#### 1.4 Cut-Over Design

The cut-over methods to be used for transferring the existing subscribers from Mahamek (MM) and Chayapruk (CP) Exchanges are as follows: (Refer to the Cut-Over Design Drawing)

# 1.4.1 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from MM Exchange The cut-over work is to be carried out in two ways: loop jumpering and multiple jointing.

#### (1) Loop Jumpering Method

CAB.	NO.	PAIR COUNT	PAIR COUNT OF NEW CABLE		JOINTING		
NO.	OF SUB.	OF EXISTING CABLE	CAB — MDF(KT	EX.) - HM EX.	POINT	REMARKS	
мм #119	180	10-12: 901-1200	53-03;2101-2400	53-01:2001-2400 [10-12: 901-1300]	#003 MH(#019)	The existing sub- scriber's lines in (MM-12:1301-1450) to	
MM #120	130	10-12:1201-1450	53-01:2401-2650	53-01:2001-2400 [10-12: 901-1300]	#003 MH(#019)	he transferred to the idle lines in (MM-12:901-1300).	
MM #117	210	10-12: 601-900	53-04:2401-2700	53-01:1701-2000	#003 HH(#019)		
MM #118	130	10-12: 1-300	53-04:1201-1500	53-01:1101-1400	#003 MH(#019)		
MM #054	260	10-12: 301-400	53-04:1201-1500	53-01:1401-1500	#003 MH(#019)	Relating to Cabinet #017 (MM #118) and	
2034		10-07: 1-200	53-04:1501-1750	53-05:1901-2100	MH#001	Cabinet #016	
MM #083	140	10-12: 401-600	53-04:1801-2000	53-01:1501-1700	#003 MH(#D19)		
MM #053	200	10-07: 201-500	53-04:2001-2300	53-05:2101-2400	MH#001		
мм	150	10-07; 501-650	53-03:2401-2650	53-02:2451-2600	#002 MH(#023)		
#052	130	10-06: 1-100	33-03:2401-2630	53-03:1701-1800	#003 MH(#019)		
		10-07: 651-700	53-02:2351-2400	53-02:2601-2650	#002		
мм #051	60	10-07: 751-800	53-02:2401-2450	53-02:2651-2700	мн(#023)		
*051		10-06: 101-200	53-12:2251-2350	53-03:1801-1900	#003 MH(#019)		
Total	1,460						

# (2) Multiple Jointing Method

CAB.	PAIR COUNT O	F MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE	DEMARKS
NO.	MM EX.	KT EX.	JOINTING POINT	REMARKS
MM #114	10-12:2401-2700	53-03: 1-300	#029 PB(#022)	
MM #044	10-06:1601-1800 10-06:1201-1250	53-03: 301-550	#009 MH(#014)	
MM #076	10-07: 851-1050 10-07:1351-1450	53-03: 601-900	#016 PB(#032)	
MM #077	10-07:1051-1250 10-07:1251-1350	53-03:1201-1500	#005 PB(#027)	
MM #115	10-12:1951-2250	53-03: 901-1200	#005 PB(#027)	
MM #045	10-06:1401-1500 10-06: 901-1000	53-03:1501-1700	#004 PB(#033)	
MM #046	10-06: 751-900 10-07: 801-850	53-03:1901-2050 53-03:2051-2100	#003 PB(#034)	
MM #047	10-06: 601-750 10-12:1901-1950	53-01: 951-1100 53-01: 901-950	#011 MH(#020)	
MM #048	10-06: 351-500 10-12:1851-1900	53-01: 501-650 53-01: 851-900	#012 MH(#021)	
MM #049	10-06: 501-600 10-07: 701-750 10-12:1801-1850	53-01: 651-750 53-01: 751-800 53-01: 801-850	#012 MH(#021)	
MM #050	10-06: 201-350 10-12:1751-1800	53-01: 351-500 53-01: 301-350	#013 MH(#022)	
MM #116	10-12:1451-1750	53-01: 1-300	#063 PB(#050)	
MM #029	10-11: 801-1000	53-02:1801-2000	Aerial Pole No. Chuap- loang Rd. #22	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (032-01: 1-200) at Cabinet #032.
MM #028	10-04: 451-600 10-09:1401-1500	53-02: 1-250	Aerial Pole No. Yen- akart Rd. #1	
мм #039	10-09:1501-1650 10-09:1301-1400	53-02: 351-600	Aerial Pole No. Yen- akart Rd. #1	
MM #113	10-02: 1-300	53-02:1501-1800	#058 PB(#060)	
MM #038	10-05: 1-50 10-05: 201-400	53-02:1201-1450	Aerial Pole No. Sri Bamihen Rd. #19	To be transferred, using temporary cable.
MM #112	10-02: 401-650	53-02: 901-1150	#061 PB(#059)	
мм #037	10-05: 51-200 10-02: 651-750	53~02: 601-750	Aerial	To be transferred, using temporary cable. To transfer the existing subscriber's lines in (10-02: 651-750) to idle lines in (10-05:51-200).

1.4.2 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from CP Exchange

The cut-over work is to be carried out by multiple jointing as in the following table.

CAB.	PAIR COUNT O	F MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE JOINTING	DEMARKS	
NO.	CP EX.	KT EX.	POINT	REMARKS	
CF:09-12 901-1050	09-12: 901-1050	53-04: 301-450	Aerial POLE #31	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (022-01:1-150) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-12 851-900	09-12: 851-900	53-04:1001-1050	Aerial TOT POLE	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (020-01:101-150) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-12 601-700	09-12: 601-700	53-04: 901-1000	Aerial TOT POLE	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (020-01:1-100) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-12 701-850	09-12: 701-850	53-04: 1-150	Aerial POLE #26	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (023-01:1-150) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-16	09-16:1001-1100	53-05:1201-1300	Aerial POLE ∜1	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (025-01:201-300) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-16 1101-1200	09-16:1101-1200	53-05: 601-700	Aerial POLE #1	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (027-01:201-300) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-16 801-1000	09-16: 801-1000	53-05: 401-600	Aerial POLE #18	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (028-02:1-200) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-16 601-700	09-16: 601-700	53-05: 301-400	Aerial POLE #22	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (028-01:1-100) at Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-16 701-800	09-16: 701-800	53-05: 151-250	Aerial POLE #46	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (029-02:1-100) ar Cabinet #022.	
CP:09-16 1-150	09-16: 1-150	53-05: 1-150	Aerial POLE #5	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (029-01:1-150) at Cabinet #022.	

#### 1.5 Design of Underground Conduit

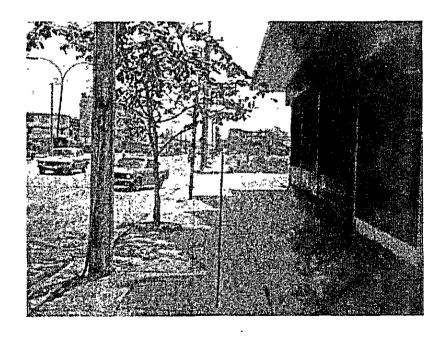
#### 1.5.1 Number of Entrance Conduits

The number of entrance conduits is determined to be 36 ducts (6 lines x 6 rows) according to the civil work design criteria of TOT, as the total demand 10 years later in the Klong Toei (KT) Exchange service area amounts to 11,540.

#### 1.5.2 Rama IV Road Area

Pulling-boxes, type JRC-14, are to be installed between PB #033 and PB #044 on the footpath of Rama IV Road because, under this road, many other underground facilities, such as water pipes and drainage pipes, are located, making new manhole installation impractical.

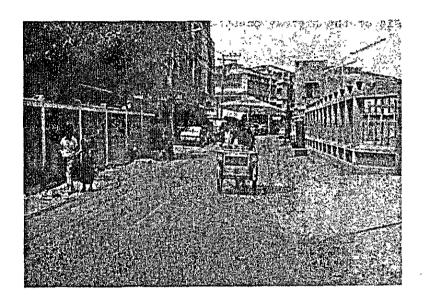
For the actual work, in-depth consultation between TOT and Water Service Administration is required because the movement of the existing water pipes is necessary.



New Conduit Route along Rama IV Road

#### 1.5.3 Sribumpen Road Area

Pulling boxes, type JRC-14, instead of manholes are to be installed on the gravel portion of the Sribumpen Road because this road is not only narrow but also is paved with concrete and, moreover, the volume of traffic is large.



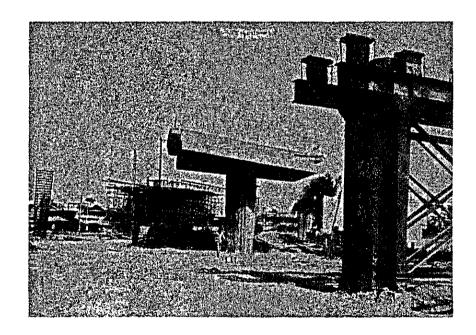
New Conduit Route along Sribumpen Road

#### 1.6 Secondary Cable Network Design

- (1) The slums in the Cabinet #019 area are scheduled to be reclaimed as the port facilities area, so that the cable, network is designed in accordance with the development plan drawings for the area.
- (2) The secondary cable of Cabinet #018 and the primary cable of Cabinet #019 are designed as the underground siphon system for the section crossing the railway, instead of the existing aerial system.

The construction work in this section should be carried out by TOT earlier than the highway construction along the railway in case the latter work is to be started before TOT's project.

(3) The highway construction work is already in progress in the Cabinet #032 area so that the part of the aerial route relating to this construction is designed on the basis of the highway construction plan.



Highway under Construction

(4) In Cabinets #014 (MM #114), #036 (MM #037) and #037 (MM #039), the cut-over work of the secondary cable to remain in the Mahamek Exchange area should be carried out by TOT at the same time as the main work.

#### 1.7 Amount of Construction Work

#### AMOUNT OF CONSTRUCTION WORK

				QUANTITY		
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
A	A - 8	ea	5	18	23	
	BlBS	ea	3	52	55	
	Blcs	11	3	]	3	
В	BlfS	11	1	Į į	1	
ı	в2в	Ħ		4	4	y.
	Section "B" Total	11	7	56	63	
С	C5A2B	ea	7	52	59	
i	E 25 . 4 A2	100m		0.6 (0.6)	0.6 (0.6)	( ): Direct- buried
	E 50. 4 A2	11		15.2	15.2	
	E 100 . 4 A2	11		17.2	17.2	
	E 200 . 4 A2	¥T	5.0	23.7	28.7	-
ı	E 300 . 4 A2	11	2.1	2.4	4.5	
	E 400 . 4 A2	11	0.2	0.7	0.9	
i	E 600 . 4 A2	11	5.3	0.9	6.2	
E	E 50. 5 A2	17		1.6	1.6	
	E 100 . 5 A2	11	0.8	1.1	1.9	
	E 200 . 5 A2	11	0.1	}	0.1	
	E 300 . 5 A2	11	5.5		5.5	
	E 10 . 4 A2(8)	11		1.3	1.3	
	E 25. 4 A2(8)	11		10.6	10.6	
	E 50. 4 A2(8)	11		27.2	27.2	
	E 100 . 4 A2(8)	11		15.0	15.0	
	E 50 . 5 A2(8)	11		1.2	1.2	
	Section "E" Total	11	19.0	119.3	138.3	

			QUANTITY			
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
	G 300 . 4 A6	100m	12.0		12.0	AP-FSF Cable
	G 600 . 4 A6	17	17.7		17.7	11 11
	G 900 . 4 A6	11	2.5		2.5	n ,
	G1200 . 4 A6	"	7.0		7.0	31
	G1500 . 4 A6	11	2.2		2.2	rı e
	G1800 . 4 A6	11	8.4		8.4	l "
	G2100 . 4 A6	11	2.3		2.3	11 11
G	G2400 . 4 A6	11	13.9		13.9	11 11
G	G2700 . 4 A6	11	14.5		14.5	11
	G 300 . 5 A6	11	0.5		0.5	i n
	G 600 . 5 A6	11	3.1		3.1	l n
:	G 900 . 5 A6	11	6.9		6.9	TI
	G1200 . 5 A6	11	1.4		1.4	"
-	G1500 . 5 A6	11	1.2		1.2	"
	G1800 . 5 A6	11	11.7		11.7	l n
	Section "G" Total	11	105.3		105.3	
J	J 300 . 5 03	10m	30.0		30.0	PVC Cable
	KA11G2	· ea	1	260	261	With Stub
	KA16G2	11		2	2	"
K	К 30	11		1	1	Internal Terminal Box
	к 200	11		1	1	
	Section "K" Total	tt	1	264	265	
	L 900	ea	17		17	
L	L 25 A	11	204	264	468	Without Stub
	L 50 B2	11		1	1.	With Stub
	L 100 B2	11		5	5	"
i	Section "L" Total	Ħ	221	270	491	

OF COMPANY	DECTOMATION	INITE		QUANTITY		REMARKS
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	
	MLAP	ea	6	91	97	L:Lead x Lead
	MlbP	11	17	23	40	Lead x
	мзар	"		8	8	Plastic
	мзвр	11	38	2	40	P:Plastic x Plastic
М	мзср	12	58		58	
	M3AL	11	3		3	
	M3BL	n	31		31.	
	M3CL	"	2		2	
	Section "M" Total	II .	155	124	279	
Ŋ	N 1	100 pairs	1,385	197	1,582	Normal
14	N 2	11	78	İ	78	Bridged for
	Section "N" Total	11	1,463	197	1,660	Transfer
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Р 36 В	100m	0.2		0.2	
	P 12 B	**	0.3		0.3 .	
	Р 6 В	"	8.2		8.2	i
P	P 4 B	11	27.0		27.0	
	P 4 A	17	0.9		0.9	
	P 2 A	11	2.4		2.4	
	Section "P" Total	3	39.0		39.0	
	Q T-6(a)	ea	1		1	
Q	Q L-2	"	1		1.	
	Q A-1	11	4		4	
	Q JRC-14	91	17		17	
	Q JUF-11	"	4		4	
	Section "Q" Total	11	27		27	

