SECTION 4

GROUND CONDITIONS OF KAMPONG

PANDAN AND SENTUL

SECTION 4

GROUND CONDITIONS

OF KAMPONG PANDAN AND SENTUL

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4. GROUND CONDITIONS OF KAMPONG PANDAN AND SENTUL

As explained in Section 1 (Introduction), two typical exmining lands were first selected for the present study; i.e.

Kampong Pandan and Sentul. Fig. 4-1 shows the locations of the sites. Detailed investigations were performed in these 2 sites in order to explore subsurface ground conditions of ex-mining land during both Phase I and Phase II.

The field works for Phase I were carried out during the period from December 1979, to February 1980, and those for Phase II were performed during the period from September 1980, to July 1981.

The ground investigations carried out at the Kampong Pandan and Sentul sites are classified into 2 categories, i.e. field subsurface ground investigations and laboratory soil/rock tests.

To study the sub-soil condition in detail, a pilot test area was established at the Sentul site. Very detailed and extensive subsurface investigations were performed at the pilot test area.

In addition to the various types of subsurface investigations, a test embankment was constructed at the pilot test area, and the behaviour of the ground under the load of the embankment was also monitored. Details and results of the test embankment are presented in Section 6.

SECTION 4

GROUND CONDITIONS

OF KAMPONG PANDAN AND SENTUL

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4. GROUND CONDITIONS OF KAMPONG PANDAN AND SENTUL

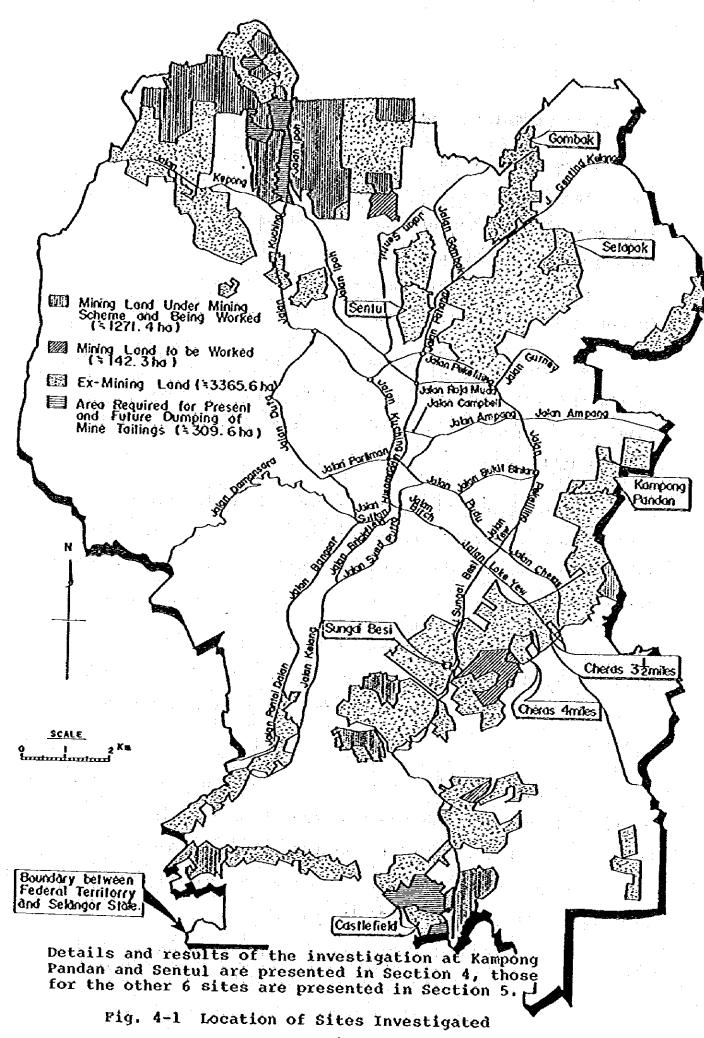
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In the present section, the first part describes the contents and results of the subsurface ground investigations performed at the Kampong Pandan site with a description of the subsurface ground condition following. The latter part describes those of the Sentul site.

4.1 Kampong Pandan

The Kampong Pandan site is situated 5 km away from the city centre, next to the edge of the Pederal Territory and adjacent to the Royal Serangor Golf Course. The acreage of the site is about 43 ha. There are many ponds at the site and an abundance of water grass is also present. Most of the dry areas are occupied by squatters.

4.1.1 <u>Details of Subsurface Ground Investigations Performed</u> at Kampong Pandan

As already mentioned, field investigations and laboratory soil tests were carried out at the Kampong Pandan site. Fig. 4-2 shows the site plan and locations of the filed investigations performed at the site.

Percussion borings were carried out at 5 locations and were accompanied by Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) at each lm in depth. Dutch cone penetrometer tests were also carried out at 9 locations. To investigate the sub-bottom soil conditions of ponds, Mackintosh probe tests and soil samplings were carried out. The samplings were performed using a peat

sampler and obtained disturbed soil samples. Details of these field works are summarized in Table 4-1.

Laboratory soil tests were performed on the soil samples obtained by standard penetration tests. Types of tests and quantities performed are summarized in Table 4-2. These tests were carried out at the soil mechanics laboratory of Kiso-Jiban Consultants, Singapore Branch.

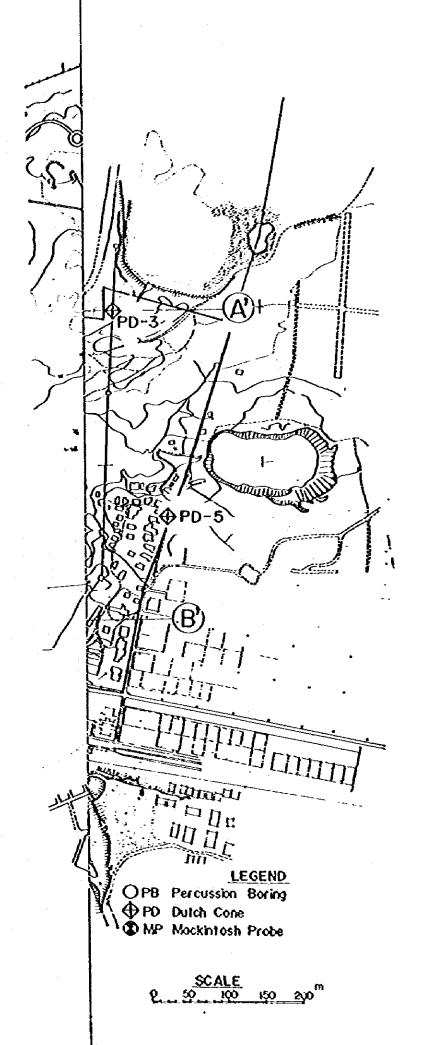




Fig. 4-2 Boring and Sounding Locations at Kampong Pandan Site

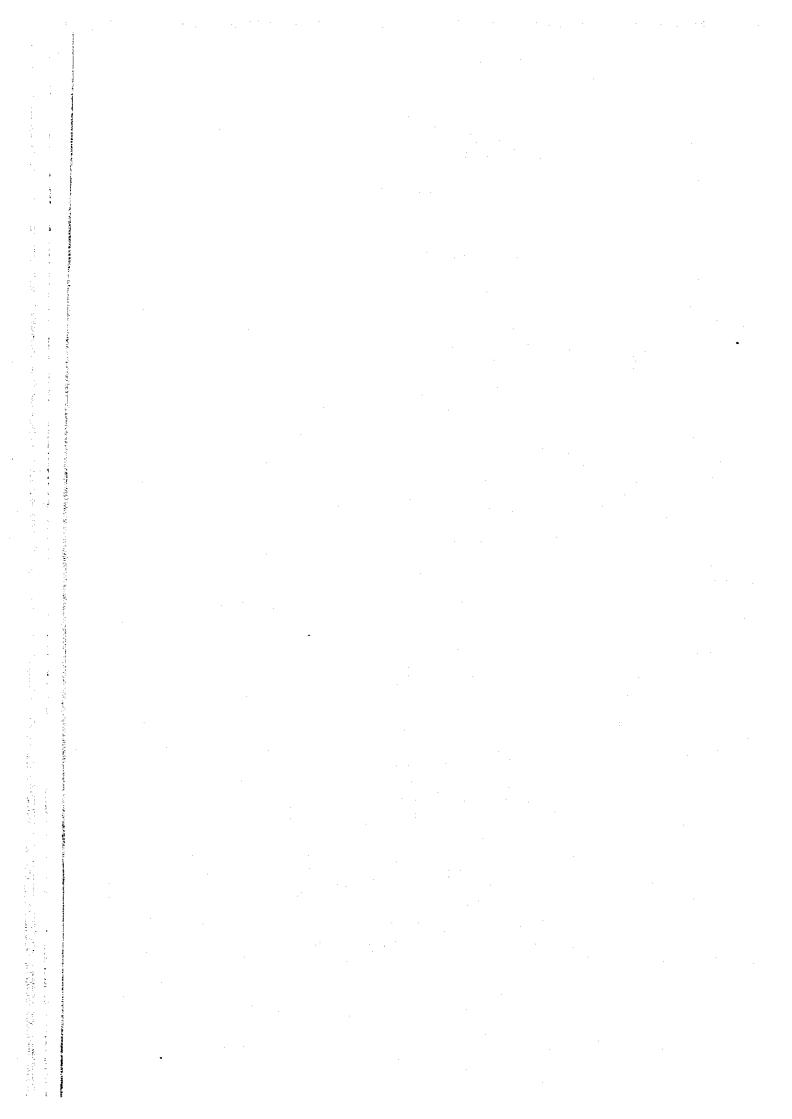


Table 4-1 Details of Field Ground Investigations Performed at Kampong Pandan

	(on La	n d			I n	Pond	1
Pe	rcussion	Boring	Penet	ch Cone trometer Test	Ma	ackintosh P Sounding	f	Disturbed Soil Sampling*
Boring No.	Boring Depth (m)	Standard Penetration Test (Nos.)	Test No.	Sounding Depth (m)	Pond No.	Location No.	Sounding Depth (m)	(Nos.)
PB-1	21.80	22	PD-1	22.6		MP-1	7.6	3
PB-2	7.25	7	PD-2	18.4		MP-2	9.1	3
PB-3	14.75	15	PD-3	20.8	P-1	MP-3	9.4	3
PB-4	11.55	11	PD-4	13.8		MP-4	10.0	3
PB-5	15.10	15	PD-5	6.0]	MP-5	10.6	2
]		PD-6	16.8		MP-6	7.5	5
			PD-7	16.6]	MP-7	9.7	5
			PD-8	6.0	P-2	MP-8	10.9	6
			PD-9	18.2]	MP-9 -	10.1	5
						MP-10	10.0	4
			l	·		MP-11	7.9	5
			1	•		MP-12	9.4	3
						MP-13	8.5	6
					P-3	MP-14	8.8	4
					Ì	MP-15A	11.5	5
						MP-15	8.5	6
						MP-16	7.9	4
	-					₩P-17	9.3	4
}			1			MP-18	8.1	3
		İ			P-4	KP-19	9.4	3
	Ì		İ		Ì	MP-20	7.5	2
						MP-21	9.4	3
						MP-22	4.8	4
					P-5	MP-23	6.6	3
					12-3	, MP-24	4.9	3
	1			1		KP-25	6.6	3
						NP-26	5.4	3
	_				1	MP-27	11.6	2
					P-6	MP-28	8.2	2
		}				YP-29	9.1	4
				1	- [:	MP-30	11.9	3
§ 5 4 § 100	/// A'	70 Nos.	9 i	139.2	m 6 pond	31 is locations	320.8 m	138 Nos

^{*} Disturbed soil samplings were performed at Mackintosh probe test locations using a peat sampler

^{**} loc.: locations

Table 4-2 Laboratory Soil Tests Performed on Samples from Kampong Pandan

Are	a .			On I	and	3	
Тур	e of Boring)	Pe	erci	ıssi	on	Total
Bor	ing No.		P8-1	PB-2	PB-3		
ţ.	Water Cor	itent (Nos.)	10	5	9	7	31
:v Tes:	Specific	Gravity (Nos.)	10	5	9	7	31
Property	Unit Weig	ht (Nos.)	1	-	-	-	-
	Atterberg	Limits (Set)	4	4	3	-	11
Physical	Grain	By Sieve Only (Nos.)	4	1	3	7	15
à.	Size Analysis	By Sieve and Sedimentation (Nos.)	6	4	6	-	16
Stud	ly Phase			I			

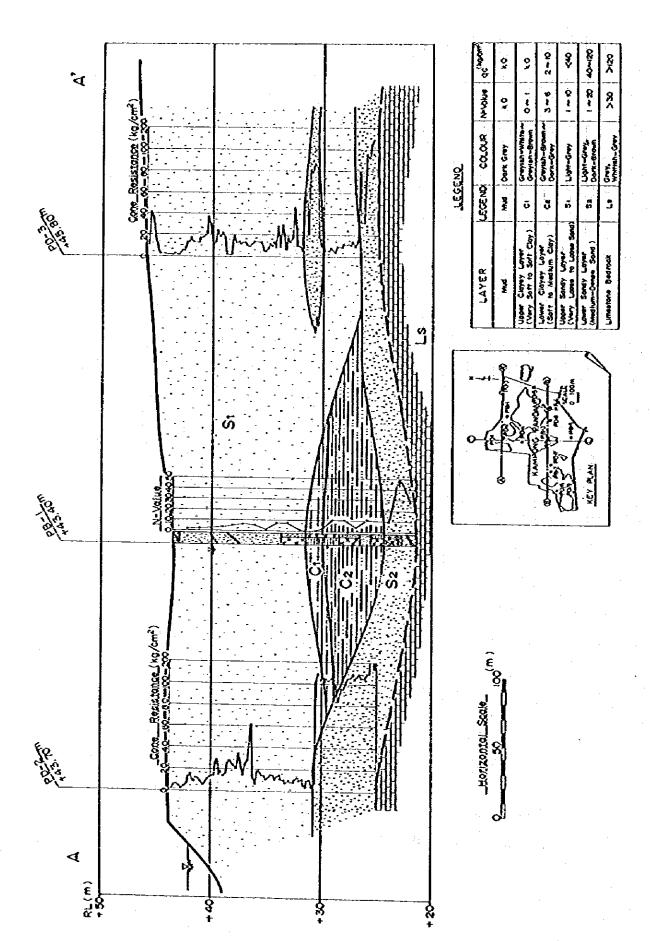
4.1.2 Subsurface Ground Conditions at Kampong Pandan

According to the mining record of the Kampong Pandan site, the proposed area may be classified into sandy and clayey areas. However, as the indicated clayey areas were filled with water, most of the percussion borings and Dutch cone penetrometer tests were performed at the indicated sandy areas. The locations of the borings and the cone penetrometer tests are shown in Fig. 4-2. Figs. 4-3a to 4-3c show cross sections of the subsurface ground at the Kampong Pandan site. The results of laboratory soil tests performed on samples from the Kampong Pandan site are summarized in Table 4-3.

As will be explained in detail in Section 5, ground conditions of ex-mining land has been classified for the purpose of clarification into 5 types in this report (Table 4-4). At the Kampong Pandan site, all 5 types of ground were found. However, Type A ground is more predominant at Kampong Pandan. Hard layers with N-values of more than 50 were encountered at a depth of 7 to 20m with an average of 13.5m. Ground water tables were found at depths of 2 to 4m. A description of the layers encountered at Kampong Pandan follows:

1) Clayey Layers

The clayey layers at Kampong Pandan site generally contain some amount of sand and gravel particles.



Soil Profile at Kampong Pandan, Cross Section A-A' Fig. 4-30

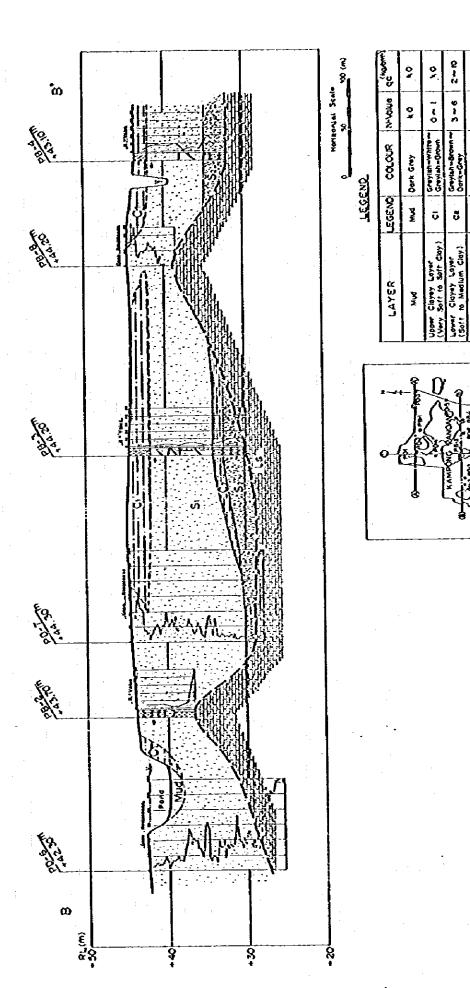


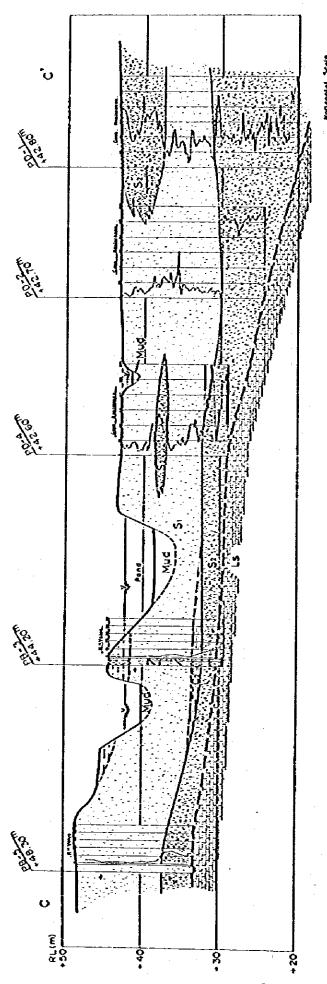
Fig. 4-35 Soil Profile at Kampong Pandan, Cross Section B-S

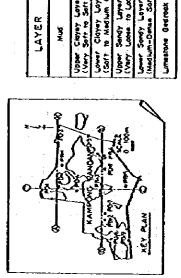
>30 >130

5 H 3

Lower Sondy Loyer (Medium-Dense Sond)

Limestone Badrock





LEGENO COLOUR INVAIUS 4 SPORT

LEGEND

Mud Dark Grey

ŏ

Fig. 4-3c Soil Profil at Kampong Pandan, Cross Section C-C

× × ×

N IO

Table 4-3 Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Kampong Pandan

1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,							٦	98-1				,				P8-2		
Fig. 1, 15	2		2	Ped	p-7	6•d	1	P-13	P=15	d	H				P2/03	P3/D4	,	92/50
	9	e deoth	3	3	3.5	5.15	75.11	13.15%	15.15						2 4 Sm	3.00% 8.45%		5.00v 5.45m
		Content		12.5	5.0	8.5	33.7	39.7	20.5	1	1—	t			17.3	32.7	-	19.9
Figure 1 Figure 2 Figure 3 Figure 3 Figure 4 Figure 3 Figure 4 Figure 4 Figure 4 Figure 5 Figure 4 Figure 5 Figure 4 Figure 5			2.648	2.633	2.644	2.651	2,605	2.612	2.726	2.6	┢				-	2.575		2.622
Pisstic limit,	j j						35.0	51.1	34.0	6).	ė		9 -	6.1	•	59.8	80	33.6
Prestrictly findex	eán 2) î	1.					21.4	27.0	19.5	33.			- 2	2.0	•	24.9	18.2	15.4
Sand 1, 2 21 6 22 22 14 0 24 15 0 6 48 48 89 58 58 58 58 58 58 5	933 m15	Plasticity index			١,		13.6	24.1	14,5	27.	-		-	6.6	•	34.9	23.6	18.2
1	Js		12		22	22	4	0	22	-			\$	8	18	\$	4	8
3	ķšá		76	93	72	74	24	74	39					58	<u>ر</u>	35	44	S
3	[80						37	37	2.	47		14	8	7	=======================================	10	15	15
9.52 9.50 1 0.0077 1.1 0.0077 0.0077 0.0077	e a	& colloid.	m	-	m>		52	49	91	53				П		Şo	37	22
1, 1 0.60 1.0 1.1 0.062 0.016 0.75 0.016 0.16 0.033 0.50 1.0 0.18 0.17 0.21 0.24	512		-1	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	2.00	9.52	0.0					9.52	4.76		9.52
0.18 0.17 0.21 0.24	υş	1	1-	0.60	0.1	=	0.062	0.016	0.75	0.0	-				2.5	0.085		0.31
Gravel Gravel Gravel Sand STLV Clay Clayer Sand Sand Clayer Sand Sand Clayer Sand	613	Diam, at 10%	0.18	0.17	0.21	0.24	1		·			-			•	•		,
SS SP SP CL CH SC MK SC SK SK SK SK SK SK SK	V45u8		Cravel	Sand	Srave:	Grave	i	511 ty Clay	ខ្លុំដ ខ្លុំដ						Send	Sed Sed Sed Sed Sed Sed Sed Sed Sed Sed		Sand
PB-3 P-3 P-5 P-9 P-11 P-12 P-14 P-14 P-14 P-15 P-4 P-7 P-9 P-11 P-15 P-14 P-15 P-4 P-7 P-9 P-11 P-15 P-	120	nd ently clarestatements		Sp	S	SP		ð	Š	₽	r	1-		ઝ	-	£	ដ	x
Phone Part	5		Į.				11								1			
Part Part	Borry	g No.					PB-3								78.5			
Figure F	OHES	e No."	<u>-</u>	P-3	PaS	2.4	6~d	11.d		P-13	P-14	2	y d	7	2		_1	P-15
	Samp	e depth	3,5	3.5	ر م م	7.15%	9.45 8.45	71.15v		3,45 2,45 2,45 3,45 3,45 3,45 3,45 3,45 3,45 3,45 3	9. 4. 8. 8.	. 45m	4.15v 4.45m	7.45m	10.45 ESM	_		15,10m
	4.67	1	, , ,	14.7	14.5	16.9	17.7	73.5	_	37.7	13.2	8.8	15.9	21.6	19.8	16.4	21.2	9.5
Liquid limit , x 42.7 32.3 50.6 48.8	Š	. 1	2,642	2,649	2.639	2.637	2.621	2,499	2.474	2,623	2.712	2.643	2,632	2,637	2.647	2.656	2.651	2.638
Plastic limit, x - - - 42.7 32.3 26.0 - <th>ა ზა</th> <td>B. C.</td> <td>ļ.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>82.2</td> <td>50.6</td> <td>48.8</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	ა ზა	B. C.	ļ.					82.2	50.6	48.8		•	•					•
Plasticity index -	Sý. Jin		ļ.	ŀ			•	42.7	32.3	26.0	•	•	,	·	•		•	•
Gravel x 18 37 3 11 27 0 16 4 2 7 6 2 Sand x 64 55 86 79 48 0 36 29 58 80 86 96 Site x 10 8 11 10 14 18 24 38 32 13 8 2 Clay colloid x 10 11 82 24 29 8 13 8 2 Max, diameter m 9.52 9.52 9.52 4.76 </th <th>53.J.</th> <td>ŀ</td> <td><u> </u>.</td> <td><u> </u>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>39.5</td> <td>18.3</td> <td>22.8</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>٠</td> <td>·</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	53.J.	ŀ	<u> </u> .	<u> </u> ,				39.5	18.3	22.8	,		٠	·		,		•
64 55 86 79 48 0 36 29 58 80 86 96 10 14 18 24 38 32 13 8 2 8 11 10 11 82 24 38 32 13 8 2 9.52 21 24 29 8 4.76 <td< th=""><th>1</th><td></td><td>38</td><td>37</td><td>6</td><td>٦</td><td>22</td><td>0</td><td>16</td><td>Ą</td><td>2</td><td>7</td><td>9</td><td>~</td><td>~</td><td>^</td><td>٥</td><td>97</td></td<>	1		38	37	6	٦	22	0	16	Ą	2	7	9	~	~	^	٥	97
10 8 11 10 14 18 24 38 32 13 8 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	\$ 1 5		29	55	8	79	48	0	36	59	58	8	98	8	6	98	88	83 83
8 8 8 8 7 19.1 4.76 9.52 9.52 0.022 9.52 4.76 4.76 4.76 4.76 4.76 0.052 0.052 0.052 0.044 0.18 0.47 0.49 0.67 0.052 0.005 0.10 0.0074 0.0030 0.074 0.0030 0.074 0.0030 0.074 0.0030 0.074 0.0030 0.074 0.0075	(Ter	•	ဍ	٥	:	٤	14	18	24	38	25		93	~	^	^	ڡ	ဖ
9.52 19.11 4.76 9.52 9.52 4.76	P 3	& colloid,	8	Đ	•	>	"	82	24	53	80							
0.95 2.1 0.35 0.68 1.1 - 0.25 0.044 0.18 0.47 0.49 0.67 0.0092 0.10 - 0.0030 - - 0.0075 - 0.087 0.21 Sand Gravel Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand W/Silt Sand With Glay Clay Clay Sand Sand Sand Sand (SW-SM) (SW-SM) (SP-SM) WH MH MH CL - (SP-SM) SP	12 5	diameter.	•	19.1	4.76	9.52	9.55	0,022	9.52	4.76	4.76	4.76		4.76	6.76	4.76	4.76	25.4
0.0092 0.10 - 0.034 0.0030 - - 0.0075 - 0.087 0.21 SANG Gravel Sand Silty Sand Sand Sand Sand W/S11t Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand - (SW-SM) (SP-SM) - MH MH CL - (SP-SM) SP-SM) SP	. U		0,95	2 1	0.35	99.0	1.1	•	0.25	-1	0.18	0,47	0.49	0.67	0.53	0.46	0.46	2.0
Sand Sand	D1am. at 10%	0.0092	o. 10	,	0.074	0.0030			1	0.0075	1	0.087	2.5	0,15	?	0 15	0.10
- (SW-SM) (SP-SM) - MH MH CL - (SP-SM) SP	VI Sub	il soil description	\$5.74 \$7.53	Grave	Sand	Sand	Gravel Sa with Cla				Sind	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand
	Š	ed soil classificatio				(SW-SM)	•	\vdash		1	,		(SP-SM)		(SP-SM)	(SP-SM)	(SP-SM)	(Sp-SM)

* Note: All samples are disturbed.

