-7-80	46.37	22.50	17.65
4-5-81	48.36	22.50	22.50
28-9-81	50.52	23.63	23.63
1-7-82	63.80	32.81	32.81
8-3-83	66.68	32.81	32.81

Source: Bangladesh Petroleum Corporation.

Source: Statistical Pocket Book of Bangladesh, 1984

TABLE-XVII

EXCHANGE RATES
(PERIOD AVERAGE OFFICIAL RATES & MARKET RATES)

Name of Currency	Taka per Pound Sterling		Taka per U.S. Dollar		Taka per Deutsche mark	Taka per Japanese Yen
	Official Rate	WES Rate	Official Rate	WES Rate	Official Rate	Official Rate
1972-73	18.8001	--	7.8763	--	2.5707	0.0272
1973-74	18.8001	--	7.9664	--	3.1071	0.0286
1974-75	20.8064	--	8.8752	--	3.6372	0.0308
1975-76	29.3600	--	15.0541	--	5.8117	0.0496
1976-77	26.5077	--	15.4260	--	6.3741	0.0536
1977-78	27.6126	36.12	15.1168	19.86	6.9855	0.0626
1978-79	30.5002	38.54	15.2231	19.68	7.9901	0.0762
1979-80	34.4975	42.47	15.4900	19.21	8.6710	0.0665
1980-81	37.2535	45.69	16.2586	20.11	8.1525	0.0765
1981-82	36.7613	41.86	20.0652	22.79	8.5393	0.0859
July-Sept.	34.0931	43.30	18.5858	23.59	7.6582	0.0804
Oct.-Dec.	36.1866	43.85	19.2478	23.32	8.5557	0.0859
Jan.-Mar.	38.3876	41.77	20.7904	22.55	8.8662	0.0891
Apr.-June	38.4216	38.54	21.6046	21.72	9.0807	0.0885
1982-83	38.2688	38.83	23.7953	24.12	9.6184	0.0970
July-Sept.	38.6461	38.93	22.4054	22.51	9.0266	0.0880
Oct.-Dec.	39.0000	39.08	23.7027	23.79	9.4833	0.0920
January	38.5002	38.73	24.3889	24.43	10.2184	0.1047
February	37.5287	37.97	24.5000	24.75	10.0841	0.1036
March	36.5436	36.91	24.5000	24.76	9.8086	0.1030
April	37.5184	38.71	24.5000	25.28	10.0554	0.1030
May	38.5120	40.05	24.5000	25.59	9.9471	0.1044
June	38.0110	39.53	24.5000	25.75	9.6188	0.1021
1983-84	36.2302	39.32	24.9437	27.16	9.2938	0.1065
July	37.3908	39.41	24.5000	25.81	9.4626	0.1019
August	36.8368	39.47	24.5056	26.48	9.1705	0.1002
September	37.0174	39.42	24.5354	26.32	9.2746	0.1011
October	37.3289	40.07	24.8958	26.72	9.5743	0.1070
November	36.9787	39.99	25.0000	27.11	9.3251	0.1063
December	35.9476	39.06	25.0000	27.32	9.1109	0.1067
January	35.3081	38.83	25.0000	27.54	8.9204	0.1070
February	36.0298	39.06	25.0522	27.34	9.2609	0.1072
March	36.7001	39.76	25.2000	27.31	9.6803	0.1113
April	35.8446	39.52	25.2000	27.80	9.5390	0.1119
May	34.9844	39.75	25.2000	28.72	9.1647	0.1092
June	34.4205	37.57	25.2000	27.22	9.0844	0.1071

Source: I) Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Department, the Bangladesh Bank.
II) Exchange Control Department, the Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Official rates and WES rates are respectively weighted averages and simple averages for the related periods.

Source: Economic Trends, Statistics Department Bangladesh Bank Monthly, July 1984

6-2. 社会経済指標

(1) GDP (名目、実質)

12.1 Gross domestic product of Bangladesh at current prices.

Sectors	(Million Taka)					
	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84 (P)
1. Agriculture ...	91352	99502	108953	121839	135530	144557
i) Crops ...	69211	74646	83632	94922	104470	111324
ii) Forestry ...	4754	4860	5848	6550	8160	8650
iii) Livestock ...	10501	12998	12451	12713	14769	15381
iv) Fisheries ...	6886	6998	7022	7654	8131	9202
2. Mining and Quarrying ...	10	9	3	6	3	4
3. Industry ...	15831	19558	22861	25702	28070	30314
i) Large scale ...	9173	11108	13214	14728	15546	17004
ii) Small scale ...	6658	8450	9647	10974	12524	13310
4. Construction ...	9658	9309	13088	15863	14612	14558
5. Power, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services	477	612	744	959	1078	1257
6. Transport, Storage and Communication	9547	11521	18331	22858	25048	26994
7. Trade Services ...	15634	19048	20808	22083	23154	27344
8. Housing Services ...	12841	15739	17725	19575	19512	23390
9. Public Admn. and Defence	3567	4231	8138	9442	10325	11843
10. Banking and Insurance ...	2278	3101	4331	4191	4341	4752
11. Professional and Misc. Services	11624	15355	18481	22626	25459	31130
12. Gross domestic product at m.p.	172819	197985	233263	265144	287132	316143
13. Indirect tax net of subsidies (-)	8910	10352	13464	13824	15470	20929
14. GDP at current factor cost	163909	187633	219799	251320	271662	295214
15. Net factor income from r.o.w. (+)	1842	3472	5820	5777	11634	12090
16. GNP at current factor cost	165751	191105	225619	257097	283296	307304
17. Net national products (income)	154414	177652	210109	240945	264481	286260
Population (million)	85.6	87.7	89.9	91.6	93.6	95.7
Per capita GDP at factor cost (Tk)	1915	2139	2445	2744	2902	3085
Per capita GNP at factor cost (Tk)	1936	2179	2510	2807	3027	3211
Per capita NNP (national income) (Tk.)	1804	2028	2337	2630	2826	2991

Source : B.B.S.

(P)=Provisional

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

12.2

Gross domestic products of Bangladesh at constant (1972-73) prices.

(Million taka)

Sectors	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84 (P)
1. Agriculture ...	33082	33136	34908	35225	36859	38288
i) Crops ...	26151	26068	27627	27441	28794	29773
ii) Forestry ...	1520	1579	1703	1882	1925	2040
iii) Livestock ...	3308	3392	3477	3680	3767	4052
iv) Fisheries ...	2103	2097	2101	2222	2373	2423
2. Mining and Quarrying ...	4	4	1	2	1	1
3. Industry: ...	7065	7210	7602	7722	7598	7937
i) Large scale ...	4094	4095	4394	4425	4208	4452
ii) Small scale ...	2971	3115	3208	3297	3390	3485
4. Construction ...	3188	2509	2845	3004	2954	2998
5. Power, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services...	193	225	250	296	303	315
6. Transport, Storage and Communication ...	4612	4715	4845	4852	5227	5631
7. Trade Services ...	6253	6781	6866	6272	6432	6596
8. Housing Services ...	5071	5184	5297	5422	5548	5677
9. Public Administration and Defence ...	1446	1555	2733	2914	2902	2971
10. Banking and Insurance ...	924	1139	1387	1293	1220	1192
11. Professional and Misc. Services ...	4389	4637	4910	5225	5565	5927
12. GDP at constant market prices ...	66227	67095	71644	72227	74609	77533
13. Indirect tax net of subsidies (-) ...	3414	3509	4130	3767	4018	5130
14. GDP at constant factor cost ...	62813	63586	67514	68460	70391	72403
15. Net factor income from r.o.w. (+) ...	706	1177	1785	1574	3022	2963
16. GNP at constant factor cost ...	63519	64763	69299	70034	73613	75366
17. Net national products (income) ...	59175	60270	64541	65633	68726	70208
Population (million) ...	85.6	87.7	89.9	91.6	93.6	95.7
Per capita income GDP at f.c. (Tk) ...	734	725	751	747	754	757
Per capita income GNP at f.c. (Tk) ...	742	738	771	765	786	788
Per capita income NNP at f.c. (Tk) ...	691	687	718	716	734	734
Annual rise of GDP at constant m.p. ...	4.6	1.3	6.8	0.8	3.3	3.9
Annual rise of GDP at constant f.c. ...	4.3	1.2	6.2	1.4	3.1	2.6
Annual rise of GNP at constant f.c. ...	4.5	2.0	7.0	1.1	5.1	2.4
Annual rise of NNP (income) at f.c. ...	4.6	1.9	7.1	1.7	4.7	2.2
Annual rise of per capita GDP at f.c. ...	1.9	-1.2	3.6	-0.5	0.9	0.4
Annual rise of per capita GNP at f.c. ...	2.2	-0.5	4.5	-0.8	2.7	0.3
Annual rise of per capita NNP (income) ...	2.2	-0.6	4.5	-0.3	2.5	—
National income deflator ...	261	295	326	367	385	408

Source : B.B.S. f. c. factor cost.