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## 1.8 Amount of Main Materials

#### MAIN MATERIALS LIST

## (1) Primary Cable Work

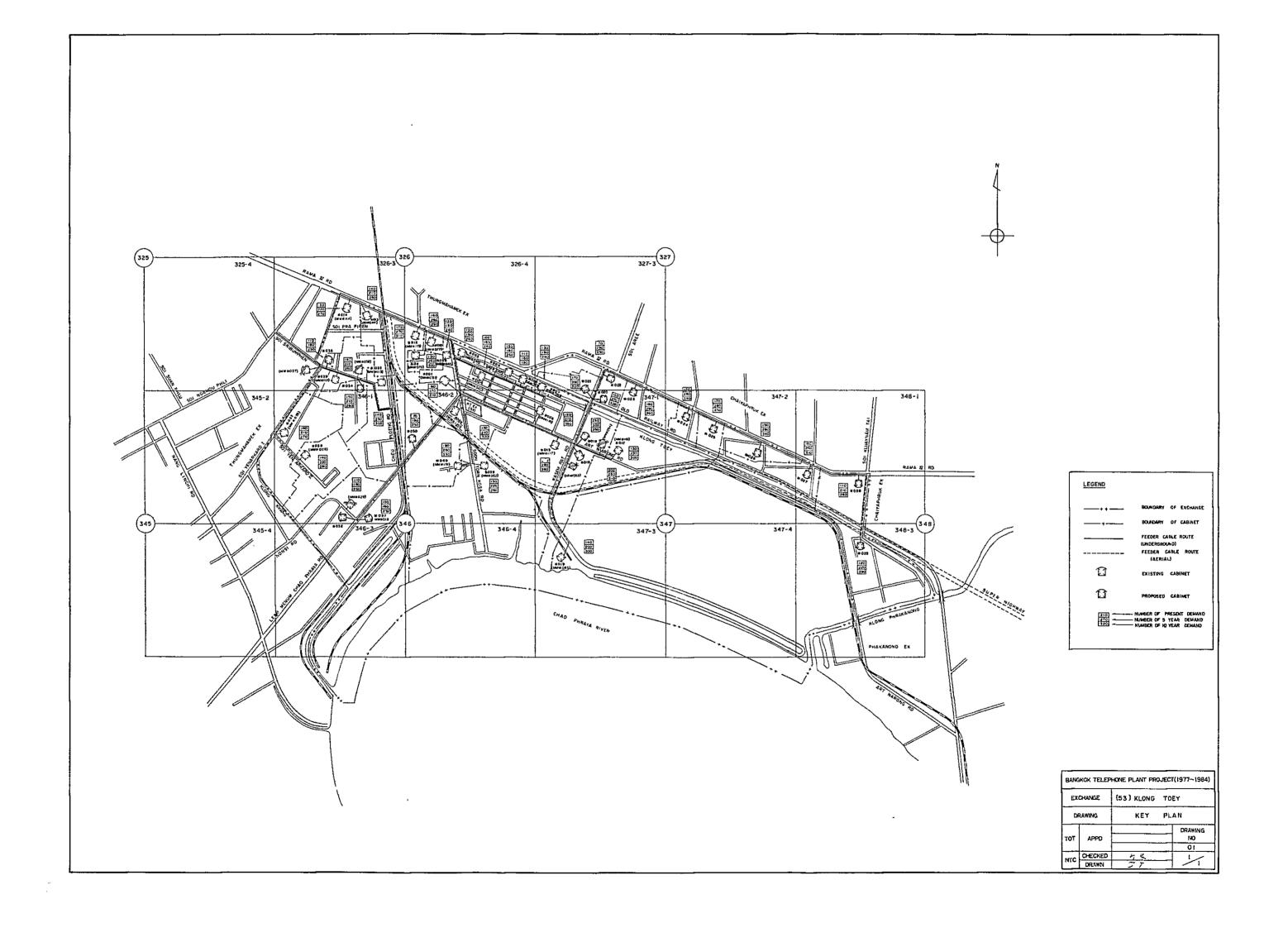
NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
Cable			
1) AP-FSF Cable	1		
504	m	15	
1004	"	25	
3004	11	1,483	
6004	"	1,840	
9004	111	266	
12004	11	739	
15004	11	252	
18004	"	858	
21004	11	230	
24004	"	1,416	
27004	11	1,487	
3005	11	73	
6005	l n	312	
9005	"	699	
12005	"	143	
15005	11	125	
18005	"	1,191	
Sub Total	11	11,154	
2) Alpeth Sheathed Cable			
504	m	15	
1004	11	15	
2004	111	610	
3004	11	290	
4004	11	30	
6004	11	550	
1005	11	80	
2005	11	40	
3005	11	560	
Sub Total	11	2,190	
Total	m	13,344	

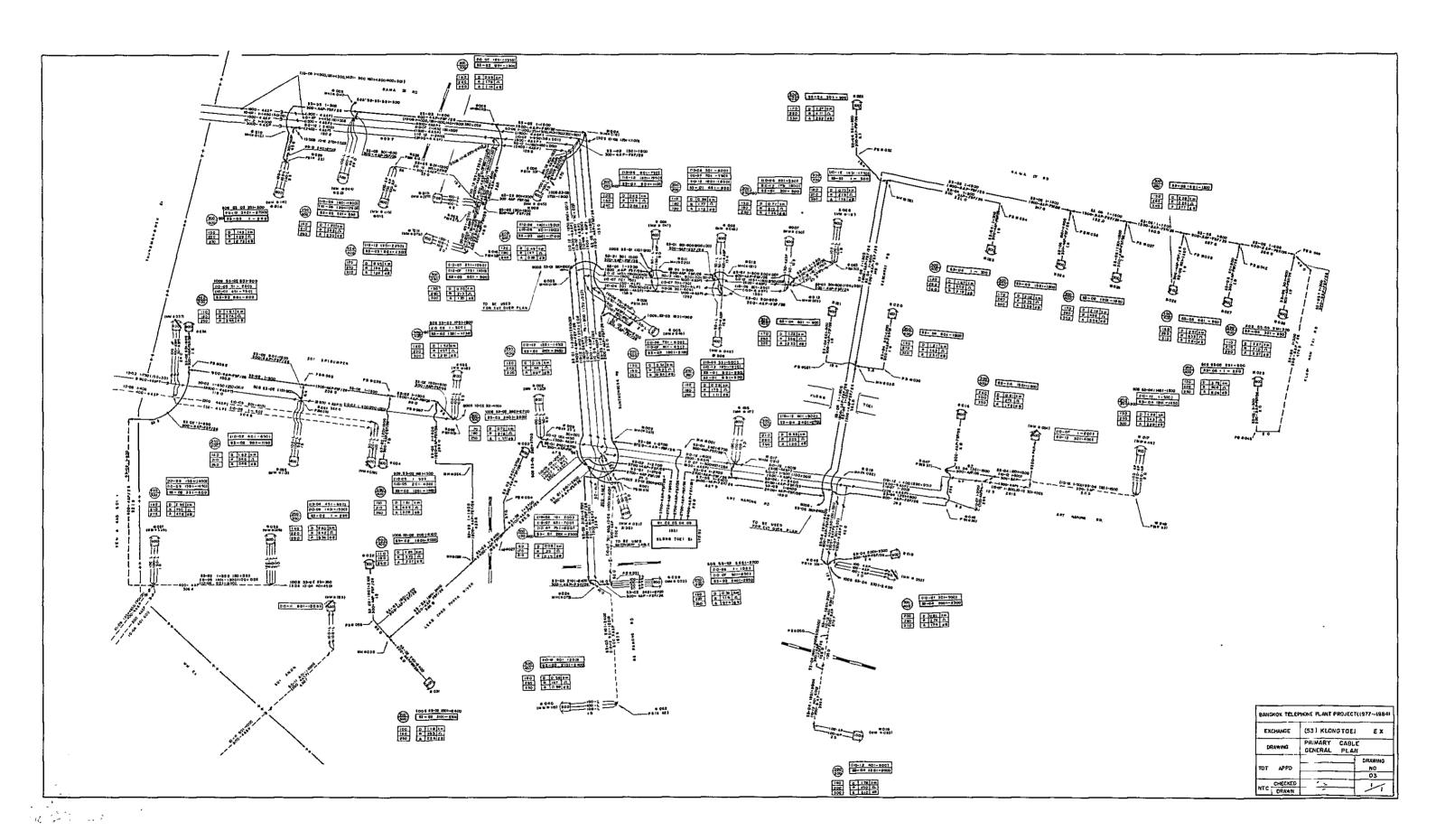
NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
Cross Connecting Cabinet 900 PRS.	ea	17	
Cross Connecting Cabinet Terminal Block 25 PRS.	ea	204	
Concrete Pole 8 M	ea	5	
Strand Terminal 11 PRS.	ea	1	

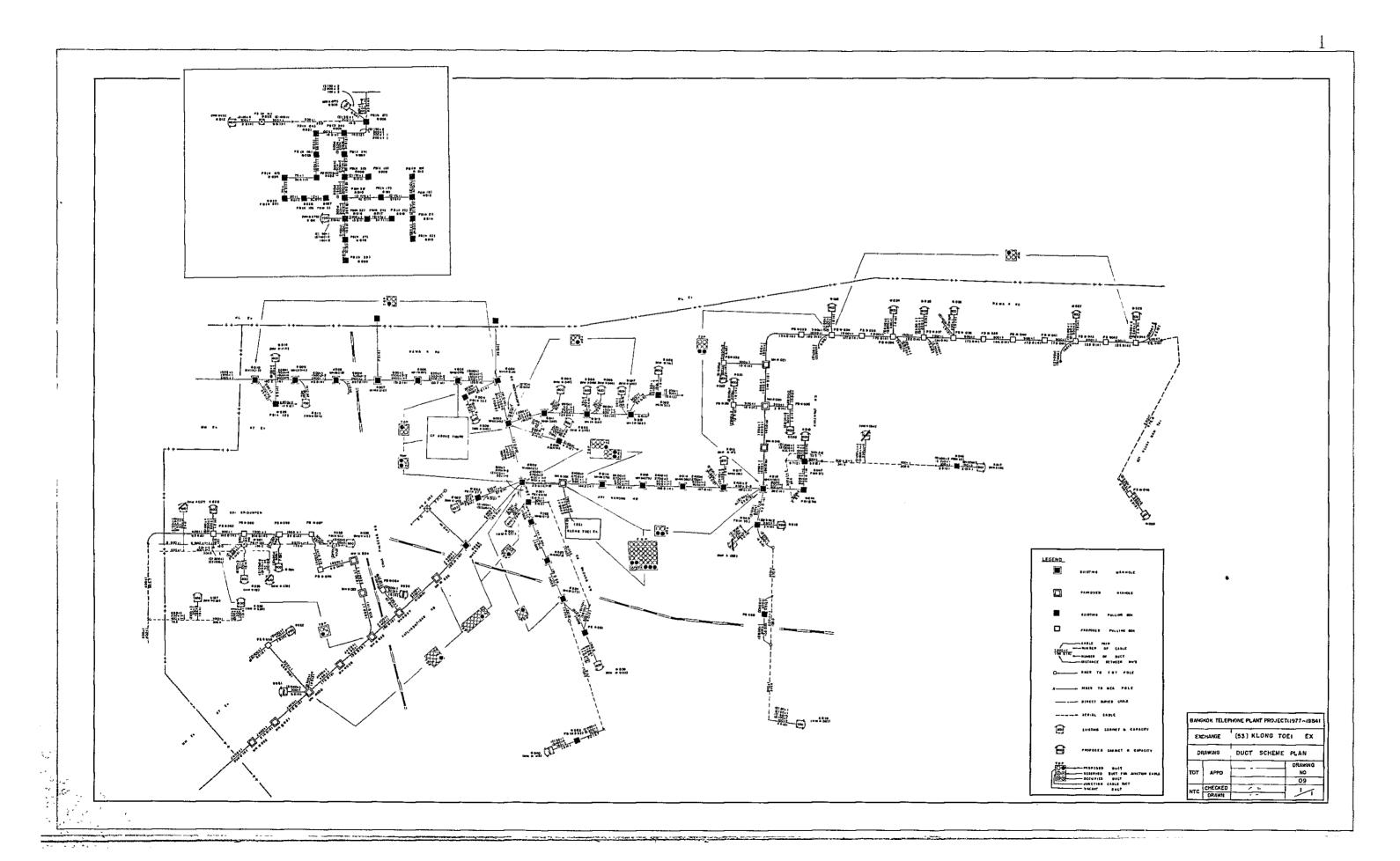
# (2) Secondary Cable

26.7

NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
Cable			
1) Fig.(8) Alpeth Sheathed Cable	-		
104 AP(8)	m	131	
254 AP(8)	11	1,081	
504 AP(8)	"	2,784	
1004 AP(8)	n	1,536	
505 AP(8)	11	122	
Sub Total	11	5,654	
2) Alpeth Sheathed Cable			
254 AP	m	129	
504 AP	tt	1,555	
1004 AP	n	1,757	
2004 AP	11	2,428	
3004 AP	11	247	
4004 AP	tt	73	
6004 AP	tr .	94	
505 AP	tt	167	
1005 AP		· 110	
Sub Total	17	6,560	
Total	m	12,214	
Concrete Pole 8 M	ea	18	
Terminal Block with 10 PRS.	ea	23	In Door (NEN1001)
Strand Terminal 11 PRS.	11	260	Out Door
16 PRS.	**	2	
Total	"	285	
Cross Connecting Cabinet			
Terminal Block 25 PRS.	ea	264	
50 PRS.	11	1	
100 PRS.	"	5	
Total	11	270	







# CHPATER 2. RACHBURANA TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

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2.3	Primary Cable Network Design	63
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2.8	Amount of Main Materials	76

#### 1.1 Service Area

The Rachburana Telephone Exchange is a new exchange whose service area consists of a newly transferred part of the service areas of the existing Daokanong and Phrapradeng Exchanges.