Table 4-4 Types of Ground in Ex-mining Land
Classified from Engineering Viewpoint

				•	
Examples of Ex-Mining Land	Kampong Pandan Cheras 3-1/2 miles Cheras 4 miles	Sombak, Kampong Pandan, Cheras 3-1/2 miles, Cheras 4 miles Sungai Besi, Castlefield	Sentul, Gombak Kampong Pandan, Cheras 3-1/2 miles, Cheras 4 miles	Sentul, Setapak Castlefield	Pond of Kampong Pandan Setapak
Relation to Mining Operation	Tailing Area near Tailing Point	Tailing Area and/or Slime Pond Covered Later with Sandy Tailing or Sandy Dumping	Tailing Area far from Tailing Point, or Slime Pond	Slime Pond, Tailing Area far from Tailing Point	old Mining Hole
Type of Deposit on Bedrock or Other Bearing Layer	Type A My William Thoose Sand Hard Layer	Type C	Soft Clay	Type D Soft Clay FRAVE WEE Sard Layer	Type E water

N-values of the layer were higher than those of the very soft clay at the Sentul site. However, there are also extremely soft clay layers at the Kampong Pandan site as can be seen in Table 4-5. Other than the above-mentioned extremely soft clay layers, the clayey layers found at the Kampong Pandan site have the following properties:

N-Values : 1 to 11 with average of 6

Natural Water Content : 25 to 75% with average of 40%

Sand and Gravel Content: 0 to 50% with average of 30%

2) Sandy Layers

Sandy layers are generally very loose to loose (N-values of less than 10). About 10 to 40% of the layer is composed of gravel-size particles.

3) Hard Layers

Hard layers with N-values greater than 50 were encountered at a depth of 7 to 20m with an average of 13.5m. Dutch cone penetrometer tests were terminated at a depth of 6.0 to 22.6m with an average of 15.5m.

4) Sub-Bottom Conditions of Ponds

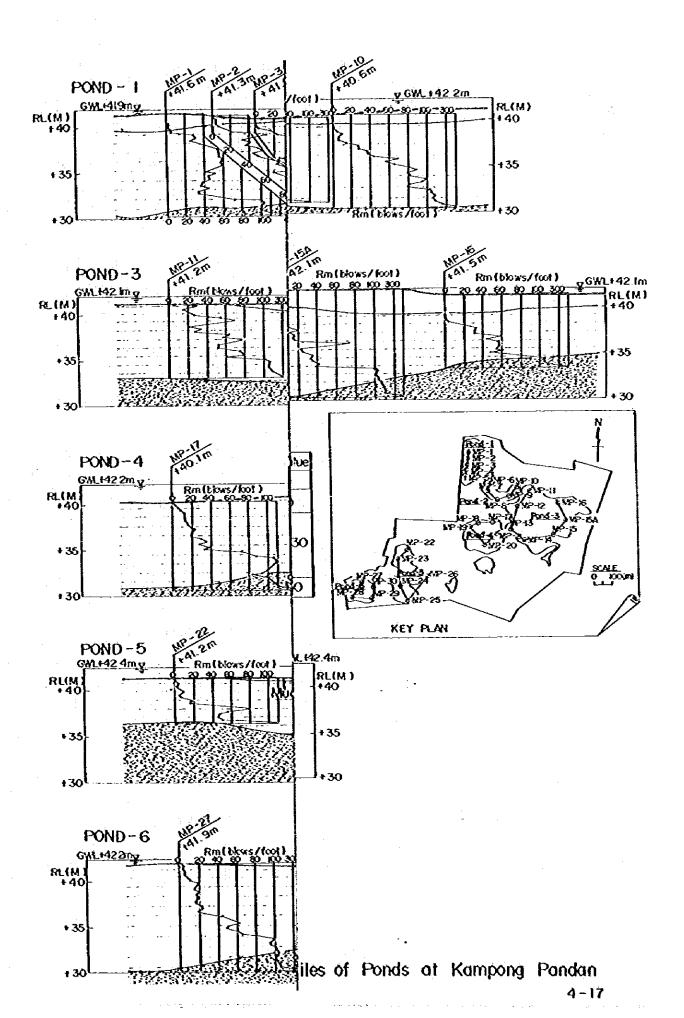
Sub-bottom conditions of the ponds were investigated by Mackintosh probe tests and special samplings. Pig. 4-4 shows cross sections of the sub-bottom conditions of the ponds at the Kampong Pandan site. The water depth and the thickness of the floating mud or very soft clay are summarized in Table 4-6.

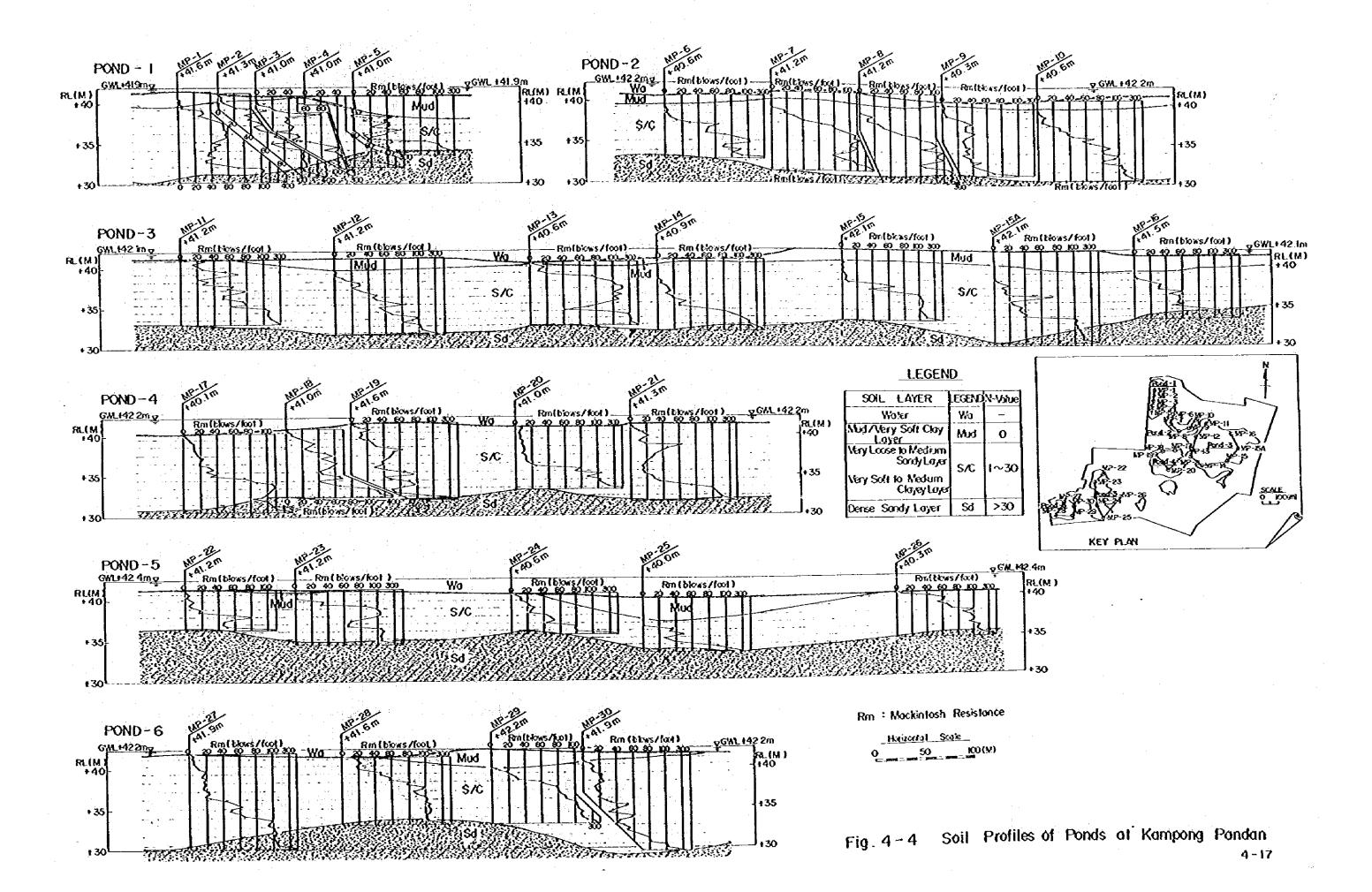
Table 4-5 Extremely Soft Clay Layers Found at Kampong Pandan

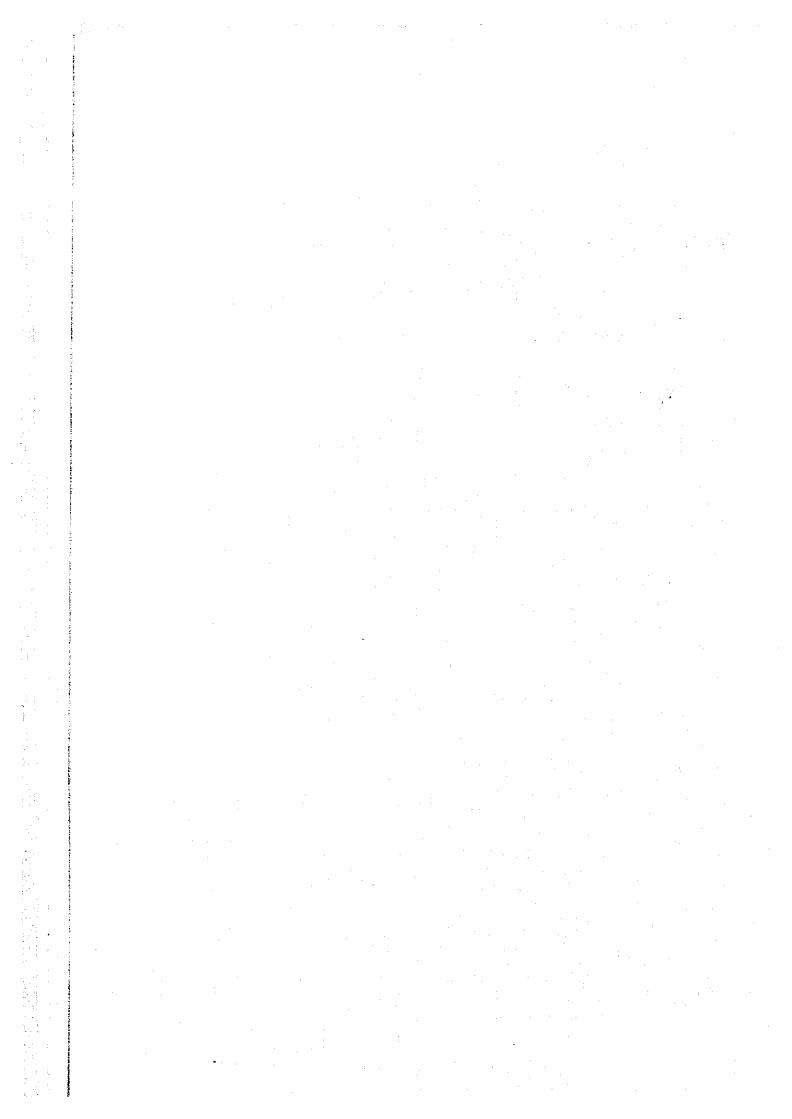
Location	Depth of the Layer	Cone Resistance
PD-3	1.0 to 3.0 m	0 kg/cm ²
PD-5	0.5 to 5.0 m	0 kg/cm ²
PD-8	4.2 to 5.6 m	0 kg/cm ²

Table 4-6 Water Depth, Thickness of Ploating Mud or Very Soft Clay at Bottom of Ponds at Kampong Pandan

Site	Pond No.	Water Depth at Sounding Point	Thickness of Floating Mud or Very Soft Clay at Bottom of Pond
	P-1	1.5 m	0 ~ 3.0 m
	P-2	2.0 m	0 ∿ 1.5 m
Kampong	P-3	1.5 m	0 ~ 2.0 m
Pandan	P-4	2.0 m	0 ° 2.0 m
	P-5	2.5 m	0 ~ 2.5 m
	P-6	1.5 m	0 ° 2.5 m







4.2 Sentul

The Sentul site is situated 3 km north of the city centre. However most of all the area is un-ocupied because ground conditions are too bad to construct structures without counter measures. The City Hall has begun a low-cost housing scheme at the site using pile foundations.

4.2.1 Details of Subsurface Ground Investigations Performed at Sentul

Subsurface ground investigations performed at the Sentul site consisted of field investigations and laboratory soil/rock tests. Details of those investigations are described below.

(1) Field Ground Investigations

Types and quantity of the field works performed in the present study are summarized in Tables 4-7 and 4-8. Types of field ground investigations performed at the Sentul site together with the locations and main objects of the investigations are listed in Table 4-9.

(a) Entire Area

For the investigation on land for the entire area of the site, percussion borings and Dutch cone penetrometer tests were performed. The locations of borings and soundings carried out at the site

4 Locations 10 Locations 66.0 m | 227.1 m 13 Locations 10 Locations 210.3 m. | 227.1 m. 9 Locations 0 Location 144.3 m 0 m Rotary Boring Refer Detail in Table 4-8 Refer detail in Table 4-8 Borring Percussion Boring Dis-turbed Soil Sampling (Nos.) Nos. 33 Nos. 8 Mackintosh Probe Sounding Test Sound-No./ ing Loca- Depth tion (m) 50.6m 50.6m Details of Field Ground Investigation Performed at Sentul 5 Lo-cations S to-AS-25 AS-25 AS-54 AS-54 96 Lo-cations 96 Lo-cations 1179 m 0 Loca-0 Tron 7able 4-11 8. 4-12 Refer Detail Tests 28.47m 28.47m oepth Depth ε Œ 0 Pore Pressure Sounding Soundings Tes ts rest No. Tests 2 Lo-cations 2 Lo-1000cation -07:0 ing Depth (m) 33.4m Dynamic Cone Test 33.4m 19.2 14.2 E 0 cations 2 Lo-Yest No./ Loca-tion Cation ડુ જ Dutch Cone Pene-trometer Test Test Sound-No./ ing 36.0m 328.8m 12.8 292.8m 0.9 Table 4-7 16 Lo-cations 19 Lo-Test No./ cations 3 6 ā Micro-gravity Measure-ment Geophysical Survey 121 Lo-cations 121 Lo-cations 9 Lo-9 Lo-130 Lo-cations Electri-Sounding 25 Lo-cations ১১৯৯ 25 Lo-জেল cations 5 Lo-cations 30 Lo-cations cations 5.00 Dest Aveo bass no Total buod al eark artini

Table 4-8 Exploratory Boring Performed at Sentul

		Γ	ផ្ត		Bori	ng Leng	th	Undis-	In-Situ	Tests	in Bo	reholes
			Sub-Section			i		turbed	Standard		Pres-	In-Situ
e g		1	ပွဲ ၂	Boring	Soil	Rock		Sampl-		Vane	sure-	Perme-
Type of Boring		\ '	Ý	No.		Boring	Total	ing	tion	Test	meter	ability
ě X	Area		ġ	· ·	(m)	(m)	(m)	(Nos)	Test	(Nos)	Test	Test
C A	Z	1	is.		(m)			(nos)	(Nos)		(Nos.)	(Nos)
		-	A		10.80	0	10.80	0	11	0	0	1
	Pilot	S L	A!		10.03	Ö	10.03	0	10	0	0	1
	12	۲I-	A"		19.20	0	19.20	0	19	0	0	4
	P ₄	Ses	В		26.00	0	26.00	0	26	0	0	0
tr	`		Sub	-Total	66.03	0	66.03	0	66	0	0	6
Boring				SB-1	13.05	0	13.05	0	13	0	0	0
8	1 3	<u> </u>		SB-2	8.70	0	8.70	0_	9	0	0	0
ç Q	24.6	{ [SB-3	10.52	0	10.52	0	11	0	0	0
SS	8	3 [SB-4	20.01	0	20.01	0	20	0	0	0
percussion	9 5	5 5	· .	SB-5	17.02	0	17.02	0	17	0	0	0
Ğ,			. :	SB-6	36.10	0	36.10	0	36	0	0	0
	1 5	extous		SB-7	10.10	0	10.10	0	10	0	0	0
				SB-8	12.03	Ö	12.03	0	12	0	0	0
	'	4		SB-9	16.80	0	16.80	0	17	0	0	0
			Sub	-Total	144.33	0	144.3	3 0	145	0	0	0
<u> </u>			Tot	al	210.36	0	210.30	5 0	211	0	0	9
	_		A'	A	21.25	8.20	29.4	5 3	7	0	1 1	o
	-		A	В	14.15	5.55	19.7	0 0	0	2	5	
1	ł	Ī	-	A	29.00	7.00	36.0	0 9	14	0		
١.	, l	ď	В	В	26.00	7.50	33.5	0 0	_ 11	11		
56.1.57	<u>i</u>	Area	Su	b-Total	90.40	28.25	118.6	5 12	22	13	11	
;		ST	123	SBH-1	18.11	0	18.1	1 8	10	27	0	0
15	≯.	Ę,	٠.		20.15	0	20.1	5 8	12	23		0_
	KOTORY	ò	ğ	SBH-3	25.00	0.50	24.5	0 17	9	36		0_
	Į.	Pilot	Embankmen	SBH-4	2 23.00	0	23.0	6 9	7	17		0
			ម រ មា			0 0	24.2	0 11	7	11) 0
	1		(E)	, .		0	26.1	7 10	11	1	2 (0
		,	Su	b-Total	136.69		136.	19 63	56	12	6	0
	}		·L	otal	227.0			84 75	78	13	9 1	1 3
1	1	Gr.		Total	437.4			20 75	289	13	9 1	1 12

Notes: *1 SBH-1 and SBH-2 were performed before trial embankment.

^{*2} SBH-3 and SBH-4 were performed after 1st stage of embankment

^{*3} SBH-5 and SBH-6 were performed after 2nd stage of embankment

^{*} SBH-1 to SBH-6 were performed in Phase II, others in Phase I

Table 4-9 Types, Location, and Main Objects of Field Ground Investigations at Sentul

Type of Field Ground Investigation	Location	Main Object
Electrical Sounding	° Pilot Test Area	Average Depth to Bedrock
Microgravity Measurement	° Pilot Test Area	Undulation of Bedrock Surface and Existence of Cavities in Bedrock
Rotary Boring	* Sub-Sections A" and B	Depth to Sound Rodrock and Obtainment of Rock Core Samples
Percussion Boring	e Entire Area * Sub-Sections A, A', A" and B	Depth to Hard Layer
Undisturbed Sampling	* Sub-Sections A" and B * Test Embankment Area	Obtainment of Samples for Mechanical Property Tests
In-Situ Vane Test	* Sub-Sections A" and B * Test Embankment Area	Undrained Shear Strengths of Soft Materials
Standard Penetration Test	* Entire Area * Tost Embankment Arca * Sub-Sections A, A', A" and B	Relative Density of Sand or Consistency of Clay
In-Situ Permeability Tost	o Sub-Sections A" and B	Permeability of Sandy Layer
Pressuremeter Test	° Sub-Sections A, A' and A"	Deformation Properties of Hard Materials
Dutch Cone Penetrometer Test	* Sub-Sections A, A" and B	Cone Resistance of Ground and Depth to Hard Layer
Dynamic Cone mest	* Sub-Sections A" and B	Penetration Resistance of Ground and Depth to Hard Layer
Pore-Pressure Sounding	* Sub-Sections A." and B	Detection of Thin Embedded Layers of Sand or Clay
Swedish Sounding	o Test Embankment Area	Sounding of Soil Type Depth to Hard Layer
Mackintosh Probe Test	• Pond	Dopth to Hard Layer

are shown in Fig. 4-5. Electrical soundings and micro-gravity measurements were also performed. At the percussion boring locations, standard penetration tests (SPT) were performed every 1 m in depth. A Dutch cone penetrometer with the capacity of 10 tons was used to obtain the cone resistance of the ground and testing was carried out at locations selected between borings.

The results of borings with SPT and Dutch cone penetrometer tests are summarized and compiled into soil profile cross sections and shown in Figs. 4-6a to 4-6g. Locations of the cross sections are indicated in Fig. 4-5.

(b) Pond at Sentul

Sub-bottom conditions of the pond at this site were investigated using Mackintosh probe tests and special samplings. Locations of the tests are shown in Fig. 4-5. Fig. 4-7 shows a cross section of the sub-bottom condition in the pond. The water depth and the thickness of the floating mud or very soft clay are summarized in Table 4-10.