(P)--Provisional r.o.w. rest of the world.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(2) 部門別 GDP 率 (名目、実質)

12.3 Sectoral shares of gross domestic product at current prices.

(Percentage)

Sector	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84 (p)
1. Agriculture ...	52.9	50.3	46.7	45.9	47.1	45.7
i) Crops ...	40.0	37.7	35.9	35.8	36.4	35.2
ii) Forestry ...	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.7
iii) Livestock ...	6.1	6.6	5.3	4.8	5.1	4.9
iv) Fisheries ...	4.0	3.5	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.9
2. Mining and Quarrying ...	.006	0.5	.001	.002	.001	.001
3. Industry ...	9.2	9.9	9.8	9.7	9.8	9.6
i) Large scale ...	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.4
ii) Small scale ...	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.2
4. Construction ...	5.6	4.7	5.6	6.0	5.1	4.6
5. Power, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services ...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
6. Transport, Storage and Communication ...	5.5	5.8	7.9	8.6	8.7	8.5
7. Trade Services ...	9.0	9.6	8.9	8.3	8.1	8.7
8. Housing Services ...	7.4	7.9	7.6	7.4	6.8	7.4
9. Public Admn. and Defence ...	2.1	2.1	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.8
10. Banking and Insurance ...	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5
11. Professional and Misc. Services ...	6.7	7.8	7.9	8.5	8.9	9.8
12. GDP at Market Prices ...	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: B.B.S.

(P)—Provisional

12.4 Sectoral shares of gross domestic product at constant (1972-73) prices.

(Percentage)

Sector	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84 (p)
1. Agriculture ...	50.0	49.4	48.7	48.8	49.4	49.4
i) Crops ...	39.5	38.9	38.6	38.0	38.6	38.5
ii) Forestry ...	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6
iii) Livestock ...	5.0	5.1	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.2
iv) Fisheries ...	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.1
2. Mining and Quarrying ...	.006	.006	.001	.003	.001	.001
3. Industry ...	10.7	10.8	10.6	10.7	10.2	10.2
i) Large scale ...	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.7
ii) Small scale ...	4.5	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5
4. Construction ...	4.8	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.0	3.9
5. Power, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services ...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
6. Transport, Storage and Communication ...	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.7	7.0	7.3
7. Trade Services ...	9.4	10.1	9.6	8.7	8.6	8.5
8. Housing Services ...	7.7	7.7	7.4	7.5	7.4	7.3
9. Public Admn. and Defence ...	2.2	2.3	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.8
10. Banking and Insurance ...	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5
11. Professional and Misc. Services ...	6.6	6.9	6.9	7.2	7.5	7.7
12. Gross Domestic Product at Market Price ...	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: B.B.S.

(P)—Provisional

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(3) 就労人口、失業率

4.1 Summary labour force statistics, 1961 to 1981-84.

Characteristics	Census 1961	Census 1974	Census 1981	Labour force Survey, 1983-84
1. Labour force composition (millions of persons)				
—Civilian labour force	16.7	21.7	25.9	28.7
Male	16.1	21.0	24.4	26.3
Female	0.8	0.9	1.5	2.4
—Employed population	16.8	21.4	25.3	28.0
Male	16.0	20.5	23.9	25.7
Female	0.8	0.9	1.4	2.3
—Unemployed population	0.1	0.5	0.6	0.7
Male	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.5
Female	—	—	0.1	0.2
2. Not in civilian labour force	38.3	54.5	64.0	67.0
Household work	14.1	17.8	22.4	26.6
Other inactives	3.8	9.7	11.8	10.1
Children (0-9 years)	20.4	26.9	29.9	32.3
3. Crude activity rate (percent)	30.6	28.7	28.8	30.0
Male	56.2	53.0	52.7	53.3
Female	3.2	2.5	3.4	5.2
4. Labour force Participation (Refined activity rate)				
Male	48.6	44.3	43.1	45.3
Female	87.6	80.4	78.2	80.0
Female	5.1	4.0	5.1	7.9
5. Unemployment rate (percent)	0.5	2.5	2.3	2.5
Male	0.6	2.4	2.0	2.0
Female	0.2	3.6	7.5	7.4
6. Employment by broad sector				
—Agriculture :				
Number (millions)	14.2	16.8	15.4	16.4
Percent of total	84.4	78.7	61.0	58.4
—Non-Agriculture :				
Number (millions)	2.6	4.6	9.9	11.6
Percent of total	15.4	21.1	39.0	41.4

Note : This summary table based on adjusted data of 1961, 1974 and 1981 has been corrected for census under enumeration.

— Less than 50,000

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

4.2 Numerical distribution of population by economic category, sex and urban-rural residence for 1961, 1974, 1981 and 1983-84.

(Million person)

Economic Category	1961			1974			1981**		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
National									
Total Population ...	50.8	26.3	24.5	71.5	37.1	34.4	87.1	44.9	42.2
Population below 10 years ...	18.8	9.4	7.4	25.2	12.6	12.6	28.9	14.6	14.3
Population 10 years and over ...	32.0	16.9	15.1	46.3	24.5	21.8	58.2	30.3	27.9
Civilian labour force ...	17.4	14.8	2.6	20.5	19.7	0.9	—	—	—
a) Employed ...	17.3	14.7	2.6	20.0	19.2	0.8	23.6	22.4	1.2
b) Unemployed ...	0.1	0.1	*	0.5	0.5	*	—	—	—
Not in civilian labour force ...	14.6	2.1	12.5	25.8	4.8	21.0	—	—	—
a) Housewives/Household work ...	11.1	—	11.1	16.7	—	16.7	22.0	1.2	20.8
b) Inactive ...	3.5	2.1	1.4	9.1	4.8	4.3	—	—	—
Urban									
Total Population ...	2.6	1.6	1.1	6.3	3.5	2.7	13.2	7.4	5.8
Population below 10 years ...	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.9	0.9	0.9	3.7	1.9	1.8
Population 10 years and over ...	1.8	1.2	0.7	4.4	2.6	1.8	9.5	5.5	4.0
Civilian labour force ...	0.9	0.9	0.1	2.0	1.9	0.1	—	—	—
a) Employed ...	0.9	0.9	0.1	1.9	1.8	0.1	4.1	3.8	0.3
b) Unemployed ...	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	*	—	—	—
Not in civilian labour force ...	0.9	0.2	0.6	2.4	0.7	1.7	—	—	—
a) Housewives/Household work ...	0.5	—	0.5	1.2	—	1.2	2.7	0.2	2.5
b) Inactive ...	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.2	0.7	0.5	—	—	—
Rural									
Total Population ...	48.2	24.8	23.4	65.2	33.5	31.7	73.9	37.5	36.4
Population below 10 years ...	18.0	9.0	8.9	23.3	11.7	11.6	25.2	12.7	12.5
Population 10 years and over ...	30.2	15.8	14.5	41.9	21.8	20.1	48.7	24.8	23.9
Civilian labour force ...	16.5	13.9	2.6	18.5	17.7	0.8	—	—	—
a) Employed ...	16.4	13.8	2.6	18.1	17.4	0.7	19.6	18.6	1.0
b) Unemployed ...	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	—	—	—
Not in civilian labour force ...	13.7	1.9	11.9	23.4	4.1	19.3	—	—	—
a) Housewives/Household work ...	10.6	—	10.6	15.5	—	15.4	19.3	1.0	18.3
b) Inactive ...	3.1	1.9	1.3	7.9	4.1	3.8	—	—	—

Note : *Less than 50,000.

**1981 Population Census data were not tabulated for unemployed and inactive persons separately.

***All figures of 1961, 1974, 1981 based on unadjusted data.

—Not available.

Source : Population Censuses 1961, 1974 and 1981, B.B.S.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

4.2—contd. Numerical distribution of population by economic category, sex and urban-rural residence for 1961, 1974, 1981 and 1983-84.

(Million person)

	1983-84 **LFS		
	Both sex	Male	Female
National			
Total Population	95.7	49.4	46.3
Pop. below 10 years	32.3	16.5	15.8
Pop. 10 years and over	63.4	32.9	30.5
Civilian labour force	28.7	26.3	2.4
a) Employed	28.0	25.7	2.2
b) Unemployed	0.7	0.5	0.2
Not in civilian L.F.	34.7	6.6	28.1
a) House wives/work	24.6	0.5	24.1
b) Inactive	10.1	6.1	4.0
Urban			
Total Population	11.7	6.7	5.0
Pop. below 10 years	3.4	1.7	1.5
Pop. 10 years and over	8.3	4.8	3.5
C. L. F.	4.0	3.6	0.4
a) Employed	3.9	3.5	0.4
b) Unemployed	0.1	0.1	—
Not in C.L.F.	4.3	1.2	3.1
a) House wives/work	2.3	—	2.3
b) Inactive	2.0	1.2	0.8
Rural			
Total Population	83.9	42.6	41.3
Pop. below 10 years	28.8	14.6	14.2
Pop. 10 years and over	55.1	28.0	27.1
C. L. F.	24.7	22.7	2.0
a) Employed	24.1	22.2	1.8
b) Unemployed	0.6	0.4	0.2
Not in C. L. F.	30.4	5.3	25.1
a) House wives	22.3	0.4	21.9
b) Inactives	8.1	4.9	21.9

** Inactive including children less than 10 years.

C.L.F. : Civilian Labour Force

All-Figures on 1983-84, LFS are Provisional

Note: In 1983-84 LFS, urban areas constituted only 79 pourashavas.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

4.7

Crude and refined activity rates by sex and residence, 1961—1983/84.