The new exchange office is located nearly at the center of the new service area and faces Suksawat Road that connects Thomburi and Phrapradeng districts.



Rachburana Exchange Site

The western part of the new service area adjoins the service area of the Ekachai Exchange by Klong Bang Mod River, and the northern part abuts on the Daokanong Exchange area by Thonburi Paktho Road and Klong Bangpra Kaew River, and the northeastern part faces the Chao Phraya River.

The eastern and southern parts of the area border the Phrapradeng Exchange area across Klong Changron River.

The whole service area covers approximately 4,050 hectares and is comparatively large.

#### 2.2 Demand Potential and Locational Features

Business shops, branch bank offices, small business buildings, etc., are being constructed and the roadside town is being formed along Suksawat and Thonburi Paktho Roads.

Warehouses, small factories and residential houses stand in row at roadside along Charoen Nakorn Road.

The back area of this roadside business zone is being developed as new residential area for Metropolitan Bangkok.

The demand forecast is given in Table 4.2.1 and the special demand forecast in Table 4.2.2.

Table 4.2.1 Demand Forecast

	1983	1988	1993
General Demand	5,050	8,090	11,500
Special Demand	60	70	80
Public Telephones and Others	160	250	350
Total	5,270	8,410	11,930
Growth Rate	100%	160%	226%

Table 4.2.2 Special Demand Forecast

Demand Source	1983	1988	1993
Rachburana District Office	13	16	20
Thai Glass Industrial	13	15	20
King Mongkut's Institute of Technology	20	25	30
Siam Steel Pipe	5	7	10
Total	51 (60)	63 (70)	80 (80)

Note: Figure in parentheses consists of the base unit raised to the tenth unit.

# CHPATER 2. RACHBURANA TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

#### CONTENTS

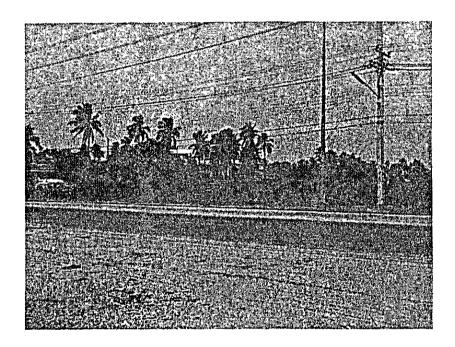
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Total	51 (60)	63 (70)	80 (80)

Note: Figure in parentheses consists of the base unit raised to the tenth unit.

#### 2.3 Primary Cable Network Design

#### 2.3.1 Entrance Cable

The kinds of Rachburana Exchange entrance cables are as follows:

Cable No.	Kind of Cable (A)	Demand in 1988 (B)	Rate (A)/(B)	Remarks
01	18004 AP-FSF	780	231% (154%)	Spare 600 Pairs at MH #003
02	15005 AP-FSF	1,100	136%	
03	27004 AP-FSF	2,060	131%	
04	18005 AP-FSF	990	182% (121%)	Spare 600 Pairs at MH #019
05	21004 AP-FSF	1,660	127%	
06	24004 AP-FSF	1,820	132%	
Total	12,300	8,410	146% (132%)	

Note: Figure in parentheses is the ratio of the number of entrance cable pairs excluding spare pairs to the demand in 1988.

The total number of entrance cable pairs is 12,300 pairs and its rate to the telephone demand in 1983 is 146 percent.

The 1,200 pairs out of those 12,300 pairs are reserved, by 600 pairs each, at MH #002 and MH #019 to cover sporadic variation of telephone demand.

These spare pairs are to be used as the loop circuits for cut-over at the time of the exchange service-in.

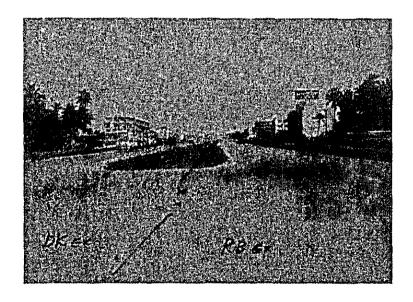
#### 2.3.2 Design of MDF

The design of MDF is made in the same way as in other existing and new standard exchanges because the design of the exchange building and the disposition of switching equipments have not yet been determined. That is to say:

- (1) MDF is to be the combined distribution type.
- (2) On the line side, the 258R terminal board of 600 pairs per vertical is to be installed.
- (3) At MDF, firstly the junction cables and then the local cables are to be terminated.

#### 2.3.3 New Cable Installation in Various Directions

(1) Thonburi Paktho Road and Daokanong Area
This area is fed by three primary cables of (01) 1,800 pairs, (02) 1,500 pairs and (03) 2,700 pairs.
The 600 pairs in (01) Cable are reserved at MH #002 to meet sporadic demand uprise in this area and also to be used as the loop circuits at the time of the exchange cut-over.



Thonburi Paktho Road

(2) Pracha Unit Road and Phrapradeng Area

This area is fed by two primary cables of (04) 1,500
pairs and (05) 2,100 pairs.

The 600 pairs in (04) Cable are reserved at MH #019
to accommodate the unexpected demand change in this
area and are also to be used as the loop circuits for
cut-over at the time of the exchange service-in.

(3) Charon Nakorn Road and Suksawat Road Area
This area is fed by primary cable of (06) 2,400 pairs and the existing cabinet (DK) #051 is removed.

#### 2.4 Cut-Over Design

The cut-over methods to be used for subscriber transfers from the existing Daokanong (DK), Bang Mod (BM) and Phrapradeng (PD) Exchanges are as follows: (Refer to the Cut-Over Design Drawing)

2.4.1 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from DK Exchange The cut-over work is to be carried out in two ways: loop jumpering and multiple jointing.

#### (1) Loop Jumpering

Loop jumpering is used as follows for approximately 640 subscribers:

CAB.	NO.	PAIR COUNT OF	PAIR COUNT OF NEW CABLE  CAB — MDF(RB EX.) — DK EX.		JOINTING	REMARKS
NO.	OF SUB.	EXISTING CABLE			POINT	
DK <b>∄01</b> 9	130	18-02:1001-1200	51-06:2101-2400 51-01: 901-1100	51-01:1401-1600	#002 MH(#035)	Relating to CAB #001
DK #018	170	18-02:1201-1400	51-01: 601-800	51-01:1601-1800	#002 MH(#035)	
DK #040	140	18-05:1201-1400	51-06:1201-1500	51-01:1201-1400	#002 MH(#035)	
DK #051	100	18-06: 1-200	51-06; 901-1200	51-04:1401-1600	MH#001.	
DK #052	100	18-06: 201-400	51-06:1501-1700 51-06:1801-2000	51-04:1601-1800	мн#001.	Relating to CAB #003
Total	640					

(2) Multiple Jointing
Multiple jointing is used as follows for approximately
750 subscribers:

CAB.	PAIR COUNT O	F MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE	DENA DVO
NO.	DK EX.	RB EX.	JOINTING POINT	REMARKS
DK #054	18-06: 601-800	51-03:1501-1700	#011 PB(#053)	
DK	18-06: 401-600	51-01: 251-450	#009 PB(#034)	Relating to CAB.
#053	18-06: 601-650	51-03:1501-1550	#011 PB(#053)	DK #054
DK	18-05:1401-1550	51-01: 451-600	#009 PB(#034)	Relating to CAB.
#041	18-06: 601-650	51-03:1501-1550	#011 PB(#053)	DK #054
DK #039	18-05:1501-1650	51-01: 1-150	#012 PB(#033)	
DK #055	18-06: 801-1000	51-03: 901-1100	#013 PB(#054)	
DK #042	18-01: 1-200	51-06: 601-800	Aerial	To jumper the primary cable and the secondary cable (006-01: 1-200) at Cabinet #006.
DK #033	18-01: 201-400	51-03:1301-1500	#039 PB(#075)	
DK part of #043	043-01: 1-150 043-01: 151-200	51-03:1101-1250 51-03:1251-1300	Aerial	To joint directly new primary cable and existing secondary cable, using temporary cable.

2.4.2 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from BM Exchange Multiple jointing is used as follows for approximately 420 subscribers:

CAB.	PAIR COUNT O	F MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE	DEM PAG
NO.	BM EX.	RB EX.	JOINTING POINT	REMARKS
BM #001	BM-01: 1-200	51-03:601-800	#041 PB(#001)	
ВМ	BM-01:201-400	51-03:301-500	#043 PB(#002)	Relating to CAB.
#002 BM-01:401-	BM-01:401-500	51-02:301-400	#048 PB(#003)	вм #008
BM #003	BM-01:401-600	51-02:301-500	#048 PB(#003)	
BM #006	BM-02:251-400	51-02: 1-150	Aerial	(1) Care must be exercised at the time of cut-over because BM(02) cable (301-400) is distributed in both RB and DK (CAB. BM #007) exchange areas and BM(02) cable (251-300) is distributed in both RB and EC (CAB. BM #005) exchange areas.  (2) The secondary cable (01:101-112) in BM CAB. #006 is to be transferred to EC exchange area.

2.4.3 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from PD Exchange Multiple jointing is used as follows for approximately 1,000 subscribers:

CAB.	PAIR COUNT OF	F MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE JOINTING	REMARKS	
NO.	PD EX.	RB EX.	POINT	REPIARES	
PD:13-02 601-800	13-02:601-800	51-06: 1-200	Aerial		
PD:13-02 901-1000	13-02:901-1000	51-06: 201-300	Aeriaĺ		
PD:13-01 701-900	13-01:701-900	51-05:1801-2000	Aerial	-	
PD:13-02 401-450	13-02:401-450	51-05:2001-2050	Aerial	,	
PD:13-02 1-400	13-02: 1-400	51-05:1001-1400	Aerial	To joint directly new primary cable and existing secondary cable, using temporary cable.	
PD #001 13-01:1-400	13-01: 1-400	51-05:1401-1800	#002 PB(# )		

Note: Conductor jointing work is required at the terminal point and the branch cable splicing point where the existing subscribers exist on the farther PD exchange side than the multiple jointing point.

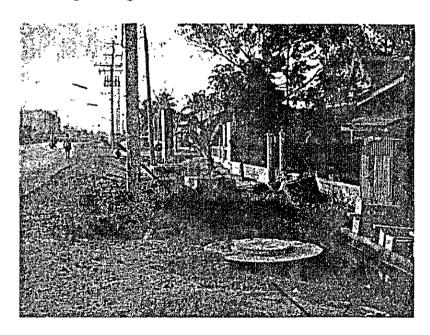
#### 2.5 Design of Underground Conduit

#### 2.5.1 Number of Entrance Conduits

The number of entrance conduits is determined to be 36 ducts (6 lines x 6 rows) according to the civil work design criteria of TOT, as the total demand 10 years later in the Rachburana (RB) Exchange service area amounts to 11,930.

#### 2.5.2 Suksawat Road

- (1) New manholes and conduits in the section between MH #002 and DK MH #028 along Suksawat Road are to be constructed farther on the footway side than the existing underground route because the existing manholes and conduits on this road are located on the concrete paved carriageway so that the additional manhole and conduit construction on the same carriage way is impractical.
- (2) New conduits in the section between MH #002 and MH #023 are to be constructed on the same route as the existing underground route.



Additional Conduit Route along Suksawat Road

#### 2.5.3 Pracha Utit Road

In the proposed conduit sections between MH #034 and MH #035, and between MH #038 and MH #040, the construction work requires utmost care because this route is close to the existing water pipes. For the construction of new MH #035, #038 and #040, in-depth consultation between TOT and Water Severce Administration is required because in this work the movement of the existing water pipes is necessary.



New Conduit Route along Pracha Utit Road

#### 2.5.4 SOI No. 26

Pulling boxes, Type JRC-14, instead of manholes, are to be installed on this route because the road is narrow and the volume of traffic is large.

#### 2.5.5 SOI No. 27

The new conduit route is to be located farther on the carriageway side than the existing drainage route because the

road boundary in the section between MH #049 and #052 is not clear.

#### 2.5.6 Special Construction

The iron sleeve pushing method is to be employed for the new duct construction in the section between MH #023 and MH #027 crossing Suksawat Road.

Light and manageable PVC pipe is to be inserted in the iron sleeve.

#### 2.6 Secondary Cable Network Design

(1) The housing plan is prepared in the Cabinet #016 and #020 areas, so that in this design the desk plan is made based on the housing plan.

The pole erection in this area is designed to be carried out by TOT because MEA's pole construction plan was not yet decided at the survey time.