(c) Pilot Test Area

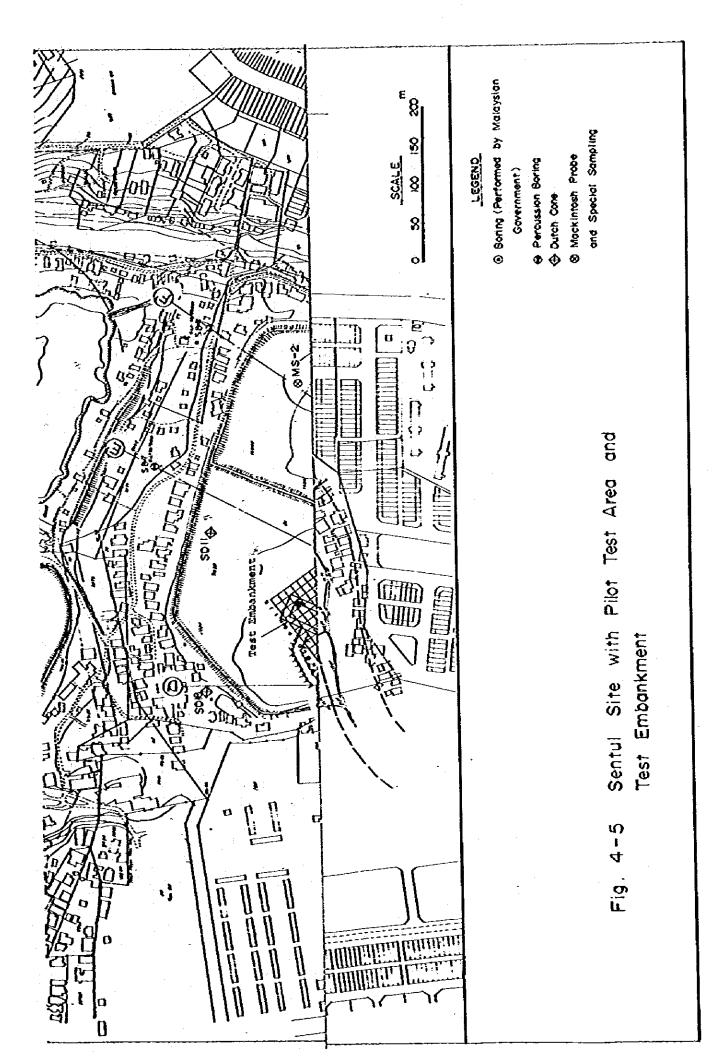
To study the soil characteristics of ex-mining land in detail, a pilot test area was established at

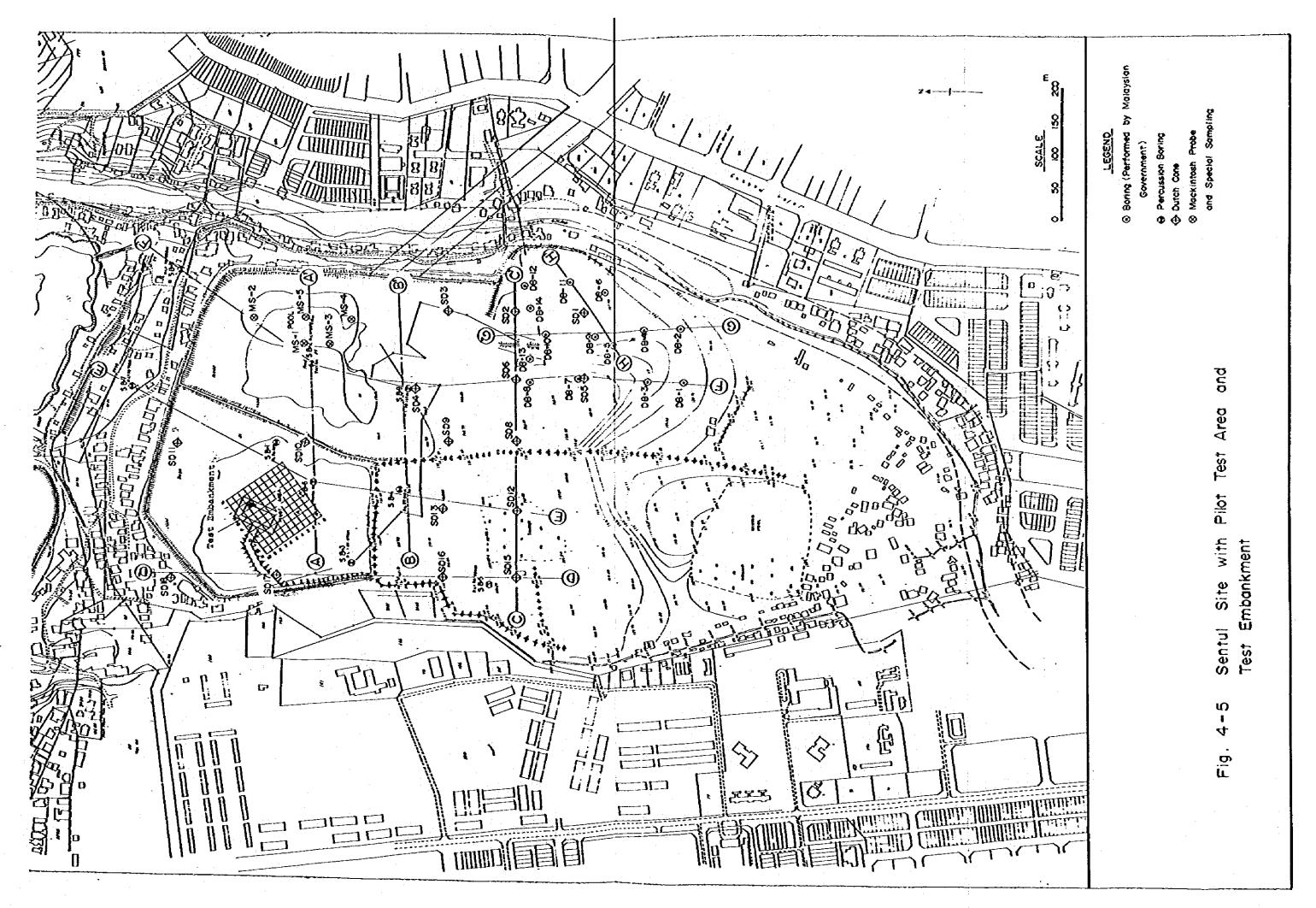
the Sentul site and comprehensive investigations were carried out. The pilot test area was 100 m by 100 m divided into sub-sections of 10 m by 10 m. Concentrated subsurface investigations were performed at Sub-Sections A, A', A" and B. The location and layout of the pilot test area together with the configuration of the test embankment are shown in Fig. 4-8. Details of the sub-sections are illustrated in Fig. 4-9.

The subsurface ground investigations performed at the Sentul pilot test area were comprised of the following:

o During Phase I

- 1) Electrical Soundings
- 2) Micro-Gravity Measurements
- 3) Dutch Cone Penetrometer Tests
- 4) Dynamic Cone Tests
- 5) Pore-Pressure Soundings
- 6) Percussion Borings
- 7) Rotary Drillings including Rock Coring
- 8) Undisturbed Samplings
- 9) Standard Penetration Tests
- 10) In-Situ Vane Shear Tests
- 11) Pressuremeter Tests
- 12) In-Situ Permeability Tests





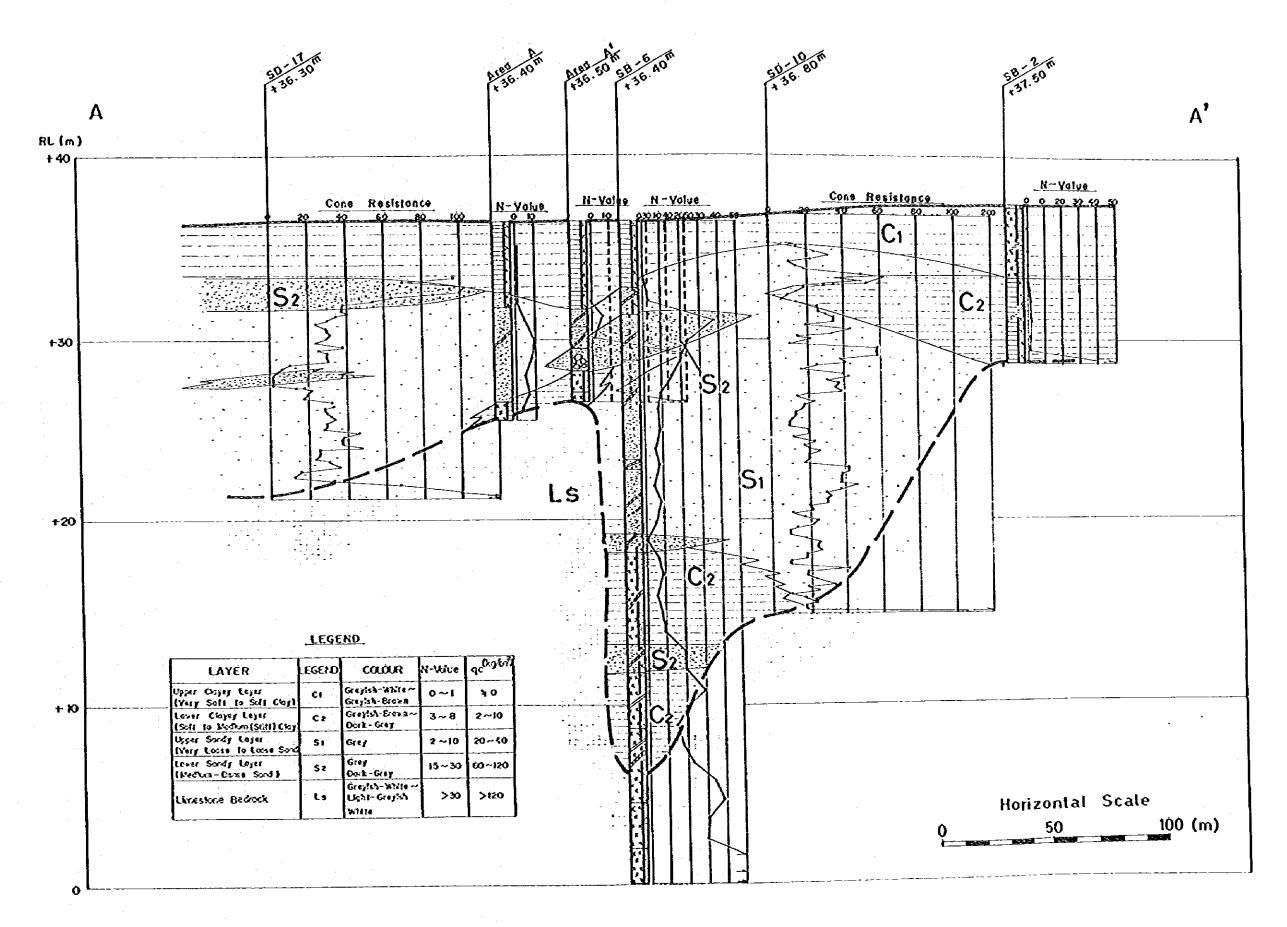
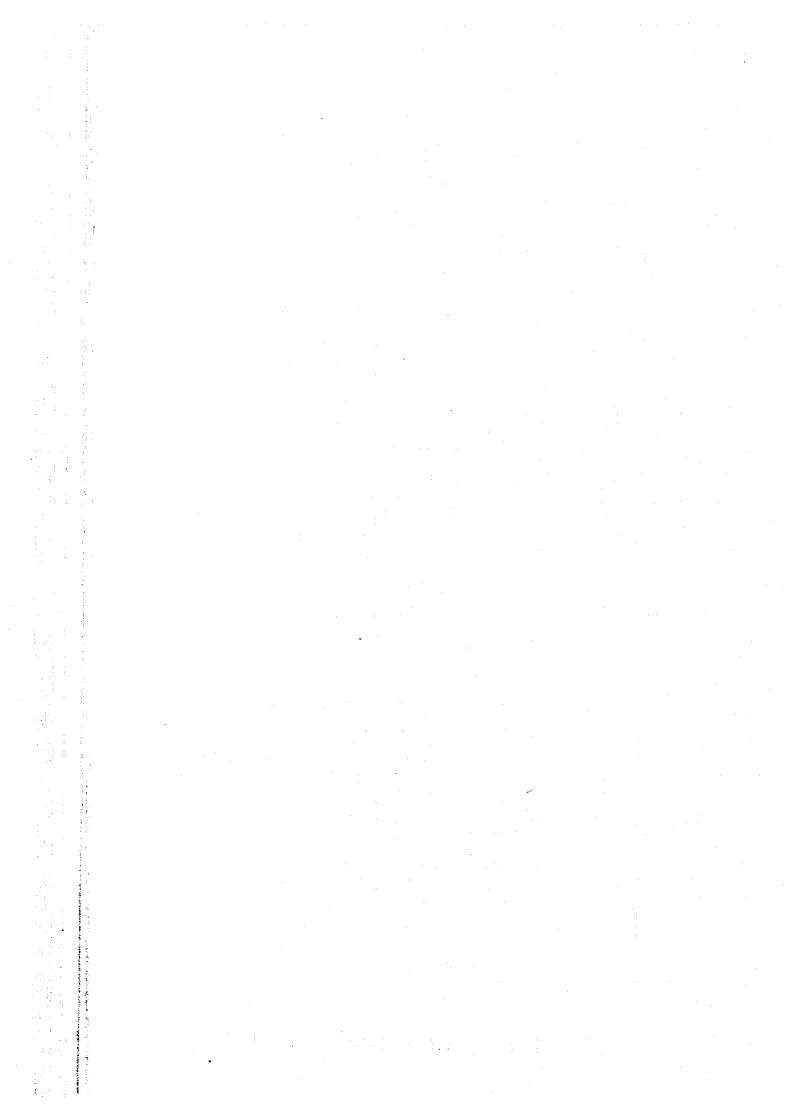


Fig. 4-6a Soil Profile at Sentul, Cross Section A-A'



15~30 60~420 2~10 20-40

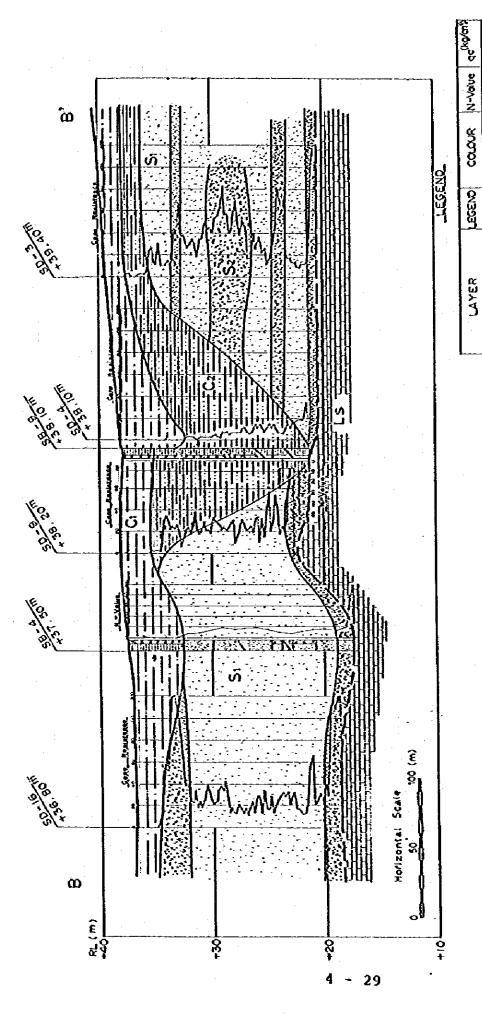
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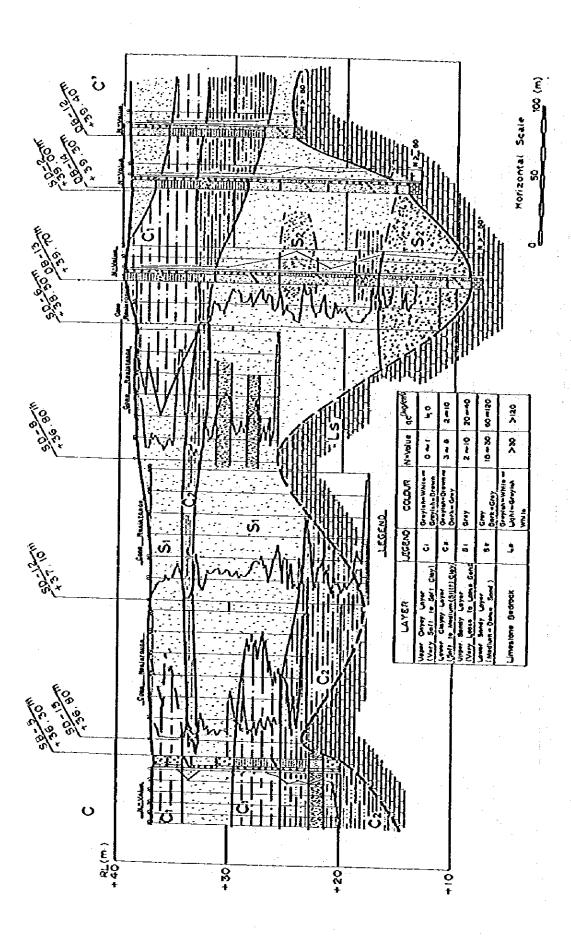
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Upper Goyey Loyer (Very Soft to Soft



Cross Section 8-8' Soil Profile at Sentul, Fig. 4-6b



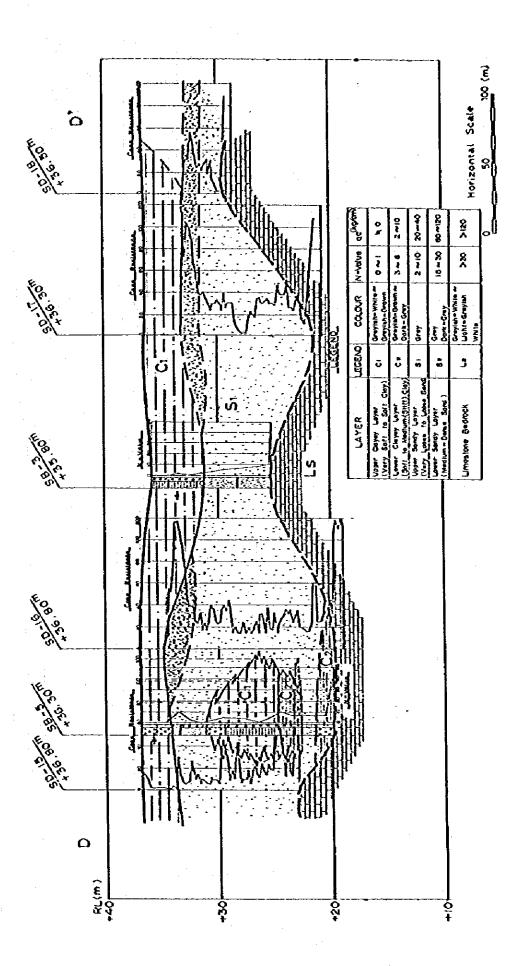
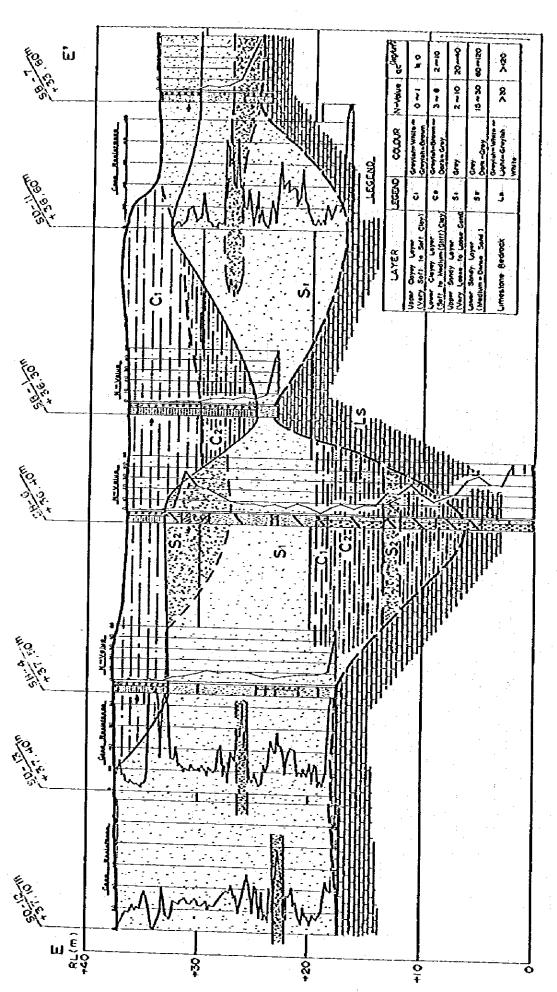


Fig. 4-6d Soil Profile at Sentul, Cross Section D-D'

Horizontal Scale



4 - 32

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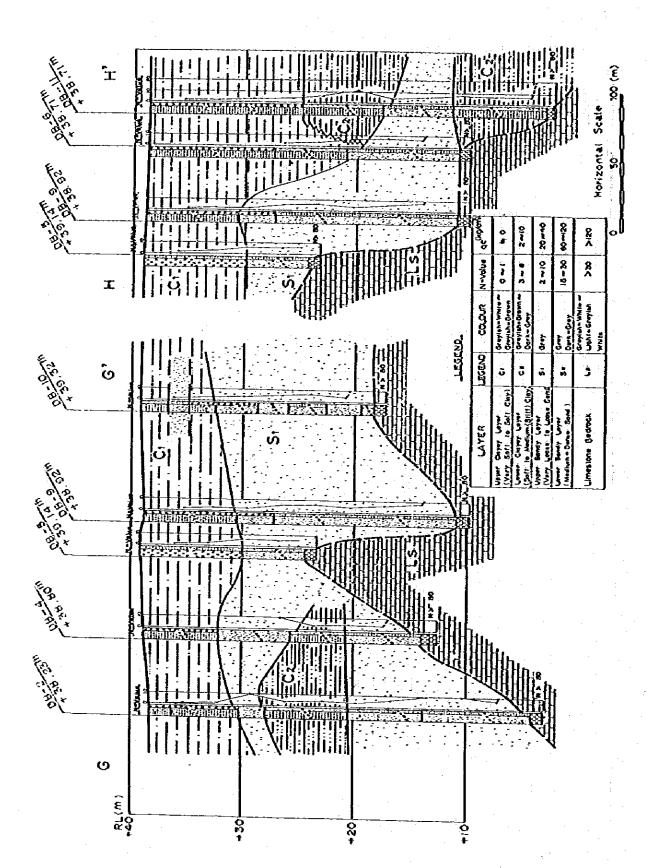
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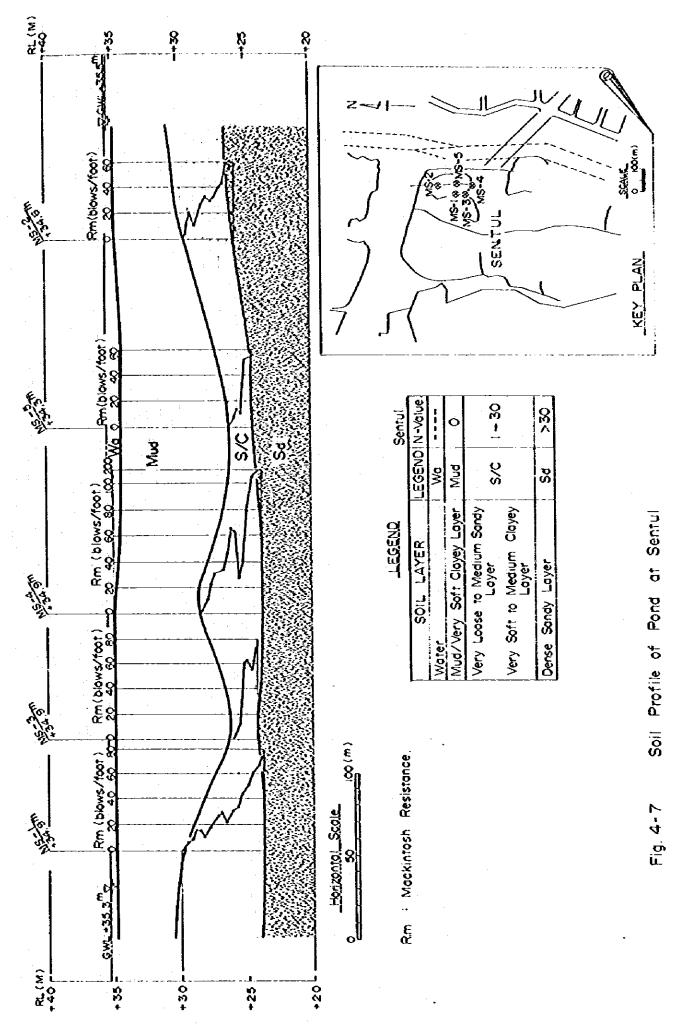
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Fig. 4-6f Soil Profile at Sentul, Cross Section F-F