(Percent)

Source and characteristics	National			Urban			Rural		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
1. Crude activity rate :									
1982-83 LFS	30.0	53.2	5.2	34.2	53.6	8.6	29.4	53.2	4.8
1981 Census,	28.8	52.7	3.4	33.2	54.6	4.7	28.3	52.5	3.3
1974 Manpower Survey,	28.7	53.0	2.5	32.2	54.1	3.8	28.4	52.9	2.4
1961 Census,	30.6	56.2	3.2	35.8	57.5	4.8	30.4	56.1	3.1
2. Refined activity rate :									
Labour Force Survey, 1983-84	45.3	80.0	7.9	48.5	74.7	12.2	44.8	81.0	7.4
1981 Census,	43.1	78.2	5.1	46.1	73.2	6.8	42.7	79.0	5.0
1974 Census,	44.3	80.3	4.0	45.8	73.7	5.8	44.2	81.1	3.8
1961 Census	48.6	87.6	5.1	51.7	78.2	7.6	48.4	88.3	5.0

Note : 1. Crude activity rate is the ratio of economically active population of ages 10 years and above to the total population expressed in percentage.

2. Refined activity rate is the ratio of economically active population of ages 10 years and above to the population of the same ages expressed in percentage.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

4.26 Percentage distribution of employed population by major industry and sex-national, urban, and rural : 1983-84.

Industry Group	National			Urban			Rural		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries	58.7	63.2	10.1	9.1	10.0	1.0	66.7	71.4	12.0
Mining, Quarrying ...	0.2	0.2	—	0.2	0.2	—	0.2	0.2	—
Manufacturing ...	7.4	6.1	21.8	10.9	11.3	8.1	6.9	5.3	24.6
Electric, Water, Gas ...	0.4	0.3	0.7	1.7	1.7	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.9
Construction ...	1.1	1.2	0.5	2.2	2.5	—	0.9	1.0	0.6
Trade, Restaurant, Hotels	11.5	12.1	5.1	22.8	25.0	24.5	9.7	10.1	15.2
Transport, Storage, Communication	4.2	4.6	0.2	12.9	14.3	1.0	2.8	3.1	—
Finance, Business Services	0.6	0.7	0.3	1.9	2.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.3
Community and Personal Services	12.0	9.7	36.9	32.0	26.7	76.7	8.8	7.1	28.2
Not Reported ...	3.8	1.7	24.4	6.4	6.2	8.2	3.4	1.3	27.9

4.28 Employed population by employment status and sex : national, urban, rural-1980 and 1983-84

(Percent)

Employment Status	National			Urban			Rural		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Self Employed :									
1983-84 LFS	40.0	42.2	16.5	37.5	40.3	13.1	40.4	42.5	17.3
1980 Manpower	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	29.5	31.8	3.5	34.5	35.6	15.3
Employee :									
1983-84 LFS	17.5	14.2	53.7	45.2	41.7	75.1	13.1	9.9	49.1
1980 Manpower	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	51.4	48.6	82.0	12.9	12.2	24.2
Day Labour :									
1983-84 LFS	27.0	27.8	14.5	10.5	11.0	6.5	29.6	30.5	19.8
1980 Manpower	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	12.0	12.3	9.9	31.3	31.3	30.5
Unpaid Family Helper :									
1983-84 LFS	15.2	15.4	12.2	6.2	6.4	5.0	16.6	16.9	13.8
1980 Manpower	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	7.1	7.3	4.5	21.3	20.8	30.0
Not reported :									
1983-84 LFS	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	—
1980 Manpower	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

n.a. : Not available

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(4) 國際收支

9-1

Balance of payments of Bangladesh.

(Crore taka)

Item	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83
Current Account:						
Imports (f.o.b.)	1950.1	2307.8	3257.2	3925.5	4834.9	5112.2
Exports (f.o.b.)	753.7	892.3	1150.8	1334.4	1454.5	1860.6
Freight and Insurance—						
(a) On import	220.7	279.1	434.1	443.1	556.0	552.8
(b) Earned	—	—	—	—	—	—
(c) Net	220.7	—279.1	—434.1	—443.1	—556.0	—552.8
Other goods and services-net	0.4	7.2	—16.7	61.3	54.5	—6.8
Balance	—1386.8	—1707.4	—2557.2	—2973.1	—3881.9	—3811.2
Investment income net	—48.5	—33.5	22.0	—37.0	—194.8	—259.0
Transfer by Bangladesh nationals	171.4	217.7	325.0	619.6	772.5	1422.4
Grants, donations etc. cash or kind	616.6	988.0	1129.0	1099.9	1359.8	1859.9
Deficit/surplus current account	—647.0	—515.2	—1081.2	—1290.6	—1944.4	—787.9
Capital Account:						
Aid and loan net	595.5	681.6	803.7	931.8	1487.0	1085.2
a) Long-term net	588.0	714.3	828.5	916.2	1070.6	1415.2
b) Short-term net	7.5	—33.7	—24.8	15.6	416.4	—330.0
Other capital transactions	17.9	—43.9	—252.8	287.7	294.3	—457.4
Errors and omissions	33.9	52.0	52.1	77.1	163.1	160.1
Surplus on capital budget	647.3	515.2	+1081.2	+1290.6	+1944.4	+787.9

Notes: Trade data may differ from those compiled by B.B.S. and are shown in table 9.2 below.
Source: Bangladesh Bank.

9.2

Balance of trade of Bangladesh.

(Crore taka)

Year	Export	Import	Balance
1960-61	125.9	101.4	24.5
1961-62	103.1	87.3	42.8
1962-63	124.9	101.9	23.0
1963-64	122.4	144.9	—22.5
1964-65	126.8	170.2	—43.4
1965-66	151.4	132.8	18.6
1966-67	157.5	156.7	0.8
1967-68	148.4	132.8	15.6
1968-69	154.3	194.5	—40.2
1969-70	167.0	181.3	—14.3
1970-71	125.1	157.5	—32.4
1973-74	298.3	732.0	—433.7
1974-75	313.6	1084.2	—770.6
1975-76	555.2	1470.3	—915.1
1976-77	667.0	1399.3	—732.3
1977-78	717.8	1821.6	—1103.8
1978-79	963.2	2207.3	—1244.1
1979-80	1099.7	3052.5	—1952.8
1980-81	1148.4	3728.8	—2580.4
1981-82	1238.7	3872.9	—2634.2
1982-83	1801.6	3747.3	—1945.7

Notes: Data for 1971-72 and 1972-73 are not available. 1 crore=10 million
Source: B.B.S.

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Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(5) 通貨準備高

(6) 対外債務返済

10.20 Money supply and foreign exchange reserve.

(Crore taka)

Date	Money Supply			Foreign Exchange Reserve
	Currency out side Bank	Demand Deposits *	Total Money Supply	
1973 : June	286	290	577	125
1974 : June	331	380	711	91
1975 : June	293	411	704	350
1976 : June	338	428	767	328
1977 : June	373	574	952	454
1978 : June	521	638	1160	404
1979 : June	605	834	1489	593
1980 : June	720	978	1698	405
1981 : June	935	1215	2150	452
1982 : June	903	1264	2170	251
1983 : June	1158	1506	2664	856

* Excluding inter-Bank items.

Source : Bangladesh Bank.

Source : Statistical Pocket Book of Bangladesh, 1983

10.30 "Debt-Service" payments on foreign loans.
(Million U.S. dollars)

Mode of payment	Interest	Principal*	Total
1978-79—			
(a) Foreign exchange	37.5	29.7	67.2
(b) Local currency	1.9	19.9	21.8
Total	39.4	49.6	89.0
1979-80—			
(a) Foreign exchange	40.6	46.0	86.6
(b) Local currency	1.5	19.9	21.4
Total	42.1	65.9	108.0
1980-81—			
(a) Foreign exchange	39.9	34.1	74.0
(b) Local currency	1.1	10.0	11.1
Total	41.0	44.1	85.1
1981-82—			
(a) Foreign exchange	44.4	34.1	78.5
(b) Local currency	2.1	10.9	13.0
Total	46.5	45.0	91.5
1982-83—			
(a) Foreign exchange	49.2	76.1	125.3
(b) Local currency	1.6	9.2	10.8
Total	50.8	85.3	136.1

* Including downpayment.

a) Payment in foreign exchange means free foreign exchange remitted to the donors.

b) Payment in local currency means the donors utilized the amounts of interest and principal deposited in the commercial banks of Bangladesh through the purchase of exportable goods from Bangladesh.