In the Cabinet #016 area, another housing plan is being prepared by Bang Mod Land Ltd. However, it will be at least 5 years before the construction work begins. The design for this area is made on the assumption that the area will be divided in two in the future.

(2) The main distribution area of Cabinet #037 is along the road connecting Thonburi Paktho and Pracha Utit Roads. This area is being developed toward east from Thonburi Paktho Road. The area is 8 km distant from the new exchange.

The subscriber's loading system is employed in this area, based on the study of demand trend and of engineering economy.

#### 2.7 Amount of Construction Work

#### AMOUNT OF CONSTRUCTION WORK

GEOMEON	DEGLOVACION			QUANTITY		D77/1 D710
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
A	A - 8	ea	11	136	147	
	B1BS	ea	9	202	211.	
	Blcs	11	7	6	13	,
В	Bles	17		12	12	
	BIFS	11	5	1 1	6	
	Section "B" Total	11	21	230	251	·
С	C5A2B	ea	21	221	242	
	E 25 . 4 A2	100m		20.6	20.6	
	E 50 . 4 A2	11		40.1	40.1	
	E 100 . 4 A2	11	2.8	28.5	31.3	
	E 200 . 4 A2	11	9.1	35.9	45.0	
	E 300 . 4 A2	11	17.0	9.2	26.2	
	E 400 . 4 A2	11	5.2	0.7	5.9	
	E 600 . 4 A2	11	3.9		3.9	
	E 25 . 5 A2	"		1.6	1.6	
	E 50 . 5 A2	11		3.2	3.2	
E	E 100 . 5 A2	11	ļ	3.5	3.5	1
	E 200 . 5 A2	"		16.8	16.8	
	E 300 . 5 A2	11	3.5	8.5	12.0	
	E 400 . 5 A2	"	8.8	3.6	12.4	
!	E 25 . 65 A2	"		1.3	1.3	
li de la companya de	E 50 . 65 A2	11		7.4	7.4	
	E 100 . 65 A2	11		3.7	3.7	
	E 200 . 65 A2	11		31.1	31.1	
	E 300 . 65 A2	11	9.0	0.7	9.7	
	E 10 . 4 A2(8)	"		13.1	13.1	

CEORTON	DECTANAMION	INT		QUANTITY		DEMARKO
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
	E 25 . 4 A2(8)	1.00m		65.9	65.9	
	E 50 . 4 A2(8)	"		81.5	81.5	
	E 100 . 4 A2(8)	11		52.6	52.6	}
	E 25 . 5 A2(8)	11		30.2	30.2	
	E 50 . 5 A2(8)	11	]	31.5	31.5	
E	E 100 . 5 A2(8)	11		21.3	21.3	
	E 10 . 65 A2(8)	11		0.5	0.5	
	E 25 . 65 A2(8)	11		14.2	14.2	
	E 50 . 65 A2(8)	"		3.0	3.0	ì
	E 100 . 65 A2(8)	11		3.4	3.4	
	Section "E" Total	11	59.3	533.6	592.9	
	G 300 . 4 A6	100m	7.3		7.3	AP-FSF Cable
	G 400 . 4 A6	11	0.6		0.6	11
	G 600 . 4 A6	11	10.4		10.4	11
	G 900 . 4 A6	11	21.0		21.0	
	G1200 . 4 A6	11	6.7		6.7	75
	G1500 . 4 A6	11	12.8		12.8	10
	G1800 . 4 A6	ti	1.6		1.6	11
	G2100 . 4 A6	"	12.7		12.7	10
	G2400 . 4 A6	11	4.2	r.E	4.2	11
G	G2700 . 4 A6	ti	4.7		4.7	11
G	G 300 . 5 A6	11	7.4		7.4	1:
r	G 400 . 5 A6	11	0.7		0.7	11
	G 600 . 5 A6	17	14.0		14.0	11
	G1500 . 5 A6	11	22.6		22.6	11
	G1800 . 5 A6	11	7.1		7.1	11
	G 300 . 65 A6	**	0.2		0.2	j n
	G 600 . 65 A6	11	2.8		2.8	lt .
	G 900 . 65 A6	11	10.7		10.7	11
	G1200 . 65 A6	11	31.9		31.9	it
	Section "G" Total	9r	179.4		179.4	
			L	l		<u> </u>

				QUANTITY	<del></del>	
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
J	J 300 . 5 03	10m	26.6		26.6	PVC Cable
ĸ	KA11G2 KA16G2 KB 12 K 30	ea 	2	467 5 262 2	469 5 262 2	With Stub " Without Stub Internal
	Section "K" Total	18	2	736	738	Terminal Box
L	L 900 L 25 A L 50 B2 L 100 B2 Section "L" Total	ea "" ""	23 276 7 1 307	374 3 14 391	23 650 10 15 698	Without Stub With Stub
М	M1AP M1BP M3AP M3BP M3CP Section "M" Total	ea "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	7 33 3 61 79 183	250 74 8 2 334	257 107 11 63 79 517	L:Lead x Lead  Lead x  Plastic  P:Plastic x  Plastic
N	N 1 N 2 Section "N" Total	100 pairs "	1,285 37 1,322	491 491	1,776 37 1,813	Normal Bridged for Transfer
s	S 75 S 100 Section "S" Total	ea 17	. 3	2 2	3 2 5	66 mH

a Pom Toy	DESIGNATION	UNIT	QUANTITY			PRICERCO
SECTION			PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
-	Р 36 В	100m	0.3		0.3	
	P 12 B	**	1.2		1.2	
P	Р 9 В	"	11.1		11.1	
	P 6 B	11	43.7		43.7	]
	P 4 B	tt.	16.7		16.7	
	P 4 A	11	2.3		2.3	
	P 2 A	11	3.3		3.3	
	Section "P" Total	11	78.6		78.6	
Q	Q T-6(b)	ea	1		1	
	Q L-5	11	1	,	1	
	Q L-3	"	1	1	1	
	Q T-3	11	1		1	
	Q A-2	"	11	]	11	
	Q A-1	11	17		17	
	Q JRC-14	11	2		2	
	Q JUF-11	11	18		18	
	Section "Q" Total	"	52		52	

### 1.8 Amount of Main Materials

#### MAIN MATERIALS LIST

## (1) Primary Cable Work

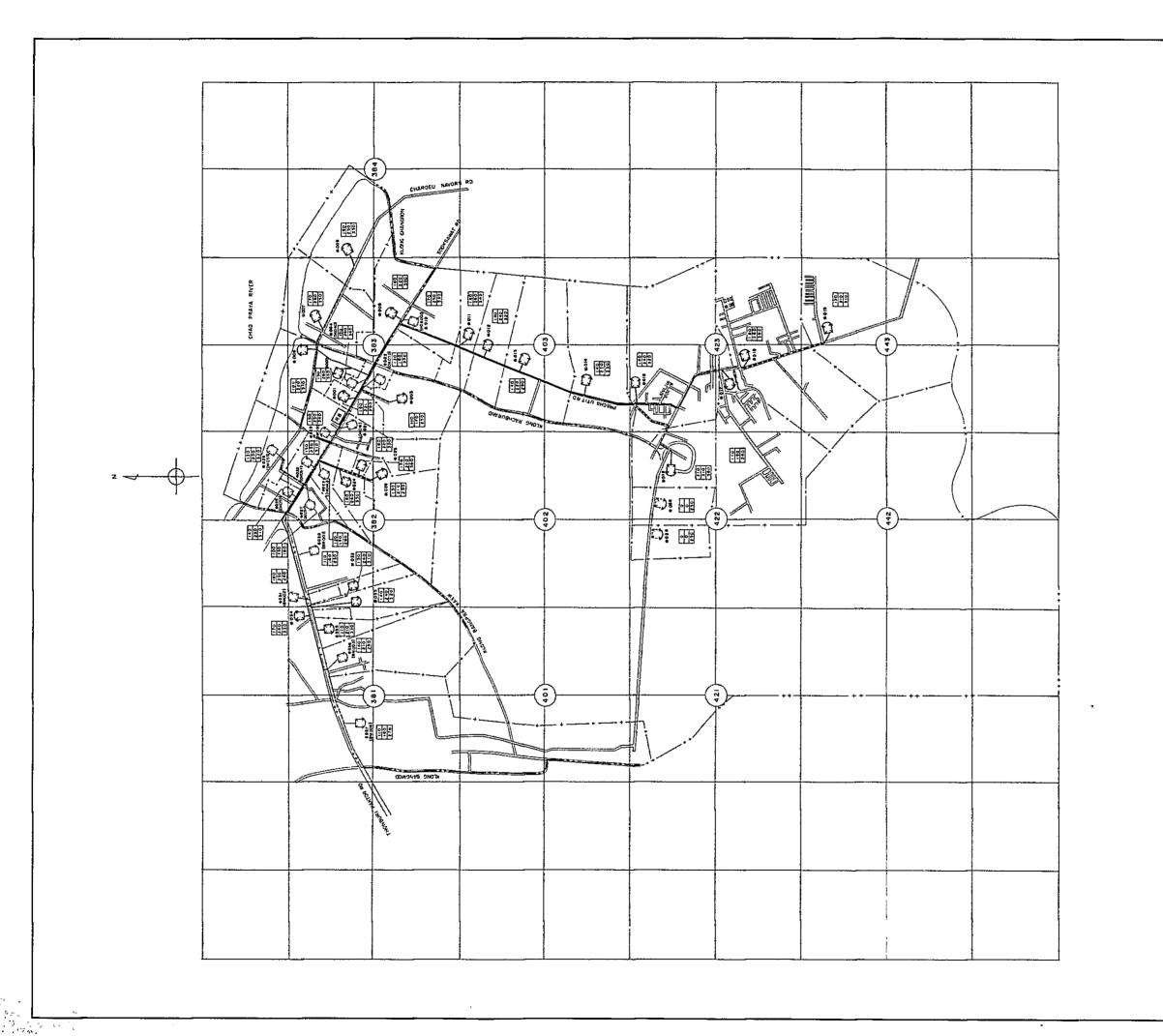
NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
Cable			
1) AP-FSF Cable			
1004	m,	20	
2004	11	5	
3004	11	1,008	
4004	11	99	
6004	"	1,102	
9004	11	2,158	
12004	11	688	
15004	11	1,308	
18004	11	170	
21004	**	1,298	
24004	11	436	
27004	"	481	
3005	11	793	
4005	17	90	
6005	ti	1,426	
15005	71	2,301	
18005	II	728	
30065	"	44	
60065	"	285	
90065	ti	1,088	
120065	tr	3,237	
Sub Total	11	18,765	
2) Alpeth Sheathed Cable			
504	m	20	
1004	11	320	
2004	"	955	
3004	11	1,780	
4004	11	560	
6004	l n	410	

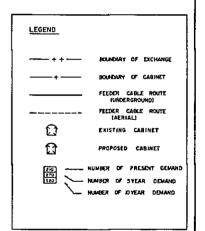
NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
··			
3005	m	360	
4005	tr ]	890	,
30065	"	910	
Sub Total	11	6,205	
Total	m	24,970	·
Manhole Loading Coil 75 PRS.	ea	2	66 mH
Pole Mounting Loading 75 PRS.	ea	1	66 mH
Cross Connecting Cabinet 900 PRS.	ea	23	
Cross Connecting Cabinet			
Terminal Block 25 PRS.	ea	276	
50 PRS.		7	,
100 PRS.	11	1	
Total	"	284	
Concrete Pole 8 M	ea	11	
Strand Terminal 11 PRS.	ea	2	