8



4 - 34



4 - 35

Table 4-10 Water Depth, Thickness of Floating Mud or Very Soft Clay at Bottom of Pond at Sentul

Site	Pond No.	Water Depth at Sounding Point	Thickness of Floating Mud or Very Soft Clay at Bottom of Pond
Sentul	1	1 m	5 - 8 m

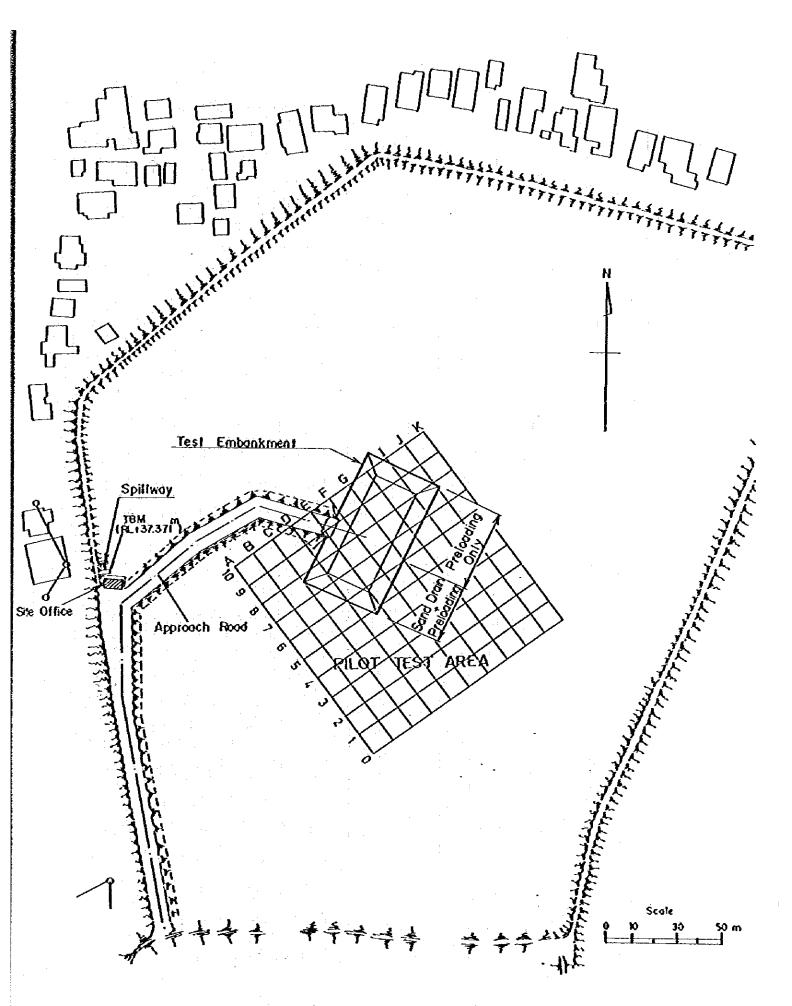
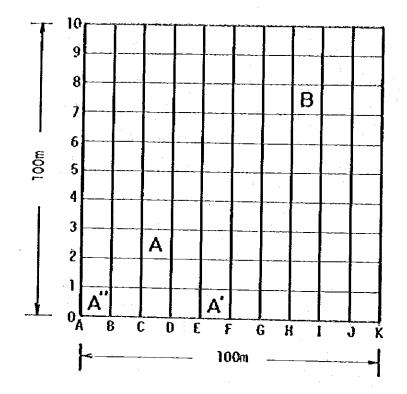
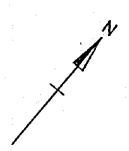


Fig. 4-8 Pilot Test Area and Test Embankment at Sentul 4-37





(a) Layout of Sub-Sections

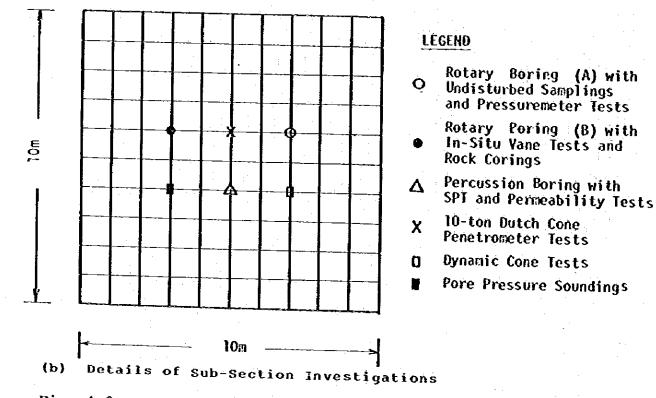


Fig. 4-9 Details of Pilot Test Area and Sub-Sections

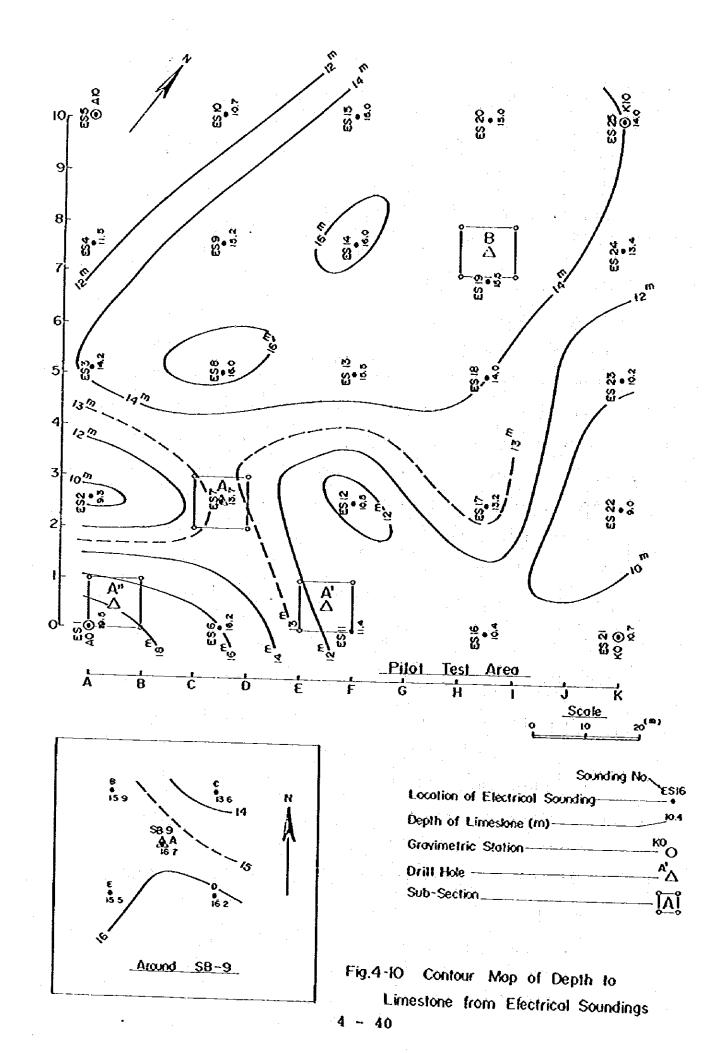
o During Phase II

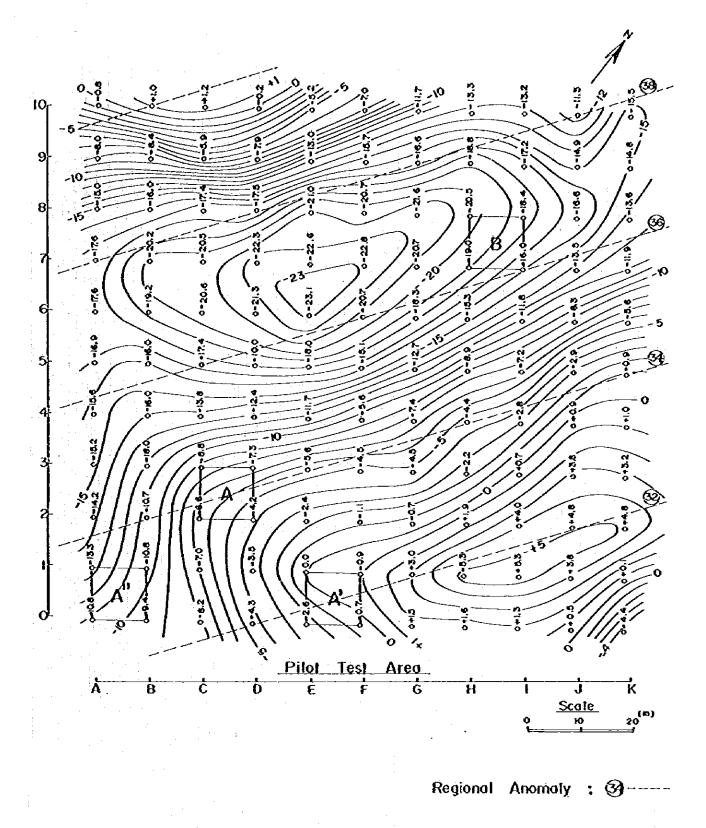
- 1) Swedish Soundings
- 2) Rotary Drillings
- 3) Undisturbed Soil Samplings
- 4). In-Situ Vane Shear Tests

Fig. 4-10 shows the results of electrical soundings and Fig. 4-11 shows the results of microgravity measurements. A soil profile of the subsection is shown in Fig. 4-12. Depth to the limestone bedrock as determined by the exploratory borings is compared with the results of micro-gravity measurements in the figure. At Sub-Sections A" and B, ground investigations of several different types were performed. At each sub-section, two rotary borings 4 m apart were performed as shown in Fig. 4-9. Field investigation results at these subsections are shown in Figs. 4-13a and 4-13b.

(d) Test Embankment Area

Locations of field investigations performed in conjunction with the test embankment are shown in Fig. 4-14. To confirm the thickness of soft clay layer which had already been investigated by electrical soundings and microgravity measurements, Swedish soundings were carried out at 96 locations as listed in Tables 4-11 and 4-12. Results of these soundings are shown in Fig. 4-15 as a contour map of

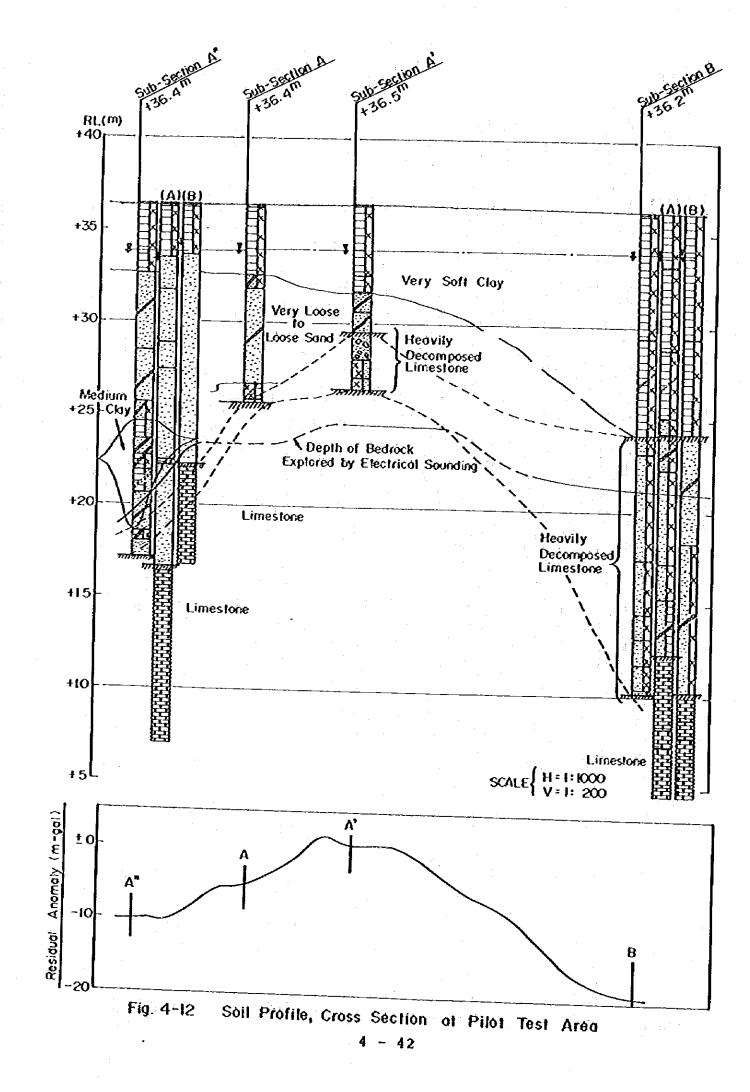


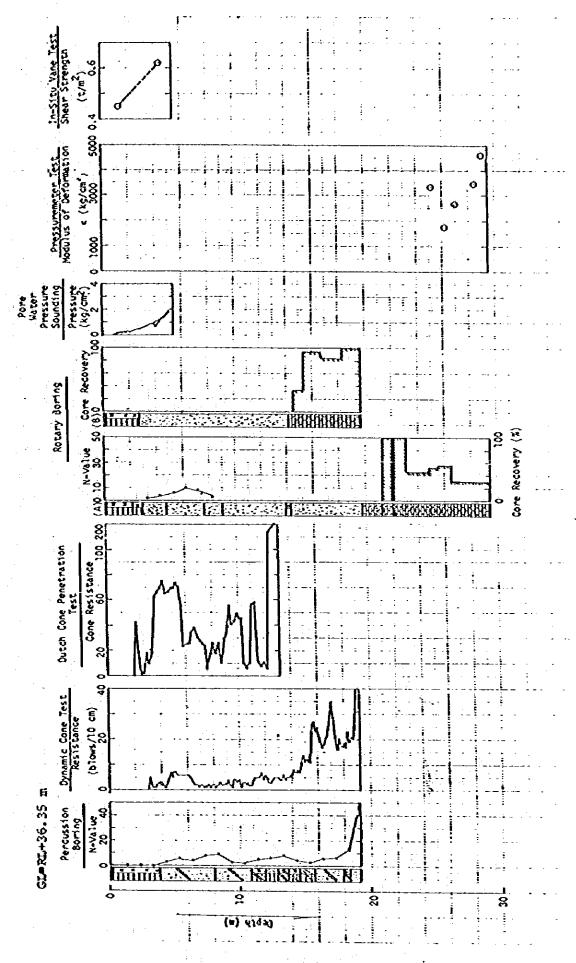


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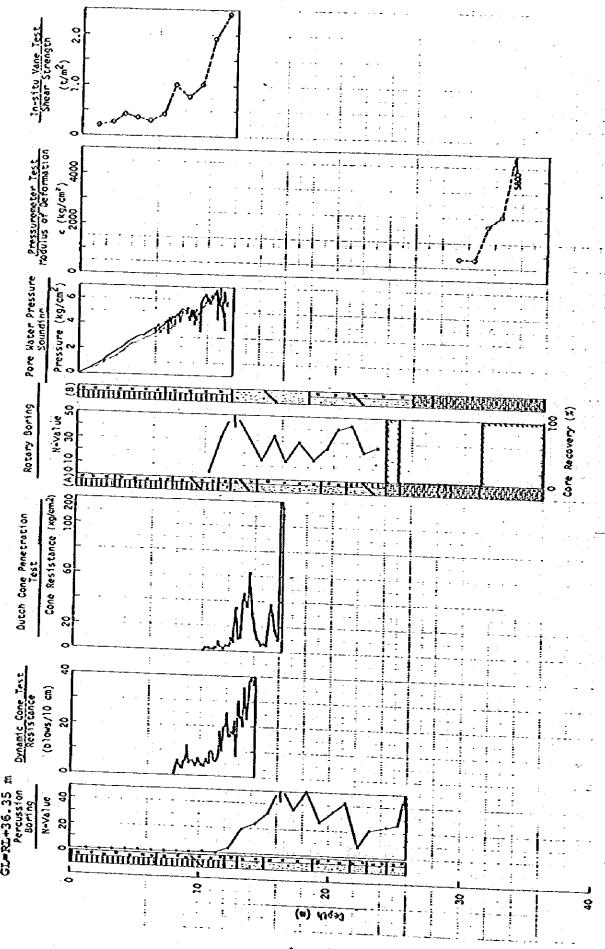
Sub-Section : A

Fig. 4-11 Contour Mop of Residual Anomaly from Micro-gravity Measurements 4-41





Results of Investigations at Pilot Test Area (Sub-Section A"



Results of Investigations at Pilot Test Area (Sub-Section B)

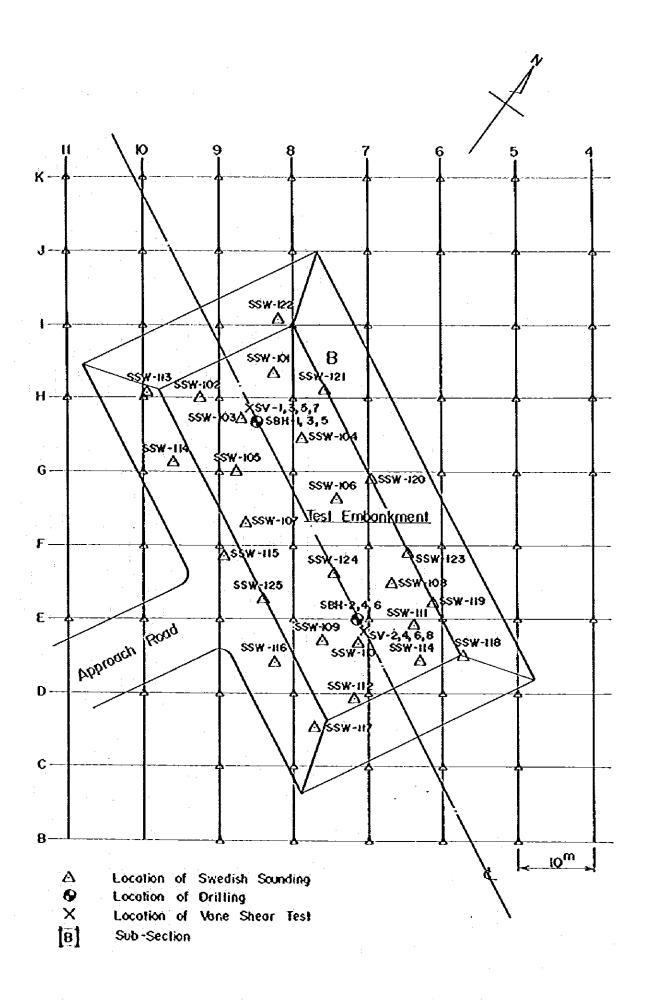


Fig. 4-14 Locations of Various Investigations Performed for Test Embankment

Table 4-11 Summary of Swedish Soundings Carried Out at Pilot Test Area, Sentul

oint No.	Ground Level (RL+m)	Depth of Water (m)	Penetration Depth under 100 kg Weight (m)	Penetration by the Last 10 Nos. of Half Turn (m)	Sounding Depth	Haterials at Final Dep
B5	36.469	0.02			(m)	
85	36.387	0.02	5.34	0.08	5.52	Sand
87	36.317		5.45	0.46	5.91	Sand
88		0.15	9.78	0.08	9.86	Sand
B9	36.347	0.13	8.07	0.32	8.39	Sand
	36.299	0.15	8.44	0.31	8.75	Sand
CS	36.430	0.30	5.43	0.28	5.71	
C6	36.338	0.90	11.11	0.12		Sand
C7	36.338	0.10	12.69	0.32	11.63	
C8	36.317	0.19	12.55		13.01	Sand
C9	36.366	0.12	8.26	0.13	12.68	Sand
المدة			0.20	0.05	8.31	
C10	36.347	0.08	7.31	0.02	7.51	
D5	36.427	0.08	15.40	0.04		Linestone?
D6	36.350	0.13	11.49	0.46	15.44	
D7	36.332	0.19	14.36	0.07	11.95	Sand
Đ\$	36.317	0.15	15.33		14.43	
D8.5	-	0.17	7.44	9.09	15.42	•
D3	36.369	0.07		0.03	7.47	
D10	36.427	ŏ.11	7.87	0.01	7.88	Linestone?
E6	36.378		6.88	0.01	6.89	Licestone?
610		0.50	15.20	0.19	15.39	armos cones
	36.457	0.10	10.70	0.01	10.71	Limestone?
K30	36.536	0.10	9.00			PIESTON6,
8	36.399	0.10		0.09	9.09	
76	36.436	0.10	8.35	6.14	8.49	
j7	36.427		8.22	0.20	8.42	
19		0.10	9.44	0.08	9.52	
iii l	36.384	0.15	11.12	0.17	11.29	
		0.65	8.72	0.03		
110	36.405	0.15	14.09	0.04	8.75	•
18	36.338	0.15	15.34		14.13	
15	35.418	0.05	12.09	0.09	15.43	
7	36.366	0.10	15.44	0.07	12.16	
·9			1	0.03	15.47	
	36.357	0.15	15.49	0.22	15.71	
15	36.448	0.05	10.32			
110	36.443	0.10	12.73	0.09	10.41	
112	- !	0.10	12.24	0.06	12.79	
12	1	0.15	9.23	0.05	12.29	
16	36.460	0.05		0.10	9.33	•
(5	36.521		8.15	0.16	8.31	
ř á	36.454	0.10	7.80		7.80	
4		0.10	8.89		8.89	
4	36.485	0.10	7.48	_ 1		
	36.457	0.10	8.78		7.48	
4	36.418	0.10			8.78	
4	36.408		8.61	- I	8.61	
4	36.393	0.10	7.66	I	7.66	
5	36.399	0.10	9.23	· _ 1	9.23	•
5	30.337	0.10	11.97	_	11.97	
5	36.369	0.10	12.34	_		
	36.396	0.10	11.27	<u> </u>	12.34	
5	36.408	0.10	11.38	- 1	11.27	
5	36.433	0.10	9.05	- 1	11.38	÷
8	35.360	0.10	11.02	- · I	9.05	
11	- · i	0.10		I	11.02	
10	,, l	1	12.65	- j	12.65	
	36.424	0.10	11.78			
9	36.369	0.10	12.23	7	11.78	
?	35.384	0.10	10.61	- 1	12.23	
,	36.332	0.10		- [10.61	
1	35.366	0.10	10.45	- 1	10.45	
11		0.10	14.58		14.58	
io	36.375		10.78	-	10.78	
j*	36.341	0.10	13.67	_	13.67	
•		0.10	12.61	_ 1	12.61	
,	36.305	0.10	14.48	_ 1		
I.	36.338	0.10	11.20	· [14.48	
; i	36.399	0.10		-	11.20	
12			11.77	· _]:	11.77	
io	36.418	0.10	7.60	_ 1	7.60	
ĭ		0.10	9-00	_		
;	36.353	0.10	14.25	_	9.00	
	36.369	0.10	13.25	·	14.25	
<u>.</u>	36.363	0.10	12.72	- 1	13.25	
11	- 1	0.10	10.80	- !	12.72	
, ,	36.347	0.10		- 1	10.80	
' [36.430	0.10	10.82	- 1	10.82	
;	36.262		8.93	-	8.93	
3	36.341	0.10	11.80	-	11.80	
1		0.10	14.40	_ ;	14.40	