Source : External Resources Division, Ministry of Finance.

APPENDIX—A
SUMMARY OF BANGLADESH-JAPAN ANNUAL TRADE STATISTICS
1979—1983

(I) Bangladesh's Export to Japan:

	Yen	Dollar	Taka
1979	10428169000	44111,150	110,27,78,750
1980	6347283000	26849,000	67,12,25,000
1981	7650142000	32360,100	80,90,02,500
1982	14405934000	60937,100	152,34,27,500
1983 (till Nov.) ...	13530780000	57235,190	143,08,79,750

(II) Bangladesh's import from Japan :

	Yen	Dollar	Taka
1979	50481925000	21353,540	53,38,38,500
1980	73289499000	310014,580	7,75,03,64,500
1981	62321544000	263620,130	659,05,03,250
1982	52332392000	221366,010	553,41,50,250
1983 (till Nov.) ...	37905932000	160342,090	400,85,52,250

Source: Annual Report 1983-84, Ministry of Commerce

(8) 財政収支

10.1 Consolidated receipts and expenditures of the Government of Bangladesh.

(Million taka)

Heads	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83 (R.E.)	1983-84 (P)
1. Revenue Receipts: ...	15813	15333	17551	25725	27107	32446
(a) Tax ...	12682	13251	13935	20405	21313	27490
(b) Non-Tax ...	3131	2082	3616	5320	5794	5956
2. Development Receipts ...	12043	15228	20800	22898	29910	34289
(a) Project ...	5236	7621	8072	10143	13480	16826
(b) Food and Commodities ...	7739	11114	10085	11717	15440	17320
(c) Internal Resources ...	(-) 932	(-) 3507	2643	1038	990	143
Total Receipts:	27856	30561	38351	48623	57017	67735
1. Revenue Expenditure: ...	11005	11810	13959	17299	21126	23519
(a) Wages and Salaries ...	3773	3998	5018	5186	7118	9345
(b) Commodities and Services ...	2692	2853	3110	3849	5201	5233
(c) Transfer ...	3936	4319	4861	6969	7360	7488
(d) Others ...	604	640	970	1275	1447	1453
2. Development Expenditure:	15546	21726	24683	25529	29617	35848
(a) Agriculture, Flood Control, water resources and Rural Institutions.	6194	8267	9811	11101	12982	10511
(b) Industry ...	2409	2626	3071	2225	3388	3326
(c) Transport and Communication ...	2652	4670	5111	4420	4773	3552
(d) Other Services ...	4291	6163	6690	7783	8474	18459
Total Expenditure:	26551	33536	38642	42828	50743	59367
Real Public Expenditure (deflated) ...	10173	11368	11853	11669	13180	14451
Population of Mid Financial Year ...	85.6	87.7	89.9	91.5	93.6	95.7
Per capita Expenditure :						
(a) Constant Prices (deflated) ...	119	130	132	127	141	152
(b) Current Prices ...	310	382	430	468	542	620
Total Public Expenditure as % of GDP at current market price. ...	15.36	16.94	16.57	16.15	17.67	18.78

Source : Compiled by B.B.S.

Note : Real public expenditure has been obtained by deflating total expenditure in current prices by the implicit national income deflator ; (with base 1972-73=100)

Per capita expenditure in current Prices has been obtained from the real Public Expenditures.

The percent figures of development receipts shown in the table indicate revised budget estimates. As the actual data are not available the receipts and expenditures on development budget may differ.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

(9) 外国援助のコミット額と支出額の推移

12.35 Summary of commitment and disbursement of foreign economic assistance to Bangladesh. (Million U.S. Dollar)

Items	Commitment										Disbursement									
	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83				
Commitment by type of assistance																				
Food Aid	99	91	107	260	255	171	184	248	112	77	117	162	310	163	231	221				
Grants	142	52	32	40	15	32	34	...	202	45	61	17	56	32	...	34				
Loan	241	143	139	300	270	203	218	248	314	122	178	179	375	195	251	255				
Total	108	158	146	373	113	186	249	278	92	124	154	206	244	183	214	244				
Non-Project Aid	253	147	280	250	177	171	242	206	278	129	220	276	206	210	207	208				
Grants	561	305	426	623	290	357	491	484	370	253	374	482	450	393	421	452				
Loan	179	177	206	359	168	246	387	438	32	55	125	139	188	257	205	244				
Grants	384	128	415	538	465	856	847	568	93	104	151	229	282	303	379	394				
Loan	363	305	621	897	633	1102	1234	1006	125	159	276	368	470	560	584	638				
Total	241	143	139	300	270	203	218	248	314	122	178	179	375	195	231	255				
Food Aid	361	305	436	623	200	337	491	484	370	253	374	482	450	393	421	452				
Non-Project Aid	383	305	621	897	633	1102	1233	1006	125	159	276	368	470	560	584	638				
Project Aid	965	753	1186	1820	1193	1642	1942	1736	809	534	828	1029	1295	1148	1236	1345				
Grand Total	Commitment by type of repayment																			
Grants	99	91	107	260	255	171	184	248	112	77	117	162	310	163	231	221				
Food Aid	108	158	146	373	113	186	249	278	92	124	154	206	244	183	214	244				
Non-Project Aid	179	177	206	359	168	246	387	438	32	55	125	139	188	257	205	244				
Project Aid	386	426	439	992	536	603	820	964	236	256	396	507	751	603	650	709				
Total Grants	Disbursement by type of repayment																			
Loans	142	52	32	40	15	32	34	...	202	45	61	17	56	32	...	34				
Food Aid	253	147	280	250	177	171	242	206	278	129	220	276	206	210	207	208				
Non-Project Aid	184	128	415	538	465	856	847	568	93	104	151	229	282	303	379	394				
Project Aid	579	327	727	828	637	1059	1123	774	573	278	432	522	544	545	586	636				
Total Loan	965	753	1186	1820	1193	1662	1943	1738	809	534	828	1029	1295	1148	1236	1345				
Total Grants & Loans	Disbursement by type of assistance																			

Source: External Resources Division, Ministry of Finance.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Bangladesh, 1983-84

6-3. 開発指標

(1) 現行の国家開発計画

バングラデシュ人民共和国は、第1次5ケ年計画（1973-78年）、2ケ年計画（1978-80年）を経て、第2次5ケ年計画が1980年7月より、1985年6月まで、実施されている。政策目標としては、

- 1) 適切な経済成長により、生活水準を改善し、生活必需品を確保する。
- 2) 食糧自給を短期間に達成する。
- 3) 有給雇用を拡大し、生活改善の足掛りをつくる。
- 4) 文盲追放と初等教育の普及達成により、人材開発の足掛りとする。
- 5) 人口増加率を抑制する。
- 6) 地方自治体への行政権の委譲とローカル施設の充足により、開発活動への住民参加を促進する。
- 7) 国内資産の運用努力と国際収支の改善により、外国援助依存度の低下を図る。

を掲げ、主要運用課題として、下記を掲げている。

- 1) 農村地域の開発
- 2) 農業生産物の向上
- 3) 生産・雇用計画のための農村地域産業基盤整備
- 4) 人口抑制
- 5) 将来に繋がる初等教育の普及
- 6) 雇用拡大のため、産業歪の解消
- 7) 技能・技術者の育成
- 8) 国内資産の運用
- 9) 価格の安定

(2) 20世紀計画

第2次5ケ年計画は、また1980年に立案された長期計画（1980-2000年）の一部として組込まれているが、本年（1985年）7月から始まる第3次5ケ年計画もこの長期計画の一部として、組込まれており、第2次5ケ年計画の延長上に位置づけられている。

長期計画の政策目標は、

- 1) 貧困の減少
- 2) 経済成長率の増加
- 3) 人口抑制

4) 文盲追放

5) エネルギー開発

であり、この大枠に沿って、第3次5ヶ年計画も立案されている。

(3) 第3次5ヶ年計画

第3次5ヶ年計画の政策目標は、下記の8項目である。

1) GNP成長率を1989-90年で6.8%とする。

2) 食糧自給達成目標を28.78 million tonとする。

3) 一人当たりGNPを3,874 TKとする。

4) 偏らない地域成長を促す。

5) 避妊普及率を1984-85年の23%から1989-90年では42%まで高め、人口増加率を1984-85年の2.4%から1989-90年では、2.2%に低減する。