# (2) Secondary Cable Work

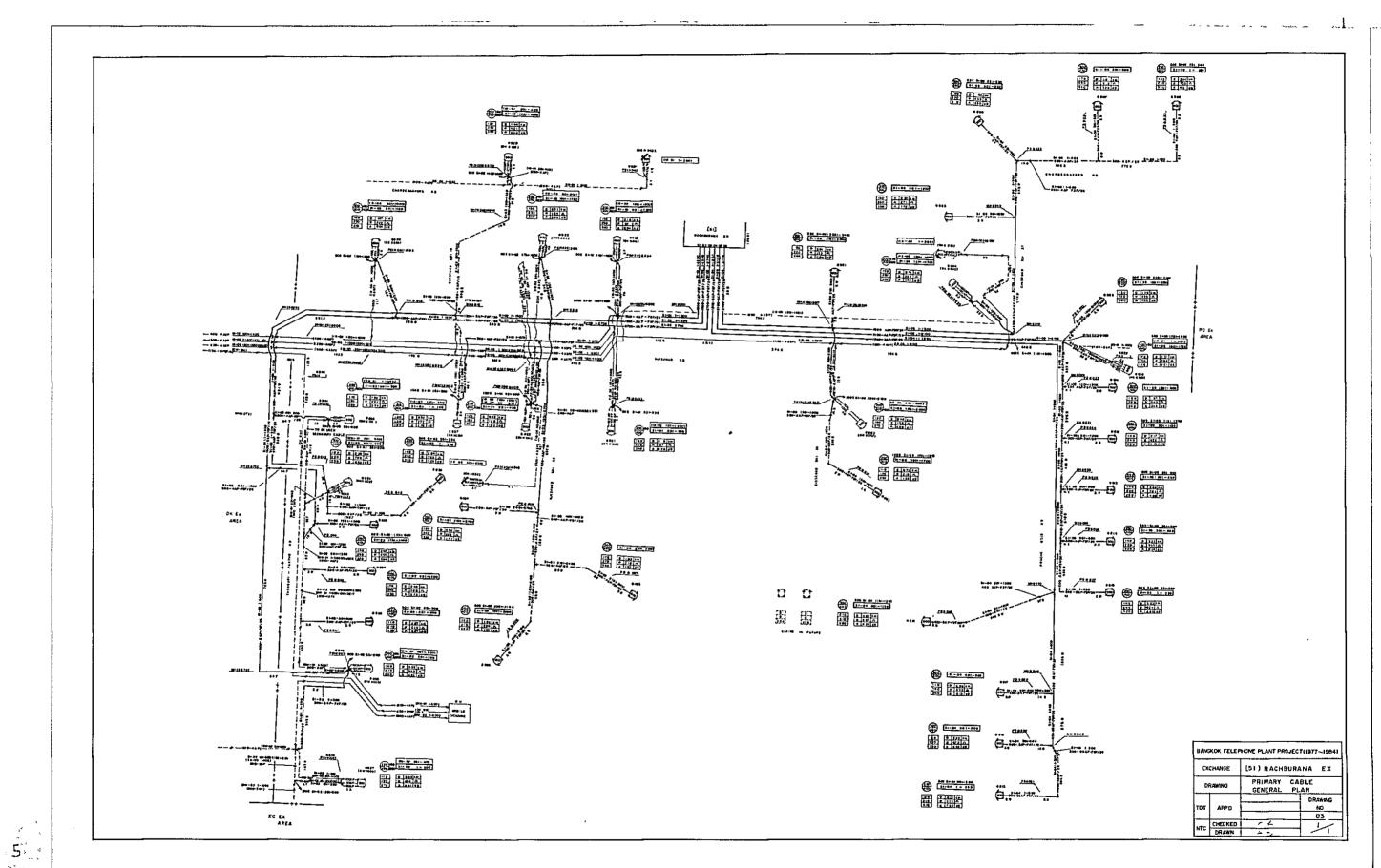
NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
Cable			
1) Fig.(8) Alpeth Sheathed Cable			
104 AP(8)	m	1,350	i
254 AP(8)	11	6,727	
504 AP(8)	11	8,322	
1004 AP(8)	11	5,374	į
255 AP(8)	11	3,086	
505 AP(8)	!! ≥	3,212	i
1005 AP(8)	11	2,178	
1065 AP(8)	17	47	
2565 AP(8)	tt	1,444	l
5065 AP(8)	17	302	
10065 AP(8)	t1	349	
Sub Total	u i	32,391	
2) Alpeth Sheathed Cable			
254 AP	m	2,108	
504 AP	17	4,107	
1004 · AP	11	.2,911	!
2004 AP	11	3,687	
3004 AP	13	943	
4004 AP	11	73	
255 AP	11	165	
505 AP	11	327	
1005 AP	11	352	
2005 AP	11	1,720	
3005 AP	11	867	
4005 AP	11	367	
2565 AP	li .	133	
5065 AP	11	759	
10065 AP	,,,	381	

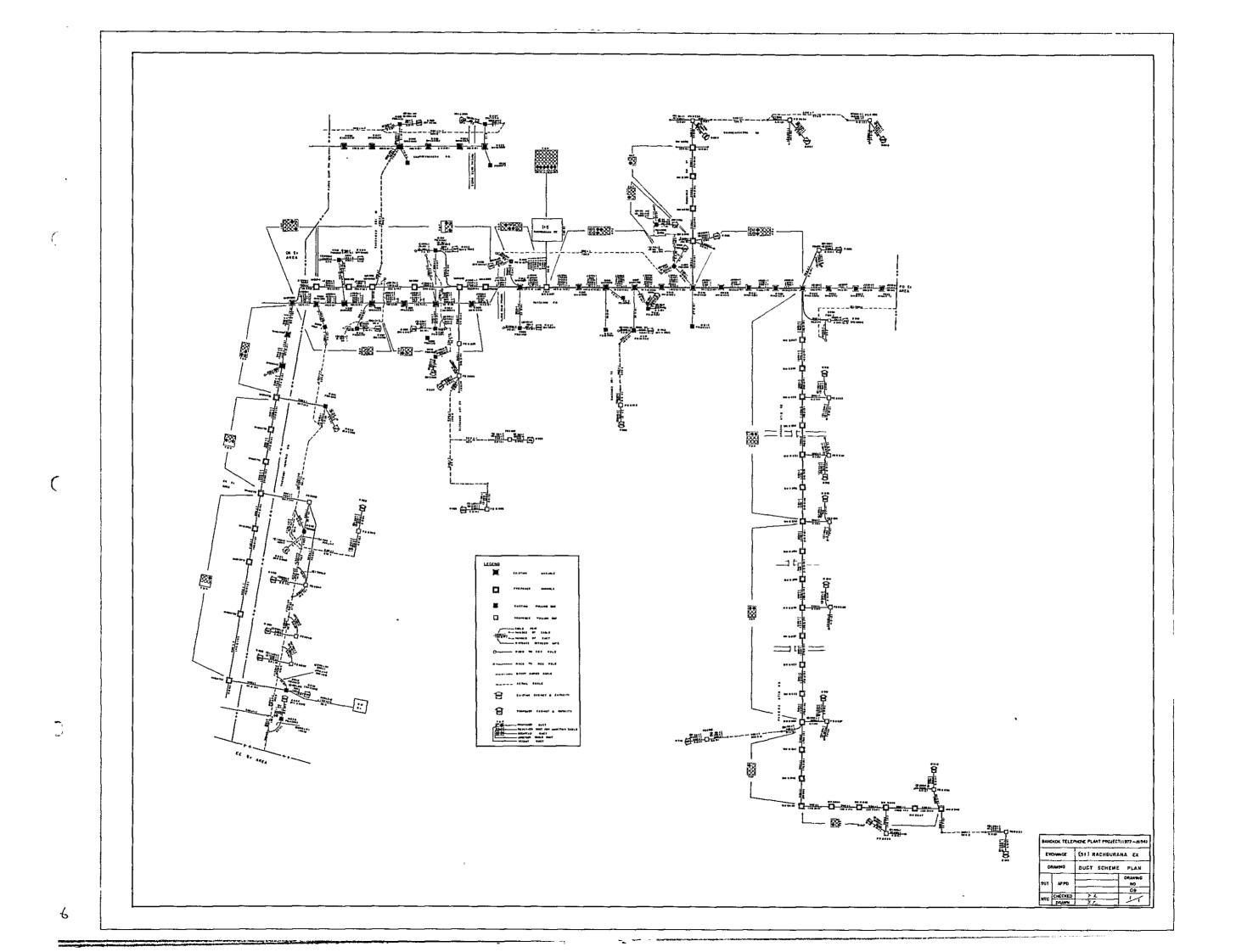
NAME OF MAT	ERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
		<u> </u>		
20065 AP		m	3,167	
30065	AP	11	67	
Sub Tot	:al 	11	22,134	
Total		m	54,525	
Pole Mounting Load	ling Coil 100 PRS.	ea	2	66 mH
Concrete Pole	8 M	ea	136	
Ready Access Term				
Турє	100 MB	ea	217	
	100 MBY	11	21	
	200 MB	11	15	
	200 MBY	"	9	
Total		'''	262	
Terminal Block wit	:h 10 PRS.	ea	7	In Door(NEN1001)
Strand Terminal	11 PRS.	11	467	Out Door
	16 PRS.		5	
Total	<u>.</u>	£1	479	
Cross Connecting (	Cabinet			
Terminal Block	25 PRS.	ea	374	
	50 PRS.	11	3	
	100 PRS.	11	1.4	
Total		11	391	
		<u> </u>		





EXCHANGE		(51) RACHBU	JRANA EX.
DRAWING		KEY	PLAN
TOT	APPD		DRAWING NO.
			01
NTC	CHECKED	カド	
1110	DRAWN	2 &	





# CHAPTER 3. EKACHAI TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

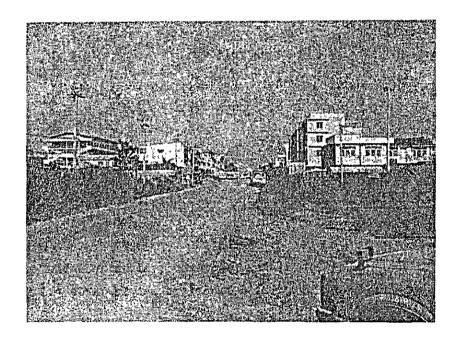
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	Features	84
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## 3.1 Service Area

The Ekachai Telephone Exchange is a new exchange whose service area consists of a newly transferred part of the service areas of the existing Daokanong Exchange, Bang Mod Satellite Exchange and Prasricharoen Exchange.

The new exchange office faces Ekachai Road.



Ekachai Exchange Site

The northern part of the new service area adjoins the service area of Prasricharoen Exchange by Klong Bangkolad River.

The eastern part boarders the areas of Bangkae, Daokanong and Bang Mod Exchanges by Klong Bangwa, Klong Dran and Klong Bang Mod Rivers.

This exchange is located on the extreme outer perimeter in the southwestern part of Metropolitan Bangkok.

The western and southern parts of this service area are occupied by the undeveloped, no-demand area so that the boundaries are not clear.

The whole service area covers approximately 9,100 hectares and is extremely large.

#### 3.2 Demand Potential and Locational Features

Lots of residential houses and business shops are being constructed along Ekachai Road and Thomburi Paktho Highway.

Rapid development is expected as a new residential zone of Metropolitan Bangkok.

The main housing plans are as follows:

- (1) Thonburi National Housing Project

  Projected number of houses .... 5,159
- (2) Sutchit Arcade

Projected number of houses ..... 1,016

(3) Sutchit Nivet Village

Projected number of houses ..... 963

(4) Amnuay Pon Shopping Center

Projected number of houses .... 354

The demand forecast by major categories is given in Table 4.3.1 and the breakdown of special demand forecast in Table 4.3.2.

Table 4.3.1 Demand Forecast

	1983	1988	<u>1993</u>
General Demand	4,960	8,330	12,370
Special Demand	70	90	140
Demand for Public Telephones and Others	160	260	380
Total	5,190	8,680	12,890
Growth Rate	100%	167%	248%

Table 4.3.2 Special Demand Forecast

Demand Source	1983	1988	1993
Court of Justice	27	45	90
District Office of Bangkhunthian Area	35	40	50
Total	62 (70)	85 (90)	140 (140)

Note: Figure in parentheses consists of the base unit raised to the tenth unit.

# 3.3 Primary Cable Network Design

## 3.3.1 Entrance Cable

The kinds of Ekachai Exchange entrance cables are as follows:

Cable No.	Kind of Cable (A)	Demand in 1988 (B)	Rate (A)/(B)	Remarks
01	27004 AP-FSF	1,990	136%	
02	27004 AP-FSF	2,170	124%	
03	15005 AP-FSF	1,130	133%	
04	27004 AP-FSF	1,730	156%	
05	120065 AP-FSF	690	174%	
06	15005 AP-FSF	950	158%	
Total	12,300	8,660	142%	

The total number of entrance cable pairs is 12,300 pairs and the rate of this number of entrance cable pairs to telephone demand in 1983 is 142 percent.

## 3.3.2 Design of MDF

The design of MDF is made in the same way as in other existing and new standard exchanges because the design of the exchange building and the disposition of switching equipments have not yet been determined. That is to say:

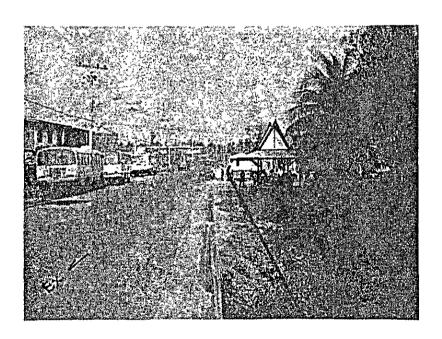
- (1) MDF is to be the combined distribution type.
- (2) On the line side, the 258R terminal board of 600 pairs per vertical is to be installed.
- (3) At MDF, the junction cables are to be terminated firstly from the far end, and then the local cables are to be terminated.

## 3.3.3 New Cable Installation in Various Directions

(1) Ekachai Road and Sukapibran Road Area

This area is fed by three primary cables of 6,900 pairs, that is, (01) 2,700 pairs, (02) 2,700 pairs and (03) 1,500 pairs cables.

The existing cabinets of DK #028, DK #029, DK #030 and DK #061 are to be removed because their locations are not suitable in the Ekachai Road expansion plan.



New Conduit Route along Ekachai Road

#### (2) Thomburi Paktho Road Area

This area is fed by three primary cables of 5,400 pairs, that is, (04) 2,700 pairs, (05) 1,200 pairs and (06) 1,500 pairs cables.

Rapid development in the form of reclamation of housing lands and business shop sites and construction of new roads is expected in the area along Thomburi Paktho Road. The subscriber's loading system is adopted for the subscriber's lines in Cabinets #040 and #041 relating to (06) 1,500 pairs cable.

# 3.4 Cut-Over Design

The cut-over methods to be used for transferring the existing subscribers from Prasricharoen (PC), Bang Mod (BM) and Daokanong (DK) Exchanges are as follows: (Refer to the Cut-Over Design Drawing)

3.4.1 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from PC Exchange Multiple jointing is used as follows for approximately 400 subscribers:

CAB.	PAIR COUNT OF	F MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE JOINTING	DEMARKS
NO.	PC EX.	EC EX.	POINT	REMARKS
PC #014	35-02: 1-200	52-02:2101-2300	#009 PB(#044)	
PC #015	35-02: 201-400	52-01: 1-200	#006 PB(#043)	
PC #016	35-02: 401-600	52-01:1301-1500	#078 мн(#045)	
PC #017	35-02: 601-850 35-02:1101-1200	52-01: 851-1100 52-01:1101-1200	#044 PB(#037)	

3.4.2 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from BM Exchange Multiple jointing is used for transfer of approximately 140 subscribers.