Note: These soundings were carried out before construction of the test embankment 4-46

Table 4-12 Summary of Swedish Soundings Carried out at Test Embankment Area, Sentul

Swedish Sounding No.	Ground Level (RL + m)	Water Table* (GL <u>+</u> m)	Water Table (16/1/81) (GL <u>+</u> m)	Sounding Depth (m)	Remarks
SSW-101	37.49	-0.92	-0.64	16.90	
SSH-102	37.43	-0.92	-0.64	16.15	
SSH-103	37.47	-0.94	-0.64	16.55	
SSH-104	37.46	-0.94	-0.64	15.80	
SSH-105	37.49	-0.95	-0.42	14.52	
SSN-106	37.31	-0.90	-0.32	15.80	
SSW-107	37.41	-0.90	-0.27	14.40	
SSH-108	37.28	-0.40	-0.32	17.35	h
SSW-109	37.23	-0.40	-0.36	15.60	
SSN-110	37.23	+0.10	-0.30	18.85	
SSN-111	37.39	±0.0 6	-0.42	17.70	Area
SSK-112	37.32	+0.04	-0.25	15.50	
SSK-113	37.42	-0.96	-0.56	16.70	
SSH-114	37.67	-0.96	-0.49	16.15	·
SSH-115	37.43	-0.86	-0.60	16.90	İ
SSN-116	37.43	-0.44	-0.35	15.75	
SSK-117	37.41	-0.40	-0.45	15.70	Sand Drain
SSY-118	37.39	-0.40	-0.45	18.40	Area
SSK-119	37.50	-0.40	-0.32	16.40	ĮJ .
SSN-120	37.44	-0.86	-0.40	14.90	
SSK-121	37.43	-0.86	-0.32	15.20	
SSH-122	37.39	-0.86	-0.52	13.70	}
S\$X-123	37.23	-0.36	-0.36	21.50	
SSH-124	37.26	-0.44	-0.44	16.50	ļ
SSN-125	37.26	-0.60	-0.60	16.55	
Total	25 locations		-	409.47	

^{*} Concurrent with Swedish Soundings

Note: These soundings were carried out after the first stage of the test embankment construction

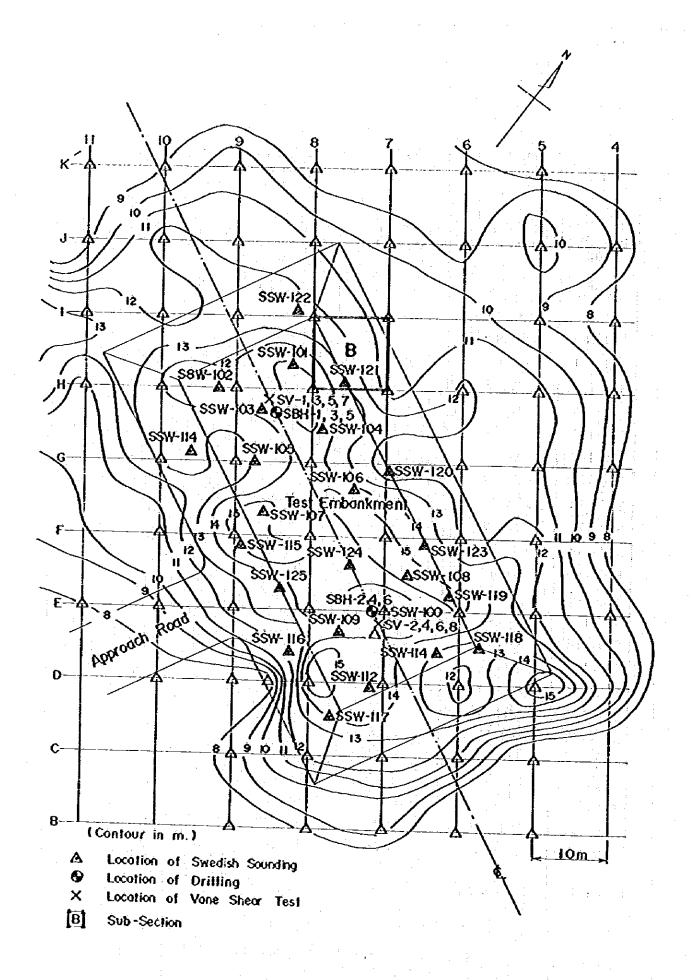


Fig. 4 - 15 Contour Map of Soft Clay Layer Thickness 4 - 48

the thickness of the soft clay layer. As shown in Fig. 4-15 and Table 4-13, 6 check borings were carried out using rotary-type boring machines at the test embankment area during Phase II. A soil profile at the test embankment area is shown in Fig. 4-16 together with the results of vane shear tests and Swedish soundings. At borings SBH-1 and SBH-2, a harder layer was encountered at a depth of 14.5 m. This layer may be heavily decomposed limestone. The data of check borings will be utilised in Section 6.

(2) <u>Laboratory Soil/Rock Tests on Samples from Sentul</u> Site

Laboratory tests were performed on soil samples and rock core samples of the Sentul site. Undisturbed soil samples were obtained by a thin-wall tube sampler and disturbed soil samples were obtained by a split spoon sampler (SPT sampler) and peat sampler. The total quantity of laboratory tests is tabulated in Table 4-14. Samples were subjected to the following laboratory tests:

1) For Soil Samples

↑ Physical Property Tests

- * Natural Water Content Tests
- * Atterberg Limit Tests
- Specific Gravity Tests
- * Wet Density Measurements

Table 4-13 Check Boring Performed at Test Embankment

Boring No.	Location	Object
SBH-1	Preloading Area	Obtainment of Initial
SBH-2	Preloading plus Sand Drain Area	Soil Properties Before Placement of Test Embankment
SBH-3	Preloading Area	Obtainment of Soil Pro-
SBH-4	Preloading plus Sand Drain Area	perties at End of Test Embankment (1st Stage), December, 1981
SBH-5	Preloading Area	Obtainment of Soil Pro-
ѕвн-6	Preloading plus Sand Drain Area	perties at End of Test Embankment (2nd Stage), July, 1981

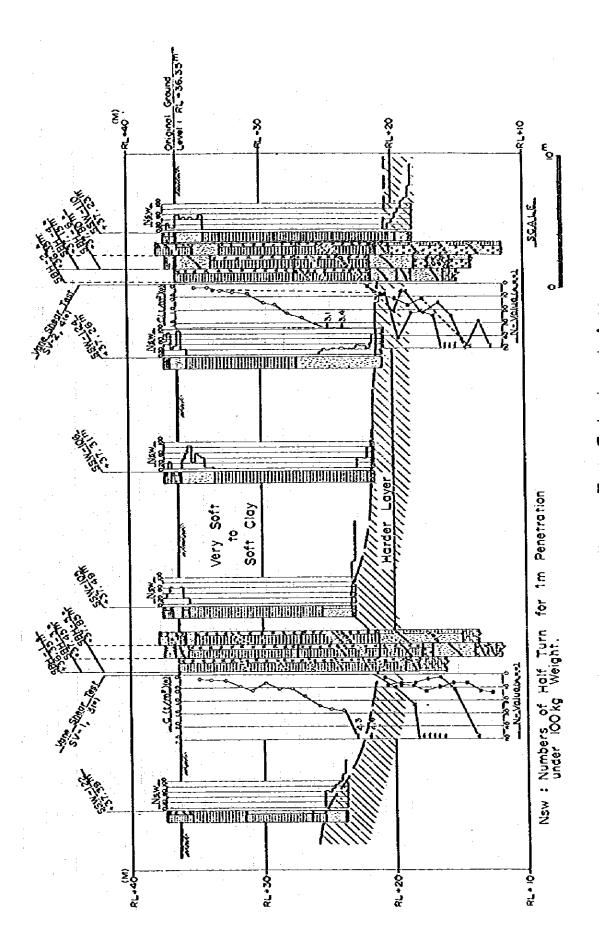


Fig. 4-16 Soil Profile at Test Embankment Area

* On rock core samples

Total ഗ 169 169 114 43 8 26 8 9 65 2 Sampler WC-2 Peat Ø, O) Pond • gn. Ó ď ı . ı F WC-4 o, Ø Φ Ó 28 -1 28 -1 28 -1 28 -1 28 -2 ı ^ ~ ~ ī ĩ ī 8-6-8-8-٠ i Ö N . 1 Ö • 1 • Entire Area 8 1 1 Percussion ŧ 1 ហ ഗ 3 . (r) <u>₩</u> . ī t • Ú Ś Ż Ö N ŧ Ò N ī . ı • ı 1 F . 0) Ó ιή 1 S Ö ŧ ī ŧ ŧ 1 ı Ó O 3 S 4 ı 1 1 ė ŧ ı 5 ഗ ιή Ò (r) S 6 8 ī F 4 ı 4 43 4 4 ı ī 4 1 , ı 1 တ φ ī w C ı φ . ı 1 ŧ ω 11 15 11 16 ŧ 2 ı W / v ì ì ī • S 9-H8\$ 1 ŧ O) ഗ ŧ ı 5 28H-5 7 . 2 2 Pilot Test Area N m ത . Ó ŧ p-H8S ı . ഗ 2 ഗ Ó φ 1 W 1 Rotary **⊢**∙ £-H8S 20 ŧ 22 20 E 17 9 14 Ò Q 14 ı 28H-1 28H-1 E တ တ 6 0) Ó တ ŧ 00 4 ---• တ 4 1 ထ οÖ ω 1 œ Ó ₹ 00 . m ന F 4 တ m ഗ 4 Area 6 ന ന ത 'n • ന တ •) Ò 'n vo Unconfined Compression Test (Nos.) Triaxial (Set) (Nos.) (Set) Unconsolidated-Undrained Triaxial Compression Test By Sieve Only (Nos.) Sy Sieve and (Nos.) Test (Nos.) (Nos.) (Nos.) Clay Mineral Analysis (Nos.) (Nos.) (Set) Consolidated-Undrained Compression Test Unconfined Compression Consolidation Test Specific Gravity Atterberg Limits Chemical Analysis Water Content Unit Weight Size Analysis Type of Boring Grain Phase Boring No. Physical Property Test Rechanical Property Test Site Area On Soil Samples ¥

Table 4-14 Laboratory Works Performed on Samples from Sentul

4 - 52

Mechanical Property Tests

- * Unconfined Compression Tests
- * Triaxial Compression Tests (U-U Condition and C-U Condition)
- * Consolidation Tests
- * Laboratory Vane Shear Tests
- # Chemical Analysis
- I Clay Mineral Analysis

2) For Rock Cores

* Unconfined Compression Tests

The results of these laboratory soil tests are summarized in Tables 4-15a to 4-15i, and the results of rock tests are shown in Table 4-16. Detailed data of the laboratory tests are presented as Appendix F in a separate volume.

4.2.2 Subsurface Ground Conditions at Sentul

Fig. 4-5 shows the plan of the Sentul site together with locations of borings and soundings, etc. The elevation of the ground surface at the Sentul site is slightly lower than that of the surrounding area. The site is enclosed by rivers and streams and there are many dwellings along the same. The elevation of the ground surface at the site is

Table 4-15a Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (1)

Boring No.	ON C									Sub-S	Sub-Section	۸"								
Type	Type of Boring	:	Rotary	<u>-</u>							-	Percuss ion	io.							
Sample No.	No.	Ţ.,	2-5			2	3	Þ	\$	\$	~	æ	5.	2	:-	22	ü	72	35	چ
Sample depth	depth	0 0 06 0	1.80 -	2.00	2.2 2.4 3.4 3.4	3,00	4 000	5.00 45.11	7.00	8.8 8.60	3000	18.92	8%	3.80	3.60	36.0			17.99-11	9.05
Condit	Condition of sample			Annual C		٠,			Telephone	í	Checkling.			1-:	 	† •				
Neture	Natural water content, %	83.9	86.6	78.8	78.6	66.5	13.2	13.6	13.5	•	 		₹	1	32.0		0.13	14.5	8	18.4
Spikelfic	Spikalila gravity	2,605	2.591	1 2.604	4 2.57	1 2.573	2.622	2.638	2.629	2.635	2.648	2.636	2.639	2.642	2,616	2.614	2.517	2.626	2.693 2,765	25.768
Wet dan	Wet dansity, g/am²	1.51	1.50	1.53	•	•	-	•								•	•		•	
Dry der	Dry density, g/cm²	0.821	0.805	2 0.856	9	1						•	•	•		•	•		•	
Natural	Natural vold ratio	2.17	2.23	2.04	•	•	•						•	,	٠,	•			-	
Degree	Degree of seturation 1%	100	100	100	•	•		<u>.</u>	•		•	•	•	•		•	•		•	,
	Llquid'ilmit - , %	78.1	80.9	77.5	72.1	6.64	•			•			,	31.1	38.0	30.4	49.0		38.4	
dısı sım	Plastic Ilmit %	35.8	36.8	36.2	29.4	29.9	-			•	-	•		18.4	19.8	18.5	26.9	-	25.5	١.
7	Plasticity Index	42.3	44.1	41.3	42.7	20.0	-		•	•	•	•		12.7	18.2	11.9	1. 22	•	12.9	
	Gravel, %	0	0	0.	ô	٥	8	33	57	77	82	g	જ	12.	<₹	0	0	8	2	<u>~</u>
	Sand . %	0	0	٥	0	0	29	64	42	93	15	7	44	28	7.5	ಜ	=	88	*	2
djeu	Sit	.24	24	25	- 12	တ္တ	٥		_	•	•	-	11	35	37	8	ő	F .	×	8
	Clay & colloid . %	76	76	75	79	7.0	0	•		•	>) }	01	25	47	%	63	2	×	2
	Max, diameter, mm	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.048	0.048	1.61	19.1	19.1	4.76 2	25.4	1.61	1 61	9.52	4.76	78 O	0,84	9.52	1.61	9.52
	Diam, at 60%	0.0022		0.0022 0.0020	•	•	1.2	1.7	4.2	0,40	5.6	1.6.1	1.4	0.075	0.011	0.075	0.012	0.60	0.083	0.15
	Diam. at 10%		•		_	•	480.0			0.14	0.65	2.0 0	0.0040		•			0.0051		0.0016
Visualiso	Visual soil description	בא הא		S. S.	2 % (2.1)	Silty	Sand	Sand	Sandy Gravel	Sand Gr	Gravel Gr	Gravel or	Grown Sorry Sn	Sheety 341 S	S1155	Sury Som	\$1. ₹₹	Charal Sprid Spricy	3 8	2 %
Unified		X.	MH	Ě		3	(SW-NS)	L	AS.	ę,	75	8	-	- ਹ	_ ਹ	•	ರ	•	_	
ÜD	Undiscubbed sample, hg/am ⁹	0.055	0.050	0.115	•		•							-	-	-		-		Γ.
£ 50 2		•				•	•	-		•			•			•	•	•	-	
150 Outo POSU	Sometivity ratio	•	•	•	•	٠		•	-	•	•	•		-	-	,	·	-	 	
3 3 0	Strain at fallure,%	-8.5	δ ο 8-	3.6	•		•	-		-	•		•		 	-	-	•	-	
- 51	Angle of internal friction	.0	0. 0.	0. 0.	•	•	- T		-	•	•	•			-		•		•	<u> </u>
itas nga i u	Cohmion, kg/cm*	0.04	0.04 0.070.08 0.09	5.08 0.09	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-		•		-	•	•	-	Ī.
	Condition of dealnage	n-n	ດ-ດ ດ-ດ	ก-ก ๔-ก		-	•	 				,		-		-		,		
josu Poj	Preconsolidation pressure, kg/cm²	•	02.0	0.28		•	·	•				-	<u> </u> •	,			•	-	 -	,
	Compression Index	0.58	0.64	0.59	•	•	-	ļ	,	 -	•	-	. •	 -	-		-	-	ŀ	,
																			1	1

Table 4-15b Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (2)

Sample of Soring Sample depth Natural water content, % Specific gravity Wet density, g/cm ³ Dry density, g/cm ³ Natural void ratio Degree of saturation, % Atterberg							Rotary	ج				
3 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2				•				•				
19 9/ 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		5	5.2	2.3	\$		S-5	S-6	, S-7	8-8	S-9 Top	S-9 Bottom
Satura 19/10		8	2.00.2	3.8	5.00	٠ ١	5.50	7.50	8.50 8.50 8.50	9.50 	-00°0	700.11
Satura		1.80m	2.80m	6	%.	1	1	5 40	57.4	49.4	57.1	55.7
10 9/ 9/ 9/ 9/ 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		77.6	,,,,	2:2			2 630	2.637	2.638	2.626	2.603	2.526
58 tur 9/	-	2.606	2.583	2.606	20.5	1 57	1,61	09 1	1.64	1.7	99:1	1.63
Satur		1.45	1.45	87,1		1	280	0 972	8	1.15	1.06	3.05
satur		0.728	0.735	0.786	6.65%	Ť	3	, ,	1.53	1.29	1.46	1.6
satur		2.58	2.52	2:35		20.1	3, 5	8	8	100	282)00 00 1
-		ဥ	90	000	3 5	ν τ. α τ.	70 V	67.0	56.9	56.5	88.1	53.0
	=1t . 2	76.2	3.5	8/.4	200	3 6	, ,	٠, ٧,	25.1	25.3	26.3	23.3
	imit %	33.8	۶. د.	34.1	11/2	2.53	2		٥	31.2	8.13	23.7
miles Plasticity index	y index	42.4	48.7	53.3	34.9	3/.3	34.3	3	? .	c	0	0
Gravel		o	٥	0	ا د		7	,	, -	-	-	22
Sand	**	0	0	0	,	-	,	,		Į,	5	R
Sile	7.5	23	19	18	8	53	28	25	લ ક	6	3 %	3 03
		77	18	82	61	20	20	20	23	8		6
analysis San Mark	44	0.043	0.042	0.074	0.25	0.105	0.105	0.105	0.105	0. (02	27.0	3
74. 4. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.		0,0010		•	0.0046	0.0020	0.0027	0.0035	0.0040	0.0036	180.0	0.05
					•	•		•	•	•	-	
Diam. at 102	201	Silty	Salty	Stite Clay	इंग्रीक	Silty	SALEV	S() (2	Silty	डार्क टीक्	S1.tv C18y	V/Sand
Visual soil classification	, vo				X 2		3	3	5	3	3	Ę
Unified soil classification	tion	5	5	0.062~	0.05/2			١.	0,108%	0.295	0.315%	•
	Undisturbed sample, kg/cm²	•	0.035	0.065	0.075) (i)	22.7		
Unconfined Remoulded sampke.	s sampke. kg/cm²	•		-		•		•				
test	ity ratio	•	•	,		•			4, 40	5 5AB 5	4.97.9	
.J	Strain at fallore, %	•	(15.0)	4.3%5.5	4.9%.0				: [1	_	
Applie of	Apple of interpal friction		0،	00 20	0	-	6	å	•	_1_	•	١
	ko/cm²		0.03	0.035 0.10	0.04	0.05	0.08	9.08	0.08	-	ᆂ.	
compression confession			B=0	U-1) C-1	n •n	3	n-n	0 - 0	3	n-0 n-1		
	Condition of drainage	<u> </u> .	0.17	8	0.25	•	0.28	0.50	0.43	-13	1.3	
Consolidation Preconsol	Preconsolitation pressure, 27 cm	0.00	0.64	0.66	0.63	٠	0.49	0.54	0.46	0.44	0.53	•

* Note: All samples are undisturbed.

Table 4-15c Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (3)

1,100.1 3, 20.2 3, 20.2 1, 2, 20.2 1, 2, 20.2 1, 2, 20.2 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	Bortng No.	g No.	_			58	58H-1							É	2770			
Control Cont	Sample	, No. 1	5	<u> </u>	₽-9n	4-00	2-95	9-00	7-00	8.93	S	29-5	r-di		12	3.01	7.01	ا و
Marie Mari	Sample	depth	88		أخذا	28.7		- 65 	3.80	15.90		200		00-7	6	<u>'E</u>		3 60 S
Control Cont	Neturel		7	<u>5</u>	87.4	76.2		35.6	38.2		9.7	2.96 2.96		59.5	8.65	Ť	7 "	1 S
Committy, places 1.44 1.44 1.44 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.44 1.45 1.44 1.45 1.	Specific	d gravity	2,584			2.576	2.603	2.605	2,616	2.607	18	2.553	15	2,589	2.615	2.623	2.625	2.623
Constructive Control Constructive Control	Wetder	nsity, g/om²	1.40	1.44	1,49	1.57	1.78	1.82	1.81	1.81	\$	1.44	1, 54	1.64	2	28.	23	2.08
Particle Particle	Dry der	nsity, g/am²:	0.65	0.72	0.80	0.89	2	1.32	1.5.	1.29	2	0.73	0.88	.03	13	1.38	8	7.4
	Natural	void ratio	2.98		12.2	1.89	1.08	0.94	8	٦.02	2,58	2.48	1.93	1.52	8.	8.9	0.95	0.53
Plantic limit	Degree (of seturation , %	100	Š	ទ័	8	66	§	8	ş	ខ្ល	g	8	8	8	86	8	8
Planticlicy Index No. 34.3 37.3 33.9 31.4 23.2 20.9 21.9 22.4 35.1 34.5 32.0 27.2 23.5 20.1 13.6 13.5 20.0 20	6 79	4.		85.4	71.3	6.69	43.0	39.5	47.8	43.5	88.0	8.6	0.0	59.5	56.9	42.5	36.3	33.9
Sint		. 1		37.3	33.9	31.4	23.2	20.9	21.9	22.4		34.8	32.0	27.2	23.5	20.1	18,6	26.5
Send		Plasticity, index	44.4	48.1	37,4	38.5		18.6	9.6	-1,15		45.0	38.0	32.1	33.4	1-	17.7	17.4
Sint				0	0	0	0	0	0	0		8.0	6	0		0	o	1=
Silt 1, 1, 1, 2, 2 28 37 39 46 51 50 58 31 31 37 39 44 58 49 49 Clay, & certainly, State State	: .			0	0	0	24	į.	14	ဋ	-	-	4	~		35	82	3
Clay & celloid .	-			28	37	39	46	5.	S	88	គ	<u>ت</u>	37	82	44	58	49	1
Mass, claimeter, mm 0.044 0.043 0.043 0.043 0.054 0.014 0.014 0.010 0.210 0.210 0.210 0.210 0.020 0.016		Clay & colloid . X	73	72	63	61	30	32	88	32	68	88	53	S	25	23	ខ្ល	2
Olem.et 60%		Max, diameter, mm	0.044	0.043	0.063				0.297		2.0	270	0.210		0.210	0.420	0.420	19.70
Dism. at 10% Calcal Silty Silty		Olem, et 60%	•	1100.0					<u> </u>	0.014	,		0.0024	0.0022	0.0035	0.029	0.016	٥. نظ
State CH CH CH CH CH CH CH C		Olem, et 10%	٠	•	•	•	-	•		-		-	-	١.			١.	Ţ.
Component of Com	Visual so.	il description	S 15	300	23	-	├	 -	 —	23	ļ	٥.	73.15	S.	3	7,47	À	ayey
Compression Halford Compression Halford	Unified	oil clearification	(H)	(K)	-	!	 	╂─	╂┈	† -	1		15	35	35	- - - -	2000	S
Sensitivity ratio Color		Undisturbed sempte, kg/om*	-		t	550	-	ສ	32	1,2,1	,	17	0.058	1.		33	0.25	1.
Strain at failure, X		Remoulded semple, kg/om ^p	•	*	•	-	-		-	•	7.	-∦	•	•		, ,	1	1.
Strain at failure, No. Condition at failure, No. Con		Senaltivity ratio	•	•	•						-	-	1.	.	-	-		<u> </u>
Cohesion, ky/cm² - 0	;	Strain at failure,%	•		\$	6	5	8.0	0.5	(20.0)			21%	•	╂╌		12~20	
Section, kg/cm² - - 0.030 0.14 - 0.20 - - 5.06 0.28 0.19 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.19 <	150	Angle of Internal friction	•	 •,	•0		6	-	ခ	-	-	,		<u> </u>	င်	٤		1.
Consistence	i ux	Cohesion, kg/cm²	10.0		_	-	7.14	厂	.20	 -	-	-		80.28	2	1-	85.	1.
Presented House, kg/cm² 0.13 0.19 0.13 (0.60) - - 0.11 0.14 0.19 - 0.42 (1.2))- s	Condition of disinate	-	-	n-n	0-0	n•n		-n-n			•	1) 0	3	3	3	•
Compression index 0.70 0.80 0.66 0.50 0.35 0.31 0.29 0.26 0.88 0.74 0.60 0.48 0.38 0.30 0.30 0.30		Precomolidation -		.E			0.60)	-	-	┢	=	-	91.0	-	42	(1.2)		Ţ.
0.019 0.031 0.020 0.020 0.031 0.053		Compression Index		8	_	90	35	5	62	8	88	2		88	-	B	22.0	Ţ.
	ne vane	Max. Cu. kg/cm2		0.031	•	•	•			-	020	ទ	0.053	-		-		Ţ.