6) 初等教育の普及と識字・保育サービスの促進を図る。

7) 国内資金調達を増加し、外国援助を1984-85年の41.2%から1989-90年では、35%に低減する。

8) 国内資源の開発を促進する。

Draft Guidelines of the Third Five Year Plan (TFYP) 1985-90

1. The Third Five Year Plan (TFYP) starts from July, 1985 in a new socio-political set-up. The process of decentralisation of administration and development activities right up to the upazila level is the focal point of the Third Plan. The goals and objectives of the Third Plan are as follows :

i) To attain a noticeable improvement in the standard of living of the common people through the expansion of opportunities for productive employment and increased supplies of basic need goods. About 5.55 million new jobs will be created during the plan period to reduce the estimated level of unemployment from 29.8% in 1984-85 to a level of 22.5% in 1989-90. Similarly, the growth rate of GDP has been fixed at 6.8% in 1989-90 against 5.4% in 1984-85.

ii) To attain self-sufficiency in foodgrain production through broadening and deepening of the technological base of agriculture. The target of foodgrain production in 1989-90 is fixed at 28.78 million ton against revised target of 17.58 million tons in 1984-85.

iii) To accelerate the growth of the economy through efficient use of resources, manpower and technology. The per capita GDP at 1979-80 price has been fixed at Tk. 3,874 against the revised estimate of Tk. 2469 in 1984-85. Similarly, the total development outlay during the TFYP is fixed at Tk. 28,481 crores against the final estimate of Tk. 17,288 crores (at constant price) during 1980-85.

Source: Statistical Pocket Book of Bangladesh 1983

iv) To promote balanced regional growth through optimum exploitation of local development potential with necessary resource and technological support.

v) To further reduce the rate of population growth from the revised estimate of 2.4% in 1984-85 to 2.2% in 1989-90. The contraception prevalence rate is expected to reach 42% in 1989-90 compared to a revised estimate of 23% in 1984-85.

vi) To ensure universal primary education and promote mass-literacy and basic health care services for all through community participation. Total enrolment will be increased from 13 million in 1984-85 to 16.40 million in 1989-90.

vii) To promote self reliance through development of export along with import competing industries. Foreign aid as a percentage of plan outlay will decline from 41.2% in 1984-85 to 35% in 1989-90. Similarly, domestic resource mobilisation through domestic savings will be increased from 7.4% in 1984-85 to 10.3% in 1989-90. Public sector savings will be augmented in the form of budget surplus through increased collection of taxes as such the tax GDP ratio will increase from 9.5% in 1984-85 to 11.2% in 1989-90.

viii) To develop indigenous sources of energy the SFYP envisages to raise the share of national gas in commercial energy consumption from 37.4% in 1979-80 to 62.4% in 1984-85. The Third Plan should try to further raise this share through speedy development of indigenous sources of energy.

APPENDIX 'A'

Some Macro Indicators of Successive Plans including Third Plan

	Actual (1972-73)	First Five Year Plan (1973-78)		Two Year Plan (1978-80)		Second Plan (1980-85) Revised Target,	Third Plan (1985-90) Proposed Target
		Target	Actual	Target	Actual		
1. GDP Growth Rates (% per annum).	..	5.5	4.0	5.6	3.5	5.4	6.8
2. Population Growth (% per annum).	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2
3. Per Capita GDP (Tk. in Terminal Year).							
(a) At 1972/73 prices	676	766	727	752	947	865	1078
(b) At 1979/80 prices	..	..	..	..	2087	2469	3074
4. Food Production (Million tons in Terminal Year).	11.14	15.14	13.10	14.40	13.35	17.5	20.7
5. New Employment (Million in Terminal Year).	..	4.10	3.00	1.80	n. a.	3.65	5.65
6. Primary Education (Million in Terminal Year).	6.00	8.59	8.53	9.00	7.00	13.00	16.40
7. Development Outlay (Tk. in million for the Plan).	..	44,550	50,470	38,610	9,040	172,000	284,810
8. Self-reliance : Foreign Aid (net) as % of Plan Outlay.	..	40.04	76.0	74.0	81.1	41.2	35.0
9. Domestic Savings as % of GDP (Terminal Year).	4.5	14.2	4.6	5.7	4.3	7.4	10.3
10. Tax-GDP Ratio : (Terminal Year).	4.8	10.0	7.9	9.2	8.0	9.5	11.2

Source: Thought on the Third Five Year Plan 1985-90

Long Term Goals for 2000 AD

12. The long term goals are defined over the planning horizon ending with this century. This was the horizon perceived for the long term perspective plan at the time of the preparation of the Second Plan (1980—85). Keeping the horizon fixed the intervening period will spread over three more medium term plans—each of five years duration. The goals are defined in a broad way in terms of the major problems facing the country, namely poverty, unemployment, population control, and illiteracy. These are identified as the fundamental problems of the country for two specific reasons. First, the dimension of individual problems is so massive that given the experience of the last two decades of development and of recent years, no quick solution can be found for them all at a time. A satisfying solution of one will invariably require foregoing goals in some other areas. Secondly, as mentioned already, it may not be feasible or even necessary to set individual goals independent of each other. There may be technical interdependence between two more objectives, direct as well as indirect. Such is the relationship between poverty and employment or between poverty and population growth. Increased productive employment will help reduce poverty; population control will help growth through less of consumption need and more of saving and so improve poverty situation focusing on the major issues. It needs to be stressed that besides these long term goals which can be realized only in phases, there will also be many intermediate goals to achieve over one or two plan periods e.g. food self-sufficiency, supply of basic needs, development of energy, universal primary education, primary health care services, etc. These will be the goals specific to medium-term plans. In other words goals of a medium-term plan should be defined in two sets: one set related to long term goals and the second set, freely floating over the planning horizon, depending on the bounds of initial and final conditions on one hand and the evolution of the economy along its long term growth path on the other. Keeping the need of this category in view the long term goals are discussed in short below:

- (i) **Reduction of Poverty :** Current per capita income in Bangladesh is around \$ 140, one of the lowest in the developing world. On the basis of income needed to support the required calorie intake 85 per cent of the population, i.e. 80 million people are considered to live below the poverty line. Given the average level of income any perceptible improvement in the standard of living of such a vast mass of people living below the poverty line cannot be brought about simply by any equitable distribution. Poverty as such cannot be eliminated without growth; but growth though a necessary condition for, does not necessarily lead to better distribution of income in the medium-term. On the contrary, as mentioned already, in the early stage distribution tends to suffer with growth. Against this there are two options: (a) one is to plan for accelerated growth, so that the threshold income is reached fast enough, and (b) alternatively, to ensure equitable growth. Several countries have followed the first path in the sixties. Under the second alternative equity is built in consciously in growth strategy. Since a high growth rate may not be attainable under a realistic assumption about available resources, the first alternative is not considered feasible in case of Bangladesh. The viable alternative is thus to adopt an equitable growth policy i.e., to temper growth with distributive justice. With such an approach it may not be very difficult to eliminate poverty as a pervasive phenomenon. Actual consumption level currently falls short of the minimum level of calorie by 15 per cent only. However, it is not this average dietary deficiency or malnutrition itself but the size of the problem, the number of people (80 million) to be covered, and its distribution over the household income groups that makes the solution difficult to achieve in short terms as well as in respect of commitment of resources. Within the latter limitation, efforts should be made to reduce poverty overtime. In doing so the strategy should be that each plan will focus on relatively poor households so as to move them upward in the income scale. Such a target group approach will need to ensure access to both basic needs and employment.