CAB.	PAIR COUNT	OF MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE JOINTING	REMARKS	
NO.	BM EX.	EC EX.	POINT	REPIARES	
BM #004	BM-02: 1-150 BM-02:151-200	52-04:901-1050 52-05:601-650	#031 PB(#004)	Relating to CAB. #005	
BM #005	BM-02:151-250 BM-02:251-300	52-05:601-700 52-05:701-750	#036 PB(#005)	To exercise care at the time of cut-over because the existing BM #005 Cabinet distribution area covers both EC and RB exchange areas.	
BM #006- 01:101-112	Secondary: 006-01:101-112	52-05: 1-5	Terminal (#0137)	To use idle cir- cuits in existing 3005 AP cable.	

3.4.3 Cut-Over Method for Subscriber Transfer from DK Exchange Multiple jointing is used for transfer of approximately 660 subscribers.

CAB.	PAIR COUNT O	F MULTI-JOINT	MULTIPLE	REMARKS	
NO.	DK EX.	EC EX.	JOINTING POINT		
DK #030	18-05: 1-200	52-02:1501-1700	Aerial	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable. To use temporary aerial 2004 AP cable.	
DK #029	18-05:201-400	52-03: 901-1100	Aerial	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable. To use temporary aerial 2004 AP cable.	
вк #061	18-07:201-400	52-02: 601-800 -	Aerial	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (018-01:101-300) at Cabinet #018.	
DK #028	18-05:401-600	52-03: 301-500	Aerial	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (021-01:1-200) at Cabinet #021.	
DK #060	18-07: 1-200	52-03: 601-800	#016 PB(#059)		
DK #023- 02:1-200	Secondary 023-02: 1-200	52-03: 1-200	Aerial	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (022-01:1-200) at Cabinet #022.	
DK #026- 02:1-100	Secondary 026-02: 1-100	52-03: 201-300	Aerial	To be jumpered between the primary cable and the secondary cable (022-01:201-300) at Cabinet #022.	

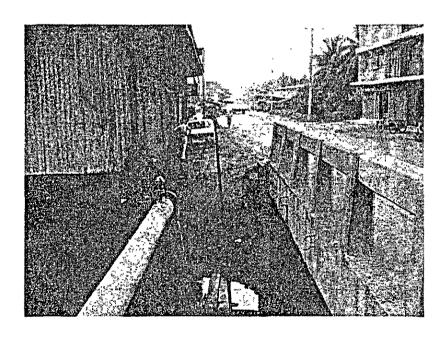
# 3.5 Design of Underground Conduit

## 3.5.1 Number of Entrance Conduits

The number of entrance conduits is determined to be 36 ducts (6 lines x 6 rows) according to the civil work design criteria of TOT, as the total demand 10 years later in the Ekachai (EC) Exchange area amounts to 12,890.

## 3.5.2 Ekachai Road Area

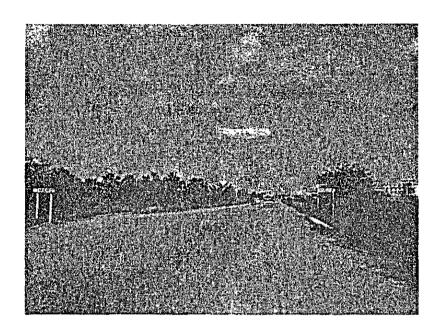
The Ekachai Road width expansion is expected. Although the locations of conduits and manholes on the road have been selected by negotiations with the road authorities, the reconfirmation of the locations is necessary before the construction work. The locations of new manholes between MH #025 and MH #027 are to be shifted 50 cm to the road center from the standard locations.



New Conduit Route along Ekachai Road

## 3.5.3 Thonburi Paktho Road Area

The manholes #045, #063 and #069 to be installed along Thonburi Paktho Road are to be equipped with capped ducts in consideration of duct installation in the future.



New Conduit Route along Thomburi Paktho Road

# 3.5.4 Special Construction

The iron sleeve pushing method is employed in the new duct installation in the following sections:

MH #028 - MH #029 Crossing the railway

MH #034 - MH #035 Crossing the railway

MH #041 - MH #042 Crossing Thonburi Paktho Road

For main ducts to be inserted in the iron sleeve, light and manageable PVC pipes are used.

## 3.6 Secondary Cable Network Design

- (1) Residential housing and shopping center construction on governmental and/or private basis is planned in Cabinets #009, #011, #013, #024, #026, #027, #028, #029, #031, #033, #035, #036, #037 and #038 areas. The design for these areas is the desk plan based on the housing plan drawings and MEA pole erection drawings, where obtainable.
- (2) For the area along Ekachai Road with its width scheduled to be expanded and for the housing plan area, where the MEA pole erection plan could not be ascertained at the time of design, the pole erection is designed to be carried out by TOT.
- (3) Out of Cabinet #012 area, the southern part from the railway is temporarily distributed by Cabinet #012. However, when the road to this area from Cabinet #031 is constructed in the future, this area is to be transferred to Cabinet #031.
- (4) The long distance aerial cable route along Thonburi Paktho Road is reinforced with bothside guys and longitudinal guys.
- (5) The subscriber's loading system is employed to cater for demand in Cabinets #040 and #041 areas.

## 3.7 Amount of Construction Work

# AMOUNT OF CONSTRUCTION WORK

			<u> </u>	QUANTITY		
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
	A - 8	ea	41	728	769	
A	A -10	"		50	50	
	Section "A" Total	ti	41	778	819	
	B1BS	ea	11	681	692	
<u>'</u>	BICS	11	12	10	22	
В	B1ES	11		7	7	
	B1FS	11		26	26	
	B2B	11		27	27	
	Section "B" Total	11	23	751	774	
С	C5A2B	ea	23	724	747	
	E 25 . 4 A2	100m		8.8	8.8	
	E 50 . 4 A2	"		5.1	5.1	
	E 100 . 4 A2	"	:	9.4	9.4	
	E 200 . 4 A2	11	0.8	27.4	28.2	
	E 300 . 4 A2	11	11.3	7.8	19.1	
	E 400 . 4 A2	31	0.1	6.4	6.5	
,	E 600 . 4 A2	11	3.3		3.3	
·	E 25.5A2	11		3.5	3.5	
E	E 50.5 A2	11		3.6	3.6	
	E 100 . 5 A2	"		8.9	8.9	
	E 200 . 5 A2	"		27.8	27.8	
	E 300 . 5 A2	"	10.3	29.6	39.9	
	E 400 . 5 A2	11	•	17.1	17.1	
	E 25 . 65 A2	"		4.1	4.1	
	E 50 . 65 A2	11		22.6	22.6	
	E 100 . 65 A2	12	!	4.8	4.8	
	E 200 . 65 A2	1ī -	0.8	108.6	109.4	

				QUANTITY		
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
	E 300 . 65 A2	100m	32.4	5.4	37.8	
	E 400 . 65 A2	11		7.6	7.6	
	E 10 . 4 A2(8)	11		8.9	8.9	]
	E 25 . 4 A2(8)	τt		42.9	42.9	
,	E 50. 4 A2(8)	T#		79.9	79.9	
	E 100 . 4 A2(8)	rt		32.3	32.3	
	E 10.5 A2(8)	11		1.3	1.3	
Ē	E 25 . 5 A2(8)	£17	1	108.5	108.5	:
:	E 50 . 5 A2(8)	It		84.5	84.5	
	E 100 . 5 A2(8)	17		50.8	50.8	
	E 10 . 65 A2(8)	. 11		5.5	5.5	<u> </u>
	E 25 . 65 A2(8)	91		104.2	104.2	ļ
	E 50 . 65 A2(8)	17		117.4	117.4	
	E 100 . 65 A2(8)	1)		88.1	88.1	
	Section "E" Total	13	59.0	1,032.8	1,091.8	 
	G 300 . 4'A6	100m	4.6		4.6	AP-FSF Cable
	G 400 . 4 A6	tr	0.3	]	0.3	te
	G 600 . 4 A6	11	9.6		9.6	11
	G 900 . 4 A6	11	3.6		3.6	n l
	G1800 . 4 A6	11	14.2		14.2	11
	G2100 . 4 A6	11	4.5	1	4.5	II
ļ	G2400 . 4 A6	11	3.9	ļ	3.9	1i
G	G2700 . 4 A6	11	38.7		38.7	ft.
	G 300 . 5 A6	11	9.6		9.6	11
	G 600 . 5 A6	11	22.7		22.7	17
	G 900 . 5 A6	ti	4.3		4.3	tt
	G1200 . 5 A6	11	6.0		6.0	11
	G1500 . 5 A6	11	44.6	]	44.6	11
 	G 300 . 65 A6	11	3.7	 	3.7	TE
	G 600 . 65 A6	PT	31.9		31.9	11

anger ou				QUANTITY		
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
	G 900 . 65 A6	100m	15.8		15.8	AP-FSF Cable
G	G1200 . 65 A6	11	72.1		72.1	11
1	Section "G" Total	11	290.1		290.1	
J	J 300 . 5 03	10m	26.2		26.2	PVC Cable
	KA11G2	ea		477	477	With Stub
	KA16G2	н		1	1	n
K	KB 12	111	1	541	542	Without Stub
	К 30	11		1	1	Internal Terminal Box
	Section "K" Total	11	1	1,020	1,021	
	L 900	ea	35		35	
	L 25 A	17	420	540	960	Without Stub
L	L 50 B2	11	2	1 1	3	With Stub
	L 100 B2	"	3	10	13	11
	Section "L" Total	11	460	551	1,011	: 
	Mlap	ea		195	195	L:Lead x Lead
	MlBP	11	40	205	245	Lead x
	MlcP	"		4	4	Plastic
М	мзар	**	3	į Į	3	P:Plastic x Plastic
	мзвр	11	39	•	39	
	МЗСР	11	140		140	
	Section "M" Total	71	222	404	626	
	N 1	100 pairs	2,402	631	3,033	Normal
N	N 2	11	31		31	Bridged for Transfer
	Section "N" Total	11	2,433	631	3,064	

a Tom Tow				QUANTITY		
SECTION	DESIGNATION	UNIT	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TOTAL	REMARKS
	S 50	ea		1	1	66 mH
S	s 100	11		1	1	81
	s 400	11	5		5	11
	Section "S" Total	rı	5	2	7	
	Р 36 В	100m	0.2		0.2	
	Р 30 В	11	1.1	[ [	1.1	
	Р 20 В	11	1.9		1.9	
	Р 16 В	11	20.6		20.6	
	P 12 B	11	7.1		7.1	
P	Р 9 В	11	65.8		65.8	
	Р 6 В	11	39.8		39.8	
	Р 4 В	11	2.3		2.3	
	P 4 A	н	7.0		7.0	
	P 2 A	11	5.4		5.4	
	Section "P" Total	11	151.2		151.2	
	Q L-6	ea	2 .		2	
	Q L-5	"	2		2	
	Q T-5	H	1		1	
	Q L-3	11	1	ļ	1	
Q	Q A-3	13	13		13	
•	Q L-2	11	5		5	
	Q A-2	n	35		35	
	Q A-1	11	17		17	li.
	Q JUF-11	rt	35		35	
	Section "Q" Total	11	111		111	

# 3.8 Amount of Main Materials

# MAIN MATERIALS LIST

# (1) Primary Cable Work

NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
Cable			
1) AP-FSF Cable			
3004	m	655	
4004	"	40	
6004	11	1,002	
9004	"	375	
12004	11	18	
15004	n n	18	
18004	11	1,443	
21004	11	462	
24004	111	390	•
27004	11	3,940	
3005	"	1,155	:
6005	11	2,300	
9005	11	435	
12005	"	603	
. 15005	11	4,524	
30065	( "	504	
60065	11	3,241	
90065	1 11	1,613	
120065	11	7,327	
Sub Total	"	30,045	
2) Alpeth Sheathed Cable	}		
504	m	10	
2004	"	100	
3004	] 1r	1,150	
4004	11	30	
6004	11	330	
3005	11	1,060	

NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
20065	m	110	·
30065	11	3,310	
Sub Total	11	6,100	
Total	m	36,145	
Manhole Loading Coil 400 PRS.	ea	5	66 mH
Cross Connecting Cabinet 900 PRS.	ea	35	
Cross Connecting Cabinet			
Terminal Block 25 PRS.	ea	420	
50 PRS.	"	2	
100 PRS.	11	3	
Total	11	425	
Concrete Pole 8 M	ea	40	
Ready Access Terminal Type 200 MBY	ea	40	