* Note : All samples are undisturbed.

Table 4-15d Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (4)

											SBH-3			:							
Borring No.	No.	- 1	(-01)	1	F		3-011	1.D. A.	1.0-7	8-011	6-00	01-00	::- <u>0</u> 5	121-00	UD-13	41-du	151-00	91-00	01/1-00 (1/00)	100-17 1144614 B	CO-CO
Semole No.	6.	100 000	Ę	7 00 00		. 8		E-	g.	1.	8.00	00.6	00.01	88	13.82	85	8% 8%		1 1	1.1	16.27
Sample depth	t) the			38	2.80	3.80	88	+	٠1.	-1-	-	•			i i			₹-		1.1	
Condition	Condition of semple	-]	٦,	3	1		,	-1	-1-			1	0	•	27.0	4.4	0 8		ا- ا
Natural w	Natural water-content, %	20.7	20.5	14.5	93.4	98.7	101.3				-†	_	-1-	-1-		-1	-1-		17	+	15.
Soicific gravity	ravity	2,642	2.652	2.602	2.559	2,545	2.556	2.575	2.564	2.568	2.606	2.603	2.665	2.607	2.630	\Box	<u>, </u>	7.02		\dashv	7,017
Was dansing ofom?	N ofem?	2 00	2.03	2.03	97	1.46	1.46	1,46	1.50	1.57	1.56	1.63	1.70	1.75	1.77	1.79	.8	.83	2	-	6.
	2007		84		1	1	0.73	97.0	0,80	0.90	16.0	1.03	1.13	1.21	1.25	1.28	1.32	1.32	8.7	2.	. 59
Ory commercy, of con-	ty, gen	8 3		9 46 0	2	T	2.52	T-	1	17	1.85	1.52	28	1.16	1.11	1.07	00.1	10"1	0.92	1.15	0,68
Natural void-ratio	Did-ratio	0.3%		9			9	١	1	1	8	g	8	8	66	8	gg	300	8	00 t	79
Degrae of	^	2 6	2	ő	3 5	3 6	2 4 4 6	1	١.	1	1.09	-1.15		2.57	44.3	42.9	44.4	51.2	48.1	62.2	
	.	700			3 6	33.6	32.7	6 72	1	9	26.1	8. 52	25.0	8.8	8	20.5	21.6	21.2	23.3	27.8	,
iseti ismë	Plastic limit "X	o c			48.6	45.6	\$3.7	╁	1-	1	33.9	29.3	24.7	24.3	24.2	22.7	22.8	30.0	8.45	34,4	•
	Carrie At			,	c	c	٥	╁╌	╁╴	0	0	0	0	ò	0	0	0	0	0	ō	ž
<u></u>		-	٦	: }	, (c	,	c	o	9	4.	2	ω	23	11	45	0	<u>ئ</u>
		47	<u>ئ</u>	¢	1	3	> 5	\		25	67	×	\$	38	44	47	27	జ	17	52	20
	Silt	<u> </u>		4		3	}					7.7	97	87	46	45	4.5	S	88	75	ន្ត
	Clay & colloid , %	35	2]		8	78	3 5	- 6		-1-					60,	636.0	Š,	0.420	8	0.074	573
	Max, diameter, mm	4.76	9.52	9.52	0.020	0.032	0.074	0.043	0.043		0.041	0.0		-1	7.50	33:3			1.	0000	ج د
10	Diam, at 60%	11.0	0.145	1.10	•	0.0012	•	0.0010	0.001	0.0021	0.0029	0.0039	0.011	0.012	0.014	0.014	0.0	20.0		27	3
	Diam. et 10%	.						•			-	•			- 1	-	-			-ŀ-	Nun (
View V	Visual soil description	Clayey	Clayey	1	31.5	33,15	×	330	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	>>\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	S. S. S.	33	33) }	} } ⁄'	2300	7,	, ar	 1-	;†	823
initial a	Holylad soli classification) 3 3	ð	3	3			ŏ	ð	(H)	ರ	ಕ	3	ا	ફે ફે	(30)	ð	•
,	Undisturbed				92.0				0.075	0.082	0.082	0.10	0.085	0.23	0.27	•	0.35	0.37	•		\cdot
ojs:	Removided						,		<u> </u>				e	•	•			•	•	-	•
ilno and	Public, Koldan	•		,	1	-						•	•			•	•	•	•	•	,
20U (COM	Senativity ratio				√0,8 0,8	١.		1.	4.5	0.01	20°3>	10.5	15.0	9.3	0°	•	13.5	11.5	•	,	'
	Apple of	,	•		- - - - -			50	١	8 a	5	15.5"	°	0. 15	15	0 161	00 15	٥٥	•	•	ı
)59; - 58.	internal frigilion	·	•	•		•	•		19	4.	0.050	0.0	6	1	0	0.16 0	0.23 0.10	0.25	,	1	•
i u	Cohesion, kg/am'	•			•		•	200		<u>.</u>			1		-	[3	1	=	.	,	•
oįs 305	Condition of drainage	•	•	•	,	•		2 2	2	3		3	- 1	3	Τ.	3	?		1	-	
	Proconsolidation pressure, ko/cm²	•	•	,	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0,72	0.92	-		•						•	 	1
	Compression index	•	ŀ	,	0.63	0.63	0.68	99.0	0.88	18.0	0.55	0.45	96.39	0.42	8	0.34	33	8	·†	,	
	Maximum shear		ŀ		920.0	0.020	0.021	ŀ			•	0.048	•	•		•	•	•	•	-	·
vear No.	Serengen Kg/Gus								-		-									-	

Table 4-15e_ Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (5)

		•			T V		Ĺ									2			
ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	Samble No.	-an	7-05 CD-5	00 - 3	200	Nottom		900	80 C	100-7	8-00	6-00	i son	00		0.00-2	1	10-3	3
Sampl	Sample depth	00:00	1 90 :	2.00	4 4 0 0 1 - 1	4.40 505.1	85	000 000 000	6-1 0-0 0-0 0-0	38.80	12.00	14.00	£ .	8	95	3	2.50	S	
Condi	Condition of sample	- Annual Control	Section 2							7 ·	1.6			1		79			
Netca	Netural water content, 74	19.6	10.5	14.9	73.0	32.2	76.5	7 03	6 63	0,0	2 OS	6.64	1	200	2 4	The state of the s	3		3 3
Sign	Solectific pravity	6.5							1	}		3		2	777	2	0.0	82.3	25.00
		۲,۵/۶	4.034	2,055	- 1	2,628	2.602	2,623	2,627	2,644	2.668	2.661	2.674	2,684	2.651	2.633	2.629	2.630	2.614
Wet G	wet density, g/cm/	2.03	2.88	2.07	1.56	1.72	1,53	1.56	1.60	1.79	1.88	1.86	1.80	2.12	2.14	1.86	1.55	1,51	 ئۇ
\$ 0 0	Dry density, g/cm²	2	. 38	1.80	0.00	1,30	0.87	0.92	0.98	1.28	1,44	1.40	1.53	1.79	1.74	1.64	1.34	0.83	0.8
Natura	Natural void ratio	0.58	0.41	0.47	1,89	1.02	2.00	8	1.67	1.07	0.85	2.9	0.746	0.50	0.520	19.0	8.0	2.38	2.25
0.00	Degree of saturation . %	16	89	84	100	83	100	66	99	8	ಜ	86	64	85	8	85	53	8	8
\$ \$194		~ +	1	•	83.6	50.8	79.2	70.1	64.0	42.8	38.5	42.7	•	41.3	32.1	•		78.8	69
đas)) Jeni	Plastic limit , %	7	$\cdot $	•	32.3	19.9	34 , 1	29,5	1 92	18.3	16.8	19.5		19.3	4.8	•		30.2	28
V	xapu Aı	24,1			51.3	30.9	45.1	40.6	37.9	24.5	19.7	23.2		22.0	17.3	,		48.6	1
	Gravel %	2	22	8	~	=	0	0	0	0	0	0	ŀ	-	2	82	2	0	C
1 :5.	Sand . %	25	72	92	φ.	46	4	1.	0	11	27	0.	44	23	53	77	75	0	
៤ ១១	Sile	15	(9)	(3)	=	80	20	. 22	23	25	40	44	38	91	5	١,		s	គ
# #2	Clay & colloid . %	28			83	35	76	72	11	37	33	97	6	37	8	r>	<i>D</i>	8	78
s v	Mak, dlameter, mm	9.52	9.52	9.52	4.76	9.52	0.420	0.420	0.041	0.420	0.420	0,420	4.76	4.76	4.76	9.52	9.52	7,00.0	0
no	Diam, at 60%	0.16	7.30	1.49	0.0011	0.49)	0.0019	2100.0	0.024	0.035	0.014	0.030	0.085	::	=	2.2		0.0010
	Diam, at 10%		0.14	0.17		•	•	•	•	•	*	•	0.0017	•		0.12	0.13		
Viscel y	Visual soil description	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	Sand	Sand	Silty C	Clayey	2115 2115	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	200	S)	10 5 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	\$3 \$5 \$5	Sug Sug	λ Sugs S		Sand	Sand	3:	31.56
Chirled	Unified soil dessification	SS	Siv	NS.		SC	ð	5	5	ಕ	ಕ್ಕ	ಕ) (3)	 3	×	35	ż	3	ð
UOIS Per	Lindierurhad sample, kg/am²	•	3	•	0.13	·	0.065	•	0.13	0.21	0.39	0.42	•	•		ŀ	,	0.12	
tax vijo	Hemousies is some					•	•		•		,	-	-		ł	•		,	
114 3100 3004	Sensitivity ratio	•	•	•			•	•		•	4		•			•] '
3	Strain at failure, %	•	•		14.5		15.0		24.0	14.5	2.5	ð.		•	5.5	•	•	7.4	
150	Angle of internal friction		•	•	•	•	ó	6	8	٤		0	-	6	4 .	,	1	-	
ix bi sqrn 1 oc	Cohesion, kg/cm?			•	•		0.050	090.0	0.065	0.07	0.30	0.35	•	(5.0)	-	 -	•	1	
35 14	deinege	•	•		•		∩• 0	n-n	3	5	n•n	ے ا		7. D-0	ξ,	•			•
logu Logi	preseure, kg/cm²	•	-	-	•	•		0.32	(0.4)	(0.67)	(06.0)	(0,95)	•	•		•	•	0.29	17.0
2 T	Compression Index		•		0.55		•	0.55	0.45	0.26	0.24	0.27	•	•	•	-	-	69.0	9, 0
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	strength, kg/cm2			-	-		•	•	•	•	3	1	•	*	•	•		•	0.033
Shear		-	<u>.</u>	-	· · ·														

Table 4-15f Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (6)

														•	S84-6			!	-	
Boring No	No.		1000	9-01			0	, C C	11,-01	ות נייטו	u0-2	10-3	00-4-0U	1 5-0n	102.50 102.50 103.50 10	9-00	1 2-01	8-00	0 6-00	01-00
Samole No.	ç		60 ×	30 TTO T	9.50	00:		Υ-	T.,	10	1.	1	E - 1	E - E		0.5 0.5 1.1	8%	3.50-	90.	\$.50 \$.50
Semple depth	ep th	7		8	- 0					1.	•						-		دفا	1
Condition	Condition of semple		1	- 1	1	1	:	.		•		1	10 5	7 09	60.2	\$2.4	38.33	33.2	34.6	36.1
Netwel w	Natural water content, . %	82.5	77.6	71.3		ഗി	_	-1-	-	-1	┨.	-t-	-1-		+	17	¥	2 452	2 677 2	2.659
Specific gravity	revity	2.620	2.636	2.659	2.685	2.669	ӛ	_	. 1	7		51	J		-1-	-	-1-	300	_	\ \a
Wat density, g/cm*	ty, g/cm*	1.52	1.60	1.56	1.68	1.76	1.81	1.83	1.75	ા	-	\dashv	十	-	3	┪	1	00.		3
- Constant	Dry density, a/cm²	0.83	06.0	16.0	11.1	1.21	1.29	1,30	1.21	1.58	. 70	16.0	0.94		S	_		2,1	600	3
Magnetal world eathor	and earlie	2.15	1 93	7.92	1.42	1.20	1.06	1.05	1.18 0	0,680-	0.567	1.86	1.76	1.78	55	1.37	; ;	0.879	926.0	978
	* ************************************	9	8	8	901	ş	8	5 6	8	8	35	81	100	100	100	100	g	ဋ	8	န္ဓ
	A CONTRACTOR	٩	67.5	١.	0 84	46.0	42.8	41.5	55.4 3	33.9 4	48.2	73.0	8.17	68.3	65.7	58.0	42.3	37.0	40.1	47.0
		? ;	3	8,0	20.2	20.3	٦	l _o	5,3	٦	17.8	31.6	30.1	30.00	28.0	24.7	19.8	17.8	2,	21.2
hett ភពព	e a sum diserva	2	2 2	֓֞֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֓֓֓֟֟ ֓֓֓֞֓֞֓֓֓֞֓֞֓֓֞֓֓֓֞֓֓֓֞֞֓֓֓֞	28.7	7,7	1-	1-	- -	5.9	-	41.4	41.7	37.9	37.7	33.3	22.5	19.2	20.02	25.8
7	X tudex	ķ	;	;	3		c		╂	2	-	o	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0
~		3	3	}	,	,	, ,	. .	·la	\ \ \ \	14		~	~	•	-	12	14	 #	
-		-		- ;	۲	2 4	- 5	, 84	e E	3 8	-	2	22	25	61	æ	3	င္တ	22	82
	Sit.	72	777	ŝ	C.	•	,	;	<u>;</u>		 - 	. ;		;		ž	3	<u>ا</u>	829	8
	Clay & colloid , %	12	78	71	65	52	53	┪	寸	1	-	?	?	+	000	Ţ	1,	28.0	1	0 47
	Max, diameter, mm	52.0	0.074	0.105	0.037	0.25	0.25	0.25	0,25	4.76	4.76	52.0	0.25			-1-	+		٠.	
O: 61	Diam, at 60%	0.0012	0,0014	0.0024	0.0036	0.0085	0.0088	0.0097	0.0057	0.062	0,081	0.0015	0.0018	0.0016	0.0016	0.0037	0.015	620.0	2000	0.000
	700						-				•	•	3		•	•		•		
	Diem, et 10%	54 EV	\$4) tv	. I	S	Silty	STU	Silty	Sity	Sondy	Sandy	Silt	23.5	22.5	2 (S)	2) (S)	2010	Sito	33	
Ø jener	Visual son description			À O	-4-	٦_		1	-1-	+	33	3	35	8	ð	8	ರ	ฮ	ರ	ಕ
	Uniting ton classification	5	5	5	;	;				十	300	<u> </u>		-			•	 '	•	
	undimersion semple, kg/cm²	•	,		٠		•		+	十		1		\dagger					•	
enil.	Remoulder Semole, kg/cm*	•	•	•	•	٠	•			-	•	+	•			•	- · ·	-	- 	
15	Sensitivity ratio	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		-	•	•	•		 			<u>†</u>	,
91 93	Strain or failure, X	١.		•	•	•	•	•	•	,	9.5	•		•	•		.		Ę	٤
	Angle of	0		ò	ţ.	60	ပ်	.0	0	•	•	, O	6	ွ	: -	b	5	3	_ [-	,
5 P.X	Toplanion kolomi	080	.	0.035	0.070	090.0	0.14	0.18	9.18		•	0.080	0.050	0.085	0.11	0.14	61.0	62.0	05.0	0.00
x Sin gmo	Condition of	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		=======================================		-	a-5	3-3-	n-0		,	n-n	n•n	n - n	ก-ก	n-n	n•n	ก-ก	=	2
5	Grainage Preconsolidation	, ;					e e	8	-		,	0,4	0.52	•	(0.62)	28.0	(3.5)	8	6,	8.
uo. ps	pressure, kp/cm²	7,0	•	93			3 3	╁		T	21.0	6.3	0.62	,	0,52	0.51	0.30	92.0	6.3 0	6.3
Col dat est	Compression Index	99.0		0.55	0.46	0.35	0.32	0.33	0.48	-	 					 -			Γ.	
Los Vane	Max. Shear strength kg/cm²	0.046	•	•	•	•	-			۱.	•	•	•	•	+			1	-	
7.05 to 5.0		-																		

Table 4-15g Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (7)

Boring No.				5	en.,		Ĭ											
Sample No.*		91 / 69	2	2	1					28.	ŀ			28-3			X8 X8	.,
		7/2/			χ <u>ξ</u>	- 8 - 8		—į	25/P4	07/P6	-	05/61	04/93	D6/PS	24/80	64/010	71/04	P3/04
sample depth		35	455	\$ 0.00 0.00	2 5 5 5 5 5 6 7	 	13.45g	2, co 2, 45 2, 45 2, 45	4.45m	6.95k	တ္ လူ လူ လူ ရှိ	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	500 E	5,00v	₹24.7 F24.7	9.09 8.45 8.5	-00 -45 -45	3.00 4.54 8.54
Natural water content	er content , x	77.3	75.4	73.6	26.0	25.3			61.0	78.5		69.1	89.6	7.4	12.3	3.0	42.2	6.09
Specific gravity	ovi ty	2.598	2.607	2.603	2.649	299.2	2.613	2,663	2.625	2.596	2.600	2.556	2.603	2.622	2.626	2.650	2,615	2.577
-	Liquid limit , %	84.9	79.0	79.0	38.5	40.2	,	68.0	67.6	89.9	77.3	82,0	68.0				۲۱۶	70.7
hal Igi	Plastic 11mit , z	37.5	34.8	35.0	20.8	20.4	٠	30.5	21 6	35.7	35.5	35.6	32.3		-	L.	24.9	200
1	Plasticity index	47.4	44.2	44.0	17.7	19.8	•	37.5	46.0	54.2	41.8	46.4	35.7				26.2	40.5
2	Gravel , x	0	0	0	14	50	74	2	0	0	٥	0	0	35	ñ	8	0	0
Sand	14	ò	0	0	23	2	12	2	0	0		0	20	8	2	1,6	-	ŀ
3.55 2.55 2.55 3.51 5.51 5.51 5.51 5.51 5.51 5.51 5	, i	25	26	23	22	23	4	23	28	12	24	23	8		,	,	: 22	28
YIS Sig	y & Colloid . x	75	7.6	- 22	36	37	0,	62	62	79	76	1.	8	σ	~	·	3 %	3 5
	. diameter . mm	0.048	0.048	0.048	9.52	19.1	19.1	9.52	2.00	0.048	0.048	0,047	0.048	9.52	9.52	19.1	0.84	2.00
		•	•		0.060	0.073	5.2	0.043	0.0043			0.00.0		1.7	7.1	5.7	0.0074	0.0072
D1am.	m. at 10%	_				•	0.0046		•	•	•	,		0.22	0.13	0.95	•	١.
	description	SS1 Clay	STITE	Silty	Sflty Clay W/Sand	S1) ty Clay W/Sand	Grave) Clay	S() ty Clay W/Sand	Stay	Silty	Silty	Silty	SI S		-	Gravel	9.12 9.05	S. 150
Unified soil	classification	3	3	5	ช	บ	•	5	5	5	ð	ð	ð	(SW-SM)	(WS-MS)	હે	ð	ð
														₹.				
Boring No.					58-4							S-82	2				58-6	
Sample No."		P5/06			210/114	P13/014	210/910	P19/020	.p1/02	P3/04	P6/07	60/84	110/014	P12/013	P14/D15	710/919		0 - 3
Sample depth		5.00v. 5.45m	7.00v 7.45m	9,00v. 9,45m	11.00v	13.00v 13.45m	16.00%	19.00v 19.45m		3.00 45m	ţ	8.00 8.05 8.5 8.00	*		76.00 8.00 8.00	16.00v	8.5	3.0
Natural water content	content . x	11.4	21.0	6.8	10.4	21.0	20.7	12.0		18.7	1	42.3	51.7			15.5	62.9	53.5
žÌ	440	2.625	2.622	2.654	2.635	2.633	2:634	2.632	2.609	2,649	2,654	2.639	2.661	2.707	2.705	2,626	2.605	2.604
818 21	- :	•		•	•	٠	35,1	•	64.9		•	47.0	63.9	42.1	36.9		84.0	7.8
!	Plastic Iimit . %	•	.		•	•	19.0		27.3	9	•	24.2	29.5	19.2	19.4	•	35.0	31.0
	Plasticity index		•		•	*	16.1	•	37.6		-	22.8	34.4	52.9	17.5		49.0	40.8
Gravel		25	7	6,	25	0	0	48	0	æ	0	0	0	7	80	37	0	4
		55	ઢ	38	6 6	29	42	46	0	29	19	4	0	37	4.	88	0	5
S12		"	67			24	14	y	38		58	48	24	18	16	,	12	19
Λįe	Clay & colloid . z	1	_			4	Ī	,	62	•		48	. 76		35		- 88	72
ω	Max. diameter , mm		7	19.1	25.4	4.76		9.52	0.048	5.52	4.76	0.84	0.046	9.52	9.52	19.1	210.0	9.52
	Olam, at 60%			9.6	9	0.13	0.24	2.3	0.0038	0.70	0.044	0.014	0.12	0.12	0.31	6:	,	0.0026
D1em	Olam. at 10%	0.21	0.14	0.30	0.35	•	•	0.30	•	0.078	•	-1 -1 -2 -2)	0.25		
Visual soil description		Grave] Sand	Sand	Sandy Grave)	Sandy Grave?	Sand	Clayer	Sandy Grave1	S11ty C18y	Gravel	Clayer	SY1ty Clay	S11ty C) 8y	Sandy Clay	Sandy Clay	Gravel	\$ \$ \$ \$	S3150 C135
Uniffied soil c	classification	ΜS	ςς	გ	3		SC	(GW-CM)	3	(SP-SM)		ಕ	5	1	1-	(54-59)	3	3
	, A 1	3		,														

" Note: All samples are disturbed.