- (i) **Economic Growth :** Though growth cannot ensure equity, it is necessary to eliminate poverty. The planned growth has also to meet the need of a growing population. Thus the required growth rate will depend on both the programme for reduction of poverty and the growth of population. The three choices, poverty reduction, economic growth and population control are interrelated. If a net replacement rate of one is achieved at least by 2000 A.D. and supply of basic needs is to be ensured for all, per capita income must grow by at least 4.9 per cent a year over the long term planning horizon. Per capita income will rise from \$ 140 now to \$ 357 in 2000 A.D. GNP will grow at the rate of 7 per cent per annum over the Perspective Plan period.
- (iii) **Population Control :** The current population growth rate is around 2.6 per cent. To achieve a net replacement rate=1 by 2000 A.D., the acceptance rate of family planning devices by couples in reproductive age groups must reach 72 per cent at the end of this century. Besides its resource need, such a goal will have to overcome both institutional and behavioural constraints. Some improvements in demographic indicators are already visible, showing some decline in the natural growth rate of population. Steady progress can be expected to continue for some time but it is bound to pick up with the growth of the economy, spread of education and development of the service facilities. There will be need for greater focus on the rural areas as urban-rural fertility rate appears to have widened in recent years. It is stipulated that NRR=1 should be achieved in 2000 A.D. with a decline in mortality and crude birth rate by 50% each. It is theoretically possible to reach a level of population growth rate of 0.75 per cent by 2000 A.D. But population for 2000 A.D. is projected at 128.30 million, growth rate declining from 2.4 per cent in the Second Plan to 1.3 per cent in the Fifth Plan (1995--2000).
- (iv) **Elimination of Illiteracy :** Only 26 per cent of the population is enumerated as literate and three-fourths of the population are illiterate. A subsistence economy tends to enforce subsistence knowledge and through it the tradition. In this vicious circle economic development cannot proceed at a desirable pace. The experience of those countries in the third world which have had enjoyed development success have also had high rate of literacy. Though the reverse may not be true there is no doubt that education is not only a means to knowledge but also moulds people's attitude towards life and work. So while striving for attaining universal primary education before the end of the Third Plan, a substantial reduction in adult illiteracy must be achieved by the end of 2000 A.D. Along with this forward march in literacy, emphasis will be given to skills training followed by secondary education. Provision of trained teachers for primary and secondary levels should be sufficient to cover the system that will be there in the year 2000 A.D. Expansion in higher education will be essentially in sciences and technology and for general education quality improvement will be the target.
- (v) **Energy Development :** Energy consumption is at a very low level in this country and energy consumption decides the capacity to work and hence the level of output. Increase in energy consumption has, therefore, to be a deliberate target for the economy. Presently commercial energy is only one fourth of total energy consumption. Energy sources now are sunshine, winds, forest products, animal waste, petroleum, gas, coal and hydel power. We shall emphasis commercial consumption of sunshine and wind, regeneration and use of forest products and exploration and exploitation of gas resources and coal deposits. Dependence on imported fuels will be greatly reduced and search for hydro-carbon resources will continue. Electric power will be provided to the country-side and nuclear power generation will begin towards the end of the century.

Intermediate Goals for Medium Term Plans

13. Intermediate goals for each of the intervening medium term plans will consist of two sets: (a) components of long-term goals for their phased achievement and (b) goals specific to each intermediate plans. Important specific intermediate goals are:

- (i) **Food Self-sufficiency** : Food sufficiency has been a major goal for planned development of Bangladesh since early sixties. It appears that the goal is now within reach. Given normal weather, the existing gap is about 1 million ton and in the background of very recent experiences with the production programme, this gap can be overcome in about 2 years time. In addition to filling this gap cereal food output must also grow to meet the demand of a growing population and rising income. In addition, a comfortable level of stock must be built up to meet any food emergency that may arise from natural calamities. In view of what has been said about poverty, one important thrust of the food self-sufficiency programme should be on distribution so as to ensure food security at household level.
- (ii) **Primary Education** : 100 per cent coverage of children between 5 to 10 years should be one of the primary objectives of the Third Plan. To reach this target, active involvement of local government will be necessary; in fact, primary education should be made one of their primary responsibilities. There shall be emphasis on both increased enrolment and reduction of drop-out. With achievement of universal primary education emphasis on the education programme should shift increasingly on to quality of education, adult literacy and skill training.
- (iii) **Energy Self-sufficiency** : Substitution of imported energy by development of local energy resources is one of the main objectives of the Second Plan. In 1979/80 Bangladesh directly imported energy equivalent to 4.5 million tons of coals; in addition, indirectly through commodity import Bangladesh imported another 2.0 million tons of coal equivalent. Bangladesh net energy balance with the rest of the world was 6 million tons of coal equivalent, though world energy price is high and Bangladesh has relatively abundant gas reserve to use. The Second Plan therefore, envisages to raise the share of natural gas in commercial energy consumption from 37.4 per cent in 1979/80 to 62.4 per cent in 1984/85. The planned objective should be to reach an energy balance in the external sector through export of gas-based manufactures and reduction of oil import.
- (iv) **Primary Health Services** : Bangladesh has achieved significant progress in primary health care and has been successful to eliminate some scourges; yet a long way is to be traversed. Life expectancy is around 48 years and infant mortality is estimated to be 135 per thousand. Such health hazards have significant bearing on population for population control. For this reason mother and child health care should continue to receive high priority in primary health care. Secondly, safe drinking water supply in rural areas should be the major goal for the Third Plan. Other programmes should include education in health and village sanitation.

Scenario for Perspective and Medium Term Plans

14. Given the terminal goals for 2000 A.D., their intermediate growth paths will depend on 3 things basically, namely, (i) availability of resource, (ii) institutional capability, and (iii) the technical interdependence between the diverse goals. An optimal decision under such constraints with multiple goals over long period will require dynamic programming, in absence of which only an indication of the broad magnitude of changes can be given. This is shown below :

TABLE 2
Scenario of Long Term Plan
(1980-2000 AD)

	1979-80	1984-85.	1989-90	1994-95	1999-2000
1. Population (million) :	87.2	98.1	110.2	120.3	128.3
Growth rate (%) :	2.6	2.4	2.2	1.8	1.3
2. GNP (Tk. in million) (at 1979/80 prices) :	186,130	251,260	352,404	503,558	711,910
GNP Growth rate (%) :	..	6.1	7.0	7.4	7.2
Per Capita Income (Tk.) :	2134 (\$ 138)	2563 (\$ 165)	3199 (\$ 206)	4184 (\$ 270)	5547 (\$ 358)
3. Projected Planned Investment (Tk. in million) :	..	172,000 (SFYP)	284,810 (TFYP)	421,390 (FFYP)	588,665 (FFYP)
Investment Rate(%) :	15.9	16.3	19.3	20.9	21.5
4. Domestic Saving Rate (%) :	4.3	7.4	10.3	11.8	12.3
Foreign Saving (%) (including transfers) :	11.5	8.9	9.0	9.1	9.2
5. Unemployment(%) :	30.3	29.8	22.5	16.6	9.5
6. Literacy Rate (%) :	26.0	40.0	52.0	65.0	75.0
7. Food Production (Million tons) :	13.35	17.5	20.7	23.8	26.6
8. Structure of GDP :	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Share of Agriculture :	51.6	50.3	45.3	41.2	36.9
Share of Industries :	8.2	9.6	11.4	14.7	21.2
Share of other Sectors :	40.2	40.1	43.3	44.1	41.9

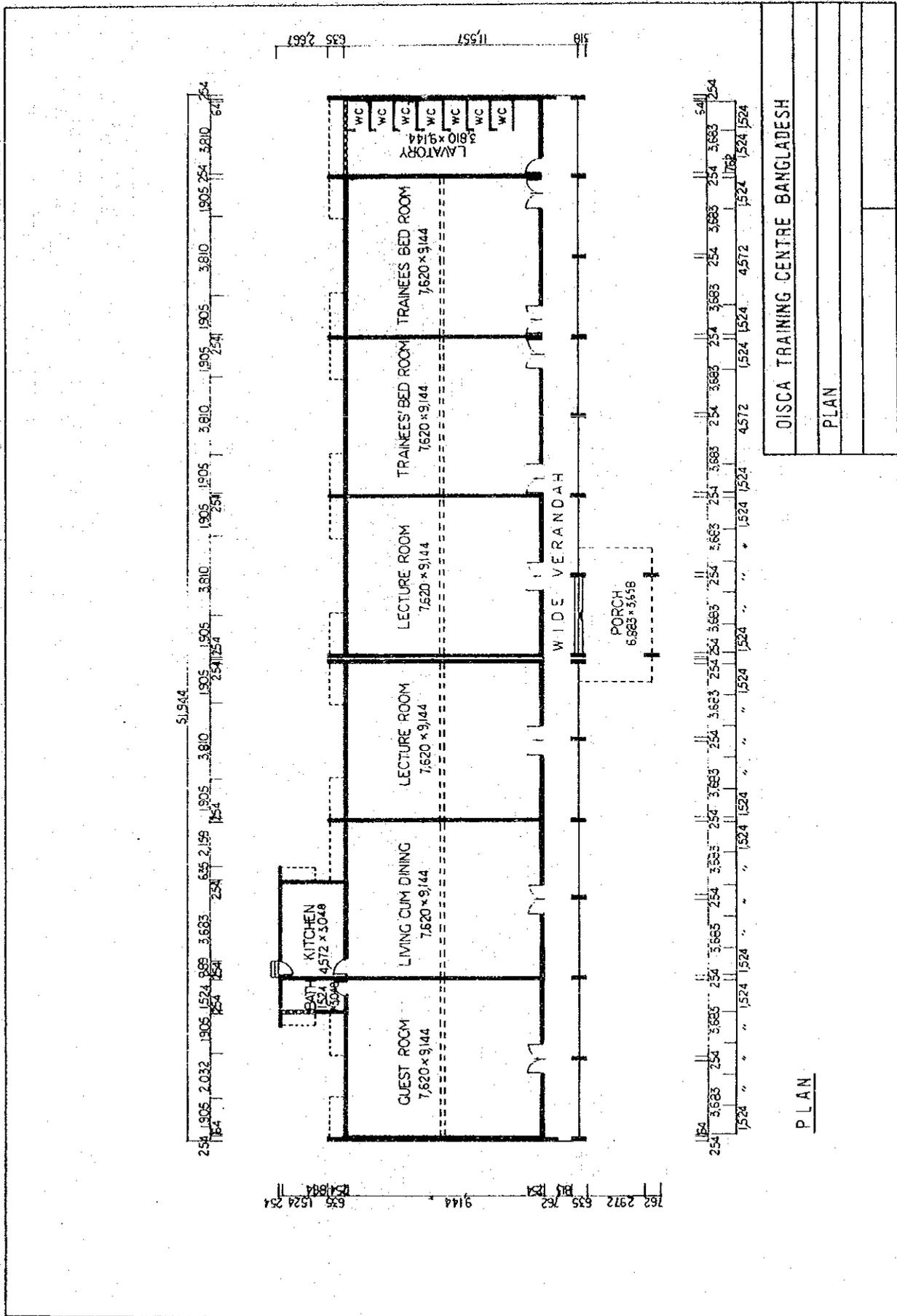
7. ダッカ研修センターの概要

(1) 要 員	所長(日本人)	1名
	インストラクター(日本人)	3名
	インストラクター(バングラデシュ人)	5名
	ワーカー(バングラデシュ人)	2名
	計	11名