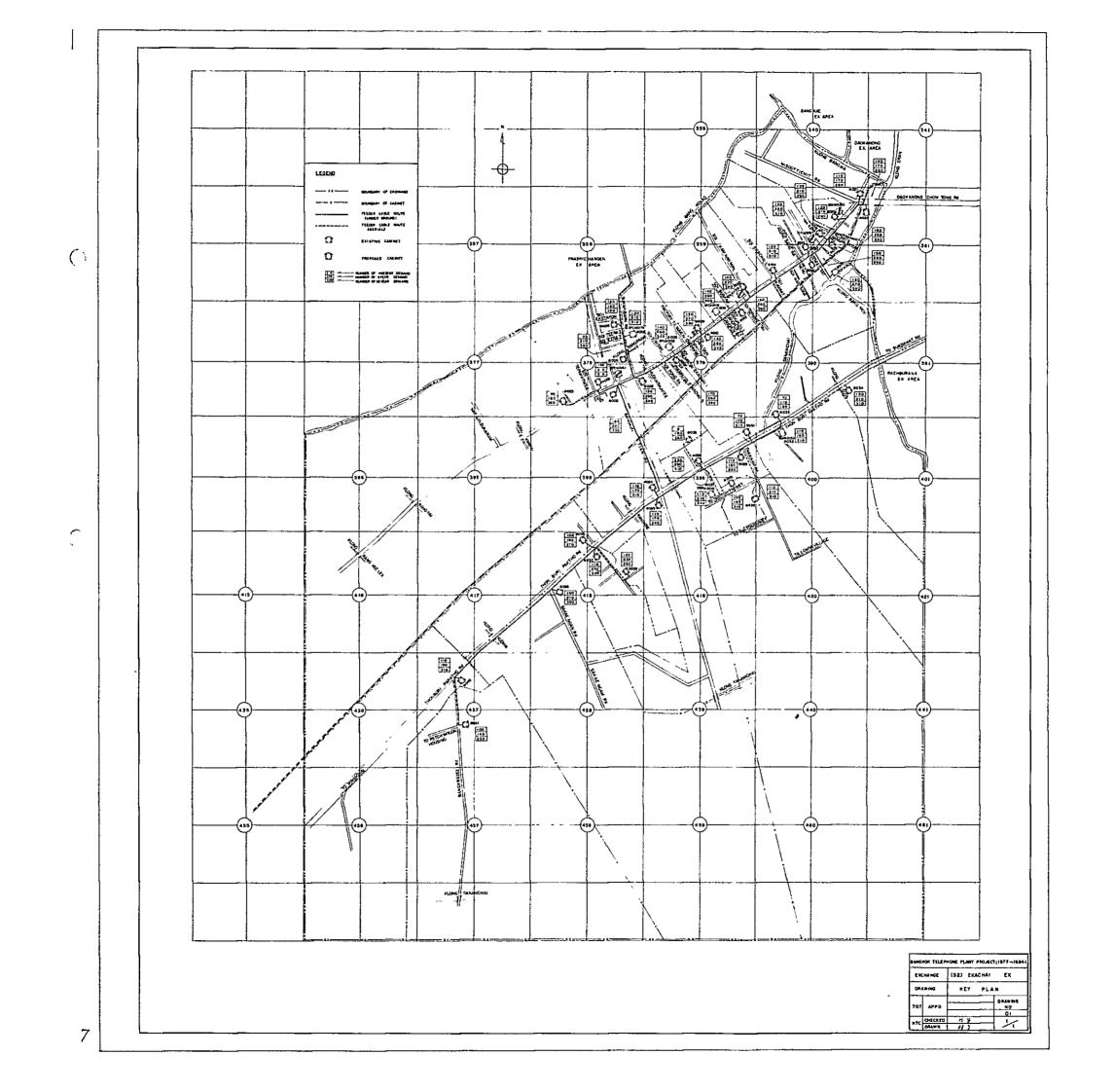
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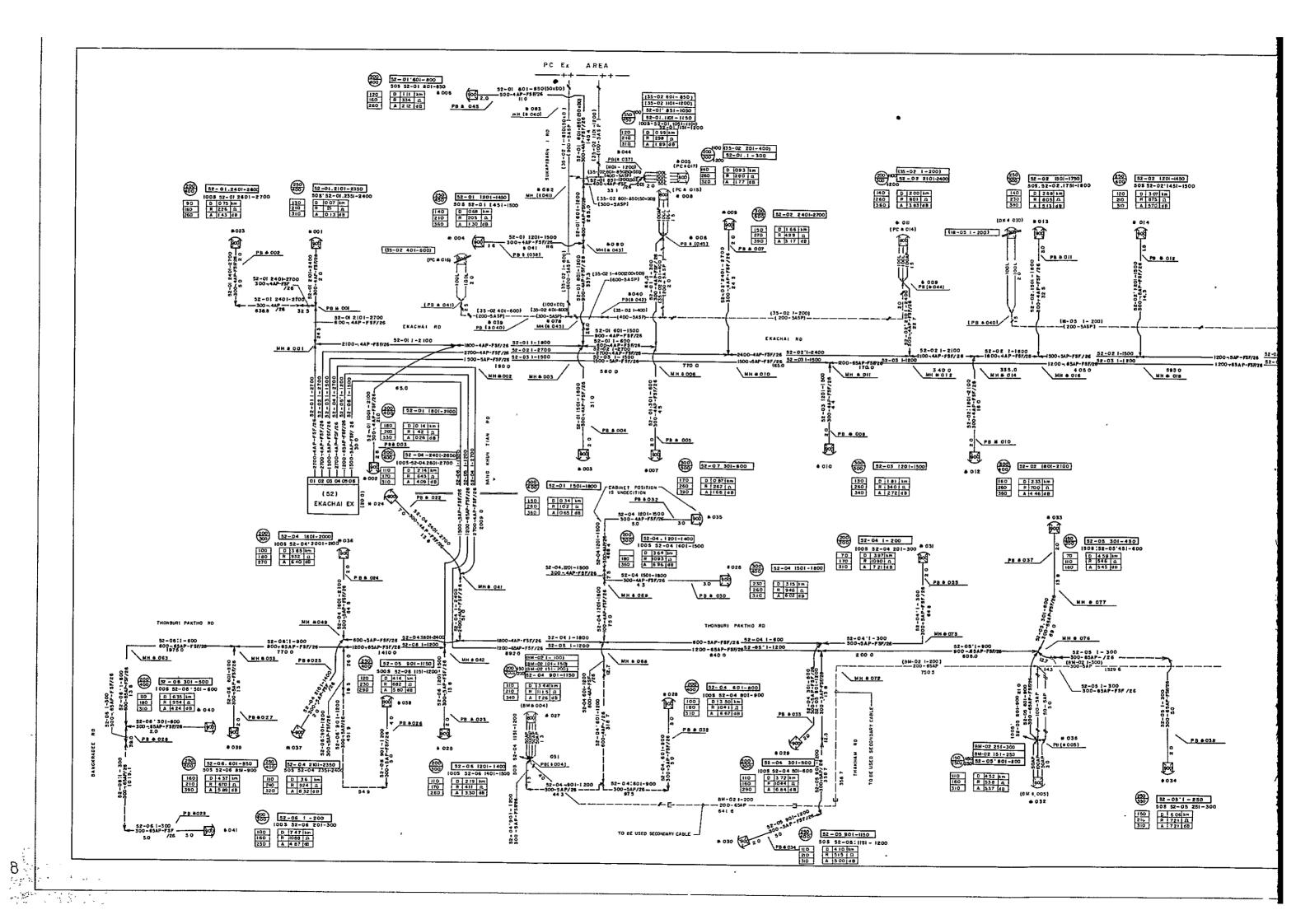
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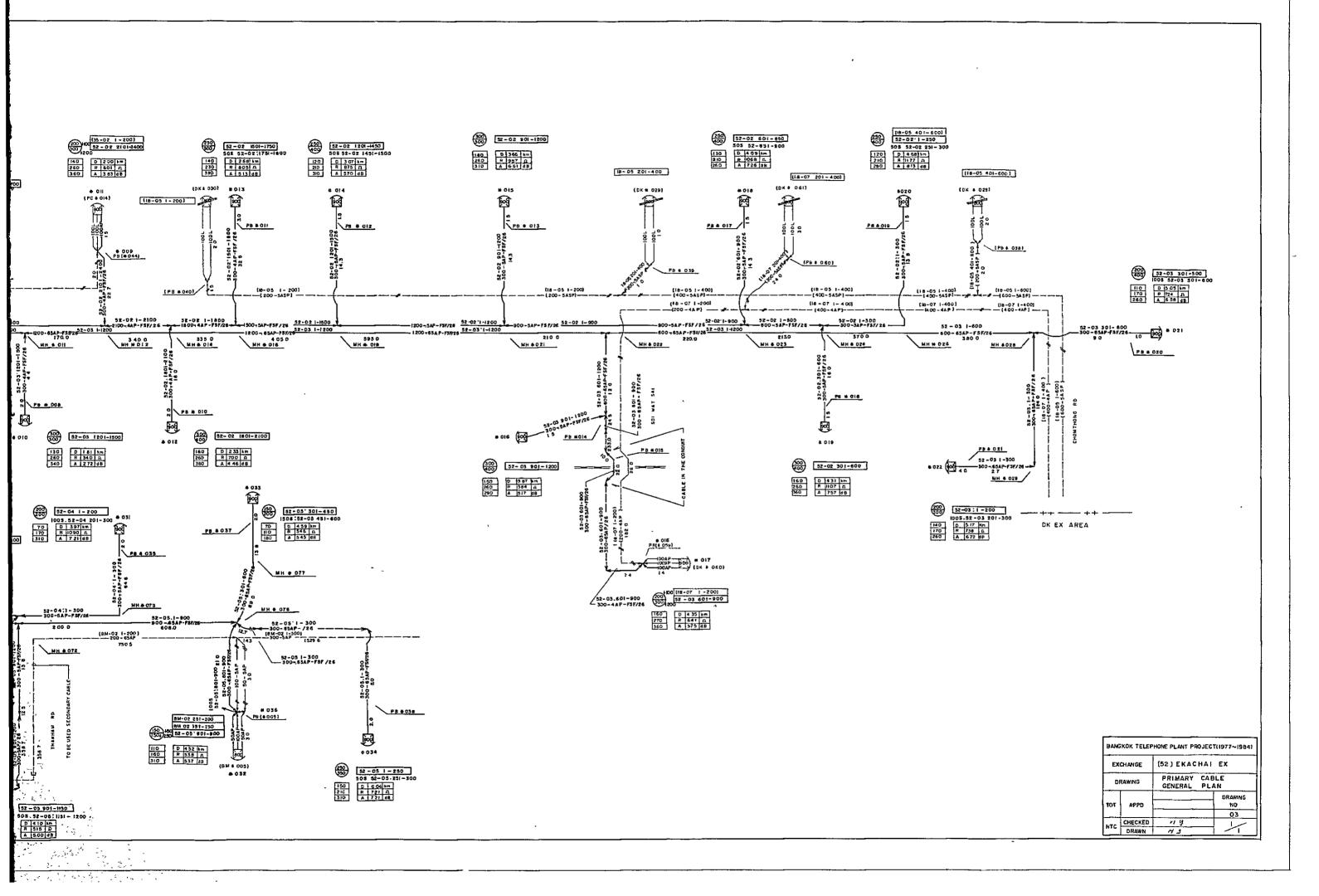
# (2) Secondary Cable Work

NAME OF MATERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
Cable			
<ol> <li>Fig.(8) Alpeth Sheathed Cable</li> </ol>			
104 AP(8)	m	912	
254 AP(8)	11	4,385	
504 AP(8)	11	8,154	
1004 AP(8)	"	3,305	
105 AP(8)	n	135	
255 AP(8)	11	11,071	
505 AP(8)	#1	8,628	
1005 AP(8)	11	5,187	
1065 AP(8)	"	568	
2565 AP(8)	11	10,636	
5065 AP(8)	11	11,986	
10065 AP(8)	11	8,994	
Sub Total	11	73,961	•
2) Alpeth Sheathed Cable			
254 AP	m	898	
504 AP	-11	523	
1004 AP	"	963	
2004 AP	11	2,797	
3004 AP	n	802	
4004 AP	11	651	
255 AP	11	358	
505 AP	12	372	
1005 AP	17	907	
2005 AP	11	2,843	
3005 AP	11	3,022	
4005 AP	11	1,743	
2565 AP	"	421	
5065 AP	11	2,308	
10065 AP	11	494	