Table 4-15h Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul (8)

							å	α,			-	58-9	. !		,	MC-4	
Boring No	ig. No.		***	1-00	97.70	010/00	23/174	513	10/14	93/94	90/54.	80/44	010/64	210/219	716/017		2
Samp	Sample No."	20/14	3 6	3 60		330	300.	12.00~	300	3.00%	i	~00·	٠٠٥ ٥٠٥	જું	16.00	-00°.	% % %
Samp1	Sample depth	1.45m	3.45m	5,45m	7.45m	9.45m	3,45m	12,45m	1 45m	3,45m	7	7.459	9.45m	E 0	EC 4.01	٠.	
Natur	Natural water content. 2	26.7	24,3	10.5	7:	9.1	13.9	2.1	62.5	× .	٦.	200	5,72	2636	2 62 g	1.	2.590
Speci	Specific gravity	2 677	2.657	2.647	2,657	2.785	.2.631	2,711	2.0.2	5,003	٦ ''	600.7	,3,0	2000		69	61.8
61	Liquid Timit . Z			•	•	i	•		2,4	52.6	, ,	4 E	2 6	2.00	3.00	2000	20,2
94) 135						•	•	•	27.0	26.3	27.4	- 1	23.0	7./	200	2 6	
9)) ail	١						•	•	37.4	1.92	48.3	37.9	29.0	19.1	50.5	20.0	9,
Y	Service Control of	<i>:</i>	1	36	28	g	63	11	o	0	0	0	0	5	22		3
s i s			5	5.4	9	20	s	72	0	. 0	0	9	1	39	33	0	0
ΛĮε		3	36						23	92	27	18	48	15	14	5	44
e P		3	3	5	e	7	~	=	77	74	2	۶	51	52	50	89	8
⇒ 7	Clay & colloid. 7		<u>.</u>			-	7 36	65.0	0 048	0.047	0.048	4.76	0.42	9.52	9.52	0.074	0.048
įs :	Max, diametermm	9.52	3.52	36.8	- C		2,67	2 2	0.0010			0.0014	0.0085	ن ن ن	0.77	0.00\$4	0.0059
nje	Diam, at 60%	51.5				ا:پ						•		,	•	•	•
19	Diom. at 10%	0.0030	1				2,5		<u> </u>	200	51.50	33) 54	2) (2)		Gravel Sand	Silty	SALEY
7.50	Visual soil description	5112	CASES	Grave)	Gravel	Sandy	Gravel	Sand	, S	S &	2 (S)	, à	Ç S	Sand	w/C13V	à l	<u>کو</u> ن دا
13.466.4	as east placetification	÷.	2		3		3		5	ઠ	ક	3	3	×	8	5	5
	10.000 miles and 10.000 miles																
					WG. A								MC-5				
100	Boring No.	ŀ				,	α	°	-	~	E.S.	4	5	9	7		0
Samp	Sample No."	8		٠,		, AAA	3 6	900	700	200.	3,98	₹.0 30.3	5.0%	6.00%	7.85.	3	30.0
Samp	Sample depth	5.5 5.5	4 4 5 4	2 kg	6.65 5.45 5.83	7.45E	8.45m	9.45m	1.45m	2 45m	3.45m		5.45m	6.45m	7.45m	1	#5 0 0 0
	Santage Control of the Party of Santage Santag	78.4	-	68.5	109	85.7	78.0	75.7	118	82.0	98.2	78.3	84.7	7.6	83.7	Ť	200
	. [2 403	ļ.,	2.583	2.576	2.594	2.600	2,585	2,575	2.592	2.586	2.603	2.586	2.575	209.2	,	
3	1			9	3	0.99	75.0	76.1	78.3	77.4	75.9	2'94	73.3	30.1	74.9		73.4
nsc sti	-	7.70	200	6.56	3 2	30.5	32.7	32.7		33.7	34.9	37.0	31.9	33.9	32.8	1	32.1
191 B)	Plastic limit. 4	, i		2 6	2 6	٠١٠	47.3	43.4	40.6	44.3	41.0	39.5	41.4	46.2	42.1	42.0	43.3
ìY	ביוני יוים	?;		٥		٥		0	ŀ	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	٥
sįs	-	, ,	> <	,	٠ د		c	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ξįε		-	> \{	,	}	<u>ئ</u> ر	٦	35	26	2	34	61	22	35	33	27	35
ve	Silt	gg.	3	7,	3 5	3 2	3	, 19	77	å	99	ā	22	\$3	29	88	92
92	Clay & colloid, 2	8	2	2	?	*		, ,	200	0,00	070	0.049	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.048
is	Max, diameter, mm	0.047	0.047	0.047	0.049	0.048	2	0,040	3		8		٠	0.0037		0,0060	0.0032
nis	Diam. at 60%	0.0035	0.0062	0.0055		0.0010	0.0015	0.0026		•	77001	} ,	,				
ng	Olam, at 10%	1	•	•		- I		•	1.	11.	1	1	V= (1.5	51,50	Shity	t	Salty
V150	Visual soil description	ر ا ا	S11 ty	S-11 ty	55. 57. 58.	5 <u>5</u>	S S S	\$ 5 5 5 5 5	> 55	3 %	200		ŝ	C) GV	Clay	Çşç,	را در المر
15	institut soil classification	<u>.</u>	5	3	ō	ð	8	5	£	ð	チ	ž	ð	5	5	5	5
,		13	j,														

* Note: All samples are disturbed.

Table 4-15; Summary of Soil Tests on Samples from Sentul(9) Chemical and Clay Mineral Analyses

## at 25°C		Boring No.			Sub-Section B	8	SS	\$8-6
Total Sulphates as SO3 (% w/w) 0.01 0.03 0.23 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.004 0.		Sample No.		S-1	S-5	S-10	6	p-3
Total Sulphates as SO3 (% w/w) Less than 0.001 Less than 0.004 Less than 0.0	·····	at		6.7	7.5	7.8	6.5	9.9
Water-Soluble Chlorides (% w/w) less than 0.001 0.001 less than 0.001 .	:	Total Sulphates as SO3	(m/m %)	0.01	0.03	0.23	0.01	0.03
Total Chlorides as CI	l* ^{\$15/}	لـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	(M/M %)	less than 0.001	0.001	1	2	
Tin, Sn (mg/kg) less than 1 less than 2 less than 5 less than	(LenA	Total Chlorides as	(M/M %)	9000	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004
Cyanide as CN (mg/kg) less than 1 less than 2 less than 3 less than 5 less than 3 less than 5 less than 1 Chloride (%) 78 -	[e:	Tin, Sn	(mg/kg)	2		2		
Arsenic, As (mg/kg) 10 less than 4 40 10 Lead, Pb (mg/kg) 78 44 78 80 Cadmium, Cd (mg/kg) less than 5 less than 5 5 1 Kaolinite (%) 78 74 62 58 Chloride (%) - - TR 58 Illite (%) 22 19 35 42 Degraded Illite (%) TR 7 3 0) យេខ		(mg/kg)	less than l	than	less than 1	than	Tess than 1
Lead, Pb (mg/kg) 78 44 78 80 Cadmium, Cd (mg/kg) less than 5 less than 5 5 1 Kaolinite (%) 78 74 62 58 Chloride (%) - TR 58 Illite (%) 22 19 35 42 Degraded Illite (%) TR 7 3 0	Cl	Arsenic, As	(mg/kg)	01	than	40	10	е
Cadmium, Cd (mg/kg) less than 5 5 1 Kaolinite (%) 78 74 62 58 Chloride (%) - TR 58 Illite (%) 22 19 35 42 Degraded Illite (%) TR 7 3 0		Pb	(mg/kg)	78	44	78	90	100
ite (%) 78 62 58 54 62 62 64 65 65 64 65 65 64 65 64 65 64 64 65 64 65 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64			(mg/kg)	than	than	ហ	_	2
Chloride (%) TR 58 Illite (%) 22 19 35 42 Degraded Illite (%) TR 7 3 0	7 <u>.</u> l	Kaolinite	(%)	78	74	62		
Illite (%) 22 19 35 42 Degraded Illite (%) TR 7 3 0	nera Sis	Chloride	(%)	•	•	TR	ည်	54
Degraded Illite (%) TR 7 3 0	iy Mi	Illite	(%)	22	6.	35	42	46
	/ ?13	Degraded Illite	(%)	TR	7	m	O	0

All results are based on samples dried at 80°C, except for pH value which was based on air-dried samples TR denotes trace amounts **?**2 Remarks: *1

62

Table 4-16 Unconfined Compression Tests on Rock Core Samples from Sentul

Boring No.		Sub	Sub-Section A"-8	න -				Sub-Section B-A	on B-A	
Specimen No.	-	2	m	4	S	9		2	ဇ	d d
Sample Depth (m)	16.85 - 17.	- 17.1	17.71	- 17.4	17.4 -	17.6	32.5 -	33.5	33.0 -	33.3
Diameter of the Specimen (mm)	ဗ္ဗ	35	35	89	35	35	35	35	35	35
Height of the Specimen (mm)	. 62	70	<u>ი</u>	20	9 9	67	۲	20	69	69
Crushing Strength (kg/cm²)	780	843 8	086	865	632	009	210	316	843	949
Bulk Density (g/cm³)	2.68	2.61	2.55	2.60	2.67	2.69	2.50	2.66	2.64	2.59

higher than the dweller's ground by 2 to 4 m. Fig. 4-17 illustrates the relation of the elevations between the surrounding areas and the site.

It is reported that the site was enclosed by embankments and was used as a dumping area for the tin tailings. There are no village houses on the site although numerous houses are built on narrow corridors between the site and the rivers. This would imply that ground conditions at the site are not suitable for the building of village houses; and that the areas occupied by the dwellers are better drained than those of the pilot test site.

Major investigations in this study were performed within the area enclosed by the embankments. However, ground conditions outside the embankments were also investigated.

All 5 typical types of foundation ground are found at the Sentul site. However Types C, D and E ground are dominant. Most of the Type B ground at Sentul has been reclaimed for a particular development scheme by the City Hall.

The following layers were encountered at the Sentul site:

- Very Soft to Soft Clay (Including Extremely Soft Clay)
- 2) Medium Stiff Clay
- 3) Very Loose to Loose Sand
- 4) Medium-Dense Sand

5) Limestone Bedrock (Including Weathered Portion)

Brief comments on these layers are summarized in Table 4-17. Ground water tables are found at a depth of -0.5 to +2 m. Engineering properties of the major layers at the Sentul site are summarized in Table 4-18. A description of the layers encountered at the Sentul site follows.

The Site

The Site

Fill

Clay

Clay

Sand

Hard Layer

Fig. 4-17 Profile of Sentul Site

Table 4-17 Layers found at Sentul

Layer	Legend	Colour	K-Value	qc (kg/cm ²)	
Very Soft to Soft Clay	cl	Greyish-White to Greyish-Brown	0 - 1 -(3)	÷ 0	
Medium Stiff Clay	c ₂	Greyish-Brown to Dark Grey	4 - 6 -(10)	2 - 10	
Yery Loose to Loose Sand	sı	Grey	2 - 10	20 - 40	
Medium-Dense Sand	s ₂	Grey to Dark Grey	15 - 30	60 - 120	
Linestone Bedrock (Including Weathered Portion)	Ls	Greyish-White to Light Greyish- White	> 30	> 120	

Table 4-18 Summary of Subsurface Ground Conditions at Sentul

i	Layer		Very Soft	Very Loose	<u> </u>		econposed stone	Lice-	
				Soft Clay	Loose Sand	Medium Clay	Clayey Portion	Sandy Portion	stone
Thi	cknes	s ((m)	3 ∿ 12	1 ~ 12	(6.5)	(0.523.5)	(1 ~ 14)	12<
∺-v	/alue		<u></u>	0 ~ 1	2 ~ 10	3 ~ 6	(13509)	10 ∿50≤	Re- fusal
Con	e Res	istance ([kg/ca²}	0 % (20)	0 ~ 70	-	(10 ∿ 20)	5 ~ 40	Re- fusal
	¥21.0	r Content &	PL (%)	20 ~ 37	-	15 7 25	-	-	-
*	Atte	rberg Limits	₩n (%)	354115	10 2 20 {=15}	20 ~ 40	(20)	-	-
Properties	 		LL (1)	10 ~ 90	-	30 ∿50	-	- .	-
8 0 1	İ		Clay	30 ~ 80	0 ~ 10	25 ~ 35	-	-	-
	Grad:	ing Analysis (%)	Silt	18 ~ 50		20 ~ 60	-	-	-
Physical		(*)	Sand	0 ∿24	10 4 60	0 ~ 40		-	-
h.			Gravel		30 ∿ 90	0 ~ 20		-	-
				2.55.2.65	=2.64	2.5 ~ 2.7	=2.75	-	-
	Wet Density Yt (t/m³)		1.40~1.80	-	1.81 ~ 2.08	-	-	2.6	
	Coefficient of k (cm/sec)		-	1 × 10 ⁻²	1 x 10-4	•	1 x 10-3 ~1 x 10-2	-	
-	Undra Stren	sined Shear ngth	(t/ <u>n²</u>)	0.2 %1.5 ~{2.0}	_	(1.1) 42.5 43.5	-	-	-
12.0	Cu/		•	0.1 ~0.3	-	- '		-	-
Properties	Unia: Strer	cial Compres 19th	^S [kg/cm²]	-	-	<u>-</u>	-		200 31000
	Defor	lus of sation	(kg/c=2)	-	-	- '	-	-	1000 ~5000
Mochanical	Preconsolidation Po (t/m²)		Po (t/E ²)	1 ~ 5	-	(12) ~ 13	-	-	-
Ã	Cospr	ession	cc	0.35-0.90	-	0.22 ~0.30	-	~	<u> </u>
	Over Consolidation Patio		0.5 %1.25	_	-		- -	, -	
	Coeff Conso	icient of	(ca ² /rin)	3 x 10-2 ~2 x 10-1	-	1.5 x 10-1 %5 x 10-1	<u>-</u>	-	
1	ЬĦ			6.5 47.5	-				<u>-</u>
rties	Total	Sulphate	SO3 (1, v/v)	0 ~9.3	<u>-</u> :	-	~	<u> </u>	
Chemical Properties	Total	Coloride	Cl ⁻ (1, v/v)	0.004 ~0.006	-	-	-	-	
3	Tin		(Fg/kg)	1 ~2	-	-	-	<u> </u>	
O TWE	Arsenic (Eg/kg)		0 ~40	-	-		 -		
ទី	Lead		{#g/kg}	40 ~100			-		<u> </u>
	Cadai	<u></u>	(#g/kg)	Less than	-				<u> </u>
Mine		Kaolinite	(1)	60 ~80	~	-	-		
Cont	tent	Illite	(\$)	20 ~40	-			_	-

(1) Extremely Soft to Soft Clay Layers

At the Sentul site, extremely soft to soft clays are deposited, the soil properties of which change gradually with depth. Extremely soft clay is found at the bottom of the pond and very soft clay covers almost all of the site except for certain bands and filled areas. Soft clay is found beneath the very soft clay and is interbedded between other layers. The origin of the majority of these clays is slime deposits derived from tin-mining.

(a) Extremely Soft Clay

Extremely soft clay was found at the bottom of the pond at this site. The thickness of this layer is about 5 to 8 m with the natural water content being higher than that of the very soft clayey layer. However, other physical properties are similar. The physical properties of the materials distributed at the bottom of the pond at the Sentul site are summarized as follows.

Clay Content 60 ∿ 80%

Silt Content 20 v 40%

Natural Water Content Wn = 60 \ 120%

Liquid Limit $LL = 60 \times 808$

Plastic Limit PL = 30 \(\sigma 40\) 8

Specific Gravity $Gs = 2.58 \times 2.60$

(b) Very Soft to Soft Clay Layers

The ground at the site is generally covered by a very soft clayey layer with N-values of 0 to 1. In general, cone resistance is almost 0 kg/cm2. The layer is either off-white or brownish in colour. The thickness of the layer is generally 2.8 to 6.8 mwith an average of 4 to 5 m. However, the thickness of the very soft clay at the test embankment area is 11 to 13 m. Engineering properties change gradually with depth in this layer. In the northern area outside the enclosure embankment at Sentul, the distribution of the soft clayey layer is much less than that at the area enclosed by the embankment. Interbedded layers of very soft clay with N-values of about 1 were found at Sub-Section A (depth of 9.8 to 10.7 m), SB-5 (depth of 5.8 to 10.9 m) and SB-6 (depth of 17.0 to 18.0 m).

i) Physical Properties

Physical properties of soil versus depth are shown in Fig. 4-18, and grading texture versus depth are shown in Fig. 4-19. Major physical properties are summarized below:-

* Water Content:

 $W_n = 50$ to 110% (Ave. 70%)

(before installation of sand drains and test embankment)

- * Specific Gravity: Gs = 2.55 to 2.65 (Ave. 2.60)
- *Grain Size Distribution : 50 to 90% Clay

 10 to 50% Silt

*Liquid Limit: LL = 50 to 90%

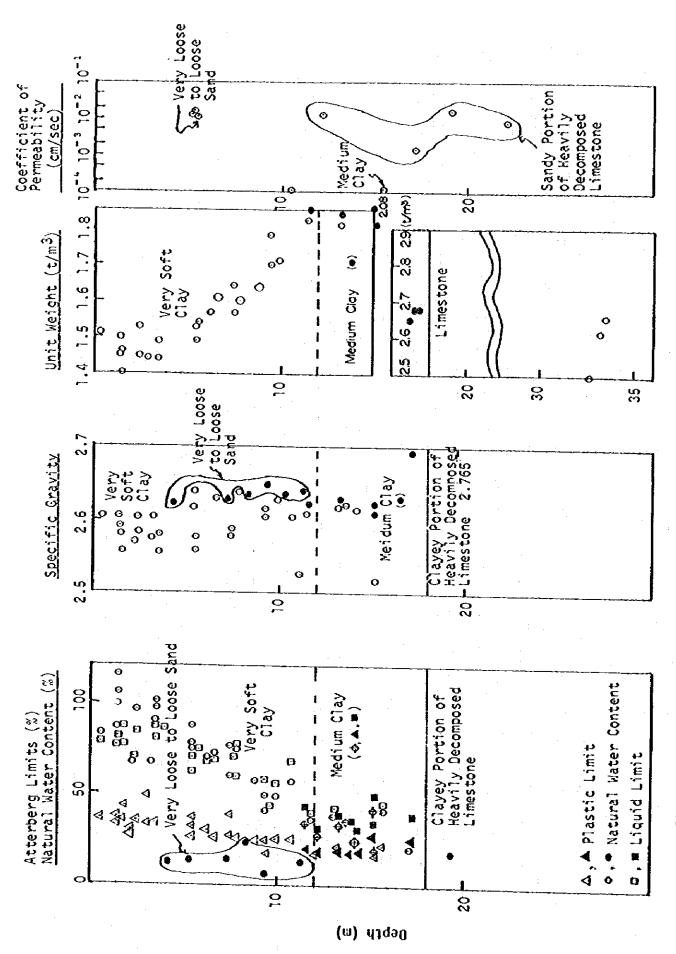
*Plastic Limit: PL = 25 to 40%

*Unified Soil Classification: CH (See Fig. 4-20)

According to the results of pore-pressure sounding carried out at subsection B, the upper 5 m of the layer is very homogeneous, while at lower 5 m, thin and relatively permeable layers may be embedded.

ii) Strength Properties

Undrained shear strength obtained by laboratory soil tests and in-situ vane tests are plotted versus



Depth ws. Results of Physical Properties Tests at Pilot Test Area Fig. 4-18

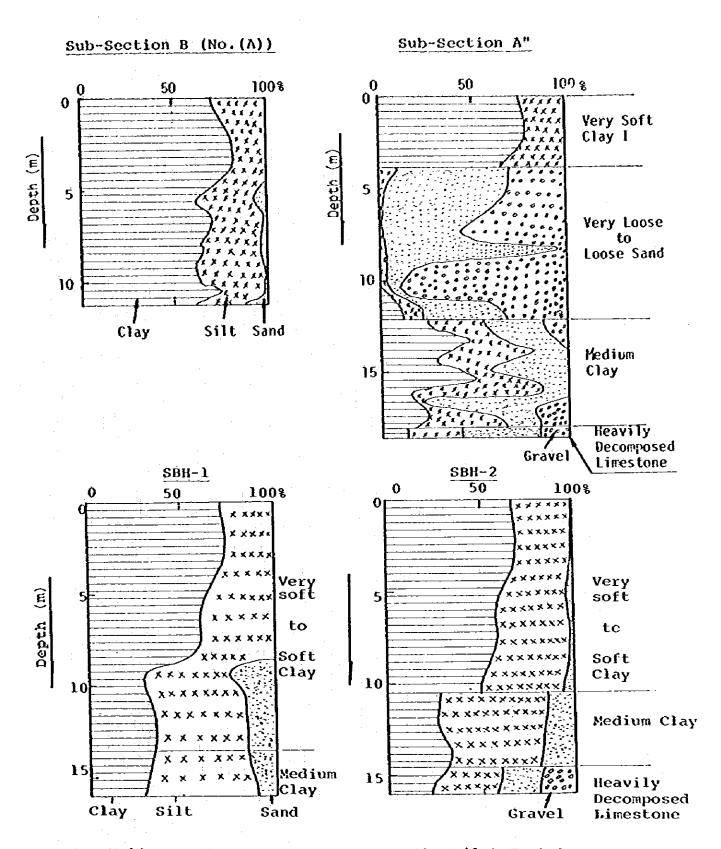


Fig. 4-19 Grading Texture verses Depth, Pilot Test Area

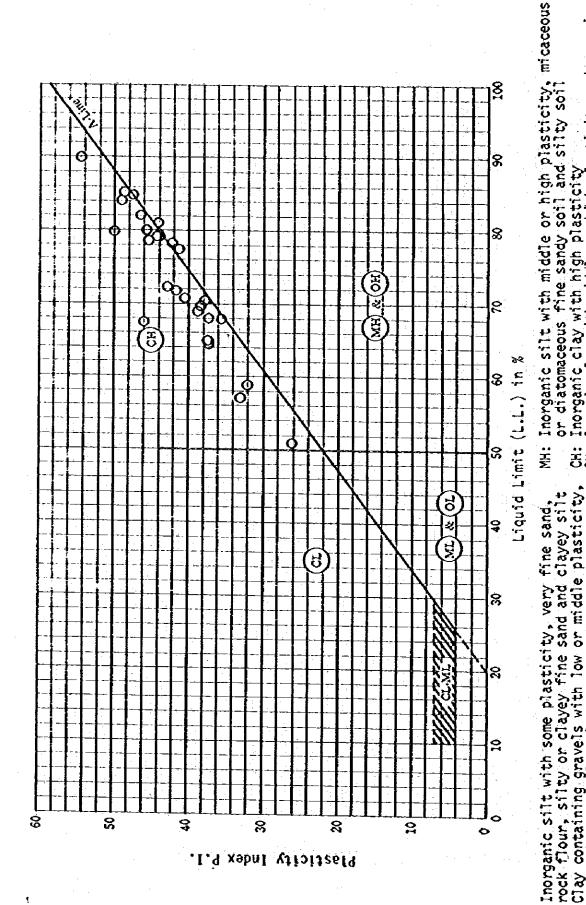


Fig. 4-20 Plasticity Chart for Very Soft to Soft Clay Layers

sandy clay and silty clay Organic silt with low plasticity and organic silty clay

;;

.; ; <u>5</u>

CH: Inorganic clay with high plasticity
OH: Organic clay with middle or high plasticity and organic silt

depth in Fig. 4-21. From the detailed soil explorations, it seems reasonable to divide the soft clay stratum into two, i.e. upper and lower parts. As a first approximation, the undrained shear strength of these clay layers is expressed as follows:

$$0 < z < 8 \sqrt{9} \text{ m}$$
 $c_u = 0.07z + 0.08$
 $8 \sqrt{9} \text{ m} < z$ $c_u = 0.28z - 1.6$

where, z: Depth from the Ground Surface (m) c_{u^2} Undrained Shear Strength (t/m²)

It must be noted that the undrained shear strength is extremely low. The ratios of the increase in undrained shear strength to the increase in effective pressure, c_u/P , for both layers obtained from above equations are 0.13 and 0.47 respectively, using the average unit density of soil, $\gamma_t = 1.6 \text{ t/m}^3$.