(2) 主要所有施設

本館	552.0m ²	インストラクター室、講義室兼食堂、 応接室兼会議室
臨時女性研修棟 畜舎棟	289.0m ²	女性研修室兼宿泊室、男性宿泊室、倉庫 納屋、畜舎、鶏舎
主要資機材		車輛×2台、バイク×1台、トラクター、 脱穀機、その他

(3) 研修員数	男性	15名
	女性	4名(テスト・ケース)



DISCA TRAINING CENTRE BANGLADESH
 PLAN

PLAN



SOUTH ELEVATION (FRONT)



NORTH ELEVATION (REAR)



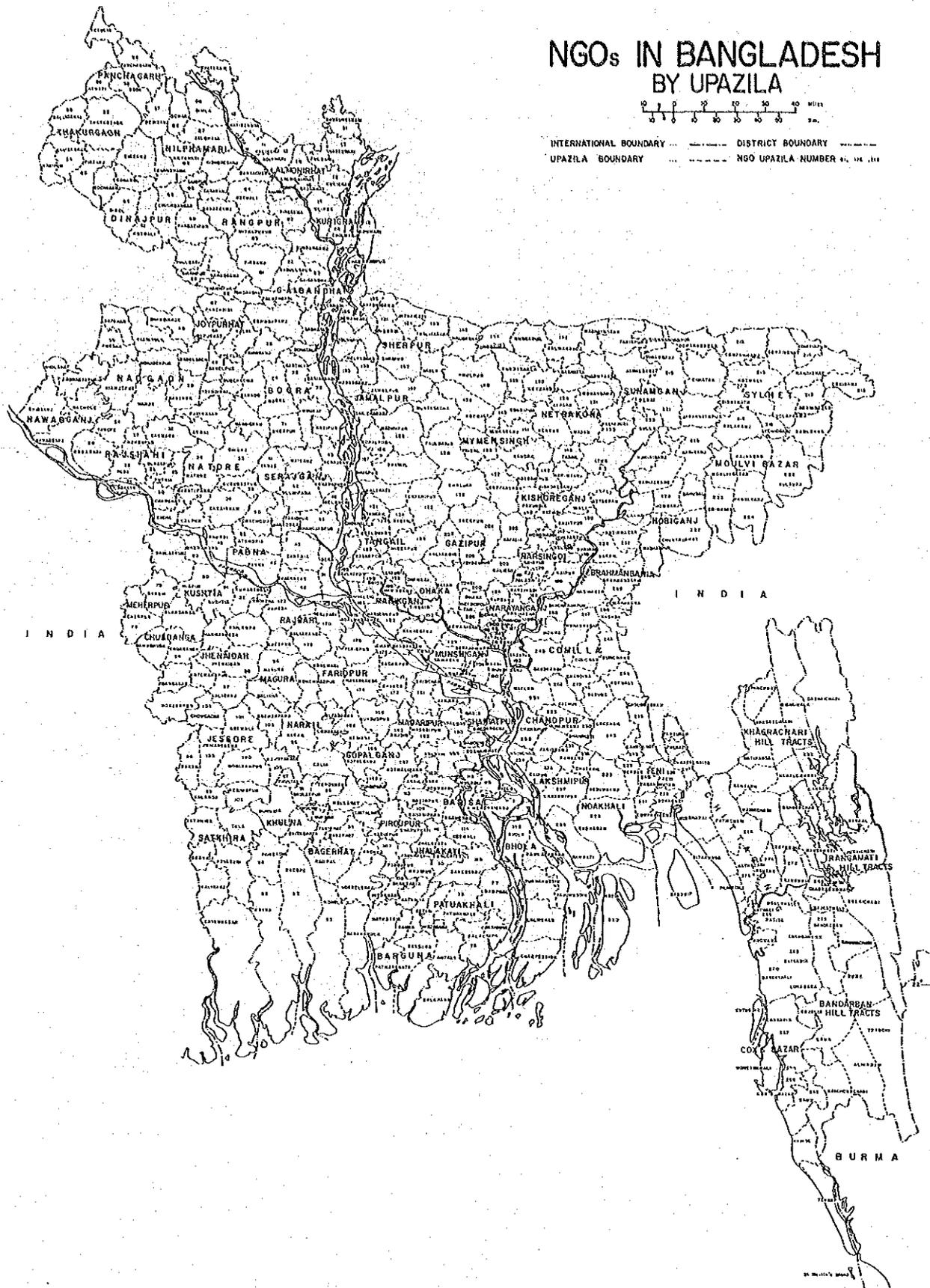
WEST ELEVATION

EAST ELEVATION

DISCA TRAINING CENTRE BANGLADESH

ELEVATION (NORTH SOUTH EAST & WEST)