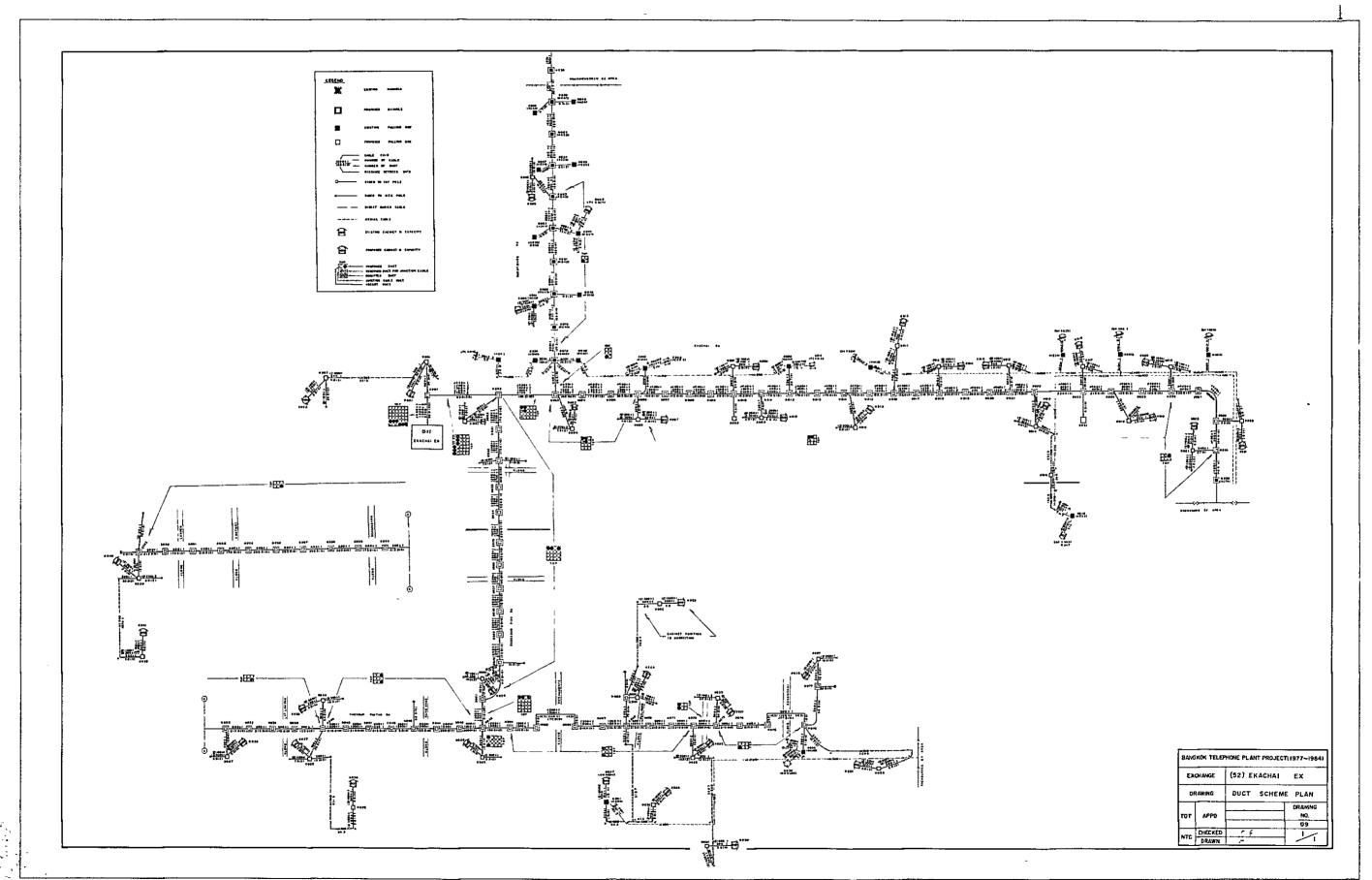
NAME OF MA	TERIAL	UNIT	QUANTITY	REMARKS
20065	i AP	m	11,087	
30065		11	551	
40065		"	779	
Sub To		"	31,519	
Tota	1	m	105,480	•
Pole Mounting Loa	ding Coil			
	50 PRS.	ea	1	66 mH
	100 PRS.	1,	1	66 mH
Tota	1	11	2	
Concrete Pole	8 M	ea	728	
	10 M	"	50	
Tota	1	"	778	
Ready Access Term	inal			
Тур	: 100 MB	ea	424	
	100 MBY	11	24	i
	200 MB	11	73	
	200 MBY	"	20	
Tota	.1	11	541	
Terminal Block wi	th 10 PRS.	ea	3	In Door(NEN1001
Strand Terminal	11 PRS.	11	477	Out Door
	16 PRS.	"	1	
Tota	1	*'	481	
Cross Connecting	Cabinet			
Terminal Block	25 PRS.	ea	540	
	50 PRS.	"	1	
	100 PRS.	"	10	
Tota	1	lt l	551 <sup>'</sup> ·	







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# APPENDIX CALCULATIONS OF MANHOLE STRENGTH

#### 1. General

Special manholes shall be located in front of the Exchanges named below, to allow the entrance of cables. These manholes are designed, based on their unit stress calculated by computer and the reinforcing bar arrangement plan drawn by computer-plotter.

Exchange	MH No.	MH Type	Drawing No.	Internal Dimension
Ekachai	#001	T-6(b)	1074	$4.6 \times 1.8 \times 2.3$
Rachburana	#001	L-6	1072	$6.9 \times 1.65 \times 2.3$
Klong Toei	#001	T-6(a)	1073	$4.6 \times 1.8 \times 2.3$

## 2. Calculation of Strength

## 2.1 Structural Analysis

The manhole is analyzed as a box-type rigid frame structure whose vertical section consists of the combined top, side and bottom slabs.

# 2.2 Design Conditions

## 2.2.1 Soil

It is assumed that the internal frictional angle, ground water level and specific weight of soil are of the following values:

Internal frictional angle $(\phi)$	10°
Ground water level (Ho)	1.0m
Specific weight of soil (w)	
Unit weight above ground water level	. 1,600 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Unit weight under ground water level	$. 2,000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

## 2.2.2 Concrete

Concrete shall be of the following values:	
Design standard strength in 28 days	$\sigma k = 240 \text{ kg/cm}^2$
Maximum dimension of coarse aggregate	25 mm

## 2.2.3 Reinforcing Bar

## (1) Standard

Main and distributing reinforcing bars shall be the SD-30 (JIS) type and erection bars shall be the SR-24 (JIS) type.

# (2) Diameter

Diameter of main and distributing reinforcing bars shall be 10mm or more. Maximum diameter shall be determined according to Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Maximum Diameter of Main and Distributing Bars

Thickness of Concrete (cm)	Max. Diameter of Bar (mm)		
17	13		
20	16		
25	19		
30	22		

## (3) Protective Cover for Reinforcing Bar

Protective cover for reinforcing bar shall be as shown in Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Protective Cover for Reinforcing Bar (in cm)

Diameter of Steel Bar (mm)	Inside Protective Cover	Outside Protective Cover
Up to 16	2.5	4
Over 16	2.5	5

# 2.2.4 Specific Weight of Reinforced Concrete

Specific weight of reinforced concrete shall be  $2,500 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .

## 2.2.5 Allowable Unit Stress

Allowable unit stresses shall be as shown in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3 Allowable Unit Stresses

Material	Kind of Unit Stress	Allowable Unit Stress (kg/cm²)		
Steel bar	SR-24 SD-30	σsa	1,400 1,600	
Concrete	Bending unit stress	σса	80	
	Shearing unit stress	та	8	
	Bond unit stress	тоа	14	
	Bearing unit stress	σca'	60	

# 2.2.6 Live Load to be Imposed by Truck

Live loads demonstrated in the practical test are shown in Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 Surcharge Load

Deepness (m)	Live Load (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	Deepness (m)	Live Load (kg/m²)
Up to 0.5	8,930	3.0	1,180
1.0	3,820	3.5	1,130
1.5	2,560	4.0	1,120
2.0	1,570	4.5	1,100
2.5	1,300	Over 5.0	1,090

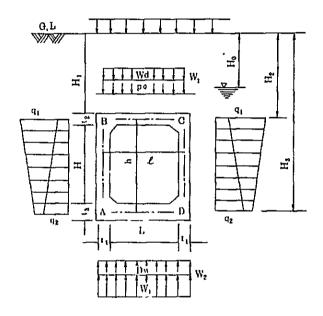
Note: Intermediate live load values between each two deepness values above are to be obtained by proportional allotment.

## 2.2.7 Load

Load to be imposed on top, side and bottom slabs shall be as shown in Figure 2.1.

Figure 2.1 Loads on Slabs

;



## Notes:

Po : Surcharge at top slab  $(kg/m^2)$  - Refer to Table 2.4

Ho : Depth to top of ground water level from surface (m)

 ${\rm H}_{1}$  : Depth to top slab from surface (m)

 $H_2 = H_1 + \frac{t_2}{2}$  (m)

 $H_3 = H_1 + t_2 + H + \frac{t_3}{2}$  (m)

 $W_1$ : Weight of top slab  $(kg/m^2)$ 

W<sub>2</sub>: Weight of bottom slab (kg/m<sup>2</sup>)

Wd : Weight of top slab and soil on top slab  $(kg/m^2)$ 

q : Resultant of all horizontal force to side slab (kg/m²)

Dw : Weight of side slab and cables
Outside length in short direction (kg/m²)

L : Inner length (m)

H : Inner depth (m)
t1 : Thickness of side slab (m)

 $t_2$ : Thickness of top slab (m)  $t_3$ : Thickness of bottom slab (m)

# 2.3 Calculation of the Strength

2.3.1 Bending moment, shearing force and unit stress of manholes, type "T-6(a)" and T-6(b)", are shown in Figure 2.2 and in Table 2.5.

Figure 2.2 Bending Moment and Shearing Force Diagram
"T-6(a)", "T-6(b)"

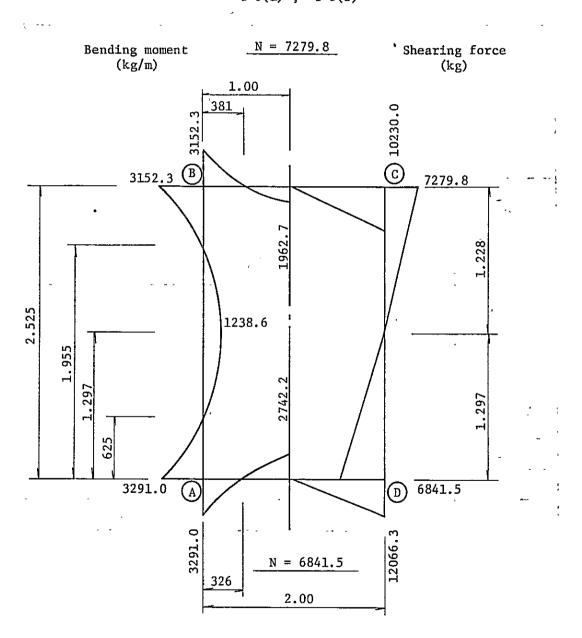


Table 2.5 Unit Stress
"T-6(a)", "T-6(b)

PANEL POINT MARK		ВС		АВ	AD	
		В	1.00	1.297	A	1.00
М	kg-m	3,152.3	1,962.7	1,238.6	3,291.0	2,742.2
N	kg	7,279.8	7,279.8	11,029.0	6,841.5	6,841.5
S	kg	10,230.0	0	0	12,066.3	0
b	cm	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
h	cm	25.0	20.0	20.0	30.0	25.0
đ	cm	19.2	16.7	16.7	24.2	19.2
ď,	cm	8.3	5.8	5.8	8.3	5.8
As	cm <sup>2</sup>	D16-200	D16-200	D16-200	D16-200	D16-200
		9.928	9.928	9.928	9.928	9.928
$P = \frac{As}{bd}$	_	5.2	5.9	5.9	4.1	5.2
As'	cm <sup>2</sup>	D16-400	D16-400	D16-400	D16-400	D16-400
	CIII	4.964	4.964	4.964	4.964	4.964
P'= As'						
$c = \frac{M}{N} + (\frac{h}{2} - d^{\dagger})$	cm	43.3	27.0	11.2	48.1	40.0
σc	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	59.9	47.7	30.1	42.6	37.5
σs	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1,437.7	998.2	367.5	1,164.1	562.5
r	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	5.5		_	5.1	

2.3.2 Bending moment, shearing force and unit stress of manhole, type "L-6", are shown in Figure 2.3 and Table 2.6.

Figure 2.3 Bending Moment and Shearing Force Diagram "L-6"

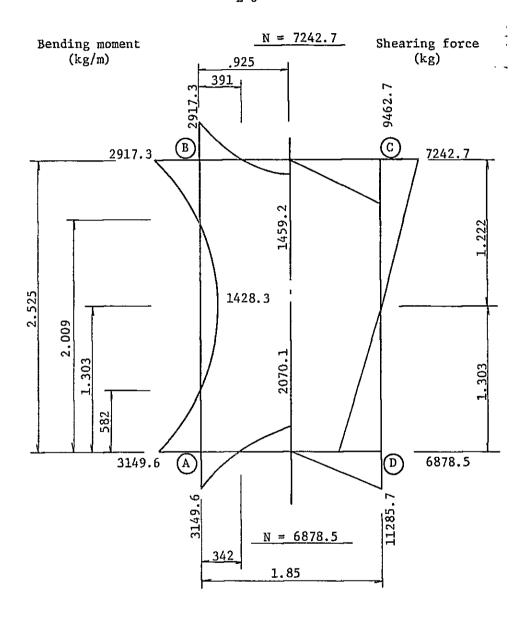


Table 2.6 Unit Stress

	PANEL		BC		AD	
MARK UNIT		В	0.925	1.303	А	0.925
М	kg-n	2,917.3	1,459.2	1,428.3	3,149.6	2,070.1
N	kg	7,242.7	7,242.7	10,243.0	6,878.5	6,878.5
S	kg	9,462.7	0	0	11,285.7	0
Ъ	cm	100.0	700.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ħ	cm	25.0	20.0	20.0	30.0	25.0
d	cm	19.2	16.7	16.7	24.2	19.2
ď,	cm	8.3	5.8	5.8	8.3	5.8
As	cm <sup>2</sup>	D16-200	D16-200	D16-200	D16-200	D16-200
		9.928	9.928	9.928	9.928	9.928
$P = \frac{As}{bd}$		5.2	5.9	5.9	4.1	5.2
As'	cm <sup>2</sup>	D16-400	D16-400	D16-400	D16-400	D16-400
	Cit-	4.964	4.964	4.964	4.964	4,964
P'= As' bd		*				
$c = \frac{M}{N} + (\frac{h}{2} - d^{n})$	сm	40.3	20.1	13.9	45.8	30,1
٥c	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	55,4	35.6	34.8	40.9	32.4
đs	kg/cm²	1,305.2	662.3	515.8	1,112.9	637.2
r	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	5.0	_	_	4.7	