Fig. 4-22 also shows the relation between $c_{\rm U}/P$ and depth, obtained from consolidated undrained triaxial compression tests. From this figure, $c_{\rm U}/P$ is found to be 0.28 for the upper part of the soft clay stratum and 0.40 for the lower part.

As already explained, in Section 3 the properties of ex-mining deposits are very much dependent on mining methods. The composition, stress history, and the state of stress will be different from layer to layer and/or location to location. Therefore, the strength properties summarized above cannot automatically be applied to other ex-mining sites.

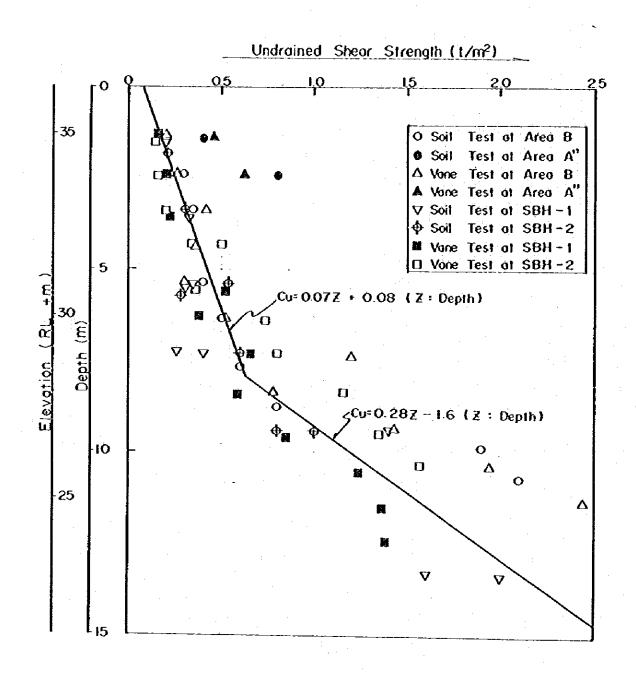


Fig. 4-21 Depth vs. Undrained Shear Strength (Vane and U-U Triaxial Tests)

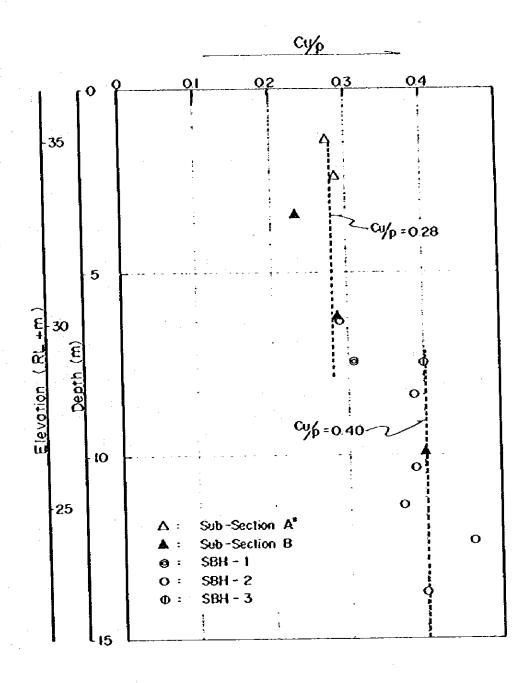


Fig. 4-22 Cu/p after Consolidated-Undrained Triaxial Compression Tests v.s. Depth

iii) Consolidation Properties

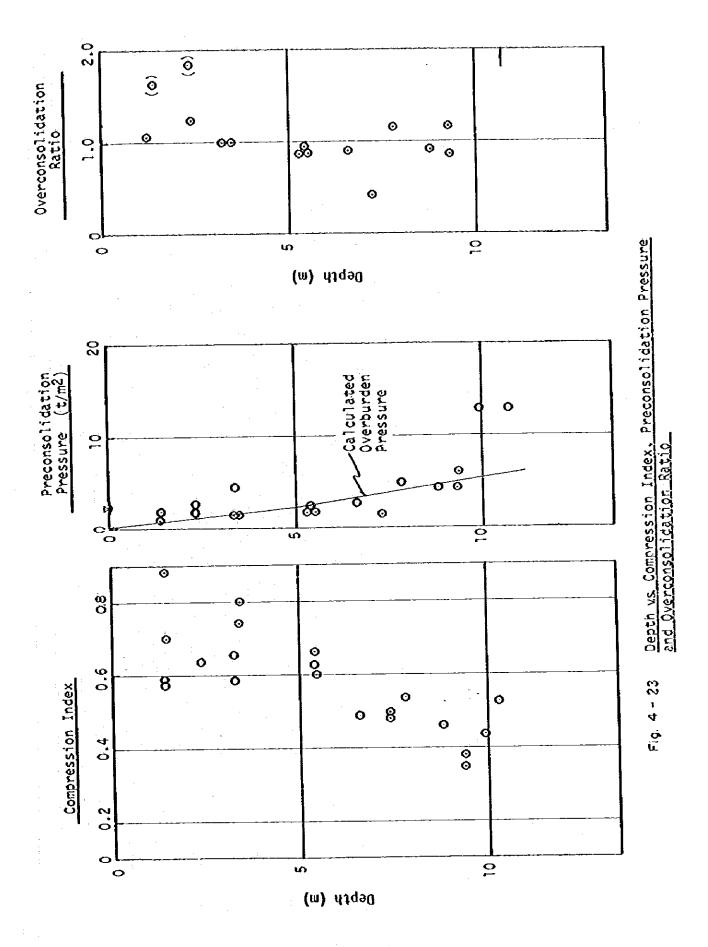
Fig. 4-23 shows the compression index, preconsolidation pressure and overconsolidation ratio of the very soft clay. The compression index is within the range of 0.35 to 0.9. As shown in the figure of preconsolidation pressure versus depth, the layer can be considered as normally consolidated. Figs. 4-24 and 4-25 show e ~ log p curves and coefficients of consolidation versus pressure for very soft clay in the pilot test area (investigated in Phase I study). e ~ log p curves and coefficients of consolidation versus pressure for very soft clay and medium clay in the test embankment area (investigated in Phase II study) are plotted in Figs. 4-26 and 4-27, respectively.

Major consolidation characteristics are summarized below:-

Compression Index, $Cc = 0.35 \sim 0.9$ Overconsolidation Ratio, $0.5 \sim 1.25 \ (\frac{1}{7} \ 1)$ Coefficient of Consolidation, $Cv = 3x10^{-2} \sim 2x10^{-1} \ cm^2/min$.

iv) Chemicals Properties and Clay Mineral Content

Pig. 4-28 shows results of chemical and mineral analyses performed on samples from the very soft clay. The clay mineral is mostly kaolinite and illite.



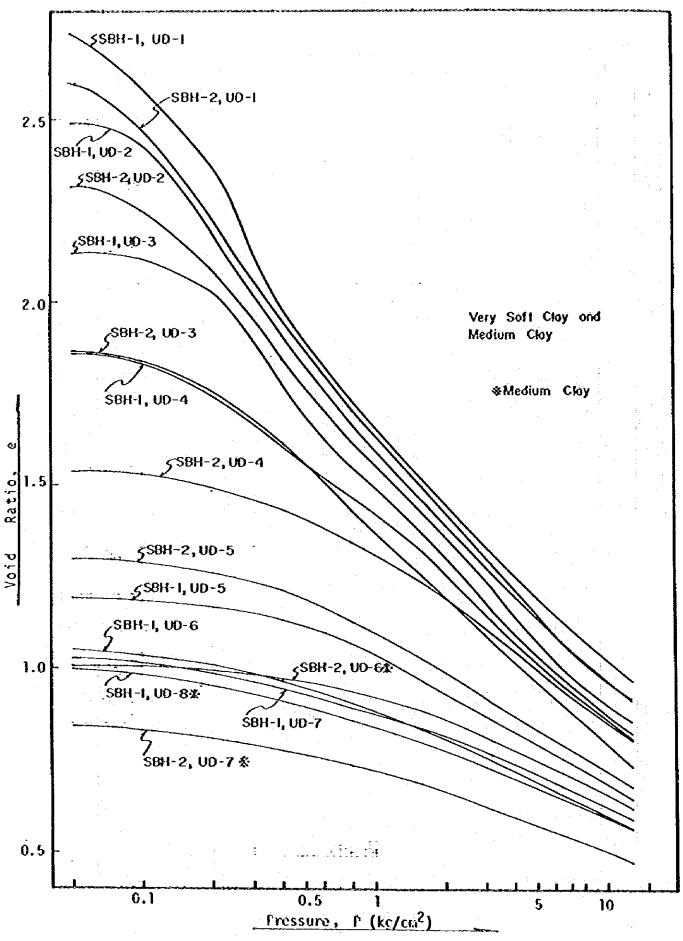


Fig. 4-24 e∿log P Curves - Pilot Test Area -



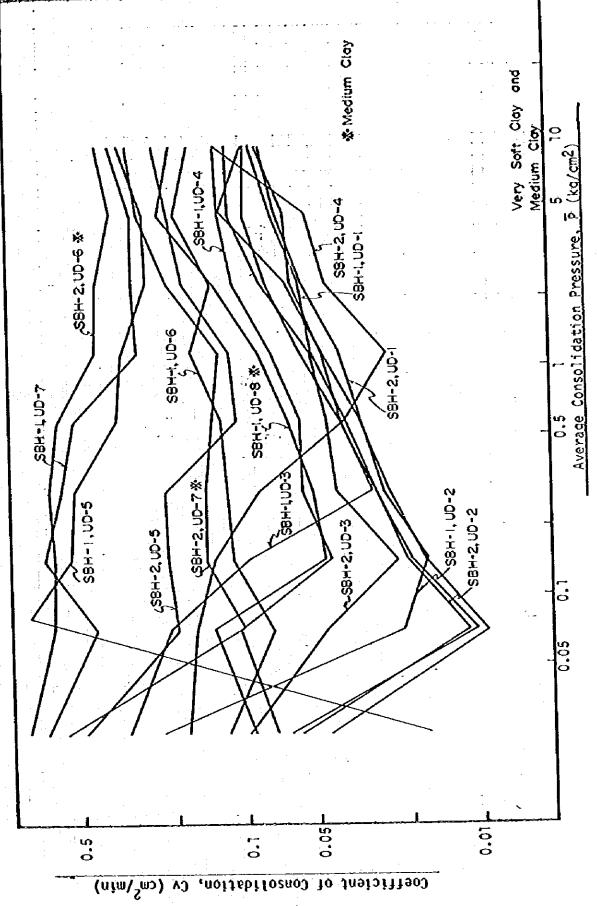


Fig. 4-25 Coefficient of Consolidation v.s. Average Consolidation Pressure - Pilot Test Area -

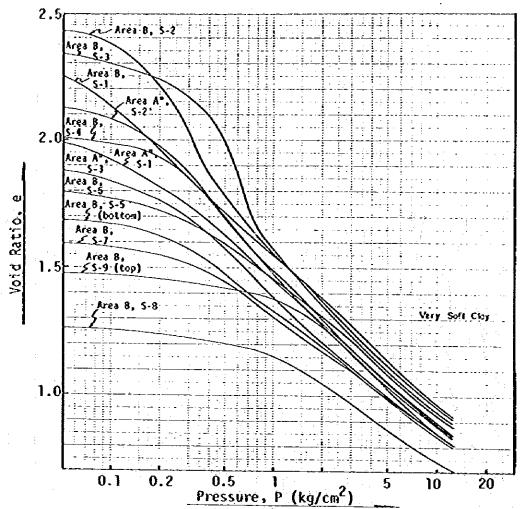


Fig. 4-26 e∿log P Curves - Test Embankment Area -

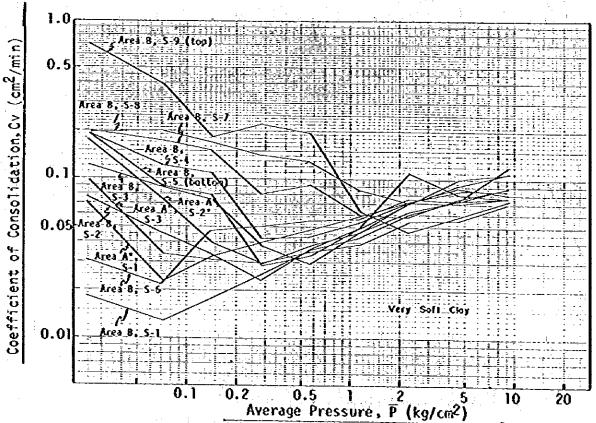
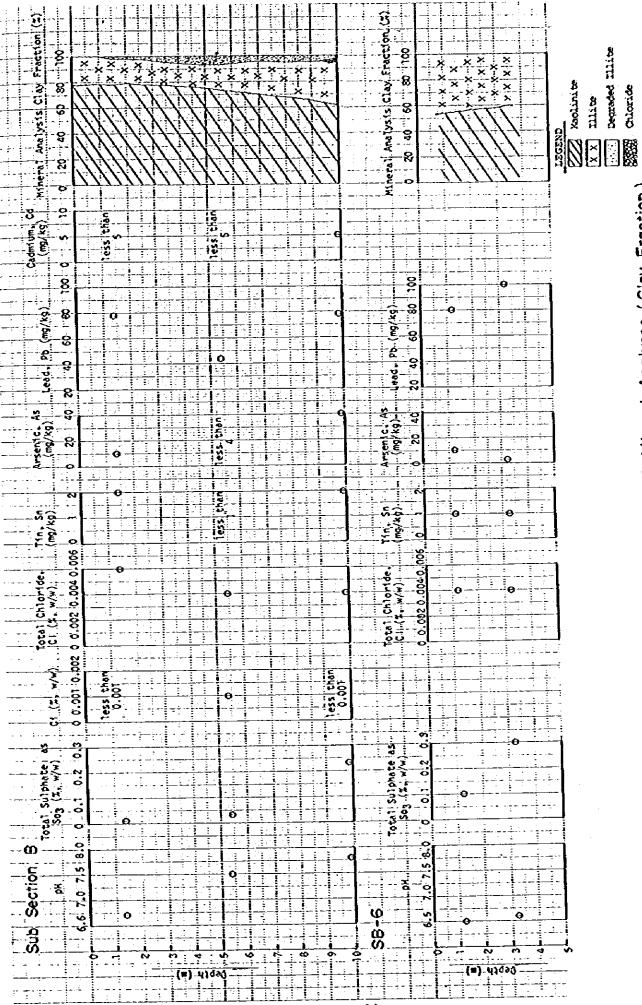


Fig. 4-27 Coefficient of Consolidation v.s. Average Consolidation Pressure



Mineral Analyses (Clay Fraction) Chemical and ŏ Results Fig. 4-28

Degraded Illite

(c) Soft Clay Layers

In addition to the above-mentioned very soft clayey layer, different types of clayey layers were found below it.

The clay layers are greyish-brown and soft with N-values of 1 to 3 found at SB-2 (depth of 4.5 to 8.5 m) and SB-9 (depth of 3.0 to 11.0 m). Grain size distribution is similar to that of the overlying very soft clay, and classification by the plasticity chart also indicates the same group as the very soft clay. Specific gravity is in the range of 2.60 to 2.64. Therefore, the original material of this layer is considered to be similar to that of the overlying very soft clay. The difference is seen in higher N-values (1 to 3) and slightly lower water content (45 to 80% with average of 65%).

An interbedded layer of soft clay with N-values of 3 to 4 was found at Sub-Section A" (depth 13.7 to $15.8 \ m$).

(2) Medium Stiff Clay

Medium stiff clay layers were found at Sub-Section

A" (depth of 11.9 to 12.9 m), SB-1 (depth of 6.5 to 11.5 m),

SB-5 (depth of 11.5 to 17.0 m), SB-6 (depth of 18.0 to

23.0 m), SBH-1 (depth of 13.5 to 14.5 m) and SBH-2 (depth of 10.5 to 14.5 m). At Sub-Section Λ", a medium stiff clay layer

with a thickness of about 7 m was found at the location of percussion boring, whereas it is only about 0.5 m at the rotary drilling location (Sub-Section A) and 0 m at rotary drilling location (Sub-Section B).

The N-value of these layers are 4 to 6 in general. However, the N-values of the stiff clay layer found at SB-5 is slightly higher than the other location, i.e. 7 to 10, 50% of which contains sand and gravel size particles.

The samples from these layers are classified as CL (liquid limit of about 40% and plasticity index of about 20). Engineering properties of these layers are as follows:-

Grain Size Distribution	25 to 35% Clay
	20 to 60% Silt
	0 to 10% Sand
	0 to 20% Gravel
Water Content	₩n = 20 ∿ 408
Specific Gravity	$Gs = 2.5 \sim 2.7$
Liquid Limit	$LL = 30 \sim 50\%$
Plastic Limit	PL = 15 ∿ 25%
Unified Soil Classification Permeability	CL (k = 1 x 10^{-4} cm/sec)
Undrained Shear Strength	$c_u = (1.1)\sqrt{2.5}\sqrt{3.5} \text{ t/m}^2$
Compression Index	$Cc = 0.22 \sim 0.30$
Coefficient of Consoli- dation	$cv = 1.5 \times 10^{-1} \sim 5 \times 10^{-1}$ cm2/min.

(3) Very Loose to Loose Sandy Layers

Sandy layers are extensively distributed at the northern part of the Sentul site with varying thicknesses of 1 to 15 m. N-values and cone resistance are plotted versus depth in Fig. 4-29. N-values vary from 2 to 10 and cone resistance varies from 20 to 70 kg/cm². Major engineering properties of this layer are summarised below:-

N-Value 2 to 10 (Very Loose to Loose)

N = 0 (In Some Cases)

Cone Resistance $qc = 20 \text{ to } 40 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

Grain Size Distribution 5% Silt and Clay

45 to 65% Sand

30 to 50% Gravel

Permeability 1×10^{-2} cm/sec

Water Content wn = 9 to 27%

Specific Gravity Gs = 2.55 to 2.71

(4) Medium Dense Sand Layers

Layers of medium desne sand with N-values of 15 to 30 were interbedded between the other layers. The thickness of these layers is 1 to 9 m, but 1 to 3 m is common.

(5) Limestone Bedrock (Including Weathered Portion)

According to rotary core borings, the bedrock is found to be limestone. The depth of the layer with N-values greater than 50 is 8.5 to 34 m with an average of about 17 m.

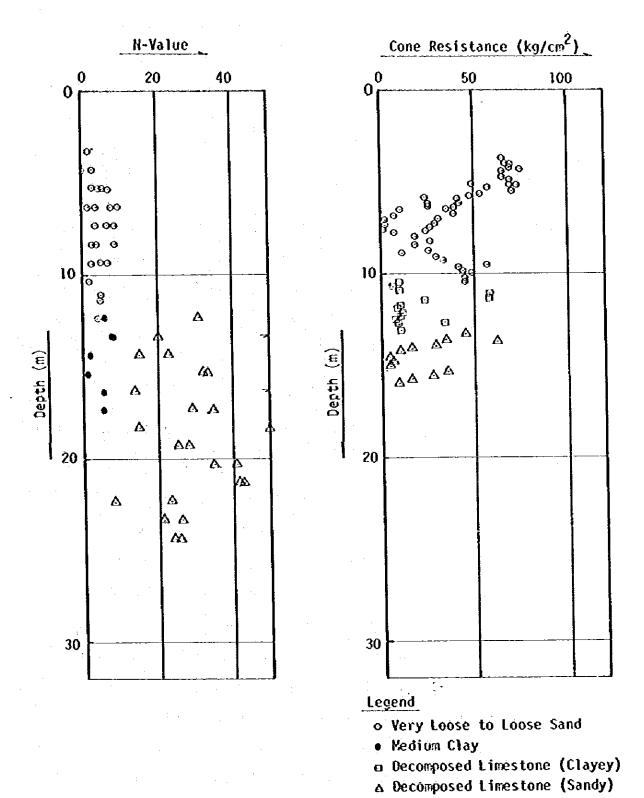


Fig. 4-29 Depth v.s. N-Yalue and Cone Resistance

The depth to which a 10-ton Dutch cone penetrometer could penetrate was 7 to 27 m with an average of 17 m. At the area outside the enclosure embankments, the average depth to the hard layer is about 9.5 m. Very stiff clay and hard clay encountered at SB-6 and SBH-1 may be portions of heavily decomposed limestone.

It is very important to know the depth of hard layer for the support of pile foundations. However, as mentioned in Section 3, the configuration of the bedrock surface is very complex. In this investigation, various methods were adopted to determine the depth of the hard layer/bedrock formation at the pilot test area.

(a) Electrical Soundings and Microgravity Measurements

In the pilot test area, electrical soundings at the grid point of 25 m by 25 m and microgravity measurements at the grid point of 10 m by 10 m were performed. Through these two types of geophysical surveys, a similar tendency of bedrock depth was obtained as is illustrated in Fig. 4-30. Results of the electrical soundings are interpreted and are presented in Fig. 4-10 as a contour map of the depth to the bedrock. Results of the microgravity measurements are also interpreted and presented in Fig. 4-11 as a contour map of the residual anomaly.

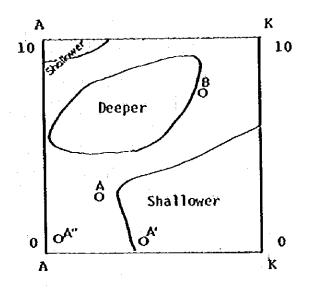


Fig. 4-30 Tendency of Bedrock Depth at Pilot Test Area

(b) Swedish Sounding Results

In order to determine the depth of hard layer in detail, numerous Swedish sounding were carried out at the pilot test area and the test embankment area (Fig. 4-14). Tables 4-11 and 4-12 show a summary of the Swedish soundings. A contour map of the thickness of the soft clay layer was made using the results of the Swedish soundings and is shown in Fig. 4-15. The contour lines are of a similar pattern to those of the electrical soundings and microgravity measurements.

(c) 10-Ton Dutch Cone Penetrometer Tests and Dynamic Cone Tests

At Sub-Section A", 10-ton Dutch cone penetrometer tests and dynamic cone tests reached their maximum penetration capacity at the top of the limestone layer. However, at Sub-Section B, the tests were terminated at the upper portion of the decomposed limestone, where N-values are about 50. The top of the fresh limestone is about 10 m below the final depth of the Dutch cone penetrometer or dynamic cone tests.

(d) Exploratory Borings

The difference of the depth to the limestone between 2 drillings perforred at a distance of 4 m from each other is 5.5 m at Sub-Section A" and 2 m at Sub-Percussion borings were terminated when fur-Section B. ther boring became impossible through encountering harder The final depth of the percussion boring was material. almost same as that of the top of the limestone which was confirmed by rotary drillings. The unit weight of fresh rock cores is 2.5 to 2.7 g/cm³. Unconfined compression strength is 600 to 1,000 kg/cm² and the modulus of deformation obtained by pressuremeter tests is 1,000 to 5,000 kg/cm² as shown in Fig. 4-31. Permeability of the weathered zone (sandy portion) is 1×10^{-3} to 1×10^{-2} cm/sec.