8. NGOの活動状況図



Prepared By:
 ADAB
 ASSOCIATION OF DEVELOPMENT AGENCIES IN BANGLADESH
 HOUSE NO. 46 A, ROAD NO. 6 A
 DHANMONDI, DHAKA

GRAPHOSMAN

NGO LEGEND

- ADAB:** Association of Development Agencies in Bangladesh.
- AB:** Anurban Baptist.
- ABC:** Assistance for Blind Children.
- ABPL:** Asia Bot. Park, Public Library.
- AMSD:** Agrarian Memorial Society of Bangladesh.
- APUSKS:** Amritab Pali Unnayan Samaj Kalyan Sangha.
- ANHC:** Anurban Nipon Club.
- ANIS:** Anurban Muslim Islam.
- ASA:** Association for Social Advancement.
- AF:** Asia Foundation.
- AFLI:** Asia-America Free Labour Institute.
- ABU:** Association of Baniyas-USA.
- AVA:** Pali Progoti Sangha.
- AY:** Al-Amin Yarmkhana.
- BACE:** Bangladesh Association of Community Education.
- BANM:** Baniyas to AK Non-Interventional.
- BASW:** Bangladesh Academy for Social Welfare.
- BAAGI:** Bangladesh Association for the Aged & Institute of Geriatric Medicine.
- BANIN:** Bangladesh Association for Mental Hygiene.
- BANMIAN**
- BANMIAN:** Bangladesh Association for Maternal & Neonatal Health.
- BASWAP:** Bangladesh-Swiss Agricultural Project.
- BAVS:** Bangladesh Association for Voluntary Settlement.
- BCD:** Bangladesh Council for Child Welfare.
- BCCV:** Bangladesh Development Service Centre.
- BRMPS:** Bangladesh Kendra Mohila Proshastan Sangha.
- BIA:** Bangladesh Institute of Agriculture.
- BLM-D:** Bangladesh Lutheran Mission, Denmark.
- BLM-N:** Bangladesh Lutheran Mission, Norwegian.
- BMA:** Bangladesh Medical Association.
- BM-USA:** Bangladesh Mission-USA.
- BMS:** Bangladesh Mohila Samity.
- BMSB:** Bangladesh National Society for the Blind.
- BNWVW:** Bangladesh National Blind Women's Welfare Organisation.
- BRCS:** Bangladesh Red Cross Society.
- BESH:** Bangladesh Society for the Enhancement of Human Rights.
- BWHC:** Bangladesh Women's Health Coalition.
- BWVWF:** Bangladesh Women's Rehabilitation and Welfare Foundation.
- BS:** Bachin Shikha.
- BDS:** Banisi Development Society.
- BRAC:** Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee.
- BVS:** Bangladesh Voluntary Service.
- BFVS:** Bands for Volunteer Service.
- CARITAS:** Bangladesh.
- CARE:** Cooperation for American Relief Everywhere.
- CWRC:** Christian Reformed World Relief Committee.
- CUSO:** Canadian Universities Service Overseas.
- CNCP:** Christian Health Care Project.
- CHRA:** Community Health Research Association.
- CIDA:** Canadian International Development Agency.
- CRESENT**
- CWFPF:** Concerned Women's Family Planning Project.
- CUNS:** Chappi Udyaman Nabin Sangha.
- CAMS:** Comilla Amsambedra Mohila Sangha-Moahha Mam.
- CAES:** Centre for Mass Education in Science.
- CWVWFW:** Developing Woman Working for Family Planning & Welfare.
- CONCERN**
- CDL:** Community Development Library.
- CP:** Comilla Prishtita.
- CCOB:** Christian Commission for Development in Bangladesh.
- CORR:** The Youth Worker.
- OAB:** Orphan Association of Bangladesh.
- DIPSHILA**
- OBLM:** Danish Bangladesh Leprosy Mission.
- FPA:** Family Planning Association.
- FC:** Families for the Children.
- FAMV:** Fellowship for the Advancement of the Visually Handicapped.
- FPSTC:** Family Planning Services and Training Centre.
- FTWNL:** For Those Who Have Less.
- FIVOB:** Friends in Village Development.
- GUP:** Gono Unnayan Prochinta.
- GEP:** Gonoshiksha/Mass Education Programme.
- GUA:** Gono Unnayan Academy.
- GRUP:** Grameen Unnayan Prochinta.
- HEED:** Health, Education and Economic Development.
- ICUN:** International Union for Child Welfare.
- IP:** INTER PARES.
- IVS:** International Voluntary Service.
- JIS:** Jato Tanu Sangha.
- JCP:** Jatio Church Parishad.
- JCI:** Jagorani Chitra.
- KARIKA.**
- MIDAS:** Micro Industrial Development Assistance Society.
- MANVF:** Manik Agricultural Workshop & Training School.
- MASS:** Managgon Jyotishangha Simultaran Samity.
- MDC:** Mohonotri Central Committee.
- MDDC:** Mohonotri Bidzha-O-Ansh Bihui Kalyan Kendra.
- MB:** Masjid Sami.
- MJS:** Masjid Jobo Sangha.
- MSS:** Manohri Shahara Sangha.
- MAUSA:** Madanpur Gopal Ash Association.
- NYVMA:** National Rural Youth Assembly of Bangladesh.
- NOVMA:** National Council of YMCA of Bangladesh.
- NCFB:** National Christian Fellowship of Bangladesh.
- NGDA:** National Games for Disabled Association.
- NATAB:** National Anti-Tuberculosis Association of Bangladesh.
- NLC:** New Life Centre.
- NK:** Nipon Koli.
- DISCA:** DISCA-IOB (Japan).
- OXFAM**
- PHDS:** Patharghata Health Development Society.
- PIACT:** Programme for Introduction of Apoptosis Contraceptive Technology.
- PKKR:** Paltanbari Samaj Kalyan Samity.
- PROVA:** Progressive Rural Organization for Voluntary Society.
- PEOW:** People's Education & Organization Non-formal.
- PHND:** Poor and Helpless Development Organisation.
- PC:** Pioneer's Club.
- PXK:** Pali Gonounnayan Kendra.
- PKF:** Pathfinder Fund.
- PXK:** Pali Unnayan Kendra.
- PUS:** Pali Unnayan Sangha.
- PF:** Prasthayan Fellowship in Bangladesh.
- FRKPS:** Progonobal Samaj Kalyan and Family Planning Society.
- PPS:** Pali Progoti Sangha (AVA).
- PROENKA:** Proshastan Shikha Kri.
- PPD:** Programme for Parents' Development.
- RR:** Radda Baran.
- RDNS:** Rangpur Dinajpur Rehabilitation Services.
- RDHCF:** Rural Development and Health Centre Foundation.
- RIC:** Resource Integration Centre.
- RCSB:** Royal Commonwealth Society for the Blind.
- ROA:** Rural Development Academy.
- SCF (UK):** Save the Children Fund (UK).
- SCF (USA):** Save the Children Fund (USA).
- SMRC:** Society for the Care and Education of Mentally Retarded children.
- SS:** Sati Sangha.
- SSK:** Samita Samaj Kalyan Samity.
- EMNS:** Samal Mission Nonagan Band, Health Project.
- SCJ:** Service Civil International-Bangladesh (Anurban-Bashanohri Shabo Sangha).
- SCJ:** Service Civil International-B.
- SEDP:** Social Economic Development Programme.
- SAP:** South Asia Fellowship.
- SAWS:** South-East Asian World Service.
- SOS:** Southern Oceanian Society.
- SIDA:** Swedish International Development Agency.
- SMJ:** Samajol Mohila Samity.
- SN:** Shripa Nari.
- SDD:** Social Development Centre.
- SA:** Salvation Army.
- SFP:** Samal Kalyan Parishad.
- SFS:** Swedish Free Mission.
- SOVW:** SOVW Development for Underprivileged Women.
- SOS:** SOS Children's Villages International in Bangladesh.
- SOVA:** Social Organization for Voluntary Activities.
- SD:** Swadharma in Denmark.
- SSS:** Sangeed Smity Sangha.
- SIB:** Social and Industrial Rehabilitation-Bangladesh Mission.
- SIP:** Sripadigan Nari Swasthya Parishad.
- SU:** Shaw-Unnayan.
- SYWC:** Swadha Youth's Welfare Council.
- TDH (S):** Fair-Deeds-Home (Netherlands).
- TARO:** Technical Assistance for Rural Development.
- TDH (N):** Fair-Deeds-Home (Netherlands).
- US:** Utara Sangha.
- USTO:** United States Organisation.
- UCSP:** Underprivileged Childrens Education Programme.
- USC (C):** Canadian Service Committee of Canada (USC-Canada).
- UPAY:** United Progress of Agricultural Yield.
- VERC:** Village Education Resource Centre.
- VOC:** Village Development Centre.
- VHS:** Voluntary Health Services Society.
- VON:** Voluntary Organisation for the Needy.
- WV:** World Vision of Bangladesh.
- WVA:** Women's Voluntary Association.
- WIF:** Worldwide International Foundation.
- WMLP:** World Missionary League League (Lamb Hospital).
- WW:** Women for Women.
- YWCA:** Young Women's Christian Association of Bangladesh.

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9-2. 輸入・税金関係

- 1983 ◦Bangladesh Customs, Excise and Sales Tax Tariff
Ministry of Finance and Planning
- 1979 ◦Import Trade Control
Ministry of Commerce
- 1984 ◦Office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports
Ministry of Commerce
- 1984 ◦(Customs) Notifications
Ministry of Finance
- 1984 ◦(Excise) Notifications
Ministry of Finance

9 - 3. 婦人關係

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 ADAB: A
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 ABPL: A1
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 BSEHR: B1
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 BWRWF: B1
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1983 °Simple Technologies for Rural Women in Bangladesh
 UNICEF, Bangladesh
 1984 °Women and Violence, Women's Issue 1
 Women for Women
 1984 °Year Book
 Assistance for Blind Children (ABC)
 1983 °Collected Articles
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 1983 °Who Gets What and Why
 Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC)
 1982 °Exploring the Other Half
 Women for Women
 1981 °Development Issues in an Agrarian Economy-Bangladesh
 Center for Administrative Studies
 1980 °Female Status in Bangladesh
 Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies
 1979 °Situation of Women in Bangladesh
 Women for Women
 1975 °Women for Women
 Women for Women
 1984 °Development of Women in Bangladesh (Report)
 Mrs. Salma Khan

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9 - 4. NGO關係

1984 °ADAB Annual Report 1984
 Association of Development Agencies in Bangladesh (ADAB)
 1984 °Ready Reference Directory
 ADAB
 1983 °Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee
 BRAC
 1983 °Pamphlet of BWRWF
 Bangladesh Women's Rehabilitation and Welfare Foundation
 (BWRWF)
 1981 °Shapla News
 Shapla Neer

9 - 5. 建築関係

9 - 5 - 1 行政

- D.I.T. Sheet
- Building Act
- Architects Rule
- P.W.D. Item Rate, Tender and Contract for Works
- Bangladesh Form No. 2911

9 - 5 - 2 契約書

- P.W.D. No. 2911
- Tender Documents for the Construction of What Research Center
Bangladesh Agricultural Research Institute
- Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Office
of the Executive Engineer
Dhaka P.W.D. Division No. II, Dhaka
- Schedule of Rates
P.W.D.
- Analysis of Rates
P.W.D.
- Schedule of Rates E/M
P.W.D.
- Form of Tender
Bangladesh Agricultural Development Corporation Dhaka
- Quantity Surveying Indian Standard Method of Measurement
SMM (I.S. 1200)
- Directory of Selected Industrial Products

9 - 5 - 3 地勢

- Bangladesh in Maps 1981
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9 - 6. その他

- The Bangladesh Times
- The Bangladesh Observer

JICA